

WEEK 3:

Write SQL Select Statements for the following simple queries that retrieve data from a single table:

1. Find the details of all students.

SQL> select * from student;

ID	NAME	DEPT_NAME	TOT_CRED
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32
19991	Brandt	History	80
23121	Chavez	Finance	110
44553	Peltier	Physics	56
45678	Levy	Physics	46
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54
55739	Sanchez	Music	38
70557	Snow	Physics	0
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58
76653	Aoi	Elec. Eng.	60

ID	NAME	DEPT_NAME	TOT_CRED
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120

13 rows selected.

2. Find the department names of instructors.

SQL> select name, dept_name from instructor;

NAME	DEPT_NAME
Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.
Wu	Finance
Mozart	Music
Einstein	Physics
El Said	History
Gold	Physics
Katz	Comp. Sci.
Califieri	History
Singh	Finance
Crick	Biology
Brandt	Comp. Sci.

NAME	DEPT_NAME
Kim	Elec. Eng.

12 rows selected.

3. Find the names of all the instructors from Biology department.

SQL> select name from instructor where dept_name like 'Biology';

NAME
Crick

4. Find the names of all instructors in the Computer Science department who have salaries greater than \$70000.

SQL> select name, salary from instructor where dept_name like 'Comp. Sci.' and salary > 70000;

NAME	SALARY
Katz	75000
Brandt	92000

5. Find the names of courses in Computer science department which have 3 credits

SQL> select title from course where dept_name like 'Comp. Sci.' and credits like 3;

TITLE
Robotics
Image Processing
Database System Concepts

6. Find the names of the instructors, their present salaries and the resulting salaries if they were given a 10% raise.

SQL> select name, salary, (salary*1.1) as "Raised Salary" from instructor;

NAME	SALARY	Raised Salary
Srinivasan	65000	71500
Wu	90000	99000
Mozart	40000	44000
Einstein	95000	104500
El Said	60000	66000
Gold	87000	95700
Katz	75000	82500
Califieri	62000	68200
Singh	80000	88000
Crick	72000	79200
Brandt	92000	101200

NAME	SALARY	Raised Salary
Kim	80000	88000

12 rows selected.

7. Find the names of instructors with salary amounts between \$90000 and \$100000.

SQL> select name, salary from instructor where salary between 90000 and 100000;

NAME	SALARY
Wu	90000
Einstein	95000
Brandt	92000

8. Find all instructors whose salary is unknown.

SQL> select * from instructor where salary is null;

no rows selected

9. Find the names of all departments whose building name includes the substring 'Watson'.

SQL> select dept_name, building from department where building like '%Watson%';

DEPT_NAME	BUILDING
Biology	Watson
Physics	Watson

10. Find departments whose names contain the string "sci" as a substring, regardless of the case.

SQL> select * from department where lower(dept_name) like '%sci%';

DEPT_NAME	BUILDING	BUDGET
Comp. Sci.	Taylor	100000

11. List the names of all instructors in the Physics department in alphabetic order.

SQL> select name from instructor where dept_name like 'Physics' order by name asc;

NAME
Einstein
Gold

12. List the entire instructor relation in descending order of salary. If several instructors have the same salary, order them in ascending order by name.

SQL> select * from instructor order by salary desc, name asc;

ID	NAME	DEPT_NAME	SALARY
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
83821	Brandt	Comp. Sci.	92000
12121	Wu	Finance	90000
33456	Gold	Physics	87000
98345	Kim	Elec. Eng.	80000
76543	Singh	Finance	80000
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	75000
76766	Crick	Biology	72000
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	65000
58583	Califieri	History	62000
32343	El Said	History	60000

ID	NAME	DEPT_NAME	SALARY
15151	Mozart	Music	40000

12 rows selected.

Write SQL queries for retrieving data from multiple tables using Joins:

1. Find all possible combinations of instructors and the courses they teach.

SQL> select i.id, i.name, c.course_id, c.title from instructor i, course c, teaches t where i.id = t.id and t.course_id = c.course_id;

ID	NAME	COURSE_I	ID	NAME	COURSE_I
TITLE			TITLE		
10101 Srinivasan	CS-101		12121 Wu	FIN-201	
Intro. to Computer Science			Investment Banking		
10101 Srinivasan	CS-315		15151 Mozart	MU-199	
Robotics			Music Video Production		
10101 Srinivasan	CS-347		22222 Einstein	PHY-101	
Database System Concepts			Physical Principles		
ID	NAME	COURSE_I	ID	NAME	COURSE_I
TITLE			TITLE		
32343 El Said	HIS-351		76766 Crick	BIO-101	
World History			Intro. to Biology		
45565 Katz	CS-101		76766 Crick	BIO-301	
Intro. to Computer Science			Genetics		
45565 Katz	CS-319		83821 Brandt	CS-190	
Image Processing			Game Design		
ID	NAME	COURSE_I			
TITLE					
83821 Brandt	CS-190				
Game Design					
83821 Brandt	CS-319				
Image Processing					
98345 Kim	EE-181				
Intro. to Digital Systems					

15 rows selected.

2. Retrieve the names of all instructors, along with their department names and department building name.

SQL> select i.name, i.dept_name, d.building from instructor i, department d where i.dept_name = d.dept_name;

NAME	DEPT_NAME	BUILDING
Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	Taylor
Wu	Finance	Painter
Mozart	Music	Packard
Einstein	Physics	Watson
El Said	History	Painter
Gold	Physics	Watson
Katz	Comp. Sci.	Taylor
Califieri	History	Painter
Singh	Finance	Painter
Crick	Biology	Watson
Brandt	Comp. Sci.	Taylor

NAME	DEPT_NAME	BUILDING
Kim	Elec. Eng.	Taylor

12 rows selected.

3. Find the names of instructors who have taught at least one course.

SQL> select distinct i.id, i.name from instructor i, teaches t where i.id = t.id;

ID	NAME
10101	Srinivasan
12121	Wu
15151	Mozart
22222	Einstein
32343	El Said
45565	Katz
76766	Crick
83821	Brandt
98345	Kim

9 rows selected.

4. For the student with ID 12345 (or any other value), show all course_id and title of all courses registered for by the student.

SQL> select s.id, c.course_id, c.title from student s, course c, takes t where s.id = '12345' and s.id = t.id and t.course_id = c.course_id;

ID	COURSE_I	TITLE
12345	CS-101	Intro. to Computer Science
12345	CS-190	Game Design
12345	CS-315	Robotics
12345	CS-347	Database System Concepts

5. Find instructor names and course identifiers for instructors in the Computer Science department.

SQL> select distinct i.name, t.course_id from instructor i, teaches t where i.dept_name like 'Comp. Sci.' and i.id = t.id;

NAME	COURSE_I
Brandt	CS-190
Brandt	CS-319
Katz	CS-101
Katz	CS-319
Srinivasan	CS-101
Srinivasan	CS-315
Srinivasan	CS-347

7 rows selected.

6. For all instructors in the university who have taught some course, find their names and the course ID of all courses they taught.

SQL> select distinct i.name, t.course_id from instructor i, teaches t where i.id = t.id;

NAME	COURSE_I
Brandt	CS-190
Brandt	CS-319
Crick	BIO-101
Crick	BIO-301
Einstein	PHY-101
El Said	HIS-351
Katz	CS-101
Katz	CS-319
Kim	EE-181
Mozart	MU-199
Srinivasan	CS-101

NAME	COURSE_I
Srinivasan	CS-315
Srinivasan	CS-347
Wu	FIN-201

14 rows selected.

7. Find the names of all instructors whose salary is greater than at least one instructor in the Biology department. Or Find the names of all instructors who earn more than the lowest paid instructor in the Biology department.

SQL> select name from instructor where salary > (select min(salary) from instructor where dept_name like 'Biology');

NAME
Wu
Einstein
Gold
Katz
Singh
Brandt
Kim

7 rows selected.

8. Find full details of instructors who teach at least one course.

SQL> select distinct i.* from instructor i, teaches t where i.id = t.id;

ID	NAME	DEPT_NAME	SALARY
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	65000
12121	Wu	Finance	90000
15151	Mozart	Music	40000
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
32343	El Said	History	60000
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	75000
76766	Crick	Biology	72000
83821	Brandt	Comp. Sci.	92000
98345	Kim	Elec. Eng.	80000

9 rows selected.

9. Find the instructor names and the courses they taught for all instructors in the Biology department who have taught some course.

SQL> select distinct i.name, c.title from instructor i, course c, teaches t where i.dept_name like 'Biology' and i.id = t.id and t.course_id = c.course_id;

NAME	TITLE
Crick	Genetics
Crick	Intro. to Biology

10. Find the set of all courses taught either in Fall 2009 or in Spring 2010, or both.

SQL> select course_id from teaches where (semester like 'Fall' and year like 2009) or (semester like 'Spring' and year like 2010);

COURSE_ID
CS-101
CS-315
CS-347
FIN-201
MU-199
PHY-101
HIS-351
CS-101
CS-319
CS-319

10 rows selected.

11. Find all courses taught in the Fall 2009 semester but not in the Spring 2010 semester.

SQL> select course_id from teaches where (semester like 'Fall' and year like 2009) and not (semester like 'Spring' and year like 2010);

```
COURSE_ID
-----
CS-101
CS-347
PHY-101
```

12. Find the names of all students who have taken any Comp. Sci. course ever. (there should be no duplicate names)

SQL> select distinct s.name from student s, takes t, course c where s.id like t.id and t.course_id like c.course_id and c.dept_name like 'Comp. Sci.';

```
NAME
-----
Bourikas
Brown
Levy
Shankar
Williams
Zhang

6 rows selected.
```

13. Display the IDs of all instructors who have never taught a course. (Don't write nested query)

SQL> (select id from instructor) minus (select id from teaches);

```
ID
-----
33456
58583
76543
```