

# Pollack's Rule

Justification for Heterogeneous Computing

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- The performance of a processing core is proportional to the square root of its area

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If a single core is replaced by 4 cores, each  $\frac{1}{4}$  as large, what is the expected peak performance of the entire system? (i.e. the performance assuming all 4 could be kept perfectly busy)

- A. Half as much as before
- B. The same as before
- C. Twice as much as before
- D. Four times as much as before
- E. None of the above

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How does the running time change when a single core is replaced with 4 cores if only half the program can be parallelized?

- Parallel part:

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ the work} / 2 \text{ the performance} = \frac{1}{4}$$

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- Parallel part:

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ the work} / 2 \text{ the performance} = \frac{1}{4}$$

- Serial part:

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ the work} / \frac{1}{2} \text{ the performance} = 1$$

Total time: 1.25 times as long

# Recall: Amdahl's Law

$$T_p = \underbrace{\frac{T_1(1-B)}{p}}_{\text{Time for parallel part}} + \underbrace{T_1 B}_{\text{Time for serial part}}$$

$T_p$  = processing time on  $p$  processors

$T_1$  = processing time on 1 processor

$B$  = fraction of program that can run in parallel

By what factor does the running time of a program that can be 75% parallelized change on 4 equal-sized cores?

- A. 0.6
- B. 0.875
- C. 1
- D. 1.35
- E. None of the above



By what factor does the running time of a program that can be 75% parallelized change on 4 equal-sized cores?

- A. 0.6
- B. 0.875  $(0.75/2 + 0.25/0.5)$
- C. 1
- D. 1.35
- E. None of the above

By what factor does the running time of a program that can be 90% parallelized change on 4 equal-sized cores?

- A. 0.45
- B. 0.65
- C. 0.765
- D. 1
- E. None of the above

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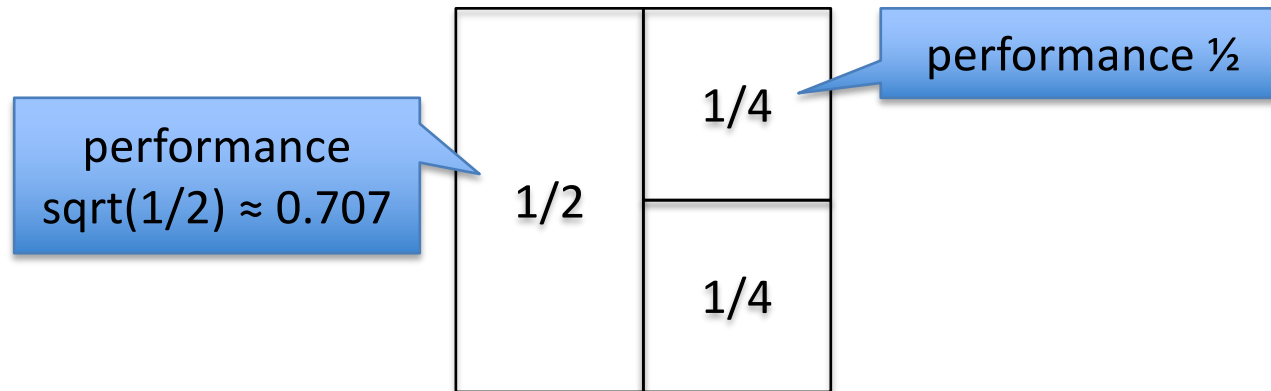
- A. 0.45
- B. 0.65  $(0.9/2 + 0.1/0.5)$
- C. 0.765
- D. 1
- E. None of the above

# Factor by which running time changes for different programs

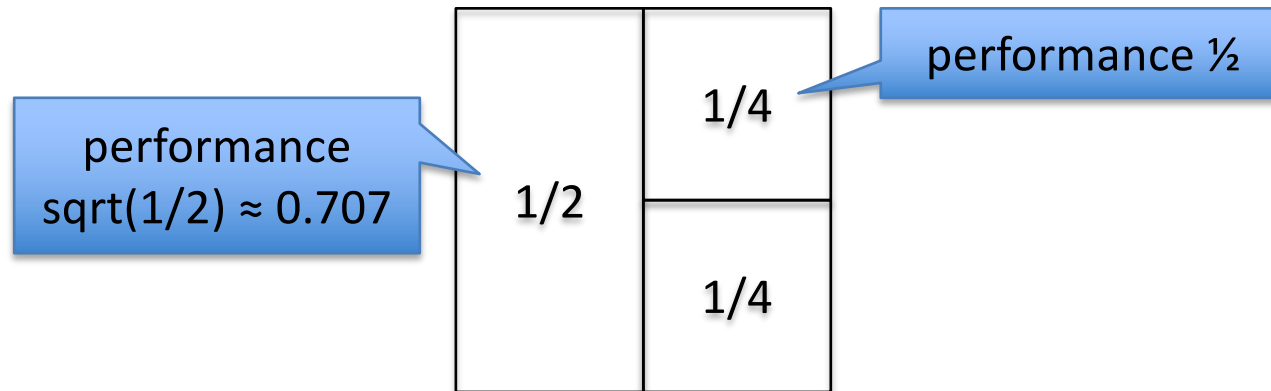
% of program that is parallelizable	75%	90%	95%
1 core	1	1	1
4 cores	0.875	0.65	0.575
9 cores	1	0.6	0.467
16 cores	1.1875	0.625	0.438
25 cores	1.4	0.68	0.44
36 cores	1.625	0.75	0.458

As the number of cores increases, highly parallelizable programs have improved performance, but less parallelizable programs suffer

# What about unequal core sizes?



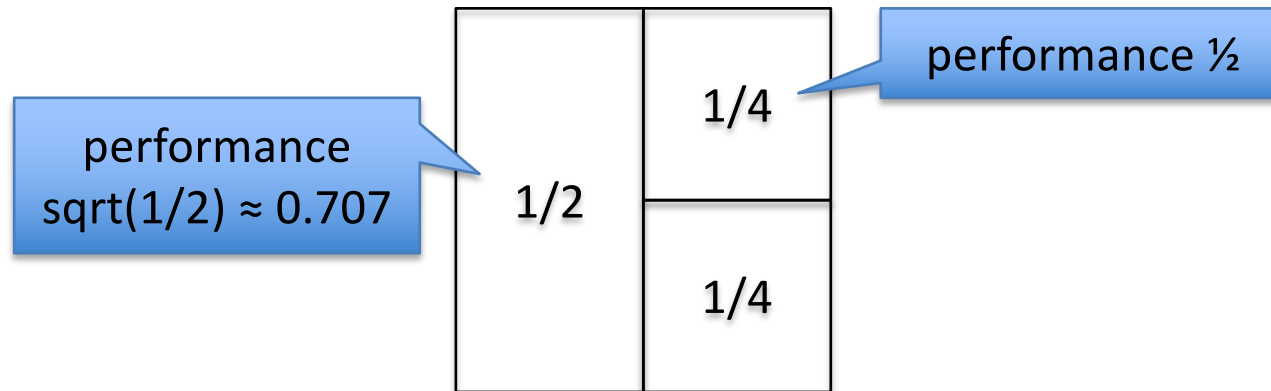
# What about unequal core sizes?



By what factor does the peak performance of this system differ from a single core?

- A.  $\approx 0.707$
- B.  $\approx 1.207$
- C.  $\approx 1.707$
- D.  $\approx 2.121$
- E. None of the above

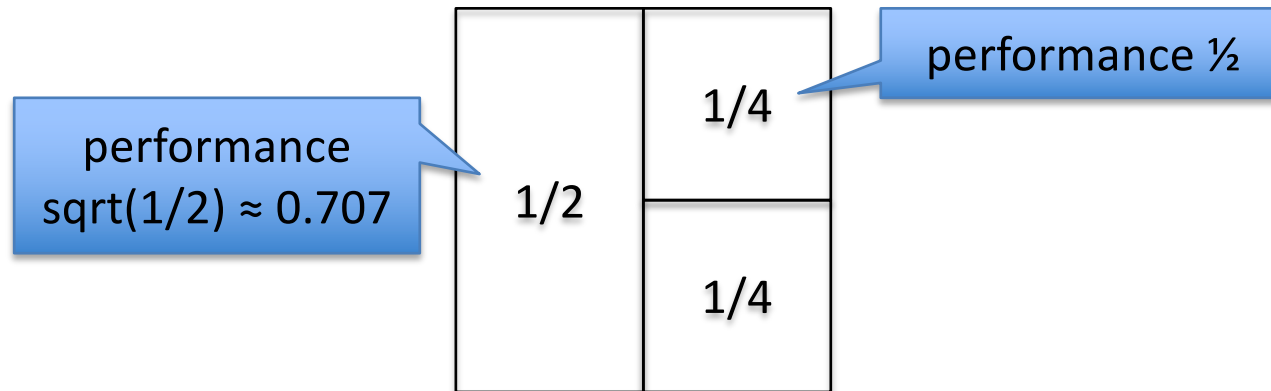
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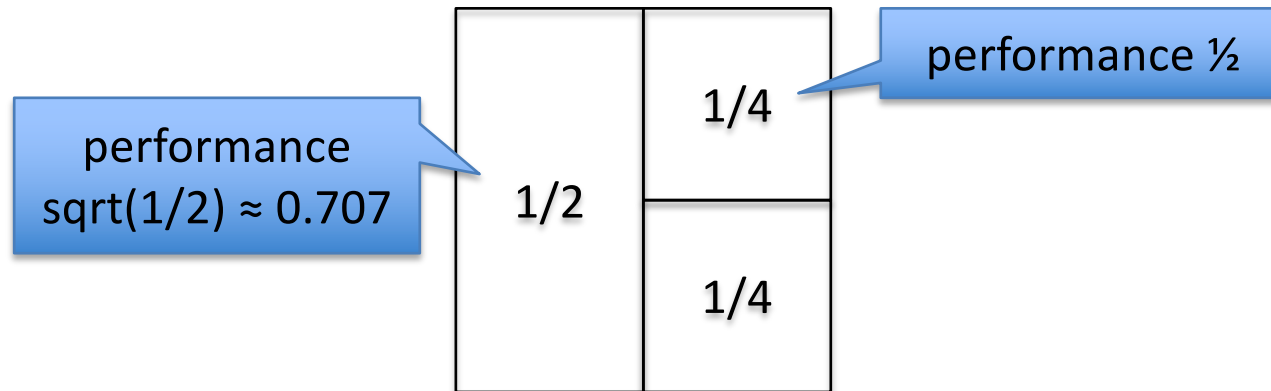


By what factor does the running time of a program that can be 75% parallelized change?

- A.  $\approx 0.793$
- B.  $\approx 0.854$
- C.  $\approx 0.939$
- D.  $\approx 1$
- E. None of the above



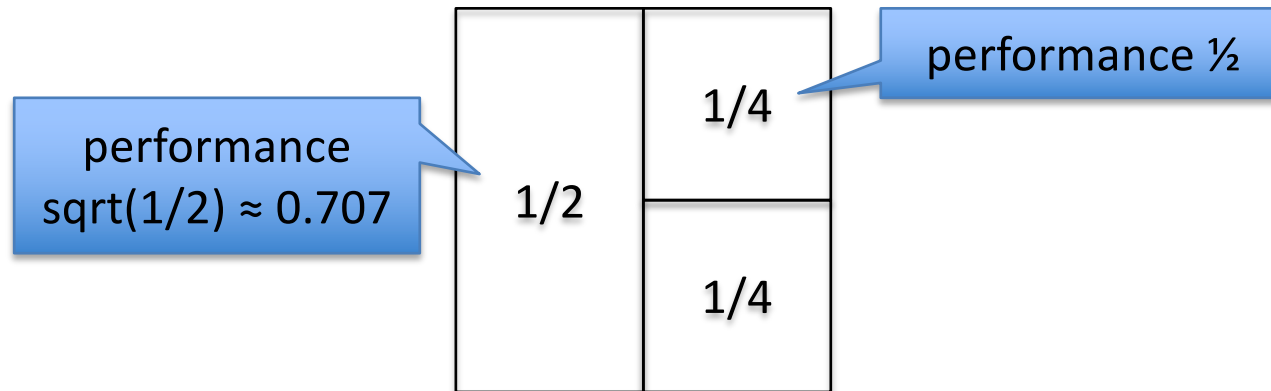
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By what factor does the running time of a program that can be 75% parallelized change?

- A.  $\approx 0.793$      $(0.75/1.707 + 0.25/0.707)$
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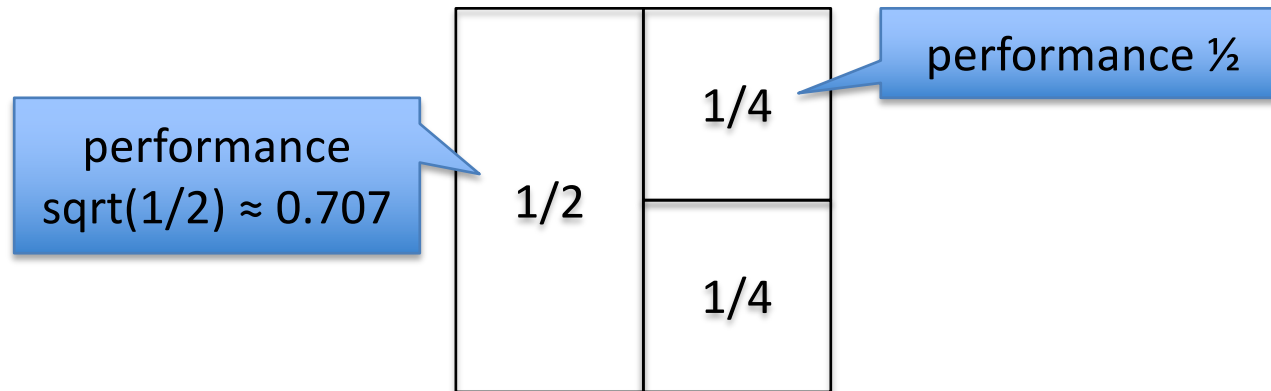
# What about unequal core sizes?



By what factor does the running time of a program that cannot be parallelized change?

- A.  $\approx 0.707$
- B.  $\approx 1$
- C.  $\approx 1.207$
- D.  $\approx 1.414$
- E. None of the above

# What about unequal core sizes?



By what factor does the running time of a program that cannot be parallelized change?

- A.  $\approx 0.707$
- B.  $\approx 1$
- C.  $\approx 1.207$
- D.  $\approx 1.414$       $(1/0.707)$
- E. None of the above

# Factor by which running time changes for different programs

% of program that is parallelizable	50%	75%	90%
4 equal cores	1.25	0.88	0.65
Half-sized + 2 quarter-sized cores	1.00	0.79	0.66

Having different sized cores improves performance on less parallelizable programs at small cost on more highly parallelizable ones

# Heterogeneity on a cell phone

9:56 84%

## Benchmarks

CPU COMPUTE BATTERY

### YOUR DEVICE

Model	OnePlus 5T
OS	Android 9
CPU	Qualcomm MSM8998 Snapdragon 835
Cluster 1	4 Cores @ 1.90 GHz
Cluster 2	4 Cores @ 2.46 GHz

### CPU BENCHMARK

CPU Benchmark measures the performance of CPUs at performing everyday tasks using tests designed to simulate real-world applications. This benchmark takes from 2 to 20 minutes to complete.

[RUN CPU BENCHMARK](#)

8 cores, 2 levels of performance