



# Safety Data Sheet

Canada

## Section 1. Identification

Product name

**PlusOne SDS, 100 g**

Catalogue Number

**17131301**



9 0 1 7 1 3 1 3 0 1

Chemical name

Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate

Synonym

Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 (± 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%

Product type

Powder.

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Identified uses

Analytical chemistry.

Laboratory chemicals

Scientific research and development

Consumer use

Importer Cytiva Canada

1055 Vernon Dr

Vancouver BC V6A 3P4

Canada

+1 778-956-2584

### In case of emergency

INFOTRAC

Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

In the United States, call 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053

## Section 2. Hazard identification

<b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b>	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
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### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning



<b>Hazard statements</b>	Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Response</b>	Collect spillage. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
<b>Storage</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b>Substance/mixture</b>	Substance
<b>Chemical name</b>	Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate
<b>Other means of identification</b>	Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 ( $\pm$ 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>Synonyms</b>	<b>% (w/w)</b>	<b>CAS number</b>
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 ( $\pm$ 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%	100	CAS: 151-21-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.



**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Potential acute health effects**

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
<b>Ingestion</b>	No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

<b>Notes to physician</b>	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
<b>Specific treatments</b>	No specific treatment.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

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**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures****Extinguishing media**

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use dry chemical powder.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** May form explosive dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
sulfur oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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**Section 6. Accidental release measures****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".



<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
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**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

<b>Small spill</b>	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Section 7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

<b>Protective measures</b>	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 30°C (50 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

None.

**Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
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<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
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**Individual protection measures****Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
<b>Body protection</b>	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Other skin protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Solid. [Flakes. Powder.]
<b>Color</b>	White to yellowish.
<b>Odor</b>	Faint odor. [Slight]
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	6.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	204 to 207°C (399.2 to 404.6°F)
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Open cup: >150°C (>302°F)
<b>Burning time</b>	Not available.
<b>Burning rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability</b>	Not available.
<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative vapor density</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.

### **Solubility(ies)**

	<b>Media</b>	<b>Result</b>
	cold water	Partially soluble
	hot water	Partially soluble
	methanol	Partially soluble
	diethyl ether	Not soluble
	acetone	Very slightly soluble
<b>Solubility in water</b>	>130 g/l [OECD 105]	
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	-2.03	
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	310.5°C (590.9°F) [VDI 2263]	
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	380°C (716°F)	
<b>SADT</b>	Not available.	
<b>Viscosity</b>	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.	
<b>Flow time (ISO 2431)</b>	Not available.	
<b>Molecular weight</b>	288.42 g/mole	

### Particle characteristics

<b>Median particle size</b>	Not available.
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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	<b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b> 1288 mg/kg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	<b>Human - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 48 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 5 % <b>Human - Skin - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 10 % <b>Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 336 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 25250 ppm <b>Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 25250 ppm <b>Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 48 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 25250 ppm <b>Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 72 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 25250 ppm <b>Human - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 0.5 % <b>Human - Skin - Moderate irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 10 ppm <b>Man - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 5 % <b>Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 5 % <b>Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 5 % <b>Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 2.5 % <b>Mouse - Skin - Severe irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 4 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 1 ppm <b>Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant</b> <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 1 hours



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Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

**Product/ingredient name**  
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate

**Result**

**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 5 pph

**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Not available.

**Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.



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**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

**Potential acute health effects**

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
<b>Ingestion</b>	No specific data.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure****Short term exposure**

<b>Potential immediate effects</b>	Not available.
<b>Potential delayed effects</b>	Not available.

**Long term exposure**

<b>Potential immediate effects</b>	Not available.
<b>Potential delayed effects</b>	Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

<b>Conclusion/Summary [Product]</b>	Not available.
<b>General</b>	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	1288	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	<b>Acute - LC50 - Fresh water</b> Fish - Carp, hawk fish - <i>Cirrhinus mrigala</i> - Larvae Age: 2 days; Size: 4.5 mm; Weight: 51 mg 590 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect:</u> Mortality
	<b>Acute - EC50 - Marine water</b> Algae - Diatom - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> 1200 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect:</u> Population
	<b>Acute - LC50 - Marine water</b> Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i> - Adult Age: 25 days; Size: 3.5 to 4.5 mm 900 µg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect:</u> Mortality
	<b>Chronic - NOEC - Marine water</b> Algae - Sea Lettuce - <i>Ulva fasciata</i> - Zoae 1.25 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect:</u> Reproduction
	<b>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water</b> OECD Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Pseudosida ramosa</i> - Neonate Age: <24 hours 1 mg/l [21 days] <u>Effect:</u> Reproduction
	<b>Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water</b> OECD Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia holbrookii</i> Weight: 0.14 g 0.8 mg/l [28 days] <u>Effect:</u> Enzymes

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	-	>60%; 28 day(s)	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	-2.03	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** 1234.14 Koc

**Other adverse effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325
UN proper shipping name	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)
Transport hazard class(es)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.20-2.22 (Class 4), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Tunnel code (E)</u>	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not available.				

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI	This material is not listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	This material is not listed.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals



Not listed.

#### Inventory list

<b>Canada</b>	This material is listed or exempted.
<b>United States</b>	This material is active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### History

<b>Date of printing</b>	1/30/2026
<b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b>	1/30/2026
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	3/3/2023
<b>Version</b>	8
	sds_author@cytiva.com
<b>Key to abbreviations</b>	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	<b>Classification</b>	<b>Justification</b>
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4		On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2		On basis of test data
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		On basis of test data
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1		On basis of test data
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		On basis of test data
<b>References</b>	Not available.	



Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

