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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : CONTEND B
Design code : A13705V

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC

Address : Post Office Box 18300

Greensboro NC 27419

United States of America (USA)

Telephone : 1 800 334 9481 Telefax : 1 336 632 2192

E-mail address : sds.requests@syngenta.com

Emergency telephone : 1 800 888 8372

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Fungicide

Restrictions on use : General Use Pesticide

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 2 (Bile duct)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Bile duct) through pro-

longed or repeated exposure.

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Precautionary Statements Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
octan-1-ol	111-87-5	>= 10 - < 20
propiconazole	60207-90-1	11.6822
Azoxystrobin	131860-33-8	7.0093
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	>= 1 - < 5

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with General advice

you when calling the emergency number, a poison control

center or physician, or going for treatment.

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If inhaled : Take the victim into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Nonspecific

No symptoms known or expected. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes serious eve irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Notes to physician : There is no specific antidote available.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

or

Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

As the product contains combustible organic ingredients, fire

will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds

Further information : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

tive equipment and emer-

Environmental precautions

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

No special protective measures against fire required. Advice on safe handling

> Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

No special storage conditions required. Conditions for safe storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-

ventilated place.

Keep out of the reach of children.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
-		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
octan-1-ol	111-87-5	TWA	50 ppm	US WEEL
propiconazole	60207-90-1	TWA	5 mg/m3	Syngenta
Azoxystrobin	131860-33-8	TWA	0.7 mg/m3	Syngenta
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE **Engineering measures**

> CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND

PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT. FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS

CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical

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protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the

actual risks in use.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure

standards.

Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene

advice.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are

unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove

does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things from the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent

eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the

concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to

the specific work-place.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority

over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek

appropriate professional advice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : Pale Yellow

Odor : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 4.8 - 7.0

Concentration: 100 %w/v

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup

does not flash

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : 1.07 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : 833 °F / 445 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Surface tension : 32.2 mN/m, $68 \degree \text{F} / 20 \degree \text{C}$

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : None reasonably foreseeable. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Conditions to avoid : No decomposition if used as directed.

Incompatible materials : None known.

Hazardous decomposition : No hazardo

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1,750 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): > 2.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation., The substance/mixture is not toxic on inhalation as defined by dangerous goods regulations.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

propiconazole:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 550 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Azoxystrobin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0.698 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

propane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317,042 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

propiconazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

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Azoxystrobin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

propane-1,2-diol:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

propiconazole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Azoxystrobin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

propane-1,2-diol:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified due to lack of data.

Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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Components:

octan-1-ol:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

propiconazole:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.

Azoxystrobin:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

propane-1,2-diol:

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Assessment

propiconazole:

Germ cell mutagenicity - : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Assessment

Azoxystrobin:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

propane-1,2-diol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

ment

propiconazole:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Azoxystrobin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

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ment

propane-1,2-diol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

ment

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction, No effects on or via lactation

propiconazole:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Azoxystrobin:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction, No effects on or via lactation

propane-1,2-diol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction, No effects on or via lactation

Animal testing did not show any effects on fetal development.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

propiconazole:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

propane-1,2-diol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

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STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Bile duct) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

propiconazole:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Azoxystrobin:

Target Organs : Bile duct

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

propane-1,2-diol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

propane-1,2-diol:

No aspiration toxicity classification

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 13.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 14

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

propiconazole:

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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.51 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 8.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.96 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 0.068

mg/l

Exposure time: 95 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aquatic invertebrates (Chror

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Americamysis): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Azoxystrobin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.47 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Americamysis): 0.055 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

1.109 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.0303 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.250 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.010 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

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EC10 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.2197 mg/l

Exposure time: 33 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.044 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Americamysis): 0.00954 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : IC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

propane-1,2-diol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

19,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (Water flea)): 13,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Test Type: semi-static test

Persistence and degradability

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

propiconazole:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Azoxystrobin:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 224 d

Remarks: Persistent in water.

propane-1,2-diol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

propiconazole:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Medium bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.72 (77 °F / 25 °C)

Azoxystrobin:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Components:

propiconazole:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 66 - 170 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Azoxystrobin:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Otal-ilitaria asil

Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 81.3 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Other adverse effects

Components:

octan-1-ol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).

Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB).

propiconazole:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).

Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB).

Azoxystrobin:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).

Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB).

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

This product will not be classified as a RCRA characteristic

hazardous waste when discarded.

Contaminated packaging Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(AZOXYSTROBIN, PROPICONAZOLE)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 Environmentally hazardous yes

This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in Remarks

> single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a

net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

IATA-DGR

UN 3082 UN/ID No.

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(AZOXYSTROBIN, PROPICONAZOLE)

9 Class Ш Packing group

Miscellaneous Labels

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

964

964

Environmentally hazardous yes

This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in Remarks

> single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a

net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

IMDG-Code

UN number UN 3082

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(AZOXYSTROBIN, PROPICONAZOLE)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Remarks : This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in

single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a

net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Remarks : Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it

may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

propiconazole 60207-90-1 >= 10 - < 20 %

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

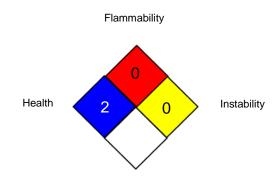
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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

Syngenta : Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limits

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Syngenta / TWA : Time weighted average

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC -International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amend-

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ments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 11/18/2024

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / Z8