

# Safety Data Sheet

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## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** DME/F-12 1:1 + 2.50 mM L-Glutamine – HEPES Buffer – Sodium Bicarbonate (+ 1.2 g/L)

**Catalogue Number** SH30069.04

**Product type** Powder.

**Original preparation date** 10/7/2020

**Date of issue/Date of revision** 1/10/2026

**Date of previous issue** 2/3/2024

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For Further Manufacturing or Research Use. Not for Diagnostic or Therapeutic Use.

Supplier / Manufacturer

Cytiva Austria  
Kremlstr. 5  
4061 Pasching  
AUSTRIA  
Tel. (+43) 7229 64865  
Fax (+43) 7229 64866

HyClone Laboratories  
925 West 1800 South  
Logan, Utah 84321  
Phone: (435) 792-8000

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グローバルライフサイエンステクノロジー株式会社  
新宿区百人町三丁目25番1号  
サンケンビルディング  
東京都  
169-0073  
日本  
+81-(0)3-5331-9336

Cytiva Singapore  
1 Maritime Square #13-01  
Harbourfront Centre  
Singapore 099253

## 2. Hazards identification

**GHS Classification** EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3  
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 33.7%

GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word**

Warning

**Hazard statements**

Causes serious eye irritation.  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**General**

**Prevention**

Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

<b>Storage</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture			
Ingredient name	含有量(%)	Identifiers	Official Gazette notice reference number	
			CSCCL	ISHL
sodium chloride	<64.85	CAS: 7647-14-5	1-236	Not available.
potassium chloride	<2.9	CAS: 7447-40-7	1-228	(1)-228
calcium chloride	<1.1	CAS: 10043-52-4	1-176	Not available.

### 4. First aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

<b>Inhalation</b>	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
<b>Skin contact</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Short term exposure

<b>Potential delayed effects</b>	Not available.
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##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<b>Inhalation</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
<b>Skin contact</b>	No specific data.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
<b>Ingestion</b>	No specific data.

<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
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<b>Notes to physician</b>	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use dry chemical powder.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
<b>Special protective actions for fire-fighters</b>	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>For non-emergency personnel</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

<b>Small spill</b>	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

<b>Protective measures</b>	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Storage

<b>Conditions for safe storage</b>	Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Occupational exposure limits

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Individual protection measures

#### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

#### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

#### Skin protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<b>Physical state</b>	Solid. [Powder.]
<b>Color</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	Not available.
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability</b>	Not available.
<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative vapor density</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	
<b>Median particle size</b>	Not available.
<b>SADT</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
<b>Flow time (ISO 2431)</b>	Not available.
<b>Burning rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Burning time</b>	Not available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
potassium chloride	<b>Rat - Male - Oral - LD50</b> 2600 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility, diarrhea Gastrointestinal - Nausea or vomiting
calcium chloride	<b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b> 1 g/kg

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
DME/F-12 1:1 with 2.50 mM L-Glutamine, without HEPES Buffer and Sodium Bicarbonate (1.2g/L)	20853.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
potassium chloride	2600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
calcium chloride	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### **Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)****Product/ingredient name**

calcium chloride

**Result**SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)  
(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)****Product/ingredient name**

calcium chloride

**Result**SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)  
(blood system) - Category 2**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity****Product/ingredient name**

sodium chloride

**Result****Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Fish - Striped bass - *Morone saxatilis* - Larvae

1000 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia pulex*

0.314 g/l [21 days]

Effect: Reproduction**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - *Gambusia holbrooki* - Adult

100 mg/l [8 weeks]

Effect: Reproduction**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**

OECD

Aquatic plants - Duckweed - *Lemna minor*

6 g/l [96 hours]

Effect: Growth**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

402.6 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum capricornutum*28.85 mg/dm<sup>3</sup> [72 hours]Effect: Population

potassium chloride

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Crustaceans - Water flea - *Pseudosida ramosa* - NeonateAge: ≤24 hours

9.68 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**

ISO

Algae - Green algae - *Desmodesmus subspicatus*

9.24 g/l [72 hours]

Effect: Population**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Fish - Zebra danio - *Danio rerio*

509.65 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

calcium chloride

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

2110 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality  
**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**  
 Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*  
Age: 12 hours  
 52 mg/l [48 hours]  
Effect: Mortality

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** Not available.

**Mobility** Not available.

**Hazardous to the ozone layer** Not applicable.

**Other adverse effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-
<b>Transport hazard class (es)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
<b>Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	Not available.		

## 15. Regulatory information

### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category I	Material that contains: nitrates	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Category IV	Material that contains: Class III petroleum	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	2000 L
<b>Fire Service Law - Obstructive materials</b>	Not listed			

### Industrial Safety and Health Act

#### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

**Organic solvents poisoning prevention** Not applicable.

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
calcium chloride	≤10	Listed	2-305 * (2025-04)

\* Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality.

#### Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
calcium chloride	≤10	Listed	2-305 * (2025-04)

\* Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality.

**Chemical substances that cause skin disorders, etc. and other chemical substances that must be handled with impermeable protective equipment etc. based on special chemical regulations. (Article 594-2 Paragraph 1 of Ordinance on ISH)**

Ingredient name	CAS	%	Status	Remarks
Calcium chloride	10043-52-4	≤10	Skin irritating hazardous substances	-

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

#### Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

**Corrosive liquid** Not listed

**ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances** Oxidizing

**Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing** Not listed

**Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing** Not listed

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

None of the components are listed.

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** Not listed

**Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean** Not available.

**Road law** Not available.

**List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste** Not listed

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals



Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**International lists****National inventory**

<b>Japan</b>	<b>Japan inventory (CSCL):</b> Not determined. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL):</b> Not determined.
<b>United States</b>	Not determined.
<b>Canada inventory</b>	Not determined.
<b>China</b>	At least one component is not listed.


**16. Other information****History**

<b>Date of printing</b>	1/10/2026
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	sds_author@cytiva.com
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	UN = United Nations

**Procedure used to derive the classification**

<b>Classification</b>	<b>Justification</b>
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE	Calculation method
HAZARD - Category 3	
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC	Calculation method
HAZARD - Category 3	

**References** Not available.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader**

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