Batiste™ Overnight Deep Cleanse Dry Shampoo - (US GHS)

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Batiste™ Overnight Deep Cleanse Dry Shampoo - (US GHS)

Product Code: 42015151

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Hair Care

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Church & Dwight Co. Inc.
500 Charles Ewing Blvd
Ewing Township, NJ 08628
T 1-800-524-1328
www.churchdwight.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : For Medical Emergency: 1-888-234-1828 (USA and Canada), 952-853-1925 (Outside USA and Canada);
For Chemical Emergency: ChemTel LLC (800)255-3924 (North America) +1 (813)248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is labeled in accordance with regulations administered by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC). The use pattern and exposure in the workplace are generally not consistent with those experienced by consumers. The requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration applicable to this SDS differ from the labeling requirements of the CPSC and, as a result, this SDS may contain additional health hazard information not pertinent to consumer use and not found on the product label.

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flammable aerosol Category 2	H223
Gases under pressure Liquefied gas	H280
Simple Asphyxiant	SIAS
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2	H401
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2	H411

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS02 GHS04 GHS09

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H223 - Flammable aerosol.
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P391 - Collect spillage.
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%*	GHS US classification
n-Butane	Butane / BUTANE	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8	30-60	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Simple Asphy, SIAS
1,1-Difluoroethane	Ethane, 1,1-difluoro- / Ethylidene difluoride / Fluorocarbon 152a / Halocarbon 152A / HFC 152a / Refrigerant gas R 152a / HFC-152a / Hydrofluorocarbon 152a / Freon 152a / HYDROFLUOROCARBON 152A / 1,1-Difluoroethylene / 1,1-difluoroethane	(CAS-No.) 75-37-6	15-40	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Simple Asphy, SIAS
Ethyl alcohol	Methylcarbinol / Ethanol / ALCOHOL / Alcohol anhydrous / Alcohol / Grain alcohol	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	3-7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Starch	Starch, potato / Tapioca starch / Starches (cornstarch, potato starch, tapioca starch, wheat starch) / Pregelatinized potato starch / Starches / AVENA SATIVA STARCH / Corn starch / Wheat starch / High amylose cornstarch / Starch, edible / ORYZA SATIVA (RICE) STARCH / Avena sativa (oat) starch / Solanum tuberosum starch / Starch (High-polymeric carbohydrate material usually derived from cereal grains such as corn, wheat and sorghum, and from roots and tubers such as potatoes and tapioca. Includes starch which has been pregelatinized by heating in the presence of water.) / High amylose maize resistant starch / Zea mays (corn) starch / Topical starch / ORYZA SATIVA STARCH / SOLANUM TUBEROSUM STARCH / TAPIOCA STARCH / TRITICUM VULGARE STARCH / ZEA MAYS STARCH	(CAS-No.) 9005-25-8	3-7	Comb. Dust

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

* Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%). The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: May cause frostbite on contact with the liquid. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: No additional information available

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO_2), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable aerosol.

Explosion Hazard: Container may explode in heat of fire. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2).

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills and dispose of waste safely. Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Asphyxiating gas at high concentrations. Contains substances that are combustible dusts. If dried and allowed to accumulate, may form combustible dust concentrations in air that could ignite and cause an explosion. Take appropriate precautions.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Do not breathe gas.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well ventilated place away from ignition sources. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Hair care

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm

n-Butane (106-97-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm (explosion hazard (Butane, isomers)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	1900 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	800 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	1600 ppm (>10% LEL)

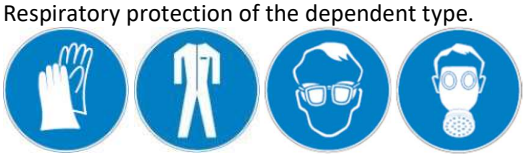
Starch (9005-25-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	1900 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	3300 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	1900 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls : For occupational/workplace settings: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphixiating gases may be released. Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.



Materials for Protective Clothing	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.
Hand Protection	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Wear protective gloves. If material is cold, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.
Eye and Face Protection	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Chemical safety goggles.
Skin and Body Protection	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection	:	Use a NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.
Thermal Hazard Protection	:	For occupational/workplace settings and bulk quantities: Wear thermally resistant protective clothing.
Other Information	:	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	White powder aerosol
Odor	:	Characteristic
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available
Melting Point	:	No data available
Freezing Point	:	No data available
Boiling Point	:	No data available
Flash Point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative Density	:	No data available
Solubility	:	Water: Miscible
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	No data available
Viscosity	:	No data available
Explosive Properties	:	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

9.2. Other Information

Gas Group	:	Press. Gas (Liq.)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, open flames, sources of ignition and incompatible materials. Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	437500 ppm/4h

n-Butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	30957 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	276798.8 ppm

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	10470 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	20 ml/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	124.7 mg/l/4h

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	733 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	720 mg/l
ErC50 (Algae)	419 mg/l

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	11200 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	9268 – 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
ErC50 (Algae)	1000 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	9.6 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Batiste™ Overnight Deep Cleanse Dry Shampoo	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Batiste™ Overnight Deep Cleanse Dry Shampoo	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

n-Butane (106-97-8)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.89

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.32

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Hazardous waste (ignitable) due to the presence of flammable liquids and gases. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS
Hazard Class : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant
ERG Number : 126

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS
Hazard Class : 2
Division : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1
Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
Hazard Class : 2
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1
Division : 2.1
ERG Code (IATA) : 10L

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Batiste™ Overnight Deep Cleanse Dry Shampoo	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Physical hazard - Gas under pressure Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Simple asphyxiant

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

n-Butane (106-97-8)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

Starch (9005-25-8)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

15.2. US State Regulations

1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

n-Butane (106-97-8)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Starch (9005-25-8)
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 08/25/2022

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200
This product is labeled in accordance with regulations administered by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The use pattern and exposure in the workplace are generally not consistent with those experienced by consumers. The requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration applicable to this SDS differ from the labeling requirements of the CPSC and FDA and, as a result, this SDS may contain additional health hazard information not pertinent to consumer use and not found on the product label.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H220	Extremely flammable gas
H223	Flammable aerosol
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This Product Safety Data Sheet is offered solely for your information, consideration and investigation. Church & Dwight Co., Inc. provides no warranties; either expressed or implied, and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of data contained herein. Church & Dwight Co., Inc. urges persons receiving this information to make their own determination as to the information suitability for their particular application.

Church&Dwight SDS US (GHS HazCom)