



SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification

Product name

Lysis buffer type 8; part of 'PlasmidPrep Mini Spin Kit, 250 purifications'

Catalogue Number

28-9042-70



9 0 2 8 9 0 4 2 7 0

Other means of identification

Not available.

Product type

Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry.
Laboratory chemicals
Scientific research and development
Consumer use

-

Supplier

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
+44 1494 508000

Cytiva USA
100 Results Way
Marlborough, MA 01752
1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053
Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 1%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

Not applicable.



Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.
Hazards identified when used	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture		
Other means of identification	Not available.		
Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 (± 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%	≥0.5 - ≤1.5	CAS: 151-21-3
sodium hydroxide	caustic soda; Sodium hydroxide (Na (OH)); Sodium hydrate; Soda lye; Lye; sodium hydroxide, solid; sodium hydroxide, in aqueous solution; caustic soda, solid; caustic soda, in aqueous solution	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 1310-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms



Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
sodium dodecyl sulphate	None.
sodium hydroxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) CEIL: 2 mg/m³. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025) C: 2 mg/m³. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) CEIL: 2 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) C: 2 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.

Vapor Pressure at 20°C

Vapor pressure at 50°C

	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	water	17.5	2.3				
Relative vapor density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							

Media

Result

	cold water	Easily soluble
	hot water	Easily soluble
Solubility in water	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.	

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Ingredient name

°C

°F

Method

sodium dodecyl sulphate

310.5

590.9

VDI 2263

Decomposition temperature Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Rat - Oral - LD50 1288 mg/kg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % Human - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 % Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 336 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 0.5 % Human - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 pph Man - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 2.5 % Mouse - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Amount/concentration applied: 1 pph Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 % Human - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 10 pph
sodium hydroxide	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
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sodium dodecyl sulphate

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 1 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 5 pph**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 1 %**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.



Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity**Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Lysis buffer type 8/12 - 9601B - GROUP	128800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
sodium dodecyl sulphate	1288	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information**Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Carp, hawk fish - <i>Cirrhinus mrigala</i> - Larvae Age: 2 days; Size: 4.5 mm; Weight: 51 mg 590 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Diatom - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> 1200 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i> - Adult Age: 25 days; Size: 3.5 to 4.5 mm 900 µg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Sea Lettuce - <i>Ulva fasciata</i> - Zoea 1.25 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water



sodium hydroxide

OECD
 Crustaceans - Water flea - *Pseudosida ramosa* - Neonate
Age: <24 hours
 1 mg/l [21 days]
Effect: Reproduction
Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
 OECD
 Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - *Gambusia holbrooki*
Weight: 0.14 g
 0.8 mg/l [28 days]
Effect: Enzymes
Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
 Fish - Western mosquitofish - *Gambusia affinis* - Adult
 125 ppm [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary
[Product] Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-	>60%; 28 day(s)	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-2.03	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient	Not available.
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Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide
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TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed

SARA 302/304**Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.



SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
sodium dodecyl sulphate	1	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
sodium hydroxide	0.8	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A

State regulations

Massachusetts None of the components are listed.
New York None of the components are listed.
New Jersey None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

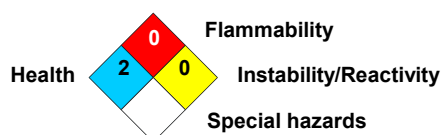
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)****Procedure used to derive the classification**

Classification	Justification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method

History

Date of printing 2/20/2026
Date of issue/Date of revision 2/20/2026
Date of previous issue 7/22/2025
Version 7.03
 sds_author@cytiva.com



Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
UN = United Nations
Not available.

References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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