

SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Zealand

Section 1. Identification

Product name

Reaction Buffer; part of 'CytoSure™ HT Genomic DNA Labelling Kit'

Catalogue Number

29246849



9 0 2 9 2 4 6 8 4 9

Other means of identification Not available.

Product type Liquid.

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Supplier

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
+44 1494 508000

Cytiva New Zealand
Buddle Findlay, Level 18, Pricewaterhousecooper Tower,
188 Quay Street,
Auckland, Auckland, 1010
New Zealand

Person who prepared the SDS :

sds_author@cytiva.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

0800 733 893
(10am - 7pm)

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 99.4%

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS label elements

Signal word Warning

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General Do not apply directly into or onto water. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the substance does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the application area.

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Symbol



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.



9 5 2 9 2 4 6 8 4 9 3

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Substance/mixture | Mixture | |
| Other means of identification | Not available. | |
| Ingredient name | | Identifiers |
| Tromethamine | 3.76 | CAS: 77-86-1 EC: 201-064-4 |

| | | |
|-----------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| Ethanol, 2-mercaptop- | 0.35 | CAS: 60-24-2 EC: 200-464-6 |
|-----------------------|------|-------------------------------|

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Ingestion | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Inhalation | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | No specific data. |
| Skin | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Eyes | No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | Not available. |
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)



Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

| | |
|---|---|
| Suitable | Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Not suitable | None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides |
| Hazchem code | Not available. |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| | |
|---|---|
| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.



| | |
|---|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measures | |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

| Physical state | Liquid. | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------|---------------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| Colour | Clear. Colourless. | | | | | | |
| Odour | Pungent. Sulphurous. | | | | | | |
| Odour threshold | Not available. | | | | | | |
| pH | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Flash point | [Product does not sustain combustion.] | | | | | | |
| Burning time | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Burning rate | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Flammability | Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts, oxidising materials, reducing materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture. | | | | | | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Vapour pressure | Not available. | | | | | | |
| | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | | | | |
| | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| | water | 17.5 | 2.3 | | | | |
| Relative vapour density | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Relative density | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | <table border="0"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Media</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Result</th> </tr> <tr> <td>cold water</td> <td>Easily soluble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>hot water</td> <td>Easily soluble</td> </tr> </table> | Media | Result | cold water | Easily soluble | hot water | Easily soluble |
| Media | Result | | | | | | |
| cold water | Easily soluble | | | | | | |
| hot water | Easily soluble | | | | | | |
| Solubility in water | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. | | | | | | |



| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| SADT | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available. |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | |
| Median particle size | Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Reactivity | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability | The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Ethanol, 2-mercaptop- | Rat - Oral - LD50 244 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Excitement Behavioral - Muscle contraction or spasticity Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression |

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Ethanol, 2-mercaptop- | Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 2 mg |

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.



Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| General | Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Tromethamine | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity**Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Ethanol, 2-mercapto- | 244 | 50 | N/A | 3 | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Tromethamine | - | - | Readily |
| Ethanol, 2-mercapto- | - | - | Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| 2-mercaptoethanol | -0.056 | <100 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------|-----|
| New Zealand Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - |
| IATA Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - |
| IMDG Class | Not regulated. | - | - | - |

PG* : Packing group

Special precautions for user **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.



Section 15. Regulatory information

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| HSNO Approval Number | HSR002596 |
| HSNO Group Standard | Laboratory Chemicals and Reagent Kits |
| HSNO Classification | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| New Zealand | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Australia | All components are listed or exempted. |
| United States | All components are active or exempted. |
| Canada inventory | All components are listed or exempted. |
| China | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing 16 February 2026

Date of issue/ Date of revision 16 February 2026

Date of previous issue 3/17/2025

Version 3.01

Key to abbreviations

ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

References Not available.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



9 5 2 9 2 4 6 8 4 9 3