SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : CITGO CITGEAR® SYNTHETIC PAG 220

Synonyms : Synthetic Gear Lubricant

Code : 632547001 **MSDS**# : 632547001

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : CITGO Petroleum Corporation

P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300

(United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Fatal if inhaled.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General

: Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store locked up. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Don't Pollute. Conserve Resources. Return used oil to collection centers.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Synthetic Gear Lubricant

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene triphenyl phosphate | ≥25 - ≤50 ≤3 <1 ≤0.3 | 9038-95-3 68411-46-1 115-86-6 90-30-2 |
| 1-(11-prierrylattiilio)-tiaprittialette | <u> -0.3</u> | 90-30-2 |

^{* =} Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Fatal if inhaled.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician :

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---------------------|--|
| triphenyl phosphate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.

Respiratory protection

: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Flash point

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Colorless to light yellow.

Odor : Mild.

pH : Not available.Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

: Open cup: 290°C (554°F) [Cleveland]

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg)

Relative vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density : 1.05

Density Ibs/gal : Estimated 8.75 lbs/gal

Density gm/cm³ : Not available.

Gravity, °API : Estimated 3 @ 60 F

Solubility : Soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 500°C (932°F) (Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with

2,4,4-trimethylpentene).

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 220 mm²/s (220 cSt)

Viscosity SUS : Estimated 1019 SUS @104 F

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | ne Result Species | | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------|----------|
| Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 147 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| with oxirane, monobutyl ether | | | | |
| , | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >20 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| reaction products with | | | | |
| 2,4,4-trimethylpentene | | | | |
| triphenyl phosphate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >7900 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| 1-(N-phenylamino)- | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| naphthalene | | | | |
| · | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 1231 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1625 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1625 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether: In an acute inhalation studies, rats were exposed to aerosol concentrations of polyalkylene glycols (average MW 2,900) (Klonne et al, 1987). Exposure related mortalities occured at the two highest exposure concentrations. Also, slightly increased respiratory rates and locomotor activity were noted. The acute inhalation LC₅₀ was calculated to be 330 mg/M ³. In another study, exposure related mortalities occured (DuPont, 1986). The approximate lethal concentration (ALC) was determined to be 390 mg/M³. Another inhalation study with rats, exposure-related mortalities occured (Ulrich et al., 1992). Study findings included treatment-related changes in the alveoli and terminal airways including moderate to severe alveolar inflammation.

Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether: Post-mortem examination of rats following subacute, whole body, inhalation studies of polyalkylene glycols (average MW 970) revealed dark red discoloration of the lungs (Union Carbide, 1988). Exposure-related mortalities did occur at the highest exposure concentration. The LC₅₀ was determined to be 4,770 mg/M³. A LOAEL was determined to be approximately 500 mg/M³ (Lewis, 1995).

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------|---------------------|-------------|
| Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 50 mg | - |
| , | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| 1-(N-phenylamino)- naphthalene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours 5 % | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 1008 hours 5 % I | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 50 % | - |

Skin : No additional information.Eyes : No additional information.Respiratory : No additional information.

Sensitization

Not available.

Skin : No additional information.Respiratory : No additional information.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: No additional information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Teratogenicity

: No additional information.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 1-(N-phenylamino)-naphthalene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Fatal if inhaled.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : No

illieulate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| CITGO CITGEAR® SYNTHETIC PAG 220 | 15752.8 | N/A | N/A | 0.46 | N/A |
| Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 0.147 | N/A |
| ether | | | | | |
| triphenyl phosphate | 3500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1-(N-phenylamino)-naphthalene | 1625 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------|
| triphenyl phosphate | Acute EC50 225 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Fingerling | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 320 to 560 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/l | Algae - Chlorella vulgaris | 3 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 50 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 131 ng/L Fresh water | Fish - Oryzias latipes - Larvae | 103 days |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene | 5.1 | 1730 | high |
| triphenyl phosphate 1-(N-phenylamino)- naphthalene | 4.63 4.28 | 144 1424 | low high |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

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Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: mercury; lead powder; arsenic; chromium; Cadmium

(Non-pyrophoric)

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|---|-----------|--|
| Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether | ≥25 - ≤50 | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene | ≤3 | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| 1-(N-phenylamino)-naphthalene | ≤0.3 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |

SARA 313

CITGO CITGEAR® SYNTHETIC PAG 220

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | trace trace |
| Supplier notification | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | trace trace |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed. **Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

| Ingredient name | % | Cancer | Reproductive | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| methanol | <0.001 | No. | Yes. | - | Yes. |
| 2-ethylhexyl acrylate | <0.001 | Yes. | No. | - | _ |
| ethyl acrylate | <0.001 | Yes. | No. | - | _ |
| mercury | trace | No. | Yes. | - | - |
| lead powder | trace | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |
| arsenic | trace | Yes. | No. | Yes. | - |
| Cadmium (Non- pyrophoric) | trace | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |

International regulations

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States : Not determined.

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

China : Not determined.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. **Japan**

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

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Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--------------------|
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 | Calculation method |

History

Date of printing : 8/21/2025

Date of issue/Date of : 8/21/2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 8/29/2023 Version : 10.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/21/2025 Date of previous issue : 8/29/2023 Version : 10.01 13/14

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/21/2025 Date of previous issue : 8/29/2023 Version : 10.01 14/14