

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, RidgeCV, Lasso
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
In [3]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\fiat500_VehicleSelection_Dataset.csv")
df
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560
1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609
4	5	pop	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650
...
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.704920
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.666870
1535	1536	pop	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.413480
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.682270
1537	1538	pop	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.568270

1538 rows × 9 columns



```
In [4]: df = df[['engine_power', 'price']]
df.columns=['Eng', 'pri']
```

```
In [5]: df.head()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Eng	pri
0	51	8900
1	51	8800
2	74	4200
3	51	6000
4	73	5700

```
In [6]: df.tail()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Eng	pri
1533	51	5200
1534	74	4600
1535	51	7500
1536	51	5990
1537	51	7900

```
In [7]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537  
Data columns (total 2 columns):  
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -  
0   Eng      1538 non-null    int64  
1   pri      1538 non-null    int64  
dtypes: int64(2)  
memory usage: 24.2 KB
```

```
In [8]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Eng	pri
count	1538.000000	1538.000000
mean	51.904421	8576.003901
std	3.988023	1939.958641
min	51.000000	2500.000000
25%	51.000000	7122.500000
50%	51.000000	9000.000000
75%	51.000000	10000.000000
max	77.000000	11100.000000

```
In [9]: df.fillna(method='ffill')
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	Eng	pri
0	51	8900
1	51	8800
2	74	4200
3	51	6000
4	73	5700
...
1533	51	5200
1534	74	4600
1535	51	7500
1536	51	5990
1537	51	7900

1538 rows × 2 columns

```
In [10]: x=np.array(df['Eng']).reshape(-1,1)
y=np.array(df['pri']).reshape(-1,1)
```

```
In [11]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\user\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_15664\1379821321.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

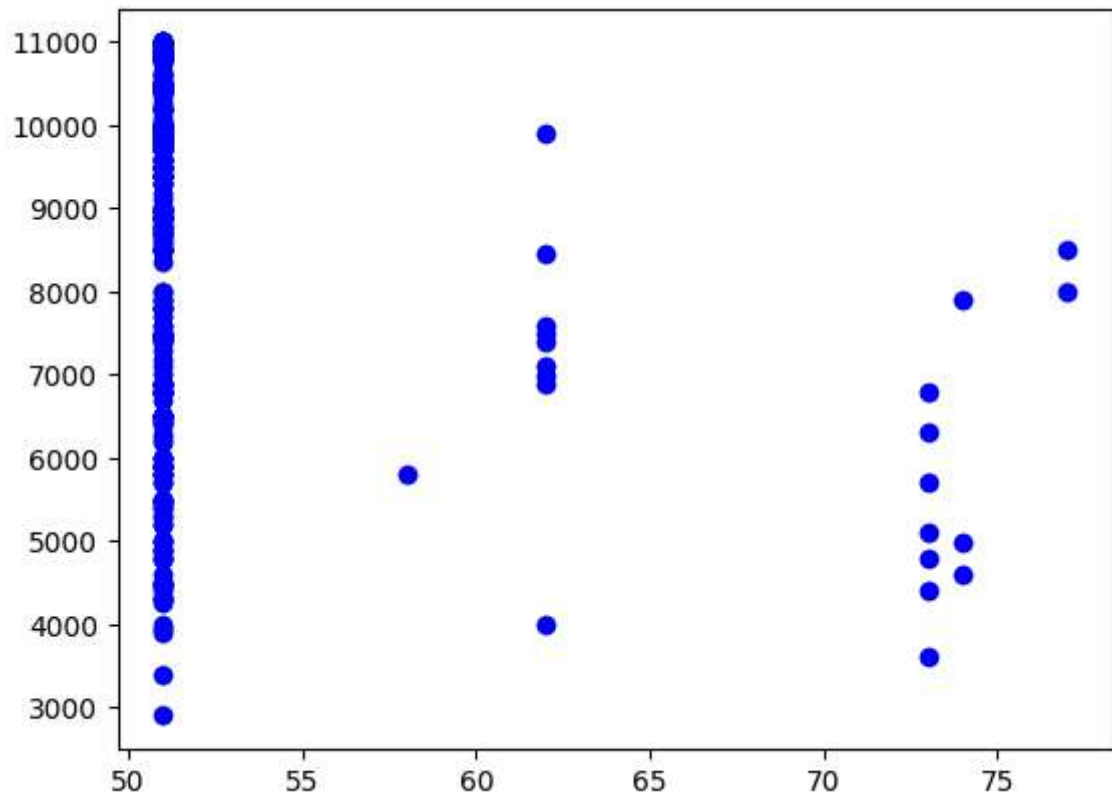
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [12]: X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25)
regr = LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(regr.score(X_test, y_test))
```

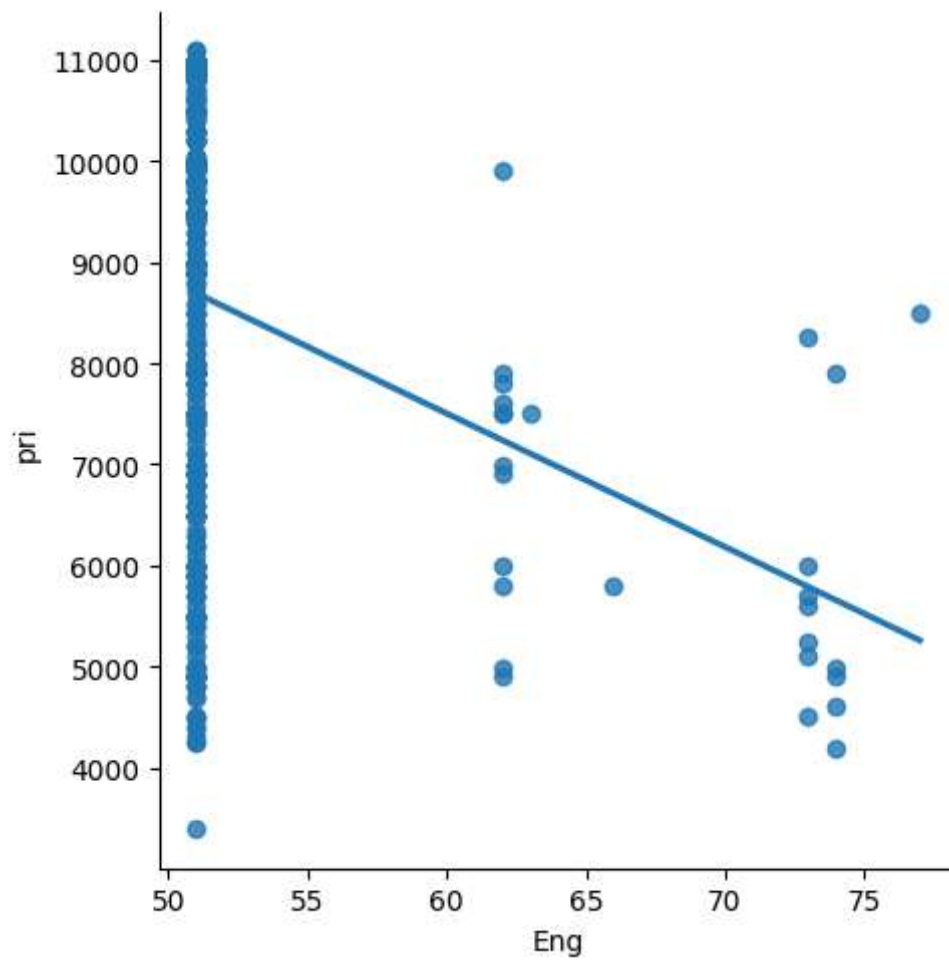
0.06465014107950018

```
In [15]: y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'y')
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'b')
plt.show()
```



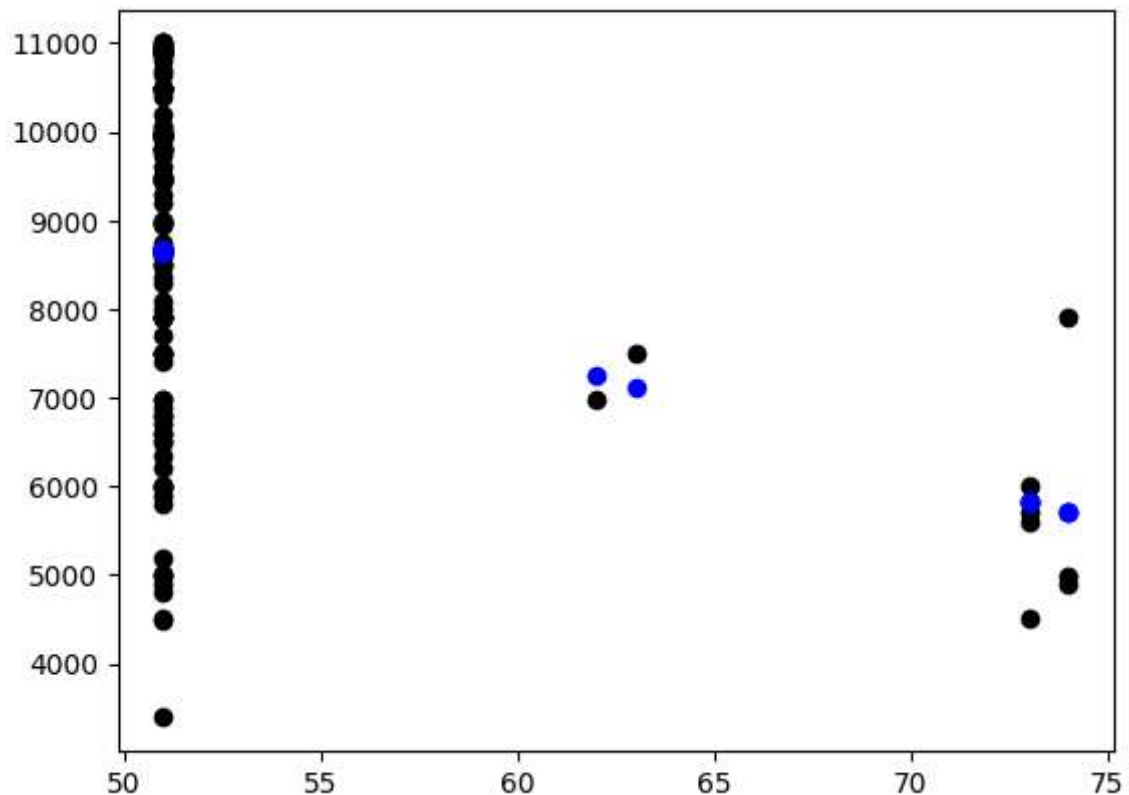
```
In [17]: df500 = df[:, :500]  
sns.lmplot(x = "Eng", y = "pri", data = df500, order = 1, ci = None)
```

```
Out[17]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1a95f5b0f50>
```



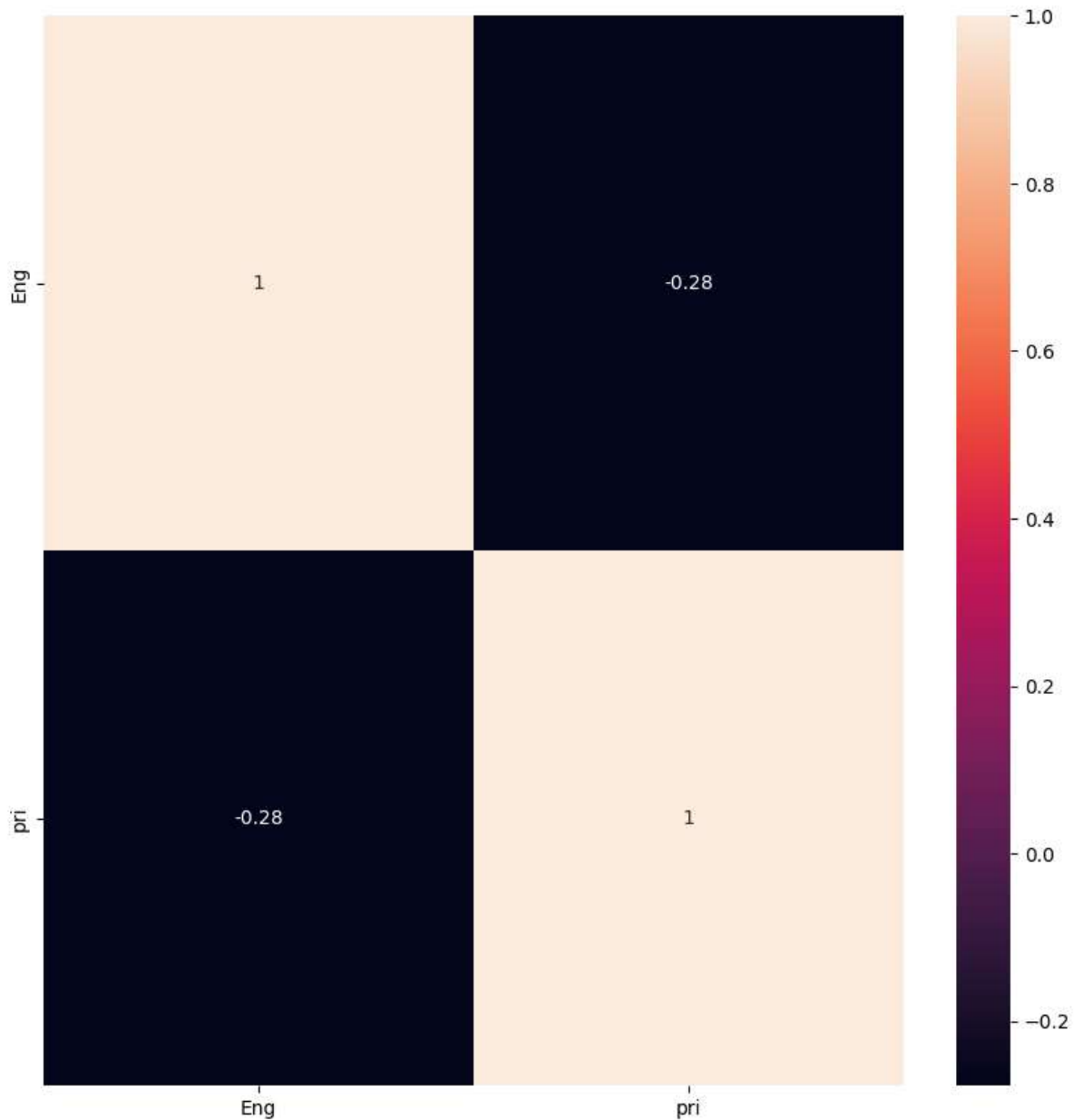
```
In [18]: df500.fillna(method = 'ffill', inplace = True)
x = np.array(df500['Eng']).reshape(-1, 1)
y = np.array(df500['pri']).reshape(-1, 1)
df500.dropna(inplace = True)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25)
regr = LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Regression:", regr.score(X_test, y_test))
y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'k')
plt.scatter(X_test, y_pred, color = 'b')
plt.show()
```

Regression: 0.13088284817450802



```
In [20]: plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))  
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot = True)
```

Out[20]: <Axes: >



```
In [21]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score  
#Train the model  
model = LinearRegression()  
model.fit(X_train, y_train)  
#Evaluating the model on the test set  
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)  
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)  
print("R2 score:", r2)
```

R2 score: 0.13088284817450802

```
In [22]: lr = LinearRegression()
#Fit model
lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
#predict
#prediction = lr.predict(X_test)
#actual
actual = y_test
train_score_lr = lr.score(X_train, y_train)
test_score_lr = lr.score(X_test, y_test)
print("\nLinear Regression Model:\n")
print("The train score for lr model is {}".format(train_score_lr))
print("The test score for lr model is {}".format(test_score_lr))
```

Linear Regression Model:

The train score for lr model is 0.04886161713188475
The test score for lr model is 0.13088284817450802

```
In [23]: ridgeReg = Ridge(alpha=10)
ridgeReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
train_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_train, y_train)
test_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(X_test, y_test)
print("\nRidge Model:\n")
print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
```

Ridge Model:

The train score for ridge model is 0.04886138130028239
The test score for ridge model is 0.13085286416194186

In []: