

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

LYSOL® Disinfectant Bathroom Bleach Cleaner (Canada)



## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : LYSOL® Disinfectant Bathroom Bleach Cleaner (Canada)

**Distributed by** : Reckitt Benckiser (Canada) Inc.  
1680 Tech Avenue, Unit #2  
Mississauga, Ontario L4W 5S9  
CANADA  
Telephone: +1 905 283 7000

Reckitt Benckiser LLC.  
Morris Corporate Center IV  
399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225)  
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225  
+1 973 404 2600

**Emergency telephone number (Medical)** : 1-800-338-6167

**Emergency telephone number (Transport)** : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC  
Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887

**Website:** : <http://www.rbnainfo.com>

**Product use** : Multipurpose Cleaner Consumer use

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

**SDS #** : D0004478 v12.0

**Formulation #:** : 292-017A (0003419 v4.0)

**DIN #** : 02444127

**UPC Code / Sizes** : 19200-78915 (950 ml Trigger HDPE Bottle)

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## 2. Hazards identification

- Classification of the substance or mixture**
- : CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
  - ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
  - SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
  - EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
  - SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

- : Warning

#### Hazard statements

- : May be corrosive to metals.
- Harmful if inhaled.
- Causes skin and eye irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Precautionary statements

##### General

- : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

##### Prevention

- : Wear protective gloves. Keep only in original container. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

##### Response

- : Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

##### Storage

- : Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

##### Disposal

- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Supplemental label elements

- : None known.

#### Hazards not otherwise classified

- : None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
sodium hypochlorite, solution	0.5-1.5	7681-52-9
sodium hydroxide	0.1-1	1310-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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## 4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

### **Large spill**

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

#### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control

#### Occupational exposure limits

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>Exposure limits</b>
sodium hypochlorite, solution	<b>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).</b> STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
sodium hydroxide	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).</b> C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Code #** : FF0003419  
(D0004478) CA

**SDS #** : D0004478 v12.0

**Date of issue** : 19/06/2018

**5/16**

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Hygiene measures</b>       | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.   |
| <b>Eye/face protection</b>    | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.   |
| <b>Skin protection</b>        |  |
| <b>Hand protection</b>        | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| <b>Body protection</b>        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| <b>Other skin protection</b>  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| <b>Respiratory protection</b> | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.   |

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                               | : Liquid. [Clear.]   |
| <b>Color</b>  | : Straw. [Light]   |
| <b>Odor</b>   | : Characteristic.  |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>                               | : Not available.   |
| <b>pH</b>   | : 12.3 to 12.7 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%][25°C]                             |
| <b>Melting point</b>                                | : Not available.   |
| <b>Boiling point</b>                                | : Not available.   |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)                                       |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : Not available.   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not available.   |
| <b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b> | : Not available.   |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | : Not available.   |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | : Not available.   |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | : 1.042 to 1.048@ 20°C   |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                   | : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Not available.

**Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
acids

Do not mix with household chemicals.

May be corrosive to metals.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
*Lysol Brand Kills 99.9% of Viruses & Bacteria** Mold & Mildew Blaster Bleach & Shine	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	200 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not classified Harmful. \* Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
sodium hypochlorite, solution	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 milligrams	-

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## 11. Toxicological information

*Lysol Brand Kills 99.9% of Viruses & Bacteria** Mold & Mildew Blaster Bleach & Shine	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Iris lesion  Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit Rat  Rat	- >1  5.25	10 milligrams -  -	- -  -
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### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Severely irritating to the skin. \*Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.
- Eyes** : Moderately irritating to eyes. \*Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.
- Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
*Lysol Brand Kills 99.9% of Viruses & Bacteria** Mold & Mildew Blaster Bleach & Shine	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Skin sensitizer \* Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.
- Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
sodium hypochlorite, solution	-	3	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

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## 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	4821.7 ppm

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
chlorine	Acute EC50 5.1 ppm Marine water	Algae - <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> - Young	4 days
	Acute EC50 930000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	4 days
	Acute LC50 2.03 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Asellus racovitzai</i>	2 days
	Acute LC50 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2430000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Navicula seminulum</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 28.85 mg/dm <sup>3</sup> Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 519.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Cypris subglobosa</i>	48 hours
	Acute EC50 402600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute IC50 6.87 g/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	96 hours
sodium chloride	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Morone saxatilis</i> - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic LC10 781 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Hyalella azteca</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 6 g/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.314 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> - Adult	8 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

### Other adverse effects

: Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.  
Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.

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## 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	UN3266	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hypochlorite , sodium hydroxide)	8	II		<p><b>Reportable quantity</b> 329.13 lbs / 149.42 kg [37.774 gal / 142.99 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</p> <p><b>Limited quantity</b> Yes.</p> <p><b>Packaging instruction</b> <b>Passenger aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: 1 L</p> <p><b>Cargo aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: 30 L</p> <p><b>Special provisions</b> B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27</p>

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## 14. Transport information

<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN3266	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide). Marine pollutant (chlorine)	8	II	 	<p>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).</p> <p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.</p> <p><b><u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u></b> 1</p> <p><b><u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u></b> 1</p> <p><b><u>Special provisions</u></b> 16</p>
<b>Mexico Classification</b>	UN3266	LIQUIDO CORROSIVO, BASICO, INORGANICO, N.E.P. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		<b><u>Special provisions</u></b> 274
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN3266	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite , sodium hydroxide).	8	II	 	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p><b><u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u></b> F-A, S-B</p> <p><b><u>Special provisions</u></b> 274</p>

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## 14. Transport information

IATA-DGR Class	UN3266	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide)	8	II		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <b><u>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft</u></b> Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851 <b><u>Cargo Aircraft Only</u></b> Quantity limitation: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855 <b><u>Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft</u></b> Quantity limitation: 0.5 L Packaging instructions: Y840 <b><u>Special provisions</u></b> A3, A803
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**Special precautions for user :** **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

<b>U.S. Federal regulations</b>	<b>TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:</b> Not determined <b>United States inventory (TSCA 8b):</b> Not determined. <b>Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:</b> chlorine; Preparations containing sodium hydroxide. (except for preparations which contain 5% or less of sodium hydroxide); sodium hydroxide
<b>Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</b>	<b>Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances:</b> chlorine
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances</b>	: Not listed
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances</b>	: Not listed
<b>DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)</b>	: Not listed

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## 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List II Chemicals** : Not listed  
**(Essential Chemicals)**

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

<b>Name</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>EHS</b>	<b>SARA 302 TPQ</b>		<b>SARA 304 RQ</b>	
			<b>(lbs)</b>	<b>(gallons)</b>	<b>(lbs)</b>	<b>(gallons)</b>
chlorine	2.5 - 5	Yes.	100	-	10	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 329.1 lbs / 149.4 kg [37.8 gal / 143 L]

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Reactive  
Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

<b>Name</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Fire hazard</b>	<b>Sudden release of pressure</b>	<b>Reactive</b>	<b>Immediate (acute) health hazard</b>	<b>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</b>
chlorine	2.5 - 5	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

### SARA 313

	<b>Product name</b>	<b>CAS number</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	chlorine	7782-50-5	3.0383
<b>Supplier notification</b>	chlorine	7782-50-5	3.0383

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: CHLORINE  
**New York** : The following components are listed: Chlorine  
**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: CHLORINE  
**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: CHLORINE

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).  
Class E: Corrosive material

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Chlorine  
**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.  
**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

### Label elements

**Signal word** : DANGER  
**Hazard statements** : CORROSIVE POISON

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## 15. Regulatory information

	CAUSES BURNS DANGEROUS FUMES FORM WHEN MIXED WITH OTHER PRODUCTS CONTENTS MAY BE HARMFUL
<b>Precautionary measures</b>	: Do not mix with: Acid. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe fumes.
<b>Precautionary measures</b>	: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Vapor may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor or spray. Not recommended for use by persons with heart conditions or chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or obstructive lung disease. Harmful if swallowed. For sensitive skin, the use of gloves is recommended. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
<b>Additional information</b>	: Short term Skin Bleaching agent. IF ON SKIN: Rinse skin with water.

## 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		D

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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## 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- UN = United Nations

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**Revision comments** : Update of SDS.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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