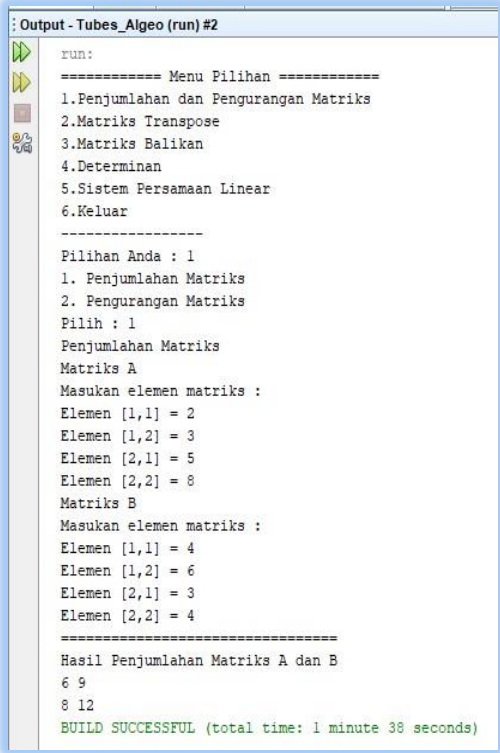
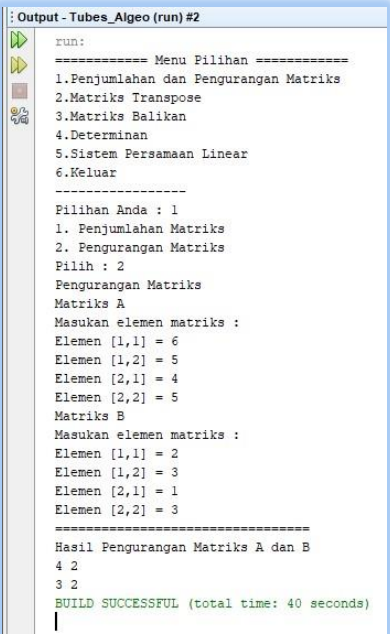
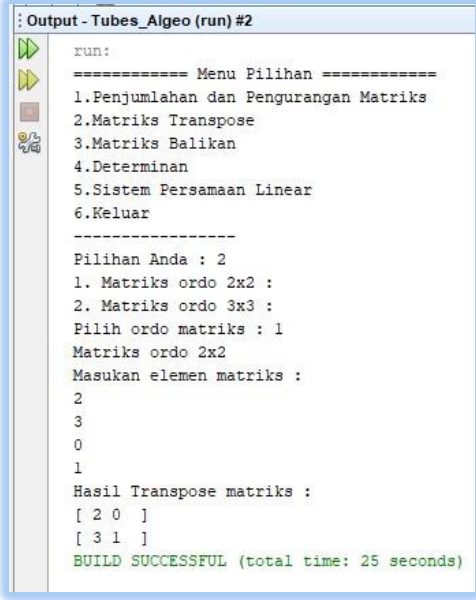
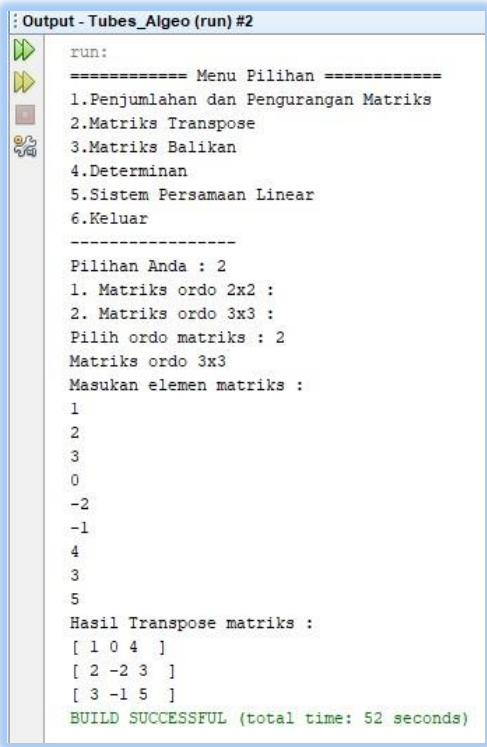
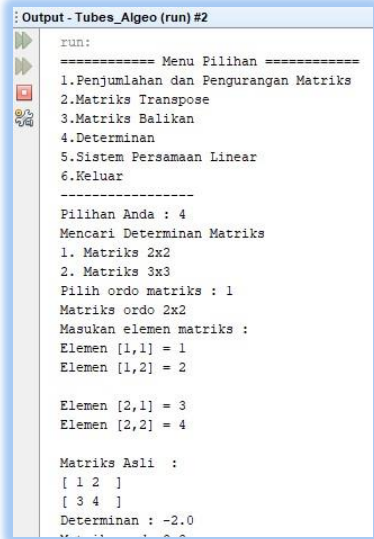


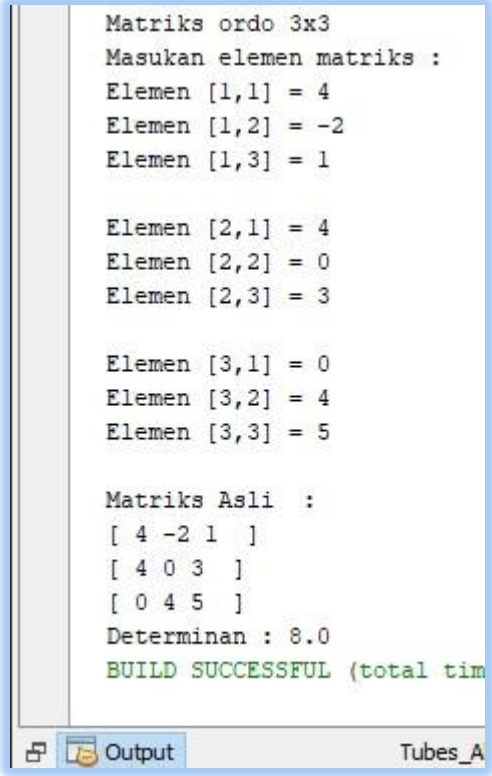
NO	HASIL SIMULASI	KETERANGAN
Penjumlahan Matriks		
1	 <pre> run: ===== Menu Pilihan ===== 1. Penjumlahan dan Pengurangan Matriks 2. Matriks Transpose 3. Matriks Balikan 4. Determinan 5. Sistem Persamaan Linear 6. Keluar Pilihan Anda : 1 1. Penjumlahan Matriks 2. Pengurangan Matriks Pilih : 1 Penjumlahan Matriks Matriks A Masukan elemen matriks : Elemen [1,1] = 2 Elemen [1,2] = 3 Elemen [2,1] = 5 Elemen [2,2] = 8 Matriks B Masukan elemen matriks : Elemen [1,1] = 4 Elemen [1,2] = 6 Elemen [2,1] = 3 Elemen [2,2] = 4 ===== Hasil Penjumlahan Matriks A dan B 6 9 8 12 BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 minute 38 seconds) </pre>	<p>Input pertambahan matriks: Tentukan hasil dari</p> $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6+4 & 3+6 \\ 5+3 & 8+4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 8 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$
Pengurangan Matriks		

		$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 - 2 & 5 - 3 \\ 4 - 1 & 5 - 3 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
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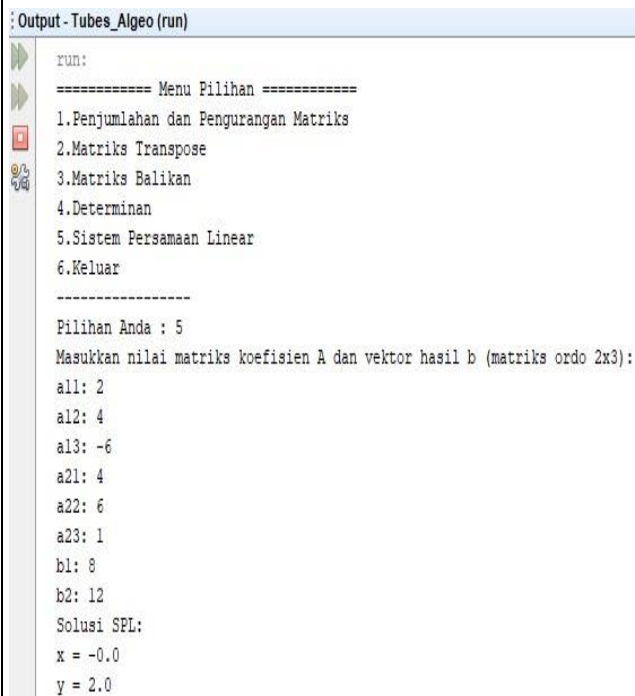
Matriks Transpose 2 x 2

2		$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Hasilnya } A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;"> (2×2) $\qquad\qquad$ (2×2) </p>
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Matriks Transpose 3 x 3		
		$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 \\ 4 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ Hasilnya}$ $C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ <p>(3x3) (3x3)</p>
Matriks Balikan		
Menghitung Determinan Matriks 2x2		
1		$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = (1)(4) - (2)(3)$ <p>Det (A) = 4 - 6 Det (A) = -2</p>
Menghitung Determinan Matriks 3x3		

 <pre> Matriks ordo 3x3 Masukan elemen matriks : Elemen [1,1] = 4 Elemen [1,2] = -2 Elemen [1,3] = 1 Elemen [2,1] = 4 Elemen [2,2] = 0 Elemen [2,3] = 3 Elemen [3,1] = 0 Elemen [3,2] = 4 Elemen [3,3] = 5 Matriks Asli : [4 -2 1] [4 0 3] [0 4 5] Determinan : 8.0 BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total tim Output Tubes_A </pre>	$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$ $= 0 + 0 + 16 - 0 - 48 + 40 = 8$
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Sistem Persamaan Linier

 <pre> Output - Tubes_Algeo (run) run: ===== Menu Pilihan ===== 1.Penjumlahan dan Pengurangan Matriks 2.Matriks Transpose 3.Matriks Balikan 4.Determinan 5.Sistem Persamaan Linear 6.Keluar Pilihan Anda : 5 Masukkan nilai matriks koefisien A dan vektor hasil b (matriks ordo 2x3): a11: 2 a12: 4 a13: -6 a21: 4 a22: 6 a23: 1 b1: 8 b2: 12 Solusi SPL: x = -0.0 y = 2.0 </pre>	<p>Contoh Soal</p> $2x + 4y - 6z = 8$ $4x + 6y + z = 12$ <p>Matriks augmented nya adalah</p> $\left(\begin{array}{ccc c} 2 & 4 & -6 & 8 \\ 4 & 6 & 1 & 12 \end{array} \right)$ <p>1. $R1 > \frac{1}{2} R1$</p> $\left(\begin{array}{ccc c} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 4 & 6 & 1 & 12 \end{array} \right)$ <p>2. $R2 - 4R1$</p> $\left(\begin{array}{ccc c} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & 13 & -4 \end{array} \right)$ <p>3. $R2 > -\frac{1}{2} R2$</p> $\left(\begin{array}{ccc c} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -13/2 & 2 \end{array} \right)$ <p>4. $R1 - 2R2$</p>
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		$\begin{array}{ccc c} 1 & 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -13/2 & 2 \end{array}$ <p>Bisa ditafsirkan bahwa $x = 0$ dan $y = 2$ sedangkan variabel z tidak memiliki kontribusi karena tidak mendapatkan nilai tunggal</p>
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