

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 1/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

#### 1. Identification

#### Product identifier used on the label

# Pendulum 3.3 EC Herbicide

### Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

\* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

# Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### Company:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC 2 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27713 USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

# **Emergency telephone number**

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

# Other means of identification

Substance number: 184418

Registration number: EPA Registration number: 241-360

Molecular formula: C13 H19 N3 O4 Synonyms: pendimethalin

#### 2. Hazards Identification

#### According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

### Classification of the product

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity Repr. 2 (unborn child) Reproductive toxicity

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 2/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic STOT SE 3 (Vapours may cause Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

drowsiness and

dizziness.)

#### Label elements

Pictogram:



### Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapour or spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P391 Collect spillage.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

pendimethalin

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 3/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

> CAS Number: 40487-42-1 Content (W/W): 37.4 %

Synonym: N-(1-Ethylpropyl)-2,6-dinitro-3,4-xylidine; Pendimethalin

solvent naphtha

CAS Number: 64742-94-5 Content (W/W): >= 25.0 - < 50.0%

Synonym: Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom.

Naphthalene, 2-methyl-

CAS Number: 91-57-6

Content (W/W): >= 10.0 - < 15.0% Synonym: No data available.

naphthalene

CAS Number: 91-20-3

Content (W/W): >= 7.0 - < 10.0%

Synonym: Naphthalin

Naphthalene, 1-methyl-

CAS Number: 90-12-0

Content (W/W): >= 5.0 - < 7.0% Synonym: No data available.

### 4. First-Aid Measures

# **Description of first aid measures**

### **General advice:**

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

#### If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

#### If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

#### If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

#### If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: orange-red coloured urine caused by dye (not associated with methemoglobinemia) Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 4/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Hazards: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons, If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire.

# Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

#### **Further information:**

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

# **Environmental precautions**

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

### 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 5/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

#### Protection against fire and explosion:

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

#### Storage stability:

If substance/product crystallizes, thaw at room temperature.

Protect from temperatures below: 0 °C

The product can crystallize below the limit temperature.

Protect from temperatures above: 40 °C

Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored above indicated temperature for extended periods of time.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

# Components with occupational exposure limits

naphthalene ACGIH, US: TWA value 10 ppm;

ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous

absorption

OSHA Z1: PEL 10 ppm 50 mg/m3;

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 6/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

solvent naphtha ACGIH, US: Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total

hydrocarbon vapor); Danger of cutaneous

absorption

ACGIH, US: TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total

hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol

exposures.

Naphthalene, 1-methyl- ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous

absorption

Naphthalene, 2-methyl- ACGIH, US: TWA value 0.5 ppm;

ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; The substance can be

absorbed through the skin.

ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous

absorption

ACGIH, US: TLV-SL 3 mg/100 cm2; ACGIH, US: TWA value 0.05 ppm;

#### Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

# Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

# Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

#### Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

#### **Body protection:**

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

#### General safety and hygiene measures:

Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 7/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid

Odour: aromatic, moderate odour

Odour threshold: Not determined due to potential health hazard by inhalation.

Colour: dark amber pH value: approx. 6 - 7

(20 - 40 g/l, 20 °C)

Freezing point: approx. -19 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Boiling point: approx. 250 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Flash point: approx. 104 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Flammability: not applicable Lower explosion limit: approx. 0.7 %(V)

Information applies to the solvent.

Upper explosion limit: approx. 5.6 %(V)

Information applies to the solvent.

Autoignition: approx. 491 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Vapour pressure: approx. 0.05 hPa

(20 °C)

Information applies to the solvent.

Density: approx. 1.07 g/cm3

(20 °C)

Vapour density: not applicable Self-ignition not self-igniting

temperature:

Thermal decomposition: 226 - 230 °C (DTA)

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen

dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. Under adiabatic conditions the product is capable of self-

sustaining progressive thermal decomposition.

Viscosity, dynamic: approx. 13 mPa.s

(23°C)

Solubility in water: emulsifiable, insoluble

Molar mass: 281.35 g/mol Evaporation rate: not applicable

Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical

parameters is indicated in this section.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 8/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:

Not an oxidizer.

# **Chemical stability**

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

#### Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

# Incompatible materials

Nitric Acid, Sulfuric acid, oxidizing agents, strong alkalies

# **Hazardous decomposition products**

#### Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:

226 - 230 °C (DTA)

Possible thermal decomposition products:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, To be archived: Hydrocarbons Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. Under adiabatic conditions the product is capable of self-sustaining progressive thermal decomposition.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

#### **Acute Toxicity/Effects**

### Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Slightly toxic after single ingestion. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

#### Oral

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: 3,956 mg/kg

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 9/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

**Inhalation** 

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat

Value: > 5.35 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

**Dermal** 

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: > 2,000 mg/kg No mortality was observed.

# Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness or dizziness).

Target organ: Central nervous system

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.

Skin

Species: rabbit

Result: Slightly irritating.

<u>Eye</u>

Species: rabbit

Result: Slightly irritating.

#### Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Species: guinea pig Result: Non-sensitizing.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

May also damage the lung at swallowing (aspiration hazard). The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

# **Chronic Toxicity/Effects**

### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Information on: pendimethalin

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No substance-specific organtoxicity was observed after repeated administration to animals. Adaptive effects were observed after repeated exposure in animal studies.

#### Information on: naphthalene

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated oral uptake of the substance did not cause substance-related effects. The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 10/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

repeated inhalation. Repeated dermal uptake of the substance did not cause substance-related effects.

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#### Genetic toxicity

Information on: pendimethalin

Assessment of mutagenicity: No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with microorganisms and mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals.

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### Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Information on: pendimethalin

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats the substance induced thyroid tumors. The effect is caused by an animal specific mechanism that has no human counter part. In long-term studies in mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Information on: pendimethalin

Assessment of teratogenicity: Indications of possible developmental toxicity/teratogenicity were seen in animal studies.

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# Experiences in humans

Pendimethalin is a strongly orange-red compound - virtually an aniline dye. Cases have been described of of orange-yellow colouration of urine following heavy exposure of workers to the dust of pendimethalin. Despite its structure as both a nitro-compound and aromatic amine, exposure to pendimethalin is NOT associated with methemoglobinemia.

#### Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the respiratory system, skin or eyes may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures.

# 12. Ecological Information

# **Toxicity**

Aquatic toxicity
Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic organisms.

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 11/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

#### Toxicity to fish

Information on: pendimethalin

LC50 (96 h) 0.196 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss

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#### Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pendimethalin

EC50 (48 h) 0.147 mg/l, Daphnia magna

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#### Aquatic plants

Information on: pendimethalin

EC50 (72 h) 0.00408 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum EC10 (72 h) 0.00157 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

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## Chronic toxicity to fish

Information on: pendimethalin

No observed effect concentration (288 d) 0.0063 mg/l, Pimephales promelas

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# Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pendimethalin

No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.0173 mg/l, Daphnia magna

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# Assessment of terrestrial toxicity

Acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms.

### Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

# Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Information on: pendimethalin

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

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# Bioaccumulative potential

# Assessment bioaccumulation potential

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

# Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 12/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: pendimethalin

The substance will slowly evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

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#### **Additional information**

Other ecotoxicological advice:

The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient. Do not release untreated into natural waters.

# 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### Container disposal:

Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA: D028

The waste codes are manufacturer's recommendations based on the designated use of the product. Other use and special waste disposal treatment on customer's location may require different waste-code assignments.

# 14. Transport Information

#### Land transport

**USDOT** 

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport

**IMDG** 

Hazard class: 9
Packing group: III

ID number: UN 3082 Hazard label: 9, EHSM Marine pollutant: YES

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (contains PENDIMETHALIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 9
Packing group: III

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 13/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

ID number: UN 3082 Hazard label: 9, EHSM

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (contains PENDIMETHALIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)

#### **Further information**

Product may be shipped as non-hazardous in suitable packages containing a net quantity of 5 L or less under the provisions of various regulatory agencies: ADR, RID, ADN: Special Provision 375; IMDG: 2.10.2.7; IATA: A197; TDG: Special Provision 99(2); 49CFR: §171.4 (c) (2) and also the Special Provision 375 in Appendix B which is regulated in China "Regulations Concerning Road Transportation of Dangerous Goods Part 3: Index of dangerous goods name and transportation requirements" (JT/T 617.3)

DOT: This product is regulated if the amount in a single receptacle exceeds the Reportable Quantity (RQ). Please refer to Section 15 of this SDS for the RQ for this product.

# 15. Regulatory Information

#### **Federal Regulations**

# Registration status:

Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

**EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):** Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

| <b>CERCLA RQ</b> | <b>CAS Number</b> | <b>Chemical name</b> |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 100 LBS          | 91-20-3           | naphthalene          |

# State regulations

| State RTK | CAS Number | Chemical name          |
|-----------|------------|------------------------|
| NJ        | 91-20-3    | naphthalene            |
|           | 40487-42-1 | pendimethalin          |
|           | 64742-94-5 | solvent naphtha        |
|           | 90-12-0    | Naphthalene, 1-methyl- |
| PA        | 91-20-3    | naphthalene            |
|           | 64742-94-5 | solvent naphtha        |
|           | 90-12-0    | Naphthalene, 1-methyl- |
|           | 91-57-6    | Naphthalene, 2-methyl- |
|           | 107-06-2   | 1,2-dichloroethane     |

# Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act, CA Prop. 65:

# BASF Risk Assessment, CA Prop. 65:

Based on an evaluation of the product's composition and the use(s), this product does not require a California Proposition 65 Warning.

# **NFPA Hazard codes:**

Health: 1 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 1 Special:

Revision date: 2023/08/04 Page: 14/14 Version: 8.0 (10322258/SDS\_CPA\_US/EN)

# Labeling requirements under FIFRA

This chemical is a pesticide product regulated by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

**CAUTION:** 

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.

Causes eye irritation.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

# 16. Other Information

#### SDS Prepared by:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US NA Product Regulations

SDS Prepared on: 2023/08/04

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

**END OF DATA SHEET**