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1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Headline Fungicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: crop protection product, fungicide

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC 2 TW Alexander Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27713 USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification

Substance number: 62270 EPA Registration number: 7969-186

Molecular formula: C19 H18 N3 O4 CI

Chemical family: strobilurine Synonyms: pyraclostrobin

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute toxicity

^{*} The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

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Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation - mist) Acute toxicity

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2A Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity

STOT SE 3 (irritating to Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

respiratory system)

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Label elements

Pictogram:





Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapour.

P280 Wear eye protection.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P264 Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P330 Rinse mouth

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P391 Collect spillage.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Pyraclostrobin

CAS Number: 175013-18-0 Content (W/W): 23.6 % Synonym: No data available.

solvent naphtha

CAS Number: 64742-94-5 Content (W/W): >= 0.0 - < 75.0%

Synonym: Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom.

naphthalene

CAS Number: 91-20-3

Content (W/W): >= 0.0 - < 10.0%

Synonym: Naphthalin

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

CAS Number: 104-76-7 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: 2-Ethylhexanol

Naphthalene, 1-methyl-

CAS Number: 90-12-0

Content (W/W): >= 0.0 - < 10.0% Synonym: No data available.

Naphthalene, 2-methyl-

CAS Number: 91-57-6

Content (W/W): >= 0.0 - < 20.0% Synonym: No data available.

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs., calcium salts

CAS Number: 84989-14-0 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: No data available.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. In case of intoxication, call a

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poison control center or physician for treatment advice, taking the packaging or the label of the product.

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm.

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention. Immediately administer a corticosteroid from a controlled/metered dose inhaler.

If on skin:

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

Immediately wash thoroughly with plenty of water, apply sterile dressings, consult a skin specialist.

If in eyes:

Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

If swallowed:

Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far Hazards: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, To be archived: Hydrocarbons,

If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to

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national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air. Prevent electrostatic charge - sources of ignition should be kept well clear - fire extinguishers should be kept handy.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from foods and animal feeds.

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed. Keep away from heat. Protect from direct sunlight.

Protect from temperatures below: 0 °C

The product can crystallize below the limit temperature.

Protect from temperatures above: 40 °C

Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored above indicated temperature for extended periods of time.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

naphthalene	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US:	TWA value 10 ppm; Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous absorption
	OSHA Z1: ACGIH, US:	PEL 10 ppm 50 mg/m3; Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous absorption
solvent naphtha	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.
	ACGIH, US:	Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Danger of cutaneous absorption
	ACGIH, US:	Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Danger of cutaneous absorption
	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.
Naphthalene, 1-methyl-	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US:	TWA value 0.5 ppm; Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous absorption

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Naphthalene, 2-methyl- ACGIH, US: TWA value 0.5 ppm;

ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; The substance can be

absorbed through the skin.

ACGIH, US: Skin Designation; Danger of cutaneous

absorption

Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Wear face shield or tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles) if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Remove contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid

Odour: faint odour, aromatic

Odour threshold: Not determined since harmful by inhalation.

Colour: dark yellow

pH value: 6.4

solidification approx. -17 °C

temperature:

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onset of boiling: approx. 180 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Flash point: approx. 104 °C

Information applies to the solvent.

Flammability: not applicable Lower explosion limit: approx. 0.7 %(V)

Information applies to the solvent.

Upper explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with

the intended use.

Autoignition: 475 °C (Directive

92/69/EEC, A.15)

Vapour pressure: approx. 0.053 hPa

(20°C)

Information applies to the solvent.

Density: 1.05 g/cm3

(20 °C)

approx. 8.7627 Lb/USg

(68°F)

Vapour density: not applicable Self-ignition approx. 491 °C

temperature:

Thermal decomposition: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen

dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, To be

archived: Hydrocarbons

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

Viscosity, dynamic: 8.8 mPa.s

(40 °C)

approx. 17.5 mPa.s

(20°C)

Viscosity, kinematic: 8.5 mm2/s

(40 °C)

Solubility in water: emulsifiable
Molar mass: 387.3 g/mol
Evaporation rate: not applicable

Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical

parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Oxidizing properties: Not an oxidizer.

not fire-propagating

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

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Hazardous polymerization will not occur. No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid sources of ignition. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Nitric Acid, Sulfuric acid, strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

Possible thermal decomposition products:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, To be archived: Hydrocarbons

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Moderately toxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact.

Oral

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (female)

Value: 260 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat Value: 3.51 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Dermal

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 4,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402)

No mortality was observed.

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

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The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. May cause moderate irritation to the skin.

Skin

Species: rabbit Result: Irritant.

Method: OECD Guideline 404

<u>Eye</u>

Species: rabbit Result: Irritant.

Method: OECD Guideline 405

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Buehler test

Species: guinea pig

Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Method: OECD Guideline 406

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Pyraclostrobin

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation.

Information on: 2-ethylhexan-1-ol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No substance-specific organioxicity was observed after repeated administration to animals.

May cause liver and kidney damage.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: naphthalene

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. The substance was mutagenic in a mammalian cell culture test system. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals. Literature data.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: solvent naphtha

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Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests.

Information on: naphthalene

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by inhalation, a carcinogenic effect was observed. EU-classification The substance was classified as a group 3 carcinogen by the German MAK-Commission (substances for which a suspicion of a carcinogenic potential exists). IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans). IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Other Information

Misuse can be harmful to health.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the respiratory system, skin or eyes may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity
Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity to fish

Information on: pyraclostrobin

LC50 (96 h) > 0.0121 - < 0.0258 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio LC50 (96 h) > 0.0196 - < 0.0335 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus

LC50 (96 h) 0.00616 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pyraclostrobin

EC50 (48 h) 0.0157 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Aquatic plants

Information on: pyraclostrobin

EC50 (96 h) > 0.843 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

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Assessment of terrestrial toxicity

With high probability not acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms.

Other terrestrial non-mammals

Information on: pyraclostrobin LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg, Colinus virginianus Colinus virginianus LC50, Anas platyrhynchos LD50 > 100 ug/bee, Apis mellifera

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Pyraclostrobin

Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient. Do not release untreated into natural waters.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:

Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:

This product is not regulated by RCRA.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

USDOT

Hazard class: 6.1 Packing group: Ш

ID number: UN 2902

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Hazard label: 6.1, EHSM

Proper shipping name: PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT

NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN)

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 6.1
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2902
Hazard label: 6.1, EHSM

Marine pollutant: YES

Proper shipping name: PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT

NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN)

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 6.1
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2902

Hazard label: 6.1

Proper shipping name: PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT

NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN)

Further information

DOT: This product is regulated if the amount in a single receptacle exceeds the Reportable Quantity

(RQ). Please refer to Section 15 of this SDS for the RQ for this product.

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

EPCRA 313:

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Chemical name</u> 91-20-3 naphthalene

CERCLA RQ CAS Number Chemical name

100 LBS 91-20-3; 64742- naphthalene; solvent naphtha

94-5

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
NJ	91-20-3	naphthalene
	64742-94-5	solvent naphtha
	90-12-0	Naphthalene, 1-methyl-
PA	91-20-3	naphthalene
	104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol

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64742-94-5 solvent naphtha

90-12-0 Naphthalene, 1-methyl-91-57-6 Naphthalene, 2-methyl-

Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act, CA Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including NAPTHALENE, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 1 Special:

Labeling requirements under FIFRA

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

WARNING:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

May be fatal if swallowed.

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury.

CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.

HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF Agricultural Solutions US NA Product Regulations

SDS Prepared on: 2022/02/05

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.