# Heuristic Analysis

For this project the following heuristic score function algorithms are proposed. For each proposed algorithm, the results of the tournament are provided and compared with the improved iterative deepening:

## def custom\_score\_improved(game, player):

This score function returns the difference between the number of moves available for self and the opponent player. A mixing factor is used to compute weighted sum of the two instead of plain addition.

# def custom\_score\_lookahead\_own(game, player):

This score function looks ahead one level deeper and returns the number of legal moves at the current step and the average of number of moves available in the next level due to each of the moves in the current level.

## def custom\_score\_opponent\_moves(game, player):

This score function only returns the number of moves available for the opponent in the current state of the game.

# def custom\_score\_lookahead\_opponent(game, player):

This score function looks at the number of available moves for its own player subtracted by the average number of moves available for the opponent in the next round.

#### def custom\_score\_center\_deviation(game, player):

This score function discourages the player to go to the boundaries of the board by discounting the distance to centre of the board from the returned score.

#### def custom\_score\_lookahead\_both(game, player):

This score function looks ahead one level deeper and returns the number of legal moves at the current step and the average of number of moves available due to each of the moves in previous step. This look ahead is performed for both players, and then return a weighted sum of the current and future number of available moves.

The following graph shows the ratio of the number of wins by the Student agent for each proposed score function to the number of wins by the ID\_Improved agent in the same tournament. As can be seen, the score functions that looks ahead into the next level for both self and the opponent (Custom\_score\_lookahead\_both) tends to outperform the ID\_Improved by about 9%. In this score function, there is a

mixing\_factor to distribute the emphasis on current or future states. The tournament is run for various mixing\_factor's, and it seems an equal weight for the current and immediate future states is the best strategy. The degradation of the win ratio can be observed when mixing\_factor is deviated from 0.5.

custom\_score\_lookahead\_both (mixing\_factor = 0.7)

custom\_score\_lookahead\_both (mixing\_factor = 0.5)

custom\_score\_lookahead\_both (mixing\_factor = 0.3)

custom\_score\_center\_deviation

custom\_score\_lookahead\_opponent

custom\_score\_opponent\_moves

0.90

0.95

1.00

1.05

1.10

Ratio of Student's wins to ID\_Improved's wins

# **Recommendation for evaluation function:**

custom\_score\_lookahead\_own

In terms of win ratio, the best score function seems to be the one that looks at the current state of the game as well as the future state of the game for both players, i.e., custom\_score\_lookahead\_both. This score function is the recommendation this report for the following three reasons:

#### 1. Performance:

The data shows that this score function can outperform the provided baseline by 9%.

0.85

# 2. Complexity:

This score function can compute the score in linear time. That is, the complexity is  $\theta(1)$ .

# 3. Code Readability:

The code for this score function is still small and readable, thus enabling easy editing and bug finding.

# APPENDIX

In what follows the source code and tournament results for the above mentioned score functions are presented.

```
def custom_score_improved(game, player):
    """Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view
    of the given player. This score function returns the difference
    between the number of moves available for self and the opponent player.
    A mixing factor is used to compute weighted sum of the two instead of
    plain addition.
    Parameters
    game : `isolation.Board`
        An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
        game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
   player : object
        A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
        one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
    Returns
    _____
    float
        The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
    if game.is_loser(player):
        return float("-inf")
    if game.is_winner(player):
        return float("inf")
   mixinq_factor = 0.7
   own_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
   opp_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))
```

return float(mixing\_factor \* own\_moves + (1 - mixing\_factor) \* (-opp\_moves))

# def custom\_score\_lookahead\_own(game, player):

"""Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view of the given player. This score function looks ahead one level deeper and returns the number of legal moves at the current step and the average of number of moves available due to each of the moves in previous step.

```
Parameters
_____
game : `isolation.Board`
    An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
    game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
player : object
    A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
    one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
Returns
_____
float
    The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
# TODO: finish this function!
#raise NotImplementedError
if game.is_loser(player):
    return float("-inf")
if game.is_winner(player):
    return float("inf")
own_moves = game.get_legal_moves(player)
if len(own_moves) == 0:
    return float("-inf")
lookahead_moves = 0.0
for move in own_moves:
    lookahead_game = game.forecast_move(move)
    lookahead_moves += len(lookahead_game.get_legal_moves(player))
lookahead_moves /= len(own_moves)
score = len(own_moves) + lookahead_moves
return float(score)
```

## Playing Matches:

Result: 18 to 2 Match 1: ID\_Improved vs Random Result: 15 to 5 Match 2: ID\_Improved vs MM\_Null Result: 11 to 9 Match 3: ID\_Improved vs MM\_Open Result: 10 to 10 Match 4: ID\_Improved vs MM\_Improved Match 5: ID\_Improved vs AB\_Null Result: 15 to 5 Match 6: ID\_Improved vs Result: 11 to 9 AB Open Match 7: ID\_Improved vs AB\_Improved Result: 11 to 9

# Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 65.00%

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### Playing Matches:

Match 1: Result: 16 to 4 Student Random VS Result: 13 to 7 Match 2: Student ٧S MM\_Null Match 3: Student MM\_Open Result: 10 to 10 ٧S Match 4: Student Result: 14 to 6 vs MM\_Improved Match 5: Result: 12 to 8 Student AB\_Null VS Result: 12 to 8 Match 6: Student AB\_Open VS Match 7: Student vs AB\_Improved Result: 12 to 8

# Results:

-----

Student 63.57%

```
def custom_score_opponent_moves(game, player):
    """Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view
    of the given player. This score function only returns the number of
    moves available for opponent player.
    Parameters
    game : `isolation.Board`
        An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
        game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
   player : object
        A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
        one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
    Returns
    float
       The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
   # TODO: finish this function!
    #raise NotImplementedError
    if game.is_loser(player):
        return float("-inf")
    if game.is_winner(player):
        return float("inf")
   own_moves = 0 # len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
   opp_moves = len(qame.get_legal_moves(qame.get_opponent(player)))
    return float(own_moves - opp_moves)
```

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	Random	Result:	19 to 1
Match 2:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Null	Result:	12 to 8
Match 3:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Open	Result:	14 to 6
Match 4:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Improved	Result:	12 to 8
Match 5:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Null	Result:	17 to 3
Match 6:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Open	Result:	13 to 7
Match 7:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Improved	Result:	11 to 9

#### Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 70.00%

# Playing Matches:

\_\_\_\_\_

Match 1:	Student	VS	Random	Result:	17	to	3
Match 2:	Student	VS	MM_Null	Result:	15	to	5
Match 3:	Student	VS	MM_Open	Result:	11	to	9
Match 4:	Student	VS	MM_Improved	Result:	12	to	8
Match 5:	Student	VS	AB_Null	Result:	15	to	5
Match 6:	Student	VS	AB_Open	Result:	10	to	10
Match 7:	Student	VS	AB_Improved	Result:	12	to	8

#### Results:

------

Student 65.71%

#### def custom\_score\_lookahead\_opponent(game, player):

"""Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view of the given player. This score function looks at the number of available moves for its own player subtracted by the average number of moves available for the opponent in the next round.

```
Parameters
game : `isolation.Board`
    An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
    game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
player : object
    A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
    one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
Returns
_____
float
    The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
# TODO: finish this function!
#raise NotImplementedError
if game.is_loser(player):
    return float("-inf")
if game.is_winner(player):
    return float("inf")
own_moves = game.get_legal_moves(player)
if len(own_moves) == 0:
    return float("-inf")
opp_moves = 0.0
for move in own moves:
    new_game = game.forecast_move(move)
    opp_moves += len(new_game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))
# get the average moves that the opponent have
avg_opp_moves = opp_moves / len(own_moves)
return float(len(own_moves) - avg_opp_moves)
```

#### Tournament results for custom\_score\_lookahead\_opponent():

This script evaluates the performance of the custom heuristic function by comparing the strength of an agent using iterative deepening (ID) search with alpha-beta pruning against the strength rating of agents using other heuristic functions. The `ID\_Improved` agent provides a baseline by measuring the performance of a basic agent using Iterative Deepening and the "improved" heuristic (from lecture) on your hardware. The `Student` agent then measures the performance of Iterative Deepening and the custom heuristic against the same opponents.

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	ID_Improved v	VS	Random	Result:	19	to	1
Match 2:	ID_Improved v	vs	MM_Null	Result:	17	to	3
Match 3:	ID_Improved v	VS	MM_0pen	Result:	12	to	8
Match 4:	ID_Improved v	vs	MM_Improved	Result:	11	to	9
Match 5:	ID_Improved v	VS	AB_Null	Result:	14	to	6
Match 6:	ID_Improved v	vs	AB_Open	Result:	13	to	7
Match 7:	ID_Improved v	VS	AB_Improved	Result:	16	to	4

#### Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 72.86%

# Playing Matches:

\_\_\_\_\_

Match 1:	Student	vs	Random	Result:	16 to	4
Match 2:	Student	٧S	MM_Null	Result:	16 to	4
Match 3:	Student	٧S	MM_Open	Result:	15 to	5
Match 4:	Student	٧S	MM_Improved	Result:	14 to	6
Match 5:	Student	٧S	AB_Null	Result:	15 to	5
Match 6:	Student	٧S	AB_Open	Result:	12 to	8
Match 7:	Student	VS	AB Improved	Result:	8 to 1	2

#### Results:

------

Student 68.57%

```
def custom_score_center_deviation(game, player):
    """Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view
    of the given player. This score function discourages the player to go to
    the boundaries of the board by discounting the distance to centre of the
    board from the returned score.
    Parameters
    game : `isolation.Board`
        An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
        game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
    player : object
        A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
        one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
    Returns
    _____
    float
        The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
    if game.is_loser(player):
        return float("-inf")
    if game.is_winner(player):
        return float("inf")
   mixing_factor = 0.8
    board_center = (game.width / 2.0, game.height / 2.0)
    current_location = game.get_player_location(player)
    distance_to_center = (current_location[0] - board_center[0]) ** 2 +
(current_location[1] - board_center[1]) ** 2
    distance_to_center_normilized = distance_to_center / ( (board_center[0]) ** 2 +
(board_center[1]) ** 2 )
    #print("distance to center = " + str(-distance_to_center))
   nrof_own_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(player))
    nrof_own_moves_normilized = nrof_own_moves / 8.0
    score = mixing_factor * nrof_own_moves_normilized + (1 - mixing_factor) * (-
distance_to_center_normilized)
    #print('score = ' + str(score))
    return float(score)
```

#### Tournament results for custom\_score\_center\_deviation():

This script evaluates the performance of the custom heuristic function by comparing the strength of an agent using iterative deepening (ID) search with alpha-beta pruning against the strength rating of agents using other heuristic functions. The `ID\_Improved` agent provides a baseline by measuring the performance of a basic agent using Iterative Deepening and the "improved" heuristic (from lecture) on your hardware. The `Student` agent then measures the performance of Iterative Deepening and the custom heuristic against the same opponents.

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	ID_Improved vs	s Random	Result:	16	to	4
Match 2:	ID_Improved vs	s MM_Null	Result:	19	to	1
Match 3:	ID_Improved vs	s MM_Open	Result:	11	to	9
Match 4:	ID_Improved vs	s MM_Improved	Result:	10	to	10
Match 5:	ID_Improved vs	s AB_Null	Result:	10	to	10
Match 6:	ID_Improved vs	s AB_Open	Result:	12	to	8
Match 7:	ID_Improved vs	s AB_Improved	Result:	13	to	7

#### Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 65.00%

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	Student	VS	Random	Result:	16 to 4
Match 2:	Student	VS	MM_Null	Result:	17 to 3
Match 3:	Student	VS	MM_Open	Result:	12 to 8
Match 4:	Student	VS	MM_Improved	Result:	9 to 11
Match 5:	Student	VS	AB_Null	Result:	13 to 7
Match 6:	Student	VS	AB_Open	Result:	10 to 10
Match 7:	Student	VS	AB_Improved	Result:	11 to 9

#### Results:

------

Student 62.86%

```
def custom_score_lookahead_both(game, player):
```

"""Calculate the heuristic value of a game state from the point of view of the given player. This score function looks ahead one level deeper and returns the number of legal moves at the current step and the average of number of moves available due to each of the moves in previous step. This look ahead is performed for both players.

```
Parameters
    game : `isolation.Board`
        An instance of `isolation.Board` encoding the current state of the
        game (e.g., player locations and blocked cells).
    player : object
        A player instance in the current game (i.e., an object corresponding to
        one of the player objects `game.__player_1_` or `game.__player_2__`.)
    Returns
    -----
    float.
        The heuristic value of the current game state to the specified player.
    # TODO: finish this function!
    #raise NotImplementedError
    if game.is_loser(player):
        return float("-inf")
    if game.is_winner(player):
        return float("inf")
    own_moves = game.get_legal_moves(player)
    opp_moves = len(game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))
   mixinq_factor = 0.3
    if len(own_moves) == 0:
        return float("-inf")
    lookahead_moves = 0.0
    opp_moves_next_level = 0.0
    for move in own_moves:
        lookahead_game = game.forecast_move(move)
        lookahead_moves += len(lookahead_game.get_legal_moves(player))
        # opponent moves
        opp_moves_next_level +=
len(lookahead_game.get_legal_moves(game.get_opponent(player)))
    lookahead_moves /= len(own_moves)
    # get the average moves that the opponent have
   opp_moves_next_level /= len(own_moves)
   if lookahead moves == 0:
```

```
# loosing game in the future
#return float("-inf")
pass

score = mixing_factor * (len(own_moves) - opp_moves) + (1 - mixing_factor) *
(lookahead_moves - opp_moves_next_level)
    return float(score)
```

```
********
Evaluating: ID_Improved
********
```

# Playing Matches:

\_\_\_\_\_

Match 1:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	Random	Result:	19	to	1
Match 2:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Null	Result:	16	to	4
Match 3:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Open	Result:	11	to	9
Match 4:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Improved	Result:	12	to	8
Match 5:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	AB_Null	Result:	12	to	8
Match 6:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	AB_Open	Result:	15	to	5
Match 7:	ID_Improved	vs	AB_Improved	Result:	10	to	10

#### Results:

ID\_Improved 67.86%

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Evaluating: Student \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# Playing Matches:

VS Match 1: Student Random Result: 18 to 2 Match 2: Student VS MM\_Null Result: 16 to 4 Match 3: Student MM\_Open Result: 12 to 8 ٧S Match 4: Student vs MM\_Improved Result: 12 to 8 Match 5: Student AB\_Null Result: 17 to 3 VS Match 6: Student VS AB\_Open Result: 11 to 9 vs AB\_Improved Result: 12 to 8

#### Results:

Match 7:

70.00% Student

Student

## Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	Random	Result:	20 to 0
Match 2:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Null	Result:	15 to 5
Match 3:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Open	Result:	16 to 4
Match 4:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	MM_Improved	Result:	8 to 12
Match 5:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Null	Result:	12 to 8
Match 6:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Open	Result:	14 to 6
Match 7:	<pre>ID_Improved vs</pre>	AB_Improved	Result:	13 to 7

#### Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 70.00%

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	Student	VS	Random	Result:	18	to	2
Match 2:	Student	٧S	MM_Null	Result:	16	to	4
Match 3:	Student	VS	MM_Open	Result:	15	to	5
Match 4:	Student	VS	MM_Improved	Result:	11	to	9
Match 5:	Student	VS	AB_Null	Result:	18	to	2
Match 6:	Student	VS	AB_Open	Result:	12	to	8
Match 7:	Student	VS	AB Improved	Result:	12	to	8

#### Results:

------

Student 72.86%

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	ID_Improved	٧S	Random	Result:	17	to	3
Match 2:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Null	Result:	16	to	4
Match 3:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Open	Result:	14	to	6
Match 4:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	MM_Improved	Result:	10	to	10
Match 5:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	AB_Null	Result:	12	to	8
Match 6:	<pre>ID_Improved</pre>	٧S	AB_Open	Result:	14	to	6
Match 7:	ID_Improved	vs	AB_Improved	Result:	10	to	10

#### Results:

-----

ID\_Improved 66.43%

# Playing Matches:

-----

Match 1:	Student	vs	Random	Result:	19	to	1
Match 2:	Student	٧S	MM_Null	Result:	18	to	2
Match 3:	Student	٧S	MM_Open	Result:	12	to	8
Match 4:	Student	٧S	MM_Improved	Result:	13	to	7
Match 5:	Student	٧S	AB_Null	Result:	16	to	4
Match 6:	Student	٧S	AB_Open	Result:	11	to	9
Match 7:	Student	VS	AB Improved	Result:	12	to	8

#### Results:

-----

Student 72.14%