SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: *12-Mar-2023* **Revision Number:** *5*

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	**COROTECH ALKYD URETHANE ENAMEL GLOSS SAFETY YELLOW**
Product Code	**CV200-10**
Alternate Product Code	C20010
Product Class	SOLVENT THINNED PAINT
Color	Yellow
Recommended use	Industrial paint
Restrictions on use	No information available

Manufacturer
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
www.benjaminmoore.com/Corotech

Emergency Telephone
CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300
+1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Skin sensitization	Category 1A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause genetic defects
May cause cancer
May damage fertility or the unborn child
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flammable liquid and vapor

Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container closed
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take action to prevent static discharges
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Skin
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

Other information
No information available

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Limestone	1317-65-3	15 - 20
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	10 - 15
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	5 - 10
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
Kaolin	1332-58-7	5 - 10
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	1 - 5
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	1 - 5
Nonane	111-84-2	1 - 5
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	0.1 - 0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergic skin reaction.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Hazardous combustion products	Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	No
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes

Flash Point Data

Flash point (°F)	79
Flash Point (°C)	26
Method	PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Lower flammability limit:	No data available
Upper flammability limit:	No data available

NFPA

Health hazards	2
Flammability	3
Stability	0
Special:	Not Applicable

NFPA Legend
0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.

Other Information Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Technical measures/Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building

up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Limestone	-	15 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA
Methyl acetate	STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 200 ppm	200 ppm - TWA 610 mg/m³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ nanoscale respirable particulate matter TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ finescale respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA
Kaolin	TWA: 2 mg/m³ particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ F As Fluorides [RR-02792-9] TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ F	2.5 mg/m³ - TWA
Xylene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
Nonane	TWA: 200 ppm	-
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt	STEL: 10 mg/m³ Zr As Zirconium compounds [RR-00624-6] STEL: 10 mg/m³ Zr TWA: 5 mg/m³ Zr As Zirconium compounds [RR-00624-6] TWA: 5 mg/m³ Zr	5 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing disorders TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m³ (vacated) S* S*

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
N/E - Not Established

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Tightly fitting safety goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:.

Skin Protection Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	liquid
Odor	little or no odor
Odor Threshold	No information available
Density (lbs./gal)	9.8 - 10.2
Specific Gravity	1.17 - 1.22
pH	No information available
Viscosity (cps)	No information available
Solubility(ies)	No information available
Water solubility	No information available
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa)	No information available
Relative vapor density	No information available
Wt. % Solids	65 - 75
Vol. % Solids	55 - 65
Wt. % Volatiles	25 - 35
Vol. % Volatiles	35 - 45
VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)	< 250
Boiling Point (°F)	158
Boiling Point (°C)	70
Freezing point (°F)	No information available
Freezing Point (°C)	No information available
Flash point (°F)	79
Flash Point (°C)	26
Method	PMCC
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	No data available
Lower flammability limit:	No data available
Autoignition Temperature (°F)	No information available
Autoignition Temperature (°C)	No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°F)	No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°C)	No information available
Partition coefficient	No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation.
Skin contact	May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.
Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Neurological Effects	No information available.
Mutagenic Effects	No information available.
Reproductive Effects	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Developmental Effects	No information available.
Target organ effects	No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

STOT - single exposure May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system, Central nervous system.

Other adverse effects No information available.

Aspiration Hazard May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 15741 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 12793 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 100.2 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 2000 mg/l

Component Information Caution - This mixture contains a substance not yet fully tested

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic 64742-88-7	> 25 mL/kg (Rat)	> 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	> 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 49000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Kaolin 1332-58-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	= 13 g/kg (Rat)	> 3300 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 33 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Xylene 1330-20-7	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum 64742-48-9	> 6000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 8500 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Nonane 111-84-2	-	-	= 3200 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.83 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7	-	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 1300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.9 mg/L (Rat) 3H

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed

Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Ethyl benzene	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated Human Carcinogen	Listed

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
• Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

Persistence / Degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media
No information available.

Ozone
Not classified

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)
Xylene
LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)
Ethyl benzene
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)
Methyl ethyl ketoxime
LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)
2-Butoxyethanol
LC50: 1490 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)
Methyl ethyl ketoxime
EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3
UN-No	UN1263
Packing Group	III
Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, III

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMO Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	No - Not all of the components are listed.

One or more component is listed on NDSL.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	0.1

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Limestone	X	X	X
Methyl acetate	X	X	X
Titanium dioxide	X	X	X
Kaolin	X	X	X
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		X	
Xylene	X	X	X
Nonane	X	X	X

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		X	X
2-Butoxyethanol	X	X	X

Legend
X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS

Health hazards	2*
Flammability	3
Reactivity:	0
Personal protection	-

HMIS Legend
0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.
Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

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Montvale, NJ 07645
800-225-5554

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Disclaimer
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federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet