## 035-assignment

June 1, 2022

Air Quality in Dar es Salaam

```
import warnings
import wqet_grader

warnings.simplefilter(action="ignore", category=FutureWarning)
wqet_grader.init("Project 3 Assessment")
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[2]: # Import libraries here
import inspect
import time

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
import seaborn as sns
from IPython.display import VimeoVideo
from pymongo import MongoClient
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf
from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
from statsmodels.tsa.ar_model import AutoReg
```

# 1 Prepare Data

#### 1.1 Connect

Task 3.5.1: Connect to MongoDB server running at host "localhost" on port 27017. Then connect to the "air-quality" database and assign the collection for Dar es Salaam to the variable name dar.

```
[3]: client =MongoClient(host="localhost",port=27017)
db =client["air-quality"]
dar =db["dar-es-salaam"]
```

```
[4]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.1", [dar.name])
```

### 1.2 Explore

**Task 3.5.2:** Determine the numbers assigned to all the sensor sites in the Dar es Salaam collection. Your submission should be a list of integers.

```
[5]: sites =dar.distinct("metadata.site") sites
```

[5]: [23, 11]

```
[7]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.2", sites)
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Task 3.5.3: Determine which site in the Dar es Salaam collection has the most sensor readings (of any type, not just PM2.5 readings). You submission readings\_per\_site should be a list of dictionaries that follows this format:

```
[{'_id': 6, 'count': 70360}, {'_id': 29, 'count': 131852}]
```

Note that the values here are from the Nairobi collection, so your values will look different.

```
[8]: [{'_id': 11, 'count': 138412}, {'_id': 23, 'count': 60020}]
```

```
[9]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.3", readings_per_site)
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

#### 1.3 Import

Task 3.5.4: (5 points) Create a wrangle function that will extract the PM2.5 readings from the site that has the most total readings in the Dar es Salaam collection. Your function should do the following steps:

- 1. Localize reading time stamps to the timezone for "Africa/Dar\_es\_Salaam".
- 2. Remove all outlier PM2.5 readings that are above 100.
- 3. Resample the data to provide the mean PM2.5 reading for each hour.
- 4. Impute any missing values using the forward-will method.

5. Return a Series y.

Use your wrangle function to query the dar collection and return your cleaned results.

```
[11]: y =wrangle(dar)
y.head()
```

```
[11]: timestamp
2018-01-01 03:00:00+03:00 9.456327
2018-01-01 04:00:00+03:00 9.400833
2018-01-01 05:00:00+03:00 9.331458
2018-01-01 06:00:00+03:00 9.528776
2018-01-01 07:00:00+03:00 8.861250
Freq: H, Name: P2, dtype: float64
```

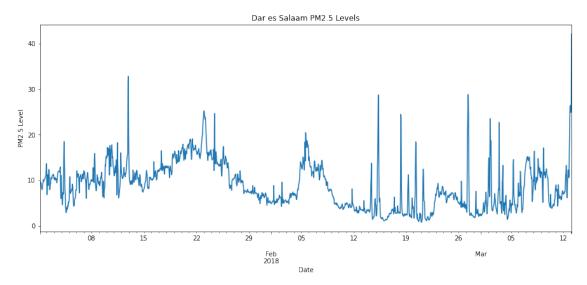
```
[12]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.4", wrangle(dar))
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.4 Explore Some More

Task 3.5.5: Create a time series plot of the readings in y. Label your x-axis "Date" and your y-axis "PM2.5 Level". Use the title "Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Levels".

```
[13]: #convert to dataframe
df2 = y.to_frame()
```

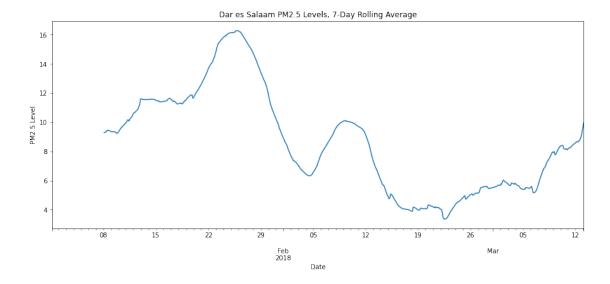


Task 3.5.6: Plot the rolling average of the readings in y. Use a window size of 168 (the number of hours in a week). Label your x-axis "Date" and your y-axis "PM2.5 Level". Use the title "Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Levels, 7-Day Rolling Average".

```
[16]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 6))
df2["P2"].rolling(168).mean().plot(ax=ax,xlabel="Date",ylabel="PM2.5

→Level",title="Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Levels, 7-Day Rolling Average");

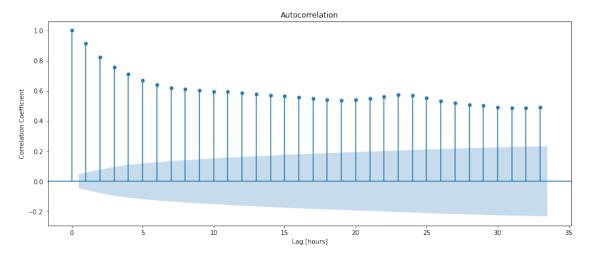
# Don't delete the code below
plt.savefig("images/3-5-6.png", dpi=150)
```



Task 3.5.7: Create an ACF plot for the data in y. Be sure to label the x-axis as "Lag [hours]" and the y-axis as "Correlation Coefficient". Use the title "Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Readings, ACF".

```
[19]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 6))
    plot_acf(y,ax=ax)
    plt.xlabel("Lag [hours]")
    plt.ylabel("Correlation Coefficient");

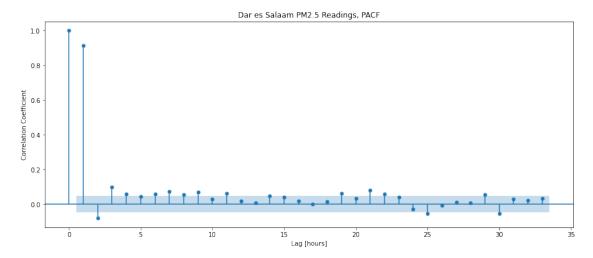
# Don't delete the code below
    plt.savefig("images/3-5-7.png", dpi=150)
```



Task 3.5.8: Create an PACF plot for the data in y. Be sure to label the x-axis as "Lag [hours]" and the y-axis as "Correlation Coefficient". Use the title "Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Readings, PACF".

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 6))
plot_pacf(y,ax=ax)
plt.xlabel("Lag [hours]")
plt.ylabel("Correlation Coefficient")
plt.title("Dar es Salaam PM2.5 Readings, PACF");

# Don't delete the code below
plt.savefig("images/3-5-8.png", dpi=150)
```



<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

## 1.5 Split

Task 3.5.9: Split y into training and test sets. The first 90% of the data should be in your training set. The remaining 10% should be in the test set.

```
[23]: cutoff_test =int(len(y)*.90)

y_train =y.iloc[:cutoff_test]
y_test =y.iloc[cutoff_test:]
print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)
print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)

y_train shape: (1533,)
y_test shape: (171,)

[24]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.9a", y_train)

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[25]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.9b", y_test)

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

## 2 Build Model

#### 2.1 Baseline

Task 3.5.10: Establish the baseline mean absolute error for your model.

```
[26]: y_train_mean = y_train.mean()
y_pred_baseline = [y_train_mean] * len(y_train)
mae_baseline = mean_absolute_error(y_train, y_pred_baseline)

print("Mean P2 Reading:", y_train_mean)
print("Baseline MAE:", mae_baseline)
```

Mean P2 Reading: 8.617582545265433 Baseline MAE: 4.07658759405218

```
[27]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.10", [mae_baseline])
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

#### 2.2 Iterate

Task 3.5.11: You're going to use an AR model to predict PM2.5 readings, but which hyperparameter settings will give you the best performance? Use a for loop to train your AR model on using settings for p from 1 to 30. Each time you train a new model, calculate its mean absolute error and append the result to the list maes. Then store your results in the Series mae\_series.

```
[28]: p_params = range(1, 31)
mae_grid = dict()
maes = []
for p in p_params:
```

```
model = AutoReg(y_train, lags=p).fit()
          y_pred = model.predict().dropna()
          training_mae =mean_absolute_error(y_train.iloc[p:],y_pred)
          maes.append( training_mae)
      mae_series= pd.Series(maes, name="mae",index=p_params)
      mae_series.head()
[28]: 1
           0.947888
           0.933894
      3
           0.920850
      4
           0.920153
           0.919519
      Name: mae, dtype: float64
[29]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.11", mae_series)
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     Task 3.5.12: Look through the results in mae_series and determine what value for p provides
     the best performance. Then build and train final_model using the best hyperparameter value.
     Note: Make sure that you build and train your model in one line of code, and that the data type
     of best_model is statsmodels.tsa.ar_model.AutoRegResultsWrapper.
[30]: mae_series
      #mae_series.min()
[30]: 1
            0.947888
      2
            0.933894
      3
            0.920850
      4
            0.920153
      5
            0.919519
      6
            0.918914
      7
            0.916923
      8
            0.917043
            0.917192
      10
            0.918711
      11
            0.915962
      12
            0.916340
      13
            0.917033
      14
            0.916418
      15
            0.916636
```

16

0.917137

```
17
            0.917409
      18
            0.918723
      19
            0.918294
      20
            0.917222
      21
            0.915872
      22
            0.915801
      23
            0.912931
      24
            0.911694
      25
            0.907563
      26
            0.907333
      27
            0.907315
      28
            0.906776
      29
            0.908026
      30
            0.913833
      Name: mae, dtype: float64
[31]: best_p =28
      best_model =AutoReg(y_train, lags=28).fit()
[32]: wqet_grader.grade(
          "Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.12", [isinstance(best_model.model,__
       →AutoReg)]
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     Task 3.5.13: Calculate the training residuals for best_model and assign the result to
     y_train_resid. Note that your name of your Series should be "residuals".
[33]: y_train_resid=best_model.resid
      y_train_resid.name = "residuals"
      y_train_resid.head()
[33]: timestamp
      2018-01-02 07:00:00+03:00
                                   1.732488
      2018-01-02 08:00:00+03:00
                                   -0.381568
      2018-01-02 09:00:00+03:00
                                   -0.560971
      2018-01-02 10:00:00+03:00
                                   -2.215760
      2018-01-02 11:00:00+03:00
                                   0.006468
      Freq: H, Name: residuals, dtype: float64
[34]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.13", y_train_resid.
       →tail(1500))
```

Task 3.5.14: Create a histogram of y\_train\_resid. Be sure to label the x-axis as "Residuals" and the y-axis as "Frequency". Use the title "Best Model, Training Residuals".

```
[35]: # Plot histogram of residuals
y_train_resid.hist()
plt.xlabel("Residuals")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.title("Best Model, Training Residuals")

# Don't delete the code below
plt.savefig("images/3-5-14.png", dpi=150)
```

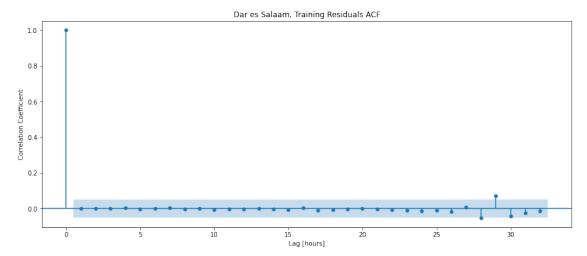


```
[36]: with open("images/3-5-14.png", "rb") as file:
    wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.14", file)
```

Task 3.5.15: Create an ACF plot for y\_train\_resid. Be sure to label the x-axis as "Lag [hours]" and y-axis as "Correlation Coefficient". Use the title "Dar es Salaam, Training Residuals ACF".

```
[44]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 6))
    plot_acf(y_train_resid, ax=ax)
    ax.set_xlabel("Lag [hours]")
    ax.set_ylabel("Correlation Coefficient")
    ax.set_title("Dar es Salaam, Training Residuals ACF");
```

```
# Don't delete the code below
plt.savefig("images/3-5-15.png", dpi=150)
```



```
[45]: with open("images/3-5-15.png", "rb") as file:
wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.15", file)
```

#### 2.3 Evaluate

Task 3.5.16: Perform walk-forward validation for your model for the entire test set y\_test. Store your model's predictions in the Series y\_pred\_wfv. Make sure the name of your Series is "prediction" and the name of your Series index is "timestamp".

```
[46]: %%capture

y_pred_wfv =pd.Series()
history =y_train.copy()
for i in range(len(y_test)):
    model=AutoReg(history,lags=p).fit()
    next_pred=model.forecast()
    y_pred_wfv=y_pred_wfv.append(next_pred)
    history=history.append(y_test[next_pred.index])

pass
y_pred_wfv.name = "prediction"
y_pred_wfv.index.name = "timestamp"
y_pred_wfv.head()
```

```
[47]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.16", y_pred_wfv)
```

Task 3.5.17: Submit your walk-forward validation predictions to the grader to see test mean absolute error for your model.

```
[49]: wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.17", y_pred_wfv)
```

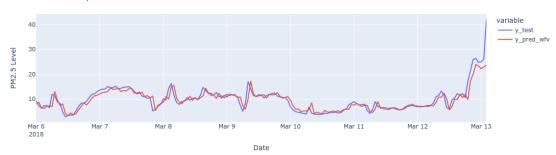
```
Exception
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
Input In [49], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.17", y_pred_wfv)
File /opt/conda/lib/python3.9/site-packages/wqet_grader/__init__.py:180, in_u
 →grade(assessment id, question id, submission)
    175 def grade(assessment_id, question_id, submission):
          submission object = {
    176
            'type': 'simple',
    177
           'argument': [submission]
    179
--> 180
         return_
 → show score(grade submission(assessment id, question id, submission object))
File /opt/conda/lib/python3.9/site-packages/wqet_grader/transport.py:145, in_
 →grade_submission(assessment_id, question_id, submission_object)
            raise Exception('Grader raised error: {}'.format(error['message']))
    143
    144
            raise Exception('Could not grade submission: {}'.
 →format(error['message']))
    146 result = envelope['data']['result']
    148 # Used only in testing
Exception: Could not grade submission: Could not verify access to this,
 →assessment: Received error from WQET submission API: You have already passed
 →this course!
```

## 3 Communicate Results

Task 3.5.18: Put the values for y\_test and y\_pred\_wfv into the DataFrame df\_pred\_test (don't forget the index). Then plot df\_pred\_test using plotly express. Be sure to label the x-axis as "Date" and the y-axis as "PM2.5 Level". Use the title "Dar es Salaam, WFV Predictions".

```
title="Dar es Salaam, WFV Predictions",
    xaxis_title="Date",
    yaxis_title="PM2.5 Level",
)
# Don't delete the code below
fig.write_image("images/3-5-18.png", scale=1, height=500, width=700)
fig.show()
```

Dar es Salaam, WFV Predictions



```
[51]: with open("images/3-5-18.png", "rb") as file:
    wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.18", file)
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
Exception
Input In [51], in <cell line: 1>()
      1 with open("images/3-5-18.png", "rb") as file:
            wqet_grader.grade("Project 3 Assessment", "Task 3.5.18", file)
---> 2
File /opt/conda/lib/python3.9/site-packages/wqet_grader/__init__.py:180, in_u
→grade(assessment id, question id, submission)
    175 def grade(assessment_id, question_id, submission):
          submission object = {
    176
            'type': 'simple',
    177
            'argument': [submission]
    178
    179
--> 180
         return
⇒show_score(grade_submission(assessment_id, question_id, submission_object))
File /opt/conda/lib/python3.9/site-packages/wqet grader/transport.py:145, in_
 →grade_submission(assessment_id, question_id, submission_object)
            raise Exception('Grader raised error: {}'.format(error['message']))
    143
    144
          else:
            raise Exception('Could not grade submission: {}'.
 →format(error['message']))
```

```
146 result = envelope['data']['result']
148 # Used only in testing

Exception: Could not grade submission: Could not verify access to this

⇒assessment: Received error from WQET submission API: You have already passed

⇒this course!
```

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