GROUP

14

HERBICIDE







DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS.

Active Ingredient	By Wt
*Flumioxazin	. 51%
Other Ingredients	49%
Total	100%

*(2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2propynyl)-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7tetrahydro-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione)

Payload® Herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 51% active ingredient.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-120

EPA Est. 11773-IA-01[®], 39578-TX-01[®], 5905-IA-01[®] Superscript is first letter of lot number.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE BELOW FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

FIRST AID

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air.

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

(continued)

FIRST AID (continued)

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of

water for 15-20 minutes

water for 15-20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor

for treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and

gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then contin-

ue rinsing eye.

Call a poison control center or doctor

for treatment advice.

If Call a poison control center or docswallowed: tor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if

able to swallow.

Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or

doctor.

Do not give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as Polyethylene or Polyvinyl Chloride, shoes and socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather

conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This pesticide is toxic to plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and runoff precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

Under some conditions this product may have a potential to run off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no till, limited till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide runoff. Use of vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or on the downhill side of fields where runoff could occur will minimize water runoff and is recommended.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

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RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN THIS PROD-UCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICA-TION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

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LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law, Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LÄW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUD-ING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRAN-TY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIA-BILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements, Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing **Disclaimer**, **Risks of Using This Product**, **Limited Warranty** and **Limitation of Liability**, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

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PRODUCT INFORMATION

Payload Herbicide is a selective herbicide to maintain bare ground non-crop areas when used in accordance with this label. Payload Herbicide is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds.

Payload Herbicide controls weeds by inhibiting protoporphyrinogen oxidase, an essential enzyme required by plants for chlorophyll biosynthesis. Seedling weeds are controlled preemergence when exposed to sunlight following contact with the soil applied herbicide.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

- Do not apply more than 12 oz of Payload Herbicide per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz of Payload Herbicide per acre per year.
- Do not apply to moist or wet desirable plant foliage.
- Do not apply within 300 feet of non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.

USE PRECAUTIONS

 Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil when there is little to no likelihood of rainfall soon after may result in off target movement and possible damage to actively growing susceptible crops when soil particles are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when these soil and environmental conditions are present.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to herbicides in various mode of action classes. Resistant biotypes may eventually dominate the weed population if the same class of chemistry/mode of action herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years. These resistant biotypes may not be adequately controlled by herbicides in a mode of action class for which resistance has developed. A gradual or total loss of weed control may occur over time. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To Delay Herbicide Resistance

- Avoid the use of herbicides that have a similar target site mode of action in consecutive years.
- Herbicide use should be based on an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that includes scouting, record keeping, and consideration of cultivation practices, water management, weed free crop seed, crop rotation, and other chemical or cultural control practices.
- Monitor treated weed population for resistance development and report suspected resistance.
- Contact your local extension or crop expert (advisor) for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information contact Valent U.S.A. Corporation at the following toll free number 1-800-898-2536.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Preemergence applications of *Payload* Herbicide should be made prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate *Payload* Herbicide on soil for residual weed control. Moisture is needed to move *Payload* Herbicide into the soil for preemergent weed control. Dry weather following application of *Payload* Herbicide may reduce effectiveness.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

For best results, *Payload* Herbicide should be applied to actively growing weeds. Applying *Payload* Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active

weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. Do not apply *Payload* Herbicide when the crop or weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water and extremes in temperatures or disease. *Payload* Herbicide is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

Payload Herbicide is rainfast one hour after application. Applications should not be made if rain is expected within one hour of application or efficacy may be reduced.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Important: Spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles, should be thoroughly cleaned. Spray equipment used to apply *Payload* Herbicide should not be used to apply other materials to any desirable plant foliage. Equipment with *Payload* Herbicide residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to subsequently treated crops.

SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying *Payload* Herbicide, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. The spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms should be cleaned to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. The spray equipment should be cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply *Payload* Herbicide. If two or more products were tank mixed prior to *Payload* Herbicide application, the most restrictive cleanup procedure should be followed.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of *Payload* Herbicide with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gal of water per 10 oz of *Payload* Herbicide.
- While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried Payload Herbicide to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 4. If tank mixing Payload Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 5. Add any required adjuvants.
- 6. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until spray solution has been applied.
- 7. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. *Payload* Herbicide should be applied within 24 hours of mixing.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Except for dedicated bare ground herbicide application equipment, spray equipment should be cleaned each day following *Payload* Herbicide application. The following steps should be used to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- Top off tank, add suitable commercial spray tank cleaning material following label directions, or add 1 gal of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gals of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes, and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 4. Drain tank completely.
- Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
- Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

SPRAY DRIFT REDUCTION

Do not apply under circumstances where possible drift to unprotected persons or to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption can occur.

- Use the largest droplet size consistent with acceptable efficacy. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure. For ground boom and aerial applications, use medium or coarser spray nozzles according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or a volume mean diameter (VMD) of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition. Drift potential is lowest between windspeeds of 2-10 mph. For all non-aerial applications, wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications into areas of temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with increasing distance above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. Where permissible by local regulations, the applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.
- All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

 For ground boom applications, apply with nozzle height at the lowest boom height which provides uniform coverage and reduces exposure to evaporation and wind.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When *Payload* Herbicide is applied preemergence or postemergence at recommended rates and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled.

TABLE 1. WEEDS CONTROLLED BY *PAYLOAD* HERBICIDE

Common Name	Scientific Name
Alyssum, Hoary	Berteroa incana
Amaranth	
Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri
Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus
Barnyardgrass*	Echinochloa crus-galli
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum
Bittercress, Hairy	Cardamine hirsuta
Bluegrass, Annual*	Poa annua
Burclover, California	Medicago polymorpha
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Chickweed	_
Common	Stellaria media
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Crabgrass	_
Large*	Digitaria sanguinalis
Smooth*	Digitaria ischaemum
Southern*	Digitaria ciliaris
Croton, Tropic	Croton glandulosus var.
	septentrionalis
Dandelion*	Taraxacum officinale
Dogfennel	Eupatorium capillifolium
Doveweed	Murdannia nudiflora
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata
Filaree, Redstem*	Erodium cicutarium
Foxtail	
Bristly*	Setaria verticillata
Giant*	Setaria faberi
Green*	Setaria viridis
Yellow*	Setaria glauca
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
Geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
Goosegrass*	Eleusine indica
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule
Horseweed*	Conyza canadensis
Indigo, Hairy	Indigofera hirsuta
Ivy, Ground*	Glechoma hederacea
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Kyllinga, Green*	Kyllinga brevifolia

^{*}Preemergence control only. (continued)

TABLE 1. WEEDS CONTROLLED BY PAYLOAD HERBICIDE (continued)

BY <i>PAYLOAD</i> HERBICID Common Name	Scientific Name
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters	Chenopodium album
Common	onenopoulani albani
Liverwort	Marchantia polymorpha
Mallow	marchania porymorpha
Common	Malva neglecta
Little	Malva parviflora
Venice	Hibiscus trionum
Mayweed*	Anthemis cotula
Morningglory	7
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var.
	integriuscula
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Tall	lpomoea purpurea
Moss	<i>Bryum</i> spp.
Mustard	, 11
Tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum
Wild	Brassica kaber
Nightshade	
Black	Solanum nigrum
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides
Panicum	
Fall*	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Texas*	Panicum texanum
Parsley-Piert	Alchemilla arvensis
Pearlwort, Birdseye*	Sagina procumbens
Pennycress, Field	Thlaspi arvense
Phyllanthus,	Phyllanthus tenellus
Longstalked	•
Pigweed	
Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
Tumble	Amaranthus albus
Pineapple-weed*	Matricaria matricarioides
Plantain	
Broadleaf*	Plantago major
Buckhorn*	Plantago lanceolata
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra
Ragweed	
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris
*D	

^{*}Preemergence control only.

(continued)

TABLE 1. WEEDS CONTROLLED BY PAYLOAD HERBICIDE (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Senna, Coffee	Cassia occidentalis
Sesbania, Hemp	Sesbania exaltata
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa
Signalgrass*	Brachiaria platyphylla
Smartweed	
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus
Spurge	
Prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata Engelm.
Spotted	Euphorbia maculata
Starbur, Bristly*	Acanthospermum hispidum
Thistle	
Canada*	Cirsium arvense
Russian	Salsola iberica
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp	
Common	Amaranthus rudis
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	Oxalis stricta

^{*}Preemergence control only.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

Payload Herbicide, when used as directed, can be used for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weedfree. Apply Payload Herbicide only to:

- Bare ground under guard rails, above-ground pipelines, and railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas
- Bare ground in parking and storage areas, plant sites, substations, pumping stations, and tank farms
- Bare ground areas of airports, brick yards, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, military installations, and storage areas
- Bare ground around farm buildings and along ungrazed fence rows, wind breaks and shelter belts
- Road surfaces, improved roadside areas and gravel shoulders

Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under General Information. See Table 1 for a list of broadleaf weeds and grasses controlled by *Payload* Herbicide.

Payload Herbicide offers residual and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weeds as well as additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 to 12 oz (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/A) of *Payload* Herbicide per broadcast acre as a preemergence application. Preemergence (to weed emergence) applications of *Payload* Herbicide should be made to a weed free soil surface. Preemergence applications of *Payload* Herbicide must be completed prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate *Payload* Herbicide on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of *Payload* Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, *Payload* Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 to 12 oz (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/A) of *Payload* Herbicide per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt/A crop oil concentrate). The addition of an adjuvant enhances *Payload* Herbicide activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the postemergence activity of *Payload* Herbicide. Emerged weeds are controlled postemergence with *Payload* Herbicide, however, translocation of *Payload* Herbicide within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of an adjuvant. The most effective postemergence weed control with *Payload* Herbicide occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height.

SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Application of *Payload* Herbicide to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than with soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

To ensure uniform coverage, use at least 10 gals of spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendation for preemergence herbicide application.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

To ensure thorough coverage, use at least 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Use at least 20 gals per acre if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence herbicide application.

ADDITIVES

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

When applying *Payload* Herbicide after weeds emerge, mix with an agronomically approved adjuvant. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Valent recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. A crop oil concentrate which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient should be used when applying *Payload* Herbicide

as part of a postemergence weed control program. Mixing compatibility should be verified by a jar test before using.

A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 to 2.5 lb/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qt/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND *PAYLOAD* HERBICIDE

A jar test should be performed before mixing commercial quantities of *Payload* Herbicide, when using *Payload* Herbicide for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- Add 1 pt of water to a quart jar. The water should be from the same source and have the same temperature as the water used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- 2. Add 3 grams (approximately 1 level tsp) of Payload Herbicide for the 8 oz/A rate or 4 grams (approximately 1-1/2 tsp) for 12 oz/A rate to the jar. Gently mix until product disperses.
- 3. Add 60 ml (4 Tbsp or 2 fl oz) of additive to the quart jar and gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 ml (1 Tbsp) of the 28 to 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 grams of AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 to 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed the choice of adjuvant should be questioned:
 - a) Layer of oil or globules on the solution surface.
 - b) Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
 - c) Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Application equipment should be clean and in good repair. Nozzles should be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

BROADCAST APPLICATION

Apply *Payload* Herbicide, and *Payload* Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

BAND APPLICATION

When banding, use proportionately less water and *Payload* Herbicide per acre.

HANDGUN APPLICATION

Applications may also be made using a handgun sprayer. Use a spray volume of at least 40 gals per acre to insure uniform coverage.

AERIAL APPLICATION

 Aerial applications are limited to maintaining weed free railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas and military installations.

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial applications of *Payload* Herbicide, uniform coverage must be obtained. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Avoid spraying *Payload* Herbicide within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift, the following directions must be observed:

Volume Pressure

Use *Payload* Herbicide in 5 to 10 gals of water per acre with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Application at less than 5 gals per acre will provide inadequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications provide more consistent weed control.

Nozzle and Nozzle Operation

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles, such as diaphragm type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0 and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

Adjuvants

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partners label for adjuvant recommendation.

TANK MIX APPLICATIONS

In addition to weeds controlled by *Payload* Herbicide used alone, tank mixtures with other preemergence and postemergence herbicides registered for use in non-crop areas provide a broader spectrum of weed control. *Payload* Herbicide must be tank mixed with other non-crop herbicides including, but not limited to those products listed below.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS FOR NON-SELECTIVE VEGETATION CONTROL

	J. 1 1 1 1 1 0 E	
2,4-D	Imazapic	Pramitol
Bromacil	lmazapyr	Prodiamine
Chlorsulfuron	Metsulfuron	Simazine
Clorpyralid	methyl	Sulfometuron
Dicamba	Norfurazon	methyl
Diuron	Oryzalin	Tebuthiuron
Glyphosate	Pendimethalin	Triclopyr
Hexazinone	Picloram	. ,

IMPORTANT: Completely read and follow the label of any potential *Payload* Herbicide tank mix partner. When using tank mixtures, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive of the label limitations and precautions on either herbicide label.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz/A or 3 applications at 8 oz/A per year.
- Do not re-apply Payload Herbicide within 30 days.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container. Store in a cool, dry, secure place. Do not put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Not for use or storage in or around the home. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night (800) 892-0099. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

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Manufactured for

Valent U.S.A. Corporation

P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek CA 94596-8025 Made in U.S.A. Form 1621-E

EPA Reg. No. 59639-120

EPA Est. 11773-IA-01[®], 39578-TX-01[®], 5905-IA-01[®]

Information contained in this booklet is accurate at the time of printing. Since product testing is a continuous process, please read and follow the directions on the product label for the most current directions and precautionary statements.

Always check with your state to verify state registration status or call 800-89-VALENT (898-2536).



For state registration and/or supplemental labels, please call or visit us online.

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Always read and follow label instructions.

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