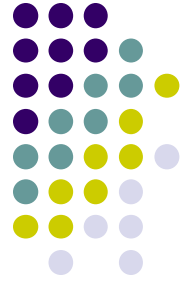


Web Engineering





Tables

- Tables are defined with the `<table>` tag. A table is divided into rows (with the `<tr>` tag), and each row is divided into data cells (with the `<td>` tag). The letters td stands for "table data," which is the content of a data cell. A data cell can contain text, images, lists, paragraphs, forms, horizontal rules, tables, etc.



Example

```
<table border="1">
  <tr>
    <td>row 1, cell 1</td>
    <td>row 1, cell 2</td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td>row 2, cell 1</td>
    <td>row 2, cell 2</td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

How it looks in a browser:

row 1, cell 1	row 1, cell 2
row 2, cell 1	row 2, cell 2

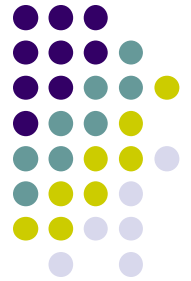


Tables and the Border Attribute

If you do not specify a border attribute the table will be displayed without any borders. Sometimes this can be useful, but most of the time, you want the borders to show.

<table border="0">

<table border="1">



Headings in a Table

Headings in a table are defined with the `<th>` tag.

```
<table border="1">  
  <tr>  
    <th>Heading</th>  
    <th>Another Heading</th>  
  </tr>  
  <tr>  
    <td>row 1, cell 1</td>  
    <td>row 1, cell 2</td>  
  </tr>  
</table>
```

Heading	Another Heading
row 1, cell 1	row 1, cell 2



Spans two columns

```
<table border="1">
  <tr>
    <th>Name</th>
    <th colspan="2">Telephone</th>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td>Bill Gates</td>
    <td>555 77 854</td>
    <td>555 77 855</td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

Name	Telephone	
Bill Gates	555 77 854	555 77 855



Spans two Rows

```
<table border="1">
  <tr>
    <th>First Name:</th>
    <td>Bill Gates</td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <th rowspan="2">Telephone:</th>
    <td>555 77 854</td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td>555 77 855</td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

First Name:	Bill Gates
Telephone:	555 77 854
	555 77 855



Other attributes of Table

- `<table border="1" bgcolor="red">`
- `<table border="1" background="clouds.jpg">`
- `<td bgcolor="red">First</td>`
- `<td background="clouds.jpg">First</td>`
- `<td align="left">`



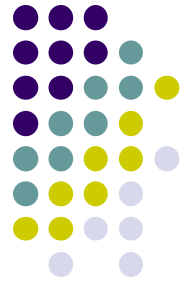
Forms

A form is an area that can contain form elements.

Form elements are elements that allow the user to enter information (like text fields, text area fields, drop-down menus, radio buttons, checkboxes, etc.) in a form.

<form>

</form>



Input --- Text Fields

The most used form tag is the `<input>` tag. The type of input is specified with the type attribute.

Text fields are used when you want the user to type letters, numbers, etc. in a form.

`<form>`

First name: `<input type="text" name="firstname">`

`
`

Last name: `<input type="text" name="lastname">`

`</form>`

First name:

Last name:

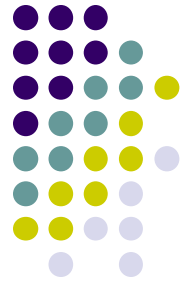


Radio Button

Radio Buttons are used when you want the user to select one of a limited number of choices.

```
<form>  
  <input type="radio" name="gender" value="male"> Male  
  <br>  
  <input type="radio" name="gender" value="female">  
  Female  
</form>
```





Checkboxes

Checkboxes are used when you want the user to select one or more options of a limited number of choices.

`<form>`

I have a bike: `<input type="checkbox" name="vehicle" value="Bike" />``
`

I have a car: `<input type="checkbox" name="vehicle" value="Car" />``
`

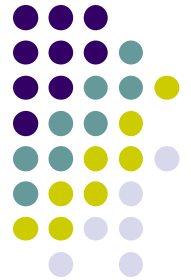
I have an airplane:`<input type="checkbox" name="vehicle" value="Airplane" >`

`</form>`

I have a bike: ☐

I have a car: ☐

I have an airplane: ☐



Drop Down Box

```
<select name="country">  
  <option value="pakistan">Pakistan</option>  
  <option value="india">India</option>  
</select>
```



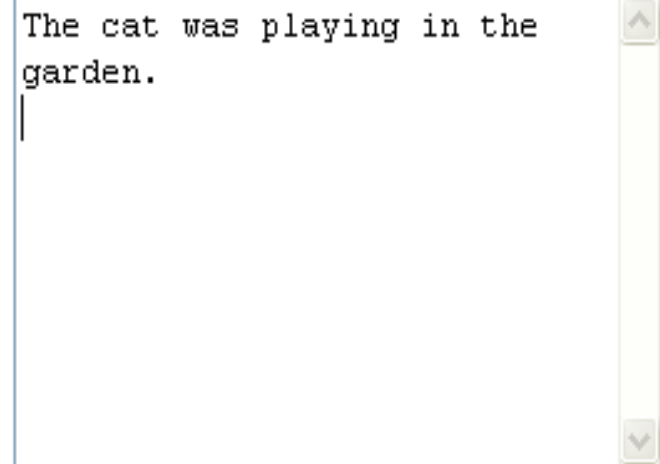


Text Area

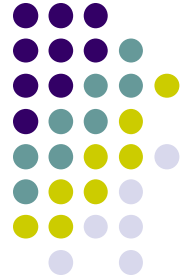
```
<textarea rows="10" cols="30">
```

The cat was playing in the garden.

```
</textarea>
```

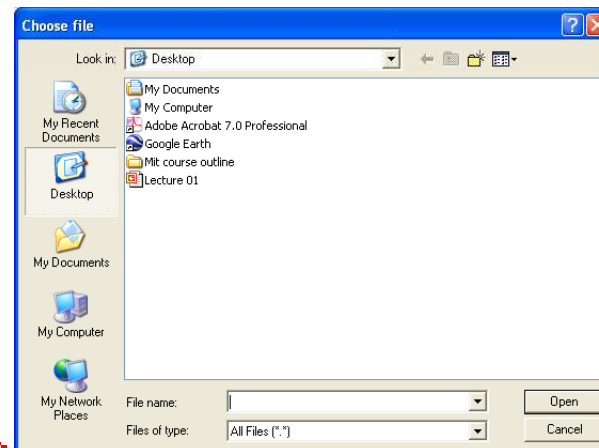


```
The cat was playing in the  
garden.  
|
```



File Upload

`<input type="file" name="uploadedfile" >`





Button

```
<form >  
  <input type="submit" value="Submit!">  
</form>
```

A rectangular button with a blue border and a light gray gradient background. The text "Submit!" is centered on the button in a black, monospace-style font.