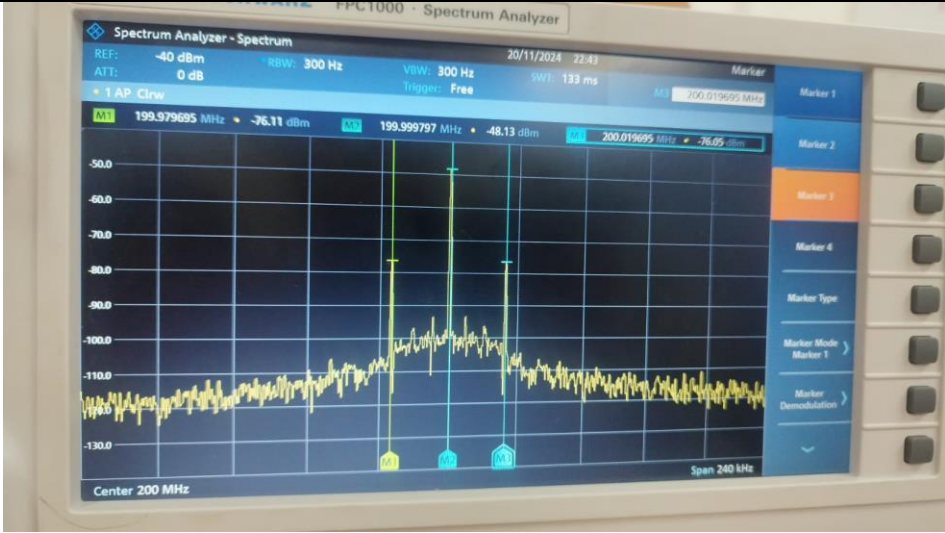
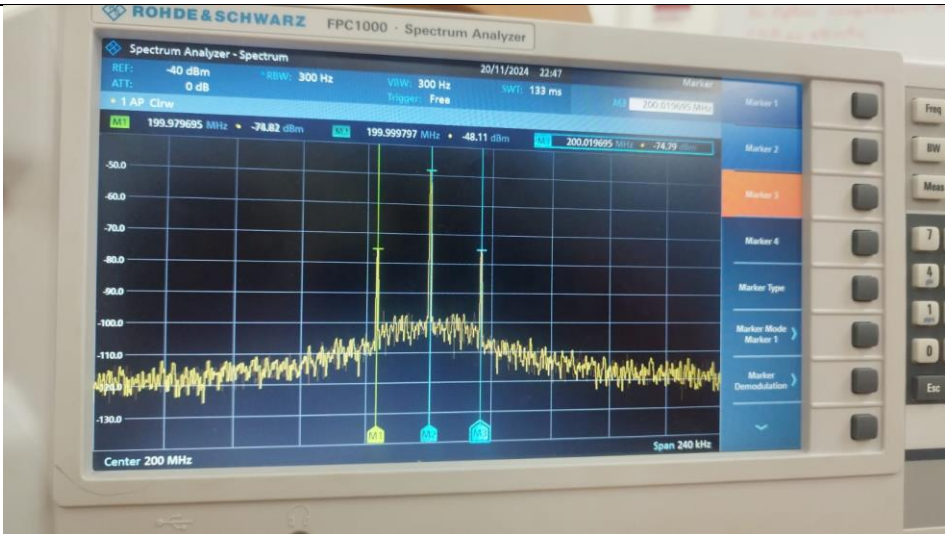
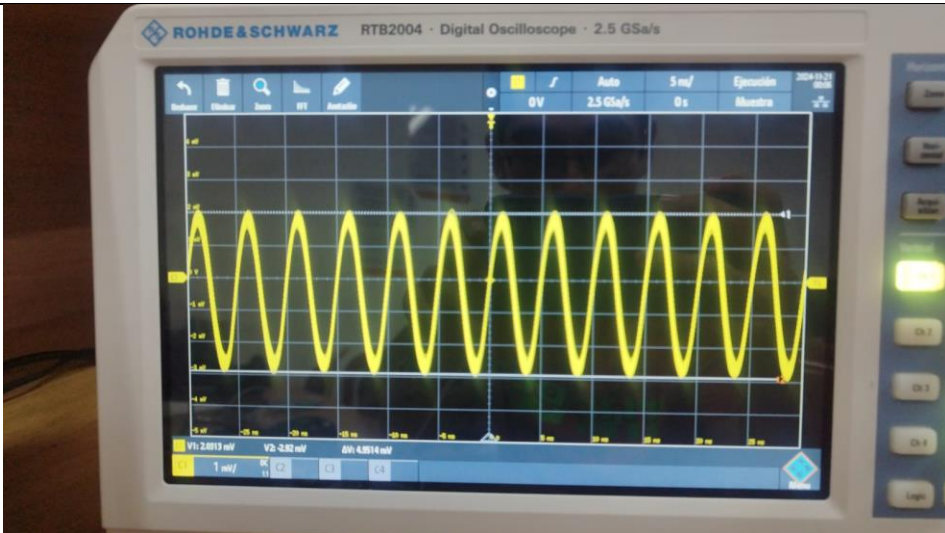
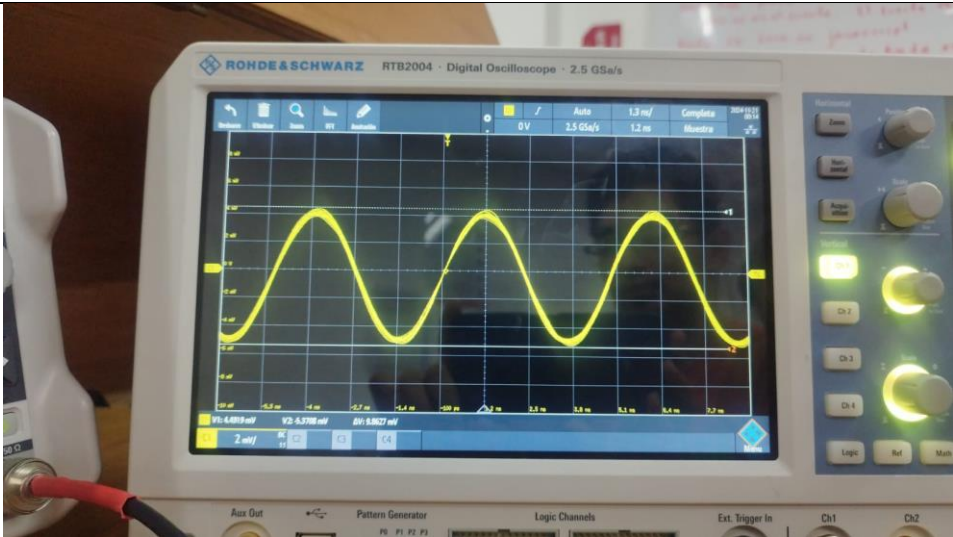
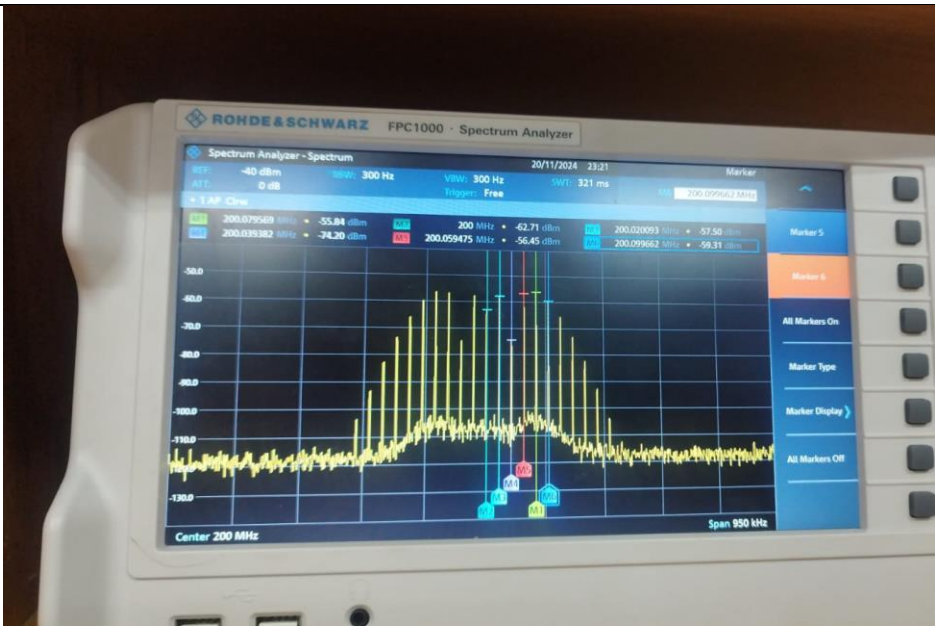


<p>KpAm<0.1</p>	<p>IMAGEN</p>
<p>K=0.08</p>	 <p>The image shows a Rohde & Schwarz FPC1000 Spectrum Analyzer. The screen displays a spectrum plot with a center frequency of 200 MHz and a span of 240 kHz. Three peaks are visible and marked with vertical lines and labels: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peak 1: 199.979695 MHz, -76.11 dBm Peak 2: 199.999797 MHz, -48.13 dBm Peak 3: 200.019695 MHz, -76.05 dBm The plot shows a noisy baseline with these three distinct peaks. The right side of the screen has a control panel with buttons for Marker 1 through Marker 6, Marker Type, Marker Mode, and Marker Demodulation. </p>
<p>K=0.09</p>	 <p>This image is similar to the one above, showing the same Rohde & Schwarz FPC1000 Spectrum Analyzer. The settings and the spectrum plot are identical, showing three peaks at the same frequencies and power levels. The control panel on the right is also visible. </p>
<p>BANDA ESTRECHA</p>	 <p>The image shows a Rohde & Schwarz RTB2004 Digital Oscilloscope. The screen displays a periodic waveform, likely a sine wave, in yellow. The waveform is centered around 0V and has a peak-to-peak amplitude of approximately 3 mV. The grid shows voltage levels from -4 mV to 4 mV and time intervals from 0 ns to 10 ns. The bottom of the screen shows measurement statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> V1: 2.0013 mV V2: 3.002 mV OH: 4.0014 mV The right side of the oscilloscope has a control panel with buttons for various functions. </p>
<p>KpAm>4</p>	<p>IMAGEN</p>

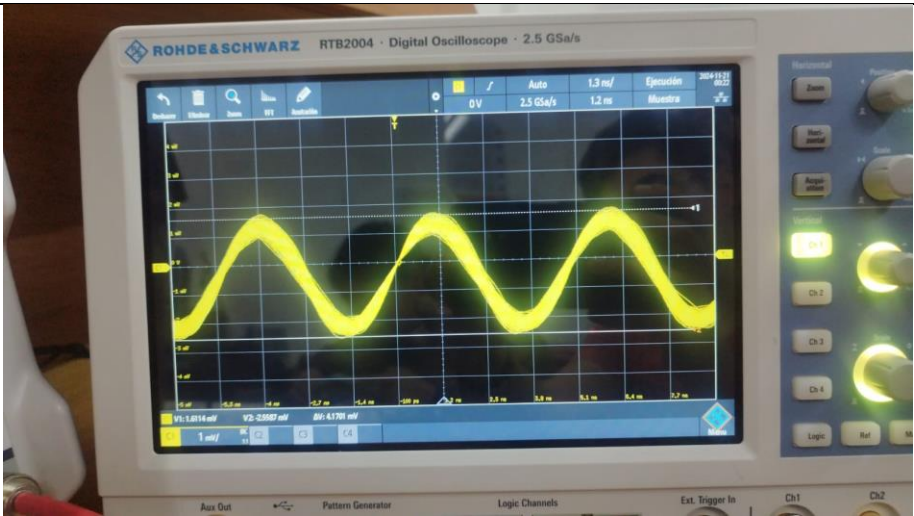
$K_p=5$



$K_p=5$



$K_p=7$



Kp=7

