# COVER XL®

# SPECIMEN LABEL

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, Storage and Disposal, and Conditions of Sale and Warranty.

For 24-hour chemical spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident response information, call CHEMTREC toll free at 1-800-424-9300

Broad-spectrum fungicide for control of plant diseases

MANUFACTURED BY: ALBAUGH, LLC 1525 NE 36th Street, Ankeny, IA 50021



	FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
SI SE INGIERE:	<ul> <li>Llame de inmediato a un centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.</li> <li>Si la persona puede tragar, haga que beba un vaso de agua lentamente.</li> <li>No induzca el vómito a menos que así se lo indique un centro de control de envenenamientos o un médico.</li> <li>No administre nada por boca a una persona que haya perdido el conocimiento.</li> </ul>
IF IN EYES /	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
SI ENTRA EN CONTACTO CON LOS OJOS:	<ul> <li>Mantenga los ojos abiertos y enjuáguelos lenta y cuidadosamente con agua, durante 15 a 20 minutos.</li> <li>Si utiliza lentes de contacto, retírelos después de los primeros 5 minutos, luego continúe enjuagando los ojos.</li> <li>Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
/ SI ES INHALADO:	<ul> <li>Traslade a la persona al aire fresco.</li> <li>Si la persona no está respirando llame al 911 o a una ambulancia, luego dé respiración artificial, preferiblemente de boca a boca, si es posible.</li> <li>Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
SI ESTÁ EN PIEL O ROPA	<ul> <li>Quítese la ropa contaminada.</li> <li>Enjuague la piel inmediatamente con bastante agua por 15-20 minutos. Llame al centro de control de envenenamientos o a un médico para consejo de tratamiento.</li> </ul>

**HOTLINE NUMBER**: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For non-emergency exposure information on this product, call 1-888-347-6732 (7 days/week, 24-hr). For medical emergencies, dial 911.

**NÚMERO DE LÍNEA DIRECTA**: Tenga consigo el envase o la etiqueta del producto cuando llame a un centro de control de intoxicaciones o a un médico o cuando vaya a recibir tratamiento. Para obtener información sobre exposición a este producto que no sea de emergencia, llame al 1-888-347-6732 (los 7 días de la semana, las 24 horas). Para emergencias médicas, marque el 911.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

### CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- 1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- 2. Chemical-resistant gloves such as natural rubber, Selection Category A
- 3. Shoes plus socks
- 4. Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

In addition, mixer/loaders supporting groundboom, aerial or chemigation applications, must wear a minimum of a NIOSH approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R or P filter OR a NIOSH-approved elastometric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

In addition, mixers/loaders/applicators using mechanically pressurized handwands except when applying to Christmas tree farms, nursery ornamentals, landscaping, must wear a minimum of NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with an N, R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R or P filter: OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

Human flagging is prohibited.

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is:

- · Fit-tested and fit-checked,
- Trained, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely
  wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a
  physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability
  of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire
  that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would

# DECLARACIONES PREVENTIVAS

# RIESGOS PARA LOS SERES HUMANOS Y ANIMALES DOMÉSTICOS

### **PRECAUCION**

Provoca irritación ocular moderada. Dañino si se ingiere. Dañino si se inhala. Evite el contacto con los ojos y ropa. Evite respirar rociado o aerosol. Quítese y lave la ropa contaminada antes de reutilizarla. Lávese con abundante agua y jabón luego de manejar (pesticidas) y antes de comer, beber, masticar chicle o tabaco, o ir al baño.

#### **EQUIPO DE PROTECCIÓN PERSONAL (PPE, por sus siglas en inglés)**

A continuación se enumeran algunos materiales que son químicamente resistentes a este producto. Los aplicadores y otros manipuladores deben usar:

- 1. Camisa de manga larga y pantalón largo
- 2. Guantes resistentes a productos químicos como el caucho natural.
- 3. Zapatos y calcetines.
- 4. Gafas protectoras (gafas protectoras, careta o gafas de seguridad)

Además, los mezcladores/cargadores que soportan aplicaciones terrestres, aéreas o de quimigación deben usar como mínimo un respirador con pieza facial filtrante de partículas aprobado por NIOSH con cualquier filtro N, R o P O un respirador elastométrico de partículas aprobado por NIOSH con cualquier filtro N, R o P. filtro O un respirador purificador de aire motorizado aprobado por NIOSH con filtros HF.

Además, los mezcladores/cargadores/aplicadores que utilizan varillas manuales presurizadas mecánicamente, excepto cuando se aplican en granjas de árboles de Navidad, plantas ornamentales de viveros o paisajismo, deben usar un mínimo de un respirador con pieza facial filtrante de partículas aprobado por NIOSH con un filtro N, R o P; O un respirador de partículas elastomérico aprobado por NIOSH con cualquier filtro N, R o P: O un respirador purificador de aire motorizado aprobado por NIOSH con filtros HE.

Está prohibido el señalamiento humano.

Utilizando un programa que cumpla con los requisitos de OSHA (consulte 29 CFR Parte 1910.134), los empleadores deben verificar que cualquier manipulador que use un respirador:

- Ajuste probado y comprobado,
- Entrenado, y
- Examinado por un médico calificado para garantizar la capacidad física para usar de manera segura el estilo de respirador que se usará. Un médico calificado es un médico u otro profesional de atención médica autorizado que evaluará la capacidad de un trabajador para usar un respirador. La evaluación inicial consiste en un cuestionario que pregunta sobre afecciones

be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their healthy status or respirator style or useconditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements.

Aerial and/or chemigation application to sod is prohibited.

#### **USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

médicas (como una afección cardíaca) que serían problemáticas para el uso del respirador. Si se identifican inquietudes, es posible que sean necesarias evaluaciones adicionales, como un examen físico. La evaluación inicial debe realizarse antes de comenzar el uso del respirador. Los manipuladores deben ser reexaminados por un médico calificado si su estado de salud, el estilo del respirador o las condiciones de uso cambian.

A petición del personal de cumplimiento local/estatal/federal/tribal, los empleadores deben proporcionar documentación que demuestre cómo han cumplido con estos requisitos.

Se prohíbe la aplicación aérea y/o de guimigación al césped.

#### **REQUISITOS DE SEGURIDAD DEL USUARIO**

Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar/mantener el EPP. Si no existen instrucciones para los productos lavables, utilice detergente y agua caliente. Mantenga y lave el EPP por separado del resto de la ropa.

#### **CONTROLES DE INGENIERÍA**

Cuando los manipuladores utilizan sistemas cerrados, cabinas cerradas o aeronaves de una manera que cumpla con los requisitos enumerados en la Norma de Protección al Trabajador (WPS) para pesticidas agrícolas [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], los requisitos del PPE del manipulador pueden ser reducido o modificado según lo especificado en la WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- 1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the 1. Lávese las manos antes de comer, beber, mascar chicle, consumir tabacco o in
- 2. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash 2. Quítese la ropa o el EPP inmediatamente si entra pesticida. Luego lávese bien thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- 3. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of 3. Retire el EPP inmediatamente después de manipular este producto. Lave el gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### RECOMENDACIONES DE SEGURIDAD PARA EL USUARIO

Los usuarios deben:

- y póngase ropa limpia.
- exterior de los quantes antes de quitárselos. Tan pronto como sea posible, lávese bien v póngase ropa limpia.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer. Azoxystrobin has degradation products which have properties similar to chemicals which are known to leach through soil to ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow may result in ground water contamination.

Azoxystrobin and propiconazole are toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish; and azoxystrobin is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water except as specified on this label. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Notify state and/or Federal authorities and Albaugh immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE USE DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY OR POOR DISEASE CONTROL AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the **restricted-entry interval (REI)** of **12 hours**.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- 1. Coveralls
- 2. Chemical-resistant gloves such as natural rubber
- 3. Shoes plus socks
- 4. Protective eyewear

# **DIRECCIONES DE USO**

Es una violación de la ley federal utilizar este producto de manera inconsistente con su etiqueta.

EL NO SEGUIR LAS INSTRUCCIONES DE USO Y LAS RESTRICCIONES DE ESTA ETIQUETA PUEDE RESULTAR EN DAÑOS A LOS CULTIVOS O UN CONTROL DE ENFERMEDADES DEFICIENTE Y/O RESIDUOS ILEGALES.

No aplique este producto de manera que entre en contacto con trabajadores u otras personas, ya sea directamente o por deriva. Sólo los manipuladores protegidos pueden estar en el área durante la aplicación. Para cualquier requisito específico de su estado o tribu, consulte a la agencia responsable de la regulación de pesticidas.

#### **REQUISITOS DE USO AGRÍCOLA**

Utilice este producto únicamente de acuerdo con su etiquetado y con la Norma de protección del trabajador, 40 CFR Parte 170. Esta norma contiene requisitos para la protección de los trabajadores agrícolas en granjas, bosques, viveros e invernaderos, y los manipuladores de pesticidas agrícolas. Contiene requisitos de capacitación, descontaminación, notificación y asistencia de emergencia. También contiene instrucciones específicas y excepciones relacionadas con las declaraciones de esta etiqueta sobre el equipo de protección personal (EPP) y el intervalo de entrada restringida. Los requisitos de este cuadro solo se aplican a los usos de este producto que están cubiertos por la Norma de protección del trabajador.

No ingrese ni permita la entrada de trabajadores a las áreas tratadas durante el intervalo de entrada restringida (REI) de 12 horas.

El EPP requerido para el ingreso temprano a áreas tratadas que está permitido según el Estándar de Protección al Trabajador y que involucra contacto con cualquier cosa que haya sido tratada, como plantas, tierra o agua, es:

- 1. Monos
- 2. Guantes resistentes a productos guímicos como el caucho natural.
- 3. Zapatos más calcetines
- 4. Gafas protectoras

#### PRODUCT USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not use in nurseries, greenhouses or landscape plantings.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

COVER XL® is a broad-spectrum, preventative fungicide with systemic and curative properties recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. COVER XL® Fungicide may improve the yield and/or quality of the crop. These additional benefits are due to positive effects on plant physiology. The effects may vary according to other factors such as the crop, crop hybrid, or environment. COVER XL® may be applied as a foliar spray in alternating spray programs or in tank mixes with other crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

#### PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make up no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants: For some uses on this label, a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic surfactant, crop oil concentrate, or blend may be added at the manufacturer's recommended rates. Adjuvants that contain some form of silicone can contribute to phytotoxicity. When an adjuvant is used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

Crop Tolerance/Phytotoxicity: COVER XL® demonstrates some phytotoxic effects when mixed with products that are formulated as ECs. These effects are enhanced if applications are made under cool, cloudy conditions and these conditions remain for several days following application. In addition, adjuvants that contain some form of silicone can contribute to phytotoxicity. Under certain environmental conditions, tank mixes of COVER XL® plus herbicides and/or fertilizers may cause crop injury in barley, triticale and wheat.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if maximum amount of COVER XL® has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions conducive to disease exist.

Integrated Pest Management: COVER XL® should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. The SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS section in this label identifies specific IPM recommendations for each crop. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. COVER XL® may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

#### **GROUP 3 - 11 FUNGICIDES**

COVER XL® is a mixture of Group 3 (propiconazole) and Group 11 (azoxystrobin) fungicides. COVER XL® has two modes of action: Group 3: DMI (Demethylation Inhibitor) of sterol biosynthesis which disrupts membrane synthesis, and Group 11: inhibitor of the Qo (quinone outside) site within the electron transport system which disrupts fungal respiration. Fungal pathogens can develop resistance to products with the same mode of action when used repeatedly. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for resistance management strategies that are complementary to those in this label. Resistance management strategies may include rotating and/or tank mixing with products having different modes of action or limiting the total number of applications per season. Albaugh encourages responsible resistance management to ensure effective long-term control of the fungal diseases on this label.

Follow the specific crop guidelines that limit the total number of sprays on a crop and the required alternations with fungicides from other resistance management groups. In situations requiring multiple sprays, develop season long spray programs for Group 11 Qol (quinone outside inhibiting) fungicides. The program should meet the goal of no more than 1/3 of the total sprays per season, when a Group 11 fungicide is used as a solo product, or ½ the total sprays when a Group 11 fungicide is used in a mixture. Programs that include both solo Group 11 products and/or mixes containing Group 11 products should be no more than ½ the total sprays.

COVER XL® should not be alternated or tank mixed with any fungicide to which resistance has already developed.

Rotational Crops:		
Rotational Crops	Planting Time From Last COVER XL® Application	
Bulb crops Carrots Celery (and other leaf petiole crops - subgroup 4B) Cereals (wheat, barley, triticale) Corn (field, seed, popcorn, and sweet) Grasses grown for seed Mint Oats Peanuts Rice Rye Sorghum Soybeans Strawberries Sugar beets Wild rice	0 days	

Rotational Crops (cont.):		
Rotational Crops Planting Time From Last COVER XL® Application		
Buckwheat Millet	12 Months	
Alfalfa (if propiconazole rate does not exceed 0.22 lb. ai/acre/season)	75 days	
All Other Crops Intended for Food and Feed	105 days	

#### **SPRAY DRIFT**

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the ground or crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to select nozzles that deliver Medium to coarse spray droplets in accordance with ASABE Standard S-572.1.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters
- ullet Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Groundboom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Airblast Applications:**

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer rows.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### $\ \ \, \textbf{Controlling Droplet Size} - \textbf{Ground Boom} \\$

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size — Aircraft**

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### **WIND**

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

COVER XL® may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good canopy penetration and coverage is essential for good disease control.

#### Spray Equipment

#### Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

#### Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
  - 1. Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles.
  - 2. Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension. Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

#### Mixing Instructions

- COVER XL® is a suspoemulsion (SE) formulation.
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

#### COVER XL® Alone (no tank mix)

- Add  $\frac{1}{2}$  2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add COVER XL® to the tank.

- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after COVER XL® has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

#### COVER XL® + Tank Mixtures:

COVER XL® is usually compatible with all tank-mix partners listed on this label. Do not combine COVER XL® in the spray tank with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers unless compatibility charts or your own prior use has shown that the combination is physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious to the crop under your conditions of use. To determine the physical compatibility of COVER XL® with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables (which includes suspoemulsions), followed by emulsifiable concentrates and additives/adjuvants last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

#### Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add ½ to 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above in the "COVER XL® + Tank Mixtures" section.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and the COVER XL® to the spray tank.
- Allow COVER XL® to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.
- Observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank-mix product label.
- No label dosage rate may be exceeded, and the most restrictive label directions and limitations must be followed.
- This product may not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.

#### **Application Instructions**

Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. Do not apply in a manner that will result in exposure to humans or animals.

#### **Ground Application**

- For field crops (non-trees), apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.
- For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

#### **Aerial Application**

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- For field crops (non-trees), apply in a minimum spray volume of 2 gallons per acre unless specified otherwise.
- For ULV applications (corn), apply in a minimum spray volume of 1 gallon per acre. For ULV applications, thorough coverage is necessary to provide good results. Please refer to the "Application" instructions section for details regarding best practices to achieve good coverage.
- For tree crops, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.
- $\bullet$  COVER XL  $\!^{\scriptscriptstyle{(\! R \!\!)}}$  is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.
- AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).
- DO NOT spray COVER XL® where spray drift may reach apple trees.

#### Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems.
- Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125-0.25 inches per acre of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Spray Preparation: Chemical tank and injector system should be thoroughly cleaned. Flush system with clean water.

#### Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located .on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down-and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 8. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 9. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

#### Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating COVER XL® through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 0.125-0.25 inches per acre of water over the entire area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying COVER XL® through irrigation equipment use the lowest 8obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of COVER XL® required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of COVER XL® and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the COVER XL® solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the COVER XL® solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

#### Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying COVER XL® through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of COVER XL® required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of COVER XL® into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the COVER XL® solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

#### Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back-flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

	ALMONDS		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)	14 - 26	Apply COVER XL® at early bloom stage. If disease pressure is low, a second application of 14 fl. oz./A may be made as needed through petal fall. Under conditions of high disease pressure and/or very susceptible varieties, applications may be needed at 50-75% bloom and petal fall. COVER XL® may be used on only 2 blossom blight applications. Orbit® Fungicide may be used for one of these applications.	
Alternaria Leaf Spot (A. Alternata) Anthracnose (Collectotrichum acutatum) Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium lichenicola) Leaf Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab (Cladosporium carpophilum) Shothole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)	17.5 - 26	Apply COVER XL® beginning at bud break on a 7- to 14-day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to a non-Group 11 fungicide.	

APPLICATION: Make no more than 2 sequential applications of a Group 11 fungicide prior to alternating with another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides. Almond diseases are more effectively controlled by ground application, using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground or by air (minimum of 15 gal./A). Aerial application may be used if necessary but disease control may be reduced. COVER XL® may be applied by air only at growth stages prior to and including 5 weeks after petal fall.

#### ALMOND USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 112 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 5. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).

BANANAS, PLANTAINS		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Black Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella fijiensis) Yellow Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella musicola)	10.5	Apply COVER XL® before disease symptoms appear at the onset of the rainy season.  Apply 10.5 fl. oz. of COVER XL®/A in 10-20 gallons of water/A. Apply no more than 2 consecutive applications on a 21- to 25-day schedule before rotating to another labeled product with a different mode of action for at least 2 sprays. A maximum of 8 applications can be made. If possible, it is recommended to have at least 2 consecutive months 'triazole free' during the period of lower disease pressure.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (minimum of 15 gal./A) or aerial application (mnimum of 5 gal./A).

#### BANANA & PLANTAIN USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply COVER XL® within 100 yards of non-bagged bananas.
- 2. Do not apply COVER XL® on bananas unless they are protected by polyethylene bags.
- 3. Do not apply COVER XL® on plantains if the fruit present are not protected with polyethylene bags.
- 4. Do not apply more than 84 fl. oz. of COVER XL® during each growing season (this includes any pre-harvest sprays).
- 5. Do not feed whole bananas and plantains to animals.
- 6. Do not apply more than 0.67 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 7. Do not apply more than 1.08 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.

Ве	ean (Cicer arietinum), (Lupinus s	DRY and SUCCULENT spp.), (Vicia faba) ete list of dry and succulent beans
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Alternaria Blight Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum lindemuthianum) Ascochyta Blight (Mycosphaerella pinodes) Ascochyta Leaf and Pod Spot (Ascochyta spp) Ascochyta Leaf Spot (Ascochyta phaseolorum) Bean Rust (Uromyces appendiculatus) Rust (Phakopsora spp) Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) Web Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)	14	Apply when conditions are conducive for disease. Up to three applications may be made on a 7-14 day interval.  NOTE: On certain bean varieties azoxystrobin application may cause crinkled and/ or greener leaves. Yields of beans displaying these characteristics have not been reduced.

#### BEANS, DRY and SUCCULENT (cont.)

Bean (Cicer arietinum), (Lupinus spp.), (Phaseolus sod), (Vipna spp), (Vicia faba) See below for complete list of dry and succulent beans

Dry and Succulent Beans Cicer anetmum (chickpea garbanzo bean); Lupmus spp (including sweet lupine, white sweet lupine, white lupine and grain lupine). Phaseolus spp. (including kidney bean, lima bean, mung bean, navy bean, pinto bean, snap bean and waxbean). Vicia faba (broad bean fava bean); Vigna spp. (including asparagus, bean, blackeyed pea and cowpea).

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or air.

#### BEAN USE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. Not for use on cowpea cultivars intended for livestock feeding only
- 2. Do not apply more than 42 oz. of COVER XL®/crop/A
- 3. Do not apply more than 0 34 lb a.i. of propiconazole containing products
- 4. Do not apply more than 1 5 lb a.i. of azoxystrobin containing products
- 5. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7 day PHI) for succulent beans
- 6. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14 day PHI) for dry beans

#### BERRIES, BUSHBERRY SUBGROUP

Blueberry (high and low bush), Cranberry, Highbush, Currant, Black Currant, Red Elderberry, Gooseberry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these. See below for complete list of bushberry subgroup

Target Diseases	Use Rate Fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Botryosphaeria Canker (Botryosphaeria spp) Leaf Spot and Stem Canker (Septoria albopuncatata) Leaf Spot (Septoria spp) Mummyberry (Monilinia vaccini corymbosi) Phomopis Twig Blight, Fruit Rot, and Stem Canker (P vaccini) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera vaccini) Rust (Pucciniastrum viccini)	14 - 21	For mummyberry make the first application of COVER XL® beginning at green tip and repeat in 7 to 10 days if conditions are favorable for disease development additional application may need to be made at pink bud and repeating every 7 to 10 days through petal fall.  Do not apply more than 2 consecutive applications before alternating to a non Group 11 containing fungicide  For other diseases listed COVER XL® should be applied prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 7 to 14 day interval.  Make no more than two consecutive sprays before alternating to a non Group 11 fungicide Make no more than 3 applications per crop of COVER XL® or other fungicides.
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#### Bushberry Subgroup:

Aronia berry; Blueberry, Highbush; Blueberry, Lowbush; Buffalo currant; Chilean guava; Cranberry, Highbush; Currant, red; Elderberry; European barberry; Gooseberry; Honeysuckle. Edible; Huckleberry; Jostaberry; Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); Lingonberry; Native currant; Salal; Sea buckthorn

#### APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or by air (minimum of 15 gal /A)

#### **BUSHBERRY USE RESTRICTIONS**

- 1) Do not apply more than 82 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL® per crop
- 2) Do not apply more than 0.84 lb. a.i. of a propiconazole containing product/A/season
- 3) Do not apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin containing product/A/Season on bushberries
- 4) Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30 day PHI)

#### BERRIES, CANEBERRY SUBGROUP

Blackberry, Bingleberry, Boysenberry, Dewberry, Raspberry, red and black, Wild Raspberry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these. See below for additional types of caneberries\*

	<u> </u>	
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Anthracnose (Spaceloma necator, Elsinoe veneta) Botryosphaeria Canker (B. dothidea) Leaf and Cane Spot (Septoria rubi) Leaf Spot (Septoria spp.) Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis) Rosette or Double Blossom of Blackberries (Cercosporella rubi) Rust (Phragmidium violaceum)	14 - 21	COVER XL® applications should begin prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 14-day interval. Make no more than two consecutive sprays before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide. Make no more than 3 applications per crop of COVER XL® or other Group 11 fungicides.
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\*Other Caneberries in Subgroup: Loganberry, Lowberry, Marionberry, Olallieberry and Youngberry

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or by air (minimum of 15 gal./A).

#### **CANEBERRY USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- 1. Do not apply more than 105 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.84 lb. a.i. of a propiconazole-containing product/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of an azoxystrobin-containing product/A/season on caneberries.
- 4. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

#### **BULB VEGETABLES**

Dry Bulb, Garlic, Onions (dry bulb), Shallots (dry bulb) Green, Leeks, Onions (green), Shallots (green)

Including a	ll cultivars and/or hybrids of the	se. See below for complete list of bulb vegetables
Target Diseases	Use Rate Fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Cladosporium Leaf Blotch (C. allii) Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri) Rust (Puccinia allii)	14 - 21	Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and continue on a 7-to 10-day interval. Use the higher rate and shorter interval when disease conditions are severe. Make only 1 application before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide.
Botrytis Leaf Blight (B. squamosa) Downy Mildew (Peronospora destructor) White Rot (Sclerotium cepivorum)	17.5 - 26	

#### BULB VEGETABLES (cont.)

Dry Bulb, Garlic, Onions (dry bulb), Shallots (dry bulb) Green, Leeks, Onions (green), Shallots (green)

Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these. See below for complete list of bulb vegetables

Complete List of Bulb Vegetables: Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; daylily, bulb; elegans hosta; fritillaria, bulb; fritillaria, leaves; garlic, bulb; garlic, greatheaded, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; lily, bulb; onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, bulb; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (15 gal/A minimum) or aerial application (minimum of 5 gal/A).

NOTE: Mixing with products formulated as an EC may result in phytotoxicity

#### BULB VEGETABLE USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI) on dry bulb onions.

CANOLA			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Application Instructions	
Alternaria black spot ( <i>Alternaria brassicae</i> ) Blackleg/Phoma ( <i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i> ) Cercospora leafspot ( <i>C. brassiciola</i> ) Head rot ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Powdery mildew ( <i>Erysiphe polygoni</i> ) Sclerotica stem rot ( <i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>	10.5 – 14.5	For Phoma control, apply during the rosette stage between 2 <sup>nd</sup> true leaf and bolting. For Alternaria and Sclerotica, make an application at 10-25% flowering (3-7 days following first flower). Use the high rate under heavy disease pressure or when conditions are favorable for disease.  For Alternaria alone, apply at pod stage (approximately 95% petal fall). Specifically, for blackleg, apply at the 2- to 4-leaf stage.  For other foliar diseases, apply at the first sign of disease.  For head rot, apply at 50% flowering.	

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications.

#### CANOLA USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 14.5 fl. oz./A/year of COVER XL®.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.113 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/year.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/year.
- 4. Do not apply more than 1 application/A/year
- 5. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

CARROTS		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Alternaria Leaf Blight (Alternaria dauci) Early Blight (Cercospora carotae) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	14	Apply COVER XL® when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7- to 10-day interval, using the shorter interval when disease conditions are severe. Make no more than one application before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (15 gal/A minimum) or aerial application (minimum of 5 gal/A).

#### CARROTS USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI)

CELERY		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Early Blight (Cercospora apii) Late Blight (Septoria apiicola)	14	Apply COVER XL® on a 7- to 10-day schedule in alternation with propiconazole containing products or another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air (5 gal/A minimum) or chemigation.

#### **CELERY USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

CEREALS, WHEAT See next section for other cereals		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Early season suppression of: Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	7-14	Apply COVER XL® in the spring for suppression of early season diseases. Follow up with a second application (see below) for full season control.  You may see flecking and burning if you mix with fertilizers and herbicides at this timing.

CEREALS, WHEAT (cont.) See next section for other cereals			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Control of Leaf Diseases: Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	10.5 - 14	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when COVER XL® is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged.  Applications may be made no closer than a 14-day interval. COVER XL® can be applied through full head emergence (Feekes growth stage 10.5). Do not apply after this stage to avoid possible illegal residues.	
Foot Rot/Eyespot (Tapesia spp.)	14	Apply full rate of COVER XL® plus half the rate specified on other EPA-registered fungicides such as Topsin® M. Apply at tillering but before elongation has occurred.	

APPLICATION: COVER XL® is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. Use a higher water volume for aerial application (greater than 2 GPA) if equipment and/or conditions would not provide good coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

#### WHEAT USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 2 applications/A/year.
- 2. Do not apply after Feekes 10.54.
- 3. Do not apply more than 28 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 4. Do not apply more than 0.22 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 5. Do not apply more than 0.40 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 6. Under certain environmental conditions, tank mixes of COVER XL® plus herbicides and/or fertilizers may cause crop injury.
- 7. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI) for forage and hay.

CEREALS, BARLEY, OATS, RYE, TRITICALE			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Early season suppression of: Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	7-14	Apply COVER XL® in the spring for suppression of early season diseases. Follow up with a second application (see below) for full season control.  You may see flecking and burning if you mix with fertilizers and herbicides at this time.	

CEREALS, BARLEY, OATS, RYE, TRITICALE (cont.)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Control of Leaf Diseases: Barley Scald (Rhynchosporium secalis) Barley Stripe (Pyrenophora graminea) Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Helminthosporium Leaf Blight (Drechslera tritici-repentis) Kernel Blight (Alternaria spp.) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Net Blotch (Pyrenophora teres) Powdery Mildew (Blumeria spp.,Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia spp.) Spot Blotch (Bipolaris sorokiniana) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	10.5 - 14	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the potential yield. Highest yields are normally obtained when COVER XL® is applied when the flag leaf is 50% to fully emerged.  Applications may be made no closer together than a 14-day interval.	
Foot Rot/Eyespot (Tapesia spp.)	14	Apply full rate of COVER XL® plus half the rate specified on other EPA-registered fungicides such as Topsin M. Apply at tillering but before elongation has occurred.	

APPLICATION: COVER XL® is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. Use a higher water volume for aerial application (greater than 2 GPA) if equipment and/or conditions would not provide good coverage. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates to improve canopy coverage and penetration while reducing evaporation and drift. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

#### BARLEY, OATS, RYE, TRITICALE USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 2 applications/A/season.
- 2. Do not apply after Feekes 1.0.54.
- 3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI) for forage and hay.
- 4. Do not apply more than 28 fl. oz./A/season of COVER  $XL^{\circledast}.$
- 5. Do not apply more than 0.22 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 6. Do not apply more than 0.40 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 7. Under certain environmental conditions, tank mixes of COVER XL® plus herbicides and/or fertilizers may cause crop injury.

CORN, FIELD and POP (Includes Seed Production)				
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks		
Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola) Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae)	10.5	Early application (V4-V8): An early application (V4-V8) of COVER XL® may be applied for early season disease control and plant performance benefits. If mixing with herbicides other than solo glyphosate products, consult your local Albaugh representative.		
Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) Northern Corn Leaf Blight (Setosphaeria turcica)	10.5 - 14	Later season applications: For gray leaf spot, rusts, anthracnose, and eye spot, apply 10.5-14 oz./A COVER XL® when disease first appears. If conditions favorable for disease persist, continue to apply on a 14-day schedule.		
Northern Corn Leaf Spot (Cochliobolus carbonurn) Physoderma Brown Spot (Physoderma maydis) Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Southern Corn Leaf Blight (Cochliobolus heterostrophus) also known as		For leaf blights apply 10.5-14 oz. COVER XL® when disease first appears. Continue on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Use the low rate when disease pressure is low. Under heavy disease pressure or if conditions are favorable for disease, apply the high rate.		
		Do not use adjuvants or other additives after the V8 growth stage and prior to the VT growth stage, as use during these development times may impose stress on the plant that could inhibit proper kernel development. VT is defined as when the last branch of the tassel is completely visible, but silks have not yet emerged from the ear shoot.		
Helminthosporium Leaf Blights (H. maydis, H. turcicum, H. carbonum)		Apply no more than 2 applications of COVER XL® or any other Group 11 fungicide per year. Use of an adjuvant such as COC may provide additional disease control.		
Suppression of: Diplodia Ear Rot (D. maydis)		No. 1 to 1		

APPLICATION: For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. For ULV aerial applications DO NOT use less than 1.0 GPA. Use a higher water volume for aerial application if equipment and/or conditions will not provide good coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air (ULV), or chemigation.

#### FIELD and POP CORN USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 2. Do not apply more than 28 fl. oz. (0.224 lb. a.i. propiconazole) for field corn harvested for forage.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.45 \b. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 5. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI) for forage, grain, or stover.

Corn, Sweet			
SWEET CORN (Includes Seed Production)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola)	10.5 - 14	Apply COVER XL® when disease first appears. If conditions favorable for disease persist, continue to apply on a 14-day schedule.	
Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae) Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) Northern Corn Leaf Blight (Setosphaeria turcica) Northern Corn Leaf Spot (Cochliobolus carbonum) Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Southern Corn Leaf Blight (Cochliobolus heterostrophus)		For leaf blights apply COVER XL® when disease first appears. Continue on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Use the low rate when disease pressure is low. Under heavy disease pressure or if conditions are favorable for disease, apply the high rate.  Alternate applications of COVER XL® with propiconazole-containing products or another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.	

APPLICATION: For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. Use of a crop oil concentrate is recommended for aerial applications to reduce evaporation and enhance canopy penetration and coverage. Consult your aerial applicator for recommended concentration of crop oil concentrate. DO NOT use less than 1.0 GPA for the ULV applications. Use higher water volumes for aerial applications if equipment and/or conditions will not provide good coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air (ULV), or chemigation.

#### SWEET CORN USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i: propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply to sweet corn within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI) for ears or forage.

CRANBERRIES			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Cottonball (Monilinia oxycocci) Fruit Rots (Physalospora vaccinii) (Glomerella cingulata) (Coleophoma empeth) Lophodermium Twig Blight (Lophodermium spp.)	14-21	Make the first application at leaf bud break and repeat in 14 days. Additional applications should be made at early bloom. Make no more than 2 consecutive sprays before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide.  For resistance management, make no more than 3 sprays per season using any Group 11 (Qol containing) fungicide.  Under severe pressure, use the higher rate for control.	

#### CRANBERRIES (cont.)

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (minimum of 10 gal./A) or aerial application (minimum of 20 gal./A).

#### CRANBERRY USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 84 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.67 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not use cranberry fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustaceans.
- 5. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators should use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.
- 6. Do not apply to flooded crop.
- 7. Do not allow release of irrigation or flood water to non-target aquatic habitat for at least 14 days after the last application.
- 8. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).
- 9. Use is limited to Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin only.

FILBERTS		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	14-21	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 2- to 3-week interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and shorter interval. Apply no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to a non-Group 11 fungicide.  NOTE: On certain varieties, COVER XL® applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of filberts displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to COVER XL® treatments.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or aerial application (minimum of 15 gal./A).

#### FILBERTS USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1) Do not apply more than 112 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2) Do not apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3) Do not apply more than 1.2 lb: a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4) Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 5) Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).

GRASSES (Grown For Seed)			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Ergot Stem Diseases	14 - 26	Apply COVER XL® when powdery mildew infections, Seleophoma infections, and/or	
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Rusts		rust pustules are noticeable and increasing in number in late spring or early summer. To maximize control of severe rust pressure, apply 26 fl. oz./A (except bluegrass apply 14 fl. oz./A) and make applications at 14-day intervals until the seed is mature. For bluegrass, it is important to begin application early in the growing season.	
(Puccinia spp.) Selenophoma Stem Eyespot (Selenophoma spp.)		Make no more than 2 sequential applications of a Group 11 fungicide before alternating to another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.	

#### GRASSES (Grown For Seed) (cont.)

APPLICATION: COVER XL® is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. Apply COVER XL® in a minimum of 20 gal. of water per acre for ground or in a minimum of 10 gal. of water per acre for aerial. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

#### GRASSES (Grown For Seed) USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application.
- 2. Do not graze treated areas within 140 days of the last application.
- 3. Do not apply more than 86.0 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 4. Do not apply more than 0.90 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 5. Do not apply more than 0.8 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 6. Do not apply within 20 days of harvest (20-day PHI) of seed.
- 7. Use is limited to Idaho. Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, and Washington only.

Target Diseases	Use Rate	Remarks
	fl. oz. product/A	nemarks
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rust (Puccinia menthae)		Begin applications when the plants are 2-4 inches high or when conditions become favorable for disease development. Make a second application 14 days after the first application.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (minimum of 20/gal/A) or chemigation.

#### MINT USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 28 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.22 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.75 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

PEANUTS*			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora arachidicola) Late Leaf Spot (Cercosporidium personatum) Rust (Puccihia Arachidis) Web Blotch (Phoma arachidicola)	10.5 - 14	Apply COVER XL® beginning 35 to 40 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease. Continue applications on a 14-day schedule. Under heavy disease pressure use higher recommended application rates. COVER XL® also may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development. Make no more than two sequential applications of a Group 11 fungicide before alternating to another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.	

PEANUTS* (cont.)		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Soil-Borne Diseases - mid-late season Rhizoctonia Peg and Pod Rot (R. solani) Stem Rot/White Mold/Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) Suppression only: Cylindrocladium Black Rot (C. crotalariae) Pythium Pod Rot (P. myriotylum)	21 -28	Apply COVER XL® at approximately 60 and 90 days after planting as a foliar application. This application regime may be applied earlier in the season if environmental conditions favor disease development. This application will provide protection against soil-borne diseases and will also provide control of the foliar diseases listed for a 10- to 14-day period after each spray.  Under heavy pressure and/or heavy rainfall or irrigation, use 28 fl. oz. of COVER XL® per acre.  Under lighter pressure and dry conditions (non-irrigated, low rainfall), use 21-28 fl. oz. of COVER XL® per acre.
Soil-Borne Diseases - mid-late season Rhizoctonia Peg and Pod Rot (R. solani) Stem Rot/White Mold/Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii)	14-28 plus Abound <sup>®</sup> in tank mix	Tank-mix option: Apply 14 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® in a tank mix with azoxystrobin-containing products or other fungicides for control of soil-borne diseases. A minimum of 0.15 lb. a.i./A azoxystrobin should be in the tank mix (see COVER XL® rate conversion table below). Do not exceed 0.4 lb. of azoxystrobin/A/application.  Apply COVER XL® plus Abound at approximately 60 and 90 days after planting as a foliar application. This application regime may be applied earlier in the season if environmental conditions favor disease development. This application will provide
Suppression only: Cylindrocladium Black Rot (C. crotalariae) Pythium Pod Rot (P. myriotylum)		protection against soil-borne diseases and will also provide control of the foliar diseases listed for a 10- to 14-day period after each spray.  Under heavy pressure and/or heavy rainfall or irrigation, there should be 0.30.4 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin in the tank. Under lighter pressure and dry conditions (non-irrigated, low rainfall), 0.2-0.4 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin can be used.

APPLICATION: When applying COVER XL® via irrigation or as a directed ground application, additional methods should be employed for leaf spot control. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air or chemigation

#### \*NOT REGISTERED FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA

PEANUT USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz/A/season.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.80 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI) when using a maximum rate of 14 fl. oz./A.
- 5. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI) when using rates above 14 fl. oz./A and do not feed hay from treated fields to livestock if using rates higher than 14 fl. oz./A.

PECANS			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Anthracnose 14 - 21 (Glome rella cingulata) Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella caryigena) Liver Spot (Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae)	14 - 21	Pecan scab: Apply 14-21 fl. oz./A COVER XL® on a 14-day schedule during bud break and pre-pollination sprays. Apply 20-21 fl. oz./A during nut formation and cover sprays. Use higher rates when disease pressure is heavier. Do not apply after shuck split.  Other foliar diseases: COVER XL® may be applied for control of mid to late season foliar diseases at 14-20.5 fl oz./A with other pecan products labeled for these diseases. Observe all directions, precautions, and limitations for the other products. Make no	
Pecan Scab (Cladosporium caryigenum) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera penicillata) Vein Spot		more than two sequential applications of a Group 11 fungicide before alternating to another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.  Use of an adjuvant such as COC may provide additional disease control.	
(Gnomonia nerviseda) Zonate Leaf Spot (Cristulariella moricola)			

APPLICATION: Ground applications should be applied in sufficient water to provide for full coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground or air (minimum of 20 gal./A).

#### PECAN USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 115 fl. oz./A of COVER  $XL^{\circledR}$  per season.
- 2. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crops for feed.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not apply more than 1.2 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 5. Do not apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI), whichever is first.

PISTACHIOS			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Alternaria Late Blight (A. alternata) Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (£. dothidea) Septoria Leaf Spot (S. pistaciarium)	17.5 - 21	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14-to 21-day interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and the shorter, interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications of COVER XL® before alternating to another non-Group 11 fungicide.	

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or aerial application (minimum of 15 gal./A).

#### PISTACHIO USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 112 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 5. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).

	RICE,	Including Wild Rice
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Aggregate Sheath Spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae-sativa) Black Sheath Rot	14 - 27	Timing of COVER XL® application will depend on disease severity, disease complex and rice variety/growth stage. Consult local extension experts for local economic thresholds established for various rice varieties and diseases.
(Gaeumannomyces graminis) Brown Leaf Spot (Helminthosporium oryzae) Kernel Smut (Tilletia barclayana)		Leaf blast: COVER XL® must be applied for preventive control. Apply 21-27 fl. oz./A. Panicle blast: Apply COVER XL® at 10% head emergence with an additional application of an azoxystrobin-containing product at 90% emergence. Refer to the azoxystrobin-containing product label for rates and timing.
Leaf Blast (Pyricularia grisea) Leaf Smut (Entyloma oryzae)		All other leaf/stem diseases: Apply 15.75-27 fl. oz./A at initial sign of disease. Apply higher rates when disease pressure is heavy and/or when environmental conditions are highly favorable for disease development. A second application may be made 14 days later.
Narrow Brown Leaf Spot (Cercospora oryzae) Panicle Blast (P. grisea) Sheath Blight		Tank mix option: Apply 15.75-20.5 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® in a tank mix with azoxystrobin-containing products or other fungicides for control of rice diseases. A minimum of 0.15 lb. a.j./A azoxystrobin should be in the tank mix (see COVER XL® rate conversion table below). Do not exceed 0.3 lb. of azoxystrobin/A/ per application to rice or 0.25 lb. of azoxystrobin/A/application to wild rice.
(Rhizoctonia solani) Sheath Spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae) Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae)	The lower rate of 14 fl. oz./A may only be used for hybrids or varieties with at least moderate resistance to sheath blight. Apply from late boot to boot split for control of diseases (except leaf blast arid false smut) of rice (including wild rice). When applying prior to late boot or after boot split growth stages, use the higher rates listed above.	
For disease suppression of: False Smut (Ustilaginoidea virens)		Make no more than 2 applications of a Group 11 (Qol) fungicide per year.

APPLICATION: For aerial application, volumes should be 5-10 GPA. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates to improve canopy coverage and penetration while reducing evaporation and drift.

#### RICE USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply to stubble or ration crop rice.
- 2. Do not use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.
- 3. Do not drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial fish farming.
- 4. Do not use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops.
- 5. Do not apply more than 42 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 6. Do not apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 7. Do not apply more than 0.70 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 8. Do not release floodwater within 14 days of an application.
- 9. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest (35-day PHI).

SORGHUM		
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola) Ergot (Claviceps sorghi) Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora sorghi) Ladder Leaf Spot (Cercospora fusimaculans) Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum) Zonate Leaf Spot (Gloecercospora sorghi)	10.5 - 14	For ergot control, make the first application at or just prior to flowering.  Repeat on a 5- to 7-day interval.  For other diseases, apply at first sign of disease. Apply on a 14-day interval.

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground or aerial application.

#### SORGHUM USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.75 lb./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products to sorghum grown for grain and/or stover.
- 4. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb./A/season of azoxystrobin-containing products to sorghum grown for forage.
- 5. Do not graze livestock or cut for green chop or silage within 30 days of application.
- 6. Do not apply more than 28 oz. (0.22 lb. a.i. propiconazole) on sorghum harvested for forage.
- 7. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI) for forage.
- 8. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI) for grain or stover.

SOYBEANS			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Aerial Web Blight 10.5 - 21 (Rhizoctonia solani) Alternaria Leaf Spot	Foliar diseases (except rust): Apply 14-21 fl. oz./A at growth stage R3 (early pod set) when pods are inch long) and 14-21 days later at growth stage R5 (pod fill). COVER XL® may be applied earlier should conditions be conducive for disease.		
(Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Cblletotrichum truncatum) Brown Spot (Septoria glycines) Cercospora Blight and Leaf Spot (C. kickuchii) Frogeye Leaf Spot		Soybean Rust: Apply 14-21 fl. oz./A at first indication that disease is in the area. For best control, preventive applications work best. Repeat on a 14- to 21-day interval. Use higher rate and shorter interval when diseases are present in the field and incidence is less than 2% (2 plants in 100 are infected). If incidence is greater than this or if disease is in mid-canopy, control will not be acceptable. Scouting for the disease and/or being aware of the proximity of the disease via monitoring systems will aid in the proper timing to maximize the effectiveness of the fungicide applications.	
(Cercospora sojina) Pod and Stem Blight (Diaporthe spp.) Soybean Rust (Phakopsora pachyrhizi)		On certain varieties, COVER XL® applications may cause crinkled, smaller and/ or greener leaves. Yields of beans displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to COVER XL® treatments.	

#### SOYBEANS (cont.)

APPLICATION: COVER XL® is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, sufficient coverage is very important. DO NOT use less than 2.0 GPA. Use a higher water volume for aerial application if equipment and/or conditions will not provide for good coverage. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

#### SOYBEAN USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 42 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Apply up to Stage R6.

#### STONE FRUITS,

Apricot, Cherry, sweet Cherry, tart, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Plumcot, Prune Including all cultivars and hybrids of these

Including all cultivars and hybrids of these			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Alternaria Spot and Fruit Rot (A. alternata) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum prunicola) Brown Rot Blossom Blight	14	For brown rot blossom blight, apply COVER XL® at early bloom stage. If disease pressure is low, a second application of 14 fl. oz./A may be made as needed through petal fall. Under conditions of high disease pressure and/or very susceptible varieties, applications may be needed at 50-75% bloom and petal fall. Apply no more than 2 sequential applications before switching to a non-Group 11 fungicide.	
(Monilinia spp.) Brown Rot on Fruit (Monilinia spp.) Cherry Leaf Spot		For brown rot on fruit, apply as needed, a maximum of 2 sprays of COVER XL®, during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest. Make the two applications no closer than 10 days apart.	
(Blumeriella jaapii) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera clandestina, Sphaerotheca		For powdery mildew, rust, and cherry leaf spot, follow the blossom blight schedule. Make up to 2 additional applications on a 10-to 14-day interval from the end of petal fall to harvest.	
pannosa)		For scab, begin applications at petal fall and continue on a 7- to 14-day interval.	
Rust (Tranzschelia discolor) Scab		For other diseases, begin applications at onset of disease and continue on a 10- to 14-day interval.	
(Cladosporium carpophilum) Shothole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)		Make no more than 2 sequential applications of a Group 11 fungicide prior to alternating with another product with a different mode of action than Group 11 fungicides.	

APPLICATION: Stone fruit diseases are more effectively controlled by ground application, using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage. Aerial application (minimum of 15 gal./A) may be used if necessary but disease control may be reduced.

Applications of COVER XL® during bloom to Stanley plums have occasionally caused fruit to be less oval in shape and smaller in size at harvest. To avoid this, do not apply COVER XL® to Stanley plums earlier than 21 days prior to harvest.

#### STONE FRUIT USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 70 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.56 lb. a.i. propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb. a.i. azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. COVER XL® may be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

#### STRAWBERRIES AND LOW GROWING BERRY Subgroup (except cranberry) Bearberry, Bilberry, Cloudberry, Muntries Partridgeberry Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these Use Rate **Target Diseases** Remarks fl. oz. product/A 14 Begin applications prior to disease development. Repeat on a 10 to 14 day interval. Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp) Do not make more than two consecutive applications before switching to a non Group Leaf Rust 11 fungicide. Make no more than 4 applications per season of COVER XL® or other (Phragmidium potentillae) Qol containing product. Leaf Spot (Cercospora fragariae)

APPLICATION: COVER XL® may be applied by ground (20 gal /A minimum) or aerial application (15 gal /A minimum)

#### STRAWBERRY and LOW GROWING BERRY USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 56 fl. oz. /A of COVER XL® per crop
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.45 lb a.i. of propiconazole containing products/A/season
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.0 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin containing products/A/season
- 4. COVER XL® may be applied the day of harvest (0 day PHI)

TREE NUTS See list below for tree nuts			
Target Diseases  Use Rate fl. oz. product/A		Remarks	
Foliar Diseases	14 - 21	Apply COVER XL® at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7- to 14-day interval. Do not make more than two consecutive applications before switching to a non-Group 11 fungicide. Make no more than 4 applications of a COVER XL® or other QoI containing product per season.	

Additional tree nuts: Almond (see specific directions), Beechnut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (see specific directions), Hickory, Macadamia, Pecan (see specific directions), Pistachios (see specific directions), Walnut

APPLICATION: For best control of tree nut diseases, ground applications are recommended. COVER XL® may be applied by ground or aerial application (15 gal./A minimum).

#### TREE NUT USE RESTRICTIONS:

Powdery Mildew

(Sphaerotheca maculans)

- 1. Do not apply more than 112 fl. oz./A of COVER XL® per crop.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.9 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products/A/season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.2 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products/A/season.
- 4. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.
- 5. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI) except for pecan (see specific use directions).

SUGAR BEETS*			
Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/A	Remarks	
Cercospora Leaf Spot (C. beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni) Rhizoctonia Crown Rot (R. solani)	14	Begin applications preventively or on a forecast system. For powdery mildew, apply at first sign of disease.  Apply COVER XL® on a 10-to 21-day schedule. Make only one COVER XL® spray then alternate to a non-triazole fungicide (non-Group 3) that is registered on sugar beets for these diseases. If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate and shortest interval. For Rhizoctonia crown rot, apply 14 oz. in a 7-inch band over the row at the 4- to 8-leaf stage.	

APPLICATION: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A minimum of 15 gal./A for ground applications is recommended. For aerial applications a minimum of 5 gal./A of water is recommended. For chemigation, apply in 0.10.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy. COVER XL® may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application

#### \*NOT REGISTERED FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA

SUGAR BEET USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 42 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.34 lb. a.i. of propiconazole-containing products per crop per season.
- 3. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin-containing products per crop per season.
- 4. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest (21-day PHI).

SUGARCANE			
Target Diseases  Use Rate fl. oz. product/A		Remarks	
Brown Rust (Puccinia melanocephela) Orange Rust (Puccinia kuehnii)	16 - 22	Begin applications prior to rust development and continue throughout the season every 14-28 days following resistance management guidelines. Scout fields and begin applications at the earliest sign of rust.	

APPLICATION: May be made by ground, air or chemigation.

#### SUGARCANE USE RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Do not apply more than 88 fl. oz./A/season of COVER XL®
- 2. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI)
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.80 lb. a.i. of azoxystrobin containing products per season.

#### COVER XL® Rate Conversion Table

Fl. oz. product/A	Lb. a.i. azoxystrobin	Lb. a.i. propiconazole
7	0.056	0.06
10.5	0.10	0.08
14.0	0.13	0.11
15.75	0.15	0.125
17.5	0.16	0.14
21	0.19	0.17
26	0.24	0.21
27	0.25	0.22
28	0.26	0.22

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container only. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from excessive heat. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING [equal to or less than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

For Bulk and Minibulk Containers: Container Handling [greater than 5 gallons]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse the container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

## **ALMACENAMIENTO Y DESECHO**

No contamine agua, comida ni forrajes mediante el almacenamiento y desecho.

#### ALMACENAMIENTO DEL PESTICIDA

Almacenar únicamente en el recipiente original. Almacenar en un lugar fresco, seco y bien ventilado. Proteger del calor excesivo. Mantener el recipiente cerrado cuando no esté en uso. No almacenar cerca de alimentos o piensos.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Los desechos de pesticidas pueden ser tóxicos. La eliminación inadecuada de pesticidas, mezclas de rociado o agua de enjuague no utilizados es una violación de la ley federal. Si estos desechos no se pueden utilizar de acuerdo con las instrucciones de la etiqueta, comuníquese con la Agencia Estatal de Control Ambiental o de Pesticidas, o con el representante de Desechos Peligrosos de la Oficina Regional de la EPA más cercana para obtener orientación sobre los métodos de eliminación adecuados.

MANEJO DE CONTENEDORES [igual o menor a 5 galones] Envase no recargable. No reutilice ni rellene este recipiente. Enjuague tres veces el recipiente (o equivalente) inmediatamente después de vaciarlo. Enjuague triple de la siguiente manera: Vacíe el contenido restante en el equipo de aplicación o en un tanque de mezcla y drene durante 10 segundos después de que el flujo comience a gotear. Llene el recipiente hasta ¼ de su capacidad con agua y vuelva a taparlo. Agite durante 10 segundos. Vierta el enjuague en el equipo de aplicación o en un tanque de mezcla o almacene el enjuague para su uso o eliminación posterior. Drene durante 10 segundos después de que el flujo comience a gotear. Repita este procedimiento dos veces mas. Luego ofrézcalo para reciclarlo, si está disponible, o perfórelo y deséchelo en un vertedero sanitario o mediante incineración.

Para contenedores a granel y minia granel: Manejo de contenedores [más de 5 galones]

Contenedor recargable. Rellene este recipiente únicamente con pesticida. No reutilice el contenedor para ningún otro propósito. La limpieza del contenedor antes de su disposición final es responsabilidad de la persona que lo elimina. La limpieza antes de rellenar es responsabilidad de la persona que rellena. Para limpiar el recipiente antes de su eliminación final, vacíe el contenido restante de este recipiente en el equipo de aplicación o en el tanque de mezcla. Llene el recipiente aproximadamente al 10 por ciento con agua. Agite vigorosamente o haga recircular el agua con la bomba durante 2 minutos. Vierta o bombee el enjuague al equipo de aplicación o al sistema de recolección de enjuague. Repita este procedimiento de enjuague dos veces más. Luego ofrézcalo para reciclarlo, si está disponible, o perfórelo y deséchelo en un vertedero sanitario, o mediante incineración, o mediante otros procedimientos permitidos por las autoridades estatales y locales.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of ALBAUGH or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold ALBAUGH and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

ALBAUGH warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or ALBAUGH, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ALBAUGH MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

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