

Number of Reported Cases of Chikungunya Fever in the Americas, by Country or Territory 2013-2014 (to week noted)

Cumulative cases

Epidemiological Week / EW 49 (Updated 5 December 2014)

Country/Territory	Week ^a	Autochthonous transmission cases ^b		Imported cases			Population ^d
		Suspected	Confirmed	(confirmed)	Incidence Rate ^c	Deaths	X 1000
North America							
Bermuda			0		0.0		
Canada	Week 32		0		0.0		
Mexico	Week 49		74	13	0.1	0	
United States of America	Week 49		11	1,900	0.0		
Subtotal			85	1,921	0.0	0	473,43
Central American Isthmus	luc 1 44		•		2.0		200
Belize Costa Rica	Week 44 Week 47		3	17	0.9		
El Salvador	Week 47	135,226	157	17	2,135.4	0	
Guatemala	Week 48	579	49		4.1	0	
Honduras	Week 47	1,381	9	5	17.2	0	8,09
Nicaragua	Week 46	1,001	542	40	8.9		
Panama	Week 47		32	28	0.8		
Subtotal		137,186	793	90	306.3	0	45,054
Latin Caribbean		, , , ,					.,,,,
Cuba	Week 42			20	0.0	0	11,26
Dominican Republic	Week 41	498,916	84		4,796.2	6	10,404
French Guiana	Week 48	8,172	5,020		5,298.0	0	249
Guadaloupe	Week 46	80,962	430		17,466.1	59	46
Haiti	Week 28	64,695	14		627.2	0	10,317
Martinique	Week 46	78,345	1,515		61,430.8	76	404
Puerto Rico ^e	Week 45	20,770	3,675	31	662.8	5	3,688
Saint Barthelemy	Week 46	1,014	142		12,988.8	0	ç
Saint Martin (French part)	Week 46	3,771	793		12,787.9		36
Subtotal		756,645	11,673	51	2,085.6	149	36,839
Andean Area							
Bolivia	Week 46		0	4	0		10,671
Colombia	Week 47	39,163	338	26	82	3	
Ecuador	Week 40		0	1	0	0	15,738
Peru	Week 42		0	7	0	0	30,376
Venezuela	Week 46	26,451	1,866	70	93	0	30,405
Subtotal		65,614	2,204	108	50	3	135,511
Southern Cone							
Argentina	Week 44			22	0.0	0	41,446
Brazil	Week 45		173	37	0.1	0	200,362
	Week 48						
Chile			0	11	0.0		17,620
Paraguay	Week 45		1	6	0.0	0	·
Subtotal		0	174	76	0	0	266,230
Non-Latin Caribbean							
Anguilla	Week 45		49	2	306.3	0	16
Antigua and Barbuda	Week 45	1,399	18		1,574.4	0	
Aruba	Week 46	250	59	12	283.5	0	109
Bahamas	Week 37		79	4	21.0	0	377
Barbados	Week 49	1,507	84	8	550.5	0	289
Cayman Islands	Week 42	4 000	25 835	3	46.3	0	
Curacao Dominica	Week 44 Week 46	1,838 3,588	835 173		1,818.4 5,152.1	0	
Grenada	Week 41	2,826	26		2,592.7	0	
Guyana	Week 31	2,020	76		9.5	0	800
Jamaica	Week 49	1,203	76	2	45.9	0	
Montserrat	Week 44	1,203	11		380.0	0	2,70
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Week 44	432	27		900.0	0	
Saint Lucia	Week 45	702	195		550.3	0	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Week 47	1,219	170		1,348.5	0	
Sint Maarten (Dutch part) ⁼	Week 44	,===	425		1,062.5	0	40
Suriname`	Week 43		1,210	14	224.5	1	539
Trinidad and Tobago	Week 42		177	3	13.2	0	1,34
Turks and Caicos Islands	Week 44		19	7	39.6	0	
Virgin Islands (UK)	Week 41		44		137.5	0	33
Virgin Islands (US)	Week 46	1,261	185	6	1,377.1	1	105
Subtotal		16,233	3,963	68	277.6	2	7,276
TOTAL		975,678	18,892	2,314	103.1	154	964,34
NOTES							

NOTES

^a Epidemiological Week for which information is available.

Suspected case: patient with acute onset of fever >38°C (101°F) and severe arthralgia or arthrifis not explained by other medical conditions, and who resides or has visited epidemic or endemic areas within two weeks prior the onset of the symptoms. Confirmed case: a suspected case with any specific CHIK test (viral isolation, RT-PCR, Ig M, or four-fold increase of chikungunya specific antibodies titers) - PAHO/CDC confirmed case definition available at www.paho.org/chikungunya.

^c Incidence (autochthonous suspected + autochthonous confirmed) / 100,000 pop.

^d PAHOWHO. Basic Indicators, 2013. http://www.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_download&gid=23535<emid=270&lang=en , except St. Barthelemy ("Populations légales 2009 entrent en vigueur le 1er janvier 2012." Recensement de la population. INSEE. Retrieved 2 January 2014).

^e Department of Health data: http://www.salud.gov.pr/Chikungunya/Pages/default.aspx

 $^{\hspace{-0.1em}>}$ The total cases excludes the data from Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands.

`The autochthonous confirmed cases includes one case with unknown travel.

[≅] Data published by *Le point épidémiologique*, N°11, 2014.

Data source: Cases reported by IHR NFPs to PAHO/WHO and/or through Member States websites or official news publication