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# **Tempico Software**

***Release 1.1.0***

**Tausand Electronics**

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Tempico Software is a program that allows the use of Tausand Tempico TP1004 devices to simplify the creation of histograms and FLIM measurements. For more information, visit [tausand.com](http://tausand.com).



## FLIMGRAPHICS MODULE

```
class FLIMGraphics.FLIMGraphic(comboBoxStartChannel: QComboBox, comboBoxStopChannel:
    QComboBox, graphicFrame: QFrame, startButton: QPushButton,
    stopButton: QPushButton, initialParametersButton: QPushButton,
    clearButton: QPushButton, saveDataButton: QPushButton, savePlotButton:
    QPushButton, statusLabel: QLabel, pointLabel: QLabel,
    binWidthComboBox: QComboBox, numberBins: QComboBox,
    functionComboBox: QComboBox, numberMeasurementsSpinBox:
    QSpinBox, totalMeasurements: QLabel, totalStart: QLabel, totalTime:
    QLabel, timeRange: QLabel, device, applyButton: QPushButton,
    parameterTable: QTableWidget, MainWindow, timerStatus: QTimer)
```

Bases: object

Class responsible for the logic and functionality of the FLIM (Fluorescence Lifetime Measurement) window.

This class manages the creation and updating of graphical plots related to FLIM, controls user interactions with various buttons, and ensures that measurements are taken from the specified channels. The class handles: - Initialization of the graphical interface elements. - Starting and stopping of measurements. - Saving of data and plots. - Displaying parameters of the measurements, such as the number of measurements taken, and the percentage of completion.

#### Parameters

- **comboBoxStartChannel** – The combo box for selecting the start channel (QComboBox).
- **comboBoxStopChannel** – The combo box for selecting the stop channel (QComboBox).
- **graphicFrame** – The frame that holds the graphical plot (QFrame).
- **startButton** – The button to start the measurements (QPushButton).
- **stopButton** – The button to stop the measurements (QPushButton).
- **initialParametersButton** – The button to configure initial parameters (QPushButton).
- **clearButton** – The button to clear the graphs and data (QPushButton).
- **saveDataButton** – The button to save the measurement data (QPushButton).
- **savePlotButton** – The button to save the graph plot (QPushButton).
- **statusLabel** – The label showing the current status (QLabel).
- **pointLabel** – The label displaying the current point in the measurement (QLabel).
- **binWidthComboBox** – The combo box for selecting the bin width (QComboBox).
- **numberBins** – The combo box for selecting the number of bins (QComboBox).
- **functionComboBox** – The combo box for selecting a function (QComboBox).

- **numberMeasurementsSpinBox** – The spin box for specifying the number of measurements (QSpinBox).
- **totalMeasurements** – The label showing the total number of measurements (QLabel).
- **totalStart** – The label showing the number of measurements taken from the start channel (QLabel).
- **totalTime** – The label showing the total time of measurements (QLabel).
- **timeRange** – The label showing the time range for the measurements (QLabel).
- **device** – The connected Tempico device used for measurements.
- **applyButton** – The button for applying selected parameters (QPushButton).
- **parameterTable** – The table displaying the parameters of the measurements (QTableWidget).
- **MainWindow** – The main window that holds the application UI elements.
- **timerStatus** – The timer used for periodic updates (QTimer).

**Returns**

None

**applyAction()**

Captures the action of the ‘apply’ button, calculates the selected fit, and stores the resulting parameters.

This function determines which fitting function is selected from *functionComboBox* and attempts to calculate the fit using the measured time and data. If the parameters can be determined, they are stored in *FitParameters*. If not, a dialog informs the user that the parameters could not be determined.

Variables assignment: - The parameters *i0*, *tau0*, and other fit-specific variables are calculated using the corresponding fit function. - If the fit is successful, the rounded parameters are stored in *FitParameters*. - If the fit fails or returns “Undefined”, a message box is shown to inform the user of the error.

**Returns**

None

**applyInitialDialog()**

Updates the initial parameters based on user input from the parameter dialog.

This function is called when the user clicks the “Apply” button in the parameter dialog. It retrieves the values from the input fields corresponding to the selected fitting function and assigns them to the appropriate instance variables.

The following parameters are updated based on the selected fit type: - For Exponential fit: - *I0* (initial value) - *tau0* (decay constant) - For Kohlrausch fit: - *I0* (initial value) - *tau0* (decay constant) - *beta* (exponent) - For Shifted Exponential fit: - *I0* (initial value) - *tau0* (decay constant) - *alpha* (shift parameter) - *b* (baseline value) - For Double Exponential fit: - *I0* (initial value) - *tau0* (first decay constant) - *tau1* (second decay constant) - *alpha* (mixing coefficient)

Variables assignment: - The updated values are assigned to their respective initial parameter variables. - A boolean flag indicating that initial parameters have changed is set to True for the relevant fit type.

**Returns**

None

**calculateR2(data, fitData)**

Calculates the  $R^2$  value based on the observed and fitted data.

**Parameters**



- **data** – The observed data points (array-like).
- **fitData** – The fitted data points (array-like).

**Returns**

The  $R^2$  value indicating the goodness of fit (float).

**changeCreatedStatus()**

Notifies that the measurement thread has been created.

This function sets the status of thread creation to True.

**Returns**

None

**changeFunction()**

Updates the parameter values in the UI based on the selected function in the functionComboBox.

This function checks the current fitting function (e.g., “ExpDecay”, “Kohlrausch”, “ShiftedExponential”, or “DoubleExponential”) and updates the parameter labels accordingly. If the parameters have already been calculated, it will display the values along with their uncertainties and units. If the parameters are not available, it sets the values to “Undefined”.

Variables assignment: - Parameters like “I0”, “tau0”, “Beta”, “alpha”, “b”, “R^2”, and their respective uncertainties are assigned using *insertParameters()* based on the fitting model. - Units are assigned through the *self.units* attribute for certain parameters (e.g., tau0).

Behavior by function: - ExpDecay: Updates *I0*, *tau0*, and  $R^2$ . - Kohlrausch: Updates *I0*, *tau0*, *Beta*, and  $R^2$ . - ShiftedExponential: Updates *I0*, *tau0*, *alpha*, *b*, and  $R^2$ . - DoubleExponential: Updates *I0*, *tau0*, *tau1*, *alpha*, and  $R^2$ .

**Returns**

None

**changeStatusColor(*color*)**

Changes the color of the point in the status bar. Each color is assigned a specific numeric value.

**Parameters**

**color** – The numeric value corresponding to the desired color (int). - 0: Gray - 1: Green - 2: Yellow - 3: Orange

**Returns**

None

**changeStatusLabel(*textValue*)**

Changes the text of the status label.

**Parameters**

**textValue** – The text to set for the status label (str).

**Returns**

None

**checkDeviceStatus()**

Verifies the device’s operational status by attempting to read its identification.

This function performs the following actions: - Attempts to read the identification from the device to ensure it is functioning correctly. - If the read operation fails, it stops any running worker thread and disconnects the device from the serial port. - Displays an error message indicating that the connection with the device has been lost.

**Returns**

None

**clearGraphic()**

Clears the measured data and time lists when a measurement is in progress and also clears the graphic by executing the worker's clear function.

**Returns**

None

**connectedDevice(device)**

Configures the UI options when the Tempico device is connected.

This function enables and disables the appropriate buttons and starts the timer to monitor the device status.  
- Enables the disconnect button and disables the connect button. - Starts a status timer with a 500 ms interval. - Assigns the connected device to the class attribute and enables the start button.

**Parameters**

**device** – The connected Tempico device.

**Returns**

None

**disconnectedDevice()**

Configures the UI options when the Tempico device is disconnected.

This function disables and enables the appropriate buttons and stops the timer that monitors the device status. - Disables the disconnect button and enables the connect button. - Stops the status timer. - Disables the start button.

**Returns**

None

**double\_Exponential(*t, I0, tau0, tau1, alpha*)**

Computes the value of a double exponential decay function.

This function calculates the value of a double exponential decay function using the given parameters: time *t*, initial value *I0*, decay constants *tau0* and *tau1*, and mixing parameter *alpha*.

Variables assignment: - The computed value is returned directly and not assigned to any variable within the function.

**Parameters**

- **t** – The time at which to evaluate the function (float).
- **I0** – The initial value of the exponential function (float).
- **tau0** – The first decay constant (float).
- **tau1** – The second decay constant (float).
- **alpha** – The mixing parameter that determines the contribution of the first decay (float).

**Returns**

The value of the double exponential decay function at time *t*.

**Return type**

float

**enableAfterFinisihThread()**

Executes when a measurement ends, either by pressing the stop button or when it has naturally finished. Re-enables the buttons, combo boxes, and fields necessary for a new measurement or for saving data. Resets the default parameters for the settings.

**Returns**

None

**exp\_decay(*t*, *I0*, *tau0*)**

Computes the value of an exponential decay function.

This function calculates the value of the exponential decay function using the given parameters for time *t*, initial value *I0*, and decay constant *tau0*.

Variables assignment: - The computed value is returned directly and not assigned to any variable within the function.

**Parameters**

- **t** – The time at which to evaluate the function (float).
- **I0** – The initial value of the exponential function (float).
- **tau0** – The decay constant (float).

**Returns**

The value of the exponential decay function at time *t*.

**Return type**

float

**finishedThreadMeasurement()**

Executes when the measurement thread finishes.

This function enables the UI components related to new measurements and resets the settings to default.

**Returns**

None

**fitDoubleExponential(*xData*, *yData*)**

Fits a double exponential decay model to the provided data.

This function fits a double exponential decay model to the given *xData* and *yData* using the initial guesses for the parameters (*I0*, *tau0*, *tau1*, *alpha*). If the fit is successful, it updates the corresponding values for each parameter and plots the fitted curve. If the fit fails, a warning message is displayed to the user.

Variables assignment: - *self.FitCov*: Stores the covariance values for *I0*, *tau0*, *tau1*, and *alpha*, or “nan” if not calculable. - *self.xDataFitCopy*: Stores a copy of the *xData* for the fitted curve. - *self.yDataFitCopy*: Stores the computed y-values for the fitted curve. - *self.R2*: Stores the calculated  $R^2$  value for the fit. - *self.curveFit*: Updates the plot with the fitted curve data.

**Parameters**

- **xData** – The x-axis data points (array-like).
- **yData** – The y-axis data points (array-like).

**Returns**

Tuple (*I0\_opt*, *tau0\_opt*, *tau1\_opt*, *alpha\_opt*) containing the fitted values of *I0*, *tau0*, *tau1*, and *alpha*, or (“Undefined”, “Undefined”, “Undefined”, “Undefined”) if fitting fails.

**Return type**

tuple(float, float, float, float) or tuple(str, str, str, str)

**fitExpDecay**(*xData*, *yData*)

Calculates the exponential decay fit for the given data.

This function attempts to fit an exponential decay model to the provided *xData* and *yData*. If successful, the optimal parameters (I0, tau0) are used to update the respective labels in the parameters table along with their uncertainties (covariance), and the fitted curve is plotted. If the fit cannot be performed, it alerts the user via a message box.

Variables assignment: - *self.FitCov*: Contains the covariance values for I0 and tau0, or “nan” if not calculable. - *self.xDataFitCopy*: Stores a copy of the *xData* for the fitted curve. - *self.yDataFitCopy*: Stores the computed y-values for the fitted curve. - *self.R2*: Stores the calculated  $R^2$  value for the fit. - *self.curveFit*: Updates the plot with the fitted curve data.

**Parameters**

- **xData** – The x-axis data points (array-like).
- **yData** – The y-axis data points (array-like).

**Returns**

Tuple (I0\_opt, tau0\_opt) containing the fitted values of I0 and tau0, or (“Undefined”, “Undefined”) if fitting fails.

**Return type**

tuple(float, float) or tuple(str, str)

**fitKohlrauschFit**(*xData*, *yData*)

Calculates the Kohlrausch fit for the given data.

This function attempts to fit a Kohlrausch (stretched exponential) model to the provided *xData* and *yData*. If successful, the optimal parameters (I0, tau0, Beta) are used to update the respective labels in the parameters table along with their uncertainties (covariance), and the fitted curve is plotted. If the fit cannot be performed, it alerts the user via a message box.

Variables assignment: - *self.FitCov*: Contains the covariance values for I0, tau0, and Beta, or “nan” if not calculable. - *self.xDataFitCopy*: Stores a copy of the *xData* for the fitted curve. - *self.yDataFitCopy*: Stores the computed y-values for the fitted curve. - *self.R2*: Stores the calculated  $R^2$  value for the fit. - *self.curveFit*: Updates the plot with the fitted curve data.

**Parameters**

- **xData** – The x-axis data points (array-like).
- **yData** – The y-axis data points (array-like).

**Returns**

Tuple (I0\_opt, tau0\_opt, beta\_opt) containing the fitted values of I0, tau0, and Beta, or (“Undefined”, “Undefined”, “Undefined”) if fitting fails.

**Return type**

tuple(float, float, float) or tuple(str, str, str)

**fitShiiftedExponential**(*xData*, *yData*)

Fits a shifted exponential decay model to the provided data.

This function fits a shifted exponential decay model to the given *xData* and *yData* using the initial guesses for the parameters (I0, tau0, alpha, b). If the fit is successful, it updates the corresponding values for each parameter and plots the fitted curve. If the fit fails, a warning message is displayed to the user.

Variables assignment: - *self.FitCov*: Stores the covariance values for I0, tau0, alpha, and b, or “nan” if not calculable. - *self.xDataFitCopy*: Stores a copy of the *xData* for the fitted curve. - *self.yDataFitCopy*:

Stores the computed y-values for the fitted curve. - *self.R2*: Stores the calculated  $R^2$  value for the fit. - *self.curveFit*: Updates the plot with the fitted curve data.

#### Parameters

- **xData** – The x-axis data points (array-like).
- **yData** – The y-axis data points (array-like).

#### Returns

Tuple (I0\_opt, tau0\_opt, alpha\_opt, b\_opt) containing the fitted values of I0, tau0, alpha, and b, or (“Undefined”, “Undefined”, “Undefined”, “Undefined”) if fitting fails.

#### Return type

tuple(float, float, float, float) or tuple(str, str, str, str)

### getTempicoChannel()

Assigns the Tempico device channels based on the selected values from the combo boxes. The selected start and stop channels are assigned to the variables *currentStartChannel* and *currentStopChannel*, respectively. It also enables the corresponding channels.

#### Returns

None

### getUnits(value)

Receives a numerical value in picoseconds (ps) and returns a list with two values: the appropriate units for the value and a number indicating by how much to divide the value for conversion.

#### Parameters

**value** – The numerical value in picoseconds to convert.

#### Returns

A list containing the appropriate unit as a string and a number indicating the divisor for conversion.

### indexChangeStartChannel()

Verifies that the options of the start and stop combo boxes are not the same when the start combo box is changed. If they are the same, it reverts to the previously selected option.

#### Returns

None

### indexChangeStopChannel()

Verifies that the options of the start and stop combo boxes are not the same when the stop combo box is changed. If they are the same, it reverts to the previously selected option.

#### Returns

None

### initialParametersDialog()

Displays a dialog for selecting initial parameters for fitting functions.

This dialog allows the user to select a type of fitting function and input the corresponding parameters. The parameters that can be set include: - I0 (initial value) - tau0 (decay constant) - beta (for Kohlrausch fit) - alpha (for Shifted Exponential fit) - b (for Shifted Exponential fit)

The dialog contains a ComboBox to select the function type, and the input fields dynamically update based on the selected function. It includes “Apply” and “Reset” buttons to apply changes or revert to default values.

Variables assignment: - The input values from the dialog are assigned to respective attributes, but are not directly returned.

**Returns**

None

**insertParameters**(*index, Parameter, Value, Cov, Units*)

Inserts the parameter values into the fitting table at the specified row.

This function updates the table used for displaying the fitted parameters by inserting the parameter name, its value, the covariance (uncertainty), and the units in the specified row of the table.

Variables assignment: - The parameter name is assigned to the first column of the specified row (*index*). - The value of the parameter is assigned to the second column. - The covariance of the parameter is assigned to the third column. - The units of the parameter are assigned to the fourth column.

**Parameters**

- **index** – The row index where the values will be inserted (int).
- **Parameter** – The name of the parameter to be displayed (str).
- **Value** – The value of the parameter to be displayed (str).
- **Cov** – The covariance (uncertainty) of the parameter (str).
- **Units** – The units of the parameter (str).

**Returns**

None

**kohl\_decay**(*t, I0, tau0, beta*)

Computes the value of a Kohlrausch (stretched exponential) decay function.

This function calculates the value of the stretched exponential (Kohlrausch) decay function using the given parameters: time *t*, initial value *I0*, decay constant *tau0*, and stretching parameter *beta*.

Variables assignment: - The computed value is returned directly and not assigned to any variable within the function.

**Parameters**

- **t** – The time at which to evaluate the function (float).
- **I0** – The initial value of the exponential function (float).
- **tau0** – The decay constant (float).
- **beta** – The stretching exponent, controlling the deviation from a simple exponential decay (float).

**Returns**

The value of the stretched exponential decay function at time *t*.

**Return type**

float

**maxRound**(*string*)

Determines the number of decimal places needed for at least three significant figures.

**Parameters**

- **string** – The number as a string (str).

**Returns**

Number of decimal places (int).

**resetInitialDialog()**

Resets the initial parameters in the dialog based on the measured data.

This function is called when the user clicks the “Default Values” button in the parameter dialog. It resets the initial parameters to sensible defaults derived from the measured data. The following resets occur based on the selected fitting function:

- **For Exponential fit:**
  - I0 is set to the maximum value of measured data.
  - tau0 is set to the mean of measured time.
- **For Kohlrausch fit:**
  - I0 is set to the maximum value of measured data.
  - tau0 is set to the mean of measured time.
  - beta is set to 1.0 (default value).
- **For Shifted Exponential fit:**
  - I0 is set to the maximum value of measured data.
  - tau0 is set to the mean of measured time.
  - alpha is set to 0 (default value).
  - b is set to 0 (default value).
- **For Double Exponential fit:**
  - I0 is set to the maximum value of measured data.
  - tau0 is set to the mean of measured time.
  - alpha is set to 0 (default value).
  - tau1 is set to the mean of measured time.

The corresponding input fields in the dialog are updated with these new values. Flags indicating that the initial parameters have not changed are also reset to False for the relevant fit type.

**Returns**

None

**resetParametersLabels()**

Resets all the fit parameters to ‘Undefined’ and clears the current fit type.

This function sets the list *FitParameters* to contain “Undefined” values for all parameters and clears *currentFit*. Additionally, it resets the *R2* value to “Undefined”. Depending on the selected fit type in *functionComboBox*, the respective parameter labels in the table are updated to reflect “Undefined” values.

Variables assignment: - *FitParameters* is reset to a list of “Undefined”. - *currentFit* is cleared to an empty string. - *R2* is reset to “Undefined”. - The *insertParameters* method is used to update the table with “Undefined” values for each parameter based on the selected function in *functionComboBox*.

**Returns**

None

**roundStringPCov(number)**

Converts a number to a string representation in scientific notation with two decimal places.

**Parameters**

**number** – The input number (float).

**Returns**

String representation in scientific notation (str).

**saveFLIMData()**

Saves the data in the selected format (TXT, CSV, or DAT) based on the user's choice.

**Returns**

None

**saveMode()**

Saves the current modes of the channels before starting a measurement. The modes are stored in the variables *oldChannelA*, *oldChannelB*, *oldChannelC*, and *oldChannelD*, allowing for restoration to the original settings after the measurement.

**Returns**

None

**savePlotFLIM()**

Saves the graph image in the specified format (PNG, TIFF, or JPG) based on the user's selection. :return: None

**setOldMode()**

Restores the modes of the channels after a measurement is completed. The channels are set to their previous modes stored in *oldChannelA*, *oldChannelB*, *oldChannelC*, and *oldChannelD*.

**Returns**

None

**shifted\_decay\_function(*t*, *I0*, *tau0*, *alpha*, *b*)**

Computes the value of a shifted exponential decay function.

This function calculates the value of a shifted exponential decay function using the given parameters: time *t*, initial value *I0*, decay constant *tau0*, shift parameter *alpha*, and constant offset *b*.

Variables assignment: - The computed value is returned directly and not assigned to any variable within the function.

**Parameters**

- **t** – The time at which to evaluate the function (float).
- **I0** – The initial value of the exponential function (float).
- **tau0** – The decay constant (float).
- **alpha** – The shift parameter, determining the horizontal shift of the decay function (float).
- **b** – The constant offset added to the decay function (float).

**Returns**

The value of the shifted exponential decay function at time *t*.

**Return type**

float

**startMeasurement()**

Initiates the measurement process by clearing previous data, resetting the UI, and starting a new measurement thread.

This function performs several actions to prepare for and start a new measurement: - Stops the status timer and disables/enables relevant buttons. - Clears previous graph data and resets parameter labels. - Saves the current channel modes and resets save parameters. - Updates the status label and color to indicate a running



measurement. - Clears previously measured data and time, resetting the plot. - Retrieves the selected channels and initializes a new measurement thread with the selected parameters. - Connects signals from the worker thread to corresponding slots in the main thread for UI updates.

**Returns**

None

**startTimer()**

Starts the timer that triggers the `update_timer` function every second.

This function initiates the timer for the ongoing measurement, allowing the `update_timer` function to be executed at one-second intervals.

**Returns**

None

**stopMeasurement()**

Stops the measurement thread if it is created and executes the function `enableAfterFinishedThread()` if the thread is not created.

**Returns**

None

**stopTimer()**

Stops the timer that triggers the `update_timer` function.

This function halts the timer responsible for updating the measurement time and sets the `totalTime` label to indicate that no measurement is currently running.

**Returns**

None

**timeRangeValue()**

Converts the value from the `timeRange` label to picoseconds (ps).

**Returns**

float The value converted to picoseconds.

**updateLabel(*units*)**

Updates the label of the x-axis in the graph with the correct units for the data.

This function takes the units as a string and updates the x-axis label accordingly.

**Parameters**

**units** – The units to be displayed on the x-axis label (str).

**Returns**

None

**updateLabels(*totalMeasurements*, *totalStarts*)**

Updates the labels for total measurements and total starts with the given values.

This function sets the text of the `totalMeasurements` and `totalStart` labels according to the parameters provided.

**Parameters**

- **totalMeasurements** – The text to set for the total measurements label (str).
- **totalStarts** – The text to set for the total starts label (str).

**Returns**

None

**updateMeasurement** (*listOfNewValues*, *domainMeasurement*)

Updates the measured data and time with new values and refreshes the graph.

This function receives a new list of values representing counts and their corresponding update times, assigning them to the variables `measuredData` and `measuredTime`, and updates the graph accordingly.

**Parameters**

- **listOfNewValues** – The new list of measurement values (list).
- **domainMeasurement** – The list of times corresponding to the measurement values (list).

**Returns**

None

**update\_timer()**

Updates the timer for the ongoing measurement by adding one second.

This function increments the time variable by one second and updates the `totalTime` label to reflect the new time.

**Returns**

None

**class** FLIMGraphics.**WorkerThreadFLIM**(*deviceStartChannel*, *deviceStopChannel*, *binwidthText*,  
*numberMeasurements*, *device*, *TimeRange*)

Bases: `QThread`

Worker thread for handling FLIM (Fluorescence Lifetime Measurement) processing in a separate thread to ensure that the GUI remains responsive during measurements.

This class performs the measurement tasks in the background, processes the data, and communicates with the main thread to update the GUI with the measurement status, results, and other relevant information.

**Signals:**

- **createdSignal**: Signal emitted when the worker thread is created.
- **statusSignal**: Signal emitted to update the status message in the GUI.
- **pointSignal**: Signal emitted to update the current measurement point.
- **updateValues**: Signal emitted to update measurement values and corresponding times.
- **updateLabel**: Signal emitted to update a specific label in the GUI.
- **updateMeasurementsLabel**: Signal emitted to update the label showing the number of measurements taken.

**Parameters**

- **deviceStartChannel** – The start channel of the Tempico device used for measurement (`TempicoChannel`).
- **deviceStopChannel** – The stop channel of the Tempico device used for measurement (`TempicoChannel`).
- **binwidthText** – The selected bin width for the measurement (str).
- **numberMeasurements** – The number of measurements to be taken (int).
- **device** – The Tempico device used for performing measurements (`Tempico`).
- **TimeRange** – The time range for the measurements (int).

**Returns**

None

**checkDeviceStatus()**

Checks the status of the device by attempting to read a parameter.

If an error occurs during the read operation, the measurement process is stopped.

**Returns**

None

**clear()**

Clears the recorded start-stop differences and resets the total measurement count.

This function empties the list that stores the differences between start and stop measurements, and sets the total number of measurements back to zero.

**Returns**

None

**createFLIMData()**

Generates FLIM data from the start-stop differences and emits the calculated results to the main thread.

Processes the collected data to determine the number of counts within a given time based on the maximum value of start-stop differences. Normalizes the data according to the determined units and calculates the histogram counts.

**Returns**

None

**createdSignal****getBinWidthNumber()**

Calculates the bin width in picoseconds based on user input in different units.

Extracts the numerical value and its corresponding unit from the user-provided text, and converts it into picoseconds for further calculations.

**Returns**

None

**getUnits(*picosecondsValue*)**

Determines the appropriate units for a given value in picoseconds.

Converts a given value in picoseconds to the most suitable time unit (picoseconds, nanoseconds, microseconds, or milliseconds).

**Parameters**

**picosecondsValue** – The value in picoseconds (float).

**Returns**

A list containing the unit as a string and the factor by which to divide the value (list).

**measurementMode()**

Sets the measurement mode for the device channels based on the specified time range.

If the time range is less than or equal to 500000 ps, sets all channels to mode 1. Otherwise, sets all channels to mode 2.

**Parameters**

**self** – The instance of the class.

**Returns**

None

**pointSignal**

**run()**

Runs the measurement thread, continuously taking measurements based on user-selected values and passing them to the graphs.

**Returns**

None

**staticMetaObject** = <PySide2.QtCore.QMetaObject object>

**statusSignal**

**stop()**

Stops the measurement process by setting the running flag to False.

Emits a status message indicating that the measurement is ending and updates the status bar color to yellow.

**Returns**

None

**takeMeasurements**(*percentage*)

Takes measurements from the device and updates the start-stop differences list.

Configures the device for measurement runs and checks the input and stop channels for data. If no measurements are detected, emits a status signal to update the main thread about the current measurement state.

**Parameters**

**percentage** – The percentage of measurement completion (float).

**Returns**

None

**updateLabel**

**updateMeasurementsLabel**

**updateValues**

## STARTSTOPHIST MODULE

```
class StartStopHist.StartStopLogic(parent, disconnect, device, check1, check2, check3, check4, startbutton,
                                   stopbutton, savebutton, save_graph_1, clear_channel_A,
                                   clear_channel_B, clear_channel_C, clear_channel_D, connect,
                                   mainWindow, statusValue, statusPoint, *args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: object

This class handles the functionality for managing buttons, checkboxes, and graphs for histograms related to the Start-Stop measurements. It controls which channels are active, manages the display of histograms, and records the data from the Tempico device based on the user's interactions. It also handles the zooming feature for creating bars according to the time range received from the device.

### Parameters

- **parent** – The parent QWindow for the logic.
- **disconnect** – The QPushButton used to disconnect.
- **device** – The Tempico device class that handles the measurements.
- **check4** (*check1, check2, check3,*) – QCheckBoxes that control the visibility of each histogram.
- **stopbutton** (*startbutton,*) – QPushButtons to start and stop the measurement process.
- **save\_graph\_1** (*savebutton,*) – QPushButtons to save data and save the graph.
- **clear\_channel\_D** (*clear\_channel\_A, clear\_channel\_B, clear\_channel\_C,*) – QPushButtons to clear data for each respective channel.
- **connect** – QPushButton to connect to the Tempico device.
- **mainWindow** – The main window (QWindow) for the GUI.
- **statusPoint** (*statusValue,*) – QLabel widgets for displaying status information (e.g., values and points).

### autoRangeA()

Automatically adjusts the zoom level of channel A to the maximum value in the data.

The function sets a sentinel for zoom changes, checks if there are any data points in channel A, and if so, finds the maximum value. It then calls the `changeZoomMax` function to adjust the zoom accordingly.

### Returns

None

### autoRangeB()

Automatically adjusts the zoom level of channel B to the maximum value in the data.

The function sets a sentinel for zoom changes, checks if there are any data points in channel B, and if so, finds the maximum value. It then calls the `changeZoomMax` function to adjust the zoom accordingly.

**Returns**

None

**autoRangeC()**

Automatically adjusts the zoom level of channel C to the maximum value in the data.

The function sets a sentinel for zoom changes, checks if there are any data points in channel C, and if so, finds the maximum value. It then calls the `changeZoomMax` function to adjust the zoom accordingly.

**Returns**

None

**autoRangeD()**

Automatically adjusts the zoom level of channel D to the maximum value in the data.

The function sets a sentinel for zoom changes, checks if there are any data points in channel D, and if so, finds the maximum value. It then calls the `changeZoomMax` function to adjust the zoom accordingly.

**Returns**

None

**changeColorThread(*color*)****changeStatusColor(*color*)**

Changes the color of the status point in the status bar based on the input value.

This method updates the status point's color by drawing a filled circle with the specified color. The mapping of numerical values to colors is as follows: - 0: Gray - 1: Green - 2: Yellow - 3: Orange

**Parameters**

**color** – A numerical value representing the desired color (int). 0 for gray, 1 for green, 2 for yellow, 3 for orange.

**Returns**

None

**changeStatusThread(*newText*)**

Updates the text displayed in the status bar.

This method sets the status value text to the specified new text, reflecting the current status or information relevant to the user.

**Parameters**

**newText** – The text to display in the status bar (str).

**Returns**

None

**changeZoomMax(*newMaxValue*, *channel*)**

Automatically adjusts the zoom level of the plot to the maximum value found.

The function sets the x-axis range of the specified channel's plot to [0, `newMaxValue`]. It considers whether measurements have been taken and limits the zoom change based on the sentinel zoom change counters.

**Parameters**

- **newMaxValue** – The new maximum value for the zoom range (float).
- **channel** – The channel to which the zoom change applies (str). Expected values are 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D'.

**Returns**

None

**clear\_a()**

Clears the lists containing measured data for channel A by resetting them to empty lists.

**Returns**

None

**clear\_b()**

Clears the lists containing measured data for channel B by resetting them to empty lists.

**Returns**

None

**clear\_c()**

Clears the lists containing measured data for channel C by resetting them to empty lists.

**Returns**

None

**clear\_d()**

Clears the lists containing measured data for channel D by resetting them to empty lists.

**Returns**

None

**createDialog()**

Creates a dialog box to notify the user when the connection with the device has been lost.

This method displays a critical error message box indicating that the connection with the device has been lost. It also stops any ongoing graphic updates, hides relevant graphics, and disables the disconnect button while enabling the connect button.

**Returns**

None

**create\_graphs()**

Creates histograms and plots for the selected channels (A, B, C, D) and arranges them on the GUI.

This function initializes the graphical components and assigns the appropriate properties to the plots based on the selected channels. It also manages the layout of the graphs, resizing them according to the number of selected channels (1, 2, 3, or 4). After setting up the graphical components, the function starts a worker thread that handles the measurement process in parallel with the GUI thread, ensuring the UI remains responsive.

**Returns**

None

**dialogChangeMode(channel)**

Opens a dialog box to ask the user if they want to change the mode for the selected channel.

The dialog informs the user that the collected data for the specified channel falls mostly outside the reliable range of mode 1 and prompts them to switch to mode 2. If the user confirms, the function updates the mode and processes the data accordingly.

**Parameters**

**channel** – The channel for which to change the mode (str). Expected values are ‘channel A’, ‘channel B’, ‘channel C’, or ‘channel D’.

**Returns**

None

**hide\_graphic2()**

Disables the start and stop buttons in the graphical interface.

This function is typically used to prevent user interaction during certain operations.

**Returns**

None

**save\_graphic()**

Saves the current data according to the selected format specified in the dialog box.

The function starts by retrieving the default histogram name and the current date, which is formatted to create a unique filename. It then initializes lists to hold filenames, data, settings, and column names for the saved files.

A dialog box is displayed for the user to select the desired file format (txt, csv, or dat) for saving the data. Once the user accepts the selection, the function checks if the selected format has already been saved before.

If the selected format has not been saved, it collects data from the various channels (A, B, C, D) if their corresponding sentinel variables indicate they should be saved. It retrieves the average cycles, mode, number of stops, stop edge, and stop mask for each channel to include in the settings. The function then attempts to save the collected data in the specified format.

If the save operation is successful, a message box is displayed, confirming the successful save and showing the folder path and file names. If an error occurs during the save process, an error message box is shown.

If the selected format has already been saved, a message box is displayed with the previous save information.

**Returns**

None

**save\_plots()**

Saves the current plots in the selected image format.

This method opens a dialog for the user to select an image format (PNG, TIFF, or JPG) and saves the plots for channels A, B, C, and D if their respective flags are set to True. The plots are saved with a timestamp in the specified format in the default folder path.

**Returns**

None

**show\_graphic(device\_new)**

Sets the device and its channels, enabling the start button for measurement.

**Parameters**

**device\_new** – The new device to be set (DeviceType).

**Returns**

None

**start\_graphic()**

Starts the graphical representation of the measurement based on the selected channels.

If no channels are selected, it prompts the user to select at least one channel before proceeding. It also disables certain buttons to prevent interaction during the measurement process.

**Returns**

None



**stop\_graphic()**

Enables the functions to initiate a new measurement while disabling the buttons to clear graphs. It also updates the status bar text and color.

**Returns**

None

**threadComplete()**

Handles the completion of the measurement thread by enabling the ability to switch between windows. It also calls the stop\_graphic() function to update the UI accordingly.

**Returns**

None

**threadRunning(*status*)**

Updates the thread creation status.

This method sets the threadCreatedSentinel attribute to indicate whether a thread has been created based on the provided status value.

**Parameters**

**status** – The status indicating whether a thread has been created (int). Use 0 to indicate that the thread has been created, and 1 to indicate that it has not.

**Returns**

None

**updateDataPure(*value, channel*)**

Updates the raw data values for the specified channel.

This method appends the new raw value (in picoseconds) to the list of data for the specified channel (A, B, C, or D).

**Parameters**

- **value** – The raw data value to append to the data list (float or int). This value is in picoseconds.
- **channel** – The channel identifier for which the value is to be updated (str). Accepted values are “A”, “B”, “C”, and “D”.

**Returns**

None

**updateSignal(*value, channel*)**

Updates the normalized data values for the specified channel and refreshes the corresponding histogram.

This method appends the new value to the list of normalized data for the specified channel (A, B, C, or D) and calls the update\_histogram method to refresh the histogram with the updated data.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The normalized value to append to the data list (float or int).
- **channel** – The channel identifier for which the value is to be updated (str). Accepted values are “A”, “B”, “C”, and “D”.

**Returns**

None

**update\_histogram**(*data*, *curve*, *indexChannel*)

Calculates and updates the histogram for the specified channel based on the measured data.

The function first checks the selected channel (A, B, C, or D) and retrieves the current view range from the corresponding view box. It then creates bins for the histogram based on this range, using a total of 61 bins.

Finally, it computes the histogram of the provided data and updates the specified curve in the plot with the histogram values.

**Parameters**

- **data** – The measured data used to calculate the histogram (list).
- **curve** – The curve item from the plot in PyQt5 with PyQtGraph that corresponds to the channel (PlotCurveItem).
- **indexChannel** – The identifier of the channel for the histogram, which can be “A”, “B”, “C”, or “D” (str).

**Returns**

None

**zoom\_changedA()**

Automatically calculates and updates the histogram for channel A when the user zooms in on the corresponding graph.

The function checks if the zoom was triggered by code or user action. If it was triggered by the user, it increments the sentinel for zoom changes. It then retrieves the current x-range from the view box for channel A and computes the bin width for the histogram.

Next, it creates 61 bins based on the x-range and calculates the histogram using the measured data. The histogram data is then used to update the curve item for channel A in the plot.

**Param**

None

**Returns**

None

**zoom\_changedB()**

Automatically calculates and updates the histogram for channel B when the user zooms in on the corresponding graph.

The function checks if the zoom was triggered by code or user action. If it was triggered by the user, it increments the sentinel for zoom changes. It then retrieves the current x-range from the view box for channel B and computes the bin width for the histogram.

Next, it creates 61 bins based on the x-range and calculates the histogram using the measured data. The histogram data is then used to update the curve item for channel B in the plot.

**Param**

None

**Returns**

None

**zoom\_changedC()**

Automatically calculates and updates the histogram for channel C when the user zooms in on the corresponding graph.

The function checks if the zoom was triggered by code or user action. If it was triggered by the user, it increments the sentinel for zoom changes. It then retrieves the current x-range from the view box for channel C and computes the bin width for the histogram.

Next, it creates 61 bins based on the x-range and calculates the histogram using the measured data. The histogram data is then used to update the curve item for channel C in the plot.

**Param**

None

**Returns**

None

**zoom\_changedD()**

Automatically calculates and updates the histogram for channel D when the user zooms in on the corresponding graph.

The function checks if the zoom was triggered by code or user action. If it was triggered by the user, it increments the sentinel for zoom changes. It then retrieves the current x-range from the view box for channel D and computes the bin width for the histogram.

Next, it creates 61 bins based on the x-range and calculates the histogram using the measured data. The histogram data is then used to update the curve item for channel D in the plot.

**Param**

None

**Returns**

None

**class** StartStopHist.**WorkerThreadStartStopHistogram**(*parent, device, sentinelSaveA, sentinelSaveB, sentinelSaveC, sentinelSaveD*)

Bases: QThread

This class represents a worker thread that processes Start-Stop measurements in a separate thread to avoid blocking the main GUI thread. It handles data collection from the Tempico device, processes the data, and emits signals to update the GUI with the results.

**Parameters**

- **parent** – The parent QWindow of the thread.
- **device** – The Tempico device class that handles the measurements.
- **sentinelSaveD** (*sentinelSaveA, sentinelSaveB, sentinelSaveC,*) – Boolean flags that determine if data for each channel should be saved.

**addChannelWarning**(*channel*)

Adds the specified channel to the list of channels that need to change mode.

**Parameters**

**channel** – The channel to be added to the warning list (str).

**Returns**

None

**changeMaxValue**(*channel, valueMax*)

Changes the maximum value for the specified channel.

**Parameters**

- **channel** – The channel for which the maximum value is to be changed (str).
- **valueMax** – The new maximum value to be set (float).

**Returns**

None

**colorValue**

**dataPureSignal**

**dataSignal**

**dialogInit**

**dialogIsOpen()**

Sets the 'openDialog' sentinel to False, indicating that no dialog is open.

**Returns**

None

**dialogSignal**

**getNewData**(*channel*, *channelIndex*, *stopNumber*)

Performs multiple measurements on the device, averages the results, and emits the corresponding data. If no data is available, it emits None. Increments the total number of measurements taken and activates sentinels to indicate whether the device is actively collecting data.

**Parameters**

- **channel** – The device channel used for measurements (Channel).
- **channelIndex** – The index of the channel, which can be 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D' (str).
- **stopNumber** – The stop number to obtain the corresponding measurement (int).

**Returns**

The average measurement in milliseconds if data is available; otherwise, returns None (float or None).

**newMaxValueSignal**

**run()**

Executes the thread's main loop to update the graph based on measurements.

The function emits a signal indicating that the thread has been created. It then enters a loop that continues as long as the thread is running. Inside the loop, it calls the update method to refresh the graph and pauses for 0.5 seconds before the next iteration.

**Returns**

None

**staticMetaObject** = <PySide2.QtCore.QMetaObject object>

**stop()**

Stops the measurement process and closes the thread.

This method emits a signal to indicate that the thread has been stopped and sets the running flag to False.

**Returns**

None

**stringValue**

**threadCreated**

**update()**

Performs measurements and updates the graph with the new data.

The function verifies the device connection and retrieves measurements for each channel (A, B, C, D). It checks if the majority of measurements are out of range when in mode 1. If so, it emits a signal to open a dialog box asking the user if they want to change the mode. If there are no measurements, the function prioritizes the alert to change mode. Otherwise, it emits the measurement value to update the graph.

**Returns**

None



## ABOUTDIALOG MODULE

**class** `aboutDialog.Ui_AboutDialog`

Bases: `object`

**acceptButton()**

**open\_link**(*url*)

Opens a specified URL in the default web browser.

This function is triggered when a link is clicked and opens the provided URL using the system's default web browser.

**Parameters**

**link** (*str*) – The URL to be opened.

**Returns**

None

**setupUi**(*AboutDialog*)





## CREATESAVEFILE MODULE

**class** createsavefile.**createsavefile**

Bases: object

**check\_folder\_and\_file()**

Checks whether the folder 'TempicoSoftwareData' and the file 'data\_constants.txt' exist in the user's 'Documents' directory.

The function constructs the paths for both the folder and the file, and checks if both exist: - Folder path: <Documents>/TempicoSoftwareData - File name: data\_constants.txt

If both the folder and the file exist, the function returns True. Otherwise, it returns False.

**Returns**

bool: True if the folder and file exist, False otherwise.

**create\_folder()**

Checks if the specified folder and file already exist. If they do exist, it creates the folder and file by calling the 'create\_folder\_and\_file' function.

**Returns**

None

**create\_folder\_and\_file()**

Creates a folder named 'TempicoSoftwareData' inside the user's 'Documents' directory, and creates a file named 'data\_constants.txt' (or '.data\_constants.txt' on Unix-based systems) inside that folder. The file is populated with predefined default values for histogram and data names. The file is hidden depending on the operating system.

The folder and file are created with the following details: - Folder path: <Documents>/TempicoSoftwareData - File name: data\_constants.txt (or '.data\_constants.txt' for Unix-based systems) - The file contains the following default data: - Folder Path - Default Histogram Name - Default g2 Name - Default Lifetime Name

In case of a Windows system, the file is made hidden using the Windows API. For Unix-based systems (Linux, macOS), the file is renamed to be hidden by adding a dot('.') before the filename.

**Raises**

**OSError** – If an error occurs during folder or file creation, or when accessing the filesystem.

**Returns**

None

**read\_default\_data()**

Reads the default data from the file 'data\_constants.txt' located in the 'TempicoSoftwareData' folder inside the user's 'Documents' directory.

This function attempts to read the file line by line and extracts key-value pairs formatted as “key: value”. The first line, which contains the folder path, is processed separately. The extracted key-value pairs are stored in a dictionary, which is returned as the output.

If the file is not found or an error occurs while reading the file, the function returns None.

**Returns**

dict or None: A dictionary containing the data from the file, or None if an error occurred.

**save\_FLIM\_data**(*data, file\_name, folder\_path, settings, extension, textLabel*)

Saves FLIM data (time and FLIM values) into a text file in a specified folder. The function ensures that the provided time and FLIM values have the same length and writes them into a file along with specified settings and a label for the FLIM values.

The file is saved in the specified folder path, with the provided file name and extension.

**Parameters**

- **data** – A tuple where the first element is a list of time values and the second element is a list of corresponding FLIM values (tuple of lists).
- **file\_name** – The name of the output file (str).
- **folder\_path** – The path to the folder where the file will be saved (str).
- **settings** – A string representing the settings to be written in the first line of the file (str).
- **extension** – The file extension for the output file (str).
- **textLabel** – A label to be written before the FLIM values in the file (str).

**Raises**

**ValueError** – If the lengths of the time and FLIM value lists do not match.

**Returns**

None

**save\_g2\_data**(*data, file\_name, folder\_path, settings, extension, textLabel*)

Saves g2 data (tau and g2 values) into a text file in a specified folder. The function ensures that the provided tau and g2 values have the same length and writes them into a file along with specified settings and a label for the g2 values.

The file is saved in the specified folder path, with the provided file name and extension.

**Parameters**

- **data** – A tuple where the first element is a list of tau values and the second element is a list of corresponding g2 values (tuple of lists).
- **file\_name** – The name of the output file (str).
- **folder\_path** – The path to the folder where the file will be saved (str).
- **settings** – A string representing the settings to be written in the first line of the file (str).
- **extension** – The file extension for the output file (str).
- **textLabel** – A label to be written before the g2 values in the file (str).

**Raises**

**ValueError** – If the lengths of the tau and g2 value lists do not match.

**Returns**

None

**save\_lists\_as\_columns\_txt**(*data\_lists, file\_names, column\_names, path, settings, extension*)

Saves multiple lists of data as separate text files, where each list is written as a column in the text file. The files are saved in the specified directory with the provided file names, and the columns are named based on the given column names.

This function ensures that the specified directory exists, and raises an error if the lengths of the input lists do not match.

**Parameters**

- **data\_lists** – A list of lists, where each list contains the data to be written to a file (list).
- **file\_names** – A list of strings specifying the names of the output files (list of str).
- **column\_names** – A list of strings specifying the names of the columns in the text files (list of str).
- **path** – The directory path where the files will be saved (str).
- **settings** – A list of settings to be written as the first line in each file (list of str).
- **extension** – The file extension for the output files (str).

**Raises**

**ValueError** – If the lengths of *data\_lists*, *file\_names*, and *column\_names* do not match.

**Returns**

None



## FINDDEVICES MODULE

**class findDevices.PyTempicoManager**

Bases: object

Class for managing the search and connection of Tempico devices connected to serial ports on the PC.

This class is responsible for scanning the available serial ports on the system and searching for Tempico devices connected to those ports. It facilitates interaction with Tempico devices by allowing their identification and connection.

**Parameters**

**None** – No parameters are required for the initialization of the class.

**Returns**

None

**find\_devices**(*vid\_s*, *pid\_s*)

Finds and verifies whether a device with the given VID and PID is a Tempico device.

This function takes the Vendor ID (VID) and Product ID (PID) as inputs, converts them to integers, and attempts to open the device using these values. It then checks if the manufacturer and product strings match the expected values for a Tempico device.

**Parameters**

- **vid\_s** (*str*) – The Vendor ID (VID) of the device in string format.
- **pid\_s** (*str*) – The Product ID (PID) of the device in string format.

**Returns**

*True* if the device is a Tempico, *False* otherwise.

**Return type**

bool

**get\_pytempico\_devices**()

Searches for Tempico devices among the available serial ports and returns a list of their port names.

This function scans the system's serial ports, checks if they correspond to a Tempico device by retrieving the VID and PID, and verifies if they match the Tempico device specifications. Bluetooth devices are excluded from the search.

**Returns**

A list of port names corresponding to Tempico devices.

**Return type**

list of str

**get\_vid\_pid**(*vid\_pid\_information*)

Extracts the Vendor ID (VID) and Product ID (PID) from a string and returns them as a tuple.

This function processes a string that contains the VID and PID information in the format 'VID:PID=xxxx:yyyy'. It splits the string and retrieves the VID and PID values, returning them as a tuple of strings.

**Parameters**

**vid\_pid\_information** (*str*) – A string containing the VID and PID information.

**Returns**

A tuple containing the VID and PID as strings (vid, pid).

**Return type**

tuple

**verify\_pyTempico**(*tuple\_vid\_pid*)

Verifies whether the connected device is a Tempico device.

This function checks if the device's Vendor ID (VID) and Product ID (PID) match the values corresponding to a Tempico device. It returns *True* if the device is identified as a Tempico, and *False* otherwise.

**Parameters**

**tuple\_vid\_pid** (*tuple*) – A tuple containing the VID and PID of the device.

**Returns**

*True* if the device is a Tempico, *False* otherwise.

**Return type**

bool

## GENERALSETTINGS MODULE

**class** generalsettings.GeneralSettingsWindow(*device*)

Bases: QDialog

Represents the General Settings window for the Tempico device.

This class creates a dialog window that allows users to configure general settings that affect all channels (A, B, C, D) and the start settings of the Tempico device. It provides a user interface to adjust various parameters applicable across the entire device.

**Parameters**

**device** (*object*) – The Tempico device instance that the settings will apply to.

**event** (*event*)

Handles the event when the “?” (What’s This) help button is clicked.

This function intercepts the event triggered when the user clicks the “?” button (entering What’s This mode). It exits What’s This mode immediately, changes the mouse cursor back to the arrow, and displays a help window with relevant information.

**Parameters**

**event** (*QEvent*) – The event object representing the triggered event.

**Returns**

True if the event is handled; otherwise, it passes the event to the parent class for default processing.

**Return type**

bool

**getsettings()**

Retrieves the device’s current settings, such as the number of runs and threshold voltage, and updates the corresponding values in the graphical interface.

The function fetches the number of runs and threshold voltage from the connected device, and then sets these values in the dialog’s spinbox and combobox in the user interface.

**Returns**

None

**setsettings()**

Applies the settings provided by the user to the connected device.

The function retrieves the user-defined values for the number of runs and threshold voltage from the graphical interface and sends these values to the device. After applying the settings, the function closes the settings dialog.

**Returns**

None

**showHelp()**

Displays a help dialog with information about general settings.

This function is triggered when the “?” (What’s This) help button is clicked. It creates and displays a message box containing detailed information about the general settings, including instructions for the threshold voltage and the number of runs.

The message box provides the following details: - **Threshold voltage**: Specifies the acceptable range for input values (0.60 V to 1.60 V). - **Number of runs**: Describes the number of measurements performed in each channel during one data collection.

**Returns**

None

**staticMetaObject** = <PySide2.QtCore.QMetaObject object>



## MAIN MODULE

**class** main.MainWindow(*parent=None, \*args*)

Bases: QMainWindow

Main application window class.

This class is responsible for creating the main window of the application, including its tabs and graphical user interface (GUI) components. It serves as a bridge between the UI classes that handle the design elements and the logic classes that manage the application's functionalities.

The main tasks of this class include: - Initializing the main window and its layout. - Creating and managing tabs for different sections of the application. - Integrating UI design elements with the logical operations for each functionality.

### Parameters

- **parent** (*QWidget, optional*) – The parent widget (optional).
- **args** (*tuple*) – Additional arguments.

**Helpg2Button()**

**about\_settings()**

Opens the About window displaying information about the company, version, and repository.

This function opens a window showing details about the company (Tausand), the software version, and the location of the repository. It does not perform any checks or validations and directly displays the About window.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

**clicked\_tabs()**

Executes an action when a tab is clicked and creates the corresponding window.

This function checks which tab is currently active and constructs the associated window by invoking the appropriate function. If the tab corresponds to the Start/Stop Histogram, it stops the FLIM timer and constructs the Start/Stop Histogram window. If the tab corresponds to the Lifetime Measurements, it constructs the Lifetime window and sets up the FLIM logic if it has not been initialized yet.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

**closeEvent(event)**

Handles the close event of the main window and prompts the user for confirmation.

This function is triggered when the user attempts to close the main window. It displays a dialog asking if the user is sure about closing the application (Tempico software). If the user confirms by selecting “Yes”, the event is accepted and the application closes. If the user selects “No”, the close event is ignored, and the application remains open.

**Parameters**

**event** (*QCloseEvent*) – The close event triggered when attempting to close the window.

**Returns**

None

**construct\_g2(parent)**

Constructs the g2 Measurements window.

This function takes a *QTabWidget* parent, and if the sentinel is not set, it creates an instance of the *Uig2* class and sets up the UI using the given parent.

It does not return a value.

**Parameters**

**parent** (*QWidget*) – The parent widget (typically a *QTabWidget*) for the lifetime measurements window.

**Returns**

None

**construct\_lifetime(parent)**

Constructs the Lifetime Measurements window.

This function takes a *QTabWidget* parent, and if the sentinel is not set, it creates an instance of the *UiFLIM* class and sets up the UI using the given parent.

It does not return a value.

**Parameters**

**parent** (*QWidget*) – The parent widget (typically a *QTabWidget*) for the lifetime measurements window.

**Returns**

None

**construct\_start\_stop\_histogram(parent)**

Constructs the Start/Stop Histogram window.

This function takes a *QTabWidget* parent, and if the sentinel is not set, it creates an instance of the *Ui\_HistogramaStartStop* class and sets up the UI using the given parent.

It does not return a value.

**Parameters**

**parent** (*QWidget*) – The parent widget (typically a *QTabWidget*) for the histogram window.

**Returns**

None

**disconnect\_button\_click()**

Handles the disconnect button click event.

This function hides the graphical display, disables the disconnect button, and re-enables the connect button. It also closes the connected device and resets its reference to *None*. If additional graphics like *g2Graphic* or *FLIMGraphic* are active, it will disconnect them as well.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

**general\_settings\_clicked()**

Opens the general settings window for device-wide configurations.

This function checks if a device is connected. If no measurement is currently running, it opens the general settings window where configurations that affect the entire device (regardless of the channel) can be adjusted. If a measurement is running, a message box is displayed to inform the user that changes cannot be made while the measurement is in progress. If no device is connected, a message box is shown indicating that no device was found.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

### **open\_dialog()**

Opens a dialog window to detect and connect a measurement device.

This function creates and displays a dialog window that lists available measurement devices and their corresponding ports. Users can select a device and either connect or cancel the operation.

If the 'Connect' button is clicked: - The selected device is connected, and all relevant software options are enabled. - The function tries to open the device and, upon success, interacts with graphical components (if any are present) to reflect the connected status.

If the 'Cancel' button is clicked: - No options are activated.

In case of a connection error, a message box is displayed informing the user of the failure.

#### **Returns**

None

### **parameters\_action()**

#### **resizeEvent(event)**

Handles the window resize event and adjusts the column widths of the parameters table.

This function is triggered when the user resizes the main window. It resizes the columns of the parameters table in the FLIM tab based on the current window width. The column widths are scaled proportionally to ensure the table adapts to the new window size.

#### **Parameters**

**event** (*QResizeEvent*) – The resize event triggered when the window is resized.

#### **Returns**

None

### **settings\_clicked()**

Opens the settings window when the settings option is clicked.

This function checks if a device is connected. If no measurement is currently running, it displays the settings window for channel configuration. If a measurement is running, a message box is shown informing the user that changes cannot be made while a measurement is in progress. If no device is connected, a message box alerts the user that no device was found.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

**staticMetaObject = <PySide2.QtCore.QMetaObject object>**

### **class main.SplashScreen**

Bases: *QMainWindow*

Splash screen class for the application.

This class creates a splash screen that displays an image for a brief period before fading out and transitioning to the main application window.

The key responsibilities of this class include: - Displaying a splash screen with a specified image. - Timing the display duration and handling the transition to the main application window.

**Parameters**

**parent** (*QWidget*, *optional*) – The parent widget (optional).

**show\_main\_window()**

Displays the main window of the application.

This function creates an instance of the main window (*MainWindow*) and displays it. After showing the main window, it closes the current window.

It does not take any parameters and does not return a value. :returns: None

**staticMetaObject** = <PySide2.QtCore.QMetaObject object>

**main.execProgram()**

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