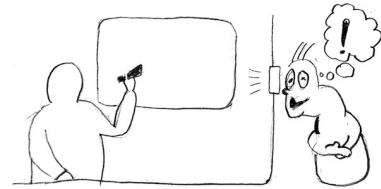


## Sequence

Adam wrote down a sequence of  $K$  consecutive positive integers starting with  $N$  on a blackboard. When he left, Billy came in and erased all but one digit from each number, thus creating a sequence of  $K$  integers between 0 and 9.



## Task

Given the final sequence left on the blackboard, find the smallest value of  $N$  with which it could have occurred.

## Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer  $K$  — the length of the sequence. The second line contains  $K$  integers  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_K$  — Billy's sequence, in the order in which it is written on the blackboard.

## Output

The output should consist of a single line with the smallest value of  $N$  with which this sequence could have occurred.

## Example

Input	Output	Comments
6 7 8 9 5 1 2	47	$N = 47$ would correspond to Adam's sequence being $\langle 47\ 48\ 49\ 50\ 51\ 52 \rangle$ from which Billy's sequence can indeed be obtained. As no smaller value of $N$ would work, the answer is 47.

## Scoring

**Subtask 1** (? points).  $1 \leq K \leq 1000$ , correct answer does not exceed 1000

**Subtask 2** (? points).  $1 \leq K \leq 1000$

**Subtask 3** (? points).  $1 \leq K \leq 100\,000$ , all elements of the given sequence are equal

**Subtask 4** (? points).  $1 \leq K \leq 100\,000$

## Constraints

Time limit: ? s.

Memory limit: ? MB.