최적화

서민재

목차

1 최적화란?

2 경사하강법

(최적화 알고리즘 중 하나)

3 최적화 알고리즘

- 확률적 경사 하강법
 - 모멘텀
 - 아다그라드
 - 아담

최적화란?

신경망 학습의 목적

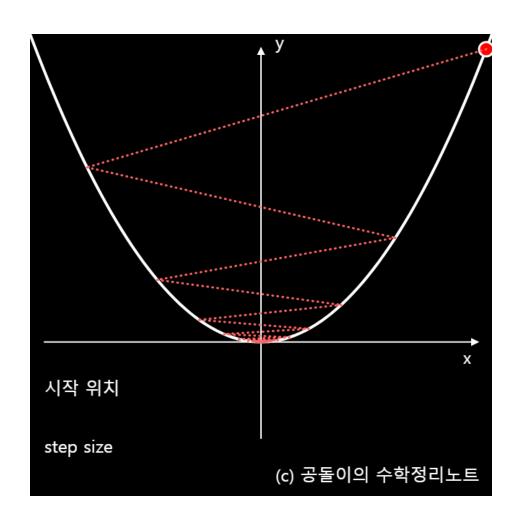
손실 함수의 값을 가능한 한 낮추는 최적

매개변수를 찾는 것

해당 문제를 해결하는 것

= 최적화

경사하강법



함수 값이 낮아지는 방향으로 독립 변수 값을 변형시켜가면서 최종적으로는 최소 함수 값을 갖도록 하는 독립 변수 값을 찾는 방법

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \alpha \frac{df}{dx}(x_i)$$

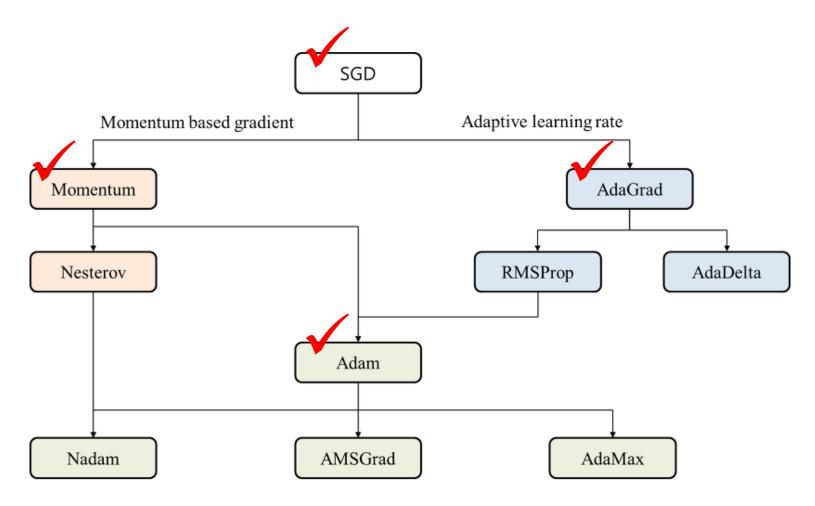
경사하강법

```
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
tf.disable v2 behavior()
data = [[2, 81], [4, 93], [6, 91], [8, 97]]
x_{data} = [x_{row}[0]  for x_{row}  in data]
y_data = [y_row[0] for y_row in data]
a = tf. Variable(tf.random.uniform([1], 0, 10, dtype = tf.float64, seed = 0))
b = tf.Variable(tf.random.uniform([1], 0, 100, dtype = tf.float64, seed = 0))
y = a*x data + b
rmse = tf.sqrt(tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y - y_data)))
learning_rate = 0.1
gradient descent = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate).minimize(rmse)
with tf.Session() as sess:
    sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
    for step in range(5001):
        sess.run(gradient_descent)
        if step % 100 == 0:
            print("Epoch: %.f, RMSE = %.04f, 기울기 a = %.4f, y 절편 b = %.4f" % (step, sess.run(rmse), sess.run(a), sess.run(b)))
```

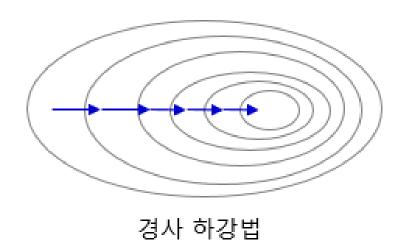
경사하강법

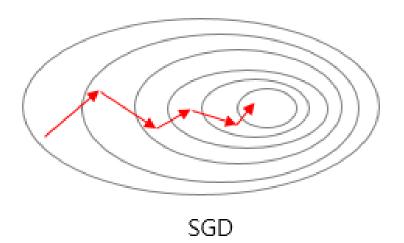
```
Epoch: 0, RMSE = 114.2489, 기울기 a = 7.5434, y 절편 b = 80.5910
Epoch: 100, RMSE = 30.2481, 기울기 a = -11.4110, y 절편 b = 74.0875
Epoch: 200, RMSE = 28.6267, 기울기 a = -10.7494, y 절편 b = 70.1156
Epoch: 300, RMSE = 27.0053, 기울기 a = -10.0840, y 절편 b = 66.1443
Epoch: 400, RMSE = 25.3839, 기울기 a = -9.4185, v 절편 b = 62.1731
Epoch: 500, RMSE = 23.7625, 기울기 a = -8.7530, y 절편 b = 58.2018
Epoch: 600, RMSE = 22.1412, 기울기 a = -8.0875, y 절편 b = 54.2305
Epoch: 700, RMSE = 20.5198, 기울기 a = -7.4221, y 절편 b = 50.2593
Epoch: 800, RMSE = 18.8984, 기울기 a = -6.7566, y 절편 b = 46.2880
Epoch: 900, RMSE = 17.2770, 기울기 a = -6.0911, y 절편 b = 42.3167
Epoch: 1000, RMSE = 15.6556, 기울기 a = -5.4256, y 절편 b = 38.3455
Epoch: 1100, RMSE = 14.0342, 기울기 a = -4.7602, y 절편 b = 34.3742
Epoch: 1200, RMSE = 12.4129, 기울기 a = -4.0947, y 절편 b = 30.4029
Epoch: 1300, RMSE = 10.7915, 기울기 a = -3.4292, y 절편 b = 26.4316
Epoch: 1400, RMSE = 9.1701, 기울기 a = -2.7637, y 절편 b = 22.4604
Epoch: 1500, RMSE = 7.5487, 기울기 a = -2.0983, y 절편 b = 18.4891
Epoch: 1600, RMSE = 5.9273, 기울기 a = -1.4328, y 절편 b = 14.5178
Epoch: 1700, RMSE = 4.3059, 기울기 a = -0.7673, y 절편 b = 10.5466
Epoch: 1800, RMSE = 2.6846, 기울기 a = -0.1018, v 절편 b = 6.5753
Epoch: 1900, RMSE = 1.0632, 기울기 a = 0.5636, y 절편 b = 2.6040
Epoch: 2000, RMSE = 1.5416, 기울기 a = 0.6112, y 절편 b = 0.6709
Epoch: 2100, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.6851, y 절편 b = 0.2030
Epoch: 2200. RMSE = 1.5419. 기울기 a = 0.7117. v 절편 b = 0.0406
Epoch: 2300, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7211, y 절편 b = -0.0159
Epoch: 2400, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7244, y 절편 b = -0.0355
Epoch: 2500, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7256, y 절편 b = -0.0423
Epoch: 2600, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7259, y 절편 b = -0.0446
Epoch: 2700, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7261, y 절편 b = -0.0455
Epoch: 2800, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7261, y 절편 b = -0.0457
Epoch: 2900, RMSE = 1.5419, 기울기 a = 0.7262, y 절편 b = -0.0458
Epoch: 3000. RMSE = 1.5419. 기울기 a = 0.7262. v 절편 b = -0.0459
```

최적화 알고리즘



최적화 알고리즘_ SGD





최적화 알고리즘 _ SGD

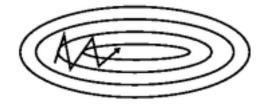
$$W(t+1) = W(t) - \alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial W}$$

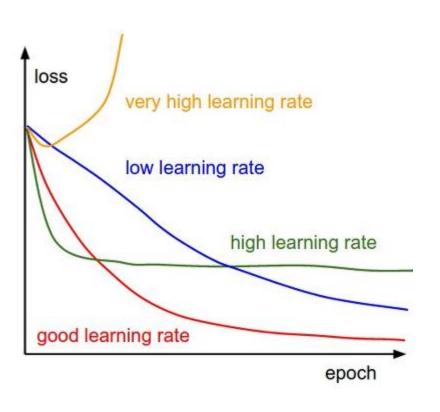
```
class SGD:
    def __init__(self, Ir = 0.01):
        self.Ir = Ir

    def update(self, params, grads):
        for key in params.key():
            params[key] -= self.Ir * grads[key]
```

최적화 알고리즘 _ SGD



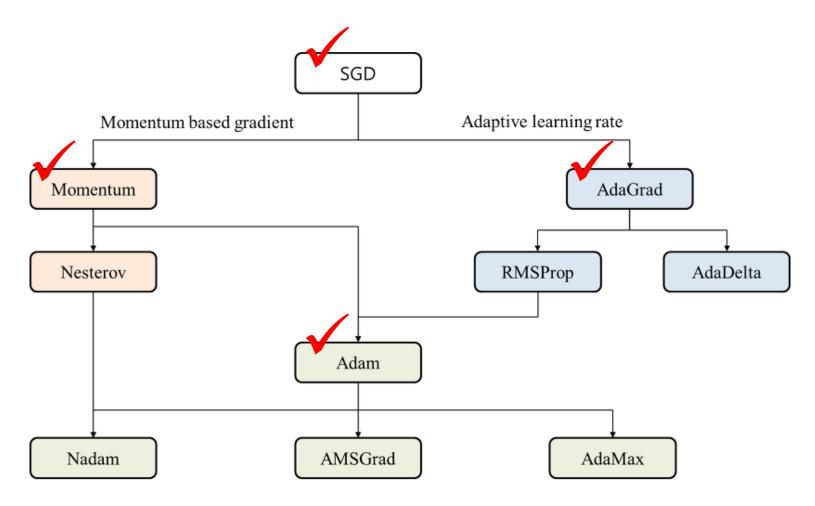




탐색 방향

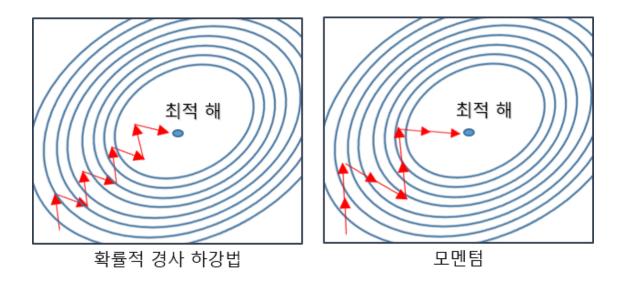
탐색 거리

최적화 알고리즘



최적화 알고리즘 _ 모멘텀

Momentum = 관성



최적화 알고리즘 _ 모멘텀

$$V(t) = m*V(t-1)-\alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial W}$$

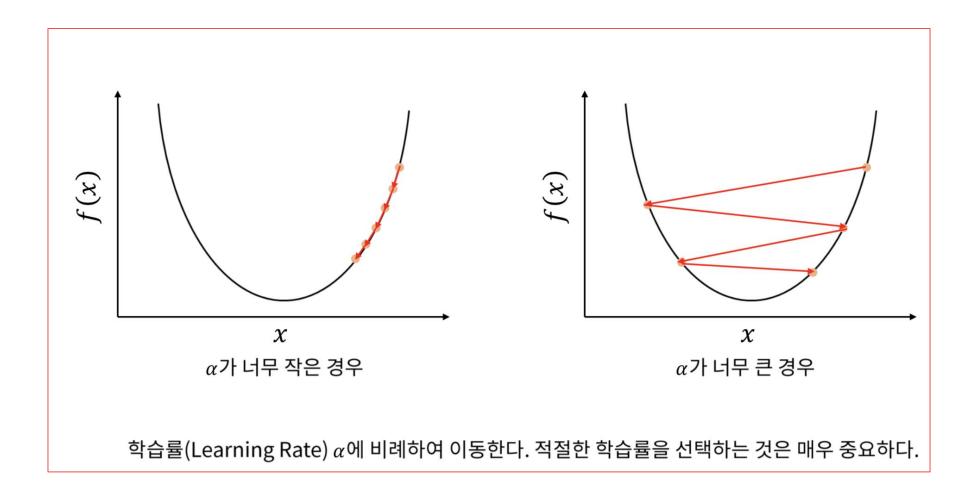
$$W(t+1) = W(t) + V(t)$$

```
class Momentum:
    def __init__(self, Ir=0.01, momentum = 0.9):
        self.Ir = Ir
        self.momentum = momentum
        self.v = None

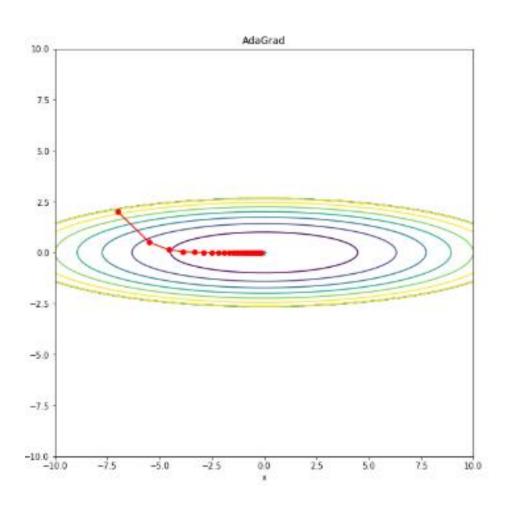
def update(self, params, grads):
    if self.v is None:
        self.v = {}
        for key, val in params.items():
            self.v[key] = np.zeros_like(val)

for key in params.keys():
        self.v[key] = self.momentum*slef.v[key] - self.lr*grads[key]
        params[key] += self.v[key]
```

최적화 알고리즘 _ 아다그라드



최적화 알고리즘 _ 아다그라드



최적화 알고리즘 _ 아다그라드

$$h(t) = h(t-1) + \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}\right)^{2}$$

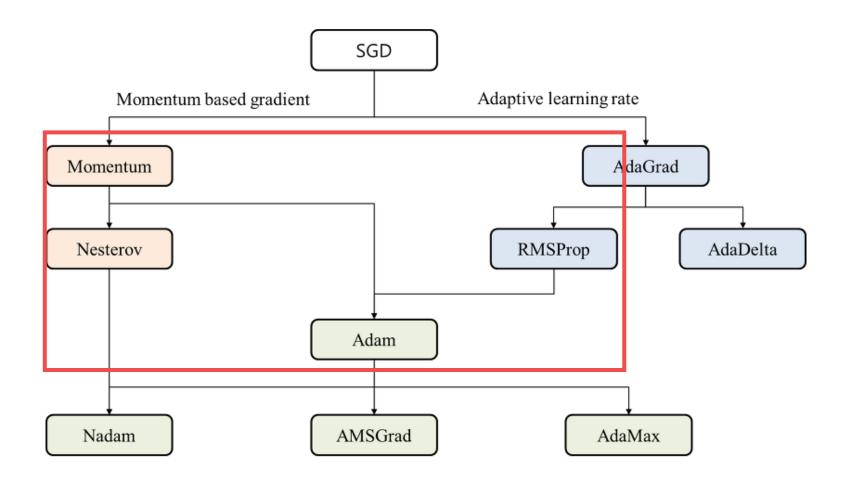
$$W(t+1) = W(t) + \alpha \frac{1}{\sqrt{h(t)}} \frac{\partial L}{\partial W}$$

```
class AdaGrad:
    def __init__(self, Ir = 0.01):
        self.Ir = Ir
        self.h = None

def update(self, params, grads):
    if self.h is None:
        self.h = {}
        for key, val in params.items():
            self.h[key] = np.zeros_like(val)

    for key in params.keys():
        self.h[key] += grads[key] * grads[key]
            params[key] -= slef.Ir * grads[key] / np.sqrt(self.h[key] + 1e-7)
```

최적화 알고리즘 _ 아담



최적화 알고리즘 _ 알엠에스프롭

이동 지수의 평균

$$x_k = \alpha p_k + (1 - \alpha) x_{k-1}$$
 where $\alpha = \frac{2}{N+1}$

$$\begin{split} x_{k} &= \alpha p_{k} + (1-\alpha)x_{k-1} \\ &= \alpha p_{k} + (1-\alpha)\{\alpha p_{k-1} + (1-\alpha)x_{k-2}\} \\ &= \alpha p_{k} + \alpha(1-\alpha)p_{k-1} + (1-\alpha)^{2}x_{k-2} \\ &= \alpha p_{k} + \alpha(1-\alpha)p_{k-1} + (1-\alpha)^{2}\{\alpha p_{k-2} + (1-\alpha)x_{k-3}\} \\ &= \alpha p_{k} + \alpha(1-\alpha)p_{k-1} + \alpha(1-\alpha)^{2}p_{k-2} + (1-\alpha)^{3}x_{k-3} \\ &= \dots \\ &= \alpha(p_{k} + (1-\alpha)p_{k-1} + (1-\alpha)^{2}p_{k-2} + \dots + (1-\alpha)^{N-1}p_{k-N+1}) + (1-\alpha)^{N}x_{k-N} \\ &= \alpha\sum_{k=0}^{N-1}(1-\alpha)^{k}p_{k-1} + (1-\alpha)^{N}x_{k-N} \end{split}$$

Rmsprop

$$h(t) = \gamma h(t-1) + (1-\gamma) \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}\right)^2$$

최적화 알고리즘 _ 아담

$$V(t) = \gamma_1 V(t-1) + (1 - \gamma_1) \alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial W}$$
$$h(t) = \gamma_2 h(t-1) + (1 - \gamma_2) \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}\right)^2$$

$$\widehat{V}(t) = \frac{V(t)}{1 - \gamma_1^t}, \ \widehat{h}(t) = \frac{h(t)}{1 - \gamma_2^t}$$

$$W(t+1) = W(t) - \alpha \frac{\widehat{h}(t)}{\sqrt{\widehat{V}(t)}}$$

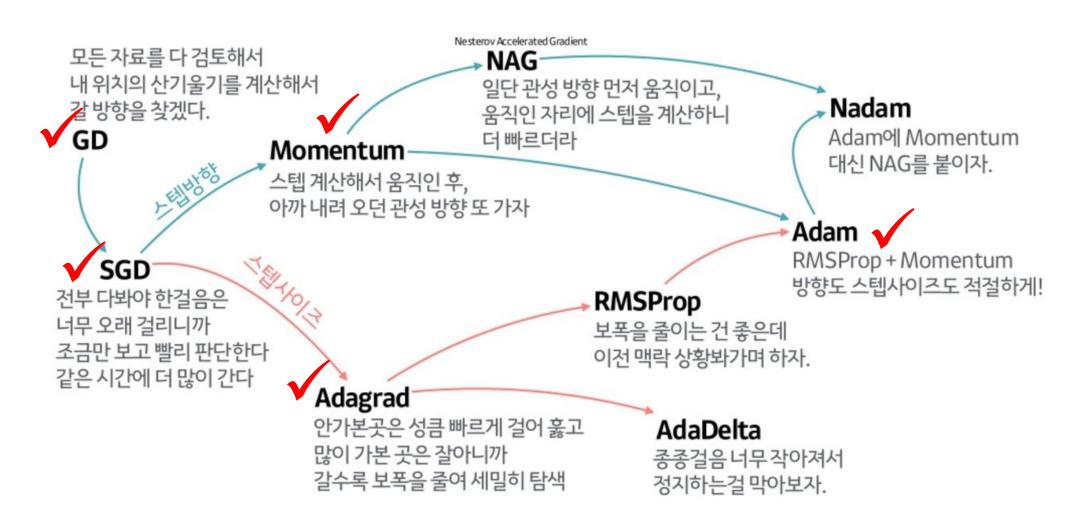
최적화 알고리즘 _ 아담

```
class Adam:
    def __init__(self, Ir=0.001, beta1=0.9, beta2=0.999):
        self.lr = lr
       self.beta1 = beta1
       self.beta2 = beta2
       self.iter = 0
       self.m = None
       self.v = None
    def update(self, params, grads):
        if self m is None
           self.m, self.v = \{\}, \{\}
            for key, val in params.items():
                self.m[key] = np.zeros like(val)
                self.v[key] = np.zeros like(val)
        self.iter += 1
        Ir t = self.lr * np.sqrt(1.0 - self.beta2**self.iter) / (1.0 - self.beta1**self.iter)
        for key in params.keys():
           self.m[key] += (1 - self.beta1) * (grads[key] - self.m[key])
            self.v[key] += (1 - self.beta2) * (grads[key]**2 - self.v[key])
           params[key] -= Ir_t * self.m[key] / (np.sgrt(self.v[key]) + 1e-7)
```

$$\widehat{V}(t) = \frac{V(t)}{1 - \gamma_1^t}, \ \widehat{h}(t) = \frac{h(t)}{1 - \gamma_2^t}$$

$$W(t+1) = W(t) - \alpha \frac{\widehat{h}(t)}{\sqrt{\widehat{V}(t)}}$$

정리



Q&A

Thank You