

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Zealand

Section 1. Identification

**Product name** 

HSB 2011 Agarose, 20 kg

Catalogue Number BABC616398-1

9 0 8 4 8 C 6 1 6 3 9 8 1

Chemical name Agarose

Other means of identification Agarose gel beads; Sepharose; (2S,3R,4S,5R,6R)-2-[[(1S,3S,4S,5S,8R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-[[(1S,3S,4S,5S,8R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S)-2

(1S,3R,4S,5S,8R)-3,4-dihydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-

(hydroxymethyl)oxan-4-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-6-(hydroxymethyl)

oxane-3,4,5-triol

Product type Powder.

Identified uses

For further manufacturing. Liquid chromatography.

Manufacture of chemical products. Scientific research and development

Consumer use

**Supplier** 

Cytiva Cytiva New Zealand

Amersham Place Buddle Findlay, Level 18, Pricewaterhousecooper Tower,

Little Chalfont 188 Quay Street,
Buckinghamshire Auckland, Auckla

Buckinghamshire Auckland, 1010 HP7 9NA United Kingdom New Zealand

+44 1494 508000

Person who prepared the SDS:

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

sds\_author@cytiva.com 0800 733 893

(10am - 7pm)

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification Not classified.

This material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

**GHS label elements** 

Signal word No signal word.

**Hazard statements** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements** 

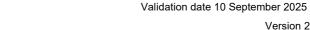
PreventionNot applicable.ResponseNot applicable.StorageNot applicable.DisposalNot applicable.

Other hazards which do not

result in classification

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Substance Chemical name Agarose

Other means of identification Agarose gel beads; Sepharose; (2S,3R,4S,5R,6R)-2-[[(1S,3S,4S,5S,8R)-3-[(2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-[[

(1S,3R,4S,5S,8R)-3,4-dihydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-3,5-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-4-yl]oxy-4-hydroxy-2,6-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-8-yl]oxy]-6-(hydroxymethyl)

oxane-3.4.5-triol

Ingredient name % (w/w) Identifiers Agarose 100 CAS: 9012-36-6 EC: 232-731-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious,

give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the eves.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion No specific data. Skin No specific data.

Eves Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

redness

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments Not available.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have

been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable Use dry chemical powder.

Not suitable Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air

mixture.

chemical

Specific hazards arising from the May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

No specific data.

Not available. Hazchem code

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Special precautions for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

hygiene

Advice on general occupational Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

# Occupational exposure limits

None.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree

of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection** 

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all

times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. > 8 hours

(breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: No special

recommendations.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. Recommended: No special recommendations.

**Respiratory protection**Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate

standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Wear

appropriate respiratory protection.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid. [Powder.]

ColourWhite.OdourOdourless.Odour thresholdNot available.pHNot applicable.

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling 60 to 90°C (140 to 194°F) Decomposes

point and boiling range

Flash point [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Burning timeNot available.Burning rateNot available.Evaporation rateNot available.FlammabilityNot available.Lower and upper explosiveNot applicable.

(flammable) limits

Vapour pressure

Not available

Relative vapour density
Relative density
Not applicable.
Not available.
1.49 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Media Result

cold water Partially soluble hot water Soluble

Not available.

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not available

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate

static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before

transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

**Incompatible materials** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the eyes.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

IngestionNo specific data.Skin contactNo specific data.

**Eye contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

GeneralRepeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.InhalationRepeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Chronic toxicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.



#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary[Product] Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 1	14.	Transport	: informa	ation

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*
New Zealand Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		No.		
IATA Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		-		
		No.		
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		No.		

PG\*: Packing group

Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval NumberNot available.HSNO Group StandardNot available.HSNO ClassificationNot classified.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

# **Inventory list**

New ZealandThis material is listed or exempted.AustraliaThis material is listed or exempted.

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United States This material is active or exempted.

Canada inventory This material is listed or exempted.

China This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of printing 10 September 2025

Date of issue/ Date of revision 10 September 2025

Date of previous issue 10/20/2022

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**Key to abbreviations** ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.