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### Electrode Assembly Insertion Guide and Electrode Assembly Inserting Method Using the Same

#### Abstract

The present disclosure relates to an electrode assembly insertion guide including a body part detachably coupled to an edge of an opening part formed by opening one surface of an accommodation case, and a coupling part formed by recessing one surface of the body part facing the opening part along a direction from an inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part, and an electrode assembly inserting method.

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#### Background/Summary

## CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATION

[0001] The present application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) to Korean patent application number 10-2024-0025057 filed on Feb. 21, 2024, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field

[0002] Embodiments of the present disclosure relate to an electrode assembly insertion guide and an electrode assembly inserting method using the same.

### 2. Description of the Related Art

[0003] A secondary battery is a battery which converts electrical energy into chemical energy, stores it, and can be reused multiple times through charging and discharging. Secondary batteries are widely used in various industries due to their economical and eco-friendly characteristics. In particular, a lithium secondary battery among the secondary batteries is widely used in various industries, including portable devices which require high-density energy.

[0004] The operating principle of the lithium secondary battery is an electrochemical oxidation-reduction reaction. In other words, the principle is that electricity is generated by movement of lithium ions and charging is done through the reverse process. In the case of the lithium secondary battery, the phenomenon of lithium ions in an anode escaping and moving to a cathode through an electrolyte and a separator is called discharge. And the opposite process of this phenomenon is called charging.

[0005] The secondary battery may be manufactured by putting it in an accommodation case to protect an electrode assembly from external shock and heat. When inserting the electrode assembly into the accommodation case, the accommodation case may be damaged or the electrode assembly may be damaged. Therefore, research is actively being conducted on methods to safely insert the electrode assembly into the accommodation case.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] According to one aspect of the present disclosure, an object is to maximize the performance of a battery cell by preventing damage to an accommodation case or an electrode assembly.

[0007] According to another aspect of the present disclosure, an object is to simply and quickly insert the electrode assembly into the accommodation case.

[0008] The present disclosure may be widely applied in green technology fields such as electric vehicles, battery charging stations, energy storage systems (ESS), and other photovoltaics and wind power using batteries. In addition, the present disclosure can be used in eco-friendly mobility including electric vehicles and hybrid vehicles for preventing climate change by suppressing air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions.

[0009] An electrode assembly insertion guide according to the present disclosure is an electrode assembly insertion guide for guiding insertion of an electrode assembly into an accommodation case, the electrode assembly insertion guide including: a body part detachably coupled to an edge of an opening part formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case; and a coupling part formed by recessing one surface of the body part facing the opening part along a direction from an inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.

[0010] The body part may include a first support part which is extended in a direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part is recessed and to contact an inner surface of the accommodation case; and a second support part which is extended in the direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part is recessed to contact an outer surface of the accommodation case.

[0011] The first support part and the second support part may be formed side by side.

[0012] A length from a coupling surface where the coupling part is in contact with one end of the edge to one end of the first support part may be greater than or equal to a length from the coupling

surface to one end of the second support part.

[0013] A thickness of the first support part along a direction from an inside of the accommodation case toward an outside of the accommodation case may be less than or equal to a thickness of the accommodation case.

[0014] A plurality of the body parts may be provided, and the plurality of body parts may be coupled at different locations of the edge of the opening part.

[0015] The body part may have a frame shape.

[0016] The electrode assembly insertion guide may include an inclined surface formed to be inclined at another end opposite to one end at which the coupling part is formed.

[0017] The inclined surface may be located to face the inside of the accommodation case.

[0018] The inclined surface may be formed in a direction away from the inside of the accommodation case along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.

[0019] The electrode assembly insertion guide may further include a groove part formed by recessing a surface facing the inside of the accommodation case among surfaces of the body part in a direction toward the outside.

[0020] The groove part may be extended along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.

[0021] A plurality of the groove parts may be provided.

[0022] The plurality of groove parts may be located to be spaced apart from each other in a direction perpendicular to the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.

[0023] An electrode assembly inserting method of the present disclosure is an electrode assembly inserting method using an electrode assembly insertion guide for guiding insertion of an electrode assembly into an accommodation case, the method including: coupling a body part to an edge of an opening part formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case; and inserting the electrode assembly into the accommodation case through the opening part.

[0024] The method of the present disclosure may further include separating the body part coupled to the edge of the opening part from the accommodation case.

[0025] According to an embodiment of the present disclosure, it is possible to maximize the performance of a battery cell by preventing damage to an accommodation case or an electrode assembly.

[0026] According to another embodiment of the present disclosure, it is possible to simply and quickly insert the electrode assembly into the accommodation case.

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## Description

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0027] FIG. 1 illustrates an electrode assembly being inserted into an accommodation case according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0028] FIG. 2 illustrates an electrode assembly insertion guide being coupled to an accommodation case according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0029] FIG. 3 illustrates an electrode assembly insertion guide being coupled to an accommodation case according to another embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0030] FIGS. 4 and 5 illustrate an electrode assembly insertion guide being coupled to an accommodation case along line AA' of FIG. 2.

[0031] FIG. 6 illustrates a cross-section of an accommodation case and an electrode assembly insertion guide coupled according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0032] FIG. 7 illustrates a cross-section of an accommodation case and an electrode assembly

insertion guide coupled according to another embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0033] FIG. 8 illustrates an electrode assembly inserting method according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0034] Hereinafter, the present disclosure will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. However, this is merely exemplary and the present disclosure is not limited to specific embodiments described by way of example.

[0035] FIG. 1 illustrates an electrode assembly **10** being inserted into an accommodation case **30** according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0036] Referring to FIG. 1, an electrode assembly insertion guide **100** of the present disclosure may guide the insertion of the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation case **30**.

[0037] Guiding the insertion of the electrode assembly **10** may refer to guiding the path of the electrode assembly **10** so that the electrode assembly **10** may be easily inserted into the accommodation case **30**. Alternatively, it may mean that after a portion of the electrode assembly **10** is inserted into the electrode assembly insertion guide **100**, when pressure is applied to the electrode assembly **10**, the electrode assembly **10** moves in a direction preset by the electrode assembly insertion guide **100**.

[0038] The electrode assembly **10** of the present disclosure may be inserted into the accommodation case **30** and supply electric energy to the outside through charging and discharging. To this end, the electrode assembly **10** may include a cathode and an anode. Charging and discharging may occur as lithium ions are oxidized or reduced at the cathode and anode.

[0039] The cathode and the anode may include a current collector. The cathode may include a cathode current collector, and the anode may include an anode current collector. The current collector may include a known conductive material within a range that does not cause a chemical reaction within a lithium secondary battery.

[0040] For example, the current collector may include any one of stainless steel, nickel (Ni), aluminum (Al), titanium (Ti), copper (Cu), and alloys thereof, and may be provided in various forms, such as a film, a sheet, and a foil.

[0041] The cathode and the anode may further include an active material. The cathode may include a cathode active material, and the anode may include an anode active material. The cathode active material and the anode active material may be materials into which lithium ions may be inserted and detached, respectively.

[0042] For example, the cathode active material may be lithium metal oxide, and the anode active material may be any one of carbon-based materials such as crystalline carbon, amorphous carbon, carbon composites, and carbon fibers, lithium alloys, silicon (Si), and tin (Sn).

[0043] The cathode and the anode may further include a binder and a conductive material, respectively, to improve mechanical stability and electrical conductivity.

[0044] The electrode assembly **10** may further include a separator. The separator may be configured to prevent electrical short-circuiting between the cathode and the anode and to allow ion flow. The type of the separator is not particularly limited, but may include a porous polymer film. For example, the separator may include a porous polymer film or a porous non-woven fabric.

[0045] The electrode assembly **10** may be classified into a stacking type, a winding type, a stack-folding type, and a Z-stacking type depending on the method in which the cathode, the anode, and the separator are stacked. The stacking method of the electrode assembly **10** of the present disclosure is not limited to any one stacking method.

[0046] The electrode assembly **10** may further include a tab part **11**. The tab part **11** may include a cathode tab part **11a** electrically connected to the cathode. The tab part **11** may include an anode tab part **11b** electrically connected to the anode. The cathode tab part **11a** may be formed of the same material as the cathode current collector, and the anode tab part **11b** may be formed of the same material as the anode current collector.

[0047] The tab part **11** may be electrically connected to a terminal (not shown) that is electrically connected to an external device. As a result, the electrode assembly **10** of the present disclosure may be connected to an external device through the tab part **11** and the terminal to supply energy.

[0048] As illustrated in FIG. **1**, the tab part **11** may be formed side by side with one surface of the electrode assembly **10**, but is not limited thereto.

[0049] The electrode assembly **10** may be covered by a cover part **20**. The cover part **20** may cover an outer surface of the electrode assembly **10**. The cover part **20** may be formed of a highly insulating material to improve the insulation of the electrode assembly **10**.

[0050] In an embodiment, the cover part **20** may be formed to correspond to the shape of the electrode assembly **10**. Referring to FIG. **1**, the cover part **20** may be provided in a hexahedral shape to correspond to the electrode assembly **10**, and the cover part **20** may further include a cover insulation part **21** provided on the inner lower surface to insulate the electrode assembly **10**.

[0051] The electrode assembly **10** covered by the cover part **20** may be accommodated in the accommodation case **30**. The accommodation case **30** may accommodate the electrode assembly **10** and an electrolyte.

[0052] The accommodation case **30** may protect the electrode assembly **10** from external impact, pressure, or heat, and maintain the insulation of the electrode assembly **10**. To this end, the accommodation case **30** may be formed with a structure in which multiple layers are stacked.

[0053] The accommodation case **30** may include a frame part **32** and an insulation part **31**. The frame part **32** may include a metal layer. The metal layer may use a material having high mechanical strength to prepare for external impact.

[0054] The insulation part **31** may be formed by coating one surface of the frame part **32**. Referring to FIG. **1**, the insulation part **31** may be coated on one surface of the frame part **32** to insulate the inside and outside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0055] The accommodation case **30** may include an opening part **33**. The opening part **33** may be formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case **30**. The electrode assembly **10** may be inserted into the accommodation case **30** through the opening part **33**.

[0056] In an embodiment, the opening part **33** may be formed at the upper part of the accommodation case **30**. The opening part **33** may also be formed at the side part of the accommodation case **30**.

[0057] In the present specification, the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33** may refer to a direction parallel to the Z-axis direction. Referring to FIG. **1**, the opening part **33** may be formed by opening a surface facing the upper part of the accommodation case **30** along the Z-axis direction.

[0058] FIG. **2** illustrates an electrode assembly insertion guide **100** being coupled to the accommodation case **30** according to an embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. **3** illustrates the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** being coupled to the accommodation case **30** according to another embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0059] The electrode assembly **10** may be inserted into the accommodation case **30** through the opening part **33**. However, when the electrode assembly **10** is inserted, an edge of the opening part **33** and the electrode assembly **10** may come into unintentional contact.

[0060] It is preferable that the electrode assembly **10** be configured to include as many cathodes and anodes as possible in order to increase energy density. Therefore, the electrode assembly **10** may be provided in a size that fills most of the interior of the accommodation case **30**.

[0061] When the electrode assembly **10** that occupies a large volume is placed inside the accommodation case **30**, the edge of the opening part **33** may be pressed by the electrode assembly **10**. The edge of the opening part **33** is an end portion of one surface of the accommodation case **30**, and referring to FIG. **1**, the insulation part **31** may be coated on the frame part **32**.

[0062] At this time, the coating of the insulation part **31** may be damaged by the electrode assembly **10**, and the insulation part **31** may be peeled off. In addition, one area of the electrode

assembly **10** may be pressed, and the electrode assembly **10** may be damaged.

[0063] The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** of the present disclosure includes a body part **110** which is detachably coupled to the edge of the opening part **33** formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case **30**, and a coupling part **120** formed by recessing one surface of the body part **110** facing the opening part **33** along a direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**.

[0064] The body part **110** may be detachably coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**. The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** is for protecting the accommodation case and guiding the insertion of the electrode assembly **10**, and may be attached to the accommodation case **30** when inserting the electrode assembly **10**. The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** may be separated from the accommodation case **30** after a portion of the electrode assembly **10** is inserted or the electrode assembly **10** is completely inserted.

[0065] Through this, the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** may quickly and safely insert the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation case **30** without lowering the energy density of the battery cell.

[0066] The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** may be coupled with the accommodation case **30** along the edge of the opening part **33**. Referring to FIG. 2, the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** may be formed integrally. In other words, the body part **110** may have a frame shape to correspond to the edge of the opening part **33**.

[0067] For example, the body part **110** may be formed in a rectangular frame shape. If the opening part **33** is provided in an oval or polygonal shape, the body part **110** may also be provided in an oval or polygonal shape.

[0068] In an embodiment, referring to FIG. 3, a plurality of the body parts **110** (**110a**, **110b**, **110c**, and **110d**) may be provided. The plurality of body parts **110a**, **110b**, **110c**, **110d** may be coupled at different locations of the accommodation case **30**.

[0069] In order to assemble the frame-shaped body part **110** with the opening part **33**, the opening part **33** and the body part **110** must be positioned so as to correspond, and then pressurized. However, it may be difficult to position them so as to correspond to each other, and even if they correspond, the positions may be misaligned when pressurized. Alternatively, if a part is damaged, assembly may not be easy.

[0070] When the plurality of body parts **110** are provided, each of the plurality of body parts **110a**, **110b**, **110c**, and **110d** may be coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**. After any one body part **110a** is coupled to the accommodation case **30**, another body part **110b** may be coupled to the accommodation case **30**.

[0071] For example, the body part **110** may be formed to extend in one direction. The body part **110** may be extended in a direction perpendicular to the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**.

[0072] The plurality of body parts **110** may each be coupled to an area excluding the corners of the edge of the opening part **33**. Even if the body parts **110** are coupled only to the area excluding the corners, the electrode assembly **10** may be easily inserted into the accommodation case **30**.

[0073] In another embodiment, the plurality of body parts **110** may be connected to each other to form a frame-shaped body part **110**. Thereafter, the frame-shaped body part **110** may be coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**.

[0074] The coupling part **120** may be formed by recessing one surface of the body part **110** so that the edge of the opening part **33** is inserted. A portion of the edge may be located between the connecting part **120** so that the body part **110** may be stably fixed to the accommodation case **30**.

The coupling part **120** may be formed to correspond to the shape of the edge of the opening part **33**.

[0075] The coupling part **120** may be located on the lower surface of the body part **110** along the Z-axis direction. In addition, since the outer surface of the edge of the opening part **33** is formed with three vertical surfaces, the coupling part **120** may also have three vertically connected surfaces.

[0076] FIGS. 4 and 5 illustrate the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** being coupled to the accommodation case **30** along line AA' of FIG. 2, FIG. 6 illustrates a cross-section of the accommodation case **30** and the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** coupled according to an embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 7 illustrates a cross-section of the accommodation case **30** and the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** coupled according to another embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0077] Referring to FIG. 4, after locating the body part **110** on the edge of the opening part **33**, the body part **110** may be moved toward the edge so that the body part **110** may be coupled to the edge. To this end, the coupling part **120** should be provided with a size such that the edge of the opening part **33** may be inserted.

[0078] The edge of the opening part **33** may be fit-coupled to the coupling part **120**. The edge may be inserted into the coupling part **120** so as to fulfill the space of the coupling part **120**. Referring to FIG. 5, the edge and the body part **110** may be fit-coupled by the coupling part **120**.

[0079] The body part **110** may include a first support part **111** and a second support part **112**. The first support part **111** may be extended in a direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part **120** is recessed to contact with an inner surface of the accommodation case **30**. The second support part **112** may be extended in a direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part **120** is recessed to contact with an outer surface of the accommodation case **30**.

[0080] The inner surface of the accommodation case **30** means one surface of the accommodation case **30** that faces the electrode assembly **10**. The outer surface of the accommodation case **30** means one surface of the accommodation case **30** that is exposed to the outside. In other words, the first support part **111** and the second support part **112** may come into contact with the inner surface and the outer surface of the accommodation case **30**, respectively. Through this, even if the body part **110** is pressurized, it may not be separated from the accommodation case **30**.

[0081] Referring to FIGS. 4 and 5, the first support part **111** and the second support part **112** may each be extended downward from the body part **110** along the Z-axis direction. The first support part **111** and the second support part **112** may be located to be opposite to each other with respect to the coupling part **120**.

[0082] In other words, the accommodation case **30** may be inserted into the coupling part **120**, and the first support part **111** may be located in a direction from the coupling part **120** toward the inside of the accommodation case **30**. Conversely, the second support part **112** may be located in a direction from the coupling part **120** toward the outside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0083] The first support part **111** and the second support part **112** may be formed side by side. The first support part **111** and the second support part **112** may be extended side by side from the body part **110**. Through this, the fixing force of the body part **110** may be improved.

[0084] Specifically, even if the body part **110** is pressed in a direction from the inside toward the outside of the electrode assembly **10** or pressed in an opposite direction, the body part **110** will not be easily separated by the first support part **111** and the second support part **112**.

[0085] The length from a coupling surface where the coupling part **120** is in contact with one end of the edge to one end of the first support part **111** may be longer than or equal to the length from the coupling surface to one end of the second support part **112**. When the edge is inserted into the coupling part **120**, one end of the edge may come into contact with a surface forming the coupling part **120**.

[0086] Here, the one end of the edge may refer to a surface of the edge facing the coupling part **120**. In other words, it may refer to a surface facing upward along the Z-axis direction from the edge. The coupling surface may mean a surface of the coupling part **120** facing one end of the edge. For example, referring to FIG. 5, the coupling surface may mean an upper surface of the coupling part **120**.

[0087] The length from the coupling surface to one end of the first support part **111** and the length from the coupling surface to one end of the second support part **112** may be measured along a

direction parallel to the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**. Referring to FIG. **6**, the length (L1) from the coupling surface to one end of the first support part **111** may be longer than the length (L2) from the coupling surface to one end of the second support part **112**.

[0088] The first support part **111** is extended long in order to guide the insertion of the electrode assembly **10**. When the electrode assembly **10** is pressed after a portion of the electrode assembly **10** is inserted into the body part **110**, the electrode assembly **10** may be inserted smoothly. However, when the first support part **111** is formed short, the electrode assembly **10** may not move along a predetermined path.

[0089] In other words, when the electrode assembly **10** is not inserted into the body part **110** by a predetermined length, the electrode assembly **10** may be bent or broken by the body part **110** when the electrode assembly **10** is pressed. Therefore, it may be preferable for the body part **110** to be extended by a predetermined length from the inner side of the electrode assembly **10**.

[0090] The thickness of the first support part **111** in the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the outside of the accommodation case **30** may be less than or equal to the thickness of the accommodation case **30**. This is to reduce the space occupied by the body part **110**.

[0091] When the body part **110** is coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**, a portion of the body part **110** and the opening part **33** may overlap along the Z-axis direction. An entrance of the opening part **33** is reduced by the area occupied by the body part **110**, and ultimately the space into which the electrode assembly **10** can be inserted is reduced. Therefore, it is necessary to minimize the area of the opening part **33** reduced by the body part **110**.

[0092] To this end, it may be preferable that the thickness of the first support part **111** be provided thin. Referring to FIG. **6**, the thickness (L4) of the first support part **111** may be less than or equal to the thickness (L3) of the accommodation case **30**.

[0093] After the body part **110** is coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**, the electrode assembly **10** may come into contact with the body part **110** and be inserted into the accommodation case **30**. In order to induce insertion of the electrode assembly **10**, one surface of the body part **110** may be formed to be inclined. An inclined surface **132** may be formed at another end opposite to the one end where the coupling part **120** is formed.

[0094] The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** of the present disclosure may be fixed to the accommodation case **30** by having an edge inserted into the coupling part **120** formed at one surface of the body part **110**. After being fixed, the other end opposite to the one end where the coupling part **120** is formed may come into contact with the electrode assembly **10** to guide insertion of the electrode assembly **10**. Therefore, the inclined surface **132** may be provided at another end.

[0095] In addition, the inclined surface **132** may be located to face the inside of the accommodation case **30**. Since the electrode assembly **10** is inserted into the inside of the accommodation case **30**, the inclined surface **132** should be located to face the inside of the accommodation case **30**. Referring to FIG. **6**, the right side of the accommodation case **30** along the Y-axis direction may refer to the inside of the accommodation case **30**, and the left side of the accommodation case **30** may refer to the outside of the accommodation case **30**. The inclined surface **132** may be formed on the right side of the body part **110** along the Y-axis direction so as to face the inside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0096] The inclined surface **132** may be formed in a direction away from the inside of the accommodation case **30** along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**. In other words, the inclined surface **132** may be formed so that the area through which the electrode assembly **10** passes becomes narrower as it moves from the outside to the inside of the accommodation case **30**. Through this, after one end of the electrode assembly **10** is stably located in the body part **110**, it may be pressed and inserted into the inside of the



accommodation case **30**.

[0097] Referring to FIGS. **4** to **6**, the inclined surface **132** may move away to the left side along the Y-axis direction as it gets further away from the inside of the accommodation case **30** along the Z-axis direction.

[0098] In another embodiment, referring to FIG. **7**, the inclined surface **132a** may be formed as a curved surface. In other words, the inclination of the inclined surface **132a** may gradually change. Similarly, the inclined surface **132a** formed as a curved surface may be positioned further to the left side along the Y-axis direction as it gets farther from the inside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0099] For example, an inclined surface **133** of the body part **110** may also be formed at one end where the coupling part **120** is formed. Referring to FIGS. **5** to **7**, the inclined surface **133** may be formed at one end of the first support part **111**. The inclined surface **133** may be formed on a surface of the first support part **111** that faces the inside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0100] The inclined surface **133** of the first support part **111** may form an incline that becomes closer to the inner surface of the accommodation case **30** as it moves toward the inside of the accommodation case **30** from the opening part **33**. Through this, the area through which the electrode assembly **10** passes may gradually increase, thereby minimizing damage to the electrode assembly **10**.

[0101] The electrode assembly insertion guide **100** of the present disclosure may include a groove part **131**. The groove part **131** may be formed by recessing a surface facing the inside of the accommodation case **30** among surfaces of the body part **110** in a direction toward the outside.

[0102] When the electrode assembly **10** is inserted, the fluid inside the accommodation case **30** may be discharged to the outside through the opening part **33**. For example, the fluid may be air. However, since the electrode assembly **10** is inserted through the opening part **33**, the air may not be discharged smoothly, which may cause damage to the electrode assembly **10**.

[0103] The groove part **131** may be formed on a surface where the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** and the electrode assembly **10** meet to allow the air to be discharged to the outside of the accommodation case **30**. Referring to FIGS. **4** and **5**, the groove part **131** may be formed on a surface of the first support part **111** facing the inside of the accommodation case **30**.

[0104] The groove part **131** may be extended along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**. For example, the groove part **131** may be extended along the Z-axis direction. Through this, the groove part **131** may discharge air to the outside of the accommodation case **30**. Even when the first support part **111** and the electrode assembly **10** come into contact, air may be discharged to the outside by the groove part **131**.

[0105] A plurality of the groove parts **131** may be provided. Air may be efficiently discharged through the plurality of groove parts **131**. The plurality of groove parts **131** may be located to be spaced apart from each other in a direction perpendicular to the direction from the inside of the accommodation case **30** toward the opening part **33**.

[0106] Referring to FIGS. **4** and **5**, the plurality of groove parts **131** may be located to be spaced apart from each other along the X-axis direction. Any one groove part **131** may be located to be extended along the Z-axis direction on the first body part **110**, and another groove part **131** may be located to be spaced apart from the any one groove part **131** along the X-axis direction.

[0107] FIG. **8** illustrates an electrode assembly inserting method according to an embodiment of the present disclosure. Hereinafter, with reference to FIG. **8**, a method of inserting the electrode assembly **10** (hereinafter, also referred to as an electrode assembly inserting method) using the electrode assembly insertion guide **100** of the present disclosure will be described.

[0108] The electrode assembly inserting method of the present disclosure includes coupling the body part **110** to the edge of the opening part **33** formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case **30** (**S10**), and inserting the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation case **30** through the opening part **33** (**S30**).

[0109] In the present disclosure, the inserting of the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation

case **30** through the opening part **33** (**S30**) may be performed after the coupling of the body part **110** to the edge of the opening part **33** (**S10**).

[0110] During inserting the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation case **30** (**S30**), the electrode assembly **10** may come into contact with the electrode assembly insertion guide **100**. After a portion of the electrode assembly **10** is inserted into the entrance formed by the electrode assembly insertion guide **100**, the electrode assembly **10** may be pressed.

[0111] After one end of the electrode assembly **10** is inserted by a predetermined length, the present disclosure may perform separating the body part **110** from the accommodation case **30** (**S50**). In another embodiment, the separating of the body part **110** from the accommodation case **30** (**S50**) may be performed after the electrode assembly **10** is inserted into the accommodation case **30**.

[0112] In the present disclosure, when the plurality of body parts **110** are provided, the plurality of body parts **110** may be respectively coupled to the edge of the opening part **33**. After the plurality of body parts **110** are coupled, the inserting of the electrode assembly **10** into the accommodation case **30** through the opening part **33** (**S30**) may be performed.

[0113] The present disclosure may be implemented in various forms and is not limited to the scope of the above-described embodiments. The above descriptions are merely examples of applying the principles of the present disclosure, and other configurations may be further included without departing from the scope of the present disclosure.

## Claims

1. An electrode assembly insertion guide for guiding insertion of an electrode assembly into an accommodation case, the electrode assembly insertion guide comprising: a body part detachably coupled to an edge of an opening part formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case; and a coupling part formed by recessing one surface of the body part facing the opening part along a direction from an inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.
2. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 1, wherein the body part comprises: a first support part which is extended in a direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part is recessed to contact an inner surface of the accommodation case; and a second support part which is extended in the direction opposite to the direction in which the coupling part is recessed to contact an outer surface of the accommodation case.
3. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 2, wherein the first support part and the second support part are formed side by side.
4. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 2, wherein a length from a coupling surface where the coupling part is in contact with one end of the edge to one end of the first support part is greater than or equal to a length from the coupling surface to one end of the second support part.
5. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 2, wherein a thickness of the first support part along a direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward an outside of the accommodation case is less than or equal to a thickness of the accommodation case.
6. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 1, wherein a plurality of the body parts are provided, and the plurality of body parts are coupled at different locations of the edge of the opening part.
7. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 1, wherein the body part has a frame shape.
8. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 1, further comprising: an inclined surface formed to be inclined at another end opposite to one end at which the coupling part is formed.
9. The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 8, wherein the inclined surface is located to face the inside of the accommodation case.

- 10.** The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 8, wherein the inclined surface is formed in a direction away from the inside of the accommodation case along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.
- 11.** The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 1, further comprising: a groove part formed by recessing a surface facing the inside of the accommodation case among surfaces of the body part in a direction toward an outside of the accommodation case.
- 12.** The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 11, wherein the groove part is extended along the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.
- 13.** The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 11, wherein a plurality of the groove parts are provided.
- 14.** The electrode assembly insertion guide according to claim 13, wherein the plurality of groove parts are located to be spaced apart from each other in a direction perpendicular to the direction from the inside of the accommodation case toward the opening part.
- 15.** An electrode assembly inserting method using an electrode assembly insertion guide for guiding insertion of an electrode assembly into an accommodation case, the method comprising: coupling a body part to an edge of an opening part formed by opening one surface of the accommodation case; and inserting the electrode assembly into the accommodation case through the opening part.
- 16.** The method according to claim 15, further comprising: separating the body part coupled to the edge of the opening part from the accommodation case.
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