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# METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MOBILE DEVICE AS TEMPORARY CONTENT ORIGIN

#### Abstract

Methods and systems are described for content delivery. A user of a first computing device that is playing back content may want to transfer or cast the content to a second computing device. When the first computing device receives the request to cast the content to the second computing device, the content may continue to be received and played back by the first computing device while it establishes a seamless transition to the second computing device. The first computing device may contact the content origin and send to the second computing device a manifest file that instructs the second computing device to request an initial portion of the segments of the content from the first computing device. The content origin may then process the cast request from the first computing device and begin providing subsequent segments of content to the second computing device.

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# **Background/Summary**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 18/515,229 filed Nov. 20, 2023, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/492,249 filed Oct. 1, 2021, issued as U.S. Pat. No. 11,895,171, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

#### BACKGROUND

[0002] The use of services for streaming content on mobile devices such as smartphones, tablets, and laptops is increasingly common. Users often access these services on their mobile phone to initiate playback movies or television programming but then want to switch playback of the content to another display device (e.g., to cast to another receiver) as these same services may also be accessible on their computer, monitor, television via a set-top box or other device, or other display device.

[0003] However, such transitions to a cast receiver often result in playback gaps or other disruptions that degrade the user experience. Accordingly, there is a need for improved techniques for transitioning or casting the playback of content.

#### **SUMMARY**

[0004] This Summary is provided to introduce concepts that are further described herein. This Summary is not intended to be used to limit the scope of the claimed subject matter.
[0005] Methods and systems are described for content delivery. A user of a first computing device, such as a mobile device or tablet, that is playing back content may want to transfer or cast the content to a second computing device with a larger display such as a television or set top box connected to a display device. When the first computing device receives the request to cast the content to the second computing device, the content may continue to be received and played back by the first computing device while it establishes a seamless transition to the second computing device. The first computing device may contact the content origin and send to the second computing device a manifest file that instructs the second computing device to request an initial portion of the segments of the content from the first computing device. For example, the manifest may comprise the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the first computing device to identify the first computing device as the source in the manifest. Alternatively, the manifest may be provided by the content origin. The content origin may then process the cast request from the first computing device and begin providing subsequent segments of content to the second computing device.

# Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

[0006] The following detailed description is better understood when read in conjunction with the

appended drawings. For the purposes of illustration, examples are shown in the drawings; however, the subject matter is not limited to specific elements and instrumentalities disclosed. In the drawings:

- [0007] FIG. **1** shows an example system;
- [0008] FIG. 2 shows an example system;
- [0009] FIG. **3** shows an example method;
- [0010] FIG. **4** shows an example method;
- [0011] FIG. **5** shows an example method;
- [0012] FIG. **6** shows an example method;
- [0013] FIG. 7 shows an example method; and
- [0014] FIG. **8** shows an example computing device.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

[0015] Methods and systems are described for content delivery. In accordance with the embodiments described herein, devices in a system may seamlessly transfer the playback of content to a second device, such as a larger display such as a television or set top box connected to a display device. The techniques disclosed herein minimize any disruption or gap in playback experienced by the user.

[0016] FIG. 1 shows an example system 100. The system 100 may comprise a content origin 102, transcoder **104**, packager **106**, a content delivery network (CDN) **108**, and a computing device **110**. The techniques for video processing described herein are applicable to any delivery method including but not limited to Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP (DASH), HTTP Live Streaming (HLS), the QAM digital television standard, and adaptive bitrate (ABR) streaming. [0017] The computing device **110** may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, a smartphone, a set-top box, a cable modem, a gateway, a tablet, a wearable computing device, a mobile computing device, any computing device configured to receive and/or render content, the like, and/or any combination of the foregoing. The computing device 110 may comprise a decoder 112, a buffer 114, and a video player 116. The computing device 110 (e.g., the video player **116**) may be communicatively connected to a display **118**. The display **118** may be a separate and discrete component from the computing device **110**, such as a television display connected to a set-top box. The display **118** may be integrated with the computing device **110**. The decoder 112, the video player 116, the buffer 114, and the display 118 may be realized in a single device, such as a laptop or mobile device. The decoder **112** may decompress/decode encoded video data. The encoded video data may be received from the transcoder **104**, the packager **106**, or the CDN **108**.

[0018] The content origin **102** may comprise a source feed of content from a provider. For example, the content origin **102** may comprise a broadcast source, a headend, a video on-demand server, a cable modem termination system, the like, and/or any combination of the foregoing. The content origin **102** may send content **130** to the transcoder **104**. The content **130** may comprise video frames or other images. For example, the content **130** may comprise video frames in a Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) Single Program Transport Stream (MPEG-SPTS). Video frames may comprise pixels. A pixel may comprise a smallest controllable element of a video frame. A video frame may comprise bits for controlling each associated pixel. A portion of the bits for an associated pixel may control a luma value (e.g., light intensity) of each associated pixel. A portion of the bits for an associated pixel may control one or more chrominance value (e.g., color) of the pixel. The content origin **102** may receive requests for the content **130** from the transcoder **104**, the packager **106**, the computing device **110**, or the CDN **108**.

[0019] The content origin **102** may send content **130** to the transcoder **104** based on a request for video from the transcoder **104**, the packager **106**, the computing device **110**, or the CDN **108**. The content **130** may comprise uncompressed video data or a content stream such as an MPEG-SPTS. The transcoder **104** may transcode the content **130** into one or more output streams **140**. The one or

more output streams **140** may comprise video encoded with a different resolution and/or a different bitrate. The one or more output streams **140** may comprise a presentation timestamp (PTS) to synchronize the content. The one or more output streams **140** may comprise one or more Instantaneous Decoder Refresh (IDR) frames.

[0020] The transcoder **104** may comprise an encoder, which may encode uncompressed video data received from the content origin **102**. When uncompressed video data is received, the encoder may encode the video (e.g., into a compressed format) using a compression technique prior to transmission. The content origin **102** and the transcoder **104** may be co-located at a premises, located at separate premises, or associated with separate instances in the cloud.

[0021] The packager **106** may receive the one or more output streams **140** from the transcoder **104**. The packager **106** may generate one or more ABR streams **150** in different ABR streaming formats. The one or more ABR streams **150** may comprise segments or fragments of video and a manifest. The manifest may indicate availability of the ABR stream and segments/fragments and information for requesting the segments/fragments (e.g., via a Uniform Resource Locator (URL)). The packager **106** may send the one or more ABR streams **150** to the CDN **108**.

[0022] The CDN 108 may comprise one or more computing devices such as servers 120A, 120B, 120C that store the one or more ABR streams 150. The CDN 108 may receive a request for content from the computing device 110. The request may be sent via a transfer protocol such as a transfer protocol used for over-the-top (OTT) playout applications. For example, this protocol may be HTTP as used in the examples described herein. However, any other transfer protocol may be used. The CDN 108 may authorize/authenticate the request and/or the computing device 110 from which the request originated. The request for content may comprise a request for a channel, a video ondemand asset, a website address, a video asset associated with a streaming service, the like, and/or any combination of the foregoing. The CDN 108 may send the request to the content origin 102, the transcoder 104, or the packager 106. The CDN 108 may send the requested content 160 to the computing device 110. The one or more servers 120A, 120B, 120C of the CDN 108 may serve the content 160 to the computing device 110.

[0023] FIG. **2** shows an example system **200**. A computing device **202***a* may comprise a smartphone, a tablet, a wearable computing device, a mobile computing device, any computing device configured to receive and/or render content, the like, and/or any combination of the foregoing. A computing device **202***b* may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, a set-top box, any computing device configured to receive and/or render content, the like, and/or any combination of the foregoing. The computing devices **202***a* and **202***b* may comprise transmitters, receivers, and/or transceivers for communicating via a network **220** and/or a network **210**. The server **204** may be associated with a content origin providing a source feed of content from a provider.

[0024] The system **200** may comprise a gateway **201**. The gateway **201** may send signals via the network **210**. The network **210** may comprise a network such as the Internet or any other network described herein. The gateway **201** may operate as a wireless local area network (WLAN) router and cable modem. An access point (AP) **203** may send signals, to the computing devices **202***a* and **202***b*, via the network **220**. The AP **203** may receive signals, from the computing devices **202***a* and **202***b*, via the network **220**. The AP **203** may communicate with the gateway **201** to provide Wi-Fi communications via network **220**. The gateway **201** and AP **203** may be part of the same device and are depicted separately in FIG. **2** as an example. The AP **203** may comprise one or more radios each comprising transmitters, receivers, and/or transceivers for communicating via the network **220**. The network **220** may comprise a Wi-Fi network. The network **220** may communicate using technologies such as WLAN technology based on the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.11 standards or any other appropriate technologies.

[0025] A user playing back content such as video content on the computing device **202***a* may want to transition the playback of content to the computing device **202***b*. For example, the user may want

to use Google Cast/Apple Airplay functionality to cast or transition to the computing device **202***b* (e.g., use the computing device **202***b* as a cast receiver) and use the computing device **202***b* as a primary display for the content. The term, cast, as used herein may refer to sending/transferring/transitioning the playback of content from a first device to a second device, such as to a larger display such as a television or set top box connected to a display device. For example, the user may initiate casting via the user interface of the computing device **202***a*. The content may stop playing on the computing device **202***a*, and the computing device **202***b* (the cast receiver) may start a local app to play back the content. The computing device **202***b* may receive the content from the content origin via server **204**.

[0026] FIG. **3** shows an example method **300**. At step **310**, computing device **301** may initiate playback of content. For example, computing device **301** may comprise a smartphone, a tablet, a wearable computing device, a mobile computing device, and the user may initiate playback of a video on the computing device **301**. At step **311**, the computing device **301** may send a request for content to the content origin **303**. The content origin **303** may comprise a server such as a server in a CDN that stores one or more ABR streams of the content. At step **312**, the content origin **303** may send the content to the computing device **301**, and the computing device may start playback of the content (step **313**).

[0027] During playback of the content, the user may want to transition the playback of content to the computing device **302**. For example, the computing device **302** may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, or a set-top box. The user may want to use Google Cast/Apple Airplay functionality to cast or transition to the computing device **302** (e.g., use the computing device **302** as a cast receiver) and use the computing device **302** as a primary display for the content. At step **314**, the user may initiate casting by sending a request via the user interface of the computing device **301**. At step **315**, the content may stop playing on the computing device **301**. At step **316**, the computing device **301** may send a request for playback of the content to computing device **302**. At step **317**, the computing device **302** may start a local app to play back the content and send a request for the content to the content origin **303** (step **318**). At step **319**, the computing device **302** may receive the content from the content origin **303**. At step **320**, the computing device **302** may start playback of the content.

[0028] In this example, during the transition of playback from the computing device **301** to the computing device **302** (steps **315-319**), there may be a delay that is significant enough to be noticeable to the user until the content resumes playing on the computing device **302** (step **320**). The techniques disclosed herein minimize this delay to provide a more seamless transition to cast receivers.

[0029] FIG. 4 shows an example method 400. At step 410, computing device 401 may initiate playback of content. For example, computing device 401 may comprise a smartphone, a tablet, a wearable computing device, a mobile computing device, and the user may initiate playback of a video on the computing device 401. At step 411, the computing device 401 may send a request for content to the content origin 403. The content origin 403 may comprise a server such as a server in a CDN that stores one or more ABR streams of the content. At step 412, the content origin 403 may send the content to the computing device 401, and the computing device may start playback of the content (step 413).

[0030] During playback of the content, the user may want to transition the playback of content to the computing device **402**. For example, the computing device **402** may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, or a set-top box. The user may want to use Google Cast/Apple Airplay functionality to cast or transition to the computing device **402** (e.g., use the computing device **402** as a cast receiver) and use the computing device **402** as a primary display for the content. At step **414**, the user may initiate casting by sending a request via the user interface of the computing device **401**.

[0031] At step **415**, the computing device **401** may send a casting request for playback of the

content to computing device **402**. At step **416**, the computing device **402** may start a local application to play back the content. At step **417**, the computing device **401** may operate as a web server that accepts requests from the computing device **402** via a transfer protocol (e.g., HTTP or any other transfer protocol for OTT playout applications) and can stream content segments to the computing device **402**. Operating as a web server may comprise, for example, executing software that accepts requests via HTTP (or any other transfer protocol) to distribute content. Accordingly, the computing device **401** may serve as a temporary origin for serving content segments to computing device **402**. These content segments, for example, may have already been downloaded to the computing device **401**. Using the computing device **401** as a temporary origin for serving content segments to the computing device **402** reduces the amount of time to begin playback on the computing device **402** (e.g., the cast receiver in this example). At step **418**, the computing device **401** may generate a manifest indicating the availability of the segments and information usable by the computing device **402** for requesting the segments. For example, the information may comprise the IP address of the computing device **401** and/or URLs for requesting the segments. At step **419**, the computing device **401** may send the manifest to the computing device **402**. Alternatively, the content origin 403 may generate the manifest and send it to the computing device 402. The computing device **402** may request segments from the computing device **401** based on the information in the manifest.

[0032] At step **420**, the computing device **402** may send a request for the content to the to the computing device **401**. The request for content may be a request for content encoded at a first resolution. For example, since the computing device **401** is serving the content, the request may comprise a request for content encoded at a lower resolution version of the content than the computing device **401** was playing back. At step **421**, the computing device **402** may send a request for the content to the content origin **403**. The request for the content may be a request for content encoded at a second resolution. For example, the request for the content that is sent to the content origin **403** may comprise a request for a higher resolution version of the content than the content served by computing device **401**.

[0033] At step **422**, the computing device **401** may send the requested content to the computing device **402**. For example, the computing device **401** may send the requested low resolution version of the content to the computing device **402**. At step **423**, the computing device **402** may start playing back the requested content. For example, the computing device **402** may start playing back the requested low resolution version of the content. At step **425**, the computing device **402** may send a signal of simultaneous playout **424** to computing device **401** to indicate that the computing device **402** is playing back the content that is also being played back on the computing device **401**. At step **425**, the computing device **401** may stop playback of the content. Having the computing device **401** continue to playback content until the computing device **402** (e.g., the cast receiver in this example) plays back the content eliminates the playback gap shown in the example of FIG. **3**. Accordingly, the order in which playback on the computing device **401** is stopped and playback on the computing device **402** is started has been changed as compared to the example in FIG. **3**, which may result in minimal disruption and an improved user experience.

[0034] At step **426**, the computing device **402** may receive the requested content from the content origin **403**. For example, the computing device **402** may receive the requested content encoded at the second resolution. For example, the second resolution version may be a higher resolution version of the content than the content served by computing device **401**. At step **427**, the computing device **402** may start playback of the content received from the content origin **403**. For example, the computing device **402** may start playing back the requested content encoded at the second resolution. For example, the computing device **402** may start playing back the requested higher resolution version of the content. At step **428**, the computing device **401** may stop the web server. [0035] FIG. **5** shows an example method **500**. The method **500** of FIG. **5**, may be performed by any device, for example, by any of the devices depicted in FIGS. **1-4** or described herein. While each

step in the method **500** of FIG. **5** is shown and described separately, multiple steps may be executed in a different order than what is shown, in parallel with each other, or concurrently with each other. At step **510**, a plurality of segments of content may be received by a first computing device. The first computing device may comprise a smartphone, a tablet, a wearable computing device, or a mobile computing device. The first request may be received via a user input.

[0036] At step **520**, a first request to cast the content to a second computing device may be received. The first request may be received during playback via the first computing device of a first portion of the plurality of segments of content. The second computing device may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, or a set-top box.

[0037] At step **530**, a manifest comprising instructions to request subsequent portions of the plurality of segments from the first computing device may be generated based on the first request. The manifest may comprise the IP address of the first computing device indicating that the first computing device is a source of the second portion. At step **540**, the manifest may be sent to the second computing device based on the first request to cast the content to the second computing device.

[0038] At step **540**, a second request for a second portion of the plurality of segments may be received from the second computing device. The second request for the second portion may indicate a request for low resolution content. The second request may be based on the first request and the manifest. The first computing device may send an indication that the content is being casted to the second computing device to the content origin to cause the content origin to send a second plurality of segments of content to the second computing device once the first plurality of segments of content have been played back. The second plurality of content segments may comprise high resolution content.

[0039] At step **550**, the second portion may be sent to the second computing device. Sending the second portion may comprise running a web server that accepts requests for the second portion from the second computing device via a transfer protocol such as a transfer protocol used for OTT playout applications. For example, this protocol may be HTTP, or any other transfer protocol may be used. The first computing device may receive an indication from the second computing device and based on the sending the second portion that the second computing device started playback of the second portion. The first computing device may discontinue playback via the first computing device of the first portion based on the indication.

[0040] FIG. **6** shows an example method **600**. The method **600** of FIG. **6**, may be performed by any device, for example, by any of the devices depicted in FIGS. **1-4** or described herein. While each step in the method **600** of FIG. **6** is shown and described separately, multiple steps may be executed in a different order than what is shown, in parallel with each other, or concurrently with each other. At step **610**, a manifest may be received from a first computing device that is playing back a first portion of a plurality of segments of content and based on a first request to cast content to a second computing device. The plurality of segments of content may have been received by the first computing device from the content origin. The first computing device may comprise a smartphone, a tablet, a wearable computing device, or a mobile computing device. The first request may be received via a user input. The second computing device may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, or a set-top box.

[0041] The manifest may comprise instructions to request a second portion of a plurality of segments from the first computing device. The manifest may comprise the IP address of the first computing device indicating that the first computing device is a source of the second portion. The manifest may be sent to the second computing device based on a first request to cast the content to the second computing device.

[0042] At step **620**, a second request for a second portion of the plurality of segments may be sent to the first computing device. The second request for the second portion may indicate a request for low resolution content. The second request may be based on the first request and the manifest. The

first computing device may send an indication that the content is being casted to the second computing device to the content origin to cause the content origin to send a second plurality of segments of content to the second computing device once the first plurality of segments of content have been played back. The second plurality of content segments may comprise high resolution content.

[0043] At step **630**, the second portion may be received from the first computing device. The first computing device may be running a web server that accepts requests for the second portion from the second computing device via a transfer protocol such as a transfer protocol used for OTT playout applications. For example, this protocol may be HTTP, or any other transfer protocol may be used. At step **640**, the second computing device may send, to the first computing device an indication and based on the receiving the second portion, an indication that the second computing device started playback of the second portion. The first computing device may discontinue playback via the first computing device of the first portion based on the indication. [0044] FIG. **7** shows an example method **700**. The method **700** of FIG. **7**, may be performed by any device, for example, by any of the devices depicted in FIGS. **1-4** or described herein. While each step in the method **700** of FIG. **7** is shown and described separately, multiple steps may be executed in a different order than what is shown, in parallel with each other, or concurrently with each other. At step **710**, a plurality of segments of content may be received by a first computing device. The first request may be received via a user input.

[0045] At step **720**, a first request to cast the content to a second computing device may be received. The first request may be received during playback via the first computing device of a first portion of the plurality of segments of content. The second computing device may comprise a television, a monitor, a laptop, a desktop computer, or a set-top box.

[0046] At step **730**, a second request for a second portion of the plurality of segments may be received from the second computing device. The second request may be based on the first request and a manifest comprising instructions to request the second portion from the first computing device. The manifest may comprise the IP address of the first computing device indicating that the first computing device is a source of the second portion. The second request for the second portion may request that the second portion be encoded at a lower resolution than the first portion. The manifest may be generated by the first computing device or by the content origin. The manifest may be sent to the second computing device in response to the first request to cast the content to the second computing device. The first computing device may send an indication that the content is being casted to the second computing device to the content origin to cause the content origin to send a second plurality of segments of content to the second computing device once the first plurality of segments of content have been played back. The second plurality of content segments may comprise high resolution content.

[0047] At step **740**, the second portion may be sent to the second computing device. Sending the second portion may comprise running a web server that accepts requests for the second portion from the second computing device via a transfer protocol such as a transfer protocol used for OTT playout applications. For example, this protocol may be HTTP, or any other transfer protocol may be used. The first computing device may receive an indication from the second computing device and based on the sending the second portion that the second computing device started playback of the second portion. The first computing device may discontinue playback via the first computing device of the first portion based on the indication.

[0048] FIG. **8** depicts a computing device that may be used in various aspects, such as the servers, modules, and/or devices depicted in FIGS. **1-4**. With regard to the example architecture of FIGS. **1-4**, each device depicted in FIGS. **1-4** may be implemented in an instance of a computing device **800** of FIG. **8**. The computer architecture shown in FIG. **8** shows a conventional server computer, workstation, desktop computer, laptop, tablet, network appliance, PDA, e-reader, digital cellular

phone, or other computing node, and may be utilized to execute any aspects of the computers described herein, such as to implement the methods described in relation to FIGS. 1-7. [0049] The computing device **800** may comprise a baseboard, or "motherboard," which is a printed circuit board to which a multitude of components or devices may be connected by way of a system bus or other electrical communication paths. One or more central processing units (CPUs) **804** may operate in conjunction with a chipset **806**. The CPU(s) **804** may be standard programmable processors that perform arithmetic and logical operations necessary for the operation of the computing device **800**.

[0050] The CPU(s) **804** may perform the necessary operations by transitioning from one discrete physical state to the next through the manipulation of switching elements that differentiate between and change these states. Switching elements may generally include electronic circuits that maintain one of two binary states, such as flip-flops, and electronic circuits that provide an output state based on the logical combination of the states of one or more other switching elements, such as logic gates. These basic switching elements may be combined to create more complex logic circuits including registers, adders-subtractors, arithmetic logic units, floating-point units, and the like. [0051] The CPU(s) **804** may be augmented with or replaced by other processing units, such as GPU(s) **805**. The GPU(s) **805** may comprise processing units specialized for but not necessarily limited to highly parallel computations, such as graphics and other visualization-related processing. [0052] A chipset **806** may provide an interface between the CPU(s) **804** and the remainder of the components and devices on the baseboard. The chipset **806** may provide an interface to a random access memory (RAM) **808** used as the main memory in the computing device **800**. The chipset **806** may provide an interface to a computer-readable storage medium, such as a read-only memory (ROM) 820 or non-volatile RAM (NVRAM) (not shown), for storing basic routines that may help to start up the computing device **800** and to transfer information between the various components and devices. ROM 820 or NVRAM may also store other software components necessary for the operation of the computing device **800** in accordance with the aspects described herein. [0053] The computing device **800** may operate in a networked environment using logical connections to remote computing nodes and computer systems through local area network (LAN) **816**. The chipset **806** may include functionality for providing network connectivity through a network interface controller (NIC) 822, such as a gigabit Ethernet adapter. A NIC 822 may be capable of connecting the computing device **800** to other computing nodes over a network **816**. It should be appreciated that multiple NICs 822 may be present in the computing device 800, connecting the computing device to other types of networks and remote computer systems. [0054] The computing device **800** may be connected to a mass storage device **828** that provides non-volatile storage for the computer. The mass storage device **828** may store system programs, application programs, other program modules, and data, which have been described in greater detail herein. The mass storage device **828** may be connected to the computing device **800** through a storage controller **824** connected to the chipset **806**. The mass storage device **828** may consist of one or more physical storage units. A storage controller **824** may interface with the physical storage units through a serial attached SCSI (SAS) interface, a serial advanced technology attachment (SATA) interface, a fiber channel (FC) interface, or other type of interface for physically connecting and transferring data between computers and physical storage units. [0055] The computing device **800** may store data on a mass storage device **828** by transforming the physical state of the physical storage units to reflect the information being stored. The specific transformation of a physical state may depend on various factors and on different implementations of this description. Examples of such factors may include, but are not limited to, the technology used to implement the physical storage units and whether the mass storage device 828 is characterized as primary or secondary storage and the like. [0056] For example, the computing device **800** may store information to the mass storage device

**828** by issuing instructions through a storage controller **824** to alter the magnetic characteristics of

a particular location within a magnetic disk drive unit, the reflective or refractive characteristics of a particular location in an optical storage unit, or the electrical characteristics of a particular capacitor, transistor, or other discrete component in a solid-state storage unit. Other transformations of physical media are possible without departing from the scope and spirit of the present description, with the foregoing examples provided only to facilitate this description. The computing device **800** may read information from the mass storage device **828** by detecting the physical states or characteristics of one or more particular locations within the physical storage units. [0057] In addition to the mass storage device **828** described herein, the computing device **800** may have access to other computer-readable storage media to store and retrieve information, such as program modules, data structures, or other data. It should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that computer-readable storage media may be any available media that provides for the storage of non-transitory data and that may be accessed by the computing device **800**. [0058] By way of example and not limitation, computer-readable storage media may include volatile and non-volatile, transitory computer-readable storage media and non-transitory computerreadable storage media, and removable and non-removable media implemented in any method or technology. Computer-readable storage media includes, but is not limited to, RAM, ROM, erasable programmable ROM ("EPROM"), electrically erasable programmable ROM ("EEPROM"), flash memory or other solid-state memory technology, compact disc ROM ("CD-ROM"), digital versatile disk ("DVD"), high definition DVD ("HD-DVD"), BLU-RAY, or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage, other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium that may be used to store the desired information in a non-transitory fashion. [0059] A mass storage device, such as the mass storage device **828** depicted in FIG. **8**, may store an operating system utilized to control the operation of the computing device **800**. The operating system may comprise a version of the LINUX operating system. The operating system may comprise a version of the WINDOWS SERVER operating system from the MICROSOFT Corporation. According to additional aspects, the operating system may comprise a version of the UNIX operating system. Various mobile phone operating systems, such as IOS and ANDROID, may also be utilized. It should be appreciated that other operating systems may also be utilized. The mass storage device **828** may store other system or application programs and data utilized by the computing device **800**.

[0060] The mass storage device **828** or other computer-readable storage media may also be encoded with computer-executable instructions, which, when loaded into the computing device **800**, transforms the computing device from a general-purpose computing system into a specialpurpose computer capable of implementing the aspects described herein. These computerexecutable instructions transform the computing device 800 by specifying how the CPU(s) 804 transition between states, as described herein. The computing device 800 may have access to computer-readable storage media storing computer-executable instructions, which, when executed by the computing device **800**, may perform the methods described in relation to FIGS. **1-7**. [0061] A computing device, such as the computing device **800** depicted in FIG. **8**, may also include an input/output controller 832 for receiving and processing input from a number of input devices, such as a keyboard, a mouse, a touchpad, a touch screen, an electronic stylus, or other type of input device. Similarly, an input/output controller **832** may provide output to a display, such as a computer monitor, a flat-panel display, a digital projector, a printer, a plotter, or other type of output device. It will be appreciated that the computing device **800** may not include all of the components shown in FIG. 8, may include other components that are not explicitly shown in FIG. 8, or may utilize an architecture completely different than that shown in FIG. 8. [0062] As described herein, a computing device may be a physical computing device, such as the

computing device **800** of FIG. **8**. A computing node may also include a virtual machine host process and one or more virtual machine instances. Computer-executable instructions may be executed by the physical hardware of a computing device indirectly through interpretation and/or

execution of instructions stored and executed in the context of a virtual machine.

[0063] It is to be understood that the methods and systems are not limited to specific methods, specific components, or to particular implementations. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting.

[0064] As used in the specification and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Ranges may be expressed herein as from "about" one particular value, and/or to "about" another particular value. When such a range is expressed, another embodiment includes-from the one particular value and/or to the other particular value. Similarly, when values are expressed as approximations, by use of the antecedent "about," it will be understood that the particular value forms another embodiment. It will be further understood that the endpoints of each of the ranges are significant both in relation to the other endpoint, and independently of the other endpoint.

[0065] "Optional" or "optionally" means that the subsequently described event or circumstance may or may not occur, and that the description includes instances where said event or circumstance occurs and instances where it does not.

[0066] Throughout the description and claims of this specification, the word "comprise" and variations of the word, such as "comprising" and "comprises," means "including but not limited to," and is not intended to exclude, for example, other components, integers or steps. "Exemplary" means "an example of" and is not intended to convey an indication of a preferred or ideal embodiment. "Such as" is not used in a restrictive sense, but for explanatory purposes.

[0067] Components are described that may be used to perform the described methods and systems. When combinations, subsets, interactions, groups, etc., of these components are described, it is understood that while specific references to each of the various individual and collective combinations and permutations of these may not be explicitly described, each is specifically contemplated and described herein, for all methods and systems. This applies to all aspects of this application including, but not limited to, operations in described methods. Thus, if there are a variety of additional operations that may be performed it is understood that each of these additional operations may be performed with any specific embodiment or combination of embodiments of the described methods.

[0068] The present methods and systems may be understood more readily by reference to the following detailed description of preferred embodiments and the examples included therein and to the Figures and their descriptions.

[0069] As will be appreciated by one skilled in the art, the methods and systems may take the form of an entirely hardware embodiment, an entirely software embodiment, or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects. Furthermore, the methods and systems may take the form of a computer program product on a computer-readable storage medium having computer-readable program instructions (e.g., computer software) embodied in the storage medium. More particularly, the present methods and systems may take the form of web-implemented computer software. Any suitable computer-readable storage medium may be utilized including hard disks, CD-ROMs, optical storage devices, or magnetic storage devices.

[0070] Embodiments of the methods and systems are described below with reference to block diagrams and flowchart illustrations of methods, systems, apparatuses and computer program products. It will be understood that each block of the block diagrams and flowchart illustrations, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and flowchart illustrations, respectively, may be implemented by computer program instructions. These computer program instructions may be loaded on a general-purpose computer, special-purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions which execute on the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus create a means for implementing the functions specified in the flowchart block or blocks.

[0071] These computer program instructions may also be stored in a computer-readable memory that may direct a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer-readable memory produce an article of manufacture including computer-readable instructions for implementing the function specified in the flowchart block or blocks. The computer program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer or other programmable apparatus to produce a computer-implemented process such that the instructions that execute on the computer or other programmable apparatus provide steps for implementing the functions specified in the flowchart block or blocks.

[0072] The various features and processes described herein may be used independently of one another, or may be combined in various ways. All possible combinations and sub-combinations are intended to fall within the scope of this disclosure. In addition, certain methods or process blocks may be omitted in some implementations. The methods and processes described herein are also not limited to any particular sequence, and the blocks or states relating thereto may be performed in other sequences that are appropriate. For example, described blocks or states may be performed in an order other than that specifically described, or multiple blocks or states may be combined in a single block or state. The example blocks or states may be performed in serial, in parallel, or in some other manner. Blocks or states may be added to or removed from the described example embodiments. The example systems and components described herein may be configured differently than described. For example, elements may be added to, removed from, or rearranged compared to the described example embodiments.

[0073] It will also be appreciated that various items are illustrated as being stored in memory or on storage while being used, and that these items or portions thereof may be transferred between memory and other storage devices for purposes of memory management and data integrity. Alternatively, in other embodiments, some or all of the software modules and/or systems may execute in memory on another device and communicate with the illustrated computing systems via inter-computer communication. Furthermore, in some embodiments, some or all of the systems and/or modules may be implemented or provided in other ways, such as at least partially in firmware and/or hardware, including, but not limited to, one or more application-specific integrated circuits ("ASICs"), standard integrated circuits, controllers (e.g., by executing appropriate instructions, and including microcontrollers and/or embedded controllers), field-programmable gate arrays ("FPGAs"), complex programmable logic devices ("CPLDs"), etc. Some or all of the modules, systems, and data structures may also be stored (e.g., as software instructions or structured data) on a computer-readable medium, such as a hard disk, a memory, a network, or a portable media article to be read by an appropriate device or via an appropriate connection. The systems, modules, and data structures may also be transmitted as generated data signals (e.g., as part of a carrier wave or other analog or digital propagated signal) on a variety of computerreadable transmission media, including wireless-based and wired/cable-based media, and may take a variety of forms (e.g., as part of a single or multiplexed analog signal, or as multiple discrete digital packets or frames). Such computer program products may also take other forms in other embodiments. Accordingly, the present invention may be practiced with other computer system configurations.

[0074] While the methods and systems have been described in connection with preferred embodiments and specific examples, it is not intended that the scope be limited to the particular embodiments set forth, as the embodiments herein are intended in all respects to be illustrative rather than restrictive.

[0075] Unless otherwise expressly stated, it is in no way intended that any method set forth herein be construed as requiring that its operations be performed in a specific order. Accordingly, where a method claim does not actually recite an order to be followed by its operations or it is not otherwise

specifically stated in the claims or descriptions that the operations are to be limited to a specific order, it is no way intended that an order be inferred, in any respect. This holds for any possible non-express basis for interpretation, including: matters of logic with respect to arrangement of steps or operational flow; plain meaning derived from grammatical organization or punctuation; and the number or type of embodiments described in the specification.

[0076] It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations may be made without departing from the scope or spirit of the present disclosure. Other embodiments will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practices described herein. It is intended that the specification and example figures be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit being indicated by the following claims.

# **Claims**

- **1**. A method comprising: receiving, from a first computing device, by a second computing device, a casting request to playback a plurality of segments of content at the second computing device, wherein the casting request is received during playback of at least a portion of the plurality of segments of content at the first computing device; and receiving, from the first computing device, by the second computing device, a manifest comprising instructions to request a first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the first computing device and a second portion of the plurality of segments of content from a content source different from the first computing device.
- **2**. The method of claim 1, further comprising sending, by the second computing device, to the first computing device, a request for the first portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.
- **3**. The method of claim 1, further comprising sending, by the second computing device, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.
- **4.** The method of claim 1, further comprising sending, to the first computing device, by the second computing device, a signal indicating that the second computing device has started playback of the first portion of the plurality of segments of content that corresponds to at least a portion of playback of the plurality of segments of content at the first computing device.
- **5**. The method of claim 1, further comprising: sending, by the second computing device, to the first computing device, a request for the first portion of the plurality of segments of content; and sending, by the second computing device, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content.
- **6.** The method of claim 5, wherein the request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content is sent in response to receiving the first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the first computing device.
- 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising executing, based on receiving the casting request, by the second computing device, a local application to play back the plurality of segments of content at the second computing device.
- **8.** A computing device comprising: one or more processors; and memory storing instructions that, when executed by the one or more processors, cause the computing device to: receive, from another computing device, a casting request to playback a plurality of segments of content at the computing device, wherein the casting request is received during playback of at least a portion of the plurality of segments of content at the other computing device; and receive, from the other computing device, a manifest comprising instructions to request a first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the other computing device and a second portion of the plurality of segments of content from a content source different from the other computing device.
- **9**. The device of claim 8, wherein the instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computing device to send, to the other computing device, a request for the first

portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.

- **10**. The device of claim 8, wherein the instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computing device to send, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.
- **11.** The device of claim 8, wherein the instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computing device to send, to the other computing device, a signal indicating that the computing device has started playback of the first portion of the plurality of segments of content that corresponds to at least a portion of playback of the plurality of segments of content at the other computing device.
- **12**. The device of claim 8, wherein the instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computing device to: send, to the other computing device, a request for the first portion of the plurality of segments of content; and send, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content.
- **13**. The device of claim 8, wherein the request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content is sent in response to receiving the first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the other computing device.
- **14**. The device of claim 8, wherein the instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computing device to execute, based on receiving the casting request, a local application to play back the plurality of segments of content at the computing device.
- **15**. A non-transitory computer-readable medium storing instructions that, when executed, cause: receiving, from a first computing device, by a second computing device, a casting request to playback a plurality of segments of content at the second computing device, wherein the casting request is received during playback of at least a portion of the plurality of segments of content at the first computing device; and receiving, from the first computing device, by the second computing device, a manifest comprising instructions to request a first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the first computing device and a second portion of the plurality of segments of content from a content source different from the first computing device.
- **16**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed, further cause sending, by the second computing device, to the first computing device, a request for the first portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.
- **17**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed, further cause sending, by the second computing device, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content based on the manifest.
- **18**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed, further cause sending, to the first computing device, by the second computing device, a signal indicating that the second computing device has started playback of the first portion of the plurality of segments of content that corresponds to at least a portion of playback of the plurality of segments of content at the first computing device.
- **19**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed, further cause: sending, by the second computing device, to the first computing device, a request for the first portion of the plurality of segments of content; receiving the first portion of the plurality of segments of content from the first computing device; and sending, based on receiving the first portion of the plurality of segments of content, by the second computing device, to the content source, a request for the second portion of the plurality of segments of content.
- **20**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 15, wherein the instructions, when executed, further cause executing, based on receiving the casting request, by the second computing device, a local application to play back the plurality of segments of content at the second computing device.