# Fermi-Operator Expansions for Linear Scaling Electronic Structure Calculations

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O(N) sparse matrix representation



### Fermi Operator

• Fermi operator

$$F(\hat{H}) = \frac{2}{\exp\left(\frac{\hat{H} - \mu}{k_{\rm B}T}\right) + 1}$$

Projection to the occupied subspace

$$|\psi_{\text{proj}}\rangle = F(\hat{H})|\psi\rangle$$

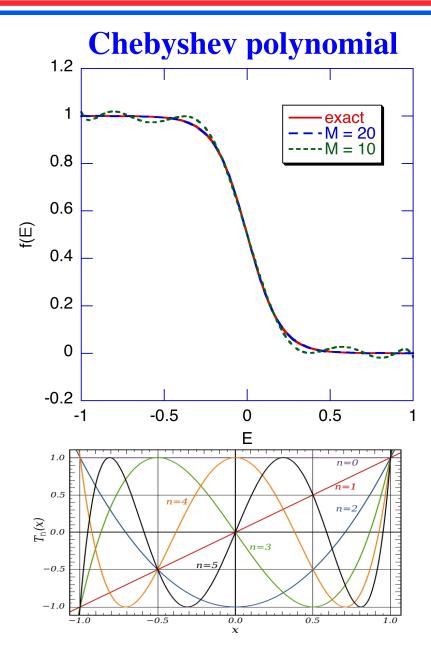
• The expectation value of any operator A is obtained by

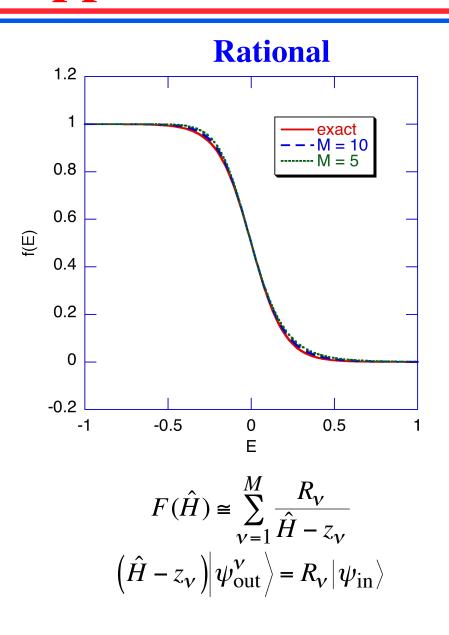
$$\langle \hat{A} \rangle = \text{tr} [\hat{A}\hat{F}]$$

• Widely used in O(N) electronic structure calculations (N = number of electrons) through its sparse representation

S. Goedecker, Rev. Mod. Phys. 71, 1085 ('99)

## **Fermi-Operator Approximations**





#### **Rational Fermi-Operator Expansion**

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{\exp(z) + 1}$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{z}{2M}\right)^{2M} + 1}$$

$$\approx \sum_{v=0}^{2M-1} \frac{R_v}{z - z_v}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Poles} \\ z_v = 2M \left(\exp\left(i\frac{(2v+1)\pi}{2M}\right) - 1\right) \\ R_v = -\exp\left(i\frac{(2v+1)\pi}{2M}\right) \end{cases} \quad (v = 0, ..., 2M-1)$$
Residues

D. M. C. Nicholson *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. B* **50**, 14686 ('94); A. P. Horsfield *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. B* **53**, 12694 ('96)

# O(N) Fermi Operator Expansion

• Truncated expansion of Fermi-operator by Chebyshev polynomial  $\{T_p\}$ 

$$F(\hat{H}) \cong \sum_{p=0}^{P} c_p T_p(\hat{H})$$

O(N) algorithm

prepare a basis set of size 
$$O(N)$$
 (let the size be  $N$  for simplicity) for  $l=1,N$  let an  $N$ -dimensional unit vector be  $|e_l\rangle=\begin{bmatrix}0\\ \vdots\\1\\l\end{bmatrix}$  recursively construct the  $l^{\text{th}}$  column of matrix  $T_p$ ,  $\begin{vmatrix}t_l^p\\l\end{vmatrix}$ , keeping only  $O(1)$  off-diagonal elements ( $cf$ . quantum nearsightedness) 
$$\begin{cases}|t_l^0\rangle=|e_l\rangle\\|t_l^1\rangle=\hat{H}|e_l\rangle\\|t_l^{p+1}\rangle=2\hat{H}|t_l^p\rangle-|t_l^{p-1}\rangle\end{cases}$$

build a sparse representation of the  $l^{\text{th}}$  column of F as  $|f_l\rangle \cong \sum_{p=0}^{P} c_p |t_l^p\rangle$ 

$$|f_l\rangle \cong \sum_{p=0}^{r} c_p |t_l^p\rangle$$