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1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Pendulum 2G Granule Herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: crop protection product, herbicide

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC 2 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27713 USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification

Substance number: 63445

Registration number: EPA Registration number: 241-375

1

Molecular formula: C13 H19 N3 O4 Synonyms: pendimethalin

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

^{*} The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

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Carc. 1A (by inhalation) Carcinogenicity
Repr. 1B (unborn child) Reproductive toxicity

STOT RE 2 (by inhalation) Specific target organ toxicity — repeated

exposure

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H360 May damage the unborn child. H350 May cause cancer by inhalation.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated

exposure (inhalation).

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements (Storage): P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

This product is not combustible in the form in which it is shipped by the manufacturer, but may form a combustible dust through downstream activities (e.g. grinding, pulverizing) that reduce its particle size.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

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pendimethalin

CAS Number: 40487-42-1 Content (W/W): 2.0 %

Synonym: N-(1-Ethylpropyl)-2,6-dinitro-3,4-xylidine; Pendimethalin

crystalline silica

CAS Number: 14808-60-7 Content (W/W): > 0.0 - < 10.0% Synonym: No data available.

1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

CAS Number: 872-50-4 Content (W/W): 1.0 - 3.0% Synonym: Elastocoat NMP

crystalline silica

CAS Number: 14808-60-7 Content (W/W): 0.1 - 1.0% Synonym: No data available.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open.

If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

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5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons, If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. Dusty conditions may ignite explosively in the presence of an ignition source causing flash fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Further accidental release measures:

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (e.g. by clearing dusty surfaces with compressed air). Avoid the formation and build-up of dust - danger of dust explosion. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

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RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition. Avoid dust formation. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids (2013 Edition) for safe handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

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crystalline silica OSHA Z1: PEL 0.05 mg/m3 Respirable dust ;

OSHA Z3: TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot

of air Respirable; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 250/(%SiO2+5), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages

of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

OSHA Z3: TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable; The

exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 10mg/m3)/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher

exposure limits.

OSHA, US: TWA value 0.05 mg/m3 (Respirable dust); OSHA, US: OSHA Action level 0.025 mg/m3 (Respirable

dust);

Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be

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decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: solid Odour: odourless

Odour threshold: not applicable, odour not perceivable

Colour: yellow to brown approx. 5 - 7 (1 %(m), 37 °C)

Flash point: not applicable, the product is a solid

Flammability: not flammable

Lower explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with

the intended use.

Upper explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with

the intended use.

Bulk density: 620 - 650 kg/m3 Vapour density: not applicable Partitioning coefficient n- not applicable

octanol/water (log Pow):

Self-ignition not self-igniting

temperature:

Thermal decomposition: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen

dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

Viscosity, dynamic: not applicable, the product is a solid

Solubility in water: dispersible Evaporation rate: not applicable

Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical

parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties: not fire-propagating

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Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme temperatures. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid contamination. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid prolonged storage. This product may form an explosive mixture if: 1. the dust is suspended in the atmosphere as a dust cloud AND 2. the concentration of the dust is above the lower explosion limit (LEL) AND 3. the limiting oxygen concentration (LOC) is exceeded.

Incompatible materials

strong bases, strong acids, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

Possible thermal decomposition products:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact.

Oral

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat Value: > 2.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

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Tested as dust aerosol. No mortality was observed.

Dermal

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 2,000 mg/kg No mortality was observed.

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.

Skin

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Eye

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: There is no evidence of a skin-sensitizing potential.

modified Buehler test Species: guinea pig Result: Non-sensitizing.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration hazard expected. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: crystalline silica

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may result in silicosis. Repeated inhalation exposure may cause inflammatory effects in the lung. The substance may cause increase in lung mass and lung tissue changes after repeated inhalation. This product may contain greater than 0.1% crystalline silica. Repeated exposure to high concentrations results in silicosis, a lung disease characterized by coughing, difficult breathing, wheezing, scarring of the lungs, and repeated, non-specific chest illnesses.

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) has classified this substance as harmful to the lung, kidney and immune system following repeated inhalation exposure.

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Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No substance-specific organtoxicity was observed after repeated administration to animals. Adaptive effects were observed after repeated exposure in animal studies.

Information on: N-Methylpyrrolidone

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation.

The substance may cause damage to the testes after repeated inhalation of high doses.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Mutagenicity tests revealed no genotoxic potential.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: pendimethalin

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats the substance induced thyroid tumors. The effect is caused by an animal specific mechanism that has no human counter part. In long-term studies in mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Information on: crystalline silica

Assessment of carcinogenicity: May cause cancer by inhalation. The substance was found to cause cancer in animal experiments. Epidemiological studies stated a carcinogenic activity also in humans. The substance and its compounds in the form of respirable dusts/aerosolsis classified by the German MAK commision as a category 1 carcinogen (substances that cause cancer to humans). The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this substance as a Group 1 (known) human carcinogen.

NTP listed carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) has classified this substance as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: N-Methylpyrrolidone

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. As shown in animal studies, the product may cause damage to the testes after repeated high exposures that cause other toxic effects. The effects observed on testes and sperm parameters did not affect fertility in rats.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: N-Methylpyrrolidone

Assessment of teratogenicity: After the uptake of small doses toxicity to development will not be expected in humans. Effects observed at maternally toxic doses.

Information on: pendimethalin

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Assessment of teratogenicity: Indications of possible developmental toxicity/teratogenicity were seen in animal studies.

Other Information

Misuse can be harmful to health.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Very toxic (acute effect) to fish. Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic invertebrates. Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic plants.

Toxicity to fish

Information on: pendimethalin

LC50 (96 h) 0.196 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pendimethalin

EC50 (48 h) 0.147 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Aquatic plants

Information on: pendimethalin

EC50 (72 h) 0.00408 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum EC10 (72 h) 0.00157 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic toxicity to fish

Information on: pendimethalin

No observed effect concentration (288 d) 0.0063 mg/l, Pimephales promelas

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pendimethalin

No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.0173 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity

Acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms. Acutely harmful to honeybees.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation potential

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Information on: pendimethalin

Bioconcentration factor: 5,100

Based on a weight of evidence, the compound will not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: pendimethalin

The substance will slowly evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

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Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient.

Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:

Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA: D028

The waste codes are manufacturer's recommendations based on the designated use of the product. Other use and special waste disposal treatment on customer's location may require different waste-code assignments.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

USDOT

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 9 Packing group: III

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ID number: UN 3077 Hazard label: 9, EHSM Marine pollutant: YES

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(contains PENDIMETHALIN)

Air transport IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 9
Packing group: III

ID number: UN 3077 Hazard label: 9, EHSM

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(contains PENDIMETHALIN)

Further information

Product may be shipped as non-hazardous in suitable packages containing a net quantity of 5 kg or less under the provisions of various regulatory agencies: ADR, RID, ADN: Special Provision 375; IMDG: 2:10.2.7; IATA: A197; TDS: Special Provision 99(2); 49CFR: §171.4 (c) (2) and also the Special Provision 375 in Appendix B which is regulated in China "Regulations Concerning Road Transportation of Dangerous Goods Part 3: Index of dangerous goods name and transportation requirements" (JT/T 617.3)

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
PA	872-50-4	N-Methylpyrrolidone
	14808-60-7	crystalline silica
NJ	872-50-4	N-Methylpyrrolidone
	40487-42-1	pendimethalin
	14808-60-7	crystalline silica
	14808-60-7	crystalline silica

Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act, CA Prop. 65:

BASF Risk Assessment, CA Prop. 65:

Based on an evaluation of the product's composition and the use(s), this product does not require a California Proposition 65 Warning.

Labeling requirements under FIFRA

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This chemical is a pesticide product regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
Hazards to humans and domestic animals.
Causes moderate eye irritation.
HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2023/04/03

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

END OF DATA SHEET