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(54) SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR OPTIMIZING ACCESS TO CLOUD RESOURCES USING PREFERENTIAL LOCALIZATION

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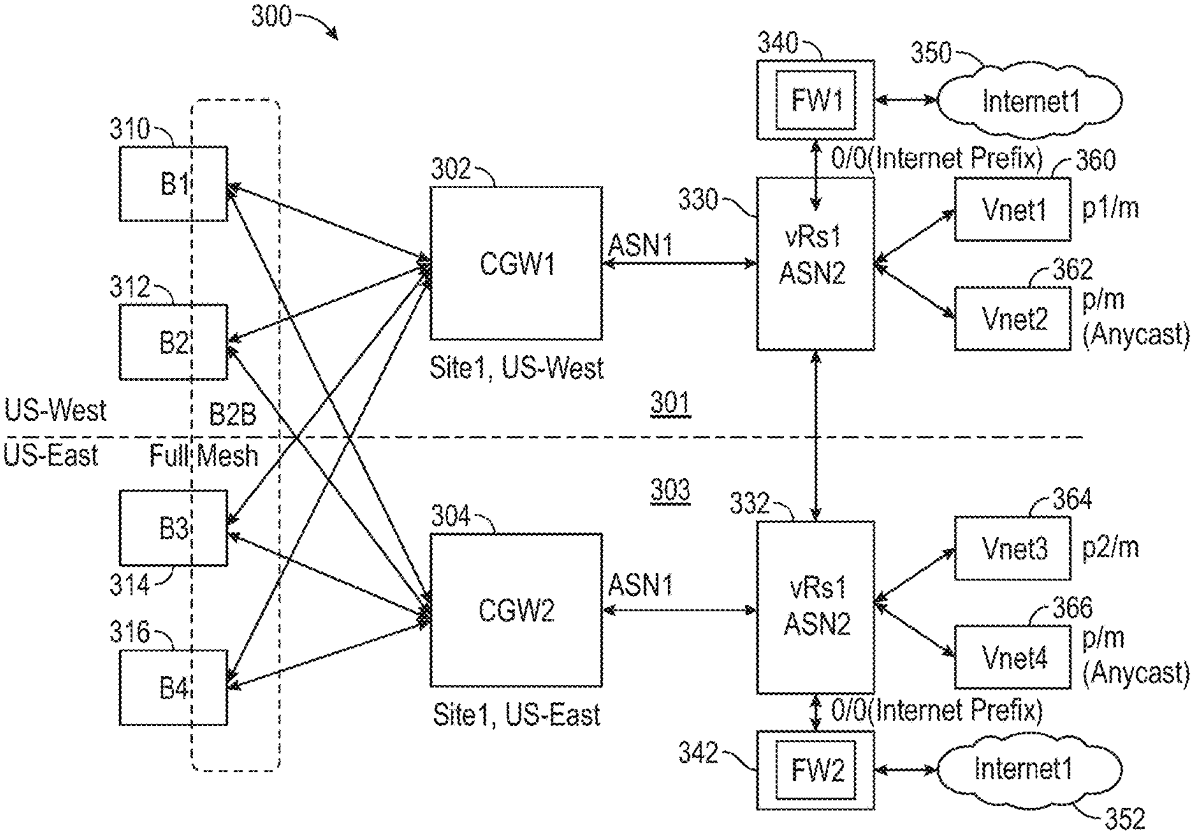
(57) ABSTRACT

Present disclosure includes determining, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generating, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses; automatically translating the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.



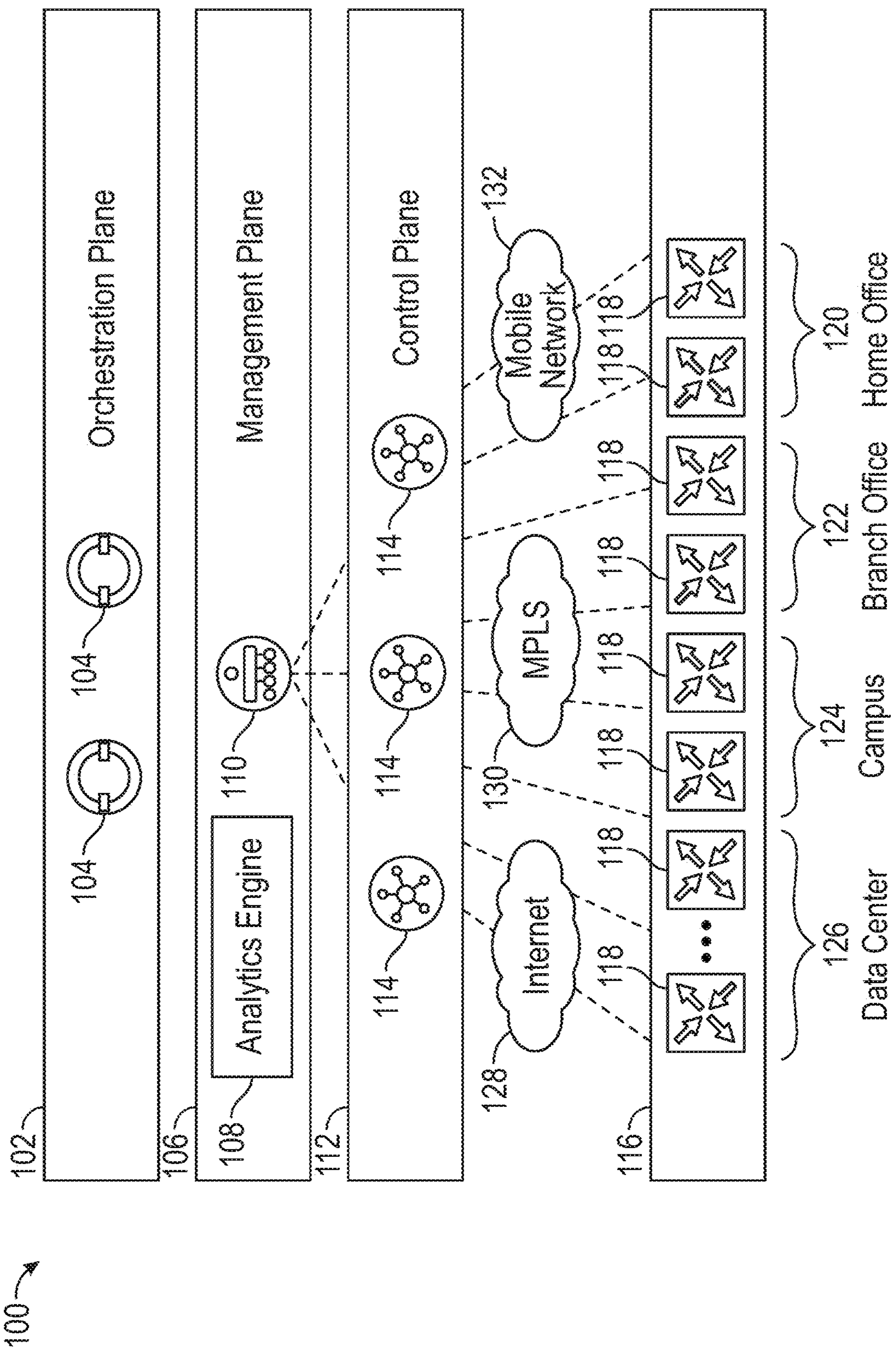

100
102
Orchestration Plane
104
104
106
Management Plane
108
Analytics Engine
110
112
Control Plane
114
114
114
128
Internet
130
MPLS
132
Mobile Network
116
118
118
118
118
118
118
118
118
126
Data Center
124
Campus
122
Branch Office
120
Home Office

FIG. 1

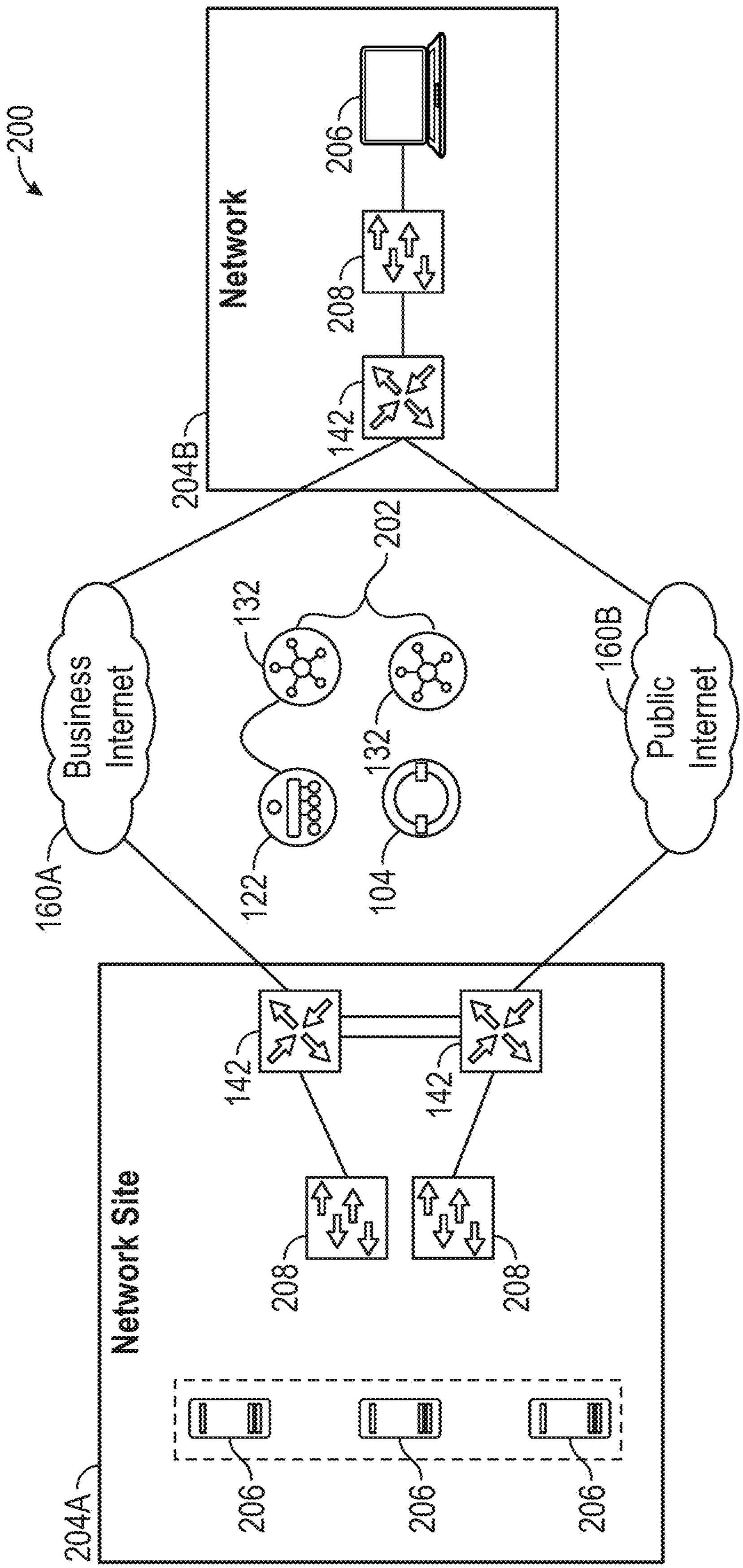

200
Network
204B
142
208
206
202
132
132
Business Internet
160A
122
104
Public Internet
160B
Network Site
204A
142
142
208
208
206
206
206

FIG. 2

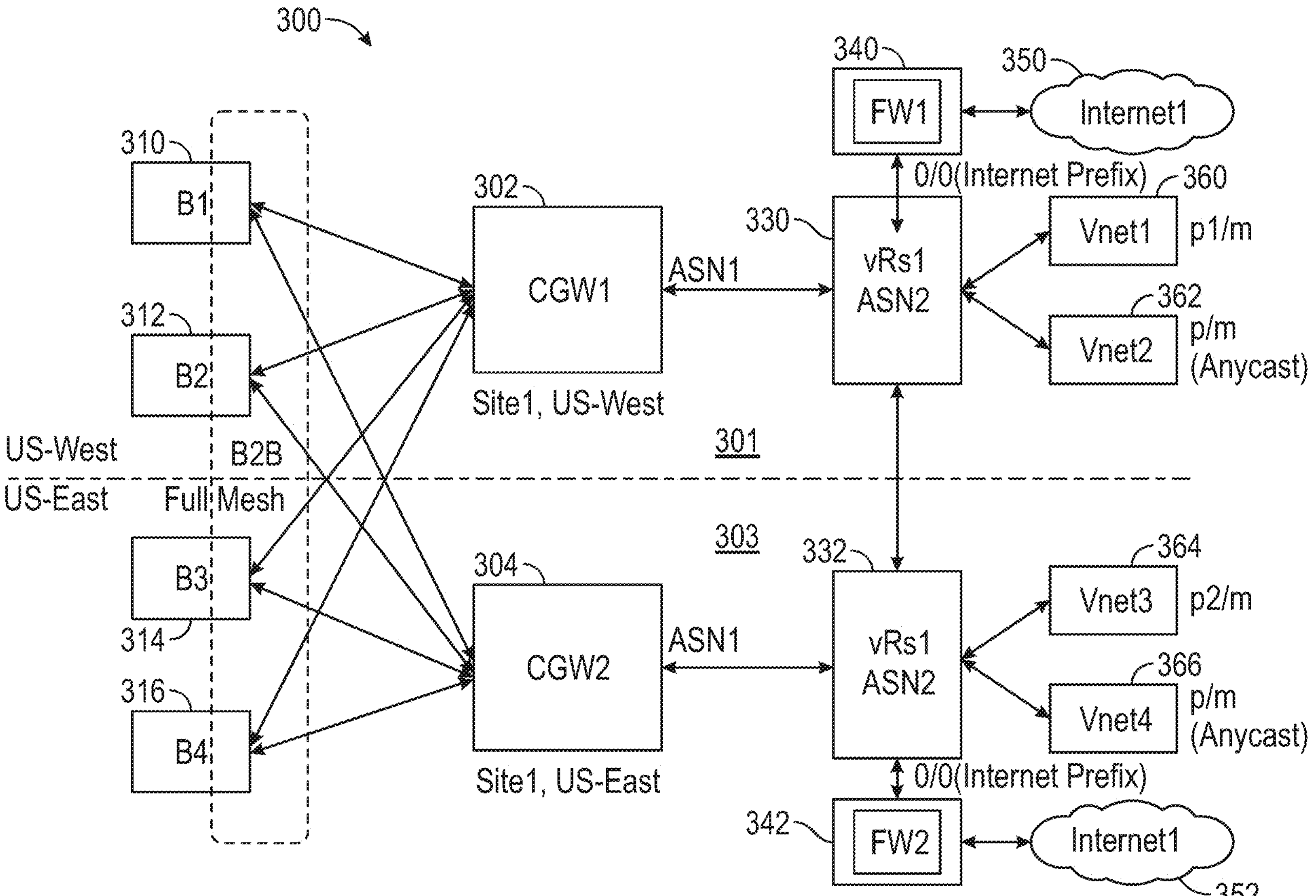

300
310
B1
312
B2
B3
314
316
B4
US-West
US-East
B2B
Full Mesh
302
CGW1
Site1, US-West
304
CGW2
Site1, US-East
ASN1
ASN1
301
303
330
vRs1
ASN2
332
vRs1
ASN2
340
FW1
342
FW2
350
Internet1
Internet1
352
0/0(Internet Prefix)
0/0(Internet Prefix)
360
Vnet1
p1/m
362
Vnet2
p/m
(Anycast)
364
Vnet3
p2/m
366
Vnet4
p/m
(Anycast)

FIG. 3A

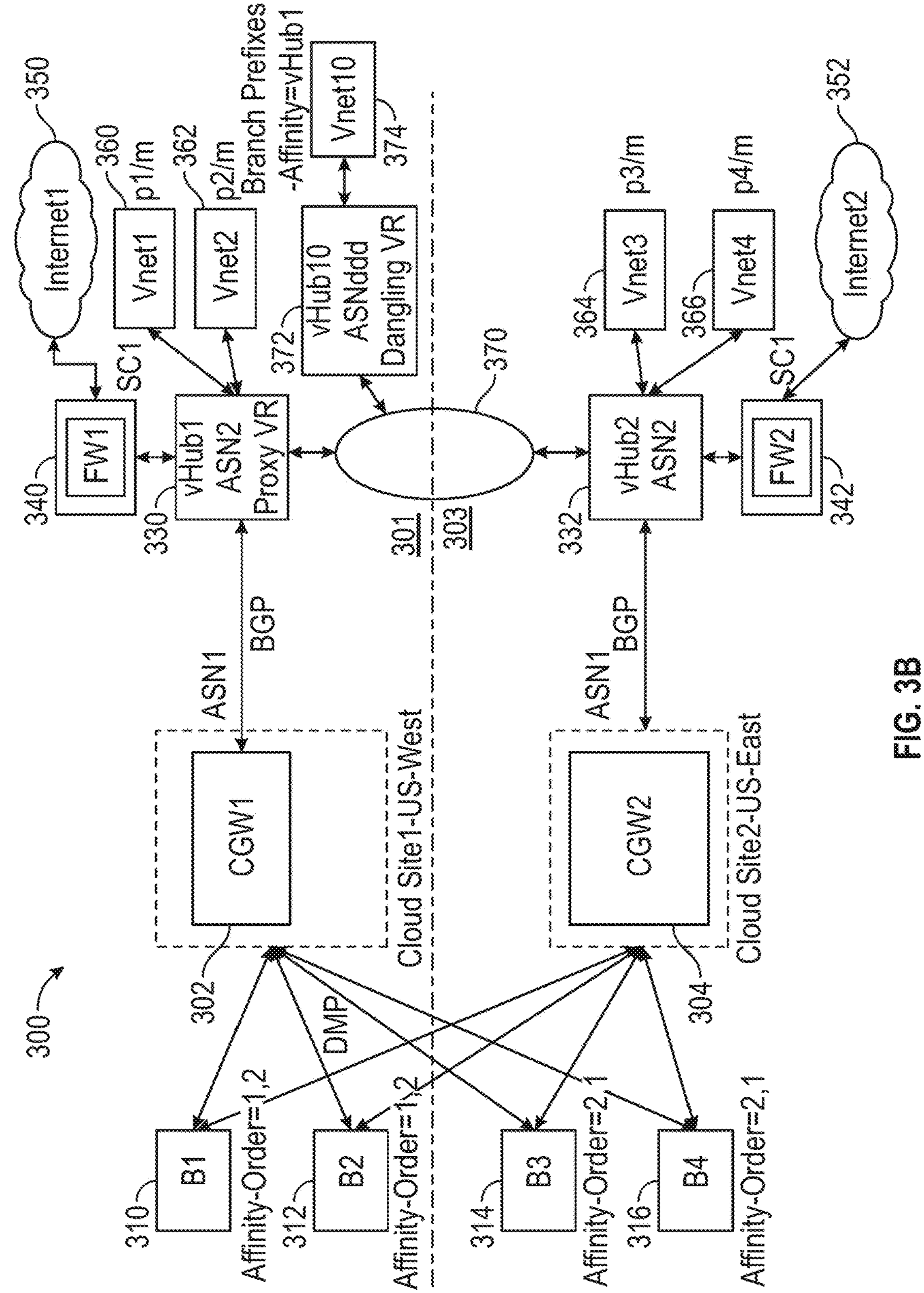

300
US-West
US-East
310
B1
Affinity-Order=1,2
312
B2
Affinity-Order=1,2
314
B3
Affinity-Order=2,1
316
B4
Affinity-Order=2,1
DMP
302
CGW1
Cloud Site1-US-West
304
CGW2
Cloud Site2-US-East
ASN1
BGP
ASN1
BGP
301
303
330
vHub1
ASN2
Proxy VR
332
vHub2
ASN2
340
FW1
342
FW2
SC1
SC1
350
Internet1
352
Internet2
360
Vnet1
p1/m
362
Vnet2
p2/m
364
Vnet3
p3/m
366
Vnet4
p4/m
370
372
vHub10
ASNddd
Dangling VR
374
Vnet10
Branch Prefixes
-Affinity=vHub1

FIG. 3B

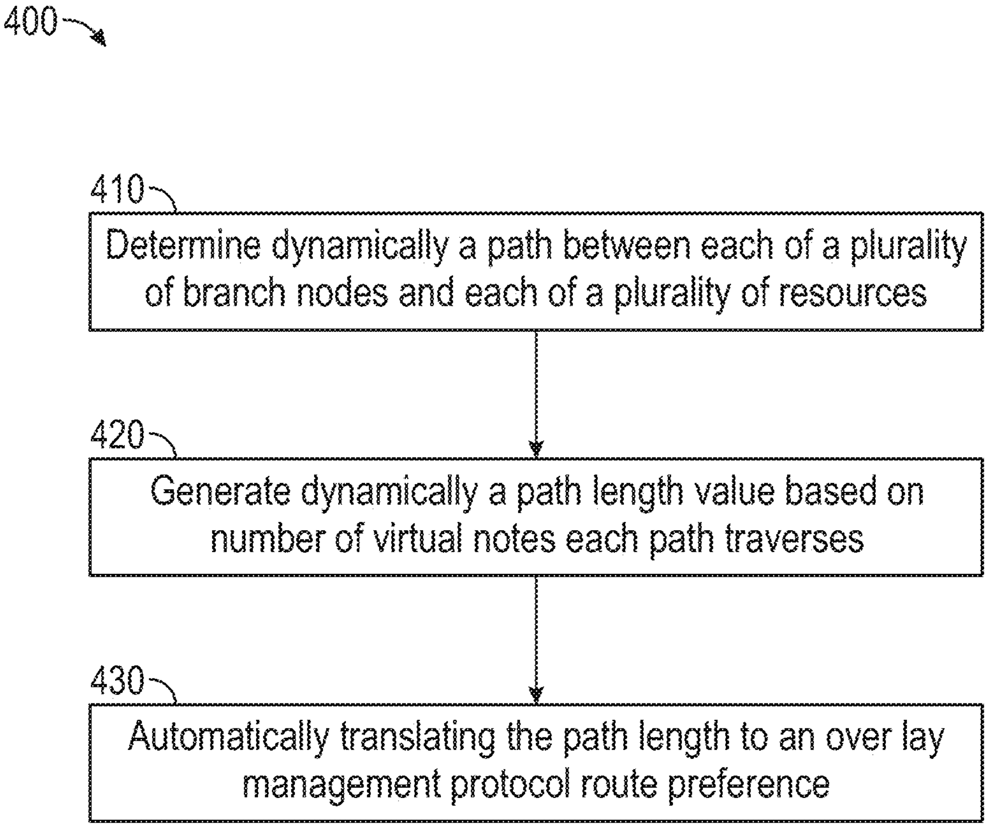

400
410
Determine dynamically a path between each of a plurality of branch nodes and each of a plurality of resources
420
Generate dynamically a path length value based on number of virtual notes each path traverses
430
Automatically translating the path length to an over lay management protocol route preference

FIG. 4

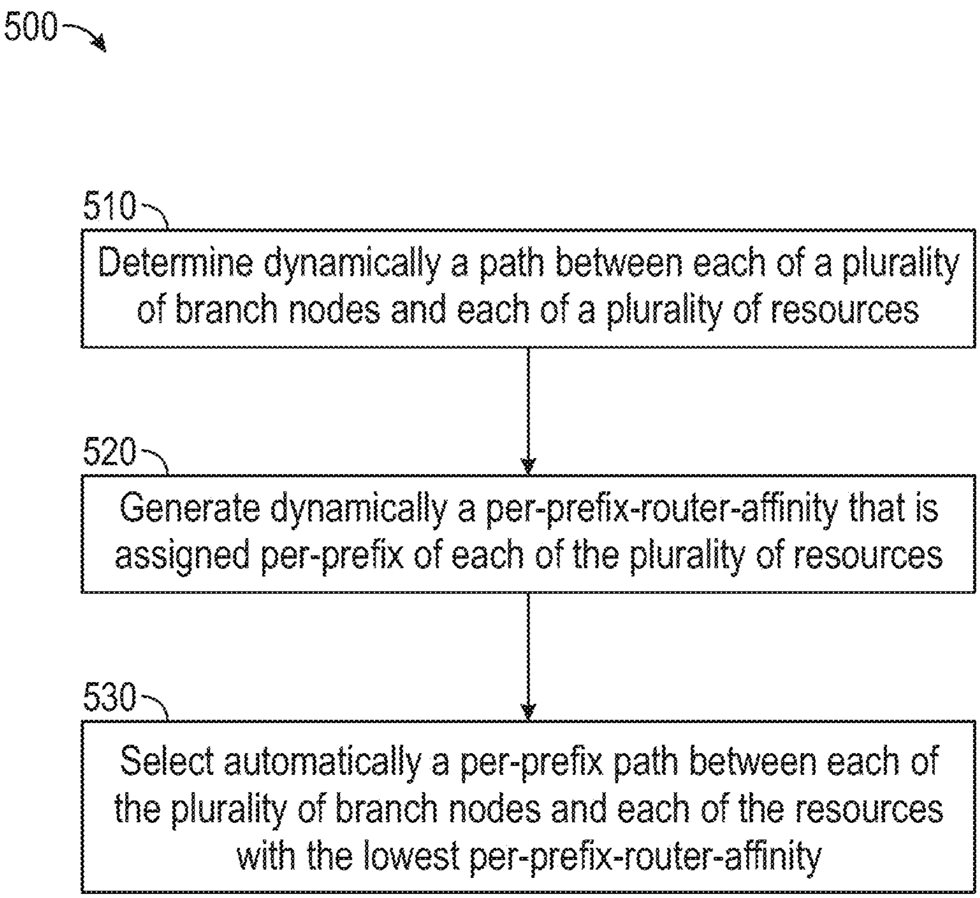

500
510
Determine dynamically a path between each of a plurality of branch nodes and each of a plurality of resources
520
Generate dynamically a per-prefix-router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources
530
Select automatically a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the resources with the lowest per-prefix-router-affinity

FIG. 5

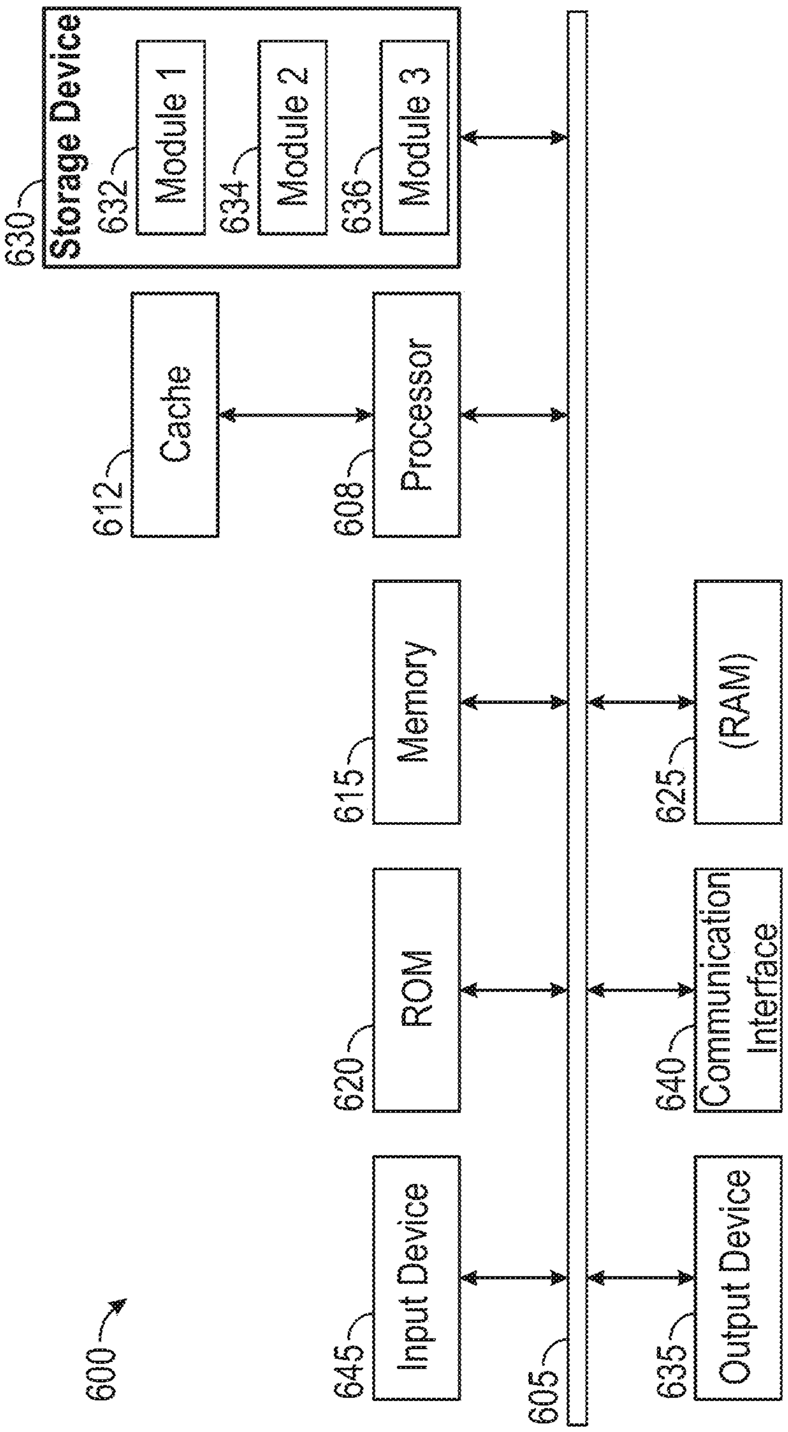

600
645
Input Device
620
ROM
615
Memory
608
Processor
612
Cache
630
Storage Device
632
Module 1
634
Module 2
636
Module 3
605
635
Output Device
640
Communication Interface
625
(RAM)

FIG. 6

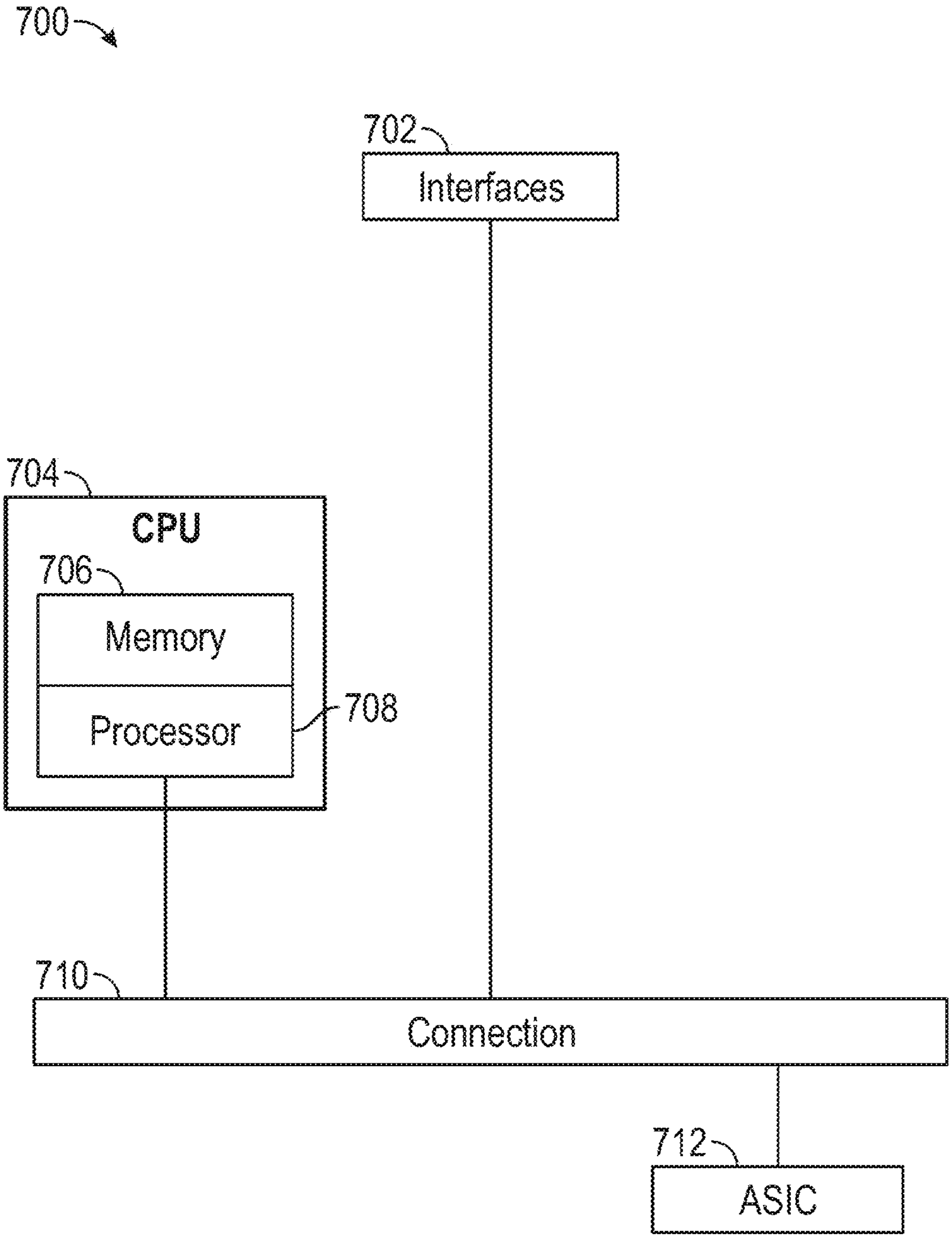

700
702
Interfaces
704
CPU
706
Memory
Processor
708
710
Connection
712
ASIC

FIG. 7

SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR OPTIMIZING ACCESS TO CLOUD RESOURCES USING PREFERENTIAL LOCALIZATION

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 18/498,928 filed Oct. 31, 2023, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED TECHNOLOGY

[0002] The present disclosure relates generally to accessing cloud-based resources from one or more branch locations on a network.

BACKGROUND

[0003] A network system connects two or more computing devices and allows the computing devices to exchange data and share resources with each other. The network system uses a system of rules, called communication protocols, to transmit information over physical or wireless technologies. The network systems include connecting devices or components, including switches, routers, and wireless access points, among others. Through the connecting devices, the computing devices can be connected and can communicate with one another and with other networks, such as the Internet.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] In order to describe the manner in which the above-recited and other advantages and features of the disclosure may be obtained, a more particular description of the principles briefly described above will be rendered by reference to specific embodiments thereof which are illustrated in the appended drawings. Understanding that these drawings depict only exemplary embodiments of the disclosure and are not therefore to be considered to be limiting of its scope, the principles herein are described and explained with additional specificity and detail through the use of the accompanying drawings in which:

[0005] FIG. **1** illustrates an example of a high-level network architecture in accordance with the present disclosure;

[0006] FIG. **2** illustrates an example of a network topology in accordance with the present disclosure;

[0007] FIG. **3**A illustrates an example system configuration for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations and one or more cloud resources;

[0008] FIG. **3**B illustrates an example system configuration for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations and one or more cloud resources;

[0009] FIG. **4** illustrates an example method for optimizing access to cloud resources using a preferential localization routine;

[0010] FIG. **5** illustrates an example method for optimizing access to cloud resources using a preferential localization routine;

[0011] FIG. **6** shows an example of a computing system for implementing certain aspects of the present technology; and

[0012] FIG. **7** illustrates an example network device in accordance with the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0013] The detailed description set forth below is intended as a description of various configurations of embodiments and is not intended to represent the only configurations in which the subject matter of this disclosure can be practiced. The appended drawings are incorporated herein and constitute a part of the detailed description. The detailed description includes specific details for the purpose of providing a more thorough understanding of the subject matter of this disclosure. However, it will be clear and apparent that the subject matter of this disclosure is not limited to the specific details set forth herein and may be practiced without these details. In some instances, structures and components are shown in block diagram form in order to avoid obscuring the concepts of the subject matter of this disclosure.

[0014] Various embodiments of the disclosure are discussed in detail below. While specific implementations are discussed, it should be understood that this is done for illustration purposes only. A person skilled in the relevant art will recognize that other components and configurations may be used without parting from the spirit and scope of the disclosure. Thus, the following description and drawings are illustrative and are not to be construed as limiting. Numerous specific details are described to provide a thorough understanding of the disclosure. However, in certain instances, well-known or conventional details are not described in order to avoid obscuring the description. References to one or an embodiment in the present disclosure may be references to the same embodiment or any embodiment; and such references mean at least one of the embodiments.

[0015] Reference to "one example" or "an example" means that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the example is included in at least one example of the disclosure. The appearances of the phrase "in one example" in various places in the specification are not necessarily all referring to the same example, nor are separate or alternative examples mutually exclusive of other embodiments. Moreover, various features are described which may be exhibited by some examples and not by others.

[0016] The terms used in this specification generally have their ordinary meanings in the art, within the context of the disclosure, and in the specific context where each term is used. Alternative language and synonyms may be used for any one or more of the terms discussed herein, and no special significance should be placed upon whether or not a term is elaborated or discussed herein. In some cases, synonyms for certain terms are provided. A recital of one or more synonyms does not exclude the use of other synonyms. The use of examples anywhere in this specification including examples of any terms discussed herein is illustrative only and is not intended to further limit the scope and meaning of the disclosure or of any example term. Likewise, the disclosure is not limited to various embodiments given in this specification.

[0017] Without intent to limit the scope of the disclosure, examples of instruments, apparatus, methods, and their related results according to the embodiments of the present disclosure are given below. Note that titles or subtitles may be used in the examples for convenience of a reader, which in no way should limit the scope of the disclosure. Unless otherwise defined, technical and scientific terms used herein have the meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure pertains. In the case of conflict, the present document, including definitions will control.

[0018] Additional features and advantages of the disclosure will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or can be learned by practice of the herein disclosed principles. The features and advantages of the disclosure can be realized and obtained by means of the instruments and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims. These and other features of the disclosure will become more fully apparent from the following description and appended claims or can be learned by the practice of the principles set forth herein.

[0019] The present technology optimizes access to cloud resources using preferential localization. The present technology also determines at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the pathways include one or more virtual routers.

[0020] In one aspect, a method includes determining, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers. The method can also include generating, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses. The method can also include automatically translating the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0021] In another aspect a system is described, the system includes a storage configured to store instructions and a processor configured to execute the instructions. The system can have instructions that cause the processor to determine, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers. The system can have instructions that cause the processor to generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses. The system can have instructions that cause the processor to automatically translate the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0022] In a further aspect, a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium, where the computer-readable storage medium including instructions that when executed by a computing system, cause the computing system to determine, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers. The computer-readable storage medium including instructions that when executed by a computing system, cause the computing system to generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses. the computer-readable storage medium including instructions that when executed by a computing system, cause the computing system to automatically translate the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0023] FIG. **1** illustrates an example of a network architecture **100** for implementing aspects of the present technology. An example of an implementation of the network architecture **100** is the Cisco® SD-WAN architecture. However, one of ordinary skill in the art will understand that, for the network architecture **100** and any other system discussed in the present disclosure, there can be additional or fewer component in similar or alternative configurations. The illustrations and examples provided in the present disclosure are for conciseness and clarity. Other embodiments may include different numbers and/or types of elements but one of ordinary skill the art will appreciate that such variations do not depart from the scope of the present disclosure.

[0024] In this example, the network architecture **100** can comprise an orchestration plane **102**, a management plane **106**, a control plane **112**, and a data plane **116**. The orchestration plane **102** can assist in the automatic on-boarding of edge network devices **118** (e.g., switches, routers, etc.) in an overlay network. The orchestration plane **102** can include one or more physical or virtual network orchestrator appliances **104**. The network orchestrator appliances **104** can perform the initial authentication of the edge network devices **118** and orchestrate connectivity between devices of the control plane **112** and the data plane **116**. In some embodiments, the network orchestrator appliances **104** can also enable communication of devices located behind Network Address Translation (NAT). In some embodiments, physical or virtual Cisco® SD-WAN vBond appliances can operate as the network orchestrator appliances **104**.

[0025] The management plane **106** can be responsible for central configuration and monitoring of a network. The management plane **106** can include one or more physical or virtual network management appliances **110**. In some embodiments, the network management appliances **110** can provide centralized management of the network via a graphical user interface to enable a user to monitor, configure, and maintain the edge network devices **118** and links (e.g., internet transport network **128**, MPLS network **130**, 4G/Mobile network **132**) in an underlay and overlay network. The network management appliances **110** can support multi-tenancy and enable centralized management of logically isolated networks associated with different entities (e.g., enterprises, divisions within enterprises, groups within di visions, etc.). Alternatively, or in addition, the network management appliances **110** can be a dedicated network management system for a single entity. In some embodiments, physical or virtual Cisco® SD-WAN vManage appliances can operate as the network management appliances **110**.

[0026] The control plane **112** can build and maintain a network topology and make decisions on where traffic flows. The control plane **112** can include one or more physical or virtual network control appliances **114**. The network control appliances **114** can establish secure connections to each edge network device **118** and distribute route and policy information via a control plane protocol (e.g., Overlay Management Protocol (OMP) (discussed in further detail below), Open Shortest Path First (OSPF), Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS), Border Gateway Protocol (BGP), Protocol-Independent Multicast (PIM), Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD), Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP), etc.). In some embodiments, the network control appliances **114** can operate as route reflectors. The network control appliances **114** can also orchestrate secure connectivity in the data plane **116** between and among the edge network devices **118**. For example, in some embodiments, the network control appliances **114** can distribute crypto key information among the edge network devices **118**. This can allow the network to support a secure network protocol or application (e.g., Internet Protocol Security (IPSec), Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Shell (SSH), etc.) without Internet Key Exchange (IKE) and enable scalability of the network. In some embodiments, physical or virtual Cisco® SD-WAN vSmart controllers can operate as the network control appliances **114**.

[0027] The data plane **116** can be responsible for forwarding packets based on decisions from the control plane **112**. The data plane **116** can include the edge network devices **118**, which can be physical or virtual edge network devices. The edge network devices **118** can operate at the edges various network environments of an organization, such as in one or more data centers **126**, campus networks **124**, branch office networks **122**, home office networks **120**, and so forth, or in the cloud (e.g., Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), SaaS, and other cloud service provider networks). The edge network devices **118** can provide secure data plane connectivity among sites over one or more WAN transports, such as via one or more internet transport networks **128** (e.g., Digital Subscriber Line (DSL), cable, etc.), MPLS networks **130** (or other private packet-switched network (e.g., Metro Ethernet, Frame Relay, Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM), etc.), mobile networks **132** (e.g., 3G, 4G/LTE, 5G, etc.), or other WAN technology (e.g., Synchronous Optical Networking (SONET), Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH), Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing (DWDM), or other fiber-optic technology; leased lines (e.g., T1/E1, T3/E3, etc.); Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN), or other private circuit-switched network; small aperture terminal (VSAT) or other satellite network; etc.). The edge network devices **118** can be responsible for traffic forwarding, security, encryption, quality of service (QoS), and routing (e.g., BGP, OSPF, etc.), among other tasks. In some embodiments, physical or virtual Cisco® SD-WAN vEdge routers can operate as the edge network devices **118**.

[0028] FIG. **2** illustrates an example of a network topology **200** for showing various aspects of the network architecture **100**. The network topology **200** can include a management network **202**, a pair of network site **204**A and **204**B (e.g., the data center **126**, the campus network **124**, the branch office network **122**, the home office network(s) **120**, cloud service provider network(s), etc.), and a pair of Internet transport networks **160**A and **160**B. The management network **202** can include one or more network orchestrator appliances **104**, branch office networks **122**, and mobile network **132**. Although the management network **202** is shown as a single network in this example, one of ordinary skill in the art will understand that each element of the management network **202** can be distributed across any number of networks and/or be co-located with the sites **204**A, **204**B. In this example, each element of the management network **202** can be reached through either transport network **160**A or **160**B.

[0029] Each site can include one or more endpoint **206** connected to one or more site network device **208**, which may also be referred to as an edge device, a network edge device, etc. The endpoint **206** can include general purpose computing devices (e.g., servers, workstations, desktop computers, etc.), mobile computing devices (e.g., laptops, tablets, mobile phones, etc.), wearable devices (e.g., watches, glasses or other head-mounted displays (HMDs), car devices, etc.), and so forth. The endpoint **206** can also include Internet of Things (IoT) devices or equipment, such as agricultural equipment (e.g., livestock tracking and management systems, watering devices; connected cars and other vehicles; smart home sensors and devices (e.g., alarm systems, security cameras, lighting, appliances, media players, HVAC equipment, utility meters, windows, automatic doors, door bells, locks, etc.); office equipment (e.g., desktop phones, copiers, fax machines, etc.); healthcare devices (e.g., pacemakers, biometric sensors, medical equipment, etc.); industrial equipment (e.g., robots, factory machinery, construction equipment, industrial sensors, etc.); retail equipment (e.g., vending machines, point of sale (POS) devices, Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags, etc.); smart city devices (e.g., street lamps, parking meters, waste management sensors, etc.); transportation and logistical equipment (e.g., turnstiles, rental car trackers, navigational devices, inventory monitors, etc.); and so forth.

[0030] The site network device **208** can include physical or virtual switches, routers, and other network devices. Although the network site **204**A is shown including a pair of site network devices and the site **204**B is shown including a single site network device in this example, the site network device **208** can comprise any number of network devices in any network topology, including multi-tier (e.g., core, distribution, and access tiers), spine-and- leaf, mesh, tree, bus, hub and spoke, and so forth. For example, in some embodiments, one or more data center networks may implement the Cisco® Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) architecture and/or one or more campus networks may implement the Cisco® Software Defined Access (SD-Access or SDA) architecture. The site network device **208** can connect the endpoint **206** to one or more edge network devices **142**, and the edge network devices **142** can be used to directly connect to the transport networks **160**A, **160**B.

[0031] In some embodiments, "color" can be used to identify an individual WAN transport network, and different WAN transport networks may be assigned different colors (e.g., MPLS, private1, biz-internet, metro-ethernet, LTE, etc.). In this example, the network topology **200** can utilize a color called "biz-internet" for the Internet transport network **160**A and a color called "public-internet" for the Internet transport network **160**B.

[0032] In some embodiments, each site network device **208** can form a Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) or TLS control connection to the mobile network **132** and connect to any mobile network **132** over each transport network **160**A, **160**B. In some embodiments, the edge network device **142** can also securely connect to edge network devices in other sites via IPSec tunnels. In some embodiments, the BFD protocol may be used within each of these tunnels to detect loss, latency, jitter, and path failures.

[0033] On the edge network devices **142**, color can be used to help identify or distinguish an individual WAN transport tunnel (e.g., no same color may be used twice on a single edge network device). Colors by themselves can also have significance. For example, the colors metro-ethernet, MPLS, and private1, private2, private3, private4, private5, and private6 may be considered private colors, which can be used for private networks or in places where there is no NAT addressing of the transport IP endpoints (e.g., because there may be no NAT between two endpoints of the same color). When the edge network devices **142** use a private color, they may attempt to build IPSec tunnels to other edge network devices using native, private, underlay IP addresses. The public colors can include 3G, biz, internet, blue, bronze, custom1, custom2, custom3, default, gold, green, LTE, public-internet, red, and silver. The public colors may be used by the edge network devices **142** to build tunnels to post-NAT IP addresses (if there is NAT involved). If the edge network devices **142** use private colors and need NAT to communicate to other private colors, the carrier setting in the configuration can dictate whether the edge network devices **142** use private or public IP addresses. Using this setting, two private colors can establish a session when one or both are using NAT.

[0034] FIG. 3A illustrates an example system **300** configuration for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations **310**, **312**, **314**, **316** and one or more cloud resources. As illustrated the system **300** includes a first gateway node **302** and a second gateway node **304**. While only two gateway nodes **302**, **304** are illustrated, the present disclosure can include n number of gateway nodes, wherein n is a whole number greater than or equal to two. Additionally, as illustrated, the first gateway node **302** is in a first geographic location **301**. The second gateway node **304** can be located in a second geographic location **303**. For example, the first geographic location **301** can be the west coast of the United States. Additionally in at least one example, the second geographic location **303** can be the east coast of the United States.

[0035] The system **300** can include a first branch **310**, a second branch **312**, a third branch **314**, and a fourth branch **316**. In the illustrated example, the first branch **310** and the second branch **312** are located in the first geographic location **301**. The third branch **314** and fourth branch **316** are located in the second geographic location **303**.

[0036] The first gateway node **302** can be coupled to a first virtual routing service **330**. The first virtual routing service **330** can include one or more of vHub or TGW. The second gateway node **304** can be coupled to a second virtual routing service **332**. The second virtual routing service **332** can include one or more of vHub or TGW. Additionally, a first firewall **340** can be coupled to the first virtual routing service **330** to provide connectivity to the Internet **350**. Furthermore, a second firewall **342** can be coupled to the second virtual routing service **332** and provide connectivity to the Internet **352**.

[0037] The first virtual routing service **330** can be coupled to a first virtual network **360** and a second virtual network **362**. The second virtual network **362** can be an anycast virtual network. The second virtual routing service **332** can be coupled to a third virtual network **364** and a fourth virtual network **366**. The fourth virtual network **366** can be an anycast virtual network.

[0038] As illustrated, each of the branches **310**, **312**, **314**, **316** can access each of the gateway nodes **302**, **304**. Thus, each of the branches can access the Internet **350**, **352** through the corresponding virtual routing service **330**, **332**. The present disclosure provides an optimal path for the flow to a desired cloud-based resource through a localization by determining an affinity order for the resources. While some cloud resources can be located through any one of the virtual routing services **330**, **332**, there are some cloud services that might only be located on a single one of the virtual routing services **330**, **332**.

[0039] The present disclosure may include learning at the gateway nodes **302**,**304** prefixes for the virtual networks **360**, **362**, **364**, **366**. Additionally, the gateway nodes **302**,**304** can advertise branch paths to the cloud. Additionally, the virtual routing services **330**, **332** may learn paths from all other virtual routing services **330**, **332**. The gateway nodes **302**,**304** can learn of the path length for each of the virtual networks **360**, **362**, **364**, **366**. The path length is determined based on whether the virtual networks **360**, **362**, **364**, **366** are directly attached or reachable through another virtual routing service **330**, **332**. For example, a path length of one can be assigned to a path in which the virtual routing service is directly coupled with a desired virtual network **360**, **362**, **364**, **366**. Additionally, a path length of two can be assigned to a path in which the virtual routing services **330**, **332** requires connecting through another one of the virtual routing services **330**, **332** to a desired virtual network **360**, **362**, **364**, **366**. In another example, the path length can be described as a path preference. The path preference can be such the gateway nodes **302**,**304** advertise a path preference for the different ones of the virtual networks **360**, **362**, **364**, **366** to the branches **310**, **312**, **314**, **316**. For example, the path preference is such that a preference is given to vnet**2** **362** as compared to vnet**4** **366** for the first branch **310** and second branch **312**. Additionally, if vnet**1** **360** is the desired virtual network, a path preference for the first gateway node **302** is provided to each of the branches **310**, **312**, **314**, **316**. Additionally, return traffic from the virtual network **360**, **362**, **364**, **366** can be over the same path preference.

[0040] Similarly, the preference for internet exit can be provided. As illustrated, each of the virtual routing service **330**, **332** has a respective internet **350**, **352**. A path preference for branches **310**, **312** can made to go to the internet **350** over the first gateway node **302** as the first gateway node **302** is more proximal to the respective branches **310**, **312**. Likewise, if internet **352** is desired from the third branch **314** or the fourth branch **316** the path would traverse through the second gateway node **304**. While the numbers for internet **350**, **352** are different the connection is simply to the internet. In at least one example, the internet **350**, **352** can be given a 0/0 prefix. The present disclosure implements a per-prefix-router-affinity to localize intenet access as described above. The per-prefix-router-affinity is such that the virtual network affinity is not changed. Additionally, it provides for a fallback to another path if the primary path (most preferred path) is not available. This can have several fallback configurations. Furthermore, the traffic can be configured to be symmetric such that the path from a branch **310**, **312**, **314**, **316** to the internet **350**, **352** is the same as from the internet **350**, **352** to the branch **310**, **312**, **314**, **316**.

[0041] In regards to access to the any cast prefixes of vnet**2** **36** and vnet**4** **366**, the present disclosure proves a per-prefix-affinity like the internet. The path preference is set such that the branches **310**, **312**, **314**, **316** access any case workloads through the closest and/or most preferred gateway node **302**, **304** thereby achieving localization. Furthermore, the return traffic can be the same path but in the opposite direction.

[0042] FIG. **3**B illustrates an example system **300** configuration for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations and one or more cloud resources. The system of FIG. **3**B is substantially the same as FIG. **3**A with additional components and a modified component. The modified component is that one of the virtual routing services **330** has been configured to be a virtual proxy routing service (proxy VR).

[0043] Additionally, a dangling virtual routing service (vHub**10**) **372** is included that is coupled through connection **370** to a proxy virtual routing service (for example, proxy VR) **330**. vHub**10** can have a reserved ASN, which can be applied to all dangling virtual routing services. As illustrated the ASN is ASNddd. The present disclosure includes applying a path map policy on non-proxy gateway nodes to drop the paths of the dangling virtual routing service **372**. Additionally, a virtual network (for example, vnet **10** as illustrated) **374** can be coupled to the dangling virtual routing service **372**. Additionally, only the proxy virtual routing service (vHub**1**) **330** adverstises the virtual network (vnet **10**) **374** and vHub **10** to the branches **310**, **312**, **314**, **316**. This allows for the traffic to proceed only over the first gateway node **302** such that the dangling virtual routing service **372** appears as localized to the proxy VR **330**.

[0044] FIG. **4** illustrates an example method **400** for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations and one or more cloud resources. Although the example method **400** depicts a particular sequence of operations, the sequence may be altered without departing from the scope of the present disclosure. For example, some of the operations depicted may be performed in parallel or in a different sequence that does not materially affect the function of the method **400**. In other examples, different components of an example device or system that implements the method **400** may perform functions at substantially the same time or in a specific sequence.

[0045] According to some examples, the method **400** includes determining at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources at block **410**. For example, a gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources. Each of the at least one gateway node **302**,**304** can communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources. In at least one example, the resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to the internet.

[0046] According to some examples, the method **400** includes generating, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses at block **420**. For example, the gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses. In at least one example, the path length increases as the number of virtual routers in the path increases.

[0047] According to some examples, the method **400** includes automatically translating the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources at block **430**. For example, the gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may automatically translate the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0048] Additionally, the method can include generating a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes. The per-prefix router affinity score may include multiple affinity scores that span across the plurality of gateways in order of preference to a given gateway.

[0049] In at least one example, the method can include providing a redundancy connection, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes. The two or more gateway nodes may include more than four gateway nodes. In yet other examples, the gateway nodes can number between 2-n, wherein n is a whole number greater than 2. Additionally, the number of gateway nodes can change and/or one or more the gateway nodes can experience a connectivity and/or power outage.

[0050] In at least one example, the method can establish a dangling virtual routing service coupled to a single one of a plurality of virtual routing services, so that all paths to and from the plurality of resources coupled to the dangling virtual routing service flow through the single one of the plurality of virtual routing services.

[0051] FIG. **5** illustrates an example method **500** for optimizing the connection between one or more branch locations and one or more cloud resources. Although the example method **500** depicts a particular sequence of operations, the sequence may be altered without departing from the scope of the present disclosure. For example, some of the operations depicted may be performed in parallel or in a different sequence that does not materially affect the function of the method **500**. In other examples, different components of an example device or system that implements the method **500** may perform functions at substantially the same time or in a specific sequence.

[0052] According to some examples, the method **500** includes determining at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources at block **510**. For example, a gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources. Each of the at least one gateway node **302**,**304** can communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources. In at least one example, the resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to the internet.

[0053] According to some examples, the method **500** includes generating, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a per-prefix-router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources at block **520**. For example, the gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a per-prefix-router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources.

[0054] According to some examples, the method **500** includes automatically selecting, based upon the per-prefix-router-affinity, a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources with the lowest per-prefix-router affinity at block **530**. For example, the gateway node **302**,**304** illustrated in FIGS. **3**A-B may automatically select, based upon the per-prefix-router-affinity, a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources with the lowest per-prefix-router affinity.

[0055] In at least one example, the per-prefix-router-affinity includes one or more redundancies

[0056] FIG. **6** shows an example of computing system **600**, which can be, for example any computing device or any component thereof in which the components of the system are in communication with each other using connection **605**. Connection **605** can be a physical connection via a bus, or a direct connection to processor **608**, such as in a chipset architecture. Connection **605** can also be a virtual connection, networked connection, or logical connection.

[0057] In some embodiments, computing system **600** is a distributed system in which the functions described in this disclosure can be distributed within a datacenter, multiple data centers, a peer network, etc. In some embodiments, one or more of the described system components represents many such components each performing some or all of the function for which the component is described. In some embodiments, the components can be physical or virtual devices.

[0058] Example system **600** includes at least one processing unit (CPU or processor) **608** and connection **605** that couples various system components including memory **615**, such as read-only memory (ROM) **620** and random-access memory (RAM) **625** to processor **608**. Computing system **600** can include a cache of high-speed memory **612** connected directly with, in close proximity to, or integrated as part of processor **608**.

[0059] Processor **608** can include any general-purpose processor and a hardware service or software service, such as services **632**, **634**, and **636** stored in storage device **630**, configured to control processor **608** as well as a special-purpose processor where software instructions are incorporated into the actual processor design. Processor **608** may essentially be a completely self-contained computing system, containing multiple cores or processors, a bus, memory controller, cache, etc. A multi-core processor may be symmetric or asymmetric.

[0060] To enable user interaction, computing system **600** includes an input device **645**, which can represent any number of input mechanisms, such as a microphone for speech, a touch-sensitive screen for gesture or graphical input, keyboard, mouse, motion input, speech, etc. Computing system **600** can also include output device **635**, which can be one or more of a number of output mechanisms known to those of skill in the art. In some instances, multimodal systems can enable a user to provide multiple types of input/output to communicate with computing system **600**. Computing system **600** can include communications interface **640**, which can generally govern and manage the user input and system output. There is no restriction on operating on any particular hardware arrangement, and therefore the basic features here may easily be substituted for improved hardware or firmware arrangements as they are developed.

[0061] Storage device **630** can be a non-volatile memory device and can be a hard disk or other types of computer readable media which can store data that are accessible by a computer, such as magnetic cassettes, flash memory cards, solid state memory devices, digital versatile disks, cartridges, random access memories (RAMs), read-only memory (ROM), and/or some combination of these devices.

[0062] The storage device **630** can include software services, servers, services, etc., that when the code that defines such software is executed by the processor **608**, it causes the system to perform a function. In some embodiments, a hardware service that performs a particular function can include the software component stored in a computer-readable medium in connection with the necessary hardware components, such as processor **608**, connection **605**, output device **635**, etc., to carry out the function.

[0063] FIG. **7** illustrates an example network device **700** suitable for performing switching, routing, load balancing, and other networking operations. The example network device **700** can be implemented as switches, routers, nodes, metadata servers, load balancers, client devices, and so forth.

[0064] Network device **700** includes a central processing unit (CPU) **704**, interfaces **702**, and a connection bus **710** (e.g., a PCI bus). When acting under the control of appropriate software or firmware, the CPU **704** is responsible for executing packet management, error detection, and/or routing functions. The CPU **704** preferably accomplishes all these functions under the control of software including an operating system and any appropriate applications software. CPU **704** may include one or more processors **708**, such as a processor from the INTEL x86 family of microprocessors. In some cases, processor **708** can be specially designed hardware for controlling the operations of network device **700**. In some cases, a memory **706** (e.g., non-volatile RAM, ROM, etc.) also forms part of CPU **704**. However, there are many different ways in which memory could be coupled to the system.

[0065] The interfaces **702** are typically provided as modular interface cards (sometimes referred to as "line cards"). Generally, they control the sending and receiving of data packets over the network and sometimes support other peripherals used with the network device **700**.

[0066] Among the interfaces that may be provided are Ethernet interfaces, frame relay interfaces, cable interfaces, DSL interfaces, token ring interfaces, and the like. In addition, various very high-speed interfaces may be provided such as fast token ring interfaces, wireless interfaces, Ethernet interfaces, Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, ATM interfaces, HSSI interfaces, POS interfaces, FDDI interfaces, WIFI interfaces, 3G/4G/5G cellular interfaces, CAN BUS, LORA, and the like. Generally, these interfaces may include ports appropriate for communication with the appropriate media. In some cases, they may also include an independent processor and, in some instances, volatile RAM. The independent processors may control such communications intensive tasks as packet switching, media control, signal processing, crypto processing, and management. By providing separate processors for the communication intensive tasks, these interfaces allow the master CPU (e.g., **704**) to efficiently perform routing computations, network diagnostics, security functions, etc.

[0067] Although the system shown in FIG. **7** is one specific network device of the present disclosure, it is by no means the only network device architecture on which the present disclosure can be implemented. For example, an architecture having a single processor that handles communications as well as routing computations, etc., is often used. Further, other types of interfaces and media could also be used with the network device **700**.

[0068] Regardless of the network device's configuration, it may employ one or more memories or memory modules (including memory **706**) configured to store program instructions for the general-purpose network operations and mechanisms for roaming, route optimization and routing functions described herein. The program instructions may control the operation of an operating system and/or one or more applications, for example. The memory or memories may also be configured to store tables such as mobility binding, registration, and association tables, etc. Memory **706** could also hold various software containers and virtualized execution environments and data.

[0069] The network device **700** can also include an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) **712**, which can be configured to perform routing and/or switching operations. The ASIC **712** can communicate with other components in the network device **700** via the bus **710**, to exchange data and signals and coordinate various types of operations by the network device **700**, such as routing, switching, and/or data storage operations, for example.

[0070] For clarity of explanation, in some instances the present technology may be presented as including individual functional blocks including functional blocks comprising devices, device components, steps or routines in a method embodied in software, or combinations of hardware and software.

[0071] Any of the steps, operations, functions, or processes described herein may be performed or implemented by a combination of hardware and software services or services, alone or in combination with other devices. In some embodiments, a service can be software that resides in memory of a client device and/or one or more servers of a content management system and perform one or more functions when a processor executes the software associated with the service. In some embodiments, a service is a program, or a collection of programs that carry out a specific function. In some embodiments, a service can be considered a server. The memory can be a non-transitory computer-readable medium.

[0072] In some embodiments the computer-readable storage devices, mediums, and memories can include a cable or wireless signal containing a bit stream and the like. However, when mentioned, non-transitory computer-readable storage media expressly exclude media such as energy, carrier signals, electromagnetic waves, and signals per se.

[0073] Methods according to the above-described examples can be implemented using computer-executable instructions that are stored or otherwise available from computer readable media. Such instructions can comprise, for example, instructions and data which cause or otherwise configure a general-purpose computer, special purpose computer, or special purpose processing device to perform a certain function or group of functions. Portions of computer resources used can be accessible over a network. The computer executable instructions may be, for example, binaries, intermediate format instructions such as assembly language, firmware, or source code. Examples of computer-readable media that may be used to store instructions, information used, and/or information created during methods according to described examples include magnetic or optical disks, solid state memory devices, flash memory, USB devices provided with non-volatile memory, networked storage devices, and so on.

[0074] Devices implementing methods according to these disclosures can comprise hardware, firmware and/or software, and can take any of a variety of form factors. Typical examples of such form factors include servers, laptops, smart phones, small form factor personal computers, personal digital assistants, and so on. Functionality described herein also can be embodied in peripherals or add-in cards. Such functionality can also be implemented on a circuit board among different chips or different processes executing in a single device, by way of further example.

[0075] The instructions, media for conveying such instructions, computing resources for executing them, and other structures for supporting such computing resources are means for providing the functions described in these disclosures.

[0076] Claim language or other language in the disclosure reciting "at least one of" a set and/or "one or more" of a set indicates that one member of the set or multiple members of the set (in any combination) satisfy the claim. For example, claim language reciting "at least one of A and B" or "at least one of A or B" means A, B, or A and B. In another example, claim language reciting "at least one of A, B, and C" or "at least one of A, B, or C" means A, B, C, or A and B, or A and C, or B and C, or A and B and C. The language "at least one of" a set and/or "one or more" of a set does not limit the set to the items listed in the set. For example, claim language reciting "at least one of A and B" or "at least one of A or B" can mean A, B, or A and B, and can additionally include items not listed in the set of A and B.

[0077] Although a variety of examples and other information was used to explain aspects within the scope of the appended claims, no limitation of the claims should be implied based on particular features or arrangements in such examples, as one of ordinary skill would be able to use these examples to derive a wide variety of implementations. Further and although some subject matter may have been described in language specific to examples of structural features and/or method steps, it is to be understood that the subject matter defined in the appended claims is not necessarily limited to these described features or acts. For example, such functionality can be distributed differently or performed in components other than those identified herein. Rather, the described features and steps are disclosed as examples of components of systems and methods within the scope of the appended claims.

[0078] Aspect 1. A method comprising: determining at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generating at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses; automatically translating the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0079] Aspect 2. The method of Aspect 1, wherein the resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

[0080] Aspect 3. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 2, wherein the path length increases as the number of virtual routers in the path increases.

[0081] Aspect 4. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 3, further comprising generating a per- prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

[0082] Aspect 5. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 4, wherein the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across the plurality of gateways in order of preference to a given gateway.

[0083] Aspect 6. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 5, further comprising provide a redundancy connection, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes.

[0084] Aspect 7. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 6, wherein the two or more gateway nodes comprise more than four gateway nodes.

[0085] Aspect 7.5. The method of any of Aspects 1 to 7, further comprising: establishing a dangling virtual routing service coupled to a single one of a plurality of virtual routing services, so that all paths to and from the plurality of resources coupled to the dangling virtual routing service flow through the single one of the plurality of virtual routing services.

[0086] Aspect 8. A system includes a storage (implemented in circuitry) configured to store instructions and a processor. The processor configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to: determine at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses; automatically translate the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0087] Aspect 9. The system of Aspect 8, wherein the resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

[0088] Aspect 10. The system of any of Aspects 8 to 9, wherein the path length increases as the number of virtual routers in the path increases.

[0089] Aspect 11. The system of any of Aspects 8 to 10, wherein the processor is configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to: generate a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

[0090] Aspect 12. The system of any of Aspects 8 to 11, wherein the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across the plurality of gateways in order of preference to a given gateway.

[0091] Aspect 13. The system of any of Aspects 8 to 12, wherein the processor is configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to: provide a redundancy connection, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes

[0092] Aspect 14. The system of any of Aspects 8 to 13, wherein the two or more gateway nodes comprise more than four gateway nodes.

[0093] Aspect 15. A computer readable medium comprising instructions using a computer system. The computer includes a memory (e.g., implemented in circuitry) and a processor (or multiple processors) coupled to the memory. The processor (or processors) is configured to execute the computer readable medium and cause the processor to: determine at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generate at the two or more gateways dynamically a path length based upon a number of virtual routers each path traverses; automatically translate the path length to an overlay management protocol route preference for each of the plurality of resources.

[0094] Aspect 16. The computer readable medium of Aspect 15, wherein the resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

[0095] Aspect 17. The computer readable medium of any of Aspects 15 to 16, wherein the path length increases as the number of virtual routers in the path increases.

[0096] Aspect 18. The computer readable medium of any of Aspects 15 to 17, wherein the processor is configured to execute the computer readable medium and cause the processor to: generate a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

[0097] Aspect 19. The computer readable medium of any of Aspects 15 to 18, wherein the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across the plurality of gateways in order of preference to a given gateway.

[0098] Aspect 20. The computer readable medium of any of Aspects 15 to 19, wherein the processor is configured to execute the computer readable medium and cause the processor to: provide a redundancy connection, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes.

[0099] Aspect 21. The computer readable medium of any of Aspects 15 to 20, wherein the two or more gateway nodes comprise more than four gateway nodes.

[0100] Aspect 22. A method comprising: determining, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generating, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a per-prefix-router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; automatically selecting, based upon the per-prefix-router-affinity, a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources with the lowest per-prefix-router affinity.

[0101] Aspect 23. The method of Aspect 22, wherein the per-prefix-router-affinity includes one or more redundancies.

[0102] Aspect 24. A computer readable medium comprising instructions using a computer system. The computer includes a memory (e.g., implemented in circuitry) and a processor (or multiple processors) coupled to the memory. The processor (or processors) is configured to execute the computer readable medium and cause the processor to: determine at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generate, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a per-prefix-router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; automatically select, based upon the per-prefix-router-affinity, a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources with the lowest per-prefix-router affinity.

[0103] Aspect 25. The medium of Aspect 24, wherein the per-prefix-router-affinity includes one or more redundancies.

[0104] Aspect 26. A system includes a storage (implemented in circuitry) configured to store instructions and a processor. The processor configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to: determine at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources dynamically a path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the path includes one or more virtual routers; generate, at the two or more gateways, dynamically a per-prefix- router-affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; automatically select, based upon the per-prefix-router-affinity, a per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources with the lowest per-prefix-router affinity.

[0105] Aspect 27. The system of Aspect 26, wherein the per-prefix-router-affinity includes one or more redundancies.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

dynamically determining, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, a corresponding path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the corresponding path includes one or more virtual routers;

dynamically generating, at the two or more gateway nodes, a corresponding router affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; and

automatically selecting, based on the corresponding router affinity, a corresponding per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources.

2. The method of claim **1**, wherein the plurality of resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

3. The method of claim **1**, wherein the corresponding per-prefix path has a length that increases as a number of virtual routers in the corresponding path increases.

4. The method of claim **1**, further comprising generating a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

5. The method of claim **4**, wherein the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across a plurality of gateway nodes in order of preference to a given gateway.

6. The method of claim **1**, wherein the corresponding router affinity has one or more redundant connections, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes.

7. The method of claim **6**, wherein the two or more gateway nodes comprise more than four gateway nodes.

8. The method of claim **1**, further comprising: establishing a dangling virtual routing service coupled to a single one of a plurality of virtual routing services, so that all paths to and from the plurality of resources coupled to the dangling virtual routing service through the single one of the plurality of virtual routing services.

9. A system comprising:

a storage configured to store instructions; and

a processor configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to:

dynamically determine, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, a corresponding path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the corresponding path includes one or more virtual routers;

dynamically generate, at the two or more gateway nodes, a corresponding router affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; and

automatically generate, based on the corresponding router affinity, a corresponding per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources.

10. The system of claim **9**, wherein the plurality of resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

11. The system of claim **9**, wherein the corresponding per-prefix path has a length that increases as a number of virtual routers in the corresponding path increases.

12. The system of claim **9**, wherein the processor is configured to execute the instructions and cause the processor to generate a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

13. The system of claim **12**, wherein the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across a plurality of gateway nodes in order of preference to a given gateway.

14. The system of claim **9**, wherein the corresponding router affinity has one or more redundant connections, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes.

15. A non-transitory computer readable medium comprising computer-readable instructions stored therein, which when executed by a computing system, cause the computing system to:

dynamically determine, at two or more gateway nodes that each communicate with a plurality of branch nodes and a plurality of resources, a corresponding path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources, wherein the corresponding path includes one or more virtual routers;

dynamically generate, at the two or more gateways, a corresponding router affinity that is assigned per-prefix of each of the plurality of resources; and

automatically generate, based on the corresponding router affinity, a corresponding per-prefix path between each of the plurality of branch nodes and each of the plurality of resources.

16. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim **15**, wherein the plurality of resources are one of a virtual network, an anycast virtual network, and/or firewall through which traffic flows to internet.

17. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim **15**, wherein the corresponding per-prefix path has a length that increases as a number of virtual routers in the corresponding path increases.

18. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim **15**, wherein the computer readable medium further comprises computer-readable instructions, which when executed by the computing system, cause the computing system to:

generate a per-prefix router affinity score to localize internet access on a given gateway node most closely associated with a given one of the plurality of branch nodes.

19. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim **18**, the per-prefix router affinity score includes multiple affinity scores that span across a plurality of gateway nodes in order of preference to a given gateway.

20. The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim **15**, wherein the corresponding router affinity has one or more redundant connections, where one or more failures occur through a full-mesh connectivity from the plurality of branch nodes to the two or more gateway nodes.

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