according to the Globally Harmonized System



PROAXIS® 60 CS

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1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PROAXIS® 60 CS

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC LATINOAMERICA S.A.

Address : (SUCURSAL BOLIVIA)

EQUIPETROL, AV. SAN MARTÍN, EDIF. AMBASSADOR P-19, SANTA CRUZ – BOLIVIA

+591 (3) 337-7474

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

Medical Emergency Number : CALL 800-10-6966, JAPANESE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

POISON INFORMATION CENTER. SANTA CRUZ-BOLIVIA.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Insecticide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 4

Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : WARNING

Hazard Statements : H302 + H312 + H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin

or if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or re-

peated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.

Response:

P301 + P317 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 + P317 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Get medical help.

P304 + P340 + P317 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Hazard Statements required by Andean Technical Manual for the Registration and Control of Chemical Pesticides for Agricultural Use (Resolution no. 2075):

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN	76703-62-3	>= 2.5 - < 10
<u> </u>		,
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kero-	64742-94-5	>= 2,5 - < 10
sine — unspecified		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	>= 0,025 - < 0,1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Move out of dangerous area.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact If on skin, rinse well with water.

In case of eye contact Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Induce vomiting immediately and call a physician.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Suitable extinguishing media :

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

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High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Fluorinated compounds Halogenated compounds

Carbon oxides Hydrogen cyanide Chlorinated compounds

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Fluorinated compounds Chlorinated compounds

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride Hydrogen fluoride

Specific extinguishing methods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.

Use personal protective equipment.

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Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absor-

bent material.

Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

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Further information on stor-

age conditions

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse

storage.

Protect from frost and extreme heat.

The product should not be allowed to dry out.

Store in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. A warning sign reading "POISON" is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present.

A hand wash station should be available.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

Hand protection

Material : Protective gloves

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles
Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Impervious clothing

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Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Wear suitable protective equipment. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

In the context of professional plant protection use as recommended, the end user must refer to the label and the instruc-

tions for use.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not inhale aerosol.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Color : off-white

Odor : aromatic

Odor Threshold : not determined

pH : 5,64 (23,6 °C)

Concentration: 10 g/l 1 %

Melting point/freezing point : < 0 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposition

Flash point : > 93,1 °C

Evaporation rate : not determined

Self-ignition : $> 400 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Upper explosion limit / Upper : not determined

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flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower : not determined

flammability limit

Vapor pressure Not available for this mixture.

Relative vapor density not determined

Relative density not determined

1,034 g/cm3 (20 °C) Density

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available

Solubility in other solvents No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available for this mixture.

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature Decomposes on heating.

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic Non-newtonian fluid: viscosity is dependent on shear rate.

Viscosity, kinematic No data available

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties Non-oxidizing

Surface tension 41 mN/m, 25 °C

43 mN/m, 40 °C

Molecular weight Not applicable

Metal corrosion rate Not corrosive to metals.

Particle size Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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Chemical stability Gamma-cyhalothrin decomposes on heating. Direct local

heating such as electric heating or by steam must be avoided.

tions

Possibility of hazardous reac- : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Heating of the product will produce harmful and irritant va-

pours.

Avoid extreme temperatures. Avoid formation of aerosol.

Incompatible materials Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 Oral(Rat, female): 2.646 mg/kg

LD50 Oral(Rat, male): 2.250 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50(Rat, male and female): > 2,54 - 2,72 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: incoordination

GLP: yes

LD50 Dermal(Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

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Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single contact with skin. Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): ca. 55 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LD50 (Rat, male): > 50 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0,0282 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LC50 (Rat, male): 0,0402 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1.650 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LD50 (Rat, male): > 1.500 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : irritating GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

נוטוו.

Based on data from similar materials

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 72 h

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system

and the skin.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Eye irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Bovine cornea

Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Result : No eye irritation

Species : Rabbit

Method : EPA OPP 81-4

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

Remarks : Causes sensitization.

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Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Species : Guinea pig Method : FIFRA 81.06

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative GLP: yes

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat (male) Cell type: Liver cells

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female

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Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 month(s)
NOAEC : 1,8 mg/l
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Dose: 1, 2.5, 5, 10 or 15 mg/kg bw/day

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 2,5 mg/kg bw/day

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 18,5 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight

Fertility: NOAEL: 112 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: No effects on reproduction parameters.

Method: OPPTS 870.3800

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

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1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50 ppm Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 13 weeks

 Species
 : Rat, male and female

 NOAEL
 : 4,19 - 4,49 mg/kg

 LOAEL
 : 8,81 - 10,24 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 13 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Target Organs : Nervous system Symptoms : decrease in appetite

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEC : 0,9 - 1,8 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 Months

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 15 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 28 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Symptoms : Irritation

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 69 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 d

Symptoms : Irritation, Reduced body weight

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or Skin contact

cracking.

Further information

Product:

Remarks On contact, the active ingredient can cause feelings of burn-

> ing, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia), which is harmless at low exposure, but can be quite painful, especially in the eye. The effect may result from splash, aerosol or transfer from contaminated gloves. The effect is transient, lasting up to 24 hours, but may in exceptional cases last longer. It may be considered as a warning that overexposure

has occurred and that work practice should be reviewed.

Remarks No data available

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 0,021 - 0,038 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,00919 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna Straus (Water flea)): 0,00245 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 137 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

zation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 217

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Carbon mineraliza-

tion.

LC50: > 1.000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50: 0,03 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

LD50: 1,259 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h

End point: Acute oral toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

LD50: > 2.000 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: EPA OPP 71-1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,07 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,1 μg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: Static renewal test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

(Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): 0,000086 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Test Type: flow-through test Method: OPPTS 850.1010

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): > 2,85 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0,5 μg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,016 µg/l End point: mortality

Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

GLP: yes

LOEC: 0,04 µg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

GLP: yes

NOEC: 0,0379 µg/l

End point: Hatching success

Exposure time: 35 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,0019 µg/l End point: reproduction Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 10.000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1300 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50: > 2.000 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

LD50: 0,005 µg/bee Exposure time: 24 h

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End point: Acute contact toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

LD50: 4,2 µg/bee Exposure time: 24 h

End point: Acute oral toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL50: 0,89 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 16,7

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,15 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,070

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,04

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mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50 (activated sludge): 12,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Product contains minor amounts of not readily bio-

degradable components, which may not be degradable in

waste water treatment plants.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 21 % Exposure time: 28 d

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58,6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly biodegradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data is available on the product itself.

Remarks: No data available

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Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Can accumulate in aquatic organisms.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,96 (19 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

log Pow: 5,65

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,72

Method: QSAR

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Exposure time: 56 d

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6,62 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Remarks: Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and

toxic (PBT).

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,7 (20 °C)

pH: 7

log Pow: 0,99 (20 °C)

pH: 5

Mobility in soil

Product:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No data is available on the product itself.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: immobile

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

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Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 9,33 ml/g, log Koc: 0,97 Method: OECD Test Guideline 121 Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : It is prohibited to reuse, bury, burn, or sell containers. Rinsa-

ble containers: Triple rinse containers of less than 20 liters and pressure rinse containers of 20 liters or more. Triple rinsing: Add water up to ¼ of the container's capacity, close and shake for 30 seconds. Pour the rinse water into the mixing tank, considering this volume of water within the recommended volume for mixing preparation. Perform this procedure three times. Pressure rinsing: Activate the pressure rinsing device for 30 seconds, considering the volume of water used as part of the recommended volume for mixing preparation. In both procedures, punctured the container on its base without damaging the label. In all cases, take the empty containers to collection points indicated by the local empty containers pro-

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gram.

Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3082

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, Proper shipping name

N.O.S. (Gamma-cyhalothrin)

9 Class Packing group Ш Labels 9 Environmentally hazardous yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 3082

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. Proper shipping name

964

yes

(Gamma-cyhalothrin)

Class 9 Packing group Ш

Labels Miscellaneous 964

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous

IMDG-Code

UN 3082 **UN** number

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Gamma-cyhalothrin)

Class Packing group Ш Labels 9 **EmS Code** F-A, S-F Marine pollutant yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Further information

according to the Globally Harmonized System

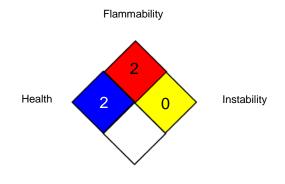


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NFPA:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Trans-

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portation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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