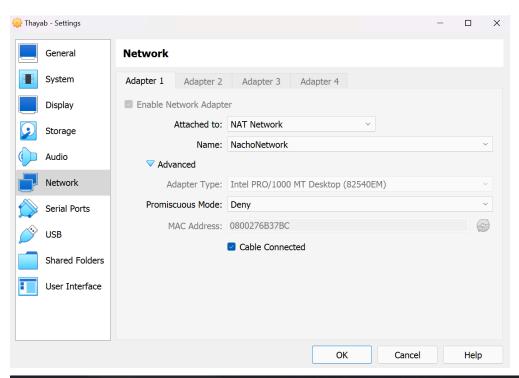
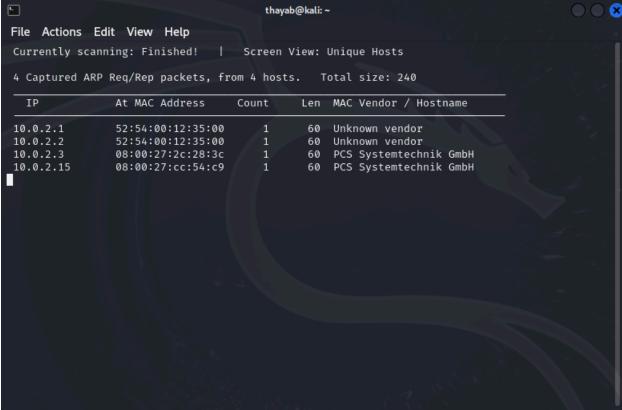
Information Security Assignment # 1

1 Screenshot of VirtualBox after adding both VMs:



After running the sudo netdiscover command in the VM, I checked the MAC address and compared it with the one found in the CSSpringFile.



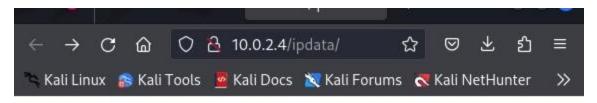


To identify open ports and running services, utilize the sudo nmap command.

Utilizing Dirb for dictionary-based enumeration

```
Ð.
                                 thayab@kali: ~
                                                              Q
    ___( thayab⊛kali )-[~]
 —$ dirb http://10.0.2.4/
DIRB v2.22
By The Dark Raver
START_TIME: Wed Sep 9 00:45:17 2024
URL_BASE: http://10.0.2.4/
WORDLIST_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt
GENERATED WORDS: 4612
---- Scanning URL: http://10.0.2.4/ ----
+ http://10.0.2.4/index.php (CODE:301|SIZE:0)
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/ipdata/
+ http://10.0.2.4/server-status (CODE:403|SIZE:296)
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-content/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-includes/
+ http://10.0.2.4/xmlrpc.php (CODE:405|SIZE:42)
---- Entering directory: http://10.0.2.4/ipdata/ ----
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
---- Entering directory: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/ ----
+ http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/admin.php (CODE:302|SIZE:0)
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/css/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/images/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/includes/
+ http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/index.php (CODE:302|SIZE:0)
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/js/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/maint/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/network/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-admin/user/
---- Entering directory: http://10.0.2.4/wp-content/ ----
+ http://10.0.2.4/wp-content/index.php (CODE:200|SIZE:0)
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-content/plugins/
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.0.2.4/wp-content/themes/
```

Once completed, the first file saved is the ipdata file. When I clicked on it, it opened a new web page.

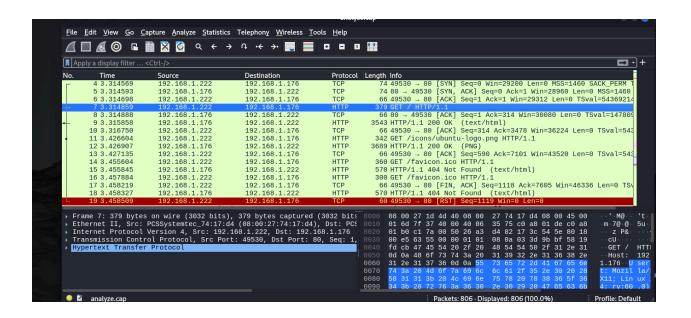


Index of /ipdata

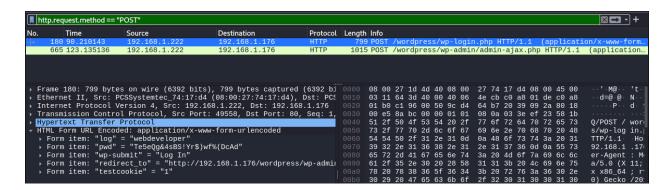


Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.0.2.4 Port 80

I discovered a file named 'analyze.cap' here, which I downloaded and opened in Wireshark. It contained a directory of all the packets associated with this website.



I added a filter on POST requests, which are used to login. From there I found the username and password



Then used the provided username and password to log into the website, and it was successful.

