



FOR FAST AND EFFECTIVE COTTON DEFOLIATION

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Tribuphos: S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate	70.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	29.5%
TOTAL:	100.0%
Contains Petroleum Distillates	

Contains 6 lbs tribufos: S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate per U.S. gallon.

STOP - READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE

DANGER / PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No.: 89167-43-89391



Distributed By: INNVICTIS® CROP CARE, LLC 1880 Fall River Drive, Suite 100 Loveland, CO 80538 031814RD051915A

	FIRST AID				
CONTAINS AN ORGANOPHOSPHATE THAT INHIBITS CHOLINESTERASE					
If In Eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
If On Skin Or Clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
If Swallowed:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give any liquid to the person. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.				
If Inhaled:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.				

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, and accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. Probable mucosal damage may contraigdicate the use of gastric lavage. This product inhibits cholinesterase resulting in stimulation of the central nervous system, the parasympathetic nervous system and the somatic motor nerves. Poisoning with this product also results in cardiovascular and respiratory symptoms which must be treated as separate pathological entities again from the cholhergic effects.

Use atropine sulfate to reverse cholinergic symptoms; maintain a systematic, symptomatic treatment of the cardiovasoulah and respiratory effects, even though the cholinergic symptoms have ceased. **DO NOT** give central nervous system depressants. Watch for pulmonary edema, which may develop in serious cases of poisoning even after 12 hours. The use of oxygen is recommended in case of respiratory distress.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER / PELIGRO

CORROSIVE. Causes skin burns and irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if absorbed through skin or swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. DO NOT get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made out of barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- . Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- · Chemical-resistant gloves,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- · Protective evewear.
- . Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, and
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications must use a mechanical transfer system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CPR 170,240(d)(4)] for providing dermal protection. The system must be capable of removing the pesticide from the shipping container and transferring it into mixing tanks and/or application equipment. At any disconnect point, the system must be equipped with a dry disconnect point, the system must be equipped with a dry disconnect point. In addition to wearing the specified PPE, all handlers of this product must wear chemical resistant gloves and a chemical resistant apron. Persons using a closed system that operates under pressure shall wear protective eyewear.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to terrestrial and aquatic plants, fish and aquatic invertebrates. **D0 NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to interdial areas below the mean high water mark. **D0 NOT** apply where runoff is likely to occur. **D0 NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. **D0 NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Apoly this product only as specified on this label.

Physical or Chemical Hazards - Combustible: DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Application Restrictions

DÖ NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Cotton treated with this product must be mechanically harvested. Hand harvesting is prohibited. Do NOT allow this product to drift.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for ponsidering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

These requirements **DO NOT** apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the airstream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information below.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information

[This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.]

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift, if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions").

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure DO NOT exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than \(\frac{3}{2} \) of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with littled cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and after continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that unoves upward and repidity dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target cross) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, rightification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW WORKER ENTRY INTO TREATED AREAS DURING THE RESTRICTED ENTRY INTERVAL (REI) OF 7 DAYS.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- . Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- . Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or viton
- . Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Protective evewear
- . Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place, away from open flame and extreme heat, and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If container is leaking, invert to prevent leakage. If the container is leaking or material is spilled for any reason or cause, carefully darn up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. **DO NOT** walk through spilled material with absorbing type materials and dispose of as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 5 GALLONS): DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

QUIVER is a cotton defoliant which may be used for the removal of leaves from cotton plants prior to the anticipated harvest of the crop. QUIVER contains six (6) pounds of active ingredient per gallon. It is non-corrosive and non-clogging to spray equipment and does not constitute a fire hazard.

QUIVER must be applied in sufficient amounts of spray carrier to provide thorough coverage of leaves. QUIVER treated leaves **DO NOT** appear affected until defoliation actually begins and the leaves drop in a green, condition. Under tavorable conditions, defoliation of cotton normally occurs within four to seven days following application. Adverse conditions such as low temperatures (especially temperatures below 60°L at hight), low humidity or plant stress may extend the defoliation time to nine to fourteen days. Under these adverse conditions, use the higher specified QUIVER day and/or use diesel oil rather than water as the spray carrier.

Heavy rainfall during or immediately following a *QUIVER* application may result in reduced performance. Application is not recommended when a heavy rainfall is expected within one hour after treatment. Dew on the plant leaves at time of application should not affect performance.

QUIVER does not suppress second growth (regrowth), especially where rainfall follows defoliation. A second application of QUIVER or a tank mixture of QUIVER with specified labeled cotton harvest aid products will be effective for defoliation of the second growth if excessive second growth has occurred.

QUIVER may be used alone for bottom defoliation or for general plant defoliation. QUIVER may also be applied in tank mixture with specified registered products for enhanced cotton harvest aid activity.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 1 ½ pints (1.125 lbs ai/A) of QUIVER per acre per crop season in all States except California and Arizona. DO NOT apply more than 2 ½ pints (1.875 lbs ai/A) per acre per crop season in California and Arizona only.
- QUIVER is suitable for use in all power-operated ground and aircraft sprayers. DO NOT apply QUIVER through any type of irrigation equipment.
- DO NOT use QUIVER on any other crop except cotton. Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants, as this product may injure or defoliate other crops.
- DO NOT graze treated fields.
- DO NOT apply QUIVER within seven (7) days of harvest.
- . Observe all labeling cautions and limitations of all products used in tank mixtures.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Compatibility of QUIVER or its labeled tank mix products should always be predetermined prior to mixing. Refer to the COMPATIBILITY SECTION of this label for further details.

QUIVER Alone: Fill the spray tank ½ to ¾ full of clean water. Initiate the recirculation and agitation system and add the specified amount of **QUIVER**. Continue sufficient agitation from the time of mixing through application to ensure a uniform spray mixture. Follow the same mixing instructions when diesel off is substituted for water.

QUIVER Tank Mixtures: Fill the spray tank ½ to ¾ full of clean water and begin the sprayer recirculation and agitation system. If tank mixing with wetable powders of other dry products, make a slurry of these products with water and add slurry slowly to the spray tank. Next add the specified amount of QUIVER. If mixing spray adjuvants in the mixture, add them after all other products have been mixed. Fill the spray tank to the desired level with water and continue agitation during transport and application until the spray tank is empty. Follow the same mixing instructions when diesel oil is substituted for water.

Addition of Adjuvants: To improve spray coverage, QUIVER may be applied with the following types of adjuvants: 1) commercial biends of vegetable or petroleum-based oils, 2) non-ionic surfactant and 3) diesel oil (if allowed by local regulations). Adding or using diesel oil (3 to 5 gallons by all or a minimum of 5 gallons by ground) may be helpful when night temperatures drop below 60 °F, plants are under moisture stress, or on storm-proof cotton varieties, Use only those adjuvants which are exempt from tolerance requirements under 40 CFR 180.1001.

Compatibility: To determine the compatibility of QUINER with other products, do the following. 1) pour the specified proportions of the products into a suitable container of water, 2) mix thoroughly and 3) allow to stand at least five minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be re-mixed readily, it is considered physically compatible.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION

Immediately after applying OUNER alone or in tank mixtures, remove all unused spray mixture and follow directions on this label for disposal. **DO NOT** allow the pesticide mixtures to dry in the spray equipment. Dried pesticide residues may become resuspended and damage other crops if uncleaned spray equipment is used to apply other products during the same or the following year.

Thoroughly clean the spray tank, lines, nozzles and exterior surfaces of equipment immediately before and after applying QUVER alone or tank mixtures and before using the spray equipment the following year. Use a cleaner such as "Spia.and Span," "Fantastic," or "Formula 409." Remove dried deposits from the exterior surfaces, especially aircraft fabric. This cleaning is particularly important if the spray equipment has been used to apply propp 50WP or products containing chlorates. Follow directions on this label for disposal of wash and rinse water.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

QUIVER alone may be applied with all suitable power operated ground and aircraft sprayer. If applying QUIVER in tank mixture, refer to the application procedures of the tank mix partner and following the most restrictive label. **DO NOT** apply, QUIVER through any type of irrigation system.

Ground Application: Use spray equipment that provides a uniform and accurate application. A minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre is specified when QUIVER is applied with water and a minimum of 5 gallons per acre is specified when QUIVER is applied in diesel oil.

Aerial Application: Use aerial equipment calibrated to provide accurate and uniform spray coverage and application rates and to minimize the potential for spray drift. **DO NOT** apply when wind may cause drift.

A minimum spray volume of 5 galloos per acre should be used when QUIVER and tank mixtures with QUIVER are applied with water. QUIVER alone may be applied in a minimum of 3 gallons of spray volume per acre when using diesel oil (minimum of 5 gallons per acre in California).

Aerial applicators must be in enclosed cockpits.

HSE RATES

	APPLICATION RATES					
CROP	QUIVER RATE Pints/acre	MINIMUM WATER SPRAY VOLUME* Gallons per Acre				
		AIR GROUND				
COTTON		5	15			
CA & AZ	11/3 to 2					
All Other States	1⅓ to 1½					

GENERAL PLANT DEFOLIATION a

Apply specified dosage per acre to give thorough coverage of leaves when at least 50% of boils are open, or according to local recommendations for Node Above Oracked Boll (NACB).

All States	1 to 11/2	- 1			
For LV/ULV application, use not less than 1 ½ pints per acre of once refined vegetable oil. For rank cotton, see below.					

BOTTOM DEFOLIATION 6

Apply specified dosage (the rate should be proportional to the fraction of the plant being defoliated) per acre with spray directed only to the lower part of the plant where mature bolls are found.

RANK COTTON		5	15
CA & AZ	2½		
All Other States	1½		

RANK COTTON DEFOLIATION

Apply specified dosage per acre to give thorough coverage of leaves when at least 50% of boils are open, or according to the local recommendation for Node Above Cracked Boll (NACB). The total rate may be applied in one or two applications (2 to 6 weeks apart) either alone or in an approved tank mix. To achieve more complete general plant defoliation, especially when using the 1 ½ pints, use with an approved tank mixture is highly recommended. For LV/ULV applications, a maximum of 2½ (CA,AZ) or 1 1/2 (all other states) pints per acre of once refined venetable oil.

LONG STAPLE COTTO	ON (INCLUDING PIMA)	5		7	15
CA & AZ	2½				
All Other States	1½		7	•	

LONG STAPLE (INCLUDING PIMA) COTTON DEFOLIATION

Apply specified dosage to mature cotton plants with 50% or more open bolls. For best results on pima cotton, use in tank mix combination with 0.2 to 0.4 lb Dropp 50 WP per acre when 60% or more bolls are open.

General Plant Defoliation: Apply to mature cotton plants when 50% or more of the bolls are open and 7 to 10 days prior to anticipated picking. Plants are considered mature if the youngest bolls 1) cannot be dented by pressure between the thumb and forefinger or 2) cannot be out through easily with a sharp knife.

Bottom Defoliation: Losses from rot and weathering may be reduced by using QUIVER to increase air movement and sunlight to bottom bolls. Use shielded drop nozzles to direct sprays to the lower leaves. By removing the picker's top 8 to 12 rows of spindles, the exposed bolls may be harvested. The picker will not injure the untreated top leaves and immature bolls. QUIVER may be applied for entire plant defoliation, where no bolls are aftering.

* If using diesel oil as the spray carrier refer to the APPLICATION PROCEDURES section for minimum spray volume information.

Use the specified use rate of QUIVER in water or once refined vegetable of or diesel oil. Apply sufficient spray to ensure uniform leaf wetting. All leaves must be treated for complete defoliation. QUIVER does not suppress secondary growth.

TANK MIX PARTNERS

QUIVER may be applied in tank mixture with additional registered cotton harvest aid products to enhance cotton desiccation, defoliation and/or regrowth control. They may be applied with similar timings and methods as QUIVER alone unless specifically prohibited in the mix partner product label. In some cases, cotton harvest aid performance may be affected by the temperature sensitivity of the tank-hix partner. Refer to the individual product labels for additional information on use rates, precautions and/or restrictions.

The following products are recommended for tank mixtures with QUIVER:

Accelerate®	Cyclone Star®	Roundup®
Boll'd 6®	Ethephon 6	Roundup Ultra®
CottonQuik®	Ginstar	Harvest Pro

TANK MIX PARTNERS	REMARKS
Thidiazuron	Use 1 to 1 ½ pints of <i>QUIVER</i> plus 0.066 to 0.1 lb of thidiazuron for defoliation and inhibition of secondary growth (regrowth). Tank mix activity is maximum when 60% or more bolls are open and the mean 24-hour temperature before and after application is above 60°. Adverse conditions may require 1) use of the maximum dosage, 2) a second application or 3) longer time for complete defoliation. Mix <i>QUIVER</i> and Thidiazuron combinations in the following order: 1) water, 2) Thidiazuron (as per label), 3) after Thidiazuron has completely dispersed add <i>QUIVER</i> and 4) adjuvant (if used). DO NOT apply this combination to immature cotton (< 60% open boll) or at higher than specified use rates as desiccation and leaf freezing may occur. When used in citrus growing areas, observe buffer zones restrictions. Refer to the Thidiazuron label for additional precautions, restrictions or comments.
Accelerate® Boll'd 6® CottonQuik® Ethephon 6 Harvest Pro	Tank mix with QUIVER at 1 to 1 ½ pints per acre for enhanced speed of defoliation and cotton boll opening. Refer to the tank mix partners label for the use rates, precautions, restrictions and additional comments.
Cyclone Star® Ginstar	Tank mix with QUIVER at 1 to 1 ½ pints per acre for enhanced desiccation of cotton and certain weed species. Refer to the tank mix partners label for use rates, precautions, restrictions and additional comments.
Roundup® Roundup Ultra®	In states where permitted, tank mix with <i>QUIVER</i> at 1 to 1 ½ pints per acre for enhanced defoliation, regrowth control and additional late season weed control. Refer to the tank mix partners label for use rates, precautions, restrictions and additional comments.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions tor Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC or Seller. To THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold INNVICTIS CROP CARE LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

INNICTIS CROP CARE LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseable to be event the control of Seller or INNIVICTIS CROP CARE LLC, and TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW INNIVICTIS CROP CARE LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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Ginstar is a registered trademark of Bayer.

Roundup®/Roundup Ultra® are trademarks of Mohsapito Company.

Cyclone Star® is a trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection.

Accelerate® is a trademark of Juffied Phosphorus

CottonCulk® is a trademark of Juffarm America.

Ethephon 6 is a trademark of RedEagle International LLC.

HarvestPro is a trademark of IAP.

Boll'd 6® is a trademark of Winfield Solutions

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