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Curated Result Finder

Abstract

A method is provided. The method includes determining a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device. In response to the trajectory being within configured limits, the method includes one or more of incorporating the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact including an entity, an observation, and an object, comparing the one or more facts to historical data, and determining one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

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Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a Continuation of application Ser. No. 18/502,049, filed on Nov. 5, 2023, which is a Continuation of application Ser. No. 18/173,226, filed on Feb. 23, 2023, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,847,179, which is a Continuation of application Ser. No. 17/816,400, filed on Jul. 30, 2022, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,625,444, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 63/300,370, filed on Jan. 18, 2022, the entirety of each of which is incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

FIELD

[0002] The present invention is directed to methods and systems for obtaining relevant information for users of computing devices. In particular, the present invention is directed to methods and systems for finding and presenting curated results based on user device trajectory on client devices.

BACKGROUND

[0003] The current way to search on the internet is to start with a specific idea, search for that idea, and sift through results to assess whether they meet the search criteria and provide the information needed. Current internet search (e.g., searches through search engines) integrates a wide variety of user data to inform search results, sometimes including location. Results are also weighted based on user and social data. Search strings are automatically completed based on historical search patterns.

[0004] The disadvantage to searching in this manner is the relatively narrow specificity required to compose a useful search. For example, if a client device needs to find information on “Chatfield State Park history,” a user of the client device needs to provide this string to a search application to pull up that history. If the user needs trail maps for the park, the user needs to search for that specifically, and so on. When a client device searches for simply “Chatfield State Park” the user is presented with pages and pages of results—some of which may be relevant to the user inquiries, most of which may not be. If the search criteria is more uninformed or abstract, as in this example, a user may spend more time finding what they want and may ultimately abandon the search if the quality of provided results continue to be low.

SUMMARY

[0005] In accordance with embodiments of the present invention, a method is provided. The method includes determining a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device. In response to the trajectory being within configured limits, the method includes one or more of incorporating the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact including an entity, an observation, and an object, comparing the one or more facts to historical data, and determining one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

[0006] In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, a computer program is provided. The computer program includes instructions, that when read by a processor cause the processor to perform determining a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a

client device. In response to the trajectory being within configured limits, the instructions cause the processor to further perform incorporating the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact including an entity, an observation, and an object, comparing the one or more facts to historical data, and determining one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

[0007] In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, a system is provided. The system includes a processor and a memory, coupled to the processor. The memory includes instructions, that when executed by the processor are configured to determine a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device. In response to the trajectory being within configured limits. The instructions are configured to incorporate the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact including an entity, an observation, and an object, compare the one or more facts to historical data, and determine one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

[0008] An advantage of the present invention is it requires minimal user interaction in order to obtain useful results. Current search methods may require extensive input-whether that is interacting with a virtual assistant or inputting text into a search engine. One button press functionality allows the present invention to bypass having to interact with a search engine or virtual assistant in most cases and is core to the idea itself.

[0009] Another advantage of the present invention is it provides a small number (usually one or two screens/pages) of relevant results to a client device display, rather than an endless number of pages of results to sift through for conventional search applications. The present invention query results are all relevant to the user of the client device compared to many irrelevant and unrelated results provided by a conventional search application.

[0010] Yet another advantage of the present invention is it provides several most relevant and useful items of information to a client device faster than conventional or traditional search engines can. The speed is due to presenting useful and actionable information in an initial query rather than requiring a series of more specific or detailed queries over time that each span many pages of results to review.

[0011] Yet another advantage of the present invention is it may provide useful results to a user even if an internet connection may not be currently available. On-device data stored on the client device itself may provide useful clues about what the user of the client device may be currently interested in. Conventional art search depends on the internet and does not access this.

[0012] Yet another advantage of the present invention is it provides useful quick results to handicapped, deaf, or speech-impaired users. The present invention does not depend on typing or speaking to provide data input. All initiation and selection requires only touch on the client device, which may be performed in any known way (e.g., finger, toe, stylus, etc.) that is compatible with modern touchscreen devices. Additionally, gesture detection may be used to initiate queries and/or select results in the absence of touching a touchscreen surface.

[0013] Yet another advantage of the present invention is it is able to leverage significant advances in Large Language Models of advanced neural networks, include machine learning artificial intelligence (AI) chatbots, to provide higher quality of information to users.

[0014] Additional features and advantages of embodiments of the present invention will become more readily apparent from the following description, particularly when taken together with the accompanying drawings.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0015] FIG. 1 is an exemplary block diagram of a curated results system, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0016] FIG. 2 is a client device block diagram, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0017] FIG. 3 is a server block diagram, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0018] FIG. 4A is a block diagram depicting client device and server intercommunication, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0019] FIG. 4B is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary relationship between a client device query and the observation conclusion language (OCL), in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0020] FIG. 5A is a flow diagram for independent client device queries, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0021] FIG. 5B is a flow diagram for cooperative client device and server queries, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0022] FIG. 6A is a flow diagram for preparing data for client device queries, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0023] FIG. 6B is a flow diagram for preparing data for server queries, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0024] FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating client device pre-server actions, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0025] FIG. 8 is a table illustrating client device query content, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0026] FIG. 9A is a block diagram illustrating server processing actions for a client device query, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0027] FIG. 9B is a block diagram illustrating server processing actions for a client device query, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0028] FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating a server more determined best fit process, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0029] FIG. 11 is a block diagram illustrating client device post-server actions, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0030] FIG. 12 is a block diagram illustrating server post-query actions, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0031] FIG. 13 is a diagram illustrating a historical results database, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0032] FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating a results presentation example, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0033] FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating a results presentation example, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0034] FIG. 16 is a diagram illustrating a results presentation example, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

[0035] FIG. 17 is a flowchart illustrating client device configuration, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0036] The current way to search on the internet is to start with a specific idea, search for that idea, and sift through results to assess whether they meet the search criteria and provide the information needed. Current internet search (e.g., searches through search engines) integrates a wide variety of user data to inform search results. Results are also weighted based on user and social data. Search strings are automatically completed based on historical search patterns.

[0037] The disadvantage to searching in this manner is the relatively narrow specificity required to compose a useful search. For example, if a client device needs to find information on “Chatfield State Park history,” a user of the client device needs to provide this string to a search application to pull up that history. If the user needs trail maps for the park, the user needs to search for that

specifically, and so on. When a client device searches for simply “Chatfield State Park” the user is presented with pages and pages of results—some of which may be relevant to the user inquiries, most of which will not be. If the search criteria is more uninformed or abstract, as in this example, a user will spend more time finding what they want and may ultimately abandon the search if the quality of provided results continue to be low and not relevant to the user's needs. In contrast to conventional search, the present invention is directed to methods and systems for obtaining and presenting relevant information on a client device (e.g., smartphone, smartwatch, portable computer, etc.).

[0038] Referring to FIG. 1, an exemplary block diagram of a curated results system **100**, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. The system **100** may include one or more client devices **104**, one or more servers **108**, and a database **120**. A user **116** may be associated with each client device **104** and a network or cloud **112** may provide intercommunication between the client devices **104**, servers **108**, and a database **120**. The network or cloud **112** may include a cellular network, a Wi-Fi network, a BLUETOOTH network, and the like. The network or cloud **112** may include public, private, or hybrid networks.

[0039] In FIG. 1, six client devices **104** and associated users **116** are shown: client device **104A** associated with user **116A**, client device **104B** associated with user **116B**, client device **104C** associated with user **116C**, client device **104D** associated with user **116D**, client device **104E** associated with user **116E**, and client device **104N** associated with user **116N**. Although multiple servers **108** may actually be present, when the description herein refers to “the server **108**” it should be understood that any number of servers **108** may be actually present. Servers **108** may be virtual, or even include many smaller processing units than a classic ‘server’. For example, servers **108** may include container-based deployments. Servers **108** may include processing units which operate on data sent from one or more client devices **104** to perform one or more services that process the data.

[0040] FIG. 1 shows two servers **108**, identified as server **108A** and server **108B**. The database **120** provides a repository for previous query information and may include the historical results database **916** described herein. The database **120** may be associated with one or more servers **108** or be coupled directly to the network or cloud **112**. In one embodiment, a curated results system **100** may include only a single client device **104**. In another embodiment, a curated results system **100** may include a single client device **104** and a server **108**. In another embodiment, a curated results system **100** may include a single client device **104**, a server **108**, and a database **120**. In yet another embodiment, a curated results system **100** may include at least one client device **104**, and any number of servers **108** and databases **120**.

[0041] Referring to FIG. 2, a client device block diagram **104**, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. Client devices **104** may include smartphones, smartwatches, portable computers, wearable computers, vehicular processors, or any other form of computing device. Although most commonly client devices **104** are portable in nature and able to move with a user to different locations, the present invention is also usable with static computing devices such as desktop computers. The client device **104** may include the elements and resources shown in FIG. 2, more elements or resources, or fewer elements or resources.

[0042] The client device **104** includes a processor **204** coupled to one or more memory devices **208**. The processor **204** may include any type of processing devices, including microprocessors, microcontrollers, field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), or any other form of computing device. The one or more memory devices **208** may include any combination of volatile or non-volatile memory devices and stores data and applications executed by the processor **204**. The memory **208** may store various forms of client device data **212**, metadata **216**, and applications **220**.

Applications **220** may include embedded applications included with the client device **104** as well as any number of 3.sup.rd party applications **224**. For example, applications **220** and 3.sup.rd party applications **224** may include email clients, SMS text messaging applications, web browsers,

setup/configuration programs, gesture detection programs, video and/or audio streaming programs, and the like. In general, 3.sup.rd party applications **224** may be downloaded to the client device **104** from internet websites or other locations. Processes of the present invention that execute on the processor **204** may be either applications **220** or 3.sup.rd party applications **224**, or be included in an operating system of the client device **104**.

[0043] The client device **104** may include a network interface **276**, which may provide wired and/or wireless interconnection to the network or cloud **112** and allow bidirectional transfer of data with servers **108** and/or the database **120**.

[0044] The client device **104** may include one or more on-device sensors **280**, including but not limited to a GPS receiver **244**, a camera **252**, a microphone **260**, and/or an accelerometer **268**. The GPS receiver **244** may receive GPS coordinates **248** of the client device **104** and provide the GPS coordinates **248** to applications **220** or 3.sup.rd party applications **224** in order to determine the location of the client device **104**. The camera **252** may capture still images or video **256** of areas proximate to the client device **104** and the microphone **260** may capture audio **264** of areas proximate to the client device **104**. The accelerometer **268** produces movement data **272** that may be used to determine a trajectory and destination of the client device **104**. Sensors **280** may also include future sensors that may not be available to the client device **104** at the present time.

[0045] The client device **104** may include a display screen **228** and one or more hardware controls **236** or buttons. In one embodiment, the display screen **228** may include a touchscreen feature to enable a user to make displayed selections or type characters by touching displayed icons on the screen. The displayed icons may include user interface controls (UI controls **232**). The display screen **228** may produce an activated control **240A** and/or a hardware control **236** may produce an activated control **240B**, to the processor **204**. Activated controls **240A**, **240B** may initiate the query processes of the present invention. Initiation of query processes of the present invention associated with the client device **104** may be performed by the UI control **232**, a hardware control **236** such as a hardware button, a voice command received through the microphone **260**, a gesture or facial expression captured by the camera **252**, movement of the client device **104** detected by the accelerometer **268**, or any other means. Although not shown, the client device **104** may also include one or more of speaker(s) to present results to the user **116** in audio form, an earbud or headphone jack, and/or a BLUETOOTH interface. The earbud or headphone jack and the BLUETOOTH interface may present audio to the user **116** in a more private manner.

[0046] By combining rich data on a user's client device **104**, including on-device application **220**, **224** usage data and application functionality (including functionality within 3.sup.rd party applications **224**), with information other people found useful from a similar time of day, location and in some cases trajectory (i.e., path to a destination)—the present invention provides a curated result in one-click or control activation **240** of a client device **104**. The present invention provides far faster access to relevant results than the conventional art by integrating client device **104** local data and potentially including what other people found useful when at a similar time and place.

[0047] Referring to FIG. 3, a server block diagram **108**, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. The server **108** may include at least one or more processors **304**, one or more memory devices **308**, and one or more network interfaces **324**. The server **108** may include other components not shown in FIG. 3, including various components associated with a client device **104**.

[0048] The processor **304** may be coupled to the memory devices **308**. The processor **304** may include any type of processing devices, including microprocessors, microcontrollers, field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), or any other form of computing device. The one or more memory devices **308** may include any combination of volatile or non-volatile memory devices and stores data and applications executed by the processor **304**. The memory **308** may store various forms of data **312**, metadata **316**, and applications **320**. Processes of the present invention may be included in one or more applications **320** that execute on the processor **304**.

[0049] The server **108** may include a network interface **324**, which may provide wired and/or wireless interconnection to the network or cloud **112** and allow bidirectional transfer of data with other servers **108**, database(s) **120**, and one or more client devices **104**.

[0050] In some embodiments, the server **108** may not be a physical server at all, but a virtualized server such as a “virtual machine” well known in the art. A single physical server may support hundreds of virtual machines.

[0051] In some embodiments, the server **108** may include a collection of one or more services providing serverless computing inside a cloud computing provider such as Amazon Web Services Lambda. Such serverless services may be chained together to provide functions as discussed in the present application.

[0052] In some embodiments, the server **108** may be a collection of microservices running in containers, a new but increasingly common paradigm for computing at scale and infrastructure-as-code. This may combine cloud services, such as Amazon Web Services (AWS) with technologies such as Kubernetes, Docker and Terraform.

[0053] The point is that computing infrastructure has been changing rapidly and continues to evolve. When the present application uses the term “the server” or “server” the term should be understood to include computing infrastructures that host software that implements the processes of the present invention.

[0054] Referring to FIG. **4A**, a client device and server intercommunication diagram **400**, in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. Although client devices **104** may execute processes of the present application in the absence of connectivity to the server **108** and present useful results to a user associated with the client device **104**, a cooperative process between the client device **104** and the server **108** is preferred. The reason for this is the server **108** (or a database **120** controlled/accessed by the server **108**) stores useful data from other users **116**/client devices **104** that may provide more useful information to a user than only information from the user's own client device **104**.

[0055] When a client device **104** is communicably coupled to a server **108**, the client device **104** assembles and transmits a client device query **404** to the server **108**. The server **108** processes the client device query **404**, performs query analysis, and transmits pre-selected results **408** back to the same client device **104** that provided the client device query **404**. The client device **104** presents the pre-selected results **408** to a user **116** of the client device **108**. The user **116** may select any number of pre-selected results **408** as selected results **412**, and the client device **104** may transmit the selected results **412** back to the server **108**. The server **108** stores received selected results **412** from client devices **104** (including other client devices **104**) in order to provide more current information for future client device queries **404**.

[0056] A query **404** performed by the present invention is not “searching” in a conventional sense. Producing conventional search results is a multiple step process—what a user is looking for/what do they want or need? What method will I use to find the answer (application/search engine/automated assistant)? What manner of input does the method require (typing/talking/scrolling)? How much of the information that outputs from the method is relevant or useful on its face? Which specific result is most useful? How can the most useful result solve my current problem or inquiry? Is the most useful result presented in a manner that is consistent with the overarching context of my original question, or is it an independent, floating piece of data that I must re-integrate?

[0057] Query analysis as described in the present invention takes into account the above complications. A key idea is that client device queries **404** in the present invention start broad—where is the user **116** of the client device **104**, what have other users **116** found useful where they are, what are points of data about the individual user **116** that could further refine results—and presents narrow, actionable/most useful results. In comparison, conventional or traditional searching requires the user **116** to start narrow, and get more and more narrow until they find (or don't find) that for which they're searching. Many traditional searches are hindered by the simple

fact that the user **116** doesn't even know where to start searching—for example “I'm hungry in an airport terminal at 6 AM and I want breakfast”.

[0058] An example of a traditional search operation (in a browser and search engine such as GOOGLE) may be: USER: “Airport Terminal A breakfast”->RESULT: A bagel business has a shop in Terminal A and it's the top result->USER: clicks through the business website, checks hours but they don't open until 7 AM->USER: presses back button to review results again->RESULT: 3.sup.rd result is another bagel business->USER: Opens the other bagel business site and observes they are open at 6 AM->USER: searches through the other bagel business site to verify that they have a shop in the terminal->USER: walks to physical terminal map to understand how to travel to the shop, and proceeds in that direction.

[0059] This example may be implemented with query analysis of the present invention in the following way: USER: presses one button on their client device **104** while standing hungry in Terminal A at 6 AM. RESULT: here are walking directions through the terminal to the nearest open bagel shop. Query analysis, through historical data correlated with sensor **280** and other data, is able to provide immediately useful results with little to no effort on the user's part.

[0060] Further considering this example, several points of data may be considered in the background of query analysis and may not be reliant on user **116** effort as originally described in the method of conventional search:—1) the user **116** and client device **104** are located in Terminal A at an airport, 2) the individual user **116** and other users **116** similar to them most often are looking for breakfast food at 6 AM in this location [on-device historical data shows the individual user **116** is a heavy breakfast consumer and often eats this meal out, crowd-sourced data shows that at 6 AM many other users **116** go to breakfast in Terminal A at this time of day, rather than a nearby restaurant].

[0061] One advantage of the present invention to perform query analysis is the absolute minimum of thought and effort goes into obtaining relevant information. The individual user's personal data (profile), the aggregated data of the population at large, and “environmental” data, are all important in informing what results are displayed by the present invention. The present invention requires less time to get information needed by the user **116** of the client device **104** in the moment.

[0062] In one embodiment, it is a “one control activation” application on a client device **104**, or an integrated application within a computer operating system of the client device **104**. When a client device **104** detects the control activation **240**, an application **220** of the present invention presents a myriad of on-device inputs such as: location (including trajectory/predicted path & destination), a camera image **256**, microphone audio **264**, a calendar, notification, reminder, email, text message, weather, and any amount of 3.sup.rd-party application **224** data points (e.g., liked pages on a social media application), and the like. The output to the user **116** (display **228** and/or audio **264**) automatically presents the most relevant information for what one normally does or needs at the current client device location.

[0063] In the previous Chatfield State Park example, some application inputs in this scenario may include geographic location, weather, time of day, park events/things to do, entry information/fees, and road/trail maps. The process of the present invention collects, ranks, and presents the most relevant data based on what most people have needed in the past, and also bases the query analysis on the user **116**. The results may be displayed in a heads-up format-over one or two screens-rather than endless pages of results.

[0064] The present invention weighs what information to include based on the user **116** (e.g., calendar items like “meet dad at the marina at 3 PM,” or an email receipt showing the user **116** has a state park pass), and also crowd-sourced history (e.g., at 3 PM when the weather is warm and the user “likes” a particular store on a social media platform, previous queries fitting that description may need trail maps).

[0065] The results provided by the present invention inform the user **116** what they need to know, when they need to know it, and in a manner that saves time sorting through results. Instead of

starting specific and getting specific results, the present invention starts broad and presents the most useful information under the current conditions.

[0066] Another example may be a haircut service provider in a retail environment. A user **116** may activate a control **240** on a client device **104**. The specific inputs in this example may be facts derived from microphone audio **264**, functional and promotional information provided by the business, and past location tracking data. The client device **104** may present the current wait time (functional business/client information) and coupons (for this or future visit), and may offer to set a reminder for a next haircut (based on how often the client device **104** has visited the haircut provider based on past location tracking data).

[0067] A further example may be in an airport. The user **116** may activate the control **240** on the client device **104**. The inputs may include a camera image **256**, 3rd-party application **224** data, and both past location tracking data and real-time location data. The application may present the name and brief artist biography of a painting the user **116** captures on the client device camera **252**, walk time to an airport gate, and flight information including delays (pulled down from the airline's website, or a deeper source such as the Global Distribution System (GDS)), and suggestions for nearby coffee shops (based on past location tracking—the user **116** may be known to want coffee at 9 AM when traveling, and there is a highly-rated coffee shop located in Terminal A).

[0068] Another example may be at the base of a famous skyscraper building and moving into the lobby. A user **116** may activate a control **240** on a client device **104** to initiate a query **404**. The query **404** may include a current location of the client device **104**, information about a lobby Wi-Fi router, user profile data, and an elevator schedule from the building's website. Query analysis may take into account various data points: the user **116** may be connected to the skyscraper building guest wireless WiFi network (i.e., they are in the building), the user **116** and client device **104** may be traveling from a different state (i.e., likely a tourist), and an elevator to the roof is within operating hours. Query analysis results may present time and ticket information for the elevator to the user **116**. Tens of thousands of other users **116** of query analysis may have visited the skyscraper building previously, and the application may match these data points (e.g., a tourist from the same state as the user **116** purchased a ticket to the elevator and was there during operating hours). Each data point in this example may be weighted as follows:

[0069] Most Important (#1 weight): the user **116** associated with the client device **104** matches a profile of another tourist and will likely want to go to the roof of the skyscraper building. #2 weight: the elevator is within operating hours and tickets are available for purchase. #3 weight: the user **116** and client device **104** are physically inside the skyscraper building and is currently recognized by a guest Wi-Fi network within the building. Current location technology may allow a Wi-Fi device to detect a client device **104** that has Wi-Fi enabled, even if the client device **104** is not logically connected to the Wi-Fi device. This is explained in more detail in various internet articles that describe Wi-Fi location tracking.

[0070] The reason #3 is weighted as less important is simply the user's **116** close-by proximity to a possible ticket purchase in which they may be interested. If the user **116** were for sake of argument ten city blocks away from the skyscraper building—query analysis might place less priority on presenting the result. If the user **116** happens to work in the skyscraper building and historical GPS data/Wi-Fi connection data show they are there every weekday (again matching thousands of other users **116** who work there), that lower weighted data would further push down the result for the tourist attraction—as it likely would not interest a user **116** fitting that profile.

[0071] None of these examples require the user **116** to do anything more than activate a single control **240** on his/her client device **104**. All the “work” of query analysis happens on the back end and is invisible to the user **116**. The user **116** is only presented with useful, timely, nuanced information, and will likely spend less time and mental energy than composing and reviewing traditional search results. The present application provides the user **116** with actionable information rather than information to which they must react. The user **116** is automatically presented with the

most useful information about what is around them based on personal on-device or cloud data, and also what others “like me” have needed in the past.

[0072] In one embodiment, the present invention may utilize crowdsourcing to obtain useful query analysis results. Crowdsourcing may involve obtaining work, information, or opinions from a large group of people who submit their data via the internet, social media, and smartphone applications. People involved in crowdsourcing sometimes work as paid freelancers, while others perform small tasks voluntarily. For example, some traffic applications encourage drivers to report accidents and other roadway incidents to provide real-time, updated information to application users.

Crowdsourced history may provide useful and relevant data to users **116**.

[0073] It is an objective of the present invention to be able to extend available data using sensors **280** and transformation agents for the data from those sensors **280**. It is a further objective that that can be done in a vendor-independent and extensible way. The invention cannot anticipate what sensors **280** will become part of future devices, nor what conclusions can be drawn from comparing data from many sensors **280**, but it must be able to accommodate new sensor data in order to process the raw and enriched data from those sensors **280** to provide more meaningful results for users' queries.

[0074] Using an example transformation that exists today, a 3.sup.rd party application **224** can evaluate an image **256** in the camera view and recognize that image **256** as that of a landmark, such as the Empire State Building in New York City. The application **224** can do that by combining data from multiple sensors **280**, such as the current location of the client device **248** and the direction the camera **252** is pointing. It has enriched the raw data from these sensors **280** and has created new data which is useful to be consumed by the present invention. That new data has meaning associated with it. What started as pixels in a sensor, formed an image **256**, bound to a location and heading or orientation from other sensors **280**, was interpreted by an application **220** which assigned meaning to the image **256**, namely that the image is a representation of a specific known real entity in the real world at a given time.

Observation Conclusion Language

[0075] One challenge is that enriched data is siloed within the 3.sup.rd party applications **224** and their servers. The silos exist due to several issues, including two technical issues that the present invention addresses: [0076] 1. Unstructured Data [0077] 2. Security and Privacy

[0078] Within the confines of the 3.sup.rd party application silos, enriched data may very well be structured. But in order for that data to be communicated within the present invention in a meaningful way, it must be structured in a consistent way, so that data from multiple 3.sup.rd parties does not need an adapter from each one to communicate to the processes of the present invention.

[0079] The present invention proposes a Software Development Kit (SDK) that client devices **104** will link with to transform data to an intermediate language called the Observation Conclusion Language, or OCL. The OCL is a structured application-independent language for describing observations in the real physical world, as well as in virtual worlds. OCL is effectively part of the query **404**. It is structured data that provides context for the ‘activation’. Once the facts are submitted, the server **108** responds with pre-selected results **408**, and the user **116** may or may not select one or more of them, but that selection **412** requires no OCL context—the selections **412** are just a checkbox on a specific result(s).

[0080] The term observations is not meant to be limiting; it includes categories of things such as events (such as ‘stopped’ for a bus), relationships (such as proximity of the user to a car), presence (the bus is here), metrics (the bus is going 100 kilometers per hour), and any other detectable facts. The term facts here is also not meant to be limiting, rather, it allows discussion about the data that flows from an observing application **220,224** or client device **104** to the servers **108** of the invention, and is meant to help communicate that the statements indicate elements of verifiable truth. In one embodiment, the pre-selected results **408** and/or the selected results **412** may be

communicated without using OCL. In another embodiment, the pre-selected results **408** and/or the selected results **412** may be communicated using OCL. For example, previously selected results **728** may be stored in a memory of the client device **104** as OCL facts or in another format that may be more efficient/immediately useful. Additionally, the historical results database **916** may store entries as OCL facts or in another more useful format.

[0081] Referring to FIG. **4B**, a block diagram **450** illustrating an exemplary relationship between a client device query and the observation conclusion language (OCL), in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. The client device **104** produces client device queries **404**. In one embodiment, the client device **104** may transmit any number of client device queries **404** to the server **108**. In another embodiment, the client device **104** may not be able to communicate with the server **108**. In such cases, the client device queries **404** may be serviced by the client device **104** itself. Pre-selected results **408** are created by the client device **104** and presented to a user **116** of the client device **104**.

[0082] A client device query **404** may include one or more facts **454**. FIG. **4B** shows three facts **454** as part of a client device query **404**, identified as facts **454A**, **454F**, and **454S**. Each fact **454** includes an entity **458**, an observation **462**, and one or more objects **466**. In the illustrated example, fact **454A** includes entity **458A**, observation **462A**, and object **466A**, Fact **454F** includes entity **458F**, observation **462F**, and objects **466F** and **466G**, and fact **454S** includes entity **458S**, observation **462S**, and objects **466S**, **466T**, and **466U**. Facts **454**, entities **458**, observations **462**, and objects **466** are described in more detail below.

[0083] A fact in the present invention is a truth that may be produced using contextual data derived from sensors **280** or acquired from the client device **104** operating system, applications **220**, **224**, or other data sources. Examples of facts are: [0084] 1. The car is red [0085] 2. The car is stopped [0086] 3. The car is 10 meters away from the camera [0087] 4. The sound heard at 10:04 AM local time at the microphone is music by James Taylor [0088] 5. The client device is travelling at 20 Kph at heading 155 degrees [0089] 6. The queue at the donut store has 12 people in it

[0090] The OCL may be implemented within a structured language such as JSON or XML or other means of declaring data, such as GraphQL. Regardless of implementation, the OCL communicates an observation made, directly or indirectly, from a collection of contextual data present at a client device **104**. For example, the contextual data may have come from onboard sensors **280**, onboard applications **220**, **224**, a user profile, directed searches, sent to the client device **104** from an internet-connected service such as the PAYPAL API to locate past payments, the Facebook Graph API to read friend profiles, the FlightAPI to find airline gate information at airports, and the like.

[0091] Observations may be made asynchronously or synchronously with the control activation **240** of the present invention. They may be made beforehand and cached for transmission with the control activation **240**, or they can be constructed as a consequence of the control activation **240**. For example, the current location of the client device **104** may be an easy observation to make in existing client devices **104** through built-in APIs; there is no reason to do that in advance. However, processing camera image data **256** or microphone sound data **264** is resource-intensive and may be preferred to be done in advance and cached.

[0092] OCL is analogous in some ways to the experience API, also known as the xAPI. The xAPI is essentially a structured, application-independent language for declaring and communicating that a learner did something with some content. For example, a specific student took a specific test and obtained a passing grade. xAPI enables learning management systems to interface with to 3.sup.rd party training and testing modules. The fundamental structure of an xAPI message has an actor, a verb and an object. The xAPI language has to solve the problem that the learning management system can not anticipate all the possible modules that 3.sup.rd parties will plug into it, but needs to report on learning events for individuals and collections of individuals.

[0093] The OCL is different from the xAPI in that the OCL statements are communicating observations. Observations are somewhat like verbs in the xAPI. A module observes that an entity

is related to one or more objects. The entity may be the user **116** of the present invention, or some object or other person the user **116** is related to or has interest in.

[0094] Human languages are structured such that there is a subject, a verb and an object. OCL is analogous in that the entity literally is the subject, the observation is similar to a verb, and the object is actually a collection of objects that describe the details of the observation. In English, we might say “That café has a short queue”; in OCL we might express, in structured data, that “The 3.sup.rd Corner Café has a queue of 3 men and two women, including one male child”

[0095] The subject in this example is the café itself, but it could also have been the camera **252** in the client device **104** which made the observation. The choice is up to the developer of the application making the observation, along with the lexicographers who manage the OCL. The entity might be the 3.sup.rd Corner Café. The verb in the sentence is the word ‘has’. To make this more structured, OCL's observation is about the queue length, which is something of interest applied to many subjects and so becomes part of OCL's official language. Observations generally include time and location if available. The object in the sentence is ‘queue’, with ‘short’ being a subjective adjective. In OCL, there is no subjectivity; rather the objects of the statement provide factual details about the queue length. An OCL statement contains: [0096] an entity **458**, which is the subject for which it is going to state a fact about [0097] a set of objects **466**, which define factual, meaningful, specifics somehow related to the entity **458** [0098] the observation **462**, which is a highly structured relation that binds the entity **458** with the objects **466**

[0099] An OCL statement is effectively a highly structured sentence. The structure of an OCL statement presented here by example in JSON for readability:

```
TABLE-US-00001 {  “entity”: {      “type”: “person”,      “uuid”: “123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000”,      “friendly”: “Vicky Smith”,      “context”: “self”  },  “observation”: {      “observed”: “nearby”,      “uuid”: “934dbca-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000”,      “metric”: 20,      “units”: “meters”,      “magnetic_direction”: 104,      “when”: 1651098709,      “where”: {          “lat”: 33.94389043930125,          “lon”: -118.19712647355676      }  },  “objects”: [      {          “type”: “automobile”,          “identification”: “unknown”,          “color”: “red”      }  ] }
```

[0100] JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a simple data representation where JSON objects (as differentiated from objects **466**) are represented in curly brackets ({ . . . }), and JSON objects are made up of key/value pairs. The ‘entity’ key **458** in the example is the first of three required keys, and it has a value which is itself a JSON object containing multiple key/value pairs, including the key ‘type’ with value ‘person’, indicating that the entity **458** referred to is a human being.

[0101] This reasonably simple statement communicates that a specific person named Vicky Smith is 20 meters from a red car at compass heading 104 degrees relative to magnetic north. Alternately, a statement could be constructed that an entity of type camera **252** is 20 meters from a red car at compass heading 104 degrees relative to magnetic north, with an association elsewhere that the camera **252** is part of a client device **104** owned by Vicky Smith. Because the context is “self”, in this example Vicky is the user **116** of a client device **104** which has implemented the present invention. The ‘when’ key describes when the observation occurred, because this statement could be delivered well after the observation **462**. In this case the units for time is in “Unix Epoch Seconds” since Jan. 1, 1970, but other formats are possible and likely. The “where” data defines where the observation **462** was made using latitude and longitude, but other location information is possible. The “identification” field is unknown, in this case, but could be further structured using information such as a license or vehicle identification number (VIN number), or a combination of such data. Whether specific keys are required or optional is a decision for the schema designer; requirements will be enforced through the SDK.

[0102] The keys in this example are just a beginning. The taxonomy is extensible by developers working for 3.sup.rd party application **224** companies in the same way that some internet applications are extensible-user generated content created by developers who want their

applications to contribute to a better understanding of the world around humans using smart, portable devices **104** containing sensors **280**.

Observation Taxonomy

[0103] The body of information maintained that enables consistent communication about entities **458**, observations **462**, and objects **466** is herein referred to as the observation taxonomy (OT). Humans interact with the OT by submitting changes which are reviewed by peers in a manner similar to how a developer submits a pull request to a git repository. The review process might very well occur over a service such as github, but differs from most organizations in that the reviewers are self-organizing and self-directing with the objective to keep the observation taxonomy as simple and easy to use as possible. The self-directed body of people that maintain the observation taxonomy is herein called the observation taxonomy collaborative.

[0104] The OCL SDK makes it easy for developers to create and transmit statements according to the accepted taxonomy. For example, it requires that each of the main elements are present: entity **458**, observation **462**, and object(s) **466**. It makes sure that messages are properly formed, sent to servers **108** when appropriate, handling retries and timeouts. The challenges of communicating with a server **108** with unreliable networks are hidden in the SDK below easy-to-use calls made from the application **220**.

[0105] As application code is being written, the SDK enables fields to be pulled from the existing taxonomy. To clarify by example, but not in any way limiting, common “observed” elements could be: [0106] Nearby—the entity **458** is physically close to the object [0107] Heading—the entity **458** is moving toward one object **466** while moving away from a second object **466** (a use case for having multiple objects **466** in a statement) [0108] Presence—the entity **458** has a connection to a network identified by the object **466** [0109] Alert—the entity **458** has a problem or danger represented by the object **466** (for example, a smoke alarm went off at the user's home) [0110] Emotion—the entity **458** is displaying evidence of one or more emotions, for example elation or fear, as represented by the objects **466** in the OCL statement [0111] Communicated—the entity **458** sent a message to another entity **458** where the object **466** contains contextual information about the message (for example, it might contain statistics on words used or possibly an embedded OCL statement so that observations **462** about the sent message can be consumed by the invention. A use case here is that a 3.sup.rd party application **224** might perform natural language processing on the communicated message and determine that the user **116** is anxious about meeting his new supervisor—the object **466** is actually an OCL ‘emotion’ observation)

[0112] The list of observations **462** is unlimited, but finite and countable at any point in time. Observation schemas may become obsolete, incorrect, or insufficient due to any number of issues, including new laws or missing or redundant data. In order to deal with the need to change the schema for observations **462**, the present invention uses the notion of ‘retirement’. A retired observation **462** is no longer usable by the present invention. It isn't deleted because the invention still wants to recognize it and inform the caller so that the developer or the application can make a change to conform to an updated schema. The caller refers to the software code that presented the fact to the application programming interface (API).

[0113] For example, if an application **220** passes a retired observation **462** to the service at the server **108**, the service may simply return an error code communicating the retirement, which the application **220** should then pass back to its development team to adjust the related statements to conform to the new taxonomy. The retired error code may include a suggested schema UUID or a URL for the developer to evaluate. Application developers ideally develop such applications **220** with the ability to adapt to simple changes without requiring source code changes. The SDK will include the ability to query the current observation taxonomy to allow for simple changes to be automated by the client device **104** software. More complicated changes would benefit from a template defined by the developer that allows application data to be inserted into the updated template which conforms to an updated OCL statement.

[0114] When a developer has developed a new application **220** which makes conclusions using measurements and observations **462**, he/she can visit the observation taxonomy web application through a web browser and determine if there is already an appropriate observation **462** that he/she can use. [0115] If an appropriate observation **462** exists, he/she can make a call to the SDK that passes the OCL statement and includes the appropriate information so that her observation **462** is clear to service at the server **108** what exactly was observed [0116] If an appropriate observation **462** does not exist, he/she can hire a 3.sup.rd party to champion his/her need and go through the approval process to add the observation metadata, or he/she can do so him/herself

[0117] The user interface for exploring the existing taxonomy may include the ability to apply keywords to look for existing entities **458**, objects **466**, and observations **462**. These keywords may also be user-generated content and have a low barrier to adding to the database. For example, a developer that has created an application that recognizes music which can identify the musical performer might first scan for “music” and find no entries. Then the application scans observations for the keyword “identify”, and finds an entry “recognize”. The returned schema for the ‘identify’ element might be:

```
TABLE-US-00002 {  “observation”: {      “observed”: “recognize”,      “when”: 1651098709,      “where”: {          “lat”: 33.94389043930125,          “lon”: -118.19712647355676      }  }
```

[0118] The returned schema is shown in JSON for readability, but it might be presented differently, and the server **108** that returns the data might use a different language, format, schema or means not yet contemplated. The information required to supply to the SDK to make an observation **462** is presented in human readable form; that is the only requirement. The developer's objective now is to fill in an entity **458** and object(s) **466** so that the observation **462** makes sense. Even though the developer thought of the word ‘identify’ first, the developer realizes that the application is recognizing performers of music, so the developer accepts this observation name. The developer then further considers what entity **458** is doing the recognizing. Since the service requires no user input, but rather uses what the client device **104** hears over the microphone **260**, for example, the application **220** then scans for ‘microphone’ and gets a returned schema that may appear as follows:

```
TABLE-US-00003 {  “entity”: {      “type”: “device”,      “uuid”: “89432591-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000”,      “friendly”: “Microphone”,      “context”: “embedded”  } }
```

[0119] The developer may also receive detailed information about each field, such as what the context field means and what legitimate values are. The UUID field in this case uniquely identifies a microphone **260**. If the user **116** is an Italian speaker this might come back as:

```
TABLE-US-00004 {  “entity”: {      “type”: “device”,      “uuid”: “89432591-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000”,      “friendly”: “microfono”,      “context”: “embedded”  } }
```

[0120] It is envisioned that type and context fields are not localized but are generally English terms, though they could be any language as allowed by the maintainers of the OT. The UUID is that identity of the schema element itself and it alone is used when sending information to the server **108**. The other elements are for users **116** to be able to read more readily.

[0121] The developer now has two-thirds of his statement understood. His application **220** may enable the microphone **260** to recognize something the OT may not yet understand. The developer submits the equivalent of a pull request to the maintainers, asking that they add an object **466** of type music, and proposes this sub-schema (by example):

```
TABLE-US-00005 {  “objects”: [      {          “type”: “music”,          “uuid”: “89432591-e89b-12d3-a456-5297765002124”,          “identification”: “Little Deuce Coupe”,          “composer”: “Beach Boys”,          “artist”: “multiple”      }  ] }
```

[0122] The developer must also submit the meanings of each field, the data type, whether the field is required or not, and any limitations such as length or language. Assuming the developer's ‘pull request’ is accepted, the OT is updated and the server **108** will provide UUIDs to enable submission

of these statements.

[0123] It is important to note that the UUID does not identify the specific instance of any of the entity **458**, observation **462**, or object(s) **466** passed in the observation statement. Rather it is one-to-one with the type and observed fields so that the server **108** may accurately process the data.

OCL Use Cases

Audio in Music Bar Example

[0124] Elsewhere in the present application is an example about tagging music. There is a well-known consumer application **224** which allows the user **116** to determine information about the music currently present over the microphone **260**. The activation is also called ‘tagging’ by some users. There is also a mode to listen in the background and identify music without specific intervention. For the present invention to use this capability, the music recognition application uses the SDK of the present invention. When it recognizes a song, it creates an OCL statement that may be sent immediately or at the next control activation **240** of the present invention. For example, these observations may be stored in a general queue of observations that may or may not be relevant for the current user's result request issued to the present application.

[0125] An example OCL statement representing a single tagging event might look like:

```
TABLE-US-00006 {  “entity”: {      “type”: “microphone”,      “context”: “host device”  },
  “observation”: {      “observed”: “song”,      “when”: 1603108709,      “where”: {
    “lat”: 31.77930125,      “lon”: -111.51647355676    },    },    “objects”: [      {
      “title”: “Ballad for Kay”,      “artist”: “Acoustic Alchemy”,      “genre”:
“new age”,      “year”: 1988,    },    {      “title”: “Kid's Stuff”,      “artist”:
“Eric Marienthal”,      “genre”: “jazz”,      “year”: 2007,      “activation”: “background”
    },    ] }
```

[0126] This observation relates the reality that the microphone **260** of the client device **104** running the process of the present invention heard the song “Ballad for Kay”, and was tagged by the user **116**. It also indicates that previous to that, the song “Kid's stuff” was heard in the background. Once the present invention can tell that the user tags music, or doesn't tag music, many things can be done with that information.

[0127] For example, if multiple users **116** of the present invention tag music at a same bar, the present invention may place a callback on an event such as unlocking the phone, allowing the application callback to launch the tagging feature with no additional input.

Photo Capture and Popular Coffee Shop Example

[0128] A user **116** of the present invention may be at an airport and is taking input from a camera **252**, 3.sup.rd party application **224** data, and past and present location data. Herewith we detail how that may happen, using observations made by different applications. These example observations are exemplary only and not limiting, and are simplified for readability. [0129] 1. An application **220**, **224** or client device **104** operating system may process the camera **252** data (i.e., images and video **256**) using the SDK of the present invention. It recognized and delivered biographical information for the painting that the subject user pointed his camera **252** at. This resulted in an observation being produced that may be useful to others. The observation was captured at the time of the camera application image **256** capture, but may be produced in response to the user **116** activates the client device control **240**. The observation might look like the following:

```
TABLE-US-00007 {  “entity”: {      “type”: “person”,      “friendly”: “Vicky Smith”,
    “context”: “self”  },  “observation”: {      “observed”: “art”,      “when”: 1687208709,
    “where”: {      “lat”: 31.44389043930125,      “lon”: -113.69712647355676    },    },    “objects”: [      {
      “friendly”: “Moaning Lisa”,      “type”: “painting”,
      “artist”: “Floyd Bombecker”    },    ] }
```

[0130] In this use case, the identification of this piece of art is merely interesting—it might be used in another scan. What others can know if they are interested is that this painting was at the location identified at the time identified in the

observation. As a result, this user **116** has contributed to greater contextual knowledge. [0131] 2. The present invention may also be used by another user **116** who inadvertently pointed his camera **252** at front of a highly-rated coffee shop, and the application **220** recognized the queue length and logged an observation as follows:

```
TABLE-US-00008 {  "entity": {    "type": "business",    "friendly": "Highly Rated Cafe ",  },  "observation": {    "observed": "queue length",    "metric": 5,    "units": "people",    "when": 1687298709,    "where": {      "lat": 31.94389043930125,      "lon": -113.19712647355676    },    "objects": [      {        "type": "male",        "count": 3,      },      {        "type": "female",        "count": 2,      },      {        "type": "children",        "count": 1,      },    ]  }
```

[0132] This observation, though sent by another user **116** and client device **104**, may be relevant for the current user **116** and may be used in producing the results **408**. Namely, that even though the cafe is highly-rated and normally has a long queue, the user **116** may have enough time to visit the café before his/her flight. Supporting information may be sent, as well. [0133] 3. When the user **116** last loaded a calendar application **220**, which also uses the present invention's SDK, it made an observation **462** about his/her appointments. An example fact **454** containing the observation **462** might look like the following:

```
TABLE-US-00009 {  "entity": {    "type": "person",    "friendly": "Vicky Smith",    "context": "self"  },  "observation": {    "observed": "appointments",    "when": 1683308709,  },  "objects": [    {      "type": "airline flight",      "when": "09:27 CDT",      "boarding": "08:50 CDT",      "where": "Gate D9"    },  ] }
```

[0134] 4. The user's current location and direction of travel may be an observation **462** made by the present invention's result finder application **220**. It might look like this example (simplified):

```
TABLE-US-00010 {  "entity": {    "type": "person",    "friendly": "Vicky Smith",    "context": "self"  },  "observation": {    "observed": "location",    "when": 16922308709,  },  "objects": [    {      "latitude": "33.7741688",      "longitude": "-118.0523388",      "heading": 147,      "velocity": {        "metric": 3,        "units": "kph"      },    },  ] }
```

[0135] 5. When the user **116** activates the control **240**, the four facts **454** containing observations **462** above may be sent to the server **108**, which may respond with a result set **408** that includes a suggestion that the user **116** visit the highly-rated café because she has time before boarding her plane, she's heading the right direction, she likes cafes (from previous result interaction) and it's an opportunity she might not get next time.

[0136] When the user **116** interacts with the results **408**, the user **116** might select a button **232** on the client device **104** labeled something like "go there" to get directions to head to the café. The activation of that control **232** may be transmitted to the server **108** and may be accumulated for other users **116** as well for tracking popularity. For example, the control activation **240** may be stored in a historical results database **916** of a server **108** or in historical click-through data **720A** of the user's client device **104**, as will be discussed later.

Bagel in Terminal A at an Airport Example

[0137] The "Bagel in Terminal A at an Airport example" is possible utilizing a number of different observations, but a simple example follows. Each of the following example applications utilize the SDK of the invention: [0138] 1. An application **220**, **224** utilizing Wi-Fi and/or BLUETOOTH beacons to provide internal location and trajectory (heading) information using triangulation (i.e., a triangulation application) [0139] 2. An application **220** that provides results to scans for "breakfast" or "hungry" or "food" (perhaps a web browser or a map application (i.e., a conventional search application) [0140] 3. A text scraper application **220** on the client device **104** that found "breakfast" or "hungry" or "food" in a message (i.e., a text processing application) [0141] 4. A payment application **220**, **224**

[0142] Prior to the current user **116** walking around the terminal, other users **116** may have used combinations of these applications **220**, **224**. They each contribute to the current user's experience

using the following example observations:

[0143] The text scraper application **220**, which has embedded natural language processing, produced this observation **462**, where Fred mentioned to his wife, Sally, that he is safely at the terminal but is really hungry:

```
TABLE-US-00011 {  "entity": {    "type": "person",    "uuid": "1842ab34-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "friendly": "Fred Johnson",    "context": "self"  },  "observation": {    "observed": "informing",    "uuid": "75034de-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "type": "text"  },  "objects": [    {      "receiver": {        "type": "person",        "uuid": "9da43fa-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",        "friendly": "Sally Johnson",        "context": "spouse"      },      "concepts": [        "starving",        "safe",        "arrived"      ]    }  ] }
```

[0144] Note that in this case the text scraper application **220** has somehow learned that Sally is Fred's spouse (e.g., by reviewing a profile of Fred on the client device **104**), but other contexts are possible, including simply "other" to indicate someone other than 'self'. Furthermore the natural language processing might be far more sophisticated in terms of subjects, verbs and nouns, but for demonstration purposes keyword presentation and recognition may be sufficient.

[0145] The triangulation application **220**, **224** produces this observation **462**, which shows Fred moving in the direction of the bagel shop at 6:10 am:

```
TABLE-US-00012 {  "entity": {    "type": "person",    "uuid": "1842ab34-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "friendly": "Fred Johnson",    "context": "self"  },  "observation": {    "observed": "walking",    "uuid": "1292313-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "magnetic_direction": 104,    "velocity": 20,    "units": "meters/minute",    "when": 1650892200,    "where": {      "lat": 33.94389043930125,      "lon": -118.19712647355676    }  },  "objects": [ ] }
```

[0146] Lastly the payment application **220**, **224** captures the business which concluded a sale:

```
TABLE-US-00013 {  "entity": {    "type": "person",    "uuiid": "1842ab34-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "friendly": "Fred Johnson",    "context": "self"  },  "observation": {    "observed": "purchased",    "uuid": "eb38a2f-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",    "when": 1651098709,    "where": {      "lat": 33.94389043930125,      "lon": -118.19712647355676    }  },  "objects": [    {      "vendor": "Bodacious Bagels",      "product": "Everything Bagel"    }  ] }
```

[0147] The server **108** of the present invention accumulates such information and may utilize machine learning to sort through large amounts of information and conclude that "Bodacious Bagels" is a favorite stop at this location at this time of day.

[0148] When the current user **116**, Vicky, presses the "hungry" button, the server **108** is able to recommend "Bodacious Bagels" and instruct Vicky how to get there.

Security and Privacy

[0149] Many modern applications today solicit user **116** approval to access data of other services through OAuth. For example, an email client needs access to email messages kept by an EXCHANGE server managed as an OFFICE-365 service. In order to allow that, the application includes an OAuth connection the company's server which includes a callback to the application. As part of setting up that connection, the application declares to the company's server what types of information it will require. A user interface is launched on the company's server where the user must authenticate to the EXCHANGE server using whatever requirements the company has for that service. Once that is done, the company uses the registration information to inform the user **116** what information will be shared with the application. Generally, these are just one way communications—a list of privileges that will be granted—but they can include choices the user **116** can make. Once the user **116** approves, the company may allow the application to access information consistent with its declaration, but not other information.

[0150] In one embodiment, it is the intention of the present invention that any application **220**, **224**

that uses the SDK of the invention will register with the result finder service hosted by servers **108** to acquire an API key. An API key enables the calling code to contribute to data curated by the present invention. The API key may be used to acquire and refresh access tokens, which are shorter in lifespan. This is common in protocols such as OAuth and enables the service to protect the integrity of the data being received. OAuth, in addition, authorizes applications to utilize a user's private information in specific and controlled ways.

[0151] When the application first calls the SDK on a particular device using the API key, the SDK returns a value that indicates they must go through an authentication/permission interchange. The challenge is that the present invention does not know where the application data, being processed and possibly enriched by the application, originally came from. By policy and agreement during the sign-up phase, before getting an API key, the invention may require that the application communicate to the user **116**, when using authentication such as OAuth to data providing services, that the application will share this information with the present invention in order to provide better results during result finding events.

[0152] The way OAuth works is that the requesting code provides a callback at registration time with the data providing entity. In order for the curated result finder to be included in this authorization, the application **220** (Text scraper in this example) must provide a callback to the curated result finder, and the curated result finder must provide a callback to the application **220** to save in the registration for the data providing service.

[0153] Referring to FIG. 5A, a flow diagram for independent client device queries **500** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. Independent client device queries occur when a client device **104** is unable to contact the server **108**. The server **108** may have experienced a malfunction or failure, be turned off, the connection through the network or cloud **112** may not be available, or any other type of malfunction may have occurred. The process may be initiated when the user **116** of the client device **104** activates a control **240**, as previously discussed.

[0154] In response to the control activation **240**, the processor **204** collects data from the client device **504**. This is described in more detail with reference to FIG. 7. The data may come from a user profile, skimmed data from onboard applications **220**, data from 3.sup.rd party applications **224**, and/or data from directed searches performed by the client device **104**. For example, the processor **204** may access an airline website on the internet to determine if an upcoming flight later in the day is on time.

[0155] In response to collecting the data **504**, the processor **204** attempts to contact the server **108** through the network interface **276** and is unsuccessful **508**. The processor **204** may attempt to contact the server **108** any number of times but for many reasons may be unsuccessful. Because the server **108** cannot be contacted, the client device **104** must rely on itself to provide perhaps more limited meaningful results to the user **116**. The processor **204** next prepares data for client device queries **512**. This is explained in more detail in FIG. 6A.

[0156] With the client device data collected **504** and any optional directed searches completed, the processor **204** queries the historical click-through data **516** stored in a memory of the client device **104**. The historical click-through data stores selected results for previous queries conducted by the user **116** and the client device **104**.

[0157] The query may produce a number of relevant results. In one embodiment, the processor **204** may prioritize the relevant results into an order from most relevant results to least relevant **520**. Most relevant results may include events occurring now or in the near future, events that may affect being able to attend the event at a scheduled time, events occurring at the current location of the user **116**/client device **104**, and the like. With the results ordered, the processor **204** may limit the most relevant results **520** in order to reduce the number of results presented to the user **116**. In one embodiment, the number of results may be limited to a predetermined number previously configured on the client device **104**. In another embodiment, the processor **204** may limit the number of results to a previously configured number of displayed pages on the client device

display screen **228**.

[0158] The processor **204** next displays **524** the (limited) most relevant results on the display screen **228** of the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the processor **204** may instead or in addition present the results audibly through a speaker of the client device **104** to the user **116**. The user reviews the displayed results **524** and/or listens to the audio presentation of the results and may select one or more results **528**. For example, the user **116** may tap on the display screen **228** to select one or more results **528** or provide a spoken selection **528** of audibly presented results.

[0159] The processor **204** stores the selected results as click-through data **532** to a memory device of the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the client device **104** may maintain click-through data for all previous queries since the client device **104** was activated. In another embodiment, the client device **104** may maintain click-through data in memory for only a predetermined number or time period of most recent previous queries. For example, the most recent 500 queries or queries within the previous month. In another embodiment, the processor **204** may automatically delete an oldest click-through result when the memory is full and a new click-through selected result **528** is being added. This may advantageously maintain the value of more recent click-through results without requiring a larger memory device to be purchased/installed.

[0160] Referring to FIG. 5B, a flow diagram for cooperative client device and server queries **550** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. FIG. 5B applies when the server **108** is available and in communication with the client device **104**. Asynchronously to any communications between the client device **104** and the server **108**, one or more other client devices **554** may be communicating with the server **108** and issue queries as needed. The server **108** provides the other client devices **554** with pre-selected results, and users **116** of the other client devices **554** select various results and make use of the selected results. The other client devices **554** transmit other client device selected results **558** back to the server **108**, and the server **108** may store the selected results in historical results **562A** (i.e., in the historical results database **916**, as will be discussed with reference to FIG. 9). Thus, updates to the server's historical results database **916** may be constantly occurring, and client device queries **404** are always serviced by the most current data in the historical results database **916**. It should be noted that these updates to the server's historical results database **916** may also be occurring in the process illustrated in FIG. 5A. However, they may appear to be in the background since the client device **104** is out of communication with the server **108**.

[0161] Similar to the independent process of FIG. 5A, the process of FIG. 5B may be initiated when the user **116** of the client device **104** activates a control **240** on the client device **104**, as previously discussed. In response to the control activation **240**, the processor **204** of the client device **104** collects data from the client device **504**. This is described in more detail with reference to FIG. 7. The data may come from a user profile, skimmed data from onboard applications **220**, data from 3.sup.rd party applications **224**, data from directed searches performed by the client device **104**, and the like.

[0162] In response to collecting the data **504**, the processor **204** prepares data for server queries **566**. This is explained in more detail in FIG. 6B. With the client device data collected **504** and any optional directed searches completed, the processor **204** prepares and transmits a client device query **404** to the server **108**. The server processor **304** receives the client device query **404** through the network interface **324** and parses the query **570**. In one embodiment, parsing the query **570** may include ordering the facts based on a desired order of lookup in the historical results database **916**. This is explained in more detail with respect to FIG. 9A. In another embodiment, parsing the query **570** may include separating the query into a number of facts **454** contained within the query **404**, where each fact **454** may include an entity **458**, an observation **462**, and one or more objects **466**. This is explained in more detail with respect to FIG. 9B.

[0163] In one embodiment, as facts **454** are being received from a client device **104**, the server **108** may asynchronously, relative to the client devices **104** and users **116**, fetch data from related web

services that might help an eventual query. For example, a fact **454** that indicates that the user **116** is arriving at an airport might trigger a microservice to query airline gate arrival and departure data as facts **454** that may assist in providing meaningful results to the user **116**.

[0164] In one embodiment, the server processor **304** may perform one or more historical database **916** lookup operations based on query content and order **574**. Each of the historical database **916** lookup operations may result in a result, which is temporarily stored until all of the historical database lookup operations **574** have been completed. The processor **304** reviews the results and prioritizes and limits the results **578**. In one embodiment, the processor **304** may prioritize and limit the results **578** in a similar manner as the processor **204** did in step **524** of FIG. 5A. In another embodiment, the processor **304** may apply different prioritization and limiting criteria than the processor **204** of the client device **104**. The prioritized and limited results **578** are transmitted by the server **108** to the client device **104** as pre-selected results **408**.

[0165] The client device **104** receives the pre-selected results **408** from the server **108** and the processor **204** next displays **528** the (limited) most relevant results **528** on the display screen **228** of the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the processor **204** may instead or in addition present the results audibly through a speaker of the client device **104** to the user **116**. The user **116** reviews the displayed results **528** and/or listens to the audio presentation of the results and may select one or more results **532**. For example, the user **116** may tap on the display screen **228** to select one or more results **532** or provide a spoken selection **532** of audibly presented results.

[0166] The processor **204** stores the selected results as click-through data **536** to a memory of the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the client device **104** may maintain click-through data for all previous queries since the client device **104** was activated. In another embodiment, the client device **104** may maintain click-through data in memory for only a predetermined number or time period of most recent previous queries. For example, the most recent 300 queries or queries within the previous month. In another embodiment, the processor **204** may automatically delete an oldest click-through result when the memory is full and a new click-through selected result **532** is being added. This may advantageously maintain the value of more recent click-through results without requiring a larger memory device to be purchased/installed.

[0167] In one embodiment, the client device **104** transmits the selected results **412** to the server **108**. The server processor **304** then stores the selected results in the historical results database **562B**. Thus, the historical results database **916** associated with the server **108** is updated by the selected results **412** from the most recent client device query **404**.

[0168] Referring to FIG. 6A, a flow diagram for preparing data for client device queries **512** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. In one embodiment, the processor **204** of the client device **104** may limit the client device data with selection criteria **604**. The selection criteria may include a distance range from the current client device **104** location, a time range, a date range, users **116** within a contact list, or certain categories (e.g., types of travel, retailer names, airline names, etc.). The selection criteria may be stored within configured parameters **708** of a client device **104** memory and retrieved from the memory as configured limits **712**, as shown and explained in FIG. 7. The processor **204** may retrieve the configured limits **712** and apply the configured limits **712** to the client device data **504**. This may eliminate one or more items of client device data **504** that fall outside the configured limits **712**. For example, a configured limit **712** may refer to data items that occurred within the previous month. The processor **204** may have obtained a data item from the client device **104** that was scraped from a text message from 3 months ago. Because the text message falls outside the previous month configured limit **712**, the text message may be deleted from the client device data **504** and not be incorporated in the query **516**.

[0169] After limiting the client device data **604**, the processor **204** of the client device **104** may in some cases perform one or more optional directed searches **608** based on the limited client device data **604**. For example, limited client device data **604** may indicate an upcoming appointment at

another location. The processor **204** may obtain traffic, construction, or weather updates to suggest changes in vehicle departure/arrival times. As another example, limited client device data **604** may include a text message from a friend that a new movie is showing tonight. The processor **204** may obtain show times for tonight from a local movie theatre the user **116** likes to visit. Unlike many conventional internet searches, directed searches **608** may be directed to specific requested information and do not result in pages of results to look through. The configured parameters **708** and configured limits **712** may be configured in a similar manner as explained in FIG. 17.

[0170] After performing any optional directed searches **608**, the processor **204** may convert client device data to facts **612**. The processor **204** converts client device data into facts **612** by determining the entity **458**, the observation **462**, and one or more objects **466** from each of the limited remaining data items (i.e. the limited client device data **604** perhaps enhanced with data from directed search(es) **608**). The facts **454** follow the observation taxonomy (OT) described previously. Once the facts **454** have been assembled, the client device **104** is ready to query the historical click-through data in step **516** of FIG. 5A.

[0171] Referring to FIG. 6B, a flow diagram for preparing data for server queries **556** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. In one embodiment, the processor **204** of the client device **104** may limit the client device data with selection criteria **604**. The selection criteria may include a distance range from the current client device **104** location, a time range, a date range, users **116** within a contact list, or certain categories (e.g., types of travel, retailer names, airline names, etc.). The selection criteria may be stored within configured parameters **708** of a client device **104** memory and retrieved from the memory as configured limits **712**, as shown and explained in FIG. 7. The processor **204** may retrieve the configured limits **712** and apply the configured limits **712** to the client device data **504**. This may eliminate one or more items of client device data **504** that fall outside the configured limits **712**. For example, a configured limit **712** may refer to data items that occurred within the previous month. The processor **204** may have obtained a data item from the client device **104** that was scraped from a text message from 3 months ago. Because the text message falls outside the previous month configured limit **712**, the text message may be deleted from the client device data **504** and not be incorporated in the query **566**.

[0172] After limiting the client device data **604**, the processor **204** of the client device **104** may in some cases perform one or more optional directed searches **608** based on the limited client device data **604**. For example, limited client device data **604** may indicate an upcoming appointment at another location. The processor **204** may obtain traffic, construction, or weather updates to suggest changes in vehicle departure/arrival times. As another example, limited client device data **604** may include a text message from a friend that a new movie is showing tonight. The processor **204** may obtain show times for tonight from a local movie theatre the user **116** likes to visit. Unlike many conventional internet searches, directed searches **608** may be directed to specific requested information and do not result in pages of results to look through.

[0173] After performing any optional directed searches **608**, the processor **204** may convert client device data to facts **612**. The processor **204** converts client device data into facts **612** by determining the entity **458**, the observation **462**, and one or more objects **466** from each of the limited remaining data items (i.e. the limited client device data **604** perhaps enhanced with data from directed search(es) **608**). The facts **454** follow the observation taxonomy (OT) described previously.

[0174] Once the facts **454** are all assembled, in one embodiment the processor **204** may order the facts by query stages **616**. Query stages are shown and explained in FIG. 9A. The idea behind query stages is to begin with broader queries and apply successive queries to the results from a previous stage. For example, perform a stage 1 query on a relatively broad fact **454**. From those query results, perform a stage 2 query that may be somewhat narrower than the stage 1 query. Then apply a stage 3 query to the stage 2 query results, and continue through any remaining stages. This

will hopefully reduce the number of results greatly over multiple stages. There may be any number of query stages used in the server **108** but preferably the number of stages is low (5 or less) in order to save time to perform curated result finding. In another embodiment, the processor **204** may not order the facts by query stages **616** and instead present the facts **454** as inputs to neural net processing as shown in FIG. **9B**.

[0175] In one embodiment, an optional step prior to performing fact **454** lookups in the historical results database **916** of the server **108** is to anonymize the facts **620**. Anonymizing the facts **620** may include removing data that may directly associate a data item with the user **116** of the client device **104**. Because the client device query **404** is transmitted through the network **112**, it may be important to preserve the identity and privacy of the user **116** by removing the user's name, address, social security number, drivers license number, credit card information, etc. from the facts **454**. However, anonymizing facts **620** may not be required since OT already removes sensitive and private information from facts **454**.

[0176] A final step is to assemble the client device query from the facts **624**. The flow at this point proceeds to step **566** of FIG. **5B** to transmit the client device query **404** to the server **108**.

[0177] Referring to FIG. **7**, a block diagram illustrating client device pre-server actions **700** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. FIG. **7** illustrates software and hardware components of the client device **104** that contribute to query formation. The user **116** initially configures query limits as configured parameters **708** to a non-volatile memory device **208** of the client device **104**. Typically, a GUI configuration utility is displayed on the display screen **228** of the client device **104**, and the user **116** provides the configured parameters **708** (e.g., data, time, location ranges, etc. **704**) through the GUI. The configuration process is explained in more detail with reference to FIG. **17**. The user **116** may also configure **772** the query stages used by the server **108**, as explained with reference to FIG. **9**.

[0178] All queries are initiated when a user **116** activates a control **240A**, **240B** on the client device **104**. The processor **204** performs many actions in response to that control activation **240**, and the actions may be in a different order than shown. FIG. **7** is oriented to a client device query **404** transmitted to the server **108** but does not reflect actions taken in response to receiving the pre-selected results **408**, or later items. In response to the control activation **240**, the processor **204** may retrieve the configured limits **712** in order to limit the client device data with selection criteria **604**.

[0179] The processor **204** may convert sensor **280** and application data **220**, **224** to facts **454** based on the configured limits **716**. For example, even though the user **116** may have received 20 SMS messages **216B** since the last activation, the number of facts **454** may represent an arbitrary limit of 6 SMS messages **216B**. The processor **204** may retrieve data and metadata from application usage data **724A**, email data **212A**, email metadata **216A**, SMS message data **212B**, SMS message metadata **216B**, calendar/reminder data **212C**, and 3.sup.rd party applications **224**. The application usage data **724A** may produce selected application usage data **732**, the email data **212A** and email metadata **216A** may produce email sweep text **736**, the SMS message data **212B** and SMS message metadata **216B** may produce SMS sweep text **740**, and the calendar/reminder data **212C** may produce calendar/reminder sweep text **744**. In some embodiments, a data/metadata request within configurable limits **716** may be provided to the historical click-through data **720A** to produce previously selected results **728**.

[0180] The processor **204** may also provide sensor data requests **748** to one or more on-device sensors **280** of the client device **104**. For example, on-device sensors **280** may include a GPS receiver **244**, a camera **252**, a microphone **260**, and an accelerometer **268**. Other sensors **280** may also be used but are not specifically shown for clarity. The GPS receiver **244** may provide GPS coordinates **248**, the camera **252** may produce camera images and video **256**, the microphone **260** may produce audio **264**, and the accelerometer **268** may produce movement data **272**—all to one or more 3.sup.rd party applications **224**. The 3.sup.rd party applications **224** also receive the data/metadata request within configured limits **716** and in response may produce social media

preferences **776**, audio text **756**, image text **752**, and a browser history **780**. It may be advantageous to include text in queries **404** rather than images or actual audio in order to save network bandwidth and reduce transmission time. In general, client device queries **404** include metadata rather than data. However, in some embodiments, client device queries **404** may include one or more data items as well. For example, a client device query **404** may include a screenshot from the camera **252** along with analysis of the data in the form of one or more facts **454**.

[0181] In most embodiments, the information provided in a client device query **404** may be limited by configured parameters **708** as discussed herein. For example, email sweep text **736** may be from only the previous 2 weeks, only the user's age and preferences may be provided with the user profile (not shown), browser history **780** may only be accepted from browsers A and B only and may not include financial websites, and so forth.

[0182] Using a package data to server function **760**, the client device **104** creates facts **454** using the observation taxonomy (OT), assembles a client device query **404**, and transfers the client device query **404** to the server **108**. The query **404** may include on-device data **212** and metadata **216** and may make use of 3.sup.rd party applications **224** on the client device **104** to obtain additional information. For example, a 3.sup.rd party airline application may provide flight schedules or delays.

[0183] The package data to server function **760** may receive previously selected results **728**, selected application usage data **732**, email sweep text **736**, SMS sweep text **740**, calendar/reminder sweep text **744**, social media preferences **776**, audio text **756**, image text **752**, and browser history **780**, process the data as facts **454**, and transfer the facts **454** to the server **108** as a client device query **404**. Processing the data may include filtering the data (i.e. limiting the data as previously described) **604**, anonymizing the facts **620**, and assembling the facts into a client device query **624**, as previously described.

[0184] Referring to FIG. **8**, a table illustrating client device query content **404** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. The client device query **404** may include a number of facts **454** that include content items **804**. Each content item **804** may also reference a query stage to be used by the server **808**. Query stages may have a value of '0' or 'none' if the fact is to be processed entirely without additional stages, or an integer value from '1' through a maximum query stage number.

[0185] Content items **804** may include, but are not limited to a user/client identity **810**, a client device identity (IMEI data) **812**, a current data **814**, a current time of day **816**, a current location **818**, a trajectory **820**, configured limits **712**, selected application usage data **732**, calendar/reminder sweep text **744**, email sweep text **736**, SMS message sweep text **740**, movement data **272**, image text **752**, audio text **756**, previously selected results **728**, social media preferences **776**, browser history **780**, a user profile **822**, near-field communication (NFC) data **824**, BLUETOOTH data **826**, and/or any other forms available on the client device **104** either at the present time or in the future. In general, each client device query **404** may include at least time of day **816**, the current location **818**, and trajectory **820** (if available). The user profile **722** may include a user's age, sex, address, height, weight, hair/eye color, birth date, or other identifying information, and possibly preferences. Examples of preferences may include how a user prefers to receive information (text, audio, video, etc.), whether results should be provided for commercial and/or non-commercial results ((FIGS. **14-16**), and events that have not happened yet but are scheduled for a future day.

[0186] In one embodiment, the content items **804**, now expressed as OT facts **454**, may be filtered **604** or made anonymous **620** before including in the client device query **404**. Some items of query content **804** may include data that prior to transmission to the server **108** may contain items that uniquely identify an individual. For security purposes, those data items may be removed or anonymized prior to sending to the server **108**. For example, a user's name, address, telephone number, email address, or family member's names may be included in user/client identity data **810** or a user profile **822**. Sensitive data may also appear in other forms of data such as email sweep

text **736** or SMS sweep text **740**. The anonymize facts **620** function will remove or anonymize sensitive items before transmitting to the server **108**. In one embodiment, where a server **108** is not able to be contacted and curated results are found strictly on the client device **104**, there may not be a need to remove sensitive data from facts or anonymize the facts **620**. In one embodiment, it may not be necessary to anonymize facts **620** because the conversion of raw unstructured data to structured OCL is specifically designed to not carry sensitive data.

[0187] Referring to FIG. **9A**, a block diagram illustrating server processing actions for a client device query **900** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. The server **108** receives client device queries **404** from client devices **104** and provides pre-selected results **408** back to client devices **104**. Each set of pre-selected results **408** may correspond to an individual client device query **404**.

[0188] The server **108** initially unpacks data from the client device **904**. Unpackaging the data may include separating each of the facts **454** in the client device query **404** and identifying the entity **458**, observation **462**, and object(s) **466** in each separated fact **454**. The unpackaged data function **904** may present one or more unpackaged client device facts **928** to a query parser **912** function. There are many potential ways for the server **108** to obtain the pre-selected results **408** from the unpackaged client device facts **928**. In the illustrated embodiment, the server **108** uses a multi-stage query to narrow down the facts **454** to a small number of specific results. Each fact **928** may include one or more content items **804** and an indicator that specifies a query stage to be used **808** by the server **108** for each content item **804**. In one embodiment, each fact **928** may have an associated identifier assigned by the client device **104**, and the content items **804** within each fact **928** may be linked by the common identifiers. For example, at the user's current location **818** (stage 1 query **932**), social media preferences **776** (stage 2 query **936**) may indicate that the user **116** often browses social media notifications at this location (i.e., checks social media often at the coffee shop).

[0189] The server **108** may include a query parser **912**. The query parser **912** separates each unpackaged client device fact **928** into query stages as defined in the query stage used **808**. In one embodiment, query stages may be hard coded for specific use cases, and/or may be a neural net. Any number of stages may be used although the illustrated embodiment shows four stages, identified as a stage 1 query **932**, a stage 2 query **936**, a stage 3 query **940**, and a stage 4 query **944**. The stage 1 query **932** occurs first and is presented to the historical results database **916**. Next is the stage 2 query **936** (if present), followed by a stage 3 query **940** (if present), followed by a stage 4 query **944** (if present). Stage 1 results **948**, stage 2 results **952**, stage 3 results **956**, and stage 4 results **960** are obtained from the historical results database **916** to create a more determined best fit function **920**. The operation of the create a more determined best fit function is described with reference to FIG. **10**.

[0190] A staged query may be performed on content items **804** having a same identifier (not shown). For example, a fact **928** with a defined identifier may include a current location **818** and a query stage used **808** of "stage 1", SMS sweep text **740** and a query stage used **808** of "stage 2", a browser history **780** item and a query stage used **808** of "stage 3", and an audio text **756** item and a query stage used **808** of "stage 4". The server **108** may perform a repeated historical results database **916** lookup of the current location **818**, followed by the SMS sweep text **740** on the stage 1 results **948**, the browser history **780** item on the stage 2 results **952**, and audio text **756** item on the stage 3 results **956**. The resulting stage 4 results **960** will be presented to the create a more determined best fit **920** function. The create a more determined best fit **920** function may combine and then anonymize the stage 1-4 results **948**, **952**, **956**, and **960** before including the combined results.

[0191] The create a more determined best fit function **920** may also receive results from a directed search and/or crowdsourced data **964**. In one embodiment, the server **108** may be pre-configured with crowdsourced website APIs. When the server **108** receives a fact **454** with a relevant barcode,

the processor **304** queries the API for crowdsourced data **964**. For example, one or more of the stage 1 **948**, stage 2 **952**, stage 3 **956**, or stage 4 **960** results may require confirmation or more information from an internet website. For example, a fact **928** may indicate the user **116** has a flight scheduled for 6 PM that day. The server **108** may generate a directed search to the airline website to verify the scheduled flight time. Another fact **928** may indicate the user's trajectory **820** is toward a coffee shop that other users **116** (entries in the historical results database **916**) have found to be highly rated. The server **108** may generate a directed search to the coffee shop website to find operating hours for today.

[0192] In one embodiment, the server **108** may filter results **968** from the create a more determined best fit **920** function prior to transferring pre-selected results **408** back to the requesting client device **104**. Filtering the results **968** may include restricting the results to a predetermined number of results or pages of results.

[0193] Referring to FIG. **9B**, a block diagram illustrating server processing actions for a client device query **970** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. The server **108** receives client device queries **404** from client devices **104** and provides pre-selected results **408** back to client devices **104**. Each set of pre-selected results **408** may correspond to an individual client device query **404**. FIG. **9B** may represent a preferred structure for accessing the historical results database **916** and other data sources due to flexibility and efficiency in processing disparate data types.

[0194] The server **108** initially unpackages data from the client device **904**. Unpackaging the data may include separating each of the facts **454** in the client device query **404** and identifying the entity **458**, observation **462**, and object(s) **466** in each separated fact **454**. The unpackaged data function **904** may present one or more unpackaged client device facts **928** to a neural network **974**.

[0195] Neural networks **974** are shown and described in many references and educational texts, including U.S. Pat. No. 11,288,575. Neural networks **974** are known in the art as being excellent at making heuristic decisions based on past patterns of highly variable input. In one embodiment, neural networks **974** may include machine learning or AI-based chatbots, such as CHATGPT, BARD, and the like. In the present invention, relevant suggestions are made to a user **116** based on historically similar fact patterns to in device data **504** and feedback based on other users **116** interactions with client devices **104**. In other words, when similar real-world stimulation to similar users **116** occurred, it is desired to predict what they are likely to choose. One challenge is that the facts **454** are many and have highly variable real-world values. As is well known in the art, neural networks **974** may be trained with historical data in order to predict a suitable response based on new inputs, even when those inputs are continuous and not discrete. The neural network query approach has advantages over traditional database queries, in that 'similarity' of facts **454** is difficult to quantify in advance. When presented with hundreds of facts **454**, the variation in one fact **454**, such as heading or velocity, might be highly important, or not important at all. In order to review these facts **454** to find excellent results with traditional queries would require special cases or something more complex. The neural network output may be Uniform Reference Identifiers (URIs), or references to server **108**—internal database entries which are then converted to specific content to return to the user **116** in order of most-relevant first.

[0196] In one embodiment, the neural network **974** may be created on the server **108** through asynchronous training-relative to the client devices **104** and users **116**—then downloaded into client devices **104** for offline work.

[0197] In one embodiment, users **116** may have one or more neural networks **974** that are unique or highly targeted to each specific user **116**. In this case, as facts **454** are received from a client device **104**, microservices may be instantiated with each specific user **116**'s neural network **974**, so that when the activation is performed to initiate a query, the neural network **974** is ready to respond immediately.

[0198] The neural network **974** queries the historical results database **916** to determine what other

users **116** have selected in the past and retrieves results **978**. The neural network **974** may also receive directed search or crowdsourced data **964**. In one embodiment, the server **108** may be pre-configured with crowdsource website APIs. When the server **108** receives a fact **454** with a relevant barcode, the processor **304** queries the API for crowdsourced data **964**.

[0199] In one embodiment, the server **108** may filter results **968** from the neural network **974** prior to transferring pre-selected results **408** back to the requesting client device **104**. Filtering the results **968** may include restricting the results to a predetermined number of results or pages of results.

[0200] Referring to FIG. **10**, a flowchart illustrating a server more determined best fit process **920** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. The server more determined best fit process **920** is a process of recursive scanning (i.e., stages) to arrive at a manageable number of pre-selected results **408** to be sent to the client device **104** and presented to the user **116**. Query stages were explained with respect to FIGS. **8** and **9**, and also FIG. **17**.

[0201] In some embodiments, only one query stage may be used (i.e., query stage used **808**= “none” or “1”). In other embodiments, multiple query stages may be used (i.e., query stage used **808**= “2” up to the maximum number of query stages present in the server **108**). The process begins with de-anonymized client device facts **928**. Each of the de-anonymized client device facts **928** may include one or more content items **804**, and each content item **804** may have a corresponding query stage used **808**.

[0202] The processor **304** of the server **108** begins with the content item **804** having an identified stage 1 query **932** (or a query stage used **808** designation of “none”). The processor **304** matches the stage 1 query to the historical results database **1004**. This may produce “n” stage 1 results **948**.

[0203] The processor **304** of the server **108** then initiates a query using a content item **804** having an identified stage 2 query **936** (if present). The processor **304** matches the stage 2 query to the stage 1 results **1008**. This may produce “m” stage 2 results **952**, where $n > m$.

[0204] The processor **304** of the server **108** then initiates a query using a content item **804** having an identified stage 3 query **940** (if present). The processor **304** matches the stage 3 query to the stage 2 results **1012**. This may produce “o” stage 3 results **956**, where $m > o$.

[0205] The processor **304** of the server **108** then initiates a query using a content item **804** having an identified stage 4 query **944** (if present). The processor **304** matches the stage 4 query to the stage 3 results **1016**. This may produce “p” stage 4 results **960**, where $o > p$. This recursive process continues until a last available stage has been reached or there are no more stages specified for the current de-anonymized client device fact **928**.

[0206] Next, the processor **304** may determine that the final (**948**, **952**, **956**, **960**) results contain information that may need to be verified. The processor **304** may generate requests for directed search(es) or crowdsourced data **1020**. The requests may be generated to a search engine installed on the server **108**. The server **108** may receive back directed search or crowdsourced data **1024**, in response to the submitted request(s) **1020**. The processor **304** combines the received directed search results or crowdsourced data **1028** with the last stage of results (**948**, **952**, **956**, **960**). In one embodiment, the directed searches and/or the pre-selected results **408** may be cached in the server **108** and/or the client device **104**. Thus, once cached, future directed searches may be a simple database **120** query instead.

[0207] Next, the processor **304** prioritizes the combined final stage results **1032**. Each recursive and sequential query stage reduces the number of results. Ideally, this is a small number of results (not much more than 10-20). The processor **304** prioritizes the results by assigning a higher priority to results that are more timely (immediate over longer term), personal (affect the user **116** directly rather than others), and correlated with user preferences (previously selected results **728**, social media preferences **776**, and/or user profile **822**). Once the results have been prioritized **1032**, the processor **304** limits the number of results **1036**. The limited number of results **1036** are the pre-selected results **408** transferred back to the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the processor **304** may anonymize the pre-selected results **408** before sending the pre-selected results **408** back to

the client device **104**, if needed.

[0208] In one embodiment, the client device query **404** may specify a maximum number of results to limit the results **1036**. In another embodiment, the client device **104** may set up or configure the server **108** with the maximum number of results desired by the user **116**, the maximum number of query stages to use, etc.

[0209] Referring to FIG. **11**, a block diagram illustrating client device post-server actions **1100** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. Post-server actions are actions performed by the client device **104** after receiving the pre-selected results **408** from the server **108**.

[0210] The client device **104** unpackages data from the server **1104**, which may include optional de-anonymizing results **1108** and filtering the data **1112**. De-anonymizing the results **1108** may include adding back in data that may directly associate a data item with the user **116** of the client device **104**, if needed. If the server **108** anonymized the pre-selected results **408** prior to transmitting through the network **112**, the client device **104** may need to restore the identity of the user **116**. And any other sensitive data items by adding back the user's name, address, social security number, drivers license number, etc. from the results. For example, the results may include placeholders such as "user name", "user drivers license number", or "user social security number" that may serve as instructions to the processor **204** of the client device **104** to add in the actual information.

[0211] Filtering the data **1112** may include reducing the number of pre-selected results **408**, if the server **108** did not limit the number of results **1036** or if the number of pre-selected results **408** exceeds a desired number of results by the user **116** of the client device **104**. For example, a more limited number of results may reflect a number of readable pre-selected results **408** that can be displayed on the display screen **228** and/or a number of pages on the display screen **228**.

[0212] After unpackaging the data from the server **1104**, the processor **204** receives filtered pre-selected results **1116**. The processor **204** displays the filtered pre-selected results **1120** on the display screen **228**. A user **116** associated with the client device **104** interacts with user interface controls (UI controls **232**) to create selected results **412** from the displayed filtered pre-selected results **1120**. The processor **204** stores the selected results as click-thru data **532** on the client device **104** in historical click-through data **720A** in a memory **208** of the client device **104**. The processor **204** may in some cases anonymize the selected results **412** and also transmits the (anonymized) selected results **412** to the server **108**.

[0213] Referring to FIG. **12**, a block diagram illustrating server post-query actions **1200** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. Server post-query actions are actions performed by the server **108** after receiving the selected results **412** from the client device **104**.

[0214] The server **108** may unpackage data from the client device **1204**. The processor **304** stores the selected results to the historical results database **562B**.

[0215] Referring to FIG. **13**, a diagram illustrating a historical results database **916** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. The historical results database **916** is stored on one or more servers **108** or in a database **120** accessible to one or more servers **108**. An exemplary historical results database **916** may include various items of historical data **1304**, a user ID **1308**, a time of day **1312**, a location **1316**, a trajectory **1320**, and a count of a number of times the items were returned **1324**. The example of historical results database **916** shown in FIG. **13** shows eleven entries organized into four data patterns of historical data **1304**: data pattern #1 **1304A** in the first five entries, data pattern #2 **1304B** in the next two entries, data pattern #3 **1304C** in the next three entries, and data pattern #4 **1304D** in the last entry. The historical data **1304** generally includes one or more entities, observations, or objects separate from a user ID **1308**, time of day **1312**, location **1316**, and trajectory **1320**. For example, historical data **1304** may include a business name, hours of operation, an item for sale, a description of a camera image, text from captured audio, a description of an activity or event, a website, and the like.

[0216] The historical results database **916** may include a user ID **1308** for each entry. The user ID **1308** may be based on a received user/client identity **810** within content items **804** in client device queries **404**. In one embodiment, the user ID **1308** may be anonymized from a user's **116** actual name in order to protect a user's identity and improve security. In the illustrated example, the first and the eighth entries have a user ID User A **1308A**, the second entry have a user ID User C **1308C**, the first and the eighth entries have a user ID User A **1308A**, the third and the ninth entries have a user ID User L **1308L**, the fourth and the seventh entries have a user ID User M **1308M**, the fifth entry has a user ID User Q **1308Q**, the sixth and the eleventh entries have a user ID User B **1308B**, and the tenth entry has a user ID User Z **1308Z**.

[0217] The historical results database **916** may include a time of day **1312** for each entry. The time of day **1312** may be based on received time of day **816** within content items **804** in client device queries **404**. In the illustrated example, the first, sixth, and eighth entries have a time of day a **1312A**, the second entry has a time of day b **1312B**, the third entry has a time of day d **1312D**, the fourth and tenth entries have a time of day e **1312E**, the fifth entry has a time of day f **1312F**, the seventh entry has a time of day g **1312G**, and the ninth and eleventh entries has a time of day h **1312H**.

[0218] The historical results database **916** may include a location **1316** for each entry. The location **1316** may be based on received current location **818** within content items **804** in client device queries **404**. In the illustrated example, the first and the sixth entries have a location i **1316A**, the second entry has a location j **1316B**, the third entry has a location k **1316C**, the fourth and the seventh entries have a location l **1316D**, the fifth entry has a location m **1316E**, the eighth entry has a location o **1316F**, the ninth entry has a location p **1316G**, the tenth entry has a location q **1316H**, and the eleventh entry has a location n **1316I**.

[0219] The historical results database **916** may include a trajectory **1320** for each entry. The trajectory **1320** may be based on a received trajectory within content items **804** in client device queries **404**. In the illustrated example, the first and the sixth entries have a trajectory s **1320A**, the second and the seventh entries have a trajectory t **1320B**, the fourth and the eighth entries have a trajectory u **1320C**, and the eleventh entry has a trajectory v **1320F**.

[0220] The historical results database **916** may include a count of a number of times each entry was returned **1324**. The count of number of times a result was returned **1324** may reflect a popularity of an entry or a level of commonality with results other users **116** may have found useful (i.e. since based on selected results **412** from all users **116**). In the illustrated example, the first entry was returned 17 times, the first entry was returned 17 times, the second, fifth, seventh, ninth, tenth, and eleventh entries was returned only 1 time, the third and the sixth entries were returned 2 times, the fourth entry was returned 8 times, and the eighth entry was returned 4 times. In one embodiment, the processor **304** may select the entry returned the most number of times **1324**. In another embodiment, the processor **304** may select one or more entries that have been returned more than a threshold number of times (e.g., 10 times). In another embodiment, the processor **304** may select one or more entries that have been returned multiple of times (e.g., the first, third, fourth, sixth, and eighth entries).

[0221] For example, an initial match **1328** (corresponding to a stage 1 query **932**) may be based on one or more of a time of day **1312**, a location **1316**, and/or a trajectory **1320**. For example, a stage 1 query **932** based on a specific time of day **1312**, location **1316**, and trajectory **1320** may produce 10 matches in the historical results database **916**. Of those 10 matches, three may include a same item of historical data **1304** (e.g., a same retail location or business name). In one embodiment, matched historical data **1304** may be used as the basis for a stage 2 query **1332**. This may constitute a stage 2 query **1332** and may reduce the number of results from 10 to 3. Additional stage queries may reduce the number of results further.

[0222] For example, a stage query may include a user or client ID **810** and this may match a user ID **1336** in the historical results database **916**. A subsequent stage query may include a current

location **818** that matches a location **1340** in the historical results database **916**. The result may include the historical data **1344** that corresponds to the matched user ID **1308** and location **1316**. [0223] For example, a stage query may include a user or client ID **810** and this may match a user ID **1336** in the historical results database **916**. A subsequent stage query may include a current location **818** that does not match a location **1348** in the historical results database **916**. In this case, the user ID **1308** may be weighted higher than other query elements.

[0224] For example, a stage query may include a user or client ID **810** and this may not match a user ID **1356** in the historical results database **916**. A subsequent stage query may include a current location **818** that matches a location **1340** in the historical results database **916**. In this case, the location **1316** may be weighted higher than other query elements.

[0225] In one embodiment, each time a client device query **404** is received, the unpackaged client device facts **928** and query stages (**932**, **936**, **940**, **944**, etc.) may be obtained by the processor **304** of the server **108**. If there is a match to an existing record in the historical results database **916** having a same user ID **1308**, time of day **1312**, location **1316**, and trajectory **1320**, the count of the number of times the item was returned **1324** is incremented. Otherwise, the processor **304** may add a new entry to the historical results database **916**. The processor **304** recursively examines the historical results database **916** for matches as shown and described with respect to FIGS. **9** and **10**. Other query analysis logic than that described herein or presented as examples may be used by the processor **304** without deviating from the scope of the present invention. In one embodiment, the processor **304** may remove entries from the historical results database **916**. For examples, entries may be removed that are older than a predefined date or timeframe, a business or other entity no longer at a location, or entries that include incorrect data.

[0226] Referring to FIG. **14**, a diagram illustrating a results presentation example **1400** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. A first example shown in FIG. **14** includes a commercial example of displayed filtered pre-selected results **1120** based on driving a vehicle in a commercial business area. A client device **104** is illustrated, displaying five results. Any number of results may be presented, subject to user preferences **708** and/or display screen **228** limitations on the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the results may be presented in a priority order.

[0227] The first result **1404** states “Bad weather, nothing on calendar. There is a movie you want to see at movie theater <Y> in 1 hour”, where <X> denotes a movie name and <Y> denotes a movie theater name. This result **1404** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1406** that may include “a good day for an indoor activity”, social media preferences **776**, and current movie information from a movie theater website (a directed search to a movie theater website to obtain show times and description information).

[0228] The second result **1408** states “Its 9 AM, <X> is back. Your <Y> balance is \$10.25”, where <X> denotes a name of a coffee drink and <Y> denotes a coffee shop name. This result **1408** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1410** that may include a time of day **816**, a history of purchasing coffee at this time **728**, and a 3.sup.rd party application for the coffee shop **780**.

[0229] The third result **1412** states “You are near location. Reminder for next haircut set for <Y>”, where <X> denotes a haircut shop name and <Y> denotes a time from appointment data. This result **1412** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1414** that may include emailed receipts **736**, a history at the location **728**, and not usual haircut timing yet **744**.

[0230] The fourth result **1416** states “Song by <X> is playing now. Song is tagged in <Y>”, where <X> denotes a musical performer name and <Y> denotes a music streaming service. This result **1416** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1418** that may include the user is a frequent user of a music streaming service **732**, social media preferences **776**, and a song by a preferred artist is playing **756**.

[0231] The fifth result **1420** states “You are 2 blocks from <X> and it is almost <Y>”, where <X> denotes a restaurant name and <Y> denotes a habitual meal time such as lunch. This result **1420**

may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1422** that may include a time of day **816**, SMS message receipts **740**, and a purchase pattern **822**.

[0232] Referring to FIG. **15**, a diagram illustrating a results presentation example **1500** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. A second example shown in FIG. **15** includes a non-commercial example of displayed filtered pre-selected results **1120**, based on a visit to a park around mid-day. A client device **104** is illustrated, displaying five results. Any number of results may be presented, subject to user preferences **708** and/or display screen **228** limitations on the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the results may be presented in a priority order.

[0233] The first result **1504** states “Welcome to <X>. A trail map and weather forecast is available at the <Y>”, where <X> denotes a state park name and <Y> denotes a visitor center location. This result **1504** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1506** that may include the current location **818**, a trajectory of the client device approaching park trails **820**, and trail map/weather forecast available from the park website (directed search to park website).

[0234] The second result **1508** states “It is close to lunchtime. A<X> and a <Y> are located ½ mile South of the park entrance”, where <X> denotes a supermarket name and <Y> denotes a sandwich shop name. This result **1508** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1510** that may include a time of day **816**, a current location **818**, and historical data including email and text receipts for lunch items at the current time of day **736**, **740**.

[0235] The third result **1512** states “Parking lots B and C at <X> are closed today for <Y>”, where <X> denotes a state park name and <Y> denotes the parking lots are being resurfaced. This result **1512** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1514** that may include weather (directed search to weather website or from an onboard weather application), the current location **818**, a trajectory within the state park **820**, and a parking advisory from the state park website (e.g., a directed search to the park website).

[0236] The fourth result **1516** states “Please be careful around the reservoir in <X>. <Y>”, where <X> denotes a state park name and <Y> denotes a warning that three drownings were reported at the reservoir in the past year. This result **1516** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1518** that may include the time of day **816**, the current location **818**, and a historical frequency of the user accessing 3.sup.rd party news applications at the current time and location **732**.

[0237] The fifth result **1520** states “It might be time to take a break for <X>. It is <Y> outside now”, where <X> denotes a walking activity and <Y> denotes an outside temperature. This result **1520** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1522** that may include a time using a 3.sup.rd party application is over an average time using that 3.sup.rd party application **732**, a pattern of the user taking a walk outside at this time of day **822**, and weather at the user's current location (directed search to a weather website or from an onboard weather application).

[0238] Referring to FIG. **16**, a diagram illustrating a results presentation example **1600** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention are shown. A third example shown in FIG. **16** includes a non-commercial example of displayed filtered pre-selected results **1120**, based on a client device **104** is in a vehicle and unable to communicate with the server **108**. A client device **104** is illustrated, displaying five results. Any number of results may be presented, subject to user preferences **708** and/or display screen **228** limitations on the client device **104**. In one embodiment, the results may be presented in a priority order.

[0239] The first result **1604** states “You have less than <X> of vehicle range left. The next fuel station is <Y> ahead”, where <X> denotes a remaining amount of vehicle range and <Y> denotes a distance to a next fuel station. This result **1604** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1606** that may include the time of day **816**, current location **818**, unable to communicate with the server **812**, BLUETOOTH data from the vehicle **826**, and a BLUETOOTH navigation map from the vehicle **826**.

[0240] The second result **1608** states “Your vehicle reports you are feeling drowsy now. Here is a

turnout <X> miles ahead where you may safely pull over”, where <X> denotes a travel distance to the turnout. This result **1608** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1610** that may include the client device/vehicle trajectory **820**, a current location **818**, BLUETOOTH data from the vehicle **826**, and a BLUETOOTH navigation map from the vehicle **826**.

[0241] The third result **1612** states “<X> birthday is tomorrow. You have a long <Y> appointment at <Z>. Please call her before <Z>”, where <X> denotes a friend or family member's name, <Y> denotes the type of appointment such as dental or auto maintenance, and <Z> denotes a time. This result **1612** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1614** that may include calendar/appointment data **744** and a user profile **822**.

[0242] The fourth result **1616** states “Your annual pass at the <X> expires on <Y>. Bring your wallet with you when you visit the <X> on <Z>”, where <X> denotes a subscription location such as a recreation center, <Y> denotes an upcoming day or date, and <Z> denotes a day or date. This result **1616** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1618** that may include the current location **818**, NFC data **824**, and historical renewal of an annual pass one year ago **744**.

[0243] The fifth result **1620** states “You have not moved in the past <X> and audio has not been detected. A <Y> call will be initiated”, where <X> denotes a time frame in minutes and <Y> denotes a type of call such as 911 emergency medical request. This result **1520** may be based on a query or set of staged queries **1622** that may include a time of day **816**, a current location **818**, movement data **272**, audio text **756**, and not answering two calls in the last 10 minutes **732**.

[0244] Referring to FIG. **17**, client device configuration **1700** in accordance with embodiments of the present invention is shown. A user **116** of a client device **104** may configure the client device **104** prior to use in order to optimize the curated results presentation to the user **116**.

[0245] The user **116** may initially be presented configuration options on the client device display screen **228**, typically as a graphical user interface (GUI) although other forms are possible. The user **116** may initially either configure a user profile **1704**, or load an existing user profile **822** from another device or location. In some cases, configuring a user profile **1704** may occur as part of an initial setup of the client device **104** or prior to installation of a curated results finder application **224** on the client device **104**. The user profile **822** may include many parameters associated with the user **116**, including but not limited to the user's name, address, telephone number, email address, or family member's names, and the like.

[0246] The user **116** configures selection criteria for the data **1708**. The selection criteria may include configured limits **712** that allow only certain results or result ranges to be presented to the user **116**. For example, the selection criteria may specify date ranges, time of day ranges, person/company name ranges (i.e., only provide results for named individuals/companies and/or exclude named individuals/companies), location ranges (i.e. include only results for the client device **104** current location or a distance/radius from the current location, named locations, and/or exclude named locations), activity/event ranges (i.e., scheduled travel, appointments/meetings, birthdays, anniversaries, scheduled events-concerts, rallies, sporting events, parades, school activities, etc.). In one embodiment, the processor **204** may narrow selection criteria by reviewing historical click-through data **720A** in a memory device of the client device **104** and limiting future presented results to ranges associated with the stored previous results **720A**. In another embodiment, the client device **104** may obtain or receive configured limits **712** from a different client device **104** and adopt those as configured limits **712** for the client device **104**. This may save time configuring the selection criteria for data **1708** by cloning a well-thought out configuration from a master client device **104**. For example, a company may want company smart phones used by field personnel to be identically configured **1708** in order to present a consistent quality or content of curated results to users **116**. For example, a company may only want results displayed related to the current day's appointments, customers, or business-related topics to users **116**.

[0247] The user **116** next may configure a number of results or pages of results to display **1712** on the client device display screen **228**. Some client devices **104** have smaller display screens **228** than

other client devices **104**, and some users **116** may not be able to comfortably view many results on a page with smaller displayed fonts. Additionally, some users **116** may want to limit results to only a single displayed page or a small number of results in order to limit results review time. The number of results or pages of results to display **1712** parameters may also include configuration parameters related to visually presenting results on the display screen **228** and/or audibly through a speaker of the client device **104**, displayed colors, spoken volume, etc.

[0248] The user **116** next may configure common websites to perform directed lookups **1716**.

Common websites may be those that the user **116** frequently accesses to obtain specific data. For example, a commonly traveled airline site to obtain current flight information, a city or county transportation website to obtain bus or light rail travel schedules, retail location websites (grocery store, coffee shop, bank, church, dry cleaners, haircut/nails, restaurant, movie theatre, etc.) to obtain hours of operation, sales, or coupons, and the like. By specifying the common websites and (more specifically) the URL of pages at the website where the specific information may be obtained, search time may be greatly reduced for any optional directed searches.

[0249] The user **116** next may configure query stages to be used for facts **1720**. Query stages were described with reference to FIG. **9**, and may represent one of many ways for the server **108** to obtain curated results from the client device query **404**. Query stages are performed sequentially, with a second query stage following a first query stage, a third query stage following a second query stage, and so forth. Some facts may be analyzed independent of query stages, meaning that the fact in question is independently presented to the historical results database **916** without a subsequent lookup. These independent queries may be identified by a query stage of “none” in the query stage used **808** in FIG. **8**. With the client device **104** fully configured as described herein, a rich and efficient curated results experience may be presented to the user **116**.

[0250] In one embodiment, a method or computer program performing the method may include obtaining client device data **404** including a plurality of facts **454** from a client device **104**, limiting the client device data **404** according to selection criteria **712**, comparing the limited client device data to categorized historical data, determining one or more closest matches between the limited client device data and the categorized historical data, selecting, on the client device **104**, content of interest from the one or more closest matches **412**, and incorporating the content of interest into the categorized historical data. Each fact **454** may include an entity **458**, an observation **462**, and one or more objects **466**.

[0251] In one embodiment, obtaining client device data may include detecting, by the client device **104**, a control activation **240**, and in response determining a current location of the client device **104**, obtaining relevant data from one or more user device sensors **280**, transforming sensor facts **454** from one or more sensors **280** of the client device **104**, obtaining personal data facts **454** related to a user **116** associated with the client device **104**, and transforming application facts **454** from one or more 3.sup.rd party applications **224** installed on the client device **104**.

[0252] In one embodiment, transforming facts **454** may include interpreting data from sensors **280** or 3.sup.rd party applications **224** to extract meaning or context, expressing the meaning or context in the form of an observation **462**, and saving the observation **462** in a persistent store.

[0253] In one embodiment, limiting the client device data according to selection criteria **712** may include reviewing the entity **458**, observation **462**, and objects **466** for each fact **454** and one or more of eliminating facts **454** having an entity **458**, observation **462**, or object **466** that does not meet the selection criteria **712**, and removing data from entities **458**, observations **462**, or objects **466** that uniquely identifies a user **116** associated with the client device **104**. The selection criteria **712** may be based on one or more of a time range, a date range, a location range, and a client device application range.

[0254] In one embodiment, limiting the client device data according to selection criteria **712** may include reviewing the entity **458**, observation **462**, and objects **466** for each fact **454** and one or more of eliminating facts **454** having an entity **458**, observation **462**, or object **466** that does not

meet the selection criteria **712**, and replacing data from entities **458**, observations **462**, or objects **466** that uniquely identifies a user **116** associated with the client device **104** with data that does not uniquely identify the user **116**. The selection criteria **712** may be based on one or more of a time range, a date range, a location range, and a client device application range.

[0255] In one embodiment, comparing the limited client device data to categorized historical data may include, for each non-eliminated fact **454**, identifying a category that pertains to one or more of the entity **458**, the observation **462**, and the object **466**, scanning the historical data for entries having a same category, and determining matches between one or more of an entity **458**, an observation **462**, and an object **466** and the categorized historical data.

[0256] In one embodiment, determining the one or more closest matches between the limited client device data and the categorized historical data may include organizing the matches by a number of common instances of an entity name **458**, an observation **462**, or an object **466** and limiting the number of matches to a predetermined number of matches having a highest number of common instances.

[0257] In one embodiment, selecting content of interest from the one or more closest matches may include displaying the one or more closest matches on a display **228** of the client device **104**, indicating selection, by a user **116** associated with the client device **104**, of one or more closest matches, and identifying the selected closest matches as content of interest.

[0258] In one embodiment, the categorized historical data may include selected content of interest from one or more of the client device **104** and other client devices associated with different users **116**.

[0259] Finally, those skilled in the art should appreciate that they can readily use the disclosed conception and specific embodiments as a basis for designing or modifying other structures for carrying out the same purposes of the present invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

Claims

1. A method, comprising: determining a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device; in response to the trajectory being within configured limits: incorporating the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact comprising an entity, an observation, and an object; comparing the one or more facts to historical data; and determining one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising: selecting content of interest from the one or more closest matches; and incorporating the selected content of interest into the historical data.
3. The method of claim 1, further comprising: in response to a control activation of the client device: transmitting, by the client device, the one or more facts to a server, performing, by the server, the comparing and the determining the one or more closest matches, wherein the historical data comprises stored trajectories from one or more other client devices; and transmitting, by the server, the one or more closest matches to the client device.
4. The method of claim 3, wherein the server only performs the comparing and determining for stored trajectories where an accelerometer detected movement of the one or more other client devices.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein in response to the accelerometer produces movement data: performing one or more directed searches based on the trajectory, comprising: obtaining a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; accessing a website page corresponding to the URL; requesting one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; receiving data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; and incorporating the received data into facts.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the configured limits prevent trajectories that are one or more of

outside a distance range from the client device, a location range, a time or date range, or not a specified type of travel from being incorporated into facts.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining the trajectory based on triangulation using wireless networking, rather than the movement data from the accelerometer.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data comprises: organizing the matches by a number of common instances of an entity, an observation, or an object; and limiting the number of matches to a predetermined number of matches having a highest number of common instances.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising: generating one or more search requests to a search engine application to perform one or more directed searches without user initiation.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein the one or more directed searches comprises internet searches based on specific information requests for one or more of a location, a time range, a date range, a travel-related time, travel directions, or a service or product cost or availability.

11. The method of claim 9, wherein performing the one or more directed searches comprises: obtaining a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; accessing a website page corresponding to the URL; requesting the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data; and receiving data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data.

12. A computer readable storage medium comprising instructions, that when read by a processor, cause the processor to perform: determining a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device; in response to the trajectory being within configured limits: incorporating the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact comprising an entity, an observation, and an object; comparing the one or more facts to historical data; and determining one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

13. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to perform: selecting content of interest from the one or more closest matches; and incorporating the selected content of interest into the historical data.

14. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein in response to a control activation of the client device, the instructions cause the processor to perform: transmitting, by the client device, the one or more facts to a server, performing, by the server, the comparing and the determining the one or more closest matches, wherein the historical data comprises stored trajectories from one or more other client devices; and transmitting, by the server, the one or more closest matches to the client device.

15. The computer readable storage medium of claim 14, wherein the server only performs the comparing and determining for stored trajectories where an accelerometer detected movement of the one or more other client devices.

16. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein in response to the accelerometer produces movement data, the instructions cause the processor to perform: performing one or more directed searches based on the trajectory, comprising: obtaining a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; accessing a website page corresponding to the URL; requesting one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; receiving data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; and incorporating the received data into facts.

17. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the configured limits prevent trajectories that are one or more of outside a distance range from the client device, a location range, a time or date range, or not a specified type of travel from being incorporated into facts.

18. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the instructions cause the processor to perform: determining the trajectory based on triangulation using wireless networking, rather than the movement data from the accelerometer.

19. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein determining the one or more

closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data comprises the instructions cause the processor to perform: organizing the matches by a number of common instances of an entity, an observation, or an object; and limiting the number of matches to a predetermined number of matches having a highest number of common instances.

20. The computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the instructions cause the processor to perform: generating one or more search requests to a search engine application to perform one or more directed searches without user initiation.

21. The computer readable storage medium of claim 20, wherein the one or more directed searches comprises internet searches based on specific information requests for one or more of a location, a time range, a date range, a travel-related time, travel directions, or a service or product cost or availability.

22. The computer readable storage medium of claim 20, wherein performing the one or more directed searches comprises the instructions cause the processor to perform: obtaining a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; accessing a website page corresponding to the URL; requesting the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data; and receiving data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data.

23. A system, comprising: a processor; and a memory, coupled to the processor, comprising instructions that when executed by the processor are configured to: determine a trajectory based on movement data from an accelerometer of a client device; in response to the trajectory being within configured limits: incorporate the trajectory into one or more facts, each fact comprising an entity, an observation, and an object; compare the one or more facts to historical data; and determine one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data.

24. The system of claim 23, wherein the processor is configured to: select content of interest from the one or more closest matches; and incorporate the selected content of interest into the historical data.

25. The system of claim 23, wherein in response to a control activation of the client device, the processor is configured to: transmit, by the client device, the one or more facts to a server, wherein a processor of the server is configured to: compare and determine the one or more closest matches, wherein the historical data comprises stored trajectories from one or more other client devices; and transmit the one or more closest matches to the client device.

26. The system of claim 25, wherein the server only compares and determines for stored trajectories where an accelerometer detects movement of the one or more other client devices.

27. The system of claim 23, wherein in response to the accelerometer produces movement data, the processor is configured to: perform one or more directed searches based on the trajectory, comprising the processor is configured to: obtain a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; access a website page corresponding to the URL; request one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; receive data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present on the client device; and incorporate the received data into facts.

28. The system of claim 23, wherein the configured limits prevent trajectories that are one or more of outside a distance range from the client device, a location range, a time or date range, or not a specified type of travel from being incorporated into facts.

29. The system of claim 23, wherein the processor is configured to: determine the trajectory based on triangulation using wireless networking, rather than the movement data from the accelerometer.

30. The system of claim 23, wherein the processor determines the one or more closest matches between the one or more facts and the historical data comprises the processor is configured to: organize the matches by a number of common instances of an entity, an observation, or an object; and limit the number of matches to a predetermined number of matches having a highest number of common instances.

31. The system of claim 23, wherein the processor is configured to: generate one or more search requests to a search engine application to perform one or more directed searches without user initiation.

32. The system of claim 31, wherein the one or more directed searches comprises internet searches based on specific information requests for one or more of a location, a time range, a date range, a travel-related time, travel directions, or a service or product cost or availability.

33. The system of claim 31, wherein the processor performs the one or more directed searches comprises the processor is configured to: obtain a URL for a preferred website from a stored location; access a website page corresponding to the URL; request the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data; and receive data related to the one or more entities, observations, or objects not present in the client device data.
