```
In [2]: import numpy as np
  import xarray as xr
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import matplotlib.ticker as mticker
  import cartopy.crs as ccrs
  import cartopy.feature as cfeature
%matplotlib inline
```

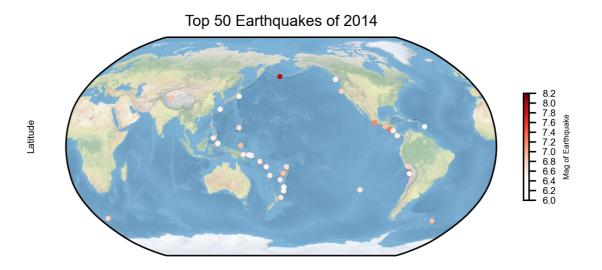
1. Global Earthquakes

First read the data and sort the data by magnitude and select the first 50th rows, then plot them on the map with scatter method.

```
In [7]: # Read in the earthquakes data
  earthquake = pd.read_csv('usgs_earthquakes.csv')
  top_50_2014 = earthquake.sort_values(by='mag',ascending=False).head(50)
```

```
In [8]: # Create and define the size of figure
        plt.figure(figsize=(5,5), dpi=300)
        # Create an axis with Robinson Projection
        proj = ccrs.Robinson(central longitude=180)
        ax = plt.axes(projection = proj)
        # Set font
        font01 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':8}
        font02 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':5}
        font03 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':4}
        # Add features
        ax.set global()
        ax.stock img()
        plt.title('Top 50 Earthquakes of 2014', font01)
        # Add point of earthquake
        scatter = ax.scatter(top 50 2014['longitude'], top 50 2014['latitude']
        colorbar = plt.colorbar(scatter, shrink=0.2)
        colorbar.set label('Mag of Earthquake', fontdict = font03)
        # Set the font of number on colorbar
        tick labels = colorbar.ax.get yticklabels()
        for label in tick labels:
            label.set fontproperties(font02)
        # Set new ticks
        new ticks = np.arange(6, 8.21, 0.2)
        colorbar.set ticks(new ticks)
        # Add text
        ax.text(-0.07, 0.55, 'Latitude', va='bottom', ha='center', rotation='v
```

Out[8]: Text(-0.07, 0.55, 'Latitude')



2. Explore a netCDF dataset

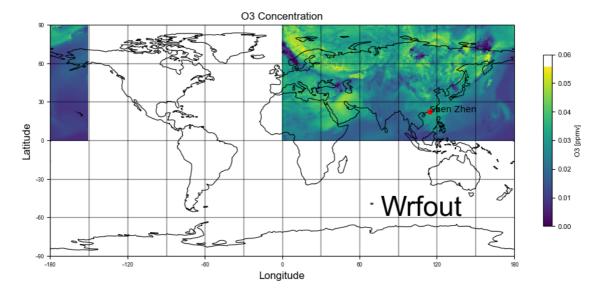
A wrfout data was used, which is a netCDF file. First read the data and then plot the data on the map, add different features. use <code>ax2.add_feature(cfeature.OCEAN, linewidth=0.8, zorder=1)</code> to mask the data with ocean.

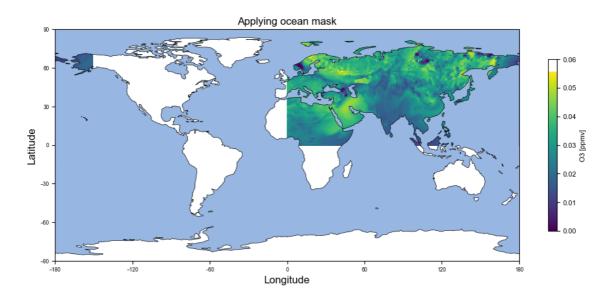
Use set extent([90, 130, 0, 40]) to plot the regional map

```
In [9]: # Import the data
wrfout = xr.open_dataset('D:\OneDrive\Tianci\data\jupyter_notebook\mas
# select the variable
o3 = wrfout['o3'].isel(Time=0, bottom_top=0)
```

```
In [39]: # Create and define the size of a figure object
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10), dpi=100)
         # Set projection
         proj = ccrs.PlateCarree()
         # Create an axis
         ax = plt.subplot(2, 1, 1, projection = proj)
         # Add natural features to axes using cartopy.feature (cfeature)
         ax.add feature(cfeature.COASTLINE, linewidth=0.8)
         # Add lat/lon gridlines
         # Draw gridlines, the gridlines need to be plotted with the SAME proje
         gl = ax.gridlines(crs=ccrs.PlateCarree(), linewidth=1, color='black',
         # Manipulate latitude and longitude gridline numbers and spacing
         gl.ylocator = mticker.FixedLocator(np.arange(-90,90,30))
         gl.xlocator = mticker.FixedLocator(np.arange(-180, 180, 30))
         # Plot the surface ozone concentration
         ozone = o3.plot(ax=ax, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree(), cbar kwargs={'shr
         # Set fonts
         font01 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':12}
         font02 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':8}
         font03 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':6}
         font04 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':32}
         # Set colorbar
         ozone.colorbar.set label('03 [ppmv]', fontdict = font02)
         # Set the font of number on colorbar
         tick labels = ozone.colorbar.ax.get yticklabels()
         for label in tick labels:
             label.set fontproperties(font02)
         # Set new ticks
         new ticks = np.arange(0, 0.061, 0.01)
         ozone.colorbar.set ticks(new ticks)
         # Set the extent to cover the entire globe
         ax.set extent([-180, 180, -90, 90])
         # Set title
         plt.title('03 Concentration', fontdict = font01)
         # Set x and y labels
         ax.set xlabel('Longitude', font01)
         ax.set_ylabel('Latitude', font01)
         # Set x and y ticks
         ax.set xticks([-180, -120, -60, 0, 60, 120, 180])
         ax.set yticks([-90, -60, -30, 0, 30, 60, 90])
         ax.tick params(axis='both', labelfontfamily='Arial', labelsize=6)
         # Add text
         ax.text(0.80, 0.15, 'Wrfout', va='bottom', ha='center', fontdict = fon
         # Add point and annomation
         ax.plot(114.3, 22.3, 'ro', markersize=5, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree())
         ax.annotate('Shen Zhen', xy=(114.3, 22.3), xytext=(114.3, 22.3), trans
```

```
# Mask ocean data by adding ocean feature and changing its zorder
ax2 = plt.subplot(2, 1, 2, projection=proj)
ax2.coastlines(linewidths=0.5)
# Plot the ozone data
ozone = o3.plot(ax=ax2, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree(), cbar kwargs={'sh
ax2.add feature(cfeature.OCEAN, linewidth=0.8, zorder=1)
plt.title("Applying ocean mask", fontdict = font01)
# Set colorbar
ozone.colorbar.set label('03 [ppmv]', fontdict = font02)
# Set the font of number on colorbar
tick labels = ozone.colorbar.ax.get_yticklabels()
for label in tick labels:
    label.set fontproperties(font02)
# Set new ticks
new ticks = np.arange(0, 0.061, 0.01)
ozone.colorbar.set ticks(new ticks)
# Set the extent to cover the entire globe
ax2.set extent([-180, 180, -90, 90])
# Set x and y labels
ax2.set xlabel('Longitude', font01)
ax2.set ylabel('Latitude', font01)
# Set x and y ticks
ax2.set xticks([-180, -120, -60, 0, 60, 120, 180])
ax2.set yticks([-90, -60, -30, 0, 30, 60, 90])
ax2.tick params(axis='both', labelfontfamily='Arial', labelsize=6)
plt.tight layout()
```

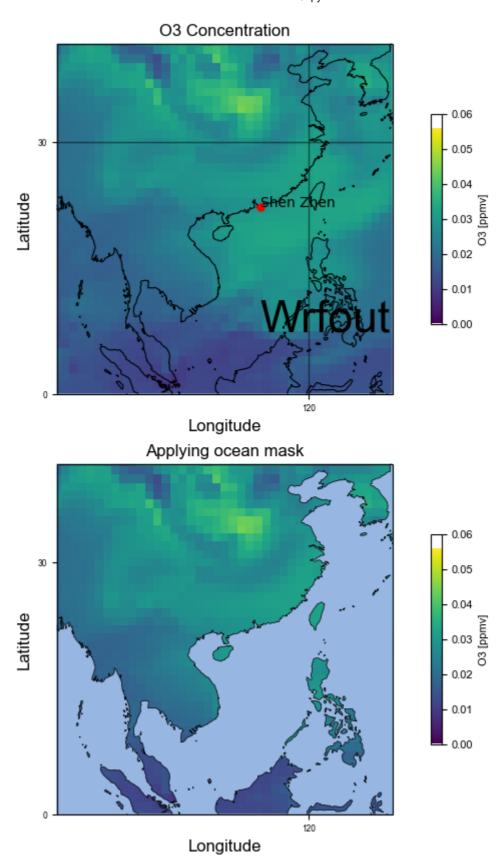




```
In [47]: # Create and define the size of a figure object
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10), dpi=100)
         # Set projection
         proj = ccrs.PlateCarree()
         # Create an axis
         ax = plt.subplot(2, 1, 1, projection = proj)
         # Add natural features to axes using cartopy.feature (cfeature)
         ax.add feature(cfeature.COASTLINE, linewidth=0.8)
         # Add lat/lon gridlines
         # Draw gridlines, the gridlines need to be plotted with the SAME proje
         gl = ax.gridlines(crs=ccrs.PlateCarree(), linewidth=1, color='black',
         # Manipulate latitude and longitude gridline numbers and spacing
         gl.ylocator = mticker.FixedLocator(np.arange(-90,90,30))
         gl.xlocator = mticker.FixedLocator(np.arange(-180, 180, 30))
         # Plot the surface ozone concentration
         ozone = o3.plot(ax=ax, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree(), cbar kwargs={'shr
         # Set fonts
         font01 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':12}
         font02 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':8}
         font03 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':6}
         font04 = {'family':'Arial', 'weight':'normal','size':32}
         # Set colorbar
         ozone.colorbar.set label('03 [ppmv]', fontdict = font02)
         # Set the font of number on colorbar
         tick labels = ozone.colorbar.ax.get yticklabels()
         for label in tick labels:
             label.set fontproperties(font02)
         # Set new ticks
         new ticks = np.arange(0, 0.061, 0.01)
         ozone.colorbar.set ticks(new ticks)
         # Set title
         plt.title('03 Concentration', fontdict = font01)
         # Set x and y labels
         ax.set xlabel('Longitude', font01)
         ax.set ylabel('Latitude', font01)
         # Set x and y ticks
         ax.set xticks([-180, -120, -60, 0, 60, 120, 180])
         ax.set yticks([-90, -60, -30, 0, 30, 60, 90])
         ax.tick params(axis='both', labelfontfamily='Arial', labelsize=6)
         # Add text
         ax.text(0.80, 0.15, 'Wrfout', va='bottom', ha='center', fontdict = for
         # Add point and annomation
         ax.plot(114.3, 22.3, 'ro', markersize=5, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree())
         ax.annotate('Shen Zhen', xy=(114.3, 22.3), xytext=(114.3, 22.3), trans
         # Set the extent to cover the region
         ax.set extent([90, 130, 0, 40])
         # Mask ocean data by adding ocean feature and changing its zorder
```

```
ax2 = plt.subplot(2, 1, 2, projection=proj)
ax2.coastlines(linewidths=0.5)
# Plot the ozone data
ozone = o3.plot(ax=ax2, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree(), cbar kwargs={'sh
ax2.add feature(cfeature.OCEAN, linewidth=0.8, zorder=1)
plt.title("Applying ocean mask", fontdict = font01)
# Set colorbar
ozone.colorbar.set label('03 [ppmv]', fontdict = font02)
# Set the font of number on colorbar
tick labels = ozone.colorbar.ax.get yticklabels()
for label in tick labels:
   label.set fontproperties(font02)
# Set new ticks
new ticks = np.arange(0, 0.061, 0.01)
ozone.colorbar.set ticks(new ticks)
# Set x and y labels
ax2.set xlabel('Longitude', font01)
ax2.set ylabel('Latitude', font01)
# Set x and y ticks
ax2.set xticks([-180, -120, -60, 0, 60, 120, 180])
ax2.set yticks([-90, -60, -30, 0, 30, 60, 90])
ax2.tick params(axis='both', labelfontfamily='Arial', labelsize=6)
# Set the extent to cover the entire globe
ax2.set extent([90, 130, 0, 40])
```

```
d:\Software\Anaconda\Lib\site-packages\cartopy\io\__init__.py:241:
DownloadWarning: Downloading: https://naturalearth.s3.amazonaws.co
m/50m_physical/ne_50m_ocean.zip (https://naturalearth.s3.amazonaws.com/50m_physical/ne_50m_ocean.zip)
    warnings.warn(f'Downloading: {url}', DownloadWarning)
```



In []: