Registration number: 00927577

Rayner and Eve Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

DSK Partners LLP
Chartered Accountants
D S House
306 High Street
Croydon
Surrey
CR0 1NG

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Company Information

Directors M Rayner

R Eve

Registered office D S House

306 High Street

Croydon Surrey CR0 1NG

Accountants DSK Partners LLP

Chartered Accountants

D S House 306 High Street Croydon Surrey

CR0 1NG

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Rayner and Eve Limited for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Rayner and Eve Limited for the year ended 30 April 2022 as set out on pages 3 to 11 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Rayner and Eve Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Rayner and Eve Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Rayner and Eve Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Rayner and Eve Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Rayner and Eve Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Rayner and Eve Limited. You consider that Rayner and Eve Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Rayner and Eve Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

DSK Partners LLP
Chartered Accountants
D S House
306 High Street
Croydon
Surrey
CR0 1NG

20 January 2023

(Registration number: 00927577) Statement of Financial Position as at 30 April 2022

| | Note | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
|---|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | <u>5</u> | 11,466 | 13,423 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stocks | <u>6</u> | 7,121 | 5,658 |
| Debtors | <u>6</u> <u>7</u> | 235,161 | 237,049 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 10,545 | 2,978 |
| | | 252,827 | 245,685 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (231,269) | (212,622) |
| Net current assets | | 21,558 | 33,063 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 33,024 | 46,486 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year | <u>8</u> | (31,666) | (42,110) |
| Net assets | | 1,358 | 4,376 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | | 75 | 75 |
| Capital redemption reserve | | 30 | 30 |
| Retained earnings | | 1,253 | 4,271 |
| Shareholders' funds | | 1,358 | 4,376 |

For the financial year ending 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Income Statement.

(Registration number: 00927577) Statement of Financial Position as at 30 April 2022 (continued)

| | Approved and authorised by | v the Board on 20 Januar | y 2023 and signed on its behalf by | <i>i</i> : |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|

R Eve Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: D S House 306 High Street Croydon Surrey CR0 1NG United Kingdom

The presentation currency of the financial statements is Pound Sterling (£) rounded to the nearest Pound.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures and fittings
Motor Vehicles
Computer Equipment

Depreciation method and rate 20% Reducing Balance Method 25% Reducing Balance Method 20% Reducing Balance Method

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the income statement over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities, or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2021 - 9).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

4 Intangible assets

| | Goodwill £ | Total £ |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|
| Cost or valuation | | |
| At 1 May 2021 | 11,500 | 11,500 |
| At 30 April 2022 | 11,500 | 11,500 |
| Amortisation | | |
| At 1 May 2021 | 11,500 | 11,500 |
| At 30 April 2022 | 11,500 | 11,500 |
| Carrying amount | | |
| At 30 April 2022 | <u> </u> | - |
| | | |

5 Tangible assets

| | Fixtures and fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Total |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Cost or valuation | | | | |
| At 1 May 2021 | 244,994 | 9,536 | 14,050 | 268,580 |
| Additions | - | 955 | <u>-</u> | 955 |
| At 30 April 2022 | 244,994 | 10,491 | 14,050 | 269,535 |
| Depreciation | | | | |
| At 1 May 2021 | 238,461 | 6,246 | 10,450 | 255,157 |
| Charge for the year | 1,306 | 706 | 900 | 2,912 |
| At 30 April 2022 | 239,767 | 6,952 | 11,350 | 258,069 |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 30 April 2022 | 5,227 | 3,539 | 2,700 | 11,466 |
| At 30 April 2021 | 6,533 | 3,290 | 3,600 | 13,423 |
| | | | | |

6 Stocks

| | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Other inventories | 7,121 | 5,658 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

7 Debtors

| Current | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trade debtors | 38,459 | 23,103 |
| Prepayments | 2,447 | 2,672 |
| Other debtors | 194,255 | 211,274 |
| | 235,161 | 237,049 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2022 (continued)

8 Creditors

| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Note | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
| | Note | ~ | - |
| Due within one year | | | |
| Loans and borrowings | <u>9</u> | 10,000 | 7,890 |
| Trade creditors | | 51,605 | 44,782 |
| Taxation and social security | | 97,888 | 89,952 |
| Accruals and deferred income | | 7,632 | 7,559 |
| Other creditors | | 64,144 | 62,439 |
| | | 231,269 | 212,622 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | | | |
| oreakors, amounts failing due after more than one year | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Note | £ | £ |
| Due after one year | | | |
| Loans and borrowings | 9 | 31,666 | 42,110 |
| | | | |
| 9 Loans and borrowings | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Non-account lands and hamacoings | | £ | £ |
| Non-current loans and borrowings | | 31,666 | 42,110 |
| Bank borrowings | | 31,000 | 42,110 |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
| Current loans and borrowings | | | - |
| Bank borrowings | | 10,000 | 7,890 |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.