

US Patent & Trademark Office

Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent Application Publication

20250267011

Kind Code

A1

Publication Date

August 21, 2025

Inventor(s)

DUNJIC; Milos et al.

DYNAMIC MANAGEMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF CONSENT AND PERMISSIONING PROTOCOLS USING CONTAINER-BASED APPLICATIONS

Abstract

The disclosed exemplary embodiments include computer-implemented systems, devices, apparatuses, and processes that dynamically implement and manage consent and permissioning protocols using container-based applications. By way of example, a device may receive a request for an element of data that includes a first digital token associated with an executed application program. The device may load a second digital token from a portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program, and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, the device may present, within a digital interface, an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

Inventors: DUNJIC; Milos (Oakville, CA), CHOW; Arthur Carroll (Markham, CA), TAX; David Samuel (Toronto, CA), ROUHANI; Armon (Toronto, CA), AJMANI; Keith Sanjay (Toronto, CA), KLIEWER; Gregory Albert (Barrie, CA), NGUYEN; Anthony Haituyen (Toronto, CA), LOZON; Martin Albert (London, CA), EL-ONSI; Kareem (Toronto, CA), ALAVI-HARATI; Ashkan (Markham, CA), JAGGA; Arun Victor (Mississauga, CA)

Applicant: THE TORONTO-DOMINION BANK (Toronto, CA)

Family ID: 1000008576898

Appl. No.: 19/198069

Filed: May 04, 2025

Related U.S. Application Data

parent US continuation 18196230 20230511 parent-grant-document US 12323535 child US 19198069

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: H04L9/32 (20060101); H04L9/30 (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC H04L9/3247 (20130101); H04L9/30 (20130101); H04L9/3213 (20130101);

Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of, and claims the benefit of priority to, U.S. application Ser. No. 18/196,230, filed May 11, 2023, which is a continuation of, and claims the benefit of priority to, U.S. application Ser. No. 16/431,090, filed Jun. 4, 2019 (now U.S. Pat. No. 11,689,370). The disclosure of each of these applications is expressly incorporated herein by reference to its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The disclosed embodiments generally relate to computer-implemented systems and processes that dynamically manage and implement consent and permissioning protocols using container-based applications.

BACKGROUND

[0003] Many computing environments include multiple, network-connected devices and systems that maintain, access, or distribute confidential data across various communications networks. For example, in an open banking environment, these computing systems may maintain programmatic interfaces capable of establishing communications, and exchanging data, with one or more third-party applications executed by additional network-connected devices and systems. For example, a third-party application, such as an executable financial management application, may access elements of confidential customer and account data maintained on behalf of a customer by computing systems of one or more financial institutions, and may perform operations to process, aggregate, or display portions of the obtained customer and account data on a digital interface, e.g., via the customer's mobile device

SUMMARY

[0004] In some examples, a device includes a communications interface, a memory storing instructions, and at least one processor coupled to the communications interface and to the memory. The at least one processor is configured to execute the instructions to receive a request for an element of data, and the request includes a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor. The at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to load a second digital token from a portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program, and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, present a representation of the data element within a digital interface. The digital interface includes an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

[0005] In other examples, a computer-implemented method includes receiving a request for an element of data using at least one processor. The request includes a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor. The computer-implemented method also includes loading, using the at least one processor, a second digital token from a portion

of a memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program, and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, presenting, using the at least one processor, a representation of the data element within a digital interface. The digital interface includes an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

[0006] Further, in some examples, a device includes a communications interface, a memory storing instructions, and at least one processor coupled to the communications interface and to the memory. The at least one processor is configured to execute the instructions to receive a request to perform an operation involving an element of data, and the request includes a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor. The at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to load a second digital token from a portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program, and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, perform the operation involving the data element in accordance with the request and present, within a digital interface, an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

[0007] It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed. Further, the accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate aspects of the present disclosure and together with the description, serve to explain principles of the disclosed embodiments as set forth in the accompanying claims.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an exemplary computing environment, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0009] FIGS. 2A-2C, 3A, and 3B are diagrams illustrating portions of an exemplary computing environment, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0010] FIG. 3C is a diagram of an exemplary digital interface, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0011] FIGS. 4A and 4B are diagrams illustrating portions of an exemplary computing environment, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0012] FIGS. 5-7 are flowcharts of exemplary processes for dynamically managing consent and permissioning protocols using a container-based application, in accordance with some embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0013] Reference will now be made in detail to the disclosed embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. The same reference numbers in the drawings and this disclosure are intended to refer to the same or like elements, components, and/or parts.

[0014] In this application, the use of the singular includes the plural unless specifically stated otherwise. In this application, the use of “or” means “and/or” unless stated otherwise. Furthermore, the use of the term “including,” as well as other forms such as “includes” and “included,” is not limiting. In addition, terms such as “element” or “component” encompass both elements and components comprising one unit, and elements and components that comprise more than one subunit, unless specifically stated otherwise. Additionally, the section headings used herein are for organizational purposes only, and are not to be construed as limiting the described subject matter.

I. Exemplary Computing Environments

[0015] FIG. 1 illustrates components of an exemplary computing environment **100**, in accordance with some exemplary embodiments. As illustrated in FIG. 1, environment **100** may include one or

more computing devices, such as client device **102** operated by a user **101**, and one or more computing systems, such as computing system **130**. Environment **100** may also include one or more peer systems **180**, such as, but not limited to, peer system **182**. In some instances, each of client device **102**, computing system **130**, and peer systems **180**, including peer system **182**, may be interconnected across one or more wired or wireless communications networks, such as communications network **170**. Examples of network **170** include, but are not limited to, a wireless local area network (LAN), e.g., a “Wi-Fi” network, a network utilizing radio-frequency (RF) communication protocols, a Near Field Communication (NFC) network, a wireless Metropolitan Area Network (MAN) connecting multiple wireless LANs, and a wide area network (WAN), e.g., the Internet.

[0016] Client device **102** may include a computing device having one or more tangible, non-transitory memories that store data and/or software instructions, such as memory **104**, and one or more processors, such as processor **106**, configured to execute the software instructions. As described herein, client device **102** may be associated with or operated by a corresponding user, such as user **101**, and examples of client device **102** include, but are not limited to, as a smart phone, tablet computer, a desktop computer, a gaming console, a wearable device, or another computing device, system, or apparatus associated with user **101**.

[0017] In some instances, the one or more tangible, non-transitory memories may store application programs, application modules, and other elements of code executable by the one or more processors. For example, as illustrated in FIG. **1**, client device **102** may maintain, within memory **104**, an application repository **107** that includes an executable third-party application **108**, which may be developed by an provisioned to client device **102** by one or more computing systems operated by, or associated with, a third-party entity. Examples of third-party application **108** include, but are not limited to, a financial management application, an third-party financial aggregator application, and another application that, when executed by processor **106**, requests elements of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by one or more computing systems operating within environment **100**, such as computing system **130**, and processes, aggregates, or displays portions of the requested elements of the confidential data within a corresponding digital interface.

[0018] Client device **102** may also maintain, within local memory **104**, one or more container-based applications, such as access management widget **110**. Access management widget **110** may be developed by computing system **130**, which maintains elements of confidential data on behalf of user **101**, and in some examples, may be deployed to client device **102** in a container format (shown generally as application container **112** in FIG. **1**) that encapsulates access management widget **110** and one or more dependencies associated with an operating system executed by client device **102**, such as runtime resources, system tools, system libraries, or settings. In some instances, when deployed to client device **102**, application container **112** may virtualize processing, memory, storage, and network resources of client device **102** at an operating-system level, which may enable access management widget **110** (when executed by processor **106**) to perform operations on portions of local memory **104** that are isolated from and inaccessible to other executed applications, such as third-party application **108**.

[0019] As illustrated in FIG. **1**, application container **112** may virtualize a portion of local memory **104**, e.g., container memory **114**, that is accessible to executed access management widget **110**. In some instances, container memory **114** may be inaccessible to one or more additional application programs executed by processor, e.g., third-party application **108**, and may be isolated from one or more additional portions of local memory **104** that are accessible to these additional application programs, e.g., accessible memory **116** of FIG. **1**.

[0020] By way of example, when executed by processor **106** (e.g., in response to on one or more commands programmatically generated by third-party application **108**), executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that initiate one or more token-based

authentication and consent processes with computing system **130**, such as an OAuth protocol, and that securely access confidential data maintained by computing system **130**, in accordance with an outcome of these one or more token-based authentication and consent processes. In some instances, illustrated in FIG. **1**, executed third-party application **108** may interact and exchange data with executed access management widget **110**, which may establish a secure communication with a programmatic interface maintained by computing system **130** and may access elements of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130** in accordance with a type or level of access granted to third-party application **108** by user **101**. In other instances, not illustrated in FIG. **1**, environment **100** may also include additional computing systems that maintain confidential data on behalf of user **101** and other users, and one or more of these additional computing systems may deploy a corresponding, contained-based access management module to client device **102**, which when executed, may manage access to the confidential data maintained by corresponding ones of these additional computing systems.

[0021] Client device **102** may include a display unit **116A** configured to present interface elements to user **101**, and an input unit **116B** configured to receive input from a user of client device **102**, such as user **101**. Display unit **116A** may include, but is not limited to, an LCD display unit or other appropriate type of display unit, and input unit **116B** may include, but is not limited to, a keypad, keyboard, touchscreen, fingerprint scanner, voice activated control technologies, stylus, or any other appropriate type of input unit. Further, in some examples, the functionalities of display unit **116A** and input unit **116B** may be combined into a single device, such as a pressure-sensitive touchscreen display unit that can present elements (e.g., a graphical user interface) and can detect an input from user **101** via a physical touch. Client device **102** may also include a communications interface **118**, such as a transceiver device, coupled to processor **106** and configured to establish and maintain communications with communications network **170** via one or more appropriate communications protocols.

[0022] Referring back to FIG. **1**, each of computing system **130** and peer systems **180** (including peer system **182**) may represent a computing system that includes one or more servers and one or more tangible, non-transitory memory devices storing executable code and application modules. The one or more servers may each include one or more processors, which may be configured to execute portions of the stored code or application modules to perform operations consistent with the disclosed embodiments. Further, in some examples, each of computing system **130** and peer systems **180** (including peer system **182**) may include a communications unit or interface coupled to the one or more processors for accommodating wired or wireless communication across network **170** with any of the additional network-connected systems or devices described herein, e.g., a transceiver device.

[0023] In some instances, each of computing system **130** and peer systems **180** (including peer system **182**) may correspond to a discrete computing system, as described herein. In other instances, one or more of computing system **130** and peer systems **180** correspond to a distributed system that includes computing components distributed across one or more networks, such as communications network **170**, or other networks, such as those provided or maintained by cloud-service providers (e.g., Google Cloud™, Microsoft Azure™, etc.). The disclosed embodiments are, however, not limited to these exemplary distributed systems and, in other instances, computing system **130** and peer systems **180** (including peer system **182**) may include computing components disposed within any additional or alternate number or type of computing systems or across any appropriate network.

[0024] In some instances, computing system **130** may maintain elements of confidential data within the one or more tangible, non-transitory memories, e.g., confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101**. For example, computing system **130** may be associated with, or may be operated by, a financial institution that provides financial services to user **101** and other customers, and the confidential data may include, among other things, confidential profile data that

characterizes user **101**, account data identifying and characterizing one or more financial services accounts or payment instruments held by user **101**, or transaction data identifying and characterizing one or more transactions involving the financial services accounts or payment instruments.

[0025] In some instances, computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to provision, to executed access management widget **110** across a secure, programmatic interface, one or more elements of confidential data requested by executed third-party application **108** in accordance with a type or level of consent previously granted by user **101** (e.g., through the exemplary token-based authentication and consent processes described herein), To facilitate a performance of these and other exemplary processes, such as those described herein, computing system **130** may maintain, within one or more tangible, non-transitory memories, a data repository **132** that includes a user database **134**, a confidential data store **136**, and a consent data store **138**.

[0026] For example, user database **134** may include data records that identify and characterize one or more users of computing system **130**, e.g., user **101**. For example, and for each of the users, the data records of user database **134** may include a corresponding user identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric login credential assigned to user **101** by computing system **130**), and data that uniquely identifies one or more devices (such as client device **102**) associated with or operated by that user (e.g., a unique device identifier, such as an IP address, a MAC address, a mobile telephone number, etc., that identifies client device **102**).

[0027] Confidential data store **136** may maintain elements of confidential user data on behalf of user **101** and other users of computing system **130**. For example, confidential data store **136** may include confidential account data and confidential transaction data that identify and characterize a balance or transaction history of one or more payment instruments, deposit accounts, brokerage accounts, or other financial services accounts issued to user **101** (e.g., by the financial institution that operates computing system **130**). Further, and by way of example, one or more data records of confidential data store **136** may also include profile data that identifies and characterizes user **101**, such as, but not limited to, a name or an address of user **101**, one or more governmental identifiers of user **101** (e.g., a driver's license number, a social security number, etc.), and demographic data that characterizes user **101** (e.g., an age, a gender, an income level, etc.). In some instances, each of the data records of confidential data store **136** may also include a corresponding user identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric login credential assigned to user **101** by computing system **130**) and/or a corresponding device identifier (e.g., the IP address, MAC address, or mobile telephone number of client device **102**), and as such, each of the data records confidential data store **136** may also be linked to, and associated with, one or more corresponding data records within user database **134**.

[0028] Consent data store **138** may maintain, for one or more third-party applications, such as third-party application **108**, information indicative of a successful outcome of one or more token-based authentication and consent processes, e.g., an OAuth protocol, implemented by computing system **130** and access management widget **110** executed by client device **102**. By way of example, consent data store **138** may maintain a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, e.g., an OAuth token, indicative of not only a successful authentication of user **101** by computing system **130**, but also of a type or level of access to confidential data granted by user **101**. Further, in some instances, each of the digital tokens, cryptograms, hash values, or other elements of cryptographic data, e.g., that OAuth token, may be linked to and associated with a corresponding consent document that identifies the user **101** and third-party application **108**, and that characterizes the type or level of access granted to executed third-party application **108** by user **101**, e.g., through any of the exemplary token-based authentication and consent processes described herein.

[0029] By way of example, the consent document may reflect a selective grant by user **101**, to executed third-party application **108**, or to executed access management widget **110** acting on

behalf of third-party application **108**, of access to specific types or classes of confidential data maintained within confidential data store **136**, such as, but not limited to, profile data, account data, or transaction data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130**. Additionally, or alternatively, the consent document may also reflect a selective grant, to executed third-party application **108**, or to executed access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, of access to particular data elements within the specific types or classes of confidential data (e.g., transaction dates and amounts, but not merchant names or purchased products; customer name and address, but not governmental identifiers; account identifiers, but not account balances, etc.), or to access processed or aggregated elements of the confidential data (e.g., as processed or aggregated by executed access management widget **110**), but not raw elements of confidential data.

[0030] Further, in some instances, the consent document may also identify a permission granted by user **101** to third-party application **108**, or to access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, to further process one or more the accessed elements (or types or classes of elements) of confidential data, to locally maintain one or more of the accessed elements (or types or classes of elements) of confidential data, or to further distribute one or more accessed elements (or types or classes of elements) of confidential data to additional related or unrelated computing systems or to application programs executed by these additional or unrelated systems (e.g., fourth- and fifth-party applications, etc.). As described herein, the consent document consent document may be formatted in JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) format or another language-independent, data interchange format.

[0031] Referring back to FIG. 1, computing system **130** may also maintain, within the one or more tangible, non-transitory memories, one or more executable application programs **140**, such as, but not limited to an authorization engine **142** and a validation engine **144**. When executed by the one or more processors of computing system **130**, authorization engine **152** can perform operations that, in conjunction with access management widget **110** executed at client device **102**, implement one or more of the exemplary token-based authorization and consent protocols described herein (e.g., an OAuth protocol), that generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data (e.g., an OAuth token), indicative of not only a successful authentication of user **101** by computing system **130**, and further, that: (i) generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data indicative of a successful authentication of user **101** by computing system **130**; and (ii) generate the consent document indicative of a type or level of access to confidential data granted by user **101**. In some instances, executed authorization engine **142** may cause computing system **130** to transmit the OAuth token and the consent document across network **170** to executed access management widget **110**, e.g., for storage within container memory **114**.

[0032] Further, when executed by the one or more processors of computing system **130**, validation engine **144** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to parse a request for access to one or more elements of confidential data (e.g., as received from executed access management widget **110** on behalf of executed third-party application **108**) to extract an OAuth token, and to establish a consistency between the extracted OAuth token and a locally maintained copy of the OAuth token indicative of a type or level of access to confidential data previously granted to third-party application **108** by user **101**. For example, when the extracted OAuth token is consistent with the locally maintained OAuth token, executed validation engine **144** may validate the received request, and computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to provision the requested elements of confidential data to executed access management widget **110**, e.g., across network **170** through a secure, programmatic interface.

[0033] In some instances, each of peer systems **180**, such as peer system **182**, may maintain, within one or more tangible, non-transitory memories, a data repository **184** that includes a local copy of a cryptographically secure distributed ledger **186**, which peer systems **180** (including peer system

182) may establish and maintain using any of the exemplary consensus-based processes described herein. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1, distributed ledger **186** may include ledger blocks, such as smart contract ledger blocks **188**, that record elements of code or software instructions that, when executed by each of peer systems **180** (including peer system **182**), may modify one or more elements of confidential data to include a digital watermark capable of recognition by a computing system associated with, or operated by, a regulatory, governmental, or legal entity, e.g., in an event of a suspected or detected misuse of or breach involving of the modified elements of the confidential data by third-party application **108** or other unrelated computing systems.

II. Exemplary Processes for Dynamically Implementing and Managing Authentication and Consent Protocols Using Container-Based Applications

[0034] FIGS. 2A, 2B, and 2C illustrate portions of computing environment **100**, in accordance with some exemplary embodiments. Referring to FIG. 2A, user **101** may provide, to input unit **116B** of client device **102**, input **202** that requests an execution of one or more application programs, such as third-party application **108**. Based on input **202**, client device **102** may execute third-party application **108**, and executed third-party application **108** may further generate programmatic commands that execute one or more contained-based applications, such as access management widget **110**, which facilitate secure and trusted communications with corresponding computing systems within environment **100**, such as computing system **130**.

[0035] As described herein, computing system **130** may maintain elements of confidential data on behalf of user **101** and other customers or users, and further, may provision access management widget **110** to client device **102** within a corresponding container-based format, e.g., application container **112** of FIG. 1, that encapsulates access management widget **110** and its dependencies. When executed by client device **102**, access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to: establish, in conjunction with computing system **130**, a level or type of access to confidential data granted by user **101** to third-party application **108**, or at access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**; dynamically access and obtain requested elements of confidential data from computing system **130** in accordance with the granted level or type of access; and further, perform operations on the on the requested elements of confidential data in accordance with the granted type or level of consent.

[0036] Referring back to FIG. 2A, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that establish a secure channel of communications with a programmatic interface established and maintained by computing system **130**, e.g., application programming interface (API) **204**. Based on the established communications channel, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein that, in conjunction with an authorization engine executed by computing system **130** (e.g., authorization engine **142**), initiate, implement, and manage one or more of the exemplary token-based authentication and consent protocols described herein.

[0037] For example, and responsive to the established communications channel, authorization engine **142** executed by computing system **130** may generate and transmit, across network **170** to client device **102**, request data **206** requesting an initiation of a token-based authentication and consent process by executed access management widget **110** (not illustrated in FIG. 1). In some instances, request data **206** may include one or more unique identifiers of computing system **130** (e.g., an assigned internet protocol (IP) address, etc.) or authorization engine **142** (e.g., a cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data that uniquely identifies authorization engine **142** to executed access management widget **110**). Request data **206** may also include information that identifies certain types or classes of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130** (e.g., confidential profile, account, or transaction data, etc.), along with certain data elements associated with each of the types or classes (e.g., elements of profile data that include governmental identifiers, elements of transaction data that include transaction times, transaction values, and identifiers of corresponding merchants or purchased

products, elements of account data that include account identifiers, account balances, etc.).

[0038] A secure programmatic interface established and maintained by executed access management widget **110**, such application programming interface (API) **208**, may receive request data **206** from computing system **130** and may route request data **206** to executed access management widget **110**. In some instances, a local authentication and consent module **210** of executed access management widget **110** may process request data **206** and generate interface elements **212** that, when rendered for presentation by display unit **116A**, collectively establish one or more display screens of a digital authentication and consent interface **214**.

[0039] In some instances, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may prompt user **101** to provide additional input to client device **102** that specifies whether user **101** grants access management widget **110** permission to access, on behalf of third-party application **108**, certain types or classes of the confidential data maintained by computing system **130**, e.g., the confidential profile, account, or transaction data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130**. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 2A, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may identify a particular class of confidential data maintained by computing system **130**, e.g., transaction data, and may interface elements **216A** and **216B**, which enable user **101** to grant or deny access to the maintained class of transaction data. Further, should user provide additional input to client device **102** (e.g., via input unit **116B**) that selects interface element **216A**, which indicates a grant of permission to third-party application **108** (e.g., via access management widget **110**) to access one of the more elements of the confidential transaction data, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may present additional interface elements that prompt user **101** to provide further additional input to client device **102** specifying a grant, or a denial, of access to certain elements of the confidential transaction data by third-party application **108**.

[0040] For example, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may identify one or more elements of the confidential transaction data, e.g., a transaction type, value, and time, and may include interface elements **218A** and **218B**, which enable user **101** to grant or deny access to confidential data characterizing a transaction type, value, and time for one or more transactions involving user **101**. Further, as illustrated in FIG. 2A, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may also include additional interface elements enable user **101** to grant or deny access to confidential data characterizing a payment instrument involved in the one or more transactions (e.g., interface elements **219A** and **219B**), a product or service involved in the one or more transactions (e.g., interface elements **220A** and **220B**), and/or a merchant involved in the one or more transactions (e.g., interface elements **221A** and **221B**).

[0041] Further, and as illustrated in FIG. 2A, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may also include interface elements that, when selected by user **101**, enable user **101** to permit a performance of one of more operations on the selected classes or elements of confidential data by third-party application **108** or by access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**. For example, interface elements **222A** and **222B** enable user **101** to grant or deny permission for access management widget **110** to present elements of raw, aggregated, modified, or processed confidential data within one or more digital interfaces, e.g., on behalf of third-party application **108**. Further, and by way of example, interface elements **223A** and **223B** identify and enable user **101** to grant or deny permission for access management widget **110** to provision elements of raw confidential data to third-party application **108**, and interface elements **224A** and **224B** identify and enable user **101** to grant or deny permission for third-party application **108** further distribute elements of raw confidential data to additional computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to application programs executed by these additional computing systems (e.g., fourth- or fifth-party applications, etc.).

[0042] The disclosed embodiments are however, not limited to these exemplary interface elements, and in other instances, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may include interface elements associated with any additional or alternate class or type of confidential data maintained on

behalf of user **101** (e.g., the profile data or account data described herein), or any additional or alternate elements of these classes or types of confidential data, or any additional or operations capable of performance by third-party application **108** or by access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**. Further, in some instances, digital authentication and consent interface **214** may also include one or more additional interface elements **226** that, when selected by user **101**, confirm the access granted level or type of access, and enable user **101** to provide one or more authentication credentials that uniquely identify user **101** to computing system **130**, e.g., for submission to computing system **130** during any of the exemplary token-based authentication and consent processes describe herein. Examples of these authentication credentials include, but are not limited to, an alphanumeric login credential, alphanumeric password, or a biometric credential, such as a digital facial image or a digital thumbprint scan.

[0043] By way of example, user **101** may provide additional input to client device **102**, e.g., via input unit **116B**, that selects interface element **216A**, which grants third-party application **108** (e.g., via access management widget **110**) access to the one or more elements of confidential transaction data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130**. Further, and through the additional input, user **101** may also select interface element **218A**, which grants third-party application **108** (e.g., via access management widget **110**) access to elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a transaction type, value, and time for one or more transactions involving user **101**, and interface elements **219B**, **220B**, and **221B**, which denies third-party application **108** (and access management widget **110**) access to any elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a payment instrument, a product or service, or a merchant involved in the one or more transactions.

[0044] In some instances, and though the additional input, user **101** may also select interface element **222A**, which provides permission for access management widget **110** present elements of raw, aggregated, modified, or processed transaction data within one or more digital interfaces (e.g., on behalf of third-party application **108**) and that selects interface element **223A**, which provides permission for access management widget **110** to provision elements of raw transaction data to third-party application **108**. The additional input may also select interface element **224B**, which denies permission for third-party application **108** further distribute elements of raw confidential data to additional computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to application programs executed by these additional computing systems (e.g., fourth- or fifth-party applications, etc.). The additional input provided by user **101** may selects interface element **226**, which confirms the granted level or type of access and the granted permissions, and may specify the one or more authentication credentials, which identify user **101** to computing system **130**.

[0045] Referring to FIG. 2B, local authorization and consent module **210** may receive the additional input, e.g., additional input **228**, via input unit **116B**. In some instances, local authorization and consent module **210** may parse additional input **228** to extract each of the one or more authentication credentials provided in response to digital authentication and consent interface **214**, e.g., as authentication credentials **230**. Local authorization and consent module **210** may also perform operations that extract, from additional input **228**, information that identifies: the selection of interface element **218A**, which grants third-party application **108** access (e.g., via access management widget **110**) to elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a transaction type, value, and time for one or more transactions involving user **101**; and the selection of interface elements **219B**, **220B**, and **221B**, which denies third-party application **108** access to any elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a payment instrument, a product or service, or a merchant involved in the one or more transactions.

[0046] The extracted information may also identify the selection of interface element **222A**, which provides permission for access management widget **110** present elements of raw, aggregated, modified, or processed confidential data within one or more digital interfaces (e.g., on behalf of third-party application **108**) and the selection of interface element **223A**, which provides

permission for access management widget **110** to provision elements of raw confidential data to third-party application **108**. Further, in some instances, the extracted information may identify the selection of interface element **244B**, which denies permission for third-party application **108** further distribute elements of raw confidential data to additional computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to application programs executed by these additional computing systems (e.g., fourth- or fifth-party applications, etc.).

[0047] Local authorization and consent module **210** may perform operations that package the extracted information into corresponding portions of consent data **232**. As illustrated in FIG. 2B, local authorization and consent module **210** may generate response data **234**, which includes authentication credentials **230** and consent data **232**, and perform operations that cause client device **102** to transmit response data **234** across network **170** to API **204**, e.g., as a response to request data **206**. In some instances, response data **234** may also include a unique identifier **236A** of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., a unique cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, etc.) and a unique identifier **236B** of client device **102** (e.g., an IP address etc.), and identifiers **236A** and **236B** may enable executed authorization engine **142** to verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102**.

[0048] API **204** may provide response data **234** as an input to executed authorization engine **142**, which may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to authenticate the identity of user **101** (e.g., based on authentication credentials **230**), and determine a level or type of access granted by user **101** (e.g., based on consent data **232**). Further, an using any of the exemplary processes described herein, executed authorization engine **142** may also generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, e.g., an OAuth token, indicative of the successful authentication, and an additional consent document that identifies and characterize the type or level of access granted to third-party application **108**.

[0049] For example, as illustrated in FIG. 2B, a validation module **238** of executed authorization engine **142** may receive response data **234**, and may perform operations that validate authentication credentials **230** against local authentication credentials assigned to user **101** by computing system **130**, e.g., as maintained within one or more data records of user database **134**. Further, executed validation module **238** may also perform operations that validate identifier **236A** of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., based on a determination that the unique cryptogram is consistent with a predetermined structure or format, a comparison within a local widget identifier maintained within the one or more data records of user database **134**, etc.), and additionally, or alternatively, that validate identifier **236B** of client device **102** (e.g., based on a comparison with a local device identifier maintained within the one or more data records of user database **134** in conjunction with the local authentication credentials). In some instances, by validating extracted authentication credentials **230** and identifiers **236A** and **236B**, executed validation module **238** may not only authenticate an identity of user **101**, but verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102** by computing system **130**.

[0050] In one instance, if executed validation module **238** were unable to validate authentication credentials **230**, or identifiers **236A** or **236B**, executed authorization engine **142** may decline to validate response data **234**, and as such, may decline to grant executed access management widget **110** access elements of confidential data maintained by computing system **130**. In some instances, not illustrated in FIG. 2B, executed validation module **238** may generate and transmit an error message across network **170** to client device **102**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface established and maintained by executed access management widget **110**.

[0051] Alternatively, if validation module **238** were to validate each of authentication credentials **230** and identifiers **236A** and **236B**, executed authorization engine **142** may validate response data **234**, and may route response data **234** to a consent management module **242** of executed

authorization engine **142**, along with data confirming the successful validation of authentication credentials **230** and identifiers **236A** and **236B** (not illustrated in FIG. 2B). In some instances, and based on portions of the confirmation data, consent management module **242** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate a consent document that reflects a level or type of access granted by user **101** to third-party application **108** or to access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, e.g., as specified within consent data **232**. Executed consent management module **242** may also perform any of the exemplary described herein processes to generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, such as an OAuth token, indicative of the successful authentication of the identity of user **101** and of the level of type of granted access.

[0052] By way of example, consent data **232** may indicate that user **101** granted access management widget **110**, acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, access to elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a transaction type, value, and time for one or more transactions involving user **101**, while denying access to any elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a payment instrument, a product or service, or a merchant involved in the one or more transactions. Consent data **232** may also indicate that user **101** granted permission to access management widget **110**, acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, to present elements of raw, aggregated, modified, or processed confidential data within one or more digital interfaces. Further, consent data **232** may indicate that user **101** granted access management widget **110** permission to provision raw elements of the accessible transaction data (as described herein) to third-party application **18**, but denied permission for third-party application **108** further distribute raw elements of the accessible transaction data to additional computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to application programs executed by these additional computing systems (e.g., fourth- or fifth-party applications, etc.).

[0053] In some instances, executed consent management module **242** may perform operations that package all or a portion of consent data **232** into corresponding portions of a consent document **244** formatted in accordance with one or more data-interchange formats. Examples of the one or more data-interchange formats include, but are not limited to, a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) format, a YAML format, an Internet-JSON (I-JSON) format, an XML format, or any additional or alternate language-independent, data serialization formats compatible with executed access management widget **110**, executed authorization engine **142**, and other application programs executed by client device **102** and computing system **130**.

[0054] Executed consent management module **242** may also perform operations that generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, e.g., an OAuth token **246**, indicative of the successful authentication of the identity of user **101** and of the level or type of access granted to third-party application **108** by user **101**, e.g., as specified within consent document **244**. OAuth token **246** may, in some instances, be characterized by a predetermined structure or format recognizable by executed authorization engine **142** and further, by executed access management widget **110** and executed third-party application **108**. In some examples, executed consent management module **242** may generate OAuth token **246** (or any additional or alternate digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or cryptographic data element) based on an application of one or more tokenization processes to portions of authentication credentials **230**, consent data **232**, or identifiers **236A** or **236B**.

[0055] As illustrated in FIG. 2B, executed consent management module **242** may perform operations that store, within consent data store **138**, consent document **244** and OAuth token **246** in conjunction with now-validated authentication credentials **230**, identifier **236A**, and identifier **236B**. In some instances, the storage of consent document **244** and OAuth token **246**, authentication credentials **230** and identifiers **236A** and **236B** may associate consent document **244** and OAuth token **246** with user **101**, with client device **102**, and further, with contained-based access management widget **110**.

[0056] Further, executed consent management module **242** may perform operations that apply a digital signature **248** to consent document **244** (and in some instances, to OAuth token **246**) using any appropriate digital signature algorithm in conjunction with private cryptographic key of computing system **130**. Executed encryption module **146** may package consent document **244** and OAuth token **246** into corresponding portions of credential data **254**, along with digital signature **248** and a public key certificate **252** of computing system **130** (e.g., that includes a corresponding public cryptographic key). Computing system **130** to transmit credential data **254** across network **170** to client device **102** using any appropriate communications protocol, e.g., via the corresponding communications interface, such as the transceiver device.

[0057] Referring to FIG. 2C, API **208** of executed access management widget **110** may intercept credential data **254** and route credential data **254** to a local validation module **256** of executed access management widget **110**. In some instances, when executed by processor **106**, local validation module **256** may parse credential data **254** to extract digital signature **248** and public key certificate **252**, and may perform operations that validate digital signature **248** based on the public cryptographic key of computing system **130** included within public key certificate **252**. Responsive to the validation of digital signature **248**, local validation module **256** may provide consent document **244** and OAuth token **246** as an input to local authorization and consent module **210**, which may store consent document **244** and OAuth token **246** within corresponding portions of container memory **114**, either alone or in conjunction with public key certificate **252** (e.g., as an identifier of computing system **130**).

[0058] Further, in some instances, local authorization and consent module **210** may perform further operations that provide OAuth token **246** as an input to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., via a secure programmatic interface. As illustrated in FIG. 2B, executed third-party application **108** may perform operations that store OAuth token **246** within a corresponding portion of accessible memory **116**, e.g., alone or in conjunction with additional data that identifies computing system **130** and that establishes an association between OAuth token **246** and computing system **130**.

[0059] By provisioning consent document **244** to a trusted, contained-based application deployed by computing system **130**, e.g., container-based access management widget **110**, certain of the exemplary embodiments described herein may delegate any determination of a consistency between a requested access to elements of confidential data maintained by computing system **130** (e.g., as generated by executed third-party application **108**) and a type or level of access previously granted by user **101**, from computing system **130** to access management widget **110** executed by client device **102**. By way of example, and upon receipt of a request for one or more elements of confidential data, or for a performance of one or more operations on the elements of confidential data, from third-party application **108**, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that, among other things, establish that the requested access is consistent with the previously granted level or type of access specified within consent document **244**, e.g., as maintained locally within container memory **114**.

[0060] As described herein, and responsive to an established consistency between the requested elements of the confidential data and the granted access specified within locally maintained consent document **244**, executed access management widget **110** may route the request for the elements of confidential data and a corresponding OAuth token, e.g., OAuth token **246**, across network **170** to computing system **130** via a secure programmatic interface. In some examples, computing system **130** may receive the request and OAuth token **246**, and may perform operations that provision the requested elements of confidential data (e.g., in encrypted form) based not on any further evaluation of the consistency between the requested and the level or type of access previously granted by user **101**, but instead based on a determined validity of OAuth token **246**.

[0061] Certain of these exemplary processes, which enable computing system **130** to rely a consent determination implemented by a trusted, container-based application deployed to client device **102** when provisioning confidential data to a third-party application, may be implemented in addition

to, or as an alternate to, conventional processes through which computing system **130** provisions confidential data requested by the third-party application in response to both a determined consistency between both a received OAuth token and a locally maintained OAuth token, and a determined consistency between the requested elements of confidential data and a the level or type of access previously granted to the third-party application by user **101**, e.g., as specified within locally maintained consent data. By delegating any determination of the consistency between the third-party application's request for confidential data and the level or type of access previously granted to the third-party application to the trusted, container-based application, certain of these exemplary processes may increase an efficiency at which computing system **130** provisions requested elements of confidential data (e.g., as computing system **130** only validated the received OAuth token) and reduces instances or potential fraudulent activity or unauthorized access (e.g., as any inconsistency between the requested and granted access would be detected and mediated at client device **102**, and not at computing system **130**).

[0062] FIGS. 3A and 3B illustrate additional portions of computing environment **100**, in accordance with some exemplary embodiments. Referring to FIG. 3A, and upon execution by processor **106** of client device **102**, one or more application modules of third-party application **108**, such as request management module **301**, may generate a request **302** to perform one or more operations on elements of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by one or more network-connected computing systems within environment **100**, such as the elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data maintained by computing system **130** within confidential data store **136**. By way of example, and as described herein, executed third-party application **108** may include, but is not limited to, a financial management application, a financial aggregator application, or financial planning application, and the one or more operations may include, but are not limited to, an aggregation, a processing, or a modification to one or more of the elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data, or a presentation of one or more raw, aggregated, processed, and/or modified elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data within a digital interface.

[0063] For example, request **302** may correspond to a request, generated by executed third-party application **108**, to present a current account balance of a credit card account held by user **101** and data characterizing a specified number of recent purchase transactions involving that credit card account (e.g., the third-most recent purchase transactions involving the credit card account.) within a digital interface. In some instances, request **302** may include information **304** that identifies each of the one or more requested operations (e.g., the presentation of the account balance and the transaction data within the digital interface), and that identifies each of the one or more elements of confidential data associated with the requested operations (e.g., elements of account data and transaction data maintained by computing system **130**).

[0064] Further, executed request management module **301** may also obtain an OAuth token **306** from accessible memory **116**, and may package OAuth token **306** within a corresponding portion of request **302**. In some instances, OAuth token **306** may be provisioned to third-party application **108** by access management widget **110** based on a successful outcome of any of the exemplary token-based authorization and consent processes described herein, and may be indicative of an authentication of an identity of user **101** by computing system **130** and a prior grant of a particular type or level of access to third-party application **108** by user **101**. As illustrated in FIG. 3A, executed third-party application **108** may provide request **302** as an input to executed access management widget **110** via a programmatic interface maintained within application container **112**, such as API **208**.

[0065] By way of example, local validation module **256** of executed access management widget **110** may receive request **302** from API **208**, may parse request **302** to obtain OAuth token **306**, and may perform operations that validate extracted OAuth token **306**. By way of example, when executed by access management widget **110**, local validation module **256** may perform operations

that compare OAuth token **306** against a local copy of an OAuth token, e.g., OAuth token **246**, maintained within container memory **114**. In one instance, if executed local validation module **256** were to detect an inconsistency between OAuth token **306** (e.g., as received from executed third-party application **108**) and OAuth token **246** (e.g., as maintained within container memory **114**), executed local validation module **256** may decline to validate extracted OAuth token **306**, and executed access management widget **110** may discard request **302** and generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108**.

[0066] In other instances, if executed local validation module **256** were to determine that extracted OAuth token **306** corresponds to or matches locally maintained OAuth token **246**, executed local validation module **256** may validate OAuth token **306** and request **302**. Executed local validation module **256** may extract, from request **302**, information **304** that identifies each of the one or more requested operations and each of the elements of confidential data associated with the requested operations, and may provide information **304** as an input to a consent detection module **310** of executed access management widget **110**. When executed by client device **102** (e.g., based on one or more commands programmatically generated by access management widget **110**), consent detection module **310** may access consent document **244**, e.g., as maintained within container memory **114**, and based on a comparison between consent document **244** and information **304**, determine whether each of the one or more requested operations, and the associated the elements of confidential data, are consistent with the level or type of access to previously granted by user **101**.

[0067] If, for example, executed consent detection module **310** were to detect an inconsistency between the previously granted level or type of access (e.g., as specified within consent document **244**) and either (i) the one or more requested operations or (ii) the associated elements of confidential data, consent detection module **310** may determine that the request **302** is inconsistent with the previously granted type or level of access. In some instances (not illustrated in FIG. 3A), executed access management widget **110** may discard request **302**, and may generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface.

[0068] Alternatively, if consent detection module **310** were to establish a consistency between the access previously granted to third-party application **108** and each of the requested operations and each of the associated elements of confidential data, consent detection module **310** may perform operations that extract, from information **304**, identifiers of the one or more elements of confidential data associated with the requested operations, and package these identifiers into corresponding portions of accessible data identifiers **312**. Further, executed consent detection module **310** may generate a provisioning request **314** that includes accessible data identifiers **312** and OAuth token **306**, along with a unique identifier **313A** of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., a unique cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, etc.) and a unique identifier **313B** of client device **102** (e.g., an IP address etc.). Identifiers **313A** and **313B** may, for example, enable executed authorization engine **142** to verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102**, and consent detection module **310** may perform operations that cause client device **102** to transmit provisioning request across network **170** to computing system **130**, e.g., via communications interface **118**.

[0069] In other instances, consent detection module **310** may establish that one or more of the requested operations, or that one or more of the elements of confidential data associated with the requested operations, are partially inconsistent or fully inconsistent with the previously granted type or level of access. By way of example, consent document **244** may specify that user **101** granted permission for access management widget **110** to present, on behalf of third-party application **108** and through a corresponding digital interface, elements of confidential account data that characterize a current account balance of one or more financial services accounts held by user **101**, including the credit card account described herein, and elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a transaction type, value, and time for one or more transactions involving user

101.

[0070] Additionally, consent document **244** may also specify that user **101** denied third-party application **108** access to any raw element of confidential data maintained by computing system **130**, and that user **101** denied access management widget **110** permission to present, on behalf of third-party application **108**, elements of confidential transaction data characterizing a payment instrument, a product or service, or a merchant involved in the one or more transactions. The disclosed embodiments are, however, not limited to these examples of accessible elements of confidential data or permitted operations, and in other instances, consent document **244** may identify any additional or alternate type or level of access to confidential data granted or denied to third-party application **108** by user **101**, or any additional or alternate permissible or impermissible operation, that would be appropriate to third-party application **108**, access management widget **110**, and computing system **130**.

[0071] For example, and referring back to FIG. 3A, consent detection module **310** may establish a consistency between the level or type of access granted to third-party application **108** by user **101** (e.g., as specified within consent document **244**) and (i) the requested operation (e.g., the presentation of the account balance and the transaction data within the digital interface, as specified within information **304**) and (ii) the associated element of confidential account data associated with the requested operation (e.g., the current account balance of the credit card account held by user **101**, as specified within information **304 304**). Based on the established consistency, executed consent detection module **310** may parse information **304** to extract one or more identifiers of the element of confidential account data associated with the requested operation (e.g., the current account balance of the credit card account), and package the one or more extracted identifiers within a corresponding portion of accessible data identifiers **312**. The one or more extracted identifiers may include, but are not limited to, a data type associated the requested elements of confidential account data (e.g., the current account balance), an identifier of user **101** (e.g., a portion of authentication credentials **230**, which uniquely identify user **101** at computing system **130**), or an identifier of the credit card account held by user **101** (e.g., a name of the credit card account, a portion of a tokenized account number, etc.).

[0072] Consent detection module **310** may also establish the elements of confidential transaction data associated with the requested operation, e.g., data characterizing transactions involving that credit card account within the particular temporal interval, are partially consistent with the level or type of access granted to third-party application **108**. For example, while consent document **244** may specify that user **101** granted third-party application **108** access to confidential transaction data, consent document **244** may also specify that user **101** limited an accessibility of the confidential transaction data to those elements that characterize the transaction type, value, and time for transactions involving user **101**. As such, consent detection module **310** may establish that the elements of confidential transaction data associated with the requested operation are broader in composition than the accessible elements of confidential transaction data specified within consent document **244**, and as such, that the requested elements of confidential transaction data are partially consistent with the previously granted access.

[0073] In response to the established partial consistency, executed consent detection module **310** may parse information **304** to extract one or more identifiers of the elements of confidential transaction data associated with the requested operation (e.g., the data characterizing transactions involving that credit card account within the particular temporal interval), and package the extracted identifiers within an additional portion of accessible data identifiers **312**. The one or more extracted identifiers may include, but are not limited to, a data type associated the requested elements of confidential transaction data (e.g., raw transaction data), an identifier of user **101** (e.g., a portion of authentication credentials **230**, which uniquely identify user **101** at computing system **130**), an identifier of the credit card account held by user **101** (e.g., a name of the credit card account, a portion of a tokenized account number, etc.), and the particular temporal interval (e.g.,

twenty-four hours, etc.).

[0074] Further, and based on the established partial consistency, consent detection module **310** may also package into accessible data identifiers **312**, additional data that identifies those accessible elements of accessible transaction data specified within consent document **244**, e.g., the transaction type, value, and time. Executed consent detection module **310** may generate provisioning request **314** that includes accessible data identifiers **312**, OAuth token **306**, and in some instances, identifiers **313A** and **313B** as described herein, and may perform operations that cause client device **102** to transmit provisioning request **314** across network **170** to computing system **130**, e.g., via communications interface **118**.

[0075] Referring to FIG. 3B, a secure, programmatic interface established and maintained by computing system **130**, such as application programming interface (API) **316** may receive and route provisioning request **314** to validation engine **144** of computing system **130**. When executed by the one or more processors of computing system **130**, validation engine **144** may parse provisioning request **314** to extract identifiers **313A** and **313B** and further, to extract OAuth token **306**. Executed validation engine **144** may also access consent data store **138** and extract locally maintained identifiers of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., identifier **236A**) and of client device **102** (e.g., identifier **236B**), and a locally maintained copy of the OAuth token provisioned to executed access management widget **110** (e.g., OAuth token **246**).

[0076] In some instances, executed validation engine **144** may perform operations that validate identifier **313A** of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., based on a comparison with locally maintained identifier **236A**) and that validate identifier **313B** of client device **102** (e.g., based on a comparison with locally maintained identifier **236B**). In some instances, by validating extracted identifiers **313A** and **313B**, executed validation engine **144** may verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102** by computing system **130**.

[0077] If executed validation engine **144** were unable to validate extracted identifier **313A** or extracted identifier **313B**, executed validation engine **144** may perform operations that generate and transmit an error message across network **120** to client device **102**, e.g., via API **208** (not illustrated in FIG. 3B). Alternatively, if executed validation engine **144** were to validate extracted identifier **313A** and extracted identifier **313B**, executed validation engine **144** may verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget, and may perform further operations that validate OAuth token **306** (e.g., as extracted from provisioning request **314**) based on a comparison with locally maintained OAuth token **246** (e.g., as extracted from consent data store **138**). For example, if executed validation engine **144** were to detect an inconsistency between OAuth token **306** and locally maintained OAuth token **246**, executed validation engine **144** may decline to provision any of the requested elements of confidential data to access management widget **110**, and may perform operations that generate and transmit an error message across network **120** to client device **102**, e.g., via API **208** (not illustrated in FIG. 3B).

[0078] In other instances, if executed validation engine **144** were to establish a consistency between OAuth token **306** and locally maintained OAuth token **246** (e.g., that OAuth token **306** matches OAuth token **246**), executed validation engine **144** may validate provisioning request **314** and further, may rely on a prior determination by executed access management widget **110** that the requested elements of confidential data (e.g., as specified by accessible data identifiers **312**) comply and are consistent with the level or type of access previously granted to third-party application **108** by user **101** (e.g., as specified within consent document **244**). Executed validation engine **144** may perform operations that extract accessible data identifiers **312** from provisioning request **314**, and may provide accessible data identifiers **312** as input to extraction module **318** of computing system **130**.

[0079] When executed by the one or more processors of computing system **130**, extraction module **318** may access confidential data store **136**, and identify and extract one or more elements of

confidential data **320** that correspond to accessible data identifiers **312**. For example, the elements of confidential data **320** may include, among other things, the current account balance of the credit card account held by user **101** (e.g., a balance of \$3,775.00), and elements of transaction data that specify a transaction time or date, a transaction type, and a transaction value of each of the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving the credit card account.

[0080] In some instances, executed extraction module **318** may provide the elements of confidential data **320** as inputs to a provisioning module **322**. When executed by the one or more processors of computing system **130**, provisioning module **322** may encrypt each of the elements of confidential data **320** using, for example, a public cryptographic key associated with or assigned to access management widget **110**, and may output elements of encrypted confidential data **326**. Further, executed provisioning module **322** may also perform operations that apply a digital signature **328** to the elements of encrypted confidential data **326**, e.g., using any appropriate digital signature algorithm in conjunction with a private cryptographic key of computing system **130**.

[0081] Executed encryption module **146** may package the elements of encrypted confidential data **326** into corresponding portions of a provisioning response **332**, along with digital signature **328** and a public key certificate **334** of computing system **130** (e.g., that includes a corresponding public cryptographic key). In some instances, executed provisioning module **322** may perform operations that cause computing system **130** to transmit provisioning response **332** across network **170** to client device **102** using any appropriate communications protocol, e.g., via the corresponding communications interface, such as the transceiver device.

[0082] API **208** of executed access management widget **110** may receive provisioning response **332** (e.g., on behalf of executed third-party application **108**), and may route provisioning response **332** to local validation module **256** of executed access management widget **110**. In some instances, when executed by processor **106** of client device **102**, local validation module **256** may parse provisioning response **332** to extract digital signature **328** and public key certificate **334**, and may perform operations that validate digital signature **328** based on the public cryptographic key of computing system **130** included within public key certificate **334**. If, for example, local validation module **256** were unable to validate digital signature **328**, local validation module **256** may determine that at least a portion of provisioning response **332** was corrupted during transmission or was modified by an unauthorized third party (e.g., a malicious actor through a man-in-the-middle attack, etc.), and executed access management widget **110** may discard provisioning response **332** and await additional provisioning response generated and transmitted by computing system **130** (not illustrated in FIG. 3B).

[0083] In other examples, responsive to the validation of digital signature **328**, local validation module **256** may provide the elements of encrypted confidential data **326** as an input to a data processing module **336** of executed access management widget **110**. When executed by processor **106** of client device **102**, data processing module **336** may perform operations that store the elements of encrypted confidential data **326** within a corresponding portion of container memory **114**, which is isolated from and inaccessible to third-party application **108**. Further, in some instances, executed data processing module **336** may access a private cryptographic key of access management widget **110**, e.g., as maintained within an additional portion of container memory **114**, and may decrypt the elements of encrypted confidential data **326** (e.g., to generate decrypted elements of confidential data **338**). Executed data processing module **336** may route the decrypted elements of confidential data **338** to an operations module **339** of executed access management widget **110**, which when executed by client device **102**, performs the one or more operations on the decrypted elements of confidential data **338** that are requested by executed third-party application **108** (e.g., as specified by information **304** within request **302**) and that are consistent with the level or type of access previously granted to third-party application **108** by user **101** (e.g., as specified within consent document **244**).

[0084] The one or more requested operations may include, among other things, processes that

aggregate, transform, or modify certain of the decrypted elements of confidential data **338**, and that provision the aggregated, transformed, or modified elements of confidential data **320** to executed third-party application **108** (e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface), while maintaining the isolation and security of the elements of encrypted confidential data within container memory **114**. In other instances, and in accordance with the level or type of access previously granted to third-party application **108** by user **101**, executed local data processing module **336** may perform operation provision certain of the decrypted elements of confidential data **338**, e.g., in raw form without aggregation, transformation, or modification, to executed third-party application **108** via the secure, programmatic interface.

[0085] Additionally, in some examples, the requested operations may also include presenting the decrypted elements of confidential data **338** within a corresponding digital interface, while maintaining the isolation and security of the elements of encrypted confidential data within container memory **114**. For instance, and referring back to FIG. **3B**, executed operations module **339** may perform operations that generate one or more interface elements **340** that provide a graphical or textual representation of corresponding ones of the decrypted elements of confidential data **320**. Operations module **339** may route each of generated interface elements **340** to display unit **116A** of client device **102**, which may render generated interface elements **340** for presentation within digital interface **342**.

[0086] For example, as illustrated in FIG. **3C**, digital interface **342** may include interface element **344**, which when rendered for presentation, identifies a current account balance of \$3,775.00 for the credit card account held by user **101**. Further, digital interface **342** may also include additional interface elements **346**, which when rendered for presentation, identify the transaction dates, transaction types, and transaction values of at least a portion of the thirty, most-recent transactions involving the credit card account of user **101**. In some instances, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that generate and present the digital interface requested by executed third-party application **108**, e.g., digital interface **342**, autonomously and while maintaining an isolation of the encrypted elements of confidential data **326** from executed third-party application **108** within secure portions of container memory **114**.

[0087] In some exemplary embodiments, executed access management widget **110** may to perform operations that confirm, to user **101**, that certain of the presented elements of confidential data **320**, e.g., the account balance of the credit card account within presented interface elements **344** and the transaction dates, transaction types, and transaction values within presented interface elements **346**, were obtained from a trusted, secure source or custodian, such computing system **130**. For instance, and as described herein, executed local validation module **256** may validate digital signature **328** included within provisioning response **332**, and based on the successful validation of digital signature **328**, executed access management widget **110** may not only verify an integrity of provisioning response **332**, but also determine that computing system **130**, which generated the elements of encrypted confidential data **326**, represents a secure and trusted source of data characterizing the credit card account held by user **101**.

[0088] In some instances, and based on the determination that computing system **130** represents a secure and trusted data source, data processing module **336** may generate one or more additional interface elements that, when rendered for presentation within digital interface **342** (e.g., by display unit **116A**), provide a visual confirmation to user **101** of not only the trusted nature of each of the presented elements of confidential data **320**, but also the trusted and secure nature of the source of confidential data **320**. For example, as illustrated in FIG. **3C**, local data processing module **336** may generate, and display unit **116A** may render for presentation, an additional interface element **344A** that confirms visually to user **101** the trusted nature of the presented account balance of the credit card account (e.g., within interface elements **344**) and that computing system **130** represents a trusted secure source for the presented account balance.

[0089] Further, local data processing module **336** may generate, and display unit **116A** may render

for presentation, an additional interface element **346A** that confirms visually to user **101** the trusted nature of the presented transactions times, types, and amounts (e.g., within interface elements **346**), and that computing system **130** represents a trusted secure source for the presented account balance. As illustrated in FIG. 3C, display unit **116A** may render each of additional interface elements **344A** and **346A** at positions within digital interface **342** that are proximate to respective ones of interface elements **344A** and **344B**.

[0090] Further, additional interface elements **344A** and **346A** include one or more icons or glyphs, which may be predetermined by access management widget **110** or which may be selected by user **101** (e.g., based on puppet provided to client device **102** in response to an additional digital interface). In some instances, the one or more icons, glyphs, or digital images may be associated with, and specific to, a particular source of confidential data, such as computing system **130**, and examples of additional interface elements **344A** and **346A** include, but are not limited to, a check mark (illustrated in FIG. 3C), a padlock, or any additional or alternate image that conveys visually to user **101** the secure and trusted nature of the presented confidential data and the sources of that confidential data. Additionally, or alternatively, additional interface elements **346A** and **346B** may include a digital image provided to access management widget **110**, selected by user **101** from one or more candidate images presented to user **101** through a corresponding digital interface, or captured by a digital camera incorporated into or in communication with client device **102**.

[0091] In some examples, third-party application **108** may generate and provide, to executed access management widget **110** via API **208**, a request (e.g., request **302** of FIG. 3A) that executed access management widget **110** perform operations on elements of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by one or more network-connected computing systems within environment **100**, such as the confidential elements of profile, account, and transaction data maintained by computing system **130**. For example, the requested operations may include, but are not limited to, a presentation of certain elements of confidential data within a digital interface, and executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to validate an OAuth token included within request **302** (e.g., based on OAuth token **246** maintained within container memory **114**) and to verify that the requested operations are consistent with a level or type of access previously granted by user **101** (e.g., based on consent document **244** maintained within container memory **114**). Based on the validation of the OAuth token and on the verified consistency between the requested operations and the previously granted level or type of access, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to obtain the elements of confidential data from computing system **130**, and to perform the requested operations on the confidential data.

[0092] In other examples, the requested operations may include, but are not limited to, operations that aggregate, process, or modify certain of the elements of confidential data, and that generate aggregated, processed, or modified output data for presentation within the corresponding digital interface, or for provisioning back to executed third-party application **108**. The aggregated, processed, or modified output may, in some instances, specify a total number or value of transactions involving one or more accounts of payment instruments held by user **101** during a particular temporal interval, or involving certain counterparties (e.g., merchants or retailers, etc.), characterized by certain transaction types (e.g., credit, debit, etc.), or involving certain product or services.

[0093] The aggregated, processed, or modified output may also include statistical data characterizing these transactions, such as a transaction frequency or an average transaction value. The disclosed embodiments are, however, not limited to these examples of aggregated, processed, or modified output, and in further instances, portions of the executed aggregated, processed, or modified output may include any additional or alternate value or metric derived from or based on the elements of confidential data obtained from computing system **130** and maintained securely within container memory **114**.

[0094] In other exemplary embodiments, described below in reference to FIGS. 4A and 4B, executed third-party application **108** may also request, from executed access management widget **110**, access to one or more of the raw elements of confidential data obtained from computing system **130**, which may be maintained securely within portions of container memory **114** inaccessible to third-party application **108**. For instance, and using any of the exemplary processes described herein, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that obtain one or more elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data from computing system **130**, and that store each of the obtained elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data within a portion of container memory **114** inaccessible to executed third-party application **108**. As described herein, and responsive to a request received from executed third-party application **108** (e.g., via API **208** of FIG. 3A), executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that verify a corresponding OAuth token within the received request and further, that establish whether the requested access to the raw elements of confidential profile, account, or transaction data is consistent with a level or type of access previously granted by user **101**, e.g., based on consent document **244**.

[0095] As described herein, if executed access management widget **110** were to establish the user **101** granted executed third-party application **108** access to the raw elements of confidential data maintained within container memory **114**, executed access management widget **110** may perform further operations that parse consent document **244** to determine whether, and to what extent, user **101** granted third-party application **108** permission to distribute all or selected portions of the raw elements of confidential data to additional computing systems operating within environment **100**, e.g., to fourth- or fifth-party systems or to additional applications executed by these fourth- or fifth-party systems. Responsive to a determination that user **101** granted permission for third-party application **108** to access one or more of the raw elements of confidential data, but did not permit any further distribution of those raw elements of confidential data to the other computing systems, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein that, either alone or in conjunction with one or more of peer systems **180**, digitally modify selected portions of the raw elements of confidential data prior to distribution to third-party application **108** (e.g., through an application of one or more appropriate digital watermarks, etc.).

[0096] In some instances, although invisible and undetectable by executed third-party application **108**, the additional computing systems, or the application programs executed by the additional computing systems, the digitally modified portions of the confidential data may be recognizable by a computing system operated by a centralized authority, such as, but not limited to, a regulatory, governmental, or legal entity, or a consortium or industry group of financial institutions or related entities. For example, the digital modification of the accessible raw elements of confidential data may enable the computing system operated by the centralized authority to identify and track those raw elements of confidential data provisioned to third-party application **108** in an instance of a subsequent breach or subsequent misuse. Certain of these disclosed exemplary embodiments may enable executed access management widget **110** to mediate an ability of a third-party application, such as executed third-party application **108**, to access or distribute raw elements of confidential data in a manner inconsistent with the level or type of access previously granted to by user **101**.

[0097] Referring to FIG. 4A, executed third-party application **108** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate a request **402** to access one or more elements of raw confidential data maintained securely within container memory **114** by executed access management widget **110** (e.g., via executed request management module **301**, as described herein). By way of example, and as illustrated in FIG. 4A, executed access management widget **110** may maintain, within container memory **114**, one or more encrypted elements of confidential data **404**, which may include, but are not limited, raw elements of confidential profile, account, or transaction data obtained by executed access management widget **110** from computing system **130** using any of the exemplary processes described herein.

[0098] The requested elements of confidential data may, for example, include elements of transaction data characterizing a specified number of prior transactions involving a payment instrument held by user **101** (e.g., the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving a credit card held by user **101**), and request **402** may include information **406** that identifies the request by third-party application **108** to access elements of raw transaction data maintained within container memory **114**, and that identifies each of the requested elements of confidential transaction data, e.g., transaction data characterizing the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving a credit card held by user **101**. Further, request **402** may include an OAuth token **408** indicative of a successful outcome of one or more of the exemplary token-based authentication and consent processes described herein.

[0099] As illustrated in FIG. 4A, executed third-party application **108** may provide request **402** as an input to executed access management widget **110** via a programmatic interface maintained within application container **112**, such as API **208**. In some instances, local validation module **256** of executed access management widget **110** may receive request **402** from API **208**, may parse request **402** to obtain OAuth token **408**, and may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to validate extracted OAuth token **408**, e.g., based on a comparison between received OAuth token **408** and OAuth token **246** maintained locally within container memory **114**. In one instance, if executed local validation module **256** were to detect an inconsistency between OAuth token **408** (e.g., as received from executed third-party application **108**) and OAuth token **246** (e.g., as maintained within container memory **114**), executed local validation module **256** may decline to validate extracted OAuth token **408**, and executed access management widget **110** may discard request **402** and generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108** (not illustrated in FIG. 4A).

[0100] In other instances, if executed local validation module **256** were to determine that received OAuth token **408** corresponds to or matches locally maintained OAuth token **246**, executed local validation module **256** may validate OAuth token **306** and request **402**. Executed local validation module **256** may perform additional operations that extract, from request **402**, information **406** that identifies the request by third-party application **108** to access elements of raw transaction data maintained within container memory **114**, and that identifies the requested elements of raw transaction data characterizing the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving a credit card held by user **101**, and may provide information **406** as an input to consent detection module **310** of executed access management widget **110**. When executed by client device **102** (e.g., based on one or more commands programmatically generated by access management widget **110**), consent detection module **310** may access consent document **244**, e.g., as maintained within container memory **114**, and based on a comparison between consent document **244** and portions of information **406**, determine whether (and in some instances, to what extent) user **101** previously granted executed third-party application **108** access to the requested elements of raw transaction data maintained within container memory **114**.

[0101] In one instance, and based on portions of consent document **244**, executed consent detection module **310** may determine that user **101** denied third-party application **108** access to any of the requested elements of raw transaction data, e.g., the elements of raw transaction data maintained within container memory **114** and characterizing the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving a credit card held by user **101**. In response to this determination, executed access management widget **110** may discard request **302**, and may generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface (not illustrated in FIG. 4A).

[0102] Alternatively, if executed consent detection module **310** were to establish that user **101** granted executed third-party application **108** access to the requested elements of raw transaction data, executed consent detection module **310** may perform further operations that determine an extent to which user **101** also granted executed third-party application **108** permission to distribute

all or a portion of the requested elements of confidential transaction data to additional, unrelated computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to applications programs executed by the these additional computing systems, e.g., fourth- and fifth-party applications. For example, as illustrated in FIG. **4A**, executed consent detection module **310** may parse consent document **244** to identify and access permissioning data **414**, which may specify one or more limitations or restrictions on an ability of executed third-party application **108** to distribute the requested elements of confidential transaction data to the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed application programs.

[0103] In some instances, and based permissioning data **414**, executed consent detection module **310** may determine that user **101** imposed no limitations or restrictions on the ability of executed third-party application **108** to distribute the requested elements of confidential transaction data to the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed application programs. Based on the determination that executed third-party application **108** may freely distribute the requested elements of confidential transaction data, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations (not illustrated in FIG. **4A**) that access the one or more encrypted elements of confidential data **404** maintained within container memory **114**, and that decrypt each of the encrypted elements of confidential data **404** using corresponding private cryptographic key, e.g., maintained within container memory **114**. Further, although not illustrated in FIG. **4A**, executed access management widget **110** may also extract the requested elements of the confidential transaction data from the newly decrypted elements of confidential data, and provide the requested elements of the confidential transaction data to executed third-party application **108** via a secure, programmatic interface.

[0104] In other instances, and based on an analysis of permissioning data **414**, executed consent detection module **310** may establish that user **101** denied executed third-party application **108** permission to distribute the requested elements of confidential data to any of the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed applications or alternatively, to a selected subset of the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed applications. In response to the established denial of permission by user **101**, executed consent detection module **310** may provide information **406** as an input to a data security engine **416** of executed access management widget **110**, which when executed by client device **102**, may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to decrypt the encrypted elements of confidential data **404**, extract the requested elements of confidential transaction from the newly decrypted confidential data, and digitally modify selected portions of the requested elements of confidential data prior to distribution to third-party application **108**, e.g., alone or in conjunction with one or more of peer systems **180**.

[0105] By way of example, an extraction module **418** of executed data security engine **416** may receive information **406**, and may perform operation that decrypt of the encrypted elements of confidential data **404** using a private cryptographic key of access management widget **110**. Based on portions of information **406** (which identifies the requested elements of confidential transaction data), executed extraction module **418** may parse the newly-decrypted elements of confidential data to extracted the requested elements of confidential data, e.g., as requested transaction data **420**. As described herein, requested transaction data **420** may include raw elements of transaction data characterizing the thirty, most-recent purchase transactions involving the credit card held by user **101**, and executed extraction module **418** may route requested transaction data **420** to a digital watermarking module **422** of executed data security engine **416**. When executed by client device **102**, digital watermarking module **422** may perform operations that apply one or more digital watermarks to selected portions of requested transaction data **420**.

[0106] In one example, illustrated in FIG. **4A**, executed digital watermarking module **422** may access a local copy of distributed ledger **186**, e.g., as maintained securely within container memory **114**, and parse one or more elements of distributed ledger **186** to access rubric data **424** that specifies one or more candidate rubrics for applying the one or more digital watermarks to the

selected portions of requested transaction data. In other instances, not illustrated in FIG. 4A, executed access management widget **110** may maintain all or a portion of rubric data **424** within one or more memories inaccessible to, and isolated from, executed third-party application **108**, e.g., within a portion of container memory **114**.

[0107] In some instances, each of the candidate rubrics may identify and characterize one or more digital modifications to specified portions of confidential data, which when implemented by executed digital watermarking module **422**, apply a corresponding digital watermark to the confidential data. Further, each of the candidate rubrics within rubric data **424** may be established by a centralized authority, such as, but not limited to, a regulatory, governmental, or legal entity, or a consortium or industry group of financial institutions or related entities, and a computing system operated by corresponding ones of the centralized authorities may generate data identifying and characterizing corresponding ones of the candidate rubrics, and broadcast the generated data across network **170** to one or more of peer systems **180**, which may perform consensus-based operations that record the generated data onto the distributed ledger, e.g., within rubric data **424**.

[0108] In some instances, one or more of the candidate rubrics may be associated with a particular type of third-party application (e.g., a financial aggregation application, a financial management application, etc.), with a particular type or class of third party (e.g., a financial institution, an unrelated business entity, etc.), with a risk level that characterizes the third party or the third-party application (e.g., a high, medium, or low risk, etc.), with a particular class of requested confidential data (e.g., confidential profile, account, or transaction data, etc.), and additionally or alternatively, with a particular element of requested confidential data (e.g., an account balance, a government-issued identifier, etc.). Executed digital watermarking module **422** may select, from rubric data **424**, a candidate rubric **426** that is appropriate to the third-party application **108**, the requested elements of confidential transaction data (e.g., that characterize the thirty most-recent purchase transactions involving the credit card account held by user **101**), and in some instances, a level of risk that characterizes third-party application **108**.

[0109] Executed digital watermarking module **422** may perform operations that digitally modify selected portions of requested transaction data **420** in accordance with candidate rubric **426** (e.g., to apply a corresponding one of the digital watermarks), and output modified transaction data **428**, which executed access management widget **110** may provide to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., through a secure, programmatic interface, such as API **430** established and maintained by executed request management module **301**. In some instances, the corresponding one of the digital watermarks applied by executed digital watermarking module **422** to requested transaction data **420** (e.g., as established within modified transaction data **428**) may be invisible and undetectable by executed third-party application **108**, the one or more additional computing systems, or the application programs executed by the additional computing systems (e.g., the fourth- and fifth-party applications, etc.), but may be recognizable by a computing system operated by a centralized authority, such as, but not limited to, a regulatory, governmental, or legal entity, or a consortium or industry group of financial institutions or related entities. For example, the applied digital watermark may enable the computing system operated by the centralized authority to identify and track those raw elements of confidential data provisioned to third-party application **108** in an instance of a subsequent breach or subsequent misuse of the raw elements of confidential data.

[0110] In other examples, executed digital watermarking module **422** may modify requested transaction data **420** not on the basis of locally maintained rubric data or rubric data recorded onto a locally maintained distributed ledger, but instead based on an execution of a distributed smart contract recorded immutably within distributed ledger **186**, e.g., in conjunction with one or more of peer systems **180**. For example, and referring to FIG. 4B, executed digital watermarking module **422** may receive requested transaction data **420**, and may perform operations that encrypt requested transaction data **420** using a public cryptographic key of the distributed smart contract, e.g., to generate encrypted transaction data **434**. Further, executed digital watermarking module **422** may

package encrypted transaction data **434** and one or more elements of application data **436** into corresponding portions of a watermarking request **437**. In some instances, application data **436** may include, but is not limited to, an application type associated with third-party application **108**, information identifying or characterizing the third-party entity that developed third-party application **108** and additionally, or alternatively, a risk level associated with third-party application **108**.

[0111] Further, executed digital watermarking module **422** may also perform operations that apply a digital signature **438** to encrypted transaction data **434** and to application data **436** using any appropriate digital signature algorithm using a private cryptographic key of access management widget **110**. Executed digital watermarking module **422** may also package, into watermarking request **437**, digital signature **438**, a public key certificate **440** of access management widget **110** (e.g., that include a public cryptographic key of access management widget **110**), and a unique contract identifier **442** of the distributed smart contract. Executed access management widget **110** may perform further operations that broadcast watermarking request **437** across network **120** to the one or more peer systems **180**, including peer system **182**.

[0112] Each of peer systems **180**, including peer system **182**, may receive watermarking request **437** through a secure, programmatic interface, and may parse watermarking request **437** to detect contract identifier **442**. By way of example, upon detection of the contract identifier, peer system **182** (and each additional or alternate one of peer systems **180**) may access elements of executable code recorded onto distributed ledger **186**, e.g., within smart contract ledger blocks **444**. In some instances, smart contract ledger blocks **444** may include a distributed digital watermarking module **446** that, when executed by each of peer systems **180**, including peer system **182** (e.g., by one or more processors or through an instantiated virtual machine), performs operations that verify digital signature **438**, e.g., based on the public cryptographic key extracted from public key certificate **440**, that extract encrypted transaction data **434** and application data **436** from watermarking request **437**, and that decrypt encrypted transaction data **434** using a private cryptographic key of the distributed smart contract.

[0113] Further, when executed by each of peer systems **180**, including peer system **182**, distributed digital watermarking module **446** may also access rubric data **448**, as maintained within one or more tangible, non-transitory memories (e.g., within data repository **184** maintained by peer system **182**), and may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to select a candidate rubric **450** that is consistent with the newly decrypted transaction data and with the application type, the information identifying or characterizing the third-party entity, and additionally, or alternatively, the risk level associated with third-party application **108**, as specified within application data **436**. In some instances, executed distributed digital watermarking module **446** may also perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to digitally modify selected portions of the decrypted transaction data in accordance with candidate rubric **450** (e.g., to apply a corresponding one of the digital watermarks), to encrypt the modified transaction data using a public cryptographic key of access management widget **110**, and to output encrypted modified transaction data **452**, e.g., for inclusion within a watermarking response **454**.

[0114] Further, when executed by each of peer systems **180**, including peer system **182**, distributed digital watermarking module **446** may also apply a digital signature **456** to encrypted modified transaction data **452** using any appropriate digital signature algorithm using a private cryptographic key of the distributed smart contract, and that package digital signature **456** and a public key certificate **458** of the distributed smart contract (e.g., that includes a public cryptographic key of the distributed smart contract) into watermarking response **454**. Based on an outcome of the consensus-based processing, one of peer systems **180**, such as peer system **182**, may transmit watermarking response **454** across network **120** to client device **102**.

[0115] A secure, programmatic interface associated with executed access management widget **110**, such as application programming interface (API) **460**, may receive and route watermarking

response **454** to a local provisioning module **462** of executed access management widget **110**, which may perform operations that validate digital signature **456** (e.g., based on the public cryptographic key of the distributed smart contract extracted from public key certificate **458**), decrypt each element of encrypted modified transaction data **452** to output modified transaction data **466**. As illustrated in FIG. **4B**, executed local provisioning module **462** may perform operations that cause executed access management widget **110** to provide modified transaction data **466** to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., through a secure, programmatic interface, such as API **430** established and maintained by executed request management module **301**.

[0116] In some instances, the digital watermarks applied by executed distributed to the decrypted elements of the transaction data (e.g., as established within modified transaction data **466**) may be invisible and undetectable by executed third-party application **108**, the one or more additional computing systems, or the application programs executed by the additional computing systems (e.g., the fourth- and fifth-party applications, etc.), but may be recognizable by the computing system operated by a centralized authority, such as, but not limited to, a regulatory, governmental, or legal entity, or a consortium or industry group of financial institutions or related entities. As described herein, the applied digital watermark may enable the computing system operated by the centralized authority to identify and track those raw elements of confidential data provisioned to third-party application **108** in an instance of a subsequent breach or subsequent misuse of the raw elements of confidential data third-party applications.

[0117] FIG. **5** is a flowchart of an exemplary process **500** for dynamically managing consent and permissioning protocols using a container-based application, in accordance with disclosed exemplary embodiments. In some instances, a network-connected device operating within environment **100**, such as client device **102**, may perform one or more of the steps of exemplary process **500**, e.g., upon execution of a contained-based application, such as access management widget **110**, deployed to client device **102** by a network connected computing system that maintains confidential elements of profile, account, or transaction data on behalf of one or more users, such as user **101**. In some instances, access management widget **110** may be configured to operate in conjunction with a third-party application provisioned to client device **102**, e.g., third-party application **108**, which may trigger an execution of access management widget through one or more programmatically generated comments.

[0118] Referring to FIG. **5**, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations cause client device **102** to establish a secure channel of communications with a programmatic interface established and maintained by computing system **130** (e.g., in step **502**). In some instances, and responsive to the establishment of the secure communications channel, executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that, in conjunction with one or more applications programs executed by computing system **130**, initiate and implement one or more of the exemplary token-based authentication and consent protocols described herein, which collectively authenticate an identity of user **101**, establish a level or type of access granted by user **101**, and further, generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data (e.g., an OAuth token) indicative of the successful authentication and a consent document that identifies and characterizes the granted type or level of access.

[0119] For example, client device **102** may receive a request to initiate a token-based authentication and consent process from computing system **130** (e.g., in step **504**). As described herein, the request may include one or more unique identifiers of computing system **130** (e.g., an assigned internet protocol (IP) address, etc.) or an application program executed by computing system **130** (e.g., a cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data that uniquely identifies authorization engine **142** to executed access management widget **110**). The received request may also include information identify certain types or classes of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by computing system **130** (e.g., confidential profile, account, or transaction data), along with certain data elements associated with one or more of the confidential profile, account, or

transaction data.

[0120] In some instances, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may process the received request, and may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate and present a digital authentication and consent interface to user **101** (e.g., in step **506**). The digital authentication and consent interface may, for example, include interface elements that prompt user **101** to provide input to client device **102** specifying whether user **101** grants access management widget **110** permission to access, on behalf of third-party application **108**, certain types or classes of the confidential data maintained by computing system **130**. The digital authentication and consent interface may also include interface elements that prompt user **101** to provide, to client device **102**, input that specifies whether user **101** grants or denies permission for third-party application **108**, or for access management widget **110** acting on behalf of third-party application **108**, to perform one or more operations on the certain types or classes of the confidential data maintained by computing system **130**. Further, in some instances, the digital authentication and consent interface may also include additional interface elements that, when selected by user **101**, confirm the granted (or denied) access or permission and enable user **101** to provide one or more authentication credentials that uniquely identify user **101** to computing system **130**.

[0121] In step **508**, executed access management widget of client device **102** may receive, via input unit **116B**, input data that includes the one or more authentication credentials and information that identifies a level or type of access or permission granted by user **101**. Executed access management widget of client device **102** may package the extracted information into corresponding portions of consent data, and may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate a response to the received request that includes the authentication credentials and the consent data (e.g., in step **510**), and to transmit the generated response to computing system **130** via the secure, programmatic interface (e.g., in step **512**). In some instances, the response generated in step **510** may also include a unique identifier of executed access management widget **110** (e.g., a unique cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, etc.) and a unique identifier of client device **102** (e.g., an IP address etc.), which may enable computing system **130** to verify that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102**.

[0122] In some instances, and based on the generated response, computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to authenticate the identity of user **101** (e.g., based on the authentication credentials included within the generated response) and to determine a level or type of access granted to third-party application **108**, either alone or through access management widget **110**, by user **101** (e.g., based on the credential data within the generated response). Further, and using any of the exemplary processes described herein, computing system **130** may generate a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data, e.g., an OAuth token, indicative of the successful authentication, and a consent document that identifies and characterize a level or type of access granted to third-party application **108** to access elements of confidential data via access management widget **110**, and a grant or denial of a permission for third-party application **108**, or access management widget **110** on behalf of third-party application **108**, to perform one or more operations on the elements of confidential data.

[0123] Further, computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to apply a digital signature to the consent document (and in some instances, to the OAuth token), e.g., using any appropriate digital signature algorithm in conjunction with a private cryptographic key of computing system **130**. Computing system **130** may also perform operations that transmit the consent document and the OAuth token, along with the digital signature and a public key certificate of computing system **130** (e.g., that includes a corresponding public cryptographic key), across network **170** to client device **102**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface of executed access management widget **110**.

[0124] Referring back to FIG. 5, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may receive the consent document, the OAuth token, the digital signature, and the public key certificate of computing system **130** (e.g., in step **514**) and may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to validate the digital signature based on the public cryptographic key of computing system **130** included within the public key certificate (e.g., in step **516**). Responsive to the validation of the digital signature, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may store the consent document and the OAuth token within corresponding portions of a container memory that is isolated from and inaccessible to third-party application **109**, either alone or in conjunction with the public key certificate (e.g., in step **518**).

[0125] In step **520**, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may perform further operations that provide the OAuth token as an input to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., via a secure programmatic interface. In some instances, executed third-party application **108** may perform operations that store the OAuth token within a corresponding portion of an accessible memory, e.g., alone or in conjunction with additional data that identifies computing system **130** and that establishes an association between the OAuth token and computing system **130**. Exemplary process **500** is then complete in step **522**.

[0126] FIG. 6 is a flowchart of an exemplary process **600** for dynamically managing consent and permissioning protocols using a container-based application, in accordance with disclosed exemplary embodiments. In some instances, a network-connected device operating within environment **100**, such as client device **102**, may perform one or more of the steps of exemplary process **600**, e.g., upon execution of a contained-based application, such as access management widget **110**, deployed to client device **102** by a network connected computing system that maintains confidential elements of profile, account, or transaction data on behalf of one or more users, such as user **101**. In some instances, access management widget **110** may be configured to operate in conjunction with a third-party application provisioned to client device **102**, e.g., third-party application **108**, which may trigger an execution of access management widget through one or more programmatically generated comments.

[0127] Referring to FIG. 6, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may receive a request, from third-party application **108**, to perform one or more operations on elements of confidential data maintained on behalf of user **101** by one or more network-connected computing systems within environment **100**, such as the elements of confidential profile, account, and transaction data maintained by computing system **130** (e.g., in step **602**). For example, the received request may include a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data (e.g., an OAuth token) indicative of an authentication of an identity of user **101** by computing system **130**, along with information that identifies each of the one or more requested operations and each of the elements of confidential data associated with the one or more requested operations.

[0128] In some instances, executed access management widget **110** of client device **102** may access and extract the OAuth token from the received request, and perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to validate the extracted OAuth token based on a comparison with a local OAuth token maintained within a container memory inaccessible to third-party application **108** (e.g., in step **604**). For example, if executed access management widget **110** were to detect an inconsistency between the extracted OAuth token and the locally maintained OAuth token (e.g., step **604**; NO), executed access management widget **110** may discard the received request, and may generate and transmit an error message to third-party application **108** (e.g., in step **606**). Exemplary process **600** is then complete in step **608**.

[0129] In other instances, if executed access management widget **110** were to determine that the extracted OAuth token corresponds to or matches the locally maintained OAuth token (e.g., step **604**; YES), executed access management widget **110** may validate the extracted OAuth token and the received request. Executed access management widget **110** may perform additional operations

that extract, from the received request, the information identifying the requested operations and the associated elements of confidential data (e.g., in step **610**), and may access a consent document maintained locally within the container memory (e.g., in step **612**). As described herein, the consent document may identify and characterize a type or level of access granted to third-party application **108**, or granted to access management widget **110** on behalf of third-party application **108**, by user **101** through any of the exemplary processes described herein.

[0130] Further, and based on a comparison between the consent document and operational and portions of the extracted information, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to determine whether each of the one or more requested operations, and the associated access elements of confidential data, are consistent with the level or type of access to previously granted by user **101** (e.g., in step **614**). If, for example, executed access management widget **110** were to detect an inconsistency between the previously granted level or type of access (e.g., as specified within the consent document) and either the one or more requested operations or the associated elements of confidential data (e.g., step **614**; NO), executed access management widget **110** may determine that the received request is inconsistent with the consent document. Exemplary process **600** may pass back to step **606**, and executed access management widget **110** may generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface. Exemplary process **600** is then complete in step **608**.

[0131] Alternatively, if executed access management widget **110** were to establish a consistency between the level or type of access previously granted by user **101** and each of the requested operations and associated elements of confidential data (e.g., step **614**; YES), executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate a provisioning request that includes the OAuth token and all or a portion of the extracted information, along with a unique identifier of executed access management widget **110** and a unique identifier of client device **102** (e.g., in step **616**), and to transmit the generated provisioning request to computing system **130** across such as network **170**, e.g., via a secure, programmatic interface (e.g., in step **618**).

[0132] In some instances, and based on the received provisioning request, computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to determine that executed access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget developed and provisioned to client device **102** by computing system **130**, e.g., based on the unique identifiers of access management widget **110** and client device **102**. Executed access management widget **110** may also perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to extract the OAuth token from the provisioning request, and to validate the extracted OAuth token based on a comparison of a locally maintained copy of the OAuth token. Based on the determination that access management widget **110** represents a valid, container-based widget, and on the validation of the OAuth token, computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to identify and extract, from one or more data repositories (e.g., from confidential data store **136** of FIG. **1**), one or more elements of confidential data that correspond to the elements of confidential data associated with the operations requested by third-party application **108**, as described herein.

[0133] In some instances, computing system **130** may encrypt each of the elements of confidential data using, for example, a public cryptographic key of access management widget **110**, and may output elements of encrypted confidential data. Further, computing system **130** may also perform operations that apply a digital signature to the elements of encrypted confidential data, e.g., using any appropriate digital signature algorithm in conjunction with a private cryptographic key of computing system **130**, and computing system **130** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to generate a provisioning response that includes the elements of encrypted confidential data, the applied digital signature, and a public key certificate of computing system **130** (e.g., that includes a corresponding public cryptographic key). Computing system **130** may transmit the provisioning response across network **170** to client device **102** using any appropriate

communications protocol.

[0134] Referring back to FIG. 6, and in step 620, a secure, programmatic interface of executed access management widget 110 may receive the provisioning response (e.g., on behalf of executed third-party application 108). In some instances, executed access management widget 110 may parse the provisioning response to extract the digital signature and the public key certificate, and may perform operations that validate the digital signature based on the public cryptographic key of computing system 130 included within the public key certificate (e.g., in step 622). If, for example, executed access management widget 110 were unable to validate the digital signature (e.g., step 622; NO), executed access management widget 110 may determine that at least a portion of the provisioning response was corrupted during transmission or was modified by an unauthorized third party. In some instances, exemplary process 600 may pass back to step 606, and executed access management widget 110 may discard the request (and the provisioning response), and generate and transmit an error message to third-party application 108. Exemplary process 600 is then complete in step 608.

[0135] In other examples, and responsive to the validation of the digital signature (e.g., step 622; YES), executed access management widget 110 perform operations that store the elements of encrypted confidential data within a corresponding portion of container memory 114, which is inaccessible to third-party application 108 (e.g., in step 624). Executed access management widget 110 may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to decrypt the elements of encrypted confidential data, and to perform the one or more requested operations on the decrypted elements of confidential data (e.g., in step 626). As described, the one or more requested operations may be specified within the operational identifiers included within the provisioning request, and are consistent with the level or type of access previously granted by user 101 (e.g., as specified within the consent document). Exemplary process 600 is then complete in step 608.

[0136] FIG. 7 is a flowchart of an exemplary process 600 for dynamically managing consent and permissioning processes using a container-based application, in accordance with disclosed exemplary embodiments. In some instances, a network-connected device operating within environment 100, such as client device 102, may perform one or more of the steps of exemplary process 700, e.g., upon execution of a contained-based application, such as access management widget 110, deployed to client device 102 by a network connected computing system that maintains confidential elements of profile, account, or transaction data on behalf of one or more users, such as user 101. In some instances, access management widget 110 may be configured to operate in conjunction with a third-party application provisioned to client device 102, e.g., third-party application 108, which may trigger an execution of access management widget through one or more programmatically generated comments.

[0137] Referring to FIG. 7, executed access management widget 110 of client device 102 may receive a request, from third-party application 108, to access one or more elements of raw confidential data maintained within a container memory by executed access management widget 110 (e.g., in step 702). For example, and as described herein, the received request may include a digital token, cryptogram, hash value, or other element of cryptographic data (e.g., an OAuth token) indicative of an authentication of an identity of user 101 by computing system 130, along with an identifier of each of the requested elements of confidential data.

[0138] In some instances, executed access management widget 110 may access and extract the OAuth token from the received request, and perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to validate the extracted OAuth token (e.g., in step 704). For example, if executed access management widget 110 were to detect an inconsistency between the extracted OAuth token a locally maintained OAuth token (e.g., step 604; NO), executed access management widget 110 may decline to validate the extracted OAuth token, and may discard the received request and generate and transmit an error message to third-party application 108 (e.g., in step 706). Exemplary process 600 is then complete in step 608.

[0139] In other instances, if executed access management widget **110** were to determine that the extracted OAuth token corresponds to or matches the locally maintained OAuth token (e.g., step **704**; YES), executed access management widget **110** may validate the extracted OAuth token and the received request. Executed access management widget **110** may perform additional operations that extract the identifiers of the requested elements of confidential data (e.g., in step **710**), and may access consent document maintained locally within the container memory (e.g., in step **712**). As described herein, the consent document may identify and characterize a type or level of access granted to third-party application **108**, or granted to access management widget **110** on behalf of third-party application **108**, by user **101** through any of the exemplary processes described herein.

[0140] In some instances, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to determine whether the access requested by third-party application **108** is consistent with the level or type of access previously granted by user **101** (e.g., in step **714**). For example, and based on portions of the consent document, executed access management widget **110** may determine that user **101** denied third-party application **108** access to any of the requested elements of confidential data (e.g., step **710**; NO). In response to this determination, exemplary process **700** may pass back to step **706**, and executed access management widget **110** may generate and transmit an error message to executed third-party application **108**.

[0141] Alternatively, if executed access management widget **110** were to establish that user **101** granted executed third-party application **108** access to the requested elements of raw transaction data (e.g., step **714**; YES), executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to determine whether user **101** also granted executed third-party application **108** permission to distribute all or a portion of the requested elements of confidential data to additional, unrelated computing systems operating within environment **100**, or to unrelated applications programs executed by the these additional computing systems, e.g., fourth- and fifth-party applications (e.g., in step **716**).

[0142] If, for example, executed access management widget **110** were to determine that user **101** imposed no limitations or restrictions on the ability of executed third-party application **108** to distribute the requested elements of confidential transaction data (e.g., step **716**; YES), executed access management widget **110** may perform operations that access one or more encrypted elements of confidential data maintained within the container memory **114**, and that decrypt each of the encrypted elements of confidential data using corresponding private cryptographic key (e.g., in step **718**). Executed access management widget **110** may provide the requested, and newly decrypted, elements of the confidential transaction data to executed third-party application **108**, via a secure, programmatic interface (e.g., in step **720**). Exemplary process **700** is then complete in step **708**.

[0143] In other instances, if executed access management widget **110** were to determine that user **101** denied third-party application **108** permission to distribute the requested elements of confidential data to any of the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed applications or alternatively, to a selected subset of the additional, unrelated computing systems or executed applications (e.g., step **716**; NO), executed access management widget **110** may decrypt the encrypted elements of confidential data maintained within the container memory, and extract the requested elements of confidential transaction from the newly decrypted confidential data (e.g., in step **722**). Further, in step **724**, executed access management widget **110** may perform any of the exemplary processes described herein to digitally modify selected portions of the requested elements of confidential data prior to distribution to third-party application **108**, e.g., to apply a one or more digital watermarks to the requested elements of confidential data. Executed access management widget **110** may provide the digitally modified elements of confidential data, which include the one or more applied digital watermarks, to executed third-party application **108**, via a secure, programmatic interface (e.g., in step **726**). Exemplary process **700** is then complete in step **708**.

III. Exemplary Hardware and Software Implementations

[0144] Embodiments of the subject matter and the functional operations described in this specification can be implemented in digital electronic circuitry, in tangibly-embodied computer software or firmware, in computer hardware, including the structures disclosed in this specification and their structural equivalents, or in combinations of one or more of them. Exemplary embodiments of the subject matter described in this specification, such as, but not limited to, third-party application **108**, access management widget **110**, application programs **140**, authorization engine **142**, validation engine **144**, APIs **204**, **208**, **316**, and **430**, local authorization and consent module **210**, validation module **238**, consent management module **242**, local validation module **256**, request management module **301**, consent detection module **310**, extraction module **318**, provisioning module **322**, data processing module **336**, operations module **339**, extraction module **418**, digital watermarking module **422**, distributed digital watermarking module **446**, and local provisioning module **462** can be implemented as one or more computer programs, i.e., one or more modules of computer program instructions encoded on a tangible non-transitory program carrier for execution by, or to control the operation of, a data processing apparatus (or a computer system). [0145] Additionally, or alternatively, the program instructions can be encoded on an artificially generated propagated signal, such as a machine-generated electrical, optical, or electromagnetic signal that is generated to encode information for transmission to suitable receiver apparatus for execution by a data processing apparatus. The computer storage medium can be a machine-readable storage device, a machine-readable storage substrate, a random or serial access memory device, or a combination of one or more of them.

[0146] The terms “apparatus,” “device,” and “system” refer to data processing hardware and encompass all kinds of apparatus, devices, and machines for processing data, including, by way of example, a programmable processor such as a graphical processing unit (GPU) or central processing unit (CPU), a computer, or multiple processors or computers. The apparatus, device, or system can also be or further include special purpose logic circuitry, such as an FPGA (field programmable gate array) or an ASIC (application-specific integrated circuit). The apparatus, device, or system can optionally include, in addition to hardware, code that creates an execution environment for computer programs, such as code that constitutes processor firmware, a protocol stack, a database management system, an operating system, or a combination of one or more of them.

[0147] A computer program, which may also be referred to or described as a program, software, a software application, a module, a software module, a script, or code, can be written in any form of programming language, including compiled or interpreted languages, or declarative or procedural languages, and it can be deployed in any form, including as a stand-alone program or as a module, component, subroutine, or other unit suitable for use in a computing environment. A computer program may, but need not, correspond to a file in a file system. A program can be stored in a portion of a file that holds other programs or data, such as one or more scripts stored in a markup language document, in a single file dedicated to the program in question, or in multiple coordinated files, such as files that store one or more modules, sub-programs, or portions of code. A computer program can be deployed to be executed on one computer or on multiple computers that are located at one site or distributed across multiple sites and interconnected by a communication network.

[0148] The processes and logic flows described in this specification can be performed by one or more programmable computers executing one or more computer programs to perform functions by operating on input data and generating output. The processes and logic flows can also be performed by, and apparatus can also be implemented as, special purpose logic circuitry, such as an FPGA (field programmable gate array), an ASIC (application-specific integrated circuit), one or more processors, or any other suitable logic.

[0149] Computers suitable for the execution of a computer program include, by way of example, general or special purpose microprocessors or both, or any other kind of central processing unit.

Generally, a CPU will receive instructions and data from a read-only memory or a random-access memory or both. The essential elements of a computer are a central processing unit for performing or executing instructions and one or more memory devices for storing instructions and data. Generally, a computer will also include, or be operatively coupled to receive data from or transfer data to, or both, one or more mass storage devices for storing data, such as magnetic, magneto-optical disks, or optical disks. However, a computer need not have such devices. Moreover, a computer can be embedded in another device, such as a mobile telephone, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a mobile audio or video player, a game console, a Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver, or a portable storage device, such as a universal serial bus (USB) flash drive, to name just a few.

[0150] Computer-readable media suitable for storing computer program instructions and data include all forms of non-volatile memory, media and memory devices, including by way of example semiconductor memory devices, such as EPROM, EEPROM, and flash memory devices; magnetic disks, such as internal hard disks or removable disks; magneto-optical disks; and CD-ROM and DVD-ROM disks. The processor and the memory can be supplemented by, or incorporated in, special purpose logic circuitry.

[0151] To provide for interaction with a user, embodiments of the subject matter described in this specification can be implemented on a computer having a display unit, such as a CRT (cathode ray tube) or LCD (liquid crystal display) monitor, for displaying information to the user and a keyboard and a pointing device, such as a mouse or a trackball, by which the user can provide input to the computer. Other kinds of devices can be used to provide for interaction with a user as well; for example, feedback provided to the user can be any form of sensory feedback, such as visual feedback, auditory feedback, or tactile feedback; and input from the user can be received in any form, including acoustic, speech, or tactile input. In addition, a computer can interact with a user by sending documents to and receiving documents from a device that is used by the user; for example, by sending web pages to a web browser on a user's device in response to requests received from the web browser.

[0152] Implementations of the subject matter described in this specification can be implemented in a computing system that includes a back-end component, such as a data server, or that includes a middleware component, such as an application server, or that includes a front-end component, such as a computer having a graphical user interface or a Web browser through which a user can interact with an implementation of the subject matter described in this specification, or any combination of one or more such back-end, middleware, or front-end components. The components of the system can be interconnected by any form or medium of digital data communication, such as a communication network. Examples of communication networks include a local area network (LAN) and a wide area network (WAN), such as the Internet.

[0153] The computing system can include clients and servers. A client and server are generally remote from each other and typically interact through a communication network. The relationship of client and server arises by virtue of computer programs running on the respective computers and having a client-server relationship to each other. In some implementations, a server transmits data, such as an HTML page, to a user device, such as for purposes of displaying data to and receiving user input from a user interacting with the user device, which acts as a client. Data generated at the user device, such as a result of the user interaction, can be received from the user device at the server.

[0154] Similarly, while operations are depicted in the drawings in a particular order, this should not be understood as requiring that such operations be performed in the particular order shown or in sequential order, or that all illustrated operations be performed, to achieve desirable results. In certain circumstances, multitasking and parallel processing may be advantageous. Moreover, the separation of various system components in the embodiments described above should not be understood as requiring such separation in all embodiments, and it should be understood that the

described program components and systems may generally be integrated together in a single software product or packaged into multiple software products.

[0155] Various embodiments have been described herein with reference to the accompanying drawings. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes may be made thereto, and additional embodiments may be implemented, without departing from the broader scope of the disclosed embodiments as set forth in the claims that follow.

[0156] Further, other embodiments will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice of one or more embodiments of the present disclosure. It is intended, therefore, that this disclosure and the examples herein be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit of the disclosed embodiments being indicated by the following listing of exemplary claims.

Claims

1. A device, comprising: a communications interface; a memory storing instructions; and at least one processor coupled to the communications interface and to the memory, the at least one processor being configured to execute the instructions to: receive a request for an element of data, the request comprising a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor; load a second digital token from a portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program; and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, present a representation of the data element within a digital interface, the digital interface comprising an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.
2. The device of claim 1, wherein: the executed application program generates the request; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to receive the request from the executed application program.
3. The device of claim 1, wherein the interface element comprises at least one of an icon, a glyph, or a digital image.
4. The device of claim 1, wherein the first digital token is maintained within an additional portion of the memory that is accessible to the executed application program.
5. The device of claim 1, wherein: the request further comprises an identifier of an operation involving the data element; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, obtain consent data specifying a level or type of access granted to the executed application program; based on the identifier and the consent data, determine that a performance of the operation is consistent with the level or type of access granted to the executed application program; and perform the operation involving the data element in accordance with the request.
6. The device of claim 5, wherein the operation comprises the presentation of the representation of the data element within the digital interface.
7. The device of claim 5, wherein: the operation comprises provisioning the data element to the executed application program; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: based on the consent data and on the identifier, determine that the provisioning of the data element to the executed application program is consistent with the level or type of access granted to the executed application program; and perform operations that provision the data element to the executed application program through a programmatic interface.
8. The device of claim 6, wherein the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: perform operations that modify at least a portion of the data element in accordance with rubric data established by a centralized authority; and provision the modified data element to the executed application program through the programmatic interface, the provisioning of the modified portion of the data element to the executed application program being consistent with the

level or type of access granted to the executed application program.

9. The device of claim 1, wherein the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: obtain the data element and the digital signature when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token; and based on a verification of the digital signature, present the representation of the data element within the digital interface.

10. The device of claim 1, wherein: the device further comprises a display unit coupled to the at least one processor; and the at least one processor is further configured to present the representation of the data element within the digital interface via the display unit.

11. A computer-implemented method, comprising: receiving a request for an element of data using at least one processor, the request comprising a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor; loading, using the at least one processor, a second digital token from a portion of a memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program; and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, presenting, using the at least one processor, a representation of the data element within a digital interface, the digital interface comprising an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

12. A device, comprising: a communications interface; a memory storing instructions; and at least one processor coupled to the communications interface and to the memory, the at least one processor being configured to execute the instructions to: receive a request to perform an operation involving an element of data, the request comprising a first digital token associated with an application program executed by the at least one processor; load a second digital token from a portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program; and when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, perform the operation involving the data element in accordance with the request and present, within a digital interface, an interface element that confirms a verification of a digital signature associated with the data element.

13. The device of claim 12, wherein the interface element comprises at least one of an icon, a glyph, or a digital image.

14. The device of claim 12, wherein the first digital token is maintained within an additional portion of the memory that is accessible to the executed application program.

15. The device of claim 12, wherein: the executed application program generates the request; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to receive the request from the executed application program.

16. The device of claim 12, wherein: the request further comprises an identifier of the operation; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: load consent data from an additional portion of the memory that is inaccessible to the executed application program, the consent data specifying a level or type of access granted to the executed application program; based on the consent data and on the identifier, determine that the operation is consistent with the level or type of access granted to the executed application program; and perform the operation involving the data element when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, and when the operation is consistent with the level or type of access granted to the executed application program.

17. The device of claim 12, wherein: the operation comprises presenting a representation of the data element within the digital interface; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to, when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, generate the representation of the data element and present the representation within the digital interface.

18. The device of claim 12, wherein: the operation comprises provisioning the data element to the executed application program; and the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to, when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token, provision the data element to the executed application program through a programmatic interface.

19. The device of claim 18, wherein the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: perform operations that modify at least a portion of the data element in accordance with rubric data established by a centralized authority; and provision the modified data element to the executed application program through the programmatic interface, the provisioning of the modified portion of the data element to the executed application program being consistent with a level or type of access granted to the executed application program.

20. The device of claim 12, wherein the at least one processor is further configured to execute the instructions to: obtain the data element and the digital signature when the first digital token is consistent with the second digital token; and based on the verification of the digital signature, perform the operation involving the data element in accordance with the request.
