

Safety Data Sheet

Canada

Section 1. Identification

Product name Superose™ 6 10/300 GL [24 mL]

Catalogue Number

17517201

Product type Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Laboratory chemicals Liquid chromatography. Scientific research and development

Consumer use

Supplier Cytiva

Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 1494 508000 Importer Cytiva Canada

250 Howe Street, Suite 1400-C Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3S7

1 800 463 5800

In case of emergency

INFOTRAC

Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

In the United States, call 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance

or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene. Wear protective

clothing: Recommended: lab coat. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. Wear hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN

EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage Not applicable.

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Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations

Supplemental label elements Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment: 50%

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture Other means of identification Not available

% (w/w) CAS number Ingredient name **Synonyms** CAS: 9012-36-6

Sepharose Agarose gel beads; Sepharose; (2S,3R,4S, ≥45 - ≤70

5R,6R)-2-[[(1S,3S,4S,5S,8R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,

5S,6R)-2-[[(1S,3R,4S,5S,8R) -3,4-dihydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl) oxan-4-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo [3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-6-(hydroxymethyl)

oxane-3,4,5-triol

≥10 - ≤30 CAS: 64-17-5 Ethyl alcohol ethyl alcohol; ALCOHOL; Ethyl alcohol

> (Ethanol); EtOH; Grain alcohol; Cologne spirit; undenatured ethyl alcohol, of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % or more and containing up to 20 % activated carbon; aqueous solution, containing by weight - 25 % or more, but not more than 35 % of a copolymer of vinyl caprolactam, vinyl pyrrolidone, N,N-dimethylaminopropyl methacrylamide and 3-(methacryloylamino) propyllauryldimethylammonium chloride, 10 % or more, but not more than 16 % of ethanol whether or not denatured with tertbutyl alcohol and/or denatonium benzoate; Blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and aldehydes, higher alcohols and water; blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and water;

Denatured Alcohol

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists,

get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the

exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

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Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

Inhalation No specific data. Skin contact No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have

been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water iet.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if

heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent

explosion

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for

fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate For non-emergency personnel

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator

when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-

proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal

container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

Ethyl alcohol

Exposure limits

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)

STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024)

STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) C3.

STEV 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 1880 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all

times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours

(breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed

and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate Respiratory protection

standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: A respirator is

not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Color White. White to yellowish. Odor Alcohol-like. [Slight]

Odor threshold 180 ppm

5.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Melting point/freezing point Not available. Boiling point or initial boiling Not available

point and boiling range

Flash point Closed cup: 38 to 43°C (100.4 to 109.4°F)

Not applicable. **Burning time Burning rate** Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor Pressure at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C
Vapor Pressure at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50

Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethanol	42.94865	5.7				
water	17.5	2.3				

0 0 Agarose

Relative vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Media Result cold water Easily soluble hot water Easily soluble

Solubility in water Not available.

Miscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not applicable.

Not available. Auto-ignition temperature

> Ingredient name °C ٥F Method ethanol 455 851 DIN 51794

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Decomposition temperature

Not available. SADT Not available.

Viscosity

Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

Not applicable

Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder,

drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Ethyl alcohol

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

7060 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor 124700 mg/m3 [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

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Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient nameIARCNTPACGIHEthyl alcohol---A3

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes Routes

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

InhalationNo specific data.Skin contactNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

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Page: 7/10 Validation date 29 September 2025 Potential delayed effects

Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name Oral (mg/kg) Dermal Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation (mg/kg) (gases) (vapors) (dusts and

 (ppm)
 (mg/l)
 mists) (mg/l)

 Ethyl alcohol
 7000
 N/A
 N/A
 124.7
 N/A

Other informationAdverse symptoms include the following: kidney abnormalities, liver abnormalities Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result

Ethyl alcohol Acute - LC50 - Marine water
Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus

Size: 8 to 10 cm 11 g/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*

4.995 mg/l [96 hours]
<u>Effect</u>: Reproduction **Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**

Crustaceans - Ostracod - Cypris subglobosa

1074 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 100 μl/l [21 days] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa

Size: 9.4 mm 3306 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

Result

Aerobic

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name
Ethyl alcohol

Conclusion/Summary

[Product]

Not available.

100% [20 days] - Readily

Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life

equatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradability

Ethyl alcohol - - Readily

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Page: 8/10 Validation date 29 September 2025 **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name LogPow **BCF Potential** Ethyl alcohol 0.66 -0.35 Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	Remarks IATA Special Provision A 58 - Aqueous solutions containing 24% or less alcohol by volume is not subject to these regulations.

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to **IMO** instruments

Not available.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI The following components are listed: ethanol

CEPA Toxic substances None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Canada All components are listed or exempted.

United States Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing9/29/2025Date of issue/Date of revision9/29/2025Date of previous issue8/5/2025Version10

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Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Régulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Justification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B Calculation method

References Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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