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Techniques for accessing logical networks via a virtualized gateway

Abstract

Disclosed are various embodiments for receiving, via a network, a request from a client to establish a network tunnel over the network. Various embodiments can create a virtual network comprising a virtual network gateway in response to receiving a service call. Various embodiments can further allocate an available computing resource to the virtual network gateway to augment a first computing resource. Allocating the available computing resource can be performed in response to a usage of the first computing resource assigned to the virtual network gateway.

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Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS (1) This continuation application claims priority to, and the benefit of, co-pending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 18/086,013, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and filed on Dec. 21, 2022, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 11,570,035, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and issued on Jan. 31, 2023, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 11,146,443, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and issued on Oct. 12, 2021, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 10,505,784, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and issued on Dec. 10, 2019, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 10,129,074, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and issued on Nov. 13, 2018, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 9,912,520, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Logical Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and issued on Mar. 6, 2018, which is a continuation application of U.S. Pat. No. 9,571,331, entitled “Techniques for Accessing Local Networks via a Virtualized Gateway” and filed on Nov. 21, 2012, and issued on Feb. 14, 2017.

BACKGROUND

(1) People use computing devices to communicate with other computing devices and with each other. Sometimes people are dispersed to remote and/or different locations, but still need to communicate as if they were centrally located.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) Many aspects of the present disclosure can be better understood with reference to the following drawings. The components in the drawings are not necessarily to scale, emphasis instead being placed upon clearly illustrating the principles of the disclosure. Moreover, in the drawings, like reference numerals designate corresponding parts throughout the several views.

(2) FIG. 1 is a drawing of a networked environment according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(3) FIG. 2A is a flowchart illustrating one example of functionality implemented as portions of a logical network configuration manager executed in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according

to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(4) FIG. 2B is a flowchart illustrating one example of functionality implemented as portions of a logical network configuration manager executed in a computing device in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(5) FIG. 3 is a flowchart illustrating one example of functionality implemented as portions of a logical network gateway executed in a computing device in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(6) FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating another example of functionality implemented as portions of a logical network configuration manager executed in a computing device in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(7) FIG. 5 is a schematic block diagram that provides one example illustration of a computing device employed in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

(8) FIG. 6 is a schematic block diagram that provides one example illustration of a client computing device employed in the networked environment of FIG. 1 according to various embodiments of the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(9) The present disclosure relates to programmatically configuring and accessing a logical network through which one or more client devices may communicate with other computing devices within the logical network. The users connect to the logical network by establishing a logical network tunnel between the client device and the logical network gateway in the computing device. The logical network gateway may be a virtual machine configured with information about the users who may establish logical network tunnels and the one or more logical networks to which the users may connect. In the following discussion, a general description of the system and its components is provided, followed by a discussion of the operation of the same.

(10) With reference to FIG. 1, shown is a networked environment **100** according to various embodiments. The networked environment **100** includes one or more computing devices **103**, one or more client devices **106** and one or more computing device **143** communicating by way of a network **109**. The network **109** includes, for example, the Internet, intranets, extranets, wide area networks (WANs), local area networks (LANs), wired networks, wireless networks, or other suitable networks, etc., or any combination of two or more such networks.

(11) Each computing device **103** may be operated by a cloud computing service provider or other provider. The computing device **103** may comprise, for example, a server computer or any other system providing computing capability. Alternatively, a plurality of computing devices **103** may be employed that are arranged, for example, in one or more server banks or computer banks or other arrangements. A plurality of computing devices **103** together may comprise, for example, a cloud computing resource, a grid computing resource, and/or any other distributed computing arrangement. Such computing devices **103** may be located in a single installation or may be distributed among many different geographical locations. For purposes of convenience, the computing device **103** is referred to herein in the singular. Even though each computing device **103** is referred to in the singular, it is understood that a plurality may be employed in the various arrangements as described above.

(12) The logical network **141** is a logical network created and operated by the computing device **103**. The logical network **141** may include various virtual or actual devices, such as one or more computing devices **143** and/or client devices **106**. The logical network **141** facilitates the appearance of an exclusive network and/or internetwork through which devices within the logical network **141** may communicate with other devices located inside and potentially outside the logical network **141**.

(13) The computing device **143** may comprise one or more virtual computers operated on the computing device **103**, or the computing device **143** may comprise, for example, a server computer

or any other system providing computing capability. Alternatively, a plurality of computing devices **143** may be employed that are arranged, for example, in one or more server banks or computer banks or other arrangements. A plurality of computing devices **143** together may comprise, for example, a cloud computing resource, a grid computing resource, and/or any other distributed computing arrangement. Such computing devices **143** may be located in a single installation or may be distributed among many different geographical locations. Furthermore, in various embodiments, the computing device **143** may or may not be logically present in the logical network **141**. For purposes of convenience, the computing device **143** is referred to herein in the singular. Even though each computing device **143** is referred to in the singular, it is understood that a plurality may be employed in the various arrangements as described above.

(14) Various applications and/or other functionality may be executed in the computing device **143** according to various embodiments. The components executed on the computing device **143**, for example, may include the user AAA service **147**. The user AAA service **147** may additionally provide authentication, authorization and/or accounting (AAA) services to the logical network **141**, logical network gateway **145** and/or other services and devices. The services may be offered using protocols such as Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+), Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS), Diameter or other protocols as can be appreciated.

(15) Various applications and/or other functionality may be executed in the computing device **103** according to various embodiments. Also, various data is stored in a data store **112** that is accessible to the computing device **103**. The data store **112** may be representative of a plurality of data stores as can be appreciated. The data stored in the data store **112**, for example, is associated with the operation of the various applications and/or functional entities described below.

(16) The components executed on the computing device **103**, for example, include a logical network configuration manager **121**, a logical network user manager **123** and a logical network gateway **145**. The components executed on the computing device **103** may also include other applications, services, processes, systems, engines, or functionality not discussed in detail herein. The data stored in the data store **112** includes data that may be accessed by the applications, for example, logical network configuration data **131** and user accounts **134**, as well as potentially other data.

(17) In various embodiments, the components executed on the computing device **103** may utilize any type of middleware framework to communicate with a client application executing on a client device **106** or with other applications executing on the computing device **103**. Examples of such frameworks include remote procedure calls, service-oriented architecture protocol (SOAP), representational state transfer (REST), Windows Communication Foundation, and other frameworks.

(18) The logical network configuration manager **121** may be executed to provide an interface to facilitate the creation and configuration of a logical network **141** via a programmatic service call. To this end, the logical network configuration manager **121** may be executed to install one or more computing devices **143** into the logical network **141**, associate a logical network **141** with a logical network gateway **145** and configure the logical network gateway **145**. In one embodiment, the interface provided by the logical network configuration manager **121** may include electronic content, such as web pages or other types of network content, that are provided to a client device **106**. In another embodiment, the logical network configuration manager **121** may provide a middleware framework to communicate with a client application executing on a client device **106**.

(19) The logical network user manager **123** may be executed to provide an interface to facilitate management of user accounts for at least the logical network **141** and logical network gateway **145** via a programmatic service call. In carrying out this role, the logical network user manager **123** may enable the creation, removal, importation, exportation and editing of user and group accounts, as well as the permissions associated with the accounts. As a non-limiting example, the permissions for the user/group accounts may include whether the account may establish a tunnel, the logical

network(s) to which the account may connect, the network(s) and/or device(s) to which the account may connect, etc.

(20) In one embodiment, the interface provided by the logical network user manager **123** may include electronic content, such as web pages or other types of network content, that are provided to a client device **106**. In another embodiment, the logical network user manager **123** may provide a middleware framework to communicate with a client application executing on a client device **106**.

(21) The logical network user manager **123** may additionally provide authentication, authorization and/or accounting (AAA) services to the logical network **141** and logical network gateway **145**. The services may be offered using protocols such as Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+), Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS), Diameter or other protocols as can be appreciated.

(22) The logical network gateway **145** may be executed as a virtual machine to provide the client device **106** with access to the logical network **141** via a logical network tunnel **149**. The logical network tunnels **149** facilitate the appearance of the client device **106** being present in the logical network **141** while connecting remotely from another network, such as the Internet. Additionally, the logical network tunnel **149** may further support techniques for ensuring confidentiality, integrity and/or authentication of the communications across the logical network tunnel **149**. To this end, the logical network tunnels **149** may be established using hypertext transfer protocol secure (HTTPS), Secure Socket Layer/Transport Layer Security (SSL/TLS) and/or other protocols as can be appreciated. The logical network gateway **145** may use authentication, authorization and/or accounting (AAA) services related to establishing logical network tunnels **149** with client devices **106**. The services may be received using protocols such as TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other protocols as can be appreciated.

(23) The data stored in the data store **112** may include, for example, logical network configuration data **131**, user accounts **134** and potentially other data. The logical network configuration data **131** may include configuration information related to the logical network **141** such as a logical network identifier, the network configuration, the computing device(s) **143** installed in the logical network **141**, the logical network gateway **145** configuration, the AAA configuration for the logical network gateway **145**, etc.

(24) Each user account **134** may be associated with a respective user of the logical network **141** and may include information such as a full name, user identifier, password, membership in one or more user groups, user/group permissions, usage logs and/or other data related to the user and AAA services. As a non-limiting example, the usage logs may include the total time each account maintained a logical network tunnel **149**, the number of logical network tunnels **149**, total bandwidth used, etc.

(25) The client device **106** is representative of a plurality of devices that are associated with various customers. The client device **106** may be coupled to the network **109** and may further communicate on the logical network **141** via a logical network tunnel **149**. The client device **106** may comprise, for example, a processor-based system such as a computer system. Such a computer system may be embodied in the form of a desktop computer, a laptop computer, a personal digital assistant, a cellular telephone, a set-top box, a music player, a video player, a media player, a web pad, a tablet computer system, a game console, or other devices with like capabilities. The client **106** may include a display **157**. The display **157** may comprise, for example, one or more devices such as cathode ray tubes (CRTs), liquid crystal display (LCD) screens, gas plasma-based flat panel displays, LCD projectors, or other types of display devices, etc.

(26) The client device **106** may be configured to execute various applications such as a browser **161**, logical network application **169**, and/or other applications. The browser **161** may be executed in the client device **106**, for example, to access and render network pages, such as web pages, or other network content served up by the computing device **103** and/or other servers, thereby rendering a user interface **166** on the display **157**. The browser **161** may further be executed in the

client device **106** to facilitate establishing a logical network tunnel **149** to the logical network gateway **145** on the computing device **103**.

(27) Likewise, the logical network application **169** may be executed in the client device **106** to facilitate establishing one or more logical network tunnels **149** to the logical network gateway **145** of the computing device **103**. The logical network application **169** may further be executed to manage configuration of the logical network **141**, as well as access to the logical network **141** via the logical network gateway **145**. In some embodiments, the logical network application **169** may be executed within a virtual machine of the client device **106**, such as a virtual machine integrated within the browser **161**. The client device **106** may be configured to execute applications beyond the browser **161** and the logical network application **169**, such as, for example, email applications, instant message applications, and/or other applications.

(28) Next, a general description of the operation of the various components of the networked environment **100** is provided. To begin, the client device **106** makes a request to the logical network configuration manager **121** to create a logical network **141**. The request from the client device **106** to the logical network configuration manager **121** may be made via the browser **161**, the logical network application **169** or another application capable of making a programmatic service request. The client device **106** may further configure the logical network **141** to include one or more network address allocations, such as a range of Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, which may be used for devices communicating on the logical network **141**. Additionally, the client device **106** may further configure the logical network **141** to include one or more computing devices **143** within the logical network **141**.

(29) Furthermore, the client device **106** makes a programmatic service request to the logical network configuration manager **121** to associate a logical network gateway **145** with the logical network **141**. The logical network gateway **145** will permit users to communicate within the logical network **141** through the use of logical network tunnels **149**. In one embodiment, users of the logical network gateway **145** and their associated permissions are managed by the logical network user manager **123**. In this embodiment, the client device **106** may request to the logical network user manager **123** for operations such as adding, importing, editing or removing users and/or permissions from the list of users of the logical network gateway **145**. The request from the client device **106** to the logical network user manager **123** may be made via the browser **161**, the logical network application **169** or another application capable of making a programmatic service request.

(30) In a second embodiment, users of the logical network gateway **145** and their associated permissions are managed by the user AAA service **147** on the computing device **143** or another computing device accessible to the logical network gateway **145**. In a third embodiment, management of the users of the logical network gateway **145** may be separated from the management of the user permissions related to the logical network gateway **145**.

(31) Once the logical network configuration manager **121** receives the necessary configuration data via one or more programmatic service requests from the client device **106**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates the logical network **141**, provisions any computing devices **143** and configures the logical network gateway **145** via a programmatic service request. The aforementioned operations associated with creating and configuring the logical network **141** may be limited to users having administrative privileges.

(32) Furthermore, the configuration of the logical network **141** may be preserved in the logical network configuration data **131**, such that the end-users may access a previously configured logical network **141**. To this end, the client device **106** may initiate establishment of a logical network tunnel **149** to the logical network gateway **145**. The logical network gateway **145** may authenticate credentials from the client device **106** using the logical network user manager **123**, the user AAA service **147** on a computing device **143** or another authentication service.

(33) Upon successful authentication of the client device **106**, the logical network tunnel **149** may be fully established between the client device **106** and the logical network gateway **145**. Once the

logical network tunnel **149** is established, the client device **106** may participate in the logical network **141** subject to permissions associated with the client device **106**, credentials associated with user accounts **134**, and/or other possible criteria. In some embodiments, the logical network gateway **145** may transmit a network page suitable for rendering a user interface **166** in the display **157** of the client device **106**. In these embodiments, the user interface **166** may facilitate establishing communications with the computing device(s) **143** of the logical network **141** and/or other computing devices via the logical network tunnel **149**.

(34) For example, the network page may be rendered by the browser **161** to produce a user interface **166**. Within the user interface **166** of the browser **161** (FIG. 1), an access region **203** may be present that facilitates access to computing devices **143** (FIG. 1) of the logical network **141** (FIG. 1) and/or other computing devices via the logical network tunnel **149** (FIG. 1). The access region may provide links, such as a list of uniform resource identifiers (URIs) corresponding to the various computing devices available to the client device **106**. Furthermore, the access region may contain a logical network address bar for entering URIs that may be distinct from an address bar for the browser **161** itself. Within the logical network address bar, an operator may input a URI corresponding to the computing device **143** of the logical network **141** to which access is sought, as well as potentially other computing devices beyond the logical network **141**.

(35) Turning now to FIGS. 2A and 2B, shown are flowcharts that provides one example of the operation of a portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** (FIG. 1) according to various embodiments. It is understood that the flowcharts of FIGS. 2A and 2B provide merely an example of the many different types of functional arrangements that may be employed to implement the operation of the portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** as described herein. As an alternative, the flowcharts of FIGS. 2A and 2B may be viewed as depicting an example of steps of a method implemented in the computing device **103** (FIG. 1) according to one or more embodiments.

(36) Beginning with box **303**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure for a logical network **141** (FIG. 1) after receiving a service call from the client device **106** (FIG. 1) to create a logical network **141**. The request to the logical network configuration manager **121** from the client device **106** may be made using various protocols, such as hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), HTTPS, and/or middle frameworks including remote procedure calls, SOAP, REST, Windows Communication Foundation, and other frameworks. The service call from the client device **106** may further configure the data structure of the logical network **141** to include one or more network address allocations, such as a range of IP addresses, which may be used for devices participating within the logical network **141**.

(37) Next, at box **304**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure to include one or more computing devices **143** (FIG. 1) within the logical network **141** after receiving a service call from the client device **106** to include one or more computing devices **143** within the logical network **141**. As a non-limiting example, the computing device(s) **143** may be cloud computing device(s), virtual computing device(s) or any computing device(s) capable of being included within the logical network **141**. In various embodiments, the computing device(s) **143** may only be able to communicate within the logical network **141** or with devices on other networks such as the Internet or other logical networks **141**.

(38) Subsequently, at box **306**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure to associate a logical network gateway **145** (FIG. 1) with the logical network **141** upon receiving a service call from the client **106** to associate a logical network gateway **145** with the logical network **141**. As previously described, the logical network gateway **145** may be a virtual machine permitting users of remote devices to communicate within the logical network **141** through the use of logical network tunnels **149**. The logical network tunnels **149** (FIG. 1) may be established using HTTPS, SSL/TLS, and/or other protocols as can be appreciated.

(39) Moving on, in box **309**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure

to configure the logical network gateway **145** for authenticating users after receiving a service call from the client **106** to configure the logical network gateway **145** for authenticating users. The authentication function is carried out to positively identify users and the logical network gateway **145** may authenticate users locally in the logical network gateway **145**, or it may rely in whole or in part on other devices to perform this function. If the logical network gateway **145** relies upon other devices to perform these functions, the logical network gateway **145** may communicate with these other devices using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated. In one embodiment, the function of authenticating users of the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the logical network user manager **123** (FIG. **1**). In another embodiment, the functions of authenticating the users of the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the computing device **143** or another computing device accessible to the logical network gateway **145**.

(40) Next, in box **312**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure to configure the user permissions of the logical network gateway **145** upon receiving a service call from the client **106** to configure the user permissions of the logical network gateway **145**. The authorization function may be carried out to determine the permissions assigned to a user. The logical network gateway **145** may determine the authorization of users locally in the logical network gateway **145**, or it may rely in whole or in part on other devices to perform this function. If the logical network gateway **145** relies upon other devices to perform these functions, the logical network gateway **145** may communicate with these other devices using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated. In one embodiment, the function of authorizing users of the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the logical network user manager **123**. In another embodiment, the functions of authenticating the users of the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the computing device **143** or another computing device accessible to the logical network gateway **145**.

(41) Subsequently, in box **315**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates a data structure to configure an accounting of usage for each user after receiving a service call from the client **106** to configure an accounting of usage for each user. As non-limiting examples, an accounting of usage may include connection time, bandwidth used, the number of logical network tunnels **149** established and other metrics as can be appreciated. The logical network gateway **145** may store the accounting of usage locally in the logical network gateway **145**, or it may rely in whole or in part on other devices to perform this function. If the logical network gateway **145** relies upon other devices to perform these functions, the logical network gateway **145** may communicate with these other devices using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated. In one embodiment, the function of accounting of usage for the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the logical network user manager **123**. In another embodiment, the functions of accounting of usage for the logical network gateway **145** may be carried out by the computing device **143** or another computing device accessible to the logical network gateway **145**.

(42) Furthermore, the data structures corresponding to the authentication, authorization and accounting functions of the logical network gateway **145** discussed in boxes **309-315** may be configured such that they may be carried out by different devices. As a non-limiting example, the authentication function may be performed using an LDAP server accessible over the Internet, and the authorization function may be performed by the logical network user manager **123** using the TACACS+ protocol. Continuing with the example, the accounting of usage function may be performed using a computing device **143** using the Diameter protocol.

(43) Next, in box **318**, the logical network configuration manager **121** creates the logical network **141**, provisions any computing devices **143** and configures the logical network gateway **145** via a programmatic service request. The service call may include the data structures created at least from the service calls received from the client device **106**. Subsequently, in box **319**, if the computing resources currently allocated to the operation of the logical network **141** and logical network

gateway **145** have reached a maximum threshold, then, in box **320**, the logical network configuration manager **121** or another service may allocate additional computing resources as needed.

(44) Moving on, in box **321**, if the logical network configuration manager **121** fails to create the logical network **141** and/or receives a return code from the logical network gateway **145** indicating a failure, or fails to receive any return code within a timeout period, in box **324**, the logical network configuration manager **121** may notify the client device **106** of the failure. Thereafter, execution of the portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown.

(45) Alternatively, in box **327**, the logical network configuration manager **121** may transmit a return code indicating the logical network **141** was successfully created and configured, and/or the logical network configuration manager **121** may transmit the configuration data necessary for the client device **106** to establish a logical network tunnel **149** to the logical network gateway **145**. The configuration data may be in the form of a document to be read by a user, a file that may be interpreted by the logical network application **169** or other application on the client device **106** or another form as may be appreciated. The configuration data may include instructions to establish the logical network tunnel **149**, the types of logical network tunnels **149** supported by the logical network gateway **145**, the network address(es) of the logical network gateway(s) **145**, etc. Thereafter, execution of the portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown.

(46) Moving on to FIG. **3**, shown is a flowchart that provides one example of the operation of a portion of the logical network gateway **145** (FIG. **1**) according to various embodiments. It is understood that the flowchart of FIG. **3** provides merely an example of the many different types of functional arrangements that may be employed to implement the operation of the portion of the logical network gateway **145** as described herein. As an alternative, the flowchart of FIG. **3** may be viewed as depicting an example of steps of a method implemented in the computing device **103** (FIG. **1**) according to one or more embodiments.

(47) Beginning with box **403**, the logical network gateway **145** receives a request from a client device **106** (FIG. **1**) to establish a logical network tunnel **149** (FIG. **1**). In response, the logical network gateway **145** may request authentication credentials from the client device **106**. The initial client request may be accomplished by the browser **161** (FIG. **1**), the logical network application **169** (FIG. **1**), and/or another application using an HTTPS or SSL/TLS handshake, or through other techniques as can be appreciated. Next, in box **406**, the logical network gateway **145** may receive and authenticate credentials from the client device **106** using the logical network user manager **123** (FIG. **1**), the user AAA service **147** (FIG. **1**) on a computing device **143** (FIG. **1**) or another authentication service. To this end, the authentication may be carried out using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated.

(48) If, in box **409**, the client authentication fails or no response is received within a timeout period, in box **430**, the logical network gateway **145** transmits a failure code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network gateway **145** ends as shown. Alternatively, if the client authentication succeeds, in box **412**, the logical network gateway **145** may request permissions associated with the client using the logical network user manager **123**, the user AAA service **147** on a computing device **143** or another authorization service. To this end, the authorization may be carried out using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated.

(49) If, in box **415**, the client fails to have the necessary permissions or no response is received within a timeout period, in box **430**, the logical network gateway **145** transmits a failure code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network gateway **145** ends as shown.

Alternatively, in box **418**, if the computing resources currently allocated to the operation of the logical network **141** (FIG. **1**) and the logical network gateway **145** have reached a maximum threshold, then, in box **421**, the logical network gateway or another service may allocate additional

computing resources as needed.

(50) Next, in box **424**, the logical network gateway **145** may begin or continue negotiating the establishment of the logical network tunnel **149** using HTTPS, SSL/TLS, or through other techniques as can be appreciated. If, in box **427**, the logical network tunnel **149** fails to establish, the logical network gateway **145** may, in box **430**, transmit an appropriate return code to the client. Thereafter, execution of this portion of the service offered by logical network gateway **145** ends as shown. Alternatively, if the logical network tunnel **149** is successfully established, the logical network gateway **145** may, in box **433**, transmit an appropriate return code to the client. In some embodiments, the logical network gateway **145** may further transmit a network page suitable for rendering a user interface **166** (FIG. 1) in the display **157** (FIG. 1). In these embodiments, the user interface **166** may facilitate establishing communications with the computing device(s) **143** of the logical network **141** via the logical network tunnel **149**. Thereafter, execution of this portion of the service offered by logical network gateway **145** ends as shown.

(51) Referring next to FIG. 4, shown is a flowchart that provides one example of the operation of a portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** according to various embodiments. It is understood that the flowchart of FIG. 4 provides merely an example of the many different types of functional arrangements that may be employed to implement the operation of the portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** as described herein. As an alternative, the flowchart of FIG. 4 may be viewed as depicting an example of steps of a method implemented in the computing device **103** (FIG. 1) according to one or more embodiments.

(52) This portion of the execution of the logical network configuration manager **121** may be executed in response to a request from a client device **106** (FIG. 1) to disable access to the logical network **141** (FIG. 1) for one or more users, groups, and/or other client devices **106**. Beginning with box **503**, the logical network configuration manager **121** receives a request from a client device **106** to establish communications over the network **109** (FIG. 1). In response, the logical network gateway **145** (FIG. 1) may request authentication credentials from the client device **106**. The initial client request may be accomplished using HTTP, HTTPS, a middleware framework or other techniques as can be appreciated. Next, in box **506**, the logical network configuration manager **121** may receive and authenticate credentials from the client device **106** using the logical network user manager **123** (FIG. 1), the user AAA service **147** (FIG. 1) on a computing device **143** (FIG. 1) or another authentication service. To this end, the authentication may be carried out using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated.

(53) If, in box **509**, the client authentication fails or no response is received within a timeout period, in box **521**, the logical network configuration manager **121** transmits an appropriate failure code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown. Alternatively, if the client authentication succeeds, in box **512**, the logical network configuration manager **121** may request permissions associated with the client using the logical network user manager **123**, the user AAA service **147** on a computing device **143** or another authorization service. To this end, the authorization may be carried out using TACACS+, RADIUS, Diameter or other similar protocols as can be appreciated.

(54) Then, in box **515**, the logical network configuration manager **121** determines if the client possesses the necessary authorization to disable other user accounts. The authorization may at least in part be determined by the permissions associated with the client account as identified during the authorization action. If the client does not possess the necessary authorization, or if no response is received within a timeout period, in box **521**, the logical network configuration manager **121** transmits an appropriate failure code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown. Alternatively, in box **524**, if the client is authorized to disable a user account, the logical network configuration manager **121** may receive input associated with disabling a user account. Such input may be related to the account identifier for the account that is to be disabled, duration for which the account is disabled, time at which the

account is to be disabled, whether the account should be disconnected from a current logical network tunnel **149** (FIG. 1), etc. Similarly, more than one account and/or groups may also be disabled using similar techniques.

(55) Next, in box **527**, the logical network configuration manager **121** may transmit the information associated with disabling the account(s)/group(s) to the logical network gateway **145**, the logical network user manager **123**, the user AAA service **147** on a computing device **143** and/or another configured authentication/authorization service, in addition to potentially other actions that may be taken. Subsequently, in box **530**, if the logical network configuration manager **121** fails to receive a successful acknowledgement, or any acknowledgement within a timeout period, in box **521**, the logical network configuration manager **121** transmits an appropriate failure code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown.

(56) Alternatively, if the notifications sent are successfully acknowledged by the associated devices and/or service, then the logical network configuration manager **121** may, in box **533**, transmit an appropriate return code to the client and execution of this portion of the logical network configuration manager **121** ends as shown.

(57) Moving on to FIG. 5, shown is a schematic block diagram of the computing device **103** according to an embodiment of the present disclosure. The computing device **103** includes at least one processor circuit, for example, having a processor **603** and a memory **606**, both of which are coupled to a local interface **609**. To this end, the computing device **103** may comprise, for example, at least one server computer or like device. The local interface **609** may comprise, for example, a data bus with an accompanying address/control bus or other bus structure as can be appreciated.

(58) Stored in the memory **606** are both data and several components that are executable by the processor **603**. In particular, stored in the memory **606** and executable by the processor **603** are the logical network configuration manager **121**, the logical network user manager **123**, the logical network gateway **145** and potentially other applications. Also stored in the memory **606** may be a data store **112** and other data. In addition, an operating system may be stored in the memory **606** and executable by the processor **603**.

(59) Turning now to FIG. 6, shown is a schematic block diagram of the client device **106** according to an embodiment of the present disclosure. The client device **106** includes at least one processor circuit, for example, having a processor **703** and a memory **706**, both of which are coupled to a local interface **709**. To this end, the client device **106** may comprise, for example, a processor-based system such as a computer system. Such a computer system may be embodied in the form of a desktop computer, a laptop computer, a personal digital assistant, a cellular telephone, a set-top box, a music player, a video player, a media player, a web pad, a tablet computer system, a game console, or other devices with like capabilities. The local interface **709** may comprise, for example, a data bus with an accompanying address/control bus or other bus structure as can be appreciated.

(60) Stored in the memory **706** are both data and several components that are executable by the processor **703**. In particular, stored in the memory **706** and executable by the processor **703** are the browser **161**, logical network application **169**, and potentially other applications. In addition, an operating system may be stored in the memory **706** and executable by the processor **703**.

(61) With reference to FIGS. 5 and 6, it is understood that there may be other applications that are stored in the memories **606** or **706** and are executable by the respective processors **603** or **703** as can be appreciated. Where any component discussed herein is implemented in the form of software, any one of a number of programming languages may be employed such as, for example, C, C++, C#, Objective C, Java, Javascript, Perl, PHP, Visual Basic, Python, Ruby, Delphi, Flash, or other programming languages.

(62) A number of software components are stored in the memories **606** or **706** and are executable by the respective processors **603** or **703**. In this respect, the term “executable” means a program file that is in a form that can ultimately be run by the processors **603** or **703**. Examples of executable programs may be, for example, a compiled program that can be translated into machine code in a

format that can be loaded into a random access portion of the memories **606** or **706** and run by the respective processors **603** or **703**, source code that may be expressed in proper format such as object code that is capable of being loaded into a random access portion of the memories **606** or **706** and executed by the respective processors **603** or **703**, or source code that may be interpreted by another executable program to generate instructions in a random access portion of the memories **606** or **706** to be executed by the respective processors **603** or **703**, etc. An executable program may be stored in any portion or component of the memories **606** or **706** including, for example, random access memory (RAM), read-only memory (ROM), hard drive, solid-state drive, USB flash drive, memory card, optical disc such as compact disc (CD) or digital versatile disc (DVD), floppy disk, magnetic tape, or other memory components.

(63) The memories **606** or **706** are defined herein as including both volatile and nonvolatile memory and data storage components. Volatile components are those that do not retain data values upon loss of power. Nonvolatile components are those that retain data upon a loss of power. Thus, the memories **606** or **706** may comprise, for example, random access memory (RAM), read-only memory (ROM), hard disk drives, solid-state drives, USB flash drives, memory cards accessed via a memory card reader, floppy disks accessed via an associated floppy disk drive, optical discs accessed via an optical disc drive, magnetic tapes accessed via an appropriate tape drive, and/or other memory components, or a combination of any two or more of these memory components. In addition, the RAM may comprise, for example, static random access memory (SRAM), dynamic random access memory (DRAM), or magnetic random access memory (MRAM) and other such devices. The ROM may comprise, for example, a programmable read-only memory (PROM), an erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM), an electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM), or other like memory device.

(64) Also, the respective processors **603** or **703** may represent multiple processors and the respective memories **606** or **706** may represent multiple memories that operate in parallel processing circuits, respectively. In such a case, the local interfaces **609** or **709** may be an appropriate network **109** (FIG. **1**) that facilitates communication between any two of the respective multiple processors **603** or **703**, between any respective processors **603** or **703** and any of the respective memories **606** or **706**, or between any two of the respective memories **606** or **706**, etc. The local interfaces **609** or **709** may comprise additional systems designed to coordinate this communication, including, for example, performing load balancing. The processors **603** or **703** may be of electrical or of some other available construction.

(65) Although the logical network configuration manager **121**, logical network user manager **123**, logical network gateway **145**, browser **161**, logical network application **169**, and other various systems described herein may be embodied in software or code executed by general purpose hardware as discussed above, as an alternative the same may also be embodied in dedicated hardware or a combination of software/general purpose hardware and dedicated hardware. If embodied in dedicated hardware, each can be implemented as a circuit or state machine that employs any one of or a combination of a number of technologies. These technologies may include, but are not limited to, discrete logic circuits having logic gates for implementing various logic functions upon an application of one or more data signals, application specific integrated circuits having appropriate logic gates, or other components, etc. Such technologies are generally well known by those skilled in the art and, consequently, are not described in detail herein.

(66) The flowcharts of FIGS. **2A-4** show the functionality and operation of an implementation of portions of the logical network configuration manager **121** and logical network gateway **145**. If embodied in software, each block may represent a module, segment, or portion of code that comprises program instructions to implement the specified logical function(s). The program instructions may be embodied in the form of source code that comprises human-readable statements written in a programming language or machine code that comprises numerical instructions recognizable by a suitable execution system such as processors **603** or **703** in a

computer system or other system. The machine code may be converted from the source code, etc. If embodied in hardware, each block may represent a circuit or a number of interconnected circuits to implement the specified logical function(s).

(67) Although the flowcharts of FIGS. 2A-4 show a specific order of execution, it is understood that the order of execution may differ from that which is depicted. For example, the order of execution of two or more blocks may be scrambled relative to the order shown. Also, two or more blocks shown in succession in FIGS. 2A-4 may be executed concurrently or with partial concurrence. Further, in some embodiments, one or more of the blocks shown in FIGS. 2A-4 may be skipped or omitted. In addition, any number of counters, state variables, warning semaphores, or messages might be added to the logical flow described herein, for purposes of enhanced utility, accounting, performance measurement, or providing troubleshooting aids, etc. It is understood that all such variations are within the scope of the present disclosure.

(68) Also, any logic or application described herein, including the logical network configuration manager **121**, logical network user manager **123**, logical network gateway **145**, browser **161**, and logical network application **169**, that comprises software or code can be embodied in any non-transitory computer-readable medium for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system such as, for example, processors **603** or **703** in a computer system or other system. In this sense, the logic may comprise, for example, statements including instructions and declarations that can be fetched from the computer-readable medium and executed by the instruction execution system. In the context of the present disclosure, a “computer-readable medium” can be any medium that can contain, store, or maintain the logic or application described herein for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system. The computer-readable medium can comprise any one of many physical media such as, for example, magnetic, optical, or semiconductor media. More specific examples of a suitable computer-readable medium would include, but are not limited to, magnetic tapes, magnetic floppy diskettes, magnetic hard drives, memory cards, solid-state drives, USB flash drives, or optical discs. Also, the computer-readable medium may be a random access memory (RAM) including, for example, static random access memory (SRAM) and dynamic random access memory (DRAM), or magnetic random access memory (MRAM). In addition, the computer-readable medium may be a read-only memory (ROM), a programmable read-only memory (PROM), an erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM), an electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM), or other type of memory device.

(69) It should be emphasized that the above-described embodiments of the present disclosure are merely possible examples of implementations set forth for a clear understanding of the principles of the disclosure. Many variations and modifications may be made to the above-described embodiment(s) without departing substantially from the spirit and principles of the disclosure. All such modifications and variations are intended to be included herein within the scope of this disclosure and protected by the following claims.

Claims

1. A system, comprising: a computing device comprising a processor and a memory; and machine-readable instructions stored in the memory that, when executed by the processor, cause the computing device to at least: create, in response to receiving a service call, a virtual network comprising a virtual network gateway based at least in part on configuration data; establish an encrypted network tunnel to the virtual network in response to a request from a client to establish the encrypted network tunnel; allocate, in response to a usage of a first computing resource assigned to the virtual network gateway exceeding a predefined threshold, an available second computing resource to the virtual network gateway to augment the first computing resource, wherein the second computing resource is assigned to the encrypted network tunnel; and transmit at

least the configuration data to a client device.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable instructions, when executed by the processor, further cause the computing device to at least limit access of the client device to a portion of the virtual network specified in a permission, the permission being associated with the client device.

3. The system of claim 2, wherein the machine-readable instructions that limit access of the client device to the portion of the virtual network specified in the permission, when executed by the processor, further cause the computing device to at least limit the access of the client device from a network address.

4. The system of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable instructions, when executed by the processor, further cause the computing device to at least terminate a connection between the client device and the virtual network gateway.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable instructions, when executed by the processor, further cause the computing device to at least: receive authentication credentials from the client device; and assign a network address to the client device in response to determining that the authentication credentials are valid.

6. The system of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable instructions, when executed by the processor, further cause the computing device to at least identify a permission associated with a client, the permission specifying a limitation of the client device on use of the encrypted network tunnel.

7. A method, comprising: creating, by a computing device in response to receiving a service call, a virtual network comprising a virtual network gateway based at least in part on configuration data; establishing an encrypted network tunnel to the virtual network; and allocating, by the computing device in response to a usage of a first computing resource assigned to the virtual network gateway exceeding a predefined threshold, an available second computing resource to the virtual network gateway to augment the first computing resource.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein allocating the available second computing resource to the virtual network is in response to determining a capacity threshold has been reached.

9. The method of claim 7, further comprising limiting, by the computing device, access of the client device to a portion of the virtual network specified in a permission, the permission being associated with the client device.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein limiting access of the client device to the portion of the virtual network specified in the permission limits the access of the client device from a specified network address.

11. The method of claim 7, further comprising terminating, by the computing device, a connection between the client device and the virtual network gateway.

12. The method of claim 7, further comprising: receiving, by the computing device, authentication credentials from the client device; and assigning, by the computing device, a network address to the client device in response to determining that the authentication credentials are valid.

13. The method of claim 7, further comprising identifying, by the computing device, a permission associated with a client, the permission specifying a limitation of the client device on use of an encrypted network tunnel.

14. A method, comprising: establishing, by a computing device, an encrypted network tunnel to a logical network in response to a request from a client to establish the encrypted network tunnel; allocating, by the computing device, a first computing resource to the encrypted network tunnel; allocating, by the computing device and in response to a determination that consumption of the first computing resource exceeds a predefined threshold, a second computing resource to the encrypted network tunnel to augment the first computing resource assigned to the encrypted network tunnel.

15. The method of claim 14, further comprising identifying, by the computing device, a permission associated with the client, the permission specifying a limitation of a client device on use of the

encrypted network tunnel.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein identifying the permission further comprises: sending, by the computing device, a client credential to an authentication service; and receiving, by the computing device, the permission from the authentication service.

17. The method of claim 15, further comprising limiting, by the computing device, usage of the encrypted network tunnel by the client device to a permitted usage specified in the permission.

18. The method of claim 14, wherein allocating the first computing resource to the encrypted network tunnel is done in response to authenticating a client, authenticating the client comprising: sending, by the computing device, a client credential to an authentication service; and receiving, by the computing device, a response from the authentication service, the response indicating that the client is authenticated.

19. The method of claim 14, wherein the logical network comprises at least one virtual machine.
