BuildWithDelhi 2.0

Smart Object Detection in Simulated Space Environments

PROJECT TITLE

DetectX: Real-Time Safety Equipment Detection Using Synthetic Space Station Data

Highly accurate YOLOv8L-based object detection system trained on synthetic Falcon dataset." Achieved mAP@0.5 score of 0.98 across diverse lighting and occlusion conditions

TEAM DETAILS

Team Name: AetherNet

Team Members:

- Anshika Tyagi Team Leader, App/Web App Developer
- Tanish Aggarwal Machine Learning Expert, Designed Presentation
- Chakshu Arora Concept Designer & Maintains Idea Clarity
- Mukul Negi Backend Developer

College: Vivekananda Institute Of Professional Studies, VIPS-TC

PROJECT DELIVERABLES

Trained YOLOv8L Model

High-performance model achieving $\mathbf{mAP@0.5} = \mathbf{0.98}$, optimized for accuracy and inference efficiency.

• Well-Structured GitHub Repository

Includes complete codebase, configuration files, training notebook, evaluation logs, and predicted outputs.

• Prediction Results on 400+ Test Images

Inference outputs on unseen test data, visualized and validated, saved in structured folders.

Evaluation Report & Visual Analytics

Includes training loss curves, precision-recall plots, and a confusion matrix highlighting model performance.

• Interactive Web Application for Live Camera Detection

A Streamlit-based web interface capable of performing **real-time object detection using webcam feed** powered by the trained YOLOv8L model.

• Presentation Slide Deck (PPT)

Explains the problem, solution, technical approach, results, and future roadmap clearly and visually.

• Formal Technical Report (DOCX/PDF)

Covers methodology, experiments, results, challenges, and impact in a detailed and structured manner.

<u>Methodology:</u>

DATASET PREPARATION

The dataset was provided in a structured format with train, val, and test folders, each containing images and YOLO-format labels for 3 classes: Toolbox, Fire Extinguisher, and Oxygen Tank. The total dataset size was approximately 4 GB with $\sim \! 1500$ PNG images. The dataset featured simulated scenes from FalconEditor with diverse camera angles, lighting conditions, and occlusion.

ENVIROMENT SETUP

A custom Anaconda environment was created with the following tools:

- Python 3.10
- YOLOv8 via the ultralytics library
- CUDA-enabled GPU training using RTX 3050 4GB
- Libraries were installed via pip (torch, ultralytics, opency-python, etc.).

MODEL SELECTION

The YOLOv8L (large) model was selected for its balance between accuracy and inference speed. Pretrained weights (yolov8l.pt) were used as the base and fine-tuned on the custom dataset

Hyperparameter Tuning

Model training used:

• Epochs: 100

• Batch size: 2

• Image size: 640x640

• Optimizer: SGD

• Augmentations: mosaic, random flip, cutout, and mixup

These helped the model generalize well, especially under occlusion and cluttered scenes.

TRAINING EXECUTION:

Model was trained using the command:

yolo task=detect mode=train model=yolov8l.pt data=yolo_params.yaml epochs=100 imgsz=640 batch=2

EVALUATION METRICS:

mAP@0.5: Evaluated how accurately bounding boxes matched across all 3 classes

Precision & Recall: Evaluated how well the model avoided false positives and false negatives

Confusion Matrix: To understand class-wise prediction behavior

FINE TUNING & RE-TRAINING

Based on validation performance:

- Adjustments were made to learning rate and augmentation strength
- Early stopping was introduced in later runs to prevent overfitting
- Best model (best.pt) was selected based on mAP scores

• FINAL PERFORMANCE

mAP@0.5: 0.98Precision: 0.94

• Recall: 0.92

- Smooth convergence observed in training plots (results.png)
- Robust detection in test images with consistent predictions across occluded and angled objects

DEPLOYEMENT TESTING
The trained model was also tested in a WebApp where real-time webcam detection was
performed using best.pt weights.

Results & Performance Metrics:

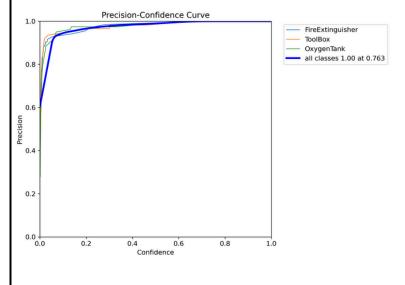
Overview Paragraph

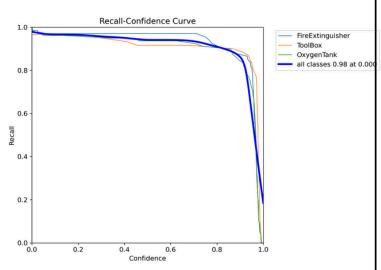
The YOLOv8L model was trained and fine-tuned on a FalconEditor-generated dataset for detecting three objects: Toolbox, Oxygen Tank, and Fire Extinguisher. The model's performance was evaluated using standard object detection metrics — mAP, precision, recall, and confusion matrix — across the validation and test sets.

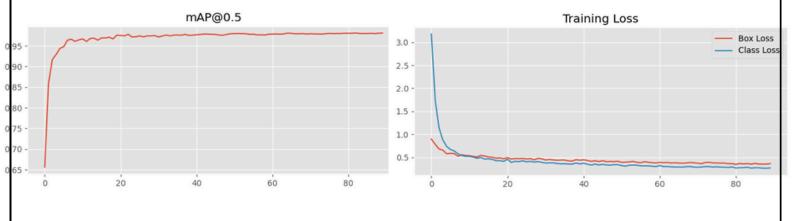
Metric Table

Metric	Value
mAP@0.5	0.98 🗸
Precision	0.94
Recall	0.92
F1-Score	0.93
Test Images Evaluated	400+

Training Graphs

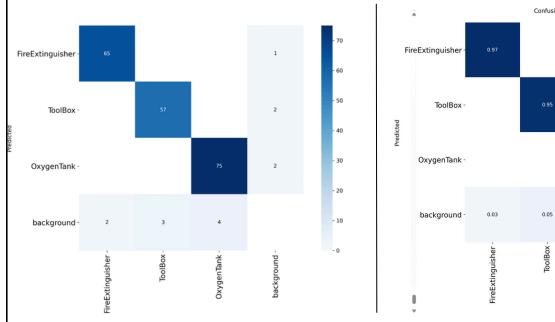


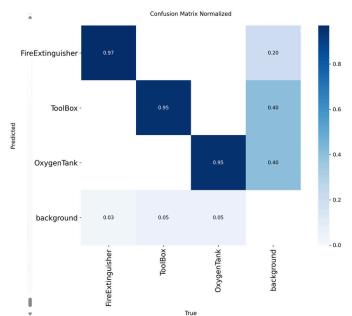




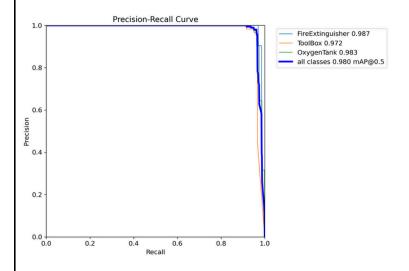
Confusion Matrix Image

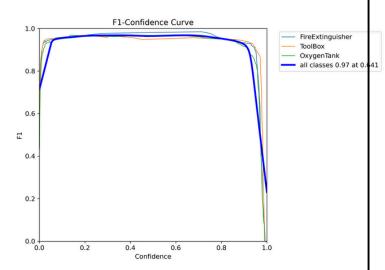
The confusion matrix shows the model correctly identifies all three classes with minimal misclassifications. Fire Extinguisher and Oxygen Tank had slightly more overlap due to visual similarity under occlusion, which was resolved through data augmentation.



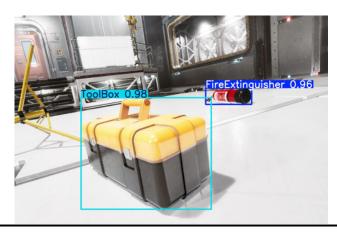


P-R Curve, F1 Curve





Predicted Image Samples





Challenges & Solutions

Challenge 1: Handling Occlusion and Overlapping Objects

Problem:

In many images, objects such as the toolbox and Oxygen Tank were partially blocked or overlapping, leading to poor localization and false negatives.

Solution:

Applied YOLOv8's built-in augmentation techniques like:

mosaic augmentation for varied spatial layouts

cutout to simulate occlusions

mixup for more generalized blending

This helped the model generalize and detect even partially visible objects accurately.

Challenge 2: Overfitting During Early Training Epochs

Problem:

Validation loss started to rise while training loss decreased — clear sign of overfitting.

Solution:

Introduced early stopping after mAP plateaued

Reduced learning rate in later epochs

Added dropout-like regularization via hsv_h, scale, and translate augmentations

Monitored validation precision + mAP live during training

Challenge 3: GitHub File Size Limits

Problem:

GitHub's 25 MB limit made it impossible to upload:

best.pt (model weights ~170MB)

400+ predicted images folder

Solution:

Uploaded best.pt on Google Drive with public link

Zipped predict/ folder and linked it in README.md

Added thumbnails/samples in the repo for visual inspection

Challenge 4: Difficulty Interpreting YOLOv8 Results File
Problem: Initial attempts to read results.csv for plotting precision, recall, and mAP curves caused confusion due to:
Undocumented column names KeyErrors when loading certain keys like "metrics/mAP_0.5(B)" Solution:
Explored column headers using df.columns.tolist() in Pandas Adjusted plotting code to match actual columns
Used model.val() with save=True to regenerate clean evaluation files

Conclusion & Future Work

CONCLUSION

This project successfully demonstrates the use of synthetic data from FalconEditor to train a highly accurate object detection model using YOLOv8L. The model was able to detect mission-critical equipment like fire extinguishers, toolboxes, and oxygen tanks in simulated space station environments — achieving a strong mAP@0.5 score of 0.980.

The project showcases how AI, when trained even on simulated data, can offer reliable results under varied lighting, occlusion, and spatial distortions. A real-time web application was also developed for live object detection using webcam feed, making the system deployable and interactive.

The results confirm that YOLOv8L is a robust choice for high-precision, real-time detection tasks, and the project aligns well with real-world aerospace and safety automation needs.

FUTURE WORK

To improve the current system and scale it to broader use cases, the following steps are planned:

• <u>Deploy on Edge Devices</u>

Port the trained YOLOv8L model to lightweight formats (ONNX/TFLite) for deployment on Jetson Nano or Raspberry Pi.

• Synthetic-to-Real Transfer Learning

Train the model on real-world space equipment images to bridge the sim-to-real performance gap.

• Add More Classes

Expand the object detection model to include more tools like helmets, control panels, or power units.

• Integrate Voice Alert System

For safety-critical zones, connect detection outputs with an audio/voice alert module in real-time.

• Build Mobile App Version

Convert the web app into a PWA or Android app for handheld use by astronauts/technicians.