Ridge and Lasso Regression

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import seaborn as sns
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, RidgeCV, Lasso
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

In [3]: data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\Advertising.csv")
 data

Out[3]:

| | TV | Radio | Newspaper | Sales |
|-----|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 0 | 230.1 | 37.8 | 69.2 | 22.1 |
| 1 | 44.5 | 39.3 | 45.1 | 10.4 |
| 2 | 17.2 | 45.9 | 69.3 | 12.0 |
| 3 | 151.5 | 41.3 | 58.5 | 16.5 |
| 4 | 180.8 | 10.8 | 58.4 | 17.9 |
| | | | | |
| 195 | 38.2 | 3.7 | 13.8 | 7.6 |
| 196 | 94.2 | 4.9 | 8.1 | 14.0 |
| 197 | 177.0 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 14.8 |
| 198 | 283.6 | 42.0 | 66.2 | 25.5 |
| 199 | 232.1 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 18.4 |

200 rows × 4 columns

In [5]: data.head()

Out[5]:

| | TV | Radio | Newspaper | Sales |
|---|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 0 | 230.1 | 37.8 | 69.2 | 22.1 |
| 1 | 44.5 | 39.3 | 45.1 | 10.4 |
| 2 | 17.2 | 45.9 | 69.3 | 12.0 |
| 3 | 151.5 | 41.3 | 58.5 | 16.5 |
| 4 | 180.8 | 10.8 | 58.4 | 17.9 |

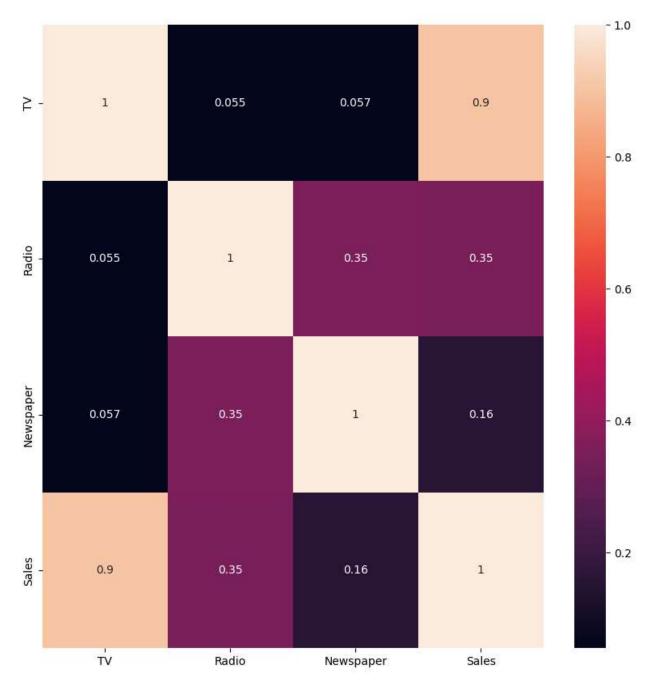
In [6]: data.tail()

Out[6]:

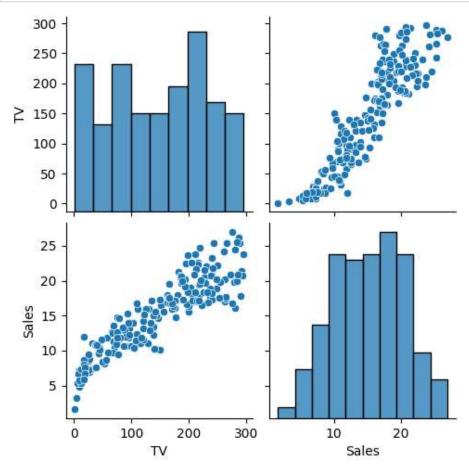
| | TV | Radio | Newspaper | Sales |
|-----|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 195 | 38.2 | 3.7 | 13.8 | 7.6 |
| 196 | 94.2 | 4.9 | 8.1 | 14.0 |
| 197 | 177.0 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 14.8 |
| 198 | 283.6 | 42.0 | 66.2 | 25.5 |
| 199 | 232.1 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 18.4 |

In [7]: plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot = True)

Out[7]: <Axes: >



```
In [8]: data.drop(columns = ["Radio", "Newspaper"], inplace = True)
#pairplot
sns.pairplot(data)
data.Sales = np.log(data.Sales)
```



```
In [10]: features = data.columns[0:2]
    target = data.columns[-1]
    #X and y values
    X = data[features].values
    y = data[target].values
    #splot
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=17
    print("The dimension of X_train is {}".format(X_train.shape))
    print("The dimension of X_test is {}".format(X_test.shape))
    #Scale features
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
    X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

The dimension of X_train is (140, 2) The dimension of X_test is (60, 2)

Linear Regression Model:

The train score for lr model is 1.0 The test score for lr model is 1.0

```
In [12]: #Ridge Regression Model
    ridgeReg = Ridge(alpha=10)
    ridgeReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
    #train and test scorefor ridge regression
    train_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_train, y_train)
    test_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_test, y_test)
    print("\nRidge Model:\n")
    print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
    print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
```

Ridge Model:

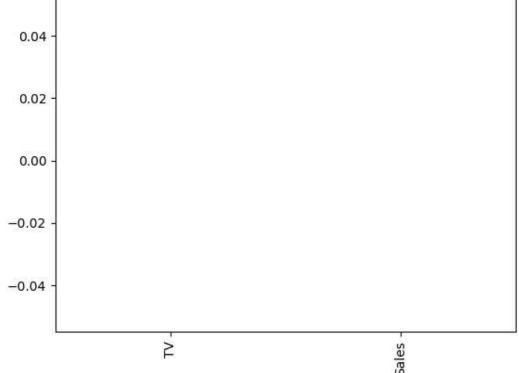
The train score for ridge model is 0.9902871391941606 The test score for ridge model is 0.9844266285141214

```
In [14]: #Lasso regression model
print("\nLasso Model: \n")
    lasso = Lasso(alpha = 10)
    lasso.fit(X_train,y_train)
    train_score_ls =lasso.score(X_train,y_train)
    test_score_ls =lasso.score(X_test,y_test)
    print("The train score for ls model is {}".format(train_score_ls))
    print("The test score for ls model is {}".format(test_score_ls))
```

Lasso Model:

The train score for 1s model is 0.0
The test score for 1s model is -0.0042092253233847465

```
In [15]: pd.Series(lasso.coef_, features).sort_values(ascending = True).plot(kind = "bar")
Out[15]: <Axes: >
```



In []: