SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name **PlusOne SDS, 100 g**

Catalogue Number 17131301

9 0 1 7 1 3 1 3 0 1

EC number 205-788-1

REACH Registration number

Registration number	Legal entity
01-2119489461-32-xxxx -	

CAS number 151-21-3

Product description Not available.

Product type Powder.

Other means of identification Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 (± 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%

Chemical formula $C_{12}H_{25}O_4S.Na$

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry.
Laboratory chemicals
Scientific research and development

Consumer use -

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
+44 1494 508000

Hours of operation
08.30 - 17.00

Person who prepared the SDS : sds_author@cytiva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

United Kingdom (UK)

Cytiva UK
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA
t: 0870 606 1921

Call INFOTRAC 24 Hour number:
001-352-323-3500 (Calll Collect).

National advisory body/Poison Centre

United Kingdom (UK)	Health professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) by telephone, or use TOXBASE www.toxbase.org . NPIS http://www.npis.org/ advise that others seeking specific information on poisons should contact: In England and Wales: NHS Direct - 0845 4647 or 111 In Scotland: NHS 24 - 08454 24 24 24 In N Ireland: Contact your local GP or pharmacist during normal hours; click here (www.gpoutofhours.hscni.net/) for GP services Out-of-Hours.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mono-constituent substance

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Acute Tox. 4, H302
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Warning

Hazard statements
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General Not applicable.

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other hazards which do not result in classification	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances Mono-constituent substance

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate	REACH #: 01-2119489461-32 EC: 205-788-1 CAS: 151-21-3	100	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
		See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Constituent

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture
May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products
Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders
If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill
Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 30°C (50 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonnes	200 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Analytical chemistry. Laboratory chemicals. Scientific research and development.

Industrial sector specific solutions Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 24 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 85 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 285 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 2440 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 4060 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid. [Flakes. Powder.]
Colour	White to yellowish.
Odour	Faint odour. [Slight]
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	6.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Melting point/freezing point	204 to 207°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Flash point	Open cup: >150°C
Auto-ignition temperature	310.5°C [VDI 2263]
Decomposition temperature	380°C
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Partially soluble
hot water	Partially soluble
methanol	Partially soluble
diethyl ether	Not soluble
acetone	Very slightly soluble

Solubility in water	130 g/l [OECD 105]
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	2.03
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	Not available.

9.2 Other information

Burning time	Not available.
Burning rate	Not available.
Solubility in water	130 g/l [OECD 105]
Molecular weight	288.42 g/mole

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	**Rat - Oral - LD50** 1288 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
sodium dodecyl sulphate	1288	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	**Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % **Human - Skin - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 % **Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 336 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm **Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm **Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm **Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm **Human - Skin - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 0.5 % **Human - Skin - Moderate irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 pph

Man - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 2.5 %

Mouse - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 1 pph

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 pph **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours Amount/concentration applied: 1 % **Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant** Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
General	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result

sodium dodecyl sulphate	**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water** Fish - Carp, hawk fish - *Cirrhinus mrigala* - Larvae Age: 2 days; Size: 4.5 mm; Weight: 51 mg 590 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality **Acute - EC50 - Marine water** Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum* 1200 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population **Acute - LC50 - Marine water** Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina* - Adult Age: 25 days; Size: 3.5 to 4.5 mm 900 µg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality **Chronic - NOEC - Marine water** Algae - Sea Lettuce - *Ulva fasciata* - Zoea 1.25 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction **Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** OECD Crustaceans - Water flea - *Pseudosida ramosa* - Neonate Age: <24 hours 1 mg/l [21 days] Effect: Reproduction **Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** OECD Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - *Gambusia holbrooki* Weight: 0.14 g 0.8 mg/l [28 days] Effect: Enzymes

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-	>60%; 28 day(s)	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
100	-2.03	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient 1234.14 Koc

Mobility Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate). Marine pollutant (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	4.1 	4.1 	4.1 	4.1 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **Tunnel code** (E)	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
E1

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States	This material is active or exempted.
Canada inventory	This material is listed or exempted.
China	This material is listed or exempted.
Japan	**Japan inventory (CSCL)**: This material is listed or exempted. **Japan inventory (ISHL)**: This material is listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	Not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	On basis of test data
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	On basis of test data
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

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