PROPIEUN 3.5EE

Broad-spectrum fungicide for control of plant, turf and ornamental diseases

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Propiconazole*

OTHER INGREDIENTS**:

58.2%

TOTAL:

100.0%

*CAS No. 60207-90-1

**Contains petroleum distillates

Contains 3.6 lbs. of propiconazole per gallon.

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID			
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.			
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.			
	• DO NOT give any liquid to the person.			
	DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.			
	DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.			
CLOTHING:	G: Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.			
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
	HOTLINE NUMBERS			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at **1-800-858-7378** seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time or your poison control center at **1-800-222-1222**.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

Manufactured For:

Willowood, LLC 1887 Whitney Mesa Dr., #9740 Henderson, NV 89014 20230718 EPA Reg. No.: 87290-7

FUNGICIDE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING / AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. This product may cause sensitization reactions in certain individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. All handlers must wear:

- Protective eyewear, including goggles or face shield
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or viton

In addition, all handlers (mixers, loaders, and applicators, or individuals performing one or more of these tasks), who are applying this pesticide using handheld equipment must wear:

- Protective eyewear, including goggles or face shield
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves

All handlers using propiconazole as a seed piece treatment must wear:

- Protective eyewear, including goggles or face shield
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or viton
- Chemical-resistant apron

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (6)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and shrimp. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including soil or water, is:

- Protective eyewear including goggles or face shield,
- · Coveralls,
- · Shoes and socks, and
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is a broad-spectrum fungicide formulated for the control of many important plant diseases.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Restriction: DO NOT use Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in greenhouses or as a tree injection.

Rotational Crops: To avoid possible illegal residues, **DO NOT** plant any other crop intended for food, grazing, or any component of animal feed within 105 days of a **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** application to the preceding crop, unless the second crop appears on this label. Alfalfa can be planted 75 days after the last **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** application if the total application of propiconazole has not exceeded 0.22 lb. a.i./A during the previous year.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers
 Standard 641 (ASABE S641 for aerial applications).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Boomless Ground Applications

- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or courser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.

Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.

Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' directions for setting up nozzles. To reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC contains a Group 3 fungicide.

Any fungal/bacterial population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** and other Group 3 fungicides/bactericides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides/bactericides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance- management strategies must be followed.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC or other Group 3 fungicides/bactericides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide/bactericides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and
 crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural,
 biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM guidance for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Willowood, LLC. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Integrated Pest Management

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC must be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy (IPM) whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development must be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which advises application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

To avoid spray drift, **DO NOT** apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target areas. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Air assisted or air blast sprayers move spray droplets into the canopy using a forced air stream. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with capacity to: (1) maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles, and (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension – this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute. Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation. **DO NOT** air sparge.

Although **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** is an emulsifiable concentrate, it is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on suction side of pump must be 16-mesh or coarser. **DO NOT** place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's instructions.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and State instructions. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current State agricultural counsel.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Agitate the spray solution before and during application. Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC Alone: Add ½ - ¾ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the spray solution after the Willowood Propicon 3.6EC has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC + Tank Mixtures: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is usually compatible with all tank mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, the liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Add ½ - ¾ of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the tank mix partner into the tank. Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and the **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** to the spray tank. Allow the **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** to completely disperse. Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

If using **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in a tank mixture, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. This product may not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

Precaution: DO NOT mix Willowood Propicon 3.6EC with products containing dodine as the active ingredient or crop injury may result.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. **DO NOT** apply in a manner that will result in exposure to humans or animals.

Ground Application: For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise. For other crops, apply a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.

Aerial Application: For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise. For other crops, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation): Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC through irrigation equipment only to crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.

For chemigation, apply 0.1-0.25 inch of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC, alone or in combination with other pesticides which are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments as needed.

Notes: DO NOT inject **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used, but must be replaced once a year. **DO NOT** use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) **DO NOT** use end guns when chemigating **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as directed by the equipment manufacturer. When applying **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30- minute interval. When applying **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.

- Add the required amount of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop the injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Application Rate Conversion Table

Fl. Oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC/Acre	Lb. A.I./Acre	Acres Treated per 1 Gallon Willowood Propicon 3.6EC
2	0.056	64
4	0.1125	32
6	0.169	21.3
8	0.225	16
10	0.28	12.8
12	0.34	10.7
16	0.45	8
20	0.56	6.4
24	0.67	5.3
30	0.84	4.3
32	0.90	4

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Almonds	Brown Rot Blossom Blight	4-8	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at 5-10% bloom and 50-100% bloom.
1	(Monilinia laxa M. fructicola)	(0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Under severe disease conditions, use the highest rate. Minimum retreatment
			interval is 7 days.
	Anthracnose	8	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC beginning at bud break on a 7-14 day
	(Colletotrichum acutatum)	(0.225 lb. a.i.)	interval.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) ${f DO\ NOT}$ apply more than 8.0 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/ year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).
- 6) **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate	Application Instructions
		fl. oz. product/A	
Banana and	Black Sigatoka	3	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC before disease symptoms appear at the
Plantains	(Mycosphaerella fijiensis)	(0.0843 lb. a.i.)	onset of rainy season. Apply 3 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC /A in 10-20 gallons of water/A. Apply no more than 2 consecutive applications on a 21-25 day schedule before rotating to another labeled product with a different mode of action for at least 2 sprays. A maximum of 8 applications can be made. If possible, have at least 2 consecutive months "triazole free" during the period of lower disease pressure.
	Mixing Procedures Oil-in-Water Emuls 1. Add the crop oil to the spray tank. 2. Add the emulsifier (0.6 fl. oz./gal. of 3. Add water to the spray tank and mi Oil Alone 1. Add crop oil to the spray tank. 2. Add the Willowood Propicon 3.6E 3. Maintain agitation.	oil) and Willowood Prop x thoroughly for 15 minut	

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. per acre of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC per year (this includes any pre-harvest sprays).
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 3 fl. oz. (0.0843 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 8 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** within 100 yards of non-bagged bananas.
- 6) DO NOT apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC on bananas unless they are protected by polyethylene bags.
- 7) **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** on plantains if the fruit present are not protected with polyethylene bags.
- 8) **DO NOT** feed whole bananas and plantains to animals.
- 9) Minimum retreatment interval is 21 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Beets, garden	Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)		Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 14-day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action. If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 5 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Berries* *Bushberries, Bingleberry, Blackberry,	Mummyberry Disease (Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi)	6 (0.169 lb. a.i.)	Make first application of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC beginning at green tip and repeat in 7-10 days. If conditions are favorable for disease development, additional applications may need to be made at pink bud and repeating every 7-10 days through petal fall.
Blueberry, Boysenberry, Currants,	Leaf Spot and Stem Canker (Septoria albopunctata) Rust (Pucciniastrum vaccinii)	6 (0.169 lb. a.i.)	Apply when conditions favor disease development. Repeat applications on a 4-week spray interval.
Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry	Leaf and Cane Spot (Septoria rubi)	6 (0.169 lb. a.i.)	Apply as a delayed dormant spray after training in the spring. Repeat this application in the late spring, again at bud break, and again once flowering has begun.
*Caneberries Loganberry, Lowberry,	Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera vaccinii)	6 (0.169 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at 5- 10% bloom. Repeat this application at full bloom and on a 14-day interval while conditions are favorable for disease development.
Marionberry, Olalieberry, Red and Black Raspberry, Youngberry	Leaf Spot (Septoria spp.)	6 (0.169 lb. a.i.)	Make first application any time prior to bloom and again after petal fall. If needed, repeat application just after harvest.
Juneberry Lingonberry Salal			
And cultivars and/ or hybrids of these.			

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 5 gals./A) or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 30 fl. oz. (0.84 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.169 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.84 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 5 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Carrots	Leaf Blights (Cercospora carotae) (suppression of Alternaria dauci)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply 4 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7-10 day interval, using the shorter interval when disease conditions are severe. If desired, a spreader/sticker may be used.
	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	2 (0.056 lb. a.i.) Willowood Propicon 3.6EC plus chlorothalonil	Apply 2 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC with 0.75 lb. a.i. of chlorothalonil/A (1 pint Bravo WeatherStik). Begin applications when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7-10 day interval.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gals./A) or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gals./A).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Celery and Leaf	Early Blight (Cercospora apii)	4	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC on a 7-day schedule, either by ground
Petioles subgroup	Late Blight (Septoria apicola)	(0.1125 lb. a.i.)	or aerial application. If desired, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be mixed
Celery			with appropriate spreader/sticker.
Celery, Chinese			
Cardoon			
Celtuce			
Fennel, Florence			
Rhubarb			
Swiss Chard			

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 10 gals./A) or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gals./A).

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) ${f DO\ NOT}$ apply more than 4 fl. oz.(0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Cereals Wheat See next section for other cereals.	Early Season Suppression of: Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	2-4 (0.056 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in the spring. Follow up with a second application up to Feekes growth stage 10.5 for season long control.
	Control of Leaf Diseases: Rust (Puccinia spp.) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged. Applications may be made no closer than a 14-day interval. The use of oilbase adjuvant may improve the spray coverage and canopy penetration. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC can be applied through full head emergence (Feekes growth stage 10.5). DO NOT apply after this stage to avoid possible illegal residues.
	Foot Rot (Pseudocercosporella spp.) Fusarium Head Blight Suppression	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC plus half rates of EPA registered fungicides containing thiophanate-methyl . Apply at tillering, but before elongation has occurred. Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at approximately 50% flowering.
	12	(0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Addition of penetrating type of adjuvant may increase Fusarium head blight suppression.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied either by ground, air, or chemigation.

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz./A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** if forage or hay will be harvested.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A/application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.225 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 5) **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest for forage or hay (7-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** apply after Feekes 10.5.4 in wheat.
- 8) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Cereals Barley Rye Triticale Oats	Early Season Suppression of: Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	2-4 (0.056 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in the spring. Follow up with a second application up to Feekes growth stage 10.5 for season long control. Applications may be made no closer than a 14-day interval.
	Control of Leaf Diseases: Rust (Puccinia spp.) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Barley Scald (Rhynchosporium secalis) Barley Stripe (Pyrenophora graminea) Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged. Applications may be made no closer than a 14-day interval. The use of oilbase adjuvant may improve the spray coverage and canopy penetration. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC can be applied up to 45 days prior to harvest.
	Foot Rot (Pseudocercosporella spp.)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC plus half rates of EPA registered fungicides containing thiophanate-methyl. Apply at tillering, but before elongation has occurred.
	Fusarium Head Blight Suppression	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at approximately 50% flowering. Addition of penetrating type of adjuvant may increase Fusarium head blight suppression.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

(continued)

Cereals (cont.)

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC if forage or hay will be harvested.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.225 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 5) DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest for forage or hay (7-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** apply after Feekes 10.5.4.
- 8) DO NOT apply within 45 days of harvest for grain and straw or for cereals other than wheat.
- 9) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Citrus (non-bearing) Calamondin Citron Citrus hybrids Grapefruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Mandarin Orange (sour and sweet) Pummelo Satsuma Mandarin Tangerine Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Greasy Spot (Mycosphaerella citri)	6-8 (0.169 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications in June. Apply on 30-day interval through August.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) Maximum application rate is 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A (0.23 lb. a.i./A).
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. a.i./A propiconazole containing product/A/ year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (6 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply to citrus that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 30 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Corn	Northern Corn Leaf Blight	2-4	For leaf blights apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC when disease first
Field	(Setosphaeria turcica)	(0.056 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	appears. Continue on a 7-14 day schedule. Use the low rate when disease
Seed	Northern Corn Leaf Spot		pressure is low. Under heavy disease pressure or if conditions are favorable
Popcorn	(Cochliobolus carbonum)		for disease, apply the high rate.
Sweet Corn	Southern Corn Leaf Blight (Cochliobolus heterostrophus) also known as Helminthosporium Leaf Blights (H. maydis, H. turcicum, H. carbonum)		
	Rust	4	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC when disease first appears. If conditions
	(Puccinia spp.)	(0.1125 lb. a.i.)	favorable for disease persist, continue on a 7-14 day schedule. For best
	Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis)		disease control, early applications (at initial disease onset) perform better.
	Eye Spot		
	(Aureobasidium zeae)		

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Specific Use Restrictions:

For Field Corn, Field Corn Grown for Seed, and Popcorn:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC on field corn harvested for forage.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 5) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 30 days of harvest for forage, grain and stover (30-day PHI).
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

For Sweet Corn:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest for ears.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest for forage.
- 3) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Cranberries	Cottonball	4-6	Make the first application at leaf bud break and repeat in 14 days. Make
	(Monilinia oxycocci)	(0.1125 - 0.169 lb. a.i.)	the third application at early bloom and repeat in 14 days. Under severe
			pressure, use higher rate for control.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 20 gals./A).

(continued)

Cranberries (cont.)

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) For use only in Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.169 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 5) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 45 days of harvest of cranberries (45-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** allow release of irrigation or flood water to non-target aquatic habitat for at least 14 days after the last application.
- 8) **DO NOT** use cranberry fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustaceans.
- 9) **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.
- 10) **DO NOT** apply to flooded crop.
- 11) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Filberts (Hazelnuts)	Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	5-8 (0.14 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on 14-21 day intervals. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and shorter interval.
			NOTE: On certain varieties, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of filberts displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC treatments.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (5 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).
- 6) **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Grasses	Rusts	4-8	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC when powdery mildew infections,
Grown for Seed	(Puccinia spp.)	(0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Selenophoma infections, and/or rust pustules are noticeable and increasing
	Powdery Mildew		in number in late spring or early summer. Apply on a 14-21 day interval.
	(Erysiphe graminis)		To maximize control of severe rust pressure, apply 8 fl. oz./A and make
	Selenophoma Stem Eyespot		applications at 14-day intervals until the seed is mature. Make the last
	(Selenophoma spp.)		application at least 20 days before seed matures. For bluegrass, it is
	Ergot Stem Diseases		important to begin application early in the growing season.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground, air (a minimum of 10 gals./A), or chemigation.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) For Use Only in Idaho, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, and Washington.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 5) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 20 days of harvest of seed (20-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application.
- 8) DO NOT graze treated areas within 140 days of the last application.
- 9) **DO NOT** apply to bermudagrass grown for seed.
- 10) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Mint	Rusts	4	Begin applications when the plants are 2-4 inches high or when conditions
Peppermint	(Puccinia menthae)	(0.1125 lb. a.i.)	become favorable for disease development. Make a second application 14
Spearmint			days after the first application.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground in a minimum of 20 gals/A.

- 1) DO NOT exceed 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Onions (Dry Bulbs)	Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri)	Willowood	Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and
Garlic		Propicon 3.6EC	continue on a 7-10 day interval. Use the higher rate and shorter interval
Onions (Dry Bulb)	Suppression of Botrytis Leaf Blight	4-8	when disease conditions are severe.
Shallots (Dry Bulb)	(Botrytis squamosa)	(0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	
Onions (Green)		Willowood	Apply 2-4 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in combination with another
Green Onions		Propicon 3.6EC plus	fungicide registered for control of botrytis leaf blight or purple blotch. Begin
Green Shallots		tank mix partner	applications when conditions favor disease development and continue on
Green Eschalots		2-4	a 7-day interval or according to the tank mix partner label. Use the higher
Japanese		(0.056 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	rate when disease conditions are severe. To achieve optimum disease
Bunching Onions		(61111)	control, use a wetting agent or spreader- sticker.
Leeks			January and a maning against approximate
Spring Onions			
Scallions			
And/or cultivars or hybrids of these.			

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gals./A), or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gals./A).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A). When applying 4 fl. oz./A, **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest on dry bulb onions (14-day PHI).
- 6) Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied at 0-day PHI (day of harvest) for green onion types.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Parsley, fresh and dried leaves Cilantro (Coriander), leaves	Leaf Spot (Cercospora spp.) Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.)	3-4 (0.084 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 14-day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action. If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 5 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (3 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Peanuts	Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora arachidicola)	2.5-4 (0.07 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC beginning 30- 45 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease. Continue applications on a 10-14
	Late Leaf Spot (Cercosporidium personatum)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	day schedule. Under heavy disease pressure, use higher application rates. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC also may be used in State Agricultural
	Rust (Puccinia arachidis)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which advises on application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.
	Web Blotch (Phoma arachidicola)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.
	Southern Stem Rot (Sclerotium rolfsii)	4-8 (0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC using one of the following schedules: A. Apply 4 fl. oz./A of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Begin applications 45 days after planting, or at the first appearance of disease. Repeat on a 14-day interval. B. Apply 8 fl. oz./A of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Make 2 applications: the first at pegging (approximately 60 days after planting) or at the first appearance of disease, and the second application 3-4 weeks later.
	DE		Irrigation: When applying Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in irrigation water for Southern Stem Rot control, use a minimum of 0.25 – 0.5 inch of irrigation water/A. Use enough water so that the fungicide penetrates the peanut canopy and reaches the crown of the plant where Southern Stem Rot is most active.
			When applying Willowood Propicon 3.6EC via irrigation or as a directed ground application, use additional methods employed for leaf spot control.

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2.5 fl. oz./A). When applying 4 fl. oz./A, **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 14 days of harvest with low use rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 21 days of harvest if using high use rate (8 fl. oz./A).
- 7) **DO NOT** feed hay from treated fields to livestock if using high use rate (8 fl. oz./A).
- 8) Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Pecans	Pecan Scab (Cladosporium caryigenum) Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella caryigena) Liver Spot (Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae) Vein Spot (Gnomonia nerviseda) Zonate Leaf Spot (Cristulariella moricola) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera penicillata)	4-8 (0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Pecan Scab: Apply 4-8 fl. oz./A on a 14-day schedule during bud break and pre-pollination sprays. Apply 6-8 fl. oz./A during nut formation and cover sprays. Use higher rates when disease pressure is heavier. Other listed foliar diseases: Apply 4 fl. oz./A with other registered pecan products labeled for these mid to late season foliar diseases. Observe all directions, precautions, and limitations for the other products.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground or by aerial application (a minimum of 20 gals./A).

The active ingredient(s) in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your County has a Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins also may be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or State pesticide agencies.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) DO NOT apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest, whichever comes first.
- 6) DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Pineapple – Seed Piece Treatment (Hawaii only)	Butt rot (Ceratocystis paradoxa)	4.0 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb.a.i.) / 500 gals. of water (1:16,000) (0.8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.) / 100 gals. of	Treatments can be made in either a cold or hot water dip. Cold Water Dip: Immerse crowns to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain. Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125°F (52°C). Soak crown for 20-30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.
		water)	

- 1) **DO NOT** use treated crowns for food or feed.
- 2) **DO NOT** graze while plant is growing.
- 3) **DO NOT** graze tops until fruit is harvested.
- 4) Dispose of used dip solution according to local, state, and federal regulations.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Pistachios	Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea)	5-8 (0.14 lb. a.i. – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14-21 day interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and the shorter interval.
			NOTE: Under certain conditions Willowood Propicon 3.6EC applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of pistachios displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC treatments.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (5 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).
- 6) **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions	
Rice	Sheath Blight (Rhizoctonia solani) Brown Leaf Spot (Helminthosporium oryzae) Narrow Brown Leaf Spot	6-10 (0.169 – 0.28 lb. a.i.)	Timing of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC will depend on disease severity, disease complex and rice variety/growth stage. Consult local extension experts for local economic thresholds established for various rice varieties and diseases.	
	(Cercospora oryzae) Leaf Smut		Willowood Propicon 3.6EC must be applied on either of the following schedules as an aerial spray in 5-10 gals. of water/A:	
	(Entyloma oryzae) Sheath Spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae) Kernel Smut (Tilletia barclayana) Aggregate Sheath Spot		A. 6 fl. oz. at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle) and repeat at swollen boot. Make the second application 14 days after the first application, but before the boot splits and head emerges. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC provides best control of sheath blight when the first application is applied at disease appearance in the field. The first application is advised when 5% or fewer of the tillers are infected.	
	(Rhizoctonia oryzae- sativa) Black Sheath Rot (Gaeumannomyces graminis)			
	For disease suppression of: False Smut (Ustilaginoidea virens) Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae)		Tank Mix Option: Apply 6 fl. oz./A of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in a tank mix with EPA registered fungicides containing azoxystrobin for control of rice diseases.	
			Only aerial application is allowed.	

(continued)

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Wild Rice (MN only)	Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Helminthosporium sp.) Brown Spot (Bipolaris spp.)	(0.69 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	Apply 6 fl. oz./A of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at both booting and heading, or make a single application of 8 fl. oz./A at booting. Minimum re-application interval is 10 days.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** must be applied by air.

The active ingredient(s) in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your County has a Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm.

Bulletins also may be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or State pesticide agencies.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 10 fl. oz. (0.28 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** harvest rice until 35 days after the last application of propiconazole. The pre-harvest interval (PHI) for rice is 35 days.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 5) **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year if using the lower use rate of 6 fl. oz./A; or 1 application max if using high use rate (8 fl. oz./A. for wild rice or 10 fl. oz./A for rice).
- 6) **DO NOT** apply to stubble or ratoon crop rice.
- 7) **DO NOT** use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.
- 8) **DO NOT** drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial fish farming.
- 9) **DO NOT** use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops.
- 10) **DO NOT** release flood water within 7 days of an application.
- 11) **DO NOT** make applications using ground or chemigation equipment.
- 12) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Sorghum	orghum Ergot		Make the first application at or just prior to flowering. Repeat on a 5-7 day
	(Claviceps sorghi)	(0.084 – 0.1125 lb. a.i.)	interval. Apply up to 4 times.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gals./A) or aerial application (a minimum of 10 gals./A).

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** (0.23 lb. a.i. propiconazole) on sorghum harvested for forage.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 5) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 30 days of harvest for forage (30-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** apply within 21 days of harvest for grain and stover (21-day PHI).
- 8) **DO NOT** graze livestock or cut for green chop or silage within 30 days of application.
- 9) Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Soybeans	Aerial Web Blight (Rhizoctonia solani) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum truncatum)	4-6 (0.1125 – 0.169 lb. a.i.)	Aerial Web Blight: Apply 5-6 fl. oz./A at the first appearance of disease and repeat the application 14-21 days later. Under severe disease conditions use the higher rate and shorter interval. Other foliar diseases: Apply 6 fl. oz./A at growth stage R3 (early pod set
	Brown Spot (Septoria glycines)		when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch long) and 14-21 days later at growth stage R5 (pod fill).
	Frogeye Leaf Spot (Cercospora sojina)		Soybean Rust: Apply 4-6 fl. oz./A at first indication that disease is in the area. For best control, preventive applications work best. Repeat on 14-21 day interval. Use higher rate and shorter interval when disease is present in
	Soybean Rust (Phakopsora pachyrhizi)		field and incidence is less than 2% (2 plants in 100 are infected). If incidence is greater than this or if disease is in mid canopy, control will not be acceptable. Scouting for the disease and/or being aware of the proximity of the disease via monitoring systems will aid in the proper timing to maximize the effectiveness of the fungicide applications.
			On certain varieties, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC applications may cause crinkled, smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of dry beans displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC treatments.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application. Addition of an oil-based additive is advised for improved coverage and penetration when applying by air.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.169 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl. oz./A) or 3 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 5) Apply up to Stage R6.
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Stone Fruits Apricots Cherries, Sweet	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at early bloom stage. If necessary, a second application may be made as needed through petal fall.
Cherries, Tart Nectarines Peaches Plums	Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia spp.)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Apply as needed. A maximum of 2 sprays can be made. DO NOT apply within 10 days of harvest (PHI = 10 days). If high inoculums and severe disease conditions persist, apply another registered fungicide after the 2 Willowood Propicon 3.6EC applications.
Plumcot Prunes And cultivars and/or hybrids of these.	Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera spp.) Cherry Leaf Spot (Blumeriella jaapii) Rust (Tranzschelia discolor)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Follow the Brown Rot Blossom Blight schedule.

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Stone Fruits (cont.)

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Stone fruit diseases are most effectively controlled by ground applications. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground or air (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

Precaution: Applications of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** during bloom to Stanley plums have occasionally caused fruit to be less oval in shape and smaller in size at harvest. To avoid this, **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** to Stanley plums earlier than 21 days prior to harvest.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 20 fl. oz. (0.56 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.56 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing product/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 5 applications per year.
- 5) Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied at 0-day PHI (day of harvest).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Strawberry	Anthracnose	4	Begin applications when disease levels are no more than 5%. Apply 4 fl.
and other Low	(Colletotrichum acutatum)	(0.1125 lb. a.i.)	oz./A of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC up to 4 times on a 7-day interval.
Growing Berry	Leaf Spot		Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another
Subgroup 13- 07G	(Cercospora fragariae)		registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
(except Cranberry)	Powdery Mildew		
	(Sphaerotheca macularis)		
	Leaf Rust		
	(Phragmidium potentillae)		

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 20 gals./A) or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A).

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. a.i.)/A/year of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- 5) Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be applied at 0-day PHI (day of harvest).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Sugar Beets	Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	4 (0.1125 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 10-14 day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action. If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI).
- 6) Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Sugarcane - Seed	Pineapple disease	0.75 fl. oz. (0.02 lb. a.i.)	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to cut seed pieces using one of the
Piece Treatment	(Ceratocystis paradoxa)	/ 100 gals. of water	following methods:
		1:17,000	Cold Water Dip: Immerse seed pieces to give thorough wetting, remove,
			and allow to drain.
			Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125°F (52°C). Soak the seed
			pieces for 20-30 minutes, remove, and allow to drain.
			Conveyor Belt Treatment: Treat seed pieces with Willowood
			Propicon 3.6EC /water solution using in-line directed spray sufficient to wet
			cut ends.

- 1) Dispose of dip solution according to local, State and Federal regulations.
- 2) **DO NOT** use treated seed pieces for food or feed.

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Tree Nuts	Foliar Diseases	4-8	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7-14
Almond		(0.1125 – 0.225 lb. a.i.)	day interval.
(see specific directions)			
Beechnut			
Brazil Nut			
Butternut			
Cashew			
Chestnut			
Chinquapin			
Filbert			
(see specific directions)			
Hickory			
Macadamia			
Pecan			
(see specific directions)			
Walnut			
Pistachios			
(see specific directions)			

Application: Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** may be applied by ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gals./A). For best control of tree nut diseases, ground applications are advised.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. a.i.)/A/year of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.225 lb. a.i.)/A per application.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/year.
- 4) DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 60 days of harvest except for pecans (see specific directions) (60-day PHI).
- 6) **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 7) Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

POST-HARVEST USE

Crop	Target Disease	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions
Pineapple	Ceratocystis Butt Rot (C. paradoxa)	3-4 fl. oz. (0.08-0.11 lb. a.i.)	Apply 3 to 4 fluid ounces in 100 gallons of water or wax water emulsion after harvest. Fruit must be dipped or sprayed for thorough coverage and allowed to drain. Limit dipping time to no more than 3 minutes. Dip solution must be replaced with fresh dip solution after 200,000 lbs. of fruit have been treated.
			Fruit discarded from fresh fruit packing operations may be used for processing. Cannery wastes may be fed.

Specific Use Restriction:

1) **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.1125 lb. a.i.) as a post-harvest treatment.

TURF AND ORNAMENTAL USES INFORMATION

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is a systemic fungicide for use on turfgrasses for the control of dollar spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa), brown patch (Rhizoctonia solani), anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola), red thread (Laetisaria fuciformis), pink patch (Limonomyces roseipellis), rust (Puccinia graminis), powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis), stripe smut (Ustilago striiformis and Urocystis agropyri), summer patch (Magnaporthe poae), necrotic ring spot (Leptosphaeria korrae), spring dead spot (Leptosphaeria korrae, Leptosphaeria narmari, Ophiosphaerella herpotricha, Gaeumannomyces graminis), take-all patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis), leaf spot (Bipolaris spp., Drechslera spp.), gray leaf spot (Pyricularia grisea), pink snow mold (Microdochium nivale), Fusarium patch (Fusarium nivale), gray snow mold (Typhula spp.), yellow patch (Rhizoctonia cerealis), and zoysia patch (Rhizoctonia solani).

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC also controls numerous diseases on ornamentals and other landscape and nursery plantings. It controls powdery mildews, rusts, leaf spots, scabs, and blights. Refer to the appropriate section for specified diseases and plants.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Fill the spray tank ½-¾ full with water. Add the proper amount of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** and then add the rest of the water. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

- 1. If Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is tank mixed with other products, use the following sequence:
- 2. Always check the compatibility of the tank mix using a jar test with proportionate amounts of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC**, other chemicals to be used, and the water, before mixing in the spray tank.
- 3. Provide sufficient jet or mechanical agitation during filling and application to keep the tank mix uniformly suspended.
- 4. Fill the tank at least ½ full of clean water.
- 5. Add wettable powders to the tank first, allowing them to completely suspend in the tank before proceeding. This process can be hastened by premixing the product in water before adding to the tank.
- 6. Add flowables or suspensions next.
- 7. Add Willowood Propicon 3.6EC next.
- 8. Add emulsifiable concentrates last.
- 9. **DO NOT** leave tank mix combinations in the spray tank for prolonged periods without agitation. Mix and apply them the same day.

Tank Mixes

For broader spectrum control, **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** can be tank mixed with other fungicides. For example, EPA registered fungicides containing metalaxyl-m may be tank mixed with **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** or used alone when conditions are favorable for Pythium blight. **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** is also compatible with numerous herbicides and insecticides. Check compatibility before tank mixing. Follow the directions under **Mixing Instructions** for tank mixes.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

TURFGRASS AND DICHONDRA DISEASE CONTROL

- 1. USE WILLOWOOD PROPICON 3.6EC IN A PREVENTATIVE DISEASE CONTROL PROGRAM.
- 2. Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage.
- 3. Apply after mowing **OR** allow sprayed area to completely dry before mowing.
- 4. For control of foliar diseases, allow sprayed area to completely dry before irrigation.
- 5. For control of soil-borne diseases, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC can be watered in after application.
- 6. Under conditions optimum for high disease pressure, use the higher rate and the shorter interval.
- 7. For optimum turf quality and disease control, use **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant health and optimum disease control.
- 8. Evaluate spray additives prior to use. Label directions are based on data obtained with no additives.
- 9. Before use of any fungicide, proper diagnosis of the organism causing the disease is important. Use of diagnostic kits or other means of identification of the disease organism is essential to determine the best control measures.

Restrictions:

- Bermudagrass can be sensitive to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC. DO NOT exceed 1.44 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. every 30 days on any variety of bermudagrass.
- In FL, DO NOT apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to bermudagrass golf course greens when temperatures exceed 90°F.
- DO NOT graze animals on treated areas.
- DO NOT feed clippings from treated areas to livestock or poultry.
- DO NOT apply more than 1.79 lb. propiconazole a.i./A (equivalent to 0.45 gal. of product/A or
- 1.3 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.) per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 7.2 lb. a.i./A (equivalent to 1.8 gals. of product/A or 5.3 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.) per calendar year.
- Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- **DO NOT** apply the product through any type of irrigation system.
- DO NOT use Willowood Propicon 3.6EC in greenhouses.
- DO NOT use Willowood Propicon 3.6EC as a tree injection.

Turfgrass - Specific Diseases, Rates, and Application Timing

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/ Timing	Application Instructions
Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)	0.18	8.0 (0.225 lb. a.i.)	14 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
	0.18	8.0 (0.225 lb. a.i.)	14 days	Tank mix with low label rate of EPA registered fungicides containing chlorothalonil.
	0.37	16 (0.45 lb. a.i.)	21-28 days	Tank mix with low label rate of EPA registered fungicides containing chlorothalonil or iprodione.
	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14-28 days	If using the 0.37-0.73 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate without tank mixing, make no more than 3 consecutive applications for dollar spot control before rotating to an alternate EPA-registered fungicide having a different mode of action.
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14-28 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. When disease pressure is high, use higher rates of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC and shorter intervals. For broad spectrum control, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. If disease is present, mix 0.073 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC per 1,000 sq. ft. with the label rate of the above-mentioned contact fungicides.
Brown Patch (Rhizoctonia solani)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14-21 days	Begin applications in May or June before disease is present. Tank mix with a registered contact fungicide labeled for brown patch control at the label rate. Under conditions of high temperatures and high humidity, use the higher rates of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC and shorter intervals.
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Rust (Puccinia graminis)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14-28 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. If disease is present, use 0.73 fl. oz. of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC per 1,000 sq. ft.
Red Thread (Laetisaria fuciformis) Pink Patch (Limonomyces roseipellis)	0.37	16 (0.45 lb. a.i.)	14-21 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.

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Turfgrass – Specific Diseases, Rates, and Application Timing (cont.)

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/ Timing	Application Instructions
Stripe Smut (Ustilago striiformis) (Urocystis agropyri)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	Fall or Spring	Apply once in the fall after grass becomes dormant or in the early spring before grass starts to grow.
Gray Leaf Spot (Pyricularia grisea)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. If using the 0.37 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.
Melting Out Leaf Spot (Bipolaris spp.) (Drechslera spp.)	0.37-0.73	16-32 (0.45 – 0.90 lb. a.i.)	14 days	Under light to moderate pressure, apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to reduce the severity of leaf spot and melting. For broad spectrum disease control, tank mix the 0.37 fl. oz. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate. Tank mix the 0.37-0.73 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC rate with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.
Summer Patch Poa Patch (Magnaporthe poae)	0.73 1.45	32 (0.90 lb. a.i.) 63 (1.76 lb. a.i.)	14 days 28 days	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC beginning in April. Use the 1.45 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate on a 28-day schedule and the 0.73 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate on a 14-day schedule.
Take-All Patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis)	0.73-1.45	32-63 (0.90 – 1.76 lb. a.i.)	Spring and Fall	Apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to reduce the severity of take-all patch. Make 1 to 2 fall applications in September and October or when night temperatures drop to 55°F, and 1 to 2 spring applications in April and May, depending on local instructions.
Spring Dead Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae, Leptosphaeria narmari, Ophiosphaerella herpotricha, Gaeumannomyces graminis)	1.45	63 (1.76 lb. a.i.)	30 days	Make 1-3 applications. For one application, apply in September or October. For multiple applications, begin sprays in August.
Necrotic Ring Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae)	1.45	63 (1.76 lb. a.i.)	Fall or Spring	Apply in the fall and/or the early spring depending on local instructions.
Snow Mold Gray (Typhula spp.) Pink (Microdochium nivale)	0.73-1.45	32-63 (0.90 – 1.76 lb. a.i.)	Late Fall	Apply one application in the late fall before snow cover. DO NOT apply on top of snow. For optimum disease control, the 0.73 and 1.45 fl. oz. Willowood Propicon 3.6EC rates must be tank mixed with chlorothalonil at label rates.
Fusarium Patch (Fusarium nivale)	0.73-1.45	32-63 (0.90 – 1.76 lb. a.i.)	Fall – Early Spring	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
Yellow Patch (Rhizoctonia cerealis)	1.10-1.45	48-63 (1.34 – 1.76 lb. a.i.)	Late Fall	Apply one application in the late fall before snow cover. If using 1.1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. rate, tank mix with a registered contact fungicide at the label rate.
Zoysia Patch, Large patch of zoysia (Rhizoctonia solani)	1.10-1.45	48-63 (1.34 – 1.76 lb. a.i.)	Early Fall	Make one application in the early fall (mid-September to mid-October) prior to development of disease symptoms. Consult local turfgrass extension experts to determine optimum application timing for your area.

Dichondra - Specific Disease, Rate, and Application Timing

Disease	Fl. Oz. per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Fl. Oz. per Acre	Application Interval/ Timing	Application Instructions
Dichondra Rust	0.73	32	14-21 days	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development.
(Puccinia dichondrae)		(0.90 lb. a.i.)		

Establishment of Cool Season Turfgrass

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC provides control of many diseases of turf, and its primary use is as a fungicide for use against the diseases listed on this label. As an additional benefit, Willowood Propicon 3.6EC will improve the rate of establishment when it is applied to cool season grass seedlings or sod.

New Seedlings: Apply 0.35 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. at the 2 to 3-leaf stage of growth for faster root development and top growth.

Sod: Apply 0.35 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. 2-6 weeks before cutting for increased sod knitting and faster establishment after laying.

Disease Control in Nurseries (Field) and Landscape Plantings

- 1. USE **WILLOWOOD PROPICON 3.6EC** IN A PREVENTATIVE DISEASE CONTROL PROGRAM. To determine the use directions for controlling a disease on an ornamental plant species, select the species in Table 1. The number in parentheses following the plant species refers to the disease(s) controlled in Table 2. Find the disease in Table 2. The letter in brackets following the disease refers you to the application regime in Table 3.
- 2. Allow spray to dry before overhead irrigation is applied.
- 3. Optimum benefit of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC is obtained when used in conjunction with sound disease management practices.

Product Instructions

Willowood Propicon 3.6EC may be used at rates of 0.75-8.7 fl. oz./100 gals. water for control of diseases of ornamental plant species (see Tables 1, 2, and 3). NOTE: For outdoor uses, you can apply up to 2.0 gallons of Willowood Propicon 3.6EC/acre/crop/calendar year.

For disease control in landscapes, apply 2.2-3.0 fl. oz./100 gals. water every 21 days. For best control, begin **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** applications before disease development.

Note: Plant tolerances to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC have been found acceptable for the specific genera and species of plants listed under the Directions for Use. Other plant species may be sensitive to Willowood Propicon 3.6EC and diseases other than those listed may not be controlled. Before using Willowood Propicon 3.6EC on plants for diseases, test Willowood Propicon 3.6EC on a small basis first. DO NOT apply Willowood Propicon 3.6EC to African violets, begonias, Boston fern, or geraniums. Apply the specified rates for a particular type of disease, i.e., rust, powdery mildew, etc., and evaluate for phytotoxicity and disease control prior to widespread use.

Table 1. Ornamentals - Plant SpeciesNumbers in parentheses refer to diseases controlled. See Table 2.

Herbaceous Ornamental	Woody Ornamental	Non-Bearing Fruits and Nuts (Nurseries and Landscape Plantings)	
Calendula (4a) Carnation (5f) Chrysanthemum (2a) Delphinium (4a) English Ivy (3e) Gomphrena (3a) mpatiens (3a, 3b, 4a) ris (5d) Marigold (3a) Monarda (4c) Phlox (4c) Snapdragon (5d) Sweet William (3k) (Dianthus barbatus) Zinnia (4c)	Amelanchier (4d) Ash (4c) Azalea (2c, 4b) Bayberry (3n) Camellia (3e) Cotoneaster (3i) Crabapple (3c, 3q, 4c, 5a) Crape Myrtle (4a) Dogwood (3h, 4c) Douglas Fir (5b) Elm (4c) Euonymus (3e, 4c) Hawthorn (5a) Holly (3r) Juniper (1a) Lilac (4c) Linden (3e, 3b, 4b) Magnolia (3e, 4f) Oaks (3p)	Apple (3q, 4d, 5a) Bartlett Pear (3q, 4c, 5a) Cherry (2b, 3d) Citrus (3m) Nectarine (2b) Peach (2b) Pecan (3b, 3c, 3f, 3l, 3n, 4e) Plum (2b) Walnut (3j)	
	Pines (1b, 1c) Poplars (5b) Pyracantha (3o) Red Tip Photinia (3i) Rhaphiolepis (3e, 3i) Rhododendron (2c, 3n) Roses (3g, 4e, 5c) (Outdoor Use Only) Shasta Fir (5e) Sweetgum (3b, 3c, 3n) Sycamore (3e) Tulip Tree (3e, 4a) Wax Myrtle (3n)		

Table 2. Diseases

Letters in brackets refer to application regimes. See Table 3.

- 1. Conifer Blights
 - a. Phomopsis juniperovora (Phomopsis Blight) [B]
 - b. Sirococcus strobilinus (Tip Blight) [D]
 - c. Sphaeropsis sapinea (Diplodia Tip Blight) [B]
- 2. Flower Blight
 - a. Ascochyta chrysanthemi (Ray Blight) [C]
 - b. Monilinia spp. [A]
 - c. Ovulinia spp. [B]
- 3. Leaf Blights/Spots
 - a. Alternaria spp. [B]
 - b. Cercospora spp. (Brown Leaf Spot) [C]
 - c. Cladosporium spp. (Scab) [C]
 - d. Coccomyces hiemalis [A]
 - e. Colletotrichum spp. [B]
 - f. Cristulariella spp. (Zonate leaf spot) [C]
 - g. Diplocarpon rosae (Blackspot) [B]
 - h. Discula spp. (Anthracnose) [A]
 - i. Fabraea maculata (syn. Entomosporium maculata) [B]
 - j. Gnomonia leptostyla (Anthracnose) [C]
 - k. Heterosporium echinulatum [B]
 - I. Mycosphaerella caryigena (Downy Spot) [C]
 - m. Mycosphaerella fructicola (Greasy Spot) [E]
 - n. Septoria spp. (Leaf Scorch) [C]
 - o. Spilocaea pyracanthae [B]
 - p. Tubakia dryina [D]
 - q. Venturia inaequalis (Scab) [A]
 - r. Rhizoctonia web blight [B]
- 4. Powdery Mildew
 - a. Erysiphe spp. [B]
 - b. Microsphaera spp. [C]
 - c. Oidium spp. [B]
 - d. Podosphaera spp. [B]
 - e. Sphaerotheca pannosa [B]
 - f. *Phyllactinia* spp. [B]
- 5. Rust
 - a. Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae [A]
 - b. Melampsora occidentalis [D]
 - c. *Phragmidium* spp. [B]
 - d. Puccinia spp. [B]
 - e. Pucciniastrum goeppertianum [D]
 - f. Uromyces dianthi [B]

Table 3. Application Regimes

- A. Mix 0.75-1.5 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in 100 gals. of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 14-21 days during the period of primary infection. If disease is present, tank mix with an EPA-registered contact fungicide. For flower blight, apply **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** when there is 5-10% bloom and again at 70-100% bloom. For dogwoods, apply the 0.75-1.5 fl. oz. rate every 14 days, or apply 3 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** every 28 days.
- B. Mix 1.8-3.0 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in 100 gals. of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply as needed, beginning when conditions are favorable for disease development. For blackspot, apply with a registered contact fungicide labeled for blackspot. For Calendula, apply every 30 days. For diplodia tip blight, make 3 applications every 14 days prior to major period of infection. For juniper phomopsis blight, make first application as soon as junipers start to grow, and repeat the applications every 14-21 days during periods of active growth.
- C. Mix 3-4.5 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in 100 gals. of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 30 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for disease development. For pecans, apply the 12 fl. oz. rate beginning at bud break. Apply 3 times on 14-day intervals. For walnuts, apply 3 fl. oz. at 14-21 day intervals. For ray blight, apply 4.5 fl. oz. at 7-day intervals or 7.5 fl. oz. at 14-day intervals. For impatiens, bayberry, linden, magnolia, sweetgum and wax myrtle, the maximum use rate is 8 fl. oz.
- D. Mix 6 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in 100 gals. of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply every 14-28 days, beginning when conditions are favorable for disease development. For Douglas fir needle rust, apply once in May. For tip blight, initial application is in mid-late winter, and apply 3 times at 2-month intervals.
- E. Mix 7.5-8.7 fl. oz. of **Willowood Propicon 3.6EC** in100 gals. of water and apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Apply during June and August time period.

Precaution: To avoid possible illegal residues, **DO NOT** apply to apple, Bartlett pear, cherry, citrus, nectarine, peach, pecan, plum, or walnut trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.

Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply propiconazole to pome fruit trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.558 lb. ai/A annually to stone fruit that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.009 lb. ai/gallon annually to citrus that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.991 lb. ai/ A annually to pecan trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.9 lb. ai/A annually to tree nuts that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months with the exception of pecans.
- DO NOT apply more than 0.991 lb. ai/A annually to pecan trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in the original container in a cool place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Nonrefillable container ≤ 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable > 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Willowood, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Willowood, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Willowood, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Willowood, LLC, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, WILLOWOOD, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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