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STORAGE SYSTEM

Abstract

A storage system includes a plurality of drive slots into which a drive storing data is insertable and one or more controllers including a processor. At least a part of the plurality of drive slots is a common slot into which a first device of a different type from the drive is insertable. A port of the controller at a connection destination of the drive from the common slot and a port of the controller at a connection destination of the first device from the common slot are different.

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Background/Summary

CLAIM OF PRIORITY

[0001] The present application claims priority from Japanese patent application JP 2024-024705 filed on Feb. 21, 2024, the content of which is hereby incorporated by reference into this application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0002] The present invention relates to a storage system including a plurality of drive slots.

2. Description of the Related Art

[0003] The storage system includes, as components, a processor, a primary storage medium (for example, a dynamic random access memory (DRAM)), and a secondary storage medium, and performs data processing by the processor. Conventionally, in a storage system, data is stored in the secondary storage medium using a hard disk drive (HDD). In such a storage system, data read/write performance of an HDD which is a secondary storage medium has been a bottleneck.

[0004] However, in recent years, storage systems using a solid state drive (SSD) as a secondary storage medium have been spreading. Since the SSD has higher data read/write performance than the HDD, the above-described performance bottleneck due to the secondary storage medium is eliminated. However, while data read/write performance of the secondary storage medium has been improved, performance improvement of a processor that performs data processing has slowed down, and cases where the processor becomes a processing performance bottleneck of a storage system have increased. Hereinafter, the primary storage medium in the storage system is referred to as a memory, and the secondary storage medium is referred to as a drive.

[0005] In order to solve the bottleneck of the data processing performance by the processor, a storage system that off-loads a part of the data processing to an accelerator to reduce the data processing amount performed by the processor has appeared (for example, WO 2017/119098). [0006] In a storage system, examples of processing off-loaded to an accelerator generally include compression and encryption, and it is expected that the type and amount of processing that can be off-loaded will further increase in the future.

[0007] However, the number of accelerators that can be loaded by the storage system may be limited, and for example, in a midrange model storage system with severe space and thermal design constraints, it is difficult to load a sufficient number of accelerators to off-load all the off-loadable processing.

[0008] Furthermore, in a case where the accelerator is mounted in the storage system, a transmission route for supporting a data processing throughput processed by the accelerator is necessary. PCI-Express (hereinafter, referred to as PCIe. Both are registered trademarks) is known as a standard of a communication network that connects a processor, an accelerator card, and the like. In the case of an accelerator mounted in a storage system, it is often necessary to connect at least via the PCIe x8.

[0009] In addition, as a characteristic of the recent market trend, the speed of the capacity increase of the SSD tends to be faster than the speed of the capacity increase of the storage system. Therefore, it is conceivable that the number of slots for internal drives included in the current storage system become redundant in the future.

[0010] In addition, in recent years, a standard called EDSFF has appeared as a new form factor of an SSD, and it is considered that the standard will become mainstream as an SSD mounted in a future storage system. One of features of the EDSFF is that PCIe supports up to x16. Therefore, the new standard EDSFF can be connected in a band that can support the data processing throughput of the accelerator. As described above, a storage system having an architecture in which an accelerator

is mounted in a drive slot can be considered.

[0011] As a conventional technique, JP 2004-265010 A discloses a technique of mounting an optional device other than a drive in a drive slot.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0012] In a case where, for example, mounting an accelerator in a drive slot is considered, there is a problem that requirements for a device connection destination are different between the drive and the accelerator. In many cases, the drive is connected to both of the two storage controllers in order to ensure the availability of the system, but the data transfer band per transmission route may be connected on x4 in total, x2 each. On the other hand, although the accelerator only needs to be connected to one storage controller, the transmission route needs to secure a band that can support the amount of data to be processed by the accelerator, and it is often necessary to connect at least on x8. Such a difference in requirements of the device connection destination may also occur between a device different from the accelerator and a drive.

[0013] The storage system has various requirements depending on the customer, and in order to cope with them, it is desirable to be able to select which one of a drive and an accelerator is mounted in the slot in which the device is mounted. The same applies to a case where a device different from the accelerator is mounted together with the drive.

[0014] JP 2004-265010 A discloses a technique of mounting an optional device other than a drive in a drive slot. However, only by mounting the accelerator in the drive slot using the technique disclosed in JP 2004-265010 A, it is not possible to switch the connection destination and the band depending on the mounted device, and the connection requirement of the accelerator is not satisfied. Therefore, in the technique disclosed in JP 2004-265010 A, there is a problem that a device having different connection requirements can be configured only as a dedicated slot of any device even if the device is selected and mounted in the drive slot.

[0015] A storage system according to an aspect of the present invention includes: a plurality of drive slots into which a drive storing data is insertable; and one or more controllers including a processor. At least a part of the plurality of drive slots is a common slot into which a first device of a different type from the drive is insertable. A port of the controller at a connection destination of the drive from the common slot and a port of the controller at a connection destination of the first device from the common slot are different.

[0016] According to one aspect of the present invention, the drive slot can be treated as a common slot in which either the drive or another type of device can be selected and mounted so as to meet the requirements of the storage system. As a result, it is possible to increase the maximum number of devices other than the drive that can be mounted on the storage system, and the performance of the storage system can be improved.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0017] FIG. **1** is a block diagram illustrating an example of a storage system according to a first embodiment;

[0018] FIG. **2** is a front view illustrating an example of a midplane provided with a common slot according to the first embodiment;

[0019] FIG. **3**A is a diagram illustrating an exemplary structure of a drive to be inserted into a common slot according to the first embodiment;

[0020] FIG. **3**B is a diagram illustrating an exemplary structure of an accelerator to be inserted into the common slot according to the first embodiment;

[0021] FIG. **4** is a diagram illustrating a state in which a drive is inserted into the common slot according to the first embodiment;

- [0022] FIG. **5** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used when a drive plug connector and a drive receptacle connector according to the first embodiment are connected;
- [0023] FIG. **6** is a diagram illustrating a state in which an accelerator is inserted into the common slot according to the first embodiment;
- [0024] FIG. **7** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used in a case where an accelerator plug connector and an accelerator receptacle connector according to the first embodiment are connected;
- [0025] FIG. **8** is a front view illustrating an example of a midplane provided with a common slot according to a second embodiment;
- [0026] FIG. **9** is a diagram illustrating an example of an accelerator to be inserted into a common slot according to the second embodiment;
- [0027] FIG. **10** is a diagram illustrating a state in which a drive is inserted into a common slot according to the second embodiment;
- [0028] FIG. **11** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used in a case where the drive plug connector and a common receptacle connector according to the second embodiment are connected;
- [0029] FIG. **12** is a diagram illustrating a state in which an accelerator is inserted into a common slot according to the second embodiment;
- [0030] FIG. **13** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used in a case where an accelerator plug connector and a common receptacle connector according to the second embodiment are connected;
- [0031] FIG. **14** is a diagram illustrating an example of a midplane provided with a common slot according to a third embodiment;
- [0032] FIG. **15** is a diagram illustrating an example of an accelerator to be inserted into a common slot according to the third embodiment;
- [0033] FIG. **16** is a diagram illustrating a state in which a drive is inserted into a common slot according to the third embodiment;
- [0034] FIG. **17** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used in a case where the drive plug connector and a common receptacle connector according to the third embodiment are connected;
- [0035] FIG. **18** is a diagram illustrating a state in which an accelerator is inserted into the common slot according to the third embodiment;
- [0036] FIG. **19** is a diagram illustrating representative signal lines of PCIe used in a case where an accelerator plug connector and a common receptacle connector according to the third embodiment are connected;
- [0037] FIG. **20** is a diagram illustrating details of back-end wiring of the storage system according to the third embodiment; and
- [0038] FIG. **21** is a flowchart illustrating a process from when a device is inserted into a common slot to when the device becomes available according to the third embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

- [0039] Hereinafter, embodiments will be described using the drawings. Note that the embodiments are merely examples for realizing the present invention, and do not limit the technical scope of the present invention, and all combinations of features described in the embodiments are not necessarily essential to the solution of the invention.
- [0040] In the following description, various types of information may be described using expressions of " $x \times x$ table". However, various types of information may be expressed by a data structure other than tables. " $x \times x$ table" may be called " $x \times x$ information" to indicate that they do not depend on the data structure. In addition, in the following description, a number is used as the identification information of the element, but another type of identification information (for example, a name or an identifier) may be used.

[0041] In addition, in the following description, in a case where similar types of elements are distinctively described without distinction, the common symbol in the reference symbols (or reference symbol) may be used. In a case where the similar types of elements are distinguished, the reference symbols of the elements (or the IDs of elements) may be used.

[0042] A program is executed by a processor (for example, a central processing unit (CPU)) included in the storage controller, so that predetermined processing is appropriately performed using a storage resource (for example, main storage) and/or a communication interface device. Therefore, a subject of the processing may be the storage controller or the processor. In addition, the storage controller may include a hardware circuit that performs a part or all of the processing. The computer program may be installed from a program source. The program source may be, for example, a program distribution server or a computer-readable storage medium.

[0043] The storage system according to an embodiment of the present specification can mount a device different from the drive by using one or more slots in which the drive can be mounted without separately preparing a dedicated slot or an interface for mounting the device. The drive is a secondary storage medium. Hereinafter, in particular, an embodiment of a storage system equipped with an accelerator and a drive will be described, but the storage system may be equipped with a device different from the accelerator together with the drive. In addition, two or more types of devices different from the drive may be mounted together with the drive.

[0044] An accelerator is a dedicated hardware circuit that can alternatively perform some processes that can be performed by a processor of a storage controller. The accelerator may execute, for example, at least part of encoding processing of data stored in the drive. The encoding processing includes, for example, compression processing of data to be written to the drive, decompression processing of compressed data in the drive, encryption processing of data to be written by the drive, and decryption processing of encrypted data in the drive. The accelerator may execute some or all of these encoding processing.

First Embodiment

[0045] Hereinafter, embodiments of the present invention will be described using the drawings. [0046] FIG. **1** is a diagram illustrating an example of a configuration of a storage system according to the present embodiment. In the following, different elements of the same type are represented by suffixes different from the same prefix. In addition, one or more elements of the same type may be represented only by a prefix. For example, storage controllers **111-1** and **111-2** indicate different individuals of the same type of storage controller, and a storage controller **111** may represent any one or both of the storage controllers **111-1** and **111-2**.

[0047] Hosts **102-1** and **102-2** are computer devices that transmit a data read command and a data write command to the storage system **101** on the basis of a user operation or an operation such as application software. Note that the hosts **102-1** and **102-2** may be virtual computer devices such as virtual machines.

[0048] In FIG. **1**, one host **102-1** or **102-2** is connected to one storage controller **111-1** or **111-2**, but a plurality of hosts may be connected to one storage controller.

[0049] The storage system **101** has a dual controller configuration in which two storage controllers **111-1** and **111-2** are mounted. In addition, the storage system **101** includes an external drive box **112**, drive slots **113-1** to **113-3**, and accelerator drive common slots (common slots) **114-1** and **114-2**.

[0050] The storage controller **111-1** includes a front-end interface (FE IF) **121-1**, a back-end interface (BE IF) **122-1**, a memory **123-1**, a processor (MP) **124-1**, an inter-controller interface (inter-CTL IF) **125-1**, and a PCIe switch (PCIe SW) **126-1**.

[0051] The FE IF **121-1** connects the host **102-1** and the storage system **101**. The FE IF **121-1** converts a data transfer protocol between the host **102-1** and the storage controller **111-1** and a data transfer protocol in the storage controller **111-1**.

[0052] The host **102-1** and the FE IF **121-1** are connected via a transmission line such as a fiber

- channel cable and an Ethernet cable. Note that the host **102-1** and the FE IF **121-1** may be connected via a storage area network including a plurality of transmission lines and a plurality of switches.
- [0053] The BE IF **122-1** connects the storage controller **111-1** and the drive box **112**. The BE IF **122-1** converts a data transfer protocol in the storage controller **111-1** and a data transfer protocol between the storage controller **111-1** and the drive box **112**.
- [0054] In a case where the storage device accommodated in the drive box **112** is a PCIe connected NVMESSD, the BE IF **122-1** is a PCIe switch that does not perform protocol conversion.
- [0055] The memory **123-1** is a main storage device used by the MP **124-1**, and stores information such as a program (for example, a storage control program or the like) executed by the MP **124-1** and a management table referred to by the MP **124-1**.
- [0056] The MP **124-1** controls data transfer between the host **102-1** connected via the FE IF **121-1** and devices connected to the drive box **112** connected via the BE IF **122-1**, the drive slots **113-1** to **113-3**, and the common slots **114-1** and **114-2**. Further, the MP **124-1** controls data transfer between the storage controllers **111**.
- [0057] The inter-CTL IF **125-1** connects the MPs **124-1** and **124-2** included in the storage controllers **111-1** and **111-2**.
- [0058] The PCIe SW **126-1** is a component that relays a high-speed external IO bus, and connects the MP **124-1** and a drive mounted in the drive slots **113-1** to **113-3** or the common slots **114-1** and **114-2**.
- [0059] The storage controller **111-2** includes an FE IF **121-2**, a BE IF **122-2**, a memory **123-2**, an MP **124-2**, an inter-CTL IF **125-2**, and a PCIe SW **126-2**. The same description as that of the storage controller **111-1** can be applied to the storage controller **111-2**.
- [0060] The drive slots **113-1** to **113-3** are slots for inserting a drive built in the storage system **101**. Each of the drive slots **113-1** to **113-3** is connected to the PCIe SW **126-1** via a signal line **115-1** and is connected to the PCIe SW **126-2** via a signal line **115-2** by a dual port for improving availability of the storage system.
- [0061] The signal line **115-1** and the signal line **115-2** indicate lanes that serve as PCIe data transmission routes. Each of the signal lines **115-1** and **115-2** is a band of x2. Therefore, each drive is connected to the storage system **101** in a total of x4 of bandwidth. As a result, even in a case where an abnormality occurs in one of the storage controllers **111-1** and **111-2**, any drive can be accessed from the other, and availability is maintained.
- [0062] The common slots **114-1** and **114-2** are slots that extend the functions of the drive slots **113-1** to **113-3** and allow an accelerator to be mounted in addition to a drive.
- [0063] Each of the common slots **114-1** and **114-2** is wired so as to be connected to the PCIe SW **126-1** via a signal line **116-1** and to be connected to the PCIe SW **126-2** via a signal line **116-2**. The common slot **114-1** is connected to the MP **124-1** of the storage controller **111-1** via a signal line **117-1**, and the common slot **114-2** is wired to be connected to the MP **124-2** of the storage controller **111-2** via a signal line **117-2**. The signal line **116-1**, the signal line **116-2**, and the signal lines **117-1** and **117-2** indicate lanes that serve as PCIe data transmission routes.
- [0064] In a case where a drive is inserted into the common slot **114-1** or **114-2**, the common slot behaves in the same manner as in a case where a drive is inserted into any of the drive slots **113-1** to **113-3**. That is, in a case where a drive is inserted into the common slot **114-1** or **114-2**, the drive is connected to the PCIe SW **126-1** via the signal line **116-1** and is connected to the PCIe SW **126-2** via the signal line **116-2** by a dual port.
- [0065] Each of the signal lines **116-1** and **116-2** is a band of x2. Therefore, the drive is connected to the storage system **101** in a total of x4 of bandwidth. At this time, the signal line **117-1** or **117-2** connected to the MP **124-1** or **124-2** is not used. Note that the drive may include three or more drive ports and may be connected to different PCIe SWs, and the number of drive ports may be one.

- [0066] In a case where an accelerator is mounted in the common slot **114-1** or **114-2**, the accelerator is connected to the MP **124-1** or **124-2** of one of the storage controller **111-1** or **111-2** via the corresponding signal line **117-1** or **117-2**. The signal lines **117-1** and **117-2** are bands of x8 so as to support the processing speed of the accelerator. At this time, the signal lines **116-1** and **116-2** connected to the PCIe SWs **126-1** and **126-2** are not used.
- [0067] As a result, the storage system **101** can select whether to mount a drive or an accelerator in each common slot of the common slots **114-1** and **114-2**. In a case where a drive is mounted in the common slot **114-1** and/or **114-2**, the capacity of the storage system is expanded, and in a case where an accelerator is mounted in the common slot **114-1** and/or **114-2**, the processing performance of the storage system **101** is improved.
- [0068] FIG. **2** is a front view of a midplane **201** provided with the drive slot **113** and the common slot **114** in the storage system **101** of FIG. **1**.
- [0069] The midplane **201** includes at least one drive slot **113** and two common slots **114**. In the present embodiment, a case where there are two common slots **114** will be described, but the present embodiment is not limited to this example. For example, the midplane **201** may be provided with four common slots **114**.
- [0070] The drive slot **113** includes a drive receptacle connector **211-1** as a connector for connecting a drive. The drive receptacle connector **211-1** is a connector that connects a drive and the drive slot **113** in a case where the drive is mounted in the drive slot **113**. The drive receptacle connector **211-1** is connected to the PCIe SW **126** via a signal line **115**.
- [0071] The common slot **114** includes a drive receptacle connector **211-2** having the same configuration and function as those of the drive receptacle connector **211-1** included in the drive slot **113**, and an accelerator receptacle connector **212** for mounting an accelerator.
- [0072] In one embodiment of the present specification, the wiring and position of the drive receptacle connector **211** conform to the standard specification. As a result, a general-purpose drive can be used. The accelerator receptacle connector **212** is disposed at a position that does not interfere with the drive receptacle connector **211-2** in the common slot **114**.
- [0073] The drive receptacle connector **211-2** is connected to the PCIe SW **126** via the signal line **116**. The accelerator receptacle connector **212** is connected to the MP **124** via the signal line **117**. [0074] FIGS. **3**A and **3**B illustrate examples of various devices connected to each slot of the midplane **201** illustrated in FIG. **2**. Specifically, FIG. **3**A illustrates an exemplary structure of a drive **301**, and FIG. **3**B illustrates an exemplary structure of an accelerator **303**.
- [0075] As illustrated in FIG. **3**A, the drive **301** is a secondary storage medium such as a solid state drive (SSD). The drive **301** includes a drive plug connector **302** to be inserted into the drive slot **113** or the common slot **114** and connected to the receptacle connector. The drive plug connector **302** is an x4 connector size.
- [0076] As illustrated in FIG. **3**B, the accelerator **303** is a data processing circuit including, for example, a field-programmable gate array (FPGA). The accelerator **303** is equipped with a circuit for executing dedicated processing such as compression and encryption, and can improve the processing performance of the storage system **101** by off-loading a part of the processing executed by the MP **124**. The accelerator **303** includes an accelerator plug connector **304** for connection with the common slot **114**. The accelerator plug connector **304** is x8 connector size.
- [0077] Since the accelerator **303** is connected to the accelerator receptacle connector **212** disposed at a special position not conforming to the standard specification, the accelerator plug connector **304** is disposed at a position different from the standard specification using a proprietary board. [0078] FIG. **4** illustrates a state in which the drive **301** is inserted into the common slot **114** illustrated in FIG. **2**. In a case where the drive **301** is inserted into the common slot **114**, the drive receptacle connector **211-2** and the drive plug connector **302** of the two receptacle connectors of the common slot **114** are connected. At this time, the accelerator receptacle connector **212** is not used. The drive **301** is connected to the PCIe SW **126-1** via the signal line **116-1** and is connected

to **126-2** via the signal line **116-2** by connection of the drive plug connector **302** and the drive receptacle connector **211-2**.

[0079] FIG. **5** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used in a case where the drive plug connector **302** and the drive receptacle connector **211-2** are connected. A signal line **501** and a signal line **504** indicate a reference clock signal (differential) of the PCIe link called REFCLK. The signal line **501** indicates REFCLK**0** #, and the signal line **504** indicates REFCLK**1** #. A signal line **502** and a signal line **505** are reset signals called PERST, and are signal lines indicating that the power supply and the reference clock are stable. The signal line **502** indicates PERST**0** #, and the signal line **505** indicates PERST**1** #.

[0080] A signal line **503** is a signal called PRSNT and used for detection of a PCIe device. A device that supports an x4 connection connector needs to implement PRSNT**0** #. A device that supports an x8 connection connector needs to implement PRSNT**0** # and PRSNT**1** #. A device that supports an x16 connection connector needs to implement PRSNT**0** #, PRSNT**1** #, and PRSNT**2** #. Since the drive plug connector **302** has an x4 connector size, PRSNT**0** # is implemented as the signal line **503**.

[0081] A set of signals **511** is a set of the signal line **501**, the signal line **502**, and the signal line **503**. The set of signals **511** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-1**. Similarly, a set of signal lines **512** is a set of the signal line **504**, the signal line **505**, and the signal line **503**. The set of signal lines **512** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-2**.

[0082] FIG. **6** shows how the accelerator **303** is inserted into the common slot **114** provided in the midplane **201** shown in FIG. **2**. In a case where the accelerator **303** is inserted into the common slot **114**, the accelerator receptacle connector **212** and the accelerator plug connector **304** of the two receptacle connectors included in the common slot **114** are connected. At this time, the drive receptacle connector **211** is not used. The accelerator **303** is connected to the MP **124** of one storage controller **111** via the signal line **117** by connection between the accelerator plug connector **304** and the accelerator receptacle connector **212**.

[0083] FIG. **7** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used when the accelerator plug connector **304** and the accelerator receptacle connector **212** are connected. A signal line **701** indicates REFCLK**0** #. A signal line **702** indicates PERST**0** #. A signal line **703** indicates PRSNT**0** #. A signal line **704** indicates PRSNT**1** #.

[0084] Since the accelerator plug connector **304** has an x8 connector size, PRSNT**0** # is implemented by the signal line **703**, and PRSNT**1** # is implemented by the signal line **704**. A set of signal lines **711** is a set of the signal line **701**, the signal line **702**, the signal line **703**, and the signal line **704**. The set of signal lines **711** is used corresponding to the signal line **117**.

[0085] As described above, in the storage system **101** of the first embodiment, the maximum number of accelerators that can be mounted increases. As a result, the processing performance of the storage system **101** can be improved.

[0086] Note that the number of common slots to be mounted is not limited, and may be any value of one or more. In addition, all of the drive slots **113** may be the common slot **114**. The description of the first embodiment can be applied to a storage system in which a device different from an accelerator is mounted together with a drive by changing a part as necessary. This point is the same in the other embodiments.

Second Embodiment

[0087] In the present embodiment, as a modification of the first embodiment, an example in which the receptacle connectors included in the common slot **114** are unified to one will be described. Since the configuration of the storage system in the present embodiment is similar to that in FIG. **1** of the first embodiment, the description thereof will be omitted.

[0088] FIG. **8** is a front view of the midplane **201** in the present embodiment included in the storage system **101**. The common slot **114** has a common receptacle connector **801** in the present embodiment.

[0089] The common receptacle connector **801** is a connector for both a drive and an accelerator that can be connected to either a drive or an accelerator. The common receptacle connector **801** is an x16 size connector, and signal pins of lanes 0 to 3 are assigned to the signal lines **116-1** and **116-2** as drive-dedicated lanes. Further, in the common receptacle connector **801**, the signal pins of the lanes 8 to 15 are allocated to the signal line **117** as the accelerator-dedicated lanes.

[0090] FIG. **9** is a diagram illustrating a configuration of an accelerator **901** in the present embodiment. The accelerator **901** has a function equivalent to that of the accelerator **303** illustrated in FIG. **3**B, but unlike the accelerator **303**, an accelerator plug connector **902** has an x16 connector size.

[0091] FIG. **10** illustrates a state in which the drive **301** is inserted into the common slot **114** illustrated in FIG. **8**. Since the drive **301** is a general-purpose product, the drive plug connector **302** is wired according to the standard specification. The drive plug connector **302** is inserted into the common receptacle connector **801** having an x16 size while maintaining the x4 connector size. The drive plug connector **302** is connected to signal pins of lanes 0 to 3 of the common receptacle connector **801**, is connected to the PCIe SW **126-1** via the signal line **116-1**, and is connected to the PCIe SW **126-2** via the signal line **116-2**.

[0092] FIG. **11** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used in a case where the drive plug connector **302** and the common receptacle connector **801** are connected. A signal line **1101** indicates REFCLK**0** #. A signal line **1102** indicates PERST**0** #. A signal line **1103** indicates PRSNT**0** #. A signal line **1104** indicates REFCLK**1** #. A signal line **1105** indicates PERST**1** #. [0093] A set of signal lines **1111** is a set of the signal line **1101**, the signal line **1102**, and the signal line **1103**. The set of signal lines **1111** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-1**. A set of signal lines **1112** is a set of the signal line **1103**, the signal line **1104**, and the signal line **1105**. The set of signal lines **1112** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-2**.

[0094] FIG. **12** shows how the accelerator **901** is inserted into the common slot **114** illustrated in FIG. **8**. In the present embodiment, the accelerator plug connector **902** having an x16 size is connected to the common receptacle connector **801** having an x16 size.

[0095] FIG. **13** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used in a case where the accelerator plug connector **902** and the common receptacle connector **801** are connected. The signal line **1101**, the signal line **1102**, and the signal line **1103** are commonly used regardless of whether a drive or an accelerator is connected to the common receptacle connector **801**.

[0096] A signal line **1301** indicates PRSNT**1** #. A signal line **1302** indicates PRSNT**2** #. Since the accelerator plug connector **902** has an x16 connector size, PRSNT**0** # is implemented by the signal line **1103**, PRSNT**1** # is implemented by the signal line **1301**, and PRSNT**2** # is implemented by the signal line **1302**. A set of signal lines **1311** is a set of the signal line **1103**, the signal line **1301**, and the signal line **1302**. The set of signal lines **1311** is used corresponding to the signal line **117**.

[0097] The accelerator **901** is a device card of a unique design not conforming to the standard specification, and a unique wiring is provided to the accelerator plug connector **902**. The accelerator plug connector **902** is wired only to the signal pins of the lanes 8 to 15 and is connected to the common receptacle connector **801** as a substantially x8 plug connector. The accelerator plug connector **902** is connected to signal pins of the lanes 8 to 15 of the common receptacle connector **801**, and is connected to the MP **124** of one storage controller **111** via the signal line **117**. The mounting position of the connector **902** conforms to the standard specification.

[0098] Note that, in a case where the accelerator **901** is connected to the common receptacle connector **801**, when it is desired to perform control regarding a side band signal of PCIe different from the drive, signal pins of unused lanes 4 to 8 may be allocated to wiring of the side band signal for the accelerator **901** in the common receptacle connector **801** and the accelerator plug connector **902**.

[0099] In the present embodiment, by separating wirings (signal pins) of PCIe lanes to be used

between the drive and the accelerator, a connection destination is automatically switched depending on a mounted device. In another example, in a case where a PRSNT signal detects insertion of a device into the common slot **114**, the PRSNT signal is used, for example, as follows. In the drive **301** using an x4 size plug connector, PRSNT**0** # is connected to the ground.

[0100] In the accelerator **303** using the plug connector of x16 size, PRSNT**0** # is not connected to the ground, and PRSNT**1** # and PRNST**2** # are connected to the ground. As a result, in a case where the device is inserted into the common slot **114**, it is possible to detect that the drive **301** is inserted when PRSNT**0** # is at the low level, and detect that the accelerator **303** is inserted when PRSNT**1** # and PRSNT**2** # are at the low level.

[0101] According to the second embodiment, the receptacle connectors included in the common slot 114 are unified to x16 size connectors, and the drive and the accelerator can be connected to the common receptacle connector. Note that the connector of the first embodiment and the connector of the second embodiment may be mounted in one storage system.

Third Embodiment

[0102] In the present embodiment, an example will be described in which the connector size is mounted with x8 while the number of receptacle connectors included in the common slot **114** is kept one. In the implementation of the present embodiment, the back end wiring at the time of drive connection and the back end wiring at the time of accelerator connection are partially shared by using the selector for the back end wiring.

[0103] Since the basic configuration of the storage system in the present embodiment is similar to that of the first embodiment, the description thereof will be omitted. However, in the present embodiment, the back end of the storage system **101** will be described later with reference to FIG. **20**.

[0104] FIG. **14** is a front view of the midplane **201** in the present embodiment included in the storage system **101**. The common slot **114** includes a common receptacle connector **1401** in the present embodiment. The common receptacle connector **1401** is an x8 receptacle connector that can be connected to either a drive or an accelerator.

[0105] FIG. **15** is a diagram illustrating a configuration of an accelerator **1501** in the present embodiment. The accelerator **1501** has an accelerator plug connector **1502**. The accelerator plug connector **1502** is an x8 size plug connector. However, unlike the first embodiment, the accelerator plug connector **1502** is disposed at a position conforming to the standard of the EDSFF device. This is because in the present embodiment, since the drive and the accelerator are connected to the same receptacle connector, it is not necessary to separately shift the position of the receptacle connector for connecting the accelerator as in the first embodiment.

[0106] FIG. **16** illustrates a state in which the drive **301** is inserted into the common slot **114** illustrated in FIG. **14**. The drive plug connector **302** is inserted into the common receptacle connector **1401** having an x8 size with the plug connector size of x4.

[0107] FIG. **17** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used when the drive plug connector **302** and the common receptacle connector **1401** are connected. A signal line **1701** indicates REFCLK**0** #. A signal line **1702** indicates PERST**0** #. A signal line **1703** indicates PRSNT**0** #. A signal line **1704** indicates REFCLK**1** #. A signal line **1705** indicates PERST**1** #.

[0108] A set of signal lines **1711** is a set of the signal line **1701**, the signal line **1702**, and the signal line **1703**. The set of signal lines **1711** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-1**. A set of signal lines **1712** is a set of the signal line **1703**, the signal line **1704**, and the signal line **1705**. The set of signal lines **1712** is used corresponding to the signal line **116-2**.

[0109] FIG. **18** illustrates how the accelerator **1501** is inserted into the common slot **114** illustrated in FIG. **14**. In the present embodiment, the accelerator plug connector **1502** having an x8 size is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401** having an x8 size.

[0110] FIG. **19** illustrates a representative signal line of PCIe used in a case where the accelerator plug connector **1502** and the common receptacle connector **1401** are connected. The signal line

- **1701**, the signal line **1702**, and the signal line **1703** are commonly used regardless of whether a drive or an accelerator is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**. A signal line **1901** indicates PRSNT**1** #.
- [0111] Since the accelerator plug connector **1502** has an x8 connector size, PRSNT**0** # is implemented by the signal line **1703**, and PRSNT**1** # is implemented by the signal line **1901**. A set of signal lines **1911** is a set of the signal line **1701**, the signal line **1702**, the signal line **1703**, and the signal line **1901**. The set of signal lines **1911** is used corresponding to the signal line **117**. [0112] FIG. **20** is a block diagram illustrating, in detail, wirings through which the common receptacle connector **1401** is connected to the MP **124** and the PCIe SW **126**. Hereinafter, a case where the device is connected to a common receptacle connector **1401-1** will be assumed. In the configuration example illustrated in FIG. **20**, two common receptacle connectors **1401-1** and **1401-2** are mounted. In each common receptacle connector **1401**, a signal line **2011**, a signal line **2012**, a signal line **2013**, a signal line **1703**, and a signal line **1901** are wired.
- [0113] The signal line **2011** is an x4 transmission route that is part of the x8 connection of the accelerator **1501** to the MP **124** in a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**. In a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**, the signal line **2011** is not used.
- [0114] The signal line **2012** and the signal line **2013** are signal lines used even in a case where either the drive **301** or the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**. Each of the signal lines **2012** and **2013** is an x2 transmission route.
- [0115] In a case where the drive **301** is mounted on the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the signal line **2012** is connected to a signal line **2016-1** by a selector **2001-1** and is connected to the PCIe SW **126-1**. At this time, the signal line **2013** is connected to a signal line **2017-2** by a selector **2002-2** and is connected to the PCIe SW **126-2**.
- [0116] In a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the signal line **2012** is connected to a signal line **2015-1** by the selector **2001-1** and joins a confluence point **2004-1**. At this time, the signal line **2013** is connected to a signal line **2018-2** by the selector **2002-2** and joins the confluence point **2004-1**. As a result, the accelerator **1501** is connected to the MP **124** with x8 by a signal line **2019**.
- [0117] The storage controller **111** includes a selector **2001**, a selector **2002**, and a control microcomputer (MC) **2003** in addition to the MP **124** and the PCIe SW **126**. In the configuration example illustrated in FIG. **2**, two MCs **2003-1** and **2003-2** are mounted.
- [0118] The MC **2003** has a function of identifying a connected device from PRSNT**0** # transmitted via the signal line **1703** and PRSNT**1** # transmitted via the signal line **1901** in a case where the device is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**. The function of the MC **2003** may be realized in a form in which the function is built in the PCIe SW **126**.
- [0119] The MCs **2003-1** and **2003-2** communicate with each other via a signal line **2014** what the identified connection device is for the common receptacle connectors **1401-1** and **1401-2** to which they are connected.
- [0120] The MC **2003-1** transmits the identification result of the device connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1** to the selector **2001-1**. Further, the MC Further, **2003-1** transmits the identification result of the device of the common receptacle connector **1401-2** transmitted from the MC **2003-2** to the selector **2002-1**. The MC **2003-2** operates similarly to the MC **2003-1**, and transmits the connection device identification result of the common receptacle connector **1401-2** to a selector **2001-2**. Further, the MC **2003-2** transmits the identification result of the device of the common receptacle connector **1401-1** transmitted from the MC **2003-1** to the selector **2002-2**. [0121] The selector **2001** and the selector **2002** have a function of recognizing a device inserted into the common receptacle connector **1401** on the basis of information transmitted from the MC **2003** and switching a signal line to be used on the basis of the device. The function of the selector **2001** and the selector **2002** are realized by, for example, an analog switch having a function of a

demultiplexer.

[0122] The selector **2001** has a function of switching the connection destination of the signal line **2012** extending from the common receptacle connector **1401** to either the signal line **2015** or the signal line **2016**. For example, in a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the selector **2001-1** switches the wiring to the signal line **2016-1** to connect to the PCIe SW **126-1**. In a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the selector **2001-1** switches the wiring to the signal line **2015-1** for connection to the MP **124-1** via the confluence point **2004-1**.

[0123] Similarly, in a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-2**, the selector **2001-2** switches the wiring to the signal line **2016-2** for connection to the PCIe SW **126-2**. In a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-2**, the selector **2001-2** switches the wiring to the signal line **2015-2** for connection to the MP **124-2** via the confluence point **2004-2**.

[0124] The selector **2002** has a function of switching the connection destination of the signal line **2013** extending from the common receptacle connector to either a signal line **2017** or a signal line **2018**. For example, in a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the selector **2002-2** switches the wiring to the signal line **2017-2** for connection to the PCIe SW **126-2**. In a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-1**, the selector **2002-2** switches the wiring to the signal line **2018-2** for connection to the MP **124-1** via the confluence point **2004-1**.

[0125] Similarly, in a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-2**, the selector **2002-1** switches the wiring to the signal line **2017-1** for connection to the PCIe SW **126-1**. In a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-2**, the selector **2002-1** switches the wiring to a signal line **2018-1** for connection to the MP **124-2** via a confluence point **2004-2**.

[0126] The confluence point **2004** is a point for convenience of joining three signal lines of the signal line **2011** extending from the common receptacle connector **1401**, the signal line **2015** extending from the selector **2001**, and the signal line **2018** extending from the selector **2002**, and does not include an element. When the signal lines join at the confluence point **2004**, the number of lanes of the signal line **2019** between the MP **124** and the confluence point **2004** becomes 8. [0127] As described above, in FIG. **20**, a transmission route of x2 following the signal line **2016** from the signal line **2012** corresponds to the signal line **116-1** in FIG. **1**. These signal lines function as a data transmission route connecting the drive **301** and the PCIe SW **126-1** in a case where the drive **301** is mounted in the common slot **114**.

[0128] Similarly, in FIG. **20**, a transmission route of x2 following the signal line **2017** from the signal line **2013** corresponds to the signal line **116-2** in FIG. **1**. These signal lines function as a data transmission route connecting the drive **301** and the PCIe SW **126-2** in a case where the drive **301** is mounted in the common slot **114**.

[0129] Similarly, in FIG. **20**, a data transmission route for x8 including the transmission route of x4 of the signal line **2011**, the transmission route of x2 following the signal line **2015** from the signal line **2012**, the transmission route of x2 following the signal line **2018** from the signal line **2013**, and the signal line **2019** in which these signal lines merge corresponds to the signal line **117** in FIG. **1**. These signal lines function as a data transmission route for connecting the accelerator **1501** and the MP **124** in a case where the accelerator **1501** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401**.

[0130] In addition, the MC **2003** has a function of performing heart beat between the MCs **2003** of each storage controller **111**. For example, in a case where an abnormality occurs in the storage controller **111-2** and there is no response from the counterpart MC **2003-2**, the connection device of the common receptacle connector **1401-2** to which the MC **2003-2** is responsible for device identification becomes unknown. In this case, the MC **2003-1** switches the wiring instruction of the

selector **2002-1** to the drive connection side. As a result, in a case where the drive **301** is connected to the common receptacle connector **1401-2**, even if an abnormality occurs in the storage controller **111-2**, the availability of access from the storage controller **111-1** to the drive **301** is maintained. [0131] FIG. **21** is a flowchart illustrating an example of a process from insertion of a device into the common slot **114** to start of using the device. Here, a description will be given assuming that, as an initial state, in a state where no device is inserted into the common slot **114**, the port of the PCIe SW **126** at the connection destination of the drive **301** and the root port of the MP **124** at the connection destination of the accelerator **1501** is connected are both in a link-down state. [0132] First, the maintenance engineer or the like inserts the drive **301** or the accelerator **1501** into the common slot **114** (step S**2101**).

[0133] The MC **2003** detects insertion of the device into the common slot **114** and identifies the device type by reading the PRSNT signal (step S**2102**). For example, in a case where PRSNT #**0** is at the low level and PRSNT #**1** is open, the MC **2003** recognizes that the drive **301** has been inserted since the device is connected by x**4**. When both the PRSNT #**0** and the PRSNT #**1** are at the low level, the MC **2003** recognizes that the accelerator **1501** is inserted since the device is connected by x**8**.

[0134] The MC **2003** shares the information of the device type identified in step S**2102** with the counterpart MC **2003** (step S**2103**). For example, in a case where a device is inserted into the common slot **114-1**, the MC **2003-1** identifies the device type and shares the information with the MC **2003-2**.

[0135] The MC **2003** issues a wiring switching instruction to the selector **2001** and the selector **2002** on the basis of the information of the device type identified in step S**2002** (step S**2104**). [0136] For example, in a case where the drive **301** is inserted into the common slot **114-1**, the MC **2003-1** identifies the device type as a drive, shares the information with the MC **2003-2**, and further instructs the selector **2001-1** to switch to the signal line **2016-1**. The MC **2003-2** instructs the selector **2002-2** to switch to the signal line **2017-2** on the basis of the information of the device type shared from the MC **2003-1**.

[0137] In a case where the accelerator **1501** is inserted into the common slot **114-1**, the MC **2003-1** identifies the device type as an accelerator, shares that information with the MC **2003-2**, and further instructs the selector **2001-1** to switch to the signal line **2015**. The MC **2003-2** instructs the selector **2002-2** to switch to the signal line **2018-2** on the basis of the information of the device type shared from the MC **2003-1**.

[0138] When confirming that the wiring of the selector **2001** and the selector **2002** is switched, the MC **2003** notifies the MP **124** of the switching together with the device information (step S**2105**). An example of the notification method is as follows. The MC **2003** writes the information indicating that the wiring preparation of the selector **2001** and the selector **2002** is completed and the device identification information to a predetermined address of the memory **123**, and transmits an interrupt to the MP **124**.

[0139] Upon receiving the notification from the MC **2003**, the MP **124** links up the designated port on the basis of the mounted device identification information and the wiring switching information (step S**2106**).

[0140] An example of the linkup processing by the MP **124** is as follows. In a case where the notified device information is the drive **301**, the MP **124** writes a linkup instruction to a predetermined register of the PCIe SW **126**, and the PCIe SW **126** receives the instruction and performs the linkup processing of a designated port. In a case where the notified device information is the accelerator **1501**, the MP **124** performs the linkup processing of the port corresponding to the signal line **2019**.

[0141] After the predetermined port is linked up, the MP **124** makes initial setting of the corresponding device (step S**2107**).

[0142] According to the third embodiment, since the common slot 114 has one common receptacle

connector of an x8 size, both the drive and the accelerator can be mounted.

[0143] The present invention is not limited to the embodiments described above, but includes various modifications. For example, the above-described embodiments have been described in detail for easy understanding of the present invention, and are not necessarily limited to having those all the described configurations. Some of the configurations of a certain embodiment may be replaced with the configurations of the other embodiments, and the configurations of the other embodiments may be added to the configurations of the subject embodiment. It is possible to add, delete, and replace other configurations for a part of the configuration of each embodiment. [0144] In addition, some or all of the configurations, functions, and processing units may be realized in hardware such as an integrated circuit. The configurations and the functions may be realized in software such that a processor analyzes and performs a program which realizes each function. The information of programs, tables, files to realize the functions may be stored in a memory, a recording device such as a hard disk, an SSD, or a recording medium such as an IC card and an SD card.

[0145] The control lines and the information lines are illustrated which are considered as necessary for explanation, and it does not mean that all the control lines and the information lines are necessarily illustrated for a product. In practice, almost all the configurations may be connected to each other.

Claims

- **1.** A storage system comprising: a plurality of drive slots into which a drive storing data is insertable; and one or more controllers including a processor, wherein at least a part of the plurality of drive slots is a common slot into which a first device of a different type from the drive is insertable, and a port of the controller at a connection destination of the drive from the common slot and a port of the controller at a connection destination of the first device from the common slot are different.
- **2.** The storage system according to claim 1, wherein the first device is an accelerator that performs compression processing, decompression processing, encryption processing, and/or decryption processing.
- **3**. The storage system according to claim 1, comprising a plurality of controllers, wherein the drive includes two drive ports, the two drive ports are connected to different controllers in a case where the drive is inserted into the common slot, and the first device is connected to any one of the plurality of controllers in a case where the first device is inserted into the common slot.
- **4**. The storage system according to claim 1, wherein each wiring between the common slot and the port of the controller includes a plurality of lanes, and the number of lanes of wiring connected in a case where the first device is inserted into the common slot is larger than the number of lanes of the wiring connected in a case where the drive is inserted into the common slot.
- **5**. The storage system according to claim 1, wherein the common slot includes a drive-connecting receptacle connector and a first-device-connecting receptacle connector, in a case where the drive is inserted into the common slot, a plug connector of the drive is connected to the drive-connecting receptacle connector, and in a case where the first device is inserted into the common slot, a plug connector of the first device is connected to the first-device-connecting receptacle connector.
- **6.** The storage system according to claim 1, wherein the common slot includes a common receptacle connector for drive connection and first device connection, in a case where the drive is inserted into the common slot, a plug connector of the drive is connected to a first data transferring signal pin of the common receptacle connector, and in a case where the first device is inserted into the common slot, a plug connector of the first device is connected to a second data transferring signal pin of the common receptacle connector different from the first data transferring signal pin.
- 7. The storage system according to claim 1, comprising: a first controller and a second controller;

and a first common slot and a second common slot, wherein the first common slot includes a first common receptacle connector, and the second common slot includes a second common receptacle connector, the first controller includes: a first processor; a first switch; a first selector and a second selector; and a first port and a second port, the second controller includes: a second processor; a second switch; a third selector and a fourth selector; and a third port and a fourth port, the first port is connected to the first common receptacle connector, the first selector, and the third selector, the second port is connected to the first selector and the second selector via the first switch, the first selector is connected to the first common receptacle connector, the second selector is connected to the second common receptacle connector, the second selector, and the fourth selector, the fourth port is connected to the third selector and the fourth selector via the second switch, the third selector is connected to the first common receptacle connector, and the fourth selector is connected to the second common receptacle connector, and the fourth selector is connected to the second common receptacle connector, and the fourth selector is connected to the second common receptacle connector.

- **8.** The storage system according to claim 7, wherein a process executed in a case where a device is inserted into the first or second common slot includes: detecting the device inserted into the first or second common slot; identifying a device type of the detected device; controlling connection destinations of the first, second, third, and fourth selectors on a basis of the identified device type; and linking up a connection destination port of the detected device.
- **9**. The storage system according to claim 7, wherein the first controller includes a first microcontroller, the first microcontroller is connected to the first and second selectors and the first common receptacle connector, the second controller includes a second microcontroller, the second microcontroller is connected to the third and fourth selectors and the second common receptacle connector, and the first and second microcontrollers are configured to: be interconnected; identify a device type of the detected device on a basis of information of the number of connection lanes of the detected device connected to the first or second common receptacle connector; share information of the identified device type; and control connection destinations of the first, second, third, and fourth selectors on a basis of information of the device type.
- **10**. The storage system according to claim 9, wherein in a case where the drive is connected to the first common receptacle connector, the first microcontroller issues a wiring instruction to the first selector such that the first common receptacle connector and the first switch are connected to each other, the second microcontroller issues a wiring instruction to the third selector such that the first common receptacle connector and the second switch are connected to each other, and in a case where the first device is connected to the first common receptacle connector, the first microcontroller issues a wiring instruction to the first and second selectors such that the first common receptacle connector and the first processor are connected to each other.