```
-----System file io-----
open()
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
int fd;
fd=open("filename",O_RDONLY | O_WRONLY );
fd=open("filename",O_RDONLY | O_WRONLY | O_CREAT,0666);
if (fd == -1) perror("open filename"); /* error */
read()
#include <unistd.h>
char buffer:
              // char buffer[20] \rightarrow read(fd,buf,fer1)
read(fd,&buffer,1) // read(file descriptor,buffer,nbytes) – reads nbytes bytes from the file w/ file
descriptor and stores into buffer /* <0 error */
write()
#include <unistd.h>
write(fd,&buffer,1) // writes up to count bytes from buffer to fd /* <0 error */
                            close(fd);
                                         #include <unistd.h>
stat() - get file status
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
main() {
   struct stat stats;
   stat("FilenameOrPath", &stats); /* 0 success , -1 error */
   if (stats.st_mode & R_OK/W_OK/X_OK)
                                                 printf("read/write/execut.");
       File owner: %d
                             stats.st_uid
       File group: %d
                             stats.st_gid
       File size: %ld
                             stats.st size
       ST_MODE VALUE: %ld stats.st_mode
#include <time.h>
int res:
          struct stat stats; res=stat(argv[1],&sBuf);
printf("st_mtime: %ld st_ctime: %ld st_atime: %ld\n",stats.st_mtime,stats.st_ctime,stats.st_atime);
   // st atime: time of last access
   // st_mtime: time of last data modification
   // st ctime: time of last file status change
       struct tm tmp;
       tmp = *(gmtime(&stats.st_atime));
       printf("Last access time: %d-%d %d %d:%d:%d\n",
       tmp.tm_mday, tmp.tm_mon, tmp.tm_year + 1900,
       tmp.tm_hour, tmp.tm_min, tmp.tm_sec);
       tmp = *(gmtime(&stats.st ctime));
       printf("Last change time: ... )
       tmp = *(gmtime(&stats.st_mtime));
       printf("Last modification time: ...)
```

```
DIR- represents directory stream
struct dirent – members are d_name[] , d_ino
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <dirent.h>
main() {
   DIR *d;
   struct dirent *dir;
   d=opendir(".");
                     // current directory , also path
   if(d) {
       while( dir=readdir(d) != NULL ) {
                                            /* list files in directory */
         if (dir \rightarrow d_name[0] != '.') %ld %s dir \rightarrow d_name /* no hidden files */
   closedir(d);
       }
                    // ------ -TIME- -------
#include <locale.h>
#include <time.h>
       char buffer[80];
       time_t currtime;
       struct tm *timer;
       time( &currtime );
       timer = localtime( &currtime );
       strftime(buffer,80,"%c", timer );
       printf("Date is: %s\n", buffer);
       // printf("Date is: %s\n",asctime(timer));
                                                                   Date is: Thu Dec 20 09:12:07 2018
       printf("Locale is: %s\n", setlocale(LC_ALL, "en_US.UTF-8"));
       strftime(buffer,80,"%c", timer);
       printf("Date is: %s\n", buffer);
                                                           Date is: Thu 20 Dec 2018 09:12:07 AM +04
       struct lconv *lc;
       lc=localeconv();
       printf ("Currency symbol is: %s\n-\n",lc → currency symbol);
                                                                             Currency symbol is: $
                            type of file - Directory or Ordinary File
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void printType(mode_t mode) {
   if ( S_ISDIR(mode) ) {
       printf("Directory\n");
                                               int main () {
       return;
                                                   struct stat stats;
    if ( S_ISREG(mode) ) {
        printf("Ordinary File\n");
                                                   stat("foo.txt",&stats);
        return:
                                                   // stat("../pw5",&stats);
    }
                                                   printType(stats.st_mode);
```

}

// -----Directories-----

```
------ Splits into array of strings and which to locate a command.-----
#include<string.h> #include <dirent.h>
   printf("PATH: %s\n",getenv("PATH")); // "ROOT" , "HOME"
                      /* splits the PATH into arrays */
   char *buffer=getenv("PATH");
                                    char *s=":"; char *token=strtok(buffer,s);
   char *array[20];
                        int i=0;
   while (token != NULL) {
        array[i]=token; // po odnomu zapisivayu v array
                                                               for(int i=0;i<19;i++) {
        token=strtok(NULL,s); // going to next
                                                                       printf("%s\n",array[i]);
   }
                       /* which Is -> /bin/Is */
   int length=strlen(buffer)+1; char *command="ls";
                                                            int count = 0;
   while (count < length) {
      DIR *d = opendir(array[count]);
                                           struct dirent *dir;
       if (d!= NULL) {
         while ((dir = readdir(d)) != NULL) {
           if (!strcmp(dir->d name, command)) {
             printf("\n%s is found in %s\n", command, array[count]);
             exit(0);
          }
       }
      closedir(d);
     ++count;
   }
                            ----- Returns path name (ttyname) ------
char *my_ttyname(int fd) {
  struct stat st;
  fstat(fd, &st); // info about a file
  DIR *d = opendir("/dev/pts/");
  struct dirent *dir;
                                                     int main() {
                                                        printf("%s\n", my_ttyname(STDIN_FILENO));
  if (d == NULL)
      fprintf(stderr,"Directory does not exist\n");
                                                     // 0
      exit(2);
  }
                                                       printf("%s\n", my_ttyname(STDOUT_FILENO));
  else {
    while ( (dir = readdir(d)) != NULL) {
                                                      // 1
       if ( dir->d_ino == st.st_ino ) {
         char *name = (char*) calloc(15, sizeof(char)); printf("%s\n", my_ttyname(STDERR_FILENO));
         strcpy(name , "/dev/pts/");
                                                      // 2
         strcat(name , dir->d_name);
         return name;
                                                        return 0;
       }
                                                     }
  }
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
                      /* generate a child process using the system call fork */
int main () {
                      /* child process generated */
   int pid=fork();
   int why;
   switch(pid) {
     case -1:
                      /* unsuccesful creation of process */
        perror("fork() error");
                                    exit(-1);
                      /* child process (=0) */
        printf("child %d: parent %d\n",getpid(),getppid());
                                                                   exit(getpid()%10);
                      /* parent process (>0) */
     default:
        printf("parent %d: child %d\n",getpid(),pid);
        wait(&why);
                             /* waiting for child process to terminate */
        // printf("Return code: %d\n", wait(&why));
                                      printf("exitcode %d\n",WEXITSTATUS(why));
        if (WIFEXITED(why))
        if (WIFSIGNALED(why)) printf("stopped by signal %d", WTERMSIG(why));
    }
   return 0;
}
                             /* launch n-child processes */
#include<stdio.h>
#include < stdlib.h >
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int main() {
   int n;
              printf("Enter n: ");
                                    scanf("%d",&n);
   int pid;
              int why;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
                            /* for n-child processed */
       pid=fork();
       if ( pid == -1 ) {
                           fprintf(stderr,"Error\n");
                                                       exit(-1);
                                                                 }
       if ( pid == 0)
           printf("Child (%d) : %d\t",i,getpid());
           exit(i);
                      /* if you don't -> mnogo parents */
       }
       else {
           wait(&why);
                               /* child to terminate */
           printf("Parent : %d\t",getpid());
           if (WIFEXITED(why)) printf("Return value: %d\n", WEXITSTATUS(why));
       }
   }
}
                                               Enter n: 3
                                               Child (0): 4493
                                                                    Parent: 4492 Return value: 0
                                               Child (1): 4494
                                                                    Parent: 4492 Return value: 1
                                               Child (2): 4495
                                                                    Parent: 4492 Return value: 2
```

```
/* parent and child read characters one at a time using read and display them on the screen */
#include <sys/types.h> #include <sys/stat.h> #include <fcntl.h>
                                                                      #include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[]) {
       if ( argc != 2 ) { printf("Wrong number of arguments\n"); exit(1);
       int fd:
       char buf;
       fd=open(argv[1],O_RDONLY); // argv[1] = filename
       int pid=fork();
                        fprintf(stderr, "Error\n");
       if (pid == -1) {
                                                    exit(-1);
       if (pid == 0) 
              while (read(fd,\&buf,1) > 0)
                                                         /*** another way parent and child
              printf("Child reads: [ %c ]\n",buf);
              sleep(1):
                                                                ssize t read n = 0;
              } }
                                                                while (1) {
       else {
              while (read(fd,\&buf,1) > 0)
                                                                char c;
              printf("Parent reads: [ %c ]\n",buf);
              sleep(1);
                                                                read n = read(fd, &c, 1);
              }
                  }
close(fd);
                                                                if (read_n == 0) break;
                                                                 printf("%c", c);
/** displays the system time, using seconds and micro-seconds (system call: gettimeofday);
exec(ls -l directory )
display the time (as before) and the time the command ls took to run **/.
int main(int argc,char *argv[]) {
       if ( argc != 2 ) { }
       struct dirent *dir; DIR *d; d=opendir(argv[1]); if ( d == NULL ) { }
       struct timeval tv1,tv2;
       if ( gettimeofday(&tv1, NULL) == 0 ) { // success , -1 failure
              printf("Seconds: %ld\n",tv1.tv_sec); // seconds
              printf("Micro-seconds: %ld\n",tv1.tv_usec); // micro-seconds
       }
case 0:
       execlp("ls","ls","-l",argv[1],NULL);
       exit(0);
default:
       wait(&why);
       if(WIFEXITED(why))
                               printf("parent : exit code is %d\n", WEXITSTATUS(why));
       gettimeofday(&tv2, NULL);
       printf("Seconds: %ld Micro-seconds: %ld tv2.tv_sec, tv2.tv_usec); // sec + microsec
       printf("\nInterval: %ld , %ld ,tv2.tv_sec-tv1.tv_sec, tv2.tv_usec-tv1.tv_usec);
       }
}
```

```
/* ls with the option -R on the directory; ;
redirects the standard output of ls to /dev/null;
displays the sum of each processor time used by the ls command in seconds (primitive times).**/.
int main(int argc,char *argv[]) {
      int pid1=fork();
                                       struct tms buf;
      int why;
      switch(pid1) {
             case -1: fprintf(stderr, "fork() Zerror"); exit(-1);
             case 0:
                    execlp("ls","ls","-R",argv[1],NULL);
                    exit(0);
             default:
                    wait(&why);
             if ( WIFEXITED(why) ) printf("exitcode %d\n", WEXITSTATUS(why));
             if (WIFSIGNALED(why)) printf("stopped by signal %d",WTERMSIG(why));
             int pid2=fork();
             switch(pid2) {
                    case -1: fprintf(stderr,"fork() error");
                                                           exit(-1);
                    case 0:
                    execlp("ls","ls > /dev/null",argv[1],NULL);
                    exit(0);
             default:
                    wait(&why);
             if ( WIFEXITED(why) ) printf("exitcode %d\n", WEXITSTATUS(why));
             if (WIFSIGNALED(why)) printf("stopped by signal %d",WTERMSIG(why));
             times(&buf);
             hz=sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK);
      printf("Time spent: %f %f\n",(double)buf.tms_cutime/hz,
                                           (double)buf.tms cstime/hz);
```

the parent reads data from the standard input and transmit them to its child through a pipe, the child then prints them on the standard output. The parent then waits for the termination of the child process.

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       int tube[2];
if ( pipe(tube) != 0 ) {
       fprintf(stderr,"Pipe failed\n");
       exit(1);
int pid=fork();
                                                     void copy(int fdsrc,int fddst) {
if ( pid == -1 ) { }
if ( pid == 0 ) { // child
                                                            int length;
       close(tube[1]);
                                                            char buf;
       copy(tube[0],1);
       close(tube[0]);
                                                      while((length=read(fdsrc,&buf,1)) > 0) {
       exit(0);
}
                                                                   write(fddst,&buf,1);
else { // parent
close(tube[0]);
                     copy(0, tube[1]);
                                                   close(tube[1]); }
                                                                                       }
```

ps eaux > foo ; grep "^\$1 " < foo > /dev/null && echo "\$1 is connected"

```
int pid1 = fork();
switch (pid1) {
case -1:
case 0: // child process
      int pid2 = fork();
      switch (pid2) {
             case -1:
      case 0: // child process - ps eaux > foo
             int fd = open("foo", O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0666);
             dup2(fd, 1);
             close(fd);
             execlp("ps", "ps", "eaux", NULL);
             exit(2);
      default: // parent process
             wait(NULL);
          }
      int pid3 = fork();
      switch (pid3) {
      case -1:
             fprintf(stderr, "Something went wrong\n");
             exit(-1);
      case 0: // child process - grep "^$1 " < foo > /dev/null
             int fd1 = open("foo", O RDONLY);
             int fd2 = open("/dev/null", O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0666);
             dup2(fd1, 0);
             close(fd1);
             dup2(fd2, 1);
             close(fd2);
             char *t=malloc(strlen(argv[1])+3);
             sprintf(t,"^%s",argv[1]);
             execlp("grep", "grep", t, NULL);
             exit(0);
                  // parent - echo "$1 is connected"
      default:
             execlp("echo", "echo", argv[1], " is connected", NULL);
      }
      default:
             wait(NULL);
}
      char c;
      int fd = open("foo", O_RDONLY);
      while(read(fd, &c, 1) > 0) {
             write(1, &c, 1); /* the final result using the primitive write */
      }
      return 0;
}
```

```
ps eaux | grep "<name>" | wc -l // name == USER
main() {
      int tube1[2];
      int pid1 = fork();
       if (pid1 == 0) {
             int tube2[2];
             int pid2 = fork();
      if (pid2 == -1) \{ exit(4); \}
      else if (pid2 == 0) {
                                  // ps eaux
             close(tube2[0]);
             dup2(tube2[1], 1);
             close(tube2[1]);
             execlp("ps", "ps", "eaux", (char*)0);
             exit(5);
       }
             // grep $USER
      close(tube2[1]);
      dup2(tube2[0], 0);
      close(tube2[0]);
      dup2(tube1[1], 1);
      close(tube1[1]);
      execlp("grep", "grep", argv[1] : getenv("USER"), NULL);
      exit(6);
      }
             // "wc -l"
      close(tube1[1]);
      dup2(tube1[0], 0);
      close(tube1[0]);
      execlp("wc", "wc", "-l", (char*)0);
      return 0;
}
                                  ps eaux | grep "^$1 "
main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
      int tube[2];
                           int pid;
                                                pipe(tube);
                                                                     pid=fork();
      if (pid==-1) { exit(2); }
      if (pid==0) { // child ps eaux
             close(tube[0]);
             dup2(tube[1],1);
             close(tube[1]);
             execlp("ps", "ps", "eaux", NULL);
      }
      else { // parent grep "^$1 "
             char *t= malloc( strlen(argv[1])+3 );
             close(tube[1]);
             dup2(tube[0], 0);
             close(tube[0]);
             sprintf(t, "^%s ", argv[1]);
             execlp("grep", "grep", t, NULL); } return 0;
                                                                            }
```

```
ps eaux | grep "^$1 " > /dev/null
```

```
main() {
       int tube[2]; int pid=fork();
       if(pid == 0 ) { // child process - ps eaux
              close(tube[0]);
              dup2(tube[1],1);
              close(tube[1]);
              execlp("ps","ps","eaux",NULL);
              exit(0);
              }
       else{ // parent
              close(tube[1]);
              dup2(tube[0],0);
              close(tube[0]);
              int fd = open("/dev/null",O_WRONLY);
              dup2(fd,1);
              close(fd);
              char *t=malloc(strlen(argv[1]+3);
              sprintf(t, "^%s", argv[1]);
              execlp("grep","grep",t,NULL);
              exit(0);
}
              ps eaux > toto; grep "^$1" < toto > /dev/null
int fifo = mkfifo("toto", 0666);
int pid = fork();
if (pid == 0) {
       int fd = open("toto", O_WRONLY);
       dup2(fd, 1);
       close(fd);
       execlp("ps", "ps", "eaux", (char*)0);
       exit(4);
int fd = open("toto", O_RDONLY);
dup2(fd, 0);
close(fd);
int out = open("/dev/null", O_CREAT | O_WRONLY | O_TRUNC, 0666);
dup2(out, 1);
close(out);
char *t= (malloc((strlen(argv[1]) + 3);
sprintf(t,"^%s",argv[1]);
execlp("grep", "grep", t, (char*)0);
```

```
ps eaux | grep "^$1 "> /dev/null && echo "$1 is connected"
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
      int pid1 = fork();
      if (pid1 == 0) { // CHILD PROCESS
             int tube[2];
             int pid2 = fork();
      else if (pid2 == 0) {
             close(tube[0]);
             dup2(tube[1], 1);
             close(tube[1]);
             execlp("ps", "ps", "eaux", NULL);
             exit(4);
      }
      else {
             close(tube[1]);
             dup2(tube[0], 0);
             close(tube[0]);
      int out = open("/dev/null", O_CREAT | O_WRONLY | O_TRUNC, 0666);
      dup2(out, 1);
      close(out);
      char *t = malloc((strlen(argv[1]) + 2))
      sprintf(t, "^%s ", argv[1]);
      execlp("grep", "grep", in, NULL);
      exit(4);
      }
}
int why; wait(&why);
if ( WEXITSTATUS(why) == 0 ) {
      char *out = (char*) malloc((strlen(argv[1]) + 16) * sizeof(char));
      strcpy(out, argv[1]);
      strcpy(out + strlen(argv[1]), " is connected\n");
      write(1, out, strlen(out)); /* display the final result using the primitive write */
}
```

displays a counter each time a SIGINT signal is received

```
#include<stdio.h>
                     #include<stdlib.h>
                                                #include <signal.h>
                                                                           #include<unistd.h>
void counter(int signal) {
      int count; count++;
                                           int main() {
      if (signal == SIGINT)
                                                  printf("pid: %d\n",getpid());
      printf("received SIGINT \n");
      if ( count == 5 ) exit(0);
                                                  signal(SIGINT,counter);
}
                                                  while(1);
                                                               return 0;
                                           }
```

SIGQUIT

```
void count(int signal) {
       static int count=0; printf("%d\n",count);
                                                                     int main() {
       int pid=fork();
       if ( pid == -1 ) { exit(0); }
                                                                            printf("pid: %d\n", getpid());
       else if ( pid == 0 ) {
              execlp("ulimit","ulimit","-c","unlimited",NULL);
                                                                            signal(SIGQUIT, count);
              exit(0);
                                                                            while(1);
       }
       count++;
                                                                            return 0;
       if ( count >= 5 ) exit(0);
}
                                                                     }
void getsignal(int signal) {
                                                              int main() {
       char buffer[100];
       psignal(signal,buffer); // prints the descr of signal
                                                                     printf("pid: %d\n",getpid());
       // printf("%s\n",buffer);
       exit(0);
                                                                     signal(SIGINT,getsignal);
}
                                                                     while(1);
                                                              }
```