| AMINOPYRALID | GROUP | 4 | HERBICIDE |
|--------------------|-------|---|-----------|
| METSULFURON-METHYL | GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |

FIFRA Section 24(c) Special Local Need (SLN) Label

For Distribution and Use Only in the State of Oregon

Opensight®

EPA Reg. No. 62719-597

EPA SLN No. OR-110017

For Control of Herbaceous Broadleaf Weeds and Woody Plants in Forest Plantations

This label is valid until December 31, 2026, or until otherwise amended, withdrawn, canceled, or suspended.

Active Ingredients:

| Potassium salt of 2-pyridine | |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------|
| carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3,6-dichloro | 62.13% |
| Metsulfuron methyl (Methyl 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6- | |
| methyl-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl)-amino]carbonyl] | |
| amino]sulfonyl]benzoate) | 9.45% |
| Other Ingredients | 28.42% |
| Total | 100.0% |

Acid Equivalent: aminopyralid (2-pyridine carboxylic acid, 4-amino-3,6-dichloro-) - 52.5%

Contains 0.62 pound potassium salt of aminopyralid active ingredient (0.525 pound acid equivalent) and 0.0945 pound metsulfuron methyl per pound of product

Keep Out of Reach of Children WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This chemical has the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

Non-Target Organism Advisory

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in area adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by minimizing spray drift. For further guidance and instructions on how to minimize spray drift, refer to the Spray Drift Management section of this label.

Windblown Soil Particles Advisory

This product has the potential to move off-site due to wind erosion. Soils that are subject to wind erosion usually have a high silt and/or fine to very fine sand fractions and low organic matter content. Other factors which can affect the movement of windblown soil include the intensity and direction of prevailing winds, vegetative cover, site slope, rainfall, and drainage patterns. Avoid applying this product if prevailing local conditions may be expected to result in off-site movement.

Directions for Use

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This SLN label and the main EPA-registered label for this product must be in the possession of the user at the time ofpesticide application.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on this SLN label and the label affixed to the container for Opensight.
- Read this SLN label and the label affixed to the container for Opensight before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Forest Plantations

Opensight may be applied to forest plantations, as an aerial or ground broadcast application for site preparation, or as a spot application or directed spray application for conifer release (see Application Methods section) to control herbaceous broadleaf weeds and woody plants. Opensight may be applied alone or in tank-mix combinations with labeled rates of other herbicides provided: (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the timing and method of application for the use site to be treated, and (2) mixing is not prohibited by the label of the registered tank mixed products, and (3) that the tank-mix combination is physically compatible (see Tank Mix Compatibility Testing on the label affixed to the container for Opensight). When tank mixing, use only in accordance with the restrictions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels.

Unless otherwise directed, applications of Opensight must include either a crop oil concentrate or a nonionic surfactant. Refer to the label affixed to the container for Opensight for mixing instructions and spray adjuvant information.

Application Methods

For best control from broadcast and directed spray applications of Opensight, use a spray volume that will provide thorough plant coverage. Recommended spray volumes are usually 10 to 30 gallons per acre by air or 10 to 100 gallons per acre by ground.

Forest Site Preparation Directions (aerial or ground broadcast, or spot applications)

Use up to 3.3 oz per acre of Opensight and apply in a total spray volume of 10 to 30 gallons per acre. Tank mixtures with other herbicides registered for forest use, such as Accord XRT II, may improve control of woody brush, grasses, and herbaceous plants. When tank mixtures of herbicides are used for forest site preparation, labels for all products in the mixture must be followed; use the most restrictive label directions including the longest recommended waiting period before planting.

Note: Conifers planted sooner than 2 months (west of the Cascade Mountains) and 4 months (east of the Cascade Mountains) after treatment with Opensight may be injured.

Directed Spray Applications for Conifer Release (including spot application)

NOTE: To prevent injury to or loss of desirable trees, including conifers, avoid spray contact with the foliage, especially small trees and their terminal buds, and avoid application in the root zone especially when making spot treatments.

Use Opensight to release conifers from competing invasive and broadleaf weeds such as thistles, marestail, bracken fern, wild carrot, mustards, knapweeds, tansy ragwort, and sensitive woody plants such as blackberry, buckbrush, snowberry, locust, redbud, and wild roses. The spray mixture should be directed onto foliage of competitive plants using knapsack or backpack sprayers with flat fan nozzles or equivalent any time after plants have reached full leaf size, but before autumn coloration. The majority of treated hardwoods should be less than 6 feet in height to ensure adequate spray coverage. Care should be taken to direct spray away from contact with conifer foliage, particularly foliage of desirable conifers.

Spot Application for site preparation or conifer release: Spot applications may be made at rates equivalent to the broadcast-applied rates of Opensight at 2 to 3.3 oz. per acre per annual growing season depending on the target species. Spray volume should be sufficient to thoroughly and uniformly wet weed foliage. Repeat treatments may be made, but the total amount of Opensight applied must not exceed 3.3 oz per acre per year. To prevent misapplication, spot treatments should be applied using calibrated application systems. Apply the spray mixture using a calibrated boom, boomless nozzle and hand-held or backpack sprayers.

Spot treatments may be applied at an equivalent broadcast rate of up to 6.6 oz of Opensight per acre per annual growing season; however, not more than 50% of an acre may be treated at that rate.

Restrictions

- For use under this SLN label, do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Read and follow all directions, restrictions, and precautions for manure management on the label affixed to the container for Opensight.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3.3 oz per acre of Opensight per annual growing season as a result of broadcast, spot, or repeat applications.
- BUFFER REQUIREMENTS
 - This product must be applied in a manner consistent with Oregon Senate Bill (SB) 1602 of 2020 for helicopter pesticide applications and the Oregon Forest Practices Act for all methods of pesticide applications, including buffer requirements. SB 1602 requires a 300 foot buffer for inhabited dwellings or schools for helicopter pesticide applications. The landowner or school board may request the pesticide application forego all but the inner 60 feet of the SB 1602 300 foot buffer (ORS 527.672). For more information on buffer requirements under SB 1602 and the Oregon Forest Practices Act, visit https://www.oregon.gov/odf/working/Documents/chemicals-and-other-petroleum-products.pdf
 - In addition to the buffer requirements of SB 1602 of 2020 and the Oregon Forest Practices Act, the following label restrictions must be observed:
 - Avoiding Injury to Non-Target Plants: Do not aerially apply Opensight within 50 feet of a border downwind (in the direction of wind movement), or allow spray drift to come in contact with any broadleaf crop or other desirable broadleaf plants. For more information, see Avoiding Injury to Non-Target Plants on the label affixed to the container for Opensight.
 - o If multiple buffers apply, use the greatest buffer distance.

24(c) Registrant:

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