

#### The Global Delphi Summit

Organized by

# The Best of Delphi Underground

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#### Nice to meet you!

- Carlos Henrique Agnes
  - AKA Tatu
- Embarcadero MVP
- Graduated in Computer Science
- More than 20 years as a Delphi Developer Lover
- Several Official Delphi Certifications
- Speaker at specialized events for more than 15 years
  - Brazil probably has the biggest active Delphi community in the world
- COO at TMR (www.tmrti.com.br/en)











# The best of Delphi Underground...

- Delphi Underground is an ongoing series of presentations
- The idea: Understanding how Delphi works under the hood, makes us better programmers!
- First Delphi Underground edition was presented by Gustavo Chaurais in 2007
- For this edition, we will have The Best of Delphi Underground!



#### Disclaimer

- Remember, we came from a different development culture;)
- We can categorize the items we're going to see in:
  - Just for fun;
  - Less known resources;
  - Under the hood.





#### Agenda

- Debugging tips
- Exception Chains (Outer + Inner Exceptions)
- Queue is not queuing
- Why TDateTime base (0) = 12/30/1899?
- The dictionary of secrets? Or the secret of a dictionary?





### Debugging tips

- OutputDebugString (Windows only)
- IsDebuggerPresent (Windows only)
- Data Breakpoint





#### **Exceptions Chain**

- The class of an exception is so or more important than its message!
  - Sometimes the exception object also holds important information.
- But while handling exceptions...





#### Queue is not queuing

 Sometimes we need to queue some method executions, but, what if I need to queue something called from the main thread?





## TDateTime and its 12/30/1899 base

• Why 12/30/1899, it makes no sense!





## The dictionary secret!

• Ever since we started learning about data structure, we've learned that you either pay to write the data, or you pay to retrieve some specific data... is it true?

Let's analyze the case of our simple collections.



# How does a dictionary work?





#### And if I run out of drawers?



0	5
1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9

0	5 —
1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9

0	5
1 -	6
2	7
3	8
4	9

0	5
1 -	6
2	7 -
3	8
4	9

0	5 —
1	6
2	7 -
3	8
4	9

0	5
1	6
2	7
3	8
1	9

0	5 —
1 ===	6
2	7
3	8
4	9

0	5 —
1 =	6
2	7
3	8
4	9

0	5
1	6
2	7 -
3	8
4	9



### Inside the real dictionary

- We actually have 3 arrays:
  - Key;
  - Value;
  - Hash (this one is used to define the bucket)!
- It uses the power of 2 as base for growing.
  - Starting with 4 drawers, I mean, array positions;)
- OK, now I know it, big deal!





#### Conclusion

- Always try to not accept "that's how it is" for an answer;
  - Read the help;
  - Read the code;
  - Debug the code;
  - Understand the code!

You will become a better programmer!



#### Q&A?

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