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Apparatus and method for uniform release effort in a vehicle latch

Abstract

In one embodiment, a release mechanism for a latch is provided. The release mechanism having: a first release lever, the first release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second release lever operatively coupled to the first release lever; and a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second release lever via the first release lever.

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Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS (1) This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/456,607 filed on Feb. 8, 2017, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference thereto.

BACKGROUND

(1) Various embodiments of the present invention relate to a latch and more particularly, a release mechanism for a vehicle latch.

(2) The typical outside release effort profile for a vehicle latch shows a rapid transition when the linkage of the mechanism reaches or makes contact with the pawl release lever. The high effort on the outside release effort profile of the vehicle latch will depend on the amount seal load and the friction at the interface between pawl and claw. The effect on the latch when the latch mechanism is operated from the outside handle will have a sudden change in the operator's required force or effort (for example, a spike) in order to operate it. As mentioned above, this rapid transition in the required force occurs when the linkage of the mechanism reaches contact with the pawl release lever. In addition, these rapid changes in the required force may also be encountered in an inside release lever.

(3) Thus, it is desirable to provide an apparatus, or feature or method of operation that provides a "smoother feeling" or gradual transition from the initial effort to the final contact with pawl release lever and final travel of the pawl release lever to a position where the claw of the latch is released or allowed to move from a latched position to an unlatched position.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

(4) In one embodiment, an outside release mechanism for a latch is provided. The outside release mechanism having: a first outside release lever, the first outside release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second outside release lever operatively coupled to the first outside release lever; and a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second outside release lever via the first outside release lever.

(5) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the spring gradually increases a required force to operate the outside release mechanism.

(6) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second outside release lever may be operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link may be operatively coupled to a pawl release lever and the pawl release lever may also operatively coupled to a pawl, wherein pivotal movement of the first outside release lever about its axis will cause movement of the second outside release lever, the intermittent link, the pawl release lever and the pawl such that a claw can pivot from a latched position to an unlatched position.

(7) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the pawl release lever and the pawl may rotate about the same axis.

(8) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first outside release lever may be operatively coupled to an outside handle via linkage.

(9) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may be pivotally mounted to the second lever.

(10) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may be operably coupled to an outside handle.

(11) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second lever may have a pin configured to slidably engage a cam surface of the second outside release lever.

(12) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may have a feature configured to contact a feature of the second lever, wherein the biasing force of the spring must be overcome before the feature of the first lever contacts the feature of the second lever.

(13) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever and the second lever may rotate about the same axis.

(14) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the feature of the first lever may be spaced from the feature of the second lever, when the outside release mechanism is in a first position.

(15) In another embodiment, a vehicle latch is provided. The vehicle latch having: a claw pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between a latched position and an open position; a pawl pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between an engaged position and a disengaged position, wherein movement of the claw from the latched position to the open position is prevented by the pawl when the pawl is in the engaged position and wherein the claw is free to move into the open position from the latched position when the pawl is in the disengaged position; and an outside release mechanism for moving the pawl from the engaged position to the disengaged position, the outside release mechanism having: a first outside release lever, the first outside release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second outside release lever operatively coupled to the first outside release lever; and a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second outside release lever via the first outside release lever.

(16) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the spring gradually increases a required force to operate the outside release mechanism.

(17) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second outside release lever may be operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link is operatively coupled to a pawl release lever and the pawl release lever is also operatively coupled to a pawl, wherein pivotal movement of the first outside release lever about its axis will cause movement of the second outside release lever, the intermittent link, the pawl release lever and the pawl such that a claw can pivot from a latched position to an unlatched position.

(18) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the pawl release lever and the pawl may rotate about the same axis.

(19) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first outside release lever may be operatively coupled to an outside handle via linkage.

(20) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may be pivotally mounted to the second lever.

(21) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second lever may have a pin configured to slidably engage a cam surface of the second outside release lever and wherein the first lever has a feature configured to contact a feature of the second lever, wherein the biasing force of the spring must be overcome before the feature of the first lever contacts the feature of the second lever.

(22) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever and the second lever may rotate about the same axis.

(23) In another embodiment, a method of disengaging a pawl from engagement with a claw of a latch is provided. The method including the steps of: pivotally mounting the claw for movement between an open position and a closed position; pivotally mounting the pawl to the latch for movement between a latched position and a released position, wherein the pawl engages the claw and prevents the claw from moving from the closed position to the open position when pawl is in the latched position; moving a first outside release lever of an outside release mechanism of the latch via an outside release handle, wherein the first outside release lever has a first lever and a second lever; and biasing the first lever away from the second lever via a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of a second outside release lever via the first outside release lever.

(24) In yet another embodiment, a release mechanism for a latch is provided. The release mechanism having: a first release lever, the first release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second release lever operatively coupled to the first release lever; and a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second release lever via the first release lever.

(25) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the spring gradually increases a required force to operate the release mechanism.

(26) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second release lever may be operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link may be operatively coupled to a pawl release lever and the pawl release lever may also operatively coupled to a pawl, wherein pivotal movement of the first release lever about its axis will cause movement of the second release lever, the intermittent link, the pawl release lever and the pawl such that a claw can pivot from a latched position to an unlatched position.

- (27) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the pawl release lever and the pawl may rotate about the same axis.
- (28) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first release lever may be operatively coupled to a handle via linkage.
- (29) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may be pivotally mounted to the second lever.
- (30) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may be operably coupled to a handle.
- (31) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the second lever may have a pin configured to slidably engage a cam surface of the second release lever.
- (32) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever may have a feature configured to contact a feature of the second lever, wherein the biasing force of the spring must be overcome before the feature of the first lever contacts the feature of the second lever.
- (33) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the first lever and the second lever may rotate about the same axis.
- (34) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the feature of the first lever may be spaced from the feature of the second lever, when the release mechanism is in a first position.
- (35) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an inside release mechanism operatively coupled to an inside handle.
- (36) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an outside release mechanism operatively coupled to an outside handle.
- (37) In another embodiment, a method of disengaging a pawl from engagement with a claw of a latch is provided. The method including the steps of: pivotally mounting the claw for movement between an open position and a closed position; pivotally mounting the pawl to the latch for movement between a latched position and a released position, wherein the pawl engages the claw and prevents the claw from moving from the closed position to the open position when pawl is in the latched position; moving a first release lever of a release mechanism of the latch via a release handle, wherein the first release lever has a first lever and a second lever; and biasing the first lever away from the second lever via a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of a second release lever via the first release lever.
- (38) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an inside release mechanism operatively coupled to an inside handle.
- (39) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an outside release mechanism operatively coupled to an outside handle.
- (40) In another embodiment, a vehicle latch is provided. The vehicle latch having: a claw pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between a latched position and an open position; a pawl pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between an engaged position and a disengaged position, wherein movement of the claw from the latched position to the open position is prevented by the pawl when the pawl is in the engaged position and wherein the claw is free to move into the open position from the latched position when the pawl is in the disengaged position; and a release mechanism for moving the pawl from the engaged position to the disengaged position, the release mechanism having: a first release lever, the first release lever having a first lever and a second

lever; a second release lever operatively coupled to the first release lever; and a spring operatively coupled to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second release lever via the first release lever.

(41) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an inside release mechanism operatively coupled to an inside handle.

(42) In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative to any of the foregoing embodiments, the release mechanism is an outside release mechanism operatively coupled to an outside handle.

(43) These and other advantages and features will become more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the drawings.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The subject matter which is regarded as the invention is particularly pointed out and distinctly claimed in the claims at the conclusion of the specification. The foregoing and other features, and advantages of the invention are apparent from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:
- (2) FIG. 1 is a perspective view of portions of a latch in a primary or latched position in accordance with one non-limiting embodiment;
- (3) FIG. 1A is a perspective view of portions of the latch illustrated in FIG. 1 in accordance with one non-limiting embodiment;
- (4) FIG. 2A is a top view of an outside release mechanism in a first position when the latch is in a primary or latched position;
- (5) FIG. 2B is a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. 2A;
- (6) FIG. 2C is a top view of an outside release mechanism as it moves from the first position in FIGS. 2A and 2B;
- (7) FIG. 2D is a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. 2C;
- (8) FIG. 2E is a top view of an outside release mechanism as it moves from the position illustrated in FIGS. 2C and 2D towards a release position;
- (9) FIG. 2F is a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. 2E;
- (10) FIG. 2G is a top view of an outside release mechanism in a release position;
- (11) FIG. 2H is a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. 2G;
- (12) FIG. 3 is a perspective view of an alternative embodiment of the present invention;
- (13) FIG. 4 is a perspective view of another alternative embodiment of the present invention; and
- (14) FIG. 5 is a perspective view of still another alternative embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

- (15) As mentioned above, it is desirable to provide certain latches with an apparatus, or feature or method of operation that provides a “smoother feeling” or gradual transition from the initial effort to the final contact with pawl release lever and final travel of the pawl release lever to a position where the claw of the latch is released or allowed to move from a latched position to an unlatched position.
- (16) In order to have a smoother transition on the outside effort output various embodiments of the present disclosure softens each transition by means of spring element located on an outside release lever of a latch. This will gradually increase the effort to release instead of having sudden changes as the mechanism chain starts to connect. This spring will be acting directly on the outside linkage and therefore, the force required to initiate motion on the final component (pawl lever) will depend on the spring rate as well as other force contributors such as friction, returning springs and seal

load.

(17) Referring now to the FIGS. various embodiments of the invention will be described with reference to specific embodiments, without limiting same. Referring now to FIGS. **1** and **1A** portions of a release mechanism **10** of a latch or latch assembly **12** are illustrated. It being understood that for clarity purposes only portions of release mechanism **10** and latch **12** are illustrated in the attached FIGS.

(18) In one embodiment, the latch or latch assembly **12** may be a vehicle door latch. Latch **12** may be configured to keep a vehicle door latched. Still further the latch **12** can be used with any vehicle door or movable component that needs to be latched and unlatched with respect to the vehicle.

(19) As mentioned above, the latch **12** is applicable to any environment where the features of various embodiments of the invention are desired. For example, the latch assembly **12** can be attached to a vehicle structure such that the fork bolt is moved between the open position and the closed position when a door, window, lift gate, hood, etc. is opened and closed and the fork bolt engages a striker that is attached to the door, window, lift gate, hood etc.

(20) Alternatively, the latch **12** or latch assembly **12** can be secured to the door, window, lift gate, hood etc. and the striker is secured to the vehicle body at an opening into which the door, window, lift gate, hood etc. is received.

(21) Latch **12** includes a fork bolt or claw **14** and a detent lever or pawl **16**. Each of which may be pivotally or movably mounted to a housing or plate **18** or another portion or other housing portion of the latch **12**. In one non-limiting embodiment, the fork bolt **14** is capable of rotation about first stud or pin **20**, while detent lever or pawl **16** is capable of rotation about a second stud or pin **21**. During operation, a striker **22** (illustrated in cross-section in at least FIG. **2B**) is attached to a second element or second vehicle component, which is either the frame or movable member depending on which one has the latch **12** secured thereto.

(22) In accordance with an exemplary embodiment, the fork bolt **14** is capable of movement between a first or latched position or closed position (see at least FIGS. **1**, **2A** and **2B**) wherein the striker is engaged by a throat **24** of the fork bolt **14** and a second or open position (see at least FIGS. **2G** and **2H**) wherein the striker is free to be released from the throat **24** of the fork bolt **14**. The housing of the latch **12** will also have a complimentary opening **26** for receipt of the striker **22** therein when it is engaged or latched by the fork bolt. In one non-limiting embodiment, the fork bolt **14** may be spring biased into the second or open position by a spring or biasing member.

(23) Alternatively or in addition to the spring biasing force applied to the fork bolt, the movable member the striker is secured to may also be spring biased or biased into an open position such that when the latch **12** is released fork bolt **14** will rotate and release striker. One non-limiting example of an item providing such a force is the compressed weather stripping or sealing member located around the periphery of the opening that is covered by the movable member. In other words, when the door is closed, the sealing member is compressed and the latch **12** engages the striker. Thereafter and when the latch **12** is released, the sealing member may provide an urging force to open the door or gate, etc.

(24) As is known in the related arts, the pawl **16** when in an engaged or latched position retains the claw **14** in the primary or latched position. In order to allow the claw **14** to rotate into an open or unlatched position, the pawl **16** must be moved or rotated from the engaged position or latched position to a disengaged position or a released position wherein the pawl **16** no longer block rotational movement of the claw **14**. In one embodiment, the pawl **16** may be spring biased into the engaged or latched position.

(25) In one embodiment, the release mechanism **10** applies a force to the pawl **16** in order to rotate it out of engagement with the claw **14** due to actuation of an outside handle **28** (shown schematically in FIG. **1**) operatively coupled to a first outside release lever **30** of the release mechanism **10** via a rod, cable, linkage **31** (shown schematically in FIG. **1**). In this embodiment, the outside handle **28** may be located on an exterior of the vehicle or other item the latch is secured

to.

(26) In an alternative embodiment, the release mechanism **10** may be a release mechanism that is operatively coupled to an inside handle that applies a force to the pawl **16** in order to rotate it out of engagement with the claw **14** due to actuation of an inside handle. In this embodiment the inside handle may also be represented by box **28** and inside release handle is located on an interior surface of the vehicle or vehicle door.

(27) It is, of course, understood that latch **12** may also have two release mechanisms **10** as described herein, one for the outside release handle and one for inside release handle or alternatively, the latch **12** may only have one release mechanism **10** as described herein, either only for the outside release handle or only for the inside release handle.

(28) Although as described below as an outside release mechanism **10**, as mentioned above, the various embodiments of the present disclosure may also be applied to inside release mechanisms or any other type of release mechanisms that operate the latch via a handle located remotely from the latch **12**.

(29) The first outside release lever **30** is mounted for pivotal movement about an axis and is operatively coupled to a second outside release lever **32** that is pivotally mounted to the latch **12**. The outside release lever **32** is also operatively coupled to an intermittent link **34**. The intermittent link **34** is also operatively coupled to a pawl release, pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36** and the pawl release, pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36** is also operatively coupled to the pawl **16**. Accordingly, pivotal or rotational movement of the first outside release lever **32** about its axis will cause movement of the second outside release lever **32**, the intermittent link **34**, the pawl release lever **36** and the pawl **16** such that the claw **14** can pivot from the latched position to an unlatched position. In one embodiment, the pawl release lever **36** and the pawl **16** may rotate about the same axis or pin **21**.

(30) In accordance with an embodiment of the present invention and in order to have a smoother transition on the outside effort applied to the release mechanism **10** from for example, the outside door handle **28** an apparatus and method for providing a smooth transition or gradually applied amount of required force to the release mechanism **10** is provided.

(31) Referring now to FIGS. 2A-2H one embodiment of the present disclosure is illustrated. Here the same reference numerals are used for similar components to those illustrated in the FIG. 1 embodiment. In addition and as mentioned above and for sake of clarity, only some of the components of the release mechanism **10** and latch **12** are illustrated.

(32) Referring now to FIG. 2A a top view of an outside release mechanism **10** in accordance with an embodiment of the present disclosure is illustrated. In FIG. 2B a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. 2A is also provided. In FIGS. 2A and 2B the outside release mechanism **10** is in a first position and the latch **12** and its claw or forkbolt **14** is in a primary or latched position.

(33) In this embodiment and as illustrated, the first outside release lever **30** includes a first lever **38** and a second lever **40**. The first lever **38** is pivotally or movably mounted to the second lever **40**. The first lever **38** is also operably coupled to an outside handle **28** (shown schematically) via a rod, cable, linkage **31**. Thus and as the outside handle **28** is actuated, the first lever **38** moves with respect to the second lever **40**. The second lever **40** is operably coupled to the second outside release lever **32** such that movement of the second lever **40** causes movement of the second outside release lever **32**. In one embodiment, the second lever **40** has a pin or protrusion **42** configured to slidably engage a cam surface **44** of the second outside release lever **32**.

(34) In addition, the first lever **38** has a feature or tab **46** that is configured to contact a feature or tab **48** of the second lever **40** such that as the first lever **38** rotates or pivots towards the second lever **40**, feature or tab **46** ultimately contacts feature or tab **48** of the second lever **40** and thus further rotation of the first lever **38** will cause movement of the second lever **40** via contact of features or tabs **46** and **48**. Still further, a biasing member or spring **50** is configured to provide a

biasing force to the first lever **38** and the second lever **40** such that features or tabs **46** are spaced from each other when the first outside release lever **30** comprising the first lever **38** and the second lever **40** are in the first position illustrated in at least FIGS. **2A** and **2B**. In one embodiment, the first lever **38** and the second lever **40** are configured for rotation about the same axis **52**.

(35) FIG. **2C** is a top view of an outside release mechanism as it moves from the first position in FIGS. **2A** and **2B** and FIG. **2D** is a bottom view of the outside release mechanism illustrated in FIG. **2C**. Here movement of the rod, cable or linkage **31** in the direction of arrow **54** as the outside handle **28** is actuated. Movement of the rod, cable or linkage **31** in the direction of arrow **54**, causes the first lever **38** to move with respect to the second lever **40** and ultimately cause the second lever **40** to rotate or pivot about its axis due to first the compression of spring **50** and then feature **46** contacting feature **48** as spring **50** is compressed.

(36) The movement of the second lever **40** causes movement of the intermittent link **34**, which in turn causes movement of the pawl release lever **36** and ultimately the pawl **16** until the claw **14** is released and rotated into the open position.

(37) By providing the first outside release lever **30** as a first lever **38** and a second lever **40**, the applied force in the direction of arrow **54** gradually increases until the latch **12** is opened. This is due in part to the biasing force of spring **50** that is located between the first lever **38** and the second lever **40**. Accordingly and as the outside release mechanism **10** transitions from the first position illustrated in FIGS. **2A** and **2B** to a second position illustrated in FIGS. **2C** and **2D**, there is a movement of the first outside release lever **30** (first lever **38**, second lever **40**), the second outside release lever **32**, and the intermittent link **34** until it is in contact with the pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36**.

(38) Thereafter and as illustrated in FIGS. **2E** and **2F**, continued movement of the first lever **38** about its axis **52** via movement of the rod, cable or linkage **31** in the direction of arrow **54**, causes the first lever **38** to compress spring **50** as pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36** is now engaging the pawl **16**. As such, the load upon the outside release mechanism **10** is gradually increased until spring **50** is fully compressed and then tab **46** engages tab **48** and protrusion **42** slides along cam surface **44** and the second outside release lever **32** is rotated until pawl **16** is moved to the disengaged position via the corresponding movements of intermittent link **34** and pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36**. This final position is illustrated in at least FIGS. **2G** and **2H**.

(39) Accordingly, various embodiments of the present disclosure softens or smooths each transition of the outside release mechanism **10** or alternatively an inside release mechanism through the use of a spring element or spring **50** located on the outside release lever **30**. The spring element or spring **50** gradually increases the effort to release the release mechanism **10** instead of having sudden changes as the mechanism chain starts to connect with each of its components (e.g., pawl **16**, pawl release lever or pawl lifter **36**, intermittent link **34**, second outside release lever **32** and first outside release lever **30** (first lever **38** and second lever **40**)). The spring **50** will be acting directly on the outside linkage, therefore the force required to initiate motion on the final component (pawl **16**) will depend on the spring rate as well as other force contributors such as friction, returning springs and seal load.

(40) Referring now to FIG. **3** a perspective view of an alternative embodiment of the present disclosure is illustrated. Here components performing similar or analogous functions are numbered in multiples of 100. In this embodiment, a release lever is provided as a first release lever **130** and second release lever **132**.

(41) Referring now to FIG. **4** a perspective view of yet another alternative embodiment of the present disclosure is illustrated. Here components performing similar or analogous functions are numbered in multiples of 100. In this embodiment, a spring **250** is providing a uniform biasing force to first release lever **130** prior to its protrusion **242** contacting the second release lever **232**.

(42) Referring now to FIG. **5** a perspective view of yet another alternative embodiment of the present disclosure is illustrated. Here components performing similar or analogous functions are

numbered in multiples of 100. In this embodiment, a spring 350 is providing a uniform biasing force to first release lever 330 prior to its protrusion 342 contacting the second release lever 332. In this embodiment, the spring 350 is directly contacting the second outside release lever 332.

(43) Various embodiments of the present invention are contemplated with a vehicle door latch, and other latches that utilize an outside release lever and/or an inside release lever.

(44) As used herein, the terms “first,” “second,” and the like, herein do not denote any order, quantity, or importance, but rather are used to distinguish one element from another, and the terms “a” and “an” herein do not denote a limitation of quantity, but rather denote the presence of at least one of the referenced item. In addition, it is noted that the terms “bottom” and “top” are used herein, unless otherwise noted, merely for convenience of description, and are not limited to any one position or spatial orientation.

(45) The modifier “about” used in connection with a quantity is inclusive of the stated value and has the meaning dictated by the context (e.g., includes the degree of error associated with measurement of the particular quantity).

(46) While the invention has been described in detail in connection with only a limited number of embodiments, it should be readily understood that the invention is not limited to such disclosed embodiments. Rather, the invention can be modified to incorporate any number of variations, alterations, substitutions or equivalent arrangements not heretofore described, but which are commensurate with the spirit and scope of the invention. Additionally, while various embodiments of the invention have been described, it is to be understood that aspects of the invention may include only some of the described embodiments. Accordingly, the invention is not to be seen as limited by the foregoing description.

Claims

1. An outside release mechanism for a latch, comprising: a first outside release lever, the first outside release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second outside release lever operatively coupled to the first outside release lever by the second lever such that movement of the second lever will cause movement of the second outside release lever; and a spring directly secured to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring prevents the first lever from contacting and moving the second lever and the biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second outside release lever via movement of the second lever of the first outside release lever, wherein the spring is configured to gradually increase a required force to operate the outside release mechanism, wherein the second outside release lever is operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link is operatively coupled to a pawl.
2. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the intermittent link is operatively coupled to a pawl release lever and the pawl release lever is also operatively coupled to the pawl, wherein pivotal movement of the first outside release lever about its axis will cause movement of the second outside release lever, the intermittent link, the pawl release lever and the pawl such that a claw can pivot from a latched position to an unlatched position.
3. The outside release mechanism as in claim 2, wherein the pawl release lever and the pawl rotate about the same axis.
4. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the first outside release lever is operatively coupled to an outside handle via linkage.
5. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the first lever is pivotally mounted to the second lever.
6. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the first lever is operably coupled to an outside handle.
7. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the second lever has a pin configured to

slidably engage a cam surface of the second outside release lever.

8. The outside release mechanism as in claim 1, wherein the first lever has a feature configured to contact a feature of the second lever, wherein the biasing force of the spring must be overcome before the feature of the first lever contacts the feature of the second lever.

9. The outside release mechanism as in claim 8, wherein the first lever and the second lever rotate about the same axis.

10. The outside release mechanism as in claim 9, wherein the feature of the first lever is spaced from the feature of the second lever, when the outside release mechanism is in a first position.

11. A vehicle latch, comprising: a claw pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between a latched position and an open position; a pawl pivotally mounted to the latch for movement between an engaged position and a disengaged position, wherein movement of the claw from the latched position to the open position is prevented by the pawl when the pawl is in the engaged position and wherein the claw is free to move into the open position from the latched position when the pawl is in the disengaged position; an outside release mechanism for moving the pawl from the engaged position to the disengaged position, the outside release mechanism comprising: a first outside release lever, the first outside release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second outside release lever operatively coupled to the first outside release lever by the second lever such that movement of the second lever will cause movement of the second outside release lever; and a spring directly secured to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring prevents the first lever from contacting and moving the second lever and the biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second outside release lever via movement of the second lever of the first outside release lever, wherein the spring is configured to gradually increase a required force to operate the outside release mechanism.

12. The latch as in claim 11, wherein the second outside release lever is operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link is operatively coupled to a pawl release lever and the pawl release lever is also operatively coupled to a pawl, wherein pivotal movement of the first outside release lever about its axis will cause movement of the second outside release lever, the intermittent link, the pawl release lever and the pawl such that a claw can pivot from a latched position to an unlatched position.

13. The latch as in claim 12, wherein the pawl release lever and the pawl rotate about the same axis.

14. The latch as in claim 11, wherein the first outside release lever is operatively coupled to an outside handle via linkage.

15. The latch as in claim 11, wherein the first lever is pivotally mounted to the second lever.

16. The latch as in claim 11, wherein the second lever has a pin configured to slidably engage a cam surface of the second outside release lever and wherein the first lever has a feature configured to contact a feature of the second lever, wherein the biasing force of the spring must be overcome before the feature of the first lever contacts the feature of the second lever.

17. The latch as in claim 16, wherein the first lever and the second lever rotate about the same axis.

18. A method of disengaging a pawl from engagement with a claw of a latch, comprising: pivotally mounting the claw for movement between an open position and a closed position; pivotally mounting the pawl to the latch for movement between a latched position and a released position, wherein the pawl engages the claw and prevents the claw from moving from the closed position to the open position when pawl is in the latched position; moving a first outside release lever of an outside release mechanism of the latch via an outside release handle, wherein the first outside release lever has a first lever and a second lever; and biasing the first lever away from the second lever via a spring directly secured to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to allow the first lever to contact and move the second lever, wherein a second outside release lever is operably coupled to the first outside release lever by the second lever such that movement of the second lever will cause movement of the second outside

release lever, wherein the spring is configured to gradually increase a required force to operate the outside release mechanism.

19. A release mechanism for a latch, comprising: a first release lever, the first release lever having a first lever and a second lever; a second release lever operatively coupled to the second lever of the first release lever; and a spring directly secured to the first lever and the second lever such that a biasing force of the spring prevents the first lever from contacting and moving the second lever and the biasing force of the spring must be overcome in order to effectuate movement of the second release lever via movement of the second lever of the first release lever, wherein the spring is configured to gradually increase a required force to operate the release mechanism, wherein the second outside release lever is operatively coupled to an intermittent link and the intermittent link is operatively coupled to a pawl.
