

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification

Product name

Cystamine dihydrochloride; part of 'Thiol Coupling Kit'

Catalogue Number

BR100557



9 0 B R 1 0 0 5 5 7

Chemical name

2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride

Other means of identification

Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, hydrochloride (1:2); Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; Cystamine, dihydrochlorid-; di(2-aminoethyl) disulfide dihydrochloride; Ethylamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; 2,2'-Dithiobisethanamine dihydrochloride; Cystaminedihydrochloride; 2,2'-Diaminodiethyldisul fide dihydrochloride; Cystamine; 2-[(2-aminoethyl)disulfanyl]ethan-1-amine hydrochloride
Solid.

Product type

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry.
Laboratory chemicals
Scientific research and development
Consumer use

-

Supplier

Cytiva
Amersham Place
Little Chalfont
Buckinghamshire
HP7 9NA United Kingdom
+44 1494 508000

Cytiva USA
100 Results Way
Marlborough, MA 01752
1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053
Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Storage

Not applicable.



9 5 1 4 1 0 0 5 5 7 6

Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.
Hazards identified when used	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Substance
Chemical name	2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride
Other means of identification	Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, hydrochloride (1:2); Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; Cystamine, dihydrochlorid-; di(2-aminoethyl) disulfide dihydrochloride; Ethylamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; 2,2'-Dithiobisethanamine dihydrochloride; Cystaminedihydrochloride; 2,2'-Diaminodiethyldisul fide dihydrochloride; Cystamine; 2-[(2-aminoethyl)disulfanyl]ethan-1-amine hydrochloride

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride	Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, hydrochloride (1:2); Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; Cystamine, dihydrochlorid-; di(2-aminoethyl) disulfide dihydrochloride; Ethylamine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, dihydrochloride; 2,2'-Dithiobisethanamine dihydrochloride; Cystaminedihydrochloride; 2,2'-Diaminodiethyldisul fide dihydrochloride; Cystamine; 2-[(2-aminoethyl)disulfanyl]ethan-1-amine hydrochloride	100	CAS: 56-17-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary



Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information (Section 11)	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride

Exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Color

White.

Odor

Odorless.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Decomposes

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

[Product does not sustain combustion.]

Burning time

Not available.

Burning rate

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability

Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Relative vapor density

Not applicable.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Media

cold water
hot water

Result

Easily soluble
Easily soluble



Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	217 to 220°C (422.6 to 428°F)
SADT	Not available.
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.
Molecular weight	225.22 g/mole
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

896 mg/kg

Mouse - Oral - LD50

874 mg/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50

896 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)Behavioral - Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold Lung, Thorax, or
Respiration - Respiratory depression

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin



Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
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Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary
[Product]** Not available.

General No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride	896	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary
[Product]** Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient 200.044 Koc

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed



DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** Not listed**SARA 302/304****Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.**SARA 311/312****Classification** ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4**Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
2,2'-dithiodi(ethylammonium) dichloride	100	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

State regulations**Massachusetts** This material is not listed.**New York** This material is not listed.**New Jersey** This material is not listed.**Pennsylvania** This material is not listed.**California Prop. 65**

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

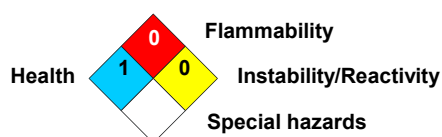
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list**United States** Not determined.**Canada inventory** This material is not listed in DSL but is listed in NDSL.**Section 16. Other information****National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)****Procedure used to derive the classification**

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	On basis of test data

History

Date of printing	2/12/2026
Date of issue/Date of revision	2/12/2026
Date of previous issue	2/5/2024
Version	11
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Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
UN = United Nations
Not available.

References

▢ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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