ABOLISH® 8 EC (high flash)



Safety Data Sheet - GHS

1. IDENTIFICATION: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME: ABOLISH® 8 EC (high flash)

EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 59639-79 **VC NUMBER(S)**: 1109 **SYNONYM(S)**: None

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Rice herbicide

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

VALENT U.S.A. LLC P.O. Box 5075 4600 Norris Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

HEALTH EMERGENCY OR SPILL (24 hr): (800) 892-0099
TRANSPORTATION (24 hr.): CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 or (202) 483-7616

PRODUCT INFORMATION

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS: (800) 682-5368

The current SDS is available through our website (www.valent.com), or by calling the product information numbers listed above.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA-required classifications on the product label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law under EPA FIFRA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15, REGULATORY INFORMATION for an explanation.

Classification - (per U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazcom 2012))

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B

Label elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger



Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed May be harmful in contact with skin May cause genetic defects May cause cancer

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Response

IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes None. Skin None. Inhalation None.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

FIRE None. Spill None.

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

- Very toxic to aquatic life
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

For information on Transportation requirements, see Section 14.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	TRADE SECRET
Thiobencarb	28249-77-6	81 - 87	
Total hydrocarbons	64742-94-5	4 - 7	-
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<0.5	*
Others	No CAS#	12 - 19	=

Other ingredients, which may be maintained as trade secrets, are any substances other than an active ingredient contained in this product. Some of these may be hazardous, but their identities are withheld because they are considered trade secrets. The hazards associated with the other ingredients are addressed in this document. Specific information on other ingredients for the management of exposures, spills, or safety assessments can be obtained by a treating physician or nurse by calling (800) 892-0099 at any time.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency Telephone: (800) 892-0099 SDS NO.: 0198 **REVISION DATE: REVISION NUMBER:** 09/03/2020

EMERGENCY NUMBER (800) 892-0099

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

EYE CONTACT:

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

SKIN CONTACT:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

INGESTION:

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

INHALATION:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

Thiobencarb is a cholinesterase inhibitor. If signs of cholinesterase inhibition appear, atropine is antidotal.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point °C

Flash point °F 197 °F

FLASH POINT METHOD: SetaFlash Closed Cup

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - LOWER (%):

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - UPPER (%):

Not applicable
Not applicable

NFPA RATING:

Health: 1
Flammability: 2
Reactivity: 1
Special: None

(Least-0, Slight-1, Moderate-2, High-3, Extreme-4). These values are obtained using professional judgement. Values were not available in the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association, NFPA.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Liquid evaporates and forms vapor (fumes) which can catch fire and burn with explosive violence. Invisible vapor spreads easily and can be set on fire by many sources such as pilot lights, welding equipment, and electrical motors and switches. Fire hazard is greater as liquid temperature rises above 85 °F.

Products of combustion from fires involving this material may be toxic. Avoid breathing smoke and mists. Avoid personnel and equipment contact with fallout and runoff. Minimize the amount of water used for fire fighting. Do not enter any enclosed area without full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing equipment. Contain and isolate runoff and debris for proper disposal. Decontaminate personal protective equipment and fire fighting equipment before reuse.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce: oxides of sulfur, and nitrogen compounds. Combustion may produce toxic compounds of chlorine.

Incomplete combustion can produce carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

VALENT EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 892-0099 CHEMTREC EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300 OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS IN SECTION 8: PERSONAL PROTECTION

Stop the source of the spill if safe to do so. Contain the spill to prevent further contamination of the soil, surface water, or ground water. For additional spill response information refer to the North American Emergency Response Guidebook.

UN/NA NUMBER: Not applicable EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NO.: Not applicable

FOR SPILLS ON LAND:

CONTAINMENT: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Contain spilled liquids with dry sorbents.

CLEANUP: Clean up spill immediately. Absorb spill with inert material (such as dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Wash area with soap and water. Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place in a chemical waste container.

FOR SPILLS IN WATER:

CONTAINMENT: This material forms an emulsion in water. Stop or reduce contamination of any water. Isolate contaminated water.

CLEANUP: Remove contaminated water for treatment or disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

HANDLING:

DO NOT USE OR STORE near flame, sparks or hot surfaces. Use only in well ventilated area. Keep container closed.

DO NOT weld, heat or drill container. Replace cap or bung. Emptied container still contains hazardous or explosive vapor or liquid.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of the gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE:

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Keep pesticide in original container. Do not store or transport near food or feed. Do not contaminate food or feed. Do not put concentrate into food or drink containers. Do not dilute concentrate in food or drink containers. Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight. Protect from excessive heat. Do not store at temperatures below 32 °F (0 °C). If the product is exposed to temperatures below 32 °F (0 °C), thaw at room temperature to 50 °F (10 °C) or warmer and shake gently to unify the product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

EYES & FACE: Do not get this material in your eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing protective eyewear.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use this material only in well ventilated areas. If operating conditions result in airborne concentrations of this material, the use of an approved respirator is recommended.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use in a well ventilated area.

SKIN & HAND PROTECTION: Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Skin contact can be minimized by wearing protective clothing including gloves. Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber or Viton >= to 14 mils; a chemical resistant apron when loading formulation into equipment or cleaning equipment, and socks plus shoes.

Discard clothing or other absorbent material that have been heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and was PPE separately from other laundry.

All workers must wear: waterproof boots plus socks when entering flooded fields following treatment.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical name	ACGIH Exposure Limits	OSHA Exposure Limits	Manufacturer's Exposure Limits
Thiobencarb	None	None	None
Total hydrocarbons	100 mg/m³ TWA (17 ppm) TWA	None	None
Naphthalene	10 ppm TWA, 15 ppm STEL skin - potential for absorption	10 ppm TWA,15 ppm STEL 50 mg/m³ TWA, 75 mg/m³ STEL	None
Others	None	None	Not known

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Liquid

AppearanceClearOdorModerately PungentColorAmberOdor thresholdNo information available

PROPERTIES
pHValues
6.1Remarks • Method
@ 27°C (1% w/v emulsion)

Melting point/freezing point No information available

Boiling point/boiling range No information available

Flash point No information available 197 °F SetaFlash Closed Cup

Evaporation rate
No information available
Flammability (solid, gas)
No information available

Flammability Limits in Air
Upper flammability limits Not

Upper flammability limits Not applicable Not applicable

Vapor pressure 2 X 10⁻⁵ mm Hg @ 23°C Thiobencarb

Vapor densityNo information availableSpecific GravityNo information available

Water solubility Emulsifiable

Solubility in other solvents
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity

No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available
46.1 cps @ 22°C, 28.1 cps @

41°C (159 SUS @ 100°F)

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Liquid Density

No information available
No information available
1.14 g/mL

iquid Density 1.14 g/mL

Bulk density No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Oral Toxicity LD 50 (rats) 2810 mg/kg **EPA Tox Category** Ш Dermal Toxicity LD 50 (rabbits) >5 g/kg **EPA Tox Category** IV Inhalation Toxicity LC 50 (rats) >11.4 mg/L **EPA Tox Category** IV Eye Irritation (rabbits) Eye irritation reversible within 7 **EPA Tox Category** Ш

days.

Skin Irritation (rabbits)

Slight to moderate

EPA Tox Category

IV

Skin Sensitization (guinea pigs) Non-sensitizer EPA Tox Category Not applicable

CARCINOGEN CLASSIFICATION

Chemical name	IARC Group 1 or 2	OSHA - Select Carcinogens	NTP Carcinogen List		
Thiobencarb	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Total hydrocarbons	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Naphthalene	Group 2B	Carcinogen	Suspect Carcinogen		
Others	Not Listed	Not listed	Not listed		

TOXICITY OF THIOBENCARB TECHNICAL

SUBCHRONIC: The dermal administration of Bolero 8 EC to rats, six hours per day, five days per week for three weeks, at doses up to 500 mg/kg/day caused reduced body weight gains, body weight and food efficiency. Slight increases in red, dry and flaky skin were observed. The LOEL was 40 mg/kg/day. An eight week dietary range-finding study in rats with thiobencarb technical at doses up to 450 mg/kg/day produced effects consistent with poor palatability (taste) such as weight loss, decreased food consumption, etc. In a 4-week oral toxicity study with thiobencarb technical in dogs with doses of 1, 4, 16 and 64 mg/kg/day, the primary observation was decreased plasma cholinesterase values in the 16 and 64 mg/kg/day dose groups.

CHRONIC/CARCINOGENICITY: Prolonged administration of the active ingredient thiobencarb technical to rats, mice and dogs did not increase their incidence of cancer over that of untreated animals. The primary significant findings were generally attributable to the poor palatability of the diet (e.g. weight loss). The 2 year mouse oncogenicity study demonstrated no oncogenic potential. The systemic NOEL was 3 mg/kg/day for males and 5 mg/kg/day for females based on histopathological changes in the liver. The 2-year rat oncogenicity study showed no carcinogenicity at 25 mg/kg/day and a systemic NOEL of 1 mg/kg/day based on decreased body weight gain, food consumption and efficiency and increased blood urea nitrogen. A 1-year dog study showed a systemic NOEL of 8 mg/kg/day based on decreased body weight gain, increased liver and kidney weights, and hematological and clinical chemistry changes, and a plasma cholinesterase NOEL of 1 mg/kg/day.

NEUROTOXICITY: Based on acute and subchronic (13-week) studies in rats, thiobencarb technical is not expected to be neurotoxic. The systemic and neurobehavioral NOEL in the rat acute study was 100 mg/kg based on increased clinical signs and gait abnormalities, decreased sensory responses, decreased body temperature and decreased motor activity. In the subchronic study, the systemic NOEL was 2 mg/kg/day based on increased clinical signs, decreased body weights, and increased liver and kidney weights. The neurotoxicity NOEL was > 100 mg/kg/day, the highest dose tested.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Thiobencarb technical did not cause birth defects when tested in experimental animals. Teratology studies conducted in rats with 5, 25 and 150 mg/kg for gestation days 6 to 19 show no teratogenic effects at any dose level. Treatment with 150 mg/kg did, however, result in reduced maternal body weight gain and in reduced fetal weights. The maternal and developmental NOELs are 25 mg/kg/day. A teratology study was also conducted in rabbits at dose levels of 2, 20 and 100 mg/kg/day for the day 7-29 gestation period. Maternal body weight gain and mean fetal weights were reduced at 20 and 100 mg/kg/day dose levels, but there were no teratogenic effects. Shortening the treatment period in rabbits to gestation day 6 - 18 reduced maternal and fetal toxicity. Treatment with 20, 100 and 200 mg/kg/day produced no fetal toxicity, teratogenicity or significant maternal effects. Therefore, the maternal NOEL is 100 mg/kg/day and the developmental NOEL is 200 mg/kg/day (the highest dose tested).

REPRODUCTION: Two generation reproduction studies conducted with thiobencarb technical in rats at dose levels ranging from 2 to 100 mg/kg/day did not impair reproductive performance. Relative and absolute liver and kidney weights were increased in both F0 and F1 generations at 20 and 100 mg/kg/day. Decreased body weight gain was observed at 100 mg/kg/day in both generations of the male and in the F1 female generation. The reproductive toxicity NOEL was 100 mg/kg/day.

MUTAGENICITY: Thiobencarb technical is not expected to pose a genetic hazard. It has been studied in in vitro assays for gene mutation, structural chromosome aberrations and DNA damage/repair as well as in vivo assays measuring micronucleus formation and in the dominant lethal assay. The results for all tests except the in vivo micronucleus test were negative. This single report of a positive response is not cause for concern when evaluated in the context of the oncogenicity, teratogenicity and reproductive toxicity studies.

TOXICITY OF OTHER INGREDIENTS:

This product contains a solvent. Solvents, when inhaled, can cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possibly unconsciousness and even death. Ingestion of solvents can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated dermal exposures may cause drying, scaling and even blistering of the skin. Aspiration of low viscosity products can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Symptoms include fatigue, concentration difficulties, anxiety, depression, rapid mood swings and short-term memory loss. The reports are not clear with regard to the types of solvents that may cause these symptoms, and there is controversy amoung scientists to whether the condition exists or is caused by this type of product. Since many other diseases cause some or all of these conditions, a doctor should be consulted if any appear. Chronic (long-term) exposure of workers and rodents to naphthalene has been reported to cause cataracts and damage to the retina. Lesions in the kidneys and thymus, signs of anemia, and reduced spleen weights have been observed in rats and mice chronically exposed via gavage. A National Toxicology Program (NTP) report states that lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene resulted in

increases in tumors of the nose in rats. In another NTP study, lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene increased lung tumors in female mice. The relevance of the rodent findings to humans is unknown. Naphthalene has been listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

For a summary of the potential for adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Section 2. For information regarding regulations pertaining to this product, refer to Section 15.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

AVIAN TOXICITY: Thiobencarb technical is practically nontoxic to birds. Test results include:

Oral LD₅₀ Northern bobwhite: >1938 ppm

Oral LC₅₀ (feeding for 8 weeks) Northern bobwhite: >5620 ppm Oral LC₅₀ (feeding for 5 days) Mallard duck: >5000 ppm

Reproduction (Northern bobwhite): NOEC: 267 ppm, LOEC: 930 ppm Reproduction (Mallard duck): NOEC: 100 ppm, LOEC: 300 ppm

AQUATIC ORGANISM TOXICITY: Freshwater species: Thiobencarb technical is moderately to highly toxic to

freshwater fish and invertebrates. Studies with the technical material and the formulated product show that the LC50's were generally greater than 1 ppm. The following LC₅₀ values summarize the acute toxicity findings for the Bolero 8 EC:

Bluegill sunfish: 1.7 ppm Rainbow trout: 1.1 ppm Channel catfish: 2.3 ppm Daphnid: 0.17 ppm Scud Gammarus: 1.0 ppm Apple snail: 1.85 ppm

Thiobencarb technical can inhibit the reproduction in freshwater invertebrates (Daphnid) at concentrations as low as 3.0 µg/L. Marine/estuarine species: Thiobencarb technical and Bolero 8 EC are moderately to highly acutely toxic to

marine/estuarine fish and invertebrates.

OTHER NON-TARGET ORGANISM TOXICITY:

Exposure of non-target organisms such as honey bees is not expected under normal use conditions of products containing Thiobencarb Technical.

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION:

This pesticide is toxic to shrimp. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Emergency Telephone: (800) 892-0099 SDS NO.: 0198 09/03/2020 **REVISION NUMBER:** REVISION DATE:

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

END USERS MUST DISPOSE OF ANY UNUSED PRODUCT AS PER THE LABEL RECOMMENDATIONS.

PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DISPOSAL METHODS: Check government regulations and local authorities for approved disposal of this material. Dispose of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT (ground) SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated for domestic ground transport by U.S. DOT

REMARKS: When shipped in bulk packaging (>119 gallons capacity): NA1993, Combustible

Liquid N.O.S. (Naphthalene), 3, IIINote RQ = 2,197 ga (Naphthalene)

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

GUIDEBOOK NO.: 128 (for bulk containers)

ICAO/IATA SHIPPING NAME: UN 3082 Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Thiobencarb), 9,

III, Marine Pollutant

REMARKS: •Single or inner packaging less than 5 L (liquid) or 5 Kg net (solids) excepted from

Dangerous Goods regulations – see IATA Special Provision A197.
•For US shipping, Emergency Response Guidebook No. 171

IMDG SHIPPING NAME: UN 3082, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Thiobencarb), 9,

III, Marine Pollutant

REMARKS: •Single or inner packaging less than 5 L (liquid) or 5 Kg net (solids) excepted from

Dangerous Goods regulations – see IMDG 2.10.2.7

•For US shipping, Emergency Response Guidebook No. 171

EMS NO.: F-A, S-F

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA-FIFRA LABEL INFORMATION THAT DIFFERS FROM OSHA-GHS REQUIREMENTS:

Pesticide products in the U.S. are registered by the EPA under FIFRA and are subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements may differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required by OSHA GHS for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The following is the hazard information as required on the FIFRA pesticide label:

- EPA FIFRA SIGNAL WORD: CAUTION
- Harmful if swallowed or inhaled
- · Causes moderate eye irritation
- Avoid contact with eyes or clothing
- Avoid breathing spray mist.
- Keep out of reach of children.

PESTICIDE REGULATIONS: All pesticides are governed under FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act). Therefore, the regulations presented below are pertinent only when handled outside of the normal use and applications of pesticides. This includes waste streams resulting from manufacturing/formulation facilities, spills or misuse of products, and storage of large quantities of products containing hazardous or extremely hazardous

substances.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: Ingredients in this product are reviewed against an inclusive list of federal regulations. Therefore, the user should consult appropriate authorities. The federal regulations reviewed include: Clean Water Act, SARA, CERCLA, RCRA, DOT, TSCA and OSHA. If no components or information is listed in the space below this paragraph, then none of the regulations reviewed are applicable.

Thiobencarb

SARA 313 Chemicals 1.0% de minimis concentration

Naphthalene

Clean Water Act - Hazardous Substances Present
Clean Water Act Section 307 Present

SARA 313 Chemicals 0.1% de minimis concentration

CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): 100 lb (45.4 kg)

Product Reportable Quantity (RQ): 2,197 gallons

SARA (311, 312):

Immediate Health:YesChronic Health:YesFire:YesSudden Pressure:NoReactivity:No

STATE REGULATIONS: Each state may promulgate standards more stringent than the federal government. This section cannot encompass an inclusive list of all state regulations. Therefore, the user should consult state or local authorities. The state regulations reviewed include: California Proposition 65, California Directors List of Hazardous Substances, Massachusetts Right to Know, Michigan Critical Materials List, New Jersey Right to Know, Pennsylvania Right to Know, Rhode Island Right to Know and the Minnesota Hazardous Substance list. For Washington State Right to Know, see Section 8 for Exposure Limit information. For Louisiana Right to Know refer to SARA information listed under U.S. Regulations above. If no components or information is listed in the space below this paragraph, then none of the regulations reviewed are applicable.

Thiobencarb

California - Directors List of Present

Hazardous Substances

NJ Right To Know 3472

Naphthalene

California Proposition 65 carcinogen
California - Directors List of Present

Hazardous Substances

MA Right To Know Present NJ Right To Know 1322

PA Right To Know Environmental hazard

RI Right To Know Listed MN Hazardous Substance Present

For information regarding potential adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Sections 2 and 11.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE: Update the Manufacturer's address.

SDS NO.: 0198 EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 59639-79

REVISION NUMBER: 3

REVISION DATE: 09/03/2020 **SUPERCEDES DATE:** 11/02/2015

RESPONSIBLE PERSON(S): Valent U.S.A. LLC, Corporate EH&S, (925) 256-2803

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate at the time of preparation of the SDS. However, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Valent U.S.A. LLC and its subsidiaries or affiliates extend no warranties, make no representations, and assume no responsibility as to the accuracy, suitability, or completeness of such information. Additionally, to the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Valent U.S.A. LLC nor any of its subsidiaries or affiliates represents or guarantees that this information or product may be used without infringing the intellectual property rights of others. Except to the extent a particular use and particular information are expressly stated on the product label, it is the users' own responsibility to determine the suitability of this information for their own particular use of this product. If necessary, contact Valent U.S.A. LLC to confirm that you have the most current product label and SDS.

This SDS provides important health, safety, and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Act (29 CFR 1910.1200, "Hazcom").

The product label provides information specifically for product use in the ordinary course. All necessary hazard classification and appropriate precautionary use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that label or labeling accompanying the pesticide or to which reference is made on the label.

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