

assignment 8 (own)

March 8, 2022

1 Experimenting with confidence interval on 2 numerical columns by changing confidence interval and amount of data

```
[1]: import pandas as pd

[2]: import seaborn as sns

[3]: df = pd.read_csv('steam.csv', sep=',')

[4]: df.pop('appid')
     # Convert english too boolean
     df['english'] = df['english'].astype('bool')
     # set release date to datetime
     df['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['release_date'])
     # create 3 separate platform fields instead of 1
     df['windows'], df['mac'], df['linux'] = df['platforms'].apply(lambda x:
     ↪ 'windows' in x), df['platforms'].apply(lambda x: 'mac' in x), df['platforms'].
     ↪ apply(lambda x: 'linux' in x)
     # Split owners categorical value in two numerical values
     df['owners_low'] = df['owners'].apply(lambda x: x.split('-')[0]).astype('int')
     df['owners_high'] = df['owners'].apply(lambda x: x.split('-')[1]).astype('int')
     # Create int out of data column
     df['release_year'] = df['release_date'].dt.year
     genres = df['genres'].apply(lambda x: x.split(';')[0])

[5]: medianPlaytimeFilter = df['median_playtime'] > 0.5
     ownersFilter = df['owners_low'] > 20000 #lowest range above 0
     reviewFilter = df['positive_ratings'] > 5
     noFreeGameFilter = df['price'] > 0.1

[6]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 27075 entries, 0 to 27074
Data columns (total 21 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
```

```

0  name                27075 non-null  object
1  release_date        27075 non-null  datetime64[ns]
2  english             27075 non-null  bool
3  developer           27075 non-null  object
4  publisher           27075 non-null  object
5  required_age        27075 non-null  int64
6  categories          27075 non-null  object
7  genres              27075 non-null  object
8  steamspy_tags       27075 non-null  object
9  achievements        27075 non-null  int64
10 positive_ratings    27075 non-null  int64
11 negative_ratings    27075 non-null  int64
12 average_playtime    27075 non-null  int64
13 median_playtime     27075 non-null  int64
14 price               27075 non-null  float64
15 windows             27075 non-null  bool
16 mac                 27075 non-null  bool
17 linux               27075 non-null  bool
18 owners_low          27075 non-null  int32
19 owners_high         27075 non-null  int32
20 release_year        27075 non-null  int64
dtypes: bool(4), datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int32(2), int64(7), object(6)
memory usage: 3.4+ MB

```

2 Price

```

[7]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.90
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price'].
↳mean(), scale=st.sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price']))

```

```

[7]: (7.294043583940756, 7.650176837453336)

```

2.1 Half of the rows and 90% confidence interval

```

[8]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.90
sample = df[medianPlaytimeFilter].sample(frac = 0.5)
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=sample['price'].mean(), scale=st.
↳sem(sample['price']))

```

```

[8]: (7.103136242539671, 7.609097144819007)

```

2.2 95% confidence interval

```
[9]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.95
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price'].
↳mean(), scale=st.sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price']))
```

```
[9]: (7.259928512324668, 7.684291909069424)
```

2.3 99% confidence interval

```
[10]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.99
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price'].
↳mean(), scale=st.sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price']))
```

```
[10]: (7.193248997268224, 7.7509714241258685)
```

2.4 99.99% confidence interval

```
[11]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.9999
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price'].
↳mean(), scale=st.sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['price']))
```

```
[11]: (7.050878743061757, 7.893341678332336)
```

3 Release year

3.1 95% confidence interval

```
[12]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.95
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1,
↳loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year'].mean(), scale=st.
↳sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year']))
```

```
[12]: (2014.9515874846857, 2015.083420619042)
```

3.2 Half of the rows and 90% confidence interval

```
[13]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.90
sample = df[medianPlaytimeFilter].sample(frac = 0.5)
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1, loc=sample['release_year'].mean(),
↳scale=st.sem(sample['release_year']))
```

```
[13]: (2014.9186830728577, 2015.0761305414048)
```

3.3 99% confidence interval

```
[14]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.99
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1,
    ↳loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year'].mean(), scale=st.
    ↳sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year']))
```

```
[14]: (2014.9308727634475, 2015.1041353402802)
```

3.4 99.99% confidence interval

```
[15]: import scipy.stats as st
confidence = 0.9999
st.t.interval(confidence, len(df)-1,
    ↳loc=df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year'].mean(), scale=st.
    ↳sem(df[medianPlaytimeFilter]['release_year']))
```

```
[15]: (2014.886643885568, 2015.1483642181597)
```