

# Safety Data Sheet

Australia

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** Lysis buffer type 9; part of 'PlasmidPrep Mini Spin Kit, 50 purifications'

**Catalogue Number** 28904269



**Component Number** 9601D

**Product type** Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Analytical chemistry.  
Laboratory chemicals  
Scientific research and development

### Company details

#### **Manufacturer**

Cytiva  
Amersham Place  
Little Chalfont  
Buckinghamshire  
HP7 9NA United Kingdom  
+44 1494 508000

#### **Supplier**

Global Life Sciences Solutions Australia Pty Ltd  
495 Blackburn Road  
Mount Waverley VIC 3149  
Australia  
tfn: 1800 150 522

**Emergency telephone number** 000 and +61 2 9846 4000

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A

### GHS label elements

#### **Hazard pictograms**



#### **Signal word**

**DANGER**

#### **Hazard statements**

**Harmful if swallowed.**  
**Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.**

### Precautionary statements

#### **Prevention**

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Response**

IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### **Storage**

Not applicable.



<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	Causes severe digestive tract burns.

### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

<b>Substance/mixture</b>	Mixture
<b>Other means of identification</b>	Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
guanidinium chloride	42	50-01-1
Acetic acid.	18	64-19-7
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.		

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Inhalation</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes severe burns.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns. Harmful if swallowed.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	No specific data.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur



<b>Ingestion</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</b>	
<b>Notes to physician</b>	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
<b>Specific treatments</b>	No specific treatment.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
<b>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</b>	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
<b>Special protective actions for fire-fighters</b>	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>For non-emergency personnel</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Small spill</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Protective measures</b>	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetic acid.	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 37 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
Biological exposure indices	
No exposure indices known.	

Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Odourless.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	4.2
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.

Flash point		[Product does not sustain combustion.]					
		Closed cup			Open cup		
	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	°C	°F	Method
	acetic acid	39	102.2				
Burning time	Not applicable.						
Burning rate	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	Not available.						
Flammability	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.						
Vapour pressure	Not available.						
		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	water	17.5	2.3				
	acetic acid	15.59383	2.1				
	potassium acetate	0	0				
Relative vapour density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							
	Media	Result					
	cold water	Easily soluble					
	hot water	Easily soluble					
Solubility in water	Not available.						
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.						
	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method			
	potassium acetate	>410	>770	EU A.16			
	acetic acid	463	865.4				
Decomposition temperature	Not available.						
SADT	Not available.						
Viscosity	Not available.						
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.						
<u>Particle characteristics</u>							
Median particle size	Not applicable.						

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
guanidinium chloride	Rat - Oral - LD50 475 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Excitement Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility, diarrhea
Acetic acid.	Rat - Oral - LD50 3310 mg/kg Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 1060 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 11000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Respiratory corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Respiratory or skin sensitization</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Skin</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b>Respiratory</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
Not available.	
<b>Information on likely routes of exposure</b>	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Solution III - 9601D (Lysis buffer type 9) - GROUP	1131.0	3040.4	N/A	31.6	N/A
guanidinium chloride	475	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetic acid.	3310	1060	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Acetic acid.	<b>Acute - LC50 - Marine water</b>
	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i>
	32 mg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
	<b>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water</b>
	Fish - Bluegill - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>
	75 ppm [96 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
Conclusion/Summary[Product]	Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.
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**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
guanidinium chloride	-	-	Not readily
Acetic acid.	-	>60%; 28 day(s)	Readily

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
guanidinium chloride	-1.7	-	Low
Acetic acid.	-0.17	3.16	Low

**Mobility in soil**





**Soil/water partition coefficient** Not available.

**Other adverse effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Section 13. Disposal considerations**

<b>Disposal methods</b>	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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**Section 14. Transport information**

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN2790	UN2790	UN2790	UN2790
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Acetic acid solution more than 10% but less than 50% acid, by weight (acetic acid)	Acetic acid solution more than 10% but less than 50% acid, by weight (acetic acid)	Acetic acid solution more than 10% but less than 50% acid, by weight (acetic acid)	Acetic acid solution more than 10% but less than 50% acid, by weight (acetic acid)
<b>Class</b>	8	8	8	8
<b>Label</b>				
<b>PG</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user** **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not available.

**Section 15. Regulatory information****Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons**

Not regulated.

**Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances**

No listed substance

**International regulations****Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**



Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**Inventory list**


Australia	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.
China	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	<b>Japan inventory (CSCL):</b> All components are listed or exempted. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL):</b> Not determined.
New Zealand	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

**History**

Date of printing	18 February 2026	Date of previous issue	21 July 2025
Date of issue	18 February 2026	Version	7.05
<b>sds_author@cytiva.com</b>			
ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods			
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road			
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate			
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor			
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals			
IATA = International Air Transport Association			
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container			
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods			
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient			
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)			
N/A = Not available			
SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons			
UN = United Nations			

**Procedure used to derive the classification**

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A	Calculation method
 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.	

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.