MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

GS BATTERY (U.S.A.) INC.

1000 Mansell Exchange W., Suite 350, Alpharetta, GA 30022

DATE	2000 Dec	ISSUED BY	AyKaun Okur	ma, Director PowerSports	Phone#	(800) 472-2879
PRODUCT NAME		Lead Acid	Batteries	HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS		Lead, Sulfuric Acid

HAZARDOUS COMPONENT

COMPONENT	%WEIGHT	LD 50		LD 50
		ORAL	INHALATION	CONTACT
Lead(Pb, PbO2, PbSO4)	about 70%	(500) mg/kg		
Sulfuric Acid	about 20%	(2,140) mg/kg		

PHYSICAL DATA

COMPONENT	DENSITY		SOLUBILITY IN WATER	ODER	APPEARANCE	
Lead	11.34	327.4 C	None	None	Silver-Gray Metal	
Lead Sulfate	6.2	1070 C	40 mg/l (15 C)	None	White Powder	
Lead Dioxide	9.4	290 C	None	None	Brown Powder	
Sulfuric Acid	about 1.3	about 114 C	100%	Acidic	Clear Colorless Liquid	

FLAMMABILITY DATA

COMPONENT	FLASHPOINT	EXPLOSIVE LIMIT	COMMENTS	
Lead	None	None		
Sulfuric Acid	None	None		
Hydrogen		4% - 74.2%	Sealed batteries can emit hydrogen only if over charged. (float voltage > 2.40 VPC)	

REACTIVITY DATA

COMPONENT STABILITY I		DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS				
Sulfuric Acid Stable at all temperature		Sulfuric dioxide, trioxide, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen				
INCOMPATIBILITY		POLYMERIZATION				
Reactive metals, stron	g bases, most organic	Will not polymerize				
compounds.						

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

LEAD

The toxic effects of lead are cumulative and slow to appear. It affects the kidneys, reproductive organs and central nervous system. The symptoms of lead overexposure are anemia, vomiting, headaches, stomach pains (lead colic), dizziness, loss of appetite, muscle and joint pain. Exposure to lead from a battery most often occurs during lead reclamation operations through the breathing or ingestion of lead dust and/or fumes.

***This sheet must be passed to any scrap dealer or smelter when the battery is resold.

SULFURIC ACID

Sulfuric acid is highly corrosive. Contact can cause severe burns in the skin and eyes. Ingestion of sulfuric acid will cause GI track burns. Exposure to sulfuric acid may occur if the battery case has been damaged or the vents have been tampered with.

***See other side for first aid information.

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO TAKE IN CASE OF LEAK OR SPILL

If sulfuric acid is spilled from a battery, neutralize the acid with sodium bicarbonate (baking soda), sodium carbonate (soda ash), or calcium oxide (lime). Flush the area with water and it is acceptable to discard the neutralized acid in the sewage system.

***Do not allow unneutralized acid in to the sewage system.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CONT...

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

CONTINUED...

WASTE DISPOSAL

Neutralized acid may be discarded in the sewage system. Spent batteries must be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations.

***A copy of this Material Safety Data Sheet must be supplied to any scrap dealer or secondary lead smelter.

SAFETY DATA

ELECTRICAL								
Due to the battery's low internal resistance and high power density, high levels of short circuit current can								
develop across the b	develop across the battery terminals. Do not rest tools or cables on the battery. Use insulated tools only.							
Follow all installation	Follow all installation instructions and diagrams when installing or maintaining a battery system.							
CONDITION TO AV	CONDITION TO AVOID							
Prohibit smoking, spa	arks, flames, etc., from battery ch	narging area. Avoid mixing acid with other chemicals.						
PROTECTION								
EXPOSURE SITE	PROTECTION	COMMENTS						
Skin	Skin rubber gloves, Apron Protective equipment must be worn if the							
Respiratory	Respirator (for lead)	battery is cracked or otherwise damaged.						
Eyes	Safety goggles, Face shield	A respirator should be worn during lead						
		reclamation operations if the TLV is exceeded.						

FIRST AID

SULFURIC ACID				
SKIN CONTACT	Flush with water. See a physician if the contact area is large or if blister occur.			
EYE CONTACT	Call a physician immediately. Flush with water until medical help arrives.			
INGESTION	Call a physician immediately. If patient is conscious, flush mouth with water, have			
	he patient drink milk or sodium bicarbonate solution.			
	***Do not give anything to an unconscious person.			

REGULATORY INFORMATION

UN#	2796	SCHEDULE: II	LIST:	Ш	CLASS:	8	PACKING GROUP:	II
DESCRIPTION:		BATTERY FLUID, ACID						
DOT REGULATION:		Class 70						
DESCRIPTION:		BATTERY FLUID						

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPLOSION, OR ACCIDENT CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300