## **Math Background**

1. Show that (assume |x| < 1)

$$1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{1 - x}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} = ?$$

3. Write down the real and imaginary parts of z, where

$$z = \frac{2+i}{1-i} , \quad i = \sqrt{-1}$$

- 4. Expand cos(A+B) in terms of cosines and sines of A and B.
- 5. Write down partial derivatives of

$$f(x, y) = x^2 \sin(y) + y \cos(x^2)$$

with respect to x and y, i.e.,  $\partial f/\partial x$  and  $\partial f/\partial y$ .

6. Given a probability density function,

$$p(x) = Ae^{-\alpha|x|}, \quad -\infty < x < +\infty.$$

where  $\alpha$  is a positive number. Express A in terms of  $\alpha$ . Hint: Consider the normalization.

7. Integrate

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$$

Hint: Consider a coordinate transformation,  $x = \tan \theta$ .