数据库系统概念 作业#7

截止日期: 2025年04月13日

邱吉尔(学号: 10235101533)

邱吉尔(学号: 10235101533)

问题 1

7.1 Suppose that we decompose the schema R = (A, B, C, D, E) into

(A, B, C)

(A, D, E)

Show that this decomposition is a lossless decomposition if the following set F of functional dependencies

 $A \rightarrow BC$

 $\mathrm{CD} \to \mathrm{E}$

 $\mathbf{B} \to \mathbf{D}$

 $E \longrightarrow A$

解答

$$\therefore R_1 \cap R_2 = A$$
$$A \to BC$$

 $\mathbb{P} R_1 \cap R_2 \to R_1$

二. 这是一个无损压缩

问题 2

7.2 List all nontrivial functional dependencies satisfied by the relation of Figure 7.17.

A	B	C
a_1	b_1	c_1
a_1	b_1	c_2
a_2	b_1	c_1
a_2	b_1	c_3

表 1: Relation for Problem 7.2

解答

 $A \rightarrow B$

 $C \to B$

 $AC \to B$

问题 3

7.14 Show that there can be more than one canonical cover for a given set of functional dependencies, using the following set of dependencies:

$$X \to YZ, Y \to XZ, andZ \to XY$$

邱吉尔 (学号: 10235101533)

解答

有两个正则覆盖: $X \to Y, Y \to Z, Z \to X$ $X \to Z, Y \to X, Z \to Y$

问题 4

7.15 The algorithm to generate a canonical cover only removes one extraneous at tribute at a time. Use the functional dependencies from Exercise 7.14 to show what can go wrong if two attributes inferred to be extraneous are deleted at once.

解答

在依赖关系 $X \to YZ$ 中,可以判定 Y 是无关属性,Z 同样也是无关属性但如果同时删除这两个属性,将导致新的依赖集无法再推导出原始依赖 $X \to YZ$ 正则覆盖算法采用逐步删除策略,就是为了避免这种同步删除导致的语义丢失问题