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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR FORMING A GARLAND

Abstract

Systems and methods for forming a garland from garland components such as flowers and greenery, where a core rope is retained against a drive roller at a first position, and a rotating cross member supports a spool of binding thread. The rotating cross member rotates the spool around the core rope to wind the binding thread around the core rope to secure one of the garland components against the core rope, and the drive roller then displaces the core rope to a second position to enable the binding thread to secure another of the garland components against the core rope adjacent the first garland component, forming the garland.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Non-Provisional application Ser. No. 17/845,523, filed Jun. 21, 2022, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to methods for forming garland lengths.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] In the field of garland-making, garland components such as flowers and greenery are tied or otherwise secured to a central cord or rope by a person skilled in the art of making such garlands. A desired garland length is determined, specific garland components are selected, and the garland components are secured to the cord or rope until the desired length is achieved.

[0004] However, it is well know that significant technical skill and experience is required of the person making the garland. Further, the actual garland-making process is known to be time-consuming even for those of sufficient skill and experience.

[0005] What is needed, therefore, is a means for less-skilled persons to form garlands, and to reduce the required garland-making time for garland makers of all skill and experience levels.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention is directed to systems and methods for forming a garland, using a core rope, binding thread and garland components, wherein a drive roller is employed to repeatedly axially move a core rope so that a binding thread rotating around the core rope can secure a series of garland components to the core rope.

[0007] According to a first broad aspect of the present invention, there is provided a system for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the system comprising: [0008] a drive roller; [0009] a core rope retained against the drive roller at a first position; a rotating cross member; [0010] at least one spool supported by the rotating cross member, the at least one spool for supplying binding thread; [0011] the rotating cross member configured to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; and [0012] the drive roller configured to displace the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position to enable the rotating cross member to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope to wind the binding thread around the core rope to secure another of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components, thereby forming the garland.

[0013] In some exemplary embodiments of the first aspect, the system may further comprise a first motor to power the drive roller to displace the core rope, and a second motor to power the rotating cross member. The first motor is preferably a stepper motor directly coupled to the drive roller, and the second motor may also be a stepper motor. In some such exemplary embodiments, the system may further comprise an actuator configured to actuate the first motor and the second motor. Where an actuator is employed, it may comprise a foot pedal switch in communication with the first motor and the second motor.

[0014] In some exemplary embodiments employing an actuator, the actuator comprises a user input device and a controller, the user input device configured to allow a user to input garland component

type (defining core rope feed length between adjacent garland components and spool rotation degrees) and desired garland length, and the controller configured to instruct the first motor and the second motor.

[0015] The rotating cross member preferably supports two spools, the two spools supported at opposite ends of the rotating cross member to simultaneously wind discrete lengths of the binding thread around the core rope.

[0016] The plurality of garland components are preferably selected from the group consisting of flowers, greenery and a combination thereof.

[0017] Exemplary systems may further comprise a pressure roller adjacent the drive roller, wherein the core rope is retained under pressure between the drive roller and the pressure roller.

[0018] According to a second broad aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the method comprising the steps of:

[0019] a. positioning a core rope at a first location; [0020] b. retaining the core rope against a drive roller; [0021] c. providing at least one spool for supplying binding thread; [0022] d. positioning one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; [0023] e. rotating the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; [0024] f. displacing the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position using the drive roller; [0025] g. positioning a second of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components; and [0026] h. rotating the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the second of the plurality of garland components against the core rope, thereby forming the garland.

[0027] The plurality of garland components are preferably selected from the group consisting of flowers, greenery and a combination thereof.

[0028] In some exemplary embodiments the at least one spool is supported on a rotating cross arm for rotation around the core rope. In some exemplary embodiments the at least one spool is two spools, the two spools supported at opposite ends of the rotating cross member to simultaneously wind discrete lengths of the binding thread around the core rope.

[0029] Some exemplary methods further comprise repeating steps f to h until a desired garland length is achieved.

[0030] According to a third broad aspect of the present invention, there is provided a system for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the system comprising: [0031] a drive roller powered by a first motor; [0032] a core rope retained against the drive roller at a first position; a rotating cross member powered by a second motor; [0033] an actuator configured to actuate the first motor and the second motor; [0034] at least one spool supported by the rotating cross member, the at least one spool for supplying binding thread; [0035] the rotating cross member configured to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; and [0036] the drive roller configured to displace the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position to enable the rotating cross member to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope to wind the binding thread around the core rope to secure another of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components, thereby forming the garland.

[0037] In some exemplary embodiments the actuator comprises a foot pedal switch operable to activate and deactivate the first motor and the second motor.

[0038] In some exemplary embodiments the actuator comprises a user input device and a controller, the user input device configured to allow a user to input garland component type (defining core rope feed length between adjacent garland components and spool rotation degrees) and desired garland length, and the controller configured to instruct the first motor and the second motor.

[0039] Exemplary systems may further comprise a pressure roller adjacent the drive roller, wherein the core rope is retained under pressure between the drive roller and the pressure roller.
[0040] Exemplary systems may be operable in single cycle mode or repeating cycle mode. In exemplary embodiments operable in single cycle mode, activation of the actuator rotates the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope, and displaces the core rope to the second position. In exemplary embodiments operable in repeating cycle mode, activation of the actuator repeats the cycle of rotating the at least one spool around the core rope and displacing the core rope.
[0041] A detailed description of exemplary embodiments of the present invention is given in the following. It is to be understood, however, that the invention is not to be construed as being limited to these embodiments. The exemplary embodiments are directed to particular applications of the present invention, while it will be clear to those skilled in the art that the present invention has applicability beyond the exemplary embodiments set forth herein.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRA WINGS
[0042] In the accompanying drawings, which illustrate exemplary embodiments of the present invention:
[0043] FIG. **1** is a front elevation view of a garland tying machine in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, with the front panel open to show the drive roller and the pressure roller.
[0044] FIG. **2** is a detailed view of the drive roller and pressure roller of the embodiment of FIG. **1**. FIG. **3***a* is a front elevation view of the embodiment of FIG. **1** showing a foot pedal switch.
[0045] FIG. **3***b* is a front perspective view of the embodiment of FIG. **1** with a weight attached to the core rope to straighten and tension the core rope.
[0046] FIG. **3***c* is a detailed view of the rotating cross member.
[0047] FIG. **4** is an exemplary control panel according to an embodiment of the present invention. FIG. **5** is a front elevation view of the embodiment of FIG. **1** with a flower garland being formed.
[0048] FIG. **6** is a front elevation view of the embodiment of FIG. **1** with a greenery garland being formed.
[0049] FIG. **7** is a garland formed of chrysanthemums using a machine in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
[0050] FIG. **8** is a garland formed of greenery using a machine in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
[0051] FIG. **9** is a simplified schematic illustrating components of an exemplary system according to the present invention.
[0052] FIG. **10***a* shows an operator positioning garland components against the top of the binding thread knot beside the core rope.
[0053] FIG. **10***b* shows the operator holding the garland components against the core rope as the binding thread is wound around the core rope to secure the garland components to the core rope.
[0054] Exemplary embodiments will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS
[0055] Throughout the following description, specific details are set forth in order to provide a more thorough understanding to persons skilled in the art. However, well known elements may not have been shown or described in detail to avoid unnecessarily obscuring the disclosure. The following description of examples of the invention is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the

invention to the precise form of any exemplary embodiment. Accordingly, the description and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative, rather than a restrictive, sense.

[0056] The present invention is directed to machines, systems and methods for forming elongate garlands from garland components such as flowers and greenery (although the skilled person will know that other types of garland components may be used, including without limitation artificial flowers). In embodiments of the present invention, a core rope is retained against a drive roller, and the drive roller is used to axially move the core rope (generally in a downward direction as illustrated), such that an operator can position a first garland component in place against the core rope while binding thread is wound around the core rope to secure the garland component against the core rope, subsequent to which the drive roller repositions the core rope so another garland component can be secured to the core rope next to the previous garland component. The result is a length of garland.

[0057] Turning now to FIG. **1**, an exemplary garland-forming machine and system **10** is illustrated with the front panel removed to better show internal components such as a programmable logic controller (PLC) **38** and mounting bracket **44**. The machine/system **10** comprises a housing **40** supported by legs **80**, such that there is an inner space **82** within the housing **40** for retention of mechanical and electronic components, and a work space **84** beneath the housing **40** where the garland will be formed. At the bottom of the work space **84** is an aperture **50** through which the garland will pass as the core rope **16** is lowered and the garland length increases.

[0058] Within the inner space **82**, a drive roller **12** and pressure roller **14** are mounted on the mounting bracket **44**. The drive roller **12** and the pressure roller **14** are shown in detail in FIG. **2**. The drive roller **12** is configured to axially displace a core rope **16** (which is retained on a spool **42**). To enable the drive roller **12** to displace the core rope **16**, the exemplary embodiment has the pressure roller **14** exerting pressure against the core rope **16** to press the core rope **16** against the drive roller **12**, although the skilled person will know of other means and methods for engaging the core rope **16** with the drive roller **12**. In the exemplary embodiment, the drive roller **12** comprises a 4 inch diameter drive wheel driven by a first motor **34** (behind the bracket **44** in FIG. **1** but illustrated in FIG. **9**), the first motor **34** controlled by the PLC **38**. In this exemplary embodiment, the first motor **34** is a 1000 steps stepper motor which drives the drive roller **12** by direct coupling. One pulse will rotate the drive roller **12** by 0.36 degrees, so to achieve 1 degree of rotation 2.7777 pulses are required. In the exemplary embodiment, 1 degree of rotation will generate 0.03488 inches of core rope **16** feed length. To achieve 0.10 inches of core rope **16** feed the drive roller **12** must rotate 2.8669 degrees, so the number of pulses required to achieve 0.10 inches of feed length is 7.96 pulses which can be rounded to 8 pulses per 0.10 inches feed.

[0059] The core rope **16** is held on the spool **42** and fed through a core rope feeding tube **46**, after which the core rope **16** passes between the drive roller **12** and the pressure roller **14** and then into a further core rope feeding tube **46** before passing out of the inner space **82** of the housing **40** through the core rope aperture **48** and into the work space **84**. With the core rope **16** in the work space **84**

[0060] Turning now to FIGS. **3***a* to **3***c*, the binding thread subsystem of the machine/system **10** (now with front panel in place, showing the user input device **28** and touchscreen **30**, which touchscreen has a virtual keyboard **32** as shown in FIG. **9**) is illustrated. In exemplary embodiments of the present invention, binding thread **22** is used to bind garland components **24** against the core rope **16**. The machine/system **10** comprises a rotating cross member **18** mounted beneath the housing **40**. The rotating cross member **18** supports at least one spool **20** of the binding thread **22**. While some embodiments may have a single spool **20**, the exemplary embodiment has two spools **20** positioned at opposite ends of the cross member **18**.

[0061] The cross member **18** is rotated beneath the housing **40** by means of a second motor **36** (shown in FIG. **1**), again controlled by the PLC **38**. The second motor **36** is again preferably a 1000 steps stepper motor as illustrated, with cross member **18** rotation using a 3:1 reduction gear system. The second motor **36** drives the 3:1 reduction gear to rotate the cross member **18**. In this

embodiment, every 3 rotations of the second motor **36** will rotate the cross member **18** one full rotation, where 3000 pulses are required to achieve one full rotation (360 degree) of the cross member **18**.

[0062] With the core rope **16** positioned as desired by the operator (using either the touchscreen **30** or a foot pedal switch **26**, as described below), and with a weight **66** at the bottom of the core rope **16** to straighten and tension the core rope **16**, the cross member **18** can be rotated such that the spools **20** rotate around the core rope **16**. As can best be seen in FIGS. **3***b* and **3***c*, the binding thread **22** passes through binding thread feed tubing **68** and is tied to the core rope at knot **76** and unspools from the spools **20** as the cross member **18** rotates around the core rope **16**. The downward angle of the binding thread **22** as it meets the core rope **16** provides a beneficial orientation for binding of the garland components **24**, as described below.

[0063] FIG. **4** illustrates an exemplary touchscreen **30** used with some exemplary embodiments of the present invention. Using the touchscreen **30** (which comprises a virtual keyboard that appears when data is being entered by the operator), the operator can enter a desired garland length at desired length input **52** which controls when the PLC **38** terminates the series of binding operations. The operator also selects the garland component **24** type at garland type input **56**. As each garland component **24** type has a defined rope feed length (dictated in part by the size and type of the garland component **24**) and defined degrees of rotation of the cross member **18** (again dictated in part by the size and type of the garland component **24**), selecting the correct garland component **24** type aids in establishing a correct spacing of garland components **24** on the core rope **16** as the garland is formed. The operator can program the desired length and garland component **24** type details, or they can be entered as factory pre-sets by the manufacturer.

[0064] To actuate the garland-tying steps, the operator can either press the foot pedal switch **26** or press the start button **60** on the touchscreen **30** (this can be set as a factory pre-set or set by the operator). This actuates a single cycle mode, in which a single garland component **24** is bound to the core rope **16**, and the operator would need to repeatedly actuate subsequent binding cycles. By actuating the machine/system **10** in this manner, the PLC **38** is sent the signal to begin the garland-tying process. First, the PLC **38** instructs the first motor **34** to power the drive roller **12** to axially displace the core rope **16** to a first position, and after achieving the first position the displacement ceases, allowing the operator **78** to position garland components **24** against the knot **76** and the core rope **16**, as illustrated in detail in FIG. **10***a*. The PLC **38** then instructs the second motor **36** to rotate the cross member **18** so the binding thread **22** is wound around the core rope **16** by the set degrees of rotation. As can be seen in FIGS. **10***a* and **10***b*, because the binding thread **22** is angled downwardly toward the core rope **16** by the binding thread feed tubing **68**, it allows an operator **78** to hold the garland components **24** in place while the binding thread **22** is wrapped around the core rope **16**.

[0065] In this single cycle mode, the operator then actuates a second binding cycle (using the touchscreen **30** or the foot pedal switch **26**), the PLC **38** instructing the first motor **34** to power the roller drive **12** to axially displace the core rope **16** to a second position (lower than the first position in the illustrated embodiment). With the second position achieved, the operator **78** positions a second garland component **24** against the knot **76** and the core rope **16**, and the PLC **38** then instructs the second motor to rotate the cross member **18** so the binding thread **22** secures the second garland component **24** to the core rope **16** adjacent the first garland component **24**. By this series of repeated binding cycles, the garland **74** begins to form as seen in FIG. **5**. The actual garland length after each binding cycle is displayed at actual length display **54**, as the PLC **38** is configured to calculate the current actual garland length based on number of cycles and rope feed length (from the garland type). FIG. **6** illustrates a greenery garland **74** being formed.

[0066] While the above single cycle mode may be used, the exemplary embodiment also enables an alternative repeating cycle mode. As can be seen in FIG. **4**, the operator may select the repeat button **62** instead of the start button **60**, thereby engaging the repeating cycle mode. In addition to

the desired length and garland type, the operator enters a repeat cycle time at repeat cycle time entry **58**, which defines the time period in seconds between binding cycles (selected to allow sufficient time for the operator to place the garland components **24** for binding, which would depend on such factors as garland type and operator experience). The binding cycles then repeat until the desired length is achieved, at which time the repeating cycles will cease. Axial displacement of the core rope **16** will be followed by a period selected for operator placement of the next garland component **24**, after which the cross member **18** will be rotated the defined degrees of rotation to bind the garland component **24** to the core rope **16**, followed by further axial displacement of the core rope **16**, and so on until the desired garland length is achieved by the PLC **38** matching against the calculated actual length.

[0067] The touchscreen **30** comprises a reset button **64**, which is used to reset the actual garland length in case the operator wishes to extend the length of the garland being formed beyond the original defined length.

[0068] When the desired length is achieved, the garland has been formed and may be completed by severing the core rope **16** and the binding thread **22**. FIGS. **7** and **8** illustrate completed chrysanthemum and greenery garlands **70**, **72** with the garland components **24** secured to the core rope **16**.

[0069] FIG. **9** is a schematic illustration of an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The touchscreen interface **30** comprises a virtual keyboard **32**, which the operator uses to send instruction signals to the PLC **38**. Alternatively, the foot pedal switch **26** can be used to instruct the PLC **38**. The PLC **38** is configured and programmed to send actuation signals to the first motor **34** and the second motor **36**. The first motor **34** operates to rotate the drive roller **12** to axially displace the core rope **16** in a staged manner, while the second motor **36** operates to rotate the cross member **18** after axial displacement has ceased. As noted above, this binding cycle includes time for the operator to place garland components **24** and can be repeated until the desired garland length is achieved.

[0070] The foregoing is considered as illustrative only of the principles of the present invention. The scope of the claims should not be limited by the exemplary embodiments set forth in the foregoing, but should be given the broadest interpretation consistent with the specification as a whole.

Claims

1. A system for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the system comprising: a drive roller; a core rope retained against the drive roller at a first position; a rotating cross member; at least one spool supported by the rotating cross member, the at least one spool for supplying binding thread; the rotating cross member configured to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; and the drive roller configured to displace the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position to enable the rotating cross member to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope to wind the binding thread around the core rope to secure another of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components, thereby forming the garland.

2. The system of claim 1 further comprising: a first motor to power the drive roller to displace the core rope; and a second motor to power the rotating cross member.

3. The system of claim 2 further comprising an actuator configured to actuate the first motor and the second motor.

4. The system of claim 3 wherein the actuator comprises a foot pedal switch in communication with the first motor and the second motor.

5. The system of claim 2 wherein the first motor is a stepper motor directly coupled to the drive

roller.
6. The system of claim 2 wherein the second motor is a stepper motor.
7. The system of claim 3 wherein the actuator comprises a user input device and a controller, the user input device configured to allow a user to input garland component type (defining core rope feed length between adjacent garland components and spool rotation degrees) and desired garland length, and the controller configured to instruct the first motor and the second motor.
8. The system of claim 1 wherein the rotating cross member supports two spools, the two spools supported at opposite ends of the rotating cross member to simultaneously wind discrete lengths of the binding thread around the core rope.
9. The system of claim 1 wherein the plurality of garland components are selected from the group consisting of flowers, greenery and a combination thereof.
10. The system of claim 1 further comprising a pressure roller adjacent the drive roller, wherein the core rope is retained under pressure between the drive roller and the pressure roller.
11. A method for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the method comprising the steps of: a. positioning a core rope at a first location; b. retaining the core rope against a drive roller; C. providing at least one spool for supplying binding thread; d. positioning one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; e. rotating the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; f. displacing the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position using the drive roller; g. positioning a second of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components; and h. rotating the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the second of the plurality of garland components against the core rope, thereby forming the garland.
12. The method of claim 11 wherein the plurality of garland components are selected from the group consisting of flowers, greenery and a combination thereof.
13. The method of claim 11 wherein the at least one spool is supported on a rotating cross arm for rotation around the core rope.
14. The method of claim 13 wherein the at least one spool is two spools, the two spools supported at opposite ends of the rotating cross member to simultaneously wind discrete lengths of the binding thread around the core rope.
15. The method of claim 11 further comprising repeating steps f to h until a desired garland length is achieved.
16. A system for forming a garland from a plurality of garland components, the system comprising: a drive roller powered by a first motor; a core rope retained against the drive roller at a first position; a rotating cross member powered by a second motor; an actuator configured to actuate the first motor and the second motor; at least one spool supported by the rotating cross member, the at least one spool for supplying binding thread; the rotating cross member configured to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope; and the drive roller configured to displace the core rope to a second position axially spaced from the first position to enable the rotating cross member to rotate the at least one spool around the core rope to wind the binding thread around the core rope to secure another of the plurality of garland components against the core rope adjacent the one of the plurality of garland components, thereby forming the garland.
17. The system of claim 16 wherein the actuator comprises a foot pedal switch operable to activate and deactivate the first motor and the second motor.
18. The system of claim 16 wherein the actuator comprises a user input device and a controller, the user input device configured to allow a user to input garland component type (defining core rope feed length between adjacent garland components and spool rotation degrees) and desired garland

length, and the controller configured to instruct the first motor and the second motor.

19. The system of claim 16 further comprising a pressure roller adjacent the drive roller, wherein the core rope is retained under pressure between the drive roller and the pressure roller.

20. The system of claim 16 operable in a single cycle mode wherein activation of the actuator rotates the at least one spool around the core rope, thereby winding the binding thread around the core rope to secure the one of the plurality of garland components against the core rope, and displaces the core rope to the second position.

21. The system of claim 16 operable in a repeating cycle mode wherein activation of the actuator repeats the cycle of rotating the at least one spool around the core rope and displacing the core rope.