

Safety Data Sheet

Australia

Section 1. Identification

Product name Protein precipitation buffer type 1; part of 'triplePrep™ Kit, 50 reactions'

Catalogue Number 28942544



Component Number 28932442

Product type Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Company details

Manufacturer

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
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Supplier

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Mount Waverley VIC 3149
Australia
tfn: 1800 150 522

Emergency telephone number 000 and +61 2 9846 4000

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

DANGER

Hazard statements

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response

IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

Not applicable.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Not applicable.



Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Other means of identification

Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
7CA (ISO)	9	CAS: 76-03-9 EC: 200-927-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures**Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Ingredient name	Exposure limits
7CA (ISO)	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 6.7 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm.
Biological exposure indices	
No exposure indices known.	

Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures


Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	1
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.						
Vapour pressure	Not available.						
		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	 water	17.5	2.3				
	TCA (ISO)	0.06	0.008				
Relative vapour density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							
	Media	Result					
	cold water	Easily soluble					
	hot water	Easily soluble					
Solubility in water	Not available.						
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.						
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.						
Decomposition temperature	Not available.						
SADT	Not available.						
Viscosity	Not available.						
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.						
<u>Particle characteristics</u>							
Median particle size	Not applicable.						

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Not available.

Ingredient name	Conclusion/Summary
CA (ISO)	ACGIH : Proven animal carcinogenic substance of potential relevance to humans.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
CA (ISO)	Human - Skin - Severe irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 35 pph
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Corrosive to the skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] Corrosive to eyes.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	May cause respiratory irritation.
<u>Respiratory or skin sensitization</u>	
Not available.	
Skin	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
Respiratory	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>	
Not available.	
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u>	
Not available.	
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Not available.	
Information on likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
<u>Potential acute health effects</u>	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</u>	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Corrosive to eyes and skin.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	May cause respiratory irritation.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
N/A	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
7CA (ISO)	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate Age: <24 hours 146 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Trout Family - <i>Salmonidae</i> - Fry 1050 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality Acute - EC50 - Fresh water OECD Algae - Green algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> - Exponential growth phase 4.7 mg/l [72 hours] Effect: Population Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water OECD Algae - Green algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> - Exponential growth phase 3 mg/l [72 hours] Effect: Population Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water OECD Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Age: <24 hours 285 mg/l [21 days] Effect: Mortality Chronic - NOEC - Marine water OECD Fish - Sheepshead minnow - <i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i> - Embryo 235 mg/l [32 days] Effect: Mortality
Conclusion/Summary[Product]	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability	
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
CA (ISO)	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
CA (ISO)	1.33	1.7	Low








Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	Not available.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2564	UN2564	UN2564	UN2564
Proper shipping name	Trichloroacetic acid solution (TCA (ISO), solution)	Trichloroacetic acid solution (TCA (ISO), solution)	Trichloroacetic acid solution (TCA (ISO), solution). Marine pollutant (TCA (ISO))	Trichloroacetic acid solution (TCA (ISO), solution)
Class	8	8	8	8
Label	 	 	 	
PG	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	-	<u>Tunnel code</u> E	-	-

Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.
China	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	All components are listed or exempted.


Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

Date of printing	19 February 2026	Date of previous issue	13 May 2024
Date of issue	19 February 2026	Version	7.02
sds_author@cytiva.com			
ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods			
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road			
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate			
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor			
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals			
IATA = International Air Transport Association			
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container			
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods			
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient			
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)			
N/A = Not available			
SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons			
UN = United Nations			

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1	On basis of test data

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.
