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Detection device

Abstract

A detection device includes a housing, a wall detection assembly and a multimeter assembly, wherein the wall detection assembly comprises a sensing assembly and a wall detection processing circuit, the sensing assembly comprising at least one of a metal detection sensing element, a foreign object detection sensing element and an alternating-current voltage signal sensing element; wherein the sensing assembly and the wall detection processing circuit are arranged spaced apart in a first direction the sensing assembly and the multimeter assembly are arranged staggered in a second direction; and the sensing assembly is mounted to an inner side wall of the housing via a connection structure which is a non-metallic material structure. The staggered arrangement of the sensing assembly and the multimeter assembly adopts a staggering with a spatial distance, thereby reducing the adverse effects of large-volume metallic components and parts of a multimeter on the sensing assembly.

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Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) The present application claims the benefit of Chinese Patent Application No. 202320223009.3 filed on Jan. 31, 2023, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

(2) The present application relates to the technical field of electronic detection tools, and more specifically to a detection device.

BACKGROUND ART

(3) In the decoration project of a building, the use of a wall detector and a digital multimeter is involved. The wall detector is configured to detect the specific locations of metal structures, wooden structures and laid circuits on the back of a wall, such as the locations of metal pipes, steel bars, wooden beams, and lighting circuits. The digital multimeter is configured to detect whether various electrical parameters including voltage, current, and resistance of each laid circuit are normal, and to detect whether the connection of each laid circuit is correct, so as to ensure the safe use of electricity inside and outside the building.

(4) A wall detection part involves the use of a sensing element, for example, a non-contact sensing element is configured to obtain the specific locations of the metal pipes, the steel bars, the wooden beams or the lighting circuits on the back of the wall. A multimeter detection part is provided with

multiple types of large-volume metallic components and parts, such as an input post, a fuse, a knob dial, and a battery structure. Moreover, metallic fasteners such as threaded connections are also used between different components in the detection device to fix the mutual positional relationship. (5) However, in a detection operation, it is necessary to ensure that the wall detection part and the multimeter detection part do not interfere with each other, so as to avoid problems of false detection or reduced detection accuracy. Since the large-volume metallic components and parts in the multimeter detection part and the threaded connections for fixing the mutual positional relationship between different components will interfere with the detection accuracy of the sensing element, there is an urgent need to provide a sensing element arrangement method that can avoid the interference from the large-volume metallic components and parts of the multimeter detection part and the threaded connections, so as to achieve the purpose of enabling the wall detection part to provide accurate detection.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

(6) An objective of the embodiments of the present application is to provide a detection device in which a sensing element arrangement method that can avoid the interference from large-volume metallic components and parts of a multimeter detection part and threaded connections enables a wall detection part to provide accurate detection.

(7) To achieve the foregoing objective, a technical solution adopted in the present application is to provide a detection device, comprising a housing, a wall detection assembly and a multimeter assembly, wherein the wall detection assembly comprises a sensing assembly and a wall detection processing circuit, the sensing assembly and the wall detection processing circuit being both arranged inside the housing; and the sensing assembly being electrically connected to the wall detection processing circuit, and the sensing assembly comprising at least one of a metal detection sensing element, a foreign object detection sensing element and an alternating-current voltage signal sensing element; wherein the sensing assembly and the wall detection processing circuit are arranged spaced apart in a first direction, and the sensing assembly and the multimeter assembly are arranged staggered in a second direction, the first direction and the second direction forming an included angle; and the sensing assembly is mounted to an inner side wall of the housing via a connection structure.

(8) In an embodiment, the housing comprises a top housing and a bottom housing that are snap-fitted with respect to each other in the first direction, and the multimeter assembly further comprises a multimeter measurement circuit arranged inside the housing; and the wall detection processing circuit and the multimeter measurement circuit are arranged on the same plane which is arranged close to the top housing, and the sensing assembly is mounted to an inner side wall of the bottom housing via the connection structure.

(9) In an embodiment, the sensing assembly comprises the metal detection sensing element, and the metal detection sensing element is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the connection structure.

(10) In an embodiment, the inner side wall of the bottom housing is provided with a receiving structure adapted to the metal detection sensing element, the receiving structure having a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element and access openings for allowing the metal detection sensing element to access the receiving space; and the metal detection sensing element is snapped in the connection structure, the connection structure is snapped on the access openings of the receiving structure, and the metal detection sensing element is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure.

(11) In an embodiment, the connection structure comprises a connection board and a pair of snap rings, the pair of snap rings are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings are detachably snapped to the connection board, and two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element are respectively snapped in the pair of snap rings; and at least one pair of snap fittings are provided on an outer side of the access openings, the pair of snap fittings are

arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, and two opposite ends of the connection board are respectively detachably snapped to the pair of snap fittings.

(12) In an embodiment, a board surface of the connection board is provided with a pair of snap openings through its thickness, the pair of snap openings are arranged spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings each have a snap head connected to a ring body thereof, and the two snap heads are respectively detachably snapped into the pair of snap openings, such that the metal detection sensing element is fixed relative to the connection board.

(13) In an embodiment, the receiving structure comprises a pair of U-shaped structures arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, openings of the pair of U-shaped structures are the access openings, and edges of the pair of U-shaped structures on the same side are provided with the pair of snap fittings; and a pair of snap steps are provided at the two opposite ends of the connection board, and the pair of snap steps are recessed from side edges of the connection board toward its inner side to form a stepped shape, and the pair of snap fittings are fastened to the pair of snap steps, such that the metal detection sensing element is fixed relative to the bottom housing.

(14) In an embodiment, the sensing assembly comprises the metal detection sensing element, and the metal detection sensing element is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the connection structure.

(15) In an embodiment, the inner side wall of the bottom housing is provided with a receiving structure adapted to the metal detection sensing element, the receiving structure having a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element and access openings for allowing the metal detection sensing element to access the receiving space; and the metal detection sensing element is snapped in the connection structure, the connection structure is bonded to the access openings of the receiving structure, and the metal detection sensing element is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure.

(16) In an embodiment, the connection structure comprises a connection board and a pair of bonding rings, the pair of bonding rings are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, ring bodies of the pair of bonding rings are bonded to the connection board, two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element are respectively snapped in the pair of bonding rings, and two opposite ends of the connection board are bonded to edges of the access openings.

(17) In an embodiment, the connection board is a circuit board electrically connected to the metal detection sensing element and the wall detection processing circuit.

(18) In an embodiment, the sensing assembly comprises the foreign object detection sensing element and the alternating-current signal sensing element, the foreign object detection sensing element and the alternating-current signal sensing element being arranged in an integrated manner and forming an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the connection structure; wherein the connection structure is a bonding layer structure. the sensing assembly comprises the metal detection sensing element, the foreign object detection sensing element and the alternating-current signal sensing element, and the connection structure comprises a first connection structure and a second connection structure; wherein the metal detection sensing element is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the first connection structure; the foreign object detection sensing element and the alternating-current signal sensing element are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the second connection structure; wherein the second connection structure is a bonding layer; the bottom housing is provided with a receiving groove for receiving the sensing assembly, and flat surfaces are provided on inner and outer sides of a groove bottom surface of the receiving groove; wherein the flat surface on the inner side of the groove bottom surface comprises a first flat area and a second flat area, the metal detection sensing element is opposite and spaced from the first flat area, the integrated structure is bonded to the second flat area, and the second flat area avoids a spaced space between the metal detection sensing element and the first flat area.

(19) In an embodiment, the top housing and the bottom housing are snap-fitted with each other and form a snap contour, and snap-fit positions of the top housing and the bottom housing are connected via a metallic fastener; and in a direction from an inner side to an outer side of the housing, the inner side wall where the snap contour is located is spaced from a groove wall of the receiving groove, and the sensing assembly is arranged on an inner side of the groove wall of the receiving groove, such that the sensing assembly is spaced apart from the metallic fastener.

(20) The detection device provided in the embodiments of the present application has the following beneficial effects.

(21) Compared with the prior art, in the detection device provided by the present application, the sensing assembly and the wall detection processing circuit are arranged spaced apart in a first direction, and the sensing assembly and the multimeter assembly are arranged staggered in a second direction, the first direction and the second direction being perpendicular to each other. The wall detection part and the multimeter part of the detection device are partitioned, and the sensing assembly and the multimeter assembly of the wall detection part are arranged staggered in the second direction. The multimeter detection part is provided with multiple types of large-volume metallic components and parts, such as an input post, a fuse, a knob dial, and a battery structure, and due to the staggered arrangement with a certain spatial distance, the adverse effects of large-volume metallic components and parts of the multimeter detection part on the sensing detection of the sensing assembly can be reduced.

(22) The sensing assembly is mounted to the inner side wall of the housing via the connection structure, for example, it is fixed to the inner side wall of the bottom housing by means of a board, a snap structure or an adhesive layer structure, instead of metallic fasteners such as screws; in addition, the staggered arrangement with a certain spatial distance is adopted, so that the influence of metallic components or elements on the sensing assembly can be avoided, thereby improving the detection sensitivity and stability of the sensing assembly, so as to achieve the purpose of providing accurate detection by the wall detection part.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) In order to more clearly describe the technical solutions in the embodiments of the present application, the drawings required for describing the embodiments or the prior art will be briefly described below. Apparently, the drawings in the following description merely show some of the embodiments of the present application, and those of ordinary skill in the art would have obtained other drawings according to these drawings without involving any inventive effort.

(2) FIG. 1 is an exploded view of a detection device provided in an embodiment of the present application;

(3) FIG. 2 is a front side view of a detection device provided in an embodiment of the present application;

(4) FIG. 3 is a back side view of a detection device provided in an embodiment of the present application;

(5) FIG. 4 is a sectional view in an A-A direction of FIG. 3;

(6) FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram of a first arrangement surface of a circuit arrangement layer provided in an embodiment of the present application;

(7) FIG. 6 is a schematic diagram of a second arrangement surface of the circuit arrangement layer provided in the embodiment of the present application;

(8) FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram of a bottom housing provided in an embodiment of the present application;

(9) FIG. 8 is a schematic diagram of a metal detection sensing element provided in an embodiment

of the present application, which is mounted in the bottom housing;

(10) FIG. **9** is a schematic diagram of the assembly of a metal detection sensing element and a connection structure provided in an embodiment of the present application; and

(11) FIG. **10** is a schematic diagram of the assembly of a metal detection sensing element and a connection structure provided in an embodiment of the present application.

(12) Reference numerals in the drawings are as follows: **10**. Housing; **20**. Wall detection assembly; **30**. Multimeter assembly; **40**. Circuit arrangement layer; **50**. Key assembly; **60**. Connection structure; **101**. Top housing; **102**. Bottom housing; **102a**. Flat surface; **102b**. First flat area; **102c**. Second flat area; **102d**. Receiving structure; **102e**. Access opening; **102f**. Snap fitting; **201**. Wall detection processing circuit; **202**. Sensing assembly; **204**. First display apparatus; **201a**. Wall detection control unit; **201b**. Metal detection processing circuit; **201c**. Foreign object detection processing circuit; **201d**. Alternating-current voltage signal processing circuit; **202a**. Metal detection sensing element; **202b**. Foreign object detection sensing element; **202c**. Alternating-current voltage signal sensing element; **301**. Multimeter measurement circuit; **302**. Second display apparatus; **303**. Battery structure; **304**. Knob; **305**. Input post hole group; **401**. First arrangement surface; **402**. Second arrangement surface; **401a**. First arrangement area; **401b**. Second arrangement area; **402a**. First display control area; **402b**. Second display control area; **402c**. Key control area; **402d**. Knob control area; **402e**. Test lead contact control area; **601**. Connection board; **602**. Snap ring; **601a**. Snap opening; **601b**. Snap step; **602a**. Snap head.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

(13) In order to make the technical problems to be solved, the technical solutions, and the beneficial effects of the present application clearer, the present application will be described in further detail below with reference to the drawings and embodiments. It should be understood that the specific embodiments described herein are merely used to explain the present application and are not intended to limit the present application.

(14) It should be noted that when an element is referred to as being “fixed to” or “arranged at” a further element, it can be directly located on the further element or indirectly located on the further element. When an element is referred to as being “connected to” a further element, it can be directly connected to the further element or indirectly connected to the further element.

(15) It should be understood that the orientations or positional relationships indicated by the terms “length”, “width”, “upper”, “lower”, “front”, “rear”, “left”, “right”, “vertical”, “horizontal”, “top”, “bottom”, “inner”, “outer”, etc. are based on the orientations or positional relationships shown in the drawings, and are only for the convenience of describing the present application and simplifying the description, rather than indicating or implying that device or element referred to must have a specific orientation or be constructed and operated in a specific orientation, and therefore cannot be construed as limiting the present application.

(16) In addition, the terms “first” and “second” are used for descriptive purposes only, and cannot be construed as indicating or implying relative importance or implicitly indicating the number of technical features indicated. Thus, the features defined with “first” and “second” can explicitly or implicitly include one or more of the features. In the description of the present application, the meaning of “a plurality of” is two or more, unless otherwise explicitly and specifically defined.

(17) A detection device provided in the embodiments of the present application is now described.

(18) Referring to FIGS. **1** to **10**, the detection device provided in the embodiments of the present application comprises a housing **10**, a wall detection assembly **20** and a multimeter assembly **30**.

(19) The wall detection assembly **20** comprises a sensing assembly **202** and a wall detection processing circuit **201**. The sensing assembly **202** and the wall detection processing circuit **201** are both arranged inside the housing **10**. The sensing assembly **202** is electrically connected to the wall detection processing circuit **201**, and the sensing assembly **202** comprises at least one of a metal detection sensing element **202a**, a foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and an alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c**. In an embodiment of the present application,

preferably, the sensing assembly **202** comprises the metal detection sensing element **202a**, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c**.

(20) The sensor assembly **202** and the wall detection processing circuit **201** are arranged spaced apart in a first direction, and the sensor assembly **202** and the multimeter assembly **30** are arranged staggered in a second direction. The first direction and the second direction are perpendicular to each other. Moreover, the sensing assembly **202** is mounted to an inner side wall of the housing **10** via a connection structure **60**. The connection structure **60** is a non-metallic material structure.

(21) Compared with the prior art, in the detection device provided in the embodiment of the present application, the sensing assembly **202** and the wall detection processing circuit **201** are arranged spaced apart in the first direction, and the sensing assembly **202** and the multimeter assembly **30** are arranged staggered in the second direction, the first direction and the second direction forming an included angle, preferably the two being perpendicular to each other. A wall detection part and a multimeter part of the detection device are partitioned, and the sensing assembly **202** of the wall detection part and the multimeter assembly **30** are arranged staggered in the second direction. The multimeter detection part is provided with multiple types of large-volume metallic components and parts, such as an input post, a fuse, a knob **304** dial, and a battery structure **303**, and due to the staggered arrangement with a certain spatial distance, the adverse effects of large-volume metallic components and parts of the multimeter detection part on the sensing detection of the sensing assembly **202** can be reduced.

(22) The sensing assembly **202** is mounted to the inner side wall of the housing **10** via the connection structure **60**. The connection structure **60** is a non-metallic material structure, and adopts a staggered arrangement with a certain spatial distance. In addition, the sensing assembly **202** is mounted to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** by means of a non-metallic connection structure **60**, for example, it is fixed to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** by means of a non-metallic board, snap member or adhesive, so that the influence of metallic components or elements on the sensing assembly **202** can be avoided, thereby improving the detection sensitivity and stability of the sensing assembly **202**, so as to achieve the purpose of providing accurate detection by the wall detection part.

(23) Referring to FIGS. **1** to **6**, in an embodiment, the detection device further comprises a circuit arrangement layer **40**. The circuit arrangement layer **40** is configured to arrange a circuit structure involved in the detection device. The circuit structure is arranged inside the housing **10**. The housing **10** comprises a top housing **101** and a bottom housing **102** that are snap-fitted with respect to each other in the first direction, that is, in the thickness direction of the detection device as shown in FIG. **1**. The wall detection assembly **20** further comprises a first display apparatus **204** and keys. The multimeter assembly **30** comprises a multimeter measurement circuit **301**, a fuse, a battery structure **303** that are arranged inside the housing **10**, and a knob **304** dial, an input post hole group **305**, keys and a second display apparatus **302** that are arranged on the housing **10**. The keys in the wall detection assembly **20** and the keys in the multimeter assembly **30** are combined into a key assembly **50**.

(24) A front surface of the top housing **101** is provided with the first display apparatus **204**, the second display apparatus **302**, the key assembly **50**, the knob **304** dial and the input post hole group **305** in sequence in the second direction.

(25) The key assembly **50** comprises a SEL key, a switch key and a RANGE/CAL key. The SEL key is a detection mode selection key, which is used for the selection among three detection modes: metal, foreign object, and alternating-current. The switch key provides a wall detection switching function. The RANGE/CAL key is a detection mode range setting and calibration key. The three keys are only used for the wall detection function. The key assembly **50** further comprises a MODE key, a RANGE key and a MAX/MIN key. The MODE key is for the selection of multimeter functions, the RANGE key is a range setting key, and the MAX/MIN key is a maximum and

minimum value measurement key. The key assembly **50** further comprises a Hold key and an LCD backlight switch key.

(26) The input post hole group **305** comprises three input post holes, including a **10A** current range input terminal, a common input terminal and a positive input jack.

(27) More specifically, the circuit arrangement layer **40** has a first arrangement surface **401** and a second arrangement surface **402** facing away from each other. The first arrangement surface **401** is arranged facing the bottom housing **102**, and the second arrangement surface **402** is arranged facing the top housing **101**.

(28) The first arrangement surface **401** has a first arrangement area **401a** and a second arrangement area **401b** which are partitioned in the second direction, the wall detection processing circuit **201** is arranged in the first arrangement area **401a**, the multimeter measurement circuit **301** is arranged in the second arrangement area **401b**, the sensing assembly **202** is arranged at the bottom housing **102**, and the sensing assembly **202** is arranged opposite the first arrangement area **401a**. In this way, the wall detection processing circuit **201** and the multimeter measurement circuit **301** are arranged on the same plane which is arranged close to the top housing **101**, and the sensing assembly **202** may be mounted to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the connection structure **60**.

(29) In the second direction, the second arrangement surface **402** is sequentially provided with a first display control area **402a**, a second display control area **402b**, a key control area **402c**, a knob control area **402d** and a test lead contact control area **402e**. The first display control area **402a** is configured for connecting to and controlling the first display apparatus **204**, the second display control area **402b** is configured for connecting to and controlling the second display apparatus **302**, the key control area **402c** is configured for connecting to and controlling the key assembly **50**, the knob control area **402d** is configured for connecting to and controlling the knob **304**, and the test lead contact control area **402e** is configured for allowing a test lead to be inserted and transmitting an electric signal of the test lead.

(30) In an embodiment, the circuit arrangement layer **40** is of a grid-like structure, and the circuit arrangement layer **40** is a copper hollow layer, so that the circuit structure adopts a grid-like copper hollow layer, which can further reduce the interference between signals to avoid a large impact on the detection signal of the metal detection sensing element **202a** due to the use of solid copper cladding.

(31) Referring to FIGS. 7 to 10, in an embodiment of the present application, the sensing assembly **202** comprises the metal detection sensing element **202a**, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the connection structure **60**.

(32) Of course, the metal detection sensing element **202a** may also be detachably mounted to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** in other ways other than snapping. For example, the metal detection sensing element may be adhesively bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102**. Alternatively, by using an elastic guide rail structure with a gradual opening, the metal detection sensing element **202a** is inserted from a larger end of the opening and moved to a smaller end of the opening, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is positioned in the guide rail through the elasticity of the guide rail structure itself, so that the metal detection sensing element **202a** is kept close to the inner side wall to ensure the reliability of detection.

(33) In this embodiment, the sensing assembly **202** further comprises the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element. The foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the connection structure **60**. The connection structure **60** is a bonding layer structure.

(34) Of course, in other embodiments, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the

alternating-current signal sensing element may be arranged separately, and the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element may be respectively bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the bonding layer structure.

(35) In other embodiments, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which may be detachably snapped or inserted into the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the connection structure **60**. For example, the integrated structure may be detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** in a manner similar to that of the metal detection sensing element **202a**.

(36) In a specific embodiment, the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** is provided with a receiving structure **102d** adapted to the metal detection sensing element **202a**. The receiving structure **102d** has a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element **202a** and access openings **102e** for allowing the metal detection sensing element **202a** to access the receiving space. The metal detection sensing element **202a** is snapped in the connection structure **60**, the connection structure **60** is snapped on the access openings **102e** of the receiving structure **102d**, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure **60**.

(37) In this specific embodiment, the receiving structure **102d** is provided on the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102**, and the receiving structure **102d** has a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element **202a**. The metal detection sensing element **202a** is then received in the receiving space, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is infinitely close to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102**, so that the mounting and detection of the metal detection sensing element **202a** can be realized reliably and conveniently.

(38) More specifically, the connection structure **60** comprises a connection board **601** and a pair of snap rings **602**, the pair of snap rings **602** are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings **602** are detachably snapped to the connection board **601**, and two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element **202a** are respectively snapped in the pair of snap rings **602**. At least one pair of snap fittings **102f** are provided on an outer side of the access openings **102e**, the pair of snap fittings **102f** are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, and two opposite ends of the connection board **601** are respectively detachably snapped to the pair of snap fittings **102f**.

(39) During specific mounting, the two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element **202a** are respectively snapped in the pair of snap rings **602**, and then the pair of snap rings **602** are snapped to the connection board **601**, so that the metal detection sensing element **202a**, the pair of snap rings **602** and the connection board **601** form a mounting module. The side where the metal detection sensing element **202a** is located faces and approaches the access opening **102e** of the receiving space, the metal detection sensing element **202a** is pushed into the receiving space from the access opening **102e**, and when the metal detection sensing element **202a** is pushed into place, the connection board **601** is just snapped to the pair of snap fittings **102f**, so that the mounting module is integrally and detachably snapped on the receiving structure **102d**.

(40) In an embodiment, a board surface of the connection board **601** is provided with a pair of snap openings **601a** through its thickness, the pair of snap openings **601a** are arranged spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings **602** each have a snap head **602a** connected to a ring body thereof, and the two snap heads **602a** are respectively detachably snapped into the pair of snap openings **601a**, such that the metal detection sensing element **202a** is fixed relative to the connection board **601**.

(41) In a specific embodiment, the receiving structure **102d** comprises a pair of U-shaped structures arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, openings of the pair of U-shaped structures are the access openings **102e**, and edges of the pair of U-shaped structures on the same side are

provided with the pair of snap fittings **102f**. A pair of snap steps **601b** are provided at the two opposite ends of the connection board **601**, and the pair of snap steps **601b** are recessed from side edges of the connection board **601** toward its inner side to form a stepped shape, and the pair of snap fittings **102f** are fastened to the pair of snap steps **601b**, such that the metal detection sensing element **202a** is fixed relative to the bottom housing **102**.

(42) In this specific embodiment, the receiving structure **102d** comprises the pair of U-shaped structures that are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, and there is an access space between the pair of U-shaped structures, so that an operator can easily mount or dismount the mounting module through the access space.

(43) In this specific embodiment, the pair of snap fittings **102f** are provided at the edges of the pair of U-shaped structures on the same side. During specific implementation, those skilled in the art can actually design the number of pairs of snap fittings **102f** according to the actual volume size of the mounting module and the size of the mounting space.

(44) In a more specific embodiment, the snap ring **602** comprises a first half split ring and a second half split ring, and the first half split ring and the second half split ring are detachably snap-fitted with each other such that the axial end of the metal detection sensing element **202a** is snapped into the snap ring **602**, and one of the first half split ring and the second half split ring is provided with the snap head **602a**.

(45) Alternatively, the snap ring **602** is of a complete ring structure, and the two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element **202a** are each provided with a step structure, such that the metal detection sensing element **202a** is snapped into the pair of snap rings **602** by means of the step structures at the two axial ends.

(46) Compared with the prior art, in the embodiment of the present application, the metal detection sensing element **202a** may be detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** by means of the connection board **601**, the snap rings **602**, the snap fittings **102f**, etc., so as to avoid the use of metallic fasteners for the mounting of the metal detection sensing element **202a** adversely affecting the acquisition and transmission of a sensing detection signal, so as to improve the sensitivity and stability of the detection signal.

(47) Further, the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** is provided with an adapted receiving structure **102d**, and the mounting module composed of the metal detection sensing element **202a**, the pair of snap rings **602** and the connection board **601** may be integrally mounted in the receiving structure **102d**, or dismounted from the receiving structure **102d**, increasing the convenience of mounting and dismounting of the metal detection sensing element **202a** while improving the sensitivity and stability of the detection signal.

(48) In a further embodiment, another mounting method for the metal detection sensing element is provided. In this embodiment, the sensing assembly **202** comprises the metal detection sensing element **202a**, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the connection structure **60**.

(49) Specifically, the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** is provided with a receiving structure **102d** adapted to the metal detection sensing element **202a**. The receiving structure **102d** has a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element **202a** and access openings **102e** for allowing the metal detection sensing element **202a** to access the receiving space.

(50) The metal detection sensing element **202a** is snapped in the connection structure **60**, the connection structure **60** is bonded to the access openings **102e** of the receiving structure **102d**, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure **60**.

(51) More specifically, the connection structure **60** comprises a connection board **601** and a pair of bonding rings, the pair of bonding rings are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, ring bodies of the pair of bonding rings are bonded to the connection board **601**, two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element **202a** are respectively snapped in the pair of bonding rings, and

two opposite ends of the connection board **601** are bonded to edges of the access openings.

(52) In the further embodiment, the snap fitting **102f** and the snap head **602a** are omitted, and the positions where the snap fitting **102f** and the snap head **602a** are located are designed to adhesive surfaces, and an adhesive is used at the two positions to bond the bonding ring to the connection board and the connection board to the receiving structure, so that the metal detection sensing element is adhesively bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing via the connection structure.

(53) In the above two embodiments, the snap ring or the bonding ring may be made of plastic.

(54) In the above two embodiments, preferably, the connection board is a circuit board, the metal detection sensing element is a metal detection sensor, and the circuit board is electrically connected to the metal detection sensing element and the wall detection processing circuit.

(55) Alternatively, the metal detection sensing element may comprise a metal detection sensor and an intermediate circuit board, two axial ends of the metal detection sensor are detachably snapped into the pair of snap rings, the intermediate circuit board may be arranged on a side surface of the connection board that is close to the metal detection sensor, and the metal detection sensor may be electrically connected to the wall detection processing circuit via an intermediate circuit.

(56) In this embodiment, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c** are arranged in an integrated manner, and the integrated structure of the two comprises a foreign object detection sensor, an alternating-current voltage signal sensor and an intermediate circuit board, the foreign object detection sensor and the alternating-current voltage signal sensor are respectively integrated on the intermediate circuit board, and the integrated structure is fixed to a bottom wall of the bottom housing **102** by snapping or bonding, so as to avoid the use of metallic fasteners for the mounting of the metal detection sensing element **202a** adversely affecting the acquisition and transmission of a sensing detection signal, so as to improve the sensitivity and stability of the detection signal.

(57) In a most preferred embodiment, the sensing assembly **202** comprises the metal detection sensing element **202a**, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element, and the connection structure **60** comprises a first connection structure **60** and a second connection structure **60**.

(58) The metal detection sensing element **202a** is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the first connection structure. The foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current signal sensing element are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing **102** via the second connection structure; The second connection structure is a bonding layer.

(59) The bottom housing **102** is provided with a receiving groove for receiving the sensing assembly **202**, and flat surfaces **102a** are provided on inner and outer sides of a groove bottom surface of the receiving groove. The flat surface **102a** on the inner side of the groove bottom surface comprises a first flat area **102b** and a second flat area **102c**, the metal detection sensing element **202a** is opposite and spaced from the first flat area **102b**, the integrated structure is bonded to the second flat area **102c**, and the second flat area **102c** avoids a spaced space between the metal detection sensing element **202a** and the first flat area **102b**.

(60) In the most preferred embodiment, the second flat area **102c** avoids the spaced space between the metal detection sensing element **202a** and the first flat area **102b**, so that it is possible to ensure that the detection of the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the detection of the alternating-current signal sensing element as well as the detection of the metal detection sensing elements **202a** do not interfere with one another, so as to improve the accuracy and stability of detection.

(61) In an embodiment, the top housing **101** and the bottom housing **102** are snap-fitted with each other and form a snap contour, and snap-fit positions of the top housing **101** and the bottom housing **102** are connected via a metallic fastener. In a direction from an inner side to an outer side

of the housing **10**, the inner side wall where the snap contour is located is spaced from a groove wall of the receiving groove, and the sensing assembly **202** is arranged on an inner side of the groove wall of the receiving groove, such that the sensing assembly **202** is spaced apart from the metallic fastener, so as to reduce the influence of metallic fasteners on the metal detection sensing element **202a**.

(62) Referring to FIGS. **1** to **6**, in a preferred embodiment of the present application, the sensing assembly **202** comprises the metal detection sensing element **202a**, the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c**, and the wall detection processing circuit **201** comprises a wall detection control unit **201a**, and a metal detection processing circuit **201b**, a foreign object detection processing circuit **201c** and an alternating-current voltage signal processing circuit **201d** which are respectively electrically connected to the wall detection control unit **201a**.

(63) The metal detection sensing element **202a** is electrically connected to the metal detection processing circuit **201b**, and the metal detection sensing element **202a** is configured to acquire metal parameters to be detected of a wall to be detected and transmit same to the metal detection processing circuit **201b**. The detection purpose of the metal detection sensing element **202a** is to detect whether there is a metallic structure or substance in a region to be detected of the wall to be detected.

(64) The foreign object detection sensing element **202b** is electrically connected to the foreign object detection processing circuit **201c**, and the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** is configured to acquire foreign object parameters to be detected of the wall to be detected and transmit same to the foreign object detection processing circuit **201c**. The detection purpose of the foreign object detection sensing element **202b** is to detect whether there are foreign objects in the region to be detected of the wall to be detected, including but not limited to whether there are wooden battens, metal pipes, wire pipes or other substances.

(65) The alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c** is electrically connected to the alternating-current voltage signal processing circuit **201d**, and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element **202c** is configured to acquire alternating-current voltage signals to be detected of the wall to be detected and transmit same to the alternating-current voltage signal processing circuit **201d**. The detection purpose of the alternating-current voltage detection sensing element is to detect whether there is a circuit structure in the region to be detected of the wall to be detected.

(66) The wall detection processing circuit **201** is electrically connected to the first display apparatus **204**. Specifically, the wall detection control unit **201a** of the wall detection processing circuit **201** is electrically connected to the first display apparatus **204**. The first display apparatus **204** is configured to display characterizable parameters obtained by processing the parameters to be detected by the wall detection processing circuit **201**, for example, it may display metal, foreign object and alternating-current detection mode symbols, a range, a low power symbol and an analog tone display of detection signal strength.

(67) The multimeter measurement circuit **301** is electrically connected to the second display apparatus **302**. The second display apparatus **302** is configured to display characterizable signals obtained by processing the detection signals by the multimeter measurement circuit **301**, for example, it may be configured to display alternating-current and direct-current voltage, current, resistance, capacitance, temperature and other data.

(68) What are described above are only preferred embodiments of the present application but not intended to limit the present application, and any modifications, equivalent replacements, improvements, etc. made within the spirit and principle of the present application should be included within the scope of protection of the present application.

Claims

1. A detection device, comprising: a housing (10), a wall detection assembly (20) and a multimeter assembly (30), wherein the wall detection assembly (20) comprises a sensing assembly (202) and a wall detection processing circuit (201), the sensing assembly (202) and the wall detection processing circuit (201) being both arranged inside the housing (10); and the sensing assembly (202) being electrically connected to the wall detection processing circuit (201), and the sensing assembly (202) comprising at least one of a metal detection sensing element (202a), a foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and an alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c); wherein the sensing assembly (202) and the wall detection processing circuit (201) are arranged spaced apart in a first direction, and the sensing assembly (202) and the multimeter assembly (30) are arranged staggered in a second direction, the first direction and the second direction forming an included angle; and the sensing assembly (202) is mounted to an inner side wall of the housing (10) via a connection structure (60), wherein the housing (10) comprises a top housing (101) and a bottom housing (102) that are snap-fitted with respect to each other in the first direction, and the multimeter assembly (30) further comprises a multimeter measurement circuit (301) arranged inside the housing (10); and the wall detection processing circuit (201) and the multimeter measurement circuit (301) are arranged on the same plane which is arranged closer to the top housing (101) than to the bottom housing (102), and the sensing assembly (202) is mounted to an inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60), wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the metal detection sensing element (202a), and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60).
2. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) is provided with a receiving structure (102d) adapted to the metal detection sensing element (202a), the receiving structure (102d) having a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element (202a) and access openings (102e) for allowing the metal detection sensing element (202a) to access the receiving space; and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is snapped in the connection structure (60), the connection structure (60) is snapped on the access openings (102e) of the receiving structure (102d), and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure (60).
3. The detection device of claim 2, wherein the connection structure (60) comprises a connection board (601) and a pair of snap rings (602), the pair of snap rings (602) are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings (602) are detachably snapped to the connection board (601), and two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element (202a) are respectively snapped in the pair of snap rings (602); and at least one pair of snap fittings (102f) are provided on an outer side of the access openings (102e), the pair of snap fittings (102f) are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, and two opposite ends of the connection board (601) are respectively detachably snapped to the pair of snap fittings (102f).
4. The detection device of claim 3, wherein a board surface of the connection board (601) is provided with a pair of snap openings (601a) through its thickness, the pair of snap openings (601a) are arranged spaced apart from each other, the pair of snap rings (602) each have a snap head (602a) connected to a ring body thereof, and the two snap heads (602a) are respectively detachably snapped into the pair of snap openings (601a), such that the metal detection sensing element (202a) is fixed relative to the connection board (601).
5. The detection device of claim 3, wherein the receiving structure (102d) comprises a pair of U-shaped structures arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, openings of the pair of U-shaped structures are the access openings (102e), and edges of the pair of U-shaped structures on the same side are provided with the pair of snap fittings (102f); and a pair of snap steps (601b) are provided at the two opposite ends of the connection board (601), and the pair of snap steps (601b) are recessed from side edges of the connection board (601) toward its inner side to form a stepped

shape, and the pair of snap fittings (102f) are fastened to the pair of snap steps (601b), such that the metal detection sensing element (202a) is fixed relative to the bottom housing (102).

6. The detection device of claim 3, wherein the connection board is a circuit board electrically connected to the metal detection sensing element (202a) and the wall detection processing circuit (201).

7. The detection device of claim 3, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) being arranged in an integrated manner and forming an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60); wherein the connection structure (60) is a bonding layer structure.

8. The detection device of claim 2, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) being arranged in an integrated manner and forming an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60); wherein the connection structure (60) is a bonding layer structure.

9. The detection device of claim 2, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the metal detection sensing element (202a), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), and the connection structure (60) comprises a first connection structure and a second connection structure; wherein the metal detection sensing element (202a) is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the first connection structure; the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the second connection structure; wherein the second connection structure (60) is a bonding layer; the bottom housing (102) is provided with a receiving groove for receiving the sensing assembly (202), and flat surfaces (102a) are provided on inner and outer sides of a groove bottom surface of the receiving groove; wherein the flat surface on the inner side of the groove bottom surface comprises a first flat area (102b) and a second flat area (102c), the metal detection sensing element (202a) is opposite and spaced from the first flat area (102b), the integrated structure is bonded to the second flat area (102c), and the second flat area (102c) avoids a spaced space between the metal detection sensing element (202a) and the first flat area (102b).

10. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the metal detection sensing element (202a), and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60).

11. The detection device of claim 10, wherein the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) is provided with a receiving structure (102d) adapted to the metal detection sensing element (202a), the receiving structure (102d) having a receiving space for receiving the metal detection sensing element (202a) and access openings (102e) for allowing the metal detection sensing element (202a) to access the receiving space; and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is snapped in the connection structure (60), the connection structure (60) is bonded to the access openings (102e) of the receiving structure (102d), and the metal detection sensing element (202a) is snap-pressed into the receiving space by the connection structure (60).

12. The detection device of claim 11, wherein the connection structure (60) comprises a connection board (601) and a pair of bonding rings, the pair of bonding rings are arranged opposite and spaced apart from each other, ring bodies of the pair of bonding rings are bonded to the connection board (601), two axial ends of the metal detection sensing element (202a) are respectively snapped in the pair of bonding rings, and two opposite ends of the connection board (601) are bonded to edges of the access openings (102e).

13. The detection device of claim 11, wherein the connection board is a circuit board electrically connected to the metal detection sensing element and the wall detection processing circuit.

14. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) being arranged in an integrated manner and forming an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60); wherein the connection structure (60) is a bonding layer structure.

15. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the metal detection sensing element (202a), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), and the connection structure (60) comprises a first connection structure and a second connection structure; wherein the metal detection sensing element (202a) is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the first connection structure; the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the second connection structure; wherein the second connection structure (60) is a bonding layer; the bottom housing (102) is provided with a receiving groove for receiving the sensing assembly (202), and flat surfaces (102a) are provided on inner and outer sides of a groove bottom surface of the receiving groove; wherein the flat surface on the inner side of the groove bottom surface comprises a first flat area (102b) and a second flat area (102c), the metal detection sensing element (202a) is opposite and spaced from the first flat area (102b), the integrated structure is bonded to the second flat area (102c), and the second flat area (102c) avoids a space spaced between the metal detection sensing element (202a) and the first flat area (102b).

16. The detection device of claim 15, wherein the top housing (101) and the bottom housing (102) are snap-fitted with each other and form a snap contour, and snap-fit positions of the top housing (101) and the bottom housing (102) are connected via a metallic fastener; and in a direction from an inner side to an outer side of the housing (10), the inner side wall where the snap contour is located is spaced from a groove wall of the receiving groove, and the sensing assembly (202) is arranged on an inner side of the groove wall of the receiving groove, such that the sensing assembly (202) is spaced apart from the metallic fastener.

17. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) being arranged in an integrated manner and forming an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the connection structure (60); wherein the connection structure (60) is a bonding layer structure.

18. The detection device of claim 1, wherein the sensing assembly (202) comprises the metal detection sensing element (202a), the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c), and the connection structure (60) comprises a first connection structure and a second connection structure; wherein the metal detection sensing element (202a) is detachably snapped to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the first connection structure; the foreign object detection sensing element (202b) and the alternating-current voltage signal sensing element (202c) are arranged in an integrated manner and form an integrated structure which is bonded to the inner side wall of the bottom housing (102) via the second connection structure; wherein the second connection structure (60) is a bonding layer; the bottom housing (102) is provided with a receiving groove for receiving the sensing assembly (202), and flat surfaces (102a) are provided on inner and outer sides of a groove bottom surface of the receiving groove; wherein the flat surface on the inner side of the groove bottom surface comprises a first flat area (102b) and a second flat area (102c), the metal detection

sensing element (**202a**) is opposite and spaced from the first flat area (**102b**), the integrated structure is bonded to the second flat area (**102c**), and the second flat area (**102c**) avoids a spaced space between the metal detection sensing element (**202a**) and the first flat area (**102b**).
