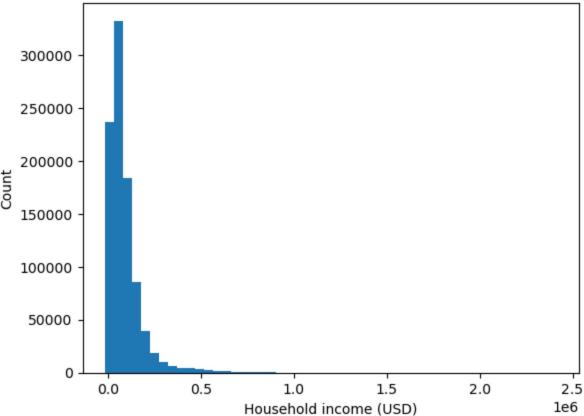
#### Exercise 2 — Plot the income distribution

```
In [49]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

plt.hist(incomes, bins=50) # 50 bins for a clearer shape
plt.xlabel("Household income (USD)")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.title("US Household Incomes - Full Range")
plt.show()
```





## The distribution is right-skewed

## Exercise 3 — Histogram for non-millionaires (< \$500k)

Re-plot incomes but only for households earning **less than \$500,000**. Then interpret: is the distribution now closer to uniform, or **still right-**

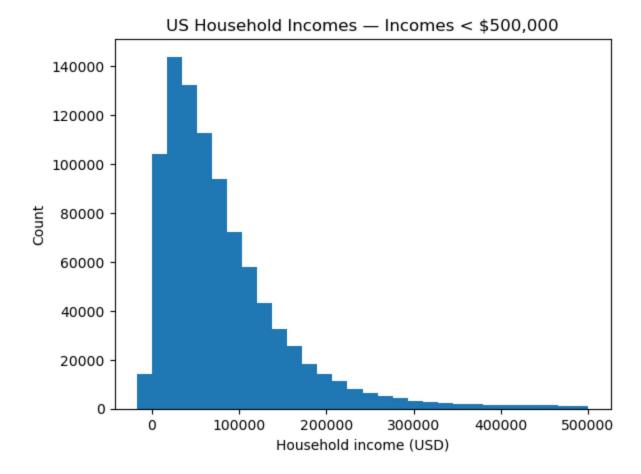
#### skewed?

Is the skewness driven only by extreme top earners, or evident across lower incomes too?

```
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

incomes_under_500k = incomes[incomes < 500_000].copy()

plt.hist(incomes_under_500k, bins=30)
plt.xlabel("Household income (USD)")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.title("US Household Incomes - Incomes < $500,000")
plt.show()</pre>
```



Distribution is closer to normal as compared to the previous, but still right-skewed ie not driven by the high earners.

#### Exercise 4 — Share below poverty line and Gini

```
In [51]: # Calculating the gini index for all the hosueholds below the poverty line
import numpy as np
from ineqpy.inequality import gini

results = {}
    ex4_gini = gini(incomes)
    poverty_line = 20000
    ex4_share_below_poverty = incomes[incomes < poverty_line]

# Save results and print
    results["ex4_share_below_poverty"] = ex4_share_below_poverty.size / incomes.size
    print(f"The gini index for the US (income) is: {ex4_gini:.3f}")
    results["ex4_gini"] = ex4_gini</pre>
```

The gini index for the US (income) is: 0.481

### Exercise 5 - Compare Gini to other Countries

The US Gini at 0.48 is not at either of the global extremes. However it should be noted that when compared to Western Countries of similar development(Germany, Nordic countries, Canada etc) it is conisderably higher.

# Excercise 6 - Policies A & B and their effect on Gini

Policy A - Giving households with less than 40'000 dollars a check for 5'000 Policy B - Giving households with less than 30'000 dollars a check for 7'000

```
In [52]: # Original Incomes
         base = incomes.copy()
         # Calculate effect of Policy A
         policy_a = base.copy()
         sub_a = policy_a < 40000</pre>
         policy_a[sub_a] += 5000
         ex5_gini_policy_a = gini(policy_a)
         # Calculate effect of Policy B
         policy_b = base.copy()
         sub_b = policy_b < 30000</pre>
         policy_b[sub_b] += 7000
         ex6_gini_policy_b = gini(policy_b)
         # Compare
         ex6_gini_which_reduced_more = (
              "Policy A" if ex6_gini_policy_a < ex6_gini_policy_b else "Policy B"
         # Store results
         results["ex5_gini_policy_a"] = ex6_gini_policy_a
         results["ex6_gini_policy_b"] = ex6_gini_policy_b
         results["ex6_gini_which_reduced_more"] = ex6_gini_which_reduced_more
         # Print results
         print(f"Policy A Gini: {ex6_gini_policy_a:.4f}")
         print(f"Policy B Gini: {ex6_gini_policy_b:.4f}")
         print("Which reduced more:", ex6_gini_which_reduced_more)
        Policy A Gini: 0.4602
```

Policy A Gini: 0.4502
Policy B Gini: 0.4583
Which reduced more: Policy B

Results show Policy B produces a lower Gini and is more effective than Policy A

## Exercise 7 - Comparison with Policy C

Policy C - applying a tax of 5% to households making abvoe 250'000 Dollars

```
In []: # Original Incomes
base = incomes.copy()

# Calculate effect of Policy C
policy_c = base.copy()
sub_c = policy_c > 250000
policy_c[sub_c] = policy_c[sub_c] * 0.95 # (100% - 5% tax deduction)
ex7_gini_policy_c = gini(policy_c)

# Store results
results["ex7_gini_policy_c"] = ex7_gini_policy_c

# Print
print(f"Policy C Gini: {ex7_gini_policy_c:.4f}")
print(f"Policy B Gini: {ex6_gini_policy_b:.4f}")
Policy C Gini: 0.4756
Policy B Gini: 0.4583
```

Policy B remains the one with the Lower Gini and is thus the most effective.

## Excercise 8 and 9 - Policy D

Policy D - Apply a tax of 5% to households with more than 250K and apply that to households earning less than 30K

```
In [54]: # Original Income
         base = incomes.copy()
         # Calculate the revenue raised by the 5% tax
         policy_d = base.copy()
         sub_d = policy_d > 250000
         amount = np.sum(0.05 * policy_d[sub_d])
         ex8_revenue_raised = amount
         # Store results
         results["ex8_revenue_raised"] = ex8_revenue_raised
         # Print results
         print(f"Revenue Raised: ${ex8_revenue_raised:,.2f}")
         # Distribute the amount
         policy_b = base.copy()
         sub_b = policy_b < 30000</pre>
         number = int(np.count_nonzero(policy_b[sub_b]))
         ex9_transfers = amount / number
```

```
# Store results
results["ex9_transfers"] = ex9_transfers

# Print
print(f"Eligible households to receive an additional sum: {number:,.2f}")
print(f"Amount to be transferred to each household: ${ex9_transfers:,.2f}")
```

Revenue Raised: \$929,623,340.85 Eligible households to receive an additional sum: 208,087.00 Amount to be transferred to each household: \$4,467.47

## Exercise 10 - Application of Policy D and effect on Gini

```
In [55]: # Original Income
base = incomes.copy()

# Apply Policy D
policy_d = base.copy()
sub_d = policy_d > 250_000
policy_d[sub_d] = policy_d[sub_d] * 0.95 # 5% tax on > $250,000

# Transfer to < $30,000 (from Exercise 9)
transfer = results["ex9_transfers"]
sub_b = policy_d < 30_000
policy_d[sub_b] = policy_d[sub_b] + transfer

# Gini after Policy D
ex10_gini_policy_d = float(gini(policy_d))
results["ex10_gini_policy_d"] = ex10_gini_policy_d
print(f"Policy D Gini: {ex10_gini_policy_d:.4f}")</pre>
```

Policy D Gini: 0.4608

## Exercise 11 - Policy E

Policy E - Apply 5% tax on households with above 250K and distribute evenly across all households with less than 40K

```
In [56]: # Original Income
base = incomes.copy()

# Apply Policy E
policy_e = base.copy()
sub_e = policy_e > 250_000
policy_e[sub_e] = policy_e[sub_e] * 0.95 # 5% tax on > $250,000

# Transfer to < $40,000
transfer = results["ex9_transfers"]</pre>
```

```
sub_b = policy_e < 40_000
policy_e[sub_b] = policy_e[sub_b] + transfer

# Gini after transfer
ex11_gini_policy_e = gini(policy_e)
results["ex11_gini_policy_e"] = ex11_gini_policy_e

# Print
print(f"Policy E Gini: {ex11_gini_policy_e:.4f}")</pre>
```

Policy E Gini: 0.4568

Recommended policy: Policy E

7 of 7