

# Architecture Report

## Architecture

Package	Class	Description
attacks	Attack	Holds the base information for an attack. Everything else in the attacks package is an instance of attack (apart from flee) as they are all different variations of the default attack. This contains the variables to be inherited by other instances to create different attacks with differing damages.
	Flee	Inherits from attack. Random number generated to decide if the flee is successful, if the number is not high enough, the user will stay in combat.
	Ram	This attack inherits the default damage from the attack class and adds a multiplier to it, making it a variation on the basic attack.
	GrapeShot	
	DoubleShot	
	ExplosiveShell	
combat	CombatScreen	Called whenever there is combat in the game between two ships. This creates a new screen containing the two ships ready to battle, their health bars and all the different attack options the user has.
	CombatShip	Contains the texture of the ship actors drawn in CombatScreen.
	BattleEvent	Contains the different events that could happen during combat.
	AttackButton	Inherits from TextButton to create buttons used for CombatScreen.
screen	SailingScreen	Contains the entire sailing mode. This creates the landscape used when the user is sailing, including islands and loading in the graphics of the ships. All other screens apart from MainMenu can be accessed from this screen by interacting with corresponding objects.
	CollegeScreen	Called whenever player interacts with the island of an ally college. Provides healing service, the ability to equip and unequip different attacks as well as access to minigame.
	DepartmentScreen	Called whenever player interacts with the island of a department. Provides different upgrades and healing service.
	MainMenu	The first class called when the game is initialised. It gives user the option to start a new game or load a previously saved game.
	WinScreen	Called after the player has captured all enemy colleges, displaying the points acquired during this playthrough alongside a congratulation message.
base	BaseScreen	Implements the Screen interface. This class provides the base code for every screen in the game.

	<b>BaseActor</b>	Extends the Actor class. This class provides the base code for all objects in the game.
	<b>PhysicsActor</b>	Extends the AnimatedActor class. This class provides the base code for all objects that require movement and collision.
	<b>AnimatedActor</b>	Extends the BaseActor class. This class provides the base code for all objects that require animation in the game.
	<b>GameUtils</b>	Created to contain all utility methods that help with developing the game. Currently there is only parseSpriteSheet but more can be added in the future if need be.
	<b>LabelTimer</b>	Extends the Label class. This class is used for generating temporary labels that disappear after a certain period of time.
<b>minigame</b>	<b>MiniGameScreen</b>	Contains the entire minigame. This creates the landscape of the mini game's maze and loads in the graphics for the player and enemies.
	<b>MiniGameFinishScreen</b>	This screen is displayed whenever the minigame ends. There are 2 versions one for when the player reaches the exit and another when it collides with an enemy.
	<b>MiniGamePlayer</b>	Stores all the information of the player for a single playthrough of the mini game.
	<b>MiniGameEnemy</b>	Stores all the information of the enemy for a single playthrough of the mini game.
	<b>Ship</b>	Used to create new instance of a ship. This class provides the sailing feature of the player ship and allows user to select a specific boat type at the beginning of a playthrough, but for now all ships are of Brig type.
	<b>College</b>	The current colleges are Vanbrugh, Derwent, James, Alcuin and Wentworth. This holds the name of the college, its allies and enemies as well as controls whether or not the boss of this college has been defeated.
	<b>PirateGame</b>	The instance of the game that is run in the launcher. It initialises MainMenu and holds all the necessary variables and calls to start the game up from the beginning.
	<b>Player</b>	Stores all the player's information for a single playthrough of the game.
	<b>ShipType</b>	Holds the different ship types that the user can choose between at the start. However, due to it being unnecessary for this assessment currently only Brig is used for all ships, but it is important to keep the option for further improvements to the game.
	<b>Department</b>	The current departments are Chemistry, Physics and Economics. This holds the name of the department, its product (which the user can buy to upgrade their ship) and the base price of the product that they sell.

	<b>SeaMonster</b>	Used to create new instance of sea monsters, which randomly appear on SailingScreen and chase the player, damage them on collision. A framework is implemented within this class to randomly choose a texture and type for the generated monster.
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Different packages are not required, however, we found it good practice in order to keep our code readable and reusable:

**base** - Contains all the base codes for screens and objects(actors) so all children classes don't have to rewrite the same code.

**attacks** - Holds all the classes of available attacks.

**combat** - Contains all the information needed when the player is in combat.

**screen** - Holds all the different screens in the game.

## UML Diagram

Please find our collection of UML diagrams referenced at [1], [2], [3], [4], [5] and [6]. These in turn show how the entire program links, and then how each separate package works.

## Tools used to create concrete architecture

To create the most realistic yet readable concrete architecture, our group opted to use a plugin for IntelliJ (The IDE we used for our project) called Sketchit. This plugin generated UML for each package inside the plantUML syntax. Using a plugin from our source code meant that all classes and functions were named and represented at 100% accuracy which is required when developing a concrete architecture.

## Description of languages used to describe architecture

The languages used to describe our architecture were strictly the standard UML 2.0 notation. We chose such a modelling language as we knew that in software development, this is the most popular notation, meaning that other groups can easily understand our program if only given our UML diagrams.

## Justification

Class	Justification (Requirements referencing can be found at [7])
<b>Attack</b>	Attacks is necessary in helping build the combat system required in <b>F4</b> . This is a simple way to move attacks into their own class, making it easier to add and remove new attacks.
<b>CombatScreen</b>	Having a CombatScreen class allows us to meet all of criteria <b>F4</b> , more specifically <b>F4.2</b> as this dictates that there should be a difference between sailing mode and combat mode.
<b>BaseActor</b>	Creating objects (actor in this case) is one of the most important and common operation in the game. This class makes this process much easier as similar code don't need to be rewritten, thus helps massively when it comes to future expansion <b>NF3</b> .
<b>MainMenu</b>	Main menu is implemented to cater for the implementation of Save/Load feature (requirement <b>F15</b> ), as well as serving as an entry way into the game.
<b>College</b>	College allows us to meet requirement <b>F8</b> , of capturable colleges once a player defeats the college boss in a battle. The class also lets us meet the requirement <b>F5</b> (game must have at least five colleges) by its inclusion. In addition, having a college allows the player to repair their ship if it has been damaged, this meets the requirement <b>F11.2</b> (plunder can be spent on healing). Finally, the player can manage available attacks which meets requirement <b>F18</b> and enters the minigame when they want to which meets requirement <b>F12.1</b> .
<b>PirateGame</b>	This class contains an instance of the game at the current playthrough, which can be passed to the launcher to run. This is necessary when creating any game using LibGdx.
<b>PhysicsActor</b>	Making objects moveable (such as the players ship) was vital in meeting <b>F3</b> (the game must have a sailing mode) as it would be impossible to create a sailing mode without the ship object being able to move. Also it is necessary to have some form of collision detection for <b>F1</b> and <b>F20.1</b> .
<b>Player</b>	This class allows us to meet the requirement <b>F6</b> (point system), as the method 'addPoints' allows the points attribute in the Player instance to be modified whenever necessary. This class's 'gold' attribute also allow requirements <b>F7</b> and <b>F11</b> to be met via the 'addGold' method.
<b>Ship</b>	<p>This class allows us to meet requirement <b>F1</b> (ships as transportation) as the object has methods ("playerMove") that allow ship movement on the map. Requirement <b>F17</b> is also achieved through the attributes 'sailsHealth' and 'hullHealth' and their accompanying methods.</p> <p>The ship class is also needed for sailing and combat as without a ship for the player, it would be impossible to implement these.</p>
<b>SailingScreen</b>	This allows us to meet the functional requirement <b>F3</b> (sailing mode). It also helps meeting <b>F4.2</b> where there should be a clear difference between sailing and combat.
<b>Department</b>	<p>Department class allows requirement <b>F11.1</b> (upgrade ships) to be met as there is a 'purchase' method.</p> <p>The class also allows us to meet the requirement <b>F5</b> (game must have at least three departments) by its inclusion.</p> <p>Having a college allows the player to repair their ship if it has been damaged, this meets the requirement <b>F11.2</b> (plunder can be spent on healing).</p>
<b>BaseScreen</b>	BaseScreen makes it easier to create screens as the same code don't need to be rewritten, thus helps greatly when it comes to future expansion <b>NF3</b> .

<b>SeaMonster</b>	SeaMonster allows us to fulfill requirement <b>F20</b> as well as <b>F20.1</b> as it does exactly what is stated in these requirements.
<b>WinScreen</b>	WinScreen helps with the achievement of requirement <b>F2</b> and <b>F5</b> as the player now know when they have completed the game when they see this screen.
<b>MiniGameScreen</b>	This allows us to meet requirement <b>F12</b> (minigame).

## References

- [1] SEPR "Concrete UML for York Pirates" Rear Admirals [Online] Available <https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/attacks.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [2] SEPR "Concrete UML for York Pirates" Rear Admirals [Online] Available <https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/base.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [3] SEPR "Concrete UML for Attacks" Rear Admirals [Online] Available:  
<https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/combat.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [4] SEPR "Concrete UML for Combat" Rear Admirals [Online] Available:  
<https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/minigame.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [5] SEPR "Concrete UML for Screen" Rear Admirals [Online] Available:  
<https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/screen.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [6] SEPR "Concrete UML for Screen" Rear Admirals [Online] Available:  
<https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Images/Ass4UML/screen.png>  
[Accessed: Apr. 30 2019]
- [7] SEPR "Updated Assessment 1 Requirements" Rear Admirals [Online] Available:  
<https://therandomnessguy.github.io/SEPR/Assessment/2/Updates/Upd2Req1.pdf>  
[Accessed: Jan. 20 2019]