





## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 GHS Product identifier:** AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener
- Other means of identification:**  
Non-applicable
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses (Consumer use): Air freshener for vehicles  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**  
Chemical Guys  
3501 Sepulveda Blvd  
90505 Torrance - California - United States  
Phone: 866-822-3670 - Fax: 310-988-1061  
info@ChemicalGuys.com  
www.ChemicalGuys.com
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** INFOTRAC Acct. #116262  
US: 1-800-535-5053 International: +1-352-323-3500

### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.  
Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319  
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
**Warning**
-  
- Hazard statements:**  
Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Precautionary statements:**  
P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102: Keep out of reach of children.  
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P264: Wash thoroughly after use.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/protective footwear.  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.  
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers according to the local, state and federal regulations.
- Additional labeling:**  
Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) >> Irritant (Eyes)  
May irritate eyes. Do not get in eyes. Keep out of reach of children.  
**FIRST AID TREATMENT**  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do and continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
Contains .
- 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):**  
Non-applicable

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

#### 3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures:

**Chemical description:** Miscellaneous products

##### Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 68439-46-3	<b>Alcohol ethoxylated (C9-C11)</b> Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 67-63-0	<b>propan-2-ol</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 1300-72-7	<b>Sodium xylenesulphonate</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Warning	1 - <2.5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation, however, it is recommended in case of intoxication symptoms to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

##### By skin contact:

In case of contact it is recommended to clean the affected area thoroughly with water and neutral soap. In case of changes to the skin (stinging, redness, rashes, blisters,...), seek medical advice with this Safety Data Sheet

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

##### By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

##### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

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### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### **Additional provisions:**

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

##### **For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

##### **For emergency responders:**

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

For accidental releases in excess of reportable quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802.

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections:**

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling:**

##### **A.- General precautions for safe use**

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

##### **B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions**

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

##### **C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene**

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F  
Maximum Temp.: 86 °F  
Maximum time: 6 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be assessed in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	TLV-TWA	200 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	400 ppm	

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	500 ppm	1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

NIOSH: Immediately Dangerous To Life or Health (IDLH) Values:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	TWA		
	IDLH Value	2000 ppm	

#### Biological limit values:

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	40 mg/L	Acetone in urine	End of shift at end of workweek

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

If the working conditions and/or safety measures adopted do not allow keeping the airborne concentration of the product below the exposure limits (if any) or at acceptable levels (if no exposure limits exist), suitable respiratory protection equipment chosen by a qualified professional should be used.

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Non-applicable

D.- Eye and face protection

Non-applicable

E.- Bodily protection

Non-applicable

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

It is not necessary to take additional emergency measures.

#### Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

##### Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F:

Liquid

Appearance:

Non-applicable \*

Color:

Non-applicable \*

Odor:

Non-applicable \*

Odour threshold:

Non-applicable \*

##### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:

213 °F

Vapour pressure at 68 °F:

2382 Pa

Vapour pressure at 122 °F:

12532.71 Pa (12.53 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

##### Product description:

Density at 68 °F:

1014.7 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 68 °F:

1.015

Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Concentration:

Non-applicable \*

pH:

Non-applicable \*

Vapour density at 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Solubility in water at 68 °F:

Non-applicable \*

Solubility properties:

Non-applicable \*

Decomposition temperature:

Non-applicable \*

Melting point/freezing point:

Non-applicable \*

##### Flammability:

Flash Point:

89 - 164 °F (Does not maintain combustion)

Flammability (solid, gas):

Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature:

750 °F

\*Non-applicable due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Lower flammability limit: Non-applicable \*

Upper flammability limit: Non-applicable \*

#### Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable \*

#### 9.2 Other information:

##### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Non-applicable \*

Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

Corrosive to metals: Non-applicable \*

Heat of combustion: Non-applicable \*

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Non-applicable \*

##### Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*

Refraction index: Non-applicable \*

\*Non-applicable due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

##### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

#### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: propan-2-ol (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

#### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### Other information:

Non-applicable

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Alcohol ethoxylated (C9-C11) CAS: 68439-46-3	LD50 oral	1400 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
Sodium xylenesulphonate CAS: 1300-72-7	LD50 oral	7200 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LD50 oral	>5840 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>13900 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>25 mg/L (6 h)	Rat

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect.  
For more information see section 3.

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

##### Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
Alcohol ethoxylated (C9-C11) CAS: 68439-46-3	LC50	113 mg/L (96 h)	QSAR
	EC50	Non-applicable	
	EC50	Non-applicable	
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LC50	9640 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas
	EC50	10000 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna
	EC50	Non-applicable	

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

##### Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability	Biodegradability
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BOD5	1.19 g O <sub>2</sub> /g
	COD	2.23 g O <sub>2</sub> /g
	BOD5/COD	0.53
	Concentration	100 mg/L
	Period	14 days
	% Biodegradable	86 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

##### Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BCF
	Pow Log
	Potential
	3
	0.05
	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption	Volatility
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	Koc	1.5
	Conclusion	Very High
	Surface tension	2.24E-2 N/m (77 °F)
	Henry	8.207E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Dry soil	Yes
	Moist soil	Yes

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

Wastes generated by normal household activities (e.g., routine house and yard maintenance) are excluded from the definition of hazardous waste (Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 261.4)

##### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

##### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282.

State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

- 14.1 UN number:** Non-applicable  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Non-applicable  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Non-applicable  
Labels: Non-applicable  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** Non-applicable  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

- 14.1 UN number:** Non-applicable  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Non-applicable  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Non-applicable  
Labels: Non-applicable  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** Non-applicable  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Special regulations: Non-applicable  
EmS Codes:  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: Non-applicable  
Segregation group: Non-applicable  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:

- 14.1 UN number:** Non-applicable  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Non-applicable  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Non-applicable  
Labels: Non-applicable  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** Non-applicable  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:**

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: Non-applicable
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: Non-applicable
- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): *All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.*
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: Non-applicable
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Non-applicable
- Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- New York RTK - Substance list: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: *Oxydipropanol (25265-71-8)*
- Protective Action Criteria (PAC) with AEGLs, ERPGs, & TEELs: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: Non-applicable
- SB-258 Cleaning Product Right to Know Act : *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : *All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.*
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)*

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information provided in this safety data sheet as a foundation for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments. These assessments will help establish the appropriate risk prevention measures for handling, using, storing, and disposing of this product.

#### Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Advice related to training:

According to 29 CFR 1910. 1200, training on chemical hazards is necessary for employees using this product. This training will facilitate their understanding and interpretation of the safety data sheet, as well as the product label.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

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## AIR220 - Honeydew Premium Air Freshener

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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