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Storage Device System

Abstract

A tool storage device system includes a base and a tool storage container removably coupled to the base. The tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base to attach the tool storage container to the base, and the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base to remove the tool storage container from the base.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/885,200, filed Aug. 10, 2022, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 16/682,979, filed Nov. 13, 2019, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,426,859, which is a continuation of International Application No. PCT/US2018/033161, filed May 17, 2018, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/507,310, filed on May 17, 2017, each of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

BACKGROUND

[0002] The present invention relates to storage devices, including bags, storage totes, tool boxes and organizers.

[0003] Tool storage devices are often used to transport tools and accessories. Tool storage devices include soft-sided storage devices such as a tool bags, and rigid storage devices such as tool boxes and organizers. Soft-sided storage devices include walls made of flexible material and typically have a bottom made of a rigid material. Rigid storage devices include a rigid base and a rigid cover coupled thereto. The rigid base may include dividers and storage compartments for storing and organizing tools and accessories.

SUMMARY

[0004] The present invention provides, in one aspect, a backpack including a first shoulder strap, a second shoulder strap, a base coupled to the first and second shoulder straps, the base configured to extend along a user's back when the shoulder straps extend over the user's shoulders, and a tool storage container. The tool storage container is removably coupled to the base. The tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base to attach the tool storage container to the base, and the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base to remove the tool storage container from the base.

[0005] The present invention provides, in another aspect, a tool cart including a plurality of wheels configured to support the tool cart on a surface such that the tool cart can roll along the surface, and a base having a top side and a bottom side opposite the top side. The plurality of wheels are positioned adjacent the bottom side. The tool cart further includes a tool storage container removably coupled to the top side of the base. The tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to attach the tool storage container to the base, and the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to remove the tool storage container from the base. [0006] The present invention provides, in another aspect, a tool cart including a base with a top side, a bottom side opposite the top side, a first end, and a second end opposite the first end. The tool cart also includes a handle that extends from the first end, first and second wheels adjacent the second end, and a tool storage container. The tool storage container is removably coupled to the top side of the base. The tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to attach the tool storage container to the base, and the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to remove the tool storage container from the base.

[0007] Other features and aspects of the invention will become apparent by consideration of the following detailed description and accompanying drawings.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [0008] FIG. **1** is a perspective view of a storage device system including a soft-sided storage device coupled to a rigid storage device.
- [0009] FIG. **2** is a perspective view of the soft-sided storage device of FIG. **1**.
- [0010] FIG. **3** is a bottom perspective view of the soft-sided storage device of FIG. **2**.
- [0011] FIG. **4** is another bottom perspective view of the soft-sided storage device of FIG. **2**.
- [0012] FIG. **5** is a top perspective view of the rigid storage device of FIG. **1**.
- [0013] FIG. **6** is a top view of the rigid storage device of FIG. **5**.
- [0014] FIG. 7 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of a portion of the storage device system of FIG.
- **1**, illustrating a bottom of the soft-sided storage device disengaged from a top of the rigid storage device.
- [0015] FIG. **8** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the portion of the storage device system shown in FIG. **7**, illustrating the bottom of the soft-sided storage device engaged with the top of the rigid storage device.
- [0016] FIG. **9** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of a portion of the storage device system of FIG.
- **1**, illustrating a latch assembly in a locking position.
- [0017] FIG. **10** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the portion of the storage device system shown in FIG. **9**, illustrating the latch assembly in an unlocking position.
- [0018] FIG. **11** is a perspective view of the rigid storage device of FIG. **5**, illustrating a cover in an open position.
- [0019] FIG. 12 is a top perspective view of a bin for use with the storage case.
- [0020] FIG. **13** is a top view of the bin of FIG. **12**.
- [0021] FIG. **14** is a side view of the bin of FIG. **12**.
- [0022] FIG. **15** is a bottom view of the bin of FIG. **12**.
- [0023] FIG. **16** is an exploded perspective view of the bin of FIG. **12**.
- [0024] FIG. 17 illustrates two relatively short bins stacked on top of one another.
- [0025] FIG. **18** illustrates a relatively tall bin.
- [0026] FIG. **19** is an enlarged view of portions of the two relatively short bins of FIG. **17** stacked together.
- [0027] FIG. **20** is an enlarged view of a portion of the storage case in the open position.
- [0028] FIG. **21** is a perspective view of a backpack of the storage device system.
- [0029] FIG. 22 illustrates an accessory rail usable with the storage device system.
- [0030] FIG. 23 is a perspective view of a tool storage container according to another embodiment.
- [0031] FIG. **24** is a perspective view of a tool storage container according to another embodiment.
- [0032] FIG. **25** is a perspective view of a tool storage container according to another embodiment.
- [0033] FIG. **26** is a perspective view of a tool storage container according to another embodiment.
- [0034] FIG. **27** is a perspective view of a tool cart of the storage device system.
- [0035] FIG. **28** is a perspective view of a cooler according to one embodiment.
- [0036] FIG. **29** is a perspective view of a tool cart of the storage device system according to another embodiment.
- [0037] FIG. **30** is a perspective view of a shelf unit of the storage device system.
- [0038] FIG. **31** is an enlarged perspective view of a portion of the shelf unit of FIG. **30**.
- [0039] FIG. **32** illustrates a clamping rail usable with the storage device system.
- [0040] Before any embodiments of the invention are explained in detail, it is to be understood that

the invention is not limited in its application to the details of construction and the arrangement of components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the following drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced or of being carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology used herein is for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0041] FIG. **1** illustrates a storage device system **10** including a soft-sided storage device **14**, such as soft-sided bag, removably coupled to a hard-sided or rigid storage device **18**, such as a rigid storage case (e.g., a rigid tool box or organizer).

[0042] With reference to FIGS. 2-4, the bag 14 includes a rigid or hard bottom member 22 (e.g., thermoform plastic, etc.) and flexible sidewalls **26** cooperating to define a storage compartment **30**. The sidewalls **26** define an open top **34** for access to the storage compartment **30**. A handle **38** is connected between opposite sidewalls **26** and is engageable by a user to carry the bag **14**. [0043] One or more interface or connection projections **46** are provided on the bottom member **22**. In the illustrated embodiment, each projection **46** extends from a bottom surface **50** of the bottom member 22 and is configured to cooperate with a connection recess 54 (FIGS. 5-6) on the storage case **18** to interface and connect the bag **14** to the storage case **18**. In the illustrated embodiment, each projection **46** is formed integrally with the bottom member **22**, for example, in a thermoforming process. Each projection **46** has a channel **58** on each side of the projection **46** extending parallel to a longitudinal axis A of the bottom member 22, as best shown in FIG. 4. Each channel 58 has a front, open end 62 and a back, closed end 66 along the axis A. Each projection 46 has a planar surface **70** with a generally rectangular shape. In other embodiments, the planar surface **70** may be another shape, e.g., circular, triangular, etc. In the illustrated embodiment, there are six projections **46** arranged in three rows of two along the axis A. In other embodiments, the bag **14** may include fewer or more projections **46**, and/or the projections **46** may be arranged in different patterns. The projections **46** are arranged such that the bag **14** can be supported on a surface by the projections **46** through contact with the planar surfaces **70**.

[0044] The bag **14** further includes a latch assembly **78** including a latch member **82**, as shown in FIG. **3**. The latch assembly **78** is supported by the bottom member **22** within a latch passage **86** defined in the bottom member **22**. The latch member **82** includes a grip portion **90** and an interference portion **94**. The latch member **82** is slidingly movable along an axis perpendicular to the longitudinal axis A of the bottom member **22** within the latch passage **86**.

[0045] The interference portion **94** selectively protrudes from the latch passage **86** through a slot **98** defined in the bottom surface **50** of the bottom member **22**. The interference portion **94** has a tapered surface **102** (FIG. **7**) at a distal end thereof. The latch member **82** is movable between a first or locking position (FIG. 9) in which the interference portion 94 extends through the slot 98, and a second or unlocking position (FIG. 10) in which the interference portion 94 is retracted into the latch passage **86** and does not extend through the slot **98**. The latch assembly **78** further includes a biasing member 106 (e.g., a compression spring) arranged to bias the latch member 82 into the locking position (FIG. 9). The latch member 82 may be urged against the biasing member **106** to the unlocking position (FIG. **10**) by pushing on the grip portion **90**. In the locking position, the interference portion **94** does not extend beyond the planar surfaces **70** of the projections **46**. [0046] With reference to FIGS. **5** and **6**, the storage case **18** includes a base **114** and a top or cover **118**. The cover **118** is movably coupled to the base **114** between a closed position (FIG. **5**) and an open position (FIG. 11). In the illustrated embodiment, the cover 118 is pivotally coupled to the base **114** by a hinge **122**. The cover **118** includes cover latches **126** to releasably secure the cover 118 in the closed position. The storage case 18 also includes a side handle 130 to facilitate independently carrying the storage case **18**.

[0047] With continued reference to FIGS. **5** and **6**, a top surface **134** of the cover **118** defines the connection recesses **54** that receive and cooperate with the projections **46**. In the illustrated

embodiment, the connection recesses **54** include two rows of two small recesses **54***a* corresponding to two rows of two projections **46** and one large recess **54***b* corresponding to a row of two projections **46**. In other embodiments, the cover **118** may include different numbers of patterns of recesses **54**, depending on the arrangement of the projections **46** on the bag **14**. When the projections **46** are received in the connection recesses **54**, the bottom surface **50** of the bottom member **22** is arranged to contact and be supported by the top surface **134** of the cover **118**. [0048] An interference projection or wing **142** extends into each connection recess **54** parallel to a longitudinal axis B of the cover **118** on opposite sides of the connection recess **54** from one end of the connection recess **54**. Each of the wings **142** corresponds to and is configured to cooperate with a corresponding one of the channels **58** of the projection **46** received by the respective connection recess **54**. Each of the wings **142** has a length that extends approximately half the connection recess **54** to define a first portion **146** of the connection recess **54** and a second portion **150** opposite the wings **142**, which remains open. The second portion **150** of each connection recess **54** is sized to receive one of the projections **46** generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis B into a first, disconnected position (FIG. 7). In the disconnected position, the projections **46** are oriented within the connection recesses **54** such that the open ends **62** of the channels **58** are nearer to the wings **142** than the closed ends **66**. Once in the disconnected position, the bottom member **22** may be slid relative to the cover **118** parallel the longitudinal axes A, B in a first direction **152** toward the wings **142** such that the wings **142** are received within the channels **58** in a second, interfaced or connected position (FIG. 8). The wings **142** and the projections **46** engage within the connection recesses 54 to interface and connect the bottom member 22 with the cover 118 and prevent disconnection of the bottom member 22 from the cover 118, except in a second direction 154 opposite the first direction **152** and generally parallel to the longitudinal axes A, B. The wings **142** and the channels **58** engage one another perpendicular to the longitudinal axes A, B (i.e., perpendicular to the top surface **134** of the cover **118** and the bottom surface **50** of the bottom member 22) when carrying the bag 14 and the storage case 18 as a single unit via the handle 38 of the bag **14** (see FIG. **1**).

[0049] With continued reference to FIGS. 5 and 6, the top surface 134 of the cover 118 further defines an interference or locking aperture 158. In the illustrated embodiment, the locking aperture 158 is located at one end of the cover 118. The end of the cover 118 has a sloped surface 162 adjacent the locking aperture 158. The locking aperture 158 is elongate and extends transverse to the longitudinal axis B of the cover 118 parallel to a short side of the cover 118. The locking aperture 158 is located such that when the bottom member 22 and the cover 118 are in the connected position, the locking aperture 158 is aligned with the interference portion 94 of the latch member 82. The locking aperture 158 is sized to receive and engage the interference portion 94 when the latch member 82 is in the locking position (FIG. 9). When the interference portion 94 is engaged with the locking aperture 158 in the locking position, the latch member 82 obstructs movement of the bottom member 22 relative to the cover 118 from the connected position to the disconnected position in the second direction 154, thereby inhibiting disconnection of the bag 14 from the storage case 18. In particular, the interference portion 94 interferes with the cover 118 within the locking aperture 158 such that the wings 142 cannot be removed from the channels 58 of the projections 46 in the second direction 154.

[0050] A user may couple the soft-sided bag **14** to the rigid storage case **18** to carry as a coupled unit by first, inserting the connection projections **46** of the bottom member **22** in a direction perpendicular to the cover **118** and into the second portion **150** of the connection recesses **54** of the cover **118** such that the cover **118** supports the bag **14** in the disconnected position (FIG. **7**). The bottom member **22** and the cover **118** are oriented such their longitudinal axes A, B are parallel, and the latch assembly **78** is nearest the end of the cover **118** defining the locking aperture **158**. The bag **14** (i.e., the bottom member **22**) is then manually slid in the first direction **152** such that the wings **142** are received in the channels **58** through the open end **62** of the channels **58** until the

wings **142** abut the closed end **66** of the channels **58** in the connected position (FIG. **8**). As the bottom member 22 slides relative to the cover 118 from the disconnected position to the connected position, the latch member 82, which is biased into the locking position (FIGS. 7 and 9) by the biasing member **106**, is urged into the unlocking position (FIG. **8**) by the sloped surface **162** of the cover **118** until aligned with the locking aperture **158** when in the connected position. The biasing member **106** then automatically biases the latch member **82** back into the locking position (FIG. **9**) in which the interference portion **94** is received in and engages the locking aperture **158**. Alternatively, a user may urge the latch member 82 into the unlocking position (FIG. 10) by pushing on the grip portion **90** upwardly against the biasing force of the biasing member **106**. The user holds the latch member **82** in the unlocking position while sliding the bag **14** in the first direction **152** from the disconnected position to the connected position. Once in the connected position (FIG. **10**), the user may release the latch member **82**, thereby allowing the latch member **82** to be biased into the locking position where the interference portion **94** is received in and engages the locking aperture **158**. The interference portion **94** of the latch member **82** extends into the locking aperture, thereby inhibiting relative movement of the bag 14 and the storage case 18 in the second direction **154** parallel to the longitudinal axes A, B. Accordingly, the latch assembly **78** and the locking aperture **158** cooperate to secure the soft-sided bag **14** and the rigid storage case **18** in the connected position as a unit to be carried by the handle **38** of the bag **14**. The handle **38** is positioned such that when the bag 14 and the storage case 18 are coupled as a unit, the handle 38 is above a center of gravity of the coupled unit.

[0051] When the soft-sided bag 14 and the rigid storage case 18 are coupled together, the user may quickly decouple them to carry or access each of the storage devices 14, 18 separately. The user first urges the latch member 82 into the unlocking position (FIG. 10) by pushing on the grip portion 90 upwardly against the biasing force of the biasing member 106. While holding the latch member 82 in the unlocking position, the user then slides the bag 14 relative to the cover 118 in the second direction 154 along the longitudinal axes A, B from the connected position (FIG. 8) to the disconnected position (FIG. 7). The wings 142 disengage from the channels 58 and the projections 46 are moved into the second portion 150 of the connection recesses 54, allowing the bag 14 to be disconnected in a direction away from and perpendicular to the top surface 134 of the cover 118. [0052] The latch assembly 78 is dimensioned and constructed to be movable between the locking and unlocking positions to couple the bag 14 to the cover 118. The latch assembly 78 does not interfere with opening the storage case 18 so that the storage case 18 on the bottom will still be able to be opened with the soft-sided bag 14 attached to the cover 118.

[0053] It should be understood that, in other constructions, multiple latch assemblies **78** and corresponding locking apertures **158** may be provided on the bag **14** and the storage case **18**. Such an arrangement may, for example, provide an increased connection between the storage devices **14**, **18**, balance or reduce the load on a given latch assembly, etc.

[0054] It should also be understood that, in other constructions, the latch assembly **78** and the locking aperture **158** may be reversed (e.g., the movable latch member **82** and the biasing member **106** may be supported on the cover **118** or the base **114** of the storage case **18**, and the locking aperture **158** may be defined by the bottom member **22** of the bag **14**). Additionally or alternatively, the relative locations of the projections **46** and the recesses **54** may be reversed (e.g., the projections **46** may extend from the cover **118** of the storage case **18**, and the recesses **54** may be formed in the bottom member **22** of the soft-sided bag **14**).

[0055] As shown in FIG. **1**, the storage devices **14**, **18** have approximately the same perimeter dimensions. There is one pair of latch assembly **78** and locking aperture **158** at one end of the storage devices **14**, **18**. However, in alternate embodiments, the storage devices **14**, **18** may have different perimeter dimensions (e.g., the bag **14** is shorter than the storage case **18**). In such embodiments, the bag **14** may have fewer projections **46** arranged such that the bag **14** may be connected to the storage case **18** in substantially the same manner as described above, except where

one or more of the connection recesses **54** in the cover **118** does not receive a projection **46**. Additionally or alternatively, in some embodiments multiple soft-sided bags **14** having smaller dimensions than the storage case **18** may be simultaneously connected to the storage case **18**. [0056] As shown in FIG. 11, a plurality of bins 170A, 170B, or inserts, are positioned within the base **114**. The base **114** includes a bottom wall **172** and sidewalls **174** extending from the bottom wall defining an interior **176** with a depth D. The bins **170**A, **170**B are independently removable from the storage case **18** when the storage case **18** is open (i.e., the cover **118** is in the open position), as shown in FIG. **11**. The bins **170**A, **170**B include relatively tall, or deep, bins **170**A (FIG. 18) and relatively short, or shallow, bins 170B (FIGS. 12-17). The illustrated bins 170A, **170**B are generally composed of plastic, but may alternatively be made of other materials. Each of the illustrated bins **170**A, **170**B is generally square in shape when viewed from above (FIG. **13**). In other embodiments, the bins **170**A, **170**B may have other shapes (e.g., triangular, octagonal, circular, etc.). In the illustrated embodiment, the bins **170**A, **170**B are arranged within the base **114** as a grid of six (i.e., three rows of two). In other embodiments, the base **114** may be shaped and sized to receive a larger or smaller number of bins, and/or the bins 170A, 170B may be arranged within the base **114** in other patterns.

[0057] FIGS. **12-16** illustrate one of the relatively short bins **170**B in detail. The bin **170**B includes a bottom wall **186** and four sidewalls **190** extending generally perpendicularly from the bottom wall **186**. The bottom wall **186** and the sidewalls **190** define a storage recess or space **194**. Each of the relatively short bins **170**B has a height HB (FIG. **14**).

[0058] The bin **170**B also includes ledges **198** formed on an inner surface **202** of the bin **170**B at each corner **206** between adjacent sidewalls **190**. The ledges **198** are positioned at a depth below a top edge **210** of the sidewalls **190** and a height above the bottom wall **186**. In the illustrated embodiment, the ledges **198** are located at a depth that is approximately a quarter of the height HB below the top edge **210**. In some embodiments the ledge **198** may extend around the perimeter of the sidewalls **190**. The ledges **198** are configured to engage and support another bin when, for example, two relatively short bins **170**B are stacked together, as best shown in FIG. **17**. The bottom wall **186** at each corner **206** of the upper bin **170**B is supported on each ledge **198** of the lower bin **170**B. Each of the sidewalls **190** includes a lower, first portion **218** and an upper, second portion 222 that are stepped such that the first portion 218 has a smaller outer dimension than the second portion **222**. As such, the sidewalls **190** of the upper bin **170**B are partially received in the storage space **194** of the lower bin **170**B up to the ledges **198** of the lower bin **170**B. When stacked, the two relatively short bins **170**B have a stacked height SH (FIG. **17**). In other embodiments, more than two bins **170**B may be stacked. Due to the top bin **170**B being partially received in the bottom bin **170**B, the stacked height SH is less than the total height of the two bins **170**B (i.e., two times the height HB of the bins **170**B).

[0059] The bin **170**B further includes ribs **230** formed on an outer surface **234** of the bin **170**B at the corners **206** between adjacent sidewalls **190**. Each of the ribs **230** protrudes outwardly from the outer surface **234** and extends down from the top edge **210** toward the bottom wall **186**. In the illustrated embodiment, each of the corners **206** has two ribs **230**. In some embodiments, ribs may be formed on the sidewalls **190** between the corners **206** in addition to or in place of the ribs **230** formed at the corners **206**.

[0060] As best shown in FIG. 19, when two or more bins 170B are stacked, the ribs 230 protrude from the outer surface 234 of the upper bin 170B to contact and engage the inner surface 202 of the lower bin 170B to space apart the sidewalls 190 of the stacked bins 170B. Accordingly, the ribs 230 help maintain a space or gap 238 between the stacked bins 170B for airflow, thereby inhibiting the stacked bins 170B from getting stuck together due to vacuum effects. In other words, the gap 238 provides fluid communication between a cavity formed between the inner surface 202 of the lower bin 170B and the outer surface 234 of the bin 170B below the ledge 198 of the lower bin 170B and atmosphere, thereby inhibiting a vacuum from forming when the bins 170B are stacked.

[0061] In some embodiments, such as the illustrated embodiment, the bin **170**B includes a track **242** formed on the inner surface **202** of the bin **170**B, as best shown in FIG. **16**. The track **242** extends partially along two opposing sidewalls **190** and along the bottom wall **186**. The track **242** is configured to removably receive a dividing wall **246**, or partition, for dividing the storage space **194** into separate compartments. The illustrated dividing wall **246** splits the storage space **194** in half. In other embodiments, the track **242** and the dividing wall **246** may be positioned to split the storage space **194** into unequally sized compartments, or the bin **170**B may include multiple tracks for receiving multiple dividing walls. In some embodiments, the track 242 and the dividing wall **246** may be omitted. In the illustrated embodiment, the height of the dividing wall **246** inhibits a bin **170**B from being stacked on a bin **170**B with a dividing wall **246**. In other embodiments, the dividing wall **246** may have a height that does not interfere with stacking the bins **170**B. [0062] FIG. **18** illustrates one of the relatively tall bins **170**A. The relatively tall bin **170**A is substantially similar to the relatively short bins 170B. However, the relatively tall bin 170A has a height HA greater than the height HB of the relatively short bin **170**B. The stacked height SH of two relatively short bins 170B, when stacked together, is generally equal to the height HA of the relatively tall bin **170**A. In addition, the height HB of the one relatively tall bin **170**A and the stacked height SH of two relatively short bins 170B stacked together are each generally equal to the height or depth D of the base **114** of the storage device **18**.

[0063] As best shown in FIG. 20, a user may remove an upper bin of two stacked relatively short bins 170B within the base 114 of the storage case 18 to allow access to the storage space 194 of the lower bin 170B. Accordingly, the stacked bins 170B within the storage device 18 provide additional storage and organizing space that can be easily reconfigured and arranged as necessary. [0064] Referring to FIG. 21, in some embodiments, the storage device system 10 further includes a backpack 310 with a rigid base 314 and first and second flexible shoulder straps 318, 322 coupled to the base 314. The base 310 is configured to extend along a user's back when the shoulder straps 318, 322 extend over the user's shoulders. The length of each shoulder strap 318, 322 is preferably adjustable to allow the user to position the base 314 in a comfortable position along the user's back. In the illustrated embodiment, the backpack 310 also includes waist belt 326 coupled to the base 314 proximate a bottom end 330 of the base 314 and a handle 334 extending from a top end 338 of the base 314.

[0065] With continued reference to FIG. **21**, a generally planar face **340** defines a rear surface of the base **314** that is oriented rearward when the backpack **310** is worn by the user. The base **314** defines a longitudinal axis C extending centrally through the top and bottom ends **338**, **330**. The illustrated base **314** is rectangular and includes a length **342** measured parallel to the longitudinal axis C and a width **346** measured perpendicular to the axis C. The length **342** is longer than the width **346** so as to generally correspond with the shape of the user's back.

[0066] The base **314** further includes an attachment interface **350** for receiving and removably coupling a tool storage container **352** to the base **314**. Referring to FIG. **25**, the illustrated tool storage container **352** includes a rigid body **356** defining a longitudinal axis **356** and a rigid lid **360** pivotally coupled to the body **356** (e.g., by a hinge). The illustrated attachment interface **350** also allows other tool storage containers of the storage device system **10** to be removably and interchangeably coupled to the base **314**. For example, the bag **14** and the storage case **18** may be coupled to the base **314**. The configuration of the base **314** advantageously allows the backpack **310** to be used to interchangeably carry a variety of different tool storage containers in a hands-free manner.

[0067] The attachment interface **350** on the base **314** includes a plurality of connection recesses **54** —including small connection recesses **54***a* and large connection recesses **54***b*—like those on the cover **118** of the storage case **18** described above with reference to FIGS. **5** and **6**. An interference projection or wing **142** extends into each connection recess **54** parallel to a longitudinal axis C of the base **314** on opposite sides of the connection recess **54** at one end of the connection recess **54**.

The attachment interface **350** further includes a plurality of locking apertures **158**. In the illustrated embodiment, the attachment interface **350** includes two locking apertures **158** spaced in the length direction of the base **314**.

[0068] The tool storage container **352** includes projections on a bottom surface **364** (FIG. **25**) of the body **356**, which are like the projections **46** described above with reference to FIGS. **3** and **4**. The projections on the tool storage container **352** are receivable within the connection recesses **54** on the base **314**, and each of the wings **142** corresponds to and is configured to cooperate with a channel **58** (FIG. **4**) of the projection **46** received by the respective connection recess **54**. The tool storage container **352** also includes a latch assembly like the latch assembly **78** described above with reference to FIGS. **7-10**, with one or more interference portion(s) **94** that are receivable within the locking aperture(s) **158** on the base **314**. In the illustrated embodiment, the lid **360** of the tool storage container **352** includes an attachment interface **350**′ that is substantially identical to the attachment interface **350** on the base **314** (FIG. **25**). As such, one or more additional tool storage containers (not shown) can be coupled to the lid **360**, such that the one or more additional tool storage containers can also be carried using the backpack **310**.

[0069] In use, to couple the tool storage container **352** to the backpack **310**, the user positions the bottom surface **364** the tool storage container **352** adjacent the rear surface **340** of the base **314** and aligns the projections **46** (FIG. **4**) with the recesses **54** (FIG. **21**) on the base **314**. The user then slides the tool storage container **352** relative to the base **314** in a first direction **368**, which is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis C and parallel with the width **346**, to attach the tool storage container **352** to the base **314** generally in the manner described above for attaching the bag **14** to the case **18**. Likewise, to decouple and remove the tool storage container **352** from the backpack **310**, the user disengages the latch assembly **78** by moving the interference portion(s) **94** to the unlocking position in the manner described above. The user then slides the tool storage container **352** relative to the base **314** in a second direction **372** opposite the first direction **368**. Once the projections **46** clear the recesses **54**, the tool storage container **352** can be freely removed from the backpack **310**.

[0070] Referring to FIG. 22, in some embodiments, the storage device system 10 further includes an accessory rail 410 configured for attachment to the attachment interface 350′ on the lid 360 of the tool storage container 352 (or any other tool storage container of the system 10 that includes a similar attachment interface). The accessory rail 410 includes a latch assembly 78 with an interference portion 94 that is engageable with any of the locking apertures 158 on the tool storage container 352.

[0071] The accessory rail **410** includes a top side **414** defining a planar clamping surface **418** and a longitudinally-extending slot **422**. A variety of different accessories can be coupled to the slot **422**. For example, in the illustrated embodiment, a bar clamp **424** is coupled to the slot **422**. The bar clamp **424** can thus be used to clamp a workpiece against the clamping surface **418** of the accessory rail 410. A pair of mounting brackets 426 extends downward from the bottom of the accessory rail **410**. Each of the mounting brackets **426** is configured to receive one of the wings **142** on the attachment interface **350**′ when the accessory rail **410** is coupled to the lid **360**. [0072] In use, to couple the accessory rail **410** to the lid **360** of the tool storage container **352**, the user aligns the mounting brackets **426** with the wings **142**. The user then slides the accessory rail **410** relative to the base lid **360** in a first direction **468** and engages the interference portion **94** with one of the locking apertures **158**. Likewise, to decouple and remove the accessory rail **410** from the lid **360**, the user disengages the latch assembly **78** by moving the interference portion **94** to the unlocking position. The user then slides the accessory rail **410** relative to the lid **360** in a second direction **472** opposite the first direction **468**. Once the mounting brackets **426** clear the wings **142**, the rail **410** can be freely removed from the lid **410**. The attachment interface **350**′ allows multiple accessory rails **410** to be attached to the lid **360** at the same time. The tool storage container **352** and accessory rails **410** can thus provide a portable workpiece support system.

[0073] FIG. **23** illustrates a tool storage container **552** according to another embodiment and that is usable with the storage device system **10**. Like the tool storage container **352** described above, the tool storage container **552** includes a lid **560** provided with an attachment interface **550**. The tool storage container **552** is thinner than the tool storage container **352**. In some embodiments, for example, the tool storage container **552** is approximately half the thickness of the tool storage container **352**. In some embodiments, the tool storage container **552** defines an overall thickness **570** between about 60 mm and about 70 mm.

[0074] FIG. **24** illustrates a tool storage container **652** according to another embodiment and that is usable with the storage device system **10**. The tool storage container **652** is similar to the tool storage container **552** but is approximately half the width of the tool storage container **552**. In some embodiments, the tool storage container **652** defines an overall width **672** between about 200 mm and about 300 mm.

[0075] FIG. **26** illustrates a tool storage container **752** according to another embodiment and that is usable with the storage device system **10**. Like the tool storage container **352** described above, the tool storage container includes a lid **760** provided with an attachment interface **750**. The tool storage container **752** further includes a plurality of drawers **767** that are slidable between an open position **769** projecting from a front side **771** of the storage container **752** and a closed position **773** in which the drawers **767** are generally flush with the front side **771** of the storage container **752**. The drawers **767** provide convenient access to the contents of the tool storage container **752**, even while other components of the storage device system **10** (e.g., an accessory rail **410**, one or more other tool storage containers, etc.) are coupled to the attachment interface **750**. [0076] Referring to FIG. **27**, in some embodiments, the storage device system **10** further includes a tool cart **810** with a rigid base **814** having a top side **815** and a bottom side **816** opposite the top side **815**. The base **814** is supported on a plurality of wheels **817** adjacent the bottom side **816**. The

tool cart **810** with a rigid base **814** having a top side **815** and a bottom side **816** opposite the top side **815**. The base **814** is supported on a plurality of wheels **817** adjacent the bottom side **816**. The illustrated wheels **817** are rotatable casters coupled to the base **814** proximate each of the four corners of the base **814**. A brake **819** is coupled to one of the wheels **817** to secure the tool cart **810** in a desired position. In some embodiments, multiple brakes **819** may be provided for additional security. In addition, other types of wheels **817** may be used, and the wheels **817** may be arranged in any configuration suitable for supporting the base **814** in a stable manner.

[0077] The illustrated base **814** includes a length **842** and a width **846** measured [0078] perpendicular to the length **842**. The base **814** defines a longitudinal axis D extending centrally through the base **814** in the length direction. The length **842** is longer than the width **846** such that the base **814** has a rectangular shape. The base **814** further includes an attachment interface **850** for receiving and removably coupling a tool storage container (e.g., the tool storage container **352**) to the base **814**. The illustrated attachment interface **850** also allows other tool storage containers of the storage device system **10** to be removably and interchangeably coupled to the base **814**. The configuration of the base **814** advantageously allows the cart **810** to be used to interchangeably support and transport a variety of different tool storage containers.

[0079] The attachment interface **850** includes a plurality of connection recesses **54**—including small connection recesses **54***a* and large connection recesses **54***b*—like those on the cover **118** of the storage case **18** described above with reference to FIGS. **5** and **6**. An interference projection or wing **142** extends into each connection recess **54** parallel to the longitudinal axis D of the base **814** on opposite sides of the connection recess **54** at one end of the connection recess **54**. The attachment interface **850** further includes a plurality of locking apertures **158**. In the illustrated embodiment, the attachment interface **850** includes two locking apertures **158** spaced in the length direction of the base **814**. As described above, the projections on the bottom surface **364** (FIG. **25**) of the tool storage container **352** and latch assembly **78** cooperate with the attachment interface **850** to removably couple the tool storage container **352** to the base **814**.

[0080] In use, to couple the tool storage container **352** to the tool cart **810**, the user first engages the brake **819** to secure the cart **810**. Next, the user positions the bottom surface **364** the tool storage

container **352** adjacent the top side **815** of the base **814** and aligns the projections **46** (FIG. **4**) with the recesses **54** (FIG. **27**) on the base **814**. The user then slides the tool storage container **352** relative to the base **814** in a first direction **868**, which is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis D and generally parallel to the top side **815**, to attach the tool storage container **352** to the base **814** generally in the manner described above for attaching the bag **14** to the case **18**. The brake **819** inhibits the tool cart **810** from rolling under the force of the user attaching the container **352** to the base **814**. Once the container **352** is attached, the user disengages the brake **819** and can then transport the tool storage container **352** by rolling the tool cart **810** along a surface (e.g., the ground).

[0081] Likewise, to decouple and remove the tool storage container **352** from the tool cart **810**, the user engages the brake **819**, then disengages the latch assembly **78** by moving the interference portion(s) **94** to the unlocking position in the manner described above. The user then slides the tool storage container **352** relative to the base **814** in a second direction **872** opposite the first direction **868**. Once the projections **46** clear the recesses **54**, the tool storage container **352** can be freely removed from the tool cart **810**.

[0082] The cart **810** may be a particularly convenient means for transporting multiple storage containers at the same time. In the illustrated embodiment, a second tool storage container **352***b* can be coupled to the lid **360** of the tool storage container **352***b* can be slid in the first direction **868** relative to the tool storage container **352** to attach the second tool storage container **352***b* to the lid **360** of the tool storage container **352**, and the second tool storage container **352***b* can be slid in the second direction **872** relative to the tool storage container **352***b* to remove the second tool storage container **352***b*. Additional tool storage containers **352***c*, **352***d* can be further stacked in this manner and securely transported together on the tool cart **810**.

[0083] FIG. **28** illustrates a cooler **910** according that is usable with the storage device system **10**. The cooler includes a rigid body **914** and a rigid lid **918** coupled to the body **914**. The body **914** and the lid **918** are insulated or are made of an insulating material. The lid **918** may be pivotally coupled to the body **914** in some embodiments or alternatively may be removably coupled to the body **914**. The cooler **910** includes a plurality of projections (not shown) like the projections **46** described above that allow the cooler **910** to be removably coupled to other components of the storage device system **10**. Likewise, the cooler **910** also includes a latch assembly **78**. [0084] Referring to FIG. **29**, in some embodiments, the storage device system **10** further includes a tool cart **1010** with a rigid base **1014** having a top side **1015** and a bottom side **1016** opposite the top side **1015**. The illustrated base **1014** includes a length **1042** and a width **1046** measured perpendicular to the length **1042**. The length **1042** is longer than the width **1046** such that the base **1014** has a rectangular shape. A first end **1047** of the base **1014** extends between the top side **1015** and the bottom side **1016** in the width direction, and a second end **1048** of the base **1014** extends between the top side **1015** and the bottom side **1016** opposite the first end **1047**. The base **1014** defines a longitudinal axis E extending centrally through the base **1014** in the length direction, through the first and second ends **1047**, **1048**.

[0085] In the illustrated embodiment, the base **1014** is supported on first and second wheels **1017***a*, **1017***b* adjacent the second end **1048**. The cart **1010** includes a handle **1049** extending from the first end **1047**. The illustrated handle **1049** is generally U-shaped and includes a grip portion **1049***a* spanning between two leg portions **1049***b*. The handle **1049** may be slidable relative to the base **1014** in order to extend or retract the handle **1049**.

[0086] The base **1014** further includes an attachment interface **1050** for receiving and removably coupling a tool storage container (e.g., the tool storage container **352**) or multiple tool storage containers to the base **1014** generally in the same manner as described above with respect to the tool cart **810** illustrated in FIG. **27**.

[0087] Referring to FIG. **30**, in some embodiments, the storage device system **10** further includes

an adjustable shelf unit **1110**. The adjustable shelf unit **1110** includes a frame **1114** and a plurality of shelves **1118** movably coupled to the frame **1114**. The shelves **1118** can thus be positioned on the frame **1114** at a variety of different spacings. In the illustrated embodiment, the frame **1114** includes a bottom portion **1122** with a plurality of wheels **1126** (e.g., casters) that support the frame **1114**. As such, the frame **1114** is mobile and can be conveniently moved about a job site. In other embodiments, the frame **1114** may be secured to a wall, the interior of a vehicle, or other fixed structures, for example.

[0088] Referring to FIG. **31**, each of the shelves **1118** includes an attachment interface **1150** that is compatible with any of the storage containers of the storage device system **10**. Thus, as illustrated in FIG. **30**, the tool storage container **352** or any other tool storage container of the system **10** can be removably coupled to any of the shelves **1118**. In addition, the shelves **1118** can be spaced such that the lid **360** of the container **352** is openable even while the body **356** of the container **352** remains coupled to the shelf **1118**.

[0089] Referring to FIG. **32**, in some embodiments, the storage device system **10** further includes two clamp rails **1210** configured for attachment to the attachment interface **350**′ on the lid **360** of the tool storage container **352** (or any other tool storage container of the system **10** that includes a similar attachment interface). Each clamp rail **1210** includes a latch assembly **78** with an interference portion **94** that is engageable with any of the locking apertures **158** (FIG. **25**) on the tool storage container **352**.

[0090] Each clamp rail **1210** includes first and second pairs of clamping jaws **1222** located at opposite ends of the clamp rail **410**. Each set of clamping jaws **1222** may be adjustable to vary a distance between the individual jaws **1222**, or the individual jaws **1222** may be spaced at a fixed spacing. In some embodiments, the individual jaws **1222** may be resiliently deformable to apply a resilient clamping force on a workpiece **1225** (e.g., a 2×4). The clamping jaws **1222** are configured to support the workpiece **1225** above the lid **360** of the container **352**. The tool storage container **352** and clamping rails **1210** can thus provide a portable workpiece support system. [0091] Various features of the invention are set forth in the following claims.

Claims

- **1**. A tool storage container comprising: a housing comprising a front side; a first drawer slidably engaged with the housing, the first drawer slidable between an first open position projecting from the front side of the housing and a closed position in which the first drawer is generally flush with the front side of the housing, the first drawer defining a first storage compartment; and a lid coupled to the housing, the lid comprising a plurality of connection recesses, each of the plurality of connection recesses including a recessed surface and two wings extending above opposing sides of the recessed surface.
- **2.** The tool storage container of claim 1, wherein each of the wings has a length that extends approximately half the length of the respective connection recess the wing extends above.
- **3.** The tool storage container of claim 1, the lid comprising a latch recess configured to receive a latch, the latch recess located between the plurality of connection recesses and a front side of the lid that is adjacent the front side of the housing.
- **4.** The tool storage container of claim 3, wherein each connection recess of the plurality of connection recesses comprises a backwall, an opposing front wall, a first sidewall, and an opposing second sidewall, the backwall and the front wall each extending from the first sidewall to the second sidewall, and wherein a first wing of the two wings extends from the backwall towards the front wall and the front side of the lid, and the first wing extends from the first sidewall towards the second sidewall, and wherein a second wing of the two wings extends from the backwall towards the front wall and the front side of the lid, and the second wing extends from the second sidewall towards the first sidewall.

- **5.** The tool storage container of claim 1, comprising a plurality of drawers including the first drawer, the plurality of drawers slidably engaged with the housing, each of the plurality of drawers slidable between an first open position projecting from the front side of the housing and a closed position in which the first drawer is generally flush with the front side of the housing, each of the plurality of drawers defining a storage compartment.
- **6.** The tool storage container of claim 5, the lid comprising a plurality of latch recesses each of which are configured to receive a latch, each of the plurality of latch recesses are located between the plurality of connection recesses and a front side of the lid that is adjacent the front side of the housing.
- 7. The tool storage container of claim 6, wherein each connection recess of the plurality of connection recesses comprises a backwall, an opposing front wall, a first sidewall, and an opposing second sidewall, the backwall and the front wall each extending from the first sidewall to the second sidewall, and wherein a first wing of the two wings extends from the backwall towards the front wall and the first wing extends from the first sidewall towards the second sidewall, and wherein a second wing of the two wings extends from the backwall towards the front wall and the second wing extends from the second sidewall towards the first sidewall.
- **8**. A backpack comprising: a first shoulder strap; a second shoulder strap; a base coupled to the first and second shoulder straps, the base configured to extend along a user's back when the shoulder straps extend over the user's shoulders; and a tool storage container, the tool storage container removably coupled to the base, wherein the tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base to attach the tool storage container to the base and the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base to remove the tool storage container from the base.
- **9.** The backpack of claim 8, wherein the first and second shoulder straps are flexible and the base is rigid.
- **10**. The backpack of claim 8, wherein the base is rectangular and the base includes a length and a width, the length being longer than the width, and wherein the first and second directions are parallel to the width.
- **11.** The backpack of claim 8, wherein the tool storage container includes a lid and a body, wherein the lid is pivotally coupled to the body.
- **12**. The backpack of claim 11, wherein the lid and the body are rigid.
- **13.** The backpack of claim 11, wherein the body includes a bottom surface opposite the lid, wherein the bottom surface includes a projection, wherein the base includes a recess, and wherein the projection is received in the recess as the tool storage container slides in the first direction relative to the base to attach the tool storage container to the base.
- **14.** The backpack of claim 13, further comprising a channel between the projection and the base, the channel including an open end and a closed end, wherein the recess of the base includes wings that are received in the channel when the tool storage container is attached to the base.
- **15**. A tool cart comprising: a base, the base including a top side, a bottom side opposite the top side, a first end, and a second end opposite the first end; a handle that extends from the first end; first and second wheels adjacent the second end; a tool storage container, the tool storage container removably coupled to the top side of the base, wherein the tool storage container slides in a first direction relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to attach the tool storage container to the base, and wherein the tool storage container slides in a second direction, opposite the first direction, relative to the base and generally parallel to the top side to remove the tool storage container from the base.
- **16**. The tool cart of claim 15, wherein the base is rectangular and the base includes a length and a width, the length being longer than the width, and wherein the first and second directions are parallel to the width.
- 17. The tool cart of claim 15, wherein the tool storage container includes a lid and a body, wherein

the lid is pivotally coupled to the body.

- **18**. The tool cart of claim 15, wherein the tool storage container includes a lid and a body, wherein the body includes a bottom surface opposite the lid, wherein the bottom surface includes a projection, wherein the base includes a recess, and wherein the projection is received in the recess as the tool storage container slides in the first direction relative to the base to attach the tool storage container to the base.
- **19**. The tool cart of claim 18, further comprising a channel between the projection and the base, the channel including an open end and a closed end, wherein the recess of the base includes wings that are received in the channel when the tool storage container is attached to the base.
- **20**. The tool cart of claim 18, wherein the tool storage container is a first tool storage container, the tool cart further comprising a second tool storage container, the second tool storage container removably coupled to the first tool storage container, wherein the second tool storage container slides in the first direction relative to the first tool storage container to attach the second tool storage container to the first tool storage container, and wherein the second tool storage container slides in the second direction relative to the first tool storage container to remove the second tool storage container from the first tool storage container.