1: Leadership in agile project management focuses on \_\_\_\_\_.Leadership in traditional project management focuses on \_\_\_\_\_.

Collaboration; control

2: What is the most important attribute in leaders?

Honesty is probably the highest ranking attribute that team members expect from their leaders.

3: Which of the following is a characteristic of an Agile leader?

A. Task focused

B. Process oriented

**C. Supportive**

D. Disengaged

4: Tracking project issues in an Agile project is the primary responsibility of the…

A. Tester

**B. Project Leader**

C. Functional Manager

D. Developer

5: Which of the following best represents the Agile approach to planning?

A. Planning is not part of an Agile approach, because Agile is exploratory

B. Planning should be done in detail at the outset of a project and not revisited

**C. Planning should involve the whole team, not just the Project Manager**

D. Planning should all be done by the Project Manager

6: If a timebox (iteration) plan needs to be reprioritised in a hurry, who should re-prioritise?

A. The developers alone (they know what the customer wants)

B. The Product Owner (the developers would only choose the easy things as top priority)

C. The Project Leader (they can give an independent, pragmatic view)

**D. The whole team including Product Owner and developers (together they can consider both business value and practicality)**

7: What should the developers do if the customer representative is repeatedly too busy to be available?

A. Continue the work, record the assumptions and ask the customer later for input.

B. Send the customer a written warning that the end product will be completed on time, but may not meet their needs

C. Allow the Business Analyst to take on the role of Proxy Customer Representative

**D. Draw the problem to the attention of the Scrum Master (Team Leader)**

8: When handling team dynamics, the Agile Leader should …

**A. Empower the team members, within appropriate limits**

B. Encourage an environment of competition and personal advantage

C. Give clear directives to the team about what they should do and how

D. Expect team members to be proactive and each work to their own priorities and objectives

9: The Agile Leader …

A. Should allocate tasks to the team members each day at the stand-up meeting

**B. Should involve the team in their own work-allocation**

C. Should give detailed work-plans to the team each day

D. Should direct the work of the team, if they are inexperienced

10: What is the personal risk that an Agile Leader takes in empowering the team?

A. The Agile Leader might lose their job, as the team is doing all the work

B. If the team fails, the Agile leader will not get a performance bonus

**C. The Agile Leader has less direct control over the team’s work, but still has the responsibility for their outcomes**

D. The Agile Leader cannot share the glory of team success