## 第一題

```
1 #include<iostream>
 2 #include<cstring>
 3 #include<stdlib.h>
 4 using namespace std;
 5
    class MyVector
 6 ₽ {
 7
    private:
 8
         int n;
 9
         double* m;
10
    public:
11
         MyVector();
12
         MyVector(int n, double m[]);
13
         MyVector(const MyVector& v);
14
         ~MyVector();
15
         void print();
         double operator[](char* c) const;
16
17 L };
18
19 □ double MyVector::operator[](char* c) const{
20
         char* delim = ":";
         char* ptr;
21
22
         ptr = strtok(c,delim);
23
         int num[2] = \{0\};
24
         int count = 0;
         //切開字串
25
26 🖨
         while(ptr != nullptr){
27
             num[count] = atoi(ptr);
28
             count ++;
29
             ptr = strtok(nullptr,delim);
30
31
         //比較大小確定符合題目
32 🖨
         if(num[0] >= 0 && num[1] > num[0] && n-1 >= num[1]){
33
             double sum = 0;
34 🖨
             for(int i = num[0];i <=num[1];i++){</pre>
35
                 sum += m[i];
36
37
             return sum;
38
         }else{
39
             exit(1);
40
41 L }
42 ☐ int main(){
43
         double d[5] = {1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5};
44
         MyVector v(5, d);
         char c[] = "1:3";
45
46
         cout << v[c];
47
         return 0;
48 L }
49
50 MyVector::MyVector()
```

```
51 □ {
52
         n = 0;
53
         m = nullptr;
54 L }
55
56
     MyVector::MyVector(int dim, double v[])
57 □ {
58
         n = dim;
59
         m = new double[dim];
         for(int i = 0; i < dim; i++)</pre>
60
61
         m[i] = v[i];
62 L }
63
64 MyVector::~MyVector()
65 □ {
66
         delete [] m;
67 L }
68
69
     MyVector::MyVector(const MyVector& v)
70 □ {
71
         n = v.n;
72
         m = new double[n];
73
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
74
            m[i] = v \cdot m[i];
75 L }
76
77
     void MyVector::print()
78 🖵 {
79
          cout << "(";
          for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)</pre>
80
81
               cout << m[i] << ", ";
          cout << m[n-1] << ")\n";
82
83 L }
84
```

## 第二題

不可能,因為[]只能傳入一個參數,即使 overload,也有這個限制。

## 第三題

```
1
    #include<iostream>
 2 #include<stdlib.h>
     using namespace std;
     struct TwoInt
 4
 5日{
 6
         int i;
 7
         int j;
 8 L };
 9
     class MyVector
10 □ {
11
     private:
12
         int n;
13
         double* m;
14
     public:
15
         MyVector();
16
         MyVector(int n, double m[]);
17
         MyVector(const MyVector& v);
18
         ~MyVector();
19
         void print();
20
         double operator[](struct TwoInt) const;
21 \ };
22 double MyVector::operator[](TwoInt p) const{
23 🖨
         if(p.i >= 0 && p.j > p.i && n-1 >= p.j){
24
             double sum = 0;
25 🗎
             for(int i = p.i;i <= p.j;i++){
26
                 sum += m[i];
27
28
             return sum;
29
         }else{
30
             exit(1);
31
32 L }
33 ☐ int main(){
34
         double d[5] = {1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5};
35
         MyVector v(5, d);
36
         TwoInt ti = \{1, 3\};
37
         cout << v[ti];
38
         return 0;
39 L }
40
41
     MyVector::MyVector()
42 □ {
43
         n = 0;
44
         m = nullptr;
45 L }
46
47
     MyVector::MyVector(int dim, double v[])
48 □ {
49
         n = dim;
50
         m = new double[dim];
         for(int i = 0; i < dim; i++)</pre>
```

```
m[i] = v[i];
53 L }
54
55
    MyVector::~MyVector()
56 □ {
57
         delete [] m;
58 L }
59
60
    MyVector::MyVector(const MyVector& v)
61 □ {
62
         n = v.n;
63
         m = new double[n];
64
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
65
            m[i] = v.m[i];
66
67
    void MyVector::print()
68 □ {
69
         cout << "(";
70
         for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
71
             cout << m[i] << ", ";
         cout << m[n-1] << ")\n";
72
73 L }
```

## 第四題

```
1 #include<iostream>
 2 #include<stdlib.h>
    using namespace std;
 4
   class MyVector
 5 🖵 {
 6
    private:
 7
         int n;
8
        double* m;
    public:
9
10
        MyVector();
11
        MyVector(int n, double m[]);
12
        MyVector(const MyVector& v);
13
        ~MyVector();
14
        void print();
15
        const MyVector operator+(const MyVector& v) const;
16 L };
17
18 ☐ const MyVector MyVector::operator+(const MyVector& v) const{
19
        //判斷數字個數、大小
20 🖨
        if(n == v.n){
21
             int p = n;
22
            double* q = new double [n];
23 🖨
             for(int i = 0 ; i < n ;i++){</pre>
                 q[i] = m[i] + v.m[i];
24
25
26
            MyVector result(p,q);
```

```
27
             return result;
28
         }else if(n < v.n){</pre>
29
             int p = v.n;
30
             double* q = new double [v.n];
31 🛱
             for(int i = 0 ; i < v.n ; i++){
32
                 q[i] = m[i%n] + v.m[i];
33
34
             MyVector result(p,q);
35
             return result;
36
         }else{
37
             int p = n;
38
             double* q = new double [n];
39 🖨
             for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++){
40
                 q[i] = m[i] + v.m[i%v.n];
41
42
             MyVector result(p,q);
43
             return result;
44
45 L }
46
47 □ int main(){
48
         double d[5] = \{1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5\};
49
         MyVector u(5, d);
50
         double f[2] = \{1.1, 2.2\};
51
         MyVector v(2, f);
52
         MyVector w = u + v;
53
         w.print();
54
         return 0;
55 L }
56
57
     MyVector::MyVector()
58 🖵 {
59
         n = 0;
60
         m = nullptr;
61 L }
62
63
     MyVector::MyVector(int dim, double v[])
64 □ {
65
         n = dim;
66
         m = new double[dim];
67
         for(int i = 0; i < dim; i++)</pre>
68
         m[i] = v[i];
69 L }
70
71
     MyVector::~MyVector()
72 □ {
73
         delete [] m;
74 L }
```

```
76
     MyVector::MyVector(const MyVector& v)
77 □ {
78
         n = v.n;
79
         m = new double[n];
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
80
81
             m[i] = v \cdot m[i];
82
   L }
83
     void MyVector::print()
84
85 □ {
         cout << "(";
86
87
         for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
88
             cout << m[i] << ", ";
89
         cout << m[n-1] << ")\n";
90 L }
第五題
 1
     #include<iostream>
     #include<cstring>
     using namespace std;
 3
 4
     class MyVector
 5 □ {
         //設為friend,以存取n,m
 6
 7
     friend istream& operator >>(istream& in, MyVector& v);
     private:
 8
 9
         int n;
10
         double* m;
11
     public:
12
         MyVector();
13
         MyVector(int n, double m[]);
14
         MyVector(const MyVector& v);
15
         ~MyVector();
         void print();
16
17 L };
18 ☐ istream& operator >>(istream& in, MyVector& v){
19
         char p[10000]={0};
20
         cin.getline(p,10000);
21
         int count = 0;//計算數字個數
22
         char* ptr = strchr(p, ',');
23
         //把逗點換成底線
24
         while(ptr != nullptr)
25 🖨
         {
             *ptr = '_';
26
```

```
27
            ptr = strchr(ptr, ',');
28
            count ++;
29
30
        //把刮號換成底線
31
        ptr = strchr(p, '<');
32
        *ptr = '_';
33
        ptr = strchr(p, '>');
        *ptr = '_';
34
35
        double* num = new double [count+1];
36
        int wordcnt = 0;
        //用底線切割字串(所有不是數字的都已經換成底線)
37
        char delim = '_';
38
39
        char* start = strtok(p, &delim);
40
        char temp[1000] ={0};
41
        while(start != nullptr)
42 E
        {
43
            strcpy(temp, start);
44
            num[wordcnt] = stod(temp);
45
            wordcnt++;
46
            start = strtok(nullptr, &delim);
47
48
        delete [] v.m ;
49
        v.n = count + 1;
50
        v.m = new double [v.n];
51 🗎
        for(int i = 0; i < v.n; i++){
52
            v.m[i] = num[i];
53
54
         return in;
55 L }
56 ☐ int main(){
         double d[5] = {1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5};
58
         MyVector u(5, d);
59
         cin >> u;
60
         u.print();
61
         return 0;
62 L }
63
64
    MyVector::MyVector()
65 □ {
66
         n = 0;
67
         m = nullptr;
68 L }
69
70
    MyVector::MyVector(int dim, double v[])
71 □ {
72
         n = dim;
73
         m = new double[dim];
74
         for(int i = 0; i < dim; i++)</pre>
75
         m[i] = v[i];
76 L }
```

```
77
    MyVector::~MyVector()
78
79 日 {
80
        delete [] m;
81 L }
82
    MyVector::MyVector(const MyVector& v)
83
84 日 {
85
        n = v.n;
        m = new double[n];
86
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
87
88
            m[i] = v.m[i];
89 L }
90
    void MyVector::print()
91
92日 {
93
        cout << "(";
        for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
94
            cout << m[i] << ", ";
95
        cout << m[n-1] << ")\n";
96
97 L }
```