## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

Product code : UC56600/DRV
Other means of : Not available.

identification Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number : 1-888-774-2001 (US and Canada)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 8.9%

(oral), 50.1% (dermal), 37.9% (inhalation)

United States Page: 1/21

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

# GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







#### Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### Storage Disposal

elements

classified

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Supplemental label

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

: Prolonge

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

United States Page: 2/21

### **Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

: \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX **Product name** 

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	CAS number
Ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer	Vinylidene fluoride, polymer; poly (1,1-difluoroethane-1,2-diyl); PVDF; PVF2; PVdF; poly(1,1-difluoroethene); poly(1,1-difluoroethylene); poly (vinylidene fluoride); Polyvinylidene fluoride; Polyvinylidene fluoride resin; Polymer of 1,1-difluoroethene; Polymer of vinylidene fluoride; 1,1-Difluoroethene homopolymer	10 - 30	24937-79-9
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 μm or more but not more than 10 μm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00	10 - 30	13463-67-7
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; toluene, crude; t-butylchloride dimethylsilane, solution in toluene; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); preparation containing: — 74 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-α-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 26 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3); methacide	10 - 30	108-88-3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate;	7 - 13	108-65-6

**United States** 

Page: 4/21

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol, acetate; 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; 1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate; light stabiliser containing: — branched and linear alkyl esters of 3-(2H-benzotriazolyl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxybenzenepropanoic acid (CAS RN 127519-17-9), and — 1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS RN 108-65-6); Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester; 1-methoxypropyl acetate		
dimethyl phthalate	DMP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dimethyl ester; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester; Dimethyl-1,2-benzenedicarboxylate; Dimethyl ester of 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid; dimethyl benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate; 1,2-dimethyl benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate; Phthalic acid, dimethyl ester; dimethl phthalate; Phthalic acid dimethyl ester; Dimethyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate	5 - 10	131-11-3
2-butoxyethanol	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; Butylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n- butyl ester; Jeffersol EB; Ektasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl oxitol; EGBE; Butyl cellosolve7	5 - 10	111-76-2
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene	3 - 7	1330-20-7
2-butoxyethyl acetate	butylglycol acetate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1-acetate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, acetate; Ethylene glycol, monobutyl ether acetate; 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE; Ektasolve EB acetate; Butyl Cellosolve	1 - 5	112-07-2

Product code UC56600/DRV	Date of issue 16 August 2025	Version 8	
Product name *DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX			

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•			
	acetate; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate; EGBEA; n-Butoxyethyl acetate; BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE		
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.5 - 1.5	100-41-4
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	diacetone alcohol; 2-Pentanone, 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-; Diacetone alcohol (4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone); 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone; 2-Methyl-2-pentanol-4-one; Diacetone; 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone; 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-pentan-2-one; 4-Hydroxy-2-keto-4-methylpentane; DIACETONE ALCOHOL, TECHNICAL; 2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-4-pentanone	0.1 - 1	123-42-2

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary firs	<u>iid measures</u>
Eye contact	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**United States** Page: 5/21

#### **Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX**

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

United States Page: 6/21

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

halogenated compounds

metal oxide/oxides

The fluoropolymer resins used in this coating begin to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 625°F (330°C). Thermal decomposition is more rapid at temperatures above 750°F (400°C). Above 800°F (425°C) fluoropolymer resins give off small amounts of tetrafluoroethylene / hexafluoropropylene / perisofluorobutylene / carbonyl fluoride / hydrogen fluoride. These are toxic and if inhaled, in sufficient quantities, may be harmful. The actual decomposition products depend on temperature and the amount of oxygen.

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

United States Page: 7/21

Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Special precautions** 

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

United States Page: 8/21

**Version 8** 

### Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	,,
	TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
	TWA: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.
	OSHA PEL (United States)
	TWA: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. TWA: 15 mg/m³.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013)
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	CEIL: 300 ppm.
	AMP 10 minutes: 500 ppm.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	None.
dimethyl phthalate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³.
2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes]
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
2-batoxyettiyi acetate	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
Chrybonzene	Ototoxicant.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
Thysiony Thiodippoint 2 one	/ Com 121 (omica otatos, 112027)
	United States Page: 9/21

Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Ceiling Limit = Skin sensitization С

F STEL = Short term Exposure limit values **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

**OSHA** = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value R = Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection **Skin protection Hand protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Not recommended: natural rubber (latex) May be used: Chloroprene, nitrile rubber

Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

**United States** Page: 10/21

Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

> hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Clear.

Odor : Not available. рH : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 15.56°C (60°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

1.25 **Relative density** Density (lbs/gal) : 10.43

> Media Result

Solubility(ies) cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

**47**.068 % Solid. (w/w)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

**United States** Page: 11/21

Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides The fluoropolymer resins used in this coating begin to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 625°F (330°C). Thermal decomposition is more rapid at

temperatures above 750°F (400°C). Above 800°F (425°C) fluoropolymer resins give off small amounts of tetrafluoroethylene / hexafluoropropylene / perisofluorobutylene / carbonyl fluoride / hydrogen fluoride. These are toxic and if inhaled, in sufficient quantities, may be harmful. The actual decomposition products depend on temperature

and the amount of oxygen. Proper ventilation should be used at all curing temperatures.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity**

products

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
Ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer	Rat - Oral - LD50	60 g/kg
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
toluene	Rat - Oral - LD50	5580 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	49 g/m³ [4 hours]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5 g/kg
, , ,	Rat - Oral - LD50	6190 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	30 mg/l [4 hours]
dimethyl phthalate	Rat - Oral - LD50	6800 mg/kg
2-butoxyethanol	Rat - Oral - LD50	1200 mg/kg
•	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	3 mg/l [4 hours]
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
,	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1500 mg/kg
, ,	Rat - Oral - LD50	1880 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
,	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]

Page: 12/21 **United States** 

Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 13500 mg/kg
Rat - Oral - LD50 3002 mg/kg

Product Conclusion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Observation period: 28 days	-
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
-butoxyethanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Observation period: 21 days	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
toluene	-	3	-
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

**Carcinogen Classification** 

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

code:

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

United States Page: 13/21

#### Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result
toluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
dimethyl phthalate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
xylene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
toluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 2
dimethyl phthalate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-butoxyethyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. **Skin contact** 

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

redness

**United States** Page: 14/21

Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

United States Page: 15/21

#### **Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX**

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX	11376.3	6362.4	N/A	19.7	10.0
Ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer	60000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	N/A	N/A	49	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
dimethyl phthalate	6800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	2500	N/A	3	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1880	1500	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	3002	13500	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
Manium dioxide	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water >100 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - Daphnia magna
toluene	EC50 3.78 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
	LC50 5.5 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 134 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
dimethyl phthalate	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 50000 to 69000 μg/l [96 hours] Mortality	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water ISO	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
	Age: <24 hours 284 mg/l [48 hours]	

United States Page: 16/21

#### **Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX**

## Section 12. Ecological information

	Intoxication	
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -
	ISO	Raphidocelis subcapitata -
	50.4 mg/l [72 hours]	Exponential growth phase
	Population	
2-butoxyethanol	Acute - LC50	Fish
	OECD 203	
	1474 mg/l [96 hours]	
	Chronic - NOEC	Fish
	>100 mg/l [21 days]	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Acute - LC50	Fish
	28 mg/l [96 hours]	
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia
	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]	
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia
	1 mg/l	
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute - LC50	Fish
	OECD 203	
	>100 mg/l [96 hours]	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
<b>2</b> -methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	83% [28 days] - Readily
2-butoxyethyl acetate	OECD 301A
	97% [7 days] - Readily
ethylbenzene	79% [10 days] - Readily
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301A
	98.5% [28 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
toluene	2.73	90	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	Low
acetate			
dimethyl phthalate	1.54	-	Low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan- 2-one	-0.14 to 1.03	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

	<b>United States</b>	Page: 17/21
--	----------------------	-------------

Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	1702.1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, toluene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the

RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

United States Page: 18/21

Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Version 8** 

#### **Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX**

## 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

2-ethoxyethanol Listed 40 CFR 721.10001

2-ethoxyethyl acetate Listed mercury Listed

SARA 302/304

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable. Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
toluene	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
dimethyl phthalate	≥5.0 - ≤10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

**United States** Page: 19/21

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

## Section 15. Regulatory information

		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-butoxyethanol	≥5.0 - ≤8.9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
xylene	≥5.0 - ≤7.4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-butoxyethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤3.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ethylbenzene	≤2.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICÏTY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	<u> </u>	, , , ,

#### **SARA 313**

	<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Supplier notification	: toluene	108-88-3	10 - 30
	dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	5 - 10
	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	5 - 10
	xylene	1330-20-7	3 - 7
	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	1 - 5
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5 - 1.5
	lead massive	7439-92-1	0.00000022124
	mercury	7439-97-6	0.000000044291

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

United States	Page: 20/21
---------------	-------------

Product code UC56600/DRV Date of issue 16 August 2025

**Product name \*DURANAR WHITE EZ INTERMIX** 

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue : 4/29/2025

Organization that prepared

: EHS

the SDS

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States Page: 21/21

**Version 8**