We create chemistry

Safety Data Sheet
Clearpath Herbicide For Clearfield Rice

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Clearpath Herbicide For Clearfield Rice

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: crop protection product, herbicide

* The “Recommended use” identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC
2 TW Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27713
USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification

Substance number:	168564
EPA Registration number:	7969-222
Molecular formula:	C10 H5 N O2 Cl2 C15 H19 N3 O3
Chemical family:	quinoline derivative, imidazole derivative
Synonyms:	quinclorac ; imazethapyr

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Acute Tox.	4 (oral)	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Aquatic Chronic	1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Combustible Dust	Combustible Dust (1)	Combustible Dust
Carc.	1A (by inhalation)	Carcinogenicity

Label elements

Pictogram:

Signal Word:
Danger

Hazard Statement:

	May form combustible dust concentration in air.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H350	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P301 + P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P330	Rinse mouth
P391	Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P405	Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Labeling of special preparations (GHS):
May produce an allergic reaction. Contains: quinclorac

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

quinclorac
CAS Number: 84087-01-4
Content (W/W): 61.98 %

Synonym: 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid

Imazethapyr
CAS Number: 81335-77-5
Content (W/W): 13.02 %
Synonym: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-

Kaolin
CAS Number: 1332-58-7
Content (W/W): < 15.0%
Synonym: No data available.

sodium-di-ethyl-hexyl-sulfosuccinate
CAS Number: 577-11-7
Content (W/W): 0.1 - 1.0%
Synonym: Sulfobutanedioic acid 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester, sodium salt; Docusate sodium, Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate, Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

crystalline silica
CAS Number: 14808-60-7
Content (W/W): 0.1 - 1.0%
Synonym: No data available.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:
Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:
Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:
Wash thoroughly with soap and water

If in eyes:
Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open.

If swallowed:
Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician
Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:
carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, carbon dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides, organochloric compounds, sulfur oxides, silica compounds
The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep/shovel up. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact

with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:
The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Dust explosion class: Dust explosion class 1 (Kst-value >0 up to 200 bar m s-1).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

Kaolin	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica.
	OSHA Z1:	PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ;
	OSHA Z1:	PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust ;
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ;
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 10 mg/m3 Total dust ;

Advice on system design:
Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:
Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	solid
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined due to potential health hazard by inhalation.
Colour:	light brown
pH value:	approx. 2 - 4 (1 %(m), 25 °C)
Melting point:	not applicable, The substance / product decomposes therefore not determined.
Boiling point:	The product is a non-volatile solid., not applicable
Flash point:	not applicable
Flammability:	Product is combustible.
Lower explosion limit:	As a result of our experience with this product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with the intended use.
Upper explosion limit:	As a result of our experience with this product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with the intended use.
Autoignition:	not applicable
Vapour pressure:	negligible
Bulk density:	approx. 0.74 kg/m3
Vapour density:	not applicable
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	The statements are based on the properties of the individual components.

Information on: quinclorac

Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	-0.74 (20 °C)	(Directive 92/69/EEC, A.8)

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-

Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	1.49 (25 °C)
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Self-ignition temperature:	not self-igniting
Thermal decomposition:	252 °C carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. If product is heated above decomposition temperature hazardous fumes may be released.
Viscosity, dynamic:	not applicable, the product is a solid
Solubility in water:	dispersible
Evaporation rate:	not applicable
Other Information:	If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Oxidizing properties:
Not an oxidizer.

Dust explosivity characteristics:
Kst: 176 m.bar/s
Pmax = 6.2 BARA

Dust explosion class:
Dust explosion class 1 (Kst-value >0 up to 200 bar m s-1) (St 1)

Minimum ignition energy:
100 - 300 mJ

Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
The product is chemically stable.
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures. This product may form an explosive mixture if: 1. the dust is suspended in the atmosphere as a dust cloud AND 2. the concentration of the dust is above the lower explosion limit (LEL) AND 3. the limiting oxygen concentration (LOC) is exceeded.

Incompatible materials
strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:
252 °C
Possible thermal decomposition products:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons
Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. If product is heated above decomposition temperature hazardous fumes may be released.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity
Assessment of acute toxicity: Moderately toxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact.

Oral
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat (female)
Value: < 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation
Type of value: LC50
Species: rat (male/female)
Value: > 5.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
No mortality was observed.

Dermal
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat (male/female)
Value: > 2,000 mg/kg
No mortality was observed.

Assessment other acute effects
Assessment of STOT single:
Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Irritation / corrosion
Assessment of irritating effects: May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

Skin

Species: rabbit
May cause slight irritation to the skin.

Eye
Species: rabbit
May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.

Sensitization
Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

modified Buehler test
Species: guinea pig
Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.
Method: OECD Guideline 406

Aspiration Hazard
No aspiration hazard expected. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity
Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Kaolin
Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated inhalative uptake of particles/dust reaching the alveoli may cause damage to the lungs.

Information on: crystalline silica
Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may result in silicosis. Repeated inhalation exposure may cause inflammatory effects in the lung. The substance may cause increase in lung mass and lung tissue changes after repeated inhalation. This product may contain greater than 0.1% crystalline silica. Repeated exposure to high concentrations results in silicosis, a lung disease characterized by coughing, difficult breathing, wheezing, scarring of the lungs, and repeated, non-specific chest illnesses.
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) has classified this substance as harmful to the lung, kidney and immune system following repeated inhalation exposure.

Genetic toxicity
Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Mutagenicity tests revealed no genotoxic potential.

Carcinogenicity
Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.
The respirable fraction is < 0.1 %, therefore the classification regarding inhalation toxicity does not apply.

Information on: Quinclorac
Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Information on: imazethapyr
Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Information on: crystalline silica
Assessment of carcinogenicity: May cause cancer by inhalation. The substance was found to cause cancer in animal experiments. Epidemiological studies stated a carcinogenic activity also in humans. The substance and its compounds in the form of respirable dusts/aerosolsis classified by the German MAK commision as a category 1 carcinogen (substances that cause cancer to humans). The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this substance as a Group 1 (known) human carcinogen.
NTP listed carcinogen
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) has classified this substance as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity
Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Teratogenicity
Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Other Information
Misuse can be harmful to health.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity
Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic plants. There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to fish. There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic invertebrates.

Toxicity to fish

Information on: quinclorac
LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Salmo gairdneri, syn. O. mykiss

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-
LC50 (96 h) 340 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OPP 72-1 (EPA-Guideline), static)
LC50 (96 h) 240 mg/l, Ictalurus punctatus, syn: I. robustus

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: quinclorac
LC50 (96 h) 67 mg/l, Mysidopsis bahia
LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-
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Aquatic plants

Information on: quinclorac
EC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static)
No observed effect concentration (96 h) 19.3 mg/l, Chlorella fusca
EC50 (96 h) 43.6 mg/l, Chlorella fusca

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-
EC50 (14 d) 0.0101 mg/l, Lemna gibba
No observed effect concentration 0.00438 mg/l, Lemna gibba
EC50 (96 h) 71 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
No observed effect concentration (96 h) 50 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
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Chronic toxicity to fish

Information on: quinclorac
No observed effect concentration (38 d) 31 mg/l, Pimephales promelas

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-
No observed effect concentration (34 d) > 14 mg/l, Pimephales promelas
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Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Information on: quinclorac
No observed effect concentration (21 d) 110 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-
No observed effect concentration (21 d) 103 mg/l, Daphnia magna
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Assessment of terrestrial toxicity
With high probability not acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Information on: quinclorac

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: quinclorac

Following exposure to soil, the product trickles away and can - dependant on degradation - be transported to deeper soil areas with larger water loads.

Information on: 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo- 1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-

Following exposure to soil, the product trickles away and can - dependant on degradation - be transported to deeper soil areas with larger water loads.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:
The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient. Do not release untreated into natural waters.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:
Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:
Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:
This product is not regulated by RCRA.

14. Transport Information

Land transport
USDOT

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport
IMDG

Hazard class:	9
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 3077
Hazard label:	9, EHSM
Marine pollutant:	YES
Proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains IMAZETHAPYR)

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

Hazard class:	9
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 3077
Hazard label:	9, EHSM
Proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains IMAZETHAPYR)

Further information
Product may be shipped as non-hazardous in suitable packages containing a net quantity of 5 kg or less under the provisions of various regulatory agencies: ADR, RID, ADN: Special Provision 375; IMDG: 2.10.2.7; IATA: A197; TDG: Special Provision 99(2); 49CFR: §171.4 (c) (2).

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical	TSCA, US	blocked / not listed
Crop Protection	TSCA, US	released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
PA	1332-58-7	Kaolin
MA	1332-58-7	Kaolin
NJ	1332-58-7	Kaolin

Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act, CA Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including TITANIUM DIOXIDE (AIRBORNE, UNBOUND PARTICLES OF RESPIRABLE SIZE), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and TOLUENE, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Labeling requirements under FIFRA

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.
CAUTION:
MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED.
HARMFUL IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.
MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.
Causes eye irritation.

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:
BASF Agricultural Solutions US NA Product Regulations
SDS Prepared on: 2021/04/27

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

END OF DATA SHEET