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United States Patent Application Publication Kind Code Publication Date Inventor(s) 20250267544 A1 August 21, 2025 Cui; Zhi et al.

FACILITATING UNIFIED MOBILITY MANAGEMENT FOR METAVERSE AND PHYSICAL WORLDS IN ADVANCED NETWORKS

Abstract

Facilitating unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in advanced networks is provided herein. Operations of a system include determining a change has occurred to a service parameter of a user equipment executing a metaverse experience. The metaverse experience can include a combination of first usage of a first resource selected from a first group of resources associated with a physical world and second usage of a second resource selected from a second group of resources associated with a virtual world. The operations can also include executing a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice is selected based on a type of the change to the service parameter.

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Appl. No.: 19/203415

Filed: May 09, 2025

Related U.S. Application Data

parent US continuation 17819786 20220815 parent-grant-document US 12323869 child US 19203415

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: H04W36/08 (20090101); H04W36/22 (20090101)

CPC

H04W36/08 (20130101); H04W36/22 (20130101);

Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S) [0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/819,786 filed Aug. 15, 2022, entitled "FACILITATING UNIFIED MOBILITY MANAGEMENT FOR METAVERSE AND PHYSICAL WORLDS IN ADVANCED NETWORKS." All sections of the aforementioned application(s) are incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] This disclosure relates generally to the field of mobile communications and, for example, to metaverse services in advanced networks, e.g., Fourth Generation (4G) networks, Fifth Generation (5G) networks, Sixth Generation (6G) networks, or beyond.

BACKGROUND

[0003] To meet the huge demand for data centric applications, Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) systems and systems that employ one or more aspects of the specifications of the Fourth Generation (4G) standard for wireless communications will be extended to a Fifth Generation (5G) or other advanced standard for wireless communications. Unique challenges exist to provide levels of service associated with forthcoming 5G, or other next generation, standards for wireless communication.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] Various non-limiting embodiments are further described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

[0005] FIG. **1** illustrates an example, non-limiting, system that facilitates unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein:

[0006] FIG. **2** illustrates an example, non-limiting, representation of a rendering of the metaverse service in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein;

[0007] FIG. **3** illustrates another example, non-limiting, system that facilitates providing unified mobility management in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein;

[0008] FIG. **4** illustrates an example, non-limiting, system that employs automated learning that trains a model to facilitate one or more of the disclosed aspects in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein;

[0009] FIG. **5** illustrates an example, non-limiting, system that facilitates unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in advanced networks in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein;

[0010] FIG. **6** illustrates an example, non-limiting, computer-implemented method for facilitating unified mobility management in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein; [0011] FIG. **7** illustrates an example, non-limiting, computer-implemented method for providing unified mobility management via artificial intelligence in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein;

[0012] FIG. **8** illustrates an example block diagram of a non-limiting embodiment of a mobile network platform in accordance with various aspects described herein;

[0013] FIG. **9** illustrates an example, non-limiting, block diagram of a handset operable to engage in a system architecture that facilitates wireless communications according to one or more embodiments described herein; and

[0014] FIG. **10** illustrates an example, non-limiting, block diagram of a computer operable to engage in a system architecture that facilitates wireless communications according to one or more embodiments described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0015] One or more embodiments are now described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings in which example embodiments are shown. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the various embodiments. However, the various embodiments can be practiced without these specific details (and without applying to any particular networked environment or standard).

[0016] With the increasing use of various computing devices, also referred to as user equipment (UE), there is a growing interest among users for performing various functions (e.g., games, discussions, training, and so on) with other users, regardless of where the users are located. For example, the users could be located in different rooms, different buildings, different cities, different states, different countries, and so on, or combinations thereof. There is also a growing interest in performing the various functions even when there is not another physical user present and, therefore, the various functions are performed with computing equipment that facilitates representation of a user (e.g., as an avatar). Accordingly, described herein are systems, methods, articles of manufacture, and other embodiments or implementations that can facilitate unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in advanced networks.

[0017] According to an embodiment a method can include evaluating, by first network equipment comprising a processor, a service parameter of a user equipment that is executing an application

comprising a processor, a service parameter of a user equipment that is executing an application associated with a combination network that comprises a first resource associated with a physical network that is merged with a second resource associated with a virtual network. Further the method can include, based on the evaluating indicating that the service parameter fails to satisfy a defined service parameter, implementing, by the first network equipment, a mobility management microservice that transfers a servicing of the user equipment from the first network equipment to second network equipment. In some implementations, the first network equipment can include a radio access network intelligence controller.

[0018] In an example, the service parameter is a defined service coverage. Further to this example, implementing the mobility management microservice can include facilitating a handover of the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment.

[0019] According to an implementation, the first network equipment is configured to operate

according to a first network communication protocol and the service parameter is a defined latency amount. Further to this implementation, implementing the mobility management microservice can include facilitating a handover of the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment. The second network equipment can be configured to operate according to a second network communication protocol.

[0020] Further to the above implementation, the first network communication protocol is at most a fifth generation network communication protocol. Additionally, the second network communication protocol is at least a sixth generation network communication protocol. [0021] In accordance with some implementations, the service parameter is a traffic load of the first network equipment. Further to this implementation, implementing the mobility management microservice can include performing load balancing of a group of user equipment, comprising the user equipment, between the first network equipment and the second network equipment. [0022] According to an example, the first network equipment is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture. Further to this implementation, implementing the mobility management

microservice can include transferring the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment that is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture.

[0023] In accordance with some implementations, the first network equipment is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture. Further to this implementation, implementing the mobility management microservice can include transferring the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment that is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture.

[0024] In some implementations, the second resource is a moving object. Thus, the method can include employing, by the first network equipment, machine learning to train a model based on a pattern of the moving object. The method can also include, based on the model and a determination that a status of the moving object has changed, selecting, by the first network equipment, the mobility management microservice from a group of mobility management microservices, resulting in a selected mobility management microservice. Further, the method can include facilitating, by the first network equipment, a conveyance of information indicative of the selected mobility management microservice to the user equipment.

[0025] Another embodiment relates to a system that includes a processor and a memory that stores executable instructions that, when executed by the processor, facilitate performance of operations. The operations can include determining a change has occurred to a service parameter of a user equipment executing a metaverse experience. The metaverse experience can include a combination of first usage of a first resource selected from a first group of resources associated with a physical world and second usage of a second resource selected from a second group of resources associated with a virtual world. The operations can also include executing a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice is selected based on a type of the change to the service parameter.

[0026] In an example, the type of the change is a coverage capability of first network equipment. Further to this example, the mobility management microservice facilitates a handover from the first network equipment to second network equipment.

[0027] According to an implementation, the first network equipment is configured to operate according to at least a fifth generation network communication protocol. Further, the second network equipment is configured to operate according to a sixth generation network communication protocol.

[0028] In another implementation, the first network equipment is configured to operate according to a sixth generation network communication protocol. Further, the second network equipment is configured to operate according to a new radio network communication protocol.

[0029] According to some implementations, the second resource is a movable resource, and the operations can include using a past behavior of the movable resource as training input and training, via employing artificial intelligence, a model. The training can include training the model to a defined confidence level. Further, the operations can include selecting the mobility management microservice from a group of mobility management microservices based on the model.

[0030] According to an example, the change is a traffic load of first network equipment. Further to this example, executing the mobility management microservice can include performing load balancing between the first network equipment and at least second network equipment.

[0031] The operations can include rendering information indicative of the metaverse experience via a heads up display, according to an implementation. In some implementations, the operations can include outputting information indicative of the metaverse experience based on a rendering of the second resource as an avatar that is perceivable in the physical world. According to some implementations, the operations can include rendering a combination of the first resource and the second resource as a mixture of physical objects and virtual objects.

[0032] A further embodiment relates to a non-transitory machine-readable medium, comprising executable instructions that, when executed by a processor of network equipment, facilitate

performance of operations. The operations can include evaluating a combination of physical resources associated with a physical network and virtual resources associated with a virtual network. The physical resources and the virtual resources are determined to be utilized for fulfillment of a service request associated with a user equipment. Further, the operations can include, based on a result of the evaluating indicating that a service level associated with the user equipment has changed from a first service level to a second service level, deploying a mobility management microservice that transfers a servicing of the user equipment from first network equipment to second network equipment.

[0033] According to some implementations, the first network equipment is configured to operate according to a first network communication protocol and the second network equipment is configured to operate according to a second network communication protocol different than the first network communication protocol. Further to these implementations, the operations can include selecting the second network equipment from a group of network equipment, comprising the first network equipment and the second network equipment, based on the second network equipment being determined to change the service level associated with the user equipment from the second service level to a third service level.

[0034] In further detail, FIG. 1 illustrates an example, non-limiting, system 100 that facilitates unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. The system **100**, as well as other embodiments, can be configured as unified mobility management for network equipment and/or User Equipment (UE) configured to operate according to a Long-Term Evolution (LTE) network communication protocol, a fourth generation (4G) network communication protocol, a fifth generation (5G) network communication protocol, a sixth generation (6G) network communication protocol, a new radio (NR) network communication protocol, and/or other advanced network communication protocols. [0035] Aspects of systems (e.g., the system **100** and the like), equipment, network equipment, UEs, devices, apparatuses, and/or processes explained in this disclosure can constitute machineexecutable component(s) embodied within machine(s) (e.g., embodied in one or more computer readable mediums (or media) associated with one or more machines). Such component(s), when executed by the one or more machines (e.g., computer(s), computing device(s), virtual machine(s), and so on) can cause the machine(s) to perform the operations described. [0036] As mentioned, the system **100** facilitates unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds. Metaverse is a digital world for the next generation of the internet. Further, metaverse can have connections and interactions between physical and virtual worlds. In the meta world, many objects will be moving and, possibly, in significant speed as compared to physical objects. How the metaverse moving objects are related to the physical world and how to provide mobility management in metaverse is addressed with the disclosed embodiments. Further, the disclosed embodiments relate to providing meta service across different technology generations. [0037] The system **100** includes network equipment **102** that includes an evaluation component 104, a selection component 106, a micro-services component 108, an output component 110, a transmitter/receiver component 112, at least one memory 114, at least one processor 116, and at least one data store **118**. In various embodiments, one or more of: the evaluation component **104**, the selection component **106**, the micro-services component **108**, the output component **110**, the transmitter/receiver component **112**, the at least one memory **114**, the at least one processor **116**, and the at least one data store **118**, can be electrically and/or communicatively coupled to one another to perform one or more of the functions of the network equipment **102**. In some embodiments, one or more of: the evaluation component **104**, the selection component **106**, the micro-services component **108**, the output component **110**, and the transmitter/receiver component 112 can include software instructions stored on the at least one memory 114 and/or the at least one data store **118** and executed by the at least one processor **116**. The network equipment **102** can also interact with other hardware and/or software components not depicted in FIG. 1.

[0038] The network equipment **102** can receive (e.g., via the transmitter/receiver component **112**) one or more input signals or input data **120** that includes at least information indicative of conditions, parameters, and/or an experience within a communication network. The input data **120** can be received from one or more User Equipment (UE), other network equipment, or other equipment.

[0039] Based on the input data **120**, the evaluation component **104** can determine a change has occurred to, for example, a service parameter of a user equipment executing a metaverse experience. The metaverse experience comprises a combination of first usage of a first resource selected from a first group of resources associated with a physical world (or physical network **122**) and second usage of a second resource selected from a second group of resources associated with a virtual world (e.g., a virtual network **126**). The first usage of a first resource and the second usage of a second resource can be selected based on a determination that the first resource(s) and the one or more second resource(s) are expected to fulfill a service request from the UE.

[0040] The first group of resources and/or the second group of second resources can include logical ports. For example, first resources of the first group of first resources can include respective logical ports of the physical network **122**. Further, second resources of the second group of second resources can include respective logical ports of the virtual network **126**. The second resources can also include one or more objects, a community of objects, one or more avatars, metadata, and so on.

[0041] In an additional or alternative example, the first group of first resources can include respective services (e.g., voice, video, security, gigabyte passive optical network (GPON), user plane function (UPF), gNBs, eNBS, and so on). Further, the second group of second resources can include various physical and/or virtual resources. For example, the physical resources can include network resources (e.g., network equipment) and the virtual resources can include various processing and data resources.

[0042] The selection component **106** can select a functionality of a micro-service to be executed, by the micro-services component **108** for the user equipment. The selection component **106** can select the mobility management microservice based on a type of the change to the service parameter. According to an implementation, the mobility management microservice can be a mobility management in metaverse (M.sup.3) microservice. In an example, the type of the change can be a coverage capability of first network equipment. Further to this example, the mobility management microservice selected can facilitate a handover from the first network equipment to second network equipment.

[0043] In another example, the type of change can be based on different access technologies due to the service support. In further details, some services can be supported in 5G, other services can be supported in 6G, and so on. For example, the first network equipment can be configured to operate according to at least a fifth generation network communication protocol and the second network equipment can be configured to operate according to a sixth generation network communication protocol. In another example, the first network equipment can be configured to operate according to a sixth generation network equipment can be configured to operate according to a new radio network communication protocol.

[0044] In yet another example, the type of change can be based on load balancing across network equipment. Thus, it might be beneficial to perform mobility management in order to improve one or more conditions in the communication network and/or improve a user experience.

[0045] In still another example, various aspects described herein can relate to New Radio (NR), which can be deployed as a standalone radio access technology or as a non-standalone radio access technology assisted by another radio access technology. The type of change can be based on standalone coverage and/or capability versus non-standalone coverage and/or capability. [0046] The first resource and the second resource can be combined, by configuring the resources to

operate with one another. For example, information indicative of the resources (e.g., identification

information, capability information, formatting information, communication information, and so on) can be shared among the resources. The combination can include creating a metaverse service that is responsive to the service request.

[0047] The output component **110** can facilitate a rendering of information indicative of the metaverse service. The information indicative of the metaverse service can be output as one or more signals (e.g., as output data 130). The rendering can be performed at a UE, or more than one UE. In a non-limiting example, the rendering can be via a heads-up display. In another example, the rendering can be output as an overlay on a physical world (e.g., as an avatar). For example, FIG. 2 illustrates an example, non-limiting, representation **200** of a rendering of the metaverse service in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. In the example of FIG. 2, the metaverse experience is related to race cars, which (usually) requires two or more cars. It is noted that although various embodiments are discussed with respect to race cars, the disclosed embodiments are not limited to this implementation. Instead, other types of interactions between one or more real-world users; between one or more real-world users and one or more virtual "users", and combinations thereof can be facilitated with the embodiments discussed herein. Examples of interactions can include, meetings, conference calls, discussions, games, learning environments, teaching environments, corporate environments, and any other type of interaction. [0048] In this example, there is a first race car **202** and a second race car **204**. The first race car **202** can be in a first location and the second race car **204** can be at a second location (different from the first location). The output of information indicative of the race cars can be supported by different parts of the virtual world and the content can be supported by a different network (e.g., a mobile edge computing location). When playing the game of race cars, a driver might want to go faster and changes a mode, within the game, from driving to flying (as indicated by the first race car **202**). This can occur in the virtual world. To facilitate the change, mobility management can be implemented as discussed herein. For example, the mobility management can be implemented based on the change from driving to flying (or vice versa) triggering a different access technology that can support the change.

[0049] As mentioned, "drivers" of the race cars are at different locations. Accordingly, the network equipment 102 can coordinate the merging of resources from the physical network 122 and from the virtual network 126 in order to fulfill the request. Thus, the metaverse service that is output, in this example, as perceivable in the physical world includes a second race car 204, represented as an avatar. In some cases, both the first race car 202 and the second race car 204 are virtual and can be perceivable in the physical world, or via a rendering device (e.g., a heads-up display). Further, the race cars can also be virtually represented as an avatar within the physical environment. [0050] With continuing reference to FIG. 1, the at least one memory 114 can be operatively connected to the at least one processor 116. The at least one memory 114 and/or the at least one data store 118 can store executable instructions that, when executed by the at least one processor 116 can be utilized to execute computer executable components stored in the at least one memory 114 and/or the at least one data store 118.

[0051] For example, the at least one memory **114** can store protocols associated with facilitating unified mobility management as discussed herein. Further, the at least one memory **114** can facilitate action to control communication between the system **100**, other systems, equipment, network equipment, and/or user equipment such that the system **100** can employ stored protocols and/or processes to facilitate providing unified mobility management as described herein. [0052] It should be appreciated that data stores (e.g., memories) components described herein can be either volatile memory or nonvolatile memory or can include both volatile and nonvolatile memory. By way of example and not limitation, nonvolatile memory can include read only memory (ROM), programmable ROM (PROM), electrically Programmable ROM (EPROM), Electrically Erasable ROM (EPROM), or flash memory. Volatile memory can include Random Access

Memory (RAM), which acts as external cache memory. By way of example and not limitation, RAM is available in many forms such as Synchronous RAM (SRAM), Dynamic RAM (DRAM), Synchronous DRAM (SDRAM), Double Data Rate SDRAM (DDR SDRAM), Enhanced SDRAM (ESDRAM), Synchlink DRAM (SLDRAM), and Direct Rambus RAM (DRRAM). Memory of the disclosed aspects are intended to include, without being limited to, these and other suitable types of memory.

[0053] The at least one processor **116** can facilitate unified mobility management as discussed herein. The at least one processor **116** can be a processor dedicated to analyzing and/or generating information received, a processor that controls one or more components of the system **100**, and/or a processor that both analyzes and generates information received and controls one or more components of the system **100**.

[0054] FIG. **3** illustrates another example, non-limiting, system **300** that facilitates providing unified mobility management in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. The system **300** can comprise one or more of the components and/or functionality of the system **100**, and vice versa.

[0055] As illustrated, the network equipment **102** includes a load balancing component **302** and a unification component **304**. In various embodiments, one or more of: the evaluation component **104**, the selection component **106**, the micro-services component **108**, the output component **110**, the transmitter/receiver component **112**, the at least one memory **114**, the at least one processor **116**, the at least one data store **118**, the load balancing component **302**, and the unification component **304** (as well as other components discussed herein) can be electrically and/or communicatively coupled to one another to perform one or more of the functions of the network equipment **102**. In some embodiments, one or more of: the evaluation component **104**, the selection component **106**, the micro-services component **108**, the output component **110**, the transmitter/receiver component **112**, the load balancing component **302**, and the unification component **304** (as well as other components discussed herein) can include software instructions stored on the at least one memory **114** and/or the at least one data store **118** and executed by the at least one processor **116**.

[0056] The load balancing component **302** can facilitate load balancing between first network equipment, second network equipment, and/or other network equipment. For example, if there is a change in a traffic load of first network equipment, the load balancing component **302** can perform load balancing between the first network equipment and other network equipment (e.g., the second network equipment and/or other network equipment). Based on information indicative of the load balancing, one or more UEs might need to be transferred from the first network equipment to the other network equipment. Accordingly, the micro-services component **108** facilitate respective handovers of the UEs between the network equipment (e.g., from the first network equipment to the second network, from the second network equipment to the first network equipment, and so on).

[0057] The unification component **304** can merge (or combine) one or more first resources from the physical network **122** with one or more second resources from the virtual network **126**. To combine the resources, the unification component **304** can configure the resources to operate with one another. For example, information indicative of the resources (e.g., identification information, capability information, formatting information, communication information, and so on) can be shared among the resources. The combination by the unification component **304** can include creating a metaverse service that is responsive to a service request (e.g., a request to play a race car game or do another type of function).

[0058] Over time, the physical network **122** and/or the virtual network **126** might change. For example, one or more respective resources might become unavailable and/or might become available. In another example, changes associated with a physical environment might change (e.g., a UE might be moved, a first UE might be transferred to a second UE (e.g., a mobile device might

move within range of a vehicle communication device and the communication source changes), and so on. Changes to the virtual environment can include adding one or more "users," content associated with the newly added "users," physical resources associated with a location of the newly added "users." In a similar manner, removal of one or more "users" from the virtual world and/or physical world can result in changes to the physical resources and/or content.

[0059] The unification component **304** (or another system component) can identify a change to one or more of the resources of the first group of first resources and/or the second group of second resources. Based on the indication of the change, the unification component **304** (or another system component) can select another resource. For example, the unification component **304** can select another first resource of the first group of resource and/or another second resource of the second group of second resources.

[0060] For example, the selection component **106** can adapt a capability of the metaverse service (e.g., the output data **130**). To adapt the capability, the selection component **106** can replace a resource with the updated or newly selected resources. For example, the selection component **106** can replace the first resource with another resource from the first group of first resources. Alternatively, or additionally, the selection component **106** can replace the second resource with another second resource from the second group of second resources. According to some implementations, resources might be added, without removal of other resources. In some implementations, more than one resource can be added and/or removed.

[0061] According to some implementations, feedback information related to the metaverse service provided and/or the metaverse services experienced can be received (via the transmitter/receiver component 112). For example, feedback from one or more users can be requested and fed back to the evaluation component 104, load balancing component 302, unification component 304, and/or other system components. Based on this feedback data, as well as other data, the selection component 106 and/or other system components can modify one or more parameters and/or resources from the physical network 122 and/or the virtual network 126 for providing metaverse services in the future.

[0062] FIG. 4 illustrates an example, non-limiting, system 400 that employs automated learning that trains a model to facilitate one or more of the disclosed aspects in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. Repetitive description of like elements employed in other embodiments described herein is omitted for sake of brevity. The system 400 can comprise one or more of the components and/or functionality of the system 100, the system 300, and vice versa. [0063] The system 400 can utilize machine learning to train a model to identify opportunities related to one or more moving objects. The model can be trained to a defined confidence level. As illustrated, the system 400 can comprise a machine learning and reasoning component 402 that can be utilized to automate one or more of the disclosed aspects based on training a model 404. The machine learning and reasoning component 402 can employ automated learning and reasoning procedures (e.g., the use of explicitly and/or implicitly trained statistical classifiers) in connection with performing inference and/or probabilistic determinations and/or statistical-based determinations in accordance with one or more aspects described herein.

[0064] For example, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can employ principles of probabilistic and decision theoretic inference. Additionally, or alternatively, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can rely on predictive models (e.g., the model **404**) constructed using automated learning and/or automated learning procedures. Logic-centric inference can also be employed separately or in conjunction with probabilistic methods.

[0065] For example, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can be used to train a model for a moving object. Each metaverse object can have a known pattern and/or known behavior. When a status of a metaverse moving object changes, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can predict and automatically implemented (autonomously or via another system component) a mobility action and convey information indicative of the mobility action to the

network equipment (e.g., a Radio Access Network (RAN) Intelligent Controller (RIC)). [0066] In an example of a race car, the status of the object (e.g., the race car) can be determined change from driving to flying (or vice versa). Based on this change determination, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can utilize one or more available resources in order to facilitate the change and in view of a defined pattern and/or a defined behavior or the object (e.g., the race car) and how it will manifest itself when flying as opposed to being driven on a road. In some implementations, the one or more resource can include monetary resources in the form of an actual financial transaction and/or by utilizing tokens awarded (or points) to the associated user while playing the game.

[0067] The machine learning and reasoning component **402** can infer which resources of the physical network **122** and which resources of the virtual network **126** have changed (e.g., the input data **120**) and/or how to merge the resources together (e.g., which network equipment to utilize) to provide the metaverse service. In another example, the machine learning and reasoning component **402** can infer information related to how to output the metaverse services.

[0068] As used herein, the term "inference" refers generally to the process of reasoning about or inferring states of a system, a component, a module, an environment, and/or devices from a set of observations as captured through events, reports, data and/or through other forms of communication. Inference can be employed to identify when corrective measures, such as selectively performing mobility management based on changing network conditions and/or conditions associated with user equipment, what actions should be taken to improve a user experience, or can generate a probability distribution over states, for example. The inference can be probabilistic. For example, computation of a probability distribution over states of interest based on a consideration of data and/or events. The inference can also refer to techniques employed for composing higher-level events from a set of events and/or data. Such inference can result in the construction of new events and/or actions from a set of observed events and/or stored event data, whether or not the events are correlated in close temporal proximity, and whether the events and/or data come from one or several events and/or data sources. Various classification schemes and/or systems (e.g., support vector machines, neural networks, logic-centric production systems, Bayesian belief networks, fuzzy logic, data fusion engines, and so on) can be employed in connection with performing automatic and/or inferred action in connection with the disclosed

[0069] The various aspects (e.g., in connection with providing metaverse services in 4G communication networks, 5G communication networks, 6G communication networks, new radio communication networks, and/or other advanced networks) can employ various artificial intelligence-based schemes for carrying out various aspects thereof. For example, a process for determining if one or more resources have changed (or are expected to change) to dynamically provide a metaverse experience, how to merge UEs, services, objects, and/or resources of physical network and virtual networks, and so on can be enabled through an automatic classifier system and process.

[0070] A classifier is a function that maps an input attribute vector, \mathbf{x} =(\mathbf{x} 1, \mathbf{x} 2, \mathbf{x} 3, \mathbf{x} 4, \mathbf{x} n), to a confidence that the input belongs to a class. In other words, $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$ =confidence(class). Such classification can employ a probabilistic and/or statistical-based analysis (e.g., factoring into the analysis utilities and costs) to provide a prognosis and/or infer one or more actions that should be employed to determine when and how to merge physical and/or virtual resources, which resources to merge, how to output metaverse services based on the merging of resources. In the case of priorities, for example, attributes can be identification of one or more resources available across physical and virtual networks and/or an inferred amount of processing capability that is expected to be utilized to provide the metaverse experience, and so on.

[0071] A Support Vector Machine (SVM) is an example of a classifier that can be employed. The SVM operates by finding a hypersurface in the space of possible inputs, which hypersurface

attempts to split the triggering criteria from the non-triggering events. Intuitively, this makes the classification correct for testing data that can be similar, but not necessarily identical to training data. Other directed and undirected model classification approaches (e.g., naïve Bayes, Bayesian networks, decision trees, neural networks, fuzzy logic models, and probabilistic classification models) providing different patterns of independence can be employed. Classification as used herein, can be inclusive of statistical regression that is utilized to develop models of priority. [0072] One or more aspects can employ classifiers that are explicitly trained (e.g., through a generic training data) as well as classifiers that are implicitly trained (e.g., by observing equipment feedback associated with utilization of resources across physical and/or virtual networks, an efficiency associated with selection of resources as compared to other resources not selected, and so on, by receiving extrinsic information (e.g., one or more signals from the equipment), by receiving implicit information, based on an inference, and so on. For example, SVMs can be configured through a learning or training phase within a classifier constructor and feature selection module. Thus, a classifier(s) can be used to automatically learn and perform a number of functions, including but not limited to determining, according to a predetermined criterion, when resources have changed, how the resources have changed, when to perform mobility management, load balancing, and so forth. The criteria can include, but is not limited to, historical information, feedback information, the resources that are available, a processing capability needed to provide the metaverse experience, and so forth.

[0073] Additionally, or alternatively, an implementation scheme (e.g., a rule, a policy, and so on) can be applied to control unified mobility management, to control the delivery of metaverse services, and so forth. In some implementations, based upon a predefined criterion, the rules-based implementation can automatically and/or dynamically interpret changes to resources and changes to equipment in view of the resource changes, for example. In response thereto, the rule-based implementation can automatically interpret and carry out functions associated with the delivery of metaverse services while mitigating and/or reducing an amount of processing bandwidth and/or memory loss during the metaverse service delivery, by employing a predefined and/or programmed rule(s) based upon any desired criteria.

[0074] According to some implementations, seed data (e.g., a data set) can be utilized as initial input to the model **404** to facilitate the training of the model **404**. For example, the seed data can be a past behavior of the movable resource, which can be used as training input to the model **404**. In an example, if seed data is utilized, the seed data can be obtained from one or more historical data associated with available resources, merging of different types of resources, delivery of the metaverse services and/or metaverse experience, and so on. However, the disclosed embodiments are not limited to this implementation and seed data is not necessary to facilitate training of the model **404**. Instead, the model **404** can be trained on new data received (e.g., the input data **120**, a feedback loop, and so on).

[0075] The data (e.g., seed data and/or new data) can be collected and, optionally, labeled with various metadata. For example, the data can be labeled with an indication of the communication protocol being utilized for communication amongst the equipment, respective applications executing on the equipment, or other data, such as identification of respective equipment that provided one or more resources, feedback from one or more users related to the metaverse services received, feedback from one or more users related to the metaverse experience, and so on. [0076] FIG. 5 illustrates an example, non-limiting, system 500 that facilitates unified mobility management for metaverse and physical worlds in advanced networks in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. Repetitive description of like elements employed in other embodiments described herein is omitted for sake of brevity. The system 500 can comprise one or more of the components and/or functionality of the system 100, the system 300, the system 400, and vice versa.

[0077] Metaverse can have connection and interaction between a physical world network 502 (e.g.,

the physical network **122**) and a virtual world network **504** (e.g., the virtual network **126**). The physical world network **502** includes various resources (e.g., the first resources **124**). In the example of FIG. **5**, the resources include, but are not limited to, network equipment **5061** and **5062** (e.g., gNBs, eNBs, satellites, or other types of network equipment). The resources can also include services, such as voice, video, security, and so on. Further, the resources can include a gigabyte passive optical network (GPON), a user plane function (UPF), and so on. The virtual world network **504** comprises one or more resources **508** (e.g., the second resources **128**), which can include virtual and/or physical resources.

[0078] Also included in the system **500** is network equipment (e.g., the network equipment **102**) and a user equipment (a UE **512**). It is noted that although a single user equipment and a single network equipment are illustrated and described, the disclosed embodiments are not limited to this implementation. Instead, there can be more than one user equipment and/or more than one network equipment included in the system **500**.

[0079] In various embodiments, the network equipment, the UE **512**, other equipment, and so on, can be any type of component, machine, device, facility, apparatus, and/or instrument that includes a processor and/or can be capable of effective and/or operative communication with a wired and/or wireless network. Components, machines, apparatuses, devices, facilities, and/or instrumentalities that can include the network equipment, the UE **512**, other equipment, other UEs, and so on, can include tablet computing devices, handheld devices, server class computing machines and/or databases, laptop computers, notebook computers, desktop computers, cell phones, smart phones, consumer appliances and/or instrumentation, industrial and/or commercial devices, hand-held devices, digital assistants, multimedia Internet enabled phones, multimedia players, and the like. Further, according to some implementations, the network equipment, the UE **512**, other UEs, and so on can be classified as Internet of Things (IoT) devices, as Internet of Everything (IoE) devices, electric vehicles (including unmanned vehicles, which can be unmanned aerial vehicles), or the like.

[0080] As illustrated, the network equipment can be a Radio Access Network (RAN) Intelligent Controller (RIC **510**). The RIC **510** can include one or more micro services, illustrated as a mobility management in metaverse microservice (M.sup.3 **512**) and one or more other micro services **514**. Also included in the RIC **510** is an Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning (AI/ML) component **516**. The RIC **510** can also contain infrastructure equipment **518** and one or more databases **520**.

[0081] Also included in the system **500** is a Hybrid Service Design and Orchestration equipment (HSDO **522**) and a Hybrid Software Defining Network Controller (H-SDNc **524**). As utilized herein "hybrid" refers to an interconnection of physical world aspects and metaverse (e.g., virtual world) aspects.

[0082] Based upon a service request **526**, or more than one service request (e.g., the input data **120**) from the UE **512**, the HSDO **522** can create a service. For example, the HSDO **522** can perform selection and composition of the resources from each world (e.g., the physical world network **502**, the virtual world network **504**) that meet the parameters of the service request **526**.

[0083] For example, the service request **526** can be a request from a user to play a game of bowling. To fulfill the request, the RIC **510** can utilize one or more resources from the physical world network **502** and one or more resources from the virtual world network **504** in order to fulfill the service request **526**, which can be output as a metaverse service **528** (e.g., the output data **130**). [0084] The HSDO **522** can create the metaverse service **528** based on various parameters and based on a determination that elements from the physical side and the virtual side are needed to fulfil the request. For example, the HSDO **522** can create the metaverse service **528** based on one or more community objectives and/or one or more community intents. Considerations can include, for example, who and/or where "people" can meet, what they can do, the application and/or service requirements and/or needs. The considerations can also take into account policy and user

preference. As utilized herein, a person can be an actual person located at a same location as the user that sent the service request, at a different location, and/or can be a virtual person (e.g., a person created by the network equipment or other equipment). In an example, of when the "person" is not at the same location as the user that sent the service request, the metaverse service **528** can output the "person" as an avatar with a physical network of the service requestors, as discussed with respect to FIG. **2**.

[0085] According to some implementations, the system **500** can operate on the service level with multiple metaverse inputs and outputs (MM-MIMO) from both physical and virtual worlds. For example, the input can include both virtual objects (e.g., meta-conference) and physical resources and instances (e.g., telepresence, and so on). The output can be in the virtual world and, further, can be brought back to the physical world with the representations, and/or a mixture of both the virtual world and the physical world.

[0086] Further, the H-SDNc **524** can be configured for chaining metaverse resource ports including physical and virtual. For example, the H-SDNc **524** can have a global view of the virtual communities, virtual resources, and physical resources including wireline, wireless, RAN, core, transport, MEC, and so on.

[0087] Upon the metaverse service level composition by the HSDO **522**, the H-SDNc **524** instantiates the virtual communities and the relevant resources with the proper distribution and interconnections. For example, the resources can include physical resources and/or virtual resources. The resources can be in the form of universal ports (e.g., similar to Lego® blocks), that can be interconnected with interfaces, which according to some implementations can be standard interfaces. Further, universal ports in the Service-Based Architecture (SBA) can be extended to the Metaverse (e.g., the universal ports include both logical resources and physical resources from both worlds (e.g., the physical world network **502** and the virtual world network **504**). [0088] The H-SDNc **524** and the HSDO **522** can cooperate to allow dynamic changes of the

resources and their respective connections depending on the virtual community changes, as well as the physical location of the users, the physical location of the interface equipment, and so on. [0089] There can be a level of abstraction between the worlds (e.g., the physical world network **502** and the virtual world network **504**). For example, the physical world network **502** can be abstracted as one or more physical network resource abstractions **530**, which can be received and processed by the RIC **510**. The virtual world network **504** can be abstracted as information indicative of a virtual resource inventory **532**, which can be received as first input data at a metaverse (MV) service and physical world mapping and abstraction **534** can receive, as second input data, the one or more physical network resource abstractions **530** via the RIC **510**.

[0090] According to some implementations, the information indicative of a virtual resource inventory can include, for each virtual object, identification information, classification information, location information, mobility state, geographic area information, and community information. [0091] By way of example and not limitation an example of information for a first object can be as follows: [0092] ID: a1 [0093] Classification: user [0094] Location: x1, y1 [0095] Mobility state: static [0096] Geo areas (service dependent): [0097] Communities: chess player (pro), golfer (mid),

[0098] Further to the above example, information for a second object can be as follows: [0099] ID: b1 [0100] Classification: user [0101] Location: xy, yy [0102] Mobility state: 1000 mps [0103] Geo areas (service dependent): [0104] Communities: car (pro), chef (entry),

[0105] The H-SDNc **524** can chain the physical and virtual worlds (e.g., the one or more physical network resource abstractions **530**, the information indicative of the virtual resource inventory **532**, and so on. In such a manner, the metaverse service **528** can be provided to the UE **512**, as discussed herein.

[0106] FIG. 6 illustrates an example, non-limiting, computer-implemented method 600 for

facilitating unified mobility management in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. Repetitive description of like elements employed in other embodiments described herein is omitted for sake of brevity. The computer-implemented method **600** can be implemented by a system including a memory and a processor, user equipment including memory and a processor, network equipment including a memory and a processor, a network controller including a memory and a processor, or another computer-implemented device including a memory and a processor. [0107] The computer-implemented method **600** starts, at **602**, with evaluating, by first network equipment comprising a processor, a service parameter of a user equipment. The user equipment can be executing an application associated with a combination network that comprises a first resource associated with a physical network that is merged with a second resource associated with a virtual network. In an example the first network equipment can comprise a radio access network intelligence controller.

[0108] The computer-implemented method **600** continues, at **604**, based on the evaluating indicating that the service parameter fails to satisfy a defined service parameter, implementing, by the first network equipment, a mobility management microservice that transfers a servicing of the user equipment from the first network equipment to second network equipment. [0109] According to an implementation, the service parameter is a defined service coverage. Further, implementing the mobility management microservice can include facilitating a handover of the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment. [0110] In some implementations, the service parameter is a traffic load of the first network equipment. Further, implementing the mobility management microservice can include performing load balancing of a group of user equipment, comprising the user equipment, between the first network equipment and the second network equipment.

[0111] According to some implementations, the first network equipment is configured to operate according to a first network communication protocol and the service parameter is a defined latency amount. Further to these implementations implementing the mobility management microservice can include facilitating a handover of the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment. The second network equipment is configured to operate according to a second network communication protocol. In an example, the first network communication protocol is at most a fifth generation network communication protocol and the second network communication protocol is at least a sixth generation network communication protocol. [0112] In accordance with some implementations, the first network equipment is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture. Further, implementing the mobility management microservice can include transferring the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment that is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture. [0113] In accordance with an alternative implementation, the first network equipment is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture. Further, implementing the mobility management microservice can include transferring the user equipment from the first network equipment to the second network equipment that is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture. [0114] FIG. 7 illustrates an example, non-limiting, computer-implemented method **700** for providing unified mobility management via artificial intelligence in accordance with one or more embodiments described herein. Repetitive description of like elements employed in other embodiments described herein is omitted for sake of brevity. The computer-implemented method **700** can be implemented by a system including a memory and a processor, user equipment including memory and a processor, network equipment including a memory and a processor, a network controller including a memory and a processor, or another computer-implemented device including a memory and a processor.

[0115] The computer-implemented method **700** starts, at **702**, when the first network equipment, employs machine learning to train a model based on a pattern of a moving object. For example, training the model can include using a past behavior of the movable resource (e.g., the movable

object) as training input.

[0116] Further, at **704**, based on the model and a determination that a status of the moving object has changed, selecting, by the first network equipment, the mobility management microservice. For example, the mobility management microservice can be selected from a group of mobility management microservices, resulting in a selected mobility management microservice. [0117] The first network equipment can facilitate a conveyance of information indicative of the selected mobility management microservice to the user equipment at **706**. For example, conveyance of the information indicative of the selected mobility management microservice can be information related to a handover of the UE from first network equipment to second network equipment. In another example, the information indicative of the selected mobility management microservice can be a rendering of one or more objects (e.g., virtual objects) that are perceivable (e.g., visually, audibly, and so on) by a user of the UE.

[0118] Described herein are systems, methods, articles of manufacture, non-transitory machine-readable medium, and other embodiments or implementations that can facilitate unified mobility management in metaverse and physical worlds in advanced networks. Metaverse is a digital world for the next generation of the internet. Metaverse can have connection and interaction between physical and virtual worlds. In the meta world, many objects (or resources) will be moving and possibly in significant speed as compared the physical objects (or resources). How the metaverse moving objects are related to the physical world and how to provide mobility management in metaverse is provided herein. Also provided is a meta service across different technology generations.

[0119] According to an implementation, a microservice in RIC, referred to as Mobility Management in Metaverse (M.sup.3), performs the mobility management function. For example, the M.sup.3 can perform mobility, such as handovers due to coverage. In another example, the M.sup.3 can perform mobility handovers to different access technologies due to the service support. For example, some services can be supports in 5G, while some others can only be supported in 6G, etc. In another example, the M.sup.3 can perform load balancing. In another example, the M.sup.3 can select non-standalone network equipment and/or standalone network equipment based on coverage and/or capability.

[0120] Further, the disclosed aspect can be implemented via artificial intelligence and/or machine learning. For example, artificial intelligence and/or machine learning can be used to train a model for a moving object. When an Metaverse moving objects status change, the artificial intelligence and/or machine learning can predict and implemented (or in some cases recommend) the best mobility action and feed such information to the M.sup.3.

[0121] The embodiments discussed herein include a HSDO for the service creation and the selection and composition of the resources from each world that meets the service needs. The HSDO creates the metaverse service based on community objectives and/or intent on who and/or where "people" can meet, what the "people" can do, the application and service requirements and/or needs, which can also take into account policies and/or user preferences. The H-SDNc can be utilized for chaining metaverse resource ports (including physical resource ports and virtual resource ports) and instantiates the virtual communities and the relevant resources with the proper distribution and interconnections. The disclosed embodiments also allow dynamic changes of the resources and the connections of them depending on the virtual community changes, as well as the physical location of the users, the physical location of the interface equipment, and so on. [0122] FIG. **8** presents an example embodiment **800** of a mobile network platform **810** that can implement and exploit one or more aspects of the disclosed subject matter described herein. Generally, wireless network platform **810** can include components, e.g., nodes, gateways, interfaces, servers, or disparate platforms, which facilitate both packet-switched (PS) (e.g., Internet protocol (IP), frame relay, asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) and circuit-switched (CS) traffic (e.g., voice and data), as well as control generation for networked wireless telecommunication. As a

non-limiting example, wireless network platform **810** can be included in telecommunications carrier networks and can be considered carrier-side components as discussed elsewhere herein. Mobile network platform **810** includes CS gateway node(s) **812** which can interface CS traffic received from legacy networks such as telephony network(s) 840 (e.g., public switched telephone network (PSTN), or public land mobile network (PLMN)) or a signaling system #7 (SS7) network **860**. Circuit switched gateway node(s) **812** can authorize and authenticate traffic (e.g., voice) arising from such networks. Additionally, CS gateway node(s) 812 can access mobility, or roaming, data generated through SS7 network **860**; for instance, mobility data stored in a visited location register (VLR), which can reside in memory **830**. Moreover, CS gateway node(s) **812** interfaces CS-based traffic and signaling and PS gateway node(s) **818**. As an example, in a 3GPP UMTS network, CS gateway node(s) **812** can be realized at least in part in gateway GPRS support node(s) (GGSN). It should be appreciated that functionality and specific operation of CS gateway node(s) 812, PS gateway node(s) 818, and serving node(s) 816, is provided and dictated by radio technology(ies) utilized by mobile network platform **810** for telecommunication. Mobile network platform 810 can also include the MMEs, HSS/PCRFs, SGWs, and PGWs disclosed herein. [0123] In addition to receiving and processing CS-switched traffic and signaling, PS gateway node(s) **818** can authorize and authenticate PS-based data sessions with served mobile devices. Data sessions can include traffic, or content(s), exchanged with networks external to the wireless network platform **810**, like wide area network(s) (WANs) **850**, enterprise network(s) **870**, and service network(s) 880, which can be embodied in local area network(s) (LANs), can also be interfaced with mobile network platform **810** through PS gateway node(s) **818**. It is to be noted that WANs **850** and enterprise network(s) **870** can embody, at least in part, a service network(s) such as IP multimedia subsystem (IMS). Based on radio technology layer(s) available in technology resource(s) **817**, packet-switched gateway node(s) **818** can generate packet data protocol contexts when a data session is established; other data structures that facilitate routing of packetized data also can be generated. To that end, in an aspect, PS gateway node(s) **818** can include a tunnel interface (e.g., tunnel termination gateway (TTG) in 3GPP UMTS network(s) (not shown)) which can facilitate packetized communication with disparate wireless network(s), such as Wi-Fi networks.

[0124] In embodiment **800**, wireless network platform **810** also includes serving node(s) **816** that, based upon available radio technology layer(s) within technology resource(s) 817, convey the various packetized flows of data streams received through PS gateway node(s) 818. It is to be noted that for technology resource(s) **817** that rely primarily on CS communication, server node(s) can deliver traffic without reliance on PS gateway node(s) **818**; for example, server node(s) can embody at least in part a mobile switching center. As an example, in a 3GPP UMTS network, serving node(s) **816** can be embodied in serving GPRS support node(s) (SGSN). [0125] For radio technologies that exploit packetized communication, server(s) **814** in wireless network platform **810** can execute numerous applications that can generate multiple disparate packetized data streams or flows, and manage (e.g., schedule, queue, format, and so on) such flows. Such application(s) can include add-on features to standard services (for example, provisioning, billing, user support, and so forth) provided by wireless network platform 810. Data streams (e.g., content(s) that are part of a voice call or data session) can be conveyed to PS gateway node(s) 818 for authorization/authentication and initiation of a data session, and to serving node(s) **816** for communication thereafter. In addition to application server, server(s) **814** can include utility server(s), a utility server can include a provisioning server, an operations and maintenance server, a security server that can implement at least in part a certificate authority and firewalls as well as other security mechanisms, and the like. In an aspect, security server(s) secure communication served through wireless network platform **810** to ensure network's operation and data integrity in addition to authorization and authentication procedures that CS gateway node(s) **812** and PS gateway node(s) 818 can enact. Moreover, provisioning server(s) can provision services from

external network(s) like networks operated by a disparate service provider; for instance, WAN **850** or Global Positioning System (GPS) network(s) (not shown). Provisioning server(s) can also provision coverage through networks associated to wireless network platform **810** (e.g., deployed and operated by the same service provider), such as femto-cell network(s) (not shown) that enhance wireless service coverage within indoor confined spaces and offload RAN resources in order to enhance subscriber service experience within a home or business environment by way of UE **875**. [0126] It is to be noted that server(s) **814** can include one or more processors configured to confer at least in part the functionality of macro network platform **810**. To that end, the one or more processors can execute code instructions stored in memory **830**, for example. It should be appreciated that server(s) **814** can include a content manager, which operates in substantially the same manner as described hereinbefore.

[0127] In example embodiment **800**, memory **830** can store information related to operation of wireless network platform **810**. Other operational information can include provisioning information of mobile devices served through wireless network platform **810**, subscriber databases; application intelligence, pricing schemes, e.g., promotional rates, flat-rate programs, couponing campaigns; technical specification(s) consistent with telecommunication protocols for operation of disparate radio, or wireless, technology layers; and so forth. Memory **830** can also store information from at least one of telephony network(s) **840**, WAN **850**, enterprise network(s) **870**, or SS7 network **860**. In an aspect, memory **830** can be, for example, accessed as part of a data store component or as a remotely connected memory store.

[0128] Referring now to FIG. **9**, illustrated is an example, non-limiting, block diagram of a handset **900** operable to engage in a system architecture that facilitates wireless communications according to one or more embodiments described herein. Although a mobile handset is illustrated herein, it will be understood that other devices can be a mobile device and/or UE, and that the mobile handset is merely illustrated to provide context for the embodiments of the various embodiments described herein. The following discussion is intended to provide a brief, general description of an example of a suitable environment in which the various embodiments can be implemented. While the description includes a general context of computer-executable instructions embodied on a machine-readable storage medium, those skilled in the art will recognize that the various embodiments also can be implemented in combination with other program modules and/or as a combination of hardware and software.

[0129] Generally, applications (e.g., program modules) can include routines, programs, components, data structures, etc., that perform particular tasks or implement particular abstract data types. Moreover, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the methods described herein can be practiced with other system configurations, including single-processor or multiprocessor systems, minicomputers, mainframe computers, as well as personal computers, hand-held computing devices, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, and the like, each of which can be operatively coupled to one or more associated devices.

[0130] A computing device can typically include a variety of machine-readable media. Machine-readable media can be any available media that can be accessed by the computer and includes both volatile and non-volatile media, removable and non-removable media. By way of example and not limitation, computer-readable media can include computer storage media and communication media. Computer storage media can include volatile and/or non-volatile media, removable and/or non-removable media implemented in any method or technology for storage of information, such as computer-readable instructions, data structures, program modules, or other data. Computer storage media can include, but is not limited to, RAM, ROM, EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD ROM, digital video disk (DVD) or other optical disk storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium which can be used to store the desired information, and which can be accessed by the computer.

[0131] Communication media typically embodies computer-readable instructions, data structures, program modules, or other data in a modulated data signal such as a carrier wave or other transport mechanism and includes any information delivery media. The term "modulated data signal" means a signal that has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in the signal. By way of example, and not limitation, communication media includes wired media such as a wired network or direct-wired connection, and wireless media such as acoustic, RF, infrared and other wireless media. Combinations of the any of the above should also be included within the scope of computer-readable media.

[0132] The handset includes a processor **902** for controlling and processing all onboard operations and functions. A memory **904** interfaces to the processor **902** for storage of data and one or more applications **906** (e.g., a video player software, user feedback component software, etc.). Other applications can include voice recognition of predetermined voice commands that facilitate initiation of the user feedback signals. The applications **906** can be stored in the memory **904** and/or in a firmware **908** and executed by the processor **902** from either or both the memory **904** or/and the firmware **908**. The firmware **908** can also store startup code for execution in initializing the handset **900**. A communications component **910** interfaces to the processor **902** to facilitate wired/wireless communication with external systems, e.g., cellular networks, VoIP networks, and so on. Here, the communications component **910** can also include a suitable cellular transceiver **911** (e.g., a GSM transceiver) and/or an unlicensed transceiver **913** (e.g., Wi-Fi, WiMax) for corresponding signal communications. The handset **900** can be a device such as a cellular telephone, a PDA with mobile communications capabilities, and messaging-centric devices. The communications component 910 also facilitates communications reception from terrestrial radio networks (e.g., broadcast), digital satellite radio networks, and Internet-based radio services networks.

[0133] The handset **900** includes a display **912** for displaying text, images, video, telephony functions (e.g., a Caller ID function), setup functions, and for user input. For example, the display **912** can also be referred to as a "screen" that can accommodate the presentation of multimedia content (e.g., music metadata, messages, wallpaper, graphics, etc.). The display **912** can also display videos and can facilitate the generation, editing and sharing of video quotes. A serial I/O interface **914** is provided in communication with the processor **902** to facilitate wired and/or wireless serial communications (e.g., USB, and/or IEEE 1394) through a hardwire connection, and other serial input devices (e.g., a keyboard, keypad, and mouse). This can support updating and troubleshooting the handset **900**, for example. Audio capabilities are provided with an audio I/O component **916**, which can include a speaker for the output of audio signals related to, for example, indication that the user pressed the proper key or key combination to initiate the user feedback signal. The audio I/O component **916** also facilitates the input of audio signals through a microphone to record data and/or telephony voice data, and for inputting voice signals for telephone conversations.

[0134] The handset **900** can include a slot interface **918** for accommodating a SIC [0135] (Subscriber Identity Component) in the form factor of a card Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) or universal SIM **920** and interfacing the SIM card **920** with the processor **902**. However, it is to be appreciated that the SIM card **920** can be manufactured into the handset **900** and updated by downloading data and software.

[0136] The handset **900** can process IP data traffic through the communications component **910** to accommodate IP traffic from an IP network such as, for example, the Internet, a corporate intranet, a home network, a person area network, etc., through an ISP or broadband cable provider. Thus, VOIP traffic can be utilized by the handset **900** and IP-based multimedia content can be received in either an encoded or decoded format.

[0137] A video processing component **922** (e.g., a camera) can be provided for decoding encoded multimedia content. The video processing component **922** can aid in facilitating the generation,

editing, and sharing of video quotes. The handset **900** also includes a power source **924** in the form of batteries and/or an AC power subsystem, which power source **924** can interface to an external power system or charging equipment (not shown) by a power I/O component **926**.

[0138] The handset **900** can also include a video component **930** for processing video content received and, for recording and transmitting video content. For example, the video component **930** can facilitate the generation, editing and sharing of video quotes. A location tracking component **932** facilitates geographically locating the handset **900**. As described hereinabove, this can occur when the user initiates the feedback signal automatically or manually. A user input component **934** facilitates the user initiating the quality feedback signal. The user input component **934** can also facilitate the generation, editing and sharing of video quotes. The user input component **934** can include such conventional input device technologies such as a keypad, keyboard, mouse, stylus pen, and/or touchscreen, for example.

[0139] Referring again to the applications **906**, a hysteresis component **936** facilitates the analysis and processing of hysteresis data, which is utilized to determine when to associate with the access point. A software trigger component **938** can be provided that facilitates triggering of the hysteresis component **936** when the Wi-Fi transceiver **913** detects the beacon of the access point. A SIP client **940** enables the handset **900** to support SIP protocols and register the subscriber with the SIP registrar server. The applications **906** can also include a client **942** that provides at least the capability of discovery, play and store of multimedia content, for example, music. [0140] The handset **900**, as indicated above related to the communications component **910**, includes an indoor network radio transceiver **913** (e.g., Wi-Fi transceiver). This function supports the indoor radio link, such as IEEE 802.11, for a dual-mode GSM handset. The handset **900** can accommodate at least satellite radio services through a handset that can combine wireless voice and digital radio chipsets into a single handheld device.

[0141] In order to provide additional context for various embodiments described herein, FIG. **10** and the following discussion are intended to provide a brief, general description of a suitable computing environment **1000** in which the various embodiments of the embodiment described herein can be implemented. While the embodiments have been described above in the general context of computer-executable instructions that can run on one or more computers, those skilled in the art will recognize that the embodiments can be also implemented in combination with other program modules and/or as a combination of hardware and software.

[0142] Generally, program modules include routines, programs, components, data structures, etc., that perform particular tasks or implement particular abstract data types. Moreover, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the inventive methods can be practiced with other computer system configurations, including single-processor or multiprocessor computer systems, minicomputers, mainframe computers, Internet of Things (IoT) devices, distributed computing systems, as well as personal computers, hand-held computing devices, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, and the like, each of which can be operatively coupled to one or more associated devices.

[0143] The illustrated embodiments of the embodiments herein can be also practiced in distributed computing environments where certain tasks are performed by remote processing devices that are linked through a communications network. In a distributed computing environment, program modules can be located in both local and remote memory storage devices.

[0144] Computing devices typically include a variety of media, which can include computer-readable storage media, machine-readable storage media, and/or communications media, which two terms are used herein differently from one another as follows. Computer-readable storage media or machine-readable storage media can be any available storage media that can be accessed by the computer and includes both volatile and nonvolatile media, removable and non-removable media. By way of example, and not limitation, computer-readable storage media or machine-readable storage media can be implemented in connection with any method or technology for

storage of information such as computer-readable or machine-readable instructions, program modules, structured data or unstructured data.

[0145] Computer-readable storage media can include, but are not limited to, random access memory (RAM), read only memory (ROM), electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM), flash memory or other memory technology, compact disk read only memory (CD-ROM), digital versatile disk (DVD), Blu-ray disc (BD) or other optical disk storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, solid state drives or other solid state storage devices, or other tangible and/or non-transitory media which can be used to store desired information. In this regard, the terms "tangible" or "non-transitory" herein as applied to storage, memory or computer-readable media, are to be understood to exclude only propagating transitory signals per se as modifiers and do not relinquish rights to all standard storage, memory or computer-readable media that are not only propagating transitory signals per se.

[0146] Computer-readable storage media can be accessed by one or more local or remote computing devices, e.g., via access requests, queries or other data retrieval protocols, for a variety of operations with respect to the information stored by the medium.

[0147] Communications media typically embody computer-readable instructions, data structures, program modules or other structured or unstructured data in a data signal such as a modulated data signal, e.g., a carrier wave or other transport mechanism, and includes any information delivery or transport media. The term "modulated data signal" or signals refers to a signal that has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in one or more signals. By way of example, and not limitation, communication media include wired media, such as a wired network or direct-wired connection, and wireless media such as acoustic, RF, infrared and other wireless media.

[0148] With reference again to FIG. **10**, the example environment **1000** for implementing various embodiments of the aspects described herein includes a computer **1002**, the computer **1002** including a processing unit **1004**, a system memory **1006** and a system bus **1008**. The system bus **1008** couples system components including, but not limited to, the system memory **1006** to the processing unit **1004**. The processing unit **1004** can be any of various commercially available processors. Dual microprocessors and other multi-processor architectures can also be employed as the processing unit **1004**.

[0149] The system bus **1008** can be any of several types of bus structure that can further interconnect to a memory bus (with or without a memory controller), a peripheral bus, and a local bus using any of a variety of commercially available bus architectures. The system memory **1006** includes ROM **1010** and RAM **1012**. A Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) can be stored in a non-volatile memory such as ROM, erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM), EEPROM, which BIOS contains the basic routines that help to transfer information between elements within the computer **1002**, such as during startup. The RAM **1012** can also include a high-speed RAM such as static RAM for caching data.

[0150] The computer **1002** further includes an internal hard disk drive (HDD) **1014** (e.g., EIDE, SATA), one or more external storage devices **1016** (e.g., a magnetic floppy disk drive (FDD) **1016**, a memory stick or flash drive reader, a memory card reader, etc.) and a drive **1020**, e.g., such as a solid state drive, an optical disk drive, which can read or write from a disk **1022**, such as a CD-ROM disc, a DVD, a BD, etc. Alternatively, where a solid state drive is involved, disk **1022** would not be included, unless separate. While the internal HDD **1014** is illustrated as located within the computer **1002**, the internal HDD **1014** can also be configured for external use in a suitable chassis (not shown). Additionally, while not shown in environment **1000**, a solid state drive (SSD) could be used in addition to, or in place of, an HDD **1014**. The HDD **1014**, external storage device(s) **1016** and drive **1020** can be connected to the system bus **1008** by an HDD interface **1024**, an external storage interface **1026** and a drive interface **1028**, respectively. The interface **1024** for external

drive implementations can include at least one or both of Universal Serial Bus (USB) and Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 1294 interface technologies. Other external drive connection technologies are within contemplation of the embodiments described herein. [0151] The drives and their associated computer-readable storage media provide nonvolatile storage of data, data structures, computer-executable instructions, and so forth. For the computer 1002, the drives and storage media accommodate the storage of any data in a suitable digital format. Although the description of computer-readable storage media above refers to respective types of storage devices, it should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that other types of storage media which are readable by a computer, whether presently existing or developed in the future, could also be used in the example operating environment, and further, that any such storage media can contain computer-executable instructions for performing the methods described herein. [0152] A number of program modules can be stored in the drives and RAM **1012**, including an operating system **1030**, one or more application programs **1032**, other program modules **1034** and program data **1036**. All or portions of the operating system, applications, modules, and/or data can also be cached in the RAM **1012**. The systems and methods described herein can be implemented utilizing various commercially available operating systems or combinations of operating systems. [0153] Computer **1002** can optionally include emulation technologies. For example, a hypervisor (not shown) or other intermediary can emulate a hardware environment for operating system **1030**, and the emulated hardware can optionally be different from the hardware illustrated in FIG. **10**. In such an embodiment, operating system **1030** can include one virtual machine (VM) of multiple VMs hosted at computer **1002**. Furthermore, operating system **1030** can provide runtime environments, such as the Java runtime environment or the .NET framework, for applications **1032**. Runtime environments are consistent execution environments that allow applications **1032** to run on any operating system that includes the runtime environment. Similarly, operating system 1030 can support containers, and applications **1032** can be in the form of containers, which are lightweight, standalone, executable packages of software that include, e.g., code, runtime, system tools, system libraries and settings for an application.

[0154] Further, computer **1002** can be enable with a security module, such as a trusted processing module (TPM). For example, with a TPM, boot components hash next in time boot components, and wait for a match of results to secured values, before loading a next boot component. This process can take place at any layer in the code execution stack of computer **1002**, e.g., applied at the application execution level or at the operating system (OS) kernel level, thereby enabling security at any level of code execution.

[0155] A user can enter commands and information into the computer **1002** through one or more wired/wireless input devices, e.g., a keyboard **1038**, a touch screen **1040**, and a pointing device, such as a mouse **1042**. Other input devices (not shown) can include a microphone, an infrared (IR) remote control, a radio frequency (RF) remote control, or other remote control, a joystick, a virtual reality controller and/or virtual reality headset, a game pad, a stylus pen, an image input device, e.g., camera(s), a gesture sensor input device, a vision movement sensor input device, an emotion or facial detection device, a biometric input device, e.g., fingerprint or iris scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are often connected to the processing unit **1004** through an input device interface **1044** that can be coupled to the system bus **1008**, but can be connected by other interfaces, such as a parallel port, an IEEE 1394 serial port, a game port, a USB port, an IR interface, a BLUETOOTH® interface, etc.

[0156] A monitor **1046** or other type of display device can be also connected to the system bus **1008** via an interface, such as a video adapter **1048**. In addition to the monitor **1046**, a computer typically includes other peripheral output devices (not shown), such as speakers, printers, etc. [0157] The computer **1002** can operate in a networked environment using logical connections via wired and/or wireless communications to one or more remote computers, such as a remote computer(s) **1050**. The remote computer(s) **1050** can be a workstation, a server computer, a router,

a personal computer, portable computer, microprocessor-based entertainment appliance, a peer device or other common network node, and typically includes many or all of the elements described relative to the computer **1002**, although, for purposes of brevity, only a memory/storage device **1052** is illustrated. The logical connections depicted include wired/wireless connectivity to a local area network (LAN) **1054** and/or larger networks, e.g., a wide area network (WAN) **1056**. Such LAN and WAN networking environments are commonplace in offices and companies, and facilitate enterprise-wide computer networks, such as intranets, all of which can connect to a global communications network, e.g., the Internet.

[0158] When used in a LAN networking environment, the computer **1002** can be connected to the local network **1054** through a wired and/or wireless communication network interface or adapter **1058**. The adapter **1058** can facilitate wired or wireless communication to the LAN **1054**, which can also include a wireless access point (AP) disposed thereon for communicating with the adapter **1058** in a wireless mode.

[0159] When used in a WAN networking environment, the computer **1002** can include a modem **1060** or can be connected to a communications server on the WAN **1056** via other means for establishing communications over the WAN **1056**, such as by way of the Internet. The modem **1060**, which can be internal or external and a wired or wireless device, can be connected to the system bus **1008** via the input device interface **1044**. In a networked environment, program modules depicted relative to the computer **1002** or portions thereof, can be stored in the remote memory/storage device **1052**. It will be appreciated that the network connections shown are example and other means of establishing a communications link between the computers can be used.

[0160] When used in either a LAN or WAN networking environment, the computer **1002** can access cloud storage systems or other network-based storage systems in addition to, or in place of, external storage devices **1016** as described above, such as but not limited to a network virtual machine providing one or more aspects of storage or processing of information. Generally, a connection between the computer **1002** and a cloud storage system can be established over a LAN **1054** or WAN **1056** e.g., by the adapter **1058** or modem **1060**, respectively. Upon connecting the computer **1002** to an associated cloud storage system, the external storage interface **1026** can, with the aid of the adapter **1058** and/or modem **1060**, manage storage provided by the cloud storage system as it would other types of external storage. For instance, the external storage interface **1026** can be configured to provide access to cloud storage sources as if those sources were physically connected to the computer **1002**.

[0161] The computer **1002** can be operable to communicate with any wireless devices or entities operatively disposed in wireless communication, e.g., a printer, scanner, desktop and/or portable computer, portable data assistant, communications satellite, any piece of equipment or location associated with a wirelessly detectable tag (e.g., a kiosk, news stand, store shelf, etc.), and telephone. This can include Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) and BLUETOOTH® wireless technologies. Thus, the communication can be a predefined structure as with a conventional network or simply an ad hoc communication between at least two devices.

[0162] An aspect of 5G, which differentiates from previous 4G systems, is the use of NR. NR architecture can be designed to support multiple deployment cases for independent configuration of resources used for RACH procedures. Since the NR can provide additional services than those provided by LTE, efficiencies can be generated by leveraging the pros and cons of LTE and NR to facilitate the interplay between LTE and NR, as discussed herein.

[0163] Reference throughout this specification to "one embodiment," or "an embodiment," means that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the embodiment is included in at least one embodiment. Thus, the appearances of the phrase "in one embodiment," "in one aspect," or "in an embodiment," in various places throughout this specification are not necessarily all referring to the same embodiment. Furthermore, the particular features, structures, or

characteristics can be combined in any suitable manner in one or more embodiments. [0164] As used in this disclosure, in some embodiments, the terms "component," "system," "interface," and the like are intended to refer to, or can include a computer-related entity or an entity related to an operational apparatus with one or more specific functionalities, wherein the entity can be either hardware, a combination of hardware and software, software, or software in execution, and/or firmware. As an example, a component can be, but is not limited to being, a process running on a processor, a processor, an object, an executable, a thread of execution, computer-executable instructions, a program, and/or a computer. By way of illustration and not limitation, both an application running on a server and the server can be a component. [0165] One or more components can reside within a process and/or thread of execution and a component can be localized on one computer and/or distributed between two or more computers. In addition, these components can execute from various computer readable media having various data structures stored thereon. The components can communicate via local and/or remote processes such as in accordance with a signal having one or more data packets (e.g., data from one component interacting with another component in a local system, distributed system, and/or across a network such as the Internet with other systems via the signal). As another example, a component can be an apparatus with specific functionality provided by mechanical parts operated by electric or electronic circuitry, which is operated by a software application or firmware application executed by one or more processors, wherein the processor can be internal or external to the apparatus and can execute at least a part of the software or firmware application. As yet another example, a component can be an apparatus that provides specific functionality through electronic components without mechanical parts, the electronic components can include a processor therein to execute software or firmware that confer(s) at least in part the functionality of the electronic components. In an aspect, a component can emulate an electronic component via a virtual machine, e.g., within a cloud computing system. While various components have been illustrated as separate components, it will be appreciated that multiple components can be implemented as a single component, or a single component can be implemented as multiple components, without departing from example embodiments.

[0166] In addition, the words "example" and "exemplary" are used herein to mean serving as an instance or illustration. Any embodiment or design described herein as "example" or "exemplary" is not necessarily to be construed as preferred or advantageous over other embodiments or designs. Rather, use of the word example or exemplary is intended to present concepts in a concrete fashion. As used in this application, the term "or" is intended to mean an inclusive "or" rather than an exclusive "or." That is, unless specified otherwise or clear from context, "X employs A or B" is intended to mean any of the natural inclusive permutations. That is, if X employs A: X employs B; or X employs both A and B, then "X employs A or B" is satisfied under any of the foregoing instances. In addition, the articles "a" and "an" as used in this application and the appended claims should generally be construed to mean "one or more" unless specified otherwise or clear from context to be directed to a singular form.

[0167] Moreover, terms such as "mobile device equipment," "mobile station," "mobile," subscriber station," "access terminal," "terminal," "handset," "communication device," "mobile device," "user equipment" (and/or terms representing similar terminology) can refer to a wireless device utilized by a subscriber or mobile device of a wireless communication service to receive or convey data, control, voice, video, sound, gaming or substantially any data-stream or signaling-stream. The foregoing terms are utilized interchangeably herein and with reference to the related drawings. Likewise, the terms "access point (AP)," "Base Station (BS)," BS transceiver, BS device, cell site, cell site device, "Node B (NB)," "evolved Node B (eNode B)," "home Node B (HNB)" and the like, are utilized interchangeably in the application, and refer to a wireless network component or appliance that transmits and/or receives data, control, voice, video, sound, gaming or substantially any data-stream or signaling-stream from one or more subscriber stations. Data and signaling

streams can be packetized or frame-based flows.

[0168] Furthermore, the terms "device," "communication device," "mobile device," "subscriber," "customer entity," "consumer," "customer entity," "entity" and the like are employed interchangeably throughout, unless context warrants particular distinctions among the terms. It should be appreciated that such terms can refer to human entities or automated components supported through artificial intelligence (e.g., a capacity to make inference based on complex mathematical formalisms), which can provide simulated vision, sound recognition and so forth. [0169] Embodiments described herein can be exploited in substantially any wireless communication technology, including, but not limited to, wireless fidelity (Wi-Fi), global system for mobile communications (GSM), universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS), worldwide interoperability for microwave access (WiMAX), enhanced general packet radio service (enhanced GPRS), third generation partnership project (3GPP) long term evolution (LTE), third generation partnership project 2 (3GPP2) ultra mobile broadband (UMB), high speed packet access (HSPA), Z-Wave, Zigbee and other 802.XX wireless technologies and/or legacy telecommunication technologies.

[0170] The various aspects described herein can relate to New Radio (NR), which can be deployed as a standalone radio access technology or as a non-standalone radio access technology assisted by another radio access technology, such as Long Term Evolution (LTE), for example. It should be noted that although various aspects and embodiments have been described herein in the context of 5G, Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), and/or Long Term Evolution (LTE), or other next generation networks, the disclosed aspects are not limited to 5G, 6G, a UMTS implementation, and/or an LTE implementation as the techniques can also be applied in 3G, 4G, or LTE systems. For example, aspects or features of the disclosed embodiments can be exploited in substantially any wireless communication technology. Such wireless communication technologies can include UMTS, Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), Wi-Fi, Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), Enhanced GPRS, Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP), LTE, Third Generation Partnership Project 2 (3GPP2) Ultra Mobile Broadband (UMB), High Speed Packet Access (HSPA), Evolved High Speed Packet Access (HSPA+), High-Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA), High-Speed Uplink Packet Access (HSUPA), Zigbee, or another IEEE 802.XX technology. Additionally, substantially all aspects disclosed herein can be exploited in legacy telecommunication technologies. [0171] As used herein, "5G" can also be referred to as NR access. Accordingly, systems, methods, and/or machine-readable storage media for facilitating link adaptation of downlink control channel for 5G systems are desired. As used herein, one or more aspects of a 5G network can include, but is not limited to, data rates of several tens of megabits per second (Mbps) supported for tens of thousands of users; at least one gigabit per second (Gbps) to be offered simultaneously to tens of users (e.g., tens of workers on the same office floor); several hundreds of thousands of simultaneous connections supported for massive sensor deployments; spectral efficiency significantly enhanced compared to 4G; improvement in coverage relative to 4G; signaling efficiency enhanced compared to 4G; and/or latency significantly reduced compared to LTE. [0172] Inference can also refer to techniques employed for composing higher-level events from a set of events and/or data. Such inference results in the construction of new events or actions from a set of observed events and/or stored event data, whether the events are correlated in close temporal proximity, and whether the events and data come from one or several event and data sources. Various classification procedures and/or systems (e.g., support vector machines, neural networks, expert systems, Bayesian belief networks, fuzzy logic, and data fusion engines) can be employed in connection with performing automatic and/or inferred action in connection with the disclosed subject matter.

[0173] In addition, the various embodiments can be implemented as a method, apparatus, or article of manufacture using standard programming and/or engineering techniques to produce software,

firmware, hardware, or any combination thereof to control a computer to implement the disclosed subject matter. The term "article of manufacture" as used herein is intended to encompass a computer program accessible from any computer-readable device, machine-readable device, computer-readable carrier, computer-readable media, machine-readable media, computer-readable (or machine-readable) storage/communication media. For example, computer-readable media can include, but are not limited to, a magnetic storage device, e.g., hard disk; floppy disk; magnetic strip(s); an optical disk (e.g., compact disk (CD), a digital video disc (DVD), a Blu-ray Disc™ (BD)); a smart card; a flash memory device (e.g., card, stick, key drive); and/or a virtual device that emulates a storage device and/or any of the above computer-readable media. Of course, those skilled in the art will recognize many modifications can be made to this configuration without departing from the scope or spirit of the various embodiments [0174] The terms "real-time," "near real-time," "dynamically," "instantaneous," "continuously," and the like are employed interchangeably or similarly throughout the subject specification, unless context warrants particular distinction(s) among the terms. It should be noted that such terms can refer to data which is collected and processed at an order without perceivable delay for a given context, the timeliness of data or information that has been delayed only by the time required for electronic communication, actual or near actual time during which a process or event occur, and temporally present conditions as measured by real-time software, real-time systems, and/or highperformance computing systems. Real-time software and/or performance can be employed via synchronous or non-synchronous programming languages, real-time operating systems, and realtime networks, each of which provide frameworks on which to build a real-time software application. A real-time system may be one where its application can be considered (within context) to be a main priority. In a real-time process, the analyzed (input) and generated (output) samples can be processed (or generated) continuously at the same time (or near the same time) it takes to input and output the same set of samples independent of any processing delay. [0175] The above description of illustrated embodiments of the subject disclosure, including what is described in the Abstract, is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the disclosed embodiments to the precise forms disclosed. While specific embodiments and examples are described herein for illustrative purposes, various modifications are possible that are considered within the scope of such embodiments and examples, as those skilled in the relevant art can recognize. [0176] In this regard, while the subject matter has been described herein in connection with various embodiments and corresponding figures, where applicable, it is to be understood that other similar embodiments can be used or modifications and additions can be made to the described embodiments for performing the same, similar, alternative, or substitute function of the disclosed subject matter without deviating therefrom. Therefore, the disclosed subject matter should not be limited to any single embodiment described herein, but rather should be construed in breadth and scope in accordance with the appended claims below.

Claims

- 1. A method, comprising: receiving, by network equipment comprising a processor, a service request from user equipment; in response to the service request, selecting and merging, by the network equipment, one or more resources from a first resource group and from a second resource group, respectively, to meet parameters of the service request, wherein the first resource group is associated with a physical network and the second resource group is associated with a virtual network; generating, by the network equipment, a metaverse service based on the parameters of the service request and the selected and merged one or more resources; and outputting, by the network equipment, the metaverse service.
- **2.** The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving, by the network equipment, input data that include at least information indicative of conditions, the parameters of the service request and

experience within a communication network.

- **3.** The method of claim 2, further comprising: based on the received input data, determining, by the network equipment, a change has occurred to a parameter of the service request from the user equipment that is executing the metaverse service, wherein the parameter of the service request is a defined service coverage or a defined latency amount; and executing, by the network equipment, a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice is selected based on a type of the change to the parameter of the service request, wherein the mobility management microservice facilitates a handover of the user equipment from the network equipment to another network equipment.
- **4**. The method of claim 3, wherein the network equipment is configured to operate according to a first network communication protocol, and wherein the another network equipment is configured to operate according to a second network communication protocol.
- 5. The method of claim 2, wherein based on the received input data, determining, by the network equipment, a change has occurred to a parameter of the service request of the user equipment that is executing the metaverse service, wherein the parameter of the service request is a traffic load of the network equipment; and executing, by the network equipment, a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice is selected based on a type of the change to the parameter of the service request, wherein the mobility management microservice facilitates load balancing of a group of user equipment including the user equipment between the network equipment and another network equipment.
- **6**. The method of claim 1, wherein the network equipment is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture, and wherein the method further comprises transferring the user equipment from the network equipment to another network equipment that is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the network equipment is deployed in a standalone deployment architecture, and wherein the method further comprises transferring the user equipment from the network equipment to second network equipment that is deployed in a non-standalone deployment architecture.
- **8**. The method of claim 1, wherein the second resource group comprises a moving object, and wherein the method further comprises: employing, by the network equipment, machine learning to train a model based on a pattern of the moving object; based on the model and a determination that a status of the moving object has changed, selecting, by the network equipment, a mobility management microservice from a group of mobility management microservices, resulting in a selected mobility management microservice; and facilitating, by the network equipment, a conveyance of information indicative of the selected mobility management microservice to the user equipment.
- **9.** The method of claim 1, further comprising outputting, by the network equipment, information indicative of the metaverse service based on a rendering via a heads up display or a rendering of the second resource group as an avatar that is perceivable in the physical network.
- **10**. A system comprising: a processor; and a memory that stores executable instructions that, when executed by the processor, facilitate performance of operations, comprising: receiving a service request from user equipment; in response to the service request, selecting and merging one or more resources from a first resource group and from a second resource group, respectively, to meet parameters of the service request, wherein the first resource group is associated with a physical network and the second resource group is associated with a virtual network; generating a metaverse service based on the parameters of the service request and the selected and merged one or more resources; and outputting the metaverse service.
- **11**. The system of claim 10, wherein the outputting the metaverse service further comprises outputting information indicative of the metaverse service, wherein a rendering of the information indicative of the metaverse service is performed at the user equipment.

- **12**. The system of claim 11, wherein the rendering of the information indicative of the metaverse service is output as an overlay on a physical world.
- **13**. The system of claim 11, wherein the selecting and merging one or more resources further comprises sharing information indicative of the one or more resources among resources.
- **14**. The system of claim 13, wherein the information indicative of the one or more resources comprises identification information, capability information, formatting information, communication information or a combination thereof.
- **15**. A non-transitory machine-readable medium, comprising executable instructions that, when executed by a processor of network equipment, facilitate performance of operations, comprising: receiving a service request from user equipment; in response to the service request, selecting and merging one or more resources from a first resource group and from a second resource group, respectively, to meet parameters of the service request, wherein the first resource group is associated with a physical network and the second resource group is associated with a virtual network; generating a metaverse service based on the parameters of the service request and the selected and merged one or more resources; and outputting the metaverse service.
- **16**. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 15, further comprising: receiving, by the network equipment, input data that include at least information indicative of conditions, the parameters of the service request and experience within a communication network; based on the received input data, determining, by the network equipment, a change has occurred to a parameter of the service request from the user equipment that is executing the metaverse service, wherein the parameter of the service request is a defined service coverage; and executing, by the network equipment, a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice is selected based on a type of the change to the parameter of the service request, wherein the mobility management microservice facilitates a handover of the user equipment from the network equipment to another network equipment.
- 17. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 15, further comprising: receiving, by the network equipment, input data that include at least information indicative of conditions, the parameters of the service request and experience within a communication network; based on the received input data, determining, by the network equipment, a change has occurred to a parameter of the service request of the user equipment that is executing the metaverse service, wherein the parameter of the service request is a traffic load of the network equipment; and executing, by the network equipment, a mobility management microservice for the user equipment, wherein the mobility management microservice facilitates load balancing of a group of user equipment including the user equipment between the network equipment and another network equipment.
- **18**. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the operations further comprise: providing feedback information related to the metaverse service; and based on the feedback information, modifying the selection and merging of one or more resources in providing the metaverse service.
- **19.** The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the second resource group includes a movable resource, and wherein the operations further comprise: using a past behavior of the movable resource as training input, training, via employing artificial intelligence, a model, wherein the training comprises training the model to a defined confidence level; and selecting a mobility management microservice from a group of mobility management microservices based on the model.
- **20**. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the operations further comprise: rendering a combination of the first resource group and the second resource group as a mixture of physical objects and virtual objects.