Accent™ IS Herbicide



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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Canada and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Accent™ IS Herbicide Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer : CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE CANADA COMPANY

#2450, 215 - 2ND STREET S.W.

CALGARY AB, T2P 1M4

CANADA

Customer Information

Emergency telephone

Number

E-mail address

ation : 800-667-3852

number

CANUTEC

1-888-226-8832

: solutions@corteva.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Herbicide

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified

uses

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Carcinogenicity : Category 1A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H350 May cause cancer.

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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Nicosulfuron	Nicosulfuron	111991-09-4	54.5
ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2- isoxazoline-3- carboxylate	ethyl 5,5- diphenyl-2- isoxazoline-3- carboxylate	163520-33-0	13.64
Kaolin	Kaolin	1332-58-7	>= 10 - < 20 *
Sucrose	Sucrose	57-50-1	>= 3 - < 10 *
Alkylnaphthalenesul- fonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt		68425-94-5	>= 1 - < 3 *
Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt	Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodi- um salt	69227-09-4	>= 1 - < 3 *
Quartz	Quartz	14808-60-7	>= 0.1 - < 0.3 *

^{*} Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Have the product container or label with you when calling a

poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest

occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained per-

sonnel.

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In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact : Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,

then continue rinsing eye.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not

likely to be hazardous.

Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Applying foam will release significant amounts of hydrogen

gas that can be trapped under the foam blanket.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Do not allow extinguishing medium to contact container contents. Most fire extinguishing media will cause hydrogen evo-

lution, and once the fire is put out, may accumulate in poorly ventilated or confined areas and result in flash fire or explo-

sion if ignited.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

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Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation : L Advice on safe handling : E

Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Do not breathe vapours/dust. Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in a closed container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA (Respirable)	2 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Res- pirable)	2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV (respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Sucrose	57-50-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Total dust)	10 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (respirable dust fraction)	3 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable particulates)	0.025 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	CA ON OEL
		TWAEV (respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Respirable)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an ap-

proved air-purifying respirator.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of

preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Ni-

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trile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications

provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin and body protection : Personal protective equipment required for earlyentry:

Coveralls

Chemical-resistant gloves, Category A (such as butyl rubber, naturalrubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber), all greater

than or equalto 14 mils Shoes plus socks

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants

Chemical-resistant gloves, Category A (such as butyl rubber, naturalrubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber), all greater

than or equalto 14 mils Shoes plus socks

Protective measures : Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining

PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from

other laundry.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling

and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or

using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if material gets inside.

Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid, granules

Colour : light brown, dark, tan

Odour : slight

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 5.3

Melting point/range : No data available

Freezing point Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Method: closed cup

Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

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Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapour pressure Not applicable

Relative vapour density Not applicable

Density 0.664 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

No data available Water solubility

No data available Auto-ignition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic Not applicable

Explosive properties No data available

Oxidizing properties No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known. None known. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials

None.

Hazardous decomposition Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials. products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat): > 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

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Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-3

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,740 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 5.04 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Sucrose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,500 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if swallowed.

Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however,

swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg

Method: Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in ab-

sorption of harmful amounts.

LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 mg/kg

Method: Estimated.

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Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 11,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : No skin irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Sucrose:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Result : Skin irritation

Quartz:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-4

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation





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Sucrose:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Result : Corrosive

Quartz:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species : Mouse

Result : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6

Result : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Remarks : For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Quartz:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Germ cen mutagenicity - . In vitro ge

Assessment

: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

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Sucrose:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Assessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive., Animal

genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., In vivo tests did

not show genotoxic effects

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Kaolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Available data suggest that the material is unlikely to cause

cancer.

Quartz:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Human carcinogen.

Has caused cancer in humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses

toxic to the mother.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility., In animal stud-

ies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses

toxic to the mother.

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STOT - single exposure

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Kaolin:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Sucrose:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Quartz:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Quartz:

Target Organs : Lungs

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver. Kidney.

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Kaolin:

Remarks : Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause

silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Quartz:

Species : Rat Application Route : Inhalation

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

lung

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Kaolin:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Quartz:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-1

GLP: yes

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Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-2

GLP: yes

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 43 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.17

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

EbC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacteria)): 41.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

GLP: yes

ErC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacteria)): 59.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

GLP: yes

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.0032 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 122-2 & 123-2

GLP: yes

100

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 90 d

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 43 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: Static-Renewal

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

10

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,250

mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 71-1

GLP: yes

dietary LC50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620

mg/kg

Exposure time: 5 d

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 71-2

GLP: yes

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oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.050 mg/kg

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

GLP: yes

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 mg/kg

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

GLP: yes

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.34 mg/l

> End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.22 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: flow-through

(Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: flow-through

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.38 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: semi-static test

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sucrose:

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

> Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: Method Not Specified.

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Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Biodegradability : Remarks: According to the results of tests of biodegradability

this product is not readily biodegradable.

Sucrose:

ThOD : 1.12 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitiser: OH radicals

Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 1.1479E-10 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.15

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

ethyl 5,5-diphenyl-2-isoxazoline-3-carboxylate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.8 (30 °C)

Kaolin:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applica-

ble.

Sucrose:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3

Method: Estimated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

log Pow: -3.7 - -3.67 Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

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Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No data available for this product.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 33 - 51

Remarks: Under actual use conditions the product has a low

potential of mobility in soil.

Sucrose:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 3.16

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

Other adverse effects

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Kaolin:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Sucrose:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, branched, sodium salt:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable requ-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Isoxadifen-ethyl, Nicosulfuron)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Isoxadifen-ethyl, Nicosulfuron)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

956

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

956

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IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Isoxadifen-ethyl, Nicosulfuron)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Em5 Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Remarks : Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

TDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Isoxadifen-ethyl, Nicosulfuron)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
ERG Code : 171

Marine pollutant : yes(Isoxadifen-ethyl, Nicosulfuron)

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

For Canadian Ground transportation TDG Exemption: 1.45.1 Marine Pollutants (Part 3, Documentation, and Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks, do not apply if they are in transport solely on land by road vehicle or railway vehicle).

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : This product contains components that are not listed on the

Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) Registration Number : 34410

Read the PCPA label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling this pest control product.

This chemical is a pest control product registered by Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency and is subject to certain labelling requirements under the Pest Control Products Act

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(PCPA). There are Canada-specific environmental requirements for handling, use, and disposal of this pest control product that are indicated on the label. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for GHS-consistent safety data sheets. Following is the hazard information required on the pest control products label:

PCPA Label Hazard Communications:

Read the label and booklet before using. Keep out of reach of children.

Warning, contains the allergens milk and sulfites This product is toxic to: Terrestrial plants Aquatic organisms

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada, British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)

CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized Svstem; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumu-

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lative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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Product code: GF-4191

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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