

*CIT*

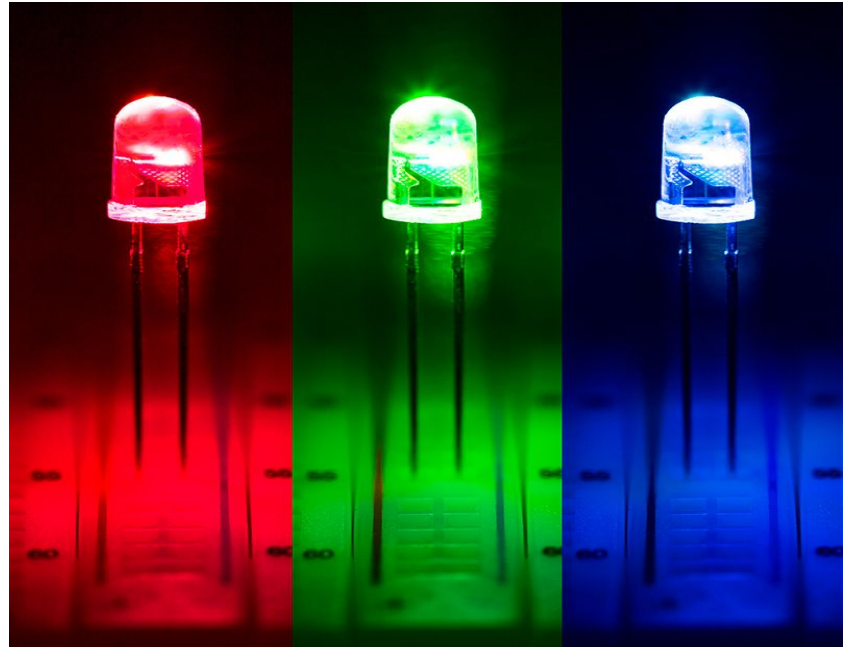
**Children In Technology**

# WHAT'S SO INTERESTING TODAY?

- LED
- Resistor(Color Coding)
- Capacitor
- LDR
- Breadboarding

# LED

Light Emitting Diodes



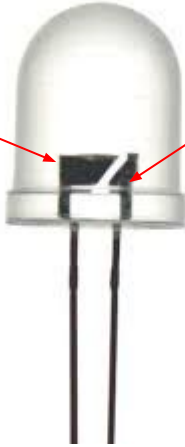
# USES OF LED:-



# IDENTIFY CATHODE AND ANODE

Cathode(-ve)

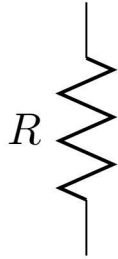
Anode(+ve)



# RESISTORS

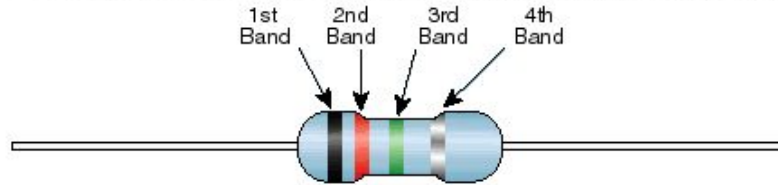
- Opposes the flow of current
- Unit : Ohm (named after George Simon Ohm)

- Symbol:



# RESISTOR COLOR CODING

**Standard EIA Color Code Table 4 Band:  $\pm 2\%$ ,  $\pm 5\%$ , and  $\pm 10\%$**

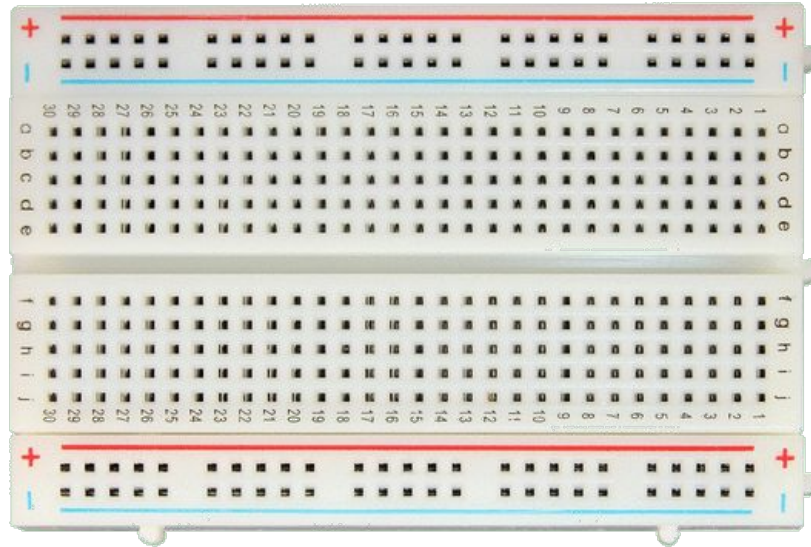


Color	1st Band (1st figure)	2nd Band (2nd figure)	3rd Band (multiplier)	4th Band (tolerance)
Black	0	0	$10^0$	
Brown	1	1	$10^1$	
Red	2	2	$10^2$	$\pm 2\%$
Orange	3	3	$10^3$	
Yellow	4	4	$10^4$	
Green	5	5	$10^5$	
Blue	6	6	$10^6$	
Violet	7	7	$10^7$	
Gray	8	8	$10^8$	
White	9	9	$10^9$	
Gold			$10^{-1}$	$\pm 5\%$
Silver			$10^{-2}$	$\pm 10\%$

Chart Provided By 

# BREADBOARDING

- Used for circuit modelling



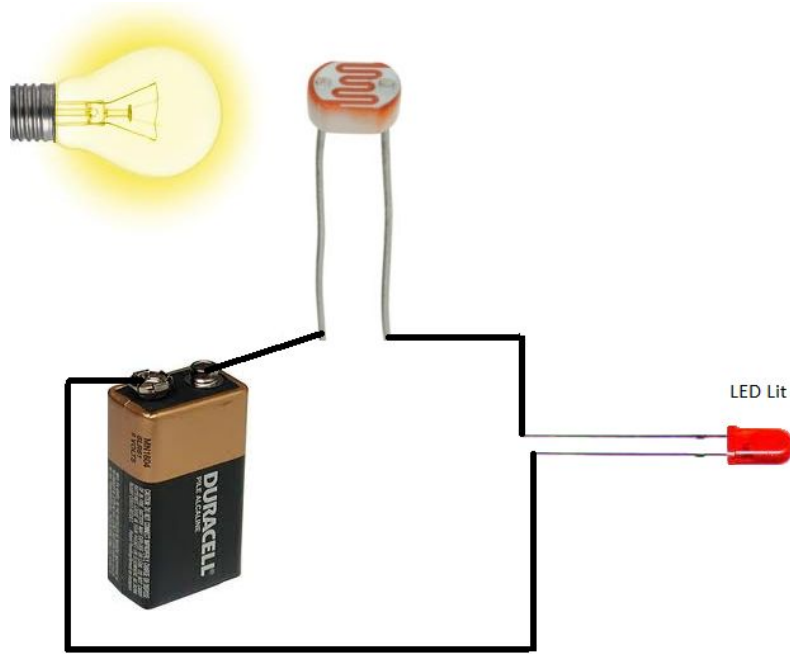


# LDR

- Full Form : Light Dependent Resistor
- Also called 'Photo Resistors' or 'Photo Conductive Cells'
- Resistance decreases with increasing light intensity
- In dark: in megaohms ( $1000 \times 1000 \times \text{ohm}$ )
- In light: in few hundred ohms

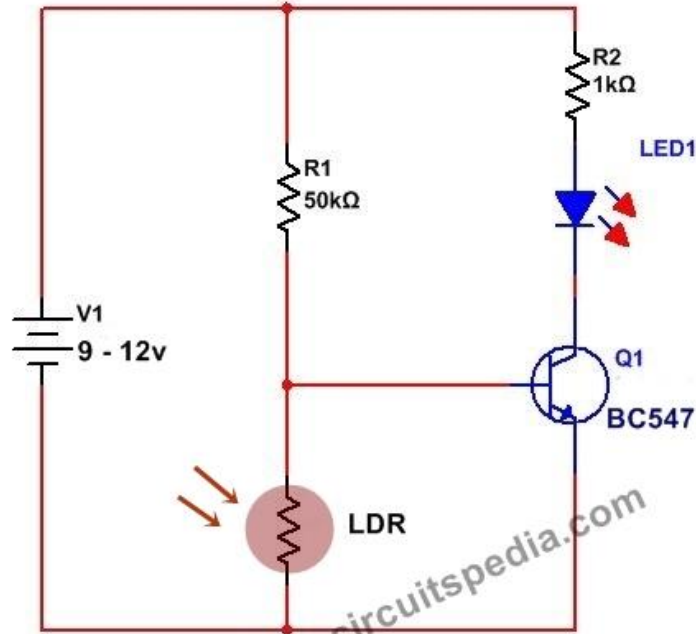


# WORKING OF LDR

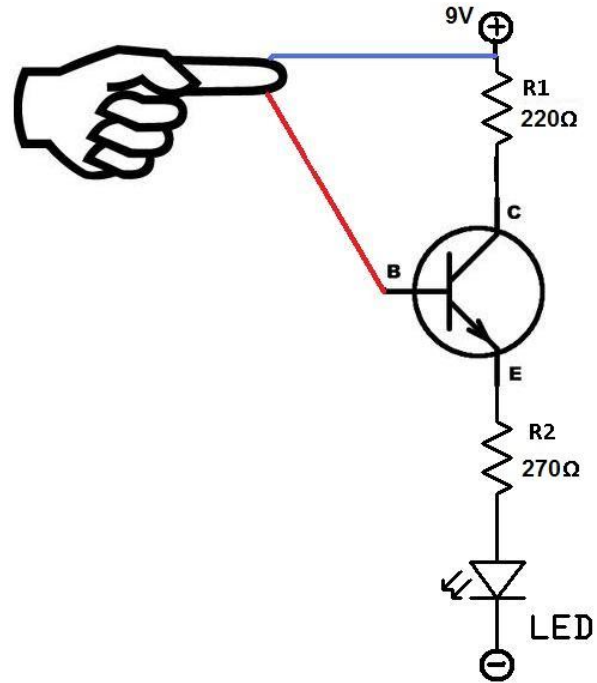


# LDR DARKNESS DETECTION CIRCUIT

Dark Activated Switch Circuit



# TOUCH SENSOR CIRCUIT



# ANY QUESTIONS?



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THANK YOU !