

Lecture :- Backtracking

Qul Print all subsets of an array.

Example

1	2	3
---	---	---

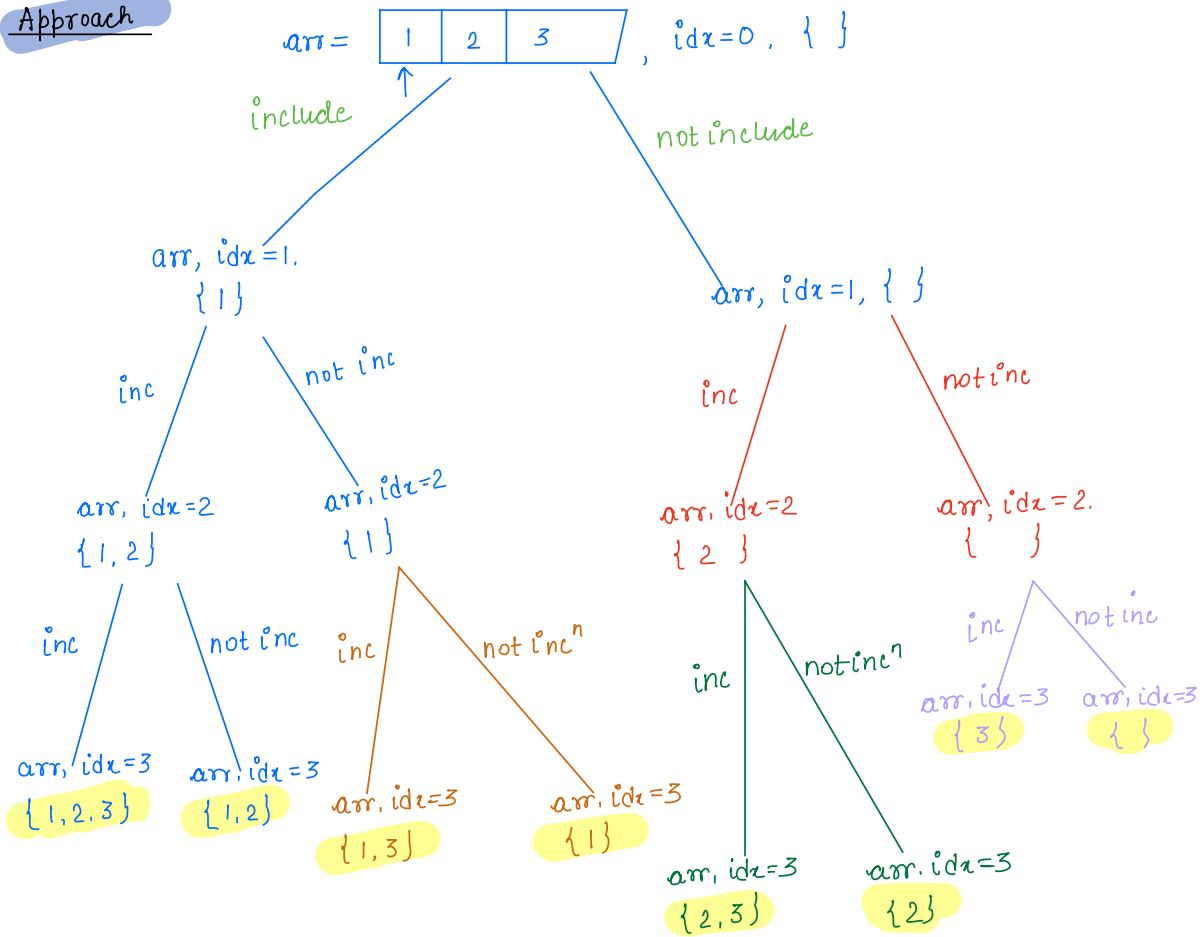
Ans = { }

1
1 2
1 2 3
2
2 3
3
1 3

abcd \longrightarrow { }
d
c
cd
b
bd
bc
bcd
a
ab
ac
acd
abd
abcd
ad
abc

n \longrightarrow 2^n subsets.

Approach

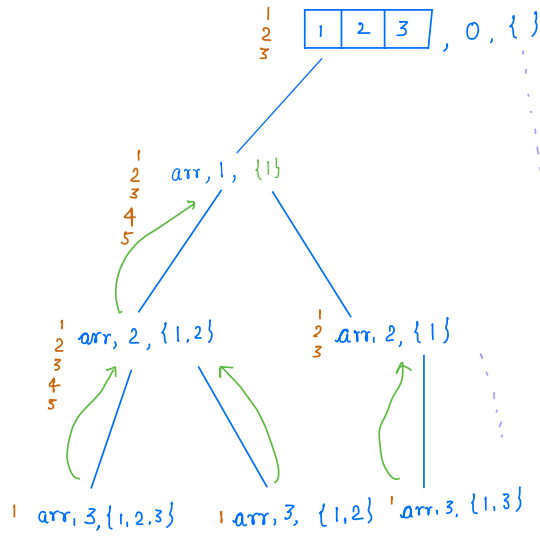


Algorithm

```
void subsets (int[] arr, int 0idx, List<Integer> {}res) {  
    if (idx == arr.length) {  
        print(res);  
        return;  
    }  
    res.add(arr[idx]);  
    subsets(arr, idx+1, res);  
  
    res.remove(res.size()-1);  
    subsets(arr, idx+1, res);  
}
```

} included

Dry run



```

void subsets (int[] arr, int idx, List<Integer> res) {
    1 if (idx == arr.length) {
        print(res);
        return;
    }
    2 res.add(arr[idx]);
    3 subsets(arr, idx+1, res); } included
    4 res.remove(res.size()-1);
    5 subsets(arr, idx+1, res);
}
    
```

{ 1 2 3 }
 { 1 2 }
 { 1 3 }

Q2 Given $n \times n$ board. place n queens such that no 2 queens attack each other.

$n=2$

false.

$n=3$

false

$n=4$

	Q		
			Q
Q			
		Q	

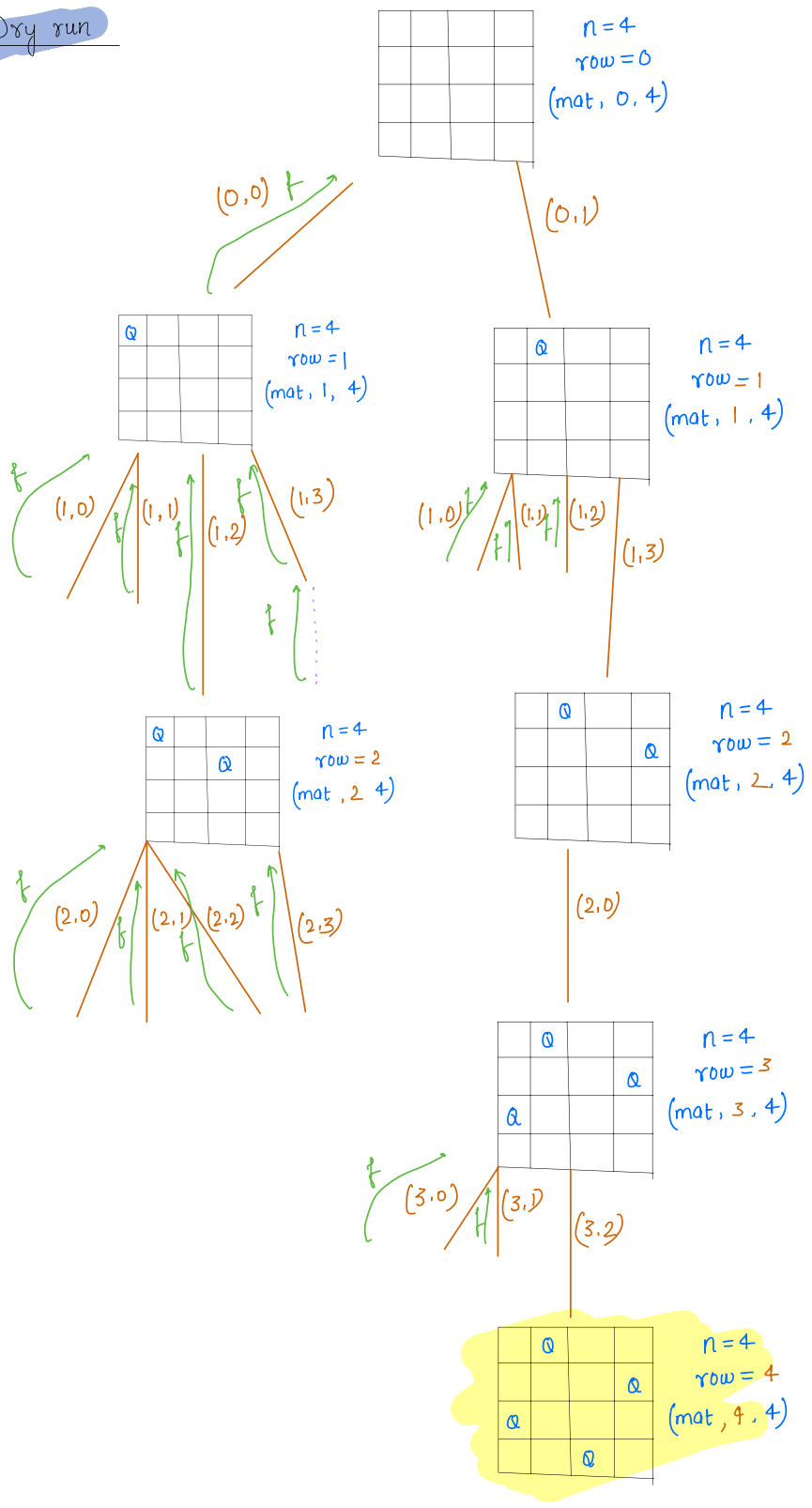
		Q	
Q			
			Q
	Q		

Observation

can't have more than 1 queen in a single row/col/diagonal

Plan placing our queens row by row

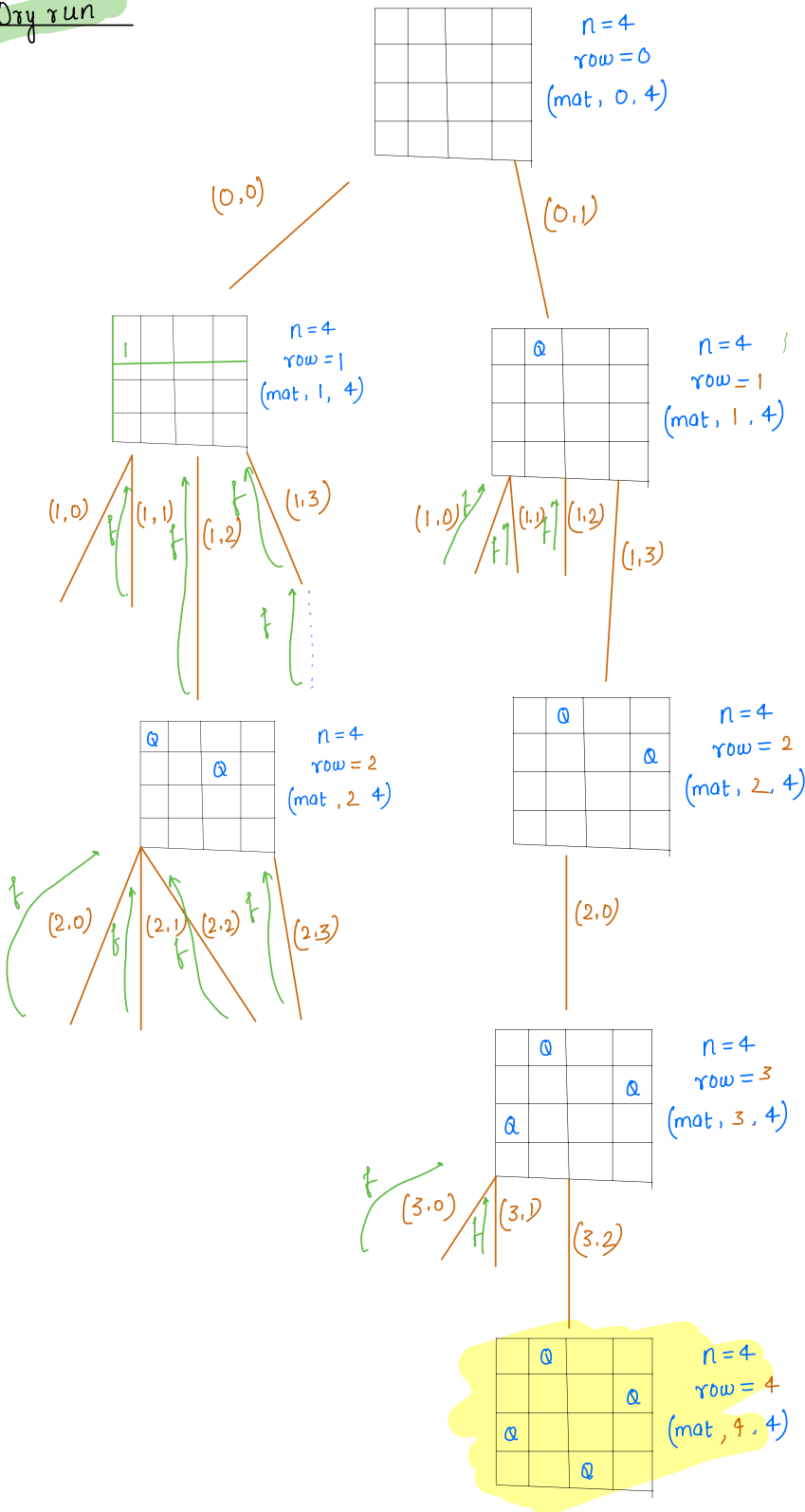
Dry run



Pseudocode

```
void nQueens (mat[][], row0, n) {  
    1 if (row == n) {  
        print(mat);  
        return;  
    }  
    2 for (col = 0; col < n; col++) {  
        boolean safe = isSafe(mat, row, col);  
        if (safe == true) {  
            mat[row][col] = 1;  
            nQueens (mat, row+1, n);  
            mat[row][col] = 0;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

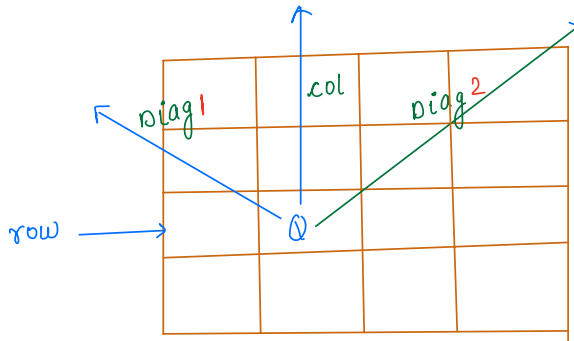

Dry run



```
void nQueens (mat[][], row, n) {
    if (row == n) {
        print(mat);
        return;
    }
    for (col = 0; col < n; col++) {
        boolean safe = isSafe(mat, row, col);
        if (safe == true) {
            mat[row][col] = 1;
            nQueens (mat, row+1, n);
            mat[row][col] = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

Implementation isSafe() ?

isSafe(mat, row, col) {



```
for(i=0; i<row; i++){  
    if(mat[i][col]==1){  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

Diag1

```
i=row-1, j=col-1;  
while(i>=0 && j>=0){  
    if(mat[i][j]==1){  
        return false;  
    }  
    i--;  
    j--;  
}
```

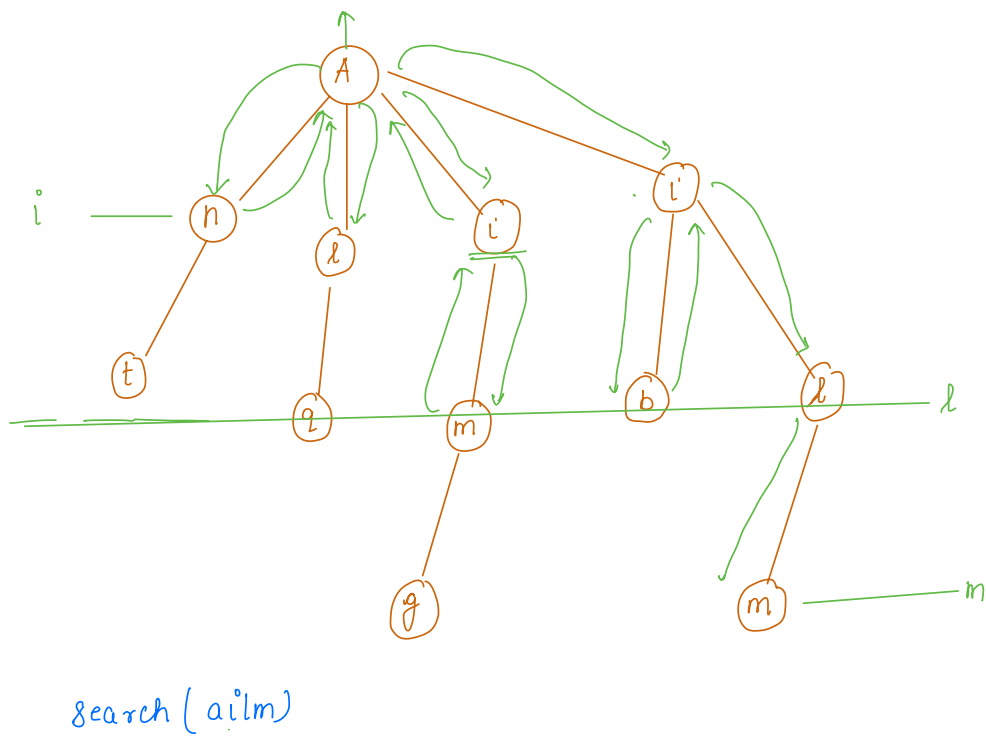
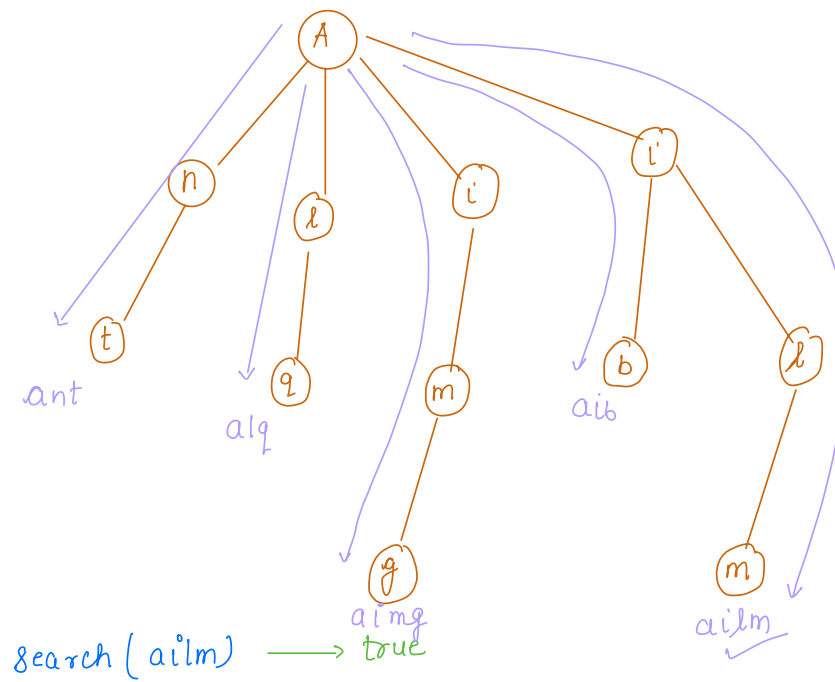
Diag2. — h/w

```
return true;
```

```
}
```

rowCheck ✓
col check [Do]
diagonal (h/w)

Backtracking { Rec + certain smartness }
 Brute force



Thankyou 😊