## CSN – 221 Coding Project 2

**GroupID:** 08 **ProblemNo:** 57

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The **code** required are available in the following files,

- 1. 'code.c' the c code of the problem
- 2. 'code.s' the output of the following command 'gcc -S code.c', i.e., the assembly generated by gcc.
- 3. 'code.asm' the assembly language program written in MIPS 32-bit ISA for execution in QtSPIM.

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The code snipped is as shown in the image. The image has been inserted because of low readability of plain text snippets.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>

void main(){
    uint32_t n;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%u",&n);

    unsigned int count = 0;

    while(n){
        count += n&1;
        n >>= 1;
    }
    printf("The number of bits set are: %u \n",count);
}
```

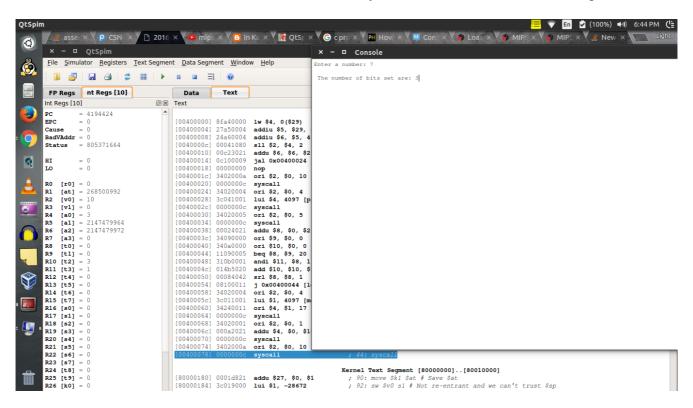
The assembly language code snippet written in MIPS 32-bit ISA is as follows,

```
.data
        prompt: .asciiz "Enter a number: "
       message: .asciiz "\n The number of bits set are: "
.globl main
       li $v0, 4
        la, $a0, prompt
        syscall
        li $v0,
        syscall
       # To store the number in $t0
       move $t0, $v0
       li $t1, 0
        li $t2, 0
loop:
       beq $t0, $t1, next
       andi $t3, $t0, 1
       add $t2, $t2, $t3
       j loop
       li $v0,
       la $a0, message
       syscall
       li $v0, 1
       move $a0, $t2
      syscall
end:
       li $v0, 10
      syscall
```

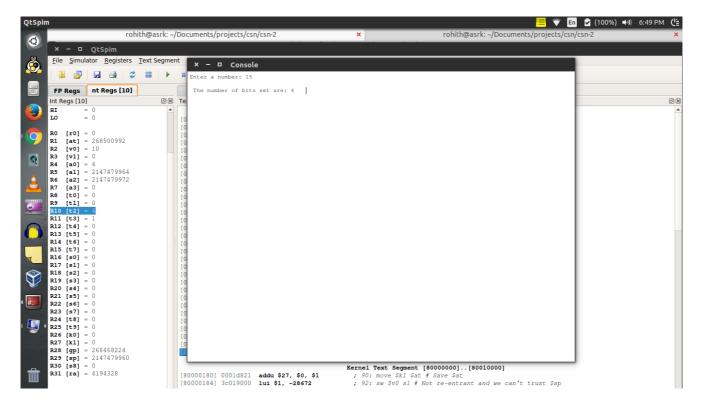
```
.file
                "code.c"
        .section
                          .rodata
LC0:
        .string "Enter a number: "
LC1:
        .string "%u"
        .align
LC2:
        .string "The number of bits set are: %u \n"
        .text
.globl main
                main, @function
        .type
.LFB0:
        .cfi_startproc
        pushq %rbp
        .cfi def cfa offset 16
        .cfi_offset 6, -16
movq %rsp, %rbp
       movq
        .cfi def cfa register 6
                $16, %rsp
$.LCO, %edi
$0, %eax
        subq
       movl
       movl
       call
                -8(%rbp), %rax
       leaq
                %rax, %rsi
$.LC1, %edi
       movq
       movl
                $0, %eax
       movl
                __isoc99_scanf
$0, -4(%rbp)
       call
       movl
                .L2
L3:
                -8(%rbp), %eax
       movl
       andl
                $1, %eax
                %eax, -4(%rbp)
       addl
       movl
                -8(%rbp), %eax
                %eax
        shrl
       movl
                %eax, -8(%rbp)
L2:
       movl
                -8(%rbp), %eax
                %eax, %eax
        testl
                .L3
        movl
                 -4(%rbp), %eax
                %eax, %esi
$.LC2, %edi
        movl
        movl
                $0, %eax
        call
                 printf
        leave
        .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
        ret
        .cfi endproc
.LFE0:
        .size
        .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 4.8.4-2ubuntu1~14.04.3) 4.8.4"
                          .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
        .section
```

The screenshots below are the ones for a couple of test cases,

1. The number first entered was 7 which is 111 in binary. It has 3 set bits, which is the output.



2. Then 15 was taken as a test case. Which is 1111 in binary and has 4 bits set, which again was the output. (As it can be seen from the figure.)



Thank you