

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision    4 January 2026

Version 5.02

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : \*RAYCRON 600 UV WHITE FILLER  
**Product code** : R1322W-2/PL  
**Other means of identification** : R1322W-2  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications.  
**Use of the substance/mixture** : Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.  
  
**Supplier** : PPG Canada Inc.  
5676 Timberlea Blvd  
Mississauga ON L4W 4M6  
Canada  
+1 905-629-7999  
  
PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
  
**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)  
  
**Technical Phone Number** : (414) 764-6000 (OAK CREEK, WI) 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Central

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
This product contains TiO<sub>2</sub> which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO<sub>2</sub> is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO<sub>2</sub> particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO<sub>2</sub> when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Hazard pictograms**

:

**Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**

- : Combustible liquid.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

- : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response**

- : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.  
Photosensitive agents : In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

**Storage**

- : Store locked up.

**Disposal**

- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

- : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:  
15.9% (oral), 57.1% (dermal), 48.4% (inhalation)

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**

- : Mixture

**Product name**

- : \*RAYCRON 600 UV WHITE FILLER

**Other means of identification**

- : R1322W-2

**CAS number/other identifiers**

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Limestone	Calcium carbonate; Marble; calcite; MARBLE DUST; VALERITE; GROUND LIMESTONE; LIMESTONE FLOUR; LIMESTONE, GROUND; Agstone; CALCIUM CARBONATE (MARBLE)	10 - 30*	1317-65-3
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00	10 - 30*	13463-67-7
Polyester Acrylate Resin		10 - 30*	Not available.
Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-; Poly [oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.1-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-; .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-Propanetriyltris(polypropylene glycol acrylate); Propoxylated glycerol triacrylate; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.,.alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-; Glycerol propoxylate triacrylate; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha,alpha',.alpha"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[omega-(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]-; GLYCERYL PROPOXY TRIACRYLATE	10 - 30*	52408-84-1
Kaolin	Argilla; Porcelain clay; Hydrite; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Clay; China clay; $\mu$ -[1,3-dioxodisiloxane-1,3-diolato(2-)- $\kappa$ O1: $\kappa$ O3](dioxo)dialuminum dihydrate; E 559; kaolin; China clay; aluminium silicate, hydrated; oxo-oxoalumanyloxy-[oxo (oxoalumanyloxy)silyl]oxysilane dihydrate; Clay (kaolin); KAOLIN DUST	7 - 13*	1332-58-7
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate; Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate; phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate; 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bis[phenol; phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate; oxirane, (chloromethyl)-,	5 - 10*	55818-57-0

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol], 2-propenoate; 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol, chloromethyloxirane polymer, acrylic acid adduct; Epoxy resin; Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate; Ester of acrylic acid and [polymer of 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane / 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol]; bisphenol A epoxy acrylate		
Talc , not containing asbestos fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestos fibres	5 - 10*	14807-96-6
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	CGI 819; Methanone, 1,1'-(phenylphosphinylidene)bis[1-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-; Bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phenylphosphinoxide; phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-; 1,1'-(phenylphosphinylidene)bis[1-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)methanone]; (phenylphosphoryl)bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)methanone]; BIS-TRIMETHYLBENZOYL PHENYLPHOSPHINE OXIDE; Phosphine oxide, phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-; Phenylbis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide; Methanone, 1,1'-(phenylphosphinylidene)bis[1-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-]	0.5 - 1.5*	162881-26-7
benzophenone	Methanone, diphenyl-; Phenyl ketone; alpha-Oxodiphenylmethane; DIPHENYLMETHANONE; Diphenyl ketone; Benzoylbenzene; Benzophenon krist; Benzene, benzoyl-; alpha-Oxoditane; benzofenon	0.1 - 1*	119-61-9
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### Eye contact

- : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  
In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

#### Inhalation

- : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

#### Skin contact

- : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.  
In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

#### Ingestion

- : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- |                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Causes serious eye irritation.                    |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : May cause an allergic skin reaction.              |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness                     |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : No specific data.  |

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.   |
| <b>Specific treatments</b>        | : No specific treatment.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

## Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Special precautions

- : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Limestone	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Calcium carbonate]</b>            OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total dust.            STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Limestone]</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Calcium carbonate]</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p>None.</p> <p>None.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:</p>
titanium dioxide	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p>
Polyester Acrylate Resin Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid Kaolin	<p>None.</p> <p>None.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form:</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid  
Talc , not containing asbestos fibres

respirable fraction.  
TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.  
None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**  
OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

None.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**  
OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]**

TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]**

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]**

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide  
benzophenone

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : polyethylene butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : White.
- Odor** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 63.89°C (147°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: Not available.				
Vapor density	: Not available.				
Relative density	: 1.75				
Density ( lbs / gal )	: 14.6				
Solubility(ies)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Media</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>cold water</td> <td>Not soluble</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Media	Result	cold water	Not soluble
Media	Result				
cold water	Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.				
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt)				
% Solid. (w/w)	: 99.858				
<u>Particle characteristics</u>					
Median particle size	: Not applicable.				

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
Limestone titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	6450 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg >6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Rat - Oral - LD50  Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg  >2000 mg/kg
Kaolin	Rat - Oral - LD50  Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5000 mg/kg  >5.07 mg/l [4 hours]

## Section 11. Toxicological information

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide  benzophenone	mists Rat - Dermal - LD50  Rat - Dermal - LD50  Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg  >2000 mg/kg  >2000 mg/kg 3.535 g/kg >10 g/kg
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**Product Conclusion** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Mouse - skin OECD 429	<u>Result: Sensitizing</u>
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	Mouse - skin OECD 406	<u>Result: Sensitizing</u>
	Guinea pig - skin OECD 406	<u>Result: Sensitizing</u>

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
benzophenone	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

**Carcinogen Classification code:** IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4  
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen  
OSHA: +  
Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Talc , not containing asbestos fibres	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
benzophenone	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (kidneys, liver) (oral) - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 1

- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eyes.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, stomach.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

- |                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Causes serious eye irritation.                    |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : May cause an allergic skin reaction.              |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness                     |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : No specific data.  |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

- |                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. |
|---------------------------|---|

#### Short term exposure

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Potential immediate effects</b> | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|------------------------------------|--|

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
RAYCRON 600 UV WHITE FILLER	172464.6	7497.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Limestone	6450	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzophenone	N/A	3535	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
Limestone	Acute - LC50 >56000 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water >100 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 0.25 mg/l [33 days]  Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 0.51 mg/l [21 days]	Fish  Daphnia

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	2.52	-	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, esters with acrylic acid	1.6 to 3	-	Low
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	5.77	-	High
benzophenone	3.18	12.02	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-

## Section 14. Transport information

<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
<b>Marine pollutant substances</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### Additional information

- TDG** : This product may be transported as Class 3, Flammable Liquids, Packing Group III using TDGR 1.34 (Class 3, Flammable Liquids, Flash Point Greater Than 60°C but Less Than or Equal to 93°C) on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage. The requirements of TDG Regulations that relate to flammable liquids that have a flash point less than or equal to 60°C must be complied with.
- IMDG** : None identified.
- IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### National Inventory List

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision

4 January 2026

Organization that prepared the SDS

: EHS

Key to abbreviations

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

► Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.