SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

Other means of identification

Second identifier U.S. Hazard Communication

Synonyms May include gel/absorbed electrolyte type lead acid batteries

Electric storage battery. Recommended use

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier East Penn Manufacturing Co.

102 Deka Road, Lyon Station PA 19536 **Address**

(610) 682-6361 Telephone number

East Penn EHS Department Contact person

Emergency telephone

number

E-mail

USA/Canada: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300, Outside USA 1 (703) 527-3887

contactus@eastpenn-deka.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Explosives Division 1.3

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1

> Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity (Acid Mist) Category 1A Carcinogenicity (Lead) Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity Effects on or via lactation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (Blood, Central Nervous System,

exposure Kidney, Lungs)

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement The materials contained in this product may only represent a hazard if the integrity of the cell or battery is compromised; physically, thermally, or electrically abused. The below are the hazards

anticipated under those conditions:

Explosive; fire, blast or projection hazard. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central Nervous System, Kidney, Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read Prevention

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep only in original packaging. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

967663 Version #: 01 Revision date: -Issue date: 06-February-2024 Response Explosion risk in case of fire. In case of fire: Evacuate area. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches

explosives. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

Storage Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Store in a well-ventilated

place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)	7439-92-1	43 - 70
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)	7664-93-9	20 - 44
Antimony	7440-36-0	3 - 5

Composition comments All con

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

Content composition concentrations will vary with battery type/size. The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Move injured person into fresh air and keep

person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15

minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT

induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Get medical attention

immediately.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage

to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical
Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog. Do NOT use water on live electrical circuits.

Batteries evolve flammable hydrogen gas during charging and may increase fire risk. Containers may explode when heated.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

General fire hazards

In case of fire do not breathe fumes. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Specific methods

> Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In the event of damage resulting in a leak of exposed materials, avoid contact with contents of an open or damaged cell or battery. Avoid contact with skin.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Neutralize the spilled material before disposal. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Environmental precautions

Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

In the event of damage resulting in a leak of exposed materials, avoid contact with contents of an open or damaged cell or battery. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. A dangerous short circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in original tightly closed container. Protect containers from damage. Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA SI	necifically	Regulated	Substances	(29 CFR	1910 1001.	1053)
03. O3HA 3	Decinically	Negulateu	Jubstances	(23 CI IX	1310.1001	1000)

Components	Туре	Value
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Type Value

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	PEL	0.5 mg/m3
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	PEL	1 mg/m3

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	

NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values, as amended				
Components	Туре	Value		
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	IDLH	15 mg/m3		
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	IDLH	100 mg/m3		
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards			
Components	Туре	Value		
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3		

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

SDS US

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Lead and lead compounds	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	

(inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	200 μg/l	Lead	Blood	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate ventilation. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when

controls handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear safety glasses with Eye/face protection

side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant gloves. Glove material: Nitrile rubber Layer thickness: 0.152 or 0.381 mm Breakthrough time: 240 or 480 min. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection None under normal conditions. In the event that cell or battery is damaged, open, or leaking,

respiratory protection should be worn where there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit

requirements or guidelines.

Thermal hazards When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

4 / 10

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Solid. Physical state

Form Sulfuric acid, liquid. Lead, solid.

Various. Color Odorless. Odor

Odor threshold Not applicable (material is odorless).

рΗ

Melting point/freezing point Property has not been measured.

Initial boiling point and boiling

> 235 - < 240 °F (> 112.78 - < 115.56 °C) (Sulfuric acid)

range

Flash point Below room temperature (as hydrogen gas).

< 1 (n-BuAc=1) **Evaporation rate**

Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could Flammability (solid, gas)

result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 4 % (Hydrogen) Explosive limit - upper (%) 74 % (Hydrogen)

Vapor pressure 10 mm Hg > 1 (Air=1) Vapor density

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US Relative density > 1.27 - < 1.33

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 100 % (Sulfuric acid)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable, product is a mixture.

Auto-ignition temperature Not relevant as the product is solid.

Decomposition temperature Not applicable as the product is not unstable.

Viscosity Not applicable, material is a solid.

Other information

Explosive properties Explosive.

Flammability Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could

result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

Kinematic viscosity Not applicable, material is a solid.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product may react with reducing agents. Not

reactive under prescribed storage conditions.

Chemical stability Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Overcharging. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other

chemicals.

Incompatible materials Water. Strong bases. Reducing agents. Combustible organic materials. Finely divided metals.

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Sulfur dioxide. Sulfur trioxide. Carbon monoxide. Sulfuric acid. Hydrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery:

Difficulty in breathing. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of

developing lung diseases.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes skin burns.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe eye burns.

Ingestion Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause

digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful. Heavy lead exposure may result

in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming

(hematopoietic) tissues.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May be harmful if swallowed.

Components Species Test Results

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 2140 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin Not classified as a sensitizer.

sensitization

tion

Respiratory sensitization No data available.

Skin sensitization No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available.

Carcinogenicity The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid

mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This

classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid

solutions.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause

harm to breastfed babies. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, blood, kidney, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazardDue to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead exposure may result in central

nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues. Chronic inhalation of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of lung cancer.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityNone under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components Species Test Results

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours

(Oncorhynhus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability The degradation half-life of the product is not known. Lead and its compounds are highly persistent

in water.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants, but very little

bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) -2.2

Mobility in soil If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Mobility in general The product is insoluble in water and will sediment in water systems.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Recycle the batteries as the primary disposal method. Neutralize electrolyte/sulfuric acid. Avoid

discharge into water courses or onto the ground. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container.

Local disposal regulations Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Hazardous waste code RCRA: Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled.

Depending upon circumstances, the following waste codes may apply:

Spilled electrolyte/Sulfuric acid. D002: Corrosive waste

D004: Waste Arsenic

D008: Lead

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer of the waste,

and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid 967663 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 06-February-2024 Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, filled with acid, electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging exceptions 159 Packaging non bulk 159 159 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, filled with acid electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

8 **Class** Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: 870

IMDG

UN number UN2794

BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID electric storage **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

8 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Yes Marine pollutant F-A, S-B **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: P801

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Hazardous Chemical Reporting Requirements apply when an Extremely Hazardous Substance is present at a facility in an amount equal to or exceeding 500 pounds or the Threshold Planning Quantity, whichever is lower per 40CFR370.10(a)(1)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) 0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

(CAS 7439-92-1)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0) Listed. Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Listed. Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed.

(CAS 7439-92-1)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Sulfuric acid (aerosol forms only) (CAS 7664-93-9) 1000 LBS

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OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)

(CAS 7439-92-1)

Reproductive toxicity

Central nervous system

Kidney Blood Acute toxicity

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

active".

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
Electrolyte (Sulfuric	7664-93-9	1000	1000		

acid)

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Explosive

Yes

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Antimony	7440-36-0	3 - 5	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)	7664-93-9	20 - 44	
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)	7439-92-1	43 - 70	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 20 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

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US. Rhode Island RTK

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm. www.P65warnings.ca.gov

or

PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WASH HANDS AFTER HANDLING.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Arsenic (CAS 7440-38-2) Listed: February 27, 1987
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Listed: March 14, 2003
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: October 1, 1992

(CAS 7439-92-1)

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-February-2024

Revision date - 01

List of abbreviations LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.

References IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Disclaimer

East Penn Manufacturing Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable, but no warranty or representation as to its accuracy or completeness is hereby given. Users should consider the information herein only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal, the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment.