QXMD Hands On: Born-Oppenheimer Molecular Dynamics

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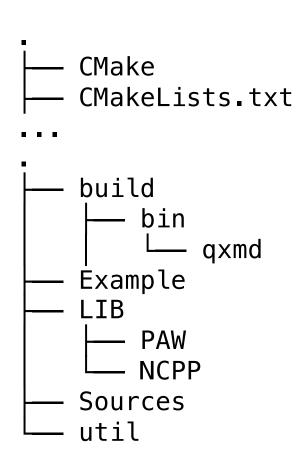




Outline

- 1- Optimization of Geometry
- Hands-on I: Optimization of a water molecule
- 2- Born-Oppenheimer Molecular Dynamics (BOMD)
- Hands-on II: BOMD simulation of a water molecule

Project Structure



qxmd: Executable

Example: Learn about using the fundamentals of QMD

through practical applications

LIB: Pseudopotential

PAW: Projector Augmented Wave Pseudo-potential

NCPP: Norm Conserving Pseudo-potential

Sources: Source code essential to QXMD

util: Utility source code

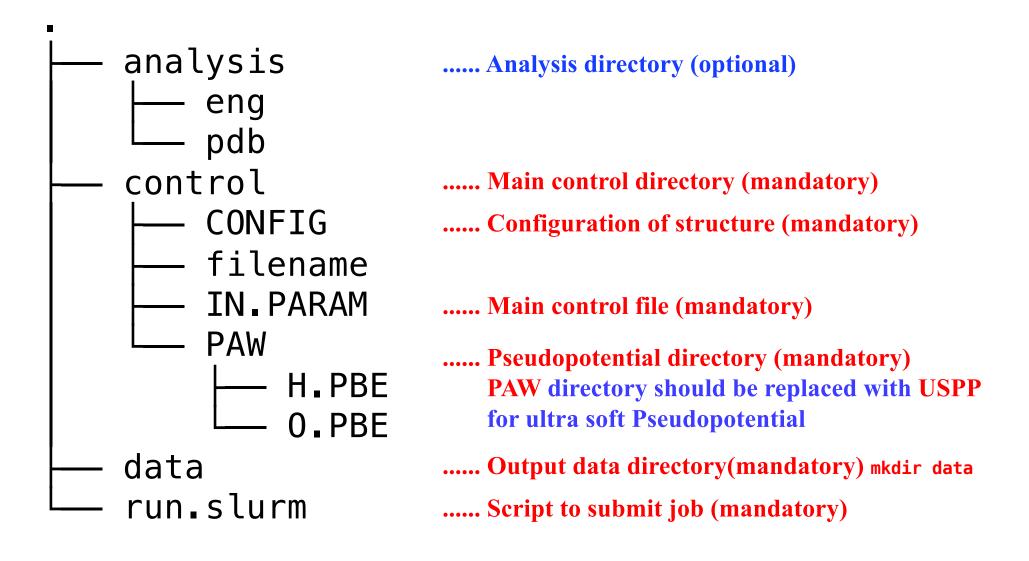
Learning Directory Structure

[QXMD_DEV]\$ cd Example/

```
01_Optimization
02_Adaibatic_MD
04_MSST
05_NAQMD
06_LinearResponseTDDFT
```

[Example]\$ cd 01_Optimization/01_Water

Optimization Directory Structure



Control Directory

control/PAW/

PAW directory must contain potential file for each atom used in

Example: For H₂O, we have H.PBE and O.PBE

control/CONFIG

\$ less CONFIG

This file contains ionic positions either in fractional coordinate or real coordinate

Dool

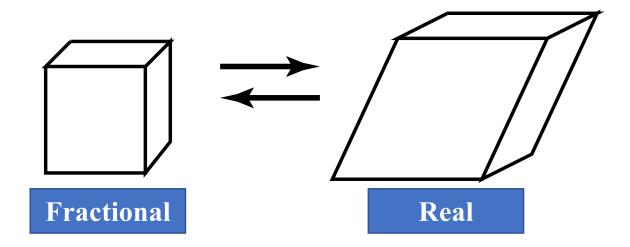
Example:

Fractional			Real			
75			75			
1	0.853 0.625	0.321	1	0.000	0.000	0.0
1	0.836 0.670	0.415	2	1.757	-0.586	0.0
• • • •	•••••		• • • • •	•••		
	Unitless		1	Units are	e Å or b	ohr

CONFIG

control/CONFIG

Both fractional or real can be given as input



CONFIG (Water/MoSe₂)

control/CONFIG

Real

```
75
1 0.000 0.000 0.0
2 1.757 -0.586 0.0
.....
```

Units are Å or bohr

Water:

$$H \stackrel{O}{\longrightarrow} H \stackrel{O-1}{H-2}$$

IN.PARAM

\$ less IN.PARAM

control/IN.PARAM

Main control file

A Template is provided with your program

Control file is divided into several sections. Each section start with its *\$SECTION NAME and ends with *end.

Example

```
      *parallel
      :

      (QM-nodes)
      :

      1 1 1
      : (npx, npy, npz)

      (k-points)
      :

      1
      : (npk)

      (MD-nodes)
      :

      1 1 1
      : (md_npx, md_npy, md_npz)

      *end
      :
```

Input File: Enable/Disable calculation

Enabling section

Each section name must start with 1 column of the file to enable

Disabling section

To disable set false at the sub-section (How).

Other option is to entirely delete the section. If it's required program will take a default value.

Mandatory Input: Parallel

```
      *parallel
      :

      (QM-nodes)
      :

      1 1 1
      : (npx, npy, npz)

      (k-points)
      :

      1
      : (npk)

      (MD-nodes)
      :

      1 1 1
      : (md_npx, md_npy, md_npz)

      *end
      :
```

QM-Nodes: Parallelization over band

K-points: Parallelization over k-points

MD-nodes: Used for divide-conquer-recombine algorithm for order N DFT code

Mandatory Input: restart/PAW

```
*start : (how of it) : .false. : (lstart) .true. = restart : *end :
```

Set .true., if you would like to restart your job from previous file. QM_\$file must be present to restart a job.

Mandatory Input: restart/PAW

```
*start : (how of it) : .false. : (lstart) .true. = restart : *end :
```

Set .true., if you would like to restart your job from previous file. QM_\$file must be present to restart a job.

```
*PAW
:(how of it)
:true.
:(lpaw) .true. = PAW method
:.false. = pseudopotential method
*end
```

.true. Projected Augmented Wave method.false. pseudopotential method

Mandatory Input: Exchange Correlation

Mandatory Input: Exchange Correlation

Approximation

LDA	1
GGA	2
GGA(RPBE)	3
GGA(revPBE)	4
vdW-DF	5
vdW-DF2	6

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Approximation

LDA	1
GGA	2
GGA(RPBE)	3
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vdW-DF	5
vdW-DF2	6

Empirical Correction

DFT-D	vdW interaction	
DFT-U	Mean field	
Dr 1-U	Hubbard model	

Mandatory Input: SCF

```
*SCF iteration
(global iteration)
: 100
(tolerance)
: 3.0d-08
: (tolerance for total energy)
5.0d-08
: (tolerance for average residual)
*end
```

SCF: Self consistent field

Tolerance are relative change between two successive run. Units are in a.u.

*molecular dynamics :
(how of it) :
1 : (ifmd)

Method

Debug	0
Optimization	1
NVE	2
NVT	3
NPT	4
MSST	10

```
*molecular dynamics
(how of it)
                           : (ifmd)
                 Method
       Debug
                              0
    Optimization
        NVE
                              3
        NVT
        NPT
                              4
       MSST
                             10
  (time step)
   0.1d0 1000
                             : (dtmd, nstop)
  time step, total step
```

Time step is in a. u.

```
(temperature): only for real dynamics (NVE-, NVT-, NPT-MD)300.d0: (treq) temperature in [K](check temperature):.false.: (liscale) .true. = Do it !25: (iscnum) total number of temperature check20: (iscstp) skip step
```

If check temperature is true: First 500 step will have velocity scaling. Since we have set it to false, no velocity scaling will be done

```
iscnum=Total number of scaling performed
iscstp= scale every iscstp step
```

```
(temperature): only for real dynamics (NVE-, NVT-, NPT-MD)300.d0: (treq) temperature in [K](check temperature):.false.: (liscale) .true. = Do it !25: (iscnum) number of temperature check20: (iscstp) skip step
```

(optimization)	: only for structural optimization (ifmd == 1)
2	: (ioptmze)

Method

Do not optimize coordinate	-1
Conjugate gradient	0
Projected Velocity Verlet	1
Quasi Newton Method	2

```
(stabilizer for quasi-Newton):
: (gammamin)

0.1d0
: (gammamin)

:
:

(clear Hessian)
:

0
: (ibfgsclear) clear Hessian every ibfgsclear step
```

```
(stabilizer for quasi-Newton):
: (gammamin)

0.1d0
: (gammamin)

:
:

(clear Hessian)
:

0
: (ibfgsclear) clear Hessian every ibfgsclear step
```

```
(tolerance): tolerance (ifmd == 1 )1.d-07: (tol_energy) energy/atom in [a.u.]5.d-04: (tol_force ) max. force in [a.u.]*end:
```

Tolerance is in the unit of Hartree and Hartree/bohr

Mandatory Input: Supercell/Cutoff Energy

*supercell : (unit of length) :

(ang) : (bohr) or (ang)

(

(lengths & angles)

7.00d0, **7.00d0**, **5.0d0** : lengths of cell vectors

90.000, 90.000, 90.000 : angles between cell vec. in [deg.]

*end

Mandatory Input: Supercell/Cutoff Energy

```
*supercell
(unit of length)
                             : (bohr) or (ang)
(ang)
(lengths & angles)
7.00d0, 7.00d0, 5.0d0
                             : lengths of cell vectors
90.000, 90.000, 90.000
                             : angles between cell vec. in [deg.]
*end
*planewaves
(unit of cutoff energy)
(ry)
                             : (ry) or (hr) or (ev)
(for wavefunctions)
 30.0
                             : (ecut)
(for electron density)
250.0
                             : (ecutdens)
(for soft part of density)
70.0
                             : (ecutsoft)
*end
```

Mandatory Input: Supercell/Cutoff Energy

*electronic bands :

(occupied bands) :

8 : (noband) No. of occupied bands

(empty bands) :

2 : (neband) No. of empty bands

: total No.= noband + neband

(broadening) :

3 500.d0

*end

: (lfermi) = 1:nonmetallic, 2:Fermi, 3:Gaussian,

Min occupied bands = $\frac{No.of\ electron}{2} \times 1.1$

Water = $\frac{8}{2} \times 1$. 1 = 4.4 \cong 5

Empty band= 1-20 Unit of smearing is Kelvin

Mandatory Input: atom

```
*atoms
(species)
                              : (ntype) No. of atomic species
(atomic number)
 8.0
                             : (zatom)
(pseudopotential)
                             : kbpp .or. uspp .or. vand
uspp
(nonlocal potential)
                             : (lking) .true. = on, (rking, gkgmax, gkgexct)
true, 1.5d0 1.25d0 0.8d0
(local potential)
.false. 1.5d0 1.15d0 0.8d0
                             : (llking) .true. = on, (rlking, glkgmax, glkgexct)
(partial core correction)
.true. 1.4d0
                             : (lpcc) .true. = on, (r_cut) in [a.u.]
                             : (lpking) .true. = on, (rpking, gpkgmax, gpkgexct)
.true. 1.1d0 1.15d0 0.8d0
                             : smoothing parameters
```

Mandatory Input: atom

```
(unit of length)
                              : only for positions
                              : (bohr) or (ang)
(ang)
(position file)
                              : Ignored, if (nhk) > 0.
'control/input.config'
                              : 1:scaled, 2:real coordinates
                               : (keyword)
(fix positions)
                               : (lfixion) .true. = fix atomic position
.false.
(end)
*end
```

For fix position .true., create a new atom ID and set fix position true

Some optional Input: dump

```
*dump charge density
(how of it)
                                : (ldpchg) .true. = Do it!
 .true.
                                           : only for molecular dynamics
(skip step)
                                : (nskip dpchg)
(output area)
                                : output area for charge density
 1.0 0.0
                                : x_min & x_max
      0.0
                                : y_min & y_max
 1.0 0.0
                                : z_min & z_max
*end
*dump wavefunctions
(how of it)
                                : (ldpwav) .true. = Do it!
 .true.
(bands)
 79, 85
                                : (ibstt1,ibstt2) band index (0, 0 \rightarrow all bands)
                                           : only for molecular dynamics
(skip step)
                                : (nskip_dpwav)
*end
```

If $(x_min > x_max)$ dump charge density for whole space

Some optional Input: On the fly results

```
: only for bulk calculations
*stress calculation
(how of it)
                                       : (lstress) .true. = Do it!
.true.
                             : only for molecular dynamics
(skip step)
                              : (nskip_stress)
*end
*atomic charge
(how of it)
                              : (lintchg) .true. = Do it!
.true.
(skip step)
                             : only for molecular dynamics
                              : (nskip_intchg)
*end
```

Job Submission 1: Optimization

Submitting jobs to Discovery can be easily done with the sbatch command

```
$ pwd
~/QXMD_DEV/Example/01_Optimization/01_Water
$ ls // data directory needs be created before submitting a job
analysis control data run.slurm
$ sbatch run.slurm
$ cat run.slurm
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --account=anakano 429
#SBATCH --partition=main
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --ntasks=1
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=16
#SBATCH --mem=32G
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00
module load usc
module load fftw
srun --mpi=pmix v2 -n 1 ../../build/bin/gxmd
```

Output files

Go to data directory

\$ cd data

Output files: qm_ion.d

```
# Atomic scaled coordinates

0 2 1 2

1.0000000E-01

4.28571 4.28571 7.00000 5.71429 4.28571 6.80000 3.00000 4.28571 6.80000

1 2 1 2

1.0000000E-01

4.29596 4.28571 7.00366 5.71100 4.28571 6.79902 2.99305 4.28571 6.79732

2 2 1 2
```

Output files

Go to data directory

\$ cd data

Output files: qm_ion.d

```
# Atomic scaled coordinates

0 2 1 2

1.0000000E-01

4.28571 4.28571 7.00000 5.71429 4.28571 6.80000 3.00000 4.28571 6.80000

1 2 1 2

1.0000000E-01

4.29596 4.28571 7.00366 5.71100 4.28571 6.79902 2.99305 4.28571 6.79732
2 2 1 2
```

Step number, No of atom type, Atom type 1, Atom type 2

Output Files

Go to data directory

\$ cd data

Output files: qm_ion.d

Scaling factor for position of each atoms

Output Files

Go to data directory

\$ cd data

Output files: qm_ion.d

Coordinate of each atom laid out in x, y, z

Output Files

Output files: qm_box.d

Box length in bohr (a.u.)

Output Files

Output files: qm_ion.d

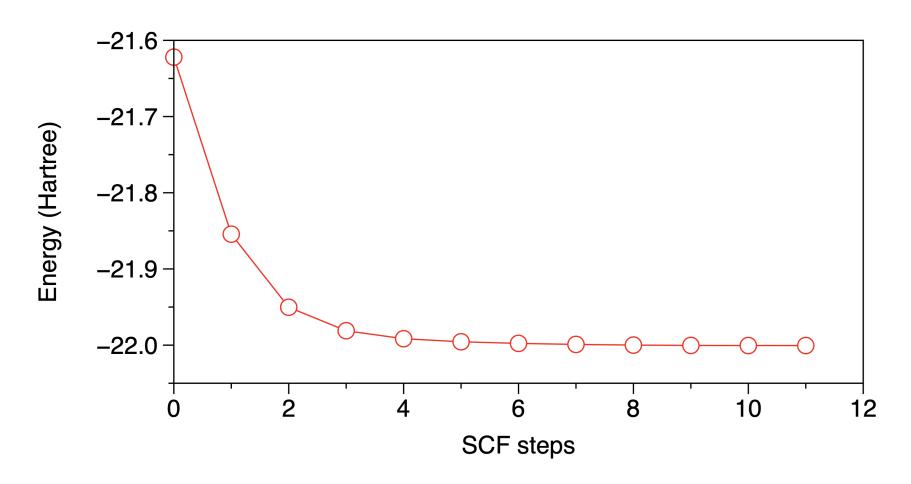
Box length in bohr (a.u.)

Output files: md_eng.d

#	step P.E. [hartree]	Comment
	0 -2.1951549312E+01	
	1 -2.1954246118E+01	
	2 -2.1959473771E+01	
	3 -2.1961990569E+01	
	4 -2.1972379455E+01	Step and energy (hartree)
	5 -2.1978050971E+01	step and energy (nartice)
	6 -2.1983590094E+01	
	7 -2.2000540405E+01	
	8 -2.2001983644E+01	
	9 -2.2002236635E+01	
	10 -2.2002297278E+01	
	11 -2.2002316458E+01	

Analysis: Energy Convergence

Use a plotting software and plot the energy vs. self-consistent field (SCF) iteration steps in md_eng.d



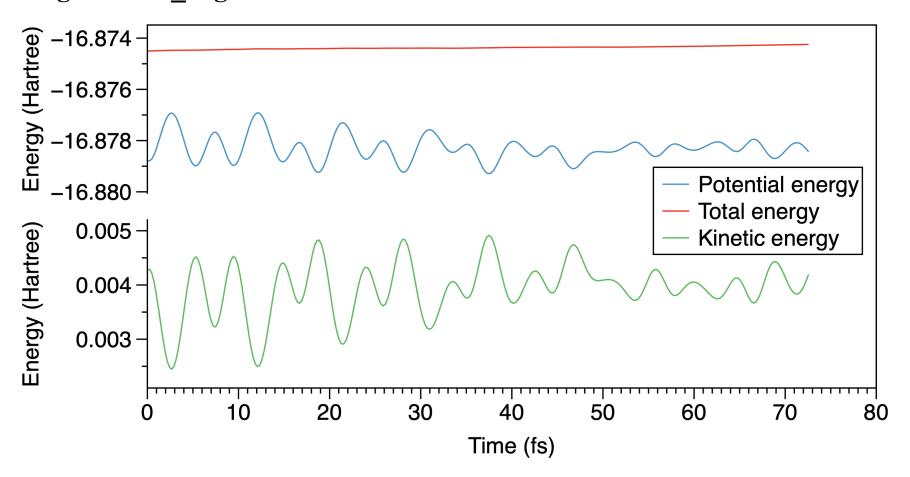
Job Submission 2: BOMD

Now ready to do BOMD simulation

```
$ pwd
~/QXMD_DEV/Example/02_Adaibatic_MD/01_Water_NVE
$ ls // data directory needs be created before submitting a job
control data run.slurm
$ sbatch run.slurm
$ cat run.slurm
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --account=anakano 429
#SBATCH --partition=main
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --ntasks=1
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=16
                                               Utilizes optimized water for this simulation
#SBATCH --mem=32G
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00
module load usc
module load fftw
cp ../../01 Optimization/01 Water/data/QM * ./data/
cp ../../01 Optimization/01 Water/data/MD * ./data/
srun --mpi=pmix v2 -n 1 ../../build/bin/gxmd
```

Analysis: Energy vs. Time

Use a plotting software and plot the Kinetic-Potential-Total energy vs. Time by looking into md_eng.d



 Δt = 10 a.u. = 0.2419 femtoseconds (fs) 1 Hartree = 27.21 eV

Analysis: Visualization

Go to util directory in your QXMD project directory, locate toPDBcell.f & compile

```
$ pwd
~/QXMD_DEV/util
[discovery1 util]$ ls
eig.f gcube.f90 pick_config2.f90 toPDBcell.f
[discovery1 util]$ gfortran toPDBcell.f -o toPDBcell
```

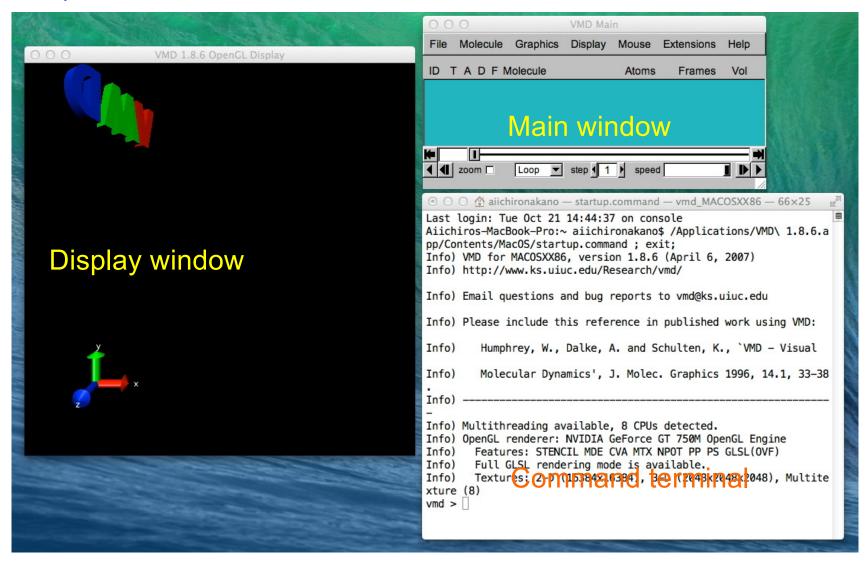
Run program from where the data/ dir is visible

```
$ ls
config.pdb control data
$ ../../util/toPDBcell
```

This will generate a config.pdb file

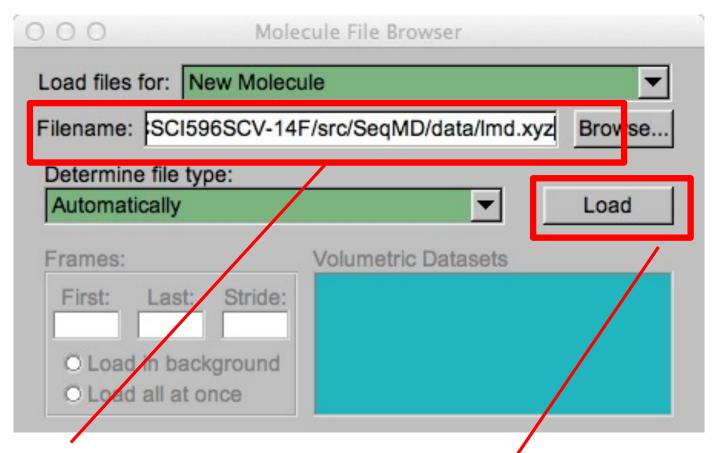
Start VMD

• It will open 3 windows



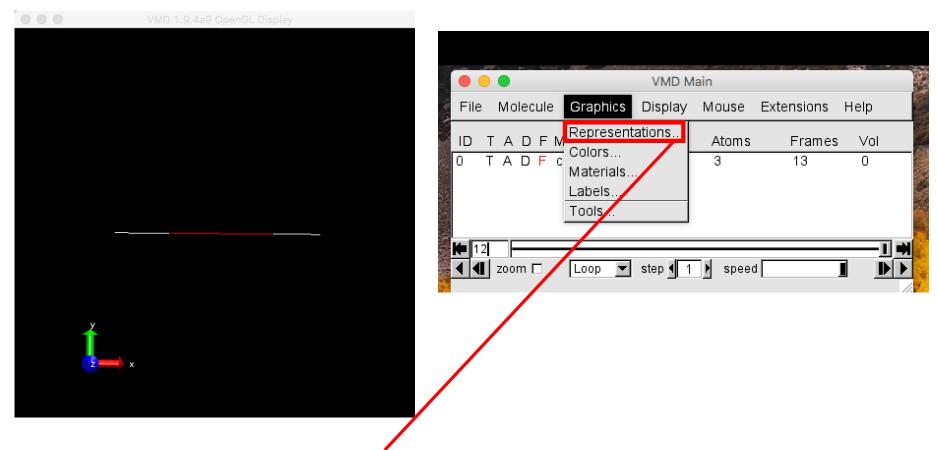
Load the MD-Trajectory PDB File

 In the File menu in the VMD main window, select New Molecule; the following new window will open.



- Drag and drop the XYZ file you have created in the Filename field (or press the browse button to locate the file).
- Click the Load button to load the file.

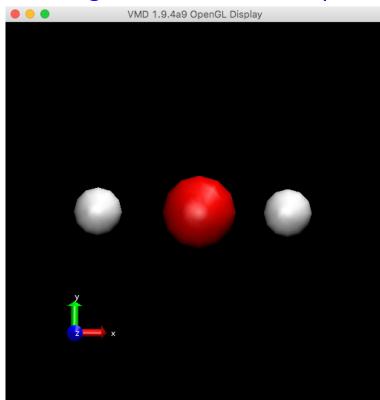
Load the MD-Trajectory PDB File



• Click on Representation to make add different representation of each atoms

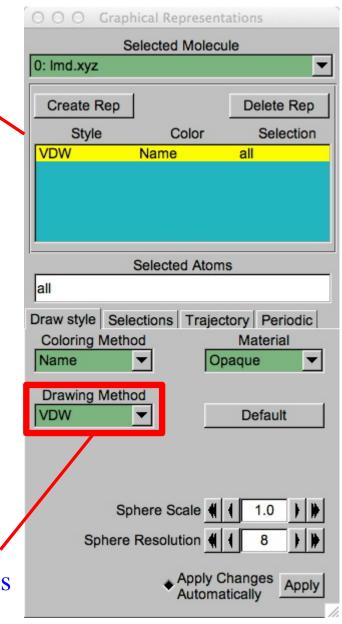
Choose the Graphic Representation

 In the Graphics menu in the VMD main window, select Representations; the following new window will open.



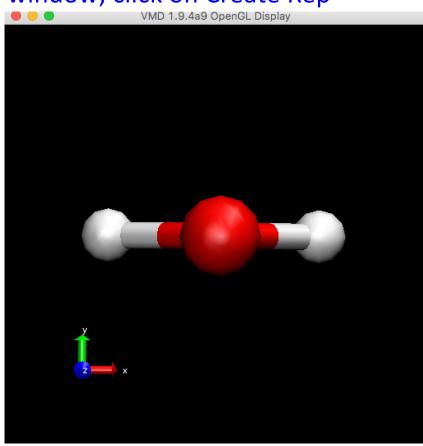
Display now looks like this

• In the Drawing Method menu, choose the VDW (van der Waals radius) representation.



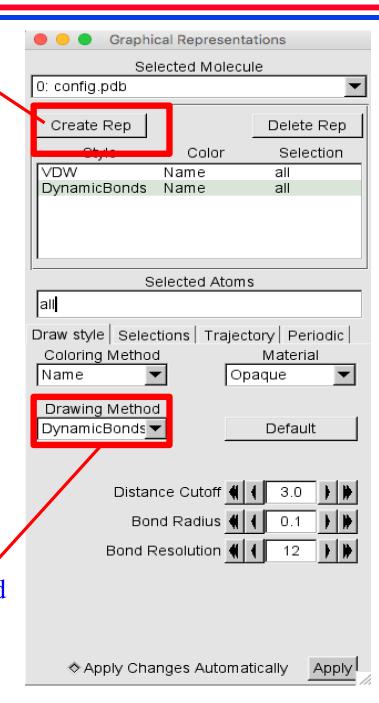
Choose the Graphic Representation

 In the Graphical Representations window; click on Create Rep

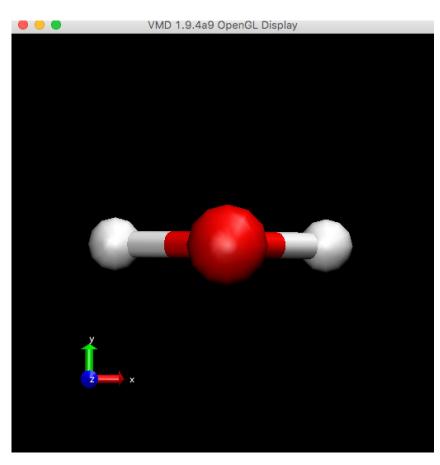


Display now looks like this

• In the Drawing Method menu, choose the DynamicBonds representation.

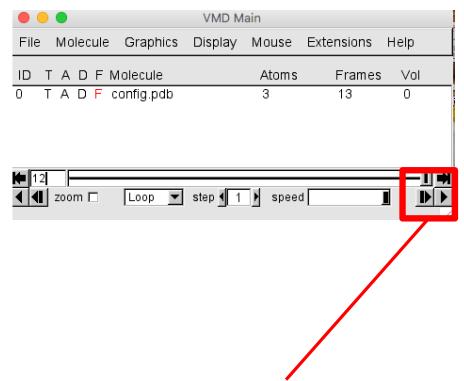


Play Movie



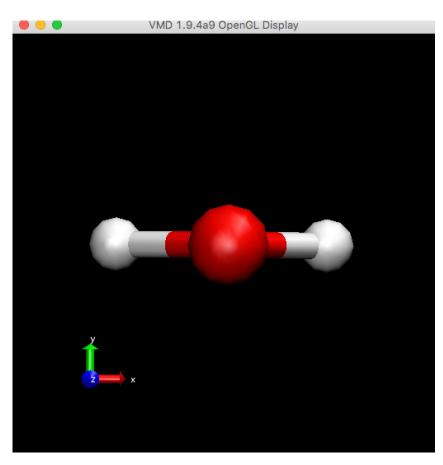
Display now looks like this

 In the Graphical Representations window; click on Create Rep



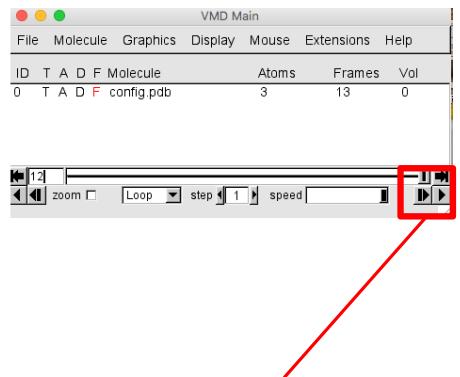
- Play movie by clicking on **D**
- Watch frame by frame

Play Movie



Display now looks like this

 In the Graphical Representations window; click on Create Rep



- Play movie by clicking on **D**
- Watch frame by frame movie