



[with Cheat Engine]

이다영



: 메모리에 접근하여 저장된 값을 수정하거나 코드를 끼워넣는 메모리 변조







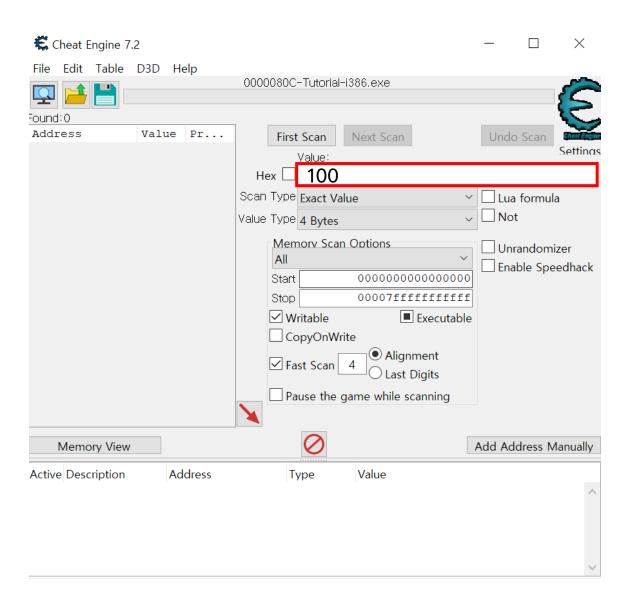
메모리 변조의 원리

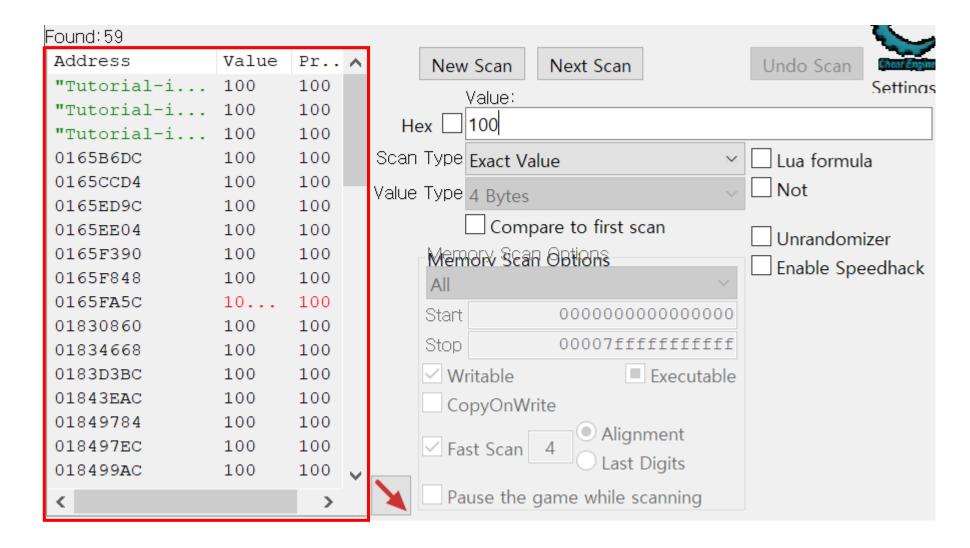
- 01 프로세스의 메모리 불러오기
- 02 원하는 값 스캔
- 03 그 값을 자신이 원하는 값으로 변경
- 메모리 스캐너를 이용하여 값을 수정

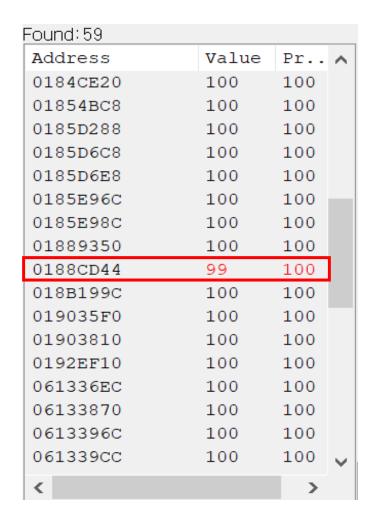
→ 치트엔진

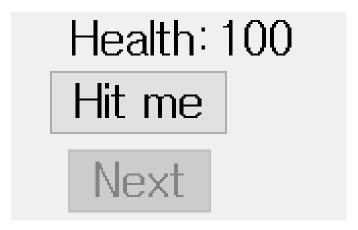
[Level 1]

100으로 설정이 되어 있는 체력 (Health) 값을 1000으로 바꾸자 Health: 100 Hit me





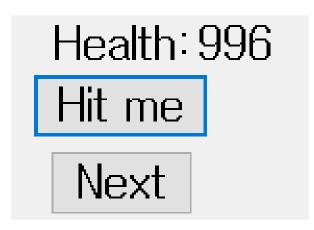






Found: 59			
Address	Value	Pr	^
0184CE20	100	100	
01854BC8	100	100	
0185D288	100	100	
0185D6C8	100	100	
0185D6E8	100	100	
0185E96C	100	100	
0185E98C	100	100	
01889350	100	100	
0188CD44	99	100	
018B199C	100	100	
019035F0	100	100	
01903810	100	100	
0192EF10	100	100	
061336EC	100	100	
06133870	100	100	
0613396C	100	100	
061339CC	100	100	~
<		>	

Found: 59			
Address	Value	Pr	\wedge
0184CE20	100	100	
01854BC8	100	100	
0185D288	100	100	
0185D6C8	100	100	
0185D6E8	100	100	
0185E96C	100	100	
0185E98C	100	100	
01889350	100	100	
0188CD44	1000	100	
018B199C	100	100	
019035F0	100	100	
01903810	100	100	
0192EF10	100	100	
061336EC	100	100	
06133870	100	100	
0613396C	100	100	
061339CC	100	100	V
<		>	



[Level 2]

값을 변경하는 기능을 무효화하여 Change value를 눌러도 값이 변 경되지 않도록 하자 100 Change value Next

Address

00145328

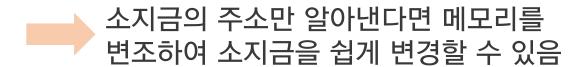
AddressType01894FE84 Bytes

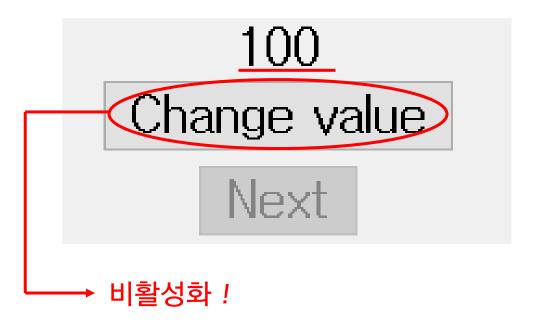
Type 4 Bytes ASLR(Address Space Location Randomization)

: 프로그램을 실행시킬 때마다 각 주소들이 바뀌는 메모리 보호 기법



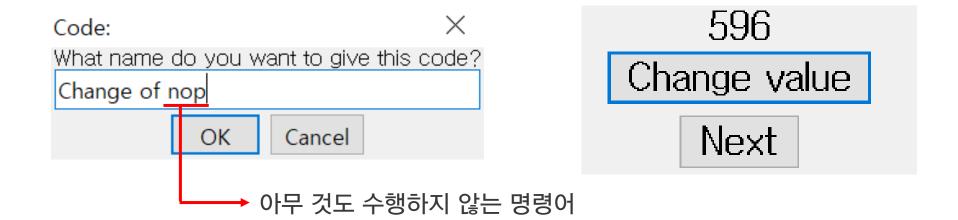
"소지금의 주소가 동적이 아니라 고정이라면?"



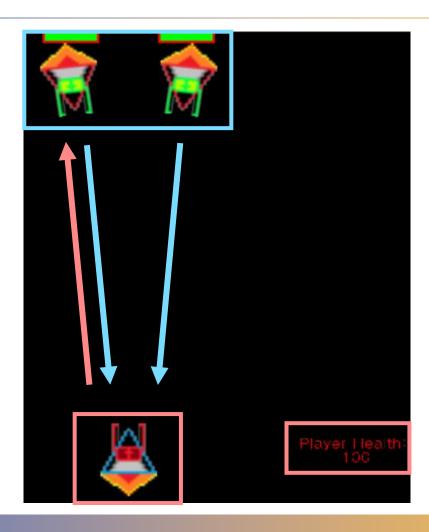


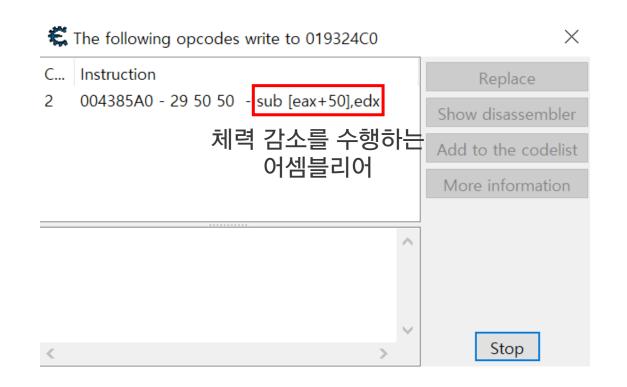
Find out what wirtes to this address

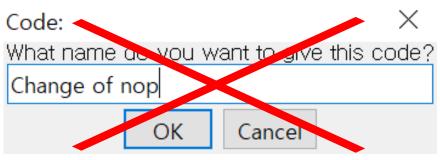
: 해당 변수에 접근하여 값을 변경하는 기능을 수행하는 어셈블리어를 찾는다 Change value The following opcodes write to 01775660 \times C... Instruction Replace 00426932 - 89 10 - mov [eax],edx Show disassembler Add to the codelist More information Select an item from the list for a small description Stop



[Level 3]





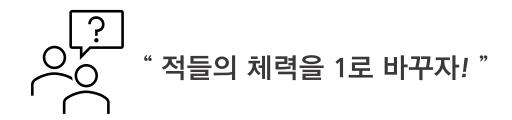


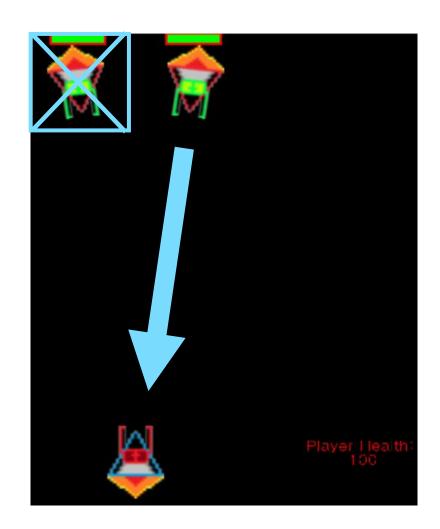


Find out what addresses this instruction accesses

: 어셈블리어가 접근하는 데이터를 찾는다

CACCESSED a	ddresses by 4385A0			_		\times
Code Address	4385A0					
The following 3 selected	addresses have been a	acce	ssed by	y the d	code you	
Address	Value		Count			
01A01180	84		4			
01A04DE0	197		1			
01A04D70	199		1			
Chara				4 D. 4		



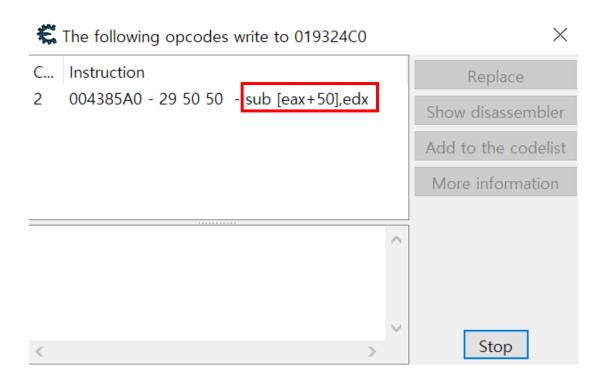


	Accessed add		_		X	
	Code Address	e Address 4385A0				
	The following 3 addresses have been accessed by the code you selected					
	Address	Value	Count			
그룹 2	01A01180	84	4			
그르 1	01A04DE0	197	1			
그룹 1	01A04D70	199	1			
	Stop			4 Bytes		×.

Offse	Offse	Offse	G1:01A04D90	G1:01A04D20	G2:01A01130
1 C			01A04DAC: 3193039749	01A04D3C: 1045556101	01A0114C:0
20			01A04DB0: 3209481421	01A04D40: 3209481421	01A01150:1061997773
2C			01A04DBC: 1127002850	01A04D4C: 1127959838	01A0115C: 1083388722
50			01A04DE0: 197	01A04D70:199	01A01180:84
54			01A04DE4: 200	01A04D74:200	01A01184:100
58			01A04DE8: 26939448	01A04D78: 26939528	01A01188:0
5C			01A04DEC: 1	01A04D7C:1	01A0118C:0

체력 체력 최대치

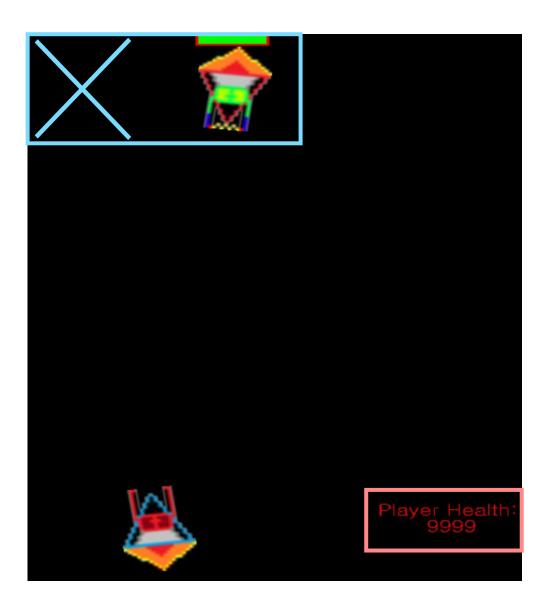
적군/아군 구분

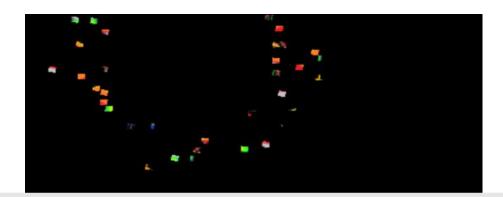


Code Injection(코드 인젝션): 원하는 코드 삽입

```
Auto assemble
                                                                                    \times
File View Template
    alloc(newmem, 2048)
   label (returnhere)
    label(originalcode)
    label(exit)
    newmem: //this is allocated memory, you have read, write, execute access
    //place your code here
    original code:
    sub [eax+50],edx
    ret
12
13
14
    add [eax],al
    exit:
    jmp returnhere
17
    "qtutorial-i386.exe"+385A0:
18
    jmp newmem
19
    nop
    returnhere:
```

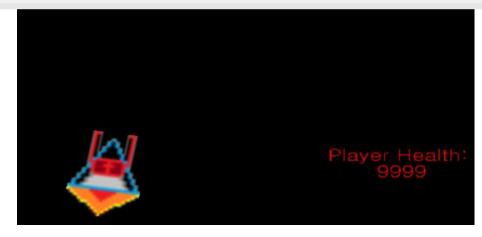
```
🗱 Auto assemble
                                                                                \times
File View Template
    alloc(newmem, 2048)
    newmem:
    cmp [EAX+5C], 0
    je friend
                      → 두 값이 같으면 점프
    cmp [EAX+5C], 1
    je enemy
    friend:
    mov [EAX+50], #9999
    ret
    enemy:
    mov [EAX+50], 0
    ret
   "gtutorial-i386.exe"+385A0:
19
    jmp newmem
20
    nop
   returnhere:
```





well done





[Cheat Engine tutorial]



THANK YOU



[감사합니다.]