

Number of Reported Cases of Chikungunya Fever in the Americas, by Country or Territory 2015 (to week noted) Cumulative cases

Epidemiological Week / EW 28 (Updated as of 17 July 2015)

Country/Territory	Week ^a		s transmission cases ⁰	Imported cases	Incidence Rate ^c	Deaths ^d	Population ^e
North America		Suspected	Confirmed				X 1000
Bermuda	Week 17	1	T	3	T		69
Canada	Week 4			312			35,182
Mexico	Week 28		2,235	11	1.9		118,129
United States of America	Week 28			224			320,051
Subtota		0	2,235	550	0.5	0	473,431
Central American Isthmus							
Belize	Week				0.0		332
Costa Rica	Week 20		142		2.9		4,872
El Salvador	Week 27	23,811	13		375.8	0	6,340
Guatemala	Week 21	7,342	522		50.8	1	15,468
Honduras	Week 26	49,162	5		607.1	0	8,098
Nicaragua	Week 12	17,946	2,235		331.9		6,080
Panama	Week 26		7	12			3,864
Subtota	n/	98,261	2,924	12	224.6	1	45,054
Latin Caribbean							
Cuba	Week				0.0		11,266
Dominican Republic	Week 22	63			0.6		10,404
French Guiana	Week 26	6,180	1,756		3,187.1	2	249
Guadaloupe	Week 9	150			32.2		466
Haiti	Week				=		10,317
Martinique	Week 9	320			79.2		404
Puerto Rico ^f	Week 26	569	100		18.1		3,688
Saint Barthelemy	Week 18	317			3,561.8		9
Saint Martin (French part)	Week 18	600	1050		1,681.1		36
Subtota	al	8,199	1,856	0	27.3	2	36,839
Andean Area							
Bolivia	Week 13	143	916	1	9.9		10,671
Colombia [@]	Week 26	295,182	561		612.0	36	48,321
Ecuador	Week 24	14,459	1,937	88	104.2	2	15,738
Peru	Week 24	11	7	27	0.1		30,376
Venezuela	Week 17	12,482	296		42.0		30,405
Subtota		322,277	3,717	116	240.6	38	135,511
Southern Cone			-,				,
Argentina	Week 24			29			41,446
	Week 23	6.050	444	7	2.5		
Brazil		6,958	114		3.5		200,362
Chile	Week 24			4			17,620
Paraguay	Week 25	1,759	827		38.0		6,802
Uruguay	Week						3,419
Subtota	1	8,717	941	40	3.6	0	269,649
Non-Latin Caribbean							,.
Anguilla	Week 11	28	3		193.8		16
Antigua and Barbuda	Week 8	16	0		17.8		90
Aruba	Week 14	66	686		689.9		109
Bahamas	Week 17	-	10	1	2.7		377
Barbados	Week 19	290	15	•	105.5		289
Cayman Islands	Week 8	67	1		125.9		54
Curacao	Week						147
Dominica	Week 5	8			11.0		73
Grenada	Week						110
Guyana	Week 2	5,310	29		667.4		800
Jamaica	Week 6	299			10.7		2,784
Montserrat	Week 20	13	0		260.0		5
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Week						51
Saint Lucia	Week						163
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Week 8	3	2		4.9		103
	Week						40
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)							539
Sint Maarten (Dutch part) Suriname	Week						
	Week Week 20		83		6.2		1,341
Suriname			83		6.2		
Suriname Trinidad and Tobago	Week 20		83		6.2		48
Suriname Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Islands	Week 20 Week	225	83		6.2 311.4		1,341 48 32 105
Suriname Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Islands Virgin Islands (UK)	Week 20 Week Week Week 12	225 6,325		1 719		0	48 32

NOTES

^a Epidemiological Week for which information is available.

Department of Health data: http://www.salud.gov.pr/Estadisticas-Registros-y-Publicaciones/Pages/Chikungunya.aspx

b Suspected case: patient with acute onset of fever >38°C (101°F) and severe arthratgia or arthritis not explained by other medical conditions, and who resides or has visited epidemic or endemic areas within two weeks prior the onset of the symptoms. Confirmed case: a suspected case with any specific CHIK test (viral isolation, RT-PCR, Ig M, or four-fold increase of chikungunya specific antibodies titers) - PAHO/CDC confirmed case definition available at www.paho.org/chikungunya.

^c Incidence rate (autochthonous suspected + autochthonous confirmed) / 100,000 pop.

^d Deaths directly or indirectly related to Chikungunya.

PAHO/WHO. Basic Indicators, 2013. http://www.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_download&gid=23535<emid=270&lang=en , except St. Barthelemy ("Populations légales 2009 entrent en vigueur le 1er janvier 2012." Recensement de la population. INSEE. Retrieved 2 January 2014).

> The total cases excludes the data from Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands.

[©] Confirmed autochtonous cases are cumulative from 2015 EW12, as published in http://www.ins.gov.co/boletin-epidemiologico/Paginas/default.aspx Data source: Cases reported by IHR NFPs to PAHO/WHO and/or through Member States websites or official news publication