SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 15 August 2025

Version 24

Section 1. Identification

Product name : *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Product code : K11870

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

Emergency telephone

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number : 1-888-774-2001 (US and Canada)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 19.8%

(oral), 46.8% (dermal), 30.1% (inhalation)

United States Page: 1/24

Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Hazard statements

: Warning

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

Exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Supplemental label

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

United States Page: 2/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

| Ingredient name | Synonyms | % | CAS number |
|--|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| Manium dioxide | Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00 | 10 - 30 | 13463-67-7 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | Kerosine - unspecified; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic; (Polyethyl) benzenes; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom ultra low naphthalene; Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; preparation containing by weight: — 60 % or more but not more than 75 % of Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (CAS RN 64742-94-5) — 15 % or more but not more than 25 % of 4-(4-nitrophenylazo)-2,6-di-sec-butylphenol (CAS RN 111850-24-9), and — 10 % or more but not more than 15 % of 2-sec-butylphenol (CAS RN 89-72-5); Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Heavy solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom; AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE | 10 - 30 | 64742-94-5 |
| toluene | Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; toluene, crude; t-butylchloride dimethylsilane, solution in toluene; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene | 5 - 10 United States | 108-88-3 Page: 3/24 |

United States Page: 3/24

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Section 3. Composition/in | | ſ | <u> </u> |
|---|--|-------|------------|
| | (CAS RN108-88-3); preparation containing: — 74 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-α-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 26 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3); methacide | | |
| xylene | Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene | 1 - 5 | 1330-20-7 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUEM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM | 1 - 5 | 64742-95-6 |
| 2-butoxyethanol | ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; Butylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n-butyl ester; Jeffersol EB; Ektasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl oxitol; EGBE; Butyl cellosolve7 | 1 - 5 | 111-76-2 |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-; DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER; Butyldiglycol; Diethylene glycol, monobutyl ether; butyldigol; DEGBE; DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONO-N- BUTYL ETHER; BUTOXYDIGLYCOL; DEGBE; Diglycol monobutyl ether; Butyl carbitol | 1 - 5 | 112-34-5 |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | diacetone alcohol; 2-Pentanone, | 1 - 5 | 123-42-2 |

United States

Page: 4/24

United States

Page: 5/24

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Section 3. Composition/in | | | |
|---|---|-----------|------------|
| | 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-; Diacetone alcohol (4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone); 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone; 2-Methyl-2-pentanol-4-one; Diacetone; 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone; 4-hydroxy-4-methyl-pentan-2-one; 4-Hydroxy-2-keto-4-methylpentane; DIACETONE ALCOHOL, TECHNICAL; 2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-4-pentanone | | |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-; .pseudoCumene; Pseudocumene; psi-Cumene; Asymmetrical trimethylbenzene; hemimellitene; solution of more than 61% but not more than 63% by weight of methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (CAS RN 12108-13-3) in an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent, containing by weight not more than:—4,9% of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS RN 95-63-6),—4,9% of naphthalene (91-20-3), and—0,5% of 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene; unsym-Trimethylbenzene; Trialkyl(C1-4) benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene | 1 - 5 | 95-63-6 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis [oxirane] (700<mw<=1100)< td=""><td>1 - 5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<></td></mw<=1100)<> | phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis [oxirane] (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>1 - 5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<> | 1 - 5 | 25036-25-3 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres | 1 - 5 | 14807-96-6 |
| butan-1-ol | n-butanol; 1-Butanol; n-BUTYL ALCOHOL; n-Propyl carbinol; 1-Hydroxybutane; Butyl alcohol; mixture, containing by weight: - 30 % or more, but not more than 40 % of a copolymer of vinyl methyl ether and monobutyl maleate, - 10 % or more, but not more than 20 % of a copolymer of vinyl methyl ether and monoethyl maleate, - 40 % or more, but not more than 55 % of ethanol, - 1 % or more, but not more than 7 % of 1-butanol; 1-Butanol (I); n-Butyl alcohol (I); METHYLOLPROPANE; Butyl hydroxide | 1 - 5 | 71-36-3 |
| ethanol | ethyl alcohol; ALCOHOL; Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol); EtOH; Grain alcohol; Cologne | 0.5 - 1.5 | 64-17-5 |

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| • | | I | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------------|
| | alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % or more and containing up to 20 % activated carbon; aqueous solution, containing by weight - 25 % or more, but not more than 35 % of a copolymer of vinyl caprolactam, vinyl pyrrolidone, N,N-dimethylaminopropyl methacrylamide and 3-(methacryloylamino) propyllauryldimethylammonium chloride, -10 % or more, but not more than 16 % of ethanol whether or not denatured with tert-butyl alcohol and/or denatonium benzoate; Blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and aldehydes, higher alcohols and water; blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and water; Denatured Alcohol | | |
| aluminium hydroxide | Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminium hydroxide (Al(OH)3); Alumina hydrate; Aluminium hydroxide gel; Aluminium trihydrate; Amorphous alumina; C.I. Solvent Red 48 preparation, in a form of dry powder, containing by weight: — 16 % or more but not more than 25 % of Colourant C.I. Solvent Red 48 (CAS RN 13473-26-2) — 65 % or more but not more than 75 % of aluminium hydroxide (CAS RN 21645-51-2); C.I. Pigment Red 174 preparation, in a form of dry powder, containing by weight: — 16 % or more but not more than 21 % of Colourant C.I. Pigment Red 174 (CAS RN 15876-58-1) — 65 % or more but not more than 69 % of aluminium hydroxide (CAS RN 21645-51-2); Aluminum hydroxide (Al (OH)3); ALUMINUM TRIHYDRATE; ALUMINUM HYDRATE | 0.5 - 1.5 | 21645-51-2 |
| ethylbenzene | Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene | 0.1 - 1 | 100-41-4 |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

United States Page: 6/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

United States Page: 7/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

United States Page: 8/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Product code K11870

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

United States Page: 9/24

United States

Page: 10/24

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions

: Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| Intanium dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. toluene | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. CEIL: 300 ppm. AMP 10 minutes: 500 ppm. |
| xylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 2-butoxyethanol | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) Absorbed |

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor.

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 ma/m³.

through skin.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³.

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)

Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable

fraction.

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States)

TWA: 2 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³. **ACGIH TLV (United States)**

TWA: 1 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

Ototoxicant.

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.

Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization С

= Ceiling Limit F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit = Total dust TD

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value R = Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

procedures

butan-1-ol

ethanol

aluminium hydroxide

ethylbenzene

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national quidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

United States Page: 11/24 Product code K11870 Date of issue 15 August 2025

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Version 24

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

United States Page: 12/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.

Odor : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.Flammability: Not available.Lower and upper explosive: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.24

Density (lbs / gal) : 10.35

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

% **Solid.** (w/w) : 54.996

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

United States Page: 13/24

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Dose |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| titanium dioxide | Rat - Oral - LD50 | >5000 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | >5000 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and | >6.82 mg/l [4 hours] |
| | mists | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | Rat - Oral - LD50 | >5 g/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and | >5.2 mg/l [4 hours] |
| | mists | |
| toluene | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 5580 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 49 g/m³ [4 hours] |
| xylene | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 4.3 g/kg |
| | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 1.7 g/kg |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 8400 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 3.48 g/kg |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 1200 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Dermal - LD50 | >2000 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 3 mg/l [4 hours] |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 4500 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 2700 mg/kg |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 13500 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 3002 mg/kg |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 5 g/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 18000 mg/m³ [4 hours] |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>Rat - Oral - LD50</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td></mw<=1100)<> | Rat - Oral - LD50 | >2000 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Dermal - LD50 | >2000 mg/kg |
| butan-1-ol | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 3400 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 790 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 24000 mg/m³ [4 hours] |
| ethanol | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 7 g/kg |
| | Rat - Dermal - LD50 | 17100 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 124700 mg/m³ [4 hours] |
| aluminium hydroxide | Rat - Oral - LD50 | >5000 mg/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and | >5.09 mg/l [4 hours] |
| | mists | |
| ethylbenzene | Rat - Oral - LD50 | 3.5 g/kg |
| | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 | 17.8 g/kg |
| | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor | 17.8 mg/l [4 hours] |

Product Conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

United States Page: 14/24

Product code K11870

Date of issue 15 August 2025 Version 24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Species | Dose | Score |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------|
| xylene | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant | Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg | - |
| | | Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours | |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant | Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Observation period: 28 days | - |

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Species | Dose | Score |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| -butoxyethanol | Rabbit - Eyes - Irritant | Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Observation period: 21 days | - |
| butan-1-ol | Rabbit - Eyes - Cornea opacity | - | Irritation score: 4 |

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Skin

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary :

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| titanium dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| toluene | - | 3 | - |
| xylene | - | 3 | - |
| 2-butoxyethanol | - | 3 | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

code:

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

United States Page: 15/24

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| toluene | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| xylene | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| butan-1-ol | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--|
| toluene | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) |
| ethylbenzene | (inhalation) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--|
| toluene xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| United States Page | ge: 16/24 |
|--------------------|-----------|
|--------------------|-----------|

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

United States Page: 17/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged General

> or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 100 S.G. WILD WHITE | 9876.9 | 7943.8 | N/A | 53.0 | 17.6 |
| toluene | 5580 | N/A | N/A | 49 | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 8400 | 3480 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 1200 | 2500 | N/A | 3 | N/A |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 4500 | 2700 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | 3002 | 13500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 18 | 1.5 |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<> | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| butan-1-ol | 790 | 3400 | N/A | 24 | N/A |
| ethanol | 7000 | 17100 | N/A | 124.7 | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

United States Page: 18/24

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| iranium dioxide | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| | >100 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | NOEL - Fresh water | Daphnia |
| | OECD [Daphnia Magna | |
| | Reproduction Test] | |
| | 0.48 mg/l [21 days] | |
| toluene | EC50 | Daphnia |
| | 3.78 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| | LC50 | Fish |
| | 5.5 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute - LC50 | Fish |
| | 8.2 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Acute - LC50 | Fish |
| · | OECD 203 | |
| | 1474 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| | Chronic - NOEC | Fish |
| | >100 mg/l [21 days] | |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute - LC50 | Fish |
| , | OECD 203 | |
| | >100 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| butan-1-ol | Acute - LC50 | Fish |
| | OECD 203 | |
| | 1376 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| ethanol | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia |
| | OECD | magna |
| | Age: 8 to 24 hours | , and the second |
| | 7640 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| | Intoxication | |
| ethylbenzene | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water | Daphnia |
| • | 1.8 mg/l [48 hours] | , |
| | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia |
| | 1 mg/l | |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ♣-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | OECD 301A |
| | 98.5% [28 days] - Readily |
| ethylbenzene | 79% [10 days] - Readily |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| | United States | Page: 19/24 |
|--|----------------------|-------------|
|--|----------------------|-------------|

Date of issue 15 August 2025

Version 24

Product code K11870

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | 2.8 to 6.5 | - | High |
| heavy arom. | | | |
| toluene | 2.73 | 90 | Low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 0.81 | - | Low |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 1 | - | Low |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan- | -0.14 to 1.03 | - | Low |
| 2-one | | | |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.23 | Low |
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| ethanol | -0.35 | - | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition

coefficient

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

| | DOT | IMDG | IATA |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class (es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |

United States Page: 20/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

14. Transport information

Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Marine pollutant Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

substances

Product RQ (lbs)2590.1Not applicable.Not applicable.

RQ substances (xylene, toluene) Not applicable. Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the

RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations :

TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

mercury Listed

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

United States Page: 21/24

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Name | % | Classification |
|--|-------------|--|
| titanium dioxide | ≥20 - ≤50 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | ≥10 - ≤20 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 |
| heavy arom. | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN ŤOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| toluene | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| | | EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid |
| xylene | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| 1,5,5,5 | | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| light aromatic | _1.0 _0.0 | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Ingrit di omatio | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| 2-butoxyethanol | ≥1.0 - ≤4.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 |
| 2 batoxyothanor | _1.0 _1.0 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | ≥1.0 - ≤4.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 |
| 2 (2 Batoxyotrioxy)otriarior | _1.0 _1.0 | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one | >1 0 - <4 0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| I mydroxy i motrfylponian 2 ono | -1.0 -1.0 | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ≥1.0 - ≤3.3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| 1,2,1 unitoury is on 20110 | -1.0 -0.0 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>≥1.0 - ≤3.2</td><td>COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS</td></mw<=1100)<> | ≥1.0 - ≤3.2 | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS |
| | _1.00.2 | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | LIL INTERIOR - Gategory 2A |

United States Page: 22/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | 1 | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform | ≥1.0 - ≤3.1 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| fibres | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| butan-1-ol | ≥1.0 - <3.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| ethanol | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| ethylbenzene | <1.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| | | EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| 1 | | <u> </u> |

SARA 313

| | Chemical name | CAS number | Concentration |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Supplier notification | : toluene | 108-88-3 | 5 - 10 |
| | xylene | 1330-20-7 | 1 - 5 |
| | 2-butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |
| | 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | 112-34-5 | 1 - 5 |
| | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1 - 5 |
| | butan-1-ol | 71-36-3 | 1 - 5 |
| | ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 1 |
| | antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow | 8007-18-9 | 0.1 - 1 |
| | lead massive | 7439-92-1 | 0.000014485 |
| | mercury | 7439-97-6 | 0.0000020608 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

United States Page: 23/24

Product name *D100 S.G. WILD WHITE

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue : 4/25/2025

Organization that prepared

the SDS

: EHS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States Page: 24/24