

Linear Algebra and its Applications
2021 Fall HW#1

1. For the equations $x + y = 4$, $2x - 2y = 4$, draw the row picture (two intersecting lines) and the column picture (combination of two columns equal to the column vector $(4, 4)$ on the right side).
2. Describe the intersection of the three planes $u+v+w+z=6$ and $u+w+z=4$ and $u+w=2$ (all in four-dimensional space). Is it a line or a point or an empty set? What is the intersection if the fourth plane $u=-1$ is included? Find a fourth equation that leaves us with no solution.
3. Explain why the system:
$$u + v + w = 2$$
$$u + 2v + 3w = 1$$
$$v + 2w = 0$$
is singular (a) by finding a combination of the three equations that adds up to $0 = 1$ (b) by showing that the three columns lie in the same plane (hint: expressing the third column as a combination of the first two). Are there solutions? If yes, try to express the solutions. If not, give a b such that there exist solutions. If b is the zero vector $(0,0,0)$, what are the solutions (u,v,w) ?
4. Under what condition on y_1, y_2, y_3 do the points $(0,y_1), (1,y_2), (2,y_3)$ lie on a straight line?
5. Solve to find a combination of the columns that equals b for the following triangular system:
$$u - v - w = b_1$$
$$v + w = b_2$$
$$w = b_3$$
6. Find two points on the line of intersection of the three planes $t = 0$ and $z = 0$ and $x + y + z + t = 1$ in four-dimensional space