# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : CITGO Pacemaker® 68

Synonyms : Lubricating oil Hydraulic Oil

Code : 633003001 MSDS# : 633003001

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : CITGO Petroleum Corporation

P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684
 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700
 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300

(United States Only)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Su

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** 

: Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.

**Storage** 

: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store locked up. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Don't Pollute. Conserve Resources. Return used oil to collection centers.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Lubricating oil Hydraulic Oil

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | %           | CAS number               |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 1               | ≥90<br>≤0.3 | 64742-54-7<br>68411-46-1 |

<sup>\* =</sup> Various \*\* = Mixture \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage.

Initial symptoms may be minor.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include Notes to physician

extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in

ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal.

**Specific treatments** : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

carbon monoxide

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral]

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.

#### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Light amber

Odor Mild petroleum odor [Slight]

: Not available. **Boiling point, initial boiling** : Not available.

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: 221°C (429.8°F) [Pensky-Martens] Flash point

Open cup: 252°C (485.6°F) [Cleveland]

: <1 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate** Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg)

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**Relative vapor density** : >1 [Air = 1] : 0.88 **Relative density** 

**Density lbs/gal** : Estimated 7.34 lbs/gal

Density gm/cm<sup>3</sup> : Not available.

Gravity, °API : Estimated 29 @ 60 F

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 67 mPa·s (67 cP)

> Kinematic (room temperature): 67 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (67 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 68 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (68 cSt)

: Estimated 315 SUS @104 F **Viscosity SUS** 

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide Reactivity

under US GHS Definition(s).

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                 | Species | Dose                       | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy paraffinic             | LD50 Dermal            | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg                | -        |
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene | LD50 Oral<br>LD50 Oral |         | >5000 mg/kg<br>>5000 mg/kg | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Not available.

**Sensitization** 

Skin No additional information. : No additional information. Eyes Respiratory : No additional information.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available

Skin : No additional information.

Respiratory : No additional information.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage.

Initial symptoms may be minor.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name   | LogPow | BCF  | Potential |
|---|--------|------|-----------|
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene | 5.1    | 1730 | high      |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | DOT Classification | IMDG           | IATA           |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | Not regulated.     | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name    | -                  | -              | -              |
| Transport hazard class(es) | -                  | -              | -              |
| Packing group              | -                  | -              | -              |
| Environmental hazards      | No.                | No.            | No.            |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; ethylbenzene; phenol; toluene; benzene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: naphthalene; ethylbenzene; xylene; aniline; phenol; propylene oxide; toluene; benzene

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

|                 |        |      | SARA 302 TPQ |           | SARA 304 RQ |           |
|-----------------|--------|------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Name            | %      | EHS  | (lbs)        | (gallons) | (lbs)       | (gallons) |
| aniline         | <0.001 | Yes. | 1000         | 117.6     | 5000        | 587.9     |
| Phenol          | trace  | Yes. | 500 / 10000  | -         | 1000        | -         |
| ethylene oxide  | trace  | Yes. | 1000         | -         | 10          | -         |
| propylene oxide | trace  | Yes. | 10000        | 1444.3    | 100         | 14.4      |

**SARA 304 RQ** : 1405757984.7 lbs / 638214125.1 kg [191589017.1 gal / 725243323.9 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 Classification

**HNOC** - Injection Hazards

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

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# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

| Name  | % | Classification  |
|---|---|---|
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene |   | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 HNOC - Injection Hazards |

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL

MIST, MINERAL

**New York** : None of the components are listed. : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

| Ingredient name       | %      | Cancer | Reproductive | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| naphthalene           | <0.01  | Yes.   | No.          | Yes.                      | -                               |
| ethylbenzene          | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | Yes.                      | -                               |
| cumene                | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| 2-ethylhexyl acrylate | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| ethyl acrylate        | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| aniline               | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | Yes.                      | -                               |
| 1-naphthylamine       | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| carbon black          | <0.001 | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| 2-naphthylamine       | trace  | Yes.   | No.          | Yes.                      | -                               |
| ethylene oxide        | trace  | Yes.   | Yes.         | Yes.                      | Yes.                            |
| propylene oxide       | trace  | Yes.   | No.          | -                         | -                               |
| 1,4-dioxane           | trace  | Yes.   | No.          | Yes.                      | -                               |
| toluene               | trace  | No.    | Yes.         | -                         | Yes.                            |
| benzene               | trace  | Yes.   | Yes.         | Yes.                      | Yes.                            |

#### **International regulations**

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

**United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : Not determined.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. **Japan** Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines** : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

### **Section 16. Other information**

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification                     | Justification      |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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