

# Saxony™ 100 FS

## Seed Treatment Fungicide

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Azoxystrobin..... 9.67%

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:**

..... 90.33%

**TOTAL:**

..... 100.00%

Contains 0.83 pounds of azoxystrobin per gallon.

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCION

*Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.*

*(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)*

**SEE INSIDE LABEL BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND  
DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

For Medical Emergencies, Call (877) 325-1840

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

EPA Reg. No. 55146-147

Manufactured for  
Nufarm Americas Inc.  
AGT Division  
11901 S. Austin Avenue  
Alsip, IL 60803



**Net Contents**  
**1 Gal.**  
**(3.78 L)**

 **Nufarm**  
Grow a better tomorrow

## FIRST AID

**If swallowed:**

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If on skin or clothing:**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

## HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

### CAUTION / PRECAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber.
- Shoes plus socks

**Note:** Persons involved in bagging treated seed, sewing or moving bags of treated seed, or cleaning up bagging areas or seed treatment equipment are pesticide handlers and must wear the PPE required on this label for pesticide handlers.

### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

The active ingredient, azoxystrobin, in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Azoxystrobin has degradation products which have properties similar to chemicals which are known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow may result in groundwater contamination.

This pesticide is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

For use by commercial seed treaters only in liquid or slurry treaters. Not for use on agricultural establishments in hopper-box, planter-box, slurry-box or other seed treatment applications at or immediately before planting.

Mix thoroughly before use or use entire container at one time. All tank mixes should be pre-tested to determine physical compatibility between formulations. Observe the most restrictive use precautions and limitations on labeling of the products used in mixtures.

**NOTE:** The purchaser of this product is responsible for ensuring that all seed treated with this product is adequately dyed with a suitable colorant to prevent its accidental use as food for man or feed for animals. Refer to 21 CFR, Part 2.25. Any dye or colorant added to treated seed must be cleared for use under 40 CFR, Part 180.900. Federal regulations have established official tolerances for certain pesticide residues. In order that residues on food and forage crops will not exceed established tolerances, use only at specified rates.

Treated seed must not be used for or mixed with food or animal feed or processed for oil. Seed commercially treated with this product must be labeled in accordance with all applicable requirements of the Federal Seed Act.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notifications to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the **restricted-entry interval (REI)** of **4 hours**. Exception: If the seed is treated with the product and the treated seed is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinylchloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

## SEED LABELING

THE FEDERAL SEED ACT REQUIRES THAT BAGS CONTAINING TREATED SEED BE LABELED WITH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

*"This seed has been treated with Saxony 100 FS Seed Treatment Fungicide (azoxystrobin) seed treatment. **DO NOT** use treated seed for food, feed, or oil purposes. Store treated seed away from feed and other foodstuffs."*

LABELS FOR COMMERCIALY TREATED SEED MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ADDITION TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS STATEMENTS:

*"Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging or containers by burial away from bodies of water and in accordance with any local requirements. Cover, incorporate, or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting. **DO NOT** contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water."*

THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ON CONTAINERS CONTAINING TREATED SEED:

*"**DO NOT** allow children, pets or livestock to have access to treated seeds."*

*"Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes, socks, and chemical-resistant gloves when opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed."*

*"After the seeds have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the **restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours**. Exception: If the treated seed is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and chemical-resistant footwear."*

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Apply as a seed treatment using standard slurry or mist-type seed treatment equipment. Uniform application to seed is necessary to ensure seed safety and best disease protection. Seed must be sound and well cured prior to treatment. Product must be diluted with sufficient water to ensure complete seed coverage. Consult a seed treatment specialist regarding slurry rates for the crop to be treated with this product.

When used in combination with other fungicides having a similar biological spectrum, this product will add to the systemic protection of the seed and seedling and improve control under high disease pressure.

<b>CORN</b> (field, pop, sweet) (including seed production)			
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>	<b>Fl. Oz. / 80,000 kernel count*</b>	<b>mg active ingredient / kernel**</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> , <i>Penicillium</i> , and <i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.153	0.0688	0.0025

\* Based on 80,000 kernels of corn weighing 45 lbs.

\*\* Based on 1,777 corn seeds/lb.

<b>SUNFLOWER</b>		
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>	<b>mg active ingredient / kernel*</b>
Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Downy mildew ( <i>Plasmopora halstedii</i> ) (Use the high rate, Suppression only)	3.75 – 15.0	0.025 – 0.1

\*Based on 4,500 sunflower seeds/lb.

<b>BARLEY</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 3.75

<b>BRASSICA:</b>	
Leafy greens subgroup (Broccoli raab, Chinese cabbage, Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens) Head and Stem subgroup (Brocoli, Brussel sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavolo broccolo, Chinese broccoli, Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage, Kohlrabi)	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38

<b>BULB VEGETABLES:</b> Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb), Onion (green), Welch onion, Shallot	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38

<b>CANOLA</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne Blackleg ( <i>Phoma lingam</i> ) Seedling Rhizoctonia Seedling Damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Alternaria Seedling Blight ( <i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	0.10 – 3.75

<b>COTTON</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seedling Damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Pythium Seedling Blight ( <i>Pythium aphanidermatum</i> )	0.10 – 3.75

<b>CUCURBITS:</b>	
Including cultivars and hybrids of these: Cantaloupe, Chayote, Chinese waxgourd, Cucumber, Gourds, Honeydew, Melons, <i>Momordica</i> spp. (Bitter melon, Balsam apple), Muskmelon, Watermelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Zucchini	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38

<b>LEAFY VEGETABLES:</b>	
Including cultivars and hybrids of these: Amaranth; Arugula; Cardoon; Celery; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible; Coriander, leaves (Cilantro); Corn salad; Cress; Dandelion; Dock; Endive; Fennel; Lettuce (head and leaf); Orach; Parsley; Purslane; Radicchio; Rhubarb; Spinach; Swiss chard	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38

**LEGUME VEGETABLES:**

Bean (*Lupinus* spp.)<sup>†</sup> including Grain lupin, Sweet lupin, White lupin, and White sweet lupin  
 Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) including Field bean, Kidney bean, Lima bean, Navy bean, Pinto bean, Runner bean, Snap bean, Tepary bean, Wax bean  
 Bean (*Vigna* spp.)<sup>†</sup> including Adzuki bean, Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea, Catjang, Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Crowder pea, Moth bean, Mung bean, Rice bean, Southern pea, Urd bean, Yardlong bean  
 Broad bean<sup>†</sup> (Fava bean) (*Vicia faba*)  
 Chickpea (Garbanzo bean) (*Cicer arietinum*)  
 Guar<sup>†</sup> (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba*),  
 Jackbean<sup>†</sup> (*Canavalia ensiformis*),  
 Lablab bean<sup>†</sup> (Hyacinth bean) (*Lablab purpureus*),  
 Lentil (*Lens esculenta*)  
 Pea<sup>†</sup> (*Pisum* spp.) Dwarf pea, Edible-pod pea, English pea, Field pea, Garden pea, Green pea, Snow pea, Sugar snap pea, Pigeon pea (*Cajanus cajari*), Sword bean (*Canavalia gladiata*).  
 For soybeans, see Soybean table for specific use directions.

<sup>†</sup> **Not allowed for this use in California**

DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.153 – 0.765

**PEANUT (not allowed for this use in California)**

DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)
Seed-borne Blackleg ( <i>Phoma lingam</i> ) Seedling Rhizoctonia Seedling Damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Aspergillus Crown Rot ( <i>Aspergillus niger</i> ) (Suppression only) White mold / Stem rot ( <i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i> ) (Suppression only)	0.10 – 3.75



<b>PEPPER:</b> Bell, Non-Bell, Sweet Non-Bell <b>EGGPLANT</b> <b>OKRA</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38

<b>POTATO</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Silver scurf ( <i>Helminthosporium solani</i> ) Black scurf & Stem canker ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) (Use the high rate, Suppression only) Black dot ( <i>Colletotrichum coccodes</i> ) (Use the high rate, Suppression only)	0.10 – 3.75

<b>RICE</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> , <i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i> var. <i>graminis</i> ) Brown Spot ( <i>Bipolaris oryzae</i> ) Rice Blast ( <i>Piricularia grisea</i> )	0.153 – 1.53

SORGHUM		
DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)	mg AI / Seed*
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp., <i>Penicillium</i> spp., <i>Pythium</i> spp.) Downy mildew ( <i>Peronosclerospora sorghi</i> ) (Use the high rate, Suppression only)	0.308 – 3.08	0.00062 – 0.0062

\* Based on 14,500 seeds / lb.

SOYBEAN		
DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)	
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling Damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp., <i>Pythium</i> spp.) White mold ( <i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i> ) (Suppression only)	0.153 – 0.459	

TOMATO		
DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)	
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38	

TUBEROUS and CORM VEGETABLES:		
Arracacha <sup>†</sup> , Arrowroot <sup>†</sup> , Arichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem) <sup>†</sup> , Canna <sup>†</sup> , Cassava (Edible <sup>†</sup> , Bitter, and Sweet), Chayote (root) <sup>†</sup> , Chufa <sup>†</sup> , Dasheen (Taro), Ginger <sup>†</sup> , Leren <sup>†</sup> , Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric <sup>†</sup> , Yam (bean) <sup>†</sup> , Yam (true)		
<sup>†</sup> Not allowed for this use in California		
DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)	
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 0.38	

<b>WATERCRESS (not allowed for this use in California)</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 3.75

<b>WHEAT TRITICALE</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Dwarf bunt (partial control) Common bunt	0.153 – 0.382

<b>TURFGRASS: Including bentgrass, bluegrass, bermudagrass, and fescues grown for turf (not allowed for this use in California)</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 3.75
<b>REMARKS</b>	
For early season protection against seed-borne disease and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> damping-off.	

<b>BULBS, CORMS, and TUBERS of Ornamental Flowers and Foliage Plants (not allowed for this use in California)</b>	
<b>DISEASE</b>	<b>RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)</b>
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 3.75
<b>REMARKS</b>	
For early season protection against seed-borne disease and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> damping-off.	

**ORNAMENTAL SEED:** Including those listed in the Ornamental Seed Table below.  
(not allowed for this use in California)

**RESTRICTION: DO NOT** apply Saxony 100 FS Seed Treatment Fungicide to *Malus* spp., *Prunus* spp., or leatherleaf fern (*Rumohra adianformis* and related species).

DISEASE	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs. of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )	0.10 – 3.75

#### REMARKS

For early season protection against seed-borne disease and *Rhizoctonia* damping-off. Azoxystrobin has been shown to be safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in the Ornamental Seed Table. Due to the large number of varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is not possible to test every variety for tolerance to azoxystrobin. For varieties not specified in the Ornamental Seed Table, conduct small scale testing to ensure plant safety before full scale use.

### ORNAMENTAL SEED TABLE (not allowed for this use in California)

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Andromeda, Japanese	<i>Pieris japonica</i>
Arborvitae	<i>Thujaopsis</i> spp.
Aspen Trees	<i>Populus</i> spp.
Aster	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Aucuba, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Azalea, Glacier	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Azaleas	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Balsam	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Barberry	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Begonia (except Rieger begonia)	<i>Begonia</i> spp.
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Black-Eyed Susan	<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>
Blanket-Flower	<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Bougainvillea	<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.
Boxwood	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Buddleia	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Bugle	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Bugleweed	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Burning Bush	<i>Euonymus alatus</i>
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Cactus, Holiday	<i>Schlumbergera</i>
Caladium	<i>Caladium</i> spp.
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>
Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Cedar, Atlas	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>
Cedar, White	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.
Christmas Trees	<i>See Fraser fir, Scotch pine, and Douglas fir</i>
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.
Clethra	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>
Coleus	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Cotoneaster, Creeping	<i>Cotoneaster adpressus</i>
Cotoneaster, Variegated Rockspray	<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium</i> spp.
Crapemyrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Cyclamen	<i>Cyclamen</i> spp.
Cyperus	<i>Cyperus</i> spp.
Cypress, Sawara	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Cypress, Leyland	<i>Chamaecyparis</i> spp.
Daisy, Gerber	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Daisy, Transvaal	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Dogwood	<i>Comus</i> spp.
Dogwood	<i>Comus florida</i>
Dogwood, Pink	<i>Comus</i> spp.
Dumb-Cane	<i>Dieffenbachia</i> spp.
Euonymus, Dwarf Winged	<i>Euonymus alata</i>
Euonymus, Evergreen	<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>
Evergreen, Chinese	<i>Aglaonema</i> spp.
Fatsia, Japanese	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Fig	<i>Ficus</i> spp.
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga</i> spp.
Fir, Fraser	<i>Abies fraseri</i>
Floss-Flower	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis</i> spp.
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>
Geranium	<i>Pelargonium</i> spp.
Grass	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>
Grass, Dwarf Pampas	<i>Phalaris</i> spp.
Grass, Pampas	<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>
Hawthorn, Indian	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>
Heather	<i>Erica dareyensis</i>
Hemlock	<i>Tsuga</i> spp.
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Holly	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Hosta	<i>Hosta</i> spp.
House-Leek	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Hydrangea	<i>Hydrangea</i> spp.
Hydrangea, French	<i>Hydrangea macrophylla</i>
Impatiens	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Iris, African	<i>Dietes iridiodes</i>
Iris, Butterfly	<i>Dietes iridiodes</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Hedera algeriensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Ivy, Swedish	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Juniper	<i>Juniperus procumbens</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Larkspur	<i>Delphinium</i> spp.
Laurel	<i>Laurus nobilis</i>
Laurel, Australian	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
Laurel, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Lilac, California	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Lilac, Wild	<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>
Lily, Peace	<i>Spathiphyllum floribundium</i>
Lily-Turf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Live-Forever	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Magnolia	<i>Magnolia</i> spp.
Magnolia, Saucer	<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i>
Magnolia, Southern	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>
Maple, Japanese	<i>Acer palmatum</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Maple, Sugar	<i>Acer saccharum</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
Mock-Orange	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>
Mugwort	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Nandina	<i>Nandina domestica</i>
Oak, Pin	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
Oak, Red	<i>Quercus falcata</i>
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Orpine	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Palm, Date	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Chamaedora elegans</i>
Palm, Queen	<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i>
Palm, Roebelin's	<i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>
Palm, Sago	<i>Caryota urens</i>
Pansy	<i>Viola</i> spp.
Paper-Plant	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Pear, Bradford's	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>
Periwinkle	<i>Vinca</i> spp.
Petunia	<i>Petunia</i> spp.
Philodendron	<i>Philodendron</i> spp.
Phlox	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
Photinia, Red-Tip	<i>Photinia glabra</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Pine, Black	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Pine, Eastern White	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
Pine, Muhgo	<i>Pinus muhgo</i>
Pine, Scotch	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>



COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Pink	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
Poinsetta	<i>Euphorbia</i> spp.
Pothos	<i>Epipremnum</i> spp.
Primrose	<i>Primula</i> spp.
Pussy's-Foot	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Redbud, Western	<i>Cercis occidentalis</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Ribbon-Grass	<i>Setaria</i> spp.
Rose of Sharon	<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>
Rose	<i>Rosa</i> spp.
Rose-Bay	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Rosemary (Prostrate)	<i>Rosmarinus</i> spp.
Rubber-Plant, Baby	<i>Peperomia</i> spp.
Rubber-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Sage	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Sagebrush	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Snap-Dragon	<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.
Snowball	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Spirea	<i>Spirea budalda</i>
Spirea	<i>Spirea japonica</i>
Spruce, Blue	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Spruce, Norway	<i>Picea abies</i>
Spruce, White	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Starwort	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Stonecrop	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Sweet Alyssum	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>
Thyme, Creeping	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Umbrella-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Verbena	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Vervain	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum</i> spp.
Vinca	<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>
Viola	<i>Viola</i> spp.
White alder	<i>Clethra</i> spp.
Wiegela, Pink	<i>Wiegela florida</i>
Willow, Virginia	<i>Itea virginica</i>
Winterberry	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Wormwood	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Yaupon	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Yew, Spreading	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
Yucca	<i>Yucca</i> spp.
Zebra-Plant	<i>Aphelandra</i> spp.
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia</i> spp.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container in a dry, temperature controlled, secure place.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

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RV082114

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# SAXONY™ 100 FS

## SEED TREATMENT FUNGICIDE

### ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Azoxystrobin ..... 9.67%

### OTHER INGREDIENTS:

..... 90.33%

### TOTAL:

..... 100.00%

Contains 0.83 pounds of azoxystrobin per gallon.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCION

*Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.*

*(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)*

**SEE INSIDE LABEL BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

For Medical Emergencies, Call (877) 325-1840

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

## FIRST AID

**If swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **If on skin or clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **HOT LINE NUMBER:** Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

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EPA Reg. No. 55146-147

Manufactured for Nufarm Americas Inc.

AGT Division

11901 S. Austin Avenue

Alsip, IL 60803

**Net Contents: 1 Gal. (3.78 L)**

PULL HERE TO OPEN

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