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AI5002: Challenging Problem: Mixture

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Download all Python codes from

https://github.com/Debolena/AI5002-Probabilityand-Random-Variables/blob/main/ Assignment_11/assignment11_code_drawing %20balls.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Debolena/AI5002-Probabilityand-Random-Variables/tree/main/Challenging %20Problem Mixture

1 Problem

Let $X \sim Bin\left(5, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ and $Y \sim U(0, 1)$. Then $\frac{P(X+Y) \le 2}{P(X+Y) \ge 5}$ is equal to?

2 Solution

As $X \sim Bin(5, \frac{1}{2})$,

$$P(X = k) = {5 \choose k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5$$
, as n=5 and $p = \frac{1}{2}$ (2.0.1)

 $Y \sim U(0, 1)$. So, the CDF of Y is:

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \le y) \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } y \le 0 \\ y, & \text{if } 0 < y < 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } y \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.3)

$$P(X + Y \le 2) = \sum_{k=0}^{2} P(X = k, Y \le 2 - k)$$
 (2.0.4)

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{2} P(X=k) . P(Y \le 2 - k)$$
 (2.0.5)

$$= {5 \choose 0} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 \cdot 1 + {5 \choose 1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 \cdot (2-1) + {5 \choose 2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 \cdot (2-2)$$
(2.0.6)

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 \left[1 + 5 \times 1 + 0\right] \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$=\frac{6}{32}$$
 (2.0.8)

Now,

$$P(X + Y \ge 5) = 1 - P(X + Y < 5)$$
 (2.0.9)
= 1 - P(X + Y \le 4) (2.0.10)

$$P(X + Y \le 4) = \sum_{k=0}^{4} P(X = k, Y \le 4 - k) \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{4} P(X = k) P(Y \le 4 - k) \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{4} {5 \choose k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{5} P(Y \le 4 - k) \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{5} [1 \times 1 + 5 \times 1 + 10 \times 1 + 10 \times 1 + 0] \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$=\frac{26}{32}\tag{2.0.15}$$

Using (2.0.10) and (2.0.15),

$$P(X + Y \ge 5) = 1 - \frac{26}{32}$$
 (2.0.16)
= $\frac{6}{32}$ (2.0.17)

From (2.0.8) and (2.0.17),

$$\frac{P(X+Y) \le 2}{P(X+Y) > 5} = 1 \tag{2.0.18}$$