V) C++ Code Implementation

This document attempts to justify and show how the C++ code was implemented to fit the design pattern that was described in section IV)

The Director calls a Row Builder class in order to build a particular row object (In this case, Grants and Clinical Funding.) A multimap is also created in order to store Grant rowObjects.

```
//Builder object

GrantRowBuilder Builder;

multimap<string, Grant_rowObject>* grantsDictionary = new multimap<string, Grant_rowObject>();
```

Figure 5-1: Lines 163-165 of Director.cpp

The Builder then uses buildRow function which then calls a series of getAttribute functions of Attribute Retriever class that returns every attribute from the Grants row.

Figure 5-2: Lines 168-177 of Director.cpp

Once a row is built, it is then stored in the multimap.

```
18
         string name = fetch.getAttribute(index.name_loc);
        string domain = fetch.getAttribute(index.domain_loc);
        string fundType = fetch.getAttribute(index.fundType_loc);
        string stat = fetch.getAttribute(index.stat_loc);
        string role = fetch.getAttribute(index.role_loc);
        string title = fetch.getAttribute(index.title_loc);
24
        string pInvestigator = fetch.getAttribute(index.pInvestigator_loc);
        // Deal with multiple co-investigators in a cell
         string cpInvestigator = fetch.getAttribute(index.cpInvestigator_loc);
27
        fetch.grabFirstString(cpInvestigator);//TEMPORARY -returns first co-investigator
28
        bool peerReviewed = fetch.getBoolAttribute(index.peerReviewed loc);
        bool indGrant = fetch.getBoolAttribute(index.indGrant_loc);
        int sDate = fetch.getIntAttribute(index.sDate_loc);
        int eDate = fetch.getIntAttribute(index.eDate_loc);
34
        int totalAmount = fetch.getIntAttribute(index.totalAmount_loc);
```

Figure 5-3: buildRow function: Lines 18-35 of GrantRowBuilder.cpp