# Introduction to Non-Adiabatic Quantum Molecular Dynamics

### Lindsay Bassman

Hiroyuki Kumazoe, Aravind Krishnamoorthy, Subodh Tiwari

Collaboratory for Advanced Computing and Simulation
Department of Material Science & Department of Physics
University of Southern California



MAGICS Material Software Workshop Los Angeles, CA March 2-4, 2018





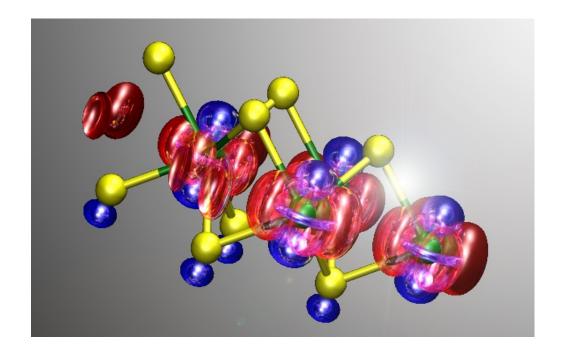
# Non-Adiabatic QMD (NAQMD)

#### Non-Adiabatic QMD (NAQMD):

- Allows electrons to non-radiatively transition between excited states
- Allows for simulation of photo-excitation of materials
- QXMD implements NAQMD based on TDDFT

#### Time-Dependent Density Functional Theory (TDDFT):

- DFT with a time-dependent external potential
- Framework to describe electron dynamics outside of electronic ground state

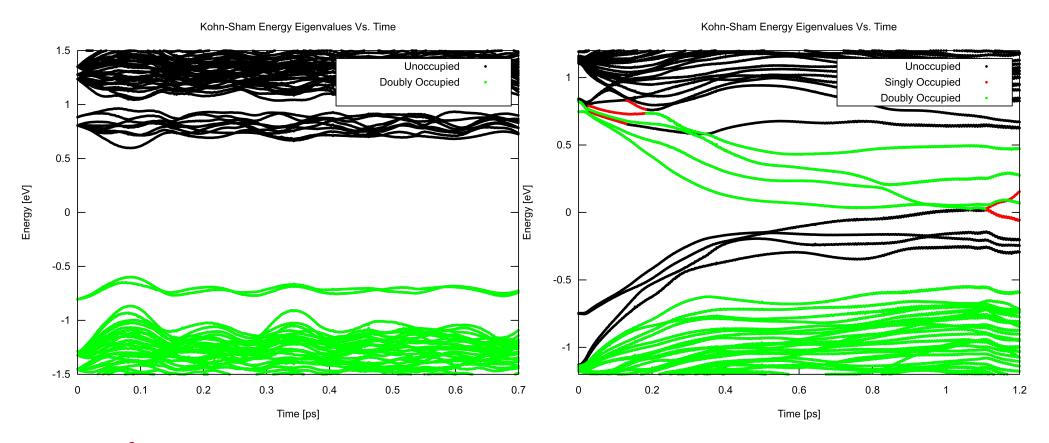






# Adiabatic Vs. Non-Adiabatic QMD

Kohn-Sham energy eigenvalues versus time in adiabatic (left) and non-adiabatic (right) QMD simulations of monolayer MoSe<sub>2</sub>.







# Hands-on: Non-Adiabatic Molecular Dynamics

## **Overview**

- 1. Execute NAQMD simulation
- 2. Examine input file
- 3. Examine output files
- 4. Post-process and visualize data





# Hands-on: Execute NAQMD Simulation

Goal: Perform NAQMD simulation of monolayer MoSe<sub>2</sub>.

1. Check your current directory:

\$ pwd

/staging/magics18/magics##/QXMD\_Session/QXMD\_HPC/Example/

2. Change to NAQMD/MoSe2 directory

\$ cd 05.NAQMD/MoSe2

\$1s

analysis control data job.pbs

3. Submit NAQMD job

\$ qsub job.pbs





```
*TDDFT-MD
(how of it)
  .true.
                     : (ltddft)
(FSSH-switch)
                     : (lfssh_switch)
  .true.
(time step)
  0.04d0
                     : (dttddft)
(restart)
  .false.
                     : (ltddft_start)
(occupations)
                     : (nocc_change)
                     : (numband, occ_new)
  35 0.0 0.0
  36 0.0 0.0
  37 2.0 0.0
  38 2.0 0.0
*end
```





#### \*TDDFT-MD

(how of it) :

.true. : (ltddft)

•

(FSSH-switch) :

.true. : (lfssh\_switch)

how of it: True: Run QMD based on TDDFT

False: Run QMD based on DFT

**FSSH-switch:** True: Allow electrons to hop between bands

False: Electron occupations held fixed





#### \*TDDFT-MD

(time step) :

**0.04d0** : (dttddft)

•

(restart) :

.false. : (ltddft\_start)

time step: Time step in [a.u.] for numerically integrating TDDFT equations

restart: True: Read excited electron occupations from previous run

False: Read electron occupations from input file





#### \*TDDFT-MD

(occupations) :

4

: (nocc\_change)

**35 0.0 0.0** 

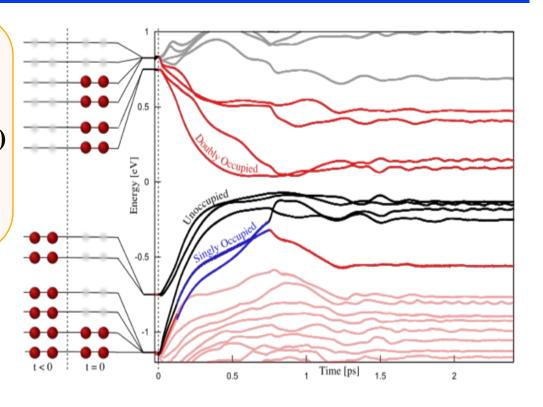
: (numband, occ\_new)

36 0.0 0.0

37 2.0 0.0

3/ 2.0 0.0

38 2.0 0.0



occupations: nocc\_change - # of electronic occupations to be changed numband - band index of changed occupation occ\_new - new occupations numbers for the given bands (optionally spin up & spin down)

```
      *dump wavefunctions
      :

      (how of it)
      :

      .true.
      : (ldpwav)

      (bands)
      :

      36, 37
      : (ibstt1,ibstt2)

      (skip step)
      :

      101
      : (nskip_dpwav)

      *end
```

(how of it) – whether or not to dump wavefunction data

(bands) – range of band indices for which to dump wavefunction data

(skip step) – number of steps to skip between dumping data





# Hands-on: Examine Output Files

#### 1. Check your current directory:

\$ pwd

/staging/magics18/magics##/QXMD\_Session/QXMD\_HPC/Example/05.NAQMD/MoSe2

2. Change to data/ directory

\$ cd data

#### 3. New output files of interest:

 $qm_{eigv.d.36.000000} - 3D$  wavefunction data for band index 36 on the  $0^{th}$  time step  $qm_{eigv.d.37.000000} - 3D$  wavefunction data for band index 37 on the  $0^{th}$  time step

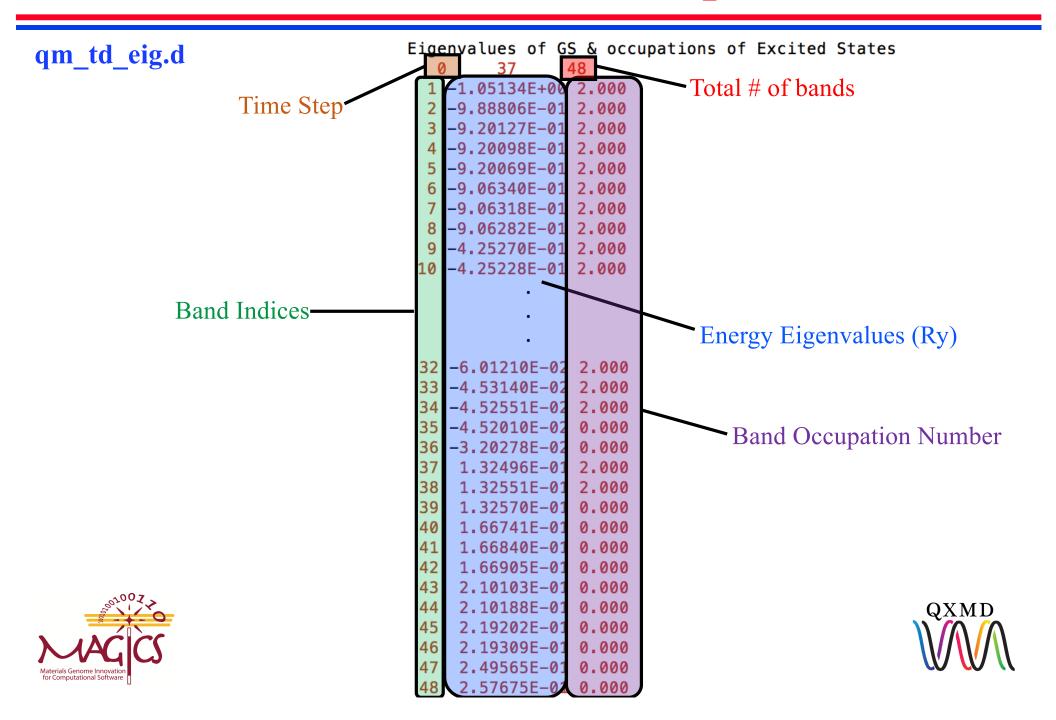
qm\_td\_eig.d - Kohn-Sham eigenenergies of all bands plus band occupancies

QM\_tddftfssh - Necessary binary file for restarting an NAQMD simulation





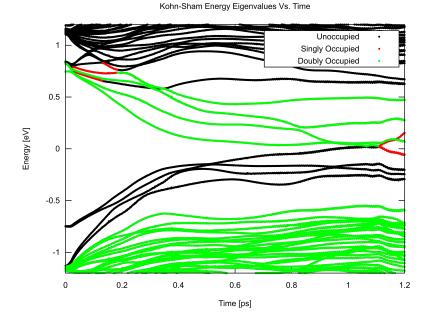
# Hands-on: Examine Output Files



## Hands-on: Post-Process Data + Visualization

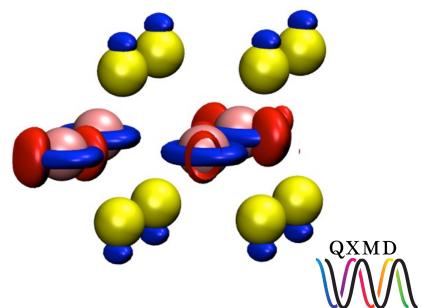
We will use **utility files** to post-process data and use **gnuplot and VMD** to visualize data:

- 1. A plot of the Kohn-Sham eigenenergies vs. time
  - Run utility file: eig\_exocc.f90
  - Run **gnuplot script** to create png image



- 2. Visualize charge densities
  - Run utility file: gcube.f90
  - Visualize cube files in **VMD**





# Hands-on: Post-Process Data - Eigenenergies

#### 1. Check your current directory:

\$ pwd

 $/staging/magics 18/magics \#/QXMD\_Session/QXMD\_HPC/Example/05. NAQMD/MoSe 2/data + (2.18) +$ 

2. Change to analysis/eig directory

\$ cd ../analysis/eig

3. Compile and run utility file for eigenenergies

\$ifort eig\_exocc.f -o eig\_exocc \$./eig exocc -d ../../data

4. Check if post-processing was successful

\$ls

EIG.dat eig\_exocc eig\_exocc.f EIG\_occ-one.dat EIG\_occ-two.dat

plot eig.gnu





# Hands-on: Visualize Data - Eigenenergies

1. Check your current directory:

\$ pwd

/staging/magics18/magics##/QXMD\_Session/QXMD\_HPC/Example/05.NAQMD/MoSe2/analysis/eig

2. Run gnuplot script

\$ gnuplot plot\_eig.gnu

3. Check if plotting was successful

\$ls

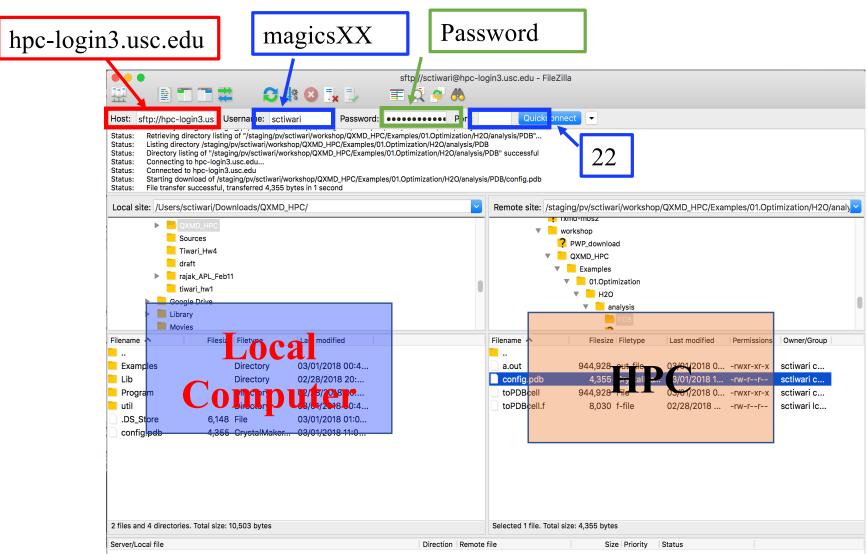
EIG.dat eig.png eig\_exocc eig\_exocc.f EIG\_occ-one.dat EIG\_occ-two.dat plot\_eig.gnu

- 4. Copy 'eig.png' to your local computer to view!
  - Use scp or filezilla





## **Filezilla**



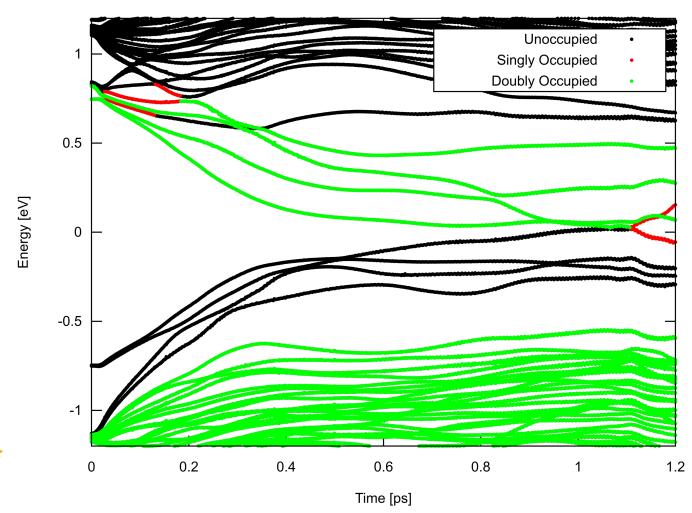




# Hands-on: Visualize Data - Eigenenergies

Energies and occupations of the electronic bands, as a function of time, after simulating photoexcitation a 2x2x1 supercell of monolayer MoSe<sub>2</sub>.









# **Hands-on: Post-Process Data – Charge Density**

1. Check your current directory:

\$ pwd

/staging/magics18/magics##/QXMD\_Session/QXMD\_HPC/Example/05.NAQMD/MoSe2/analysis/eig

2. Change to analysis/GCube directory

\$ cd ../GCube \$ls gcube.f90

3. Compile and run utility file for wavefunctions

**\$ifort gcube.f90 -o gcube \$./gcube -d ../../data -n 101 -ib 36 -eb 37** 

4. Check if post-processing was successful

\$ls

gcube gcube.f90

state.36.000000.cube state.37.000000.cube

5. Copy cube files to your local computer for visualization!

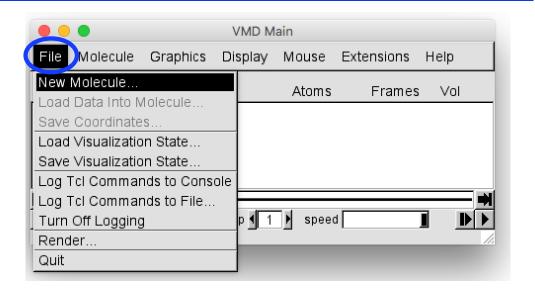




Load HOMO charge density (Highest Occupied Molecular Orbital)

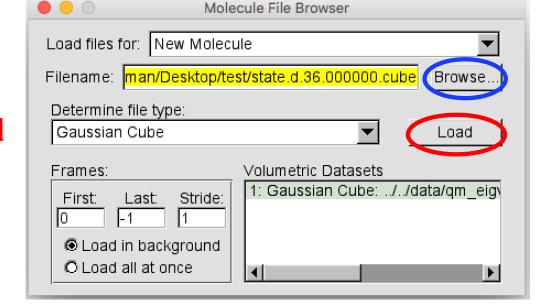
**Open VMD** 

File -> New Molecule



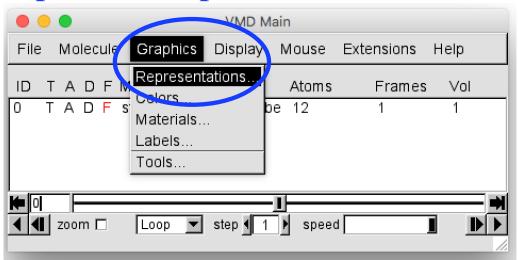
**Browse** -> select/path/to/state.36.000000.cube

**Click Load** 





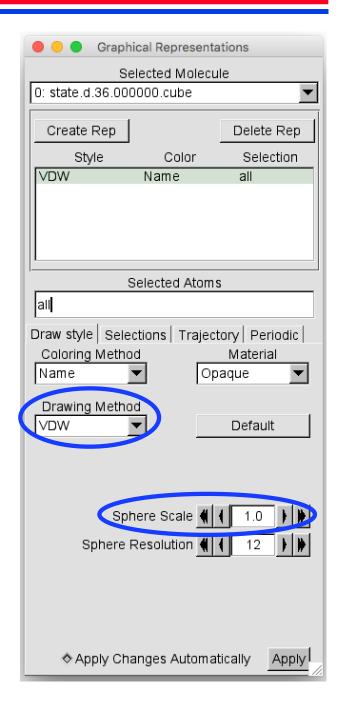
## **Graphics -> Representations**



**Drawing Method: VDW** 

Sphere Scale: 0.3



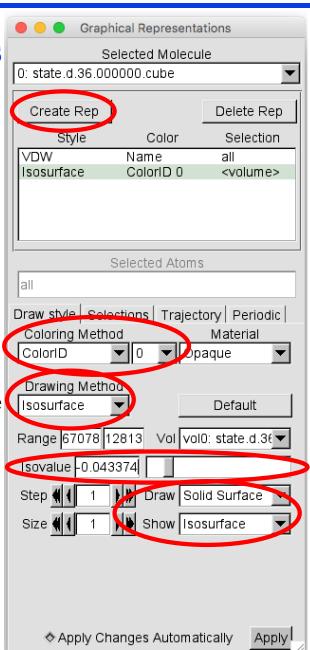


## **Graphics** -> **Representations**

**Click Create Rep** 

**Set Coloring Method:** ColorID, 0 (Blue)

Set Drawing Method: Isosurface Isosurface



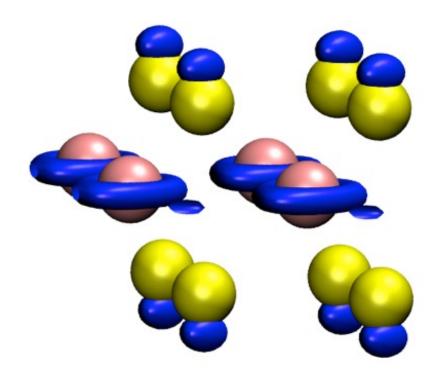
Set Isovalue: your choice!

**Set Draw: Solid Surface** 

**Set Show:** Isosurface







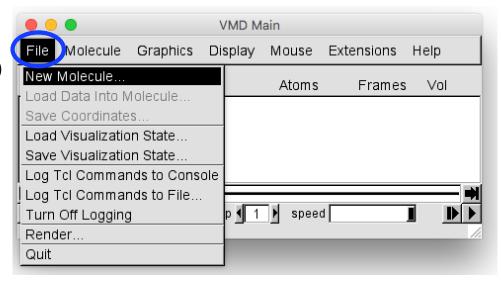




Load LUMO charge density (Lowest Unoccupied Molecular Orbital)

**Open VMD** 

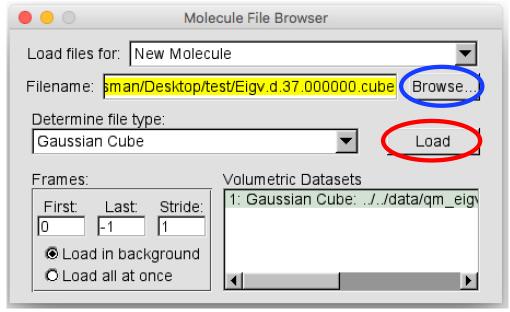
File -> New Molecule



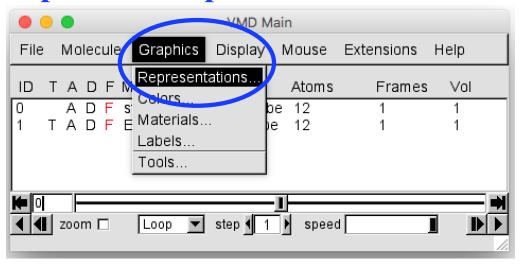
**Browse** -> select/path/to/state.37.000000.cube

**Click Load** 





## **Graphics -> Representations**



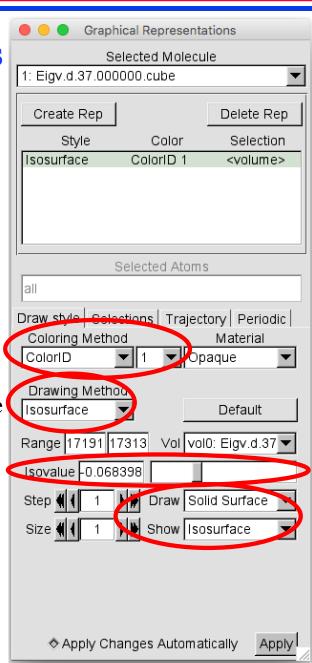




## **Graphics -> Representations**

Set Coloring Method: ColorID, 1 (Red)

Set Drawing Method: Isosurface Isosurface



Set Isovalue: your choice!

**Set Draw: Solid Surface** 

**Set Show:** Isosurface





