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AI5002 - Assignment 13

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Download code and LaTeX from below hyperlinks

- 1. Code/GATE 40.py
- 2. LaTeX

Problem GATE40

A digital communication system uses a repetition code for channel encoding/decoding. During transmission, each bit is repeated three times (0 is transmitted as 000, and 1 is transmitted as 111). It is assumed that the source puts out symbols independently and with equal probability. The decoder operates as follows: In a block of three received bits, if the number of zeros exceeds the number of ones, the decoder decides in favour of a 0, and if the number of ones exceeds the number of zeros, the decoder decides in favour of a 1. Assuming a binary symmetric channel with crossover probability p = 0.1, the average probability of error is

Solution

Let the crossover probability be α . Since the channel is symmetric,

$$Pr(1 \mid 0) = Pr(0 \mid 1) = \alpha = 0.1$$
 (1.0)

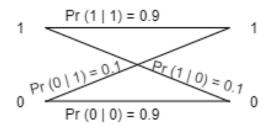


Fig 1.0: Direct and Crossover Probability

Let a binomial r.v be $X \in \{0, 1\}$ representing the number of bits transmitted incorrectly. The sample space is given as $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$.

$$X \sim Bin(n = 3, p = 0.1)$$
 (1.1)

The binomial p.m.f. is given by:

$$\Pr(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^{k} . (1 - p)^{n - k}$$
 (1.2)

Putting the values of X in (1.2) and sum up to get the probability of correct decoding,

$$\Pr(X = 0) = {3 \choose 0} \cdot (0.1)^0 \cdot (1 - 0.1)^{3 - 0}$$

$$= (0.9)^3$$

$$\Pr(X = 1) = {3 \choose 1} \cdot (0.1)^1 \cdot (1 - 0.1)^{3 - 1}$$

$$= 3 * (0.1) * (0.9)^2$$
(1.3)

The probability of correct decoding is given by,

Pr (correct decoding) = Pr (no error)
+ Pr (one bit error)
= Pr (X = 0) + Pr (X = 1)
=
$$(0.9)^3 + 3 * (0.1) * (0.9)^2$$

= 0.972

The average probability of error

$$Pr(error) = 1 - Pr(correct decoding)$$

$$= 1 - 0.972$$

$$= 0.028$$
(1.5)