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Secure network device management in a telecommunications network

Abstract

A secure network device management system and method include monitoring and validating commands to network devices before such commands are executed. The security system accumulates inputs from a network device intended for display on a terminal and provided by the network device in response to inputs from the terminal and received by the network device. When a control input to execute the command is received from the terminal, the security system reproduces the command from the accumulated inputs and compares the reproduced command to a command list to determine whether the command is authorized. If so, the security system provides the control input to the network device such that the network device executes the command. Otherwise, the security system may delete the command and transmit an alert to the terminal.

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Background/Summary

TECHNICAL FIELD

- (1) Embodiments of the present disclosure generally relate to systems and methods for implementing a telecommunications network and more specifically for a security system for validating commands to network devices before such commands are executed.

 BACKGROUND
- (2) Telecommunication or other types of computer networks provide for the transmission of information. Such information may involve voice, data, multimedia information, software (including patches and updates), and various others forms of digital content, and digital services, among many other things. In addition, telecommunication networks often offer features and/or

services to the customers of the network that provide flexible and varied ways in which the communications are transmitted over the network. For example, some telecommunication networks provide Internet access to its customers, long distance voice capabilities, high definition audio and/or video communication capabilities, and the like. In other examples, the telecommunication network may be utilized to provide connectivity to one or more cloud-based resources.

- (3) To configure or otherwise manage the telecommunications network, the telecommunications network may include a network operations center (NOC). Within the NOC, systems provide mechanisms for accessing the various components of the telecommunications network to configure or otherwise manage such components. For example, a network engineer or administrator may receive a request from a customer of the network to add new connection points or ports into the network from the customer's network. The network engineer may utilize a terminal within the NOC to log into and configure the affected network components in response to the received request. Other configurations of network components may also be executed through the NOC systems, such as rebooting components, adding and deleting ports, creating communication links between components, decommissioning devices, and the like.
- (4) NOC systems, like other systems, should have proper security in configuring or otherwise interacting with the components of the network, and often rely on training of administrators to understand the proper commands and to which network devices commands may be transmitted. Some NOC systems may deny access to administrators without proper approval such that responding to a request from a customer may require waiting until an authorized administrator is available.

SUMMARY

- (5) In one aspect of the present disclosure, a method for managing network devices is provided. The method includes transmitting inputs received from an input device to a network device, the inputs corresponding to a command. The method further includes storing characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted inputs in an accumulator. When a control input is received from the input device for executing the command at the network device, the command is reproduced from the characters stored in the accumulator. The method next includes verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device.
- (6) In certain implementations verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized includes determining if the reproduced command is at least one of included in a list of authorized commands for the network device or excluded from a list of unauthorized commands for the network device. In such implementations, the list of authorized commands and/or the list of unauthorized commands may be based on one or more of a type of the network device or credentials or other characteristics of a user of the user computing device.
- (7) The method may include transmitting the control input to the network device to cause the network device to execute the command when the reproduced command is authorized. The method may also include at least one of deleting the command from the network device when the reproduced command is not authorized, transmitting a message for display at the user computing device indicating that the command was unauthorized, or generating a log entry corresponding to the command.
- (8) In certain implementations, the method may also include storing the inputs received from the input device of the user computing device in a keyboard accumulator.
- (9) In other implementations, the method may include waiting a predetermined delay period after receiving the control input from the input device of the user computing device and verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device.
- (10) In another aspect of the present disclosure, a system for managing network devices is provided. The system includes a network security system configured to receive and transmit inputs to a network device and to store characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted inputs in an accumulator, the characters being for a command. The network security

system is also configured to receive a control input for executing the command at the network device and, in response to receiving the control input, to reproduce the command for from the characters stored in the accumulator. The network security system may then verify whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device.

(11) In yet another aspect of the present disclosure, one or more non-transitory tangible computer-readable storage media storing computer-executable instructions for performing a computer process on a computing system is provided. The computer process includes transmitting inputs received from an input device to a network device, the inputs corresponding to a command and storing characters in an accumulator, the characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted inputs. The computer process also includes receiving a control input from the input device, the control input for executing a pending command at the network device, and, in response to receiving the control input, generating a reproduced command for the network device from the plurality of characters stored in the accumulator. The computer process further includes verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. **1** schematic diagram illustrating an exemplary network environment in accordance with one embodiment.
- (2) FIG. **2** is a schematic diagram illustrating a network device security system for managing one or more network devices of a telecommunications network.
- (3) FIGS. **3**A-**3**B illustrate a flowchart of a method for activating a network device security system for managing one or more network devices of a telecommunications network.
- (4) FIGS. **4**A-**4**C illustrate a flowchart of a method for verifying and authorizing commands to a network device of a telecommunications network.
- (5) FIG. **5** illustrates a flowchart of a method for receiving and processing characters or instructions from a network device for display.
- (6) FIG. **6** is a diagram illustrating an example of a computing system which may be used in implementations of the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(7) Aspects of the present disclosure involve systems, methods, computer program products, and the like, for a network device security system that monitors and validates commands to network devices before such commands are executed. In one implementation, the network device security system receives and accumulates inputs, such as keystrokes, from a terminal or other computing device of a network management system, the inputs corresponding to a command to be executed at a network device. The network device security system may also receive and accumulate outputs from the network device intended for display on the terminal device in a network device accumulator. Upon receiving a return, execute, or similar control input from the terminal device, the network device security system may reproduce the command from the network device accumulator and interpret the reproduced command by comparing the reproduced commands to one or more lists of authorized and/or unauthorized commands. In certain implementations, such lists may include full commands, however, such lists may also include patterns, regular expressions, or the like to which the reproduced command may be compared. Upon authorization, the network device security system may provide the control input to the network device to execute the command. If the command is not authorized, the network device security system may delete the entered command and transmit an alert to the terminal that the command was not authorized. A log of command attempts from the terminal may also be stored in a secured server for analysis by a network administrator. In this manner, commands transmitted to the network device may be

verified and authorized before being executed, preventing mistaken or unauthorized commands from being executed that may negatively impact the telecommunications network.

- (8) To determine which command attempts are authorized, the network device security system may receive a listing of authorized and unauthorized commands for the particular network device. In some instances, the list of authorized and unauthorized commands may be based on the user and/or particular characteristics of the user of the terminal device from which the commands are received. For example in certain implementations, information regarding a user's credentials, title, geographic location, or other characteristics may be stored for reference in a database or similar data source. Such information may then be used to determine which commands or lists of commands are authorized and/or unauthorized for a particular user. The lists of authorized and/or unauthorized commands may also be based on characteristics of the network device (e.g., the type of network device, the location of the network device within the network, the level of traffic handled by the network device) alone or in combination with the user characteristics. So, for example, a user may require a first level of permissions/credentials to execute commands on less critical equipment but may require a second, heightened, level of permissions/credentials to execute the same command on more critical equipment.
- (9) The list of authorized and unauthorized commands may be updated periodically from a command list server to ensure the lists are current and aligned with the security protocol of the telecommunications network. For example, network device security systems described herein may be implemented at multiple servers or locations throughout a network. Each such server may be configured to receive updates from the command list server and update a local version of the command lists whenever the command list server is updated. Alternatively, updating of the command list server may cause a redeployment or rebuild of the network device security system at each of the servers/locations. By maintaining the list of authorized and unauthorized commands at the network device security system, such verification and authorization of commands for a network device may occur even if communication with the command list server is interrupted. (10) Beginning with FIG. **1**, one example of a telecommunications network configuration in accordance with the present disclosure is shown. In particular, FIG. **1** is a schematic diagram illustrating an exemplary network operating environment **100** in accordance with one embodiment. In general, the environment **100** provides for establishing communication sessions between network devices and for providing one or more network services. The environment 100 includes a primary network **102**, which may be provided by a wholesale network service provider. Portions of the network **102** may include either of IP-based or non IP-based routing. Network **102** may include devices utilizing time division multiplexing (TDM) or plain old telephone service (POTS) switching and suitable components or devices for converting TDM and/or POTS-based traffic to some form of IP-based traffic The primary network **102** includes numerous components such as, but not limited to gateways and routers which enable communication and/or provide services across the primary network **102**, but are not shown or described in detail here because those skilled in the art will readily understand these components.
- (11) The primary network **102** may be configured to interconnect multiple secondary networks, such as customer network **106** which can include communication devices such as, but not limited to, a personal computer **110** connected to a router/firewall **114**. Although shown in FIG. **1** as computer **110**, the communication devices may include any type of communication device that receives a multimedia signal, such as an audio, video or web-based signal, and presents that signal for use by a user of the communication device. For example, a VoIP telephone or VoIP enabled device may be used to facilitate communication through the network **102** with the public switched telephone network (PSTN). The communication and networking components of the customer network **106** enable a user at the customer network **106** to communicate through network **102** to other communication devices, such as the PSTN **126**, the Internet **142**, and/or other customer networks. Components of the customer network **106** are typically home- or business-based, but

they can be relocated and may be designed for easy portability. For example, the communication device **110** may be a wireless (e.g., cellular) telephone, smart phone, tablet or portable laptop computer. In some embodiments, multiple communication devices in diverse locations that are owned or operated by a particular entity or customer may be connected through the network **102**. (12) The customer network **106** typically connects to the network **102** via a border network **122**, such as one provided by an Internet Service Provider (ISP). The border network **122** is typically provided and maintained by a business or organization such as a local telephone company or cable company. The border network **122** may provide network/communication-related services to their customers. In contrast, the communication device **120** accesses, and is accessed by, the network **102** via a public switched telephone network (PSTN) **126** operated by a local exchange carrier (LEC). Communication via any of the networks can be wired, wireless, or any combination thereof. Additionally, the border network **122** and PSTN **126** may communicate, in some embodiments, with the network **102** through respective provider edges **130,132**. For ease of instruction, only three communication devices **110**, **115**, **120** are shown communicating with the network **102**; however, numerous such devices, and other devices, may be connected with the network 102, which is equipped to handle enormous numbers of simultaneous communications.

- (13) An operator of the network **102** may configure the network in any manner to facilitate the routing of communications through the network. For example, the network **102** may include a series of interconnected networking devices, such as routers and switches, that receive a communication, analyze the communication to determine a destination, and route the communication to a connected networking device to get the communication closer to a destination or egress point (such as provider edge **131**). To determine which routes through the network to utilize to route a received communication or packet, components of the network may receive route information through one or more route announcing sessions between the devices. These route announcing sessions provide Layer 3 routing information between the components of the network and between different networks so that components of the telecommunications network **102** and other networks may determine how to route received communication packets.
- (14) One particular example of the announcement of Layer 3 routing information occurs in a Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) announcement. In general, BGP information (or BGP session, BGP feed or BGP data) involves a table of Internet Protocol (IP) prefixes which designate network connectivity between autonomous systems (AS) or separate networks. BGP information for a network route may include path (including next-hop information), network policies, and/or rule-sets for transmission along the path, among other information. The BGP feed may also include Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) information for network routes within an Autonomous System (AS) or network and/or other network information that pertains to the transmission of content from the network. However, BGP information mainly describes routes used by the network 102 to connect to external networks or customers (such as border network 122 and virtual cloud environment 142) while IGP information describes routes through the network to connect one provider edge (such as provider edge 131) to another provider edge (such as provider edge 131) through a telecommunications network 102.
- (15) The network **102** is provided as an example to illustrate various aspects of telecommunications relevant to the present disclosure. Implementations of the present disclosure are not limited to the specific implementation illustrated in FIG. **1**. Rather, the concepts discussed herein are more generally applicable to systems for managing and configuring devices within telecommunications networks, such as the network **102**.
- (16) As mentioned above, the components of the telecommunications network **102** may be configured by one or more network administrators to perform the functions of providing communications between devices. In one implementation, the network administrators may log into or otherwise access the components of the network **102** to configure the components according to a network plan. For example, a network administrator may access a terminal device **134** that provides

a connection to network devices of the network **102** and through which the administrator may provide commands to the network device. However, many network components execute commands provided to the device once accepted, even if such configuration may interrupt communication transmission through the network. Thus, the network environment **100** may further include, in some instances, a network device security system **136** to validate and authenticate commands provided to network **102** devices from the terminal **134** or other computing device to prevent unauthorized or mistaken configurations of devices within the network.

- (17) FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram illustrating a network environment 200 including a network device security system 202 for managing one or more network devices 210, 212 of a telecommunications network 102. In general, the network device security system 202 communicates with a terminal device 204 and a telecommunications network 102. In certain implementations, the terminal device 204 may be a NOC terminal, however, the term "terminal device" as used herein is intended to more generally refer to any computing device configured to access and exchange data with the one or more network devices 210, 212, as described herein. As discussed in more detail below, the network device security system 202 may receive commands (such as configuration commands) intended for one or more devices 210, 212 of the telecommunications network 102 to verify and authenticate the commands. As such, the network device security system 202 may provide security in network configuration by identifying and preventing unauthorized commands that may negatively impact the operation of the network from being executed at the network devices 210, 212.
- (18) As discussed, the network device security system 202 communicates with a terminal device 204 to provide commands to network devices. The terminal device 204 typically includes at least a display device 206 for displaying outputs from the network devices 210, 212 and a keyboard 208 for providing input commands to the devices. Other output devices and input devices of the terminal device 204 may also be included in the network environment 200 of FIG. 2. The terminal device 204 is generally any form of computing device capable of interacting with the network device security system 202, such as a personal computer, terminal, workstation, portable computer, mobile device, smartphone, tablet, multimedia console, etc. Accordingly, the term "keyboard", as used herein, is intended to cover both physical keyboards and virtual keyboards, such as a keyboard presented on a display and that may be interacted with using a touchscreen, mouse, or other input device. Moreover, the term "keyboard" should not be considered to be limited to any particular keyboard having a particular arrangement of keys. Rather, the term should be understood to refer more broadly to any input device for providing character and control inputs that may be transmitted to a network device, such as the network devices 210, 212 of FIG. 2.
- (19) Although described herein as receiving inputs from a "user", it should be appreciated that applications of the present disclosure include commands that are input directly by a user (e.g., by typing commands into the terminal device **204**) or by a script executable on the terminal device **204** and configured to provide one or more commands. Such scripts may include those executed by a user or automatically by one or more computing systems. Accordingly, to the extent this disclosure discusses commands sent by the terminal device **204**, such commands are not limited to those directly typed by a user using a keyboard or similar device.
- (20) The network device security system **202** may also communicate with the telecommunications network **102**. In particular, the network device security system **202** may communicate with any component of the network **102**, including but not limited to, network device A **210** and network device B **212**. In general, the terminal device **204** utilizes the connection to the telecommunications network **102** to log into or otherwise access the network devices **210**, **212** to provide commands or otherwise interact with the devices. Thus, the terminal device **204** may log into network device A **210** to configure portions of the device at a first time and log into network device B **212** through the terminal device **204** at a second time to receive device parameter information. In some implementations, the terminal device **204** may be utilized to log into network device A **210** and

network device B **212** simultaneously, although typically commands may be sent to one device at a time to ensure proper command execution by the devices of the network.

- (21) As discussed in more detail below, the network device security system 202 may include a keyboard accumulator 214 and a device accumulator 216. In general, the keyboard accumulator 214 is a list or other type of collection of inputs, commands, keystrokes, American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) characters, and the like received from the keyboard 208 (or other input device of the terminal device 204). The device accumulator, on the other hand, is a list or other type of collection of inputs, commands, keystrokes, ASCII characters, and the like received from the network devices 210, 212 with which the terminal device 204 is communicating, generally for display via the display device 206. In some implementations, the accumulators 214, 216 may limit the number of characters/inputs maintained in the accumulators from the keyboard 108 and/or the network devices 210, 212. A database 218 for storing authenticated commands, user information, network information, or any other information utilized in the operation of the network device security system 202 may also be included.
- (22) In some implementations, the network device security system 202 may communicate with a command list server **220**. In general, the command list server **220** stores or otherwise maintains a list of authorized commands (a "whitelist") and/or a list of unauthorized commands (a "blacklist") for the network devices **210**, **212**. Such lists may be generated by administrators of the network **102** or automatically generated by one or more computing devices of the network. As discussed in more detail below, the authorized commands list and/or unauthorized commands list may be transferred to the network device security system **202** for storage in the database **218** for use during operation. If the command lists maintained by the command list server **220** are updated or otherwise modified, a corresponding update may be provided to the network device security system 202 such that the database **218** is current. Alternatively, the command list server **220** may provide lists of authorized and/or unauthorized commands during initial deployment/distribution of instances of the network device security system **202**. In such implementations, updates to the command lists maintained by the command list server **220** may cause subsequent redeployment or rebuilding (in whole or in part) of the instances of the network device security system 202. In addition, the network device security system 202 may be in communication with a security log server 222 configured to receive logs from one or more network device security systems and store such logs for analysis by an administrator or monitoring system.
- (23) Although depicted in FIG. 2 as being separate from the terminal device 204 and the network **102**, it should be appreciated that the network device security system **202** may be implemented in any component of the environment **200** of FIG. **2** or any other computing device. Thus, in some implementations, the network device security system **202** is a program or other system embodied within the terminal device **204**. Similarly, the network device security system **202** may be included in a computing device of the network **102**. In general, the network device security system **202** may be typically included in a NOC environment for a telecommunications network 102 that sits between the terminal device **204** and the network **102**. Because the network device security system **202** receives input from the terminal device **204**, it may be advantageous to include the network device security system in the terminal device or within a virtual private network that includes the network device security system. Regardless of which computing device includes the network device security system **202**, the system operates to verify and authenticate commands intended for a target network device of the network **102** to configure or manage the target network device. (24) Turning now the flowchart of FIGS. **3**A and **3**B, the operation of the network device security system **202** is described. In general, the flowchart illustrates a method **300** for activating a network device security system 202 for managing one or more network devices 210, 212 of a telecommunications network **102**. The operations of the method **300** may be performed by the network device security system **202**, although other computing devices included in or in communication with the system **200** of FIG. **2** may perform one or more of the operations. Through

the method **300**, the network device security system **202** may initialize and begin providing secure transmissions of commands to one or more network devices **210**, **212** of the telecommunications network **102** to enhance the operation and stability of the network. For purposes of the following discussion, the network device **210** is considered the target network device for execution of one or more commands provided by the terminal device **204**.

- (25) Beginning in operation **302**, the network device security system **202** receives one or more lists of authorized/unauthorized commands from the command list server 220. In general, the authorized and unauthorized command lists provide a listing of commands authorized and unauthorized for execution at network device of the network **102**, including the network device **210**. In some implementations, the authorized commands and the unauthorized commands may be maintained as separate lists. Further, the lists may be tailored or otherwise based on the network device type and/or the user attempting to configure the network device. For example, a list of authorized commands may be associated with a particular type of device of the telecommunications network **102**. The type of device may be based on the manufacturer of the device, a relative location or position within the network 102 of the device, the amount of traffic carried by the device, or any other characteristic of the device. In addition to or as an alternative to the command lists being based on the type of network device, the command lists may also be based on specific users or groups of users of the terminal device **204**. For example, a first list of authorized and unauthorized commands may be applicable for field technicians, while a second list of authorized and unauthorized commands may be applicable for network engineers or administrators. Thus, a first user may be authorized to execute a first set of commands while a second user may be authorized to execute the some or all of the first set of commands as well as a second set of commands. In this manner, the authorized and unauthorized commands lists may be based on device type (or other device characteristics), network configuration, and/or user identification.
- (26) Further, in one implementation, the authorized and/or unauthorized commands lists may include command types or groups of commands that are authorized or unauthorized. For example, the lists may include one or more wildcard characters within a command listing (e.g., "show *", where "*" is a wildcard) that is used to capture multiple variations of a similar command (e.g., all "show" commands regardless of the parameters provided). The wildcard characters or groups of commands may be used to reduce the size of the command lists. When a received command is compared to the command lists, the network device security system **202** may consider the received command as being included in the list when all or a portion of the command is listed.
- (27) In certain implementations, the command lists may be implemented as a list of strings, regular expressions, or other search patterns that may be used to test or otherwise verify commands. For example, in certain implementations, the list may include a collection of regular expressions expressed using Perl Advanced Regular Expressions. It should be appreciated that any such search patterns may be applied to any part of the command including parameters that are provided with the command.
- (28) Upon receipt of the authorized and/or unauthorized commands lists, the network device security system 202 may store the lists in the database 218 (or any similar data source) in operation 304. In some instances, the network device security system 202 may requests the lists from the command list server 220 to update the database 218 with the lists. In other implementations, the command list server 220 may provide the lists periodically to the network device security system 202 or upon receiving an updated command list. The lists may be provided to or edited within the command list server 220 by an administrator of the telecommunications network 102 at any time, such as in response to adding a new user to the system 200 or when a new device type is added to the network 102. Upon updating at the command list server 220, the updated list may be provided or transmitted to the network device security system 202 for storage. In some instances, the network device security system 202 may replace an old command list in the database 218 with a newly received list for use in determining authorized or unauthorized commands for network

devices.

- (29) As discussed above, operations **302** and **304** include retrieving lists of authorized and/or unauthorized commands from the command list server **220** and storing such lists locally in the network device security system **202**. Such an approach may be advantageous in certain cases as it allows the network device security system **202** to have access to the lists of commands if the network device security system 202 is unable to communicate with the command list server 220. Nevertheless, in other implementations of the present disclosure, the network device security system 202 may instead access lists of authorized and unauthorized commands stored at the command list server **220** without storing such lists in the network device security system **202**. (30) In operation **306**, the network device security system **202** receives some form of user identification and a target network device from the terminal device **204**. For example, the user may input, select, or otherwise provide (e.g., using a mouse, keyboard, touchscreen, or other input device of the terminal device **204**) particular identifying information to the terminal device **204** in order to access one or more devices of the network **102**. Such information may include, but is not limited to, a user identifier and a password. In this example, the user identifier may be transmitted or otherwise provided to the network device security system **202** such that the system may identify the particular user of the terminal device **204**. Further, upon accessing the network management system, a user of the terminal device **204** may provide an indication of the particular network device of the telecommunications network **102** to which the user intends to provide commands from the terminal device. For purposes of the current discussion only, it is assumed that the network device of interest is the network device **210** of FIG. **2**. For example, the user may input, select, or otherwise provide an Internet Protocol (IP) address of the network device 210 or any other network ID or address of the network device **210**. The network device security system **202** may then determine which device of the network **102** the user intends on configuring through the terminal device **204**. As explained in more detail below, the user identification information and the network device **210** may be utilized by the network device security system **202** to determine which list of authorized and/or unauthorized commands should be retrieved from the database 218 and used to verify an entered command.
- (31) In operation **308**, the network device security system **202** may store the user identifier and network device **210**, such as in the database **218**. In operation **310**, the network device security system **202** may determine if the user is authorized to configure or manage the network device **210** by comparing the user identifier to a list of authorized users (e.g., technicians, managers, administrators, etc.) of the network device **210**. If the user is not authorized, the network device security system **202** may deny access to the network device **210** in operation **312**. The network device security system **202** may also provide a deny message to the terminal device **204** for display in the display device **206** alerting the user that access to the network device **210** is denied. In some implementations, however, the authorization for the user to manage or access the network device **210** may be performed by the terminal device **204**.
- (32) Regardless of which components of the system 200 perform the operations, the network device security system 202 may establish a connection between the terminal device 204 and the network device 210 in operation 314 if the user is authorized to access the device. The connection between the devices may occur through the telecommunications network 102, or may be established over a separate network or link between the terminal device 204 and the network device 210. Upon connection between the devices, the network device security system 202 may enter an idle state in operation 316. In the idle state, the network device security system 202 consumes minimal resources and remains idle until an input is received from either the terminal device 204 or the network device 210 (operation 318). As long as no input is received from either the terminal device 204 or the network device 210, the system 202 remains in the idle state. However, upon the receipt of some input, the system awakens in operation 320 and begins storing keystrokes or other inputs from the terminal device 204 and/or the network device 210 in the accumulators 214, 216,

respectively.

- (33) Upon receiving an input to the network device **210**, the network device security system **202** may perform the method **400** illustrated in FIGS. **4**A-**4**C. In general, FIGS. **4**A-**4**C illustrate a flowchart of a method **400** for verifying and authorizing commands to a network device of a telecommunications network, which for purposes of the following example is considered to be the network device **210** of FIG. **2**. The network device security system **202** performs the method **400** in response to receiving input intended for the network device **210**, the method **400** preventing, among other things, unauthorized configuration of the device in a manner that may negatively affect the operation of the telecommunications network **102**. In some instances, other devices or components of the system **200** of FIG. **2** may perform one or more of the operations of the method **400**. Reference is also made in the following discussion to FIG. **5**, which is a flow chart illustrating a method **500** for receiving output from the network device **210** at the network device security system **202** for delivery and display at the terminal device **204**.
- (34) Referring first to the method **400** of FIGS. **4**A-**4**C and beginning in operation **402**, the network device security system 202 begins in an idle state, waiting for input from the terminal device 204. As indicated by the loop between operation **402** and operation **404**, the network device security system **202** remains in the idle state until an input is received from the terminal device **204**. When an input is received, the network device security system **202** determines whether the input corresponds to a control input (operation **406**). If the input does not correspond to a control input, the network device security system 202 stores the input from the terminal device 204 in a keyboard accumulator (operation 408). As explained above, such inputs may be received from any input device of the terminal device **204** and may generally correspond to instructions to be executed by the network device **210**. Further, the inputs may include any type of computing input, such as keyboard strokes, ASCII characters, editing instructions, etc. Notably, for purposes of the present disclosure, the term "character" is intended to include any of alphanumeric characters, punctuation marks (including, without limitation, spaces and tabs), or editing characters (including, without limitation, deletions, backspaces, and characters for moving the position of a cursor). The network device security system 202 stores the received character in the keyboard accumulator 214 of the system 202 in a manner that the characters may be retrieved by the system 202 to recreate a command intended for the target device **210**. For example, the accumulator **214** may be a first-in, first-out (FIFO) storage scheme such that the network device security system **202** may read the characters out of the accumulator one at a time and put the characters together to reproduce a command. The reproduction of the command from the accumulator **214** is described in more detail below.
- (35) In operation **410**, the network device security system **202** transmits the input received from the terminal device **204** to the network device **210**. Thus, the network device security system **202** may operate as a pass-through system that transmits inputs at the terminal device **204** to the network device **210** and potentially evaluated by the network device **210**. Upon receipt, the network device **210** may analyze the input and transmit a return to instruct the terminal device **204** to display the entered input or character. For example, if the user of the terminal device **204** types an "r" character into the keyboard **208**, the "r" character is received at the network device security system **202** and stored in the keyboard accumulator **214**. Further, the network device security system **202** transmits the "r" character to the network device **210** over the telecommunications network **102** or other network.
- (36) In response to receiving a character from the network device security system **202**, the **202**, the network device **210** may transmit one or more characters for display at the display device **206** of the terminal device **204**. For example, in the previous example, in response to receiving an "r" character from the network device security system **202** to display an "r" character on a display of the display device **206** at the cursor position of the display device **206**. In certain cases, the network device **210** may respond to receiving a character by sending multiple characters or even multiple

lines of characters to the display device **206**. For example, in response to receiving an up arrow character, the network device **210** may return a previous line command or previous line of text. (37) Referring now to the method **500** of FIG. **5**, the network device security system **202** may remain in an idle state (operations **502**, **504**) until the network device security system **202** receives output, such as characters, or display instructions from the network device **210** intended for display at the display device **206**. In response to receiving such characters, the network device security system **202** stores the characters in the device accumulator **216**. Using the previous example, the network device security system **202** may receive an ASCII character "r" and store the character in the device accumulator **216**. Similarly, the network device security system **202** may receive an instruction to display an "r" character (i.e., the output resulting from the instruction) and may store the "r" character in the device accumulator **216**. After updating the device accumulator **216** (operation **506**), the network device security system **202** may then forward the character to be displayed on the display device **206** (operation **508**) before returning to the idle state to await additional output from the network device **210**.

- (38) By executing operations **402-410** of FIG. **4**A and operations **502-508** of FIG. **5**, both the keyboard accumulator **214** and the device accumulator **216** include the input "r". As should be appreciated, there may be some delay in the transmission of the character to the network device **210** and receiving the returning display instruction such that the character "r" may not appear on the display **206** until after the delay.
- (39) The above operations may continue for several characters entered by the user in the terminal device **204**. For example, if the user is inputting a "reboot" command, the user may follow the "r" character with typing characters "e", "b", "o", "o", and "t". Each of these characters is, in the order received, stored in the keyboard accumulator **214** and transmitted to the network device **210**. A return character received from the network device **210** for display for each of the transmitted characters may also be stored in the device accumulator **216** and transmitted to the terminal device **204** for display.
- (40) Referring back to operation **406**, the network device security system **202** may receive a control input from the terminal device **204**. In general, the control input indicates to the network device **210** to execute the typed command. Thus, following the above example, the command "reboot" may be typed by the user of the terminal device **204** followed by a control input (such as a carriage return) to execute the reboot command at the network device **210**. As long as a control input is not received, the network device security system **202** returns to operation **402** and repeats the above operations. However, upon receiving the control input, the network device security system **202** continues to operation **412** where the network device security system **202** may compare the contents of the keyboard accumulator **214** to the contents of the device accumulator **216**. More specifically, the contents of the keyboard accumulator **214** are compared to the contents of the device accumulator **216** to determine if they represent the same command.
- (41) The contents of the keyboard accumulator **214** and the device accumulator **216** may not be exact matches for several reasons. First, the keystrokes entered by a user (or provided by a script) may not be the exact same as the characters or instructions received from the network device **210**. For example, although the user may incorrectly type the string "reboot" by omitting the "b". The user may then press the backspace key three times followed by retyping the string "boot" such that "reboot" is correctly input. The keyboard accumulator **214** may store each of the backspaces as distinct characters. In contrast, the network device **210** may return characters or instructions that are stored in the device accumulator **216** and that replace each backspace provided by the user with a sequence of a first back arrow, a space, and a second back arrow. The end result of the characters or instructions received from the network device **210** is the display of the string "reboot" at the terminal device **204**. Accordingly, in certain situations, the exact contents of each of the keyboard accumulator **214** and the device accumulator **216** may vary even though the net result of the contents may be the same. As a result, the comparison operation of **412** may include comparing the

- results of the characters and instructions stored within the accumulator **214**, **216** as opposed to directly comparing the contents of the accumulators **214**, **216**.
- (42) Another situation in which the contents and/or results of the contents of the accumulators **214**, **216** may arise due to latency. More specifically, a delay exists between the time a keystroke or character is added to the keyboard accumulator **214** and the time at which a corresponding return character from the network device **210** is added to the device accumulator **216**. As a result of this delay, the contents and/or result of the contents of the accumulators **214**, **216** may differ until the device accumulator **216** is updated.
- (43) To account for such discrepancies, a predetermined delay may be applied by the network device security system **202**. In the method **400**, for example, if the accumulators **214**, **216** are found not to match, the network device security system **202** may wait for some period of time (operation **414**) before comparing the accumulators **214**, **216** again. Although not illustrated in FIGS. **4A-4C**, the network device security system **202** may be configured to generate an error, halt or abort operations, or take other similar actions if the accumulators **214**, **216** do not match after a certain length of time, a certain number of comparisons, or some other suitable condition. In other implementations, a delay may be instead be applied immediately after a control input is identified (e.g., between operations **406** and **412**) to allow for a return character or instruction to be received from the network device **210** prior to checking whether the accumulators **214**, **216** include matching commands.
- (44) After the delay period has elapsed, the network device security system **202** may access the device accumulator **216** and reproduce the command pending at the network device **210** based on the contents of the device accumulator **216**. Alternatively, the process of reproducing the command from the contents of the device accumulator may be incorporated into the process of comparing the keyboard accumulator **214** to the device accumulator **216**. To reproduce the command pending at the network device **210**, the network device security system **202** may read out the characters or inputs stored in the device accumulator **216** and generate a reproduced command conforming to each output of the network device **210** intended for display at the terminal device **202**. In some implementations, the device accumulator **216** may store two or more lines of text identifiable through a return input that offsets or delineates the lines within the accumulator 216. Thus, the network device security system **202** may reproduce the last command provided and stored in the accumulator 216, ignoring or disregarding those characters stored in the accumulator 216 beyond the last received return input. In some instances, however, the network device **210** may utilize all lines of characters stored in the accumulator **216** to determine the command to be executed. In these instances, the network device security system **202** may retrieve all of the characters or inputs in the device accumulator **216** to reproduce the pending command to the network device **210**. (45) Upon reproduction of the pending command from the data stored in the device accumulator 216, the network device security system 202 may determine in operations 414 and 416 if the command is authorized for the particular user. For example, in certain implementations the network device security system 202 may determine each of the current user of the terminal device 204 (e.g., through the user identification information stored by the network device security system **202**) and/or the network device **210** type (e.g., through the device type information stored by the network device security system **202**). Based on such information, the network device security system 202 may access an authorized command list (e.g., a "whitelist" of commands) stored in the database **218**. In some instances, the authorized command list may be particular to the network device type and the identified user of the terminal device 204. In other instances, the authorized command list may be general to all components of the network, to a subset of components of the network, to all authorized users, to all users of the network **102**, etc. As explained above, the authorized command list is provided to the network device security system 202 from the command list server **220**.
- (46) To determine if the pending command is authorized, the network device security system 202

may compare the reproduced command to each of the commands listed in the authorized command list (operation **416**). As mentioned, some entries in the authorized command list may be general commands that encompass a variety of possible commands. For example, a command may include the character string "reboot/port A", with port A being a particular port of the network device **210**. The authorized command list for the device and the user may include an entry that allows for commands "reboot/port *", with "*" being a wildcard character such that character may be included in the command at that position. Thus, the network device security system **202** may compare the reproduced command "reboot/port A" to the list of authorized commands and determine that commands with the form "reboot/port *" are authorized for that device type and user. Any manner of comparison of the reproduced command and the authorized command list may be performed by the network device security system **202** to determine if the command is authorized.

- (47) Upon validating that the pending command is included in the authorized command list, the network device security system 202 may clear the accumulators (operation 420) and transmit the control input (e.g., a carriage return character) to the network device **210** (operation **422**). This may operate to execute the pending command at the network device **210**. In operation **418**, the network device security system **202** may begin receiving inputs from the network device **210** in response to the entered command. For example, the entered command may be a request for configuration information from the network device **210**, such as version number or port configuration. This information may then be transmitted from the network device **210** to the terminal device **204**, with the information being stored in the device accumulator **216**. However, the network device security system 202 may be configured, in some instances, to monitor the received device inputs for a particular string that indicates a prompt has been returned by the network device **210**. The prompt indicates that the network device **210** has completed providing the requested information to the terminal device **204** and is waiting for the next command to be entered. Upon recognizing the prompt from the network device **210**, the network device security system **202** may return to operation **402** to begin storing the next received inputs from the terminal device **204** or, in some instances, to the idle state of operation **316** to await the next input from the user at the terminal device.
- (48) If, on the other hand, the pending command is not included in the authorized command list, the pending command may be compared to a list of unauthorized commands (e.g., a "blacklist" of commands) (operation 418) to determine whether the pending command is banned or otherwise unauthorized for the particular user and/or network device. In the implementation illustrated in FIG. 4B, of the pending command is not included in the unauthorized command list, the pending command may be assumed to be permitted. As a result, the accumulators may be cleared (operation 420) and the control input may be transmitted to the network device 210 (operation 422). (49) The process of comparing the pending command to a whitelist of commands and then a blacklist of commands is just one example implementation of an authorization process that may be implemented in applications of the present disclosure. In other implementations, the authorization process may include comparing the pending to command to either or both of a whitelist or a blacklist in any order. Moreover, the example implementation of FIG. 4 assumes that any command not included in either of the whitelist or blacklist is permitted. In other implementations, such unidentified commands may instead be assumed to be unauthorized.
- (50) In certain implementations, the network device security system **202** may also determine whether the pending command is in a proper form for the network device **210**. For example, the reproduced command may include one or more typos or other mistakes that the network device **210** may simply not recognize as a proper command. If the reproduced command is in a proper form as determined by the network device security system **202**, the system may proceed at normal to operations **420** and **422**. In other implementations, the network device security system **202** may simply provide the control input to the network device **210** regardless of the form of the reproduced

command. In other words, as long as the command is authorized by being included in the whitelist or excluded from the blacklist, the control input is provided to the network device **210**. The network device may then determine if the reproduced command is in a proper form and, if not, may return an alert or appropriate message indicating the improper form to the terminal device **204**. (51) If the reproduced command is not authorized or if the reproduced command is not in a proper form, the network device security system **202** may execute various remedial operations. For example, in operation 424, the network device security system 202 may transmit one or more deletion commands to the network device **210** to remove the pending command at the network device **210**. In one example, the network device security system **202** may transmit backspace inputs to the network device **210** for the number of characters included in the reproduced command. These deletion commands may operate to remove the pending command from the network device **210**. Further, in response to the deletion, the command displayed at the terminal device **204** may also be deleted as acknowledgement messages are returned from the network device. Further, in operation **426**, the network device security system **202** may clear each of the accumulators **214**, 216. The network device security system 202 may also transmit an alert to the terminal device 204 for display on the display device **206** (operation **428**). The alert may, for example, provide a message to the user of the terminal device **204** that the user is not authorized to execute the pending command at the network device **210**. In cases where the command is in an improper form, the message may instead indicate that the reproduced and/or the pending command was not recognized or otherwise improper.

- (52) In some implementations, the network device security system **202** may update a security log (operation **430**). The attempt may be noted in the security log for review and analysis by a network administrator. The security log thus provides a history of the type and number of commands attempted to be executed on the network **102**. Upon transmission of the command execution attempt to the security log, the network device security system **202** may return to the idle state of operation **402** to begin monitoring for inputs from the terminal device **204**. Entries for the security log may include, among other things an identifier corresponding to the current user of the terminal device **204**, the attempted command, an identifier corresponding to the network device at which the command was attempted, a timestamp, or any other similar information regarding the attempted command.
- (53) Although not included in the method **400** of FIGS. **4**A-**4**B, it should be appreciated that log entries, such as generated in operation **426** in response to an unauthorized command, may be generated under other circumstances. For example, a log entry may be generated for any attempted command regardless of whether the command is authorized, unauthorized, or unidentified. Such log entries may similarly include, among other things, the attempted command, an identifier corresponding to the network device at which the command was attempted, a timestamp, an indicator corresponding to whether or not the command was authorized, or any other similar information regarding the attempted command.
- (54) Through the methods **300**, **400** discussed above, the secure network device management system **202** may monitor and validate configuration or other commands to network devices before such commands are executed. In one implementation, the network device security system receives and accumulates inputs or keystrokes from a terminal or other computing device of a network management system intended for a network device. The network device security system may also receive and accumulate inputs from the network device intended for display on the terminal. Upon receiving a return or execute instruction from the terminal device, the network device security system may reproduce the pending command from the accumulators and compare the reproduced command to a list of authorized or unauthorized commands. Upon authorization, the network device security system may provide the execute command to the network device to execute the pending command. If the command is not authorized, the network device security system may delete the pending command and transmit an alert to the terminal device that the pending command

was not authorized. A log of command attempts from the terminal may also be stored in a secured server for analysis by a network administrator. In this manner, commands transmitted to the network device may be verified and authorized before being executed, preventing mistaken configurations of network devices that may negatively impact the telecommunications network. (55) FIG. **6** is a block diagram illustrating an example of a computing device or computer system **600** which may be used in implementing the embodiments of the components of the network disclosed above. For example, the computing system 600 of FIG. 6 may be the terminal device 204 or network device security system **202** discussed above. The computer system (system) includes one or more processors **602-606**. Processors **602-606** may include one or more internal levels of cache (not shown) and a bus controller or bus interface unit to direct interaction with the processor bus **612**. Processor bus **612**, also known as the host bus or the front side bus, may be used to couple the processors **602-606** with the system interface **614**. System interface **614** may be connected to the processor bus **612** to interface other components of the system **600** with the processor bus **612**. For example, system interface **614** may include a memory controller **618** for interfacing a main memory **616** with the processor bus **612**. The main memory **616** typically includes one or more memory cards and a control circuit (not shown). System interface 614 may also include an input/output (I/O) interface **620** to interface one or more I/O bridges or I/O devices with the processor bus **612**. One or more I/O controllers and/or I/O devices may be connected with the I/O bus **626**, such as I/O controller **628** and I/O device **630**, as illustrated. The system interface **614** may further include a bus controller **622** to interact with processor bus **612** and/or I/O bus **626**. (56) I/O device **630** may also include an input device (not shown), such as an alphanumeric input device, including alphanumeric and other keys for communicating information and/or command selections to the processors **602-606**. Another type of user input device includes cursor control, such as a mouse, a trackball, or cursor direction keys for communicating direction information and command selections to the processors **602-606** and for controlling cursor movement on the display device.

- (57) System **600** may include a dynamic storage device, referred to as main memory **616**, or a random access memory (RAM) or other computer-readable devices coupled to the processor bus **612** for storing information and instructions to be executed by the processors **602-606**. Main memory **616** also may be used for storing temporary variables or other intermediate information during execution of instructions by the processors **602-606**. System **600** may include a read only memory (ROM) and/or other static storage device coupled to the processor bus **612** for storing static information and instructions for the processors **602-606**. The system set forth in FIG. **6** is but one possible example of a computer system that may employ or be configured in accordance with aspects of the present disclosure.
- (58) According to one embodiment, the above techniques may be performed by computer system **600** in response to processor **604** executing one or more sequences of one or more instructions contained in main memory **616**. These instructions may be read into main memory **616** from another machine-readable medium, such as a storage device. Execution of the sequences of instructions contained in main memory **616** may cause processors **602-606** to perform the process steps described herein. In alternative embodiments, circuitry may be used in place of or in combination with the software instructions. Thus, embodiments of the present disclosure may include both hardware and software components.
- (59) A machine readable medium includes any mechanism for storing or transmitting information in a form (e.g., software, processing application) readable by a machine (e.g., a computer). Such media may take the form of, but is not limited to, non-volatile media and volatile media. Non-volatile media includes optical or magnetic disks. Volatile media includes dynamic memory, such as main memory **616**. Common forms of machine-readable medium may include, but is not limited to, magnetic storage medium; optical storage medium (e.g., CD-ROM); magneto-optical storage medium; read only memory (ROM); random access memory (RAM); erasable programmable

memory (e.g., EPROM and EEPROM); flash memory; or other types of medium suitable for storing electronic instructions.

- (60) Embodiments of the present disclosure include various steps, which are described in this specification. The steps may be performed by hardware components or may be embodied in machine-executable instructions, which may be used to cause a general-purpose or special-purpose processor programmed with the instructions to perform the steps. Alternatively, the steps may be performed by a combination of hardware, software and/or firmware.
- (61) The description above includes example systems, methods, techniques, instruction sequences, and/or computer program products that embody techniques of the present disclosure. However, it is understood that the described disclosure may be practiced without these specific details. In the present disclosure, the methods disclosed may be implemented as sets of instructions or software readable by a device. Further, it is understood that the specific order or hierarchy of steps in the methods disclosed are instances of example approaches. Based upon design preferences, it is understood that the specific order or hierarchy of steps in the method can be rearranged while remaining within the disclosed subject matter. The accompanying method claims present elements of the various steps in a sample order, and are not necessarily meant to be limited to the specific order or hierarchy presented.
- (62) It is believed that the present disclosure and many of its attendant advantages should be understood by the foregoing description, and it should be apparent that various changes may be made in the form, construction and arrangement of the components without departing from the disclosed subject matter or without sacrificing all of its material advantages. The form described is merely explanatory, and it is the intention of the following claims to encompass and include such changes.
- (63) While the present disclosure has been described with reference to various embodiments, it should be understood that these embodiments are illustrative and that the scope of the disclosure is not limited to them. Many variations, modifications, additions, and improvements are possible. More generally, embodiments in accordance with the present disclosure have been described in the context of particular implementations. Functionality may be separated or combined in blocks differently in various embodiments of the disclosure or described with different terminology. These and other variations, modifications, additions, and improvements may fall within the scope of the disclosure as defined in the claims that follow.

Claims

- 1. A method for managing network devices, the method comprising: transmitting a plurality of inputs received from an input device to a network device, the plurality of inputs associated with a command executable by the network device; storing a plurality of characters in an accumulator, the plurality of characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted plurality of inputs; receiving a control input from the input device, the control input for executing the command at the network device; in response to receiving the control input, reproducing the command for the network device from the plurality of characters stored in the accumulator; and verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device including determining if the reproduced command is at least one of included in a list of authorized commands for the network device, wherein at least one of the list of authorized commands and the list of unauthorized commands is based on characteristics of a user of the user computing device.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the list of authorized commands and the list of unauthorized commands is based on a type of the network device.
- 3. The method of claim 1 further comprising, when the reproduced command is authorized, transmitting the control input to the network device to cause the network device to execute the

command.

- 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising, when the reproduced command is not authorized, deleting the command from the network device.
- 5. The method of claim 4 further comprising transmitting a message for display at the user computing device indicating that the command was unauthorized.
- 6. The method of claim 4 further comprising generating a log entry corresponding to the command, the log entry including at least one of a current user of the user computing device, the command, a timestamp, and an identifier for the network device.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising waiting a predetermined delay period after receiving the control input from the input device of the user computing device and verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device.
- 8. A system for managing network devices, the system comprising: a network security system configured to: receive and transmit a plurality of inputs to a network device; store a plurality of characters for a command in an accumulator, the characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted plurality of inputs; receive a control input, the control input for executing the command at the network device; in response to receiving the control input, reproducing the command for the network device from the plurality of characters stored in the accumulator; and verify whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device including determining if the reproduced command is at least one of included in a list of authorized commands for the network device or excluded from a list of unauthorized commands and the list of unauthorized commands is based on characteristics of a user of the user computing device.

 9. The system of claim 8 further comprising a command list server in communication with the network security system, the command list server storing a master command list including at least one of authorized and unauthorized commands, the network security system configured to update the at least one of the at least one of the list of authorized commands and the list of unauthorized
- 10. The system of claim 8, wherein the network security system is further configured to, when the reproduced command is authorized, transmit the control input to the network device to cause the network device to execute the command.

commands by receiving at least a portion of the master command list.

- 11. The system of claim 8, wherein the network security system is further configured to, at least one of: when the reproduced command is not authorized, transmit a delete command to the network device, the delete command configured to cause the network device to delete the command; when the reproduced command is not authorized, transmit a message for display at the user computing device indicating that the command was unauthorized; or generate and store a log entry corresponding to the command, the log entry including at least one of a current user of the user computing device, the command, a timestamp, and an identifier for the network device.
- 12. One or more non-transitory tangible computer-readable storage media storing computer-executable instructions for performing a computer process on a computing system, the computer process comprising: transmitting a plurality of inputs received from an input device to a network device, the plurality of inputs associated with a command executable by the network device; storing a plurality of characters in an accumulator, the plurality of characters received from the network device in response to the transmitted plurality of inputs; receiving a control input from the input device, the control input for executing the command at the network device; in response to receiving the control input, reproducing the command for the network device from the plurality of characters stored in the accumulator; and verifying whether the reproduced command is authorized for execution at the network device including determining if the reproduced command is at least one of included in a list of authorized commands for the network device or excluded from a list of unauthorized commands for the network device, wherein at least one of the list of authorized commands and the list of unauthorized commands is based on characteristics of a user of the user

computing device.

- 13. The computer-readable storage media of claim 12, wherein the computer process further comprises, when the reproduced command is authorized, transmitting the control input to the network device to cause the network device to execute the command.
- 14. The computer-readable storage media of claim 12, wherein the computer process further comprises, when the reproduced command is not authorized, at least one of: when the reproduced command is not authorized, transmitting a delete command to the network device, the delete command configured to cause the network device to delete the command; when the reproduced command is not authorized, transmitting a message for display at the user computing device indicating that the command was unauthorized; or generating and storing a log entry corresponding to the reproduced command, the log entry including at least one of a current user of the user computing device, the command, a timestamp, and an identifier for the network device.