

Number of Reported Cases of Chikungunya Fever in the Americas, by Country or Territory 2015 (to week noted) Cumulative cases

Epidemiological Week / EW 23 (Updated as of 12 June 2015)

Country/Territory	Week ^a		transmission cases ^b	Imported cases	Incidence Rate ^c	Deaths ^d	Population ^e
North America		Suspected	Confirmed				X 1000
Bermuda	Week 17			3			69
Canada	Week 4			312			35,182
Mexico	Week 23		1,368	11	1.2		118,129
United States of America	Week 22		.,000	157			320,051
Subtotal		0	1,368	483	0.3	0	473,431
Central American Isthmus	·						
Belize	Week				0.0		332
Costa Rica	Week 20		142		2.9		4,872
El Salvador	Week 22	12,187	3		192.3	0	6,340
Guatemala	Week 21	7,342	522		50.8	1	15,468
Honduras	Week 20	28,544	5		352.5	0	8,098
Nicaragua	Week 12	17,946	2,235		331.9		6,080
Panama	Week						3,864
Subtotal		66,019	2,907	0	153.0	1	45,054
Latin Caribbean							
Cuba	Week				0.0		11,266
Dominican Republic	Week 18	59	4 ===		0.6		10,404
French Guiana	Week 22	5,830	1,756		3,046.6	2	249
Guadaloupe Haiti	Week 9 Week	150			32.2		466 10,317
Martinique	Week 9	320			79.2		10,317
			79		79.2 13.4		
Puerto Ricof	Week 21	415	79				3,688
Saint Barthelemy	Week 18	317 600			3,561.8		<u>9</u> 36
Saint Martin (French part) Subtotal	Week 18	7,691	1,835	0	1,681.1 25.9	2	36,839
		7,091	1,033	<u> </u>	20.9	2	30,839
Andean Area	IM1-40	140	040	41	0.0		40.674
Bolivia	Week 13	143	916	1	9.9		10,671
Colombia [®]	Week 21	254,666	532		528.1	32	48,321
Ecuador	Week 22	14,459	1,268	89	99.9		15,738
Peru	Week 23		1	27	0.0		30,376
Venezuela	Week 17	12,482	296		42.0		30,405
Subtotal		281,750	3,013	117	210.1	32	135,511
Southern Cone							
Argentina	Week 22			21			41,446
Brazil	Week 15	3,090	5	7	1.5		200,362
Chile	Week 16	0,000		1			17,620
	Week 20	1,594	732	'	34.2		
Paraguay		1,394	132		34.2		6,802
Uruguay	Week						3,419
Subtotal		4,684	737	29	2.0	0	269,649
Non-Latin Caribbean							
Anguilla	Week 11	28	3		193.8		16
Antigua and Barbuda	Week 8	16	0		17.8		90
Aruba	Week 14	66	686		689.9		109
Bahamas	Week 17		10	1	2.7		377
Barbados	Week 19	290	15		105.5		289
Cayman Islands	Week 8	67	1		125.9		54
Curacao	Week						147
Dominica	Week 5	8			11.0		73
Grenada	Week						110
Guyana	Week 2	5,310	29		667.4		800
Jamaica	Week 6	299	_		10.7		2,784
Montserrat	Week 20	13	0		260.0		5
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Week						51
Saint Lucia	Week	3	2		4.9		163 103
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	Week 8	3	2		4.9		103
	Week						
Suriname Trinided and Tohogo	Week		00		2.0		539
Trinidad and Tobago	Week 20		83		6.2		1,341
Turks and Caicos Islands	Week						48
Virgin Islands (UK)	Week Week 12		100		311.4		32 105
Virgin Islands (US)		225	102	4		^	
Virgin Islands (US) Subtotal TOTAL		6,325 366,469	931 10,791	1 630	99.7 39.0	0 35	7,276 967,760

NOTES

a Epidemiological Week for which information is available.

Department of Health data: http://www.salud.gov.pr/Estadisticas-Registros-y-Publicaciones/Pages/Chikungunya.aspx

Suspected case: patient with acute onset of fever >38°C (101°F) and severe arthralgia or arthritis not explained by other medical conditions, and who resides or has visited epidemic or endemic areas within two weeks prior the onset of the symptoms. Confirmed case: a suspected case with any specific CHIK test (viral isolation, RT-PCR, Ig M, or four-fold increase of chikungunya specific antibodies titers) - PAHO/CDC confirmed case definition available at www.paho.org/chikungunya.

Incidence rate (autochthonous suspected + autochthonous confirmed) / 100,000 pop.

Deaths directly or indirectly related to Chikungunya.

e PAHOWHO. Basic Indicators, 2013. http://www.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_download&gid=23535&Itemid=270&Iang=en , except St. Barthelemy ("Populations légales 2009 entrent en vigueur le 1er janvier 2012." Recensement de la population. INSEE. Retrieved 2 January 2014).

The total cases excludes the data from Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands.

[©] Confirmed autochtonous cases are cumulative from 2015 EW12, as published in http://www.ins.gov.co/boletin-epidemiologico/Paginas/default.aspx Data source: Cases reported by IHR NFPs to PAHO/WHO and/or through Member States websites or official news publication