



Containerization

Milestone 3



Deployment



Documentation



We chose Podman for containerization due to its security benefits and compatibility with Red Hat environments.

Application runs a Pod with a container for the producer-side and one for the consumer-side

Podman's rootless containers provide an extra layer of security, which is ideal for production use.

Podman

Pod Configuration

The *pod.yml* file defines the pod structure, networking, and resource allocations, enabling smooth interaction between containers:

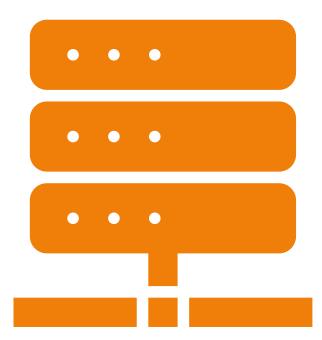
Producer Container (bus-project-producer)

• Handles Kafka event streaming, sending bus data to the topic.

Web Container (bus-project-web)

• Hosts the web interface for user interaction and data visualization.

Together, these containers operate within a Podman pod, ensuring efficient data flow and container management.





Deployment

Script Overview

The run_pod.sh script builds the required containers and deploys them using podman play kube based on the pod.yml configuration.

- This script ensures each container is started in the correct order with the right settings.
- If any part fails to build or deploy, the script immediately notifies us of the error.



The **stop_pod.sh** script stops and removes all running containers and pods, then performs a system prune to free up unused resources.



This cleanup process helps maintain an organized and efficient environment by removing any residual containers or resources.

Stopping and Cleaning up

Testing and Verification

Requirement	Description	Pass	Fail	Severity
Test Requirement	This is a Test Requirement to serve as an example	>	×	Low
Real-time data ingestion through Kafka	Verify that the Kafka producer sends data in real time	\		High
Container initialization	Check if all containers start without errors	~		High
Inter-container communication	Confirm Kafka-to-SQL data flow in pod environment	>		High
Pod shutdown and cleanup	Ensure stop_pod.sh script removes all containers/pods	~		Medium
Monitoring setup (optional feature)	Verify monitoring tool displays container status	~		Low
Scalability test with 2,000 bus data points	Check system performance under high data volume	/		High
Consistent container deployment	Test pod deployment on different environments	~		Medium

Demo

Updated Data Simulation

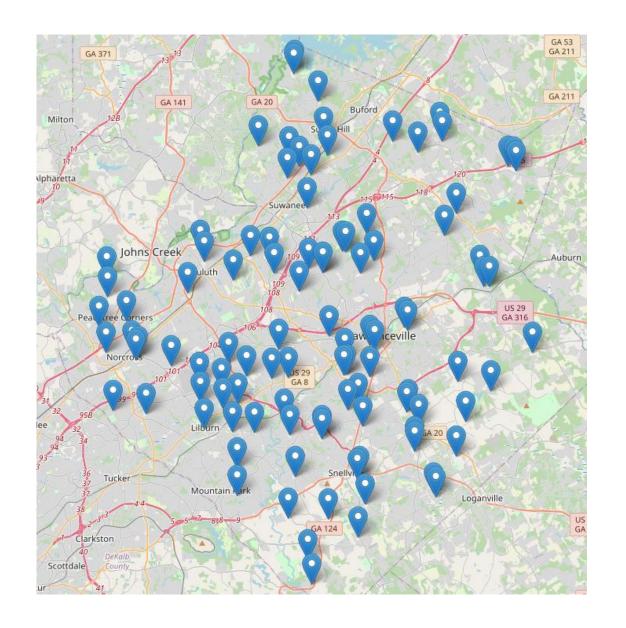
 All school coordinates saved and assigned to nearest node on graph

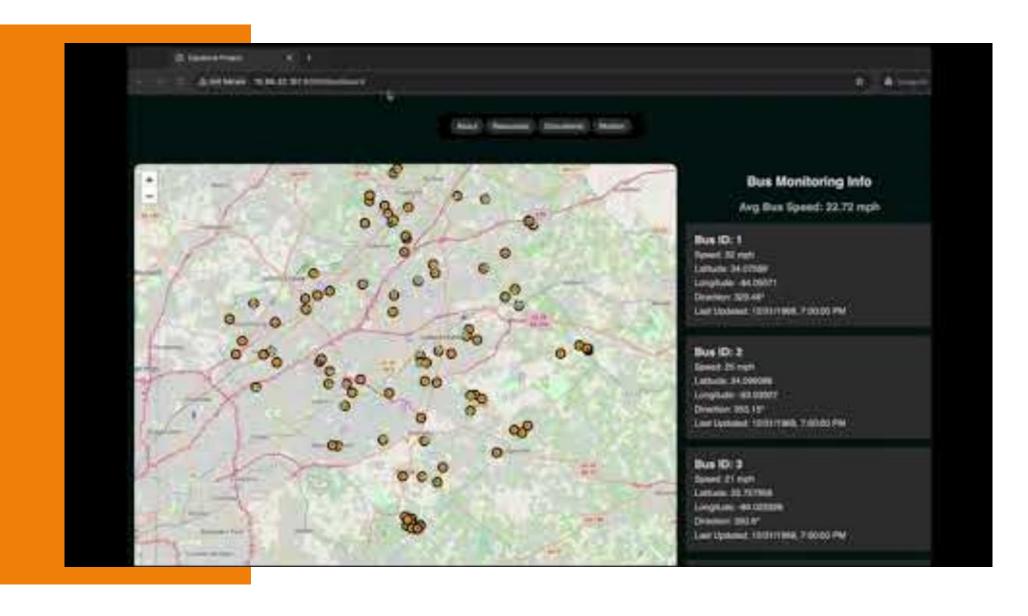
Routing:

- Each bus assigned random school to start their route
- A random walk occurs to create a route of ~3 miles

Timing:

 Simulation starts timer at 6:15 AM with launch of each bus







Documentation

Documentation

README.md Overview

 The README provides setup instructions, detailing installation, configuration, and initial deployment.

Configuration and Usage

 Instructions for modifying environment variables, scaling the system, and handling API requests are included to support GCPS's needs.

Optional Monitoring

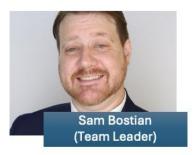
 Optional monitoring configuration is provided in the documentation, allowing GCPS to track container performance and ensure system stability.

More Documentation!

 SDLC Documents included in the final deliverable, including Development Document, Software Test Plan/Report, Set-Up Documentation, and more!

12-T3: GCPS REAL-TIME BUS MONITORING SYSTEM

SOFTWARE TEST PLAN & REPORT CS 4850 - SECTION 01 - FALL 2024 NOVEMBER 10, 2024















Consistent Deployment

Podman containers and pod configurations ensure a stable deployment process across environments.

Key Achievements



Efficient Management

Automated setup and teardown scripts simplify container management.



Comprehensive Documentation

Detailed documentation supports future maintenance and scalability.

