

# Detecting Corners

Computer Vision

**Carnegie Mellon University (Kris Kitani)** 

### Why detect corners?

Image alignment (homography, fundamental matrix)

3D reconstruction

Motion tracking

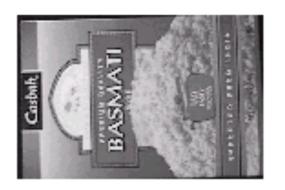
Object recognition

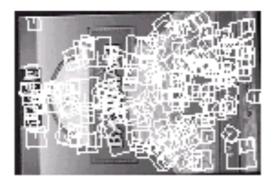
Indexing and database retrieval

Robot navigation

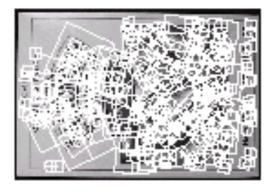
### Planar object instance recognition

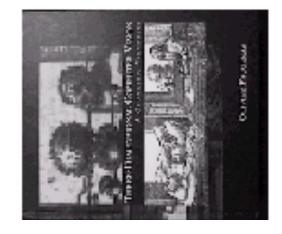
Database of planar objects

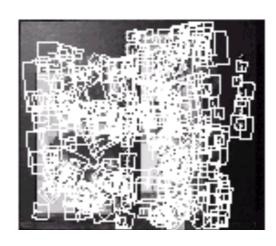












Instance recognition





# 3D object recognition

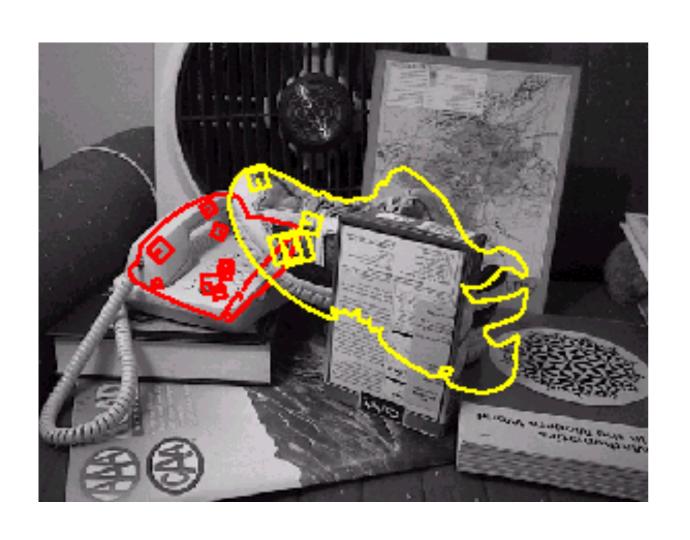
Database of 3D objects

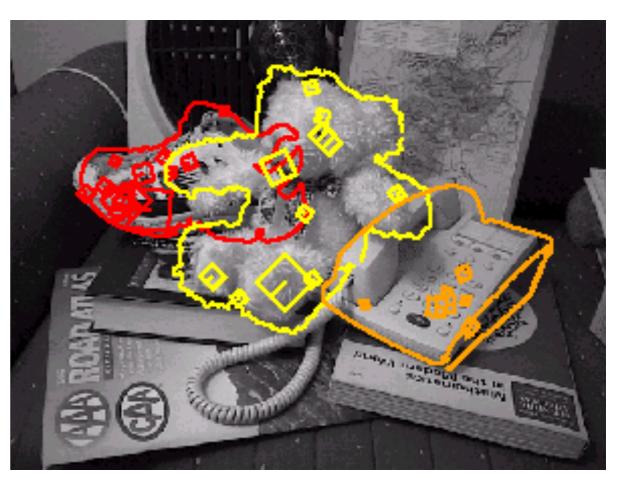


3D objects recognition



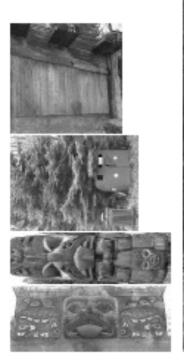




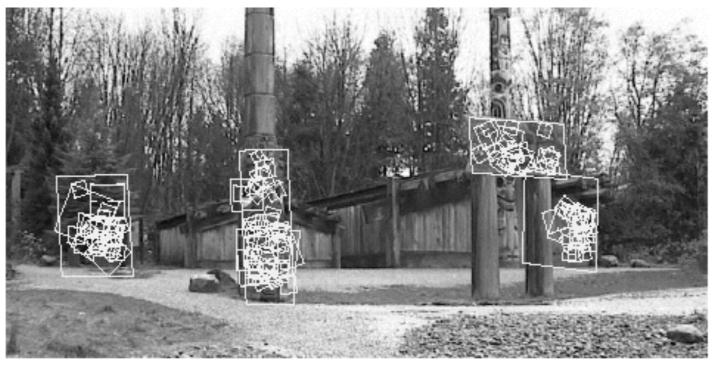


Recognition under occlusion

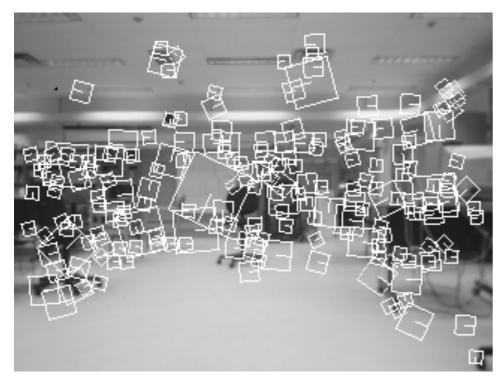
# Location Recognition







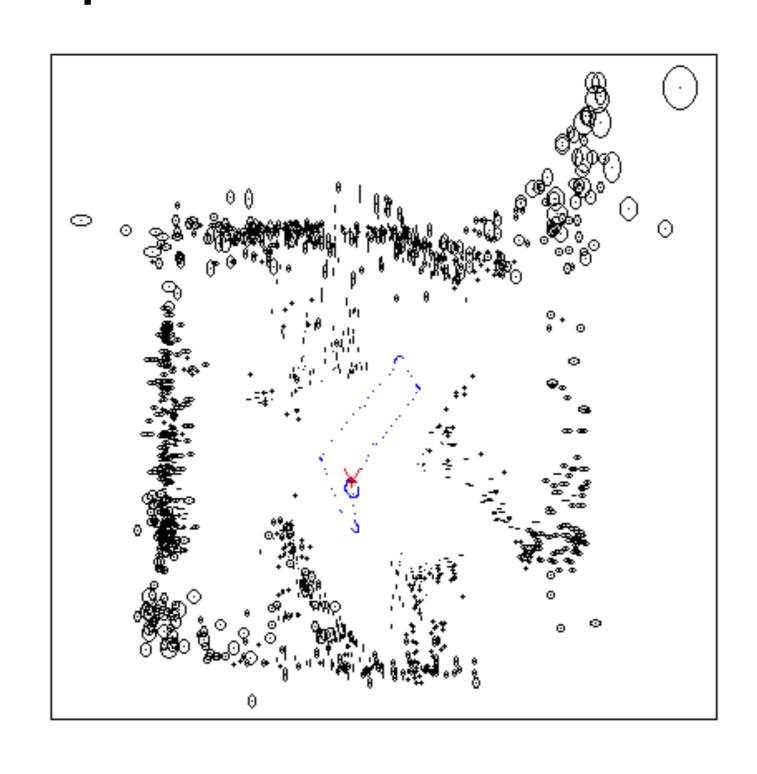
### Robot Localization







### Map built over time



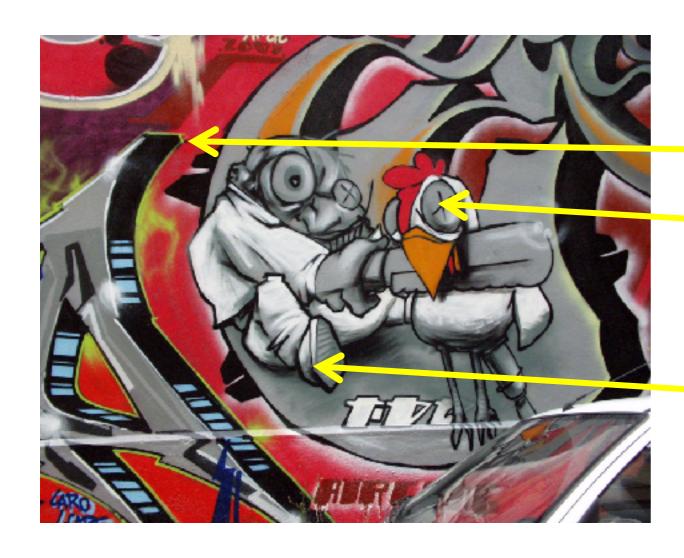
### Example: Image Matching

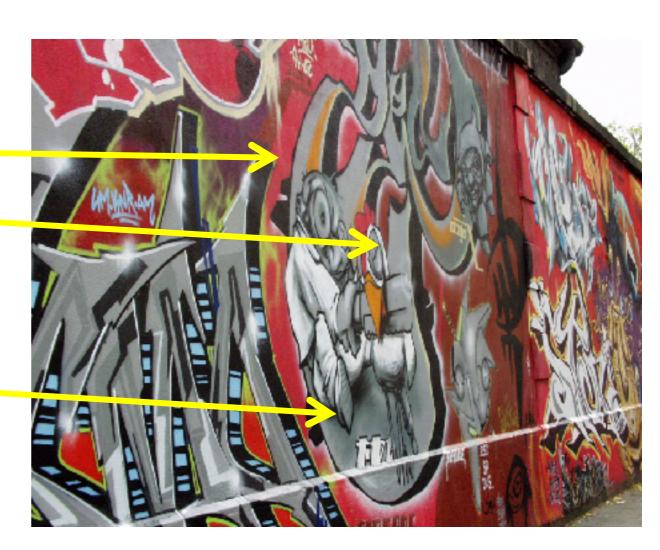




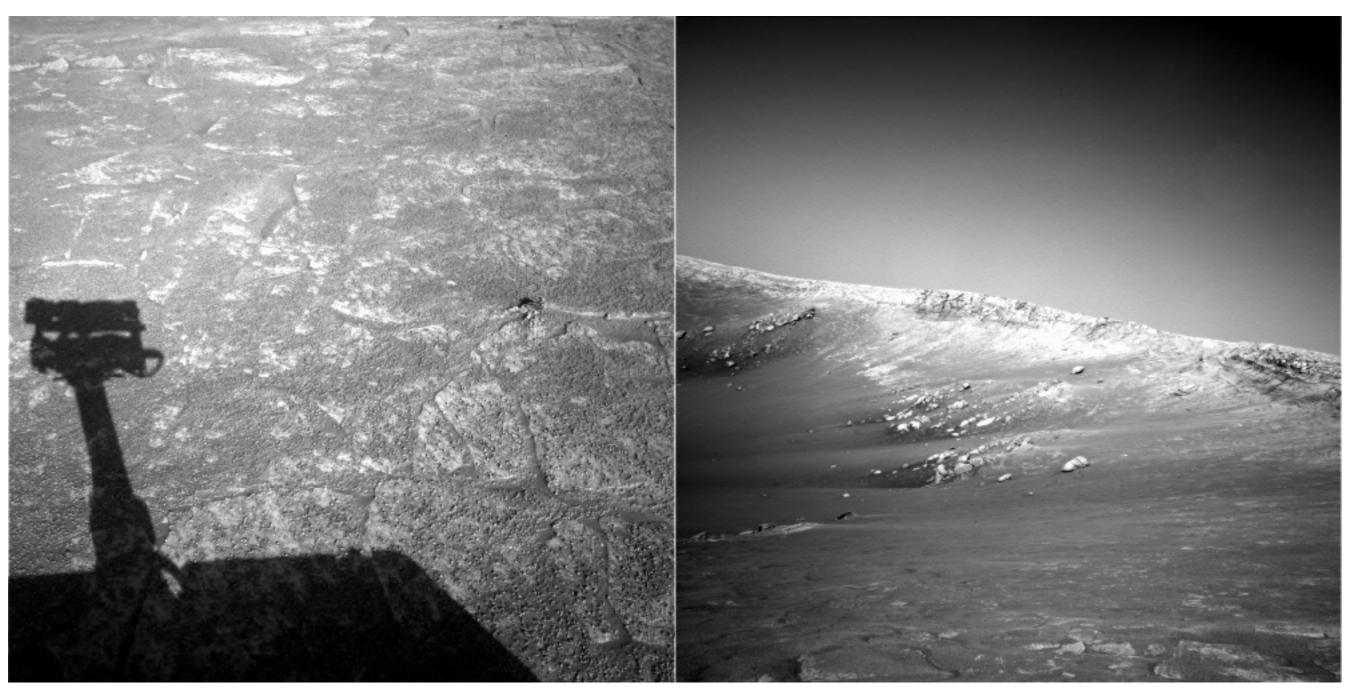
How would you find corresponding points?

### Example: Image Matching





How would you find corresponding points?



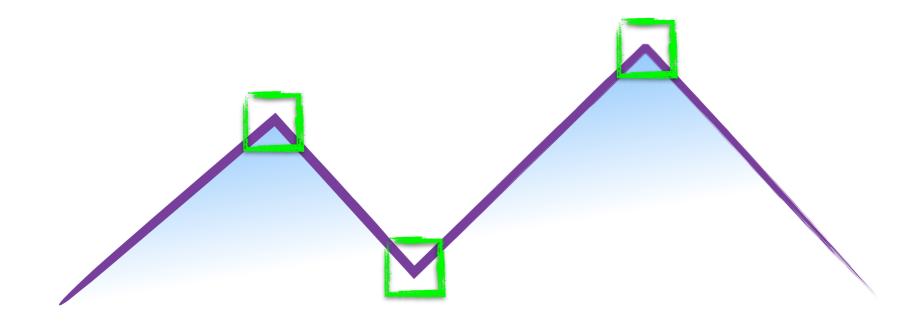
NASA Mars Rover images

### Where are the corresponding points?



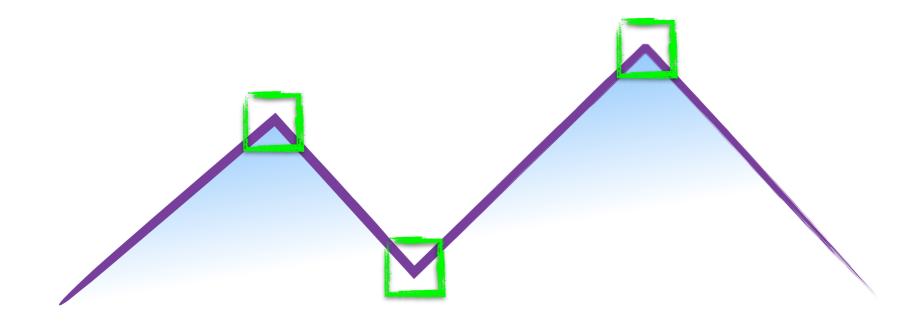
What type of features were you trying to match? Explain to me your thought process.

### How do you find a corner?



### How do you find a corner?

[Moravec 1980]

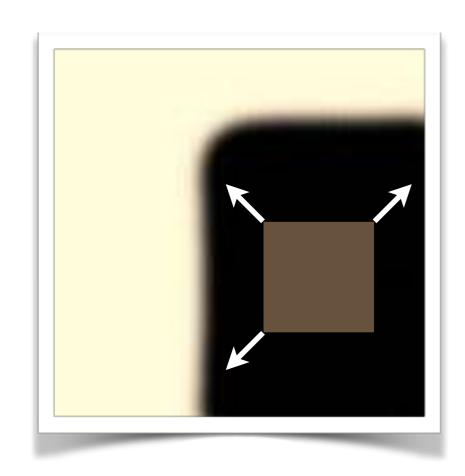


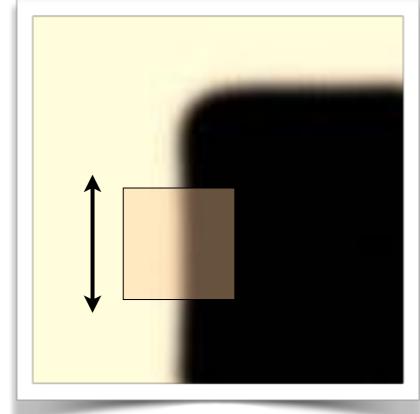
Easily recognized by looking through a small window

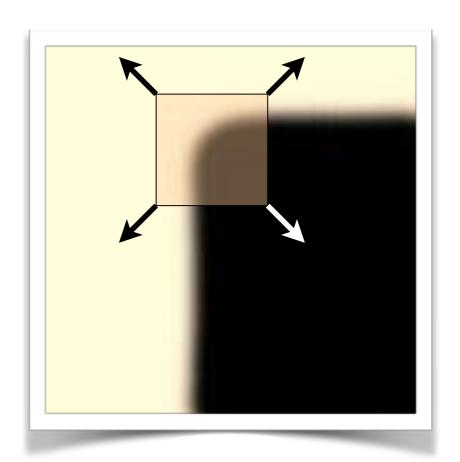
Shifting the window should give large change in intensity

#### Easily recognized by looking through a small window

#### Shifting the window should give large change in intensity







"flat" region: no change in all directions

"edge": no change along the edge direction

"corner": significant change in all directions