

== April 26–30, Palanga

postmen • EN • v1.0

Senior Postmen

It is the year 2036 and Europe is crowded by senior citizens. In order to keep them healthy, the European ministry for majority groups (seniors are a majority!) suggests to have them deliver the small amount of paper mail that is still being sent — typically to seniors. This suggestion is going to be implemented all over Europe, even in the Free States of Norway and Switzerland.



The ministry has devised a "senior postmen system" in the following way: Europe has been divided into mail districts. A mail district

has a street network of streets and junctions. Every street in the network can be walked in both directions. In each district, arbitrarily many senior citizens are available to be hired as mailman. Every morning, each mailman receives a bag with mail to be delivered on a tour that covers a part of the street network. Every tour must be senior—compatible, i.e. it must satisfy the following conditions:

- It starts and ends at the same junction. (Hey, it's a tour!)
- It never passes a junction more than once. (The seniors shall not be confused.)
- It must not have a street in common with any other tour; hence, any street in the district is to be served by exactly one mailman. (The seniors shall not fight with each other.)

Together, the tours must cover the given network: each street in the network must be part of exactly one tour.

Task

The ministry now needs a software that, for a given mail district's street network, will compute a set of senior—compatible tours that cover the network.

Input

The input describes the street network.

The first input line contains two integers N and M. N is the number of junctions, and M is the number of streets. Junctions are numbered from 1 to N.

Each of the following M lines contains two integers u and v $(1 \le u, v \le N, u \ne v)$, meaning that there is a street connecting junctions u and v.

For any input holds:

- 1. For any two junctions, you can walk from one junction to the other.
- 2. There is a solution, i.e. a set of senior–compatible tours can be computed that cover the network.



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Output

Output should contain as many lines as there are senior-compatible tours.

Each line contains the numbers of the junctions in each tour. They must be output in the order the junctions are passed by the mailman, with the starting (and ending) junction being output first (and only once).

Example

Input	Output	Comments
Input 10 15 1 3 5 1 2 3 9 2 3 4 6 3 4 5 7 4 4 8 5 7 8 5 6 7 7 8 8 10 10 9	Output 2 3 4 5 8 10 9 4 7 8 1 5 7 6 3	The following picture illustrates the street network and the three senior-compatible tours that may be used to cover it. 1 2 3 4 5 9 10 9 10
		Note that there are several solutions to this example, among them some with only two tours.

Scoring

Subtask 1 (40 points): $1 \le N \le 2~000,~1 \le M \le 100~000.$

Subtask 2 (20 points): $1 \le N \le 100\ 000,\ 1 \le M \le 100\ 000.$

Subtask 3 (40 points): $1 \le N \le 500\ 000$, $1 \le M \le 500\ 000$.

Constraints

Time limit: 0.5 s.

Memory limit: 256 MB.