

1.1

$$f(\beta) = 2 \cot \beta \frac{m^2 \sin^2 \beta - 1}{m^2 (\alpha + \cos(2\beta)) + 2} - \tan \theta$$

Find values of β where $f(\beta) = 0$

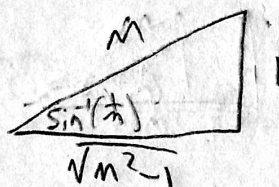
at $\theta = 0$

when $\beta = 90^\circ$

$$f(90^\circ) = 2 \cot(90^\circ) \frac{m^2 \sin^2(90^\circ) - 1}{m^2 (\alpha + \cos(180^\circ)) + 2} - \tan 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(90^\circ) \geq 0}$$

when $\beta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)$



$$\cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta$$

$$f\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{m}\right) = 2 \sqrt{m^2 - 1} \left(\frac{m^2 \left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^2 - 1}{m^2 \left(\alpha + \frac{m^2 - 1}{m} - \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2} \right) - \tan 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{1}{m}\right) = 0}$$