# TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL POISONING, NEVER PUT INTO FOOD, DRINK OR OTHER CONTAINERS AND USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ENTIRE LABEL

DIQUAT DIBROMIDE GROUP 22 HERBICIDE





Contains diquat dibromide, the active ingredient used in Regione®.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See below for additional Precautionary Statements.

FIRST AID								
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.							
	- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.							
	- DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.							
	- DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.							
If inhaled:	- Move person to fresh air.							
	- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.							
	- Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.							
If in eyes:	- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.							
-	- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.							
	- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.							
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing.							
	- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.							
	- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.							
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN							
To be effective, treatmer	nt for diquat poisoning must begin IMMEDIATELY. Treatment consists of binding diquat in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of							

To be effective, treatment for diquat poisoning must begin IMMEDIATELY. Treatment consists of binding diquat in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of cathartics to enhance elimination, and removal of diquat from the blood by charcoal hemoperfusion of continuous hemodialysis.

If in eyes, treat symptomatically. Symptoms may develop gradually. Severe damage may be caused by apparently trivial contact and healing may be delayed. Medical supervision should be continued until healing is complete.

# HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

For medical emergencies, call the poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

For general information on this product contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

Capone™ Desiccant is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Reglone® Desiccant.



# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

#### **Human Flagging is Prohibited**

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

# Applicators, mixers, loaders, and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls worn over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Waterproof gloves
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Protective evewear
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- · Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading

#### Occupational Handler PPE

In addition to the above PPE, the following users must wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter.

- · Mixers/loaders/applicators using mechanically-pressurized handguns on industrial and commercial areas, alfalfa (seed crop only), clover (seed crop only), or non-bearing tree, vine, small fruit, vegetable crops.
- Mixers/loaders supporting groundboom applications to canola and potato.
- · Applicators using groundboom equipment for all crop uses.

# Respirator fit testing, medical qualification, and training

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is:

- · Fit-tested and fit-checked,
- · Trained, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their health status or respirator style or use-conditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements.

#### **User Safety Requirements**

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **Engineering Controls**

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4). When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. Mixers, loaders, and applicators using closed systems who meet these requirements may wear: long- sleeved shirt and long pants; protective eyewear; waterproof gloves; shoes plus socks; and a chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading, or cleaning equipment. If handling tasks are performed from inside an enclosed cab or aircraft with enclosed cockpits that meet these requirements may wear: long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks for the labeling- specified PPE. All labeling-specified PPE must be immediately available for use in an emergency. All applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6) must be followed.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For Terrestrial Uses, DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

#### NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

#### **PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

**DO NOT** mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reactions may occur.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**DO NOT** apply this product via backpack sprayer.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.



#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

#### DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Protective eyewear
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

#### **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be drift.

#### DO NOT allow people or pets to touch treated plants until the sprays have dried.

For terrestrial uses, DO NOT allow entry of maintenance workers into treated areas, or allow contact with treated vegetation wet with spray, dew, or rain, without appropriate protective clothing until spray has dried.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Capone Desiccant is a nonvolatile herbicide for use as a preharvest aid to desiccate certain crops in order to facilitate harvesting. Capone Desiccant is also advised for use as a general herbicide to control weeds in noncrop areas and nonbearing crops. Capone Desiccant is a contact-type herbicide and requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Thorough coverage of all green plant tissue is essential for effective control.

Capone Desiccant is rapidly absorbed by green plant tissue and interacts with the phytosynthetic process to produce compounds which destroy plant cells. Herbicidal activity is usually quite rapid, with effects visible in a few days.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE DIRECTIONS

#### APPLICATION

Since Capone Desiccant is a contact-type herbicide, it is essential to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or crop to achieve effective results. Improper application technique and/or application to large, stressed, or mowed weeds will generally result in unacceptable control.

Complete coverage is also essential for effective performance in harvest aid applications. See details below for additional information.

#### Nozzle Selection

The use of flat fan nozzles will result in the most effective application of Capone Desiccant. The use of nozzles other than flat fans may result in reduced performance due to inadequate coverage.

#### Spray Volume

Follow specified minimum spray volumes listed for each use of **Capone Desiccant**. These are **minimum** volumes only, and spray volumes must be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage. When spraying less than 20 gal of spray carrier per acre, target weeds must not exceed 6 inches in height.

#### **SPRAY ADJUVANTS**

#### Always Add One of the Following: Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)

Add a NIS containing 75% or greater surface active agent at 0.06-0.5% v/v (1/2-4 pt per 100 gal) of the finished spray volume.

#### **Other Adjuvants**

Adjuvants other than NIS may be used providing the product meets the following criteria:

- · Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- Is compatible in mixture. Compatibility may be established through a jar test.
- · Is supported locally for use with Capone Desiccant through proven field trials and through university and extension directions.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is advised.

# RATES

Follow specified rates listed with each use of Capone Desiccant. Use the higher label rates when weeds are large or dense. Also, use higher labeled rates for harvest aid when crop vegetation is dense.

#### APPLICATION TIMING

Capone Desiccant must be applied to emerged weeds when they are small. Weeds 1 inch to 6 inches in height are the easiest to control. When weeds have been grazed or mowed, thus removing much of the green foliage, allow the weeds to regrow to a height of 2–4 inches before spraying. For proper application timing of harvest aid applications, refer to each crop for specifications or directions.

Weeds emerging after application of Capone Desiccant will not be controlled or suppressed.

#### RAINFASTNESS

Because Capone Desiccant is rapidly absorbed by green plant tissue, rain occurring 30 minutes after application will have no effect on the activity of Capone Desiccant.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

Capone Desiccant is active over a wide range of environmental conditions. Cool weather (below 55°F) will slow the activity of Capone Desiccant, as will cloudy, overcast weather, but will not affect performance.

In dry areas, dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat target surface and reduce Capone Desiccant activity. Avoid applying Capone Desiccant in extremely dusty conditions.



#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- · Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions

#### **Groundboom Applications:**

- · User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - Groundboom**

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

· Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### BOOM HEIGHT - Groundboom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **Boom-less Ground Applications:**

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### Handheld Technology Applications:

Take precautions to minimize spray drift

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

# RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, **Capone Desiccant** is a Group 22 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **Capone Desiccant** and other Group 22 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Capone Desiccant or other Group 22 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control
  methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800.
- Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to Atticus LLC, your local retailer or your local extension specialist. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemical means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.



# **SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**

The following table indicates use pattern, rates, minimum spray volumes, and preharvest interval for specific uses.

Crop	Use Pattern	Capone Desiccant Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Volume per Acre	Preharvest Interval (Days)	Directions
Alfalfa (seed crop only)	Preharvest desiccation broadcast	11/2-2 pt (0.38 - 0.5 lb ai) (see precautions section for additional rate information)	Ground: 15 gal Air: 5 gal	3	Restrictions  DO NOT apply through irrigation systems. On thin stands of seed alfalfa use 1 pt (0.25 lb ai) per acre. DO NOT graze or feed treated forage to livestock. DO NOT use seed from treated plants for food, feed, or oil purposes. DO NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 pt (2.0 lb ai) per acre per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop cycle (2 crop cycles per year) and 4 applications per acre per year.
					Precautions  Desiccation is complete in 3–10 days.
Canola	Preharvest desiccation broadcast	11/2-2 pt (0.38 – 0.5 lb ai)	Ground: 15 gal Air: 5 gal	7	Restrictions DO NOT apply through irrigation systems. DO NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per application DO NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per year. A maximum of one application per year is allowed. Harvest no later than 10 days after application.
Clover (seed crop only)	Preharvest desiccation broadcast	11/2-2 pt (0.38 – 0.5 lb ai)	Ground: 15 gal Air: 5 gal	3	Restrictions  DO NOT apply through irrigation systems.  DO NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per application.  DO NOT graze or feed treated forage to livestock.  DO NOT use seed from treated plants for food, feed, or oil purposes.  DO NOT apply more than 8 pt (2.0 lb ai) per acre per year.  DO NOT make more than 2 applications per crop cycle (2 crop cycles per year) and 4 applications per acre per year.  Precautions  Desiccation is complete in 3–10 days.
Potato	Preharvest desiccation broadcast	1–2 pt (0.25 – 0.5 lb ai)	Ground: 20 gal Air: 5 gal	7	Restrictions  Do NOT apply through Irrigation systems.  Do NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per application.  Do NOT apply to drought-stressed potatoes.  Do NOT exceed a total of 4 pt (1 lb ai) per acre per year.  Do NOT make more than 2 applications per acre per year.  Retreatment Interval: 5 days
					Precautions  Make a second application if necessary to obtain additional desiccation where vine growth is dense. For improved vine coverage, a 5-day interval is advised between applications.



Crop	Use Pattern	Capone Desiccant Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Volume per Acre	Preharvest Interval (Days)	Directions
Tree, Vine, Small Fruit,	Directed spray	11/2-2 pt	Ground: 15 gal	DO NOT use for food	Restrictions
Vegetable Crops -		(0.38 – 0.5 lb ai)		or feed for one year	• <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per application.
Nonbearing .		, ,		after application	• <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 10 pt (2.5 lb ai) per acre per year.
Acerola (West				аттог арриоаттог	• <b>DO NOT</b> make more than 5 applications per acre per year.
Indian Cherry)					
Almonds					• DO NOT graze treated areas.
Apple					Precautions
Apricots					• Capone Desiccant can be used during site preparation prior to planting and up to 1 year of harvest.
Artichokes					Retreatment may be necessary for complete control of grasses and older established weeds.
Asparagus					
Avocados					• DO NOT allow spray to contact green stems, foliage, or fruit as injury can occur.
Bananas					Use a shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines.
Blackberry					
Blueberry					
Boysenberry					
Cherries					
Coffee					
Conifers					
Crabapple					
Cranberry					
Dates					
Dewberry					
Elderberry					
Figs					
Filberts					
Ginseng					
Gooseberry					
Grapes Grapefruit					
Guava					
Huckleberry					
Jojoba					
Kiwi					
Lemons					
Limes					
Loganberry					
Macadamia					
Mango					
Nectarines					
Olives					
Oranges	1				
Papayas					
Passion Fruit					
Peaches					
Pears					
Pecans					
Persimmons					
Pistachios					
Plantains					
Plums					
Pomegranates					
Prunes					
Raspberry					
Tangelos					
Tangerines Walnuts					
Walnuts					

Other Uses	Use Pattern	Capone Desiccant Rate	Directions
<b>Noncrop or Nonplanted Areas on Farms</b> Fence Lines, Farmyards, Farm Buildings, Fuel	Broadcast	1–2 pt (0.25 – 0.5 lb ai) in a minimum of 15 gal water per acre	Restrictions DO NOT apply this product via backpack sprayer.
Storage Areas, Barrier Strips, Equipment Areas, and Dry (non-flooded) Areas around ponds, lakes, and drainage ditches on farms	Spot Treatment	1–2 quarts (0.5 – 1 lb ai) plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gal water	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 2 pt (0.5 lb ai) per acre per broadcast application.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 20 pt (5 lb ai) per acre per year.</li> <li>DO NOT make more than 10 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>
		or 0.75 oz (22 ml) plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal of water	Precautions Apply for full coverage and thorough weed contact. Retreatment may be necessary to control grasses and established weeds. Avoid spray contact with foliage of food crops or ornamental plants or other desirable vegetation. Add the labeled rate of 75% or greater nonionic surfactant to the finished spray volume.

# LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Direct spray contact or drift of **Capone Desiccant** will cause severe plant injury or death. Avoid contact of desirable vegetation.
- Weeds emerging after application of Capone Desiccant will not be controlled or suppressed. Retreatment may be necessary to control large weeds or established weeds.
- Use of dirty or muddy water for **Capone Desiccant** dilution may result in reduced control.
- DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Rinse all spray equipment thoroughly with water after use.



# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL POISONING, NEVER STORE THIS PRODUCT IN FOOD, DRINK, OR UNLABELED CONTAINERS.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used must be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for quidance

# **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

For plastic containers  $\leq$  5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times are into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE.** Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

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