

# US Patent & Trademark Office

## Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent Application Publication

20250260155

Kind Code

A1

Publication Date

August 14, 2025

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## ELECTRONIC DEVICE INCLUDING ANTENNA SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

### Abstract

An electronic device includes a housing, an antenna structure disposed in an inner space of the housing, a wireless communication circuit disposed in the inner space, and a first bracket. The antenna structure includes a substrate having a first substrate surface facing in a first direction and a second substrate surface facing in a second direction opposite to the first substrate surface, and a plurality of chip antennas sequentially arranged on the first substrate surface in a third direction perpendicular to the first direction. Each of the plurality of chip antennas includes an antenna element and is separated in the third direction from remaining chip antennas by separation spaces. The first bracket includes first and second protrusions that protrude in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface of the substrate. The protrusions are aligned, in the third direction, with the separation spaces.

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**Appl. No.:** 19/098359

**Filed:** April 02, 2025

### Foreign Application Priority Data

KR

10-2022-0016479

Feb. 08, 2022

### Related U.S. Application Data

parent US continuation 18109006 20230213 parent-grant-document US 12272863 child US 19098359

parent WO continuation PCT/KR23/00566 20230112 PENDING child US 18109006

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## Publication Classification

**Int. Cl.:** H01Q1/24 (20060101); H01Q5/307 (20150101); H01Q9/04 (20060101)

**U.S. Cl.:**

**CPC** H01Q1/24 (20130101); H01Q5/307 (20150115); H01Q9/0407 (20130101);

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## Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 18/109,006, filed on Feb. 13, 2023, issued as U.S. Pat. No. 12,272,84 on Apr. 8, 2025, which is a continuation application of International Application No. PCT/KR2023/000566, filed on Jan. 12, 2023, which claims priority to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2022-0016479, filed on Feb. 8, 2022, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

### BACKGROUND

#### 1. Field

[0002] The disclosure relates generally to electronic devices, and more particularly, to an electronic device including an antenna support structure.

#### 2. Description of Related Art

[0003] With the growth of wireless communication technology, electronic devices (e.g., electronic devices for communication) are widely used in daily life, and thus the use of content may increase substantially (e.g., exponentially). Due to the rapid increase in the use of content, the capacity of the wireless communication networks may gradually reach their respective limits. In order to meet the increasing demand for radio data traffic after the commercialization of the 4th-generation (4G) communication systems, a communication system (e.g., 5G, pre-5G, or new radio (NR) communication system) that transmits and/or receives a signal using a frequency of a super-high frequency (e.g., mmWave) band (e.g., 3 GHz to 300 GHz band) is being researched. For example, an electronic device may require an efficient support structure for an antenna structure operating in such a high frequency band.

[0004] There exists a need for further improvements in wireless communication technology. These improvements may also be applicable to other multi-access technologies and the telecommunication standards that employ these technologies.

[0005] Next-generation wireless communication technology is capable of transmitting and receiving radio signals using frequencies substantially in the range of 3 GHz to 300 GHz. Therefore, an efficient mounting structure for overcoming high free space loss due to frequency features and increasing antenna gain, and a corresponding new antenna structure (e.g., antenna module) are being developed. The antenna structure may include a plurality of antenna elements (e.g., conductive patches or conductive patterns) disposed in an array form at designated intervals. These antenna elements may be arranged so that a beam pattern is formed in one direction inside the electronic device. For example, the antenna structure may be disposed such that a beam pattern is formed toward at least a portion of the front surface, the rear surface, and/or the side surface of the electronic device.

[0006] The antenna structure may include a substrate and antennas (e.g., chip antennas) disposed at designated intervals on the substrate. The antenna structure may be supported at least in part through at least one bracket disposed in an inner space of the electronic device.

[0007] However, the at least one bracket has only a support structure for supporting the antenna structure and may not have a design structure optimized for reducing deterioration of heat dissipation and/or radiation performance for the antenna structure.

#### SUMMARY

[0008] Various embodiments of the disclosure may provide an electronic device including an antenna support structure considering heat dissipation.

[0009] Various embodiments of the disclosure may provide an electronic device including an antenna support structure configured to reduce radiation performance degradation.

[0010] The technical problems to be solved in the disclosure are not limited to the above-mentioned technical problems, and those of ordinary skill in the art to which the disclosure pertains will clearly understand, from the following description, other technical problems not mentioned herein.

[0011] According to an aspect of an example embodiment, an electronic device includes: a housing; an antenna structure disposed in an inner space of the housing, the antenna structure including: a substrate having a first substrate surface facing in a first direction and a second substrate surface facing in a second direction opposite to the first substrate surface, and a plurality of chip antennas sequentially arranged on the first substrate surface in a third direction perpendicular to the first direction, the plurality of chip antennas including a first chip antenna, a second chip antenna, and a third chip antenna sequentially arranged on the first substrate surface, each of the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, and the third chip antenna including an antenna element, wherein the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna are separated in the third direction by a first separation space, the second chip antenna and the third chip antenna are separated in the third direction by a second separation space, and at least one of the first separation space and the second separation space has a first width in the third direction; a wireless communication circuit disposed in the inner space and configured to transmit or receive a radio signal in a designated frequency band through the antenna structure; and a first bracket including a first protrusion and a second protrusion that protrude in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface of the substrate and are spaced apart from each other, wherein at least one of the first protrusion and the second protrusion has a second width that is greater than the first width in the third direction, wherein the first protrusion is aligned, in the third direction, with the first separation space and overlaps with at least a portion of the first chip antenna and at least a portion of the second chip antenna, and wherein the second protrusion is aligned, in the third direction, with the second separation space and overlaps with at least another portion of the second chip antenna and at least a portion of the third chip antenna.

[0012] The first protrusion overlaps, in the third direction, with the first chip antenna by a first amount, and the first protrusion overlaps, in the third direction, with the second chip antenna by a second amount that is substantially equal to the first amount, and the second protrusion overlaps, in the third direction, with the second chip antenna by a third amount, and the second protrusion overlaps, in the third direction, with the third chip antenna by a fourth amount that is substantially equal to the third amount.

[0013] The first bracket may further include a third protrusion and a fourth protrusion that protrude in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface, the first protrusion may be positioned between the third protrusion and the second protrusion, and the second protrusion may be positioned between the first protrusion and the fourth protrusion, the antenna element of the first chip antenna overlaps, in the third direction, with a first recess of the first bracket between the first protrusion and the third protrusion, the antenna element of the second chip antenna overlaps, in the third direction, with a second recess of the first bracket between the first protrusion and the second

protrusion, and the antenna element of the third chip antenna overlaps, in the third direction, with a third recess of the first bracket between the second protrusion and the fourth protrusion.

[0014] At least a portion of the first bracket may include a dielectric material, and a thickness, in the first direction, of each a first portion of the first bracket corresponding to the first recess, a second portion of the first bracket corresponding to the second recess, and a third portion of the first bracket corresponding to the third recess may be less than a thickness, in the first direction, of each of the first protrusion, the second protrusion, the third protrusion, and the fourth protrusion.

[0015] The antenna element of each of the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, and the third chip antenna may include at least one of a conductive patch and a conductive pattern.

[0016] The first protrusion may be may contact at least one of a surface of the first chip antenna facing the first protrusion and a surface of the second chip antenna facing the first protrusion, and the second protrusion may contact at least one of a surface of the second chip antenna facing the second protrusion and a surface of the third chip antenna facing the second protrusion.

[0017] A width, in the third direction, of at least one of the first protrusion and the second protrusion may gradually increase toward the second direction.

[0018] The housing may provide a front surface of the electronic device, a rear surface of the electronic device, and a side surface of the electronic device, the first substrate surface may face the front surface, and the plurality of chip antennas may be configured to form a directional beam in the first direction.

[0019] The electronic device may further include a second bracket disposed between the first bracket and the rear surface and combined with the first bracket, the antenna structure may be disposed in a space between the first bracket and the second bracket.

[0020] The electronic device further includes a conductive bracket coupling the antenna structure to the second bracket, and the conductive bracket extends between the antenna structure and the second bracket.

[0021] The conductive bracket may include a support portion and at least one extension portion extending from the support portion and fixed to the second bracket, and at least a portion of the second substrate surface may be supported by the support portion.

[0022] The second bracket may include a metal material.

[0023] The electronic device may further include a display disposed between the first bracket and the front surface and visually exposed through the front surface, and the antenna structure may be located in the housing to correspond to a black matrix area of the display.

[0024] The housing may further include a lateral member providing the side surface, and the first bracket may be coupled to the lateral member or integrally formed with the lateral member.

[0025] At least one of the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, and the third chip antenna may further include a rigid body formed of a dielectric material, and the antenna element may be disposed inside the rigid body and may be electrically coupled to at least one first conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the rigid body.

[0026] The substrate may include at least one second conductive pad exposed to the first substrate surface, and the at least one second conductive pad may be electrically coupled to the wireless communication circuit disposed on the second substrate surface through a wiring structure.

[0027] At least one of the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, and the third chip antenna may be fixed to the first substrate surface through a process of soldering the at least one first conductive pad and the at least one second conductive pad.

[0028] The wireless communication circuit may be disposed on the second substrate surface.

[0029] According to an aspect of the disclosure, an electronic device includes: a housing; an antenna structure disposed in an inner space of the housing, the antenna structure including: a substrate having a first substrate surface facing in a first direction and a second substrate surface facing in a second direction opposite to the first substrate surface, and a first chip antenna and a second chip antenna spaced apart from each other on the first substrate surface with a separation

space of a first width, the first chip antenna including a first antenna element, and the second chip antenna including a second antenna element; a wireless communication circuit disposed in the inner space and configured to transmit or receive a radio signal in a selected or designated frequency band through the antenna structure; and a first bracket including a protrusion that protrudes in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface, the protrusion has a second width that is greater than the first width, and the protrusion is aligned, in a third direction perpendicular to the first direction, with the separation space between the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna and overlaps with the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna.

[0030] The first chip antenna may further include a first rigid body formed of a first dielectric material, the first antenna element may be disposed inside the first rigid body, the first antenna element may be electrically coupled to at least one first conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the first rigid body, the second chip antenna may further include a second rigid body formed of a second dielectric material, the second antenna element may be disposed inside the second rigid body, the second antenna element may be electrically coupled to at least one second conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the second rigid body, and the at least one first conductive pad and the at least one second conductive pad may be electrically coupled to the wireless communication circuit disposed on the second substrate surface.

[0031] The electronic device according to embodiments of the disclosure includes the antenna support structure for supporting a portion of the antenna through the bracket including a plurality of protrusions, thereby helping a heat dissipation action through a space between the protrusions. In addition, it is possible to reduce a degradation in radiation performance because regions of the bracket corresponding to the antenna elements are formed to have a thickness smaller than the surroundings.

[0032] In addition, various effects explicitly or implicitly appreciated through the disclosure may be provided.

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## Description

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0033] The above and other aspects, features, and advantages of certain embodiments of the present disclosure will be more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0034] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an electronic device in a network environment, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0035] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an electronic device for supporting legacy network communication and 5G network communication, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0036] FIG. 3A is a front perspective view illustrating an electronic device, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0037] FIG. 3B is a rear perspective view illustrating the electronic device of FIG. 3A, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0038] FIG. 4A is a diagram illustrating internal components of an electronic device, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0039] FIG. 4B is a partially cut-away perspective view illustrating a region 4b of FIG. 4A, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0040] FIG. 5A is an exploded perspective view illustrating an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0041] FIG. 5B is a combined perspective view illustrating an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0042] FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view illustrating a portion of an antenna structure viewed along line 6-6 of FIG. 5B, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0043] FIG. 7A is a cross-sectional view illustrating a portion of an electronic device viewed along line 7a-7a of FIG. 4A, according to various embodiments of the disclosure;

[0044] FIG. 7B is a perspective view illustrating a portion of a first bracket, according to various embodiments of the disclosure; and

[0045] FIGS. 8A and 8B are cross-sectional views illustrating a portion of an electronic device including an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0046] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an example electronic device in a network environment according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0047] Referring to FIG. 1, an electronic device **101** in a network environment **100** may communicate with an electronic device **102** via a first network **198** (e.g., a short-range wireless communication network), or an electronic device **104** or a server **108** via a second network **199** (e.g., a long-range wireless communication network). The electronic device **101** may communicate with the electronic device **104** via the server **108**. The electronic device **101** includes a processor **120**, memory **130**, an input module **150**, an audio output module **155**, a display device **160**, an audio module **170**, a sensor module **176**, an interface **177**, a haptic module **179**, a camera module **180**, a power management module **188**, a battery **189**, a communication module **190**, a subscriber identification module (SIM) **196**, or an antenna module **197**. In various embodiments, at least one (e.g., the display device **160** or the camera module **180**) of the components may be omitted from the electronic device **101**, or one or more other components may be added in the electronic device **101**. In various embodiments, some of the components may be implemented as single integrated circuitry. For example, the sensor module **176** (e.g., a fingerprint sensor, an iris sensor, or an illuminance sensor) may be implemented as embedded in the display device **160** (e.g., a display).

[0048] The processor **120** may execute, for example, software (e.g., a program **140**) to control at least one other component (e.g., a hardware or software component) of the electronic device **101** coupled with the processor **120**, and may perform various data processing or computation. As at least part of the data processing or computation, the processor **120** may load a command or data received from another component (e.g., the sensor module **176** or the communication module **190**) in volatile memory **132**, process the command or the data stored in the volatile memory **132**, and store resulting data in non-volatile memory **134**. The processor **120** may include a main processor **121** (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU) or an application processor (AP)), and an auxiliary processor **123** (e.g., a graphics processing unit (GPU), an image signal processor (ISP), a sensor hub processor, or a communication processor (CP)) that is operable independently from, or in conjunction with, the main processor **121**. Additionally or alternatively, the auxiliary processor **123** may be adapted to consume less power than the main processor **121**, or to be specific to a specified function. The auxiliary processor **123** may be implemented as separate from, or as part of the main processor **121**.

[0049] The auxiliary processor **123** may control at least some of functions or states related to at least one component (e.g., the display device **160**, the sensor module **176**, or the communication module **190**) among the components of the electronic device **101**, instead of the main processor **121** while the main processor **121** is in an inactive (e.g., sleep) state, or together with the main processor **121** while the main processor **121** is in an active state (e.g., executing an application). The auxiliary processor **123** (e.g., an ISP or a CP) may be implemented as part of another component (e.g., the camera module **180** or the communication module **190**) functionally related to the auxiliary processor **123**.

[0050] The memory **130** may store various data used by at least one component (e.g., the processor **120** or the sensor module **176**) of the electronic device **101**. The various data may include, for example, software (e.g., the program **140**) and input data or output data for a command related

thereto. The memory **130** may include the volatile memory **132** or the non-volatile memory **134**. the non-volatile memory **134** may include internal memory **136** and external memory **138**.

[0051] The program **140** may be stored in the memory **130** as software, and may include, for example, an operating system (OS) **142**, middleware **144**, or an application **146**.

[0052] The input module **150** may receive a command or data to be used by other component (e.g., the processor **120**) of the electronic device **101**, from the outside (e.g., a user) of the electronic device **101**. The input module **150** may include, for example, a microphone, a mouse, a keyboard, or a digital pen (e.g., a stylus pen).

[0053] The audio output module **155** may output sound signals to the outside of the electronic device **101**. The audio output module **155** may include, for example, a speaker or a receiver. The speaker may be used for general purposes, such as playing multimedia or playing record, and the receiver may be used for incoming calls. The receiver may be implemented as separate from, or as part of the speaker.

[0054] The display device **160** may visually provide information to the outside (e.g., a user) of the electronic device **101**. The display device **160** may include, for example, a display, a hologram device, or a projector and control circuitry to control a corresponding one of the display, hologram device, and projector. The display device **160** may include touch circuitry adapted to detect a touch, or sensor circuitry (e.g., a pressure sensor) adapted to measure the intensity of force incurred by the touch.

[0055] The audio module **170** may convert a sound into an electrical signal and vice versa. The audio module **170** may obtain the sound via the input module **150**, or output the sound via the audio output module **155** or a headphone of an external electronic device (e.g., an electronic device **102**) directly (e.g., wiredly) or wirelessly coupled with the electronic device **101**.

[0056] The sensor module **176** may detect an operational state (e.g., power or temperature) of the electronic device **101** or an environmental state (e.g., a state of a user) external to the electronic device **101**, and then generate an electrical signal or data value corresponding to the detected state. The sensor module **176** may include, for example, a gesture sensor, a gyro sensor, an atmospheric pressure sensor, a magnetic sensor, an acceleration sensor, a grip sensor, a proximity sensor, a color sensor, an infrared (IR) sensor, a biometric sensor, a temperature sensor, a humidity sensor, or an illuminance sensor.

[0057] The interface **177** may support one or more specified protocols to be used for the electronic device **101** to be coupled with the external electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **102**) directly (e.g., wiredly) or wirelessly. The interface **177** may include, for example, a high definition multimedia interface (HDMI), a universal serial bus (USB) interface, a secure digital (SD) card interface, or an audio interface.

[0058] A connection terminal **178** may include a connector via which the electronic device **101** may be physically connected with the external electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **102**). The connection terminal **178** may include, for example, a HDMI connector, a USB connector, an SD card connector, or an audio connector (e.g., a headphone connector).

[0059] The haptic module **179** may convert an electrical signal into a mechanical stimulus (e.g., a vibration or a movement) or electrical stimulus which may be recognized by a user via his tactile sensation or kinesthetic sensation. The haptic module **179** may include, for example, a motor, a piezoelectric element, or an electric stimulator.

[0060] The camera module **180** may capture an image or moving images. The camera module **180** may include one or more lenses, image sensors, image signal processors, or flashes.

[0061] The power management module **188** may manage power supplied to the electronic device **101**. The power management module **188** may be implemented as at least part of, for example, a power management integrated circuit (PMIC).

[0062] The battery **189** may supply power to at least one component of the electronic device **101**. The battery **189** may include, for example, a primary cell which is not rechargeable, a secondary

cell which is rechargeable, or a fuel cell.

[0063] The communication module **190** may support establishing a direct (e.g., wired) communication channel or a wireless communication channel between the electronic device **101** and the external electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **102**, the electronic device **104**, or the server **108**) and performing communication via the established communication channel. The communication module **190** may include one or more communication processors that are operable independently from the processor **120** (e.g., the AP) and supports a direct (e.g., wired) communication or a wireless communication. The communication module **190** may include a wireless communication module **192** (e.g., a cellular communication module, a short-range wireless communication module, or a global navigation satellite system (GNSS) communication module) or a wired communication module **194** (e.g., a local area network (LAN) communication module or a power line communication (PLC) module). A corresponding one of these communication modules may communicate with the external electronic device via the first network **198** (e.g., a short-range communication network, such as Bluetooth™, wireless-fidelity (Wi-Fi) direct, or infrared data association (IrDA)) or the second network **199** (e.g., a long-range communication network, such as a cellular network, the Internet, or a computer network (e.g., LAN or wide area network (WAN))). These various types of communication modules may be implemented as a single component (e.g., a single chip), or may be implemented as multi components (e.g., multi chips) separate from each other. The wireless communication module **192** may identify and authenticate the electronic device **101** in a communication network, such as the first network **198** or the second network **199**, using subscriber information (e.g., international mobile subscriber identity (IMSI)) stored in the SIM **196**.

[0064] The wireless communication module **192** may support a 5G network, after a 4G network, and next-generation communication technology, e.g., new radio (NR) access technology. The NR access technology may support enhanced mobile broadband (eMBB), massive machine type communications (mMTC), or ultra-reliable and low-latency communications (URLLC). The wireless communication module **192** may support a high-frequency band (e.g., the mmWave band) to achieve, e.g., a high data transmission rate. The wireless communication module **192** may support various technologies for securing performance on a high-frequency band, such as, e.g., beamforming, massive multiple-input and multiple-output (massive MIMO), full dimensional MIMO (FD-MIMO), array antenna, analog beam-forming, or large scale antenna. The wireless communication module **192** may support various requirements specified in the electronic device **101**, an external electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **104**), or a network system (e.g., the second network **199**). According to an embodiment, the wireless communication module **192** may support a peak data rate (e.g., 20 Gbps or more) for implementing eMBB, loss coverage (e.g., 164 dB or less) for implementing mMTC, or U-plane latency (e.g., 0.5 ms or less for each of downlink (DL) and uplink (UL), or a round trip of 1 ms or less) for implementing URLLC.

[0065] The antenna module **197** may transmit or receive a signal or power to or from the outside (e.g., the external electronic device) of the electronic device **101**. According to an embodiment, the antenna module **197** may include an antenna including a radiating element including a conductive material or a conductive pattern formed in or on a substrate (e.g., a printed circuit board (PCB)). According to an embodiment, the antenna module **197** may include a plurality of antennas (e.g., array antennas). In such a case, at least one antenna appropriate for a communication scheme used in the communication network, such as the first network **198** or the second network **199**, may be selected, for example, by the communication module **190** (e.g., the wireless communication module **192**) from the plurality of antennas. The signal or the power may then be transmitted or received between the communication module **190** and the external electronic device via the selected at least one antenna. According to an embodiment, another component (e.g., a radio frequency integrated circuit (RFIC)) other than the radiating element may be additionally formed as part of the antenna module **197**.



[0066] According to various embodiments, the antenna module **197** may form a mmWave antenna module. According to an embodiment, the mmWave antenna module may include a printed circuit board, a RFIC disposed on a first surface (e.g., the bottom surface) of the printed circuit board, or adjacent to the first surface and capable of supporting a designated high-frequency band (e.g., the mmWave band), and a plurality of antennas (e.g., array antennas) disposed on a second surface (e.g., the top or a side surface) of the printed circuit board, or adjacent to the second surface and capable of transmitting or receiving signals of the designated high-frequency band.

[0067] At least some of the above-described components may be coupled mutually and communicate signals (e.g., commands or data) therebetween via an inter-peripheral communication scheme (e.g., a bus, general purpose input and output (GPIO), serial peripheral interface (SPI), or mobile industry processor interface (MIPI)).

[0068] According to an embodiment, commands or data may be transmitted or received between the electronic device **101** and the external electronic device **104** via the server **108** coupled with the second network **199**. Each of the electronic devices **102** or **104** may be a device of a same type as, or a different type, from the electronic device **101**. According to an embodiment, all or some of operations to be executed at the electronic device **101** may be executed at one or more of the external electronic devices **102**, **104**, or **108**. For example, if the electronic device **101** should perform a function or a service automatically, or in response to a request from a user or another device, the electronic device **101**, instead of, or in addition to, executing the function or the service, may request the one or more external electronic devices to perform at least part of the function or the service. The one or more external electronic devices receiving the request may perform the at least part of the function or the service requested, or an additional function or an additional service related to the request, and transfer an outcome of the performing to the electronic device **101**. The electronic device **101** may provide the outcome, with or without further processing of the outcome, as at least part of a reply to the request. To that end, a cloud computing, distributed computing, mobile edge computing (MEC), or client-server computing technology may be used, for example. The electronic device **101** may provide ultra low-latency services using, e.g., distributed computing or mobile edge computing. In an embodiment, the external electronic device **104** may include an internet-of-things (IoT) device. The server **108** may be an intelligent server using machine learning and/or a neural network. According to an embodiment, the external electronic device **104** or the server **108** may be included in the second network **199**. The electronic device **101** may be applied to intelligent services (e.g., smart home, smart city, smart car, or healthcare) based on 5G communication technology or IoT-related technology.

[0069] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an example configuration of an electronic device in a network environment including a plurality of cellular networks according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0070] Referring to FIG. 2, the electronic device **101** in a network environment **200** may include a first communication processor (e.g., including processing circuitry) **212**, second communication processor (e.g., including processing circuitry) **214**, first RFIC **222**, second RFIC **224**, third RFIC **226**, fourth RFIC **228**, first radio frequency front end (RFFE) **232**, second RFFE **234**, first antenna module **242**, second antenna module **244**, and antenna **248**. The electronic device **101** may include a processor **120** and a memory **130**. A second network **199** may include a first cellular network **292** and a second cellular network **294**. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **101** may further include at least one of the components described with reference to FIG. 1, and the second network **199** may further include at least one other network. According to an embodiment, the first communication processor **212**, second communication processor **214**, first RFIC **222**, second RFIC **224**, fourth RFIC **228**, first RFFE **232**, and second RFFE **234** may form at least part of the wireless communication module **192**. According to an embodiment, the fourth RFIC **228** may be omitted or included as part of the third RFIC **226**.

[0071] The first communication processor **212** may include various processing circuitry and

establish a communication channel of a band to be used for wireless communication with the first cellular network **292** and support legacy network communication through the established communication channel. According to various embodiments, the first cellular network may be a legacy network including a second generation (2G), third generation (3G), 4G, or long term evolution (LTE) network. The second communication processor **214** may include various processing circuitry and establish a communication channel corresponding to a designated band (e.g., about 6 GHz to about 60 GHz) of bands to be used for wireless communication with the second cellular network **294**, and support 5G network communication through the established communication channel. According to various embodiments, the second cellular network **294** may be a 5G network defined in third generation partnership project (3GPP). Additionally, according to an embodiment, the first communication processor **212** or the second communication processor **214** may establish a communication channel corresponding to another designated band (e.g., about 6 GHz or less) of bands to be used for wireless communication with the second cellular network **294** and support 5G network communication through the established communication channel. According to an embodiment, the first communication processor **212** and the second communication processor **214** may be implemented in a single chip or a single package. According to various embodiments, the first communication processor **212** or the second communication processor **214** may be formed in a single chip or a single package with the processor **120**, the auxiliary processor **123**, or the communication module **190**.

[0072] Upon transmission, the first RFIC **222** may convert a baseband signal generated by the first communication processor **212** to a radio frequency (RF) signal of about 700 MHz to about 3 GHz used in the first cellular network **292** (e.g., legacy network). Upon reception, an RF signal may be obtained from the first cellular network **292** (e.g., legacy network) through an antenna (e.g., the first antenna module **242**) and be preprocessed through an RFFE (e.g., the first RFFE **232**). The first RFIC **222** may convert the preprocessed RF signal to a baseband signal so as to be processed by the first communication processor **212**.

[0073] Upon transmission, the second RFIC **224** may convert a baseband signal generated by the first communication processor **212** or the second communication processor **214** to an RF signal (hereinafter, 5G Sub6 RF signal) of a Sub6 band (e.g., 6 GHz or less) to be used in the second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network). Upon reception, a 5G Sub6 RF signal may be obtained from the second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network) through an antenna (e.g., the second antenna module **244**) and be pretreated through an RFFE (e.g., the second RFFE **234**). The second RFIC **224** may convert the preprocessed 5G Sub6 RF signal to a baseband signal so as to be processed by a corresponding communication processor of the first communication processor **212** or the second communication processor **214**.

[0074] The third RFIC **226** may convert a baseband signal generated by the second communication processor **214** to an RF signal (hereinafter, 5G Above6 RF signal) of a 5G Above6 band (e.g., about 6 GHz to about 60 GHz) to be used in the second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network). Upon reception, a 5G Above6 RF signal may be obtained from the second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network) through an antenna (e.g., the antenna **248**) and be preprocessed through the third RFFE **236**. The third RFIC **226** may convert the preprocessed 5G Above6 RF signal to a baseband signal so as to be processed by the second communication processor **214**. According to an embodiment, the third RFFE **236** may be formed as part of the third RFIC **226**.

[0075] According to an embodiment, the electronic device **101** may include a fourth RFIC **228** separately from the third RFIC **226** or as at least part of the third RFIC **226**. In this case, the fourth RFIC **228** may convert a baseband signal generated by the second communication processor **214** to an RF signal (hereinafter, an intermediate frequency (IF) signal) of an intermediate frequency band (e.g., about 9 GHz to about 11 GHz) and transfer the IF signal to the third RFIC **226**. The third RFIC **226** may convert the IF signal to a 5G Above 6RF signal. Upon reception, the 5G Above 6RF signal may be received from the second cellular network **294** (e.g., a 5G network) through an

antenna (e.g., the antenna **248**) and be converted to an IF signal by the third RFIC **226**. The fourth RFIC **228** may convert an IF signal to a baseband signal so as to be processed by the second communication processor **214**.

[0076] According to an embodiment, the first RFIC **222** and the second RFIC **224** may be implemented into at least part of a single package or a single chip. According to an embodiment, the first RFFE **232** and the second RFFE **234** may be implemented into at least part of a single package or a single chip. According to an embodiment, at least one of the first antenna module **242** or the second antenna module **244** may be omitted or may be combined with another antenna module to process RF signals of a corresponding plurality of bands.

[0077] According to an embodiment, the third RFIC **226** and the antenna **248** may be disposed at the same substrate to form a third antenna module **246**. For example, the wireless communication module **192** or the processor **120** may be disposed at a first substrate (e.g., main PCB). In this case, the third RFIC **226** is disposed in a partial area (e.g., lower surface) of the first substrate and a separate second substrate (e.g., sub PCB), and the antenna **248** is disposed in another partial area (e.g., upper surface) thereof; thus, the third antenna module **246** may be formed. By disposing the third RFIC **226** and the antenna **248** in the same substrate, a length of a transmission line therebetween can be reduced. This may reduce, for example, a loss (e.g., attenuation) of a signal of a high frequency band (e.g., about 6 GHz to about 60 GHz) to be used in 5G network communication by a transmission line. Therefore, the electronic device **101** may improve a quality or speed of communication with the second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network).

[0078] According to an embodiment, the antenna **248** may be formed in an antenna array including a plurality of antenna elements that may be used for beamforming. In this case, the third RFIC **226** may include a plurality of phase shifters **238** corresponding to a plurality of antenna elements, for example, as part of the third RFFE **236**. Upon transmission, each of the plurality of phase shifters **238** may convert a phase of a 5G Above6 RF signal to be transmitted to the outside (e.g., a base station of a 5G network) of the electronic device **101** through a corresponding antenna element. Upon reception, each of the plurality of phase shifters **238** may convert a phase of the 5G Above6 RF signal received from the outside to the same phase or substantially the same phase through a corresponding antenna element. This enables transmission or reception through beamforming between the electronic device **101** and the outside.

[0079] The second cellular network **294** (e.g., 5G network) may operate (e.g., stand-alone (SA)) independently of the first cellular network **292** (e.g., legacy network) or may be operated (e.g., non-stand-alone (NSA)) in connection with the first cellular network **292**. For example, the 5G network may have only an access network (e.g., 5G radio access network (RAN) or a next generation (NG) RAN and have no core network (e.g., next generation core (NGC)). In this case, after accessing to the access network of the 5G network, the electronic device **101** may access to an external network (e.g., Internet) under the control of a core network (e.g., an evolved packed core (EPC)) of the legacy network. Protocol information (e.g., LTE protocol information) for communication with a legacy network or protocol information (e.g., new radio (NR) protocol information) for communication with a 5G network may be stored in the memory **130** to be accessed by other components (e.g., the processor **120**, the first communication processor **212**, or the second communication processor **214**).

[0080] FIG. **3A** is a front perspective view illustrating an electronic device, according to various embodiments of the disclosure. FIG. **3B** is a rear perspective view illustrating the electronic device of FIG. **3A**, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0081] The electronic device **300** of FIGS. **3A** and **3B** may include or may be similar in many respects at least in part to the electronic device **101** of FIGS. **1** and **2** and may include additional features not mentioned above.

[0082] With reference to FIGS. **3A** and **3B**, the electronic device **300** may include a housing structure **310** (e.g., a housing) including a front cover **302** facing in a first direction (e.g., the

positive z-axis direction), a rear cover **311** facing in a direction (e.g., the negative z-axis direction) opposite to the first direction, and a lateral member **318** (e.g., a lateral bezel structure) surrounding an inner space (e.g., the inner space **3001** in FIG. 4A) between the front cover **302** and the rear cover **311**. According to an embodiment, the lateral member **318** may have a first side surface **3181** having a first length, a second side surface **3182** extending in a direction perpendicular to the first side surface **3181** and having a second length shorter than the first length, a third side surface **3183** extending parallel to the first side surface **3181** from the second side surface **3182** and having the first length, and a fourth side surface **3184** extending parallel to the second side surface **3182** from the third side surface **3183** and having the second length. According to an embodiment, the front cover **302** may be formed of a glass plate or polymer plate having various coating layers. According to an embodiment, the rear cover **311** may be formed of, for example, coated or tinted glass, ceramic, polymer, metal (e.g., aluminum, stainless steel (STS), or magnesium), or a combination of at least two of the above materials. However, the present disclosure is not limited in this regard. That is, the rear cover **311** may be formed of other materials and/or combinations of other materials.

[0083] According to an embodiment, the lateral member **318** may be combined with the front cover **302** and the rear cover **311** and formed as a lateral bezel structure including metal and/or polymer. In another embodiment, the rear cover **311** and the lateral members **318** may be integrally formed and include the same material (e.g., a metal material such as aluminum or magnesium).

[0084] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include at least one of a display **301**, at least one input device **303**, sound output devices **307a** and **307b**, a sensor module **304**, camera modules **305** and **312** (e.g., **312a**, **312b**), a key input device **317**, and a connector **308**. In some embodiments, the electronic device **300** may omit at least one of the aforementioned components (e.g., the key input device **317**) and/or include other components.

[0085] According to an embodiment, the display **301** may be visually exposed, for example, through a substantial portion of the front cover **302**. In another embodiment, the display **301** may be visually exposed through substantially the entire area of the front cover **302**. In still another embodiment, the edges of the display **301** may be formed substantially the same as the outer shape of the front cover **302**. In yet another embodiment, in order to expand the area where the display **301** is exposed, a gap between the periphery of the display **301** and the periphery of the front cover **302** may be substantially the same.

[0086] In further another embodiment, the display **301** may have a recess and/or opening formed in a portion of a screen display area, and at least one of the aforementioned components may be disposed to be aligned with the recess or opening in the inner space of the electronic device **300**. In still another embodiment, on the rear surface of the screen display area (e.g., active area) of the display **301** in the inner space (e.g., the inner space **3001** in FIG. 4A) of the electronic device **300**, at least one of an audio module, the sensor module **304**, the camera module **305**, a fingerprint sensor, and/or a light emitting element may be disposed. In yet another embodiment, the display **301** may be disposed to be combined with or adjacent to a touch sensing circuit, a pressure sensor capable of measuring the intensity (pressure) of a touch, and/or an electromagnetic induction panel (e.g., a digitizer) for detecting an electronic pen (e.g., stylus pen) of a magnetic field type.

[0087] According to various embodiments, the input device **303** may include at least one microphone module **303**. In some embodiments, the input device **303** may include a plurality of microphone modules **303** disposed at different locations to detect the direction of sound. The sound output devices **307a** and **307b** may include speaker modules. In another embodiment, the speaker modules **307a** and **307b** may include an external speaker and/or a receiver configured to provide and/or receive audio during a telephone/video call.

[0088] According to various embodiments, the at least one sensor module **304** may generate an electrical signal and/or data value corresponding to an internal operating state or an external environmental state of the electronic device **300**. The at least one sensor module **304** may include,

for example, at least one of a proximity sensor, a fingerprint sensor, a heart rate monitor (HRM) sensor, a gesture sensor, a gyro sensor, a barometric pressure sensor, a magnetic sensor, an acceleration sensor, a grip sensor, a color sensor, an infrared (IR) sensor, a biometric sensor, a temperature sensor, a humidity sensor, and an illuminance sensor. However, the present disclosure is not limited in this regard. For example, the at least one sensor module **304** may include other sensors and/or combination of sensors.

[0089] According to various embodiments, the key input device **317** may be disposed through the lateral member **318** of the housing structure **310**. In another embodiment, the electronic device **300** may not include some or all of the key input devices **317**, and the functionality of the key input device **317** may be provided in the form of a soft key displayed on the display **301**. In another embodiment, the key input device **317** may be implemented using a pressure sensor included in the display **301**. In another embodiment, the key input device **317** may include at least one pressure-responsive key that is disposed inside the electronic device **300** and uses a strain gauge that measures a pressure change by pressure on the lateral member **318**. According to an embodiment, the connector hole **308** may accommodate a connector (e.g., a USB connector or an IF connector) for transmitting and/or receiving power, data, and/or sound signals to and/or from an external electronic device.

[0090] According to various embodiments, the camera modules **305** and **312** (e.g., **312a**, **312b**) may include a front camera module **305** disposed to be exposed to the outside through the front cover **302** of the electronic device **300**, and a rear camera module **312** (e.g., **312a**, **312b**) disposed to be exposed to the outside through the rear cover **311**. According to an embodiment, the camera modules **305** and **312** (e.g., **312a**, **312b**) may include one and/or a plurality of lenses, an image sensor, and/or an image signal processor. According to an embodiment, at least two rear camera modules **312a** and **312b** may be disposed adjacently as one camera module assembly **312**. For example, a pair of camera modules **312a** and **312b** of the camera module assembly **312** may perform a dual camera function for general shooting, wide-angle shooting, and/or ultra-wide-angle shooting.

[0091] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include an electronic pen **400** detachably disposed on a pen mounting part **3111** provided on at least a portion of the rear cover **311**. According to an embodiment, the electronic pen **400** may include a hollow pen housing **401** having a length and a pen tip **402** disposed at an end of the pen housing **401**. According to an embodiment, the electronic pen **400** may include a key button **403** disposed on at least a portion of the pen housing **401**. According to an embodiment, the electronic pen **400** may be attached to the pen mounting part **3111** using the magnetic force of at least one magnet. According to an embodiment, the electronic pen **400** may include a battery disposed inside the pen housing **401** and used for short-range wireless communication (e.g., Bluetooth communication). According to an embodiment, the electronic pen **400** may include a coil member for electromagnetic induction and/or wireless charging. Using the coil member, the battery may be charged through a wireless charging unit **3111a** disposed in the pen mounting part **3111**. According to an embodiment, the detection scheme of the electronic pen **400** may include an electro-magnetic resonance (EMR) scheme, an active electrical stylus (AES) scheme, and/or an electric coupled resonance (ECR) scheme. In some embodiments, the pen mounting portion **3111** and the electronic pen **400** may be omitted.

[0092] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include at least one unit conductive member segmented through non-conductive members **315a** and **315b** (e.g., polymer) disposed in at least a portion of the rear cover **311** and/or the lateral member **318**. The segmented unit conductive member may be used as an antenna radiator operating in at least one frequency band.

[0093] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the electronic device **300** may include an antenna structure (e.g., the antenna structure **500** in FIG. 5A) for operating in a designated

frequency band (e.g., a band of about 3 GHz to 300 GHz). According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may include a substrate (e.g., the substrate **590** in FIG. 5A) and an array antenna (e.g., the array antenna AR in FIG. 5A) including a plurality of antennas (e.g., the chip antennas **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540** in FIG. 5A) disposed on the substrate **590**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed to form a directional beam in the direction (e.g., the z-axis direction) of the front cover **302** in the inner space (e.g., the inner space **3001** in FIG. 4A) of the electronic device **300**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be arranged to form a directional beam through a black matrix (BM) area of the display **301** in the vicinity (e.g., area A) of the first side surface **3181**. In some embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may also be disposed in the vicinity of the second side surface **3182**, the third side surface **3183**, and/or the fourth side surface **3184**, and a plurality of antenna structures may also be arranged near at least one of the first side surface **3181**, the second side surface **3182**, the third side surface **3183**, or the fourth side surface **3184**. In some embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may also be arranged to form a directional beam in a direction (e.g., the x-axis direction, the y-axis direction, the negative x-axis direction, or the negative y-axis direction) of the lateral member **318** in the inner space **3001** of the electronic device **300**. In some embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed to form a directional beam in the direction (e.g., the negative z-axis direction) of the rear cover in the inner space **3001** of the electronic device **300**.

[0094] FIG. 4A is a diagram illustrating internal components of an electronic device **300**, according to various embodiments of the disclosure. FIG. 4B is a partially cut-away perspective view illustrating a region **4b** of FIG. 4A, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0095] FIG. 4A is a diagram illustrating an inner space **3001** of the electronic device **300** in a state where the display **301** and the front cover **302** of the electronic device **300** shown in FIG. 3A are removed.

[0096] With reference to FIGS. 4A and 4B, the electronic device **300** may include a front cover (e.g., the front cover **302** in FIG. 3A), a rear cover (e.g., the rear cover **311** in FIG. 3B) facing a direction opposite to the front cover **302**, and a lateral member **318** (see FIG. 3A) surrounding the inner space **3001** between the front cover **302** and the rear cover **311**. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include a battery **326** disposed in the inner space **3001**. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include a printed circuit board **321** (e.g., a main board) disposed to surround at least a portion of the battery **326**. In another embodiment, the printed circuit board **321** may be disposed to overlap at least in part with the battery **326**.

[0097] According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include a first sub-board **322** and a second sub-board **323** each of which is disposed at a distance from the printed circuit board **321** around the battery **326**. According to an embodiment, the first sub-board **322** and the second sub-board **323** may be electrically connected through flexible printed circuit boards (FPCBs) **324** and **325**. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include one or more speaker modules **307a**, **307b**, **307c**, and **307d** disposed around the battery **326** at regular intervals in the inner space **3001**. According to an embodiment, four speaker modules **307a**, **307b**, **307c**, and **307d** may be respectively disposed near corners in the inner space **3001** of the electronic device **300**, but this is not a limitation. That is, the four speaker modules **307a**, **307b**, **307c**, and **307d** may be disposed in other locations within electronic device **300**.

[0098] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include the antenna structure **500** disposed in the inner space **3001**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed near the first side surface **3181** in the inner space **3001** and electrically connected (e.g., coupled) to the printed circuit board **321** via an electrical connection member **560** (e.g., a flexible RF cable (FRC)). In some embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may also be disposed near the second side surface **3182**, the third side surface **3183**, or the fourth side surface **3184**.

[0099] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include a first bracket

**319** (e.g., the front bracket) disposed in the inner space **3001** and a second bracket **320** (e.g., the rear bracket) disposed to correspond at least in part to the first bracket **319**. According to an embodiment, the first bracket **319** may be formed of an injection-molded product of a dielectric material. According to an embodiment, the second bracket **320** may be formed of a metal material. In some embodiments, the second bracket **320** may be formed of a dielectric material. The dielectric material may include, but is not limited to, a non-metallic material. The dielectric material of the non-metallic material may have a permittivity capable of reducing deterioration of antenna radiation performance and/or radio transmission/reception performance of the antenna structure **500**.

[0100] In some embodiments, the dielectric material may include a metallic material. The dielectric material of the metal material may have a permittivity capable of reducing deterioration of antenna radiation performance or radio transmission/reception performance of the antenna structure **500**. According to an embodiment, the first bracket **319** may be integrally formed with the lateral member **318** and may extend from the lateral member **318** to the inner space **3001**. In some embodiments, the first bracket **319** may be disposed separately from the lateral member **318**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed in a space **3002** formed by the first bracket **319** and the second bracket **320**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may include a substrate (e.g., the substrate **590** in FIG. 5A) and an array antenna (e.g., the array antenna AR in FIG. 5A) including a plurality of antennas (e.g., the chip antennas **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540** in FIG. 5A) disposed on the substrate **590**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed such that a first substrate surface (e.g., the first substrate surface **5901** in FIG. 5A) of the substrate **590** faces the first bracket **319** and a second substrate surface (e.g., the second substrate surface **5902** in FIG. 5A) faces the second bracket **320**. For example, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed in such a way that the substrate **590** is fixed to the second bracket **320**.

[0101] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the electronic device **300** may include an antenna support structure for efficiently supporting the antenna structure **500**. For example, in the antenna support structure, a plurality of protrusions (e.g., the protrusions **3195** in FIG. 7A) formed on at least a portion of the first bracket **319** are arranged to support or correspond to a part of the outer surfaces of chip antennas (e.g., the chip antennas **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540** in FIG. 5A) disposed on the substrate **590** of the antenna structure **500**, thereby providing heat dissipation spaces (e.g., the spaces **3191**, **3192**, **3193**, and **3194** in FIG. 7A) between the plurality of protrusions **3195**. These spaces reduce the thickness of corresponding regions of the first bracket **319**, and may thereby reduce a degradation in the radiation performance of the antenna structure **500**.

[0102] FIG. 5A is an exploded perspective view illustrating an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure. FIG. 5B is a combined perspective view illustrating an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0103] The antenna structure **500** of FIGS. 5A and 5B may be similar in many respects at least in part to the third antenna module **246** of FIG. 2 and may include additional features not mentioned above.

[0104] With reference to FIGS. 5A and 5B, the antenna structure **500** (e.g., an antenna module) may include the array antenna AR including the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**). According to an embodiment, the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) may be disposed on the substrate **590** (e.g., a printed circuit board) in a surface mount device (SMD) method. The plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) may be arranged in one direction when viewed from above the first substrate surface **5901** (e.g., a direction perpendicular to the first direction). A first separation space between the first chip antenna **510** and the second chip antenna **520**, a second separation space between the second chip antenna **520** and the third chip antenna **530**, and a third separation space between the third chip antenna **530** and the

fourth chip antenna **540** may have a first width **d1** (or a first interval or a first separation distance) in the direction in which the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) are arranged. In some embodiments, any one of the first, second, and third separation spaces may have a different width from the others in the direction in which the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) are arranged.

[0105] According to an embodiment, the substrate **590** may have the first substrate surface **5901** facing in the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) and the second substrate surface **5902** facing in the second direction (direction {circle around (2)}) opposite to the first substrate surface **5901**.

[0106] According to various embodiments, the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) may be disposed through the first substrate surface **5901**. For example, the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) may be electrically connected (e.g., coupled) to the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate **590** through an electrical bonding process such as soldering. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed in the inner space **3001** of the electronic device **300** such that the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate **590** faces the direction of the front cover (e.g., the front cover **302** in FIG. 3A). Alternatively or additionally, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed to face the direction of the lateral member (e.g., the lateral member **318** in FIG. 3A) or the direction of the rear cover (e.g., the rear cover **311** in FIG. 3B).

[0107] According to various embodiments, the array antenna AR may include the first chip antenna **510** including a first conductive patch **511** as an antenna element disposed in an inner space of a first rigid body **512**, the second chip antenna **520** including a second conductive patch **521** as an antenna element disposed in an inner space of a second rigid body **522**, the third chip antenna **530** including a third conductive patch **531** as an antenna element disposed in an inner space of a third rigid body **532**, and the fourth chip antenna **540** including a fourth conductive patch **541** and a fifth conductive patch **541'** as antenna elements disposed in an inner space of a fourth rigid body **542**. According to an embodiment, the rigid bodies **512**, **522**, **532**, and **542** may be formed of a material (e.g., a ceramic material) having a high permittivity (e.g., a permittivity in the range of 4 to 7). According to an embodiment, the conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**) may be replaced with at least one conductive pattern disposed on each of the rigid bodies **512**, **522**, **532**, and **542**. In some embodiments, the antenna structure may include the plurality of conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**) disposed in the space between the first and second substrate surfaces **5901** and **5902** of the substrate **590** without the chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**), and may include slits formed lower than the first substrate surface **5901** between the conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**).

[0108] FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view illustrating a portion of an antenna structure viewed along line 6-6 of FIG. 5B, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0109] Although the arrangement structure of the first and second chip antennas **510** and **520** disposed on the substrate **590** is described and shown in FIG. 6, the remaining chip antennas **530** and **540** disposed on the substrate **590** may also have substantially the same arrangement structure.

[0110] With reference to FIG. 6, the antenna structure **500** may include the substrate **590** having a plurality of insulating layers **5903**, and the first and second chip antennas **510** and **520**, as the array antenna AR, disposed on the substrate **590**. According to an embodiment, the substrate **590** may have the first substrate surface **5901** facing in the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) and the second substrate surface **5902** facing in the second direction (direction {circle around (2)}) opposite to the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, the substrate **590** may have a ground layer G1 disposed on at least some of the plurality of insulating layers **5903**.

[0111] According to various embodiments, the first chip antenna **510** may include the first rigid body **512** made of a high dielectric material (e.g., ceramic), the first conductive patch **511** disposed in the inner space of the first rigid body **512**, and a ground layer G2 disposed between the first conductive patch **511** and the substrate **590** in the inner space of the first rigid body **512**. According



to an embodiment, the first rigid body **512** may include a material having a permittivity in the range of 4 to 9. For example, the first rigid body **512** may be formed of a ceramic material (e.g., low temperature co-fired ceramics (LLCC)) having a higher permittivity than that of the substrate **590** (e.g., the printed circuit board). According to an embodiment, the second chip antenna **520** may include the second rigid body **522** made of a high dielectric material (e.g., ceramic), the second conductive patch **521** disposed in the inner space of the second rigid body **522**, and a ground layer **G2** disposed between the second conductive patch **521** and the substrate **590** in the inner space of the second rigid body **522**. According to an embodiment, in the inner space of the first rigid body **512**, the first conductive patch **511** may be electrically connected to at least one first conductive pad **5111** exposed to a second rigid body surface **5122** facing in the opposite direction to a first rigid body surface **5121** through a first electrical connection structure **CV1**.

[0112] According to various embodiments, the substrate **590** may include at least one second conductive pad **5911** disposed to be exposed to the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, the at least one second conductive pad **5911** may be electrically connected to a wireless communication circuit **597** (e.g., RFIC) disposed on the second substrate surface **5902** through a second electrical connection structure **CV2** and a wiring structure **5904** which are disposed in or on the insulating layer **5903** of the substrate **590**. According to an embodiment, the ground layer **G2** disposed in the inner space of the first rigid body **512** may be electrically connected to the ground layer **G1** of the substrate **590** through the at least one first conductive pad **5111** exposed to the second rigid body surface **5122**, the at least one second conductive pad **5911** disposed on the substrate **590**, and a third electrical connection structure **CV3** (e.g., a conductive via) disposed in the insulating layer **5903** of the substrate **590**. Therefore, when the first chip antenna **510** is disposed on the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate **590** and the at least one first conductive pad **5111** is bonded to the at least one second conductive pad **5911** (e.g., through soldering), the first conductive patch **511** may be electrically connected to the wireless communication circuit **597**.

[0113] According to various embodiments, in the second chip antenna **520**, when at least one conductive pad **5211** exposed to the outer surface of the second rigid body **522** is electrically connected to a conductive pad **5921** exposed to the first substrate surface, the second conductive patch **521** in the inner space of the second rigid body **522** may be electrically connected to the wireless communication circuit **597** through the first electrical connection structure **CV1**, the conductive pads **5211** and **5921**, the second electrical connection structure **CV2**, and the wiring structure **5904**. According to an embodiment, the electrical connection structures **CV1**, **CV2**, and **CV3** may include conductive vias. In some embodiments, the ground layer **G2** disposed in the rigid bodies **512** and **522** may be omitted.

[0114] According to various embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may include, in the substrate **590**, conductive walls **CV4** disposed between the chip antennas **510** and **520** and having a length in a vertical direction. According to an embodiment, the conductive walls **CV4** may improve isolation between the chip antennas **510** and **520**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may include, in the substrate **590**, a conductive layer **596** disposed to surround the chip antennas **510** and **520** when viewed from above the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, the conductive layer **596** may potentially reduce mutual interference between the chip antennas **510** and **520** and may reduce a surface current flowing on the substrate surface. According to an embodiment, the conductive layer **596** may be disposed, in the insulating layer **5903** of the substrate **590**, at a position close to the first substrate surface **5901** or be exposed to the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, the conductive walls **CV4** and the conductive layer **596** may be electrically connected to the ground layer **G1** of the substrate **590**. In some embodiments, the conductive walls **CV4** and the conductive layer **596** may be omitted.

[0115] According to various embodiments, the third chip antenna **530** and the fourth chip antenna **540** may have substantially the same structure as the first chip antenna **510**, be disposed on the

substrate **590** in the same manner, and be electrically connected to conductive pads (e.g., the conductive pads **5931**, **5941**, and **5951** in FIG. 5A) disposed to be exposed to the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate **590**.

[0116] According to an embodiment, the wireless communication circuit **597** may be configured to transmit and/or receive a radio signal in the range of about 3 GHz to 300 GHz through the array antenna AR. According to an embodiment, the wireless communication circuit **597** may be configured to operate in a frequency band (e.g., mmWave band) ranging from about 25 GHz to 45 GHz through the array antenna AR. In some embodiments, the wireless communication circuit **597** may be configured to operate in a frequency band of about 60 GHz (e.g., the 802.11ay band) via the array antenna AR. In some embodiments, the wireless communication circuit **597** may be disposed at a location spaced apart from the substrate **590** in the inner space (e.g., the inner space **3001** in FIG. 4A) of the electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **300** in FIG. 4A), and be electrically connected to the substrate **590** through an electrical connection member (e.g., a FRC). For example, the wireless communication circuit **597** may be disposed on the printed circuit board (e.g., the PCB **321** in FIG. 4A) of the electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **300** in FIG. 4A).

[0117] The above-described embodiments of the disclosure relate to the antenna structure **500** in which four chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) are disposed on the substrate **590** and operate as the array antenna AR, but this is not a limitation. For example, the antenna structure **500** may include two, three, five, or more chip antennas disposed on the substrate **590** and operating as the array antenna AR. In some embodiments, two conductive patches **541** and **541'** are disposed in one chip antenna **540**, but this is not a limitation. For example, three or more conductive patches may be disposed in one chip antenna. In some embodiments, the antenna structure **500** may operate as a dual polarization array antenna by allowing the conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**) included in the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) to include additional feed points disposed through an electrical connection structure of at least one conductive pad.

[0118] FIG. 7A is a cross-sectional view illustrating a portion of an electronic device viewed along line 7a-7a of FIG. 4A, according to various embodiments of the disclosure. FIG. 7B is a perspective view illustrating a portion of a first bracket, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0119] With reference to FIGS. 7A and 7B, the electronic device **300** may include a housing structure (e.g., the housing structure **310** in FIG. 3A) (e.g., a housing) including a front cover **302** facing in the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) (e.g., the z-axis direction), a rear cover **311** facing in the second direction (direction {circle around (2)}) (e.g., the negative z-axis direction) opposite to the front cover **302**, and a lateral member (e.g., the lateral member **318** in FIG. 3A) disposed to surround an inner space **3001** between the front cover **302** and the rear cover **311**. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include a first bracket **319** (e.g., front bracket) disposed in the inner space **3001** and a second bracket **320** (e.g., rear bracket) combined with the first bracket **319**. According to an embodiment, the first bracket **319** may be a support member and may be integrally formed with the lateral member **318**. In some embodiments, the first bracket **319** and the lateral member **318** may be separated from and structurally combined with each other. According to an embodiment, the electronic device **300** may include a display **301** disposed between the first bracket **319** and the front cover **302** and disposed to be visible from the outside through at least a portion of the front cover **302**. According to an embodiment, the display **301** may be disposed to be supported by at least a portion of the first bracket **319**.

[0120] According to various embodiments, the electronic device **300** may include an antenna structure **500** disposed in the inner space **3001** and disposed to form a directional beam in the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) through at least a portion of the front cover **302**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be disposed through a space **3002** between the first bracket **319** and the second bracket **320**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure

**500** may include a substrate **590** having a first substrate surface **5901** facing in the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) and a second substrate surface **5902** facing in the second direction (direction {circle around (2)}), and an array antenna AR including a plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) arranged at predetermined intervals on the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, the antenna structure **500** may be arranged in such a way that it is fixed to the second bracket **320** through a conductive bracket **550**.

[0121] According to an embodiment, the conductive bracket **550** may include a support portion **551** supporting at least a portion of the second substrate surface **5902** of the substrate **590**, and one or more extension portions **552** and **553** extending from one end or both ends of the support portion **551**. Therefore, the substrate **590** may be fixed through the conductive bracket **550** in such a way that the one or more extension portions **552** and **553** are fastened to the conductive bracket **550** through a fastening member S (e.g., a screw). For example, the second substrate surface **5902** of the substrate **590** may be attached at least in part to the support portion **551** of the conductive bracket **550** through a tape member (e.g., conductive tape).

[0122] According to various embodiments, the first bracket **319** may include a plurality of protrusions **3195** spaced apart from each other at predetermined intervals in an area corresponding to the first substrate surface **5901**. According to an embodiment, each of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may have a second width d2 in a direction (e.g., the y-axis direction) in which the plurality of protrusions are arranged (or in a direction in which the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**) are arranged). According to an embodiment, the width d2 of each protrusion **3195** may be greater than the first width d1 of the separation space between the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**).

[0123] According to an embodiment, when viewed from above the first bracket **319**, some of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may overlap with at least a portion of the first chip antenna **510** of the antenna structure **500** and at least a portion of the second chip antenna **520** adjacent to the first chip antenna **510**. According to an embodiment, when viewed from above the first bracket **319**, some of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed to overlap with edges of the first chip antenna **510** and edges of the second chip antenna **520**. For example, when viewed from above the first bracket **319**, some of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed such that the amount of overlap with the first chip antenna **510** is substantially equal to the amount of overlap with the second chip antenna **520**. In another example, when viewed from above the first bracket **319**, some of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed such that the amount of overlap with the first chip antenna **510** is different from the amount of overlap with the second chip antenna **520**.

[0124] According to an embodiment, each of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed adjacent to or in contact with outer surfaces of the chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**). According to an embodiment, each of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed in substantially the same way between the second and third chip antennas **520** and **530** and/or between the third and fourth chip antennas **530** and **540**. According to an embodiment, when viewed from above the first bracket **319**, some of the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed to overlap with only the first chip antenna **510** or the fourth chip antenna **540**, which is disposed at the left or right end of the array antenna AR.

[0125] According to various embodiments, when the first bracket **319** is disposed to correspond to the substrate **590** of the antenna structure **500**, spaces **3191**, **3192**, **3193**, and **3194** (e.g., recesses) spaced apart from the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate **590** may be formed between the respective protrusions **3195**. When viewed from above the first bracket **319**, each of the spaces **3191**, **3192**, **3193**, and **3194** may overlap with each of the conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**) of the plurality of chip antennas (e.g., **510**, **520**, **530**, and **540**). Therefore, the spaces **3191**, **3192**, **3193**, and **3194** may be used as heat dissipation spaces spaced apart from the substrate **590**. According to an embodiment, a region of the first bracket **319** between protrusions **3195**, corresponding to the conductive patches (e.g., **511**, **521**, **531**, **541**, and **541'**), has a thickness

smaller than the surrounding region because of the spaces **3191**, **3192**, **3193**, and **3194** spaced apart from the substrate **590**, so that distortion of a beam pattern of the antenna structure **500** due to the first bracket **319** formed of a dielectric material may be reduced. In some embodiments, when two or more conductive patches **541** and **541'** are disposed at an interval in one chip antenna **540**, the plurality of protrusions **3195** may be disposed to avoid the two or more conductive patches **541** and **541'** when viewed from above the first bracket **319**.

[0126] FIGS. **8A** and **8B** are cross-sectional views illustrating a portion of an electronic device including an antenna structure, according to various embodiments of the disclosure.

[0127] In describing the electronic device **300** of FIGS. **8A** and **8B**, the same reference numerals are assigned to components substantially the same as those of the electronic device **300** of FIG. **7A**, and detailed descriptions thereof may be omitted.

[0128] With reference to FIG. **8A**, the first bracket **319** may include a plurality of protrusions **3196** formed to be in contact with or come close to the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate. According to an embodiment, each of the plurality of protrusions **3196** may include an extension part **3196a** formed to be in contact with or come close to the first substrate surface **5901** and having an end wider than the rest. The expansion part **3196a** may help in expanding the support structure of the antenna structure **500** through the first bracket **319** and reducing the degradation of radiation performance of the antenna structure **500**.

[0129] With reference to FIG. **8B**, the first bracket **319** may include a plurality of protrusions **3197** formed to be in contact with or come close to the first substrate surface **5901** of the substrate. According to an embodiment, each of the plurality of protrusions **3197** may be formed in a tapered shape that a cross section gradually widens from the first bracket **319** toward the first substrate surface **5901**. The tapered protrusion **3197** may help in expanding the support structure of the antenna structure **500** through the first bracket **319** and reducing the degradation of radiation performance of the antenna structure **500**.

[0130] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, an electronic device (e.g., the electronic device **300** in FIG. **3A**) may include a housing (e.g., the housing **310** in FIG. **3A**). The electronic device may include an antenna structure (e.g., the antenna structure **500** in FIG. **7A**) disposed in an inner space of the housing. The antenna structure may include a substrate (e.g., the substrate **590** in FIG. **7A**). The substrate may have a first substrate surface (e.g., the first substrate surface **5901** in FIG. **7A**) facing in a first direction (e.g., the first direction (direction {circle around (1)}) in FIG. **7A**) and a second substrate surface (e.g., the second substrate surface **5902** in FIG. **7A**) facing in a second direction (e.g., the second direction (direction {circle around (2)}) in FIG. **7A**) opposite to the first substrate surface. The antenna structure may include a plurality of chip antennas arranged on the first substrate surface in a third direction perpendicular to the first direction. The plurality of chip antennas may include a first chip antenna (e.g., the first chip antenna **510** in FIG. **7A**), a third chip antenna (e.g., the third chip antenna **530** in FIG. **7A**), and a second chip antenna (e.g., the second chip antenna **520** in FIG. **7A**) located between the first and third chip antennas. Each of the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, and the third chip antenna may include an antenna element. A first separation space between the first and second chip antennas and/or a second separation space between the second and third chip antennas may have a first width (e.g., the first width **d1** in FIG. **7A**) in the third direction.

[0131] The electronic device may include a wireless communication circuit (e.g., the wireless communication circuit **597** in FIG. **7A**) disposed in the inner space. The wireless communication circuit may be configured to transmit and/or receive a radio signal in a selected and/or designated frequency band through the antenna structure.

[0132] The electronic device may include a first bracket (e.g., the first bracket **319** in FIG. **7A**). The first bracket may include a first protrusion (e.g., one of the plurality of first protrusions **3195** in FIG. **7A**) and a second protrusion (e.g., any other of the plurality of second protrusions **3195** in FIG. **7A**) that protrude in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface of the

substrate and are spaced apart from each other. The first protrusion and/or the second protrusion may have a second width (e.g., the second width d2 in FIG. 7A) greater than the first width in the third direction. When viewed from above the first bracket, the first protrusion may be aligned with the first separation space and overlap with at least a portion of the first chip antenna and at least a portion of the second chip antenna. When viewed from above the first bracket, the second protrusion may be aligned with the second separation space and overlap with at least another portion of the second chip antenna and at least a portion of the third chip antenna.

[0133] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, when viewed from above the first bracket, an overlapping amount of the first protrusion with the first chip antenna and an overlapping amount of the first protrusion with the second chip antenna may be substantially equal to each other. When viewed from above the first bracket, an overlapping amount of the second protrusion with the second chip antenna and an overlapping amount of the second protrusion with the third chip antenna may be substantially equal to each other.

[0134] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first bracket may further include a third protrusion and a fourth protrusion that protrude in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface. The first protrusion may be positioned between the third protrusion and the second protrusion, and the second protrusion may be positioned between the first protrusion and the fourth protrusion. When viewed from above the first bracket, the antenna element included in the first chip antenna may overlap with a first recess of the first bracket between the first protrusion and the third protrusion. When viewed from above the first bracket, the antenna element included in the second chip antenna may overlap with a second recess of the first bracket between the first protrusion and the second protrusion. When viewed from above the first bracket, the antenna element included in the third chip antenna may overlap with a third recess of the first bracket between the second protrusion and the fourth protrusion.

[0135] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first bracket may be formed, at least in part, of a dielectric material. In the first bracket, a portion corresponding to the first recess, a portion corresponding to the second recess, and a portion corresponding to the third recess may have a smaller thickness in the first direction than the first protrusion, the second protrusion, the third protrusion, and the fourth protrusion.

[0136] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the antenna element may include a conductive patch and/or a conductive pattern.

[0137] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first protrusion may be in contact with a surface of the first chip antenna facing the first protrusion and/or a surface of the second chip antenna facing the first protrusion. The second protrusion may be in contact with a surface of the second chip antenna facing the second protrusion and/or a surface of the third chip antenna facing the second protrusion.

[0138] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first protrusion and/or the second protrusion may have a form in which a width in the third direction gradually increases toward the second direction.

[0139] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the housing may provide a front surface of the electronic device, a rear surface of the electronic device, and a side surface of the electronic device. The first substrate surface may face the front surface. The plurality of chip antennas may form a directional beam in the first direction.

[0140] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the electronic device **300** may further include a second bracket positioned between the first bracket and the rear surface and combined with the first bracket. The antenna structure may be disposed in a space provided between the first bracket and the second bracket.

[0141] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the electronic device may further include a conductive bracket for connecting the antenna structure to the second bracket. The conductive bracket may extend between the antenna structure and the second bracket.

[0142] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the conductive bracket may include a support portion and at least one extension portion extending from the support portion and fixed to the second bracket. The substrate may be disposed such that at least a portion of the second substrate surface is supported by the support portion.

[0143] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the second bracket may be formed of a metal material.

[0144] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the electronic device may further include a display disposed between the first bracket and the front surface and visually exposed through the front surface. The antenna structure may be located in the housing to correspond to a black matrix (BM) area of the display.

[0145] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the housing may include a lateral member providing the side surface. The first bracket may be connected to the lateral member or integrally formed with the lateral member.

[0146] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, or the third chip antenna may include a rigid body formed of a dielectric material, and the antenna element disposed inside the rigid body. The antenna element may be electrically connected to at least one first conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the rigid body.

[0147] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the substrate may include at least one second conductive pad exposed to a surface of the first substrate. The at least one second conductive pad may be electrically connected to the wireless communication circuit disposed on the second substrate surface through a wiring structure.

[0148] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first chip antenna, the second chip antenna, or the third chip antenna may be fixed to the first substrate surface through a process of soldering the at least one first conductive pad and the at least one second conductive pad.

[0149] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the wireless communication circuit may be disposed on the second substrate surface.

[0150] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, an electronic device **300** may include a housing and an antenna structure disposed in an inner space of the housing. The antenna structure may include a substrate having a first substrate surface facing in a first direction and a second substrate surface facing in a second direction opposite to the first substrate surface. The antenna structure may include first and second chip antennas disposed to be spaced apart from each other on the first substrate surface with a separation space of a first width. The first chip antenna may include a first antenna element, and the second chip antenna may include a second antenna element. The electronic device may include a wireless communication circuit disposed in the inner space and configured to transmit or receive a radio signal in a selected or designated frequency band through the antenna structure. The electronic device may include a first bracket including a protrusion that protrudes in the second direction to correspond to the first substrate surface. The protrusion may have a second width greater than the first width. When viewed from above the first bracket, the protrusion may be aligned with the separation space between the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna and overlap with the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna.

[0151] According to an embodiment of the disclosure, the first chip antenna may include a first rigid body formed of a dielectric material, and the first antenna element disposed inside the first rigid body. The first antenna element may be electrically connected to at least one first conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the first rigid body. The second chip antenna may include a second rigid body formed of a dielectric material, and the second antenna element disposed inside the second rigid body. The second antenna element may be electrically connected to at least one second conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the second rigid body. The at least one first conductive pad and the at least one second conductive pad may be electrically connected to the wireless communication circuit disposed on the second substrate surface.

[0152] The embodiments disclosed in the specification and drawings are only presented as specific

examples to easily explain the technical contents of the disclosure and help the understanding of the disclosure, and it is not intended to limit the scope of the disclosure. Accordingly, it should be interpreted that all changes or modifications derived from the subject matter of the disclosure are included in the scope of various embodiments of the disclosure.

## Claims

1. An electronic device comprising: a housing; an antenna structure disposed in the housing, the antenna structure comprising: a substrate, and a plurality of chip antennas disposed on a first substrate surface of the substrate and spaced apart from each other, wherein a first chip antenna and a second chip antenna among the plurality of chip antennas are spaced apart to have a first width; a wireless communication circuit disposed in the housing and configured to transmit and/or receive a radio signal through the antenna structure; and a first bracket comprising a first protrusion that protrudes toward the first substrate surface, the first protrusion having a second width greater than the first width, wherein the first protrusion overlaps with a portion of the first chip antenna and a portion of the second chip antenna when the first substrate surface is viewed from above.
2. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the first protrusion is disposed so as to have a substantially same amount of overlap with the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna when the first substrate surface is viewed from above.
3. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the first protrusion is disposed to contact with the first chip antenna and the second chip antenna.
4. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the first bracket comprises a dielectric material.
5. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the second width of the first protrusion is configured to gradually increase toward the first substrate surface.
6. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the housing comprises front cover and rear cover facing in a direction opposite to the front cover, wherein the first bracket is disposed in an inner space between the front cover and the rear cover, wherein the substrate is disposed so that the first substrate surface faces to the front cover, and wherein the plurality of chip antennas are configured to form a directional beam in a direction facing the front cover.
7. The electronic device of claim 6, further comprising: a second bracket disposed between the first bracket and the rear cover and combined with the first bracket, and wherein the antenna structure is disposed in a space between the first bracket and the second bracket.
8. The electronic device of claim 7, further comprising: a conductive bracket coupling the antenna structure to the second bracket, and wherein at least a part of the conductive bracket extends between the antenna structure and the second bracket.
9. The electronic device of claim 8, wherein the conductive bracket comprises a support portion and at least one extension portion extending from the support portion and fixed to the second bracket, and wherein at least a portion of a second substrate surface is supported by the support portion.
10. The electronic device of claim 6, further comprising: a display disposed between the first bracket and the front cover and visually exposed through the front cover.
11. The electronic device of claim 10, wherein the antenna structure disposed so as not to overlap with the display when the front cover is view from above.
12. The electronic device of claim 6, wherein the housing further comprises a lateral member providing a side surface of the electronic device, and wherein the first bracket is coupled to the lateral member or integrally formed with the lateral member.
13. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of chip antennas comprises: a rigid body formed of a dielectric material; an antenna element disposed inside the rigid body; and at least one first conductive pad exposed to an outer surface of the rigid body.
14. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the substrate comprises at least one second

conductive pad exposed to the first substrate surface, and wherein the at least one second conductive pad is electrically coupled to the wireless communication circuit disposed on a second substrate surface opposite to the first substrate surface.

**15.** The electronic device of claim 14, wherein each of the plurality of chip antennas is fixed to the first substrate surface through a process in which the at least one first conductive pad is soldered to the at least one second conductive pad.

**16.** The electronic device of claim 1, further comprising: a third chip antenna spaced apart from the second chip antenna to have the first width, and wherein the first bracket includes a second protrusion spaced apart from the first protrusion to have the second width.

**17.** The electronic device of claim 16, wherein the second protrusion overlaps with a portion of the second chip antenna and a portion of the third chip antenna when the first substrate surface is viewed from above.

**18.** The electronic device of claim 17, wherein the second protrusion is disposed so as to have a substantially same amount of overlap with the second chip antenna and the third chip antenna when the first substrate surface is viewed from above.

**19.** The electronic device of claim 18, wherein each of the plurality of chip antennas includes an antenna element, and wherein the antenna element of the second chip antenna overlaps with a recess of the first bracket between the first protrusion and the second protrusion when the first substrate surface is viewed from above.

**20.** The electronic device of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of chip antennas includes an antenna element, and wherein the antenna element comprises at least one of a conductive patch and a conductive pattern.

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