

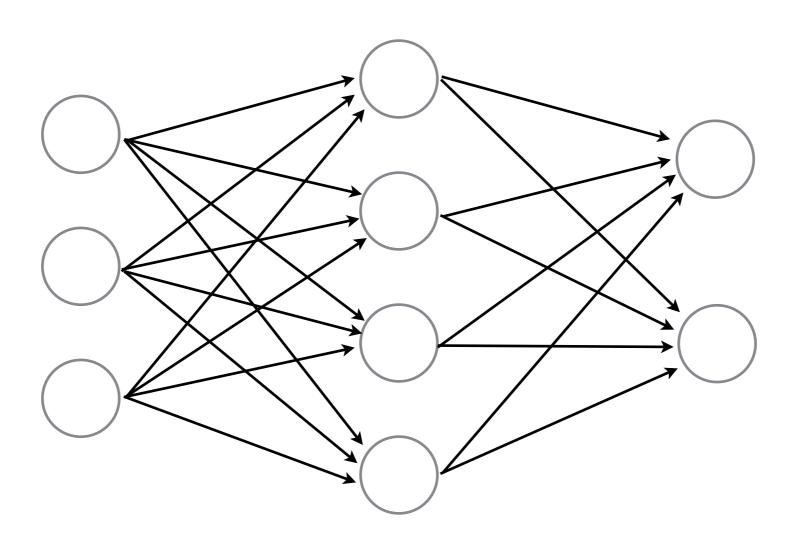
Neural Networks

Computer Vision

Carnegie Mellon University (Kris Kitani)

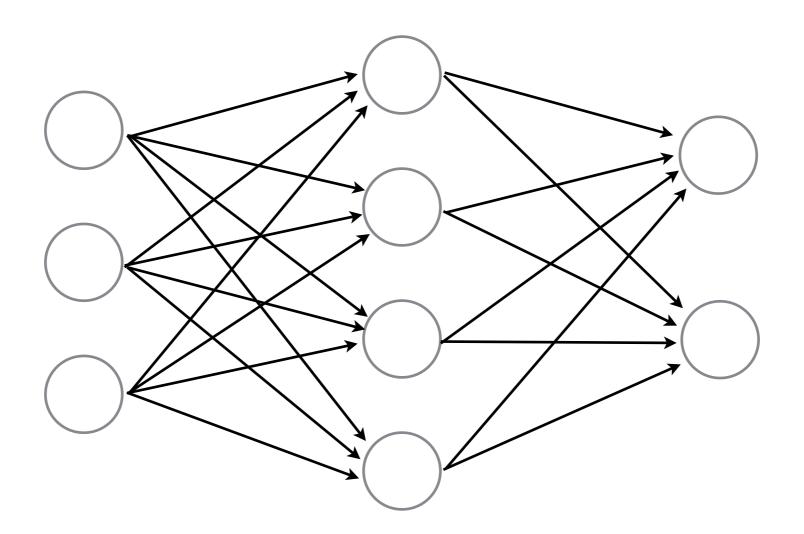
Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons



Neural Network

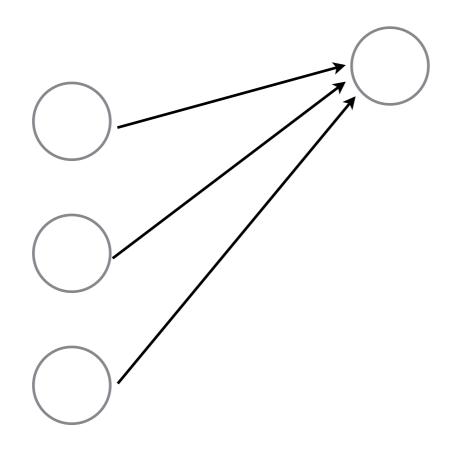
a collection of connected perceptrons



How many perceptrons in this neural network?

Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

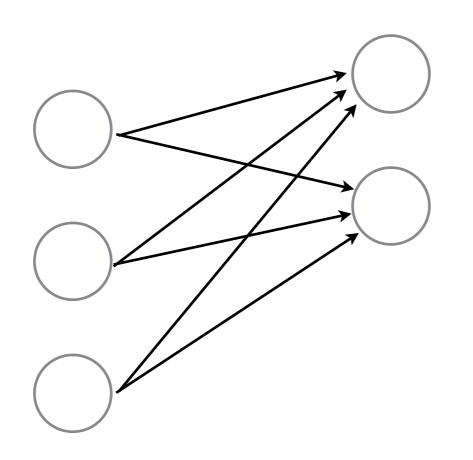


'one perceptron'



Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

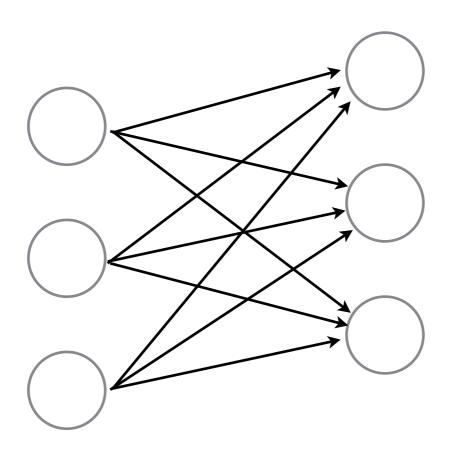


'two perceptrons'



Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

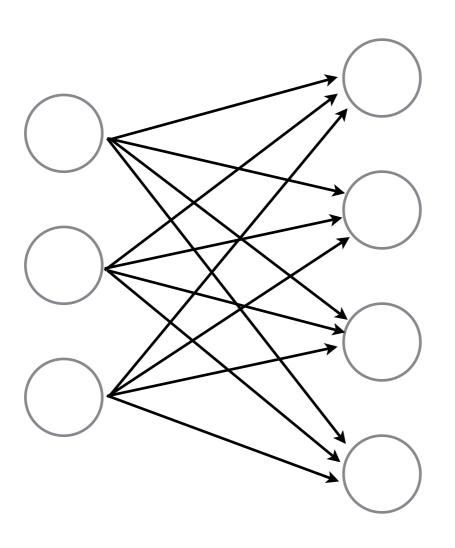


'three perceptrons'



Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

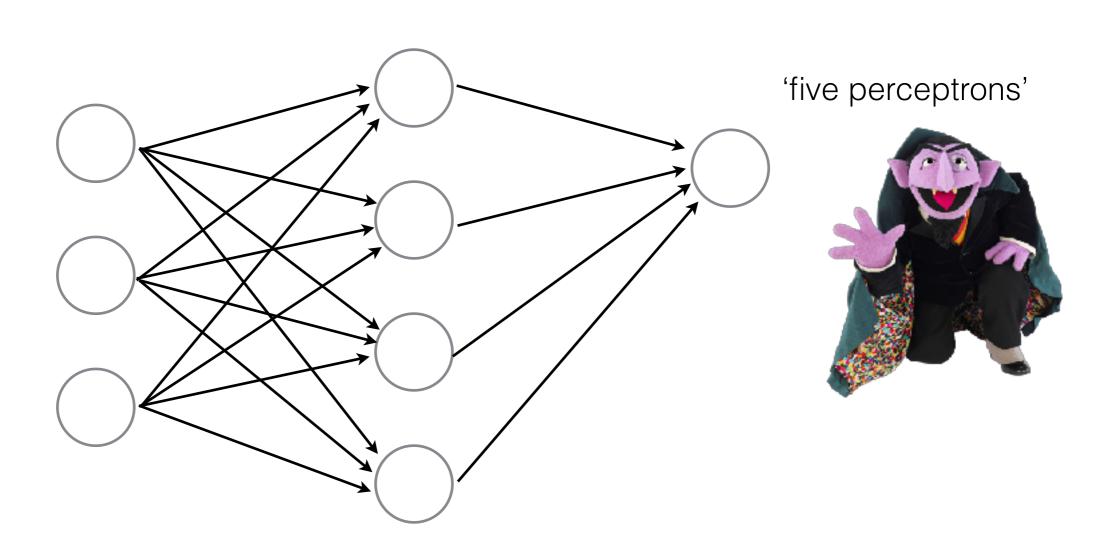


'four perceptrons'



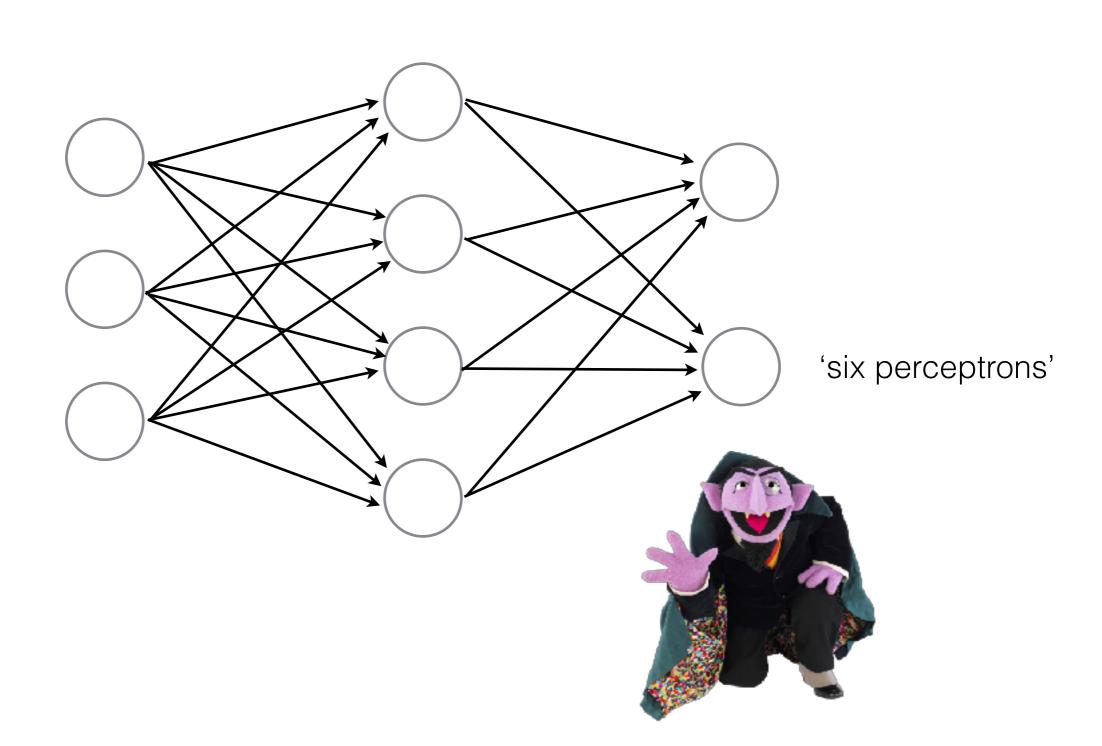
Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons



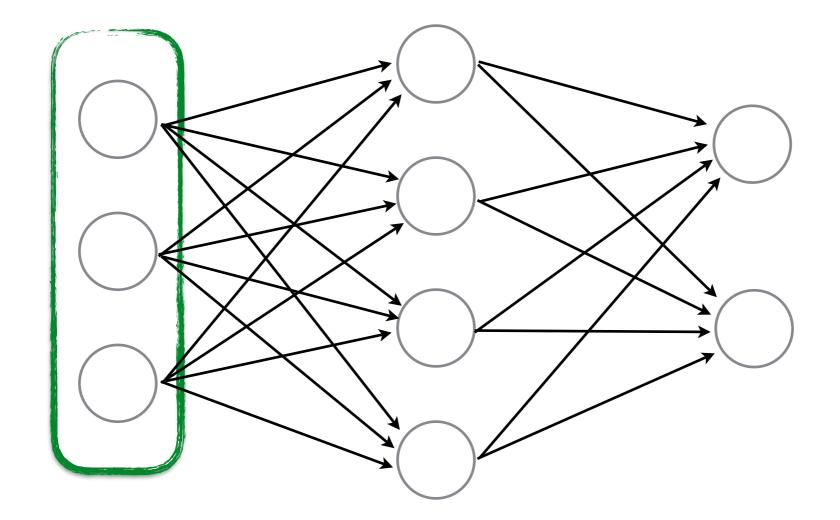
Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons



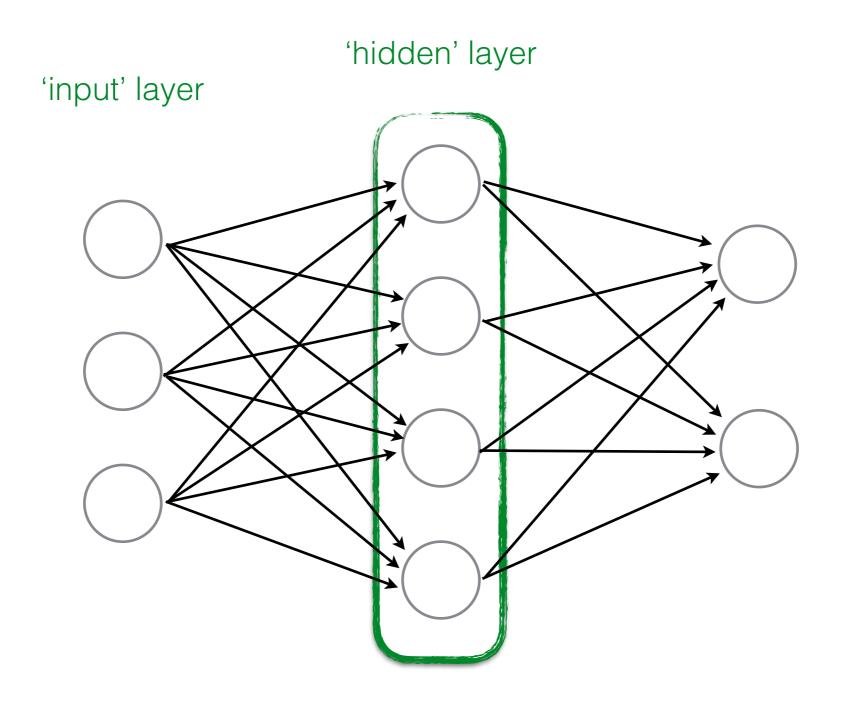
Some terminology...

'input' layer



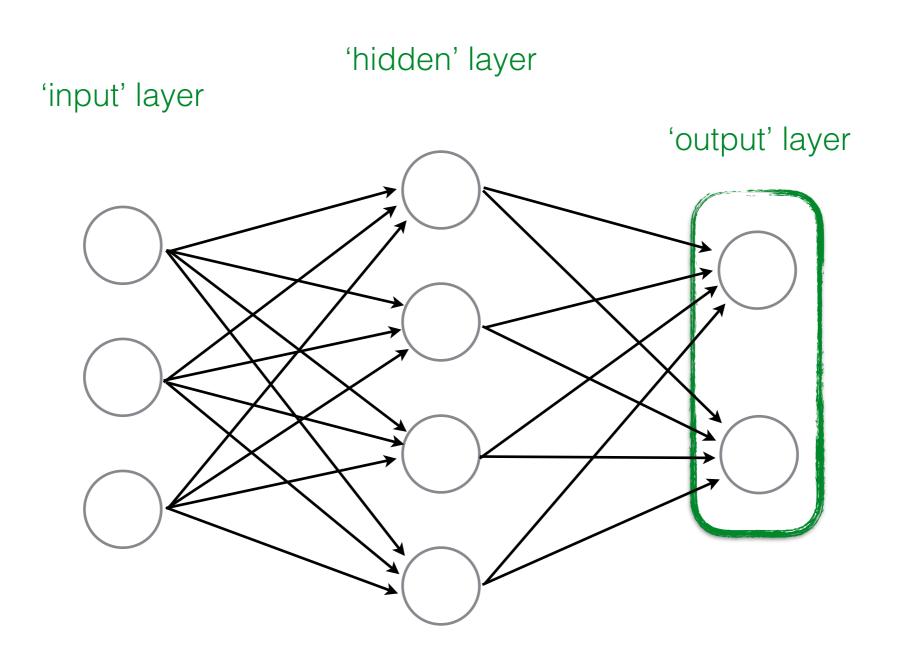
...also called a **Multi-layer Perceptron** (MLP)

Some terminology...

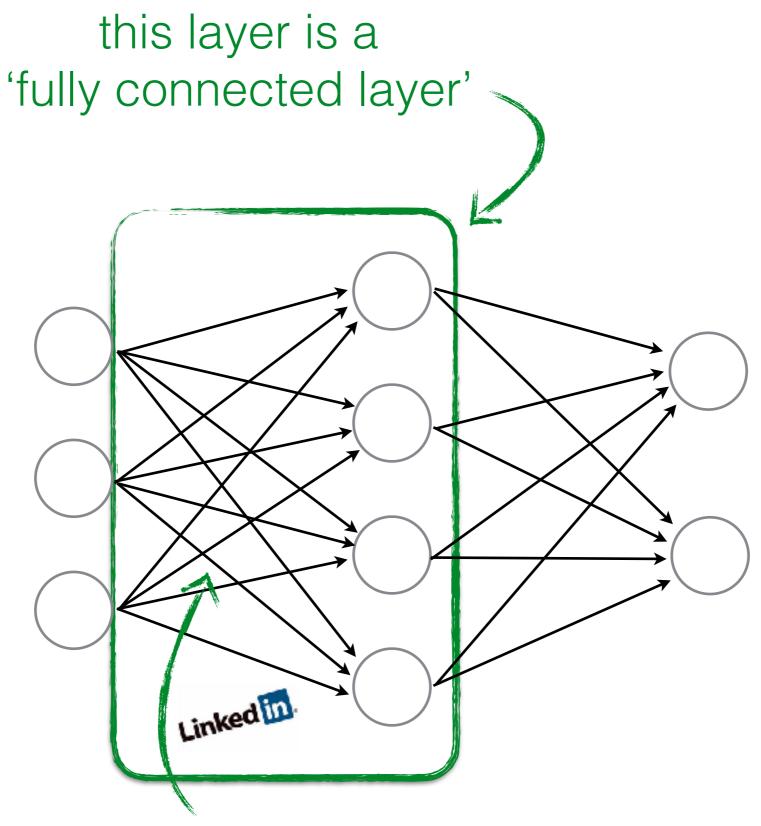


...also called a **Multi-layer Perceptron** (MLP)

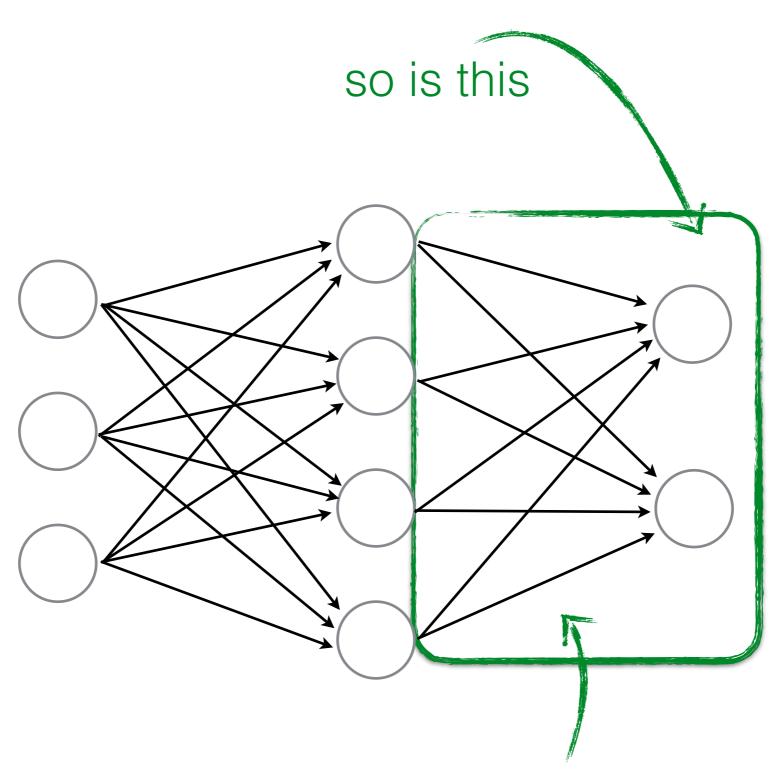
Some terminology...



...also called a **Multi-layer Perceptron** (MLP)



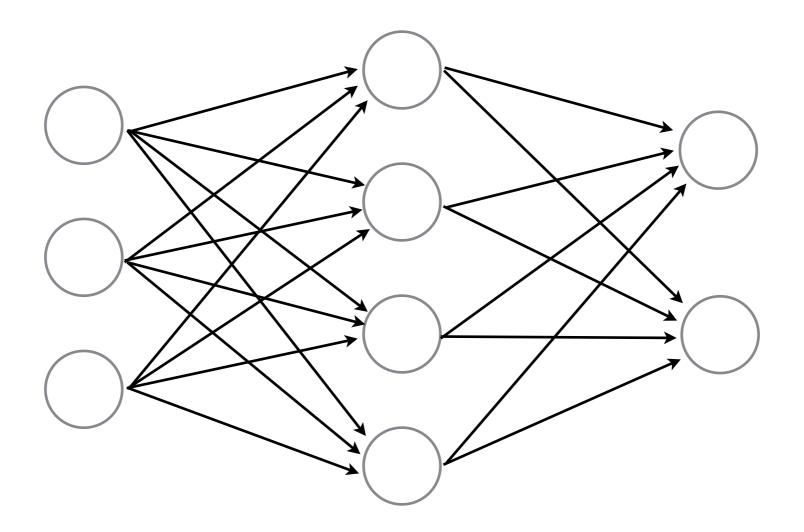
all pairwise neurons between layers are connected



all pairwise neurons between layers are connected

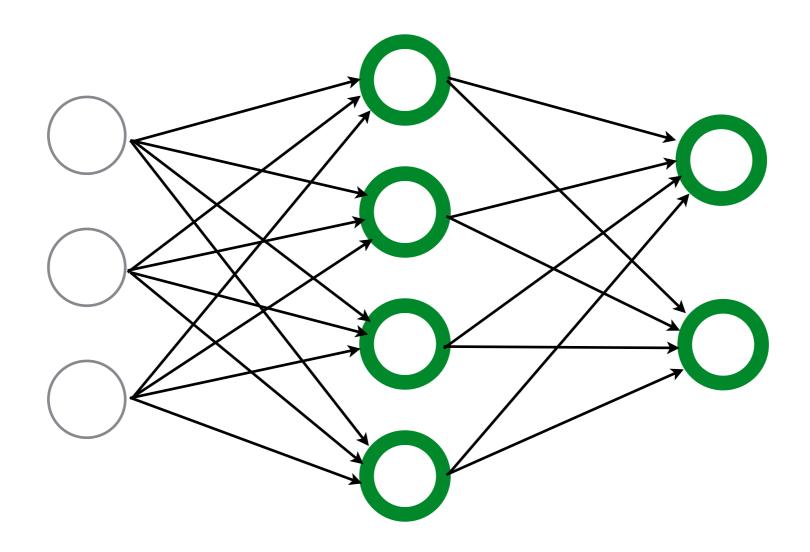
How many neurons (perceptrons)?

How many weights (edges)?



How many learnable parameters total?

How many weights (edges)?



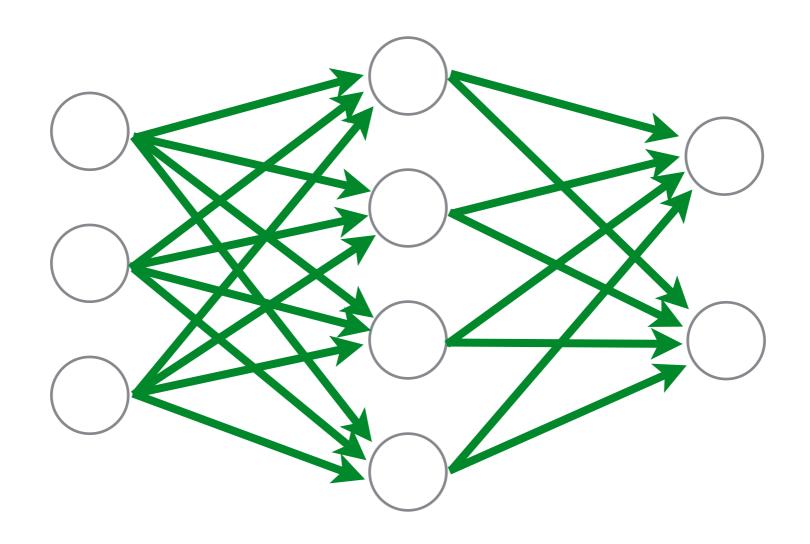
How many learnable parameters total?

How many neurons (perceptrons)?

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

How many weights (edges)?

$$(3 \times 4) + (4 \times 2) = 20$$



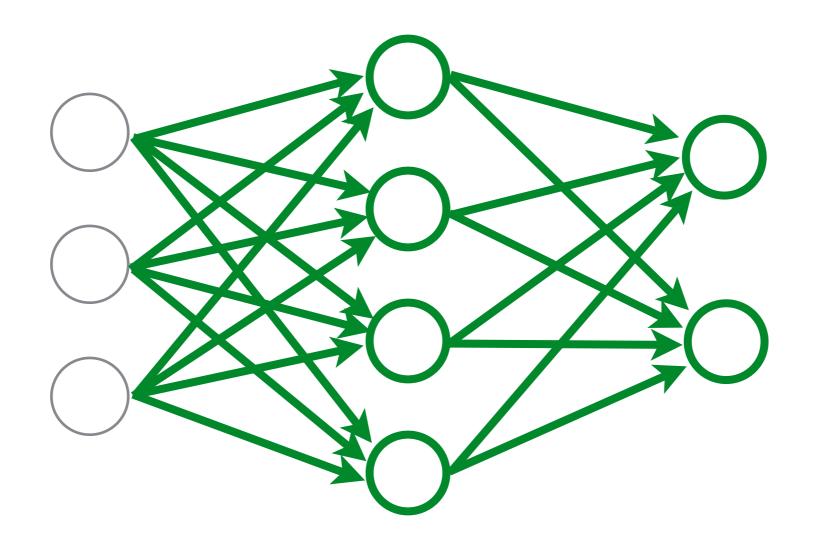
How many learnable parameters total?

How many neurons (perceptrons)?

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

How many weights (edges)?

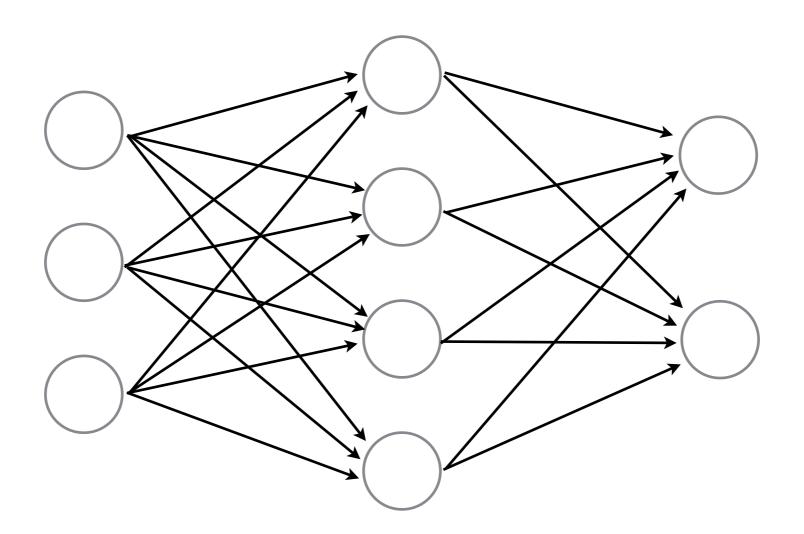
$$(3 \times 4) + (4 \times 2) = 20$$



How many learnable parameters total?

20 + 4 + 2 = 26

performance usually tops out at 2-3 layers, deeper networks don't really improve performance...



...with the exception of **convolutional** networks for images