

Date Issued: 03/30/2021 Supersedes: 09/04/2019

DREXEL PHITICIDE[™]

SECTION 1: MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Drexel Phiticide™
EPA Reg. No.: 19713-625
Product Usage: Fungicide

Manufacturer: Drexel Chemical Company
Address: 1700 Channel Avenue

PO Box 13327

Memphis, Tennessee, 38113-0327, USA

901-774-4370

Emergency TelephoneCHEMTREC800-424-9300Numbers:DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY901-774-4370

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some of the classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Refer to SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

(As defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29)

Label Elements: Signal Word:

WARNING



Classifications:

Hazard Class: <u>Toxicity Study:</u> <u>Category:</u>

Acute Toxicity, InhalationCategory 4Skin corrosion/ irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage / IrritationCategory 2BHazard to Aquatic Environment, short term (Acute)Category 3

Hazard Statements: <u>H Code:</u> <u>Statement:</u>

H332 Harmful if inhaled
H315 Causes skin irritation
H320 Causes eye irritation
H402 Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.

Avoid release into the environment.

Drexel Phiticide™ Page 1 of 8



Response:

If in Eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do so. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

If Swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Treat symptomatically.

If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call POISON CENTER or

doctor if you feel unwell.

If on Skin or Clothing: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If exposed or concerned: None available, get medical attention.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Keep in

original containers and keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store in excessive heat. Do not store near children, food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities.

<u>Specific hazards:</u> None available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION INFORMATION

<u>Chemical Name:</u> Active Ingredient:	<u>Synonym:</u>	CAS No.:	EC No.:	RTECS:	<u>% By Wt.:</u>
Mono- and dibasic sodium, potassium and	Mono- and dibasic sodium, potassium and	Pr	oprietary Mixture		56.2%
Ammonium phosphites Inert Ingredients:	Ammonium phosphites N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.8%

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

Eye Contact: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a

glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin/Clothing Contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20

minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give

artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or

doctor for further treatment advice.

Indication of Medical
Attention and Special
Treatment Needed:

None / Treat symptomatically

There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested.

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 2 of 8



SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Fighting Media: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water fog when fighting fires involving this

product. Do not use water jet, as this may spread burning material. Minimize the use of

water to avoid environmental contamination. Contain all runoff.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Evacuate the area and fight the

fire from upwind at a safe distance to avoid hazardous vapors or decomposition products. Cool containers with water if possible. Dike and collect fire-extinguishing water to prevent

environmental damage and excessive waste runoff.

Special Protective Equipment

for Firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Use full face shield and operate in positive pressure mode. Avoid contact with this material during firefighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant firefighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the

relevant sections.

Specific Fire Hazards: Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of

internal pressure.

Thermal decomposition during a fire can produce fumes and irritating gases.

Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200): Non-combustible

Flash point: Non-combustible (Aqueous formulation)

Lower flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av Upper flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

Gases such as phosphine and oxides of phosphorus.

National Fire Protection Association:

NFPA:	<u>Health</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Reactivity</u>	
	1	0	0	
Ratings:	4-Extreme 3-High	2-Moderate 1	L-Slight 0-Insignificant	

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE, for additional precautionary measures. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent from entering soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. Refer to SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

Steps to be taken if Material is Released or Spilled:

Control the spill at its source.

Small spills: Apply suitable absorbent and sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers.

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 3 of 8



Large spills: Contact Drexel Chemical Company for clean-up assistance. Refer to SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS,

for additional information. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Handling: General Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not swallow.

Avoid breathing dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear chemical protective equipment when handling. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants and shoes with socks when handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and

flame. Refer to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, ventilated and secure area designated specifically for pesticides and away from heat

sources. Keep in original containers and keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store in excessive heat.

Do not store near children, food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Components:	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Mono/dibasic Sodium, Potassium, and	N/A	5mg/m ³
Ammonium Phosphite Mixture		

THIS SECTION IS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD REFER TO THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Engineering Controls:

Ventilation:

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures. When handling this product proper ventilation is required to maintain exposure below the TLV. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with and eyewash facility and safety shower.

Personal Protection:

Eye/Face Protection: Eye contact should be avoided through the use of chemical safety glasses, goggles, or a face shield selected in regard to exposure potential. Wear chemical splash goggles to prevent vapors or mists from entering the eyes. Where there is potential for eye contact have eye flushing equipment available. Safety glasses with side-shields.

Ingestion:

Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face thoroughly with soap and water before smoking or eating. Avoid getting wash water in eyes.

Hand Protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR") or Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl").

Skin Protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task. Safety shower should be located in immediate work area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately, wash skin area with soap and water, and launder clothing before reuse or dispose of properly. Items which cannot be decontaminated, such as shoes, belts and watchbands, should be removed and disposed of properly.

Respiratory Protection:

Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. When handling in enclosed areas, when large quantities of dusts are generated or prolonged exposure is possible in excess of the TLV, use a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 4 of 8



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property Reported Value

Physical State Liquid

Appearance / Color
Odor
Odor
Phosphate
Odor threshold
Phosphate
Odor threshold
Phosphate
Not available
Ph
Relting point
Not available
Freezing point

Sor F

Freezing point <5°F
Boiling point >212°F

Flash point Non-combustible Not available **Evaporation rate** Flammability Not available Upper flammability/explosive limits Not available Lower flammability/explosive limits Not available Vapor pressure Not available Vapor density Not available 11.83 Lbs. / gal. Relative density Solubility in water Complete Solubility in organic solvents Not available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available Not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not available Viscosity Not available **Explosive properties** Not available Oxidizing properties Not available **Dissociation Constant** Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Thermally stable at typical use temperatures and in closed containers.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat of open flame. Avoid high temperatures above 130°F (54.4°C).

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizers, strong reducers and water reacting materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Phosphine and

phosphorus oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:

Potential routes of exposure/potential health effects: Inhalation. Eye Contact. Skin Contact.

 Acute Oral:
 LD₅₀ (Rat):
 >5,000 mg/kg

 Acute Dermal:
 LD₅₀ (Rat):
 >5,000 mg/kg

 Acute Inhalation:
 LC₅₀ (Rat):
 >2.06 mg/L

Eye Irritation:(Rabbit):Practically non-irritatingSkin Irritation:(Rabbit):Slightly irritating

Skin Sensitization: (Guinea Pig): Non-sensitizer (Guinea Pig)

Chronic Toxicity: Prolonged exposure can affect the kidneys, particularly calcification of the kidney.

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 5 of 8



Carcinogenicity: Not expected to be carcinogenic in humans.

Mutagenicity: No data available

Teratogenicity: No data available

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available

Developmental Toxicity: No data available

Other Hazards Effects: No data available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:

Mono/dibasic Sodium, Potassium, and Ammonium Phosphite Mixture

Studies show that phosphorus acid is not harmful to most non-target organisms and of low toxicity to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

Data for the active ingredient potassium phosphite.

ECO-ACUTE TOXICITY

Aquatic Toxicity: Rainbow Trout, LC₅₀ 96 hour >118 mg/L

Daphnia magna, LC₅₀ 48 hour >118 mg/L

Arthropod Toxicity: Bees, Acute LD₅₀ > 145 μg/bee

Bird Toxicity: Mallard Duck, LD₅₀ >5620 mg/kg

Bobwhite Quail, LD₅₀ >5620 mg/kg

Persistence and degradability: Phosphorus acid and its salts are rapidly dissociated in the environment to yield

hydrogen and phosphate ions. Over time, the phosphate ions can be taken up by plants

as various salts, transformed to different oxidation states, or bound with other

substances in soil.

Bioaccumulation: Phosphorus acid and its salts are rapidly dissociated in the environment to yield

hydrogen and phosphate ions. Over time, the phosphate ions can be taken up by plants

as various salts, transformed to different oxidation states, or bound with other

substances in soil.

Mobility in soil: Phosphorus acid and its salts are rapidly dissociated in the environment to yield

hydrogen and phosphate ions. Over time, the phosphate ions can be taken up by plants

as various salts, transformed to different oxidation states, or bound with other

substances in soil.

Other adverse effects: Do not contaminate water supplies, lakes, streams, ponds or drains with this product.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 6 of 8



SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: Not Regulated IMDG: Not Regulated IATA / ICOA: Not Regulated

UN Identification No.:

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class:

Packing Group:

Reportable Quantity:

Environmental Hazard:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Freight Description: Agricultural Fungicide, liquid, n.o.s.

ERG Guide No.: 171

Transport Information Note: See 49 CFR 173.132 (b) (3) & 1712.1-1 Appendix A

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR1910.1200.

Pesticide Registration: This product is a pesticide registered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and is

subject to certain FIFRA labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for

safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

EPA Reg. No.: 19713-625 **FIFRA Label Signal Word:** CAUTION

FIFRA Label Information: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

EPCRA SARA Title III Classification:

Section 302: Extremely Hazardous Substance Notification: This material is not known to contain any

Extremely Hazardous Substances.

Sections 311 and 312: Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard: Yes

Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard: No Fire Hazard: No

Reactive Hazard: No

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No

Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (TRI): This material does not contain any chemical components

with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

CERCLA/SARA 304 Reportable Quantity (RQ): No data available

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261): Not listed / Not available

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 7 of 8



US EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or

are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR

720.30.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic

Enforcement Act of 1986):

Mono/dibasic Sodium, Potassium, and Ammonium Phosphite Listed as causing: Listing date: Listing basis: Not listed Not listed Not listed

Mixture

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date Issued: March 30, 2021 Date Supersedes: September 4, 2019 Revision: 1

For all non-emergency questions 1700 Channel Avenue Phone: 901-774-4370 about this product, please contact: PO Box 13327 Fax: 901-774-4666

Memphis, Tennessee 38113-0327, USA Website: www.drexchem.com

Drexel Chemical Company recommends that each customer or recipient of this SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

Drexel Phiticide[™] Page 8 of 8