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APPARATUS AND SYSTEM FOR LIGHTING SHROUD SYSTEM AND METHODS THEREOF

Abstract

A dynamic acoustic jacket device and a dynamic acoustic jacket system, that includes a single piece of material folded into acoustic jacket for covering a lighting fixture, using locking devices or the cut away portion of the device, to quickly and easily install the acoustic jacket over suspension cables so that the acoustic jacket can be lowered and raised over the lighting fixture without the need to be attached thereto.

Inventors: Headley; Dustin (Crystal Lake, IL)

Applicant: Turf Design, Inc. (Gilberts, IL)

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a Continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/885,473 Filed on Aug. 10, 2022, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 63/231,412 Filed on Aug. 10, 2021, the entireties of which are herein incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

a. Technical Field

[0002] The instant disclosure relates to an acoustic cover, shroud, sleeve or jacket for partially or completely covering a lighting fixture hanging from a ceiling or ceiling structure, without the acoustic jacket being physically attached to the lighting fixture. For ease of reference, the acoustic cover, shroud, sleeve or jacket will be referred to collectively herein as a jacket, jacket device, lighting fixture jacket or simply as the device.

[0003] The instant disclosure also relates to an acoustic jacket device system, which may include some or all of the jacket device, the lighting fixture along with the support or attachment cables that allow the system components to be connected or attached to the ceiling or ceiling structure, such as a Unistrut bracket, T-Bar drop ceiling or a similar structure. The instant disclosure further relates to the methods for manufacturing the jacket device and/or installing the jacket device along with the lighting fixture without physically attaching the jacket device to the lighting fixture.

[0004] As such, once manufactured or assembled, the jacket device can be installed onto a cable suspension system (before or after the lighting fixture has been installed), configured to move up and down on the suspension cables over the lighting fixture, but not physically attached thereto. The suspension cables may be a single cable for supporting both the jacket device and the lighting fixture while also supplying electrical power to the lighting fixture. Additionally, the cable suspension system may be multiple cables for supporting the lighting fixture separately from the jacket device and separately from the electrical power cable. A combination of these systems is also contemplated in the present disclosure.

[0005] Additionally, the assembly of the jacket device may include being assembled or manufactured onto the suspension cables. However, regardless of the assembly or manufacturing procedures, the finished jacket device installed in conjunction with the lighting fixture, can be removed from or away from, or lifted above the lighting fixture without physically removing the jacket device from the suspension cables or without removing or moving the lighting fixture from its installation location. This functionality allows easy access to the lighting fixture for installation, repair and/or maintenance, such as bulb replacement or cleaning, without the necessity of completely removing the jacket device from the suspension cables and without the necessity of removing the lighting fixture from its location.

[0006] Additionally, as stated herein, the jacket device can be installed by an acoustic installer prior to the installation of the lighting fixture, which can then be installed at a later date by an electrician installer. Alternatively, the lighting fixture can be first installed by an electrician installer prior to the installation of the jacket device, which can be installed at a later date by an acoustic installer. This dual functionality solves the problem of the timing of installation of the lighting fixture and/or the jacket device, since either can be installed before the other.

[0007] The instant disclosure further relates to an acoustic jacket system, including the jacket device, lighting system and cable supports functions to facilitate the installation (lighting fixture first or jacket device first), repair and/or maintenance of the lighting fixture without completely removing the jacket from the supporting cables connecting and supporting the lighting fixture (and the jacket device). The jacket device utilized in the system may comprise a folding and locking mechanism for configuring each device that can be quickly and easily be installed onto or over the

supporting cables and prior or subsequently to the installation of the lighting fixture. Once both the lighting fixture and the jacket device are properly installed, the jacket device can be lowered (or raised) over the lighting fixture without any additional attachment, thereby providing a reduction in unwanted noise and/or room acoustics.

[0008] The instant disclosure further relates to an acoustic jacket system configured using a program, such as a computer program, that utilizes the lighting fixture dimensions to calculate the correct size and location of kerfs and/or cutaways in the jacket material to optimize a predetermined design so that the jacket device can be made from a single sheet of material. The program makes the size and cutaway determination based on the dimensions of the lighting fixture entered manually or scanned automatically into the system. Once the dimensions of the lighting fixture are determined, the program calculates the jacket dimensions and determines where the proper places in the material are located for cutting and/or scoring the material. Once the cuts and scores are made, the single sheet of material can be folded and/or bent into the final jacket device shape. The final shape will include recesses or cutaways so that the resultant jacket device can be assembled over and held by the suspension cables. As such, the jacket device once created and installed over the support or suspension cables can then be lowered over the lighting fixture without being attached thereto.

[0009] The instant disclosure further relates to an acoustic jacket device that is configured using recycled polyester felt or PET Felt, and in an embodiment, and is made up of a two-dimensional configuration that can be bent and/or folded into the jacket shape. PET Felt uses a traditional 'felting' process to create its panels. This process often results in a pleasing heathered effect, where multiple tones are present in the fiber. The acoustic jacket once folded into the proper shape and location on the suspension cables can be held together with a locking device made of the same PET Felt material to retain the jacket device shape. The locking device may be a separate part or an integral part of the entire jacket device. As such, each jacket device is configured from a PET Felt sheet with pre-formed folding scores and cutouts that will receive the locking device either once the jacket has been assembled, or provide a locking device or configuration, made of the same PET Felt material. Other materials may be used for locking the device into the resultant shape and the jacket device does not have to be assembled from a single, flat piece of material as other jacket devices can be assembled from separate pieces and from different materials. [0010] The instant disclosure incorporates by reference in their entirety U.S. Pat. No. 10,508,444, entitled Ceiling baffle apparatus and ceiling baffle system for a dynamic acoustic ceiling and methods thereof, and U.S. Pat. No. 10,584,488, entitled Apparatus and system for dynamic acoustic locking ceiling system and methods thereof, and all provisional patent applications and continuation application related thereto, including, but not limited to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/357,066, filed Jun. 30, 2016, entitled "Apparatus And System For Dynamic Acoustic Locking Ceiling System And Methods Thereof", U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/357,026, filed Jun. 30, 2016, and entitled "Apparatus And System For Dynamic Acoustic Ceiling System And Methods Thereof", U.S. Provisional [0011] Patent Application Ser. No. 62/517,640, filed Jun. 9, 2017, and entitled "Ceiling Baffle Apparatus And Ceiling Baffle System For A Dynamic Acoustic Ceiling And Methods Thereof", and U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/518,347, filed Jun. 12, 2017, entitled "Apparatus And System For Dynamic Acoustic Locking Ceiling System And Methods Thereof". b. Background of Disclosure

[0012] In general terms, ceilings can be of two different types, suspended or exposed. Suspended ceilings are usually hung at a distance below the structural members to hide mechanical and electrical equipment, along with electrical conduit, HVAC ducts, water pipes, sewage lines, lighting fixtures, and similar structures. In order to construct a suspended ceiling, a metal grid is suspended from the actual ceiling, usually by wires, and acoustical or similar tiles, are inserted and supported by the grid. Depending on the type of ceiling being used, various lighting fixtures can be supported

from the ceiling using suspension cables or other suspension devices, which may also provide electricity to the lighting fixture for power needs.

[0013] Although there are many types of lighting fixtures for commercial and retail settings, there are options that have become standard because they offer superior illumination, long-lasting performance, and are easy to install and maintain. The most popular options are commercial wrap lights and suspended lights, which are both great for commercial and retail settings because their linear prism design maximizes light while lowering electricity costs. With designs that feature closed structure along the sides of the lens for optimal distribution of light, these lights are great for illumination without the glare.

[0014] These different types of lighting and lighting fixtures are ideal for large spaces when installed in enclosed ceilings or when hung from the ceiling or ceiling structure. The amount of light provided and energy-saving design makes them great for a variety of settings, including commercial and retail settings, government facilities, hospitals, military bases, educational locations, and many more.

[0015] Quite often, lighting fixtures are incorporated into the ceiling designs or suspended from the ceiling or ceiling structure using support or suspension cables. These support cables also provide electrical power when necessary to power the lighting fixtures. In many instances, the lighting fixtures are made of metal or another material that creates unwanted acoustic issues and may clash with the existing ceiling baffle design, which for acoustic purposes may be made from felt or PET-Felt materials. To rectify the situation, a felt or PET Felt material may be adhered, glued or otherwise attached to the outer wall of the lighting fixture thereby reducing the unwanted acoustics and matching or complementing the outside of the lighting fixture with the baffle design. However, the external layer of felt or PET Felt may be problematic when the lighting fixture needs to be accessed for installation, maintenance or cleaning. At that time, the external covering may have to be removed, which can take time and may even destroy the underlying lighting fixture. [0016] Additionally, it is difficult to create and install multiple different lighting fixture covers especially when each cover needs to be adhered or attached to the lighting fixture, whether by gluing the cover in place or by screwing the material directly to the lighting fixture. An example of a cover for a light fixture is the Ceiling-Mounted Troffer-Type Light Fixture disclosed and claimed in U.S. Pat. No. 7,686,484, to Heiking et al., which discloses a ceiling-mounted troffer-type light fixture for illumination. The fixture comprises a body with a first flange having at least one hookreceiving opening and a second flange with a suspension-member-receiving opening. A cover includes a rectangular frame, at least one catch-arm and at least one suspension member. Frame fasteners along the frame engage the perimeter in a closed position. One-person attaching/closing and removal of the cover for maintenance is facilitated by the cover being supported in an open position, suspended position and fully engaged with the body in a closed position. [0017] Another example of a light fixture cover is the Light Fixture Cover System and Method disclosed and claimed in U.S. Pat. No. 7,048,414, to Weber, which discloses a light fixture cover system and method in which the selectively detachable cover is also a unitary structure including a body having a peripheral sealing lip that fits over any corresponding industry standard outside light fixture. The sealing lip of the cover has at least one laterally extending tab member to assist in removing the cover from the fixture. The cover portion is preferably made from a resilient polymeric material suitable for both winter and summer weather conditions in addition to being impervious to the heat generated by the electrical bulb or bulbs contained it the light fixture decorative structure, which may be curved, suspended within a space and which includes a panel fastened to a support structure by a clip, a portion of which extends along a face of the panel. [0018] Yet another example of a light fixture cover is the Fluorescent Bulb Cover disclosed and claimed in U.S. Pat. No. 8,317,365, to Tracy et al., which discloses a cover for a compact fluorescent light employing a two piece clamshell shape assimilating a conventional incandescent light bulb. The cover is formed from two clamshells hingedly secured along a top end having interengaging means for securing one clamshell to a second clamshell tightly securing the cover to the base of a compact fluorescent light. In the preferred embodiment, the housing is made of material to reduce or eliminate ultraviolet light produced from a gas discharge lamp and provide a cover that can be decorative through the emulation of a conventional incandescent light bulb or decorated with colors and materials wherein the fluorescent light provides back lighting or where images are placed upon the housing so as to allow the back lighting to operate as a projection surface placing images on a wall separate from the light bulb.

[0019] These examples utilize additional supports, attachment hardware and clips to attach the covers in some way to the particular lighting fixtures. In doing so, each of these examples at a minimum, necessitate tools to assemble the structure and/or to suspend the structure to the lighting fixture thereby increasing the difficulty for accessing the lighting fixture for installation, repair and/or maintenance of the lighting fixture.

[0020] As such there is a need for an acoustic jacket for partially or completely covering a lighting fixture hanging from a ceiling or ceiling structure, without the acoustic jacket being physically attached to the lighting fixture and that can be quickly and easily removed from or moved above and away from the existing lighting fixture for installation, repair and/or maintenance of the lighting fixture, without the need for tools, separate attachment devices, clips or the like. There is also a need for a dynamic acoustic ceiling system that is an aesthetically pleasing image, and that reduces unwanted noise or room acoustics.

[0021] The foregoing is intended only to illustrate the present technical field and background art and should not be taken as a limitation or disavowal of claim scope.

BRIEF SUMMARY

[0022] The present disclosure relates to an improved acoustic jacket for partially or completely covering a lighting fixture, without physically attaching the acoustic jacket to the lighting fixture. The present disclosure relates to an acoustic jacket device that is assembled and installed to cover the lighting fixture without the need to be attached, thereby facilitating and simplifying the installation, maintenance and repair of the lighting fixture without the need to completely remove the acoustic jacket from the lighting system. The present disclosure also relates to the acoustic jacket system and the methods of manufacturing and installing the jacket and jacket system. [0023] An object of the present disclosure is an improved acoustic cover, shroud, sleeve or jacket for partially or completely covering a lighting fixture hanging from a ceiling or ceiling structure, without the acoustic jacket being physically attached to the lighting fixture. The present disclosure also relates to an acoustic jacket device system that allows the system components to be connected or attached to the ceiling or ceiling structure. The instant disclosure further relates to the methods for manufacturing and/or assembling the jacket device and installing the jacket device along with the lighting fixture without physically attaching the jacket device to the lighting fixture. [0024] Another object of the present disclosure is that once assembled, the jacket device can be installed onto a cable suspension system and configured to move up and down the suspension cables and be located over the lighting fixture. The jacket device will not be physically attached to the lighting fixture so that it can be removed from or lifted above the lighting fixture without physically removing the jacket device from the suspension cables, or without removing the lighting fixture from its original location. This allows easy access to the lighting fixture for installation, repair and/or maintenance, without the necessity of completely removing the jacket device from the suspension cables and without the necessity of removing the lighting fixture from its location. [0025] It is a further object of the present disclosure that the jacket device can be installed by an acoustic installer prior to the installation of the lighting fixture, which can then be installed at a later date by an electrician installer. Alternatively, it is an object of the present disclosure that the lighting fixture can be first installed by an electrician installer prior to the installation of the jacket device, which can be installed at a later date by an acoustic installer, thereby solving any timing issues for installation of the lighting fixture and/or the jacket device, since either can be installed

before the other.

[0026] A further object of the present disclosure is an acoustic jacket system, including one or more of the jacket device, lighting fixture and suspension cable or supports to facilitate the installation, repair and/or maintenance of the lighting fixture without completely removing the jacket from the supporting cables connecting and supporting the lighting fixture and the jacket device. An object of the present disclosure is a jacket device utilized in the system that may comprise a folding and locking mechanism for configuring each jacket device and that can be quickly and easily installed onto or over the supporting cables. Once both the lighting fixture and the jacket device are properly installed, the jacket device can be lowered or raised over the lighting fixture without any additional attachment, thereby providing a reduction in unwanted noise and/or room acoustics.

[0027] It is a further objective of the present disclosure that the acoustic jacket system is configured using a computer program, that utilizes the lighting fixture dimensions to calculate the correct size and location of cuts, kerfs and/or cutaways in the jacket material, based on the dimensions of the lighting fixture, to optimize a predetermined design so that the jacket device can be made from a single sheet of material. Once the material is cut and scored, the single sheet of material can be folded and/or bent into the final jacket device shape, which will include recesses or cutaways so that the jacket device can be assembled over and held by the suspension cables, and then lowered over or raised above the lighting fixture, without being attached thereto.

[0028] It is a further object of the present disclosure that the acoustic jacket device that is configured using recycled polyester felt or PET Felt, and in an embodiment, and is made up of a two-dimensional configuration that can be bent and/or folded into the jacket shape. The jacket once folded into the proper shape and location on the suspension cables can be held together with a locking device made of the same PET Felt material to retain the jacket device shape. The locking device may be a separate part or an integral part of the entire jacket device. Other materials can be used for locking the device into the resultant shape and the jacket device does not have to be assembled from a single, flat piece of material as other jacket devices can be assembled from separate pieces and from different materials.

[0029] Additional objectives and advantages of the present disclosure will become apparent to one having ordinary skill in the art after reading the specification in light of the drawing figures, however, the spirit and scope of the present invention should not be limited to the description of the embodiments contained herein.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0030] FIG. **1** is a front view of a portion of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device over a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure.

[0031] FIG. **2**A is a side view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device covering a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure. [0032] FIG. **2**B is a front view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device covering a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure. [0033] FIG. **3**A is a side view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device lifted above a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure. [0034] FIG. **3**B is a front view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device lifted above a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure. [0035] FIG. **4**A is a top perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device lifted above a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure.

- [0036] FIG. **4**B is a top perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device covering a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0037] FIG. **5**A is a bottom perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device lifted above a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0038] FIG. **5**B is a bottom perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device covering a lighting fixture with suspension cable in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0039] FIG. **6**A is a front facing view of a locking device in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0040] FIG. **6**B is a top perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with locking devices in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0041] FIG. 7 is a top perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with locking devices in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0042] FIG. **8**A is a side view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with locking devices in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0043] FIG. **8**B is a partial perspective view of the connection options for the acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with locking devices in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0044] FIG. **8**C is a partial perspective view of the power connection options for the acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with locking devices in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0045] FIG. **8**D is a top perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device with connection type options in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0046] FIG. **9** is a lower perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising both acoustic jacket devices with LED lighting and acoustic baffles without LED lighting in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0047] FIG. **10** is a partial perspective view of the threaded connection option after being attached to a lighting fixture for the acoustic jacket system in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0048] FIG. **11** is a graph of the acoustic testing in accordance with ASTM C 423-17 (product) of the ceiling baffles in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0049] FIG. **12** is a perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device and lighting fixture prior to folding the acoustic jacket in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0050] FIG. **13** is a perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device and lighting fixture during folding of the acoustic jacket in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0051] FIG. **14** is a perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device and lighting fixture during folding of the acoustic jacket in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0052] FIG. **15** is a perspective view of an acoustic jacket system comprising an acoustic jacket device and lighting fixture after folding the acoustic jacket in accordance with the present disclosure.
- [0053] FIG. **16** is a flowchart of a jacket device system in accordance with the present invention. DETAILED DESCRIPTION
- [0054] As stated herein, the objective of the present disclosure is to provide an improved acoustic jacket device, system and method for removeably covering a lighting fixture to facilitate installation, repair and maintenance of the lighting fixture by removing or lifting the jacket device away from the lighting fixture.
- [0055] Referring to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals refer to the same or similar features in the various views, FIGS. **1** through **9** show different views of the improved jacket

device **10**, with FIG. **6** also showing an exemplary locking device and FIG. **11** showing a flowchart for the computer program used to calculate the cutouts and scoring for the acoustic jacket device and system.

[0056] FIG. **1** shows a close-up transparent section of the resulting acoustic jacket **10** after being folded, assembled or manufactured into the resultant or resulting shape over the suspension cables **12** and lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**. The acoustic jacket **10** along with the lighting fixture **14** and components needed to attach and secure the devices can be referred to as the acoustic jacket system **200**. Throughout this disclosure, the acoustic jacket **10** may be referred to either by itself or with the lighting fixture **14**, but the system **200** is meant to include all components.

[0057] The folding or assembly of the acoustic jacket **10** allows the resulting acoustic jacket **10** to be assembled or folded to encompass, incorporate or cover the suspension cables **12** as described herein. Also shown in FIG. **1** is a side view of the locking devices **16**, at the top of the jacket **10** that are used to hold the jacket **10** in its shape after folding or assembly.

[0058] The jacket device **10** also comprises a lighting fixture stopper **18** that is used to stop and position the jacket properly over the lighting fixture **10**, when the jacket **10** is lowered over and on to the lighting fixture **14**. The bottom **20** of the lighting fixture stopper **18** comes in contact with the top **22** of the lighting fixture **14** for proper placement. This allows the acoustic jacket **10** to remain in place over the lighting fixture **14** without the need to be physically attached to the lighting fixture **14**.

[0059] The jacket device **10**, which is made in the preferred embodiment, from a single sheet of 9 mm polyester felt or PET Felt, and is intended to be folded into a rectangular or a slab shape to cover a rectangular lighting fixture **14**. The lighting fixture also includes structural supports **24** that are attached to the suspension cable **12** to hold the lighting fixture as understood by one having ordinary skill in the art. In the preferred embodiment, the structural support **24** prevents the acoustic jacket device **10** from moving up and down the suspension cable **12**. The acoustic jacket device **10** includes cable grippers **26** to hold the acoustic device **10** in place above the lighting fixture **14**. Once the acoustic jacket device **10** is lifted above and away from the lighting fixture **10**, the cable grippers **26** can be used to grip the suspension cables **12** and hold the jacket device **10** above and away from the lighting fixture **10**.

[0060] Additionally, cable grippers **26** can be used instead of or along with the lighting fixture stopper **18** to hold the acoustic jacket device **10** in the proper location in use. In the instance of only using one or more cable grippers **26**, once the acoustic jacket **10** is lowered to the proper location, one or more cable grippers **26** can be tightened to hold the jacket device **10** in place.

[0061] Also, depending on the lighting fixture **14** design and the acoustic jacket **10** design, there may be no need for either one or more lighting fixture stoppers **18** or cable grippers **26** as the acoustic jacket **10** may sit exactly in place over the lighting fixture **14**. However, in this scenario, there must be a way to hold the jacket device **10** in place over the lighting fixture **14** when installation, repair or maintenance is being performed.

[0062] For instance, the jacket device **10** can be lifted up and away from the lighting fixture **14** and cable grippers **26** or another device can be attached to the suspension cables **12** below the acoustic jacket **10** so that the acoustic jacket **10** will be prevented from sliding down the suspension cables **12**. The cable grippers **26** or other device will act to hold the jacket device **10** in place above the lighting fixture **14** while installation, repair or maintenance takes place. Then, once complete, the acoustic jacket **10** can be lifted up higher to access the cable grippers **26** or other device, which can be removed, allowing the acoustic jacket **10** to slide down the suspension cables **26** and in to the proper location over the lighting fixture **14**. Other ways can be incorporated to hold the acoustic jacket **10** in place above and away from the lighting fixture **14**, when needed.

[0063] Although a rectangular lighting fixture **14** is used in the preferred embodiment, any shape

lighting fixture **14** can be used as discussed further herein. The shape of the lighting fixture **10** will determine the shape of the jacket device **10**. A computer program or software program can be used to incorporate the lighting fixture **10** design into the design of the acoustic jacket **10**. The software program can incorporate the lighting fixture **10** design to calculate or determine the design of the acoustic jacket **10** so that the acoustic jacket **10** can be assembled or folded from a single sheet of flat material (not shown), with integrated or separate locking devices to hold the acoustic jacket **10** in its folded position. Additionally, the jacket device **10** does not have to be made from a single sheet of flat material, and can be assembled from different materials to form the jacket device 10. [0064] FIGS. 2A and 2B show a side view and front view, respectively, of the acoustic jacket 10 after it has been folded or assembled and dropped or lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**. FIGS. **3**A and **3**B show a side view and front view, respectively, of the acoustic jacket **10** after it has been folded or assembled and lifted or raised up into position away from the lighting fixture **14.** The view in these four figures (and in FIG. 1) are transparent to show the inside of the acoustic jacket **10** and to facilitate an explanation of the relationship between the various components of the acoustic jacket 10 and the lighting fixture 14. Both the acoustic jacket 10 and the lighting fixture 14 are supported by the suspension cables **12**. The locking devices **16** are visible in FIGS. **1**, **2**A, **2**B, 3A and 3B, although they would not be visible except from the top view as seen in FIGS. 4A and **4**B.

[0065] FIGS. **4**A and **4**B show top perspective views of the acoustic jacket **10** after it has been folded or assembled and before (FIG. 4A) it is dropped or lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**, and after (FIG. **4**B) it is dropped or lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**. FIGS. 5A and 5B show bottom perspective views of the acoustic jacket 10 after it has been folded or assembled and before (FIG. 5A) it is dropped or lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**, and after (FIG. **5**B) it is dropped or lowered into position over the lighting fixture **14**. These figures provide additional detail to the acoustic jacket device 10 after it has been folded, assembled or manufactured, and hides the internal features as shown in FIGS. 1, 2A, 2B, 3A and 3B. From the top, the locking devices **16** are still visible, but the lighting fixture stopper **16**, the bottom **20** of the lighting fixture stopper **18**, and the lighting fixture structural support **24** are no longer visible. Again, both the acoustic jacket **10** and the lighting fixture **14** are supported by the suspension cables **12**, and to the extent used, the one or more cable grippers **26** are visible. [0066] As described above, the acoustic jacket device **10** can be folded or assembled from a single piece of material, pre-scored for easy folding, which may have various cutouts for the different shapes of the acoustic jacket **10** and to incorporate other functions, such as lighting fixture stopper **18** and the locking device **16** as described herein. As such, prior to being constructed into its resulting shape, the unfolded or flat jacket device **10** may be made from recycled polyester felt or PET Felt, although other materials may be used for the design. Additionally, the acoustic jacket **10** can be made from multiple sheets of the same or different materials.

[0067] As disclosed herein, there are numerous acoustic jacket **10** designs and shapes that can be constructed in accordance with the present disclosure. The sections of the jacket device **10** that will accept the locking device **16** are located such that when the ends **28** of the unfolded sheet of material are folded at the score lines **30**, the locking devices **16** can be inserted into preformed holes **32**, thereby holding the jacket device **10** in the resulting shape. This configuration allows the acoustic jacket device **10** to be transported flat and easily assembled, folded or manufactured at the installation site, thereby reducing shipping costs.

[0068] The acoustic jacket device **10** will also be manufactured to provide one or more preformed cable holes **34** for allowing the suspension cables **12** to be incorporated or captured by the jacket device **10** when it is folded or assembled into it resulting shape. As such, the unfolded material will be folded around the suspension cables **12** thereby allowing the jacket device **10** to slide up and down on the suspension cables up to the top near the ceiling and down to the lighting fixture **14**. As described herein, the acoustic jacket device **10** can be stopped on the suspension cables **12** using

the cable grippers **26** (among other ways), and the jacket device **10** will be prevented from sliding past the lighting fixture **14** by the lighting fixture stopper **18** (among other ways).

[0069] Further, the ends **28** of material can be configured to lock into or dove tail into each other in an integrated manner thereby obviating the need for a locking device **16**. Other locking devices **16** and additional end **28** of material designs can be incorporated to function to hold the resulting acoustic jacket **10** in the proper shape.

[0070] FIG. **6**A shows an enlarged drawing of an exemplary locking device **16**, which is one example used to hold the acoustic jacket **10** in the resulting shape. The locking device **16** in the preferred embodiment is also made of PET Felt and is sized and shaped to be inserted into the preformed holes **32** at one or more insert locations. In the exemplary figure, five locking devices **16** are used to hold the acoustic jacket **10** in the folded position. The locking devices **16** have a top portion **36** that can be seen from the top of the acoustic jacket **10** once folded or assembled, a side portion **38**, and an arrow shaped hook or edge portion **40** that, once the locking device **16** is completely inserted into the preformed holes **32**, will lock the locking device **16** in place. Other shaped and sized locking devices **16** can be used to hold the acoustic jacket **10** in the folded position.

[0071] As described below, the sides of the acoustic jacket **10** can be pre-formed to lock into itself with a first side comprising a male/female cutout to connect with a male/female cutout on the second side. Once interlocked or connected like the pieces of a puzzle, the acoustic jacket **10** (completely folded) will enclose the lighting fixture **14**, but still allow for the acoustic jacket **10** to be lifted on its suspension cables **12** to access the lighting fixture **14** without the acoustic jacket **10** in the way.

[0072] Once folded, the locking devices 16 will hold the jacket device 10 in its desired (lighting fixture 14 cover) shape. The dimensions of the locking device 16 will depend on the lighting fixture 14 design, but in the preferred embodiment, the arrow shaped hook portion 40 of the locking device 16 is at 30 degrees to assist in holding the acoustic jacket 10 together while resisting removal from the inserted locations (although it can be removed as necessary with enough force). Additionally, as detailed herein, the locking device 16 may be integrated into or with the ends 28 of the material so that the jacket device 10 can merely be folded and locked into place without a separate locking device 16.

[0073] Different sized and shaped locking devices **16** for holding the acoustic jacket **10** in its folded position can be created depending on need, based on the size and shape of the lighting fixture **14**. Further, FIG. **4**A for example shows **13** locking devices **16**, however, each acoustic baffle **10** can be configured with more or less locking devices **16** depending on the need, and based on the configuration of the lighting fixture **14**.

[0074] FIG. **6**B shows a top perspective view of the acoustic jacket **10** after it has been folded or assembled and before the locking devices **16** are inserted into the preformed holes **32**. The preformed cable holes **34** will be used to enclose and capture the suspension cables **12** not shown in this figure. As the locking devices **16** are lowered into place in the folded acoustic jacket **10**, the side portion **38** will be forced away from the center to allow the hook portion **40** to fit into the preformed holes **32**, with each locking device hook portion **40** catching the side of each of the preformed holes **32** thereby locking the acoustic jacket **10** in its folded shape as shown in FIGS. **4**A and **4**B. Using this method, the acoustic jacket **10** can be folded from a single piece of material, although a single piece of material is not necessary.

[0075] FIG. **7** shows an example of a finished acoustic jacket **10** with a cut away portion to show the internal suspension cable **12** and lighting fixture **14**. The power supply or driver box **42**, in this example, uses a separate entry **44** into the folded acoustic jacket **10** to access and power the lighting fixture **14** at lighting fixture power entry **46**. In this example, the structural support **24** to the lighting fixture **14** is the embedded cable gripper option **48**. Other options, such as the threaded connection option **50** (see FIG. **10**), can be used to attach the suspension cables **12** to the lighting

fixture **14**.

[0076] FIGS. **8**A through **8**D show features and options of the acoustic jacket **10** and the acoustic jacket system **200**, which as described herein includes the acoustic jacket **10** and the lighting fixture **14**, along with other components and options. FIG. **8**A shows front and side views of the acoustic jacket **10** and the lighting fixture **14** with the suspension cables **12**.

[0077] FIG. 8B shows the three different connection options for connecting the acoustic jacket system 200 to the ceiling. As described herein, the acoustic jacket system 200 uses suspension cables 12, structural supports 24, cable grippers 26, attachment devices 48, 50, and connection options 52, 54, 56, among others, that allow for connection or attachment of the acoustic jacket 10 and lighting fixture 14 to the ceiling or ceiling structure, such as a Unistrut bracket, T-Bar drop ceiling or a similar structure. The connection options include, but are not limited to, a threaded connection 52, a cable connection 54 and a PET Felt connection 56, that can be cut into the edges of the acoustic jacket 10 and used to attach the acoustic jacket 10 to a standard ceiling Unistrut bracket, as shown herein. Other attachment devices can be used to realize the same functionality. [0078] FIG. 8C shows the power cord 58 coming from the driver box 42 and entering the lighting fixture 14 at the lighting fixture entry 46. As disclosed herein, the structural support 24 to the lighting fixture 14 can be realized using the embedded cable gripper option 48, or the threaded connection option 50. Other structural supports can be used.

[0079] FIG. **8**D shows another view of the connection types for securing the acoustic jacket **10** to the suspension cables **12**. Shown are two of the three options (there are others), disclosed herein, including the threaded connection **52**, and the cable connection **54** (suspension cables **12** not shown for clarity purposes). These connection types will allow the acoustic jacket **10** to be simply attached to a ceiling using the suspension cable **12**.

[0080] FIG. **9** shows another view of the instant disclosure but from a different perspective. FIG. **9** shows a ground up perspective view of the acoustic jacket system **200** comprising acoustic jackets **10** with the LED lighting fixtures **14** in some of the ceiling baffles. Other acoustic ceiling baffles without LED lighting **310** can be included into a larger ceiling system **300** depending on the needs of the user, and still be in accordance with the present disclosure.

[0081] FIG. **10** shows a close up of one of the structural supports **24** that attach to and support the lighting fixture **14** and hold it in place. In this example, the structural support **24** is the threaded attachment **50** that includes an embedded ¼-20 threaded post **60** connected to a threaded attachment plane **62** that utilizes one or more (in this case four) threaded attachment supports **64** for gripping the top **22** of the lighting fixture **14**. Once attached to the top **22** of the lighting fixture **14** by use of the threaded attachment supports **64**, the threaded post **60** is positioned and can be used to attach the lighting fixture **14** to the suspension cable **12** using a nut **66** or similar attachment device at the end of the suspension cable **12**.

[0082] As described herein, the material used in the preferred embodiment is polyester felt and is 99% recycled. The material used in the preferred embodiment are 9 mm thick, although other sizes and textures, such as wood, can be used. The maintenance of the product includes occasional vacuuming to remove particulate matter and air-borne debris or dust. Compressed air can be used to dust off the material in difficult to reach areas and for large assemblies.

[0083] The felt comes in numerous colors, including white, cream, light grey, light brown, brown, matte grey, charcoal, black, yellow, mango, orange, red, lavender, lime, green, light blue and dark blue. Of course, the jacket devices **10** can be manufactured in many other colors and textures, including wood, and the present disclosure is not limited to these specifications and colors, as these are merely the specifications and colors for the preferred embodiments and alternative embodiments.

[0084] The acoustic testing standard ASTM C 423-17 for the ceiling baffles provides results of the sound absorption coefficient for a ceiling baffle at various frequencies. The test arrangement used a +100 mm air layer filled with 50 mm rock wool board. As shown in FIG. **11**, the sound absorption

coefficient at 250 Hz **70** is 0.57 **72**, at 500 Hz **74** it is 0.76 **76**, at 1000 Hz **78** is 1.00 **80**, and at 2000 Hz **82** is 0.76 **84**.

[0085] FIG. **11** also shows the graph **86** of the sound absorption coefficient against frequency for the same test, with a noise reduction coefficient (NRC) **88** of 1.54 for the acoustic jacket system **200**.

[0086] FIGS. 12 through 15 show the acoustic jacket 10 and the acoustic jacket system 200, and in particular, the acoustic jacket 10 as it is folded into the finished product. FIG. 12 shows the flat inside surface 90 of the acoustic jacket 10 in the completely unfolded position. The lighting fixture 14 with its power cord 58, is placed onto the inside surface 90 of the acoustic jacket 10. Score lines 30 have been previously made at predetermined locations in order to facilitate the folding of the acoustic jacket 10 into its final form. Additionally, male 92 and female 94 connectors can be placed on different locations on the flat inside surface 90 of the acoustic jacket 10 so that those connectors 92, 94 will be attached and connected when the acoustic jacket 10 is properly folded into shape. [0087] FIG. 13 shows the acoustic jacket 10 as the folding process begins and the lighting fixture 14 is partially enclosed inside the partially folded acoustic jacket 10. Again, the score lines 30, which have been previously made facilitate the folding of the acoustic jacket 10 into its current form. While the male 92 and female 94 connectors get closer to connecting on the flat inside surface 90 of the acoustic jacket 10.

[0088] FIG. 14 shows the acoustic jacket 10 as the folding process continues and the two sides come together, thereby completely enclosing the lighting fixture 14. The remaining score lines 30 are to be used to close the top of the acoustic jacket 10. Although not shown in FIG. 14, the male 92 and female 94 connectors have connected to hold the sides of the acoustic jacket 10 together. [0089] FIG. 15 shows the acoustic jacket 10 as the folding process completes and the top of the acoustic jacket 10 is held together using cut-out male dove tail segments 96 and cut-out female dove tail segments 98. Once interleaved, the acoustic jacket 10 will now hold itself together. In the example in FIG. 15, a cable connector 54 has been used for connecting the acoustic jacket 10 to the suspension cables 12 (not shown). The acoustic jacket 10 is now ready to be attached to the suspension cables 12 and then to be installed over the lighting jacket 10, if that hasn't already been done. The acoustic jacket 10 is now able to be lifted up on the suspension cables 12 and out of the way of the lighting fixture 14 so the lighting fixture 14 can be more easily repaired and/or maintained.

[0090] As described herein, numerous different acoustic jacket shapes and designs can be constructed in accordance with the present disclosure. By using a program, such as a computer program, as detailed below, the proper cut and score locations can be calculated to generate the proper lighting fixture **14** cover. Once the dimensions of the lighting fixture **14** are known and/or calculated, the computer program can determine the optimal cut and score design thereby reducing material waste. Once the computer program is converted for use with a CNC machine, the CNC machine can cut each of the pieces necessary for folding or assembling the acoustic jacket **10**. As such, using the computer program and a CNC machine, a user can design a jacket device **10** and have the unfolded material cut out and scored in a very short time.

[0091] FIG. **16** shows a flow chart of the computer program used to calculate the cutouts and scoring along with any additional information for the acoustic jacket **10** sent to a CNC machine for optimal cutting and scoring. The computer program starts at step **100**, which is the same for all programming functions.

[0092] At step **110**, the information pertaining to the lighting fixture **14** for the jacket device cover is entered or inputted into the computer system. This can be done in a number of ways as understood by one having ordinary skill in the art, including providing CAD/CAM software so that the user can design an acoustic jacket device **10** based on the lighting fixture **14**, entering information about, or scanning, the lighting fixture **14** to obtain the fixture **14** dimensions and entering that information into the system for calculations and determinations.

[0093] Once the information has been entered, either by manual input or by scanning, the system calculates cutting and scoring **26** locations in step **120**. These locations will be based on the lighting fixture **14** design and will take into account the thickness of the material and possibly the material itself to properly determine the locations of the cuts and scores. Along those lines, at step **130**, the computer program will calculate or determine the scoring to be implemented, and the size of the individual scoring or kerfs, including the locations and cutout angles. For example, if the bend of the jacket device is 90 degrees, a particular kerf or cutout can be used, whereas if the bend is 30 degrees a different bend or kerf will be used. Additionally, if the jacket device **10** needs to implement a curvature for a very tight or small radius, the computer program may us larger kerfs, closer together, to allow a small radius curve. Either way the computer system will determine these scoring or kerfs based on the lighting fixture **14** input at step **130**.

[0094] At step **140**, and after the scoring and kerf determination has been completed, the computer program can calculate the cut out angles and locations for the cutting of the preformed holes **32** and preformed cable holes **34** as described above, along with any necessary cuts for an integrated locking device **16** (or to create separate locking devices **16**.

[0095] Once all of the cuts, kerfs and scoring shapes have been determined from the lighting fixture **14** design, the computer program can optimize a cutting and scoring strategy at step **150** to minimize waste of time and of the material. In doing so, the computer program will shift the different pieces into a location on a board so that the CNC machine will cut out the pieces with the least amount of waste. The computer program will take into account the particular design colors and thicknesses to determine the optimal cutting patterns.

[0096] At step **160**, the computer program will send the information to the CNC machine for cutting out the pieces. The cut pieces may include the single piece acoustic jacket **10** design, multiple pieces for the design and/or the necessary locking devices **16** to hold the folded design together.

[0097] Finally at step **170**, the material is cut and scored as necessary. Once the pieces are cut to size, the acoustic jacket device **10** can be folded or assembled. The computer program ends at step **180**.

[0098] Reference throughout the specification to "various embodiments," "some embodiments," "one embodiment," or "an embodiment", or the like, means that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the embodiment is included in at least one embodiment. Thus, appearances of the phrases "in various embodiments," "in some embodiments," "in one embodiment," or "in an embodiment", or the like, in places throughout the specification are not necessarily all referring to the same embodiment.

[0099] Further, the particular features, structures, or characteristics may be combined in any suitable manner in one or more embodiments. Thus, the particular features, structures, or characteristics illustrated or described in connection with one embodiment may be combined, in whole or in part, with the features structures, or characteristics of one or more other embodiments without limitation given that such combination is not illogical or non-functional. Although numerous embodiments of this invention have been described above with a certain degree of particularity, those skilled in the art could make numerous alterations to the disclosed embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of this disclosure.

[0100] All directional references (e.g., plus, minus, upper, lower, upward, downward, left, right, leftward, rightward, top, bottom, above, below, vertical, horizontal, clockwise, and counterclockwise) are only used for identification purposes to aid the reader's understanding of the present disclosure, and do not create limitations, particularly as to the position, orientation, or use of the any aspect of the disclosure.

[0101] As used herein, the phrased "configured to," "configured for," and similar phrases indicate that the subject device, apparatus, or system is designed and/or constructed (e.g., through appropriate hardware, software, and/or components) to fulfill one or more specific object purposes,

not that the subject device, apparatus, or system is merely capable of performing the object purpose. Joinder references (e.g., attached, coupled, connected, and the like) are to be construed broadly and may include intermediate members between a connection of elements and relative movement between elements. As such, joinder references do not necessarily infer that two elements are directly connected and in fixed relation to each other. It is intended that all matter contained in the above description or shown in the accompanying drawings shall be interpreted as illustrative only and not limiting. Changes in detail or structure may be made without departing from the spirit of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

[0102] Any patent, publication, or other disclosure material, in whole or in part, that is said to be incorporated by reference herein is incorporated herein only to the extent that the incorporated materials does not conflict with existing definitions, statements, or other disclosure material set forth in this disclosure. As such, and to the extent necessary, the disclosure as explicitly set forth herein supersedes any conflicting material incorporated herein by reference. Any material, or portion thereof, that is said to be incorporated by reference herein, but which conflicts with existing definitions, statements, or other disclosure material set forth herein will only be incorporated to the extent that no conflict arises between that incorporated material and the existing disclosure material.

Claims

- **1.** An acoustic jacket comprising: a first shell defining: a first top surface; a first bottom surface opposing the first top surface; and a first major surface extending between the first top surface and the first bottom surface; and a second shell coupled to the first shell, the second shell comprising: a second top surface; a second bottom surface opposing the second top surface; and a second major surface extending between the second top surface and the second bottom surface; wherein the first shell and the second shell are configured to define an enclosed cavity when in an assembled state for housing a light fixture.
- **2.** The acoustic jacket according to claim 1, wherein: the first shell is formed from a single piece of material configured to fold along a plurality of folding scores to define the first top surface, the first bottom surface and the first major surface; and the second shell is formed from a single piece of material configured to fold along a plurality of folding scores to define the second top surface, the second bottom surface and the second major surface.
- **3**. The acoustic jacket according to claim 1, wherein the first shell and the second shell comprise PET felt.
- **4.** The acoustic jacket according to claim 1, wherein the first top surface and the second top surface are configured to define at least one top opening when in the assembled state.
- **5.** The acoustic jacket according to claim 1, wherein the first bottom surface and the second bottom surface are configured to define at least one bottom opening when in the assembled state.
- **6.** The acoustic jacket according to claim 5, wherein the bottom opening is configured to receive the light fixture.
- 7. The acoustic jacket according to claim 1, further comprising a locking device configured to hold the first shell and the second shell in the assembled state.
- **8**. The acoustic jacket according to claim 7, wherein the locking device is operatively associated with the first top surface of the first shell and the second top surface of the second shell.
- **9**. The acoustic jacket according to claim 7, wherein the locking device comprises PET felt.
- **10**. The acoustic jacket according to claim 7, wherein the locking device is removably couplable with the first shell and the second shell.
- **11**. An acoustic light fixture comprising: a lighting element; and an acoustic jacket housing the lighting element, the acoustic jacket comprising a first shell configured to couple with a second shell to form an assembled state; wherein the first shell and the second shell are configured to

define an enclosed cavity when in the assembled state; and wherein the first shell and the second shell are configured to define an opening for housing the lighting element.

- **12**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 11, wherein the first shell and the second shell are configured to couple at a top surface.
- **13**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 12, wherein the top surface is defined by a first top surface of the first shell and a second top surface of the second shell.
- **14**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 11, wherein: the first shell defines a first top surface, a first bottom surface opposing the first top surface, and a first major surface extending between the first top surface and the first bottom surface; and the second shell defines a second top surface, a second bottom surface opposing the second top surface, and a second major surface extending between the second top surface and the second bottom surface.
- **15**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 14, wherein the opening is defined by the first bottom surface and the second bottom surface when the acoustic jacket is in the assembled state.
- **16**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 14, wherein the first top surface and the second top surface are configured to define a plurality of top openings in the assembled state.
- **17**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 11, wherein the first shell and the second shell comprise PET felt.
- **18**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 11, further comprising a locking device configured to hold the first shell and the second shell in the assembled state.
- **19**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 18, wherein the locking device comprises PET felt.
- **20**. The acoustic light fixture according to claim 11, wherein the lighting element comprises an LED.