



SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification

Product name

Reagent B; part of 'DNA Extraction Kit BACC3'

Catalogue Number

RPN8512



9 0 R P N 8 5 1 2

Chemical name

Reagent B

Other means of identification

Not available.

Product type

Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Supplier

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
+44 1494 508000

Cytiva USA
100 Results Way
Marlborough, MA 01752
1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053

Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 9.9%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 5%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

Not applicable.

Disposal

Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified

None known.

Hazards identified when used

No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture		
Chemical name	Reagent B		
Other means of identification	Not available.		
Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
edetic acid	(EDTA); Glycine, N, N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-(carboxymethyl)-]; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid; Ethylenedinitrilo, tetraacetic acid; EDTA; ethylenediaminetetra(acetic acid); 2,2',2'',2'''-(ethane-1,2-diyl)dinitrilo)tetraacetic acid; Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo)tetra-; ETHYLENEDIAMINE-TETRAACETIC ACID; Havidote; (Ethylenedinitrilo)-tetraacetic acid	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 60-00-4
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1); Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt; Dodecyl hydrogen sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE; Dodecyl sodium sulphate; ethylcellulose, in the form of an aqueous dispersion containing hexadecan-1-ol (CAS RN 36653-82-4) and sodium dodecyl sulphate (CAS RN 151-21-3), containing by weight 27 (± 3) % of ethylcellulose; SODIUM MONODECYL SULFATE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE, DENTAL GRADE; SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE 30%	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 151-21-3
Proprietary	Proprietary	≥1 - ≤5	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
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Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.
<u>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>	
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information (Section 11)	
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures	
<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures	
<u>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</u>	
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
<u>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</u>	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

edetic acid
sodium dodecyl sulphate
Proprietary

Exposure limits

None.
None.
None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.

	Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	Proprietary	17.5	2.3				
	edetic acid	0	0				
Relative vapor density		Not available.					
Relative density		Not available.					
Solubility(ies)	Media		Result				
	cold water		Easily soluble				
	hot water		Easily soluble				
Solubility in water		Not available.					
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available.					
Auto-ignition temperature		Not available.					
	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method			
		310.5	590.9	VDI 2263			
	edetic acid	>400	>752	VDI 2263			
Decomposition temperature		Not available.					
SADT		Not available.					
Viscosity		Not available.					
Flow time (ISO 2431)		Not available.					
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size		Not applicable.					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name
sodium dodecyl sulphate

Result
Rat - Oral - LD50
1288 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name
sodium dodecyl sulphate

Result
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Human - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 10 %
Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 336 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 48 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 25250 ppm
Human - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 0.5 %
Human - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 10 ppm
Man - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %
Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 2.5 %
Mouse - Skin - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 1 ppm
Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name
sodium dodecyl sulphate

Result
Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 5 ppm
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe Irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 1 %
Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 1 %



Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity**Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Reagent B sodium dodecyl sulphate	27932.7 1288	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information**Toxicity****Product/ingredient name**

edetic acid

Result**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Fish - Bluegill - *Lepomis macrochirus*
Size: 34 mm; Weight: 0.74 g
 41 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* - Neonate
Age: <24 hours
 113 mg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Carp, hawk fish - *Cirrhinus mrigala* - Larvae
Age: 2 days; Size: 4.5 mm; Weight: 51 mg
 590 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum*
 1200 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina* - Adult
Age: 25 days; Size: 3.5 to 4.5 mm
 900 µg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Algae - Sea Lettuce - *Ulva fasciata* - Zoa
 1.25 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

9 5 2 5 0 0 6 7 2 2 3

	OECD Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Pseudosida ramosa</i> - Neonate <u>Age:</u> <24 hours 1 mg/l [21 days] <u>Effect:</u> Reproduction Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water OECD Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> <u>Weight:</u> 0.14 g 0.8 mg/l [28 days] <u>Effect:</u> Enzymes		
Proprietary	EC50 Daphnia >100 mg/l [48 hours]		
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.		
Persistence and degradability			
Not available.			
Product/ingredient name sodium dodecyl sulphate	Aquatic half-life -	Photolysis >60%; 28 day(s)	Biodegradability Readily
Bioaccumulative potential			
Product/ingredient name edetic acid sodium dodecyl sulphate	LogP_{ow} -3.34 -2.03	BCF 1.8 -	Potential Low Low
Mobility in soil			
Soil/Water partition coefficient	Not available.		
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
RCRA classification	Not classified

Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: edetic acid
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TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients



No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
edetic acid	<5	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
sodium dodecyl sulphate	<5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Proprietary	Proprietary	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: ETHYLENEDIAMINE TETRAACETIC ACID (EDTA)

New York The following components are listed: Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid

New Jersey The following components are listed: ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETIC ACID; GLYCINE, N,

Pennsylvania N'-1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS[N-(CARBOXYMETHYL)-; EDTA The following components are listed: GLYCINE, N,N'-1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS[N-(CARBOXYMETHYL)-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Justification

Calculation method

History

Date of printing 2/20/2026

Date of issue/Date of revision 2/20/2026

Date of previous issue 7/23/2025

Version 10.02

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Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)



N/A = Not available

UN = United Nations

References

Not available.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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