Registration number: 00930168

Riley & Shutt (Tools) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Howard & Co 10-12 Wellington Street (St Johns) Blackburn Lancashire BB1 8AG

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(Registration number: 00930168) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	343,853	317,023
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	1,312,102	1,235,123
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,518,236	1,347,039
Cash at bank and in hand		94,518	134,148
		2,924,856	2,716,310
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(2,599,260)	(2,405,354)
Net current assets		325,596	310,956
Total assets less current liabilities		669,449	627,979
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(337,379)	(325,604)
Provisions for liabilities		(64,696)	(59,557)
Net assets		267,374	242,818
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	300	300
Retained earnings		267,074	242,518
Shareholders' funds		267,374	242,818

(Registration number: 00930168) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - Small Entities. The profit and loss account and directors' report have not been delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 21 October 2022 and signed on its behalf by:			
Mr DI Shutt			
Director			

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Malt Street

Accrington

Lancashire

BB5 IDR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 21 October 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

The company has received a revenue grant in the form of small business rate relief and the Job Retention Scheme in respect of furloughed staff. Revenue grants are credited to the profit and loss account so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Leasehold improvements	10% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Plant and machinery

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

15% reducing balance

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Employee Benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 21 (2021 - 22).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2021	29,206	19,842	320,628	465,475	835,151
Additions	-	-	85,213	37,580	122,793
Disposals	<u> </u>		(39,514)	<u> </u>	(39,514)
At 31 March 2022 _	29,206	19,842	366,327	503,055	918,430
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	11,818	8,865	177,449	319,996	518,128
Charge for the year	2,921	1,647	43,339	25,846	73,753
Eliminated on disposal	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(17,304)	<u>-</u> ,	(17,304)
At 31 March 2022 _	14,739	10,512	203,484	345,842	574,577
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2022 _	14,467	9,330	162,843	157,213	343,853
At 31 March 2021 =	17,388	10,977	143,179	145,479	317,023

Hire Purchase Contracts

Included within the net book value of tangible fixed assets is £160,496 (2021 - £170,226) in respect of assets held under finance leases and similar hire purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £38,391 (2021 - £48,515).

5 Stocks

	2022 £	2021 £
Stock	1,312,102	1,235,123
6 Debtors		
	2022	2021
Current	£	£
Trade debtors	1,447,959	1,290,041
Prepayments	48,289	55,750
Other debtors	21,988	1,248
	1,518,236	1,347,039

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Loans and borrowings	<u>10</u>	1,284,817	1,012,067
Trade creditors		1,213,663	1,220,528
Taxation and social security		64,397	117,584
Accruals and deferred income		27,388	25,010
Other creditors		8,995	30,165
		2,599,260	2,405,354

Creditors include invoice discounting loans, overdrafts and net obligations under hire purchase contracts which are secured of £1,203,775 (2021 - £994,567).

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Loans and borrowings	<u>10</u>	337,379	325,604

Creditors include net obligations under hire purchase contracts which are secured of £62,879 (2021 - £79,187).

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		20	21
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary B share of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary C share of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	300	300	300	300

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2022 Mr C Shutt	At 1 April 2021 £	Advances to director	Repayments by director	At 31 March 2022 £
Loan to director made throughout the year. No interest was charged and no fixed repayment terms where in force.	(41)	53,020	(43,351)	9,628
10 Loans and borrowings			2022	2021
			2022 £	2021 £
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			274,500	240,000
Hire purchase liabilities			62,879	79,187
Other borrowings				6,417
			337,379	325,604
			2022	2021
			£	£
Current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			75,500	-
Bank overdrafts			51,009	44,214
Hire purchase liabilities			55,255	58,769
Other borrowings			1,103,053	909,084
			1,284,817	1,012,067

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.