|   | Unitary Time-Propagation Operator for Time-Dependent  |     |
|---|---|-----|
|   | Schrödinger Equation  |     |
|   | 2/11/10   |     |
|   | Consider a time-dependent Schrödinger equation,   |     |
|   | $i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}   \overline{\Psi}(t) \rangle = \widehat{\Pi}(t)   \underline{\Psi}(t) \rangle$  | (1) |
|   | where $\hat{H}(t)$ is a time-dependent operator and the   |     |
|   | wave vector (It) satisfies the initial condition,   |     |
|   | $ \underline{\mathcal{Y}}(t=t_0)\rangle =  \underline{\mathcal{Y}}(t_0)\rangle$   |     |
| _ | The formal solution of Eq. (1) is given by  |     |
|   | $ \overline{\Psi}(t)\rangle = \widehat{U}(t,t_0) \underline{\Psi}(t_0)\rangle$  | (2) |
|   | where the unitary time-propagation operation is   |     |
|   | defined as  |     |
| O | $\widehat{U}(t,t_0) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right)^n \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t_1} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t_{n-1}} dt_n \widehat{H}(t_1) \widehat{H}(t_2) \cdots \widehat{H}(t_n)$ | (3) |
|   |   |     |
|   | $=1-\frac{i}{\hbar}\int_{t_0}^{t}\frac{dt_1\hat{H}(t_1)+\left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right)^2\int_{t_0}^{t}\frac{dt_1}{dt_2\hat{H}(t_1)\hat{H}(t_2)}+\cdots$  | •   |
|   | 0 0   | (4) |
|   | $\odot$   |     |
|   | $\hat{U}(t \rightarrow t_0, t_0) = 1 \Rightarrow$ satisfies the initial condition   |     |
|   | $\frac{d}{dt} \widehat{\Omega}(t,t_0) = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left\{ \widehat{H}(t) + \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right) \widehat{H}(t) \right\} \frac{d}{dt_2} \widehat{H}(t_2) + \cdots$                               |     |
|   | $+\left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right)^{n-1}\widehat{H}(t)\int_{t_0}^{t}dt_2\cdots\int_{t_0}^{t}dt_n\widehat{H}(t_2)\cdots\widehat{H}(t_n)+$   | }   |
|   | $= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \widehat{H}(t) \widehat{U}(t, t_0) \Rightarrow \text{Statisfies the differential}$ equation.  | //  |
|   | equation. /   | //  |

Time-ordered product

Let T denote a time-ordered product of operators, such that the operators are sorted in the descending

order of time from the left to right. Then,
$$\widehat{U}(t,t_0) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right)^n \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 dt_2 \cdots dt_n \widehat{H}(t_1) \widehat{H}(t_2) \cdots \widehat{H}(t_n)$$
(3)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left( \frac{i}{h} \right)^n \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \cdots \int_{t_n}^{t} dt_n T \left[ \hat{H}(t_1) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n) \right]$$
 (5)

$$= T \exp\left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{t_0}^{t} dt' \hat{H}(t')\right)$$
 (6)

① Eq. (5)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_{t_0}^{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t_1} \frac{1}{t_2} \frac{1}{t$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_2 \int_{t_2}^{t} dt_1 H(t_1) H(t_2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_1}^{t} dt_2 \widehat{H}(t_2) \widehat{H}(t_1)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\int_{t_0}^{t}\int_{t_0}^{t}\int_{t_0}^{t}\left[\hat{H}(t_1)\hat{H}(t_2)\Theta(t_1>t_2)+\hat{H}(t_2)\hat{H}(t_1)\Theta(t_2>t_1)\right]$$

 $T[\hat{H}(t_1)\hat{H}(t_2)]$ 

entire integration

(General n)  $\int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t_1} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t_{n-1}} dt_n \ \hat{H}(t_1) \hat{H}(t_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n)$ entire integration range \$\frac{t}{t\_0} \ \frac{t}{t\_0} \ \frac{t}{t\_0} \ \frac{t}{t\_0} \ \frac{t}{t\_0} \ \hat{t\_1} \hat{H}(t\_1) \hat{H}(t\_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t\_n) \Q(t\_1) \tau\_2 \cdots \cdots t\_n\)  $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \ \hat{H}(t_1) \hat{H}(t_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n) \ Q(t_1) t_2 \cdots \cdots t_n\)
<math display="block">= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \ \hat{H}(t_1) \hat{H}(t_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n) \ Q(t_1) t_2 \ \cdots \ \rangle t_n$   $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \ \hat{H}(t_1) \hat{H}(t_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n) \ Q(t_1) t_2 \ \cdots \ \rangle t_n$   $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_2 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \ \hat{H}(t_1) \hat{H}(t_2) \cdots \hat{H}(t_n) \ Q(t_1) t_2 \ \cdots \ \rangle t_n$  $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \hat{H}(t_{p(1)}) \hat{H}(t_{p(2)}) \cdots \hat{H}(t_{p(n)}) \hat{\Theta}(t_{p(1)}) t_{p(2)} \cdots t_{p(n)})$   $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \hat{H}(t_{p(1)}) \cdots \hat{H}(t_{p(n)}) \hat{\Theta}(t_{p(n)}) \cdots \hat{H}(t_{p(n)}) \hat{\Phi}(t_{p(n)}) \cdots \hat{\Phi}(t_{p(n)})$   $= \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_1 \cdots \int_{t_0}^{t} dt_n \hat{H}(t_{p(1)}) \cdots \hat{H}(t_{p(n)}) \hat{\Theta}(t_{p(n)}) \cdots \hat{\Phi}(t_{p(n)}) \hat{\Phi}(t_{p(n)}) \cdots \hat{\Phi}(t_{p(n)}) \hat$  $\odot$  For  $\forall (t_1, t_2, ..., t_n), \exists P(t_{p(i)} > ... > t_{p(n)})$ for which add  $\widehat{H}(tpu)$ ... $\widehat{H}(tpu)$ ) dt,...dtn.