The tugboat package*

$\label{eq:thm:cont} The \ TUGboat \ team \\ (Distributed by Robin Fairbairns)$

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1 Document preambles

```
1 \langle | tugboatcls | tugproccls | tugcomn \rangle \setminus NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/12/01]
 2 (*dtx)
 3 \ProvidesFile
                                           {tugboat.dtx}
 4 (/dtx)
 5 (Itugboatcls)\ProvidesClass {ltugboat}
 6 \langle ltugproccls \rangle \backslash ProvidesClass \{ltugproc\}
 7 (Itugboatsty)\ProvidesPackage{ltugboat}
 8 (| 8 (Itugprocsty) | ProvidesPackage{Itugproc}
 9 (Itugcomn)
                 \ProvidesPackage{ltugcomn}
                            [2008/09/14 v2.5
10
11 \langle \mathsf{Itugboatcls} \rangle
                                               TUGboat journal class%
12 \langle \mathsf{ltugproccls} \rangle
                                               TUG conference proceedings class%
13 \langle ltugboatsty | ltugprocsty \rangle
                                             TUG compatibility package%
                                                 TUGboat 'common macros' package%
14 (Itugcomn)
15 (*dtx)
                                                   TUG macros source file%
16
17 \langle /dtx \rangle
                           ]
19 (*dtx)
20 \newif\ifoldlongtable
21 (/dtx)
```

2 Introduction

This file contains all the macros for type setting TUGboat with both plain TeX and LaTeX 2ε .

2.1 Summary of control sequences

Abbreviations. Just a listing with indications of expansion where that may not be obvious. For full definitions, see real code below (Section 3.4).

\AllTeX (IA)TEX

\AMS American Mathematical Society

\AmSTeX

\aw A-W (abbreviation for Addison-Wesley)

\API

\AW Addison-Wesley

\BibTeX

\CandT Computers & Typesetting

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\operatorname{ConTeXt}$ & $\operatorname{ConTeXt}$ \\ $\operatorname{Cplusplus}$ & $\operatorname{C}++$ \\ \end{tabular}$

\DVI \DVD

 $\begin{array}{ll} \texttt{\DVIPDFMx} & \text{DVIPDFM} x \\ \texttt{\DVItoVDU} & \text{DVItoVDU} \end{array}$

\ECMA

 $\begin{array}{ll} \texttt{\ensuremath{\text{le}}TeX} & \varepsilon\text{-TeX} \\ \texttt{\ensuremath{\text{ExTeX}}} & \varepsilon_{\mathcal{X}} \texttt{TeX} \end{array}$

\Ghostscript

\Hawaii Hawaiʻi

\HTML

\ISBN ISBN

\ISO

\ISSN ISSN

\JTeX

\JoT The Joy of TEX

\LaTeX

 $\Mac OS X$ $\Mac OS X$

\MathML

\Mc M with raised c
\MF METAFONT
\mf METAFONT

\MFB The Metafont book

\MP METAPOST

\mp MetaPost (in text only: remains '\(\pi\'\) in maths)

\OMEGA Omega 'logo' (Ω)

\OCP Omega compiled process

\00XML

\OTP Omega translation process

\mtex multilingual TFX

\NTS New Typesetting System

\pcMF pcMF

\PCTeX

\pcTeX

\Pas Pascal

\PiCTeX

\plain plain (in typewriter font)

\POBox P. O. Box

\PS PostScript (with hyphenation)

\SC Steering Committee

\SGML SGML

\SliTeX

\slMF Metafont (slanted) — deprecated: use \textsl in-

stead

\stTeX TEX for the Atari ST

\SVG

\TANGLE

\TB TEXbook

\TeX (Although nearly every package defines this,

most—including plain—are missing the space-

factor adjustment)

\TeXhax

\TeXMaG (defunct)

\TeXtures \TeXXeT

\Thanh

\TUG TEX Users Group

\UNIX \UTF \VAX \VorTeX \XeT

\XeTeX reflected and lowered first 'E' with extra space before 'L'

\XML \WEB \WEAVE \WYSIWYG

Macros for things that are slightly more significant.

\NoBlackBoxes turns off marginal rules marking overfull boxes

\BlackBoxes turns them back on

\newline horizontal glue plus a break

\ifundefined#1 checks argument with \csname against \relax smashes above baseline (from AMSTeX) \botsmash smashes below baseline (from AMSTeX)

\smash smashes both (from plain)

\ulap lap upwards

\dlap lap downwards

\xlap reference point at center horizontally; 0 width \ylap reference point at center vertically; 0 height,

depth

\zlap combination \xlap and \ylap

\basezero to avoid insertion of baselineskip and lineskip glue

\nullhrule empty \hrule
\nullvrule empty \vrule

\makestrut[#1;#2] ad hoc struts; #1=height, #2=depth

\today's date

\SetTime converts \time to hours, minutes
\now displays time in hours and minutes
\Now shows current date and time

\ifPrelimDraft flag to indicate status as preliminary draft
\rtitlex TUGboat volume and number info for running

head

\midrtitle information for center of running head \HorzR@gisterRule pieces of registration marks ('trimmarks')

\DownShortR@gisterRule \UpShortR@gisterRule

\ttopregister top registration line with 'T' in center

\tbotregister bottom registration line with inverted 'T' in cen-

ter

\topregister register actually used

\botregister

\raggedskip parameters used for ragged settings

\raggedstretch \raggedparfill \raggedspaces \raggedright \raggedleft \raggedcenter \normalspaces \raggedbottom

\bull square bullet \cents 'cents' sign

\Dag superscripted dagger

\careof c/o

\sfrac slashed fraction (arguments optionally

separated by a slash)

\cs control sequence name

\cs{name}→\name

\env environment name

 $\ensuremath{\verb{lenv{name}}} \rightarrow \ensuremath{\verb{begin{name}}}$

\meta meta-argument name

 $\verb|\meta{name}| {\rightarrow} \langle name \rangle$

\dash en-dash surrounded by thinspaces; only breakable

AFTER

\Dash em-dash, as above

\hyph permit automatic hyphenation after an actual hy-

phen

\slash 'breakable' slash

\nth for obtaining '1st', '2nd', 3rd, etc.

\tubissue gets \TUB followed by volume and issue numbers

\xEdNote Editor's Note:

\Review: Review: (for title of book review article)
\reviewitem begin data for item being reviewed

\revauth with one argument, author(s) of item being re-

viewed

\revtitle with one argument, title of ...

\revpubinfo with one argument, other info pertaining to ...

\endreviewitem end data for item being reviewed

\booktitle with one argument, format book title in text \Input with some other bookkeeping for case

where multiple articles are put together

\TBremark reminder to TUGboat editorial staff
\TBEnableRemarks enable \TBremarks (normally suppressed)
\text{vage}

\pagexrefON external files

\pagexref0FF

\xrefto used for symbolic cross-reference to other pages

\xreftoON in TUGboat

\xreftoOFF

\TBdriver marks code which only takes effect when articles

are run together in a driver file

\signaturemark items for signatures

\signaturewidth

3 LATEX 2ε TUGboat class file

3.1 Setup and options

Check for reloading. Hmmm...Does this happen with LATEX 2_{ε} classes? Probably, in fact, as well that it doesn't, since the \tugstyinit referenced here doesn't exist; however, it's possible that we might need a similar mechanism in the future, so we retain its skeleton, without fleshing out the \tugstyinit bones.

22 (*Itugboatcls)

23 \csname tugstyloaded@\endcsname

24 \def\tugstyloaded@{\tugstyinit\endinput}

Acquire a name for this class if we don't already have one (by virtue of having been loaded by tugproc.cls). This name will be used in error messages and the like

25 \providecommand{\@tugclass}{ltugboat}

```
Warnings/error messages/information messages — if we're using LATEX 2_{\varepsilon} we
can use the \Class* commands:
26 \def\TBInfo{\ClassInfo{\@tugclass}}
27 \def\TBError{\ClassError{\@tugclass}}
28 \def\TBWarning{\ClassWarning{\@tugclass}}
{\tt 29 \def\TBWarningNL{\ClassWarningNoLine{\dugclass}}}
    Some trivial options, just flicking switches, etc.
30 \newif\ifpreprint
31 \def\preprint{\preprinttrue}
32 \DeclareOption{draft}{%
    \AtEndOfClass{%
33
      \setcounter{page}{1001}%
34
      \BlackBoxes
35
      \def\MakeRegistrationMarks{}%
36
37
      \PrelimDrafttrue
38
39 }
40 \DeclareOption{preprint}{%
41
     \preprinttrue
42 }
43 \DeclareOption{final}{%
    \AtEndOfClass{%
44
      \NoBlackBoxes
45
      \PrelimDraftfalse
46
      }%
47
48 }
    The rules dictate that the output should be set using a 10pt base font.
49 \DeclareOption{11pt}{%
    \TBWarning{The \@tugclass\space class only supports 10pt fonts:
      \MessageBreak option \CurrentOption\space ignored}%
51
52 }
53 \DeclareOption{12pt}{\csname ds@11pt\endcsname}
    Similarly, ignore one/two-side/column
54 \DeclareOption{oneside}{\TBWarning{Option \CurrentOption\space ignored}}
55 \DeclareOption{twoside}{\ds@oneside}
56 \DeclareOption{onecolumn}{\ds@oneside}
57 \DeclareOption{twocolumn}{\ds@oneside}
    There are these people who seem to think tugproc is an option rather than a
class... (Note that it's already been filtered out if we were calling from ltugproc.)
58 \DeclareOption{tugproc}{%
```

```
59 \TBWarning{Option \CurrentOption\space ignored: use class ltugproc
60 instead of \@tugclass}%
61}
```

Option rawcite (the default) specifies the default citation mechanism (as built-in to LATEX); option harvardcite specifies the author-date citation mechanism defined in section 3.22 below.

```
62 \DeclareOption{rawcite}{\let\if@Harvardcite\iffalse}
63 \DeclareOption{harvardcite}{\let\if@Harvardcite\iftrue}
```

Option extralabel (the default) specifies that the publication years of two successive references with otherwise identical labels will be tagged with distinguishing letters; option noextralabel causes those letters to be suppressed. Note that (a) no two references will in any case have the same labels in the default (plain) rawcite setup, and that (b) the distinguishing letters appear in the labels themselves — the even remotely intelligent reader should be able to work out the correspondence one with the other...

```
64 \DeclareOption{extralabel}{\let\UseExtraLabel\@firstofone} 65 \DeclareOption{noextralabel}{\let\UseExtraLabel\@gobble}
```

The section-numbering style, so that we can allow the same heading layout as in the plain macros.

```
66 \DeclareOption{numbersec}{\let\if@numbersec\iftrue} 67 \DeclareOption{nonumber}{\let\if@numbersec\iffalse}
```

Any other options, we pass on to article.cls before we load it:

```
68 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
```

Request default options (draft mode, standard citation, double-sided printing), process all options, and then get the base document class on top of which we reside

```
69 \ExecuteOptions{draft,extralabel,numbersec,rawcite}
70 \ProcessOptions
71 \LoadClass[twoside]{article}
```

Various fonts used throughout. Some effort has been made to suppress these things with explicit sizes in the macro name (\tens1 is an example below), but keeping in step with the documentation is one thing that restricts such a move.

```
72 \def\sectitlefont{\fontfamily\sfdefault\fontseries{bx}\fontshape{n}%
73 \fontsize\@xviipt\stbaselineskip\selectfont}
74 \def\tensl{\fontseries{m}\fontshape{sl}\fontsize\@xpt\@xiipt
75 \selectfont}
```

This font selection command is used *only* for the 'Editor's Note' introduction to notes; sadly it makes explicit reference to CMR, and Barbara Beeton has agreed that the reference may be constructed to use the current family such that, if no upright italic is defined, ordinary italics are used. A project for later...

```
76 \def\EdNoteFont{\fontfamily{cmr}\fontseries{m}\fontshape{ui}% 77 \selectfont}  
78 \( \forall \text{Itugboatcls} \)
```

If Ulrik Vieth's mflogo.sty is around, we'll use it. Otherwise (pro tem, at least) we'll warn the user and define the absolute minimum of machinery that TUGboat requires (that which was used prior to the invention of \LaTeX 2 ε).

```
79 (*common)
80 \IfFileExists{mflogo.sty}%
     {\RequirePackage{mflogo}}%
82 (!ltugcomn) {\TBWarning
83 (ltugcomn) {\PackageWarning{ltugcomn}}
        {Package mflogo.sty not available --\MessageBreak
84
          Proceeding to emulate mflogo.sty}
85
      \DeclareRobustCommand\logofamily{%
86
87
        \not@math@alphabet\logofamily\relax
88
        \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{logo}\selectfont}
      \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textlogo}{\logofamily}
89
90
      \def\MF{\textlogo{META}\-\textlogo{FONT}\@}
      \def\MP{\textlogo{META}\-\textlogo{POST}\@}
91
      \DeclareFontFamily{U}{logo}{}
92
      \DeclareFontShape{U}{logo}{m}{n}{%
93
94
        <8><9>gen*logo%
        <10><10.95><12><14.4><17.28><20.74><24.88>logo10%
95
96
      }{}
97
      \DeclareFontShape{U}{logo}{m}{sl}{%
        <8><9>gen*logosl%
98
        <10><10.95><12><14.4><17.28><20.74><24.88>logosl10%
99
100
      \DeclareFontShape{U}{logo}{m}{it}{%
101
        <->ssub*logo/m/sl%
102
103
      }{}%
104
     }
```

3.2 Resetting at start of paper

\ResetCommands \AddToResetCommands \StartNewPaper We store a set of commands that should be executed at the start of each paper, before any paper-specific customisation. These commands (stored in the token register \ResetCommands) include things suc as resetting section and footnote numbers, re-establishing default settings of typesetting parameters, and so on. The user (or more typically, editor) may execute the commands by using the command \StartNewPaper. Things I've not yet thought of may be added to the list of commands, by

```
105 \newtoks\ResetCommands
106 \ResetCommands{%
107 \setcounter{part}{0}%
108 \setcounter{section}{0}%
109 \setcounter{footnote}{0}%
110 \authornumber\z0
111 }
112 \newcommand{\AddToResetCommands}[1]{%
113 \AddToResetCommands\expandafter{\AddToResetCommands#1}%
```

3.3 Helpful shorthand (common code with Plain styles)

\makeescape, ..., \makecomment allow users to change the category code of a single character a little more easily. These require that the character be addressed as a control sequence: e.g., \makeescape\/ will make '/' an escape character.

```
115 (*!latex)
116 \def\makeescape#1{\catcode'#1=0 }
117 \def\makebgroup#1{\catcode'#1=1 }
118 \def\makeegroup#1{\catcode'#1=2 }
119 \def\makemath #1{\catcode'#1=3 }
120 (/!latex)
121 \langle *latex \rangle
122 \det \max = 12 \cdot (\pi + 1 - 120)
123 \def\makebgroup#1{\catcode'#1=\@ne}
124 \def\makeegroup#1{\catcode'#1=\tw@}
125 \def\makemath #1{\catcode'#1=\thr@@}
126 (/latex)
127 \def\makealign #1{\catcode'#1=4 }
128 \def\makeeol #1{\catcode'#1=5 }
129 \def\makeparm #1{\catcode'#1=6 }
130 \def\makesup #1{\catcode'#1=7 }
131 \def\makesub
                  #1{\catcode'#1=8 }
132 \def\makeignore#1{\catcode'#1=9 }
133 \def\makespace #1{\catcode'#1=10 }
134 \def\makeletter#1{\catcode'#1=11 }
135 \chardef\other=12
136 \let\makeother\@makeother
137 \def\makeactive#1{\catcode'#1=13 }
138 \def\makecomment#1{\catcode'#1=14 }
```

\savecat#1 and \restorecat#1 will save and restore the category of a given character. These are useful in cases where one doesn't wish to localize the settings and therefore be required to globally define or set things.

```
139 \def\savecat#1{%  
140 \expandafter\xdef\csname\string#1savedcat\endcsname{\the\catcode'#1}}  
141 \def\restorecat#1{\catcode'#1=\csname\string#1savedcat\endcsname}  
142 \langle !!atex \savecat \@  
143 \langle !!atex \makeletter \@
```

\SaveCS#1 and \RestoreCS#1 save and restore 'meanings' of control sequences. Again this is useful in cases where one doesn't want to localize or where global definitions clobber a control sequence which is needed later with its 'old' definition.

```
144 \def\SaveCS#1{\expandafter\let\csname saved@@#1\expandafter\endcsname
145 \csname#1\endcsname}
146 \def\RestoreCS#1{\expandafter\let\csname#1\expandafter\endcsname
147 \csname saved@@#1\endcsname}
```

To distinguish between macro files loaded

```
148 \def\plaintubstyle{plain}
149 \def\latextubstyle{latex}
```

Control sequences that were first defined in LATEX 2_{ε} of 1995/06/01 (or later), but which we merrily use. Only define if necessary:

(Note that that definition of \textsuperscript isn't robust, but probably doesn't need to be...What's more, it doesn't appear in the mythical 2.09 version of the package.)

3.4 Abbreviations and logos

Font used for the METAFONT logo, etc.

```
154 \def\AllTeX{(\La\kern-.075em)\kern-.075em\TeX}
155 \def\AMS{American Mathematical Society}
156 \ensuremath{\texttt{AMS}{\mathbf{A}}}\
        {\mathcal{M}}\ \\ kern-.125em$\\ mathcal{S}$\}
158 \def\AmSLaTeX{\AmS-\LaTeX}
159 \left( AmSTeX \left( AmS - TeX \right) \right)
160 \def\ANSI{\acro{ANSI}}
161 \def\API{\acro{API}}
162 \def\ASCII{\acro{ASCII}}
163 \def\aw{A\kern.1em-W}
164 \def\AW{Addison\kern.1em-\penalty\z@\hskip\z@skip Wesley}
166 % make \BibTeX work in slanted contexts too; it's common in titles, and
167 % especially burdensome to hack in .bib files.
168 \def\BibTeX{%
    \ifdim \fontdimen1\font>0pt
170
        B{\SMC\SMC IB}%
171
     \else
        \textsc{Bib}\kern-.08em
172
    \fi
173
174 \TeX}
175 %
176 \def\CandT{\textsl{Computers \& Typesetting}}
We place our \kern after \- so that it disappears if the hyphenation is taken:
177 \newcommand\ConTeXt{C\kern-.0333emon\-\kern-.0667em\TeX\kern-.0333emt}
178 \newcommand\Cplusplus{C\plusplus}
179 \newcommand\plusplus{\raisebox{.7ex}{$_{++}}}
180 \def\CSS{\acro{CSS}}
181 \def\CTAN{\acro{CTAN}}
182 \def\DTD{\acro{DTD}}
183 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$183$ \coole}}} \\
```

```
184 \def\DVI{\acro{DVI}}
185 \def\DVIPDFMx{\acro{DVIPDFM}$x$}
186 \def\DVItoVDU{DVIto\kern-.12em VDU}
187 \def\ECMA{\acro{ECMA}}
188 \def\EPS{\acro{EPS}}
189 \verb|\DeclareRobustCommand\eTeX{\ensuremath{\varepsilon}-\kern-.125em\TeX}|
190 \DeclareRobustCommand\ExTeX{%
             \ensuremath{\textstyle\varepsilon_{\kern-0.15em\cal{X}}}\kern-.2em\TeX}
192 \left\{ FAQ{\acro{FAQ}} \right\}
193 \ensuremath{\mbox{Mef\FTP}{\mbox{TP}}}
194 \def\Ghostscript{Ghost\-script}
195 \def\GNU{\acro{GNU}}
196 \def\GUI{\acro{GUI}}
197 \def\Hawaii{Hawai'i}
198 \def\HTML{\acro{HTML}}
199 \def\HTTP{\acro{HTTP}}
200 \def\IEEE{\acro{IEEE}}
201 \def\ISBN{\acro{ISBN}}
202 \left( S(S) \right)
203 \def\ISSN{\acro{ISSN}}
204 \def\JPEG{\acro{JPEG}}
205 \end{argmatilde} $$205 \end{argmatilde} $$205 \end{argmatilde} $$205 \end{argmatilde} $$100 \end{argmatilde} $$205 \end{argmatilde}
206 \left\{ \int T{\text{The Joy of TeX}} \right\}
207 \def\LAMSTeX{L\raise.42ex\hbox{\kern-.3em
208
                                                         $\m@th$\fontsize\sf@size\z@\selectfont
209
                                                         $\m@th\mathcal{A}$}%
                   \kern-.2em\lower.376ex\hbox{$\m@th\mathcal{M}$}\kern-.125em
210
                   {\modelnmathcal{S}}-\modelnmathcal{S}}
211
212 % This code
213 % is hacked from its definition of \cs{LaTeX}; it allows slants (for
214 % example) to propagate into the raised (small) 'A':
215 %
                     \begin{macrocode}
216 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand{\La}}
                {L\kern-.36em
217
                             {\setbox0\hbox{T}%
218
219
                               \csname S@\f@size\endcsname
220
221
                                                                                \fontsize\sf@size\z@
222
                                                                                \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
                                                                                A}%
223
224
                                                                 \vss}%
225
                            }}
```

We started with the intention that we wouldn't redefine \LaTeX when we're running under it, so as not to trample on an existing definition. However, this proves less than satisfactory; a single logo may be OK for the run of documents, but for TUGboat, we find that something noticeably better is necessary; see section 3.11.

```
226 \langle !| atex \rangle \def \LaTeX{\La\kern-.15em\TeX} \\ 227 \def \MacOSX{Mac \, \acro{OS \, X}}
```

```
228 \def\MathML{Math\acro{ML}}
229 \ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{box}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{V}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{N}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremath{\texttt{M}}\ensuremat
                                \verb|to\ht\TestBox{\hbox{c}\vfil}| % for Robert McGaffey | TestBox{\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}}| % for Robert McGaffey | TestBox{\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\hbox{c}\
230
                           If we're running under \LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}, we're using (at least pro tem) Ulrik Vieth's
     mflogo.sty if it's present. Otherwise, we're using a short extract of Vieth's stuff.
     Either way, we don't need to specify \MF or \MP
231 \def\mf{\textsc{Metafont}}
232 \left\{ MFB{\text{The }MF book} \right\}
233 \let\TB@@mp\mp
234 \DeclareRobustCommand\mp{\ifmmode\TB@@mp\else MetaPost\fi}
235 %
236 % In order that the \cs{OMEGA} command will switch to using the TS1
237 % variant of the capital Omega character if \texttt{textcomp.sty} is
238 % loaded, we define it in terms of the \cs{textohm} command. Note
239\ \% that this requires us to interpose a level of indirection, rather
240\,\% than to use \cs{let}\dots
241 %
242 %
                                            \begin{macrocode}
243 \DeclareTextSymbol{\textohm}{OT1}{'012}
244 \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textohm}{OT1}
245 \newcommand\OMEGA{\textohm}
246 \verb|\DeclareRobustCommand{OCP}{\OMEGA\acro{CP}}|
247 \left( 00XML{\arccos{00XML}} \right)
248 \label{localize} $$248 \label{localize}
249 \def\mtex{T\kern-.1667em\lower.424ex\hbox{$\c E}\kern-.125emX\0}
   Revised definition of \NTS based on that used by Phil Taylor.
252 \def\Pas{Pascal}
253 \def\pcMF{\leavevmode\raise.5ex\hbox{p\kern-.3\p@ c}MF\@}
254 \def\PCTeX{PC\thinspace\TeX}
255 \def\pcTeX{\leavevmode\raise.5ex\hbox{p\kern-.3\p0 c}\TeX}
256 \def\PDF{\acro{PDF}}
257 \det PiC{P\ker -.12em\setminus sex \cdot \{I}\ker -.075emC\@}
258 \def\PiCTeX{\PiC\kern-.11em\TeX}
259 \left\lceil PGF{\arccos\{PGF\}}\right\rceil
260 \ensuremath{\verb| def \rangle} \\
261 \ensuremath{\texttt{NG}}\ensuremath{\texttt{NG}}
262 \def\POBox{P.\thinspace O.~Box }
263 \def\PS{{Post\-Script}}
264 \def\PSTricks{\acro{PST}ricks}
265 \left\ \frac{RTF}{\ cro{RTF}}\right\}
266 \def\SC{Steering Committee}
267 \left\lceil SGML{\arccos{SGML}}\right\rceil
268 \end{SliTeX} \end{Skern-.06em} textsc{1\kern-.035emi}\% \end{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.06em} \hfill{SliTeX} \hfill{Skern-.08em} \h
                                                                                                                                  \kern-.06em\TeX}}
271 \def\stTeX{\textsc{st}\kern-0.13em\TeX}
```

```
272 \def\STIX{\acro{STIX}}
273 \ensuremath{\tt 273 \ensuremath{\tt 273 \ensuremath{\tt 273}}
274 \def\TANGLE{\texttt{TANGLE}\@}
275 \left\{ TB{\text{TeX book}} \right\}
276 \def\TIFF{\acro{TIFF}}
277 \def\TP{\text{TeX}}: \text{The Program}}
278 \ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}} - . 125em\ensuremath{\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mbox{E}\mb
279 \left( \text{TeXhax} \right) 
280 \def\TeXMaG{\TeX M\kern-.1667em\lower.5ex\hbox{A}\%
                 \mbox{kern-.2267emG}\
282 \def\TeXtures{\textit{Textures}}
283 \let\Textures=\TeXtures
284 \ensuremath{\texttt{NeT}}-\texttt{XeT}
285 \left\TFM{\acro{TFM}}\right\}
286 \f \Thanh{H\'an\Th\'e\llap{\raise 0.5ex\hbox{'\f}}}\Th\'anh}
287 \det TikZ{Ti{em k}Z}
288 \def\ttn{\textsl{TTN}\0}
289 \ensuremath{\tt News} \ and TUG News}}
290 \let\texttub\textsl
                                                                                                      % redefined in other situations
291 \def\TUB{\texttub{TUGboat}}
292 \left\TUG{TW} \UG
293 \left( \frac{TUG}{S} \right)
294 \def\UG{Users Group}
295 \def\UNIX{\acro{UNIX}}
296 \def\UTF{\acro{UTF}}
297 \def\VAX{V\kern-.12em A\kern-.1em X\@}
298 \def\VorTeX{V\kern-2.7\p@\lower.5ex\hbox{0\kern-1.4\p@ R}\kern-2.6\p@\TeX}
299 \def\XeT{X\kern-.125em\lower.424ex\hbox{E}\kern-.1667emT\0}
300 \def\XML{\acro{XML}}
301 \def\WEB{\texttt{WEB}\@}
302 \def\WEAVE{\texttt{WEAVE}\@}
303 \def\WYSIWYG{\acro{WYSIWYG}}
```

XeT_EX requires reflecting the first E, hence we complain if the graphics package is not present. (For plain documents, this can be loaded via Eplain.) Also, at Barbara's suggestion, if the current font is slanted, we rotate by 180 instead of reflecting so there is at least a chance to look ok. (The magic values here seem more or less ok for cmsl and cmti.)

```
304 \def\tubreflect#1{%
     \@ifundefined{reflectbox}{%
305
       \TBerror{A graphics package must be loaded for \string\XeTeX}%
306
307
308
       \ifdim \fontdimen1\font>0pt
         \ 1.75ex \hbox{\kern.1em} rotatebox{180}{#1}}\kern-.1em
309
310
         \reflectbox{#1}%
311
       \fi
312
    }%
313
314 }
315 \def\tubhideheight#1{\setbox0=\hbox{#1}\ht0=0pt \dp0=0pt \box0 }
```

```
316 \DeclareRobustCommand\Xe[1]{\leavevmode
317 \tubhideheight{\hbox{X%
318 \setbox0=\hbox{\TeX}\setbox1=\hbox{E}%
319 \lower\dp0\hbox{\raise\dp1\hbox{\kern-.125em\tubreflect{E}}}%
320 \kern-.1667em #1}}
321 \def\XeTeX{\Xe\TeX}
322 \def\XeLaTeX{\Xe\TeX}
323 %
324 \def\XHTML{\acro{XHTML}}
325 \def\XSLT{\acro{XSLT}}
```

3.5 General typesetting rules

```
326 \newlinechar='\^J
327 \normallineskiplimit=\p@
328 \clubpenalty=10000
329 \widowpenalty=10000
330 \def\NoParIndent{\parindent=\z@}
331 \newdimen\normalparindent
332 \normalparindent=20\p@
333 \def\NormalParIndent{\global\parindent=\normalparindent}
334 \NormalParIndent
335 \def\BlackBoxes{\overfullrule=5\p@}
336 \def\NoBlackBoxes{\overfullrule=\z@}
337 \def\newline{\hskip\z@\@plus\pagewd\break}
```

Hyphen control: first, we save the hyphenpenalties in \allowhyphens. This allows us to permit hyphens temporarily in things like \netaddresses, which typically occur when \raggedright is set, but which need to be allowed to break at their artificial discretionaries.

```
338 \verb|\edef\allowhyphens{\noexpand\hyphenpenalty\the\hyphenpenalty\relax}|
```

339 \noexpand\exhyphenpenalty\the\exhyphenpenalty\relax}

340 \def\nohyphens{\hyphenpenalty\@M\exhyphenpenalty\@M}

3.6 Utility registers and definitions

We define a few scratch registers (and the like) for transient use; they're all paired: an internal one (\T@st*) and an external one (\Test*).

Comment: Exercise for an idle day: find whether all these are necessary, or whether we can use the LATEX temporaries for some (or all) of the \TCst* ones.

Comment: (bb) All these registers are used in the plain version, tugboat.sty.

```
341 \newbox\T@stBox \newbox\TestBox
342 \newcount\T@stCount \newcount\TestCount
343 \newdimen\T@stDimen \newdimen\TestDimen
344 \newif\ifT@stIf \newif\ifTestIf
```

Control sequence existence test, stolen from TeXbook exercise 7.7 (note that this provides functionality that in some sense duplicates something within LATeX).

 $345 \ensuremath{$\def\indefined\#1{\ensuremath{$\csname\#1\endcsname\relax}}}$

```
IATEX conventions which are also useful here.
346 (*!latex)
     \let\@@input\input
347
     \def\iinput#1{\@@input#1 }
348
     \def\@inputcheck{\if\@nextchar\bgroup
349
       \expandafter\iinput\else\expandafter\@@input\fi}
350
     \def\input{\futurelet\@nextchar\@inputcheck}
351
352 (/!latex)
     Smashes repeated from AMS-TFX; plain TFX implements only full \smash.
353 \newif\iftop@
                          \newif\ifbot@
354 \def\topsmash{\top@true\bot@false\smash@}
355 \def\botsmash{\top@false\bot@true\smash@}
356 \def\smash{\top@true\bot@true\smash@}
357 \ensuremath{\mathpalette\mathsm@sh}\%
           \else\let\next\makesm@sh\fi \next }
358
359 \finsm@sh{\left(\frac{z@\left(\frac{dp}{z}\right)}{1}\right)} \\
     Vertical 'laps'; cf. \llap and \rlap
360 \leq \sqrt{yss#1}
And centered horizontal and vertical 'laps'
362 \det xlap#1{\hb@xt@\z@{\hss#1\hss}}
363  \log\left(\frac{ylap#1{\vbox to \z0{\vss#1\vss}}\right)
Avoid unwanted vertical glue when making up pages.
365 \def\basezero{\baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip\z@skip}
Empty rules for special occasions
366 \def\nullhrule{\hrule \@height\z@ \@depth\z@ \@width\z@ }
367 \def\nullvrule{\vrule \@height\z@ \@depth\z@ \@width\z@ }
Support ad-hoc strut construction.
368 \def\makestrut[#1;#2]{\vrule \@height#1 \@depth#2 \@width\z@ }
Construct box for figure pasteup, etc.; height = #1, width = #2, rule thickness
369 \def\drawoutlinebox[#1;#2;#3]{\T@stDimen=#3
          \vbox to#1{\hrule \@height\T@stDimen \@depth\z@
370
371
              \vss\hb@xt@#2{\vrule \@width\T@stDimen
372
                  \hfil\makestrut[#1;\z@]%
373
                  \vrule \@width\T@stDimen}\vss
374
              \hrule \@height\T@stDimen \@depth\z@}}
```

```
375 (*!latex)
               376 \def \def \dey \number \dey \space \if case \month \or
                           Jan \or Feb \or Mar \or Apr \or May \or Jun \or
               377
               378
                           Jul \or Aug \or Sep \or Oct \or Nov \or Dec \fi
               379
                           \number\year}
               380 (/!latex)
                Current time; this may be system dependent!
               381 \newcount\hours
               382 \newcount\minutes
               383 \def\SetTime{\hours=\time
                           \global\divide\hours by 60
               384
               385
                           \minutes=\hours
               386
                           \multiply\minutes by 60
               387
                           \advance\minutes by-\time
               388
                           \global\multiply\minutes by-1 }
               389 \SetTime
               390 \def\now{\number\hours:\ifnum\minutes<10 0\fi\number\minutes}
               391 \def\Now{\today\ \now}
               392 \newif\ifPrelimDraft
               393 \def\midrtitle{\ifPrelimDraft {\textsl{preliminary draft, $Now}}\fi}
                       Ragged right and friends
                Plain TFX's definition of \raggedright doesn't permit any stretch, and results in
   \raggedskip
\raggedstretch
                too many overfull boxes. We also turn off hyphenation. This code lies somewhere
                between that of Plain TEX and of LATEX.
\raggedparfill
 \raggedspaces
               394 \newdimen\raggedskip
                                            \raggedskip=\z@
               395 \newdimen\raggedstretch \raggedstretch=5em
                                                                   % ems of font set now (10pt)
               396 \newskip\raggedparfill \raggedparfill=\z@\@plus 1fil
               397 \def\raggedspaces{\spaceskip=.3333em \relax \xspaceskip=.5em \relax }
                Some applications may have to add stretch, in order to avoid all overfull boxes.
  \raggedright
                We define the following uses of the above skips, etc.
   \raggedleft
 \raggedcenter _{398} \neq \frac{1}{200}
 \normalspaces 399
                     \nohyphens
                     \rightskip=\raggedskip\@plus\raggedstretch \raggedspaces
               400
                     \parfillskip=\raggedparfill
               401
               402 }
               403 \def\raggedleft{%
                     \nohyphens
                     \leftskip=\raggedskip\@plus\raggedstretch \raggedspaces
                405
                     \parfillskip=\z@skip
               406
               407 }
               408 \def\raggedcenter{%
               409
                     \nohyphens
                    \leftskip=\raggedskip\@plus\raggedstretch
               410
                     \rightskip=\leftskip \raggedspaces
```

Today's date, to be printed on drafts. Based on TrXbook, p.406.

```
412 \parindent=\z@ \parfillskip=\z@skip
413 }
414 \def\normalspaces{\spaceskip\z@skip \xspaceskip\z@skip}
```

Miscellaneous useful stuff. Note that LaTeX 2_{ε} defines a robust \,, but that we provide a new definition of $\tilde{}$ by redefining its robust underpinnings¹ (based on the version in AMS-TeX — the LaTeX 2_{ε} version has \leavevmode and doesn't care about surrounding space).

```
415 \DeclareRobustCommand{\nobreakspace}{% 416 \unskip\nobreak\ \ignorespaces}
```

Plain TEX defines \newbox as \outer. We solemnly preserve the following, which removes the \outerness; of course, we carefully exclude it from what we generate... (\outerness is a spawn of the devil, is it not? Barbara Beeton responded to the previous sentence "\outerness has its place: it avoids register buildup, hence running out of memory". In another context, David Carlisle remarked that an error control mechanism that causes more confusing errors than it prevents is rather a poor one. This is perhaps not the place to conduct a serious debate...)

```
417 \def\boxcs#1{\box\csname#1\endcsname}
418 \def\setboxcs#1{\setbox\csname#1\endcsname}
419 \def\newboxcs#1{\expandafter\newbox\csname#1\endcsname}
420 \let\gobble\@gobble
421 \def\vellipsis{%
     \leavevmode\kern0.5em
422
423
     \raise\p@\vbox{\baselineskip6\p@\vskip7\p@\hbox{.}\hbox{.}\hbox{.}}
424
     }
425 \def\bull{\vrule \@height 1ex \@width .8ex \@depth -.2ex }
426 \def\cents{{\rm\raise.2ex\rlap{\kern.05em$\scriptstyle/$}c}}
427 \def\Dag{\raise .6ex\hbox{$\scriptstyle\dagger$}}
428 \def\careof{\leavevmode\hbox{\raise.75ex\hbox{c}\kern-.15em}
429
                    /\kern-.125em\smash{\lower.3ex\hbox{o}}} \ignorespaces}
430 \DeclareRobustCommand\sfrac[1]{\Oifnextchar/{\Osfrac{#1}}}%
431
                                                 {\@sfrac{#1}/}}
432 \def\@sfrac#1/#2{\leavevmode\kern.1em\raise.5ex
433
            \hbox{$\m@th\mbox{\fontsize\sf@size\z@
                               \selectfont#1}$}\kern-.1em
434
            /\kern-.15em\lower.25ex
435
436
             \hbox{$\m@th\mbox{\fontsize\sf@size\z@
437
                                \selectfont#2}$}}
438 \DeclareRobustCommand\cs[1] {\texttt{\char'\\#1}}
439 \DeclareRobustCommand\meta[1]{% don't stay bold in description items
     \ensuremath{\langle}{\mdseries\emph{#1}}\ensuremath{\rangle}}
441 \DeclareRobustCommand\env[1] {%
     \cs{begin}\texttt{\char'\{#1\char'\}}}
443 \def\thinskip{\hskip 0.16667em\relax}
```

¹\DeclareRobustCommand doesn't mind redefinition, fortunately

We play a merry game with dashes, providing all conceivable options of breakability before and after.

```
\label{lem:dash} $$444 \left(\frac{-} 445 \left(\frac{-} 445 \right)^{2\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)} $$45 \left(\frac{def\desh}{2^{\ln skip}1\right)^{2\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)} $$47 \left(\frac{def\desh\nobreak\endash} 448 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} 449 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} {\cosh(desh\nobreak\endash} 450 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} 451 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} {\cosh(desh\nobreak\endash} \endash} {\cosh(desh\nobreak\endash} $$452 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} {\cosh(desh\nobreak\endash} \endash} $$452 \left(\frac{desh\nobreak\endash} {\cosh(desh\nobreak\endash} \endash} \right)$$
```

Hacks to permit automatic hyphenation after an actual hyphen, or after a slash.

```
453 \def\hyph{-\penalty\z@\hskip\z@skip }
454 \def\slash{/\penalty\z@\hskip\z@skip }
```

Adapted from comp.text.tex posting by Donald Arseneau, 26 May 93. LaTeX 2ε -isation added by Robin Fairbairns. Destroys both the TestCounts.

```
455 \def\nth#1{%
       \def\reserved@a##1##2\@nil{\ifcat##1n%
456
457
             \let\reserved@b\ensuremath
458
         \else##1##2%
459
             \let\reserved@b\relax
460
461
         fi}%
       \TestCount=\reserved@a#1\@nil\relax
462
463
       \ifnum\TestCount <0 \multiply\TestCount by\m@ne \fi % subdue negatives
464
       \T@stCount=\TestCount
       \divide\T@stCount by 100 \multiply\T@stCount by 100
465
       \advance\TestCount by-\T@stCount
                                              % n mod 100
466
       \ifnum\TestCount >20 \T@stCount=\TestCount
467
         \divide\T@stCount by 10 \multiply\T@stCount by 10
468
         \advance\TestCount by-\T@stCount
                                             % n mod 10
469
470
        \reserved@b{#1}%
471
          \textsuperscript{\ifcase\TestCount th%
                                                      0t.h
472
                                  st%
                                                      1st
473
                            \or
                                  nd%
474
                            \or
                                                      2nd
                            \or
                                  rd%
                                                      3rd
475
476
                            \else th%
                                                      nth
477
                            \fi}%
478 }
```

3.8 Reviews

Format information on reviewed items for book review articles. For the LATEX 2ε version, we follow Fairbairns' maxim, and define something that can even look like a LATEX macro. . .

```
479 \def\Review{\@ifnextchar:{\@Review}{\@Review:}}
480 \def\@Review:{\@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@Rev}%
481
     {\@Rev[Book review]}}
482
483 \def\@Rev[#1]#2{{\ignorespaces#1\unskip:\enspace\ignorespaces
                                         \slshape\mdseries#2}}
484
485 \def\reviewitem{\addvspace{\BelowTitleSkip}%
486
     \def\revauth##1{\def\therevauth{##1, }\ignorespaces}%
     \def\revtitle##1{\def\therevtitle{{\slshape##1}. }\ignorespaces}%
487
     488
489 }
490 \def\endreviewitem{{\noindent\interlinepenalty=10000
     \therevauth\therevtitle\therevpubinfo\endgraf}%
     \vskip\medskipamount
492
493 }
494 \det \text{\local{local}} \{\slshape #1\/}\}
```

3.9 Dates, volume and issue numbers, etc.

Dates and other items which identify the volume and issue. \issueseqno is a sequential issue number starting from the first issue published; volume 15,4 has \issueseqno=45.

```
\vol 19, 1.
To use: \issdate March 1998.
\issueseqno=58
```

Starting with volume 23 (nominal 2002), we have \issyear instead of \issdate, because issues don't have months any more.

For production, these are set in a separate file, tugboat.dates, which is issue-specific.

Comment: I would like to make the code read a file tugboat.dates in the current directory or its parent. This is easy except under 'odd' operating systems (VMS is an example that springs to mind, RISCos may be even worse) whose syntax is out of the ordinary.

```
495 \newcount\issueseqno
                                    \issueseqno=-1
496 \def\v@lx{\gdef\volx{Volume~\volno~(\volyr), No.~\issno}}
497 \def\volyr{}
498 \def\volno{}
499 \def\vol #1,#2.{\gdef\volno{#1\unskip}%}
           \gdef\issno{\ignorespaces#2\unskip}%
500
501
           \setbox\TestBox=\hbox{\volyr}%
           \ifdim \wd\TestBox > .2em \v@lx \fi }
502
503 \def\issyear #1.{\gdef\issdt{#1}\gdef\volyr{#1}%
           \gdef\bigissdt{#1}%
504
505
           \setbox\TestBox=\hbox{\volno}%
           \ifdim \wd\TestBox > .2em \v@lx \fi }
506
507 \def\issdate #1#2 #3.{\gdef\issdt{#1#2 #3}\gdef\volyr{#3}%
508
           \gdef\bigissdt{#1{\smc\uppercase{#2}} #3}%
```

```
509 \setbox\TestBox=\hbox{\volno}%
510 \ifdim \wd\TestBox > .2em \v@lx \fi }
511 \vol 0, 0.
512 \issdate Thermidor, 2060.
```

(The curious should know that Thermidor was one of the French revolutionary month names...)

For \LaTeX use, define a version of the issue declaration that can take or leave the old plain syntax

TUGboat conventions include the sequential issue number in the file name. Permit this to be incorporated into file names automatically. If issue number = 11, \Input filnam will read tb11filnam.tex

```
522 \left( \frac{10}{jobname} \right)
523 \def\Input #1 {\ifnum\issueseqno<0
524
        \left( \frac{\pi}{\pi}\right) 
525
      \else
526
        \def\infil@{tb\number\issueseqno#1}
527
     \edef\jobname{\infil@}\@readFLN
528
     \@@input \infil@\relax
529
     \if@RMKopen
530
        \immediate\closeout\@TBremarkfile\@RMKopenfalse
531
532
     \fi
533 }
```

\TBremarks are things that need to be drawn to the attention of the editors; the conscientious author will include such things in the article file. By default, remarks are suppressed, but their appearance may be enabled by the \TBEnableRemarks command, which can be included in the configuration file ltugboat.cfg (or ltugproc.cfg, if that's what we're at).

```
534 \newif\if@RMKopen \@RMKopenfalse
535 \newwrite\@TBremarkfile
536 \def\@TBremark#1{%
537 \if@RMKopen
538 \else
539 \@RMKopentrue\immediate\openout\@TBremarkfile=\infil@.rmk
540 \fi
541 \toks@={#1}%
542 \immediate\write\@TBremarkfile{^^J\the\toks@}%
```

```
543 \immediate\write16{^^JTBremark:: \the\toks@^^J}% 544}
```

We initialise \TBremark to ignore its argument (this used to involve a \TBremarkOFF which was cunningly defined exactly the same as \gobble)

```
545 \let\TBremark=\gobble
```

\TBEnableRemarks simply involves setting \TBremark to use the functional \@TBremark defined above.

```
546 \def\TBEnableRemarks{\let\TBremark\@TBremark}
```

#1\else\csname file@@#1\endcsname\fi}

For marking locations in articles that pertain to remarks in another file of editorial comments

```
547 \def\TUBedit#1{}
```

For using different filenames in the production process than those supplied by authors

```
548 \def\TUBfilename#1#2{\expandafter\def\csname file@@#1\endcsname{#2}}
549 \newread\@altfilenames
550 \def\@readFLN{\immediate\openin\@altfilenames=\jobname.fln
     \ifeof\@altfilenames\let\@result\relax\else
551
     \def\@result{\@@input\jobname.fln }\fi
552
     \immediate\closein\@altfilenames
553
     \@result}
554
555 \@readFLN
556 \everyjob=\expandafter{\the\everyjob\@readFLN}
557 \InputIfFileExists{\jobname.fln}%
558
        {\TBInfo{Reading alternative file file \jobname.fln}}{}
     The following needs to work entirely in T<sub>F</sub>X's mouth
559 \def\@tubfilename#1{\expandafter\ifx\csname file@@#1\endcsname\relax
```

Write out (both to a file and to the log) the starting page number of an article, to be used for cross references and in contents. \pagexref is used for articles fully processed in the TUGboat run. \PageXref is used for 'extra' pages, where an item is submitted as camera copy, and only running heads (at most) are run.

```
562 (*!latex)
563 \def\pagexrefON#1{%
        564
565
        \write\ppoutfile{%
              566
567
568 \def\PageXrefON#1{%
        \immediate\write-1{\def\expandafter
569
                   \noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\pageno}}%
570
        \immediate\write\ppoutfile{\def\expandafter
571
572
                   \noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\pageno}}}
573 (/!latex)
```

```
574 (*latex)
575 \def\pagexrefON#1{%
            \write-1{\def\expandafter\noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\c@page}}%
576
            \write\ppoutfile{%
577
                    \def\expandafter\noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\c@page}}%
578
579
580
   \def\PageXrefON#1{%
581
            \immediate\write-1{\def\expandafter
                             \noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\c@page}}%
582
            \verb|\immediate| write| poutfile{|\def| expandafter|}
583
                             \noexpand\csname#1\endcsname{\number\c@page}}}
584
585 (/latex)
586 \def\pagexref0FF#1{}
587 \let\pagexref=\pagexrefOFF
588 \def\PageXrefOFF#1{}
589 \let\PageXref=\PageXrefOFF
590 \def\xreftoON#1{%
     \ifundefined{#1}%
591
592
       ???\TBremark{Need cross reference for #1.}%
     \else\csname#1\endcsname\fi}
594 \def\xreftoOFF#1{???}
595 \let\xrefto=\xreftoOFF
```

\TBdriver 'marks code for use when articles are run together in a driver file'. Since we don't yet have a definition of that arrangement, we don't have a definition of \TBdriver. Its argument (which one presumes was intended as the code for this unusual state) is just gobbled.

596 \let\TBdriver\gobble

Some hyphenation exceptions:

```
597 \hyphenation{Del-a-ware Dijk-stra Duane Eijk-hout
    Flor-i-da Free-BSD Ghost-script Ghost-view
     Hara-lam-bous Jac-kow-ski Karls-ruhe
599
    Mac-OS Ma-la-ya-lam Math-Sci-Net
600
     Net-BSD Open-BSD Open-Office
601
602
     Pfa-Edit Post-Script Rich-ard Skoup South-all
603
     Vieth VM-ware Win-Edt
     acro-nym ap-pen-dix asyn-chro-nous
604
     bit-map bit-mapped bit-maps buf-fer buf-fers bool-ean
605
     col-umns com-put-able com-put-abil-ity cus-tom-iz-able
606
     data-base data-bases
607
      de-allo-cate de-allo-cates de-allo-cated de-allo-ca-tion
608
609
      de-riv-a-tive de-riv-a-tives de-riv-a-ble der-i-va-tion
610
    es-sence
611
    fall-ing
    half-way
612
    in-fra-struc-ture
613
    key-note
614
615
     long-est
     ma-gyar man-u-script man-u-scripts mne-mon-ic mne-mon-ics
```

```
mono-space mono-spaced
617
    name-space name-spaces
618
     off-line over-view
619
    pal-ettes par-a-digm par-a-dig-mat-ic par-a-digms
620
621
     pipe-line pipe-lines
622
     plug-in plug-ins pres-ent-ly pro-gram-mable
623
    re-allo-cate re-allo-cates re-allo-cated
     set-ups se-vere-ly spell-ing spell-ings stand-alone strong-est
624
      sub-ex-pres-sion syn-chro-ni-city syn-chro-nous
625
     text-height text-length text-width
626
      time-stamp time-stamped
627
628
     vis-ual vis-ual-ly
629
     which-ever white-space white-spaces wide-spread wrap-around
630 }
631 (!latex)\restorecat\@
632 (/common)
633 (*classtail)
634 \PrelimDrafttrue
```

3.10 Page dimensions, glue, penalties etc

```
635 \textheight 54pc
636 \textwidth 39pc
637 \columnsep 1.5pc
638 \columnwidth 18.75pc
639 \parindent \normalparindent
640 \parskip \z@ % \@plus\p@
641 \leftmargini 2em
642 \leftmarginv .5em
643 \leftmarginvi .5em
644 \oddsidemargin \z@
646 \topmargin -2.5pc
647 \headheight 12\p@
648 \headsep 20\p@
649 \marginparwidth 48\p@
650 \marginparsep 10\p@
651 \partopsep=\z@
652 \neq 3\p@\plus\\p@\minus\\p0
653 \parsep=3\p@\@plus\p@\@minus\p@
654 \neq p=p=
655 \twocolumn
656 \newdimen\pagewd
                           \pagewd=39pc
657 \newdimen\trimwd
                           \trimwd=\pagewd
658 \newdimen\trimlgt
                           \trimlgt=11in
                           \headmargin=3.5pc
659 \newdimen\headmargin
```

In LATEX 2ε , twoside option is forced on when article.cls is loaded.

3.11 Messing about with the LATEX logo

Barbara Beeton's pleas for LATEX logos that look right in any font shape provoked me to generate the following stuff that is configurable.

Here's the command for the user to define hir own new version. The arguments are font family, series and shape, and then the two kern values used in placing the raised 'A' of IATEX.

```
660 \newcommand\DeclareLaTeXLogo[5] {\expandafter\def 661 \csname @LaTeX@#1/#2/#3\endcsname{{#4}{#5}}}
```

The default values are as used in the source of LATEX itself:

```
662 \ensuremath{\mbox{def}\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}}.15}
```

More are defined in the initial version, for bold CM sans (which is used as \SecTitleFont), and CM italic medium and bold, and Bitstream Charter (which Nelson Beebe likes to use):

```
663 \DeclareLaTeXLogo{cmss}{bx}n{.3}{.15}
664 \DeclareLaTeXLogo{cmr}m{it}{.3}{.27}
665 \DeclareLaTeXLogo{cmr}{bx}{it}{.3}{.27}
666 \DeclareLaTeXLogo{bch}{m}{n}{.2}{.08}
667 \DeclareLaTeXLogo{bch}{m}{it}{.2}{.08}
```

Redefine **\LaTeX** to choose the parameters for the current font, or to use the default value otherwise:

```
668 \DeclareRobustCommand\LaTeX{\expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@a
669 \csname @LaTeX@\f@family/\f@series/\f@shape\endcsname
670 \ifx\reserved@a\relax\let\reserved@a\@LaTeX@default\fi
671 \expandafter\@LaTeX\reserved@a
```

Here's the body of what was originally \LaTeX, pulled out with its roots dripping onto the smoking ruin of original LATeX, and then bits stuck in on the side.

\QLaTeXQdefault provides parameters as one finds in the original; other versions are added as needed.

```
672 \newcommand\@LaTeX[2]{L\kern-#1em
673
          {\sbox\z0 T\%}
674
           \csname S0\f0size\endcsname
675
                             \fontsize\sf@size\z@
676
                             \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
677
678
                             A}%
                        \vss}%
679
680
          }%
          \kern-#2em%
681
          \TeX}
682
```

3.12 Authors, contributors, addresses, signatures

Each article may have several authors (of course), so we permit an \author command for each of them. The names are then stored in a set of \csnames called \author1, \author2, ...Similarly, there are several \address<n> and \netaddress<n> and \PersonalURL<n> commands set up for each article.

Comment: I would like to make provision for several authors at the same address, but (short of preempting the * marker, which it would be nice to retain so as to preserve compatibility with the plain style) I'm not sure how one would signal it.

```
683 \def\theauthor#1{\csname theauthor#1\endcsname}
684 \def\theaddress#1{\csname theaddress#1\endcsname}
685 \def\thenetaddress#1{\csname thenetaddress#1\endcsname}
686 \def\thePersonalURL#1\csname thePersonalURL#1\endcsname}
```

The standard way of listing authors is to iterate from 1 to \count@ and to pick the author names as we go.

```
687 (!latex)\newcount\@tempcnta
688 \def\@defaultauthorlist{%
689 \@getauthorlist\@firstofone
690 }
```

\Ogetauthorlist processes the author list, passing every bit of stuff that needs to be typeset to its argument.

```
691 \def\@getauthorlist#1{%
692 \count@\authornumber
693 \advance\count@ by -2
694 \@tempcnta0
```

Loop to output the first n-2 of the n authors (the loop does nothing if there are two or fewer authors)

```
695
     \loop
696
       \ifnum\count@>0
         \advance\@tempcnta by \@ne
697
         #1{\ignorespaces\theauthor{\number\@tempcnta}\unskip, }%
698
699
         \advance\count@ by \m@ne
700
     \repeat
     \count@\authornumber
701
     \advance\count@ by -\@tempcnta
702
     \ifnum\authornumber>0
703
```

If there are two or more authors, we output the penultimate author's name here, followed by 'and'

```
704 \ifnum\count@>1
705 \count@\authornumber
706 \advance\count@ by \m@ne
707 #1{\ignorespaces\theauthor{\number\count@}\unskip\ and }%
708 \fi
```

Finally (if there were any authors at all) output the last author's name:

```
709 #1{\ignorespaces\theauthor{\number\authornumber}\unskip} 710 \fi 711 }
```

Signature blocks. The author can (in principle) define a different sort of signature block using \signature, though this could well cause the editorial group to have collective kittens (unless it had been discussed in advance...)

```
712 \def\signature#1{\def\@signature{#1}}
713 \def\@signature{\@defaultsignature}
```

\@defaultsignature loops through all the authors, outputting the details we have about that author, or (if we're in a sub-article) outputs the contributor's name and closes the group opened by \contributor. It is (as its name implies) the default body for \makesignature

```
714 \def\@defaultsignature{{%
715
        \let\thanks\@gobble
        \ifnum\authornumber<0
716
if \authornumber < 0, we are in a contributor's section
717
          \medskip
718
         \frenchspacing
          \signaturemark
719
720
          \theauthor{\number\authornumber}\\
          \theaddress{\number\authornumber}\\
721
722
          \allowhyphens
         \thenetaddress{\number\authornumber}\\
723
724
          \thePersonalURL{\number\authornumber}\\
        \else
725
 \arrowvertauthornumber \geq 0, so we are in the body of an ordinary article
         \count@=0
726
          \loop
727
            \ifnum\count@<\authornumber
728
729
              \medskip
730
              \advance\count@ by \@ne
              \signaturemark
731
              \theauthor{\number\count@}\\
732
              \theaddress{\number\count@}\\
733
734
                \allowhyphens
735
                \thenetaddress{\number\count@}\\
736
                \thePersonalURL{\number\count@}\\
737
              }%
738
          \repeat
739
        \fi
740
     }%
741
742 }
743 \newdimen\signaturewidth
                                \signaturewidth=12pc
```

The optional argument to \makesignature is useful in some circumstances (e.g., multi-contributor articles)

744 \newcommand\makesignature[1][\medskipamount]{%

check the value the user has put in \signaturewidth: it may be at most 1.5pc short of \columnwidth

```
\@tempdima\signaturewidth
745
     \advance\@tempdima 1.5pc
746
     \ifdim \@tempdima>\columnwidth
747
        \signaturewidth \columnwidth
748
749
       \advance\signaturewidth -1.5pc
     \fi
750
751
     \par
     \penalty9000
752
     \vspace{#1}%
753
     \rightline{%
754
       \vbox{\hsize\signaturewidth \ninepoint \raggedright
755
         \parindent \z@ \everypar={\hangindent 1pc }
756
         \parskip \z@skip
757
         \def\|{\unskip\hfil\break}%
758
         \left( \left( \cdot \right) \right) 
759
         \def\phone{\rm Phone: }
760
761
         \rm\@signature}%
762
     \ifnum\authornumber<0 \endgroup\fi
763
764 }
765 \def\signaturemark{\leavevmode\llap{$\diamond$\enspace}}
     The code used to define the following:
    {\makeactive\@
     \gdef\signatureat{\makeactive\@\def@{\char"40\discretionary{}{}}}}
     \makeactive\%
     \gdef\signaturepercent{\makeactive\%\def%{\char"25\discretionary{}{}}}}
    }
```

However, they were never used within the class (or within ltugproc.cls). They have therefore been deleted; the identically defined \netaddrat and \netaddrpercent may be used in the unlikely event that they're needed elsewhere.

Now all the awful machinery of author definitions. \authornumber records the number of authors we have recorded to date.

```
766 \newcount\authornumber 767 \authornumber=0
```

\author 'allocates' another author name (by bumping \authornumber) and also sets up the address and netaddress for this author to produce a warning and to prevent oddities if they're invoked. This last assumes that invocation will be in the context of \signature (ltugboat.cls) or \maketitle (ltugproc.cls);

in both cases, invocation is followed by a line break (tabular line break \\ in ltugproc, \endgraf in \makesignature in ltugboat).

```
768 \def\author{%
769 \global\advance\authornumber\@ne
770 \TB@author
771 }
\contributor is for a small part of a multiple-part article; it begins a group that
will be ended in \makesignature
772 \def\contributor{%
773 \begingroup
774 \authornumber\m@ne
775 \TB@author
776 }
```

Both 'types' of author fall through here to set up the author name and to initialise author-related things. \EDITORno* commands allow the editor to record that there's good reason for an address or netaddress not to be there (the personal URL is optional anyway).

```
777 \def\TB@author#1{%
778
     \expandafter\def\csname theauthor\number\authornumber\endcsname
         {\ignorespaces#1\unskip}%
779
780
     \expandafter\def\csname theaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
781
       {\TBWarningNL{Address for #1\space missing}\@gobble}%
     \expandafter\def\csname thenetaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
782
       {\TBWarningNL{Net address for #1\space missing}\@gobble}%
783
784
     \expandafter\let\csname thePersonalURL\number\authornumber\endcsname
785
       \@gobble
786
787 \def\EDITORnoaddress{%
788
     \expandafter\let\csname theaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
789
       \@gobble
790 }
791 \def\EDITORnonetaddress{%
792
     \expandafter\let\csname thenetaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
       \@gobble
793
794 }
```

 $\address simply copies its argument into the <math>nsigma simply copies its author.$

```
795 \def\address#1{%
796 \expandafter\def\csname theaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
797 {\leavevmode\ignorespaces#1\unskip}}
```

\network is for use within the optional argument of \netaddress; it defines the *name* of the network the user is on.

Comment: I think this is a fantasy, since everyone (in practice, nowadays) quotes an internet address. In principle, there are people who will quote X.400 addresses (but they're few and far between) and I have (during 1995!) seen an address with an UUCP bang-path component on comp.text.tex, but really!

```
798 \def\network#1{\def\@network{#1: }}
```

\netaddress begins a group, executes an optional argument (which should not, presumably, contain global commands) and then relays to \@relay@netaddress with both @ and % made active (so that they can be discretionary points in the address). If we're using \LaTeX we use the default-argument form of \newcommand; otherwise we write it out in all its horribleness.

```
799 \newcommand\netaddress[1][\relax]{%
800 \begingroup
801 \def\Qnetwork{}%
```

Unfortunately, because of the catcode hackery, we have still to do one stage of relaying within our own code, even if we're using LATEX 2_{ε} .

```
802 #1\@sanitize\makespace\ \makeactive\@
803 \makeactive\.\makeactive\%\@relay@netaddress}%
```

\@relay@netaddress finishes the job. It sets \thenetaddress for this author to contain the network name followed by the address. As a result of our kerfuffle above, @ and % are active at the point we're entered. We ensure they're active when \thenetaddress gets expanded, too. (WOT?!)

```
804 \def\@relay@netaddress#1{%
     \ProtectNetChars
805
     \expandafter\protected@xdef
806
          \csname thenetaddress\number\authornumber\endcsname
807
       {\protect\leavevmode\textrm{\@network}%
808
        {\protect\NetAddrChars\net
809
810
         \ignorespaces#1\unskip}}%
811
     \endgroup
     }
812
```

\personalURL is in essence the same as \netaddress, apart from (1) the lack of the eccentric optional argument, and (2) the activation of '/'.

We could imagine needing an \URL command in general. If so, we must remember that the code here would naturally permit a break between the last two characters of http://, and some sort of special action must be taken to ensure that it doesn't happen.

```
813 \def\personalURL{\begingroup
     \@sanitize\makespace\ \makeactive\@
814
     \makeactive\.\makeactive\%\makeactive\/\@personalURL}%
815
816 \def\@personalURL#1{%
     \ProtectNetChars
817
     \expandafter\protected@xdef
818
       \csname thePersonalURL\number\authornumber\endcsname{%
819
820
         \protect\leavevmode
821
            \protect\URLchars\net
822
            \ignorespaces#1\unskip
823
824
         }%
825
       }%
```

```
826 \endgroup
827 }
```

Define the activation mechanism for '@', '%', '.' and '/', for use in the above. Note that, since the code has '%' active, we have '*' as a comment character, which has a tendency to make things look peculiar...

```
828 {%
829
     \makecomment\*
     \makeactive\@
830
     \gdef\netaddrat{\makeactive\@*
831
       \def@{\discretionary{\char"40}{}{\char"40}}}
832
833
     \makeactive\%
     \gdef\netaddrpercent{\makeactive\%*
834
       \def%{\discretionary{\char"25}{}{\char"25}}}
835
     \makeactive\.
836
     \gdef\netaddrdot{\makeactive\.*
837
       \def.{\discretionary{\char"2E}{}{\char"2E}}}
838
```

\NetAddrChars is what we use (we're constrained to retain the old interface to this stuff, but it is clunky...). Since URLs are a new idea, we are at liberty not to define a separate \netaddrslash command, and we only have \URLchars.

```
839 \gdef\NetAddrChars{\netaddrat \netaddrpercent \netaddrdot}
840 \makeactive\/
841 \gdef\URLchars{*
842 \NetAddrChars
843 \makeactive\/*
844 \def/{\discretionary{\char"2F}{}{\char"2F}}}
```

\ProtectNetChars includes protecting '/', since this does no harm in the case of net addresses (where it's not going to be active) and we thereby gain by not having yet another csname.

```
845 \gdef\ProtectNetChars{*
846 \def@{\protect@}*
847 \def%{\protect\}*
848 \def.{\protect.}*
849 \def/{\protect/}*
850 }
851 }
```

IATEX 2_{ε} (in its wisdom) suppresses \DeclareOldFontCommand when in compatibility mode, so that in that circumstance we need to use a declaration copied from latex209.def rather than the way we would normally do the thing (using the command IATEX 2_{ε} defines for the job).

```
852 \if@compatibility
853 \DeclareRobustCommand\net{\normalfont\ttfamily\mathgroup\symtypewriter}
854 \else
855 \DeclareOldFontCommand{\net}{\ttfamily\upshape\mdseries}{\mathtt}
856 \fi
857 \def\authorlist#1{\def\@author{#1}}
858 \def\@author{\@defaultauthorlist}
```

\if@articletitle \maketitle \@r@maketitle \maketitle takes an optional "*"; if present, the operation is not defining the title of a paper, merely that of a "business" section (such as the participants at a meeting) that has no credited author or other title. In this case, the command flushes out the latest \sectitle (or whatever) but does nothing else.

Provide machinery to skip extra space, even one or more full columns, above the top of an article to leave space to paste up a previous article that has finished on the same page. This is a fall back to accommodate the fact that multiple articles cannot yet be run together easily with $\text{LATEX } 2_{\mathcal{E}}$.

```
859 \newif\if@articletitle
860 \def\maketitle{\@ifstar
861
     {\@articletitlefalse\@r@maketitle}%
862
     {\@articletitletrue\@r@maketitle}%
863 }
864 \def\@r@maketitle{\par
865
    \ifdim\PreTitleDrop > \z@
866
      \loop
      \ifdim \PreTitleDrop > \textheight
867
868
        \vbox{}\vfil\eject
        \advance\PreTitleDrop by -\textheight
869
870
      \repeat
871
      \vbox to \PreTitleDrop{}
872
      \global\PreTitleDrop=\z@
873 \fi
874 \begingroup
875 \setcounter{footnote}{0}
876 \def\thefootnote{\fnsymbol{footnote}}
877 \@maketitle
    \@thanks
    \endgroup
    \setcounter{footnote}{0}
    \gdef\@thanks{}
882 }
```

3.13 Section titles

The following macros are used to set the large *TUGboat* section heads (e.g. "General Delivery", "Fonts", etc.)

Define the distance between articles which are run together:

```
883 \def\secsep{\vskip 5\baselineskip}
```

Note that \stbaselineskip is used in the definition of \sectitlefont, in \LaTeX 2 ε , so that it has (at least) to be defined before \sectitlefont is used (we do the whole job).

```
884 \newdimen\stbaselineskip \stbaselineskip=18\p@
885 \newdimen\stfontheight
886 \settoheight{\stfontheight}{\sectitlefont 0}
```

Declaring section titles; the conditional \ifSecTitle records the occurence of a \sectitle command. If (when) a subsequent \maketitle occurs, the section

title box will get flushed out; as a result of this, one could in principle have a set of \sectitle commands in a semi-fixed steering file, and inclusions of files inserted only as and when papers have appeared. Only the last \sectitle will actually be executed.

```
887 \newif\ifSecTitle
888 \SecTitlefalse
889 \newif\ifWideSecTitle
890 \newcommand\sectitle{%
891 \SecTitletrue
892 \@ifstar
893 {\WideSecTitletrue\def\s@ctitle}%
894 {\WideSecTitlefalse\def\s@ctitle}%
895}
```

\PreTitleDrop records the amount of column-space we need to eject before we start any given paper. It gets zeroed after that ejection has happened.

```
896 \newdimen\PreTitleDrop \PreTitleDrop=\z@
```

The other parameters used in **\@sectitle**; I don't think there's the slightest requirement for them to be registers (since they're constant values, AFAIK), but converting them to macros would remove the essentially useless functionality of being able to change them using assignment, which I'm not about to struggle with just now...

\AboveTitleSkip and \BelowTitleSkip are what you'ld expect; \strulethickness is the value to use for \fboxrule when setting the title.

```
897 \newskip\AboveTitleSkip \AboveTitleSkip=12\p@
898 \newskip\BelowTitleSkip \BelowTitleSkip=8\p@
899 \newdimen\strulethickness \strulethickness=.6\p@
```

\@sectitle actually generates the section title (in a rather generous box). It gets called from \maketitle under conditional \ifSecTitle; by the time \@sectitle takes control, we already have \SecTitlefalse. This implementation uses LATEX's \framebox command, on the grounds that one doesn't keep a dog and bark for oneself...

```
900 \def\@sectitle #1{%
901 \par
902 \penalty-1000
```

If we're setting a wide title, the stuff will be at the top of a page (let alone a column) but inside a box, so that the separator won't be discardable: so don't create the separator in this case.

```
903 \ifWideSecTitle\else\secsep\fi
904 {%
905 \fboxrule\strulethickness
906 \fboxsep\z@
907 \noindent\framebox[\hsize]{%
908 \vbox{%
909 \raggedcenter
```

```
910
                                                                                        \let\\\@sectitle@newline
                                                                                        \sectitlefont
                                                       911
                                                                                        \makestrut[2\stfontheight;\z@]%
                                                       912
                                                                                        #1%
                                                       913
                                                                                        \makestrut[\z@;\stfontheight]\endgraf
                                                       914
                                                       915
                                                                                  }%
                                                       916
                                                                            }%
                                                                      }%
                                                       917
                                                       918
                                                                       \nobreak
                                                                       \vskip\baselineskip
                                                       919
                                                       920 }
\@sectitle@newline
                                                         For use inside \sectitle as \\. Works similarly to \\ in the "real world" — uses
                                                          an optional argument
                                                       921 \newcommand{\@sectitle@newline}[1][\z@]{%
                                                                       \left| \frac{1}{z}\right|
                                                       922
                                                                             \makestrut[\z0;#1]%
                                                       923
                                                       924
                                                                       \fi
                                                                       \unskip\break
                                                       925
                                                       926 }
                                                                       We need to trigger the making of a section title in some cases where we don't
                                                         have a section title proper (for example, in material taken over from TTN).
                                                       927 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Title}}\
                                                       928
                                                                             \global\SecTitlefalse
                                                       929
                                                                             \ifWideSecTitle
                                                                                  \twocolumn[\@sectitle{\s@ctitle}]%
                                                       930
                                                                                  \global\WideSecTitlefalse
                                                       931
                                                       932
                                                                                  \@sectitle{\s@ctitle}%
                                                       933
                                                       934
                                                                             \fi
                                                                       \else
                                                       935
                                                                             \vskip\AboveTitleSkip
                                                       936
                                                                             \kern\topskip
                                                       937
                                                                             \hrule \@height\z@ \@depth\z@ \@width 10\p@
                                                       938
                                                                             \kern-\topskip
                                                       939
                                                                             \kern-\strulethickness
                                                       940
                                                                             \hrule \@height\strulethickness \@depth\z@
                                                       941
                                                       942
                                                                             \kern\medskipamount
                                                       943
                                                                             \nobreak
                                                                      \fi
                                                       944
                                                       945 }
                    \@maketitle Finally, the body of \maketitle itself.
                                                       946 \ensuremath{ \mbox{ \mbox{\tt Qmaketitle}{\mbox{\tt %}}}
                                                       947
                                                                       \@makesectitle
                                                       948
                                                                       \if@articletitle{%
                                                                             \nohyphens \interlinepenalty\@M
                                                       949
                                                                             \scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\scheme{1}\sch
                                                       950
```

```
951
         \let\thanks\@gobble
          \left| \cdot \right| = \quad 
952
          \label{let-and-quad}
953
          \ignorespaces\@author}%
954
        {%
955
956
          \noindent\bf\raggedright\ignorespaces\@title\endgraf
        }%
957
        \index \wd0 < 5\p0
                                           % omit if author is null
958
959
        \else
Since we have \BelowTitleSkip + 4pt = \begin{center} baselineskip, we say:
          \nobreak \vskip 4\p@
960
961
          {%
            \leftskip=\normalparindent
962
            \raggedright
963
            \d\{\unskip\\}
964
965
            \noindent\@author\endgraf
966
         }%
        \fi
967
        \nobreak
968
        \vskip\BelowTitleSkip
969
970
     }\fi%
     \global\@afterindentfalse
971
     \aftergroup\@afterheading
972
973 }
     Dedications are ragged right, in italics.
974 \newenvironment{dedication}%
     {\raggedright\noindent\itshape\ignorespaces}%
975
     {\endgraf\medskip}
976
     The abstract and longabstract environments both use \section*.
977 \renewenvironment{abstract}%
     {%
978
979
        \begin{SafeSection}%
        \section*{Abstract}%
980
     }%
981
     {\end{SafeSection}}
982
983 \newenvironment{longabstract}%
984
985
        \begin{SafeSection}%
        \section*{Abstract}%
986
        \bgroup\small
987
     }%
988
989
     {%
990
        \endgraf\egroup
991
        \end{SafeSection}%
     \vspace{.25\baselineskip}
992
993
     \begin{center}
        {$--*--$}
994
```

```
995 \end{center}
996 \vspace{.5\baselineskip}}
```

3.14 Headings

Redefine style of section headings to match plain *TUGboat*. Negative beforeskip suppresses following parindent. (So negate the stretch and shrink too).

These macros are called *head in the plain styles.

Relaying via $\TB@startsection$ detects inappropriate use of $\scalebox{section*}$. Of course, if (when) we use it, we need to avoid that relaying; this can be done by $\TB@startsection$ to $\TB@startsection$, within a group.

First the version for use in the default case, when class option NUMBERSEC is in effect.

```
997 \if@numbersec
      \def\section{\TB@startsection{{section}%
998
999
                                   1%
                                   \z0
1000
1001
                                   {-8\p0 \leq 2\p0 \leq 2\p0}
1002
                                   {4\p@}%
              {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
1003
      \def\subsection{\TB@startsection{{subsection}%
1004
1005
                                      2%
                                      \z0
1006
                                      {-8\p@ \@plus-2\p@ \@minus-2\p@}%
1007
1008
                                      {4\p@}%
             {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
1009
      \def\subsubsection{\TB@startsection{{subsubsection}%
1010
                                         3%
1011
1012
                                         \z0
1013
                                         {-8\neq 0 \leq 2\neq 0 \leq 2\neq 0}
1014
             {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
1015
      1016
1017
                                     4%
                                     \z0
1018
1019
                                     {4\p@ \@plus1\p@ \@minus1\p@}%
1020
                                     {-1em}%
                                     {\normalsize\bf}}}
1021
```

Now the version if class option NONUMBER is in effect, i.e., if \ightharpoonumbersec is false.

```
{4\p@}%
1029
                {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
1030
       \def\subsection{\TB@nolimelabel
1031
                         \TB@startsection{{subsection}%
1032
                                             2%
1033
1034
                                             \z0
1035
                                             {-8\neq 0 \leq 2\neq 0 \leq 2\neq 0}
                                             {-0.5em\@plus-\fontdimen3\font}%
1036
1037
                {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
       \def\subsubsection{\TB@nolimelabel
1038
                             \TB@startsection{{subsubsection}%
1039
1040
                                                 3%
                                                 \parindent
1041
                                                 {-8\p@ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\tt 0plus-2\p@ \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 0minus-2\p@}}}}\%}
1042
                                                 {-0.5em\@plus-\fontdimen3\font}%
1043
                {\normalsize\bf\raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M}}}
1044
1045 \fi
```

\TB@startsection traps * versions of sectioning commands, if numbering isn't in effect. Its argument is the complete set of \@startsection arguments.

```
1046 \if@numbersec
      \def\TB@startsection#1{\@startsection#1}%
1047
1048 \else
1049
      \def\TB@startsection#1{%
        \@ifstar
1050
          {\TBWarning{*-form of \expandafter\string\csname\@firstofsix#1%
1051
                       \endcsname\space
1052
                       \MessageBreak
1053
                       conflicts with nonumber class option}%
1054
1055
           \@startsection#1}%
          {\@startsection#1}%
1056
      }
1057
1058 \fi
1059 \def\@firstofsix#1#2#3#4#5#6{#1}
```

\TB@safe@startsection is to be used where \section* (etc.) appear in places where the request is OK (because it's built in to some macro we don't fiddle with).

1060 \def\TB@safe@startsection#1{\@startsection#1}

The SafeSection environment allows use of *-forms of sectioning environments. It's not documented for the general public: it's intended as an editor's facility.

```
1061 \newenvironment{SafeSection}%
1062 {\let\TB@startsection\TB@safe@startsection}%
1063 {}
```

And now for the exciting sectioning commands that LATEX defines but we don't have a definition for (whatever else, we don't want Lamport's originals, which come out 'like the blare of a bugle in a lullaby'²).

The three inappropriate ones are subparagraph (indistinguishable from paragraph), and chapter and part. The last seemed almost to be defined in an early version of these macros, since there was a definition of \lognart. I've not got down to where that came from (or why). If class option NONUMBER is in effect, we also suppress \paragraph, since it has no parallel in the plain style.

```
1064 \if@numbersec
1065 \def\subparagraph{\TB@nosection\subparagraph\paragraph}
1066 \else
1067 \def\paragraph{\TB@nosection\paragraph\subsubsection}
1068 \def\subparagraph{\TB@nosection\subparagraph\subsubsection}
1069 \fi
1070 \def\chapter{\TB@nosection\chapter\section}
1071 \def\part{\TB@nosection\part\section}
1072 \def\TB@nosection#1#2{\TBWarning{class does not support \string#1,
1073 \string#2\space used instead}#2}
```

\10<sectioning-name> is for table of contents (of an article).

We define new macros to allow easily changing the font used for toc entries (for TUGboat, we usually want roman, not bold), and the space between entries. Nelson Beebe's articles are almost the only ones that ever have toc's.

```
1074 \def\TBtocsectionfont{\normalfont}
1075 \newskip\TBtocsectionspace \TBtocsectionspace=1.0em\@plus\p@
```

Don't ask me (RF) why \logart is there; I commented it out because I couldn't understand why it had been left there for me. To be finally deleted in a future release of these macros...

```
1076 \% \end{area} $1076 \% \end{area} \label{logart} $1076 \% \end{area} $1076 \% \end{are
                              \addvspace{2.25em\@plus\p@}%
1077 %
1078 %
                              \begingroup
1079 %
                                        \Otempdima 3em \parindent\z0 \rightskip\z0 \parfillskip\z0
1080 %
                                        {\large \bf \leavevmode #1\hfil \hbox to\@pnumwidth{\hss #2}}\par
1081 %
                                        \nobreak
                              \endgroup}
1082 %
1083 %
1084 \def\l@section#1#2{\addpenalty{\@secpenalty}%
                          \addvspace{\TBtocsectionspace}%
1085
                           \@tempdima 1.5em
1086
1087
                           \begingroup
                                    \parindent\z@ \rightskip\z@ % article style makes \rightskip > 0
1088
1089
                                    \parfillskip\z@
                                    \TBtocsectionfont
1090
                                    \leavevmode\advance\leftskip\@tempdima\hskip-\leftskip#1\nobreak\hfil
1091
                                    \nobreak\hb@xt@\@pnumwidth{\hss #2}\par
1092
1093
                          \endgroup}
```

²Thurber, The Wonderful O

3.15 Appendices

Appendices (which are really just another sort of section heading) raise a problem: if the sections are unnumbered, we plainly need to restore the section numbering, which in turn allows labelling of section numbers again (\TBnolimelabel happens before the \refstepcounter, so its effects get lost ... what a clever piece of design that was). So here we go:

```
1094 \renewcommand\appendix{\par

1095 \renewcommand\thesection{\@Alph\c@section}%

1096 \setcounter{section}{0}%

1097 \if@numbersec

1098 \else

1099 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{1}%

1100 \fi
```

Now: is this the start of an appendix environment? This can be detected by looking at \@currenvir; if we are, we need to relay to \@appendix@env to pick up the optional argument.

```
\def\@tempa{appendix}
1101
1102
      \ifx\@tempa\@currenvir
1103
         \expandafter\@appendix@env
1104
1105 }
      Here we deal with \lceil appendix \rceil [\langle app-name \rangle]
1106 \newcommand\app@prefix@section{}
1107 \newcommand\@appendix@env[1] [Appendix] {%
      \renewcommand\@seccntformat[1]{\csname app@prefix@##1\endcsname
         \csname the##1\endcsname\quad}%
1109
      \renewcommand\app@prefix@section{#1 }%
1110
1111 }
```

Ending an appendix environment is pretty trivial...

1112 \let\endappendix\relax

3.16 References

If the sections aren't numbered, the natural tendency of the author to cross-reference (which, after all, is one of the things LATEX is for ever being advertised as being good at) can cause headaches for the editor. (Yes it can; believe me ... there's always one.)

The following command is used by each of the sectioning commands to make a following \ref command bloop at the author. Even if the author then ignores the complaint, the poor old editor may find the offending \label rather more easily.

(Note that macro name is to be read as "noli me label" (I don't know the mediæval Latin for 'label').

Comment To come (perhaps): detection of the act of labelling, and an analogue of \ifG@refundefined for this sort of label

```
1113 \def\TB@nolimelabel{%
      \def\@currentlabel{%
1114
1115
        \protect\TBWarning{%
1116
          Invalid reference to numbered label on page \thepage
1117
          \MessageBreak made%
        }%
1118
        \textbf{?!?}%
1119
      }%
1120
1121 }
```

3.17 Title references

This is a first cut at a mecahnism for referencing by the title of a section; it employs the delightfully simple idea Sebastian Rahtz has in the nameref package (which is part of hyperref). As it stands, it lacks some of the bells and whistles of the original, but they could be added; this is merely proof-of-concept.

The name label comes from the moveable bit of the section argument; we subvert the \@sect and \@ssect commands (the latter deals with starred section commands) to grab the relevant argument.

```
1122 \let\TB@@sect\@sect
1123 \let\TB@@ssect\@ssect
1124 \def\@sect#1#2#3#4#5#6[#7]#8{%
1125  \def\@currentlabelname{#7}%
1126  \TB@@sect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}[{#7}]{#8}%
1127 }
1128 \def\@ssect#1#2#3#4#5{%
1129  \def\@currentlabelname{#5}%
1130  \TB@@ssect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
1131 }
```

The \newlabel command that gets written to the .aux file needs to be redefined to have three components to its argument:

```
1132 \def\label#1{{%
1133
         \@bsphack
1134
         \let\label\@gobble
         \let\index\@gobble
1135
         \if@filesw
1136
           \protected@write\@auxout{}%
1137
             {\string\newlabel{#1}{%
1138
                 {\@currentlabel}{\thepage}{\@currentlabelname}}%
1139
             }%
1140
         \fi
1141
         \@esphack
1142
1143
      }%
1144 }
```

Of course, in the case of a sufficiently mad author, there will be no sectioning commands, so we need to

1145 \let\@currentlabelname\@empty

References are pretty straightforward, but need three extra utility commands (analagous to the \@firstof..., etc., defined in the kernel).

```
1146 \DeclareRobustCommand\ref[1] {\expandafter\@setref 1147 \csname r@#1\endcsname\@firstofthree{#1}} 1148 \DeclareRobustCommand\pageref[1] {\expandafter\@setref 1149 \csname r@#1\endcsname\@secondofthree{#1}} 1150 \DeclareRobustCommand\nameref[1] {\expandafter\@setref 1151 \csname r@#1\endcsname\@thirdofthree{#1}} 1152 \long\def\@firstofthree#1#2#3{#1} 1153 \long\def\@secondofthree#1#2#3{#2} 1154 \long\def\@thirdofthree#1#2#3{#3}
```

3.18 Float captions

By analogy with what we've just done to section titles and the like, we now do our best to discourage hyphenation within captions. We also typeset them in \small.

```
1155 \long\def\@makecaption#1#2{%
      \vskip\abovecaptionskip
      \sbox\@tempboxa{\small #1: #2}%
1157
1158
      \ifdim \wd\@tempboxa >\hsize
        \raggedright\hyphenpenalty=\@M \parindent=1em
1159
        {\small \noindent #1: #2\par}%
1160
1161
      \else
1162
        \global \@minipagefalse
1163
        \hb@xt@\hsize{\hfil\box\@tempboxa\hfil}%
1164
      \vskip\belowcaptionskip}
1165
```

Also use $\mbox{\sc small}$ for the caption labels, and put the label itself (Figure xx) in bold.

```
\label{limit} $$1166 \left( \sum_{s=1}^{1} \left( \sum_{s=1}^{s} 167 \right) \left( \sum_{s=1}^{s} \left( \sum_{s=1}^{s} \left( \sum_{s=1}^{s} 167 \right) \right) $$
```

3.19 Size changing commands

Apart from their 'normal' effects, these commands change the glue around displays.

```
1168 \renewcommand\normalsize{%
1169 \@setfontsize\normalsize\@xpt\@xiipt
1170 \abovedisplayskip=3\p@\@plus 3\p@\@minus\p@
1171 \belowdisplayskip=\abovedisplayskip
1172 \abovedisplayshortskip=\z@\@plus 3\p@\@minus\p@
1173 \belowdisplayshortskip=\p@\@plus 3\p@\@minus\p@
1174 }
```

```
1175
1176 \renewcommand\small{%
       \@setfontsize\small\@ixpt{11}%
1177
       \abovedisplayskip=2.5\p@\@plus 2.5\p@\@minus\p@
1178
1179
       \belowdisplayskip=\abovedisplayskip
1180
       \abovedisplayshortskip=\z@\@plus 2\p@
1181
       \belowdisplayshortskip=\p@\@plus 2\p@\@minus\p@
1182 }
1183 \renewcommand\footnotesize{%
        \@setfontsize\footnotesize\@viiipt{9.5}%
1184
        \abovedisplayskip=3\p@\@plus 3\p@\@minus\p@
1185
1186
        \belowdisplayskip=\abovedisplayskip
1187
        \abovedisplayshortskip=\z@\@plus 3\p@
        \belowdisplayshortskip=\p@\@plus 3\p@\@minus\p@
1188
1189 }
```

3.20Lists and other text inclusions

```
1190 \def\@listi{%}
      1191
1192
      \itemsep=\parsep
1193
      \listparindent=1em
1194
     }
1195
1196 \def\@listii{%
      \leftmargin\leftmarginii
1197
      \labelwidth=\leftmarginii \advance\labelwidth-\labelsep
1198
1199
      \topsep=2\p@\@plus\p@\@minus\p@
1200
      \parsep=\p@\@plus\p@\@minus\p@
      \itemsep=\parsep
1201
     \listparindent=1em
1202
     }
1203
1204
1205 \def\@listiii{%
1206
      \leftmargin=\leftmarginiii
      \labelwidth=\leftmarginiii \advance\labelwidth-\labelsep
1207
1208
      \topsep = \p@\@plus\p@\@minus\p@
1209
     \parsep=\z@
1210
     \itemsep=\topsep
1211
     \listparindent=1em
1212
     }
1213 \def\quote{\list{}{\rightmargin.5\leftmargin}\item[]}
 indented, and right margin is decreased for narrow columns.
1214 \renewcommand{\quotation}{\list{}}{\listparindent 1.5em
```

From Dominik Wujastyk's font article. First paragraph of a quotation will not be

```
\rightmargin.5\leftmargin\parsep \z@\@plus\p@}\item[]}
1215
```

3.21 Some fun with verbatim

The plain *TUGboat* style allows [optional] arguments to its \verbatim command. This will allow the author (or editor) to specify a range of exciting features; we would definitely like the numbered verbatim style for code (that facility is reserved for a future version of this package), and the present little bit of code imposes the \ruled option on the built-in verbatim environment. (Note that we don't yet deal with verbatim*, which is in itself an option to the plain original.)

We start by saving various bits and bobs whose operation we're going to subvert.

```
1216 %\let\@TB@verbatim\@verbatim
1217 \let\@TBverbatim\verbatim
1218 \let\@TBendverbatim\endverbatim
```

Impose an optional argument on the environment.

We start the macro with \par to avoid a common error: if the optional argument is \small, and the document has no blank line before the verbatim block, we don't want that preceding paragraph to be set with \small's line spacing.

(\obeylines added to prevent the \futurelet from propagating into the body of the verbatim, thus causing lines that start with odd characters (like # or even \) to behave peculiarly.)

```
1219 \def\verbatim{\par\obeylines
1220 \futurelet\reserved@a\@switch@sqbverbatim}
1221 \def\@switch@sqbverbatim{\ifx\reserved@a[%]
1222 \expandafter\@sqbverbatim\else
1223 \def\reserved@b{\@sqbverbatim[]}\expandafter\reserved@b\fi}
1224 \def\@sqbverbatim[#1]{%
```

The optional argument consists entirely of functions that modify the appearance of the environment. Following the plain style, we define the functions we can execute in the optional argument here.

The command **\ruled** tells us that there should be rules above and below the verbatim block.

```
1225 \def\ruled{\let\if@ruled\iftrue}%
```

Then we just execute the ones we've got, and relay to a (hacked) copy of the built-in environment.

```
1226 #1\@TBverbatim}
```

The built-in environment itself relays to \@verbatim, which we've subverted to impose our views on appearance.

```
1227 \def\@verbatim{%
```

First, we deal with \ruled:

1228 \if@ruled\trivlist\item\hrule\kern5\p@\nobreak\fi

Now, the code out of the original verbatim environment:

1229 \trivlist \item\relax

```
\if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi
1230
      \leftskip\@totalleftmargin\rightskip\z@skip
1231
      \parindent\z@\parfillskip\@flushglue\parskip\z@skip
1232
      \@@par
1233
      \@tempswafalse
1234
1235
      \def\par{%
1236
        \if@tempswa
          \leavevmode \null \@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty
1237
        \else
1238
          \@tempswatrue
1239
          \ifhmode\@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty\fi
1240
1241
1242
      \obeylines \verbatim@font \@noligs
      \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
1243
      \everypar \expandafter{\the\everypar \unpenalty}%
1244
1245 }%
```

To end the environment, we do everything in reverse order: relay via the copy we made of \endverbatim, and then finish off the option changes (again \ruled only, so far).

```
1246 \def\endverbatim{\@TBendverbatim

1247 \if@ruled\kern5\p@\hrule\endtrivlist\fi}

\enablemetacode simply typesets<sup>3</sup> something that looks (verbatim) like:
\square\text>
as:
\left(meta-text)

1248 {\makeactive<
1249 \gdef<#1>{{\reset@font\ensuremath{\langle}}%
1250 \textit{#1}%
1251 \ensuremath{\rangle}}}

1252 }
```

Finally, we define the \if used by the \ruled option

1253 \let\if@ruled\iffalse

3.22 Bibliography

This is more or less copied verbatim from Glenn Paulley's *chicago.sty* (gnpaulle@bluebox.uwaterloo.ca). It produces an author-year citation style bibliography, using output from the BIBTEX style file based on that by Patrick Daly. It needs extra macros beyond those in standard LATEX to function properly. The form of the bibitem entries is:

```
\bibitem[\protect\citeauthoryear{Jones, Baker, and Smith}
{Jones et al.}{1990}{key}...
```

³Or will simply typeset, when we get around to implementation proper

```
\rightarrow (Jones, Baker, and Smith 1990)
       \cite{key}
       \citeA{key}
                         \rightarrow (Jones, Baker, and Smith)
       \citeNP{key}
                         \rightarrow Jones, Baker, and Smith 1990
       \citeANP{key}
                         \rightarrow Jones, Baker, and Smith
                         \rightarrow Jones, Baker, and Smith (1990)
       \citeN{key}
                         \rightarrow (Jones et al. 1990)
       \shortcite
       \citeyear
                         \rightarrow (1990)
       \citeyearNP
                         \rightarrow 1990
      First of all (after checking that we're to use Harvard citation at all), make a
 copy of LATEX's default citation mechanism.
1254 \if@Harvardcite
1255 \let\@internalcite\cite
 Normal forms.
1256 \def\cite{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
1257
        \def\@cite##1##2{(##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi)}%
1258
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##1, ##3}\@internalcite}
1259 \def\citeNP{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
        1260
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##1, ##3}\@internalcite}
1261
1262 \def\citeN{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
        \def\@cite##1##2{##1\if@tempswa , ##2)\else{)}\fi}%
1263
1264
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##1 (##3}\@citedata}
1265 \def\citeA{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
1266
        \def\@cite##1##2{(##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi)}%
1267
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##1}\@internalcite}
1268 \def\citeANP{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
1269
        \def\@cite##1##2{##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi}%
1270
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##1}\@internalcite}
  Abbreviated forms (using et al.)
1271 \def\shortcite{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
        \def\@cite##1##2{(##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi)}%
1272
1273
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##2, ##3}\@internalcite}
1274 \def\shortciteNP{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
        \def\@cite##1##2{##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi}%
1275
1276
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##2, ##3}\@internalcite}
1277 \def\shortciteN{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
1278
        \def\@cite##1##2{##1\if@tempswa , ##2)\else{)}\fi}%
1279
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##2 (##3}\@citedata}
1280 \def\shortciteA{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
        \def\@cite##1##2{(##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi)}%
1281
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##2}\@internalcite}
1282
1283 \def\shortciteANP{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
1284
        \def\@cite##1##2{##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi}%
1285
        \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##2}\@internalcite}
 When just the year is needed:
1286 \def\citeyear{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
```

The available citation commands are:

```
\def\@cite##1##2{(##1\if@tempswa , ##2\fi)}%
1287
                    \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##3}\@citedata}
1288
1289 \def\citeyearNP{\def\@citeseppen{-1000}%
                    1290
                    \def\citeauthoryear##1##2##3{##3}\@citedata}
1291
    Place commas in-between citations in the same \citeyear, \citeyearNP, \citeN,
    or \shortciteN command. Use something like \citeN{ref1,ref2,ref3} and
    \citeN{ref4} for a list.
1292 \def\@citedata{%
                             \@ifnextchar [{\@tempswatrue\@citedatax}%
1293
1294
                                                                                                {\@tempswafalse\@citedatax[]}%
1295 }
1296
1297 \def\@citedatax[#1]#2{%
1298 \ \texttt{\fifefilesw} \ \texttt{\write} \ \texttt{\citation{\#2}} \ \texttt{\fifefilesw} \ 
              \label{lem:def_Qcite} $$ \ef{\cite}:=\#2\do\% $$
                    {\@citea\def\@citea{, }\@ifundefined% by Young
1300
1301
                           {b@\@citeb}{{\bf ?}%
                           \@warning{Citation '\@citeb' on page \thepage \space undefined}}%
1303 {\csname b@\@citeb\endcsname}}}{#1}}%
    Don't box citations, separate with; and a space; Make the penalty between cita-
    tions negative: a good place to break.
1304 \def\@citex[#1]#2{%
1305 \if@filesw\immediate\write\@auxout{\string\citation{#2}}\fi%
1306
              \def\@citea{}\@cite{\@for\@citeb:=#2\do%
1307
                    {\@citea\def\@citea{; }\@ifundefined% by Young
1308
                            {b@\@citeb}{{\bf ?}%
                            \@warning{Citation '\@citeb' on page \thepage \space undefined}}%
1310 {\csname b@\@citeb\endcsname}}}{#1}}%
    No labels in the bibliography.
1311 \def\@biblabel#1{}
    Set length of hanging indentation for bibliography entries.
1312 \newlength{\bibhang}
1313 \setlength{\bibhang}{2em}
    Indent second and subsequent lines of bibliographic entries. Stolen from open-
    bib.sty: \newblock is set to {}.
1314 \newdimen\bibindent
1315 \bibindent=1.5em
1316 \@ifundefined{refname}%
                 {\newcommand{\refname}{References}}%
1317
1318
              For safety's sake, suppress the \TB@startsection warnings here...
1319 \def\thebibliography#1{%
              \let\TB@startsection\TB@safe@startsection
1320
              \section*{\refname
1321
```

```
\list{[\arabic{enumi}]}{%
                     1323
                              \labelwidth\z0 \labelsep\z0
                     1324
                              \leftmargin\bibindent
                     1325
                              \itemindent -\bibindent
                     1326
                     1327
                              \listparindent \itemindent
                     1328
                              \parsep \z@
                              \usecounter{enumi}}
                     1329
                            \def\newblock{}
                     1330
                            \BibJustification
                     1331
                            \sfcode'\.=1000\relax
                     1332
                     1333 }
                 etal Other bibliography odds and ends.
            \bibentry 1334 \det \text{et}, al.\@
                     1335 \def\bibentry{%
                     1336
                            \smallskip
                     1337
                            \hangindent=\parindent
                     1338
                            \hangafter=1
                            \noindent
                     1339
                     1340
                            \sloppy
                     1341
                            \clubpenalty500 \widowpenalty500
                            \frenchspacing
                     1343 }
       \bibliography Changes made to accommodate TUB file naming conventions
  \bibliographystyle 1344 \def\bibliography#1{%
                            \if@filesw
                     1345
                              \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\bibdata{\@tubfilename{#1}}}%
                     1346
                     1347
                     1348
                            \@input{\jobname.bbl}%
                     1349 }
                     1350 \def\bibliographystyle#1{%
                            \if@filesw
                     1351
                              \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\bibstyle{\@tubfilename{#1}}}%
                     1352
                            \fi
                     1353
                     1354 }
    \thebibliography
                       If the user's asked to use LATEX's default citation mechanism (using the rawcite
\TB@@thebibliography
                       option), we still need to play with \TB@startsection: this is a boring fact of
                       life...
                            We also patch \sloppy in case there's a need for alternative justification of
                       the body of the bibliography.
```

1356 \let\TB@@thebibliography\thebibliography

\let\sloppy\BibJustification

\TB@@thebibliography}

\let\TB@startsection\TB@safe@startsection

1357 \def\thebibliography{%

1358

1359 1360

1361 \fi

\@mkboth{\uppercase{\refname}}{\uppercase{\refname}}}%

1322

\BibJustification \BibJustification defines how the bibliography is to be justified. The Lamport \SetBibJustification \default is simply "\sloppy", but we regularly find some sort of ragged right setting is appropriate. (\BibJustification is nevertheless reset to its default value at the start of a paper.)

1362 \let\TB@@sloppy\sloppy
1363 \let\BibJustification\TB@@sloppy
1364 \newcommand{\SetBibJustification}[1]{%
1365 \renewcommand{\BibJustification}{#1}%

1367 \ResetCommands\expandafter{\the\ResetCommands 1368 \let\BibJustification\TB@@sloppy

3.23 Registration marks

1366 }

1369 }

```
1370 \def\HorzR@gisterRule{\vrule \@height 0.2\p@ \@depth\z@ \@width 0.5in }
1371 \def\DownShortR@gisterRule{\vrule \@height 0.2\p@ \@depth 1pc \@width 0.2\p@ }
1372 \def\UpShortR@gisterRule{\vrule \@height 1pc \@depth\z@ \@width 0.2\p@ }
      "T" marks centered on top and bottom edges of paper
1373 \def\ttopregister{\dlap{%
1374
           \hb@xt@\trimwd{\HorzR@gisterRule \hfil \HorzR@gisterRule
                           \HorzR@gisterRule \hfil \HorzR@gisterRule}%
1375
           \hb@xt@\trimwd{\hfil \DownShortR@gisterRule \hfil}}}
1376
1377 \def\tbotregister{\ulap{%
           1378
           \hb@xt@\trimwd{\HorzR@gisterRule \hfil \HorzR@gisterRule
1379
1380
                           \HorzR@gisterRule \hfil \HorzR@gisterRule}}}
1381 \def\topregister{\ttopregister}
1382 \def\botregister{\tbotregister}
```

3.24 Running heads

```
1383 \def \rtitlex{\def\texttub##1{{\normalsize\textrm{##1}}}\TUB, \volx }
1384 \def\PrelimDraftfooter{%
      \dlap{\kern\textheight\kern3pc
1385
            \rlap{\hb@xt@\pagewd{\midrtitle\hfil\midrtitle}}
1386
1387
      }}
1388
 registration marks; these are temporarily inserted in the running head
1389 \def\MakeRegistrationMarks{}
1390 \def\UseTrimMarks{%
1391
      \def\MakeRegistrationMarks{%
        \ulap{\rlap{%
1392
           \vbox{\dlap{\vbox to\trimlgt{\vfil\botregister}}%
1393
                 \topregister\vskip \headmargin \vskip 10\p@}}}}%
1394
1395
      }
1396
1397 \def\@oddhead{\MakeRegistrationMarks\PrelimDraftfooter
      \normalsize\csname normalshape\endcsname\rm
```

```
1399 \rtitlex\qquad\midrtitle \hfil \thepage\}
1400 \def\@evenhead{\MakeRegistrationMarks\PrelimDraftfooter
1401 \normalsize\csname normalshape\endcsname\rm
1402 \thepage\hfil\midrtitle\qquad\rtitlex\}
1403 \def\@oddfoot{\}
1404 \def\@evenfoot{\}
1405 \def\ps@headings{\}
1406 \pagestyle{headings}
```

3.25 Output routine

Modified to alter \brokenpenalty across columns

Comment We're playing with fire here: for example, \@outputdblcol has changed in LATEX 2_{ε} for 1995/06/01 (with the use of \hb@xt@). This time there's no semantic change, but...

```
1407 \ensuremath{\verb| def|@outputdblcol{if@firstcolumn \ensuremath{| global|@firstcolumnfalse|}} \\
         \global\setbox\@leftcolumn\box\@outputbox
1408
1409
         \global\brokenpenalty10000
      \else \global\@firstcolumntrue
1410
         \global\brokenpenalty100
1411
         \setbox\@outputbox\vbox{\hb@xt@\textwidth{\hb@xt@\columnwidth
1412
           {\box\@leftcolumn \hss}\hfil \vrule \@width\columnseprule\hfil
1413
            \hb@xt@\columnwidth{\box\@outputbox \hss}}}\@combinedblfloats
1414
1415
            \@outputpage \begingroup \@dblfloatplacement \@startdblcolumn
1416
            \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\@outputpage\@startdblcolumn}\endgroup
1417
```

3.26 Font-related definitions and machinery

These are mostly for compatibility with plain tugboat.sty

```
1418 \newif\ifFirstPar \FirstParfalse 1419 \def\smc{\sc} 1420 \def\ninepoint{\small} 1421 \ \langle \text{classtail} \rangle
```

\SMC isn't small caps — Barbara Beeton says she thinks of it as "big small caps". She says (modulo capitalisation of things...):

For the things it's used for, regular small caps are not appropriate — they're too small. Real small caps are appropriate for author names (and are so used in continental bibliographies), section headings, running heads, and, on occasion, words to which some emphasis is to be given. \SMC was designed to be used for acronyms and all-caps abbreviations, which look terrible in small caps, but nearly as bad in all caps in the regular text size. The principle of using "one size smaller" than the text size is similar to the design of caps in German — where they are smaller relative to lowercase than are caps in fonts intended for English, to improve the appearance of regular text in which caps are used at the heads of all nouns, not just at the beginnings of sentences.

We define this in terms of the memory of the size currently selected that's maintained in \@currsize: if the user does something silly re. selecting fonts, we'll get the wrong results. The following code is adapted from an old version of relsize.sty by Donald Arseneau and Matt Swift. (Note that the order of examination of \@currsize is to get the commonest cases out of the way first.)

```
1422 (*common)
1423 \DeclareRobustCommand\SMC{%
1424
      \ifx\@currsize\normalsize\small\else
       \ifx\@currsize\small\footnotesize\else
1425
1426
        \ifx\@currsize\footnotesize\scriptsize\else
         \ifx\@currsize\large\normalsize\else
1427
          \ifx\@currsize\Large\large\else
1428
           \ifx\@currsize\LARGE\Large\else
1429
            \ifx\@currsize\scriptsize\tiny\else
1430
             \ifx\@currsize\tiny\tiny\else
1431
              \ifx\@currsize\huge\LARGE\else
1432
               \ifx\@currsize\Huge\huge\else
1433
                \small\SMC@unknown@warning
1434
     \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
1435
1436 }
1437 \newcommand\SMC@unknown@warning{\TBWarning{\string\SMC: nonstandard
        text font size command -- using \string\small}}
1439 \newcommand\textSMC[1]{{\SMC #1}}
```

The **\acro** command uses **\SMC** as it was originally intended. Note that, since most of these things are uppercase-only names, it fiddles with the spacefactor after inserting its text.

```
1440 \newcommand\acro[1] {\textSMC{#1}\@} 1441 \langle /common\rangle
```

3.27 Miscellaneous definitions

\EdNote allows the editor to enter notes in the text of a paper. If the command is given something that appears like an optional argument, the entire text of the note is placed in square brackets. (Yes, it really is!)

```
1442 (*classtail)
1443 \def\xEdNote{{\EdNoteFont Editor's note:\enspace }}
1444 \def \EdNote{\@ifnextchar[%]
1445
      {%
        \ifvmode
1446
           \smallskip\noindent\let\@EdNote@\@EdNote@v
1447
1448
           \unskip\quad\def\@EdNote@{\unskip\quad}%
1449
1450
1451
        \@EdNote
1452
      }%
1453
      \xEdNote
1454 }
```

```
1456
                                                         [\thinspace\xEdNote\ignorespaces
                                         1457
                                                          #1%
                                                           \unskip\thinspace]%
                                         1458
                                                        \@EdNote@
                                         1459
                                         1460 }
                                         1461 \def\@EdNote@v{\par\smallskip}
                                             Macros for Mittelbach's self-documenting style
                                         1462 \def\SelfDocumenting{%
                                                        \setlength\textwidth{31pc}
                                         1463
                                                        \onecolumn
                                         1464
                                         1465
                                                        \parindent \z0
                                         1466
                                                        \parskip 2\p@\@plus\p@\@minus\p@
                                         1467
                                                        \oddsidemargin 8pc
                                         1468
                                                        \evensidemargin 8pc
                                         1469
                                                        \marginparwidth 8pc
                                         1470
                                                        \toks@\expandafter{\@oddhead}%
                                                        \xdef\@oddhead{\hss\hb@xt@\pagewd{\the\toks@}}%
                                         1471
                                                        \toks@\expandafter{\@evenhead}%
                                         1472
                                                        \xdef\@evenhead{\hss\hb@xt@\pagewd{\the\toks@}}%
                                         1473
                                                        \def\ps@titlepage{}%
                                         1474
                                         1475 }
                                         1476 \def\ps@titlepage{}
                                         1477
                                         1478 \long\def\@makefntext#1{\parindent 1em\noindent\hb@xt@2em{}%
                                         1479
                                                        \displaystyle \frac{\mbox{\mbox{0makefnmark}\null$\mbox{\mbox{mskip5mu$#1}}}{\mbox{\mbox{0makefnmark}\null$\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{mskip5mu}$#1}}}
                                         1480
                                         1481 %% \long\def\@makefntext#1{\parindent 1em
                                         1482 %%
                                                               \noindent
                                         1483 %%
                                                                \hb@xt@2em{\hss\@makefnmark}%
                                         1484 %%
                                                                \hskip0.27778\fontdimen6\textfont\z@\relax
                                         1485 %%
                                                               #1%
                                         1486 %% }
  \creditfootnote Sometimes we want the label "Editor's Note:", sometimes not.
\verb|\supportfootnote| 1487 \verb|\def| creditfootnote{\nomarkfootnote}| x EdNote| \\
                                         1488 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc homarkfootnote}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc homarkfootnote}\ens
                                                        General macro \nomarkfootnote to make a footnote without a reference
                                             mark, etc. #1 is an extra command to insert, #2 the user's text.
                                         1489 \gdef\nomarkfootnote#1#2{\begingroup
                                                        \def\thefootnote{}%
                                         1490
                                                        % no period, please, also no fnmark.
                                         1491
                                                        \def\@makefntext##1{##1}%
                                         1492
                                                        \footnotetext{\noindent #1#2}%
                                         1493
                                         1494
                                                        \endgroup
                                         1495 }
```

3.28 Initialization

If we're going to use Harvard-style bibliographies, we set up the bibliography style: the user doesn't get any choice.

```
1496 \if@Harvardcite
                                                    \AtBeginDocument{%
1497
1498
                                                                        \bibliographystyle{ltugbib}%
1499
1500 \fi
1501 \authornumber\z@
1502 \let\@signature\@defaultsignature
1503 \verb|\InputIfFileExists{ltugboat.cfg}{\TBInfo{Loading ltugboat and ltugboat and
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           configuration information}}{}
1505 (/classtail)
```


\@tugclass Make the code of ltugboat.cls (when we load it) say it's really us:

```
1506 (*ItugproccIs)
1507 \def\@tugclass{ltugproc}
```

\if@proctw@column For the case where we're preparing the preprints, we may not have been able to prepare submissions for typesetting in two columns. In this case, therefore, we may need the option onecolumn, that will suppress the use of twocolumn setting within the article.

```
1508 \newif\if@proctw@column \@proctw@columntrue
1509 \DeclareOption{onecolumn}{\@proctw@columnfalse}
```

\if@proc@sober \if@proc@numerable TUG'96 proceedings switched to more sober headings still; so the tug95 option establishes the original state. In the absence of any other guidance, we use the '96 for TUG'97 proceedings, but also allow numbering of sections.

```
1510 \newif\if@proc@sober
1511 \newif\if@proc@numerable
1512 \DeclareOption{tug95}{%
      \@proc@soberfalse
1514
      \@proc@numerablefalse
1515 }
1516 \DeclareOption{tug96}{%
1517
      \@proc@sobertrue
1518
      \@proc@numerablefalse
1519 }
1520 \DeclareOption{tug97}{%
1521
      \@proc@sobertrue
      \@proc@numerabletrue
1522
1523 }
1524 \DeclareOption{tug2002}{%
     \@proc@sobertrue
```

```
\@proc@numerabletrue
                   1526
                         \let\if@proc@numbersec\iftrue
                   1527
                         \PassOptionsToClass{numbersec}{ltugboat}%
                   1528
                   1529 }
\if@proc@numbersec If we're in a class that allows section numbering (the actual check occurs after
                     \ProcessOptions, we can have the following:
                   1530 \DeclareOption{numbersec}{\let\if@proc@numbersec\iftrue
                         \PassOptionsToClass{numbersec}{ltugboat}%
                   1531
                   1532 }
                   1533 \DeclareOption{nonumber}{\let\if@proc@numbersec\iffalse
                         \PassOptionsToClass{nonumber}{ltugboat}%
       \ifTB@title If we have a paper for which we want to create a detached title, with an editor's
                     note, and then set the paper separately, we use option notitle.
                   1536 \newif\ifTB@title
                   1537 \DeclareOption{title}{\TB@titletrue}
                   1538 \DeclareOption{notitle}{\TB@titlefalse
                         \AtBeginDocument{\stepcounter{page}}}
                         There are these people who seem to think tugproc is an option as well as a
                     class...
                   1540 \DeclareOption{tugproc}{%
                         \ClassWarning{\@tugclass}{Option \CurrentOption\space ignored}%
                   1541
                   1542 }
                         All other options are simply passed to ltugboat...
                   1543 \verb|\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{ltugboat}}|
                         If there's a tugproc defaults file, input it now: it may tell us which year we're
                     to perform for...(Note: this code is millenium-proof. It's not terribly classy for
                     years beyond 2069, but then I'm not going to be around then—this will be an
                     interesting task for a future TFXie...)
                   1544 \InputIfFileExists{\@tugclass.cfg}{\ClassInfo{ltugproc}%
                                   {Loading ltugproc configuration information}}{}
                   1545
                   1546 \@ifundefined{TUGprocExtraOptions}%
                   1547
                          {\let\TUGprocExtraOptions\@empty}%
                          {\edef\TUGprocExtraOptions{,\TUGprocExtraOptions}}
                   1548
      \tugProcYear Now work out what year it is
                   1549 \@tempcnta\year
                   1550 \ifnum\@tempcnta<2000
                   1551
                         \divide\@tempcnta by100
                   1552
                         \multiply\@tempcnta by100
                         \advance\@tempcnta-\year
                   1554 \@tempcnta-\@tempcnta
                   1555 \fi
```

And use that for calculating a year for us to use.

```
1556 \edef\@tempa{\noexpand\providecommand\noexpand\tugProcYear
1557 {\ifnum10>\@tempcnta0\fi\the\@tempcnta}}
1558 \@tempa
1559 \ClassInfo{ltugproc}{Class believes year is
1560 \expandafter\ifnum\tugProcYear<2000 19\fi\tugProcYear
1561 \@gobble}
```

Check that this is a "sensible year" (one for which we have a class option defined). If not, make it a 'suitable' year, in particular, one that allows numbering sections.

```
1562 \expandafter\ifx\csname ds@tug\tugProcYear\endcsname\relax 1563 \def\tugProcYear{2002}\fi
```

Now execute the default 'year' option and get on with processing. Note that this command gets ignored if the configuration file specifies a silly year.

```
1564 \ExecuteOptions{tug\tugProcYear,title\TUGprocExtraOptions}
1565 \ProcessOptions
1566 \if@proc@numbersec
1567 \if@proc@numerable
1568 \else
1569 \ClassWarning{\@tugclass}{This year's proceedings may not have
1570 numbered sections}%
1571 \fi
1572 \fi
```

Call ltugboat, adding whichever section numbering option is appropriate 1573 \LoadClass[\if@proc@numbersec numbersec\else nonumber\fi]{ltugboat}

4.1 Proceedings titles

\maketitle \ifTB@madetitle There's no provision for 'section titles' in proceedings issues, as there are in *TUG-boat* proper. Note the tedious LATEX bug-avoidance in the \@TB@test@document macro.

```
1574 \def\maketitle{%
1575 \begingroup
```

first, a bit of flim-flam to generate an initial value for \rhAuthor (unless the user's already given one with a \shortAuthor comand).

```
\ifshortAuthor\else
1576
          \global\let\rhAuthor\@empty
1577
1578
          \def\g@addto@rhAuthor##1{%
1579
            \begingroup
               \toks@\expandafter{\rhAuthor}%
1580
              \let\thanks\@gobble
1581
              \protected@xdef\rhAuthor{\the\toks@##1}%
1582
            \endgroup
1583
1584
          }%
1585
          \@getauthorlist\g@addto@rhAuthor
```

```
\fi
                                                                    1586
                                                                                           now, the real business of setting the title
                                                                    1587
                                                                                                  \ifTB@title
                                                                                                          \setcounter{footnote}{0}%
                                                                    1588
                                                                    1589
                                                                                                          \renewcommand\thefootnote{\@fnsymbol\c@footnote}%
                                                                    1590
                                                                                                          \if@proctw@column
                                                                                                                 \twocolumn[\@maketitle]%
                                                                    1591
                                                                    1592
                                                                                                          \else
                                                                    1593
                                                                                                                 \onecolumn
                                                                                                                 \global\@topnum\z@
                                                                    1594
                                                                                                                 \@maketitle
                                                                    1595
                                                                                                          \fi
                                                                    1596
                                                                                                          \@thanks
                                                                    1597
                                                                                                          \thispagestyle{TBproctitle}
                                                                    1598
                                                                    1599
                                                                                           \endgroup
                                                                    1600
                                                                    1601
                                                                                           \TB@madetitletrue
                                                                    1602 }
                                                                    1603 \newif\ifTB@madetitle \TB@madetitlefalse
                                                                          \@TB@test@document checks to see, at entry to \maketitle, if we've had
\@TB@test@document
                                                                          \begin{document}. See IATEX bug report latex/2212, submitted by Robin Fair-
                                                                          bairns, for details.
                                                                     1604 \def\@TB@test@document{%
                                                                    1605
                                                                                           \edef\@tempa{\the\everypar}
                                                                                           \def \@tempb{\@nodocument}
                                                                    1606
                                                                                           \ifx \@tempa\@tempb
                                                                    1607
                                                                    1608
                                                                                                  \@nodocument
                                                                                          \fi
                                                                    1609
                                                                    1610 }
                         \AUTHORfont Define the fonts for titles and things
                             \verb|\TITLEfont|_{1611} \verb|\def|_{AUTHORfont {\large|rmfamily|mdseries|upshape}}|
                      \addressfont 1612 \def\TITLEfont {\Large\rmfamily\mdseries\upshape}
                      \netaddrfont 1613 \def\addressfont{\small\rmfamily\mdseries\upshape}
                                                                    1614 \end{1} \label{lem:local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loca
       \aboveauthorskip Some stretchable stuff to permit variability in page layout.
       \belowauthorskip _{1615} \newskip\aboveauthorskip
                                                                                                                                                                                        \aboveauthorskip=18\p@ \@plus4\p@
\begin{tabular}{ll} \below abstracts kip $1616$ \newskip below authors kip $1616$ \newskip below $1616$ \new
                                                                                                                                                                                        \belowauthorskip=\aboveauthorskip
                                                                    1617 \newskip\belowabstractskip \belowabstractskip=14\p@ \@plus3\p@ \@minus2\p@
                         \@maketitle The body of \maketitle
                                                                    1618 \def\@maketitle{%
                                                                                               {\parskip\z@
                                                                    1619
                                                                    1620
                                                                                                  \frenchspacing
                                                                    1621
                                                                                                   \TITLEfont\raggedright\noindent\@title\par
                                                                    1622
                                                                                                          \count@=0
```

```
1623
          \loop
          \ifnum\count@<\authornumber
1624
            \vskip\aboveauthorskip
1625
            \advance\count@\@ne
1626
            {\AUTHORfont\theauthor{\number\count@}\endgraf}%
1627
1628
            \addressfont\theaddress{\number\count@}\endgraf
1629
1630
               \allowhyphens
              \hangindent1.5pc
1631
              \netaddrfont\thenetaddress{\number\count@}\endgraf
1632
              \hangindent1.5pc
1633
1634
              \thePersonalURL{\number\count@}\endgraf
            }%
1635
1636
          \repeat
       \vskip\belowauthorskip}%
1637
       \if@abstract
1638
          \centerline{\bfseries Abstract}%
1639
          \vskip.5\baselineskip\rmfamily
1640
1641
          \list{}{\listparindent20\p@
1642
             \itemindent\z@ \leftmargin4.875pc
             \rightmargin\leftmargin \parsep \z0}\item[]\ignorespaces
1643
1644
                 \the\abstract@toks
          \endlist\global\@ignoretrue
1645
       \fi
1646
1647
       \vskip\belowabstractskip
1648
       \global\@afterindentfalse\aftergroup\@afterheading
1649
```

Comment This is all very weird...why we (of all people) don't allow \thanks currently escapes me.

This restriction simply removed 1998/01/09

```
1651 %
       is not supported}\@esphack}
```

\abstract@toks

abstract Save the contents of the abstract environment in the token register \abstract@toks. \if@abstract We need to do this, as otherwise it may get 'typeset' (previously, it got put in a box) before \begin{document}, and experiments prove that this means our shiny new \SMC doesn't work in this situation.

> If you need to understand the ins and outs of this code, look at the place I lifted it from: tabularx.dtx (in the tools bundle). The whole thing pivots on having stored the name of the 'abstract' environment in \@abstract@

```
1652 \newtoks\abstract@toks \abstract@toks{}
1653 \let\if@abstract\iffalse
1654 \def\abstract{%
```

we now warn unsuspecting users who provide an abstract environment after the \maketitle that would typeset it...

```
\ifTB@madetitle
1655
```

```
\TBWarning{abstract environment after \string\maketitle}
1656
      \fi
1657
      \def\@abstract@{abstract}%
1658
      \ifx\@currenvir\@abstract@
1659
1660
      \else
1661
        \TBError{\string\abstract\space is illegal:%
1662
          \MessageBreak
          use \string\begin{\@abstract@} instead}%
1663
1664
          {\@abstract@\space may only be used as an environment}
1665
      \global\let\if@abstract\iftrue
1666
1667
      {\ifnum0='}\fi
      \@abstract@getbody}
1668
1669 \let\endabstract\relax
```

\@abstract@getbody gets chunks of the body (up to the next occurrence of \end) and appends them to \abstract@toks. It then uses \@abstract@findend to detect whether this \end is followed by {abstract}

```
1670 \long\def\@abstract@getbody#1\end{%
1671 \global\abstract@toks\expandafter{\the\abstract@toks#1}%
1672 \@abstract@findend}
```

Here we've got to \end in the body of the abstract. \@abstract@findend takes the 'argument' of the \end do its argument.

```
1673 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1674$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$def\@$tempa${$\#1}$}} \label{eq:first-optimization}
```

If we've found an 'end' to match the 'begin' that we started with, we're done with gathering the abstract up; otherwise we stuff the end itself into the token register and carry on.

```
1675 \ifx\@tempa\@abstract@
1676 \expandafter\@abstract@end
1677 \else
```

It's not \end{abstract} — check that it's not \end{document} either (which signifies that the author's forgotten about ending the abstract)

```
\def\@tempb{document}%
1678
        \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
1679
          \TBError{\string\begin{\@abstract@}
1680
              ended by \string\end{\@tempb}}%
1681
            {You've forgotten \string\end{\@abstract@}}
1682
1683
        \else
           \global\abstract@toks\expandafter{\the\abstract@toks\end{#1}}%
1684
           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@abstract@getbody
1685
        \fi
1686
1687
      \fi}
```

In our case, the action at the 'proper' \end is a lot simpler than what appears in tabularx.dtx... don't be surprised!

```
1688 \def\@abstract@end{\ifnum0='{\fi}%
1689 \expandafter\end\expandafter{\@abstract@}}
```

```
\makesignature is improper in proceedings, so we replace it with a warning (and
    \makesignature
                                        a no-op otherwise)
                                    1690 \renewcommand{\makesignature}{\TBWarning
                                                                  {\string\makesignature\space is invalid in proceedings issues}}
                      \title We redefine the \title command, so as to set the \rhTitle command at the same
               \TB@title time. While we're at it, we redefine it to have optional arguments for use as 'short'
                                        versions, thus obviating the need for users to use the \shortTitle command.
                                     1692 \def\rhTitle{}% avoid error if no author or title
                                    1693 \renewcommand\title{\@dblarg\TB@title}
                                    1694 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$def\TB@title[\#1]$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$2$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$1694$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$169
                                    1695
                                                 \bgroup
                                                       \let\thanks\@gobble
                                    1696
                                                      \let\\\ %
                                    1697
                                    1698
                                                       \protected@xdef\rhTitle{#1}%
                                    1699
                                    1700 }
          \shortTitle The \rh* commands are versions to be used in the running head of the article.
   \ifshortAuthor Normally, they are the same things as the author and title of the article, but in the
                                        case that there are confusions therein, the text should provide substitutes, using
         \shortAuthor
                                        the \short* commands.
                                    1701 \def\shortTitle #1{\def\rhTitle{#1}}
                                    1702 \neq 1702
                                    1703 \def\shortAuthor #1{\def\rhAuthor{#1}\shortAuthortrue}
  \ps@TBproctitle Now we define the running heads in terms of the \rh* commands.
             \verb|\ps@TBproc|_{1704} \ef\ps@TBproctitle{\let\@oddhead\MakeRegistrationMarks|}|
  \dopagecommands 1705
                                                 \let\@evenhead\MakeRegistrationMarks
\setpagecommands 1706
                                                 \TB@definefeet
   \TB@definefeet 1707 }
             \protect{1708 \def\ps@TBproc{%}}
                                                  \def\@oddhead{\MakeRegistrationMarks
             \verb|\rfoottext|^{1709}
                                                      {%
                                    1710
                                    1711
                                                           \hfil
                                    1712
                                                           \def\\{\unskip\ \ignorespaces}%
                                                           \rmfamily\rhTitle
                                    1713
                                                      }%
                                    1714
                                    1715
                                                 }%
                                                  \def\@evenhead{\MakeRegistrationMarks
                                    1716
                                    1717
                                                           \def\\{\unskip\ \ignorespaces}%
                                    1718
                                                           \rmfamily\rhAuthor
                                    1719
                                                           \hfil
                                    1720
                                    1721
                                                      }%
                                                 }%
                                    1722
                                                  \TB@definefeet
                                    1723
                                    1724 }
```

1725

```
1726 \advance\footskip8\p@
                              % for deeper running feet
1727
1728 \def\dopagecommands\\csname @@pagecommands\\number\c@page\endcsname}
1729 \def\setpagecommands#1#2{\expandafter\def\csname @@pagecommands#1\endcsname
      {#2}}
1730
1731 \def\TB@definefeet{%
1732
      \def\@oddfoot{\ifpreprint\pfoottext\hfil\Now\hfil\thepage
1733
        \else\rfoottext\hfil\thepage\fi\dopagecommands}%
      \def\@evenfoot{\ifpreprint\thepage\hfil\Now\hfil\pfoottext
1734
        \else\thepage\hfil\rfoottext\fi\dopagecommands}%
1735
1736 }
1737
1738 \def\pfoottext{{\smc Preprint}: Proceedings of the \volyr{} Annual Meeting}
1739 \def\rfoottext{\normalfont\TUB, \volx\Dash
       {Proceedings of the \volyr{} Annual Meeting}}
1740
1741
1742 \pagestyle{TBproc}
```

4.2 Section divisions

Neither sections nor subsections are numbered by default in the proceedings style: note that this puts a degree of stress on authors' natural tendency to reference sections, which is a matter that needs attention. The class option NUMBERSEC once again numbers the sections (and noticeably changes the layout).

```
1743 \if@proc@numbersec
1744 \else
1745 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{0}
1746 \fi
```

Otherwise, the \section command is pretty straightforward. However, the \subsection and \subsubsection are run-in, and we have to remember to have negative stretch (and shrink if we should in future choose to have one) on the $\langle afterskip \rangle$ parameter of \@startsection, since the whole skip is going to end up getting negated. We use \TB@startsection to detect inappropriate forms.

```
1747 \if@proc@numbersec
1748 \else
      \if@proc@sober
1749
        \def\section
1750
               {\TB@nolimelabel
1751
                \TB@startsection{{section}%
1752
1753
                                  1%
1754
                                  \z@%
                                  {-8\neq0\neq0}
1755
1756
                                  {6\p@}%
                                  {\normalsize\bfseries\raggedright}}}
1757
      \else
1758
        \def\section
1759
1760
               {\TB@nolimelabel
1761
                \TB@startsection{{section}%
```

```
1762
                                   1%
                                   \z@%
1763
                                    \{-8\p@\@plus-2\p@\@minus-2\p@}\% 
1764
                                   {6\p@}%
1765
                                   {\large\bfseries\raggedright}}}
1766
1767
      \fi
1768
      \def\subsection
                {\TB@nolimelabel
1769
                 \TB@startsection{{subsection}%
1770
                                   2%
1771
                                   \z@%
1772
                                   {6\neq0\neq0} 2\p0\@minus2\p0}%
1773
1774
                                   {-5\p@\pu} -\fontdimen3\the\font}%
                                   {\normalsize\bfseries}}}
1775
      \def\subsubsection
1776
                {\TB@nolimelabel}
1777
                 \TB@startsection{{subsubsection}%
1778
                                   3%
1779
1780
                                   \parindent%
1781
                                   {-5\p0\p0}-fontdimen3\the\font}%
1782
                                   {\normalsize\bfseries}}}
1783
1784 \fi
1785 (/ltugproccls)
```

5 Plain TeX styles

```
1786 (*tugboatsty)
1787 % err...
1788 (/tugboatsty)
1789 (*tugprocsty)
1790 % err...
1791 (/tugprocsty)
```

6 The LaTeX 2_{ε} compatibility-mode style files

```
1792 (*Itugboatsty)
1793 \@obsoletefile{ltugboat.cls}{ltugboat.sty}
1794 \LoadClass{ltugboat}
1795 (/Itugboatsty)
1796 (*Itugprocsty)
1797 \@obsoletefile{ltugproc.cls}{ltugproc.sty}
1798 \LoadClass{ltugproc}
1799 (/Itugprocsty)
```