#### Quality and Supply Chain Management GRA Assignment

# <u>Important instructions (To be reviewed before starting to answer the questions)</u>

#### Organizing assignment files

- 1. Please create the git repository in GitHub
- 2. Clone the repository to your local computer
- 3. Add your assignment files to this repository
- 4. For each assignment question,
  - a. Create a new branch from master/main branch
  - b. Add necessary code for answering the questions
  - c. Commit your changes to the new branch
  - d. Push your commits to remote
  - e. Create a pull request
  - f. Merge it with your master/main branch (Usually, pull requests are reviewed and approved by a peer but in this case, you can just approve and merge by yourself)

### Python programming instructions

- 1. All the questions' answering steps must be demonstrated in the Python code
- 2. Please use Python 3.8 or above
- 3. You are welcome to use open-sourced Python packages
- 4. Please use easily interpretable variable names
- 5. Organize your code neatly with comments and/or markdown text wherever necessary
- 6. Create one Jupyter Notebook (.ipynb file) per assignment question
- 7. Include all the input and output data files in the repository

#### **SQL** programming instructions

- 1. Question 2 requires writing SQL queries for answering the sub-questions
- 2. Create a sqlite database and load sheets from question\_1\_2.xlsx in different tables (One table per sheet) using <a href="https://sqliteonline.com/">https://sqliteonline.com/</a>
- 3. Use the online editor to test the queries while answering the questions.
- 4. Create a .sql file in the same GitHub repository and add your final queries to the file
- 5. Organize your queries neatly with comments wherever necessary
- 6. Commit all the files in the repository.

#### **Question - 1 (Using Python)**

### Data file - question\_1\_2.xlsx

- 1. Can you find out the mean and standard deviation of product height and weight based on each product code?
- 2. Which product family produces higher number of defective parts? (Defect Any unit with measurement greater than upper limit) Please demonstrate using a pareto chart
- 3. For the variant Y, which of the two product families show better process control? How will you visualize this?
- 4. Visualize how height and weight measurements are varying between lots. Also, how can we see the defect count by lot and product family?
- 5. Is it possible to project the test variation for future orders 7 and 8 based on the given data? Why or why not? Is there some additional information that will be needed for this purpose?

*If there were missing data, please demonstrate how you handled them.* 

### Question - 2 (Using SQL)

## Data file - question\_1\_2.xlsx

- 1. Can you find out the mean and standard deviation of product height and weight based on each product code?
- 2. Which product family produces highest number of defective parts? (Defect Any unit with measurement greater than upper limit) Get output as a table sorted by defect count in descending order
- 3. Calculate the defect count by product family and lot

If there were missing data, please demonstrate how you handled them.

#### **Question - 3 (Using Python)**

#### Data file - question\_3.csv

- 1. Generate a matrix of charts with 3 rows and 4 columns containing the histograms of all the data columns (except ID and quality)
- 2. By looking at the histograms generated in (1), what comments can you make about the skewness of distribution?
- 3. Calculate the Pearson's correlation coefficient for all the combination of variables in the dataset (except ID) and visualize it as cross matrix
- 4. Extract and list top 5 variable pairs that show positive correlation (if any) and top 5 variable pairs that show negative correlation (if any)
- 5. Generate a matrix of charts with 2 rows and 5 columns (max.) containing the scatter plots of top 5 variable pairs that show positive correlation (1st row) and top 5 variable pairs that show negative correlation (2nd row)

*If there were missing data, please demonstrate how you handled them.*