Name: Tatiana Moteu Ngoli

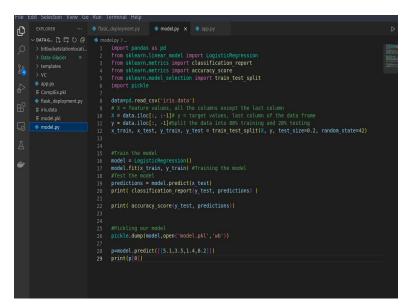
**Batch code**: app.py

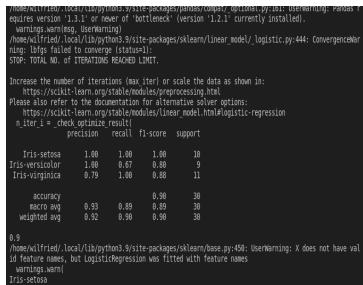
**Submission data**: 05<sup>h</sup> October 2022

Submitted to: Data Glacier

1. **Dataset**: Iris data

2. **The model**: the code can be find in the file *model.py* and the model has been save under the name *model.pkl* 





3. **Deployment on Heroku (web app)**: We first loaded our model using *pickle* and then we created our app and we wrote a function to do the prediction and print it on our webpage. The code can found in the file *app.py* as showed in the following pictures

```
papp.py > @ home
    import numpy as np
    from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
    import pickle

fload our model
    nodel = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))

return render_template('index.html')

fload app.route('/')

return render_template('index.html')

return render_template('index.html')

for rendering results on HTML GUI

int_features = [float(x) for x in request.form.values()]

final_features = [np.array(int_features)]

prediction = model.predict(final_features)

output =prediction[0]

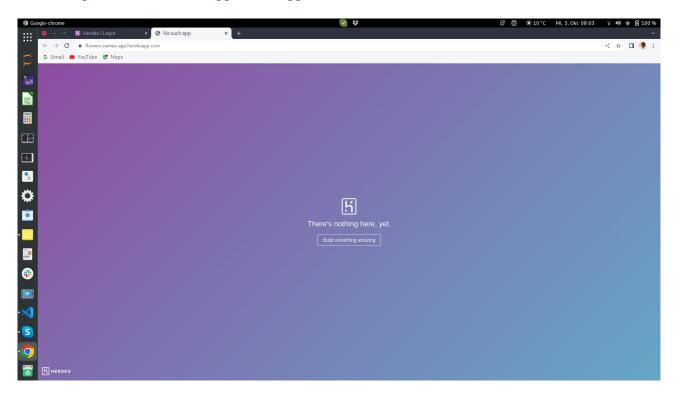
return render_template('index.html', prediction_text='The Flower is {}'.format(output))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)
```

```
127.0.01 - 128/sep/2022 22:30:32] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 500 -
Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 2095, in _call_
    return self.wsgl app(environ, start response)
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 2080, in wsgl.app
    response = self.handle exception(e)
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 2077, in wsgl.app
    response = self.full dispatch_request()
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 1525, in full_dispatch_request
    rv = self.handle_user_exception(e)
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 1523, in full_dispatch_request
    rv = self.dispatch_request()
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 1509, in dispatch_request
    rv = self.dispatch_request()
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 1509, in dispatch_request
    return self.ensure_sync(self.view_functions[rule.endpoint])(**req.view_args)
    File "/home/wilfried/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask/app.py", line 12, in home
    return render_template(!mdex.html)
    return self.ensure_template(!moex.html)
    return self.ensure_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.html)
    return self.got_template(!moex.docal/lib/python3.9/site-packages/jinja2/environment.py", line 1010, in get_tem
    plate
    return self.got_template(!moex.got_template)
    return self.
```

- Then we created an account on Heroku
- We logged in on our terminal as showed in the image below:

- After logging in we create a file named Procfile in the project's root directory. This file tells Heroku how to run the app. You can create it by running the following command: echo "web: gunicorn app:app" > Procfile
- We install Gunicorn and update requirements.txt to contain the list of all dependencies. In the next step we commit them to git using the following command: git add Procfile requirements.txt git commit -m "Add Heroku deployment files"
- Now we are ready to deploy the application to Heroku. To create the application in Heroku, we run the command : **heroku create flowers-names-app.** For this deployment the URL is <a href="https://flowers-names-app.herokuapp.com/">https://flowers-names-app.herokuapp.com/</a>



• Next, we push the Git repository to this remote to trigger the building and deployment process: *git push heroku main* 

```
Lisdangerous-2.1.2-py3-none-any.wni
                            Collecting Jinja2==3.1.2
 remote:
                            Downloading Jinja2-3.1.2-py3-none-any.whl (133 kB)
Collecting joblib==1.2.0
 remote:
 remote:
                            Downloading joblib-1.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (297 kB)
Collecting kiwisolver==1.4.4
 remote:
 remote:
                               Downloading kiwisolver-1.4.4-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_12_x86_64.manylinux2010_x86_64.whl (1.6 MB)
 remote:
 remote:
                            Collecting MarkupSafe==2.1.
                              Downloading MarkupSafe-2.1.1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (25 kB)
 remote:
                           Collecting matplotlib==3.6.0

Downloading matplotlib-3.6.0-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (11.8 MB)
 remote:
 remote:
                           Collecting numpy==1.23.3

Downloading numpy-1.23.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (17.1 MB)
 remote:
 remote:
                            Collecting packaging==21.3
 remote:
                           Downloading packaging-21.3-py3-none-any.whl (40 kB)
Collecting Pillow==9.2.0
 remote:
 remote:
                           Downloading Pillow-9.2.0-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl (3.2 MB)
Collecting pyparsing==3.0.9
Downloading pyparsing-3.0.9-py3-none-any.whl (98 kB)
Collecting python-dateutil==2.8.2
 remote:
 remote:
 remote:
 remote:
                           Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB) Collecting scikit-learn==1.1.2
 remote:
 remote:
                           Downloading scikit_learn-1.1.2-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (30.5 MB)
Collecting scipy==1.9.1
Downloading scipy-1.9.1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (43.9 MB)
Collecting six==1.16.0
Downloading six=1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
 remote:
 remote:
 remote:
 remote:
 remote:
                           Collecting threadpoolctl==3.1.0

Downloading threadpoolctl-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (14 kB)
 remote:
remote: Downloading threadpoolctl-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (14 kB)
remote: Collecting Werkzeug==2.2.2
remote: Downloading Werkzeug=2.2.2-py3-none-any.whl (232 kB)
remote: Installing collected packages: threadpoolctl, six, pyparsing, Pillow, numpy, MarkupSafe, kiwisolver, joblib, itsdangerous, gunicorn, fonttools, cycler, click, Werkzeug, scipy, python-dateutil, packaging, Jinja2, conto urpy, scikit-learn, matplotlib, Flask
remote: Successfully installed Flask-2.1.0 Jinja2-3.1.2 MarkupSafe-2.1.1 Pillow-9.2.0 Werkzeug-2.2.2 click-8.
1.3 contourpy-1.0.5 cycler-0.11.0 fonttools-4.37.4 gunicorn-20.0.4 itsdangerous-2.1.2 joblib-1.2.0 kiwisolver-1.4.4 matplotlib-3.6.0 numpy-1.23.3 packaging-21.3 pyparsing-3.0.9 python-dateutil-2.8.2 scikit-learn-1.1.2 scipy-1.9.1 si x-1.16.0 threadpoolctl-3.1.0
remote: -----> Discovering process types
 remote:
 remote: ----> Discovering process types remote: Procfile declares types -> web
 remote:
 remote: ----> Compressing...
                           Done: 139M
 remote:
 remote:
                           Launching...
                           Released v6
                           https://flowers-names-app.herokuapp.com/ deployed to Heroku
 remote: Starting November 28th, 2022, free Heroku Dynos, free Heroku Postgres, and free Heroku Data for Redis® will
 remote:
remote: If you have apps using any of these resources, you must upgrade to paid plans by this date to ensure your apps continue to run and to retain your data. For students, we will announce a new program by the end of September. Le
 remote: Verifying deploy... done.
To https://git.heroku.com/flowers-names-app.git
      b9e9023..607fe76 main -> main
```

*The deployment on the web page is showed in the image below:* 

