(Container)

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Herbicide

GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC is a selective herbicide for post-emergent control of annual broadleaved weeds including cleavers and certain ALS-resistant broadleaved weeds such as kochia in spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley, oats, rangeland, permanent pasture, rights-of-way, industrial and other non-crop areas of Canada. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC will also suppress hemp-nettle, common chickweedand wild buckwheat.

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: fluroxypyr, present as 1-methylheptyl ester......333 g/L

Emulsifiable concentrate

REGISTRATION NO. 35125 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

NET CONTENTS: 1 L - bulk

Product Information: 1-844-200-FARM (3276)

Farmer's Business Network Canada, Inc. PO Box 5607 High River, Alberta Canada T1V 1M7 1-844-200-FARM (3276)

For Emergency Medical Assistance (Human or Animal) contact Rocky Mountain Poison Control at 1-866-767-5041.

For Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 (North America) or 1-703-527-3887 (International).

PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

For agricultural/crop scenarios: **Do not** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12-hours.

For non-crop areas: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas until sprays have dried.

Do not use in residential areas. Residential areas are defined as any use site where bystanders including children could be exposed during or after application. This includes homes, schools, parks, playgrounds, playing fields, public buildings, or any other area where the general public including children could be exposed.

Apply only when potential for drift to areas of human habitation and activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversion, application equipment and sprayer settings.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

Wear coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and work boots during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair. Gloves are not required during application within a closed cab and/or cockpit.

For handheld application, wear eye, head and respiratory protection when applying above waist height, including overhead.

OPERATOR USE PRECAUTIONS

Wear freshly laundered clothing and clean protective equipment daily. At completion of spraying or end of the day take a shower immediately. Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing at the end of the work session and store and wash separately from household laundry using detergents and hot water before reuse. If herbicide penetrates clothing, remove immediately; then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Throw away clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

COMBUSTIBLE. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

FIRST AID

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A PETROLEUM DISTILLATE. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by the attending physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or oesophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration of petroleum based solvents must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Employ supportive care. Treatment should be based on the judgment of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL

Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

TOXIC to non-target terrestrial plants and aquatic organisms. Observe spray buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

This product contains an active ingredient and aromatic petroleum distillates which are toxic to aquatic organisms.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed.

Store in original containers in a secure, dry heated storage. If product is frozen, bring to room temperature and agitate before use. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fertilizers or other pesticides. If containers are damaged or spill occurs, use the product immediately or contain the spill with absorbent materials and dispose of waste.

DISPOSAL

Recyclable Containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial/territorial requirements.

Returnable Containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. For disposal, this empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer).

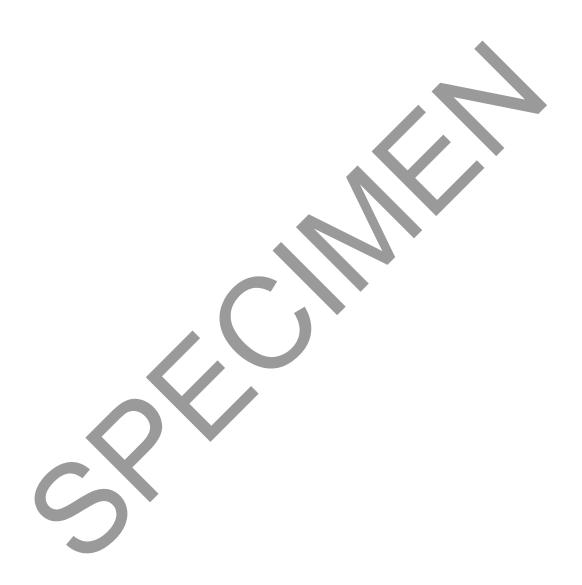
Refillable Containers

For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the

provincial/territorial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial/territorial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.



(Booklet)

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Herbicide

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FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC is a selective herbicide for post-emergent control of annual broadleaved weeds including cleavers and certain ALS-resistant broadleaved weeds such as kochia in spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley, oats, rangeland, permanent pasture, rights-of-way, industrial and other non-crop areas of Canada. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC will also suppress hemp-nettle, common chickweedand wild buckwheat.

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: fluroxypyr, present as 1-methylheptyl ester Emulsifiable concentrate 333 g/L

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NET CONTENTS: 1 L - bulk

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PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

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Apply only when potential for drift to areas of human habitation and activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversion, application equipment and sprayer settings.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

Wear coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and work boots during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair. Gloves are not required during application within a closed cab and/or cockpit.

For handheld application, wear eye, head and respiratory protection when applying above waist height, including overhead.

OPERATOR USE PRECAUTIONS

Wear freshly laundered clothing and clean protective equipment daily. At completion of spraying or end of the day take a shower immediately. Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing at the end of the work session and store and wash separately from household laundry using detergents and hot water before reuse. If herbicide penetrates clothing, remove immediately; then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Throw away clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

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FIRST AID

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AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL

Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

TOXIC to non-target terrestrial plants and aquatic organisms. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

This product contains an active ingredient and aromatic petroleum distillates which are toxic to aquatic organisms.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative filter strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

STORAGE

Store away from food or feed.

Store in original containers in a secure, dry heated storage. If product is frozen, bring to room temperature and agitate before use. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fertilizers or other pesticides. If containers are damaged or spill occurs, use the product immediately or contain the spill with absorbent materials and dispose of waste.

DISPOSAL

Recyclable Containers:

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If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial/territorial requirements.

Returnable Containers:

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. For disposal, this empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer).

Refillable Containers:

For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial/territorial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial/territorial regulatory

agency in case of a spill, andfor clean-up of spills.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC is a selective post-emergent herbicide for the control of annual broadleaved weeds in spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley and oats, not underseeded with legumes. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC offers a novel mode of action for controlling hard-to-kill annual broadleaved weeds such as kochia (including ALS resistant biotypes) and cleavers. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC will also provide suppression of hempnettle, wild buckwheat and chickweed.

MODE OF ACTION

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC is a systemic auxin-type herbicide and moves within the plant for control of exposed and underground plant tissues. The product controls weeds by disrupting normal plant growth patterns. Symptoms of weeds include epinasty (twisting of the stems) and swollen nodes.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

Sensitive Plants

Do not apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC directly to, or otherwise permit it to come in direct contact with susceptible crops or desirable plants including alfalfa, edible beans, canola, flowers and ornamentals, lentils, lettuce, peas, potatoes, radishes, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, tomatoes or tobacco.

Non-Target Sites

Do not apply where proximity of susceptible crops or other desirable plants is likely to result in exposure to spray or spray drift. See Environmental Hazards section of the label.

Crop Rotation

Fields previously treated with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC can be seeded the following year to alfalfa, barley, canola, corn, dry beans, fababeans, flax, forage grasses, lentils, mustard, oats, peas, potatoes, rye, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers or wheat or fields can be summerfallowed.

Tank Mixtures

This product may be tank mixed with a fertilizer, a supplement or with registered pest control products, whose labels also allow tank mixing, provided the entirety of both labels, including Directions For Use, Precautions, Restrictions, Environmental Precautions, and Spray Buffer Zones are followed for each product. In cases where these requirements differ between the tank mix partner labels, the most restrictive label must be followed. Do not tank mix products containing the same active ingredient unless specifically listed on this label.

In some cases, tank mixing pest control products can result in reduced pesticide efficacy or increased host crop injury. The user should contact Farmer's Business Network Canada, Inc. at 1-844-200-FARM (3276) for information before applying any tank mix that is not specifically recommended on this label.

Spray Equipment Precaution

Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

To Reduce Spray Drift

- Use nozzles delivering higher volumes and coarser droplets.
- Use low pressures (200 to 275 kPa).
- Spray when the wind velocity is 15 km/hr or less.
- Spot treatments should only be applied with a calibrated boom to prevent over-application.

Equipment Clean-Up

Equipment used to apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC should not be used to apply other pesticides to sensitive crops without thorough cleaning. Contact your FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC dealer for detailed equipment cleaning procedures.DIRECTIONS FOR USE

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE. FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL INSTRUCTIONS MAY

RESULT IN ERRATIC WEED CONTROL OR CROP DAMAGE. DO NOT APPLY TO CROPS UNDERSEEDED WITH LEGUMES.

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, **DO NOT** use to control aquatic pests.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Crops Registered

spring wheat durum wheat winter wheat spring barley oats

FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC ALONE

Apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC with ground or aerial application equipment (see Application directions section) for post-emergent control of cleavers and kochia, including ALS resistant kochia and other broadleaved weeds infesting spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley and oats. See following table for weeds controlled/suppressed and applications rates.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed By FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Alone

Weeds Controlled	FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Rate (L/ha)
chickweed* (up to 8 cm)	0.41
cleavers (1-6 whorls)	0.21
cleavers (1-8 whorls)	0.31
kochia* (2-8 leaf)	0.31
round-leaved mallow (1-6 leaf)	0.41
volunteer flax (1-12 cm)	0.31
Weeds Suppressed	FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Rate (L/ha)
hempnettle (2-6 leaf)	0.41
stork's-bill (1-8 leaf)	0.31
wild buckwheat (1-8 leaf)	0.21

^{*} Including biotypes resistant to Group 2 herbicides that inhibit the ALS enzyme.

NOTE: FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC activity is influenced by weather conditions. Optimum activity requires active crop and weed growth. The temperature range for optimum activity is 12°C to 24°C. Reduced activity will occur when temperatures are below 8°C or above 27°C. Frost before application (3 days) or shortly after (3 days) may reduce weed control and crop tolerance. Weed control may be reduced during stress conditions, e.g., drought, heat or cold stress, or if weeds have initiated flowering, or if heavy infestations exist.

Application Timing

Apply to actively growing spring wheat, durum wheat, spring barley and oats from the 2 leaf crop growth stage up to and including initiation of stem elongation. Apply to winter wheat in the spring from the 3 tiller stage to just before the flag leaf stage. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Best results are obtained from applications made to seedling weeds. Only weeds emerged at the time of treatment will be controlled. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperature prior to, at and following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth. Foliage that is wet at the time of application may decrease control. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC applications are rainfast within 1 hour after application. Under conditions of low crop and high weed density, control may be reduced.

Pre-harvest/Grazing Intervals (FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC applied alone)

- Livestock may be grazed on treated crops 3 days following application.
- Do not harvest the treated crop within 60 days after application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS (GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATIONS)

(1) Ground Application

Using ground equipment, apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC alone or with tank mix partners as a broadcast treatment. Apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC alone at the recommended rates in a spray volume of 50-100 L water/ha. When tank mixing, refer to the label of the tank mix partner label for additional instructions, water volumes, precautions and weeds controlled.

Field sprayer application

DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DONOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

(2) Aerial Application

Do not use human flaggers.

Use FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC alone or tank mixed with a product registered for aerial application as a broadcast treatment. Apply the recommended rates of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and tank mix partner as indicated elsewhere on this label. Apply in a spray volume of 30-50 L water/ha. Refer to the tank mixpartner label for additional instructions, precautions and weeds controlled. DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at flying height at the site of application. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Reduce drift caused by turbulent wingtip vortices. Nozzle distribution along the spray boom length MUST NOT exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft equipment, which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate swath marking devices.

Use Precautions

Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Operator Precautions

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed the generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

Product Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the manufacturer at 1-844-200-FARM (3276) or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative. Application of this specific product must meet and/or conform to the following:

• The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. Users are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirement must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications: Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

SPRAY BUFFER ZONES

A spray buffer zone is NOT required for

uses with hand-held application equipment permitted on this label.

For application to rights-of-way, spray buffer zones for protection of sensitive terrestrial habitats are not required; however, the best available application strategies which minimize off-site drift, including meteorological conditions (e.g., wind direction, low wind speed) and spray equipment (e.g., coarse droplet sizes, minimizing height above canopy), should be used. Applicators must, however, observe the specified spray buffer zones for protection of sensitive aquatic habitats.

The spray buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands) and estuarine/marine habitats.

		Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:				
Method of application	Crop	Freshwater Habitat of Depths:		Estuarine/marine Habitat of Depths:		Terrestrial habitat
		Less than 1 m	Greater than 1 m	Less than 1 m	Greater than 1 m	
Field sprayer	Spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley and oats	1	0	1	1	3
	Rangeland and permanent pasture land, industrial and other non-crop areas	1	1	1	1	5*

Aerial	Spring wheat,	Fixed Wing	5	0	1	1	95
	durum wheat, winter wheat, spring barley and oats	Rotary Wing	3	0	1	1	80

^{*} Spray Buffer zones for the protection of terrestrial habitats are not required for use on rights-of-way including railroad ballast, rail and hydro rights-of-way, utility easements, roads, and training grounds and firing ranges on military bases.

When tank mixes are permitted, consult the labels of the tank mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) spray buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The spray buffer zones for this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pesticides portion of the Canada.ca website.

TANK MIX COMBINATION - FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + 2,4-D ESTER HERBICIDE (Do not apply to oats)

For control of a wide spectrum of broadleaved weeds (see following table) apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC tankmixed with 2,4-D ester herbicide. Apply post-emergence when weeds are in the seedling stage (2-4 leaf) and when spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat and spring barley are in the 4 leaf to flag leaf stage. Apply to winter wheat in the spring from the 3 tiller stage to just before the flag leaf stage. Application before the 4 leaf stage of wheat and barley may cause severe twisting of leaves and stem, and head deformities which may reduce yield up to 10%. Do not apply later than the flag leaf stage.

Rates of Applications

I. Low Rate: To control the following weeds apply a uniform spray containing 0.23 L/ha FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and 420 g a.e./ha 2,4-D ester herbicide (e.g., equivalent to 0.64 L/ha of 2,4-D Ester 700).

Weeds Controlled

bluebur goat's-beard shepherd's-purse burdock hoary cress* stinkweed canola (volunteer) sunflower (annual) kochia*** cleavers (1-6 whorls) vetch lamb's-quarters clovers (sweet) wild radish mustards (except green, dog & tansy) cocklebur wild mustard plantain flixweed wild buckwheat (1-6 leaf) prickly lettuce field horsetail* ragweed

II. High Rate: To control the above weeds plus the additional weeds listed below, apply a uniform spray containing 0.31 L/ha of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and 560 g a.e./ha of 2,4-D ester herbicide (e.g., equivalent to 0.85 L/ha of 2,4-D Ester 700).

Additional Weeds Controlled:

> Russian thistle hairy galinsoga blue lettuce* cleavers (1-8 whorls) hedge bindweed smartweed dandelion** lady's-thumb stork's-bill (1-8 leaf) leafy spurge* tansy mustard docks oak-leaved goosefoot tartary buckwheat dog mustard volunteer flax (1-12 cm) redroot pigweed field bindweed* round-leaved mallow (1-6 Leaf) wild buckwheat (1-8 leaf) field peppergrass

gumweed

Weeds Suppressed:

common chickweed*** (up to 8 cm) hempnettle (2-6 leaf stage) sow-thistle (perennial) *

Canada thistle* sow-thistle (annual)

- Top growth control only
- ** Spring rosettes
- *** Including biotypes resistant to Group 2 herbicides that inhibit the ALS enzyme

NOTE: The activity of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC combined with 2,4-D ester herbicide is influenced by weather conditions. Optimum activity requires active crop and weed growth. The temperature range for optimum activity is 12°C to 24°C. Reduced activity will occur when temperatures are below 8°C or above 27°C. Frost before application (3 days) or shortly after (3 days) may reduce weed control and crop tolerance. Weed control may be reduced during stress conditions, e.g., drought, heat or cold stress, or if weeds haveinitiated flowering, or if heavy infestations exist.

Mixing Instructions

Add the correct amount of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC to spray tank 1/2 filled with water and agitate. Add the correct amount of 2,4-D ester herbicide (e.g., 2,4-D Ester 700) and continue to agitate.

Pre-Harvest/Grazing Intervals (FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + 2,4-D ester herbicide)

- Do not permit lactating dairy animals to graze fields within 7 days after application.
- Do not harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.
- Withdraw meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days before slaughter.
- Do not harvest the treated mature crop within 60 days after application.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS - FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + 2,4-D ESTER HERBICIDE + OTHER HERBICIDES (Do not apply to oats)

Tank mixtures of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + 2,4-D ester herbicide with other herbicides will provide control of additional weeds. For products which may be tank mixed with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + 2,4-D ester herbicideand the additional weeds controlled see following table. Follow all precautions, minimal interval to harvestand directions for use on the FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and tank mix partner labels.

Tank Mix Combinations with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC (0.31 L/ha) + 2,4-D ester herbicide (560 g a.e./ha) or FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC (0.23 L/ha) + 2,4-D ester herbicide (420 g a.e./ha)

Herbicide		Rate of Tank Mix		Additional
Tank Mix Partner	Crops Registered	Partner	Adjuvant Rate	Weeds

Simplicity TM ***	spring wheat, durum wheat,	0.5 L/ha	None required	barnyard grass (1-5 leaf),
	winter wheat			common
				chickweed (up to
				10 cm), hemp
				nettle (1-8 leaf),
				Japanese brome
				(1-6 leaf), wild
				oats (up to 4 leaf,
				2 tiller), wild
				buckwheat (1-4
				leaf)

^{**} Wild oat control may be reduced when tank mixed with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + 2,4-D ester herbicide

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS - FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + DRAFT OR REFINE SG HERBICIDE

For control of a wide spectrum of broadleaved weeds (see following table) FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC can be tank mixed with Draft or Refine SG Herbicide. Apply post-emergence when weeds are actively growing, with best results on seedling weeds that are less than 10 cm in height. Only weeds emerged at the time of treatment will be controlled. Thorough covering of the target weeds is essential. The tank mix can be applied to actively growing spring wheat, including durum, spring barley and oats from the 2 leaf crop growth stage up to and including initiation of stem elongation. The tank mix of Draft or Refine SG Herbicide with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC allows for the control of Group 2 resistant cleavers at 0.21 L/ha and kochia 0.31 L/ha. Do not apply to crops underseeded to legumes or grasses.

Rates of Application To control the following weeds apply a uniform spray containing 0.21 to 0.41 litres of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC with 20 g/ha Draft or 30 g/ha of Refine SG Herbicide and 2 litres per 1000 L spray solution of non-ionic surfactant (Agral 90*, Ag-Surf** or Citowett Plus) with a spray volume of 100 L/ha.

- * Choose one of Agral 90 Non-Ionic Wetting & Spreading Agent Liquid or Agral 90 Non-Ionic Liquid Wetting & Spreading Agent.
- ** Choose one of IPCO Ag-Surf Original, IPCO Ag-Surf II, Weedaway Ag-Surf Liquid Spray Adjuvant or Weedaway Ag-Surf II.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Weeds Controlled at 0.21 L/ha of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and 20 g/ha Draft, or 30 g/ha of Refine SG Herbicide:

annual smartweed (green groundsel (common) shepherd's purse smartweed, lady's-thumb) hempnettle stinkweed ball mustard kochia² tartary buckwheat chickweed (1-6 leaf)1 lamb's-quarters volunteer rapeseed³ cleavers (1-4 whorls) narrow-leaved hawk's beard volunteer sunflower corn spurry redroot pigweed wild buckwheat4 cow cockle Russian thistle wild mustard flixweed

^{***}Tank mixing with Simplicity only applies to the low rate of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + 2,4-D ester

¹ Spray before canopy prevents thorough coverage of weeds. Chickweed emerging after application willnot be controlled.

² Excluding Group 2 resistant kochia

³ The tank mix will not control imazethapyr tolerant canola varieties (e.g., Clearfield varieties or othervarieties with the Pursuit Smart trait)

⁴ Apply to actively growing wild buckwheat at the cotyledon to 3 leaf stage. Control may be reduced under environmental stress. Large plants may regrow after treatment.

SG Herbicide:

Canada thistle⁵ sow thistle⁵

round leaved mallow (2-6 leaf)⁶ stork's bill (2-6 leaf stage) scentless chamomile toadflax (up to 15 cm)⁷

Additional Weeds Controlled at 0.31 L/ha of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and 20 g/ha Draft, or 30 g/ha of Refine SG Herbicide:

kochia (2-8 leaf; including group 2 resistant biotypes) volunteer flax (1-12 cm)

Additional Weeds Controlled and Suppressed at 0.41 L/ha FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and 20 g/ha Draft, or 30 g/ha of Refine SG Herbicide:

Weeds Controlled Weeds Suppressed

round leaved mallow (1-6 leaf) chickweed (up to 8 cm; including group 2 resistant biotypes)

Mixing Instructions

Fill the tank to 1/3 full of clean water, and with the agitator running, add the required amount of Draft or Refine SG Herbicide and continue to agitate for a minimum of 5 minutes to ensure that Draft or Refine SG Herbicide is completely dissolved. Add the required amount of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC at a reduced agitation. Add the rest of the water and then add adjuvant. Use a spray volume of 100 L/ha.

Pre-Harvest/Grazing Intervals

- Livestock may not be grazed or fed crops within 7 days of application
- Do not harvest the treated crop within 60 days of application

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS – FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + 2,4-D ESTER HERBICIDE + DRAFT OR REFINESG HERBICIDE OR RETAIN A HERBICIDE (Do not apply to oats)

Spring Wheat (excluding durum) and spring barley

For control of a wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, including cleavers, FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC may be tankmixed with 2,4-D ester herbicide and Draft or Refine SG Herbicide or Retain A Herbicide. Apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC at 0.16 L/ha tank mixed with Draft at 20 g/ha, or Refine SG Herbicide or Retain A Herbicide at 30 g/ha, 2,4-D ester herbicide at 280 g a.e./ha (e.g., equal to 0.5 L/ha of 2,4-D LV-600 Herbicide or 0.42 L/ha of 2,4-D Ester 700) and a non-ionic surfactant (Agral 90*, Ag-Surf** or Citowett Plus) at 2 L per 1000 L of spray solution. A spray volume of 100 L/ha should be utilized. Apply post-emergence when weeds are in the seedling up to 4 leaf/whorls stage, and when spring wheat (excluding durum) andspring barley are in the 4 leaf to flag leaf stage. **Do not apply to crops underseeded to legumes.**

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed Weeds Controlled:

⁵ Apply when most of the thistles have emerged and are actively growing. Apply before bud stage and before crop canopy prevents thorough coverage of thistles, when thistles are no larger than 15 cm in height for best top growth control. A single application will effectively inhibit the ability of emerged thistles to compete with the crop. Later emerging thistles will not be controlled.

⁶ Apply to actively growing round leaved mallow. Will keep mallow stunted, but may not be able to reduce overall populations

⁷ A control program for this weed includes chemical application and frequent tillage.

^{*} Choose one of Agral 90 Non-Ionic Wetting & Spreading Agent Liquid or Agral 90 Non-Ionic Liquid Wetting & Spreading Agent.

^{**} Choose one of IPCO Ag-Surf Original, IPCO Ag-Surf II, Weedaway Ag-Surf Liquid Spray Adjuvant or Weedaway Ag-Surf II.

annual smartweed (green smartweed, lady's thumb)

smartweed, lady's thumb) hemp-nett ball mustard kochia³ chickweed (1-6 leaf)¹ lamb'-quai

cleavers²
corn spurry
cow cockle
flixweed

hemp-nettle stinkweed
kochia³ tartary buckwheat
lamb'-quarters volunteer rapeseed⁴
narrow-leaved hawk's beard
redroot pigweed wild buckwheat⁵
Russian thistle wild mustard

shepherd's purse

groundsel (common)

Weeds Suppressed:

Canada thistle⁶ sow thistle⁶ round leaved mallow (2-6 leaf)⁷ stork's bill (2-6 leaf) toadflax (to 15 cm)⁸

Mixing Instructions

Fill the tank to 1/3 full of clean water. With agitator running, add required amount of Draft or Refine SG Herbicide or Retain A Herbicide and continue to agitate for a minimum of 5 minutes to ensure the Draft or Refine SG Herbicide or Retain A Herbicide is completely dissolved. After it is fully dissolved add the FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC with continuous agitation. Add the 2,4-D ester herbicide and the rest of the water. Then add adjuvant. Use a spray volume of 100 L/ha. Consult the 2,4-D label for additional application instructions and use precautions.

Pre-harvest/Grazing Intervals (FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + Draft + 2,4-D ester)

- Allow 7 days between application and grazing of lactating dairy animals.
- Do not harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.
- Remove meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days prior to slaughter.
- Do not harvest the treated mature crop within 60 days after application.

TANK MIX COMBINATION - FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + MCPA ESTER HERBICIDE

For control of a wide spectrum of broadleaved weeds (see following table) apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC at 0.31 L/ha tank mixed with MCPA LV 500 Herbicide at 1.12 L/ha or MCPA Ester 600 Herbicide at 0.93 L/ha. Apply post-emergence when weeds are in the seedling stage (2-4 leaf) and when spring wheat, durum wheat, spring barley and oats are in the 3 leaf to flag leaf stage. Apply to winter wheat in the spring from the 3 tiller stage to just before the flag leaf stage. Application before the 3 leaf stage of wheat and barley may cause severe twisting of leaves and stem, and head deformities which may reduce yield up to 10%. Do not apply later than the flag leaf stage. Do not apply to cereals underseeded with a legume.

¹ Spray before crop canopy prevents thorough coverage of weeds. Chickweed emerging after application will not be controlled.

² Excluding Group 2 resistant cleavers

³ Excluding Group 2 resistant kochia

⁴ The tank mix will not control imazethapyr tolerant canola varieties (e.g., Clearfield varieties or othervarieties with the Pursuit Smart trait)

⁵ Apply to actively growing wild buckwheat from the cotyledon to 3 leaf stage. Control may be reduced under environmental stress. Large plants may regrow after treatment

⁶ Apply when most of the thistles have emerged and are actively growing. Apply before bud stage, and before crop canopy prevents thorough coverage of thistles, when thistles are no larger than 15 cm in height for best top growth control. A single application will effectively inhibit the ability of emerged thistles to compete with the crop. Later emerging thistles will not be controlled.

⁷ Apply to actively growing round leaved mallow. Will keep mallow stunted, but may not be able to reduce overall populations.

⁸ A control program for this weed includes chemical application and frequent tillage.

Mixing Instructions

Add the correct amount of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC to spray tank 1/2 filled with water and agitate. Add the correct amount of MCPA ester herbicide and continue to agitate.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + MCPA ester herbicide Tank Mix Weeds Controlled

burdock, commonkochia•shepherd's-pursecanola, volunteerlamb's-quartersstinkweedcleavers (1-8 whorls)mustard (except dog & green tansy)sunflower, annual

cocklebur pigweed, redroot (1-4 leaf) vetch flax, volunteer (1-12 cm) prickly lettuce wild radish

flax, volunteer (1-12 cm) prickly lettuce wild radish flixweed ragweed, common wild buckwheat (1-8 leaf)

hempnettle (2-6 leaf)

Weeds Suppressed

green smartweed stork's-bill (1-8 leaf)

Pre-Harvest/Grazing Intervals (FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + MCPA ester herbicide)

- Allow 7 days between application and grazing/cutting for hay.
- Do not harvest the treated mature crop within 60 days after application.

TANK MIX COMBINATION - FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC +SIMPLICITY™ (Do not apply to oats)

For control of a wide spectrum of broadleaf and grass weeds (see following table) in spring wheat, durum wheat and winter wheat, apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC tank mixed with Simplicity. Apply post-emergence when weeds are actively growing: grass weeds up to the 4 leaf, 2 tiller stage and broadleaf weeds as indicated in the following table. Best results are obtained from applications made to seedling weeds. Apply to actively growing spring or durum wheat from the 3 leaf stage to the first node stage. Apply to winter wheat in the 2-7 leaf, 4 tiller stage with a spring application. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperature prior to, at, or following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth. Under conditions of low crop and high weed density, control may be reduced.

Mixing Instructions

Fill the sprayer tank $\frac{1}{2}$ full of water and start sprayer tank agitation. Add the required amount of Simplicity. Add the correct amount of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and continue to agitate.

Pre-harvest/Grazing Intervals (FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and Simplicity)

- Livestock may be grazed on treated crops 7 days following application.
- Do not harvest the treated crop within 60 days after application.

Rates of Application

I. Low Rate: To control or suppress the following weeds apply a uniform spray containing FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC at 0.21 L/ha tank mixed with Simplicity at 375 mL/ha.

Weeds Controlled

cleavers (1-6 whorls)

wild oats (up to 4 leaf, 2 tiller) *

- *Under low wild oat populations (<75 plants/m²)
- II. High Rate: To control the above weeds plus the additional weeds listed below, apply a uniform spray

^{*}Including biotypes resistant to Group 2 herbicides that inhibit the ALS enzyme.

containing FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC at 0.31 L/ha with Simplicity at 500 mL/ha.

Additional Weeds Controlled

barnyard grass (1-5 leaf)	kochia* (2-8 leaf)
chickweed, common (up to 10 cm)	red root pigweed (1-8 leaf)
cleavers (1-8 whorls)	smartweed (lady's thumb, 1-5 leaf)
foxtail, yellow (1-5 leaf)	volunteer canola * * (1-6 leaf)
hemp nettle (1-8 leaf)	volunteer flax (1-12 cm)
Japanese brome (1-6 leaf)	

^{*}Including biotypes resistant to Group 2 herbicides that inhibit the ALS enzyme.

Additional Weeds Suppressed

brome, downy (2-6 leaf, 2 tillers)	storks-bill (1-8 leaf)
foxtail, green (1-5 leaf)	wild buckwheat (1-4 leaf)

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS –FBN FLUROXYPYR 333 EC + SIMPLICITY + OTHER HERBICIDES (Do not apply to oats)

When tank mixing FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + Simplicity at either the low or high rates, the addition of other herbicides will provide control of additional weeds. For products which may be tank mixed with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + Simplicity and the additional weeds controlled see following table. Follow all precautions, minimal interval to harvest and directions for use on the FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and tank mix partner labels.

Tank Mix Combinations with FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC (0.21 L/ha) + Simplicity (375 mL/ha) or FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC (0.31 L/ha) + Simplicity (500 mL/ha)

Herbicide Tank Mix Partner	Crops Registered	Rate of Tank Mix Partner	Additional Weeds Controlled
2,4-D ester*	spring wheat, durum wheat, winter wheat	Up to 420 g ae/ha	Susceptible weeds such as: mustard (except dog and green tansy), flixweed, bluebur, burdock, cocklebur, stinkweed, goatsbeard, prickly lettuce, lamb's-quarters, plantain, ragweeds, Russian thistle, shepherd's purse, annual sunflower, sweet clover, volunteer canola, wild buckwheat, wild radish *Consult 2,4-D ester labels for weed stages and rates

MCPA ester*	spring wheat durum wheat, winter wheat	Up to 560 g ae/ha	Burdock (before the 4 leaf stage), cocklebur, flixweed, plantain, lamb's-quarters, mustards (except dog and tansy), prickly lettuce, ragweeds, Russian pigweed,
			shepherd's-purse, stinkweed, vetch, wild buckwheat, wild radish, wild (annual) sunflower.
			*Consult MCPA ester labels for weed stages and rates

RANGELAND, PERMANENT PASTURE, INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER NON-CROP AREAS OF CANADA

^{**} will not control volunteer Imidazolinone-tolerant canola

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Alone

Apply FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC for post-emergent control of kochia, including ALS resistant biotypes in non-cropland areas including roadsides, rights of way, permanent perennial grass cover areas, and industrial vegetation management areas. See Table for weed controlled and application rates.

Kochia Control by FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Alone

Weeds	FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Rate (L/ha)
Kochia* (2-8 leaf) Control	0.84
Kochia* (2-8 leaf) Suppression	0.42

^{*}Including biotypes resistant to Group 2 herbicides that inhibit the ALS enzyme.

NOTE: FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC activity is influenced by weather conditions. Optimum activity requires activeweed growth. The temperature range for optimum activity is 12°C to 24°C. Reduced activity will occur when temperatures are below 8°C or above 27°C. Frost before application (3 days) or shortly after (3 days) may reduce weed control. Weed control may be reduced during stress conditions, e.g., drought, heat or cold stress, or if weeds have initiated flowering, or if heavy infestations exist.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Application Timing

Apply when weeds are actively growing. Best results are obtained from applications made to seedling weeds. Only weeds emerged at the time of treatment will be controlled. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperature prior to, at and following time of application may reduce weed control. Foliage that is wet at the time of application may decrease control. FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC applications are rainfast within 1 hour after application.

Individual Plant or Spot/Strip Applications

Use the following mixing chart to mix FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC with enough water to make the correct amount of spray solution. Use equipment designed for individual plant or spot/strip application, such as a backpack sprayer or hose and handgun, to spray weeds. Thoroughly and uniformly wet the foliage of all target plants but not to the point of runoff. Direct spray away from aquatic habitats and non-target terrestrial plants. DO NOT apply this product directly to fresh water habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands), estuaries or marine habitats.

Mixing Chart

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC Herbicide	Spray Solution (water and herbicide)
4.2 – 8.4 mL	10 L
42 – 84 mL	100 L
420 – 840 mL	1000 L

Use the higher rate in the rate range for kochia control or when growing conditions are less than favourable. The maximum annual application rate is 840 mL/ha.

Restrictions

- Grazing intervals: There are no grazing restrictions for livestock following application.
- **Legumes**: Do not apply if the injury to legumes cannot be tolerated. Legumes may be less sensitive to herbicide injury after plant growth is mature and seed has set.
- Do not harvest grass for hay from treated areas within 7 days of application.

Tank Mix Combination – FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC + Milestone™ Herbicide

FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC can be tank mixed with Milestone Herbicide to broaden the spectrum of weeds and invasive plants controlled. Use 0.42 – 0.84 L/ha FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC with 0.25 – 0.5 L/ha Milestone Herbicide. For mixing order see mixing instructions. When a tank mixture is used, follow all precautions, directions for use, and limitations on the tank mix partner label.

Mixing Instructions

- 1. Begin to fill sprayer tank with clean water, and engage agitator. Agitation must be continued throughout the entire mixing and spraying procedure.
- 2. When the sprayer is three quarters full of water, add Milestone Herbicide. If more than one container of Milestone Herbicide is to be used, add all Milestone Herbicide containers prior to adding any other tank mix partners.
- 3. Add FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC next. Continue to fill tank to desired level with water.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC is a Group 4 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC and other Group 4 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the samefield. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of FBN Fluroxypyr 333 EC or other Group 4 herbicides with differentherbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. To
 delay resistance, the less resistance-prone partner should control the target weed(s) as
 effectively as the more resistance-prone partner.
- Herbicide use should be based on an integrated weed management program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (for example, higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favour the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Monitor weed populations after herbicide application for signs of resistance development (for example, only one weed species on the herbicide label not controlled). If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area if possible by an alternative herbicide from a different group. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed
- Have suspected resistant weed seeds tested by a qualified laboratory to confirm resistance and identify alternative herbicide options.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact FBN representatives at 1-844-200-FARM (3276).

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

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