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Inventor(s)	Sin; Vincent et al.

Apparatus for a display device

Abstract

Disclosed is an apparatus for a display device including a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory, and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion. The disclosure further includes a kit of parts of an apparatus for a display device, and a method of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device.

Inventors: Sin; Vincent (Singapore, SG), Lim; Ee Hao Gabriel (Singapore, SG)

Applicant: SECRETLAB SG PTE. LTD. (Singapore, SG)

Family ID: 1000008762836

Assignee: Secretlab SG Pte. Ltd. (Singapore, SG)

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Primary Examiner: McKinnon; Terrell L

Assistant Examiner: Tan; Ding Y

Attorney, Agent or Firm: Viering, Jentschura & Partner mbB

Background/Summary

TECHNICAL FIELD

(1) The present disclosure relates to an apparatus for a display device, and a method of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device.

BACKGROUND

(2) The following discussion of the background is intended to facilitate an understanding of the present disclosure only. It should be appreciated that the discussion is not an acknowledgement or admission that any of the material referred to was published, known or is part of the common general knowledge of the person skilled in the art in any jurisdiction as of the priority date of the disclosure.

(3) Conventional apparatuses for display devices include a portion for mounting the display device and another portion for fastening the apparatus to a desired surface, such as a table top.

(4) Such apparatuses are often transported in a disassembled configuration and a user has to assemble the apparatus before use. The assembly process can be complex and typically includes multiple steps, which may be troublesome and difficult for a user. In addition, during assembly and the mounting of the apparatus to a table top, a user typically has to over-tighten the portion for fastening the apparatus to the table top for stability. This can cause unwanted damage to the apparatus and/or the table top. Further, the portion for mounting the display device is not adjustable and the user is not able to adjust the display device to a desired position.

(5) Furthermore, accessories such as the display device accessories, e.g. cables, may loosely hang from the display device itself. The loose accessories may get entangled with each other and inconvenience the user. In addition, the loose accessories are not aesthetically appealing.

(6) Accordingly, there exists a need for an improved apparatus for a display device, that seeks to

address at least one of the aforementioned issues.

SUMMARY

(7) The disclosure was conceptualized to provide an improved apparatus for a display device, which may be attached to a table assembly. It is contemplated that the apparatus forms a magnetic ecosystem with a table assembly having a magnetic ecosystem, to form an integrated magnetic ecosystem. The magnetic ecosystem enables the provision of a cable management system which allows a user to manage, hide and store accessories, e.g. cables within the apparatus itself. As such, the user does not require additional cable management systems to prevent the accessories from getting entangled with each other and to minimize clutter, which may be aesthetically appealing to the user. Embodiments of the disclosure provide an improved apparatus which is simple and quick to assemble. Further, the fastening assembly of the apparatus allows a user to fasten the apparatus to the table without damaging the table top and at the same time, provides a stable support for the display device. In addition, the apparatus allows a user to easily position the display device at a desired height and orientation, which may alleviate the user's eye, neck, back pain (due to prolonged use of the display device, e.g. "tech neck") and thus improve the health of the user.

(8) The apparatus is particularly applicable for supporting liquid crystal displays, e.g. visual display units such as a computer display or screen, but can be used to support other objects, such as a mobile device.

(9) According to one aspect of the disclosure, there is an apparatus for a display device comprising: a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory, and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

(10) According to another aspect of the disclosure, there is a kit of parts of an apparatus for a display device comprising: a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory, and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

(11) According to another aspect of the disclosure, there is provided a method of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device comprising: providing a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; providing an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory, and providing a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) The disclosure will be better understood with reference to the detailed description when considered in conjunction with the non-limiting examples and the accompanying drawings, in which:

(2) FIG. 1 shows a perspective view of an apparatus **100** for a display device in an assembled configuration;

- (3) FIG. 2 shows the same perspective view of the apparatus **100** for the display device in a disassembled configuration;
- (4) FIG. 3 shows the (A) top view, (B) and (C) the bottom views from different perspectives, and (D) the cross-sectional view, of the coupling between the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**, and the sheath **124**, **134**;
- (5) FIG. 4 shows the cross-sectional view of the pivotable interface **140** in the (A) disassembled, and (B) partially assembled configurations
- (6) FIG. 5 shows the (A) front-side view, (B) back-side view, (C) front view, and (D) side view of the fastening assembly **110**;
- (7) FIG. 6 shows the resilient material layered on a surface of the (A) first section **112a** of the first base plate **112**, and (B) second base plate **114**;
- (8) FIG. 7 shows a perspective view of the attachment assembly **170** and the display device mount **180**, and inset (A) shows an exploded view of the same; and
- (9) FIG. 8 shows a method **800** of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device, in accordance with yet another aspect of the disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(10) The following detailed description refers to the accompanying drawings that show, by way of illustration, specific details and embodiments in which the disclosure may be practiced. These embodiments are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the disclosure. Other embodiments may be utilized and structural, and logical changes may be made without departing from the scope of the disclosure. The various embodiments are not necessarily mutually exclusive, as some embodiments can be combined with one or more other embodiments to form new embodiments.

(11) The disclosure illustratively described herein may suitably be practiced in the absence of any element or elements, limitation or limitations, not specifically disclosed herein. Thus, for example, the terms “comprising”, “including,” “containing”, etc. shall be read expansively and without limitation. The word “comprise” or variations such as “comprises” or “comprising” will accordingly be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or groups of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers. Additionally, the terms and expressions employed herein have been used as terms of description and not of limitation, and there is no intention in the use of such terms and expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof, but it is recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the disclosure. Thus, it should be understood that although the present disclosure has been specifically described in exemplary embodiments and optional features, modification and variation of the disclosure embodied herein may be resorted to by those skilled in the art.

(12) Features that are described in the context of an embodiment may correspondingly be applicable to the same or similar features in the other embodiments. Features that are described in the context of an embodiment may correspondingly be applicable to the other embodiments, even if not explicitly described in these other embodiments. Furthermore, additions and/or combinations and/or alternatives as described for a feature in the context of an embodiment may correspondingly be applicable to the same or similar feature in the other embodiments.

(13) In the context of various embodiments, the articles “a”, “an” and “the” as used with regard to a feature or element include a reference to one or more of the features or elements. As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items.

(14) While terms such as “first”, “second” etc., may be used to describe various elements, such elements are not limited to the above terms. The above terms are used only to distinguish one element from another, and do not define an order and/or significance of the elements. Without departing a scope of rights of the specification, a first element may be referred to as a second element, and similarly, the second element may be referred to as the first element.

(15) Throughout the description, the term “magnetic coupling” refers broadly to an attractive magnetic force between two objects, and may have an associated magnetic strength. In some embodiments, the magnetic coupling may be between at least one hollow portion of the adjustment portion and the sheath.

(16) FIG. 1 shows a perspective view of an apparatus **100** for a display device in an assembled configuration. FIG. 2 shows the same perspective view of the apparatus **100** for the display device in a disassembled configuration. Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, the apparatus **100** includes a fastening assembly **110** mountable to a surface. The surface may be a table top of a table assembly, e.g. a desk top. It is contemplated that the fastening assembly **110** may be mounted to any surface having a thickness for fastening the fastening assembly **110** onto the surface. For example, the surface may have a constant thickness, or may have a variable thickness.

(17) The apparatus **100** includes an adjustment portion **160** having an end **120a** configured to receive a display device mount **180**, and an opposing end **130b** configured for attachment to the fastening assembly **110**. The adjustment portion **160** may include a first support arm **120** and a second support arm **130** which may be connected to each other. In some embodiments, the first **120** and second **130** support arms may be connected to each other via a pivotable interface **140**. The first support arm **120** may include the end **120a** configured to receive the display device mount **180**, and an opposing end **120b** configured for attachment to the second support arm **130**. In some embodiments, the first support arm **120** may include an attachment mechanism **170** configured for attachment to the display device mount **180**. The second support arm **130** may include the end **130a** configured for attachment to the first support arm **120**, and an opposing end **130b** configured for attachment to the fastening assembly **110**. In some embodiments, the second support arm **130** may be connected to the fastening assembly **110** via a mechanical fastener **150**, such as but not limited to threaded screws. This may allow the second support arm **130** to be rotatable relative to the fastening assembly **110**.

(18) The adjustment portion **160** includes at least one hollow portion **122**, **132** formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory. The metallic material may include but is not limited to iron, aluminum, copper, zinc, titanium, carbon steel, stainless steel, steel or a combination of such materials. As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the first **120** and second **130** support arms of the adjustment portion **160** may each include the hollow portion **122**, **132**. For example, the first support arm **120** may include a first hollow portion **122**, and the second support arm **130** may include a second hollow portion **132**. Each of the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions may be formed of or from the metallic material, and may be configured to receive the accessory. For example, each of the first **120** and second **130** support arms may be formed having a depression or an empty space, e.g. corresponding to the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions, respectively, that is suitable for receiving and housing the accessory. An opening configured for receiving the accessory may be arranged along the longitudinal axis of each of the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions.

(19) The adjustment portion **160** further includes a sheath **124**, **134** formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**. As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the first support arm **120** may include the first sheath **124** suitable for magnetic coupling with the first hollow portion **122**, and the second support arm **130** may include the second sheath **134** suitable for magnetic coupling with the second hollow portion **132**. The first sheath **124** may be arranged to cover the opening of the first hollow portion **122**, and the second sheath **134** may be arranged to cover the opening of the second hollow portion **132**. Accordingly, the first **124** and second **134** sheaths may contain the accessory within the first hollow portion **122** and the second hollow portion **132**, respectively.

(20) In various embodiments, the sheath **124**, **134** may be configured to be removable, e.g. detachable to the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**. In use, a user may remove the first sheath **124** from the first hollow portion **122**, and/or the second sheath **134** from the second hollow portion **132**, to place the accessory within the first **122** and/or second **132** hollow portion. The sheath **124**,

134 may be used to cover and contain the accessory within the first **122** and/or second **132** hollow portions. In some embodiments, the accessory may include a non-magnetic material which may not be magnetically coupled to the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**. In some embodiments, the accessory may be electrical and/or power lines, e.g. cables, for transmitting electricity and/or telecommunication signals to and/or from the display device. Alternatively, or in addition, the accessory may be formed of or from a magnetic material suitable for magnetic coupling to the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**, or to any part of the adjustment portion **160** itself. Examples of such magnetic accessories include, but are not limited to, USB/Audio Hubs, cable snap clips, cable reels, headphone holders, microphones, head phones, speakers, decorative magnetic accessories.

(21) FIG. 3 shows the (A) top view, (B) and (C) the bottom views from different perspectives, and (D) the cross-sectional view, of the coupling between the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**, and the sheath **124**, **134**. The reference numerals provided in FIG. 3 shows an example of the coupling between the first hollow portion **122** and the first sheath **124**. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the same may be applicable to the second hollow portion **132** and the second sheath **134**. In various embodiments, the first **124** and second **134** sheaths may be identical to each other, and may therefore be interchangeable. Referring to FIGS. 1 to 3, the first sheath **124** may have a first parameter (such as a length) that is less than, i.e. shorter than, the first hollow portion **122**. As such, a separation is provided between the end **120a** of the first support arm **120** and an end of the first sheath **124**, and another separation is provided between the opposing end **120b** of the first support arm **120** and the respective opposing end of the first sheath **124**. In various embodiments, the first sheath **124** may therefore be moveable along a longitudinal axis of the first support arm **120**, and the second sheath **134** may similarly be moveable along a longitudinal axis of the second support arm **130**. In other words, the first **124** and second **134** sheaths may be slidable along the opening of the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions, respectively. Accordingly, tension in the cables, which are housed within the adjustment portion **160**, may be reduced when the first **120** and/or second **130** support arms are moving, e.g. along/within the lateral or longitudinal plane of the apparatus **100**.

(22) In various embodiments, the magnetic material of the sheath **124**, **134**, may be a ferromagnetic material, such as but not limited to metals including iron, nickel, cobalt and or their alloys. In some embodiments, the magnetic material may be a ferrite, e.g. iron oxide, or a neodymium (NdFeB) magnet. In an embodiment, the magnetic material of the sheath **124**, **134** may include a relatively flexible NdFeB magnetic sheet. It is contemplated that other materials may be selected. The aforementioned magnetic materials provide examples of materials selected to provide good coupling strength, and to allow easy removal of the sheath **124**, **134**, and slidable movement along the longitudinal axis of the first **120** and second **130** support arms, e.g. adjustment portion **160**.

(23) Accordingly, the apparatus **100** according to various embodiments of the disclosure may provide a magnetic cable management system which allows a user to easily fit the sheath **124**, **134** into openings of the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions, to manage, hide and store cables within the apparatus **100** itself, e.g. the first **122** and second **132** hollow portions. As such, the user does not require additional cable management systems to minimize the accessories from getting entangled with each other and to minimize clutter. This may be aesthetically appealing to the user. In addition, since the sheath **124**, **134** is moveable along the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion **160**, a user may easily arrange the sheath **124**, **134** at a desired position to accommodate movement, e.g. rotation, tilting of the display device, or to accommodate connections to other circuits, such as but not limited to other microprocessors, display devices, mobile phones, or to power sockets, and simultaneously reducing tension of the cables whenever the adjustment portion **160**, e.g. first **120** and/or second **130** support arms are moving.

(24) As shown in FIGS. 3(B) to (D), the first hollow portion **122** may include a central part **122a**, a first part **122b**, a second part **122c**, and a third part **122d**. The first **122b** and second **122c** parts may extend from opposing sides of the first hollow portion **122**, and may correspond to the opposing

sides of the first support arm **120**. In some embodiments, the first **122b** and second **122c** parts may extend perpendicular to the first hollow portion **122**. The third part **122d** may extend from at least one of the first **122b** or second **122c** parts. In some embodiments, the third part **122d** may extend perpendicular to at least one of the first **122b** or second **122c** parts. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 3(B) to (D), the third part **122d** may extend from the second part **122b** of the first hollow portion **122**. Alternatively, or in addition, at least one of the first **122b**, second **122c** and/or third parts **122d** may extend at an angle.

(25) In various embodiments, the first sheath **124** may be magnetically couplable to the first **122b** and second **122c** parts. In some embodiments, the third part **122d** may also be magnetically couplable to the first sheath **124**. Since the first sheath **124** may be positioned at the opening of the first hollow portion **122**, adequate space is provided for a user to store accessories within the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132** of the apparatus **100**.

(26) In various embodiments, a second parameter (such as a width) of the sheath **124**, **134**, may be equal to or less than a width of the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**. This allows the sheath **124**, **134** to securely cover the opening of the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**, and prevents accessories from falling out of the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**.

(27) Referring to the example in FIGS. 3(B) to (D), the first sheath **124** may further include a protrusion **126** arranged along a length of the first sheath **124**. The protrusion **126** may be a thin projection on the first sheath **124** to ensure that said protrusion **126** is flushed against/with the sheath **124**. In some embodiments, the protrusion **126** may be configured to be magnetically couplable to the third part **122d** of the first hollow portion **122**. In use, the protrusion **126** may provide an integral attachment feature, e.g. snap-fit feature, to fasten and hook the protrusion **126** of the first sheath **124** to the third part **122d** of the first hollow portion **122**. As such, the sheath **124**, **134** may be securely attached to the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**, and at the same time, allow the user to easily remove or attach the sheath **124**, **134** to the at least one hollow portion **122**, **132**.

(28) FIG. 4 shows the cross-sectional view of the pivotable interface **140** in the (A) disassembled, and (B) partially assembled configurations. Referring to FIGS. 4(A) and (B), the first **120** and second **130** support arms may be joined to each other at the pivotable interface **140**. The pivotable interface **140** may include a shaft **142** extending from an end **120b** of the first support arm **120**, and a first screw **144** extending from the shaft **142**. The pivotable interface **140** may further include a sleeve **145** which may be housed in a holder, arranged at an end **130a** of the second support arm **130** and configured to receive the first screw **144**. During assembly, the user may attach the first screw **144** of the first support arm **120** to the sleeve **145** of the second support arm **130**, and may secure the attachment with a second screw **146**. For example, the second screw **146** may be tightened to increase the rotational resistance of the first screw **144** and the shaft **142**. In various embodiments, the first screw **144** cooperates with the sleeve **145** such that the first support arm **120** may move along a lateral plane, e.g. horizontal plane, x-axis. In some embodiments, the first support arm **120** may further include a spring mechanism to facilitate the movement of the first support arm **120** along a longitudinal plane, e.g. vertical plane, y-axis, of the apparatus **100**. For example, the first support arm **120** may be configured to traverse a range between 250 mm to 350 mm, preferably between 290 mm to 300 mm along the longitudinal plane. In an embodiment, the first support arm **120** may have a minimum height ranging between 130 mm to 180 mm, and a maximum height ranging between 400 mm to 500 mm. In some embodiments, the pivotable interface **140** may be further configured such that the first support arm **120** may be rotatable, e.g. with a range of 360° relative to the second support arm **130**, e.g. about the pivotable interface **140**.

(29) In some embodiments, the first support arm **120** may be positioned such that an angle between the end **120b** of the first support arm **120** and the second support arm **130** may be an obtuse angle, as shown in the exemplary embodiments of FIGS. 1, 2 and 4. This may provide a position which may be at the eye level of a user, e.g. adult of average height to minimize eye, neck and/or back

strain, and thus improve the user experience and overall health of the user.

(30) FIG. 5 shows the (A) front-side view, (B) back-side view, (C) front view, and (D) side view of the fastening assembly **110**. The fastening assembly **110** may include a first base plate **112** having a first section **112a** and a second section **112b** extending from the first section **112a**. The second section **112b** may extend perpendicular to the first section **112a**. Alternatively, the second section **112b** may extend at an angle to the first section **112a**. The fastening assembly **110** also includes a second base plate **114** arranged opposite the first section **112a**, and a rotatable shaft **116** arranged between the first section **112a** and the second base plate **114**. For example, the second section **112b** may be parallel to the rotatable shaft **116**. In various embodiments, a rotation of the rotatable shaft **116** may cause a translation of the second base plate **114** towards or away from the first section **112a**. In other words, the rotatable shaft **116** is configured to move the second base plate **114** upwards, e.g. towards the first section **112a**, to fasten, e.g. clamp the apparatus **100** onto a surface, and to move the second base plate **114** downwards, e.g. away from the first section **112a**, to release the apparatus **100** from the surface.

(31) As shown in FIGS. 5(A), (B) and (D), the second base plate **114** has a thickness which tapers from an end **114a** of the second base plate **114** to an opposing end **114b** of the second base plate **114**. In an embodiment, the end **114a** may have a greater thickness than the opposing end **114b** of the second base plate **114**. In other words, the second base plate **114** may be wedge-shaped. In some embodiments, the second base plate **114** may be positioned at an angle relative to the second section **112b** of the first base plate **112**. The angle may be an acute angle, and may have a range between 80° to 89°, preferably 87.5°. In these embodiments, the second base plate **114** may not be perpendicular to the second section **112b**. This may reduce flex and increase mounting stability when the fastening assembly **110** is fastened onto the surface.

(32) FIG. 6 shows the resilient material layered on a surface of the (A) first section **112a** of the first base plate **112**, and (B) second base plate **114**. The fastening assembly **110** may further include a resilient material **118**, **119** layered on a surface of at least one of the first base plate **112** or the second base plate **114**. In some embodiments, the resilient material **118** may be arranged on a surface of the first section **112a**, and may be the surface which faces the second base plate **114**. In some other embodiments, the resilient material **119** may be arranged on a surface of the second base plate **114** which faces the surface of the first section **112a** in which the second base plate **114** translates towards or away from. In an embodiment, the resilient materials **118**, **119** are arranged on a surface of both the first **112** and second **114** base plates, and may be in contact with the surface to which the fastening assembly **110** is fastened onto.

(33) The properties of the resilient material may be controlled to resist deformation, e.g. compression, without compromising the stability of the fastening assembly **110**. In some embodiments, the resilient material may include polyethylene (PE) polymers with varying densities and/or molecular weights, and may have a shore hardness (A scale) in the range of 50 to 100 A, preferably between 65 to 75 A. The resilient material **118**, **119** may thus protect the surface onto which the fastening assembly **110** is fastened onto without compromising the stability of the fastening assembly **110** and apparatus **100** itself. It is contemplated that the resilient material **118**, **119** may be useful in fastening the apparatus **100** onto a surface with variable thickness.

(34) FIG. 7 shows a perspective view of the attachment assembly **170** and the display device mount **180**, and inset (A) shows an exploded view of the same. The attachment assembly **170** may include a housing **172** and a contact plate **174** extending from the housing **172**. The contact plate **174** may be configured for attachment to a connection means **128** positioned at an end **120a** of the first support arm **120**. In some embodiments, the contact plate **174** may be rotatable and may be configured to rotate 360° relative to the first support arm **120** of the adjustment portion **160**, allowing the user to easily orientate a mounted display device in a desired orientation.

(35) The display device mount **180** may include a mounting plate **182** including a plurality of mounting screws holes **181** for attaching the display device onto the display device mount **180**, and

a bracket **184** extending from a surface of the mounting plate **180**. In some embodiments, the display device mount **180** may include standard VESA mounts known to those skilled in the art, and a user screws the display device onto the mounting plate **182** via the plurality of mounting screw holes **181**. In various embodiments, the housing **172** of the attachment mechanism **170** may be configured to receive the bracket **184**, and during assembly, a user may slot the bracket **184** into the housing **172**. This provides a quick and easy, e.g. 1-step installation method.

(36) Another aspect of the disclosure further relates to a kit of parts of an apparatus for a display device including: a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory, and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion. The apparatus may refer to the apparatus **100** described with reference to FIGS. **1** to **7** and repeated descriptions will be omitted.

(37) FIG. **8** shows a method **800** of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device, in accordance with yet another aspect of the disclosure. Method **800** includes: providing a fastening assembly mountable to a surface (step **802**); providing an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly, the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory (step **804**), and providing a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion (step **806**). The method **800** of manufacture of the apparatus may refer to the apparatus **100** described with reference to FIGS. **1** to **7** and repeated descriptions will be omitted.

(38) Various embodiments of the disclosure thus provide an improved apparatus for a display device, which may support a display device having a weight of up to 10 kg. The improved apparatus includes a magnetic cable management ecosystem that allows a user to easily manage, hide and store accessories within the apparatus itself, avoiding the need for external cable management systems. This reduces clutter and minimizes the accessories from getting entangled with each other, which may be aesthetically appealing. In addition, the fastening assembly provides a straightforward fastening method for assembling the apparatus onto a desired surface, and in particular, provides greater stability without damaging the surface. The adjustment portion and attachment mechanism further allow the user to position the display device a desired position and/or orientation, which may alleviate the user's eye, neck, back pain and improve the user's health.

(39) While the disclosure has been particularly shown and described with reference to specific embodiments, it should be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and detail may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure as defined by the appended claims. The scope of the disclosure is thus indicated by the appended claims and all changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are therefore intended to be embraced.

Claims

1. An apparatus for a display device comprising a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory; and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion, wherein the

sheath comprises a cover of an opening of the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the magnetic material of the sheath comprises at least one of a metal alloy, a ferrite, a neodymium magnet.

3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a length of the sheath is less than a length of the at least one hollow portion, and wherein a width of the sheath is equal to or less than a width of the at least one hollow portion.

4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the at least one hollow portion comprises a central part, a first part, a second part and a third part, the first and second parts extending from opposite sides of the central part and the third part extending from at least one of the first part or the second part, wherein at least one of the first part, the second part and the third part are magnetically couplable to the sheath.

5. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the sheath further comprises a protrusion arranged along a length of the sheath, the protrusion configured to be magnetically couplable to the third part of the at least one hollow portion.

6. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the first and second parts of the at least one hollow portion extends perpendicularly from opposite sides of the central part, wherein the third part of the at least one hollow portion extend perpendicular to the at least one of the first part or the second part of the at least one hollow portion.

7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the adjustment portion comprises a first support arm and a second support arm, wherein a first end of the first support arm and a second end of the second support arm are joined to each other at a pivotable interface.

8. The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the first support arm comprises a first hollow portion formed of or from the metallic material for receiving the accessory, and a first sheath formed of or from the magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the first hollow portion, wherein the first sheath is moveable along the longitudinal axis of the first support arm, and wherein the second support arm comprises a second hollow portion formed of or from the metallic material for receiving the accessory, and a second sheath formed of or from the magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the second hollow portion, wherein the second sheath is moveable along the longitudinal axis of the second support arm.

9. The apparatus of claim 7, wherein an angle between the end of the first support arm and the end of the second support arm joined to each other at the pivotable interface comprises an obtuse angle.

10. The apparatus of claim 7, wherein at least one of the first or second support arms is configured to move along a lateral plane, and a longitudinal plane of the apparatus.

11. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the fastening assembly comprises a first base plate, the first base plate having a first section and a second section extending from the first section; a second base plate, the second base plate arranged opposite the first section; a rotatable shaft, the rotatable shaft positioned between the first and second base plates; wherein a rotation of the rotatable shaft is configured to cause a translation of the second base plate towards or away from the first section; and wherein the second base plate has a thickness which tapers from an end of the second base plate to an opposing end of the second base plate.

12. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the second base plate is positioned at an acute angle relative to the second section of the first base plate.

13. The apparatus of claim 11, further comprising a resilient material layered on at least one surfaces of at least one of the first base plate or the second base plate.

14. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising an attachment mechanism configured to attach the display device mount to the end of the adjustment portion, wherein the attachment mechanism is configured to rotate 360° relative to the adjustment portion.

15. A kit of parts of an apparatus for a display device comprising a fastening assembly mountable

to a surface; an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory; and a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion, wherein the sheath comprises a cover of an opening of the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

16. A method of manufacturing an apparatus for a display device comprising providing a fastening assembly mountable to a surface; providing an adjustment portion having an end configured to receive a display device mount, and an opposing end configured for attachment to the fastening assembly; the adjustment portion comprising at least one hollow portion formed of or from a metallic material for receiving an accessory; and providing a sheath formed of or from a magnetic material for magnetic coupling with the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along a longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion, wherein the sheath comprises a cover of an opening of the at least one hollow portion, wherein the sheath is moveable along the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

17. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the sheath is only slidable within the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

18. The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the protrusion comprises a further attachment feature.

19. The kit of parts of the apparatus for the display device of claim 15, wherein the sheath is only slidable within the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.

20. The method of manufacturing the apparatus for the display device of claim 16, wherein the sheath is only slidable within the opening of the at least one hollow portion in the longitudinal axis of the adjustment portion.
