

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 4 January 2026

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Version 8

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product name** : \*RAYCRON UV WHITE PRIMER/TOPCOAT  
**Product code** : R1394W49/PL  
**Other means of identification** : R1394W49  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications.  
**Use of the substance/mixture** : Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.  
  
**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
  
**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)  
  
**Technical Phone Number** : (414) 764-6000 (OAK CREEK, WI) 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Central

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:  
27.8% (oral), 31.4% (dermal), 73.7% (inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### Hazard statements

- : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys, liver)

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

- : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
- P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

- : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
- P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### Storage

- : P405 - Store locked up.

#### Disposal

- : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Emits toxic fumes when heated.

**Supplemental label elements (First aid measures):** Photosensitive agents : In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

- : Mixture

### Product name

- : \*RAYCRON UV WHITE PRIMER/TOPCOAT

### Other means of identification

- : R1394W49

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hexamethylene diacrylate	≥20 - ≤31	13048-33-4
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	≥5.0 - ≤8.9	42978-66-5
2-phenoxyethyl acrylate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	48145-04-6
isodecyl acrylate	≤1.8	1330-61-6
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	≤1.3	162881-26-7
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	28961-43-5
benzophenone	≤1.2	119-61-9

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### **Eye contact**

- : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  
In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

#### **Inhalation**

- : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

#### **Skin contact**

- : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.  
In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

#### **Ingestion**

- : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

##### **Eye contact**

- : Causes serious eye irritation.

##### **Inhalation**

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### **Skin contact**

- : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

##### **Ingestion**

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

#### **Notes to physician**

- : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### **Specific treatments**

- : No specific treatment.

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Special precautions**

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

#### **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
hexamethylene diacrylate	None.
titanium dioxide	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)</b> TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	None.
2-phenoxyethyl acrylate	None.
isodecyl acrylate	None.
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	None.
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	None.
benzophenone	None.

#### Key to abbreviations

C = Ceiling Limit  
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit  
TLV = Threshold Limit Value  
TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b><u>Individual protection measures</u></b>	
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	: Chemical splash goggles.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
<b>Gloves</b>	: polyethylene butyl rubber
<b>Body protection</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Other skin protection</b>	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	: White.
<b>Odor</b>	: Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>Molecular weight</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Melting point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling point</b>	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 98.89°C (210°F)
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not available.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
Flammability	:	Not available.				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.				
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.				
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.				
Vapor density	:	Not available.				
Relative density	:	1.3				
Density ( lbs / gal )	:	10.85				
Solubility(ies)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Media</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>cold water</td> <td>Not soluble</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Media	Result	cold water	Not soluble	
Media	Result					
cold water	Not soluble					
Solubility in water	:	Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt)				
% Solid. (w/w)	:	99.99%				

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hexamethylene diacrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.65 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
2-phenoxyethyl acrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
isodecyl acrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
phenyl bis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
Propyldynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	6200 mg/kg	-
benzophenone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3140 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9486 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.535 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-

### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

### Conclusion/Summary

#### Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hexamethylene diacrylate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
2-phenoxyethyl acrylate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
isodecyl acrylate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
phenyl bis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

#### Skin

: **isodecyl acrylate:** 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay

#### Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
benzophenone	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
isodecyl acrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
benzophenone	Category 2	oral	kidneys, liver

**Target organs** : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, eyes.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Ingestion

- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Conclusion/Summary

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO<sub>2</sub> is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO<sub>2</sub> particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO<sub>2</sub> when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

#### Potential immediate effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential delayed effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

#### Potential immediate effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential delayed effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

#### General

- : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

#### Carcinogenicity

- : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Reproductive toxicity

- : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
*RAYCRON UV WHITE PRIMER/TOPCOAT	75728.7	5479.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
hexamethylene diacrylate	N/A	3650	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate	6200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
isodecyl acrylate	9486	3140	N/A	N/A	N/A
phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propylidynetrimehtanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzophenone	N/A	3535	N/A	N/A	N/A

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate 2-phenoxyethyl acrylate Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.6 to 10 mg/l  Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l  Acute EC50 70.7 mg/l Acute LC50 1.95 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish  Daphnia Algae  Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours  48 hours 72 hours  48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	OECD Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test	58 to 61 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	Biodegradability
Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid	-		-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diacrylate (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis [oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate phenyl bis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- phosphine oxide Propylidynetrimethanol, ethoxylated, esters with acrylic acid benzophenone	2.81 2 5.77 2.89 3.18	- - - - 12.02	Low Low High Low Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.**

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  (hexamethylene diacrylate, (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  (hexamethylene diacrylate, (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  (hexamethylene diacrylate, (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(hexamethylene diacrylate)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

- Mexico** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### International regulations

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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Organization that prepared the SDS : EHS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*