ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Cat Litter (NA GHS 2015)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations and according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 6/11/2024 Date of Issue: 12/9/2016 Supersedes Date: 7/4/2022 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Cat Litter (NA GHS 2015)

Product Code: 42013157, 42013158, 42013159, 42013154, 42013155, 42013156, 40500349, 42016580, 42014987, 42014989, 40500757, 40500778, 40500948, 40500958, 40501308

Synonyms: ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Fresh Home with Odor Blasters™, ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Multi-Cat with Odor Blasters™, ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Multi-Cat, ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Multicat Odor Blasters Platinum, ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Multi-Cat Platinum, ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ MicroGuard™

Intended Use of the Product

Cat Litter.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company
Church & Dwight Co. Inc.
500 Charles Ewing Blvd
Ewing Township, NJ 08628
T 1-800-524-1328
www.churchdwight.com

Company
Church and Dwight Canada Corp.
5485 Ferrier
Montreal, Qc, H4P 1M6
www.churchdwight.ca
www.econsumeraffairs.com/churchdwight/contactus

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : For Medical Emergency: 1-888-234-1828 (USA and Canada), 952-853-1925 (Outside USA and Canada)
For Chemical Emergency: VelocityEHS (800)255-3924 (North America) +1 (813)248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Carcinogenicity Category 1A	H350
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	H372

Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA) :

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H350 - May cause cancer.
H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratiory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 - Do not dust.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Limestone	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3	52.3 – 52.8	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	0.05 – 1.3	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372
Silica, amorphous	(CAS-No.) 7631-86-9	≤ 0.88	Not classified.
.alpha.-Pinene	(CAS-No.) 80-56-8	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
D-Limonene	(CAS-No.) 5989-27-5	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, immediately move the exposed person to fresh air. Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Wash affected area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (respiratiory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation). Skin sensitization.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Cough, dyspnea (breathing difficulty), wheezing; decreased pulmonary function, progressive respiratory symptoms (silicosis). The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels. Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis. Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Contact: Eye contact with dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (respiratiory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation). This product contains crystalline silica. Long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica results in a significant risk of developing silicosis; a seriously disabling and fatal lung disease, and other non-malignant respiratory disease, lung cancer, kidney effects, and immune system effects. Pulmonary function may be reduced and pre-existing lung diseases such as: emphysema or asthma may be aggravated by inhalation exposure to dusts. Smoking aggravates the effects of exposure. Inhalation may lead to a progressive massive fibrosis which may be accompanied by right heart enlargement, heart failure, pulmonary failure of the lung and susceptibility to pulmonary tuberculosis.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Treatment will be based on severity and prognosis of disease.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO_2), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Silicates dissolve in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Silicates react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Measure in Case of Dust Release: Dust suppressant. Consider the use of a dust mask or respirator as needed.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne during clean-up such as dry sweeping or using compressed air. Use HEPA vacuum or thoroughly wet with water to clean-up dust. Use PPE described in Section 8.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Cutting, crushing or grinding crystalline silica-bearing materials may release respirable crystalline silica, a known carcinogen. Use all appropriate measures of dust control or suppression and personal protective equipment. Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s)

Cat Litter.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Limestone (1317-65-3)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³ (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	10 mg/m³ (Limestone, containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA	30 mppcf 10 mg/m³

Quartz (14808-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 µg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	(250)/(%SiO_2+5) mppcf TWA (respirable fraction) (10)/(%SiO_2+2) mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction) (For any operations or sectors for which the respirable crystalline silica standard, 1910.1053, is stayed or otherwise not in effect, See 20 CFR 1910.1000 TABLE Z-3)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	IDLH	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Alberta	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (Trydimite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (Trydimite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)
Ontario	OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m³ (designated substances regulation-respirable fraction (Silica, crystalline)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (Trydimite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline (Trydimite removed))
Yukon	OEL TWA	300 particle/mL (Silica - Quartz, crystalline)

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	6 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf (80mg/m³/%SiO_2)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	6 mg/m³
USA IDLH	IDLH	3000 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA	300 particle/mL (as measured by Konimeter instrumentation (Silica) 20 mppcf (as measured by Impinger instrumentation (Silica) 2 mg/m³ (respirable mass (Silica)

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected Monoterpenes)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,dermal sensitizer
Alberta	OEL TWA	111 mg/m³ (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Alberta	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Manitoba	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Nunavut	OEL STEL	30 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Nunavut	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	30 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Ontario	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monomers)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	112 mg/m³ (Turpentine and certain monoterpenes)
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	20 ppm (Turpentine and certain monoterpenes)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	30 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	20 ppm (Turpentine and selected monoterpenes)

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA [ppm]	30 ppm

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Maintain sufficient mechanical or natural ventilation to assure silica concentrations remain below PEL/TLV. Use local exhaust if necessary. Power equipment should be equipped with properly designed dust collection devices. If product needs to be altered, use wet processing techniques if possible to minimize generation of dust.

Personal Protective Equipment: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Materials for Protective Clothing: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	:	Solid
Appearance	:	Scented pale gray to buff granules
Odor	:	Clean scented
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available
Melting Point	:	No data available
Freezing Point	:	No data available
Boiling Point	:	No data available
Flash Point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	:	No data available
Flammability	:	No data available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	No data available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	No data available
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative Density	:	No data available
Specific Gravity	:	2.5 g/cc @ 20 °C
Solubility	:	Water: < 5 % @ 20 °C
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	No data available
Viscosity	:	No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Silicates dissolve in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Silicates react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid:

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition may produce: Crystalline silica exists in several forms, the most common of which is quartz. If crystalline silica (quartz) is heated to more than 870°C (1598 °F), it can change to a form of crystalline silica known as trydimite, and if crystalline silica (quartz) is heated to more than 1470°C (2678 °F), it can change to a form of crystalline silica known as cristobalite. The OSHA PEL for crystalline silica as trydimite and cristobalite is one-half of the OSHA PEL for crystalline silica (quartz).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified.

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified.

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified.

LD50 and LC50 Data:

No additional information available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified.

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Cough, dyspnea (breathing difficulty), wheezing; decreased pulmonary function, progressive respiratory symptoms (silicosis). The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels. Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis. Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Eye contact with dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (respiratiory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation). This product contains crystalline silica. Long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica results in a significant risk of developing silicosis; a seriously disabling and fatal lung disease, and other non-malignant respiratory disease, lung cancer, kidney effects, and immune system effects. Pulmonary function may be reduced and pre-existing lung diseases such as: emphysema or asthma may be aggravated by inhalation exposure to dusts. Smoking aggravates the effects of exposure. Inhalation may lead to a progressive massive fibrosis which may be accompanied by right heart enlargement, heart failure, pulmonary failure of the lung and susceptibility to pulmonary tuberculosis.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	7900 mg/kg (Source: ATSDR)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (No deaths)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 58.8 mg/l/4h

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 500 mg/kg

LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW)

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5 g/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW)

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC Group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
IARC Group	3

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)	
IARC Group	3
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No additional information available

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	7600 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia)

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.28 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	41 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.619 (0.619 – 0.796) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.421 mg/l
LC50 Fish 2	35 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: EPA)

Persistence and Degradability

ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Cat Litter (NA GHS 2015)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Cat Litter (NA GHS 2015)	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)	
Log POW	4.1

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)	
Log POW	4.38 (at 37 °C (at pH 7.2)

Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with TDG

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal and International Regulations

ARM & HAMMER™ Clump & Seal™ Cat Litter (NA GHS 2015)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Carcinogenicity Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization

Limestone (1317-65-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)
Listed on Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory (DIW)

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)
Listed on Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory (DIW)

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
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Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)
Listed on Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory (DIW)

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)
Listed on Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory (DIW)

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
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Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Quartz, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Quartz (14808-60-7)	X			

Limestone (1317-65-3)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Quartz (14808-60-7)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Canadian Regulations

Limestone (1317-65-3)
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Quartz (14808-60-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

.alpha.-Pinene (80-56-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 06/11/2024

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Glossary of Data Source Abbreviations

ATSDR: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services)
AU_WES: Australia WES
CHEMVIEW: ChemView (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EC_RAR: European Commission Renewal Assessment Report
EC_SCOEL: European Commission Scientific Committee on Occupational
FOOD_JOURN: Food Research Journal (1956)
IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Value Profiles
IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
JAPAN_GHS: Japan GHS Basis for Classification Data

Exposure Limits
ECETOC: European Centre for Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals Reports
ECHA_API: European Chemicals Agency API
ECHA_RAC: ECHA Committee for Risk Assessment
EFSA: European Food Safety Authority
EPA: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EPA_AEGL: Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_FIFRA: Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act Reregistration Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_HPV: High Production Volume Chemicals (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_TRED: Risk Assessment for Tolerance Reassessment Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EU_CLH: European Union Harmonised Classification and Labelling Proposal
EU_RAR: European Union Risk Assessment Report
JP_J-CHECK: Japan J-Check
KR_NIER: South Korea National Institute of Environmental Research Evaluations
NICNAS: Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services)
NLM_CIP: National Library of Medicine ChemID plus database
NLM_HSDB: National Library of Medicine Hazardous Substance Data Bank
NLM_PUBMED: National Library of Medicine PubMed database
NTP: National Toxicology Program
NZ_CCID: New Zealand Chemical Classification and Information Database
OECD_EHSP: Environment, Health, and Safety Publication (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
OECD_SIDS: Screening Information Data Sets (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
WHO: World Health Organization

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Church&Dwight NA GHS SDS 2015