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(54) ORGANIC ELECTROLUMINESCENT MATERIALS AND DEVICES

(71) Applicant: Universal Display Corporation, Ewing, NJ (US)

(72) Inventors: Hsiao-Fan CHEN, Lawrence Township, NJ (US); Jason BROOKS, Philadelphia, PA (US); Morgan C. MACINNIS, Yardley, PA (US); Noah HORWITZ, Ewing, NJ (US)

(73) Assignee: Universal Display Corporation, Ewing, NJ (US)

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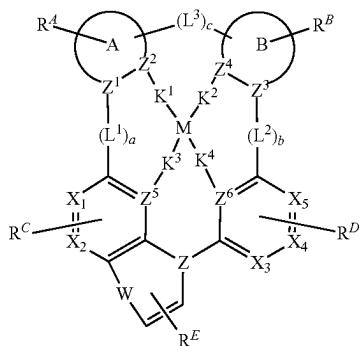
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ABSTRACT

A compound of Formula I



is disclosed. In the structure of Formula I, ring A and ring B are 5- or 6-membered rings; L^1 , L^2 , L^3 , and Z are each linking groups; a , b , and c are each 0 or 1, and $a+b+c=2$ or 3; K^1 , K^2 , K^3 , and K^4 are each a direct bond, O, or S; Z^1 to Z^6 and X^1 to X^5 are each C or N; W is a linking group comprising 3 to 5 linking atoms, which can be further substituted; M is Pd or Pt; each R^4 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , and R^{12} is selected from H or a variety of substituents, and can be joined to another substituent to form a ring. Organic light emitting devices, consumer products, formulations, and chemical structures containing the compounds are also disclosed.

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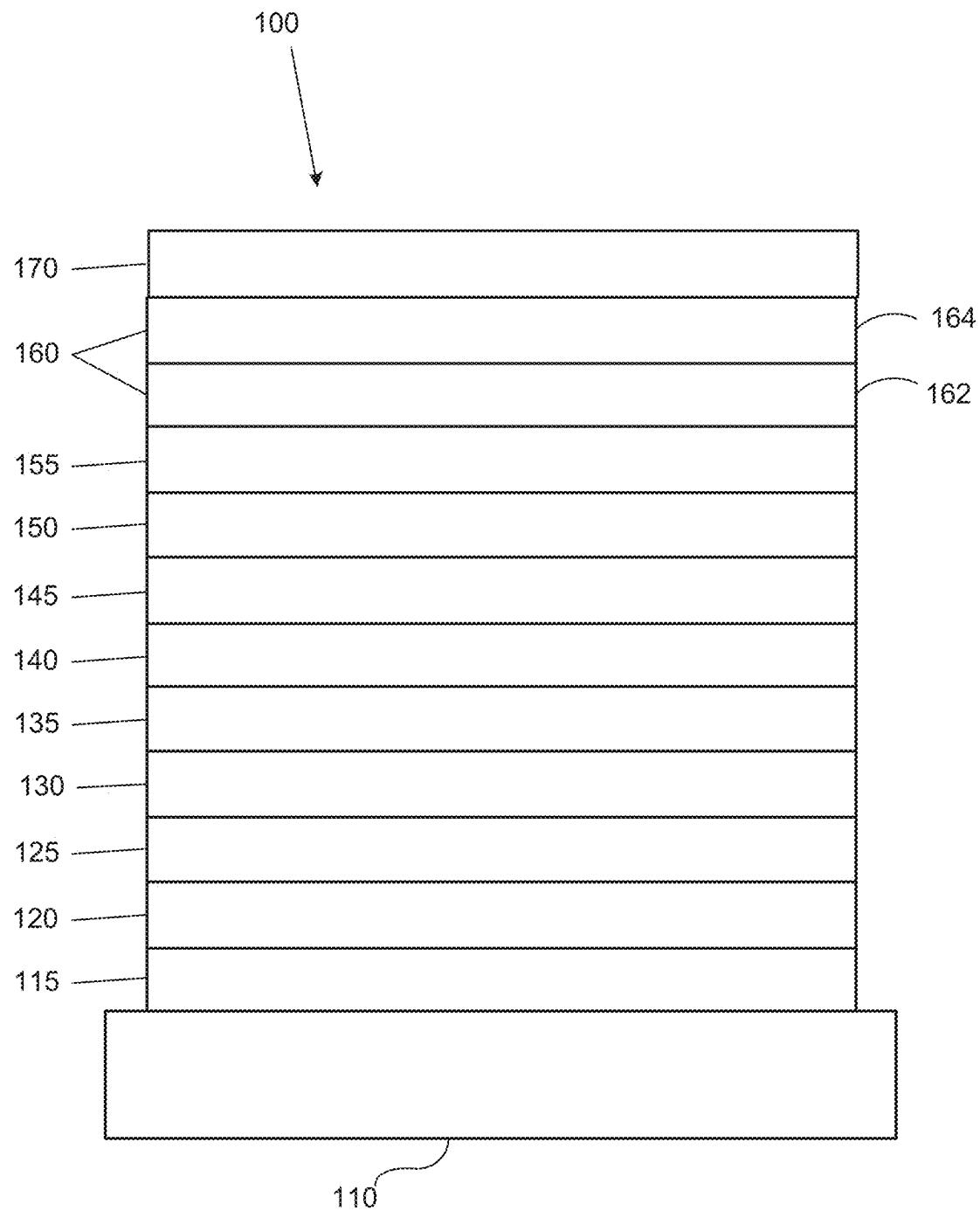


FIGURE 1

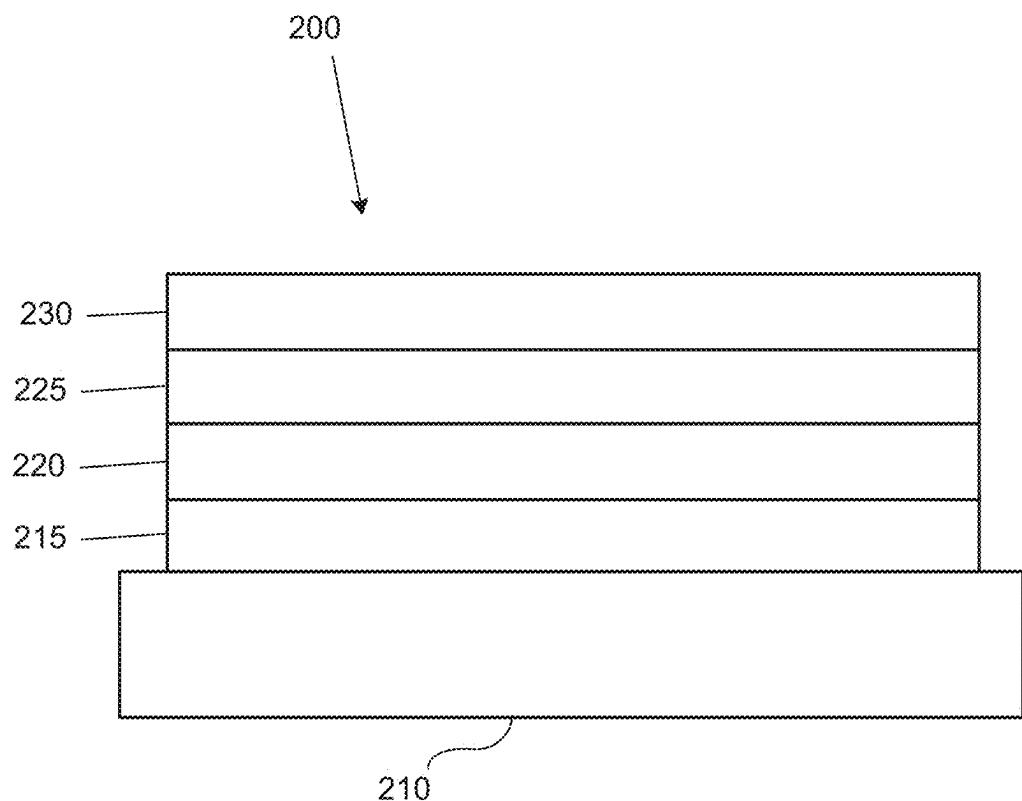


FIGURE 2

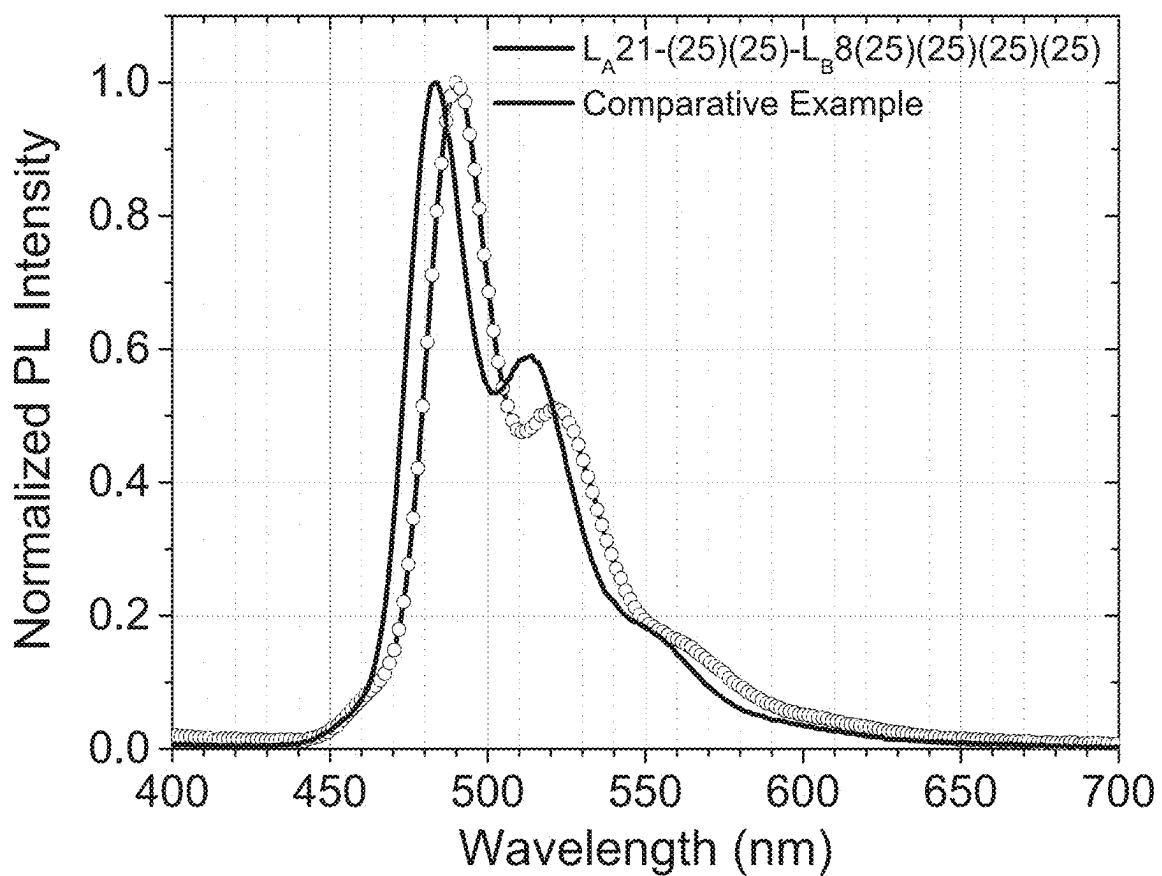


FIG. 3

ORGANIC ELECTROLUMINESCENT MATERIALS AND DEVICES

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation application of copending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/409,396, filed Aug. 23, 2021, which claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (e) to U.S. Provisional Application No. 63/070,090, filed Aug. 25, 2020, the entirety of which is incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD

[0002] The present disclosure generally relates to organometallic compounds and formulations and their various uses including as emitters in devices such as organic light emitting diodes and related electronic devices.

BACKGROUND

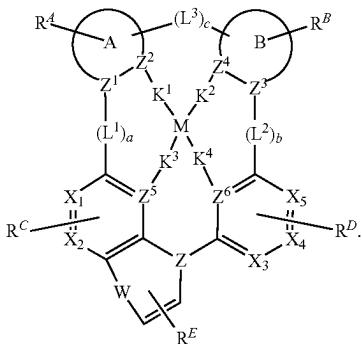
[0003] Opto-electronic devices that make use of organic materials are becoming increasingly desirable for various reasons. Many of the materials used to make such devices are relatively inexpensive, so organic opto-electronic devices have the potential for cost advantages over inorganic devices. In addition, the inherent properties of organic materials, such as their flexibility, may make them well suited for particular applications such as fabrication on a flexible substrate. Examples of organic opto-electronic devices include organic light emitting diodes/devices (OLEDs), organic phototransistors, organic photovoltaic cells, and organic photodetectors. For OLEDs, the organic materials may have performance advantages over conventional materials.

[0004] OLEDs make use of thin organic films that emit light when voltage is applied across the device. OLEDs are becoming an increasingly interesting technology for use in applications such as flat panel displays, illumination, and backlighting.

[0005] One application for phosphorescent emissive molecules is a full color display. Industry standards for such a display call for pixels adapted to emit particular colors, referred to as “saturated” colors. In particular, these standards call for saturated red, green, and blue pixels. Alternatively, the OLED can be designed to emit white light. In conventional liquid crystal displays emission from a white backlight is filtered using absorption filters to produce red, green and blue emission. The same technique can also be used with OLEDs. The white OLED can be either a single emissive layer (EML) device or a stack structure. Color may be measured using CIE coordinates, which are well known to the art.

SUMMARY

[0006] In one aspect, the present disclosure provides a compound of Formula I structure of Formula I:



In the

[0007] ring A and ring B are each independently a 5-membered or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring;

[0008] L¹, L², and L³ are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, BR, BRR', NR, PR, O, S, Se, C=X, S=O, SO₂, CR, CRR', SiRR', GeRR', alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combinations thereof;

[0009] X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, Se, NRⁿ, and CR^mR^m;

[0010] a, b, and c are each independently 0 or 1;

[0011] L¹ is not present when a is 0;

[0012] L² is not present when b is 0;

[0013] L³ is not present when c is 0;

[0014] a+b+c=2 or 3;

[0015] K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, O, and S;

[0016] at least two of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ are direct bonds;

[0017] Z¹, Z², Z³, Z⁴, Z⁵, and Z⁶ are each independently C or N;

[0018] X¹, X², X³, X⁴, and X⁵ are each independently C or N;

[0019] W is a linking group comprising 3 to 5 linking atoms which can be further substituted;

[0020] Z is selected from the group consisting of B, N, CR, SiR, and GeR;

[0021] M is selected from the group consisting of Pd and Pt;

[0022] each R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, and R⁸ independently represents mono to the maximum allowable substitution, or no substitution;

[0023] each R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, Rⁿ, and R^m is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkyne, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof; and

[0024] any two of R^A, R^B, R^C, R^D, R^E, R, R', R", and R"" can be joined or fused to form a ring.

[0025] In another aspect, the present disclosure provides a formulation of the compound of the present disclosure.

[0026] In yet another aspect, the present disclosure provides an OLED having an organic layer comprising the compound of the present disclosure.

[0027] In yet another aspect, the present disclosure provides a consumer product comprising an OLED with an organic layer comprising the compound of the present disclosure.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0028] FIG. 1 shows an organic light emitting device.

[0029] FIG. 2 shows an inverted organic light emitting device that does not have a separate electron transport layer.

[0030] FIG. 3 is a graph showing the photoluminescent properties of Compound 1 and a comparative compound in PMMA.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A. Terminology

[0031] Unless otherwise specified, the below terms used herein are defined as follows:

[0032] As used herein, the term "organic" includes polymeric materials as well as small molecule organic materials that may be used to fabricate organic opto-electronic devices. "Small molecule" refers to any organic material that is not a polymer, and "small molecules" may actually be quite large. Small molecules may include repeat units in some circumstances. For example, using a long chain alkyl group as a substituent does not remove a molecule from the "small molecule" class. Small molecules may also be incorporated into polymers, for example as a pendent group on a polymer backbone or as a part of the backbone. Small molecules may also serve as the core moiety of a dendrimer, which consists of a series of chemical shells built on the core moiety. The core moiety of a dendrimer may be a fluorescent or phosphorescent small molecule emitter. A dendrimer may be a "small molecule," and it is believed that all dendrimers currently used in the field of OLEDs are small molecules.

[0033] As used herein, "top" means furthest away from the substrate, while "bottom" means closest to the substrate. Where a first layer is described as "disposed over" a second layer, the first layer is disposed further away from substrate. There may be other layers between the first and second layer, unless it is specified that the first layer is "in contact with" the second layer. For example, a cathode may be described as "disposed over" an anode, even though there are various organic layers in between.

[0034] As used herein, "solution processable" means capable of being dissolved, dispersed, or transported in and/or deposited from a liquid medium, either in solution or suspension form.

[0035] A ligand may be referred to as "photoactive" when it is believed that the ligand directly contributes to the photoactive properties of an emissive material. A ligand may be referred to as "ancillary" when it is believed that the ligand does not contribute to the photoactive properties of an emissive material, although an ancillary ligand may alter the properties of a photoactive ligand.

[0036] As used herein, and as would be generally understood by one skilled in the art, a first "Highest Occupied Molecular Orbital" (HOMO) or "Lowest Unoccupied Molecular Orbital" (LUMO) energy level is "greater than" or "higher than" a second HOMO or LUMO energy level if the first energy level is closer to the vacuum energy level. Since ionization potentials (IP) are measured as a negative energy relative to a vacuum level, a higher HOMO energy level corresponds to an IP having a smaller absolute value (an IP that is less negative). Similarly, a higher LUMO energy level corresponds to an electron affinity (EA) having a smaller absolute value (an EA that is less negative). On a conventional energy level diagram, with the vacuum level at the top, the LUMO energy level of a material is higher than the HOMO energy level of the same material. A "higher" HOMO or LUMO energy level appears closer to the top of such a diagram than a "lower" HOMO or LUMO energy level.

[0037] As used herein, and as would be generally understood by one skilled in the art, a first work function is "greater than" or "higher than" a second work function if the first work function has a higher absolute value. Because work functions are generally measured as negative numbers relative to vacuum level, this means that a "higher" work function is more negative. On a conventional energy level diagram, with the vacuum level at the top, a "higher" work function is illustrated as further away from the vacuum level in the downward direction. Thus, the definitions of HOMO and LUMO energy levels follow a different convention than work functions.

[0038] The terms "halo," "halogen," and "halide" are used interchangeably and refer to fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine.

[0039] The term "acyl" refers to a substituted carbonyl radical (C(O)—R_s).

[0040] The term "ester" refers to a substituted oxycarbonyl (—O—C(O)—R_s or —C(O)—O—R_s) radical.

[0041] The term "ether" refers to an —OR_s radical.

[0042] The terms "selenyl" are used interchangeably and refer to a —SeR_s radical.

[0043] The terms "sulfanyl" or "thio-ether" are used interchangeably and refer to a-SR_s radical.

[0044] The term "sulfinyl" refers to a —S(O)—R_s radical.

[0045] The term "sulfonyl" refers to a —SO₂—R_s radical.

[0046] The term "phosphino" refers to a —P(R_s)₃ radical, wherein each R_s can be same or different.

[0047] The term "silyl" refers to a —Si(R_s)₃ radical, wherein each R_s can be same or different.

[0048] The term "germyl" refers to a —Ge(R_s)₃ radical, wherein each R_s can be same or different.

[0049] The term "boryl" refers to a —B(R_s)₂ radical or its Lewis adduct —B(R_s)₃ radical, wherein R_s can be same or different.

[0050] In each of the above, R_s can be hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combination thereof. Preferred R_s is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combination thereof.

[0051] The term "alkyl" refers to and includes both straight and branched chain alkyl radicals. Preferred alkyl groups are those containing from one to fifteen carbon atoms

and includes methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl, butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, and the like. Additionally, the alkyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0052] The term "cycloalkyl" refers to and includes monocyclic, polycyclic, and spiro alkyl radicals. Preferred cycloalkyl groups are those containing 3 to 12 ring carbon atoms and includes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, bicyclo[3.1.1]heptyl, spiro[4.5]decyl, spiro[5.5]undecyl, adamantyl, and the like. Additionally, the cycloalkyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0053] The terms "heteroalkyl" or "heterocycloalkyl" refer to an alkyl or a cycloalkyl radical, respectively, having at least one carbon atom replaced by a heteroatom. Optionally the at least one heteroatom is selected from O, S, N, P, B, Si and Se, preferably, O, S or N. Additionally, the heteroalkyl or heterocycloalkyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0054] The term "alkenyl" refers to and includes both straight and branched chain alkene radicals. Alkenyl groups are essentially alkyl groups that include at least one carbon-carbon double bond in the alkyl chain. Cycloalkenyl groups are essentially cycloalkyl groups that include at least one carbon-carbon double bond in the cycloalkyl ring. The term "heteroalkenyl" as used herein refers to an alkenyl radical having at least one carbon atom replaced by a heteroatom. Optionally the at least one heteroatom is selected from O, S, N, P, B, Si, and Se, preferably, O, S, or N. Preferred alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, or heteroalkenyl groups are those containing two to fifteen carbon atoms. Additionally, the alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, or heteroalkenyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0055] The term "alkynyl" refers to and includes both straight and branched chain alkyne radicals. Alkynyl groups are essentially alkyl groups that include at least one carbon-carbon triple bond in the alkyl chain. Preferred alkynyl groups are those containing two to fifteen carbon atoms. Additionally, the alkynyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0056] The terms "aralkyl" or "arylalkyl" are used interchangeably and refer to an alkyl group that is substituted with an aryl group. Additionally, the aralkyl group may be optionally substituted.

[0057] The term "heterocyclic group" refers to and includes aromatic and non-aromatic cyclic radicals containing at least one heteroatom. Optionally the at least one heteroatom is selected from O, S, N, P, B, Si, and Se, preferably, O, S, or N. Hetero-aromatic cyclic radicals may be used interchangeably with heteroaryl. Preferred hetero-non-aromatic cyclic groups are those containing 3 to 7 ring atoms which includes at least one hetero atom, and includes cyclic amines such as morpholino, piperidino, pyrrolidino, and the like, and cyclic ethers/thio-ethers, such as tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydropyran, tetrahydrothiophene, and the like. Additionally, the heterocyclic group may be optionally substituted.

[0058] The term "aryl" refers to and includes both single-ring aromatic hydrocarbyl groups and polycyclic aromatic ring systems. The polycyclic rings may have two or more rings in which two carbons are common to two adjoining rings (the rings are "fused") wherein at least one of the rings is an aromatic hydrocarbyl group, e.g., the other rings can be cycloalkyls, cycloalkenyls, aryl, heterocycles, and/or het-

eroaryls. Preferred aryl groups are those containing six to thirty carbon atoms, preferably six to twenty carbon atoms, more preferably six to twelve carbon atoms. Especially preferred is an aryl group having six carbons, ten carbons or twelve carbons. Suitable aryl groups include phenyl, biphenyl, triphenyl, triphenylene, tetraphenylene, naphthalene, anthracene, phenalene, phenanthrene, fluorene, pyrene, chrysene, perylene, and azulene, preferably phenyl, biphenyl, triphenyl, triphenylene, fluorene, and naphthalene. Additionally, the aryl group may be optionally substituted.

[0059] The term "heteroaryl" refers to and includes both single-ring aromatic groups and polycyclic aromatic ring systems that include at least one heteroatom. The heteroatoms include, but are not limited to O, S, N, P, B, Si, and Se. In many instances, O, S, or N are the preferred heteroatoms. Hetero-single ring aromatic systems are preferably single rings with 5 or 6 ring atoms, and the ring can have from one to six heteroatoms. The hetero-polycyclic ring systems can have two or more rings in which two atoms are common to two adjoining rings (the rings are "fused") wherein at least one of the rings is a heteroaryl, e.g., the other rings can be cycloalkyls, cycloalkenyls, aryl, heterocycles, and/or heteroaryls. The hetero-polycyclic aromatic ring systems can have from one to six heteroatoms per ring of the polycyclic aromatic ring system. Preferred heteroaryl groups are those containing three to thirty carbon atoms, preferably three to twenty carbon atoms, more preferably three to twelve carbon atoms. Suitable heteroaryl groups include dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, furan, thiophene, benzofuran, benzothiophene, benzoselenophene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, pyridylindole, pyrrolodipyridine, pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, oxazole, thiazole, oxadiazole, oxatriazole, dioxazole, thiadiazole, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, triazine, oxazine, oxathiazine, oxadiazine, indole, benzimidazole, indazole, indoxazine, benzoxazole, benzisoxazole, benzothiazole, quinoline, isoquinoline, cinnoline, quinazoline, quinoxaline, naphthyridine, phthalazine, pteridine, xanthene, acridine, phenazine, phenothiazine, phenoxazine, benzo[u]ropyridine, furodipyridine, benzothienopyridine, thienodipyridine, benzoselenophenopyridine, and selenophenodipyridine, preferably dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, imidazole, pyridine, triazine, benzimidazole, 1,2-azaborine, 1,3-azaborine, 1,4-azaborine, borazine, andaza-analogs thereof. Additionally, the heteroaryl group may be optionally substituted.

[0060] Of the aryl and heteroaryl groups listed above, the groups of triphenylene, naphthalene, anthracene, dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, imidazole, pyridine, pyrazine, pyrimidine, triazine, and benzimidazole, and the respective aza-analogs of each thereof are of particular interest.

[0061] The terms alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl, heterocyclic group, aryl, and heteroaryl, as used herein, are independently unsubstituted, or independently substituted, with one or more general substituents.

[0062] In many instances, the general substituents are selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof.

[0063] In some instances, the preferred general substituents are selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, boryl, and combinations thereof.

[0064] In some instances, the more preferred general substituents are selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, boryl, aryl, heteroaryl, sulfanyl, and combinations thereof.

[0065] In yet other instances, the most preferred general substituents are selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combinations thereof.

[0066] The terms “substituted” and “substitution” refer to a substituent other than H that is bonded to the relevant position, e.g., a carbon or nitrogen. For example, when R1 represents mono-substitution, then one R1 must be other than H (i.e., a substitution). Similarly, when R1 represents di-substitution, then two of R1 must be other than H. Similarly, when R1 represents zero or no substitution, R1, for example, can be a hydrogen for available valencies of ring atoms, as in carbon atoms for benzene and the nitrogen atom in pyrrole, or simply represents nothing for ring atoms with fully filled valencies, e.g., the nitrogen atom in pyridine. The maximum number of substitutions possible in a ring structure will depend on the total number of available valencies in the ring atoms.

[0067] As used herein, “combinations thereof” indicates that one or more members of the applicable list are combined to form a known or chemically stable arrangement that one of ordinary skill in the art can envision from the applicable list. For example, an alkyl and deuterium can be combined to form a partial or fully deuterated alkyl group; a halogen and alkyl can be combined to form a halogenated alkyl substituent; and a halogen, alkyl, and aryl can be combined to form a halogenated arylalkyl. In one instance, the term substitution includes a combination of two to four of the listed groups. In another instance, the term substitution includes a combination of two to three groups. In yet another instance, the term substitution includes a combination of two groups. Preferred combinations of substituent groups are those that contain up to fifty atoms that are not hydrogen or deuterium, or those which include up to forty atoms that are not hydrogen or deuterium, or those that include up to thirty atoms that are not hydrogen or deuterium. In many instances, a preferred combination of substituent groups will include up to twenty atoms that are not hydrogen or deuterium.

[0068] The “aza” designation in the fragments described herein, i.e. aza-dibenzofuran, aza-dibenzothiophene, etc. means that one or more of the C—H groups in the respective aromatic ring can be replaced by a nitrogen atom, for example, and without any limitation, azatriphenylene encompasses both dibenzo[f,h] quinoxaline and dibenzo[f,h] quinoline. One of ordinary skill in the art can readily envision other nitrogen analogs of the aza-derivatives described above, and all such analogs are intended to be encompassed by the terms as set forth herein.

[0069] As used herein, “deuterium” refers to an isotope of hydrogen. Deuterated compounds can be readily prepared using methods known in the art. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 8,557,400, Patent Pub. No. WO 2006/095951, and U.S. Pat.

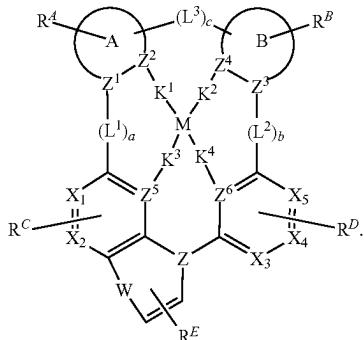
Application Pub. No. US 2011/0037057, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties, describe the making of deuterium-substituted organometallic complexes. Further reference is made to Ming Yan, et al., *Tetrahedron* 2015, 71, 1425-30 and Atzrodt et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. (Reviews)* 2007, 46, 7744-65, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties, describe the deuteration of the methylene hydrogens in benzyl amines and efficient pathways to replace aromatic ring hydrogens with deuterium, respectively.

[0070] It is to be understood that when a molecular fragment is described as being a substituent or otherwise attached to another moiety, its name may be written as if it were a fragment (e.g. phenyl, phenylene, naphthyl, dibenzofuryl) or as if it were the whole molecule (e.g. benzene, naphthalene, dibenzofuran). As used herein, these different ways of designating a substituent or attached fragment are considered to be equivalent.

[0071] In some instance, a pair of adjacent substituents can be optionally joined or fused into a ring. The preferred ring is a five, six, or seven-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, includes both instances where the portion of the ring formed by the pair of substituents is saturated and where the portion of the ring formed by the pair of substituents is unsaturated. As used herein, “adjacent” means that the two substituents involved can be on the same ring next to each other, or on two neighboring rings having the two closest available substitutable positions, such as 2, 2' positions in a biphenyl, or 1, 8 position in a naphthalene, as long as they can form a stable fused ring system.

B. The Compounds of the Present Disclosure

[0072] In one aspect, the present disclosure provides a compound of Formula I



In the structure of Formula I:

[0073] ring A and ring B are each independently a 5-membered or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring;

[0074] L¹, L², and L³ are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, BR, BRR', NR, PR, O, S, Se, C=X, S=O, SO₂, CR, CRR', SiRR', GeRR', alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combinations thereof;

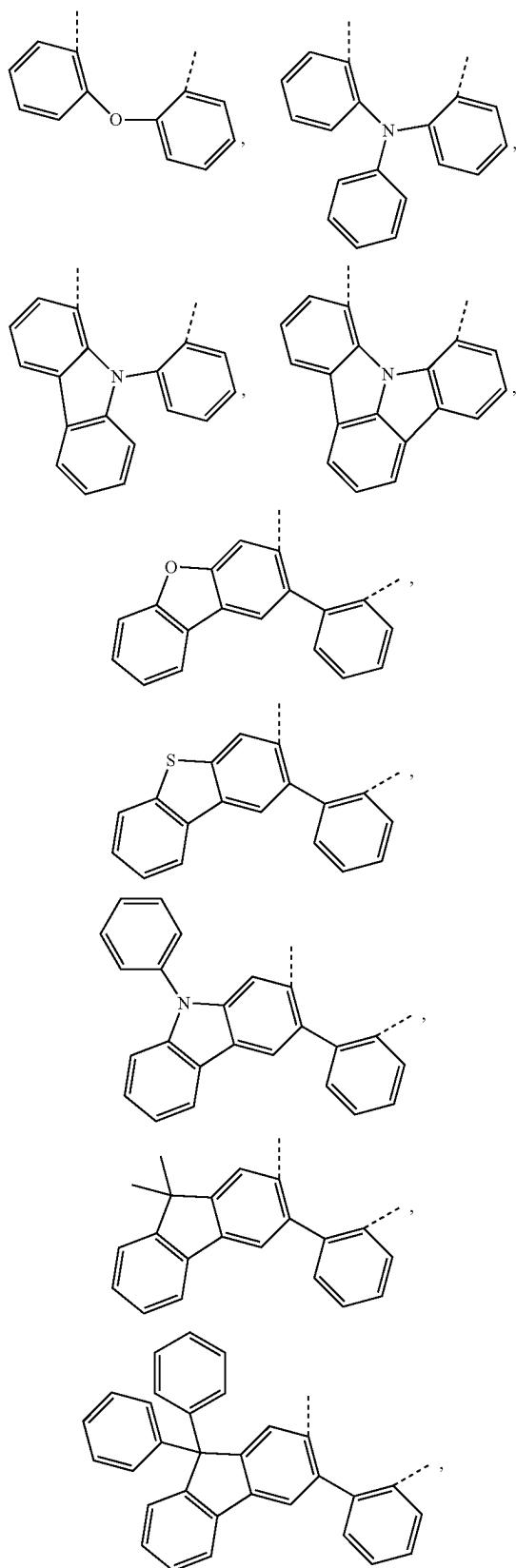
[0075] X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, Se, NR", and CR"R";

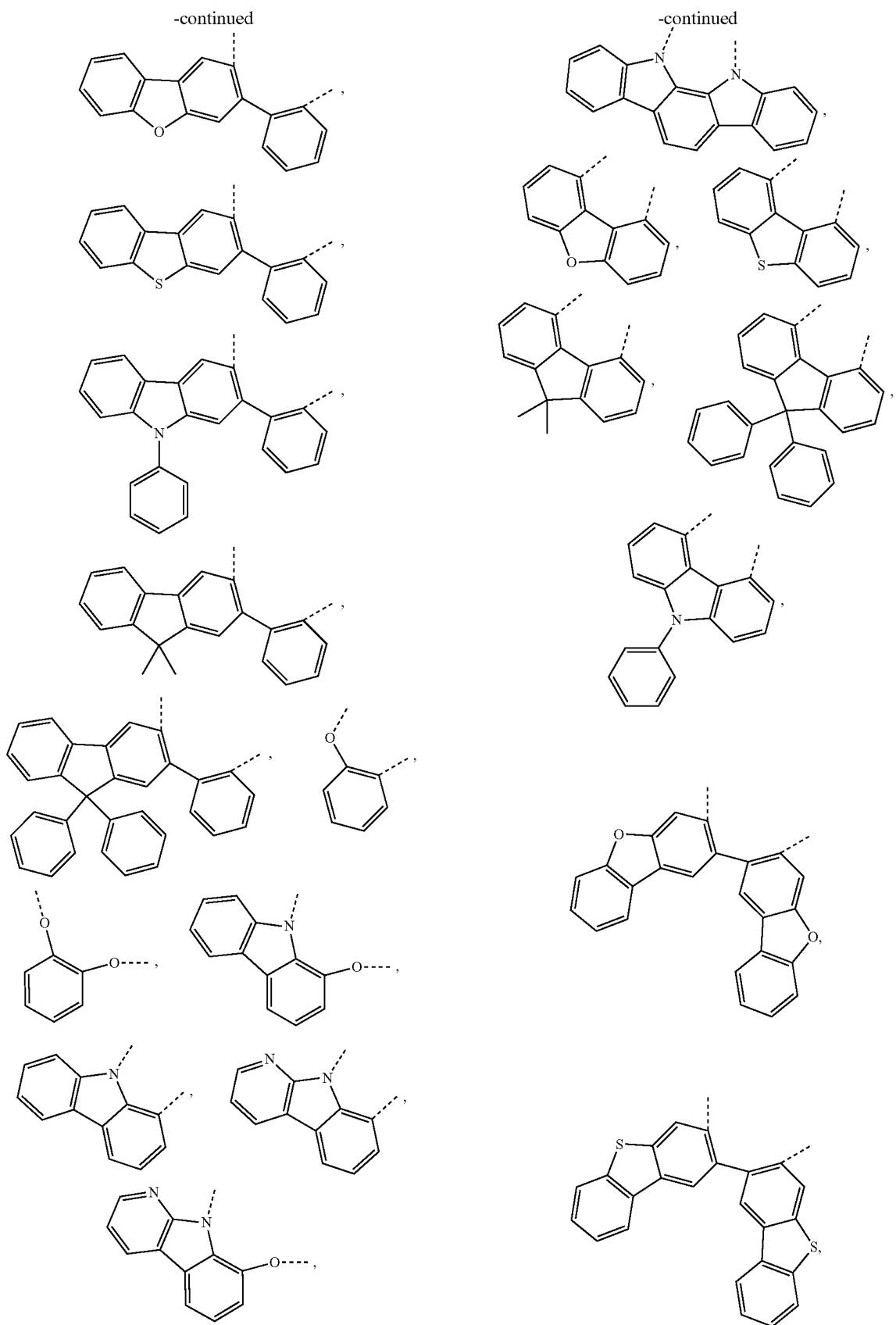
[0076] a, b, and c are each independently 0 or 1;

[0077] L¹ is not present when a is 0;

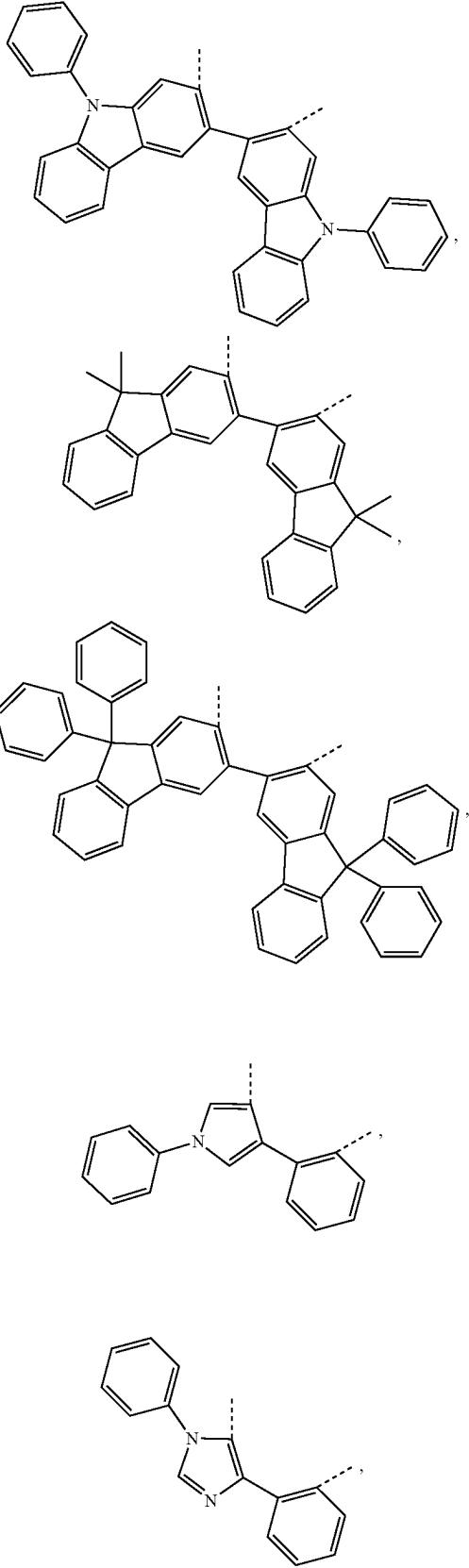
- [0078] L^2 is not present when b is 0;
- [0079] L^3 is not present when c is 0;
- [0080] $a+b+c=2$ or 3;
- [0081] K^1 , K^2 , K^3 , and K^4 are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, O, and S;
- [0082] at least two of K^1 , K^2 , K^3 , and K^4 are direct bonds;
- [0083] Z^1 , Z^2 , Z^3 , Z^4 , Z^5 , and Z^6 are each independently C or N;
- [0084] X^1 , X^2 , X^3 , X^4 , and X^5 are each independently C or N;
- [0085] W is a linking group comprising 3 to 5 linking atoms which can be further substituted;
- [0086] Z is selected from the group consisting of B, N, CR, SiR, and GeR;
- [0087] M is selected from the group consisting of Pd and Pt;
- [0088] each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , and R^E independently represents mono to the maximum allowable substitution, or no substitution;
- [0089] each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R' , R'' , and R''' is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof; and
- [0090] any two of R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R' , R'' , and R''' can be joined or fused to form a ring.
- [0091] In some embodiments, each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R' , R'' , and R''' is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, boryl, and combinations thereof. In some embodiments, each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R' , R'' , and R''' is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, aryl, heteroaryl, sulfanyl, and combinations thereof.
- [0092] In some embodiments, W has a structure selected from the group consisting of

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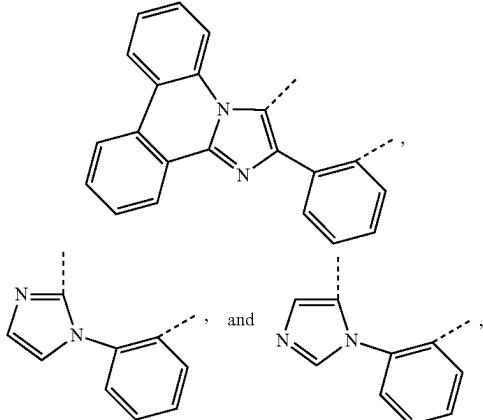




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which can be further substituted.

[0093] In some embodiments, a is 0. In some embodiments, b is 0. In some embodiments, c is 0.

[0094] In some embodiments, at least one of L¹ and L² is not a direct bond. In some embodiments, at least one of L¹ and L² is NR. In some embodiments, L¹ and L² are not direct bonds.

[0095] In some embodiments, the maximum number of consecutive N atoms that can be connected to each other within a ring is two.

[0096] In some embodiments, R^E is di-substituted and the R^E substituents are joined to form a 5- or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which can be further substituted or fused. In some embodiments, R^E is di-substituted and the R^E substituents are joined to form a 5- or 6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring, which can be further substituted or fused. In some embodiments, R^E is di-substituted and the R^E substituents are joined to form a 5-membered aryl or heteroaryl ring, which can be further substituted or fused. In some embodiments, R^E is di-substituted and the R^E substituents are joined to form a 6-membered aryl or heteroaryl ring, which can be further substituted or fused. In some of the foregoing embodiments, the R^E substituents are joined to form a ring selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridine, furan, thiophene, and pyrrole, which can be further substituted or fused.

[0097] In some embodiments, at least one of Z², Z⁴, Z⁵, and Z⁶ is N. In some embodiments, Z² is a carbene carbon and Z¹ is N, Z⁴ is a carbene carbon and Z³ is N, or both. In some embodiments, Z⁵ and Z⁶ are C.

[0098] In some embodiments, the linking group W has 3 linking atoms. In some embodiments, the linking group W has 4 linking atoms. As used herein, "linking atoms" refers to the backbone atoms or the atoms that form the shortest distance from one end of the linking group W to the other. In some embodiments, the linking group W has 5 linking atoms.

[0099] In some embodiments, the linking group W comprises two carbon linking atoms from a 5- or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring. In some embodiments, the linking group W comprises two carbon linking atoms from a 5- or 6-membered aryl or heteroaryl ring. In some embodiments, the linking group W comprises two carbon linking atoms each from two different 5- or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic rings.

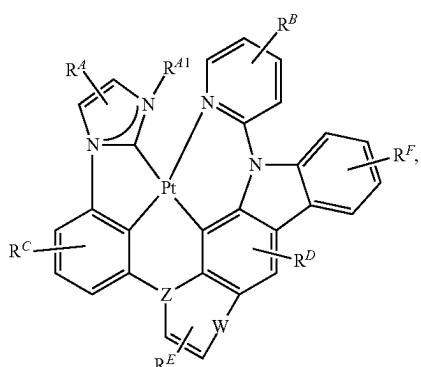
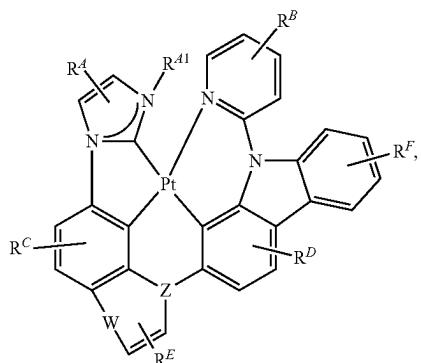
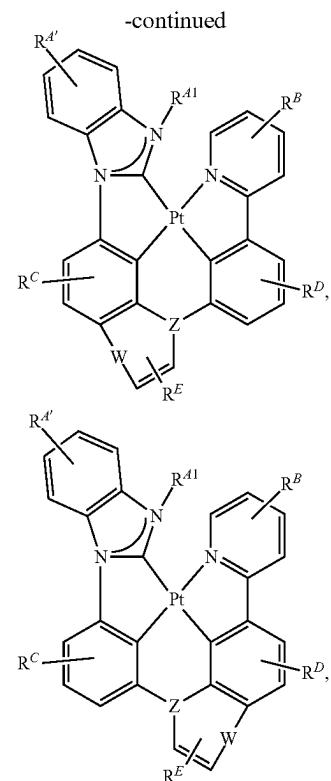
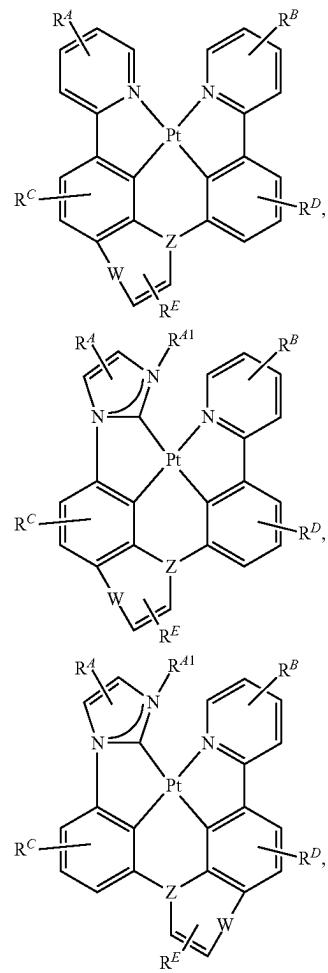
[0100] In some embodiments, the linking group W comprises at least one linking heteroatom selected from the group consisting of O, S, Se, B, N, Si, and Ge. In some embodiments, the linking group W comprises at least one linking heteroatom selected from the group consisting of O, S, and N.

[0101] In some embodiments, Z is N. In some embodiments, Z is CR. In some embodiments, Z is B.

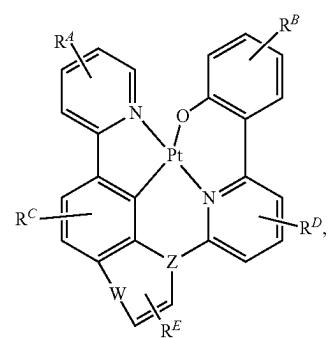
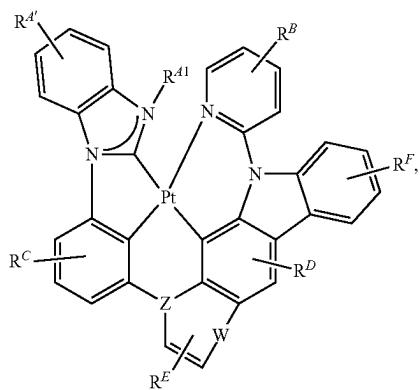
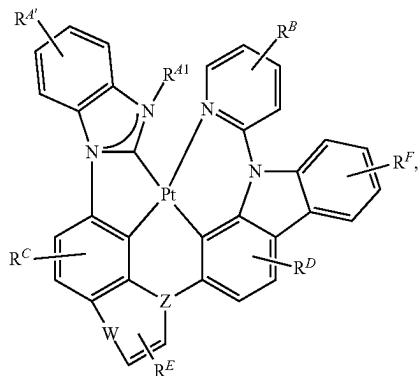
[0102] In some embodiments, each of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is a direct bond. In some embodiments, at least one of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is O or S. In some embodiments, exactly one of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is O. In some embodiments, exactly one of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is S. In some embodiments, two of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ are independently O or S.

[0103] In some embodiments, the compound having a structure of Formula I described herein can be at least 30% deuterated, at least 40% deuterated, at least 50% deuterated, at least 60% deuterated, at least 70% deuterated, at least 80% deuterated, at least 90% deuterated, at least 95% deuterated, at least 99% deuterated, or 100% deuterated.

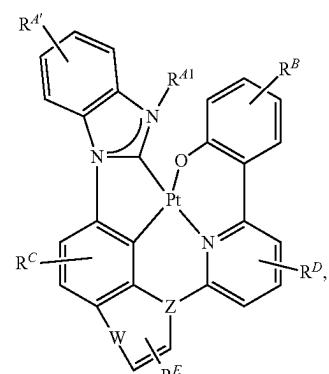
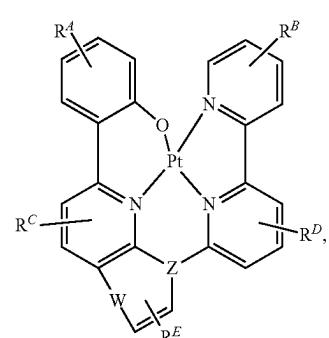
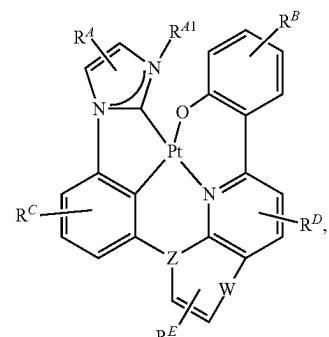
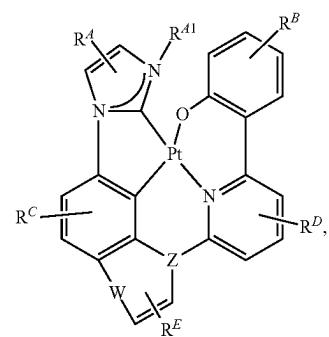
[0104] In some embodiments, the compound has a structure selected from the group consisting of:



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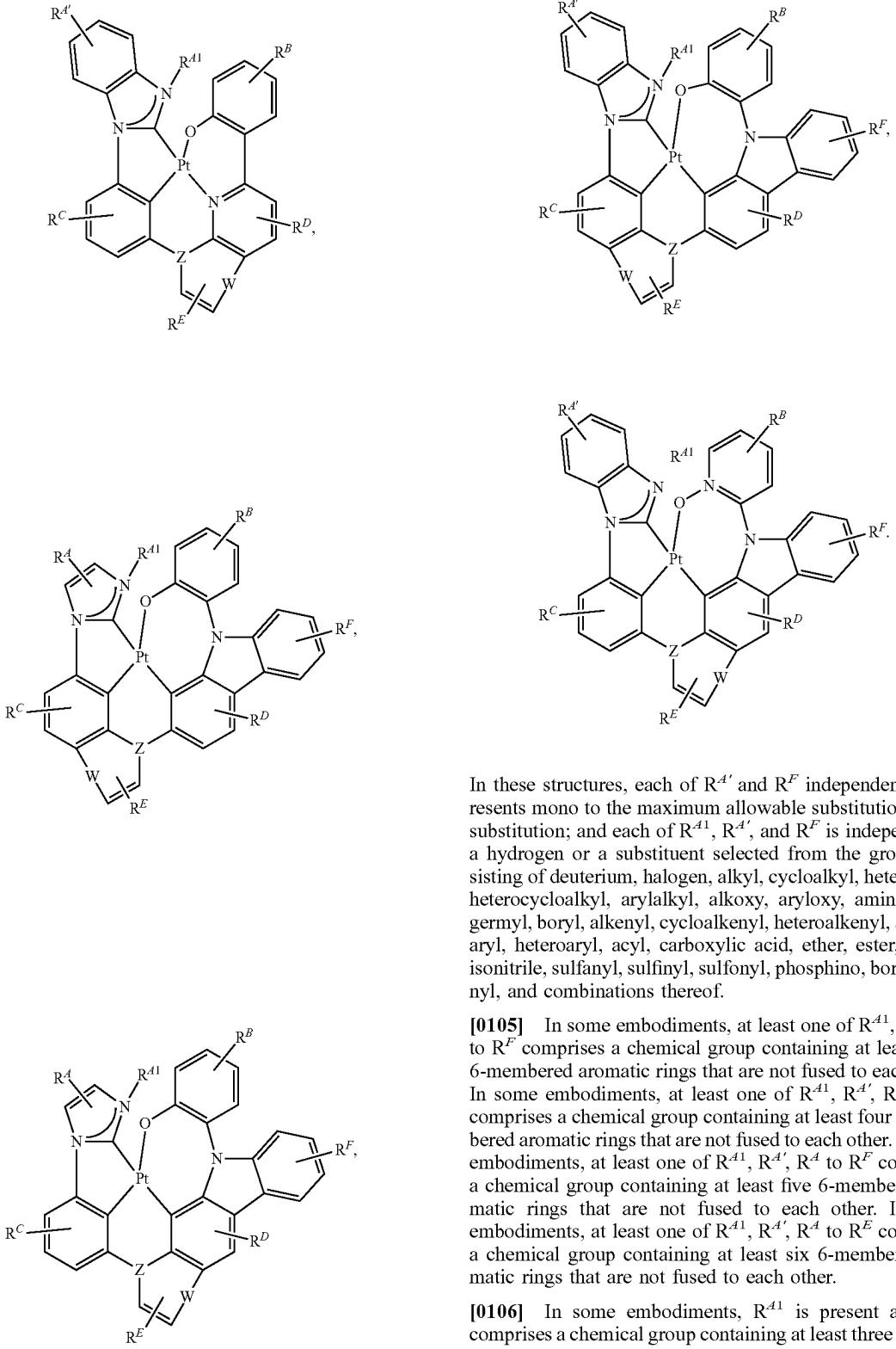


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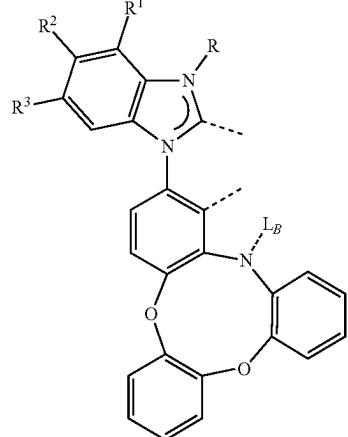
[0107] In some embodiments, the compound is selected from the group consisting of compounds having the formula

of $\text{Pt}(\text{L}_A)(\text{L}_B)$, wherein L_A is selected from the group consisting of the structures as shown in LIST 1 below:

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$\text{L}_{A1}-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $\text{L}_{A1}-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $\text{L}_{A1}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $\text{R}^1 = \text{Ri}$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{Rj}$, $\text{R}^3 = \text{Rk}$, and $\text{R} = \text{Rl}$, and
$\text{L}_{A2}-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $\text{L}_{A2}-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $\text{L}_{A2}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $\text{R}^1 = \text{Ri}$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{Rj}$, $\text{R}^3 = \text{Rk}$, and $\text{R} = \text{Rl}$, and
$\text{L}_{A3}-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $\text{L}_{A3}-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $\text{L}_{A3}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $\text{R}^1 = \text{Ri}$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{Rj}$, $\text{R}^3 = \text{Rk}$, and $\text{R} = \text{Rl}$, and

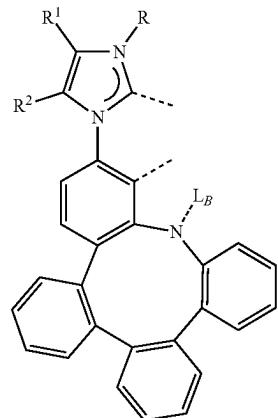
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$L_{A4}4-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A4}-1(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{A4}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



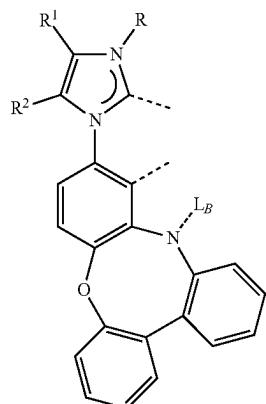
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_{A5}5-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A5}-1(1)(1)$ to $L_{A5}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

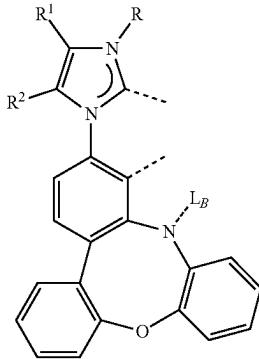
$L_{A6}6-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A6}-1(1)(1)$ to $L_{A6}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

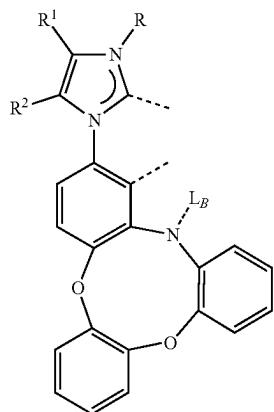
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L_A7 -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A7 -(1)(1)(1) to L_A7 -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



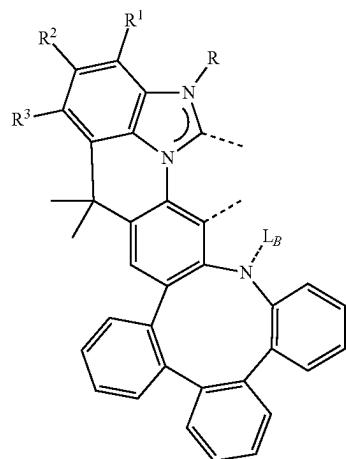
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

L_A8 -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A8 -(1)(1)(1) to L_A8 -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

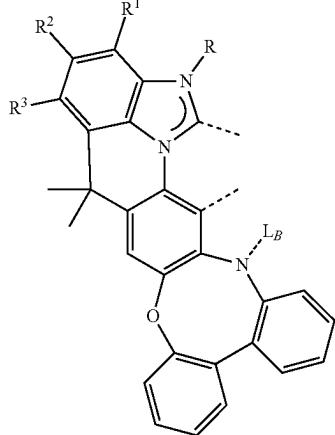
L_A9 -(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A9 -(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_A9 -(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

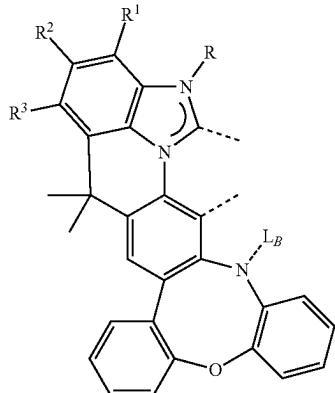
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$L_A10\text{-(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A10\text{-(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A10\text{-(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



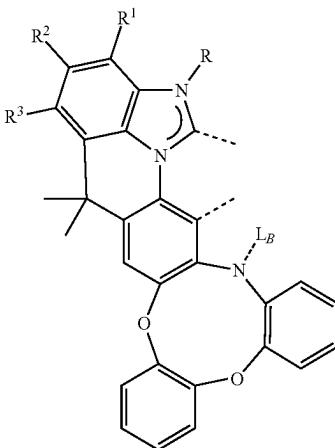
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_A11\text{-(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A11\text{-(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A11\text{-(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

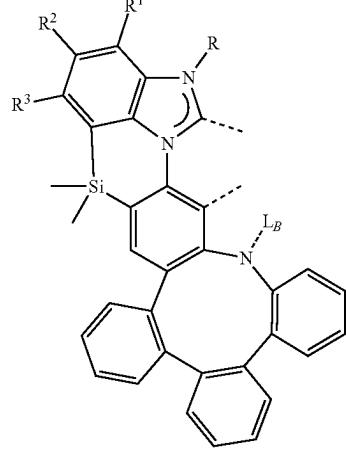
$L_A12\text{-(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A12\text{-(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A12\text{-(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

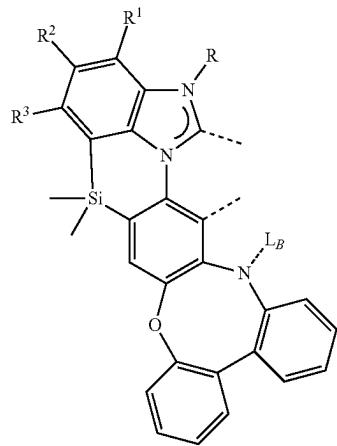
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$L_A13\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A13\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A13\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



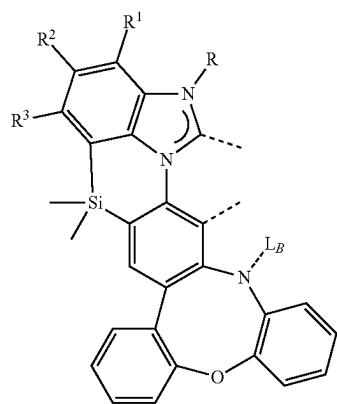
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_A14\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A14\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A4\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

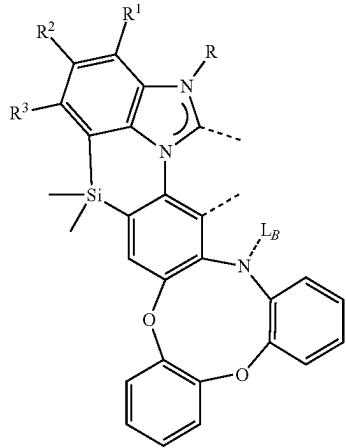
$L_A15\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A15\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A15\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

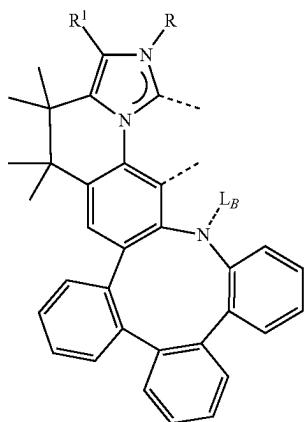
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$L_A^{16-(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{16-(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{16-(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



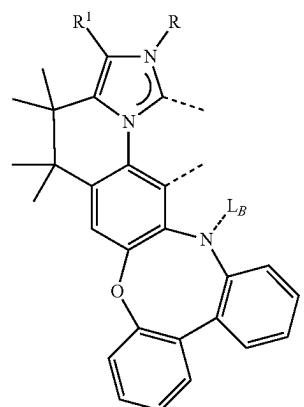
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_A^{17-(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{17-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{17-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

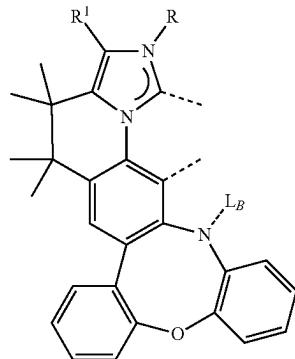
$L_A^{18-(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{18-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{18-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

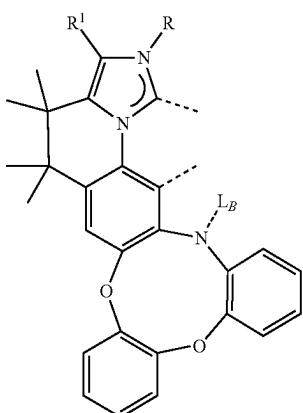
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$L_A19-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A19-(1)(1)$ to $L_A19-(330)(330)$ have the structure



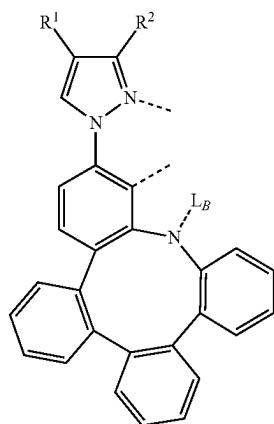
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

$L_A20-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A20-(1)(1)$ to $L_A20-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

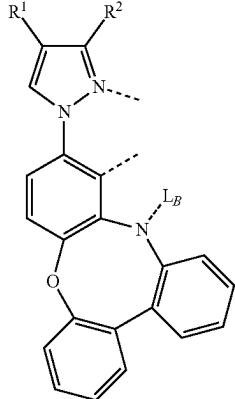
$L_A21-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A21-(1)(1)$ to $L_A21-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

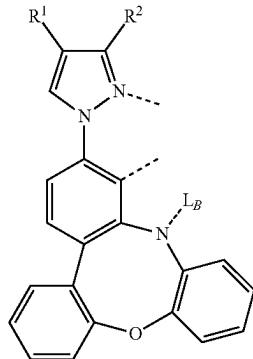
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$L_A22-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A22-(1)(1)$ to $L_A22-(330)(330)$ have the structure



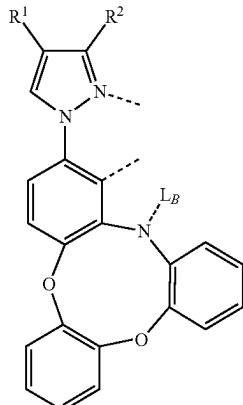
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A23-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A23-(1)(1)$ to $L_A23-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

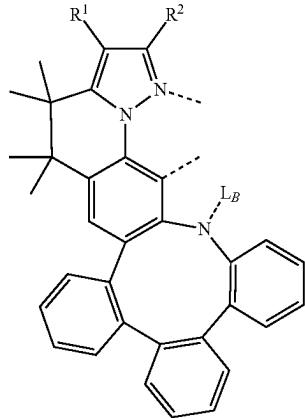
$L_A24-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A24-(1)(1)$ to $L_A24-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

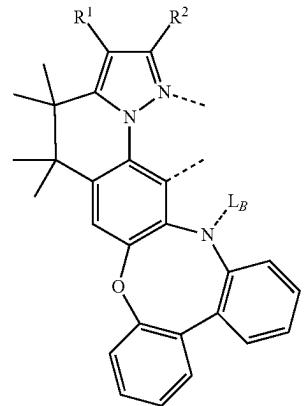
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$L_{A25}^{(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A25}^{(1)(1)}$ to $L_{A25}^{(330)(330)}$ have the structure



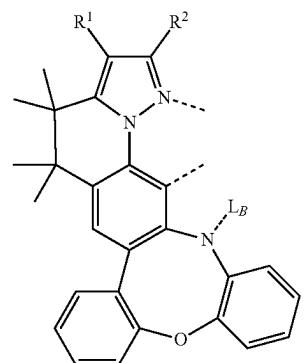
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_{A26}^{(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A26}^{(1)(1)}$ to $L_{A26}^{(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

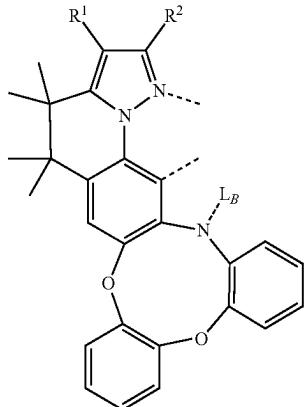
$L_{A27}^{(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A27}^{(1)(1)}$ to $L_{A27}^{(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

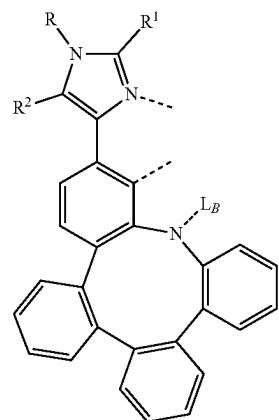
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$L_A28-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A28-(1)(1)$ to $L_A28-(330)(330)$ have the structure



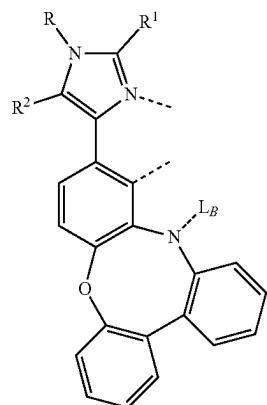
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A29-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A29-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A29-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R = R_k$, and

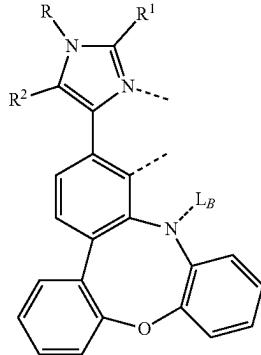
$L_A30-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A30-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A30-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R = R_k$, and

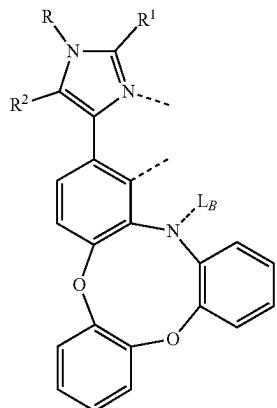
-continued

L_A^{31} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{31} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{31} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



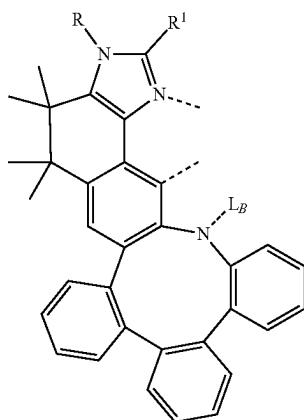
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

L_A^{32} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{32} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{32} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

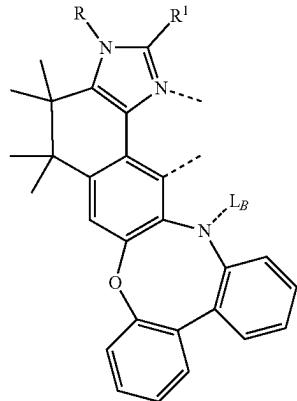
L_A^{33} -(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{33} -(1)(1) to L_A^{33} -(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

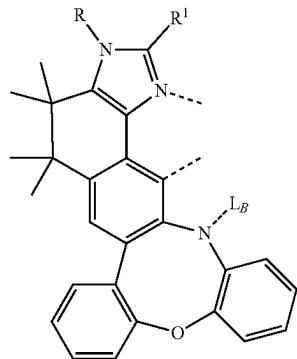
-continued

$L_A34\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A34\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A34\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



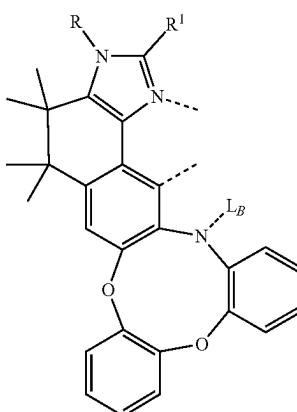
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

$L_A35\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A35\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A35\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

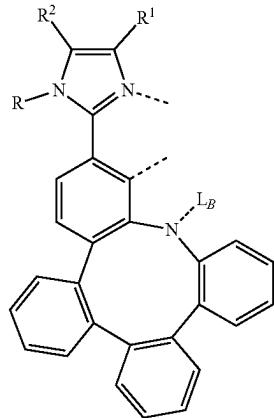
$L_A36\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A36\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A36\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

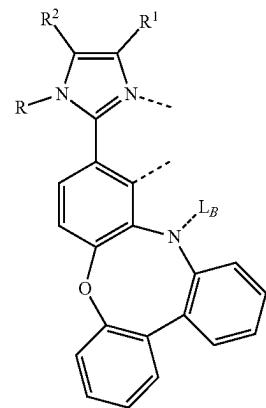
-continued

L_4^{37} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_4^{37} -(1)(1)(1) to L_4^{37} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



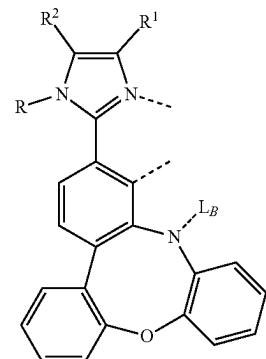
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

L_4^{38} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_4^{38} -(1)(1)(1) to L_4^{38} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

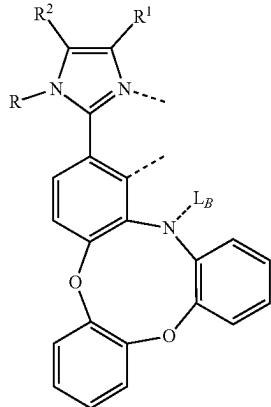
L_4^{39} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_4^{39} -(1)(1)(1) to L_4^{39} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

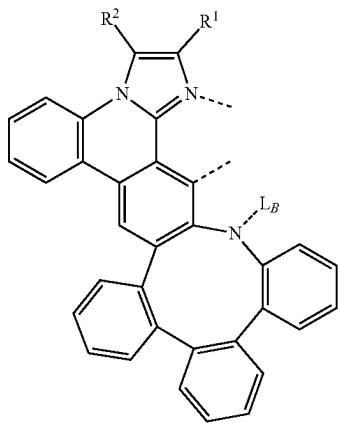
-continued

$L_A40\text{-}(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A40\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A40\text{-}(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



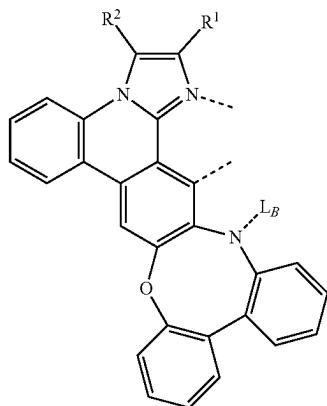
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R = R_k$, and

$L_A41\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A41\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A41\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

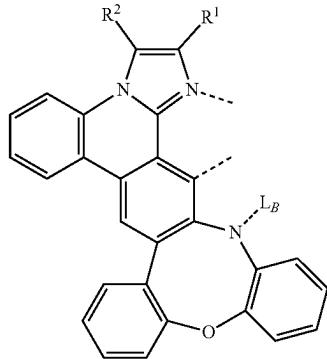
$L_A42\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A42\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A42\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

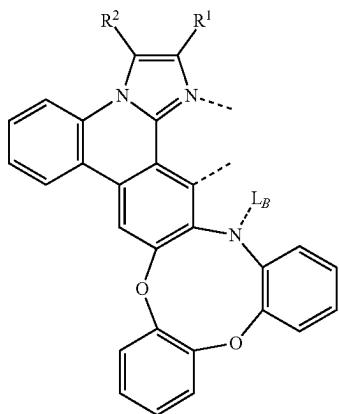
-continued

$L_A43\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A43\text{-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A43\text{-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



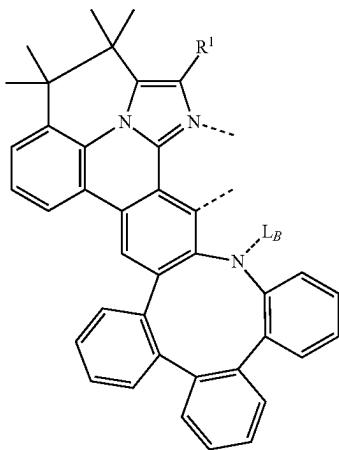
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A44\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A44\text{-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A44\text{-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

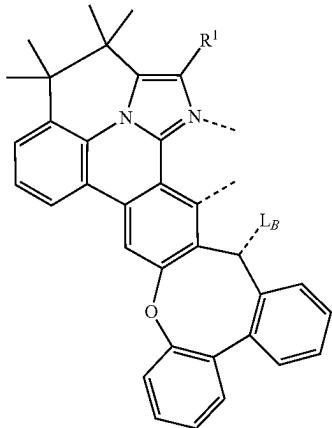
$L_A45\text{-}(i)$, wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A45\text{-(1)}$ to $L_A45\text{-(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and

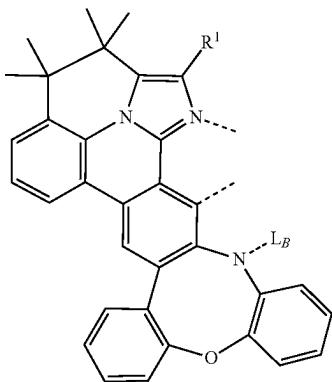
-continued

L_A46 -(i), wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A46 -(1) to L_A46 -(330) have the structure



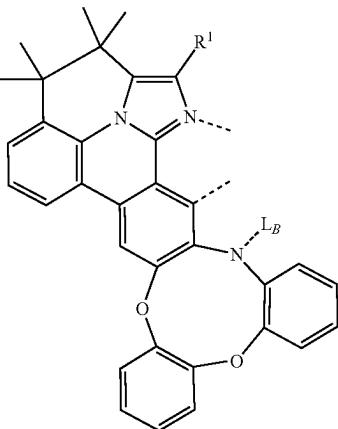
wherein R¹ = Ri, and

L_A47 -(i), wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A47 -(1) to L_A47 -(330) have the structure



wherein R¹ = Ri, and

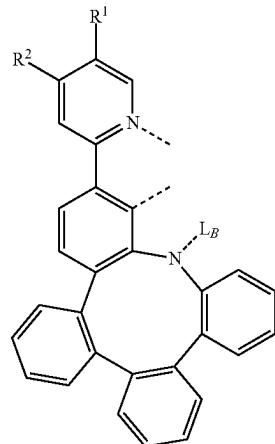
L_A48 -(i), wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A48 -(1) to L_A48 -(330) have the structure



wherein R¹ = Ri, and

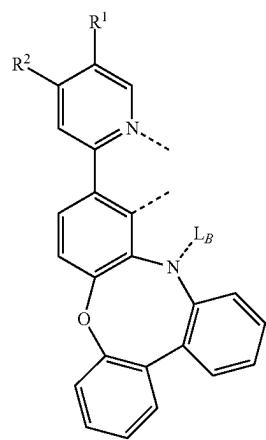
-continued

$L_A49\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A49\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A49\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



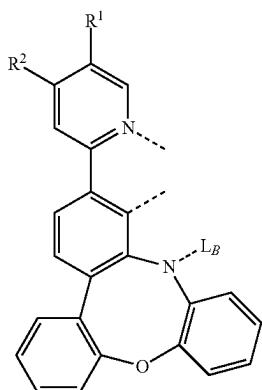
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A50\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A50\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A50\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

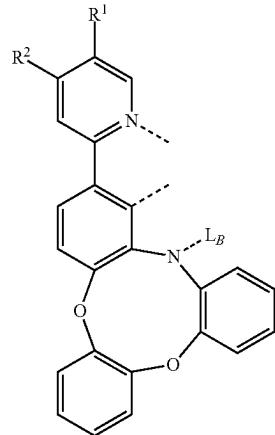
$L_A51\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A51\text{-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A51\text{-}(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

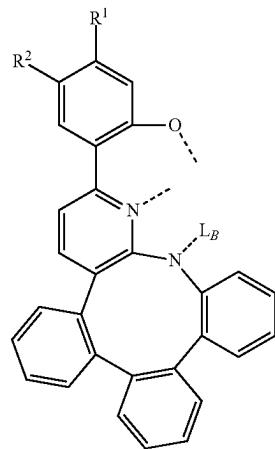
-continued

$L_{A52}-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A52}-(1)(1)$ to $L_{A52}-(330)(330)$ have the structure



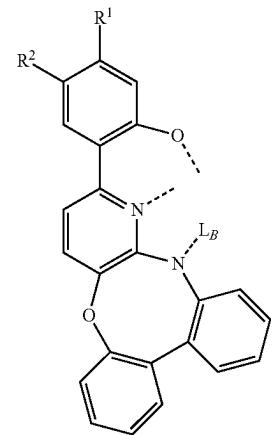
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

$L_{A53}-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A53}-(1)(1)$ to $L_{A53}-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

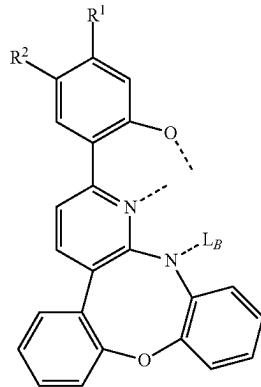
$L_{A54}-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{A54}-(1)(1)$ to $L_{A54}-(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

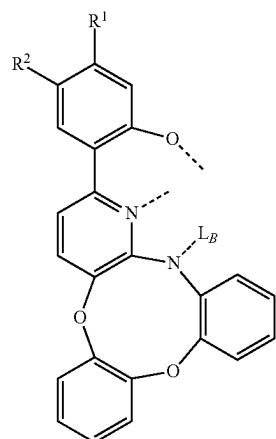
-continued

$L_A55\text{-(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A55\text{-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A55\text{-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



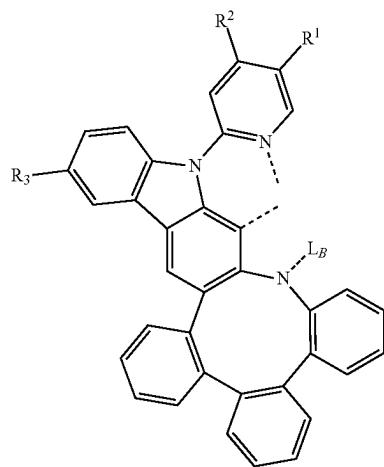
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A56\text{-(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A56\text{-(1)(1)}$ to $L_A56\text{-(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

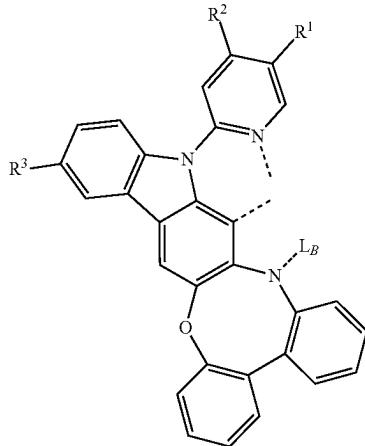
$L_A57\text{-(i)(j)(k)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A57\text{-(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A57\text{-(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and

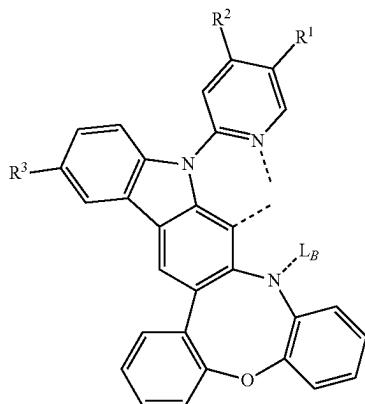
-continued

$L_458\text{-}(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_458\text{-}(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_458\text{-}(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



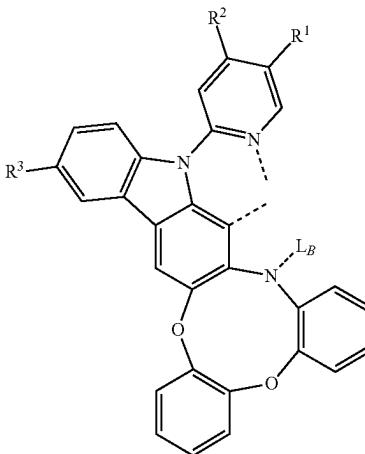
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

$L_459\text{-}(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_459\text{-}(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_459\text{-}(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

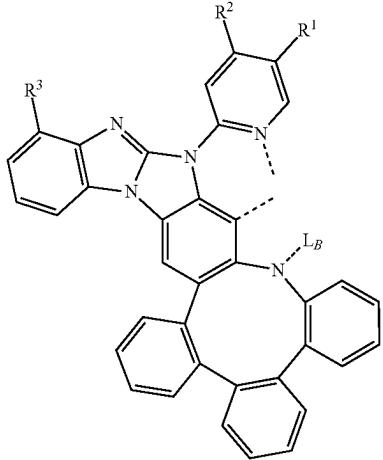
$L_460\text{-}(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_460\text{-}(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_460\text{-}(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

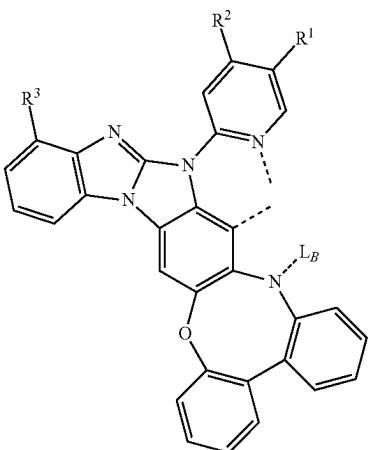
-continued

$L_A61\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A61\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A61\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



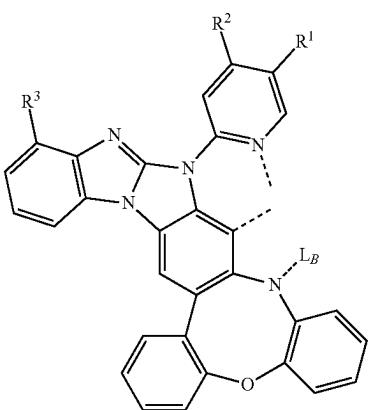
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

$L_A62\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A62\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A62\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

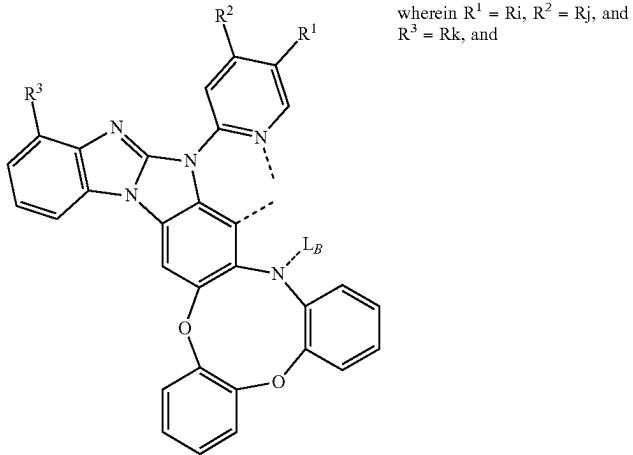
$L_A63\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A63\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A63\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

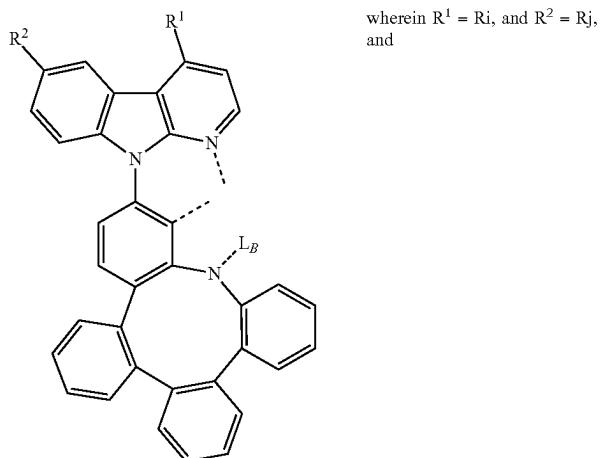
-continued

$L_A64\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A64\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A64\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



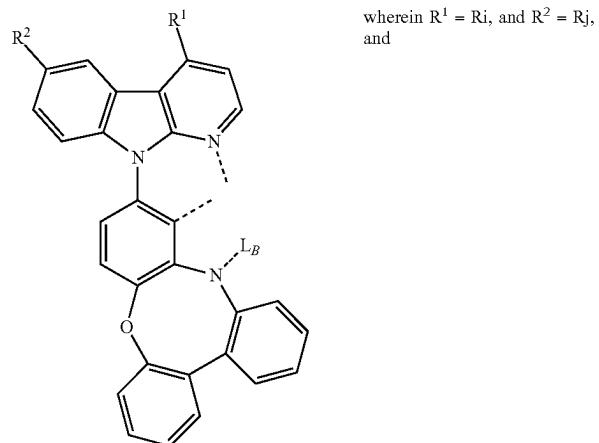
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and
 $R^3 = R_k$, and

$L_A65\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A65\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A65\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

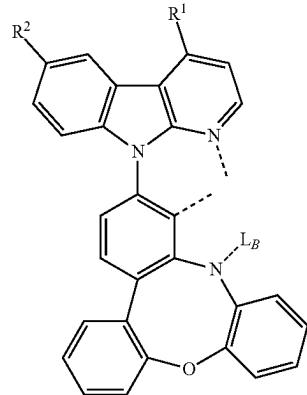
$L_A66\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A66\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A66\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$,
and

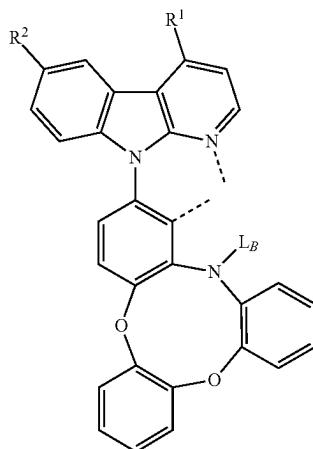
-continued

$L_A^{67\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{67\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{67\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure



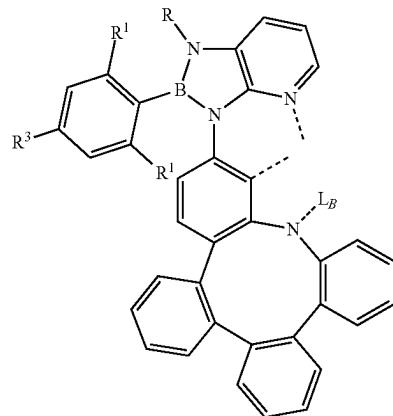
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

$L_A^{68\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{68\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{68\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

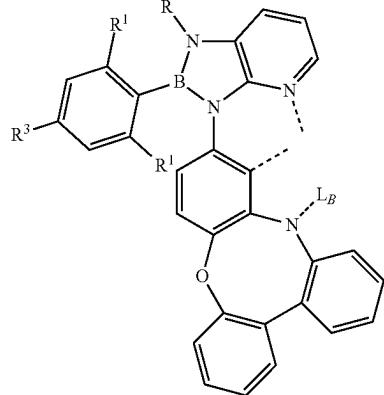
$L_A^{69\text{-}(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{69\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{69\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

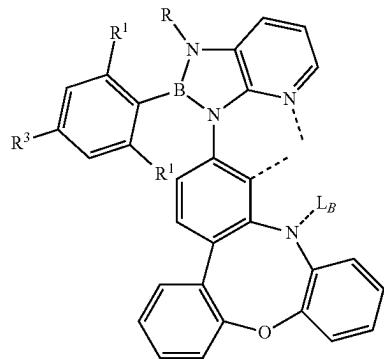
-continued

$L_A70\text{-}(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A70\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A70\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



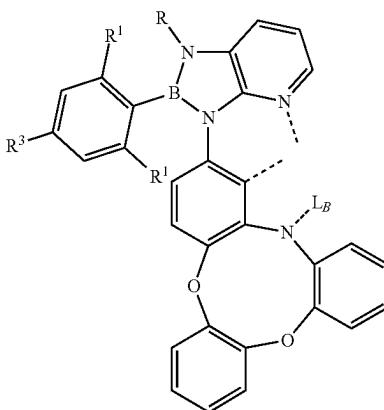
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_A71\text{-}(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A71\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A71\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



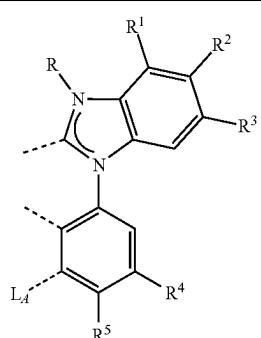
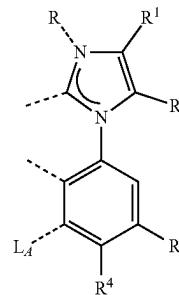
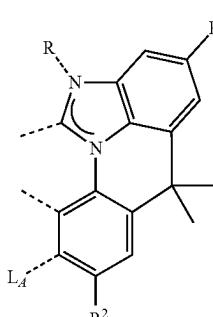
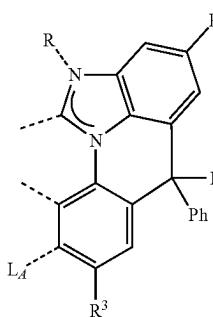
wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

$L_A72\text{-}(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A72\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A72\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure



wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

wherein L_B is selected from the group consisting of the structures as shown in LIST 2 below:

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B1-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)(n)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, m, and n is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B1-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B1-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, $R^5 = R_m$, and $R = R_n$, and
$L_B2-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B2-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B2-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B3-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B3-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B3-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B4-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B4-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B4-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

-continued

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_B5 -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B5 -(1)(1)(1) to L_B5 -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_B6 -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B6 -(1)(1)(1) to L_B6 -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_B7 -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B7 -(1)(1)(1) to L_B7 -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_B8 -(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B8 -(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_B8 -(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

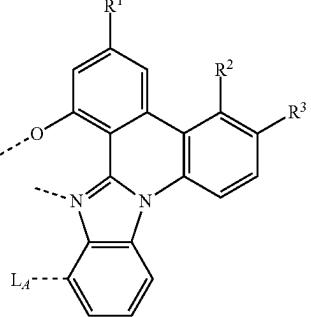
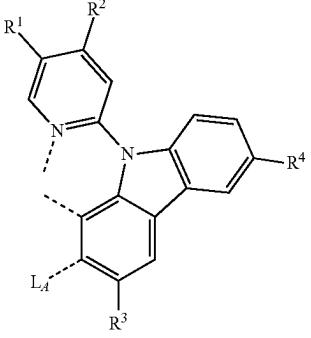
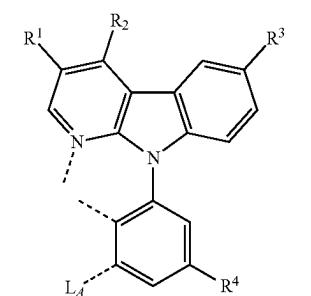
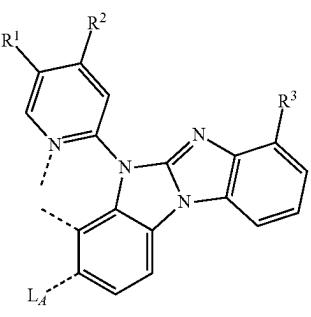
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L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B9-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B9-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B9-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_B10-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B10-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B10-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_B11-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B11-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B11-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_B12-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B12-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B12-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B13-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B13-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B13-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

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L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B14-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B14-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B14-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B15-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B15-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B15-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B16-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B16-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B16-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R^5 = R_m$, and
$L_B17-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B17-(1)(1)$ to $L_B17-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

-continued

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_B 18-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 18-(1)(1)(1) to L_B 18-(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_B 19-(i)(j)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 19-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_B 19-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
L_B 20-(i)(j)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 20-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_B 20-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
L_B 21-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 21-(1)(1)(1) to L_B 21-(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

-continued

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B22-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B22-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B22-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B23-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B23-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B23-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B24-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B24-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B24-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B25-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B25-(1)(1)$ to $L_B25-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and

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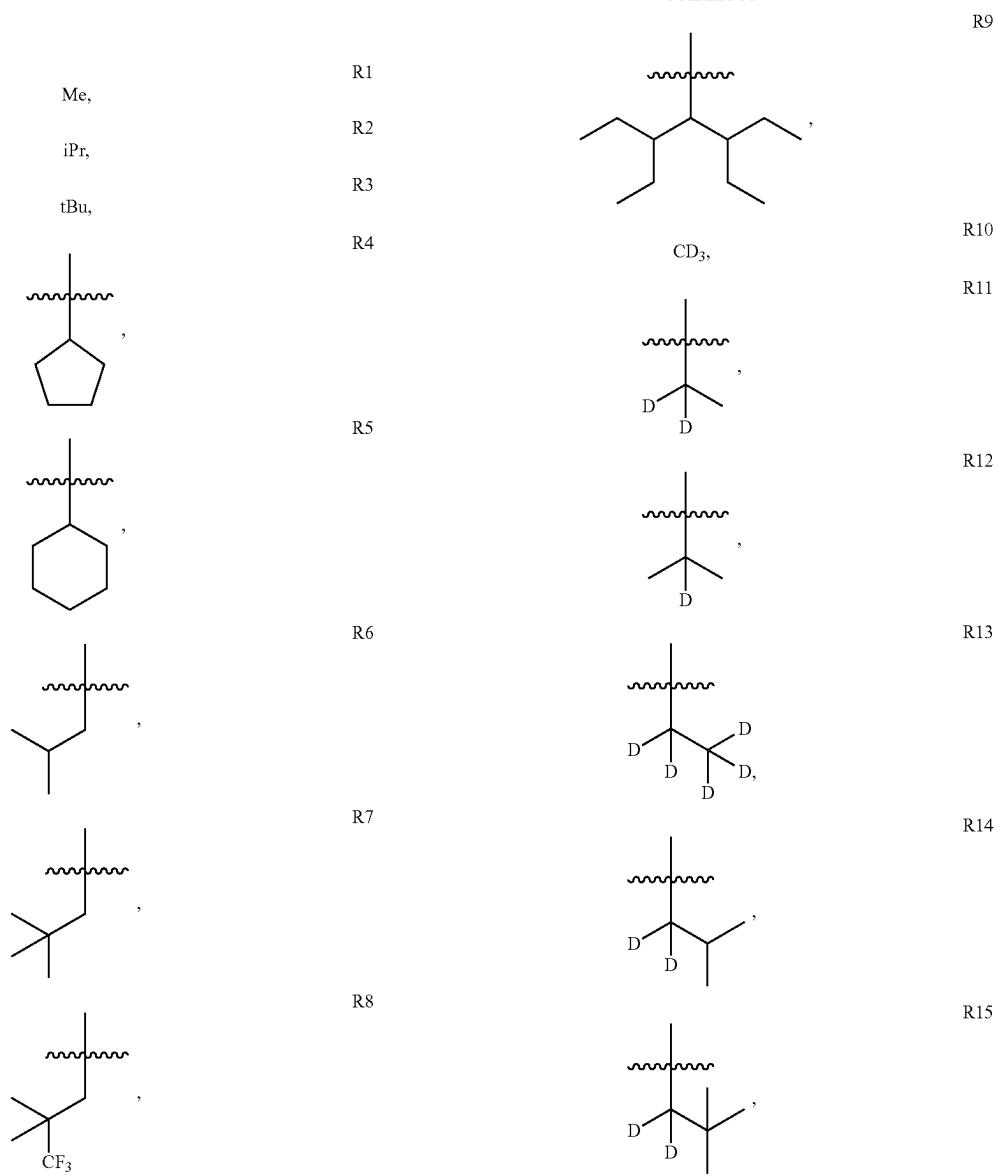
L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_B 26-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 26-(1)(1) to L_B 26-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
L_B 27-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 27-(1)(1) to L_B 27-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
L_B 28-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 28-(1)(1) to L_B 28-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
L_B 29-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 29-(1)(1)(1) to L_B 29-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

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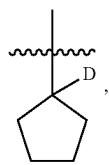
L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_B 30-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_B 30-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_B 30-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$.

wherein R^1 to R^{330} have the following structures

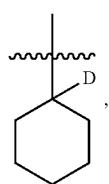
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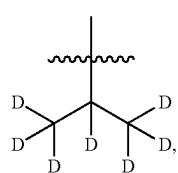
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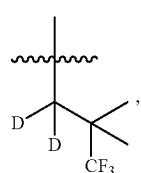
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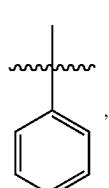
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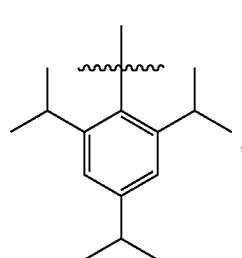
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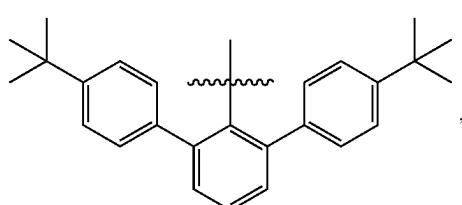
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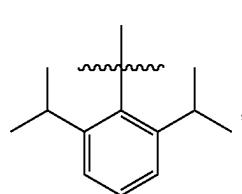
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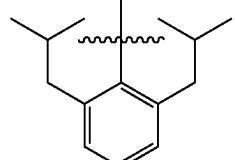
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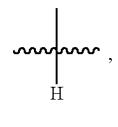
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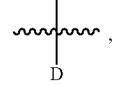
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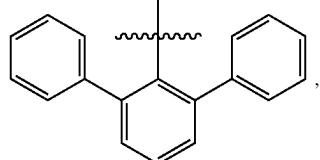
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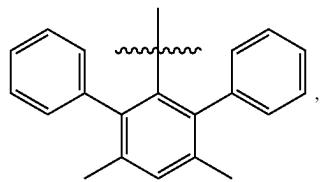
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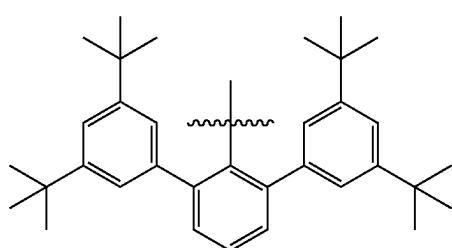
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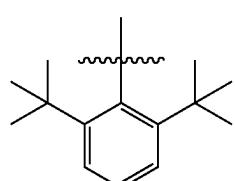
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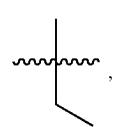
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R29

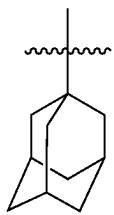


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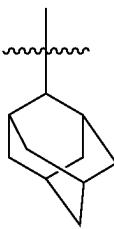


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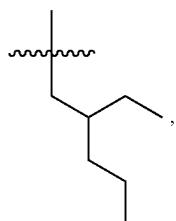
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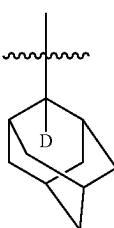
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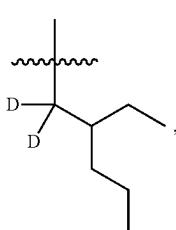
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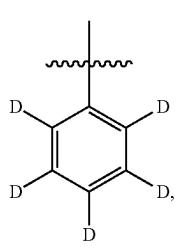
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R35

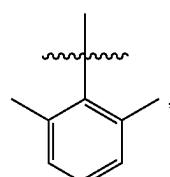


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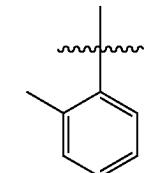


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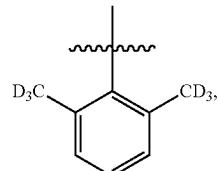
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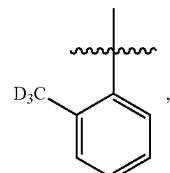
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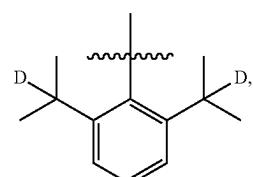
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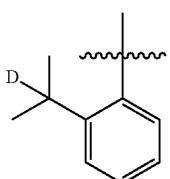
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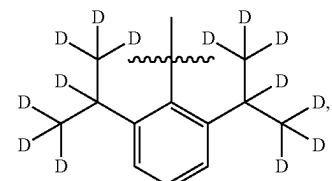
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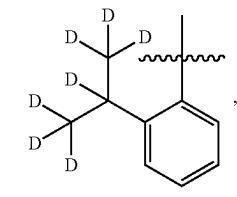
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R43

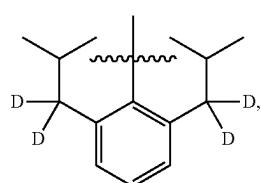


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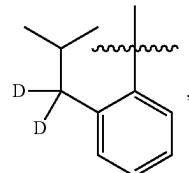


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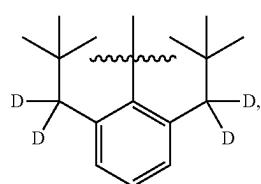
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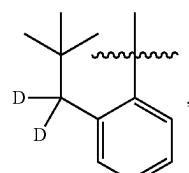
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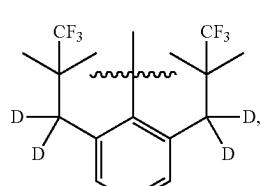
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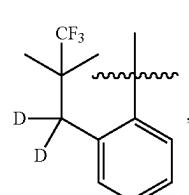
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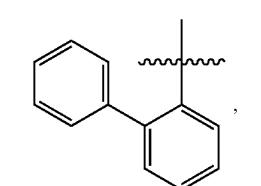
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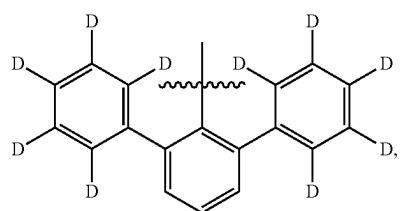
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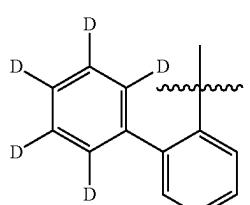
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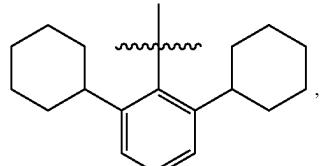
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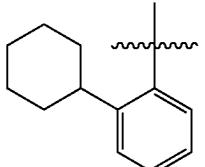
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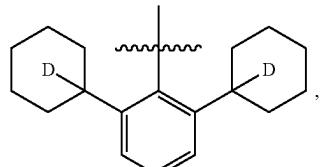
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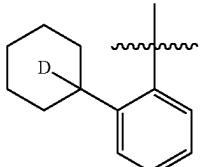
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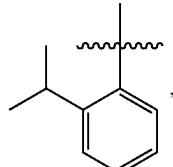
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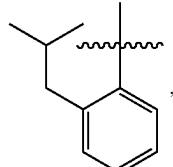
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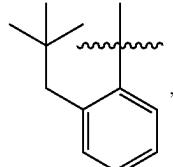
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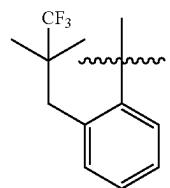
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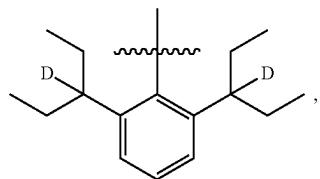
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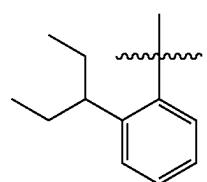
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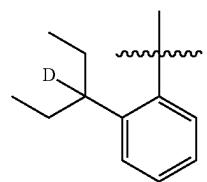
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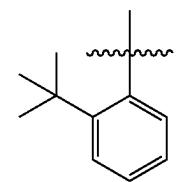
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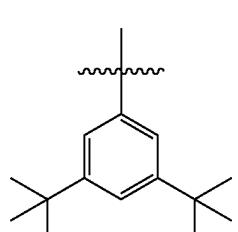
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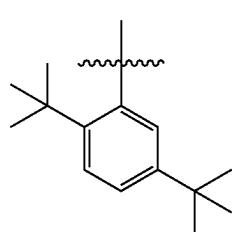
R65



R66



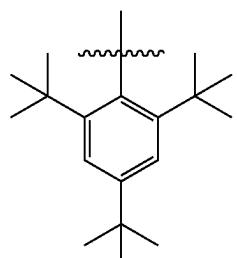
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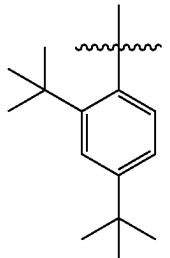
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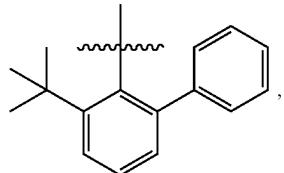
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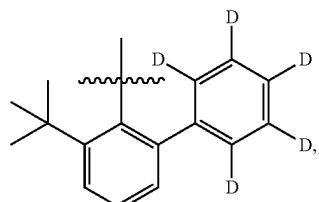
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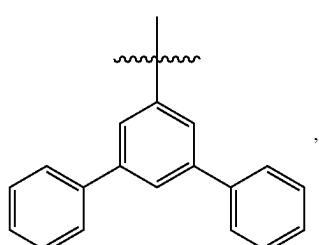
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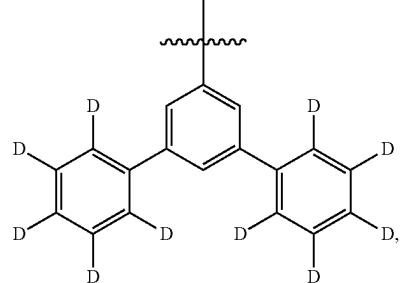
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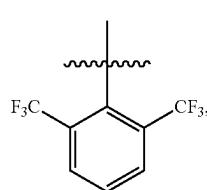
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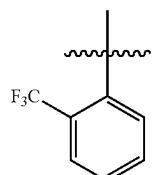
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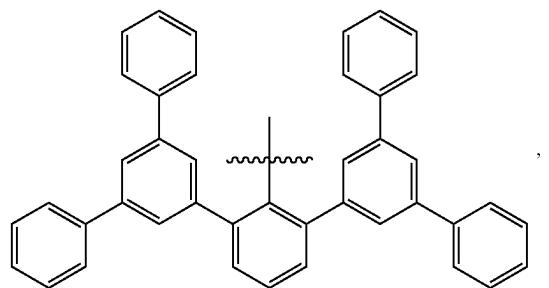
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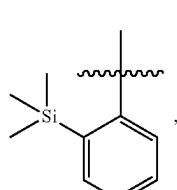


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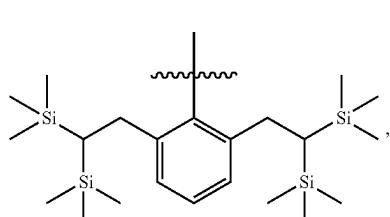


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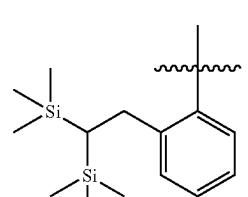
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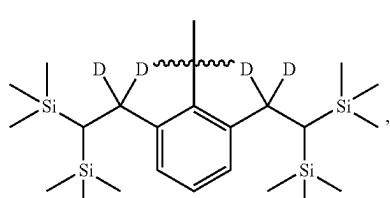
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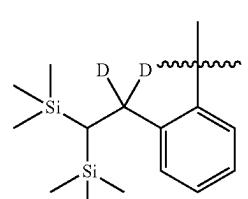
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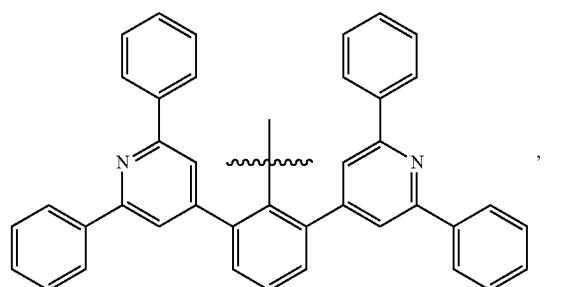
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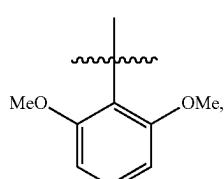
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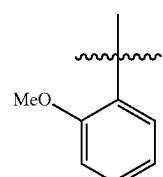
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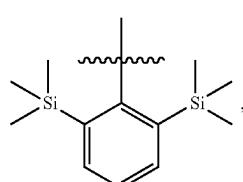
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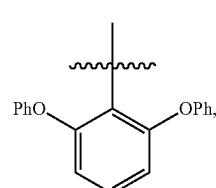
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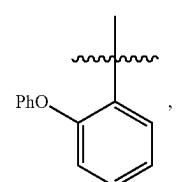
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R81

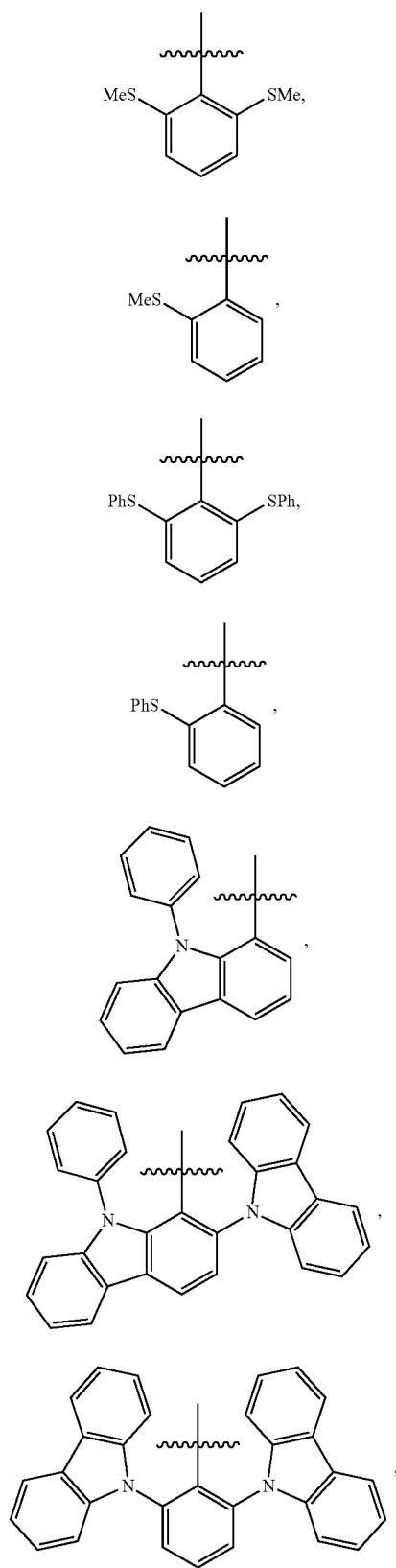


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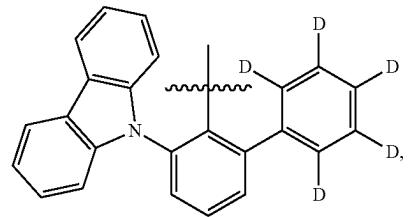


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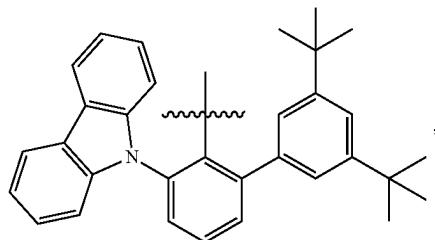
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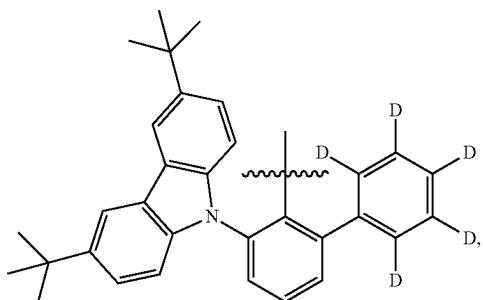


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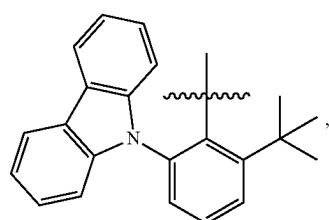
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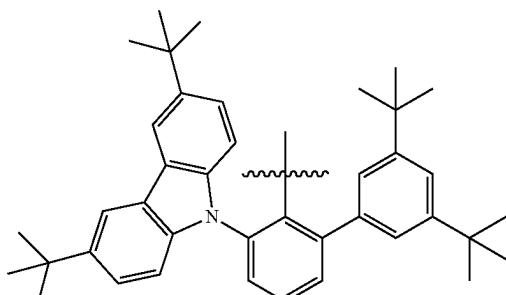


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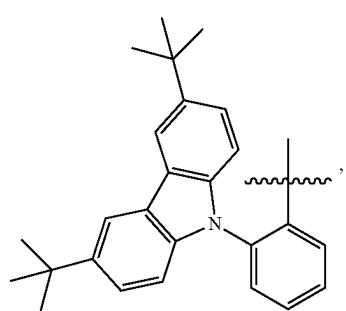
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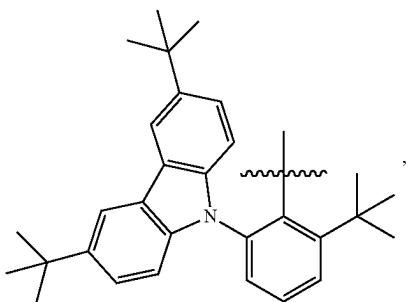
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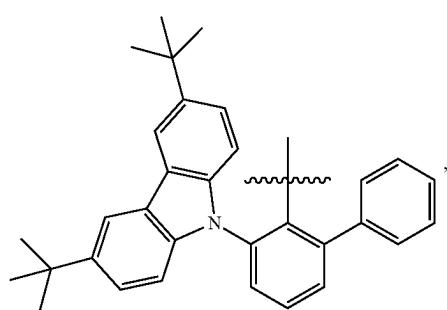
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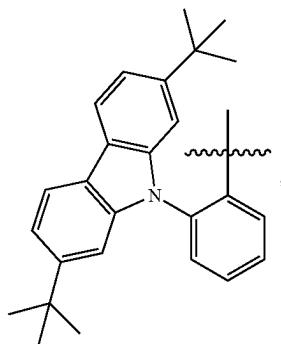
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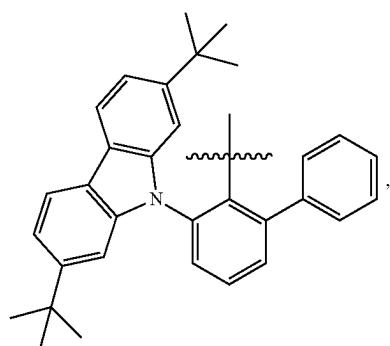
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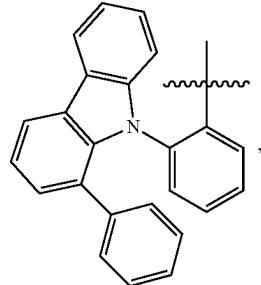


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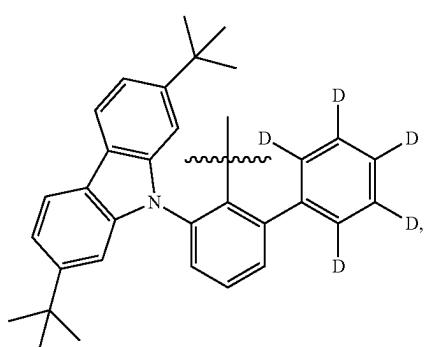


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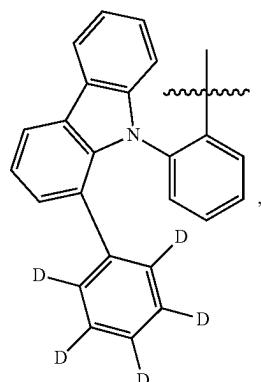
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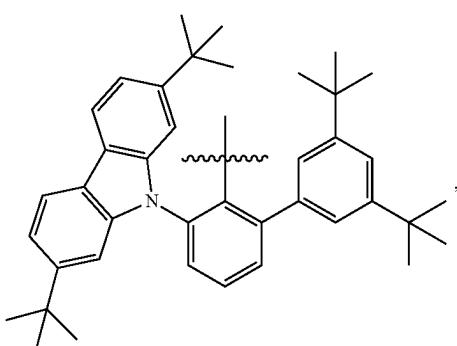
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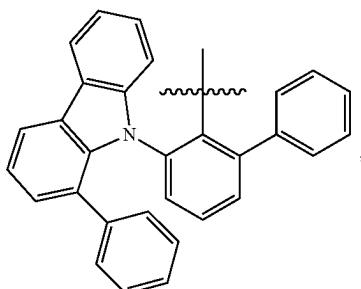
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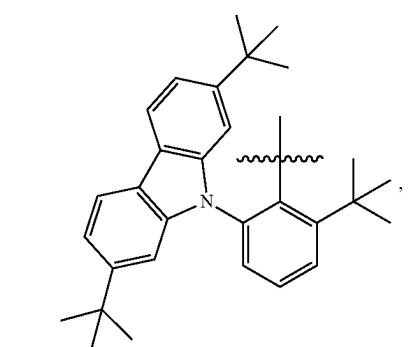
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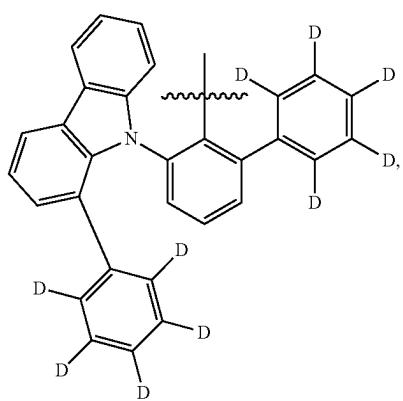
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R118



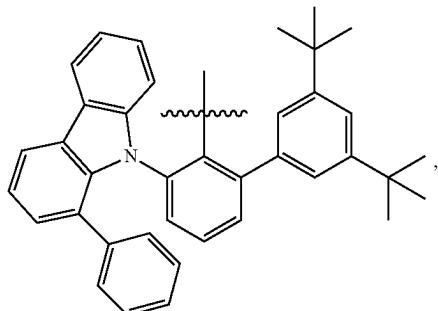
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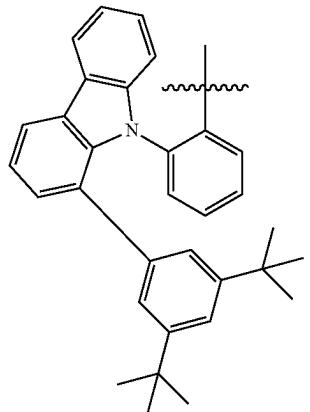
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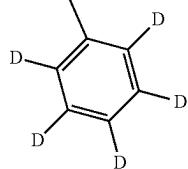
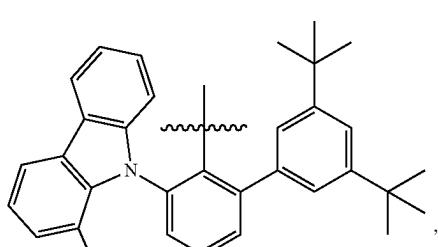


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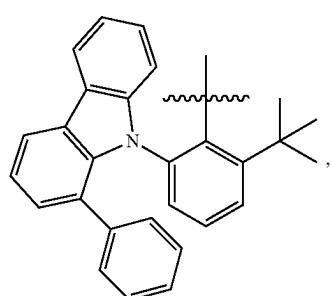
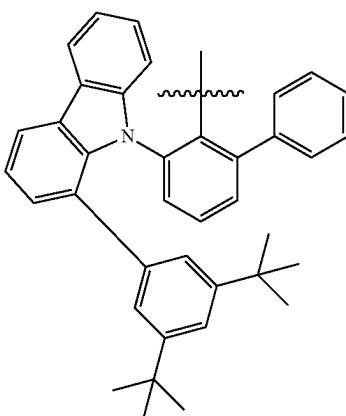
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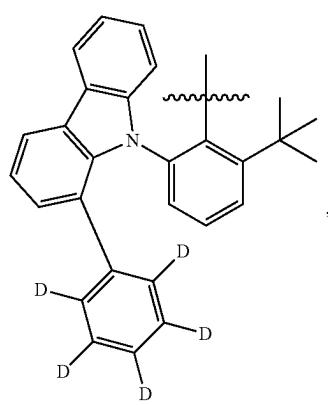
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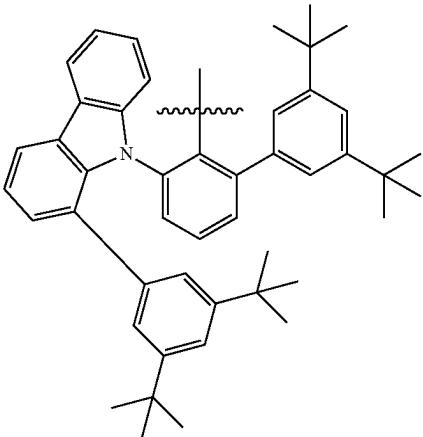
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R123

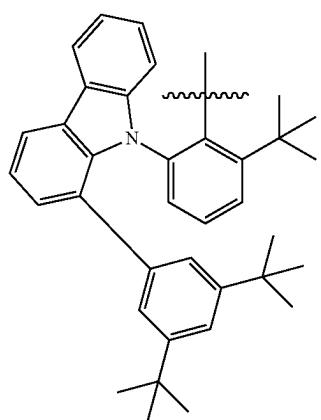


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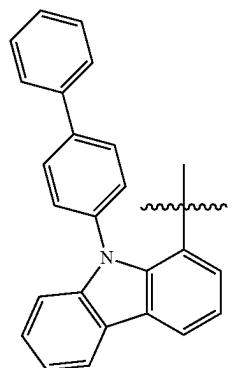


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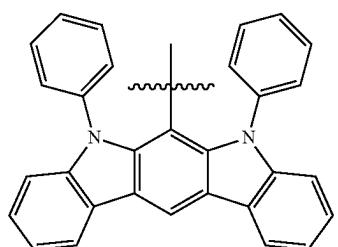
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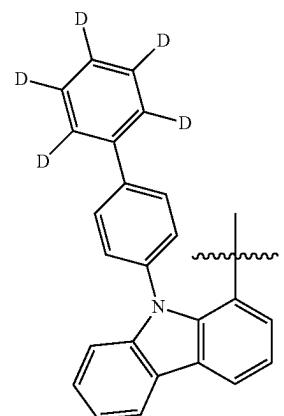
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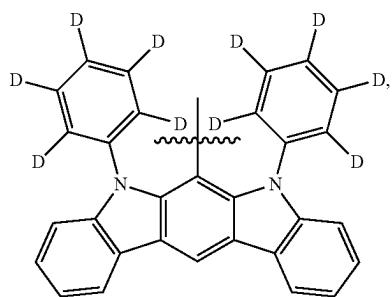
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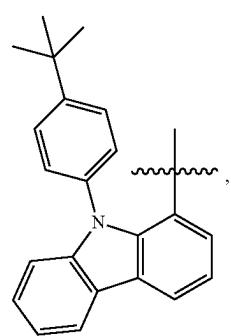
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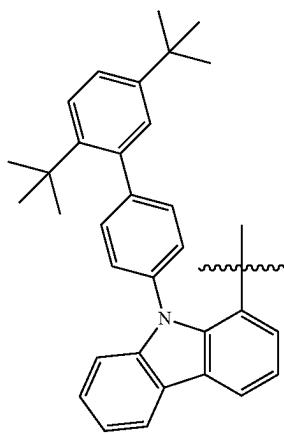
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R129



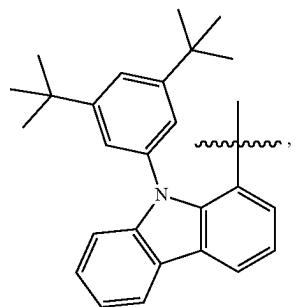
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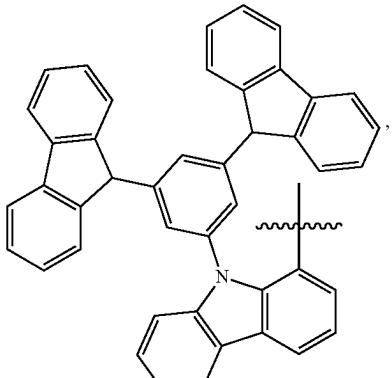
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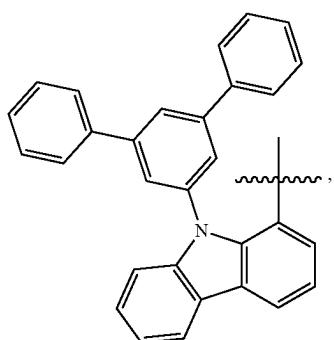
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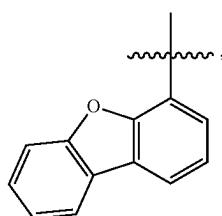
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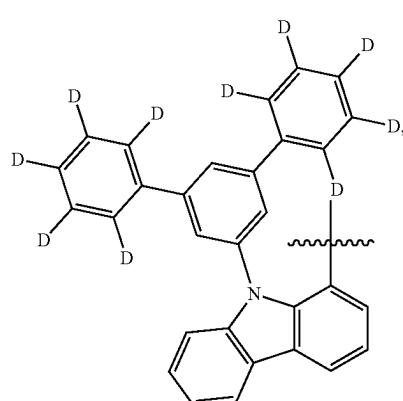
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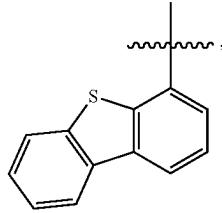
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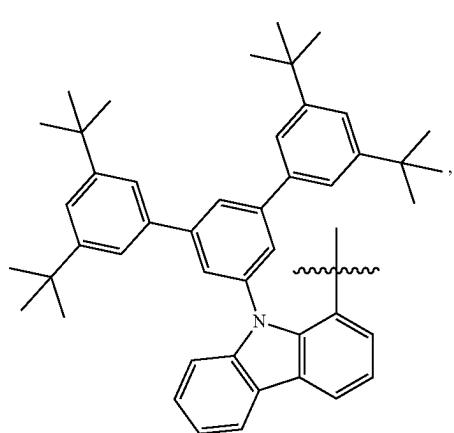
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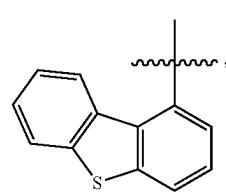
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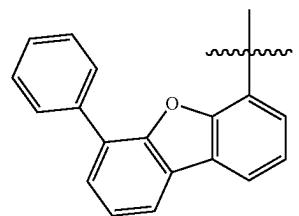
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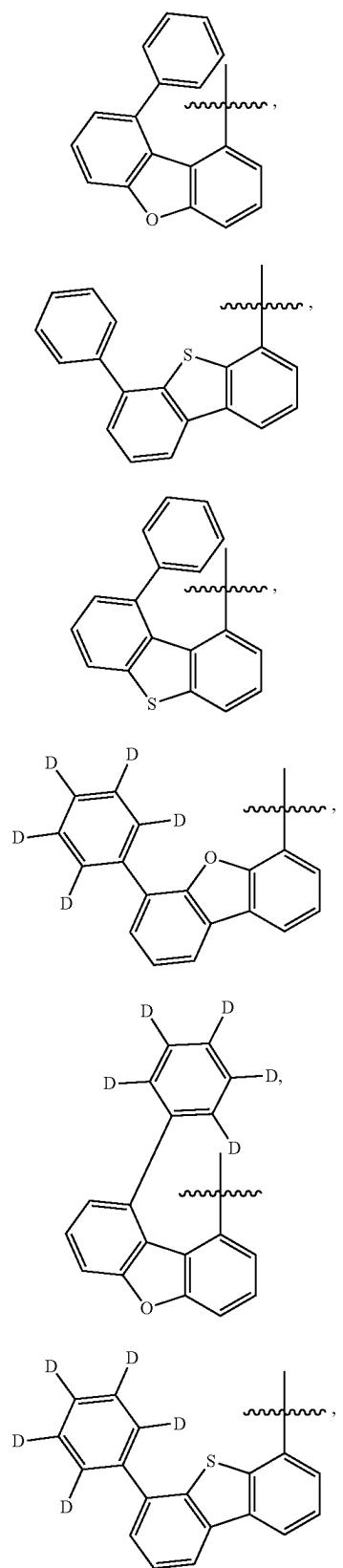
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R143



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R144

R145

R146

R147

R148

R149

R150

R151

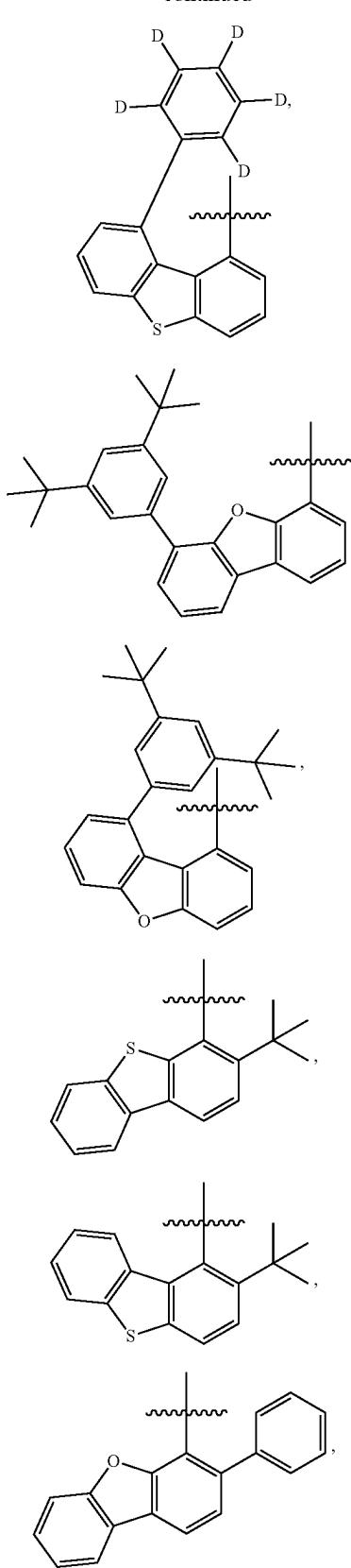
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R214

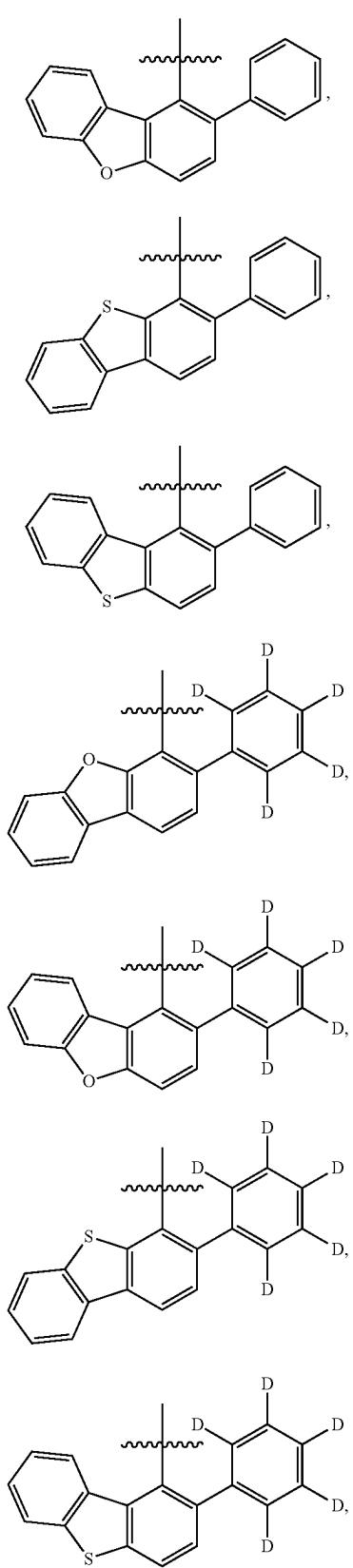
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R216

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R217

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R224

R218

R225

R219

R226

R220

R227

R221

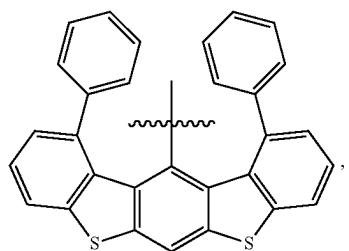
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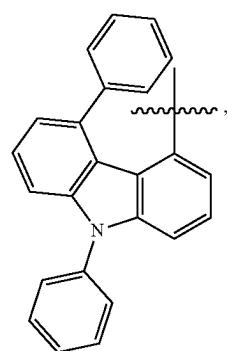
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R223

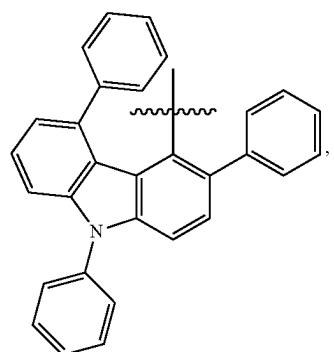
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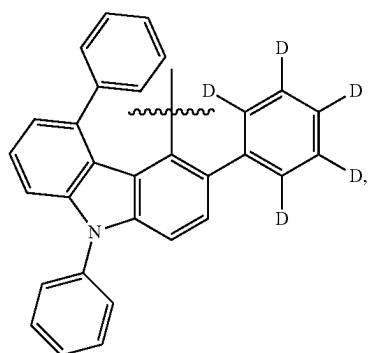
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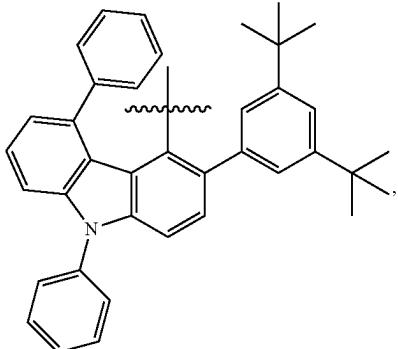
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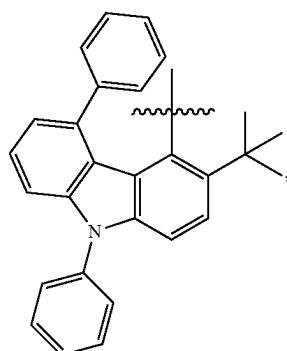
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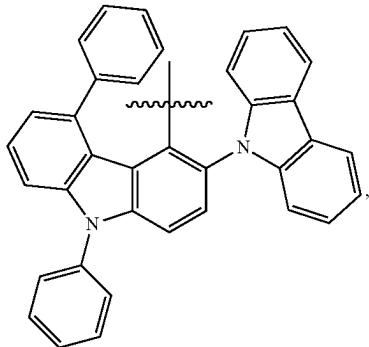
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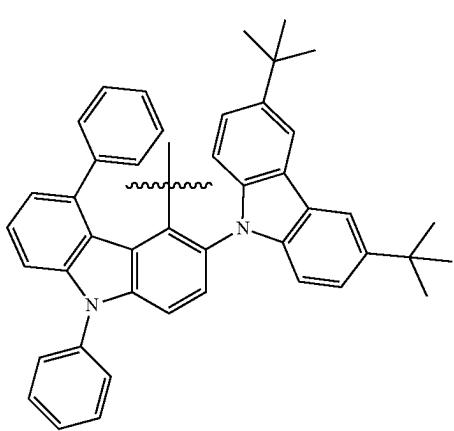
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R236

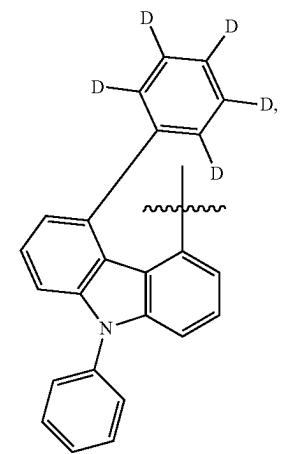


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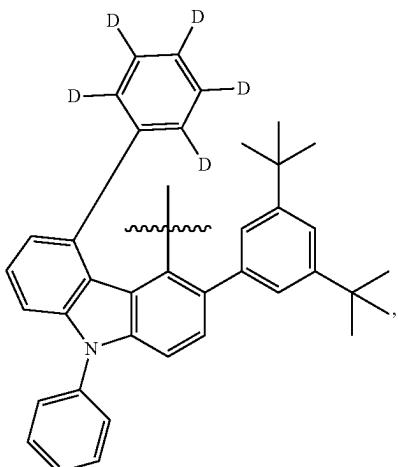


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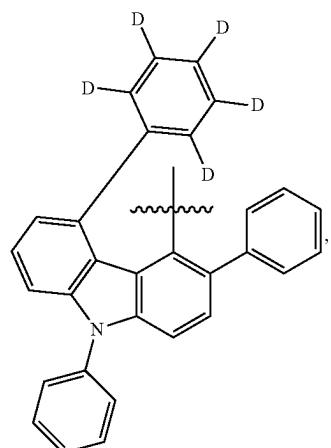
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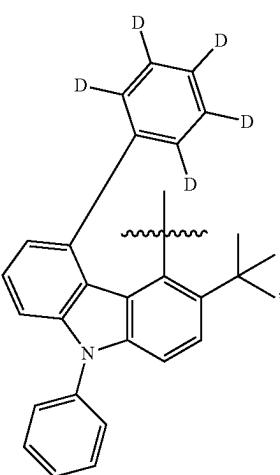
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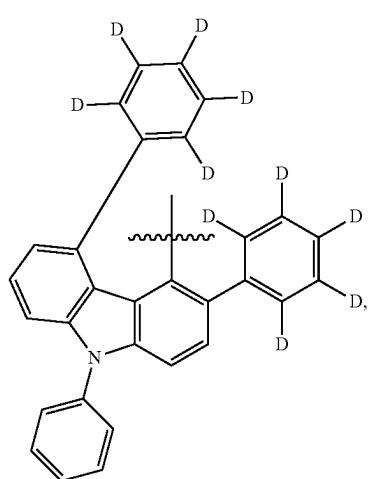
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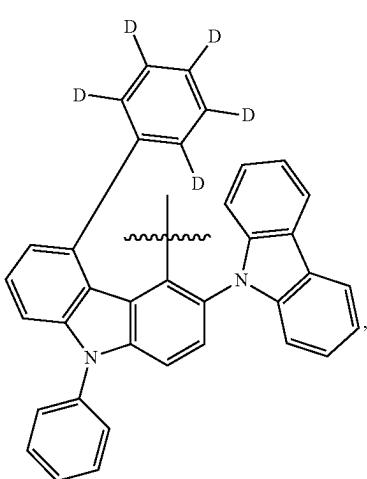
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R242



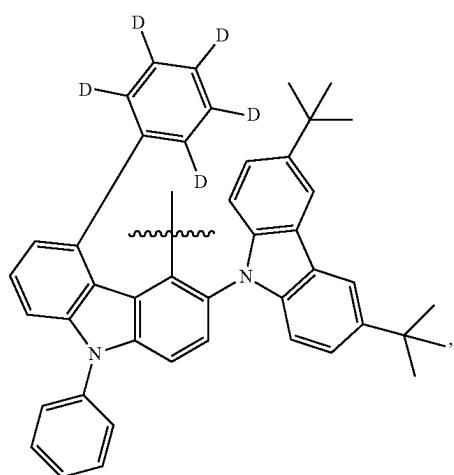
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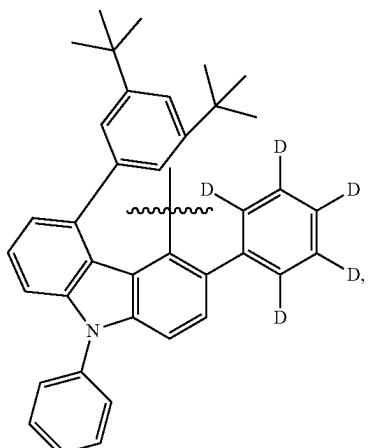
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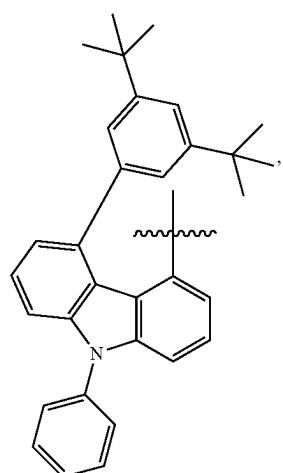
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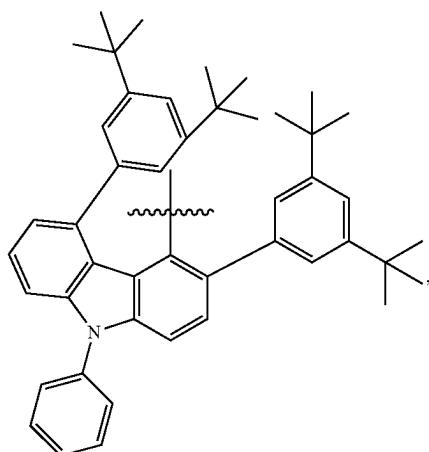
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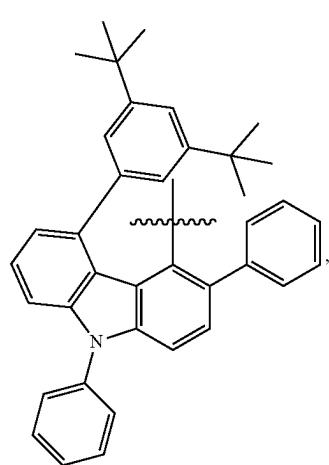
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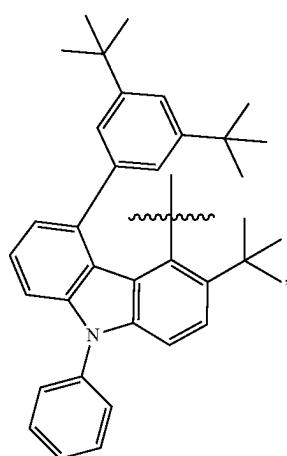
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R248



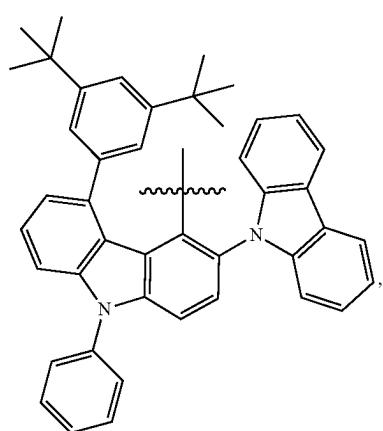
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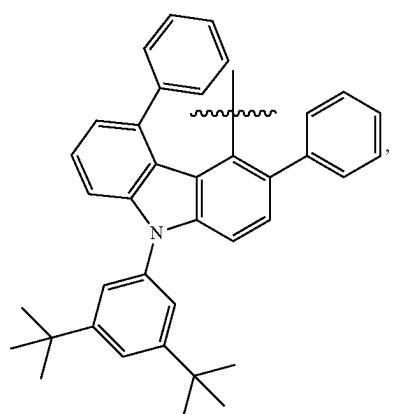
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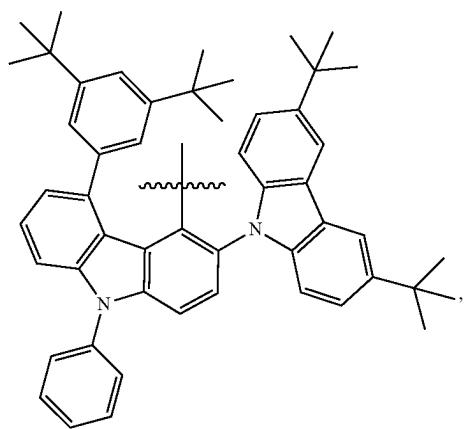
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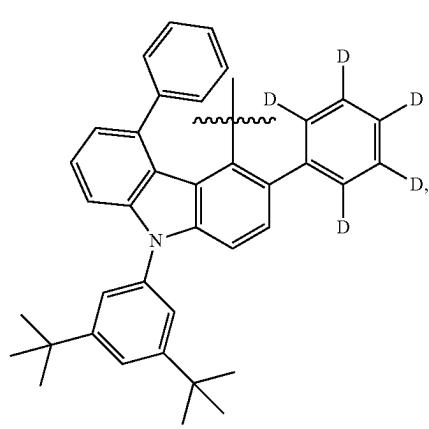
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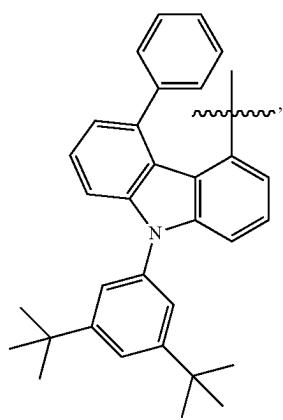
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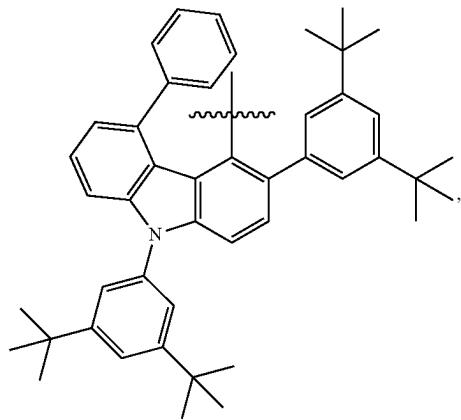
R251



R254

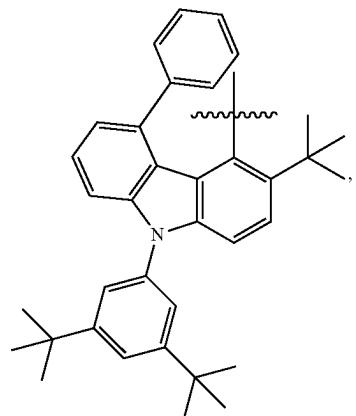


R252



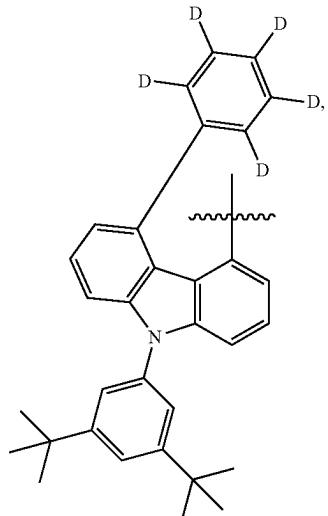
R255

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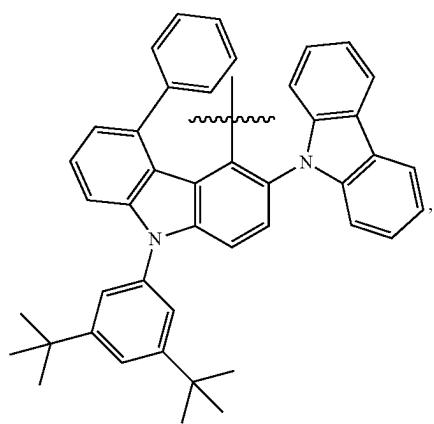


R256

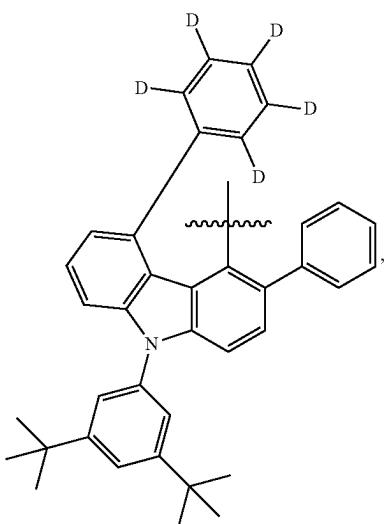
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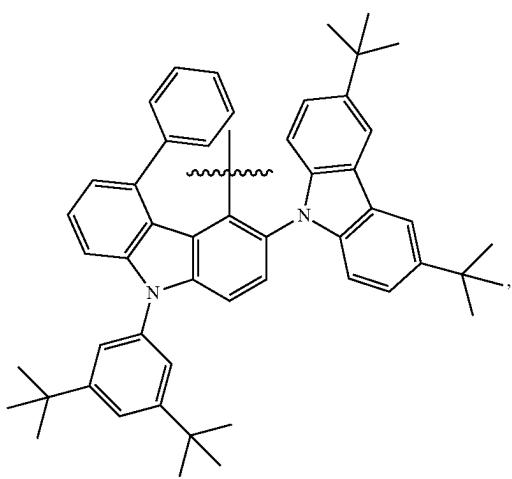
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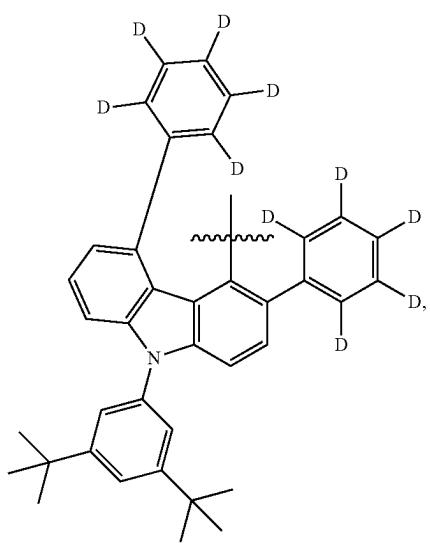
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R260



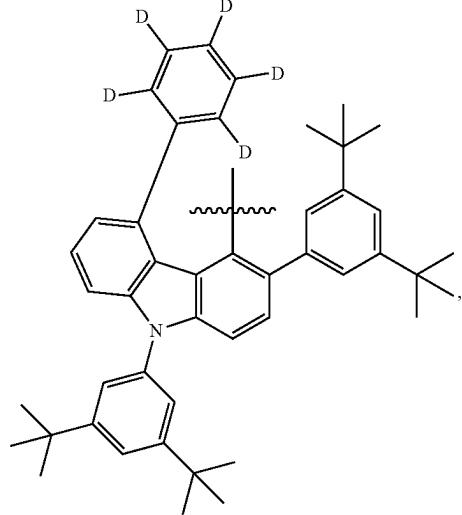
R258



R261

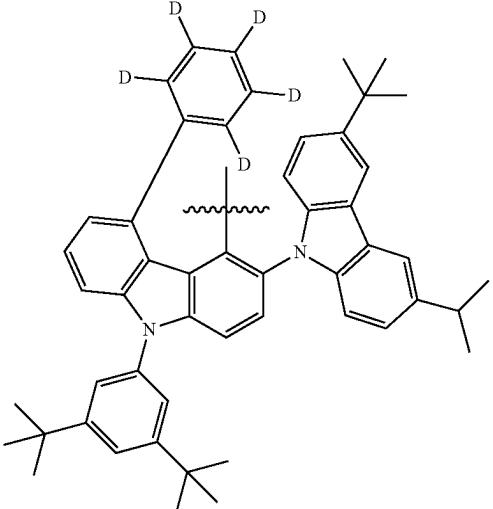
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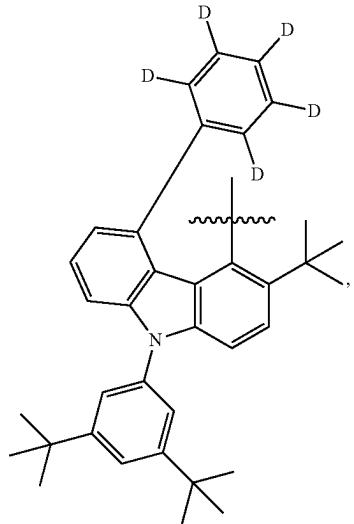


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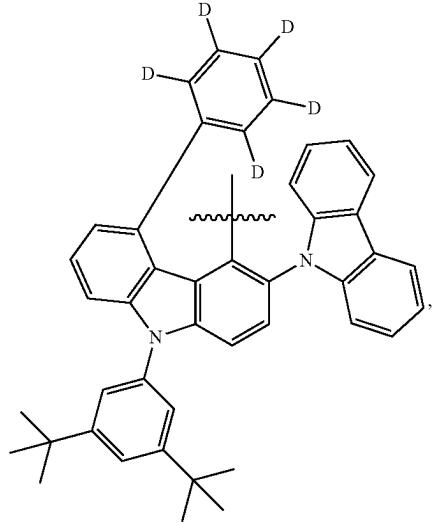
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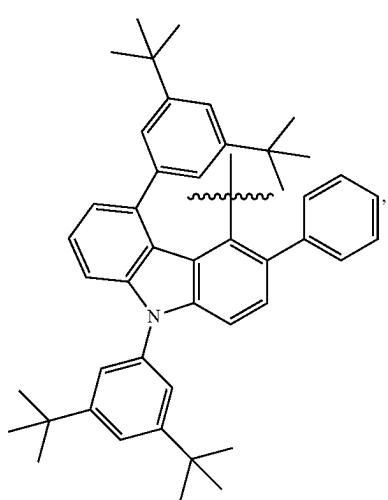
R263



R264

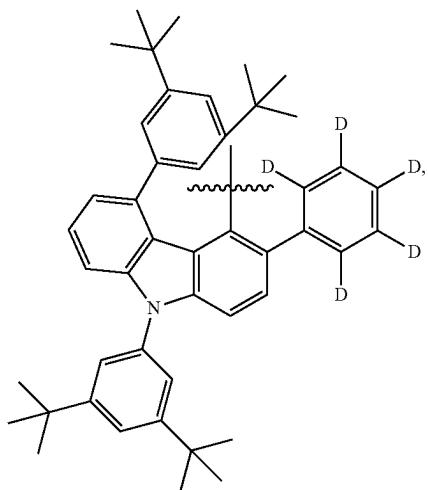


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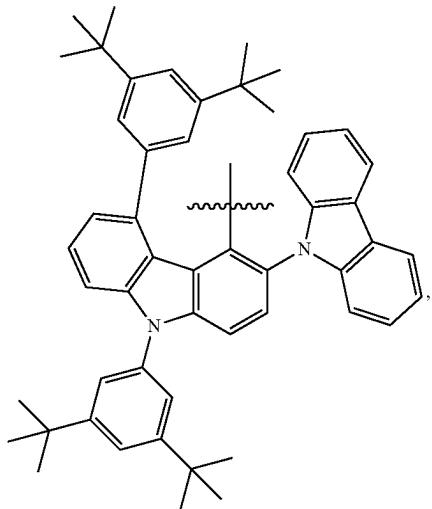
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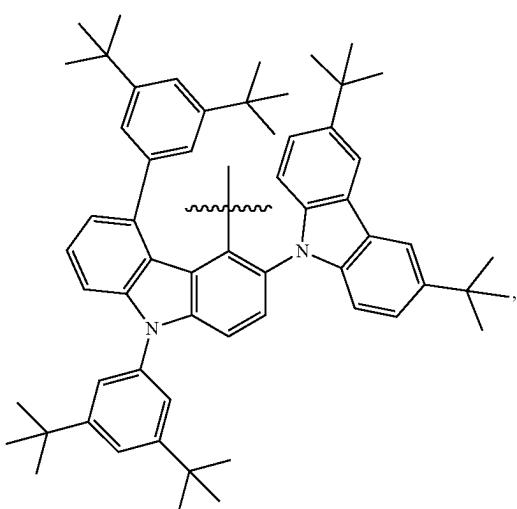
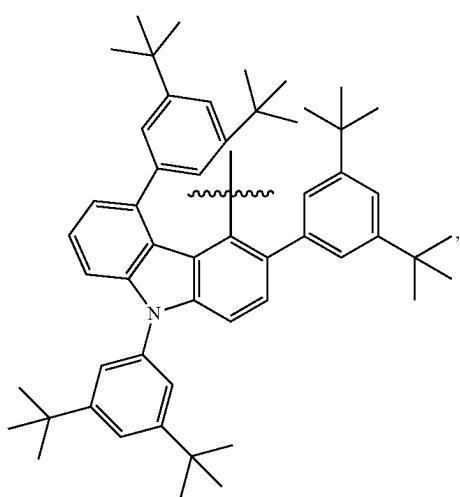
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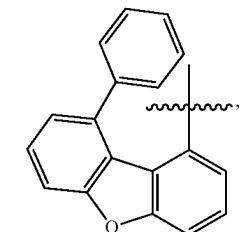
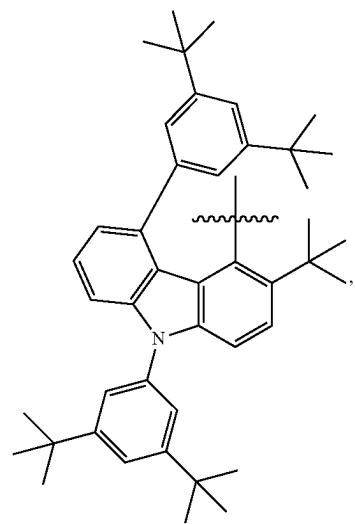
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R272

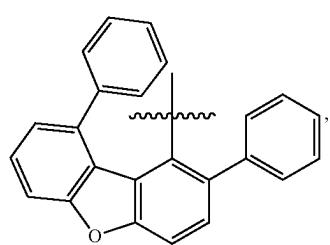


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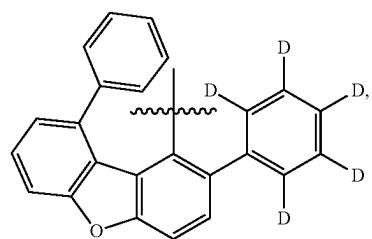
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R274

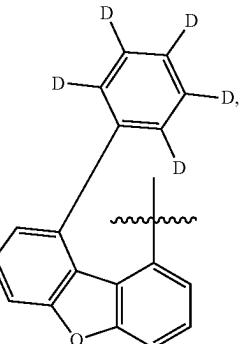


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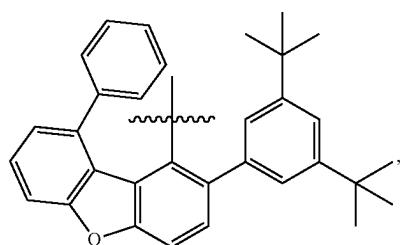


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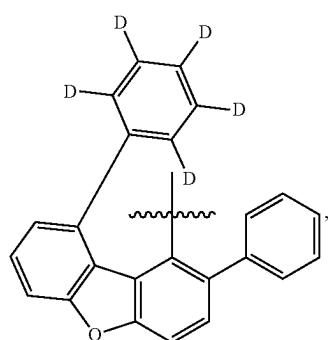
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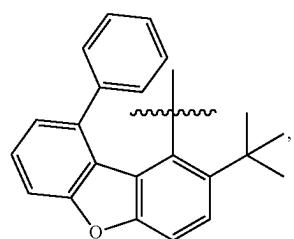
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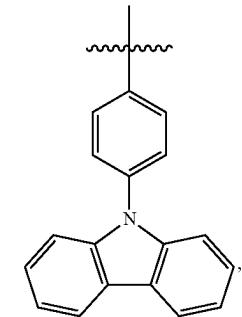
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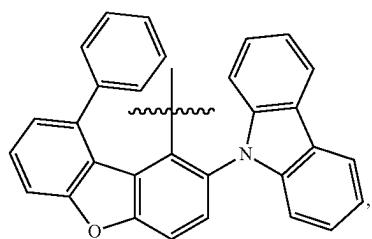
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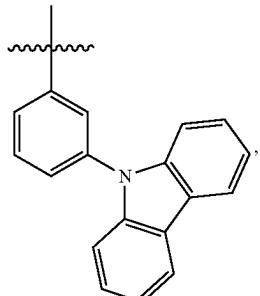
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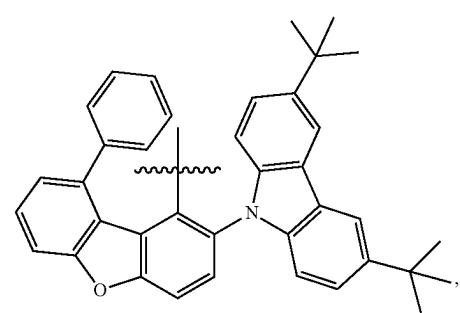
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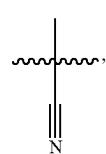
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R283

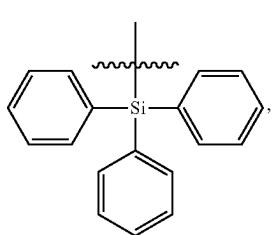


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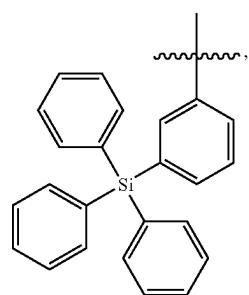


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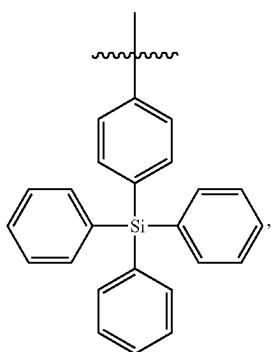
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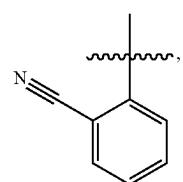
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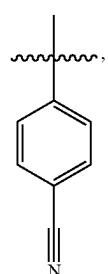
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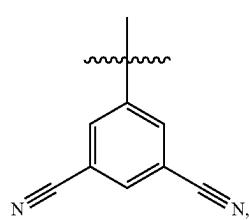
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R288

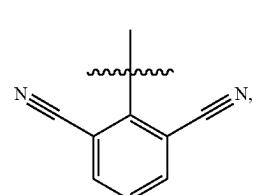


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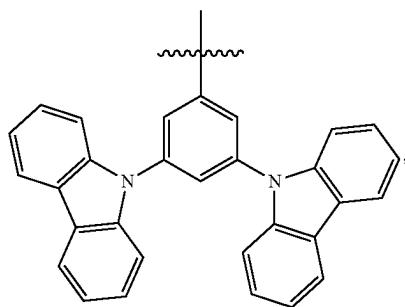


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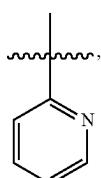
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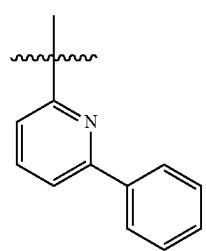
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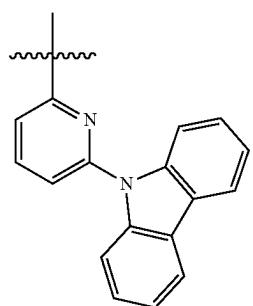
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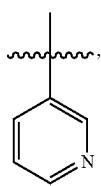
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R294

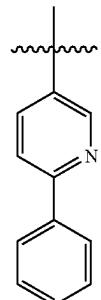


R295



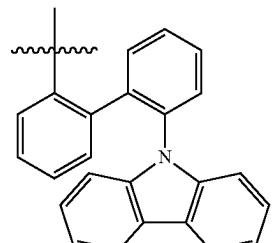
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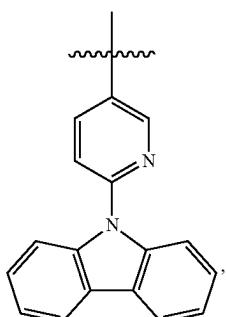
R297

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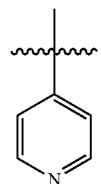


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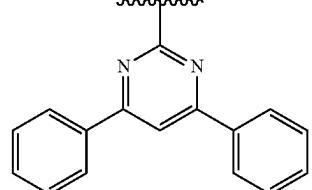
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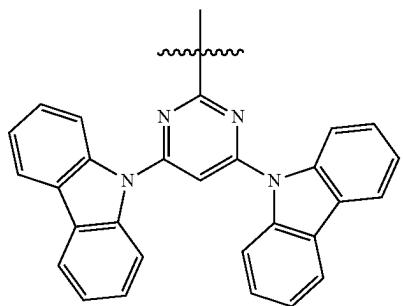
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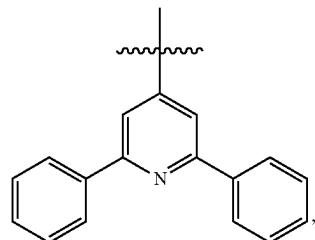
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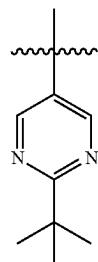
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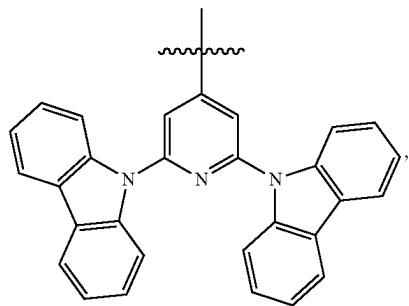
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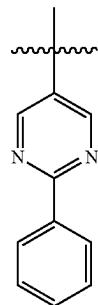
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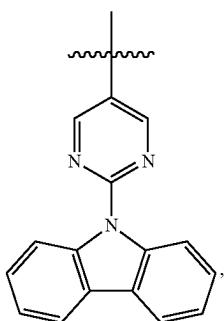
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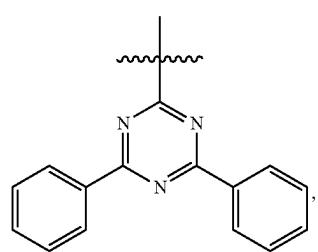
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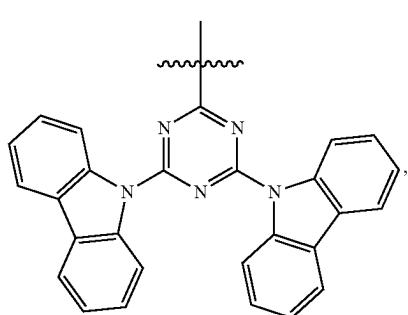
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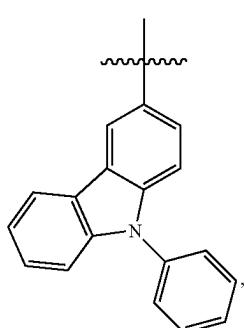
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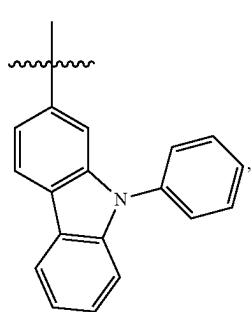
R308



R309



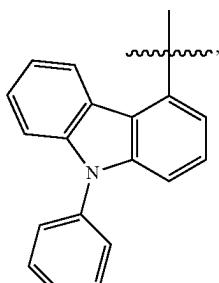
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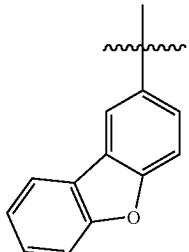
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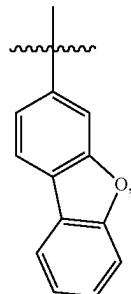
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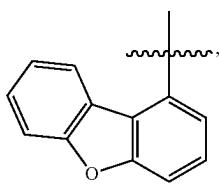
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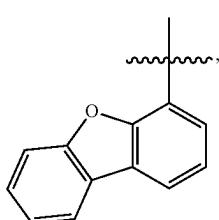
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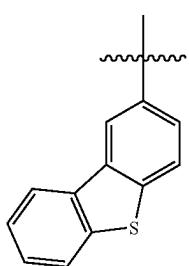
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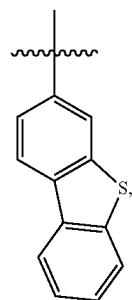
R316



R317

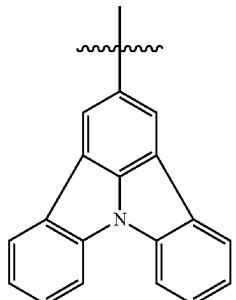


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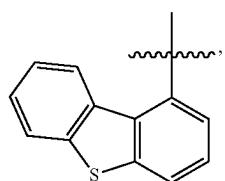


R318

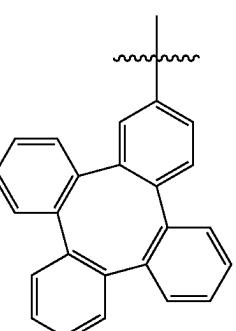
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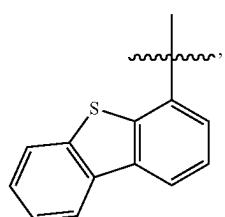
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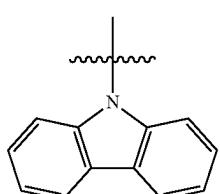
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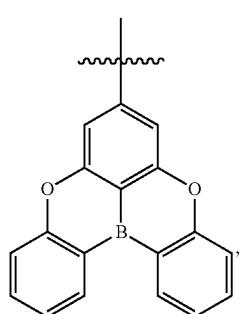
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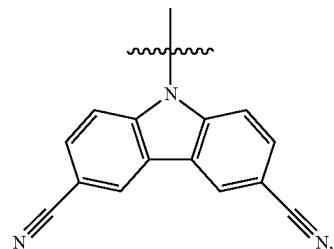
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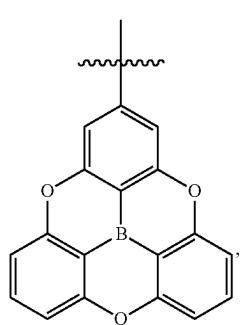
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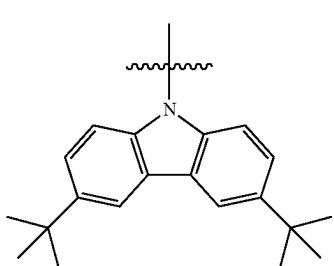
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R326



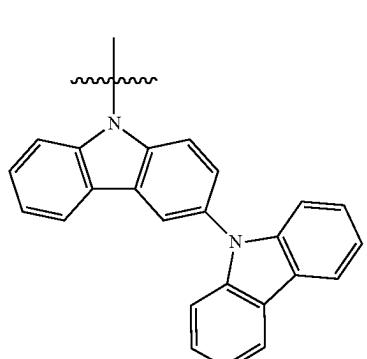
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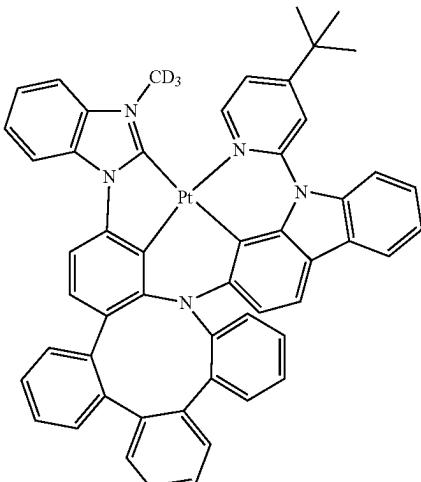
R327

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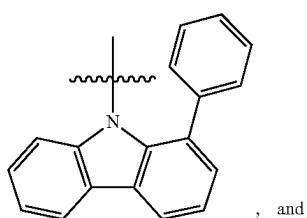
[0112] In some embodiments, the compound is selected from the group consisting of:



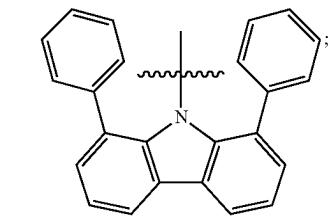
R328



R329



R330

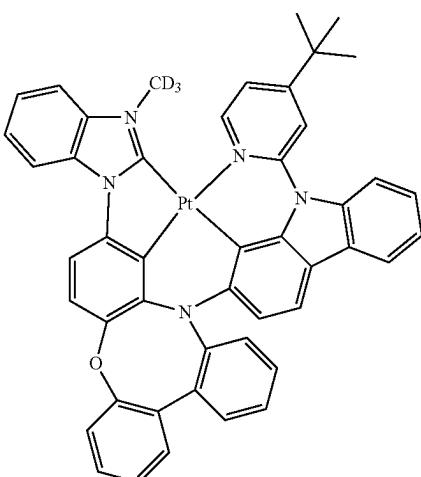
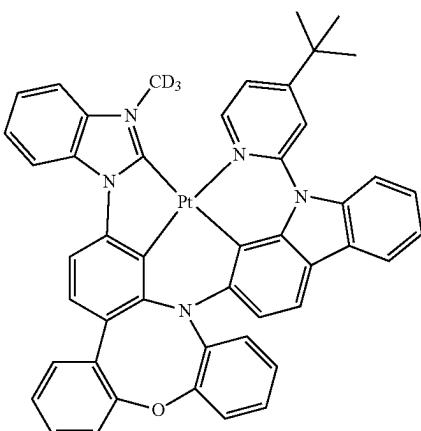


[0108] wherein:

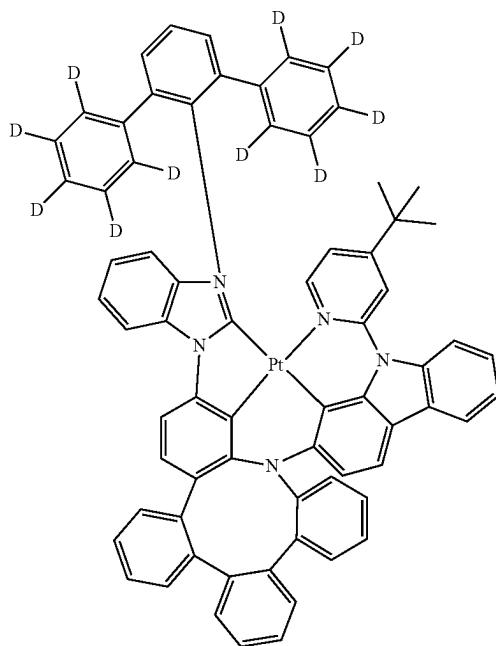
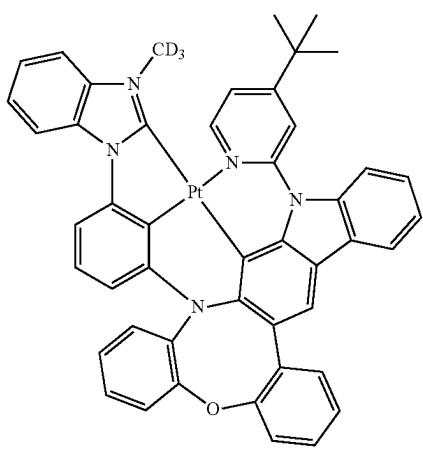
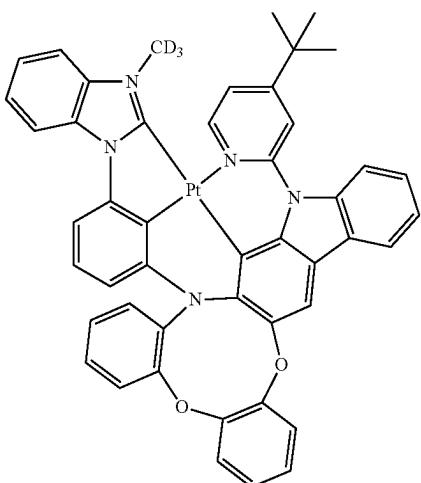
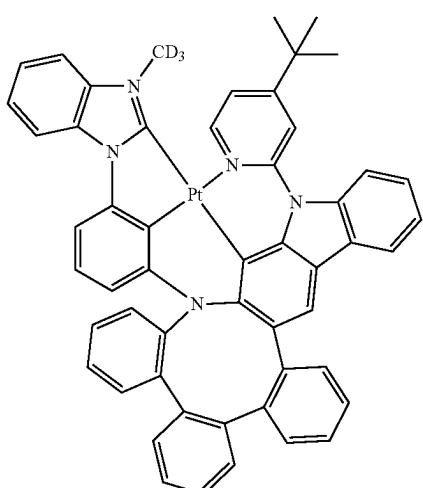
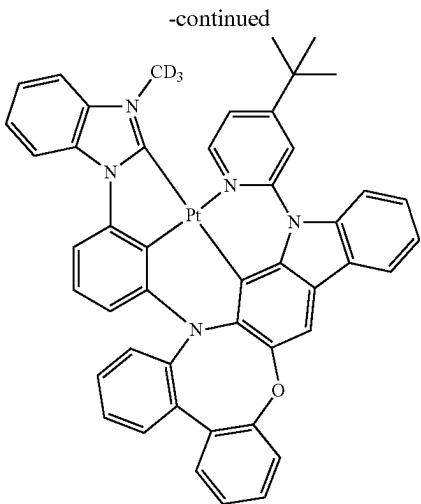
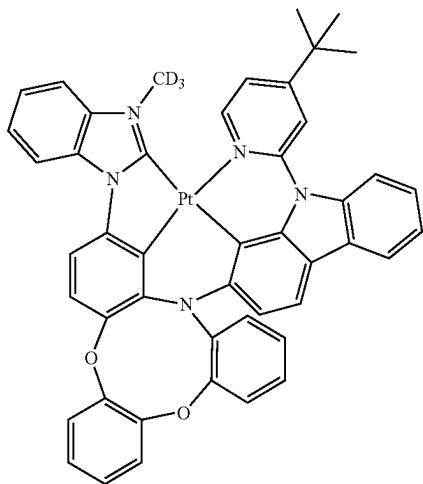
[0109] each of R, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof.

[0110] In some embodiments, R^{A1} is substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl. In some embodiments, R^{A1} is 2,6-disubstituted phenyl.

[0111] In some embodiments, R^{B3} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, partially or fully deuterated variants thereof, and combinations thereof. In some embodiments, R^{B3} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, partially or fully deuterated variants thereof, and combinations thereof. In some embodiments, R^{B3} is C₃-C₈ alkyl, which can be partially or fully deuterated.

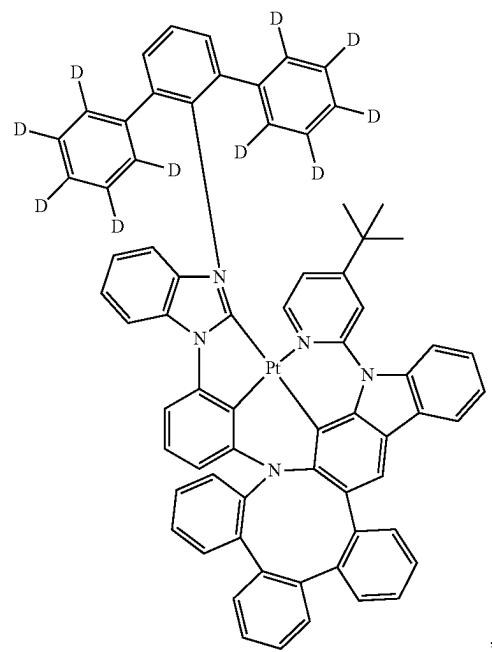
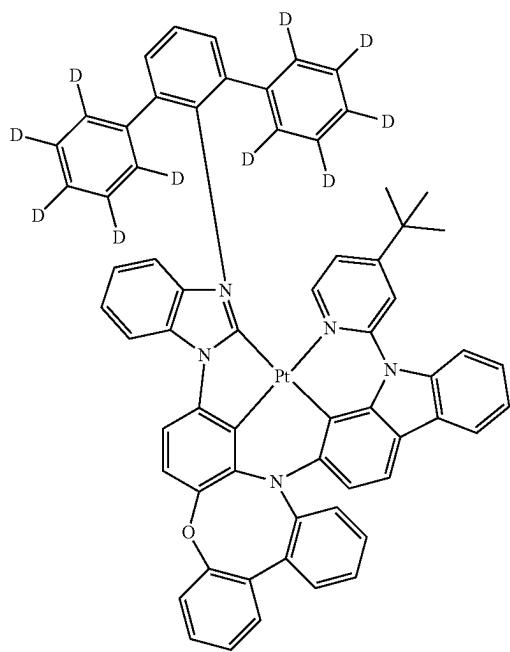
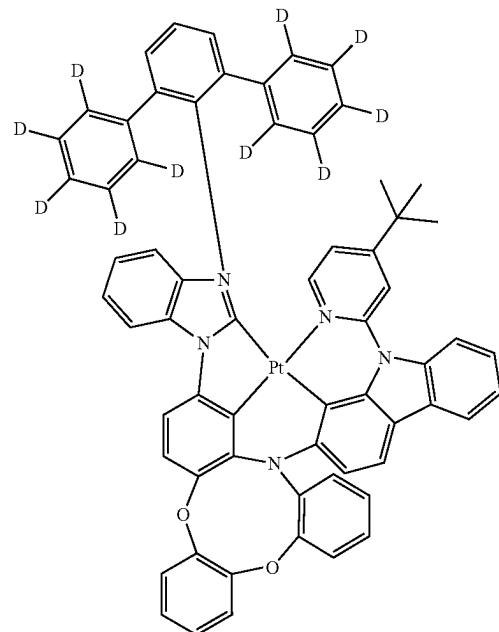
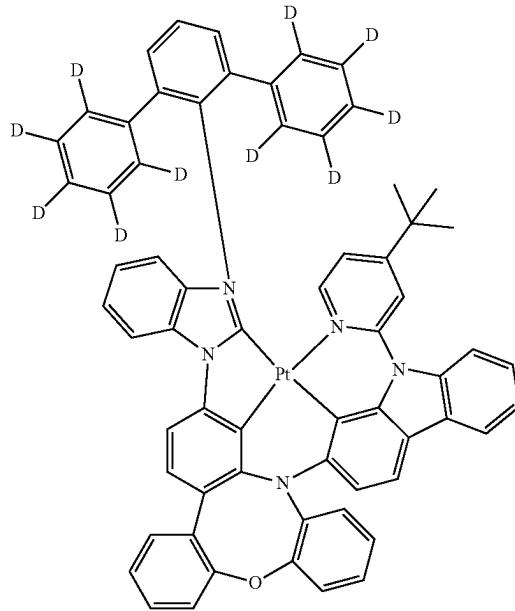


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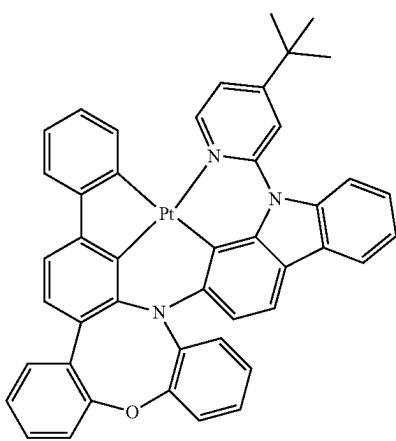
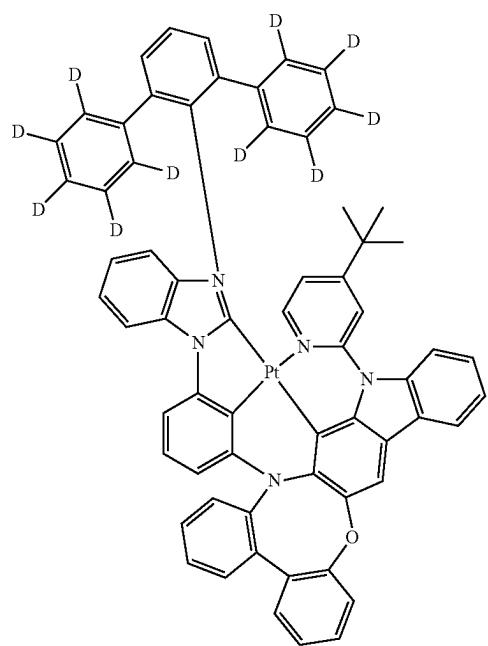
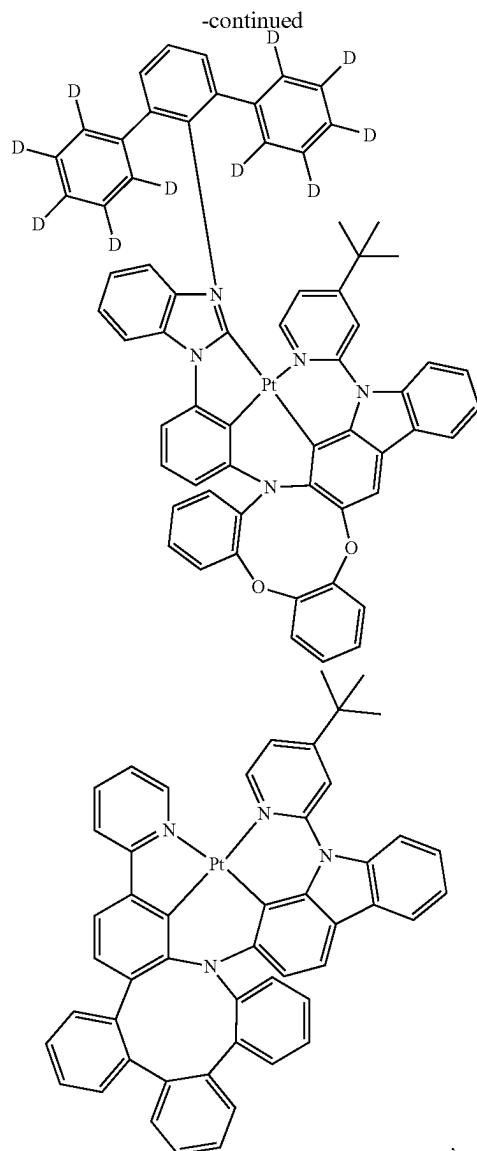
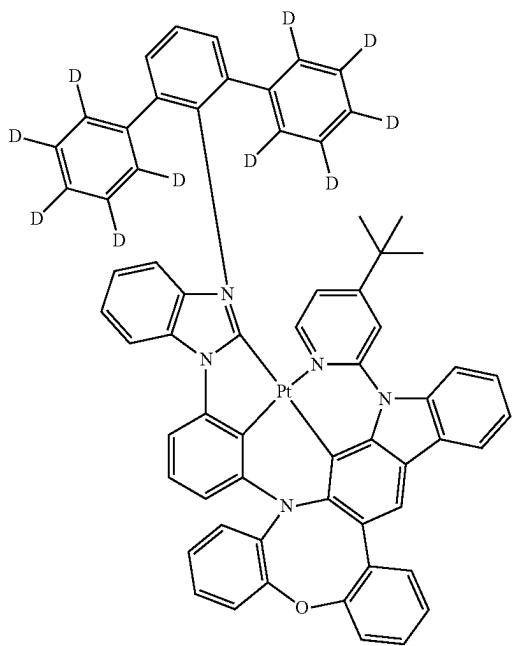


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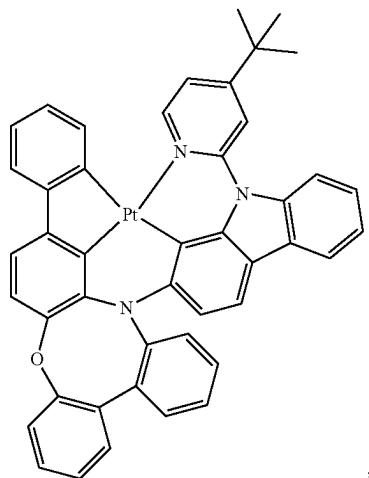
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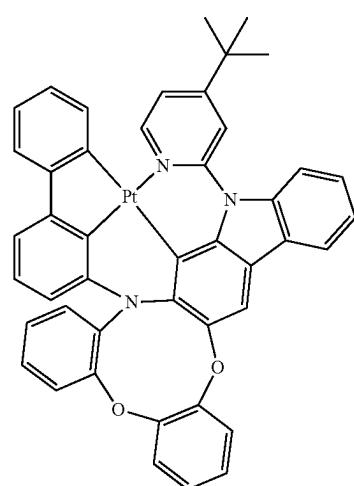
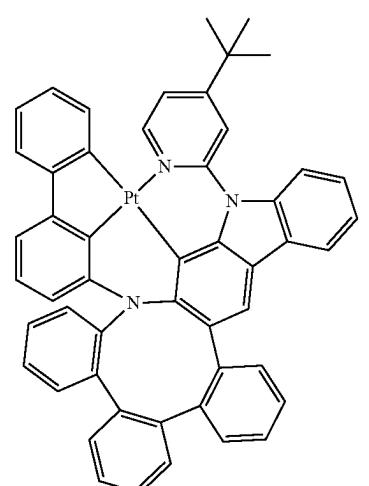
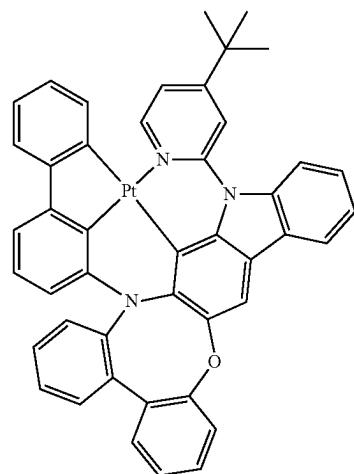
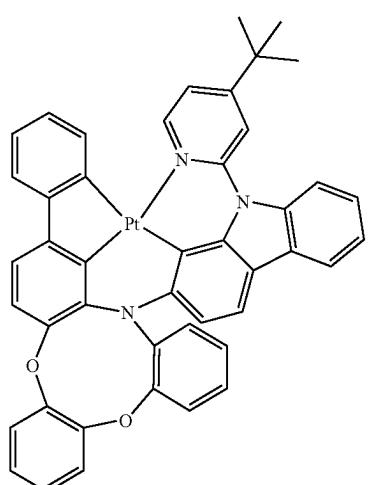
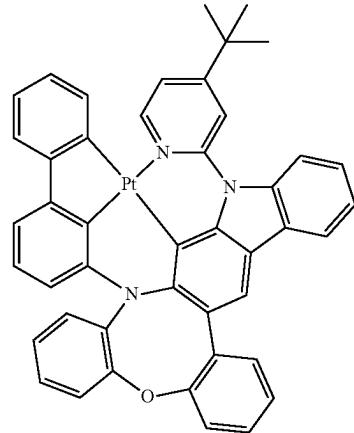
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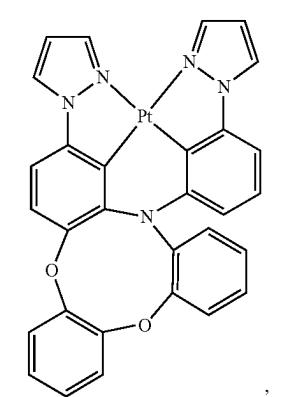
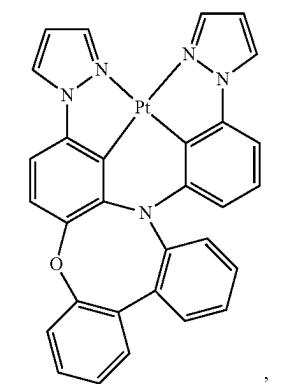
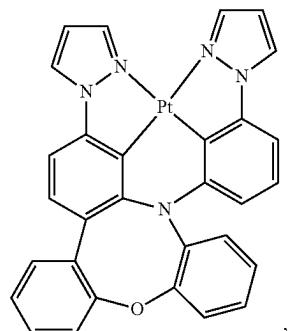
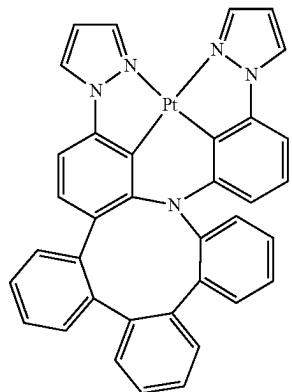
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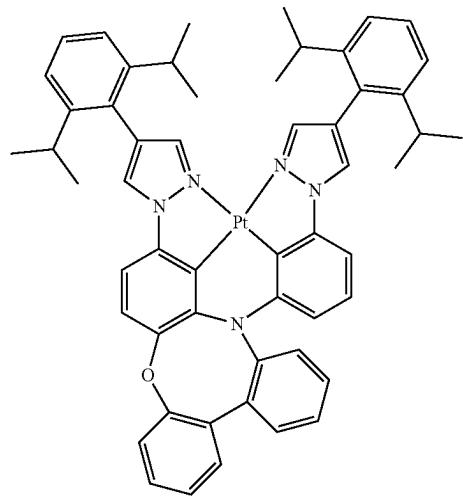
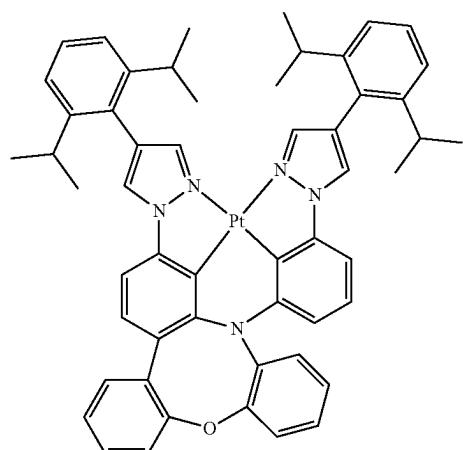
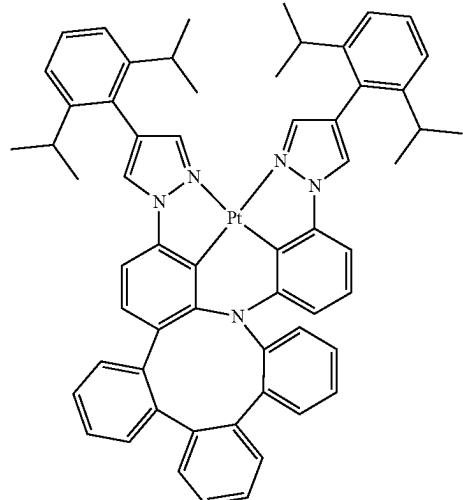
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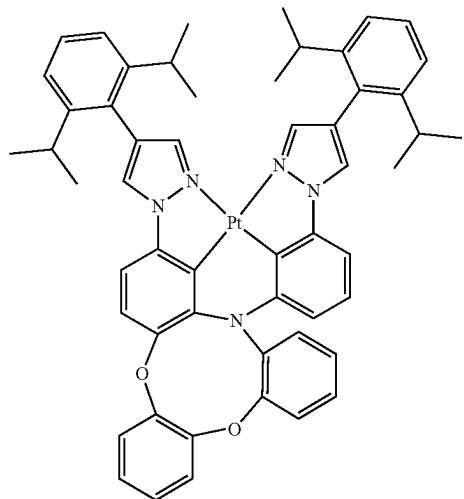
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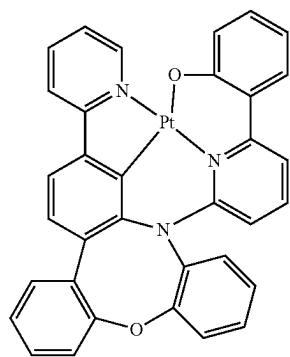
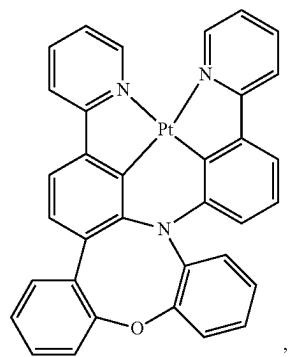
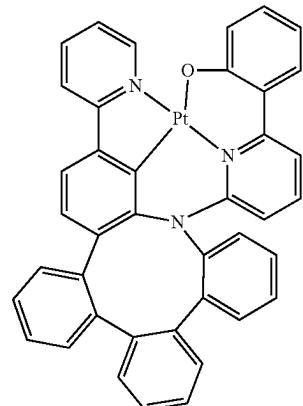
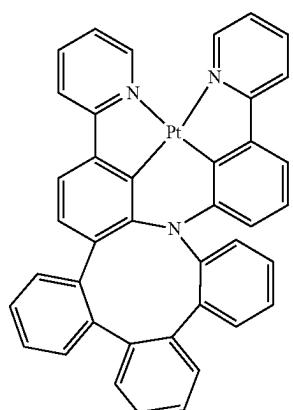
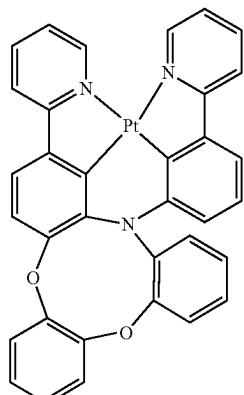
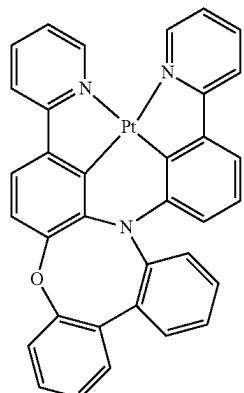
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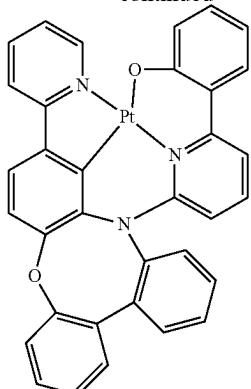
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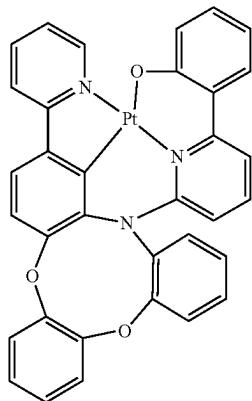
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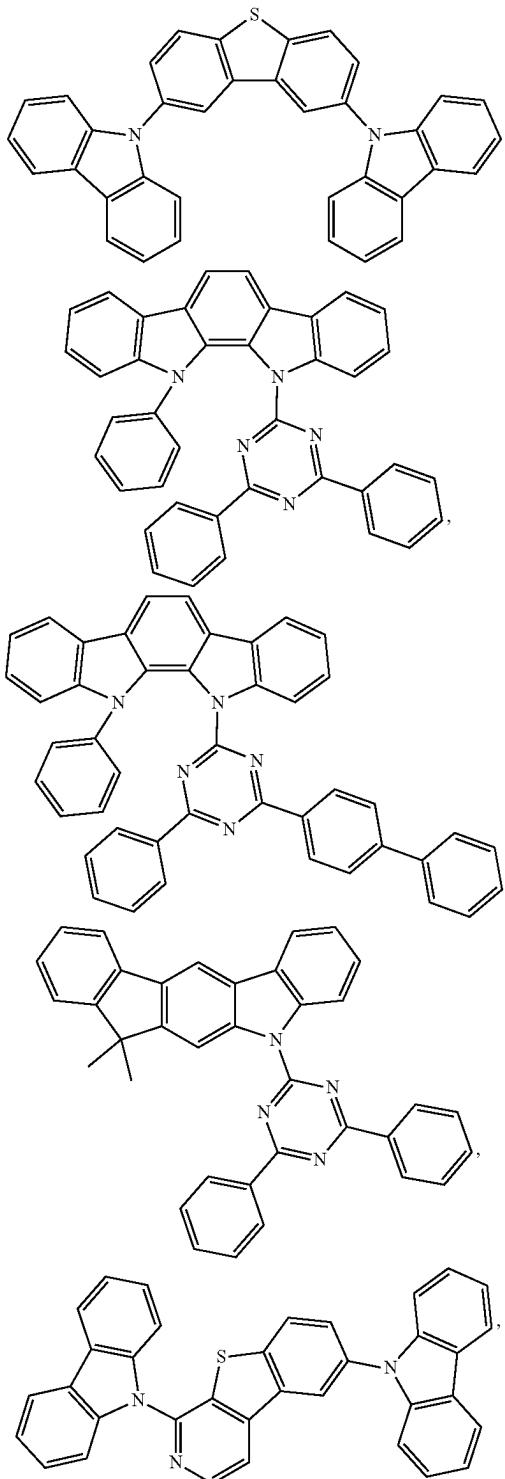


, and



zole, aza-indolocarbazole, aza-dibenzothiophene, aza-dibenzofuran, aza-dibenzoselenophene, and aza-(5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene).

[0118] In some embodiments, the host may be selected from the HOST Group consisting of:



C. The OLEDs and the Devices of the Present Disclosure

[0113] In another aspect, the present disclosure also provides an OLED device comprising a first organic layer that contains a compound as disclosed in the above compounds section of the present disclosure.

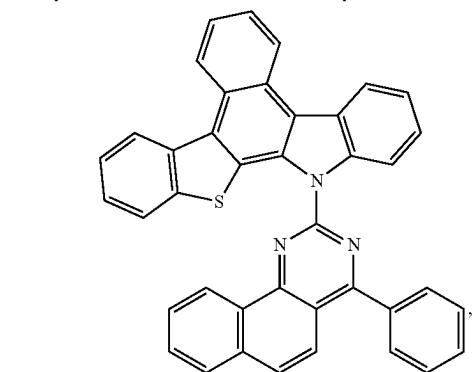
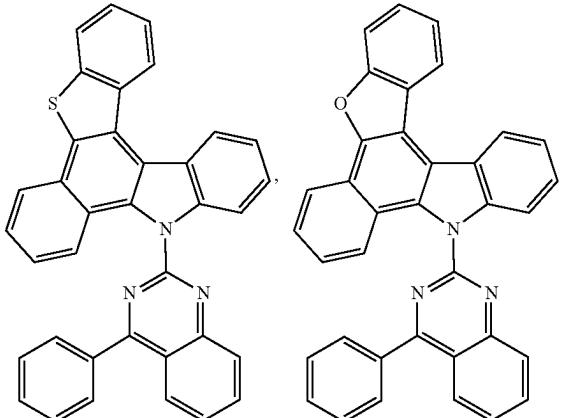
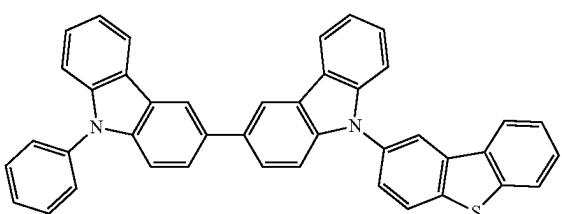
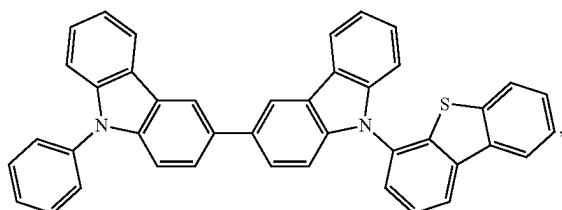
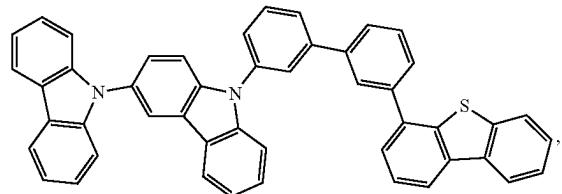
[0114] In some embodiments, the OLED comprises an anode, a cathode, and a first organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode. The first organic layer can comprise a compound of Formula I as described herein.

[0115] In some embodiments, the organic layer may be an emissive layer and the compound as described herein may be an emissive dopant or a non-emissive dopant.

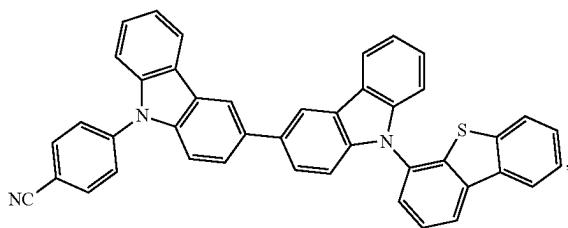
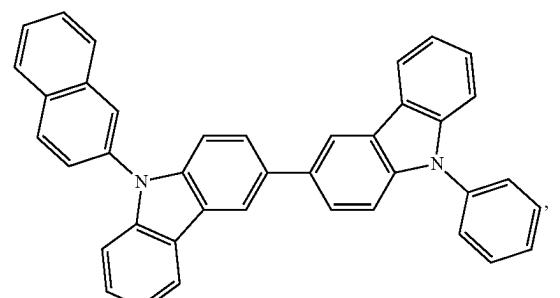
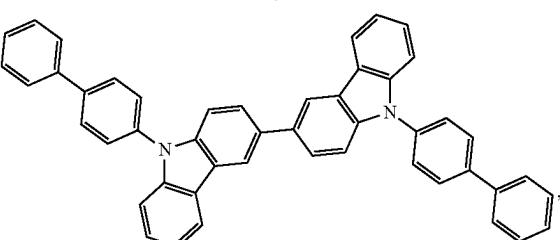
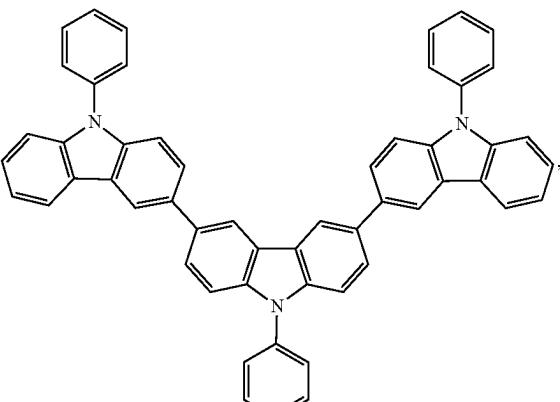
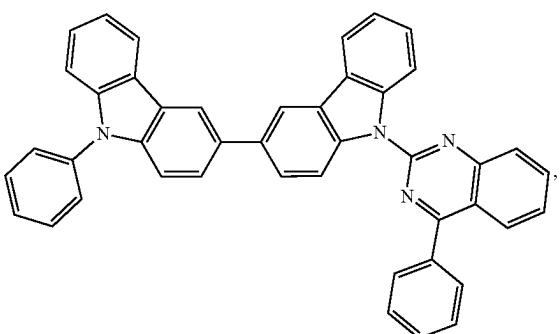
[0116] In some embodiments, the organic layer may further comprise a host, wherein the host comprises a triphenylene containing benzo-fused thiophene or benzo-fused furan, wherein any substituent in the host is an unfused substituent independently selected from the group consisting of C_nH_{2n+1} , OC_nH_{2n+1} , OAr_1 , $N(C_nH_{2n+1})_2$, $N(Ar_1)(Ar_2)$, $CH=CH-C_nH_{2n+1}$, $C\equiv CC_nH_{2n+1}$, Ar_1 , Ar_1-Ar_2 , $C_nH_{2n}-Ar_1$, or no substitution, wherein n is from 1 to 10; and wherein Ar_1 and Ar_2 are independently selected from the group consisting of benzene, biphenyl, naphthalene, triphenylene, carbazole, and heteroaromatic analogs thereof.

[0117] In some embodiments, the organic layer may further comprise a host, wherein host comprises at least one chemical group selected from the group consisting of triphenylene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, 5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene, aza-triphenylene, aza-carba-

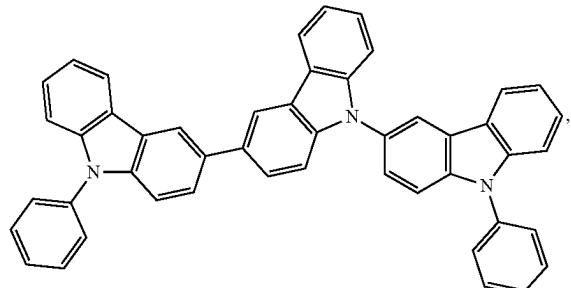
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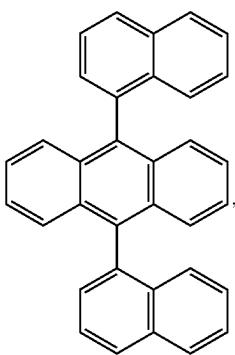
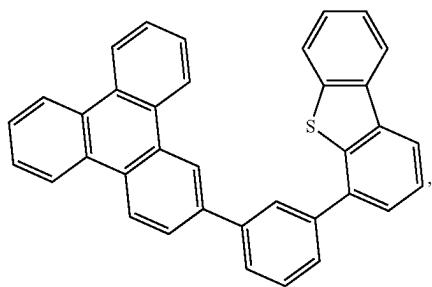
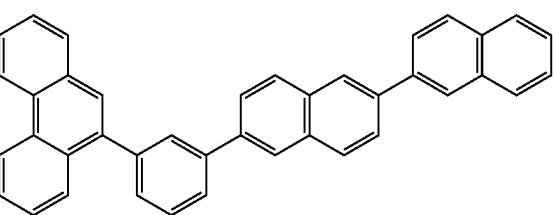
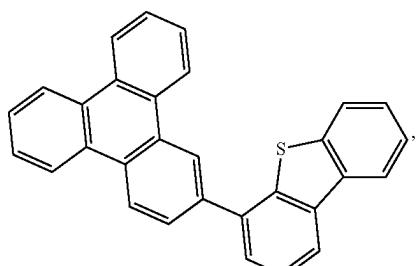
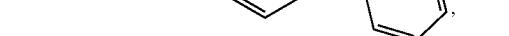
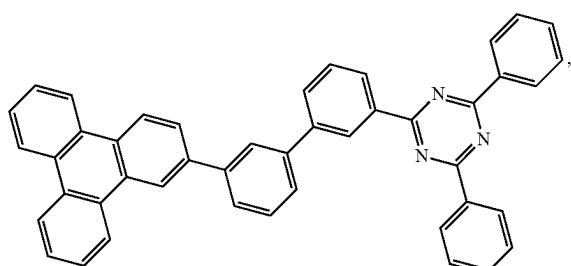
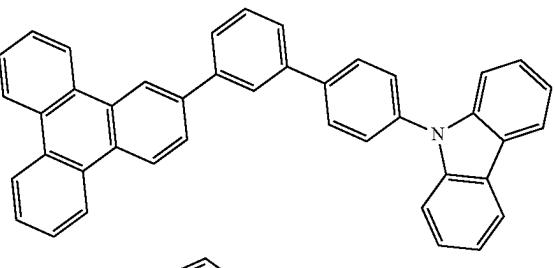
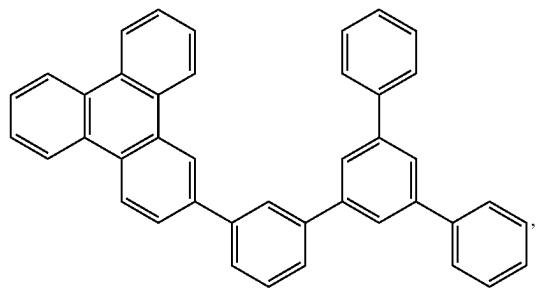
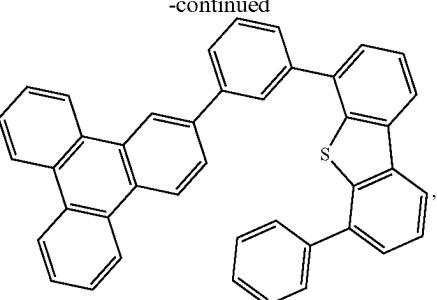
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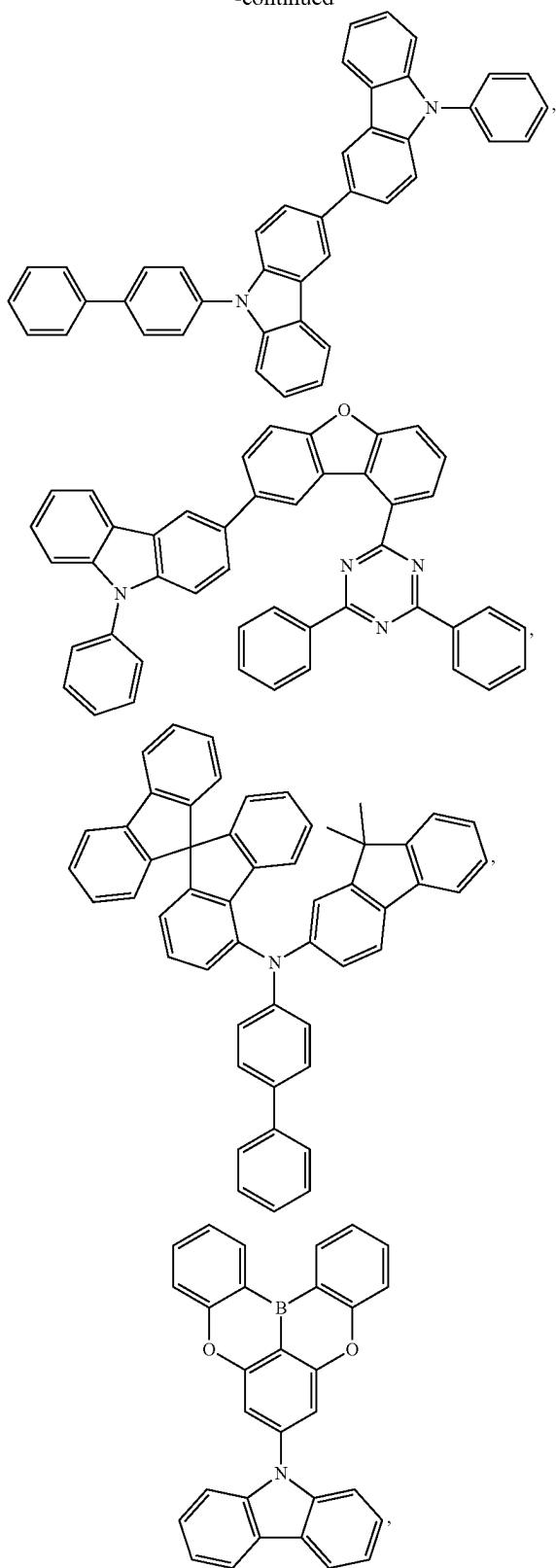
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and combinations thereof.

[0119] In some embodiments, the organic layer may further comprise a host, wherein the host comprises a metal complex.

[0120] In some embodiments, the compound as described herein may be a sensitizer; wherein the device may further comprise an acceptor; and wherein the acceptor may be selected from the group consisting of fluorescent emitter, delayed fluorescence emitter, and combination thereof.

[0121] In yet another aspect, the OLED of the present disclosure may also comprise an emissive region containing a compound as disclosed in the above compounds section of the present disclosure.

[0122] In some embodiments, the emissive region can comprise a compound of Formula I as described herein.

[0123] In some emissive region embodiments, the compound can be an emissive dopant or a non-emissive dopant.

[0124] In some emissive region embodiments, the emissive region further comprises a host, wherein the host contains at least one group selected from the group consisting of metal complex, triphenylene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, 5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene, aza-triphenylene, aza-carbazole, aza-indolocarbazole, aza-dibenzothiophene, aza-dibenzofuran, aza-dibenzoselenophene, and aza-(5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene). In some emissive region embodiments, the emissive region further comprises a host, wherein the host is selected from the Host Group defined above.

[0125] In some embodiments, at least one of the anode, the cathode, or a new layer disposed over the organic emissive layer functions as an enhancement layer. The enhancement layer comprises a plasmonic material exhibiting surface plasmon resonance that non-radiatively couples to the emitter material and transfers excited state energy from the emitter material to non-radiative mode of surface plasmon polariton. The enhancement layer is provided no more than a threshold distance away from the organic emissive layer, wherein the emitter material has a total non-radiative decay rate constant and a total radiative decay rate constant due to the presence of the enhancement layer and the threshold distance is where the total non-radiative decay rate constant is equal to the total radiative decay rate constant. In some embodiments, the OLED further comprises an outcoupling layer. In some embodiments, the outcoupling layer is disposed over the enhancement layer on the opposite side of the organic emissive layer. In some embodiments, the outcoupling layer is disposed on opposite side of the emissive layer from the enhancement layer but still outcouples energy from the surface plasmon mode of the enhancement layer. The outcoupling layer scatters the energy from the surface plasmon polaritons. In some embodiments this energy is scattered as photons to free space. In other embodiments, the energy is scattered from the surface plasmon mode into other modes of the device such as but not limited to the organic waveguide mode, the substrate mode, or another waveguiding mode. If energy is scattered to the non-free space mode of the OLED other outcoupling schemes could be incorporated to extract that energy to free space. In some embodiments, one or more intervening layer can be disposed between the enhancement layer and the outcoupling layer. The examples for intervening layer(s) can be dielectric materials, including organic, inorganic, perovskites, oxides, and may include stacks and/or mixtures of these materials.

[0126] The enhancement layer modifies the effective properties of the medium in which the emitter material resides resulting in any or all of the following: a decreased rate of emission, a modification of emission line-shape, a change in emission intensity with angle, a change in the stability of the emitter material, a change in the efficiency of the OLED, and reduced efficiency roll-off of the OLED device. Placement of the enhancement layer on the cathode side, anode side, or on both sides results in OLED devices which take advantage of any of the above-mentioned effects. In addition to the specific functional layers mentioned herein and illustrated in the various OLED examples shown in the figures, the OLEDs according to the present disclosure may include any of the other functional layers often found in OLEDs.

[0127] The enhancement layer can be comprised of plasmonic materials, optically active metamaterials, or hyperbolic metamaterials. As used herein, a plasmonic material is a material in which the real part of the dielectric constant crosses zero in the visible or ultraviolet region of the electromagnetic spectrum. In some embodiments, the plasmonic material includes at least one metal. In such embodiments the metal may include at least one of Ag, Al, Au, Ir, Pt, Ni, Cu, W, Ta, Fe, Cr, Mg, Ga, Rh, Ti, Ru, Pd, In, Bi, Ca alloys or mixtures of these materials, and stacks of these materials. In general, a metamaterial is a medium composed of different materials where the medium as a whole acts differently than the sum of its material parts. In particular, we define optically active metamaterials as materials which have both negative permittivity and negative permeability. Hyperbolic metamaterials, on the other hand, are anisotropic media in which the permittivity or permeability are of different sign for different spatial directions. Optically active metamaterials and hyperbolic metamaterials are strictly distinguished from many other photonic structures such as Distributed Bragg Reflectors (“DBRs”) in that the medium should appear uniform in the direction of propagation on the length scale of the wavelength of light. Using terminology that one skilled in the art can understand: the dielectric constant of the metamaterials in the direction of propagation can be described with the effective medium approximation. Plasmonic materials and metamaterials provide methods for controlling the propagation of light that can enhance OLED performance in a number of ways.

[0128] In some embodiments, the enhancement layer is provided as a planar layer. In other embodiments, the enhancement layer has wavelength-sized features that are arranged periodically, quasi-periodically, or randomly, or sub-wavelength-sized features that are arranged periodically, quasi-periodically, or randomly. In some embodiments, the wavelength-sized features and the sub-wavelength-sized features have sharp edges.

[0129] In some embodiments, the outcoupling layer has wavelength-sized features that are arranged periodically, quasi-periodically, or randomly, or sub-wavelength-sized features that are arranged periodically, quasi-periodically, or randomly. In some embodiments, the outcoupling layer may be composed of a plurality of nanoparticles and in other embodiments the outcoupling layer is composed of a plurality of nanoparticles disposed over a material. In these embodiments the outcoupling may be tunable by at least one of varying a size of the plurality of nanoparticles, varying a shape of the plurality of nanoparticles, changing a material of the plurality of nanoparticles, adjusting a thickness of the material, changing the refractive index of the material or an

additional layer disposed on the plurality of nanoparticles, varying a thickness of the enhancement layer, and/or varying the material of the enhancement layer. The plurality of nanoparticles of the device may be formed from at least one of metal, dielectric material, semiconductor materials, an alloy of metal, a mixture of dielectric materials, a stack or layering of one or more materials, and/or a core of one type of material and that is coated with a shell of a different type of material. In some embodiments, the outcoupling layer is composed of at least metal nanoparticles wherein the metal is selected from the group consisting of Ag, Al, Au, Ir, Pt, Ni, Cu, W, Ta, Fe, Cr, Mg, Ga, Rh, Ti, Ru, Pd, In, Bi, Ca, alloys or mixtures of these materials, and stacks of these materials. The plurality of nanoparticles may have additional layer disposed over them. In some embodiments, the polarization of the emission can be tuned using the outcoupling layer. Varying the dimensionality and periodicity of the outcoupling layer can select a type of polarization that is preferentially outcoupled to air. In some embodiments the outcoupling layer also acts as an electrode of the device.

[0130] In yet another aspect, the present disclosure also provides a consumer product comprising an organic light-emitting device (OLED) having an anode; a cathode; and an organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer may comprise a compound as disclosed in the above compounds section of the present disclosure.

[0131] In some embodiments, the consumer product comprises an OLED having an anode; a cathode; and an organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer can comprise a compound of Formula I as described herein.

[0132] In some embodiments, the consumer product can be one of a flat panel display, a computer monitor, a medical monitor, a television, a billboard, a light for interior or exterior illumination and/or signaling, a heads-up display, a fully or partially transparent display, a flexible display, a laser printer, a telephone, a cell phone, tablet, a phablet, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a wearable device, a laptop computer, a digital camera, a camcorder, a viewfinder, a micro-display that is less than 2 inches diagonal, a 3-D display, a virtual reality or augmented reality display, a vehicle, a video wall comprising multiple displays tiled together, a theater or stadium screen, a light therapy device, and a sign.

[0133] Generally, an OLED comprises at least one organic layer disposed between and electrically connected to an anode and a cathode. When a current is applied, the anode injects holes and the cathode injects electrons into the organic layer(s). The injected holes and electrons each migrate toward the oppositely charged electrode. When an electron and hole localize on the same molecule, an “exciton,” which is a localized electron-hole pair having an excited energy state, is formed. Light is emitted when the exciton relaxes via a photoemissive mechanism. In some cases, the exciton may be localized on an excimer or an exciplex. Non-radiative mechanisms, such as thermal relaxation, may also occur, but are generally considered undesirable.

[0134] Several OLED materials and configurations are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,844,363, 6,303,238, and 5,707,745, which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

[0135] The initial OLEDs used emissive molecules that emitted light from their singlet states (“fluorescence”) as disclosed, for example, in U.S. Pat. No. 4,769,292, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. Fluorescent emission generally occurs in a time frame of less than 10 nanoseconds.

[0136] More recently, OLEDs having emissive materials that emit light from triplet states (“phosphorescence”) have been demonstrated. Baldo et al., “Highly Efficient Phosphorescent Emission from Organic Electroluminescent Devices,” Nature, vol. 395, 151-154, 1998; (“Baldo-I”) and Baldo et al., “Very high-efficiency green organic light-emitting devices based on electrophosphorescence,” Appl. Phys. Lett., vol. 75, No. 3, 4-6 (1999) (“Baldo-II”), are incorporated by reference in their entireties. Phosphorescence is described in more detail in U.S. Pat. No. 7,279,704 at cols. 5-6, which are incorporated by reference.

[0137] FIG. 1 shows an organic light emitting device 100. The figures are not necessarily drawn to scale. Device 100 may include a substrate 110, an anode 115, a hole injection layer 120, a hole transport layer 125, an electron blocking layer 130, an emissive layer 135, a hole blocking layer 140, an electron transport layer 145, an electron injection layer 150, a protective layer 155, a cathode 160, and a barrier layer 170. Cathode 160 is a compound cathode having a first conductive layer 162 and a second conductive layer 164. Device 100 may be fabricated by depositing the layers described, in order. The properties and functions of these various layers, as well as example materials, are described in more detail in U.S. Pat. No. 7,279,704 at cols. 6-10, which are incorporated by reference.

[0138] More examples for each of these layers are available. For example, a flexible and transparent substrate-anode combination is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,844,363, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. An example of a p-doped hole transport layer is m-MTDATA doped with F₄-TCNQ at a molar ratio of 50:1, as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0230980, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. Examples of emissive and host materials are disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 6,303,238 to Thompson et al., which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. An example of an n-doped electron transport layer is BPhen doped with Li at a molar ratio of 1:1, as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0230980, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,703,436 and 5,707,745, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties, disclose examples of cathodes including compound cathodes having a thin layer of metal such as Mg: Ag with an overlying transparent, electrically-conductive, sputter-deposited ITO layer. The theory and use of blocking layers is described in more detail in U.S. Pat. No. 6,097,147 and U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0230980, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties. Examples of injection layers are provided in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0174116, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. A description of protective layers may be found in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0174116, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0139] FIG. 2 shows an inverted OLED 200. The device includes a substrate 210, a cathode 215, an emissive layer 220, a hole transport layer 225, and an anode 230. Device 200 may be fabricated by depositing the layers described, in order. Because the most common OLED configuration has a

cathode disposed over the anode, and device 200 has cathode 215 disposed under anode 230, device 200 may be referred to as an “inverted” OLED. Materials similar to those described with respect to device 100 may be used in the corresponding layers of device 200. FIG. 2 provides one example of how some layers may be omitted from the structure of device 100.

[0140] The simple layered structure illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2 is provided by way of non-limiting example, and it is understood that embodiments of the present disclosure may be used in connection with a wide variety of other structures. The specific materials and structures described are exemplary in nature, and other materials and structures may be used. Functional OLEDs may be achieved by combining the various layers described in different ways, or layers may be omitted entirely, based on design, performance, and cost factors. Other layers not specifically described may also be included. Materials other than those specifically described may be used. Although many of the examples provided herein describe various layers as comprising a single material, it is understood that combinations of materials, such as a mixture of host and dopant, or more generally a mixture, may be used. Also, the layers may have various sublayers. The names given to the various layers herein are not intended to be strictly limiting. For example, in device 200, hole transport layer 225 transports holes and injects holes into emissive layer 220, and may be described as a hole transport layer or a hole injection layer. In one embodiment, an OLED may be described as having an “organic layer” disposed between a cathode and an anode. This organic layer may comprise a single layer, or may further comprise multiple layers of different organic materials as described, for example, with respect to FIGS. 1 and 2.

[0141] Structures and materials not specifically described may also be used, such as OLEDs comprised of polymeric materials (PLEDs) such as disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,247,190 to Friend et al., which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. By way of further example, OLEDs having a single organic layer may be used. OLEDs may be stacked, for example as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,707,745 to Forrest et al., which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The OLED structure may deviate from the simple layered structure illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2. For example, the substrate may include an angled reflective surface to improve out-coupling, such as a mesa structure as described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,091,195 to Forrest et al., and/or a pit structure as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,834,893 to Bulovic et al., which are incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0142] Unless otherwise specified, any of the layers of the various embodiments may be deposited by any suitable method. For the organic layers, preferred methods include thermal evaporation, ink-jet, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,013,982 and 6,087,196, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties, organic vapor phase deposition (OVPD), such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,337,102 to Forrest et al., which is incorporated by reference in its entirety, and deposition by organic vapor jet printing (OVJP), such as described in U.S. Pat. No. 7,431,968, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. Other suitable deposition methods include spin coating and other solution based processes. Solution based processes are preferably carried out in nitrogen or an inert atmosphere. For the other layers, preferred methods include thermal evaporation. Preferred patterning methods include deposition through a

mask, cold welding such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,294,398 and 6,468,819, which are incorporated by reference in their entireties, and patterning associated with some of the deposition methods such as ink-jet and organic vapor jet printing (OVJP). Other methods may also be used. The materials to be deposited may be modified to make them compatible with a particular deposition method. For example, substituents such as alkyl and aryl groups, branched or unbranched, and preferably containing at least 3 carbons, may be used in small molecules to enhance their ability to undergo solution processing. Substituents having 20 carbons or more may be used, and 3-20 carbons are a preferred range. Materials with asymmetric structures may have better solution processability than those having symmetric structures, because asymmetric materials may have a lower tendency to recrystallize. Dendrimer substituents may be used to enhance the ability of small molecules to undergo solution processing.

[0143] Devices fabricated in accordance with embodiments of the present disclosure may further optionally comprise a barrier layer. One purpose of the barrier layer is to protect the electrodes and organic layers from damaging exposure to harmful species in the environment including moisture, vapor and/or gases, etc. The barrier layer may be deposited over, under or next to a substrate, an electrode, or over any other parts of a device including an edge. The barrier layer may comprise a single layer, or multiple layers. The barrier layer may be formed by various known chemical vapor deposition techniques and may include compositions having a single phase as well as compositions having multiple phases. Any suitable material or combination of materials may be used for the barrier layer. The barrier layer may incorporate an inorganic or an organic compound or both. The preferred barrier layer comprises a mixture of a polymeric material and a non-polymeric material as described in U.S. Pat. No. 7,968,146, PCT Pat. Application Nos. PCT/US2007/023098 and PCT/US2009/042829, which are herein incorporated by reference in their entireties. To be considered a "mixture", the aforesaid polymeric and non-polymeric materials comprising the barrier layer should be deposited under the same reaction conditions and/or at the same time. The weight ratio of polymeric to non-polymeric material may be in the range of 95:5 to 5:95. The polymeric material and the non-polymeric material may be created from the same precursor material. In one example, the mixture of a polymeric material and a non-polymeric material consists essentially of polymeric silicon and inorganic silicon.

[0144] Devices fabricated in accordance with embodiments of the present disclosure can be incorporated into a wide variety of electronic component modules (or units) that can be incorporated into a variety of electronic products or intermediate components. Examples of such electronic products or intermediate components include display screens, lighting devices such as discrete light source devices or lighting panels, etc. that can be utilized by the end-user product manufacturers. Such electronic component modules can optionally include the driving electronics and/or power source(s). Devices fabricated in accordance with embodiments of the present disclosure can be incorporated into a wide variety of consumer products that have one or more of the electronic component modules (or units) incorporated therein. A consumer product comprising an OLED that includes the compound of the present disclosure in the

organic layer in the OLED is disclosed. Such consumer products would include any kind of products that include one or more light source(s) and/or one or more of some type of visual displays. Some examples of such consumer products include flat panel displays, curved displays, computer monitors, medical monitors, televisions, billboards, lights for interior or exterior illumination and/or signaling, heads-up displays, fully or partially transparent displays, flexible displays, rollable displays, foldable displays, stretchable displays, laser printers, telephones, mobile phones, tablets, phablets, personal digital assistants (PDAs), wearable devices, laptop computers, digital cameras, camcorders, viewfinders, micro-displays (displays that are less than 2 inches diagonal), 3-D displays, virtual reality or augmented reality displays, vehicles, video walls comprising multiple displays tiled together, theater or stadium screen, a light therapy device, and a sign. Various control mechanisms may be used to control devices fabricated in accordance with the present disclosure, including passive matrix and active matrix. Many of the devices are intended for use in a temperature range comfortable to humans, such as 18 degrees C. to 30 degrees C., and more preferably at room temperature (20-25° C.), but could be used outside this temperature range, for example, from -40 degree C. to +80° C.

[0145] More details on OLEDs, and the definitions described above, can be found in U.S. Pat. No. 7,279,704, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0146] The materials and structures described herein may have applications in devices other than OLEDs. For example, other optoelectronic devices such as organic solar cells and organic photodetectors may employ the materials and structures. More generally, organic devices, such as organic transistors, may employ the materials and structures.

[0147] In some embodiments, the OLED has one or more characteristics selected from the group consisting of being flexible, being rollable, being foldable, being stretchable, and being curved. In some embodiments, the OLED is transparent or semi-transparent. In some embodiments, the OLED further comprises a layer comprising carbon nanotubes.

[0148] In some embodiments, the OLED further comprises a layer comprising a delayed fluorescent emitter. In some embodiments, the OLED comprises a RGB pixel arrangement or white plus color filter pixel arrangement. In some embodiments, the OLED is a mobile device, a hand held device, or a wearable device. In some embodiments, the OLED is a display panel having less than 10 inch diagonal or 50 square inch area. In some embodiments, the OLED is a display panel having at least 10 inch diagonal or 50 square inch area. In some embodiments, the OLED is a lighting panel.

[0149] In some embodiments, the compound can be an emissive dopant. In some embodiments, the compound can produce emissions via phosphorescence, fluorescence, thermally activated delayed fluorescence, i.e., TADF (also referred to as E-type delayed fluorescence; see, e.g., U.S. application Ser. No. 15/700,352, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety), triplet-triplet annihilation, or combinations of these processes. In some embodiments, the emissive dopant can be a racemic mixture, or can be enriched in one enantiomer. In some embodiments, the compound can be homoleptic (each ligand is the same). In some embodiments, the compound can be heteroleptic (at

least one ligand is different from others). When there are more than one ligand coordinated to a metal, the ligands can all be the same in some embodiments. In some other embodiments, at least one ligand is different from the other ligands. In some embodiments, every ligand can be different from each other. This is also true in embodiments where a ligand being coordinated to a metal can be linked with other ligands being coordinated to that metal to form a tridentate, tetradeinate, pentadentate, or hexadentate ligands. Thus, where the coordinating ligands are being linked together, all of the ligands can be the same in some embodiments, and at least one of the ligands being linked can be different from the other ligand(s) in some other embodiments.

[0150] In some embodiments, the compound can be used as a phosphorescent sensitizer in an OLED where one or multiple layers in the OLED contains an acceptor in the form of one or more fluorescent and/or delayed fluorescence emitters. In some embodiments, the compound can be used as one component of an exciplex to be used as a sensitizer. As a phosphorescent sensitizer, the compound must be capable of energy transfer to the acceptor and the acceptor will emit the energy or further transfer energy to a final emitter. The acceptor concentrations can range from 0.001% to 100%. The acceptor could be in either the same layer as the phosphorescent sensitizer or in one or more different layers. In some embodiments, the acceptor is a TADF emitter. In some embodiments, the acceptor is a fluorescent emitter. In some embodiments, the emission can arise from any or all of the sensitizer, acceptor, and final emitter.

[0151] According to another aspect, a formulation comprising the compound described herein is also disclosed.

[0152] The OLED disclosed herein can be incorporated into one or more of a consumer product, an electronic component module, and a lighting panel. The organic layer can be an emissive layer and the compound can be an emissive dopant in some embodiments, while the compound can be a non-emissive dopant in other embodiments.

[0153] In yet another aspect of the present disclosure, a formulation that comprises the novel compound disclosed herein is described. The formulation can include one or more components selected from the group consisting of a solvent, a host, a hole injection material, hole transport material, electron blocking material, hole blocking material, and an electron transport material, disclosed herein.

[0154] The present disclosure encompasses any chemical structure comprising the novel compound of the present disclosure, or a monovalent or polyvalent variant thereof. In other words, the inventive compound, or a monovalent or polyvalent variant thereof, can be a part of a larger chemical structure. Such chemical structure can be selected from the group consisting of a monomer, a polymer, a macromolecule, and a supramolecule (also known as supermolecule). As used herein, a “monovalent variant of a compound” refers to a moiety that is identical to the compound except that one hydrogen has been removed and replaced with a bond to the rest of the chemical structure. As used herein, a “polyvalent variant of a compound” refers to a moiety that is identical to the compound except that more than one hydrogen has been removed and replaced with a bond or bonds to the rest of the chemical structure. In the instance of a supramolecule, the inventive compound can also be incorporated into the supramolecule complex without covalent bonds.

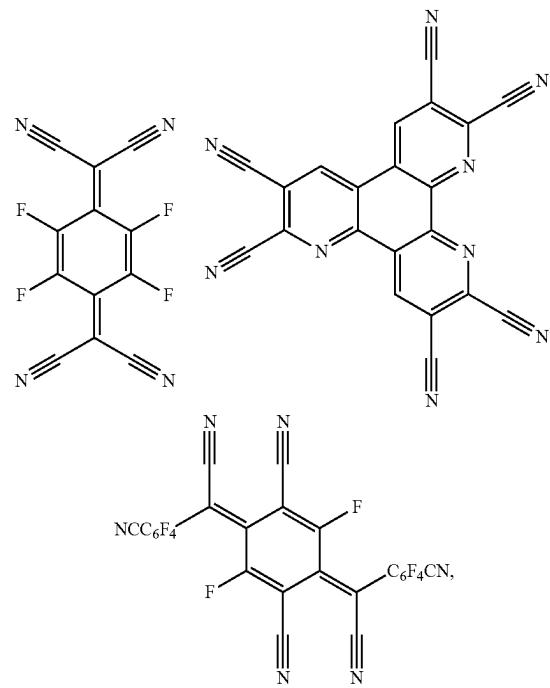
D. Combination of the Compounds of the Present Disclosure with Other Materials

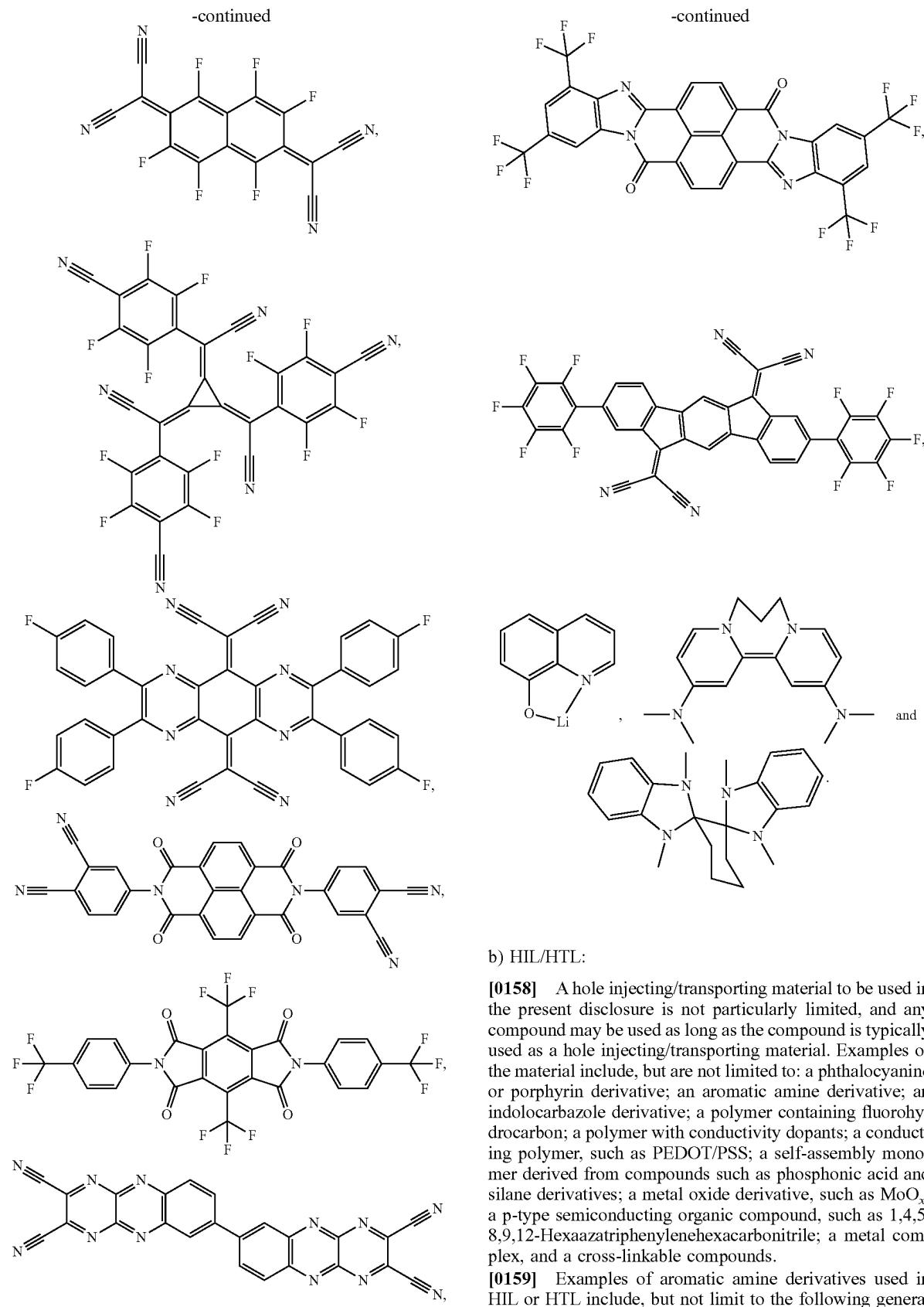
[0155] The materials described herein as useful for a particular layer in an organic light emitting device may be used in combination with a wide variety of other materials present in the device. For example, emissive dopants disclosed herein may be used in conjunction with a wide variety of hosts, transport layers, blocking layers, injection layers, electrodes and other layers that may be present. The materials described or referred to below are non-limiting examples of materials that may be useful in combination with the compounds disclosed herein, and one of skill in the art can readily consult the literature to identify other materials that may be useful in combination.

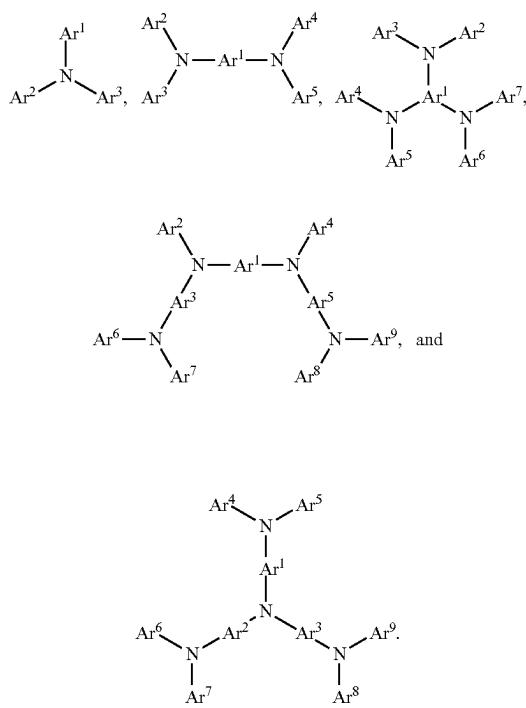
a) Conductivity Dopants:

[0156] A charge transport layer can be doped with conductivity dopants to substantially alter its density of charge carriers, which will in turn alter its conductivity. The conductivity is increased by generating charge carriers in the matrix material, and depending on the type of dopant, a change in the Fermi level of the semiconductor may also be achieved. Hole-transporting layer can be doped by p-type conductivity dopants and n-type conductivity dopants are used in the electron-transporting layer.

[0157] Non-limiting examples of the conductivity dopants that may be used in an OLED in combination with materials disclosed herein are exemplified below together with references that disclose those materials: EP01617493, EP01968131, EP2020694, EP2684932, US20050139810, US20070160905, US20090167167, US2010288362, WO06081780, WO2009003455, WO2009008277, WO2009011327, WO2014009310, US2007252140, US2015060804, US20150123047, and US2012146012.

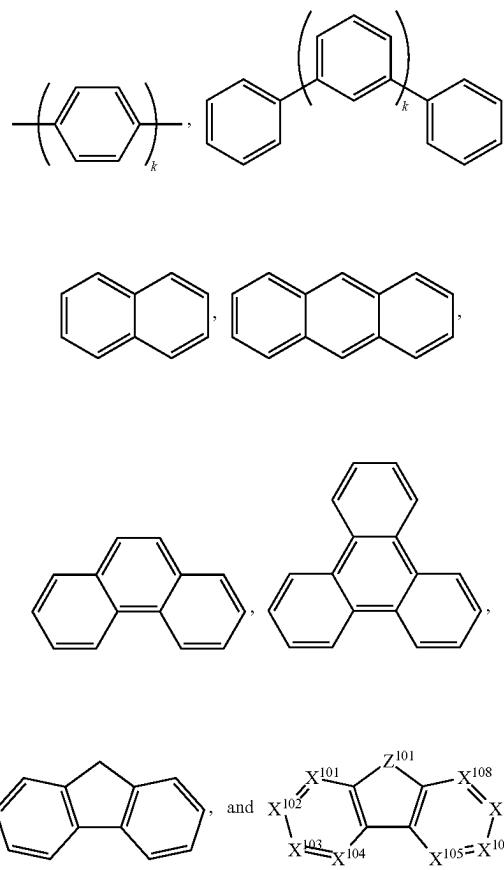






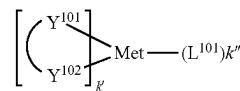
[0160] Each of Ar¹ to Ar⁹ is selected from the group consisting of aromatic hydrocarbon cyclic compounds such as benzene, biphenyl, triphenyl, triphenylene, naphthalene, anthracene, phenalene, phenanthrene, fluorene, pyrene, chrysene, perylene, and azulene; the group consisting of aromatic heterocyclic compounds such as dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, furan, thiophene, benzofuran, benzothiophene, benzoselenophene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, pyridylindole, pyrrolodipyridine, pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, oxazole, thiazole, oxadiazole, oxatriazole, dioxazole, thiadiazole, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, triazine, oxazine, oxathiazine, oxadiazine, indole, benzimidazole, indazole, indoxazine, benzoxazole, benzisoxazole, benzothiazole, quinoline, isoquinoline, cinnoline, quinazoline, quinoxaline, naphthyridine, phthalazine, pteridine, xanthene, acridine, phenazine, phenothiazine, phenoxazine, benzofuropyrpyridine, furodipyridine, benzothienopyridine, thienodipyridine, benzoselenophenopyridine, and selenophenodipyridine; and the group consisting of 2 to 10 cyclic structural units which are groups of the same type or different types selected from the aromatic hydrocarbon cyclic group and the aromatic heterocyclic group and are bonded to each other directly or via at least one of oxygen atom, nitrogen atom, sulfur atom, silicon atom, phosphorus atom, boron atom, chain structural unit and the aliphatic cyclic group. Each Ar may be unsubstituted or may be substituted by a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acids, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, and combinations thereof.

[0161] In one aspect, Ar¹ to Ar⁹ is independently selected from the group consisting of:



wherein k is an integer from 1 to 20; X¹⁰¹ to X¹⁰⁸ is C (including CH) or N; Z¹⁰¹ is NAr¹, O, or S; Ar¹ has the same group defined above.

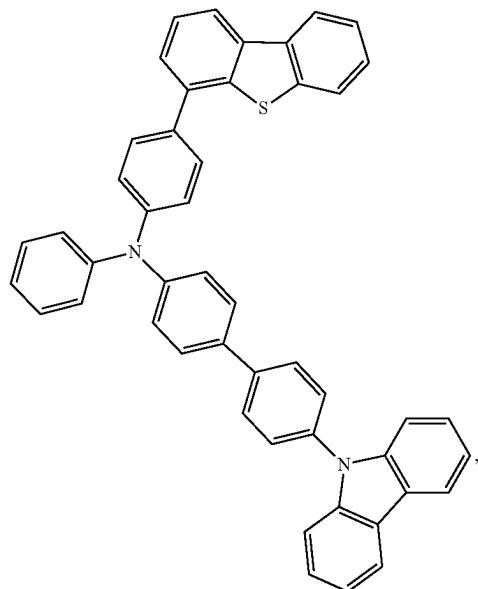
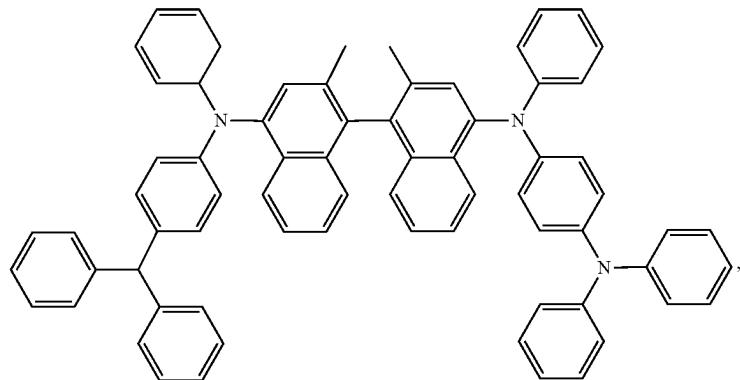
[0162] Examples of metal complexes used in HIL or HTL include, but are not limited to the following general formula:



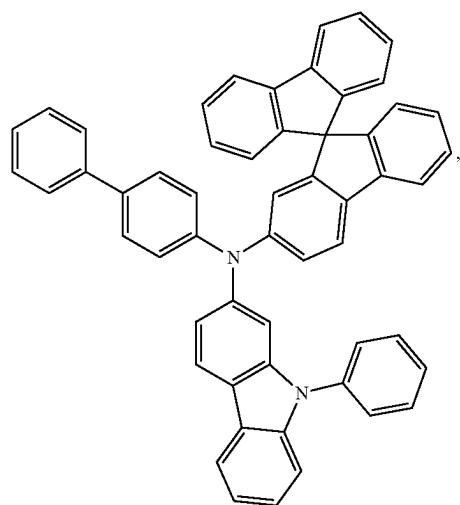
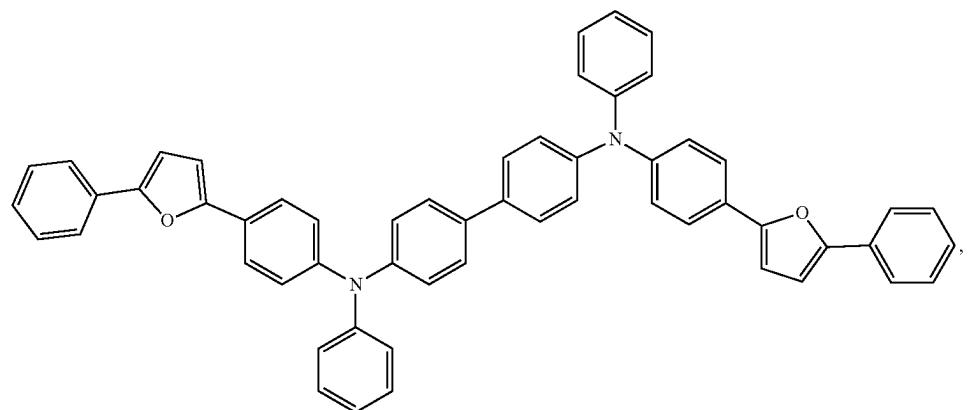
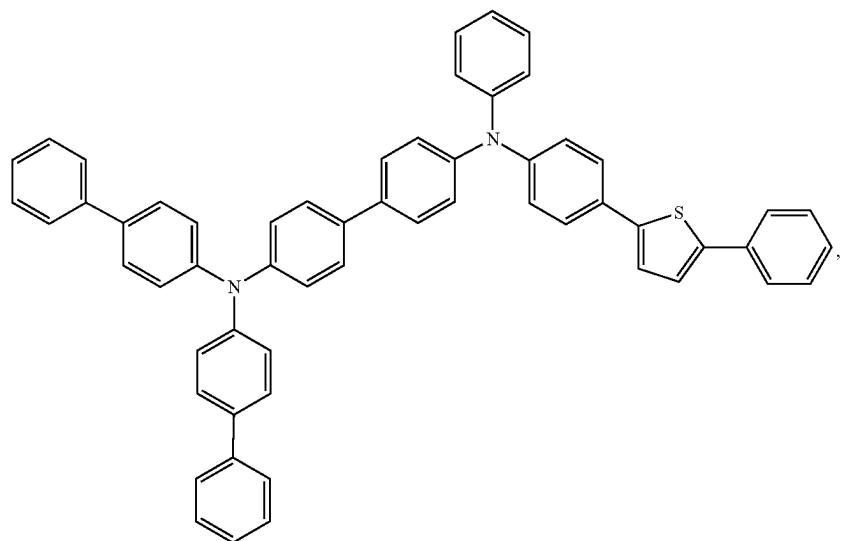
wherein Met is a metal, which can have an atomic weight greater than 40; (Y¹⁰¹-Y¹⁰²) is a bidentate ligand, Y¹⁰¹ and Y¹⁰² are independently selected from C, N, O, P, and S; L¹⁰¹ is an ancillary ligand; k' is an integer value from 1 to the maximum number of ligands that may be attached to the metal; and k'+k'' is the maximum number of ligands that may be attached to the metal.

[0163] In one aspect, (Y¹⁰¹-Y¹⁰²) is a 2-phenylpyridine derivative. In another aspect, (Y¹⁰¹-Y¹⁰²) is a carbene ligand. In another aspect, Met is selected from Ir, Pt, Os, and Zn. In a further aspect, the metal complex has a smallest oxidation potential in solution vs. Fc⁺/Fc couple less than about 0.6 V.

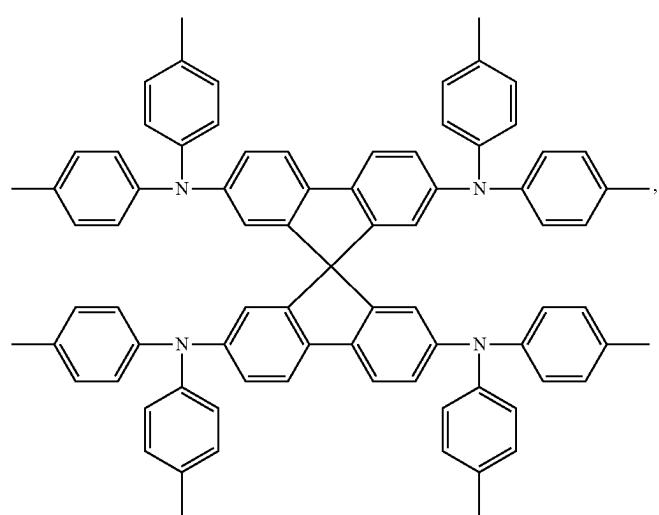
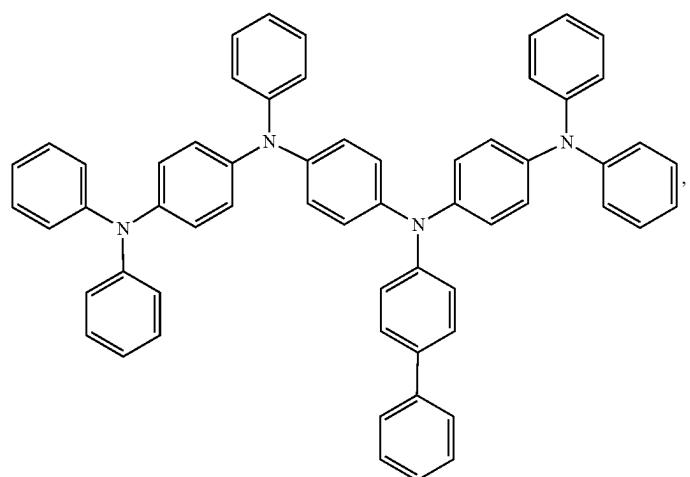
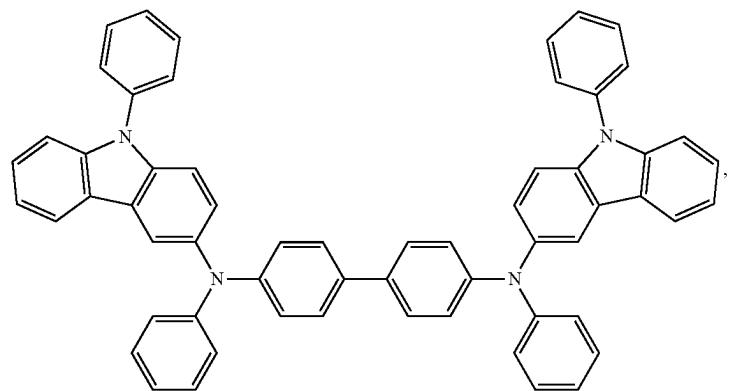
[0164] Non-limiting examples of the HIL and HTL materials that may be used in an OLED in combination with materials disclosed herein are exemplified below together with references that disclose those materials: CN102702075, DE10212005215, EP01624500, EP01698613, EP01806334, EP01930964, EP01972613, EP01997799, EP02011790, EP02055700, EP02055701, EP1725079, EP2085382, EP2660300, EP650955, JP07-073529, JP2005112765, JP2007091719, JP2008021687, JP2014-009196, KR20110088898, KR20130077473, TW201139402, U.S. Pat. No. 6,517,957, US20020158242, US20030162053, US20050123751, US20060182993, US20060240279, US20070145888, US20070181874, US20070278938, US20080014464, US20080091025, US20080106190, US20080124572, US20080145707, US20080220265, US20080233434, US20080303417, US2008107919, US20090115320, US20090167161, US2009066235, US2011007385, US20110163302, US2011240968, US2011278551, US2012205642, US2013241401, US20140117329, US2014183517, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,061,569, 5,639,914, WO05075451, WO07125714, WO08023550, WO08023759, WO2009145016, WO2010061824, WO2011075644, WO2012177006, WO2013018530, WO2013039073, WO2013087142, WO2013118812, WO2013120577, WO2013157367, WO2013175747, WO2014002873, WO2014015935, WO2014015937, WO2014030872, WO2014034791, WO2014104514, WO2014157018.



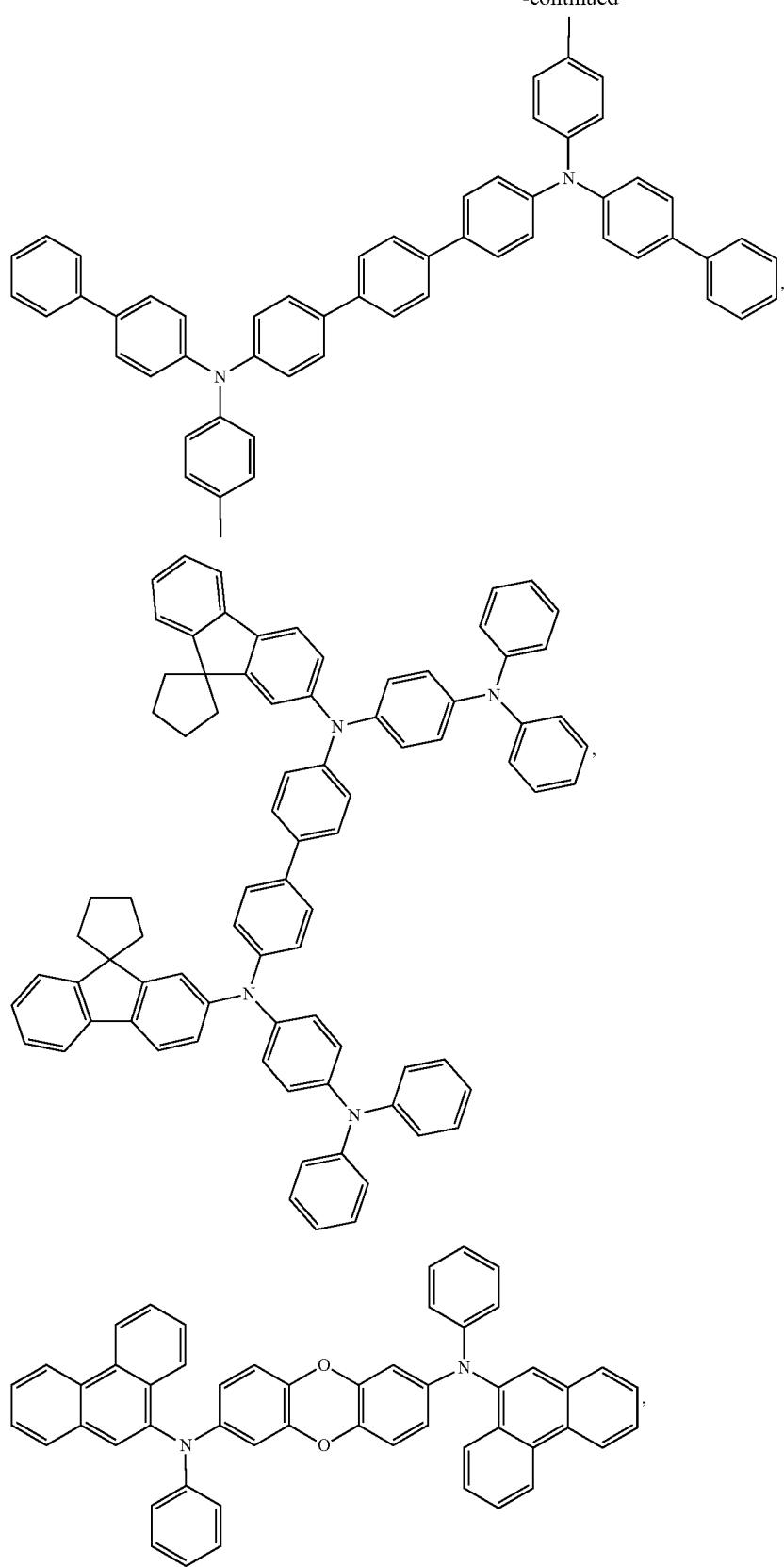
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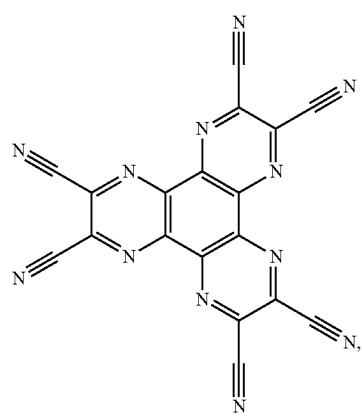
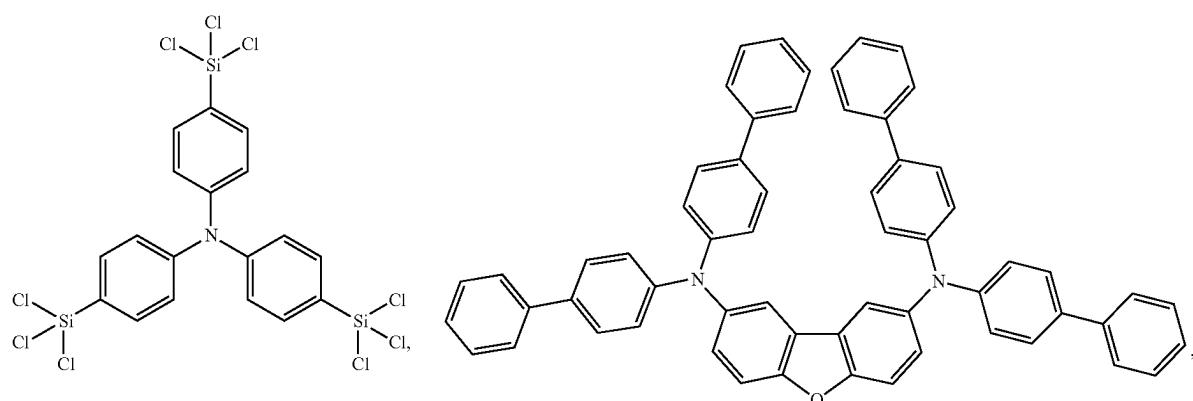
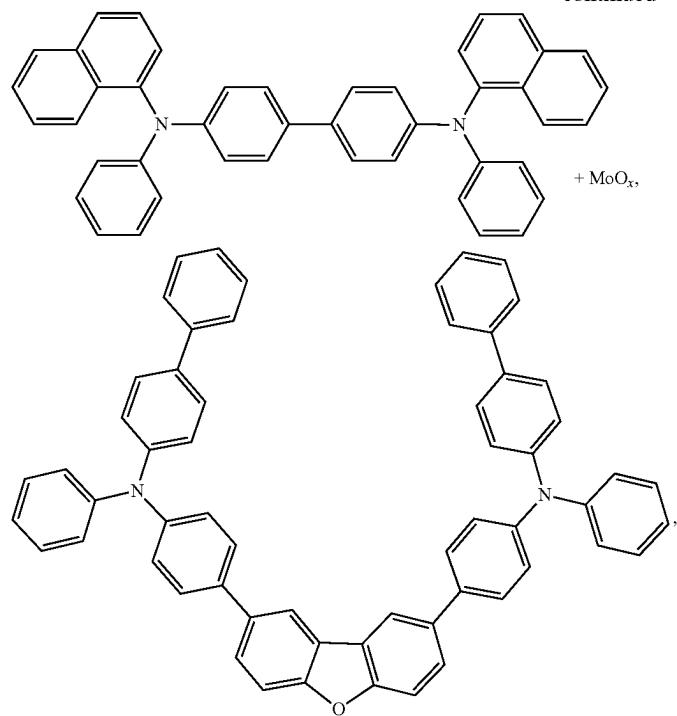
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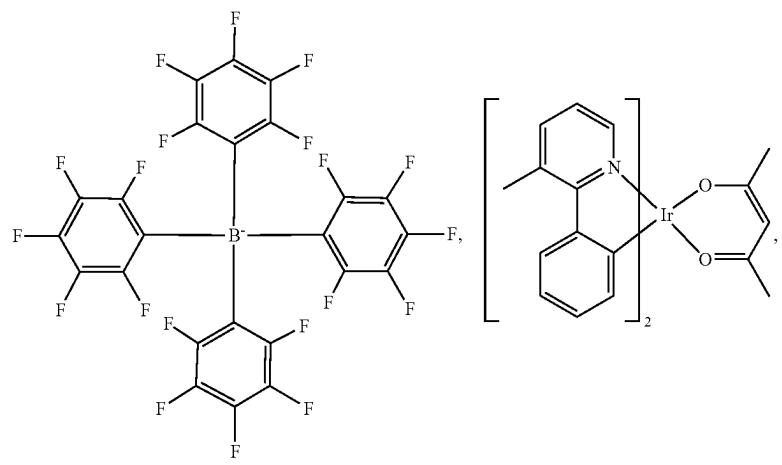
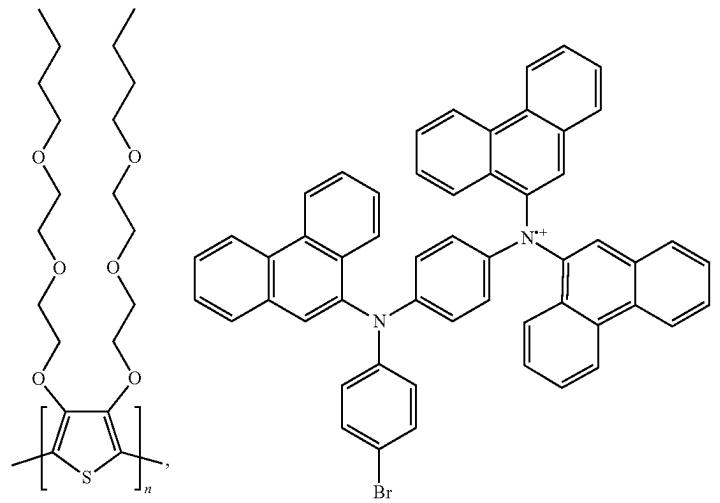
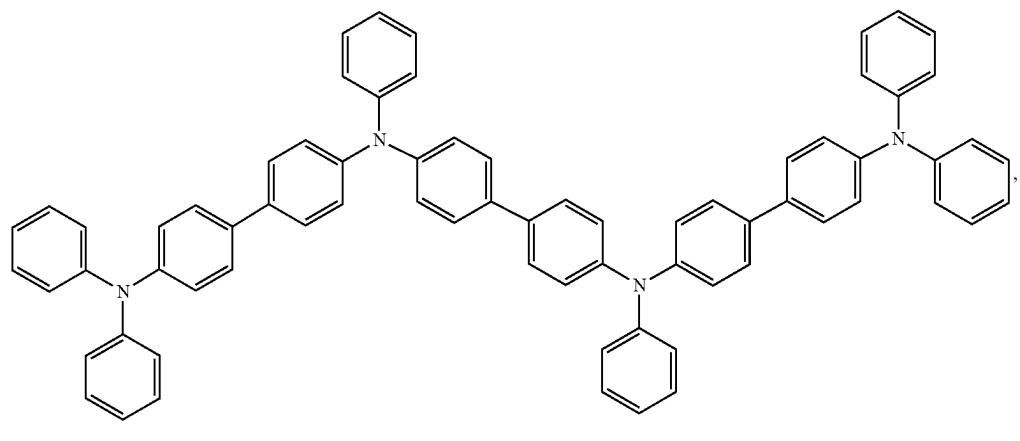
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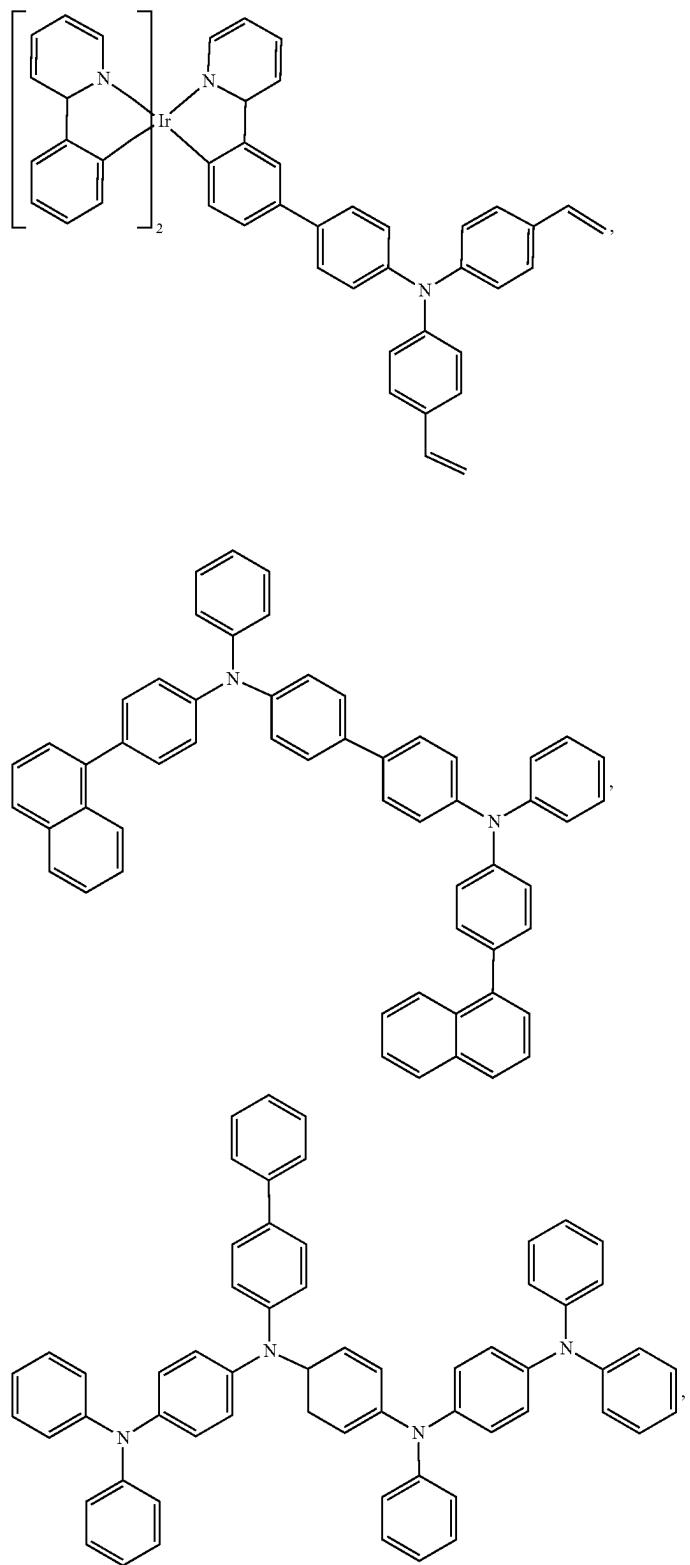
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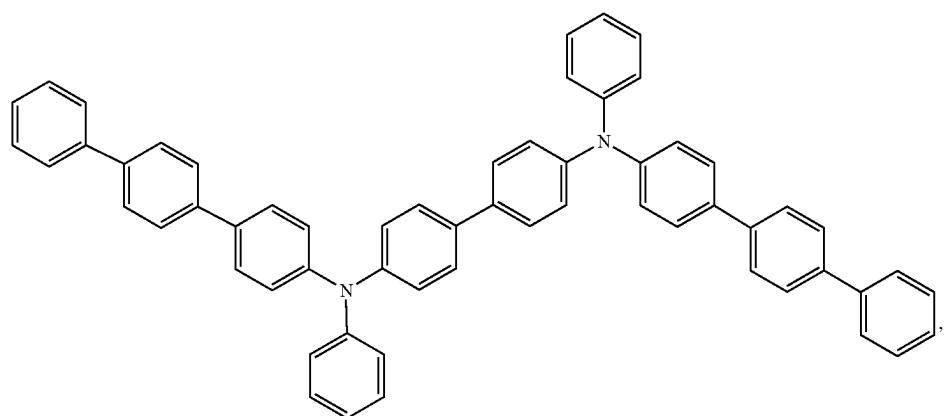
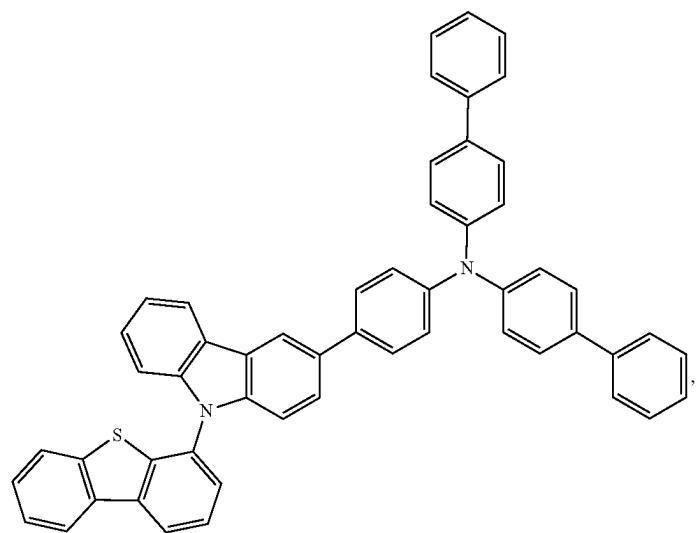
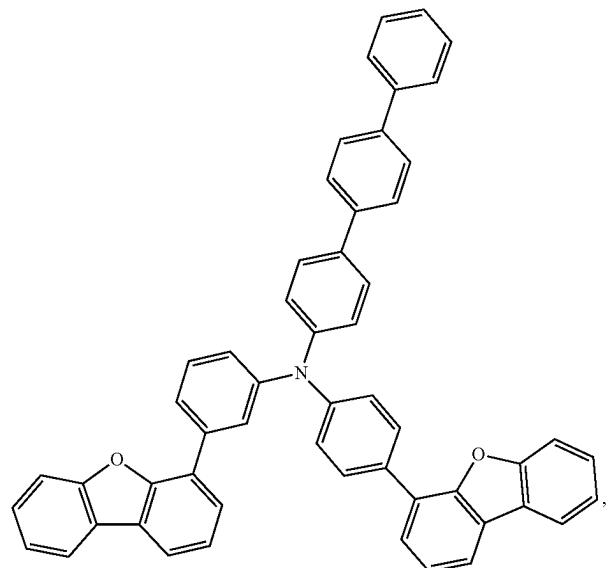
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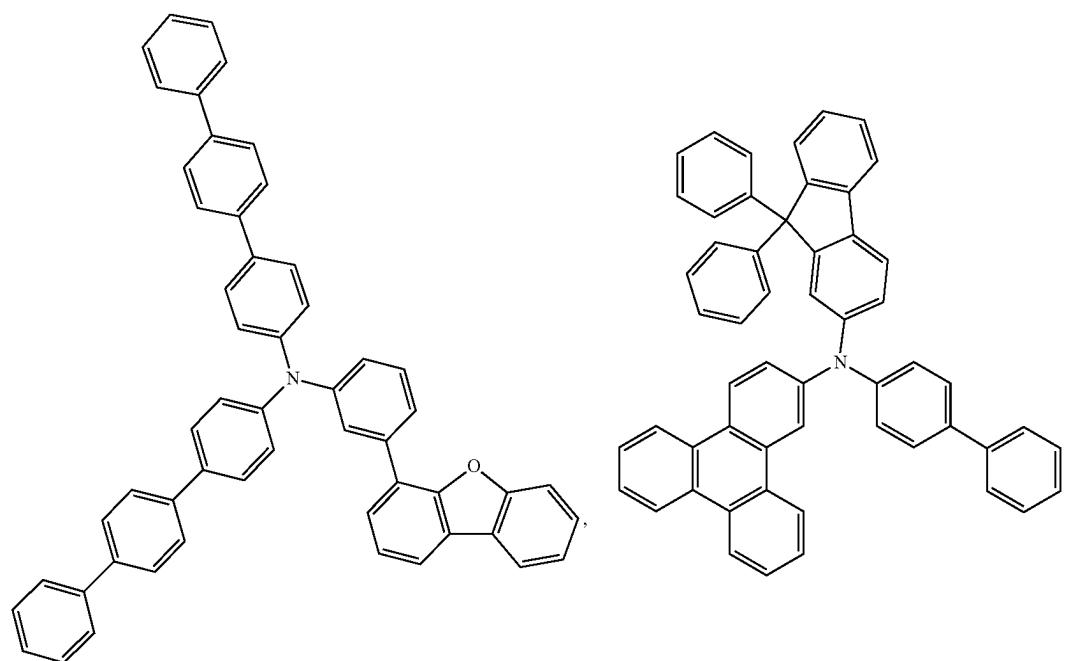
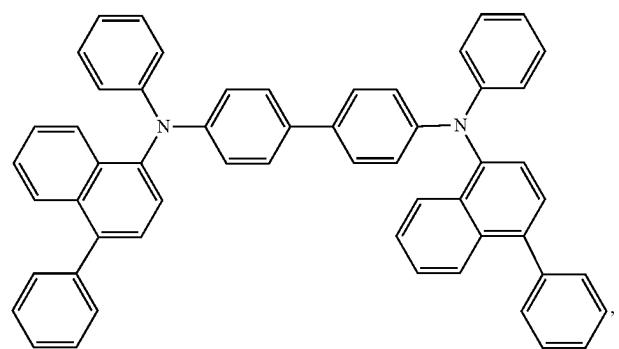
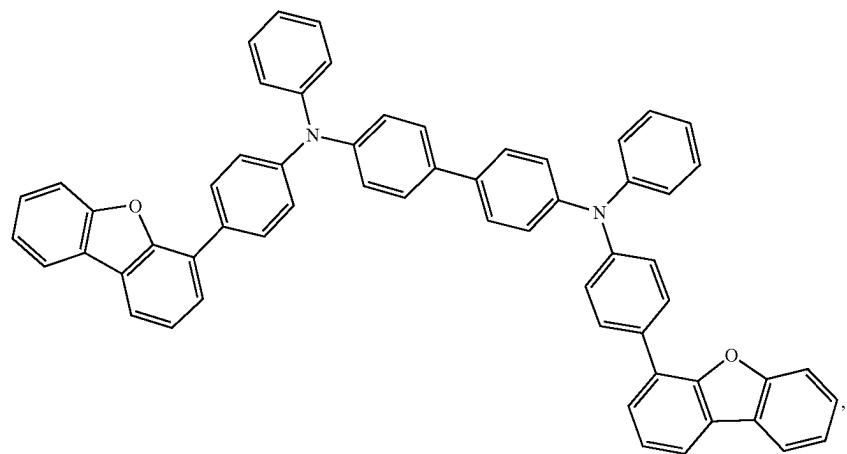
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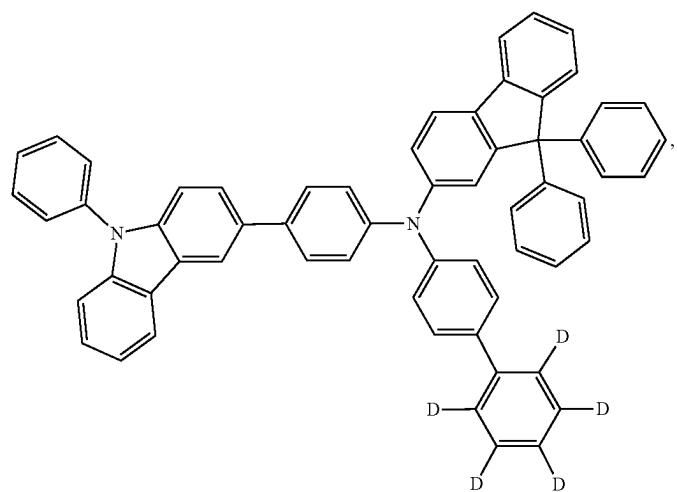
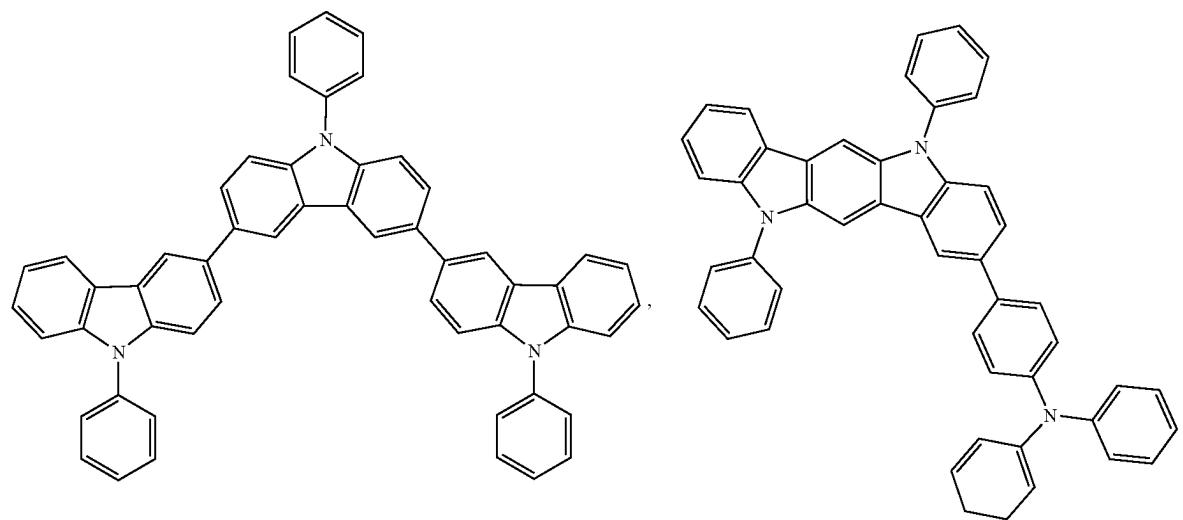
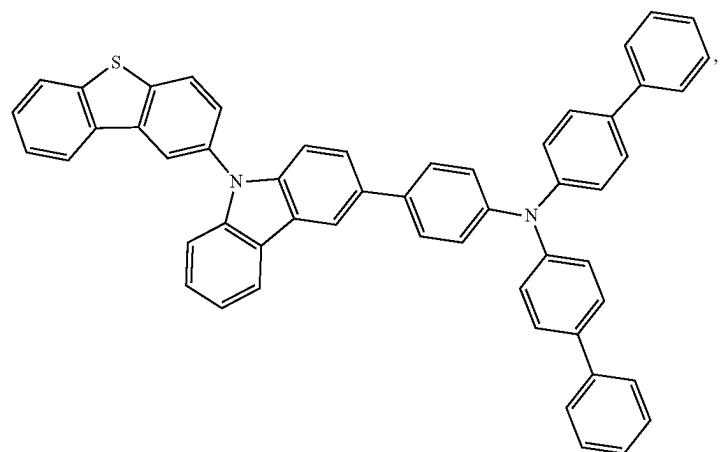
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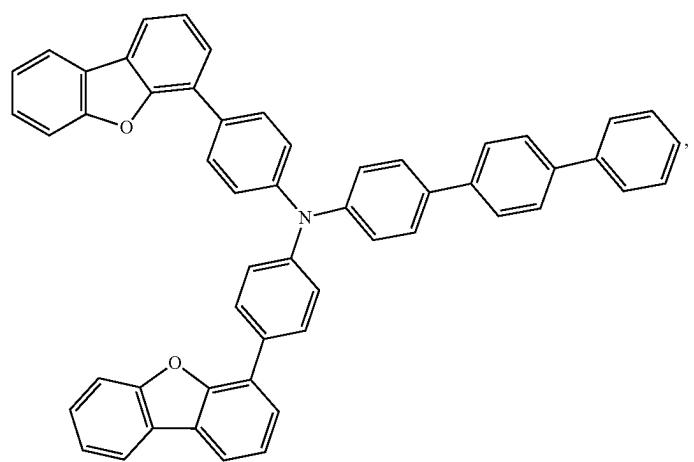
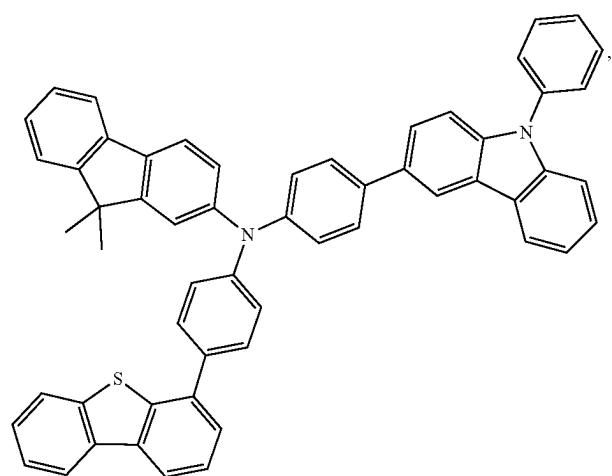
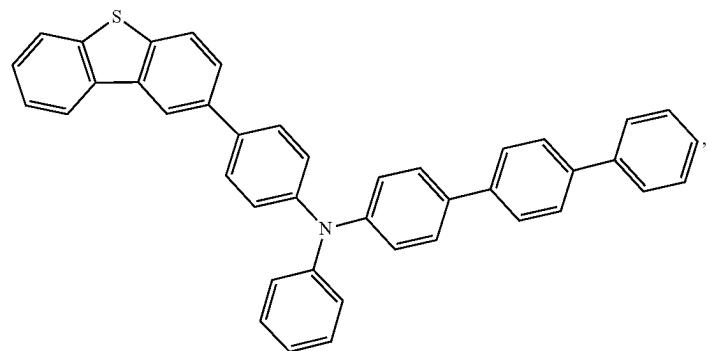
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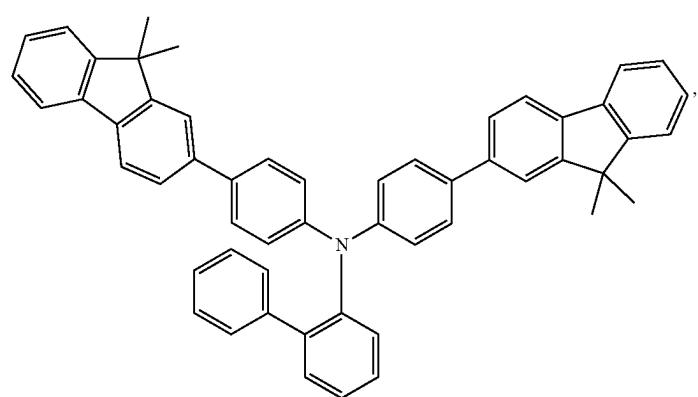
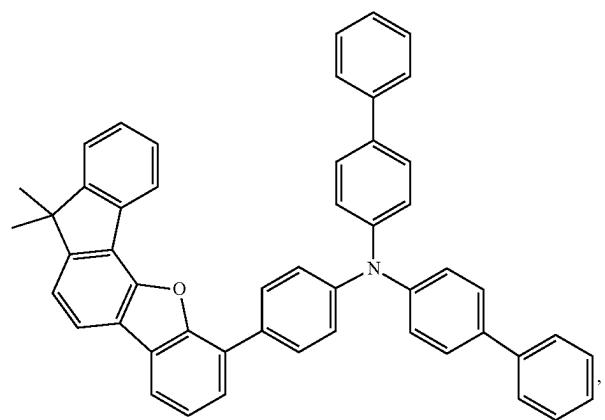
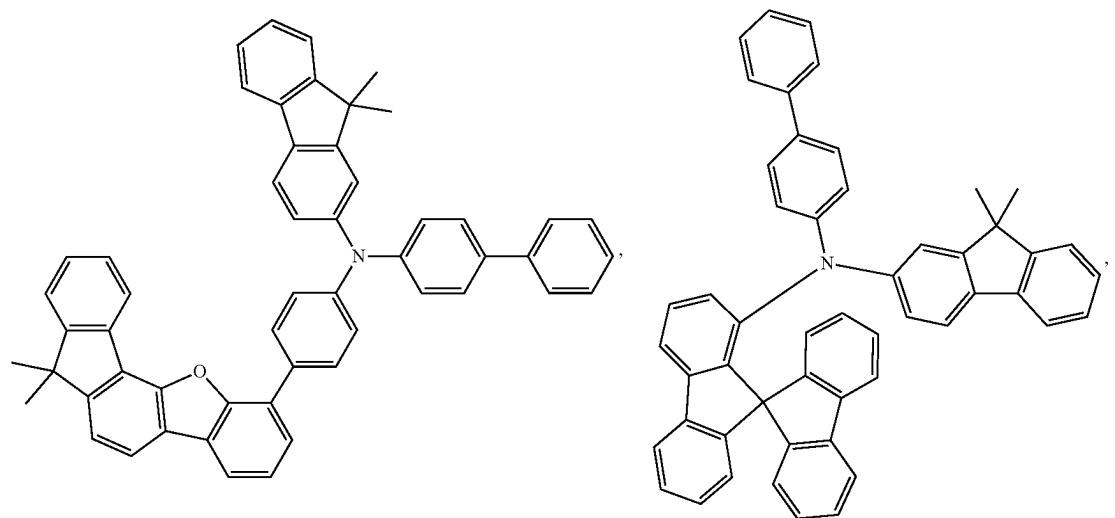
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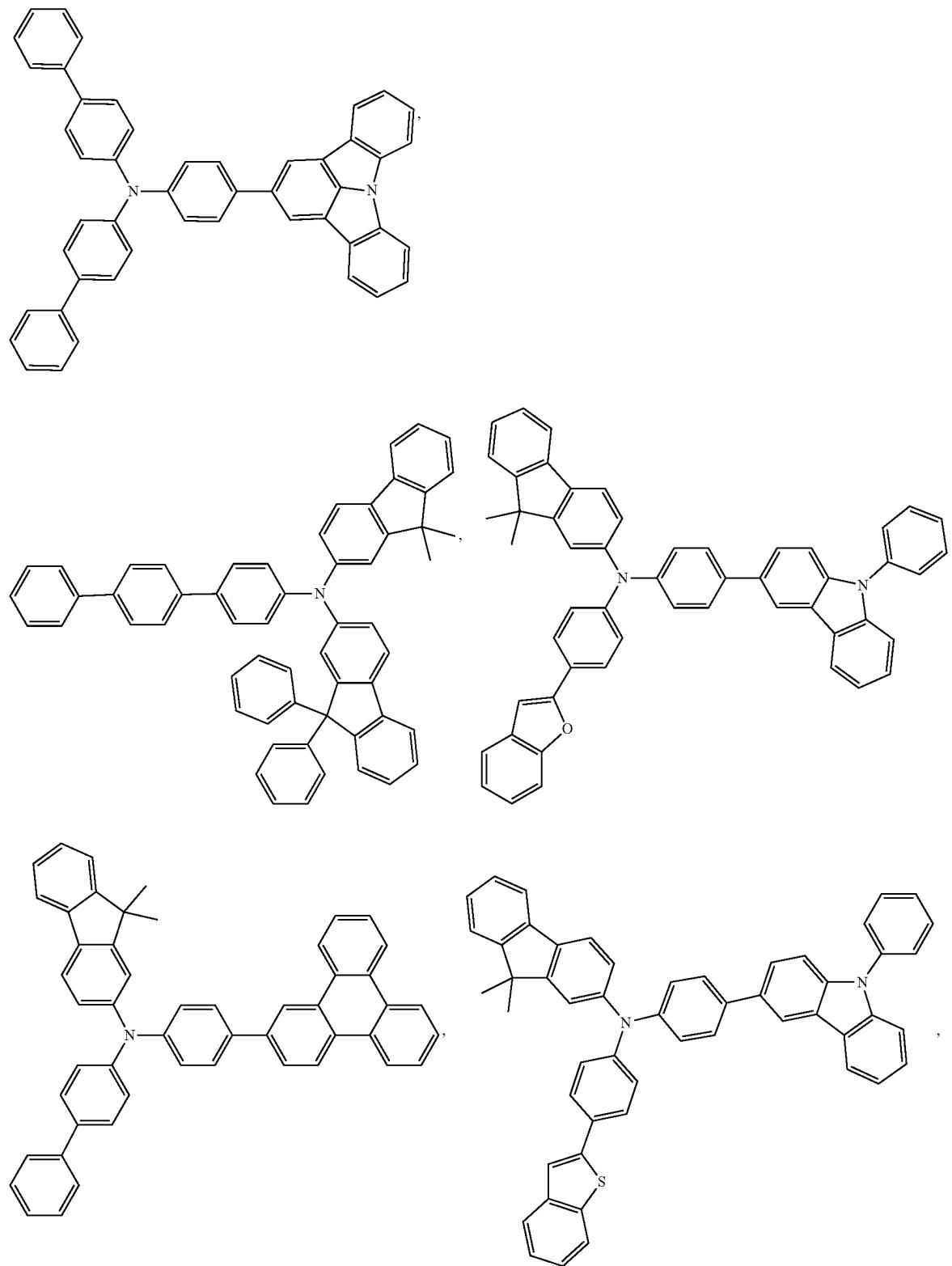
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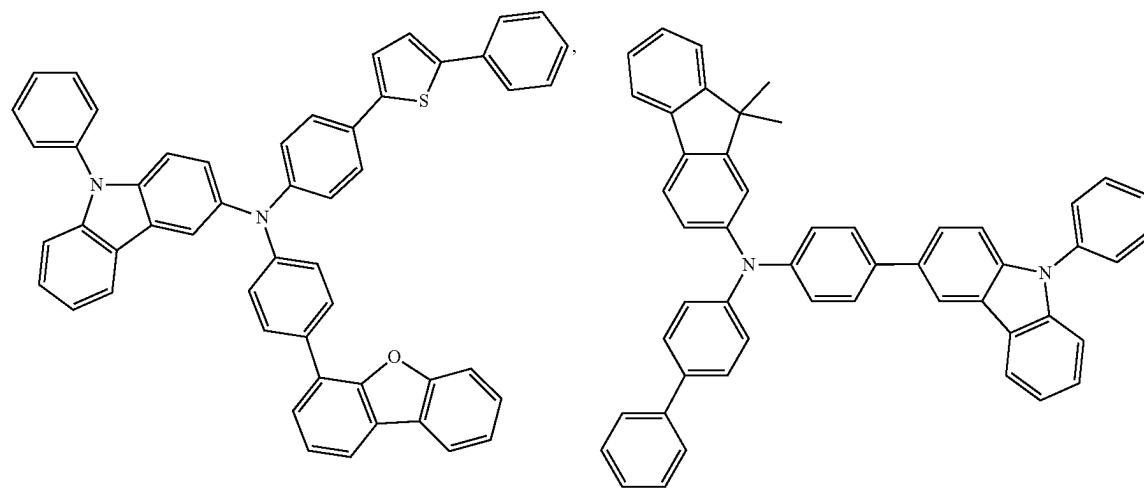
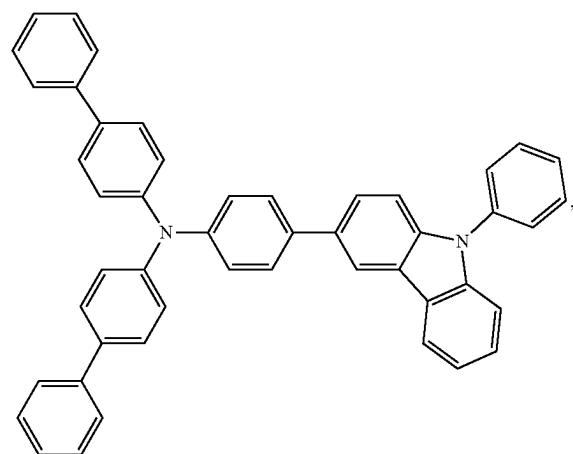
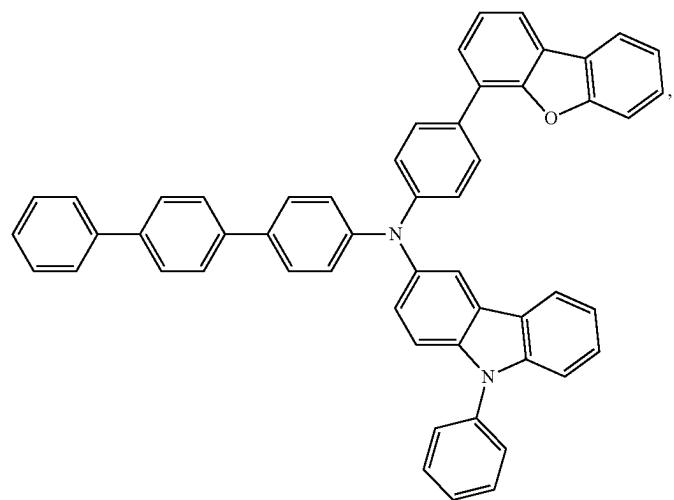
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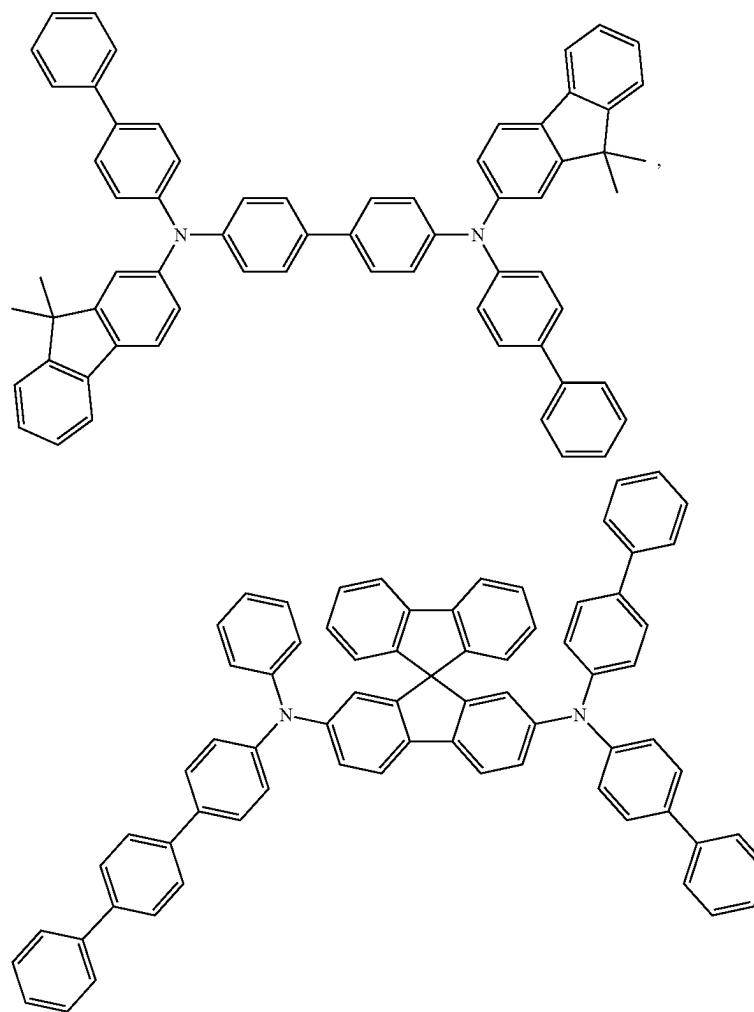
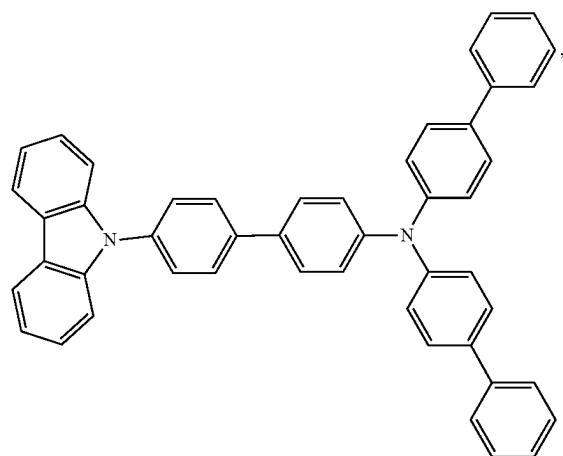
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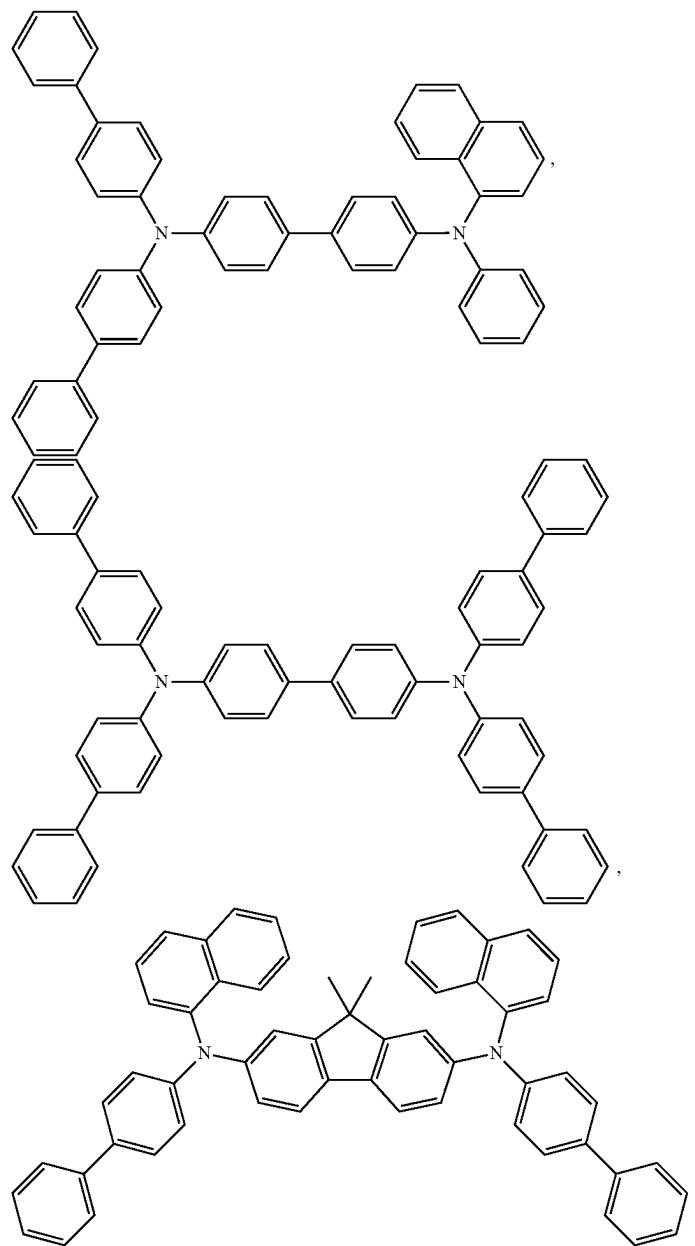
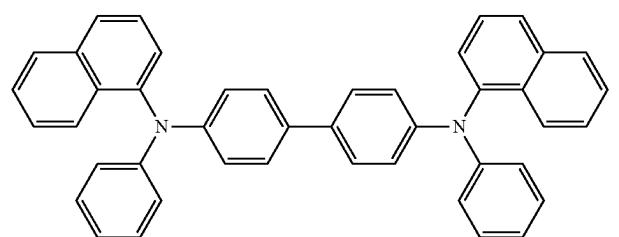
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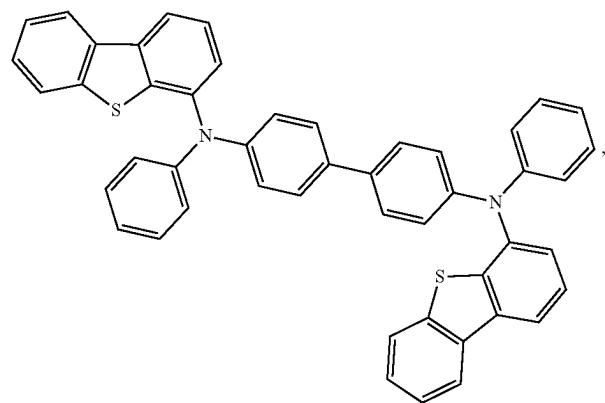
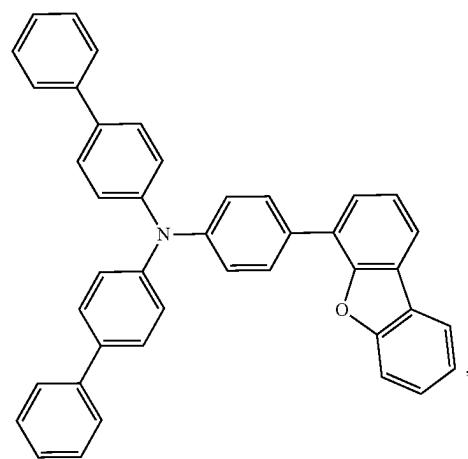
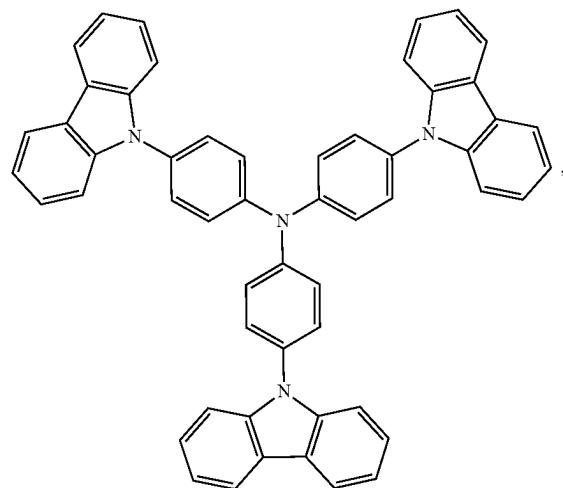
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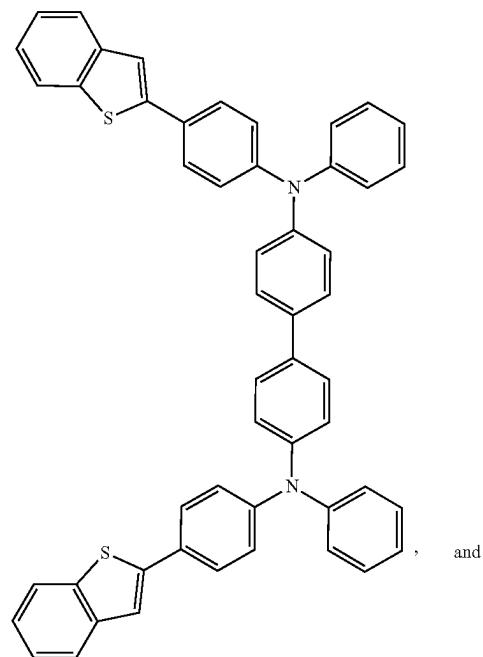
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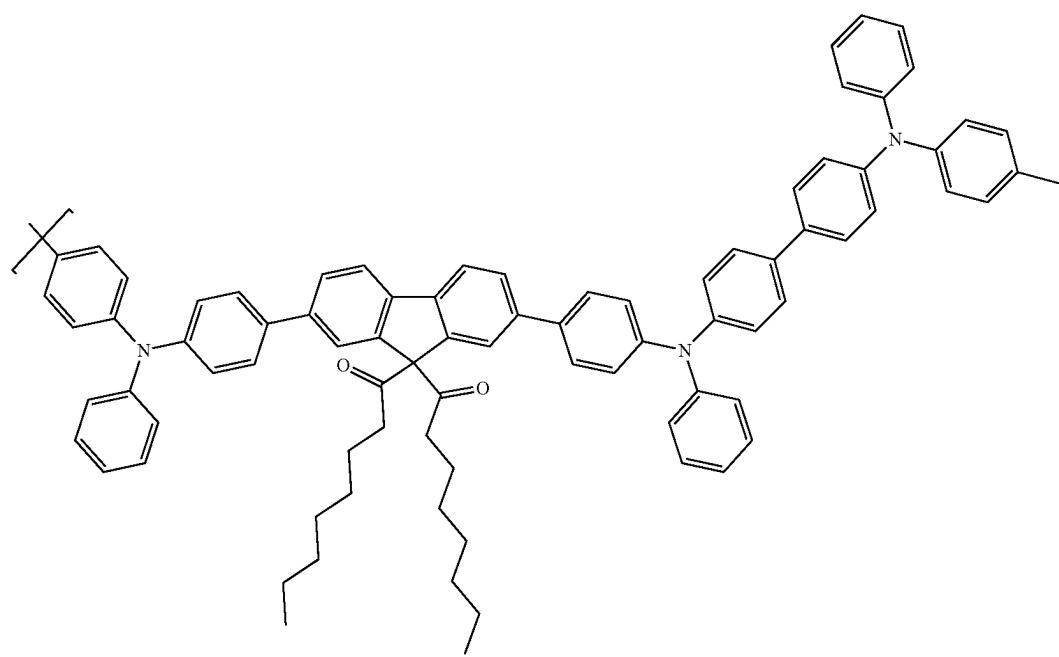
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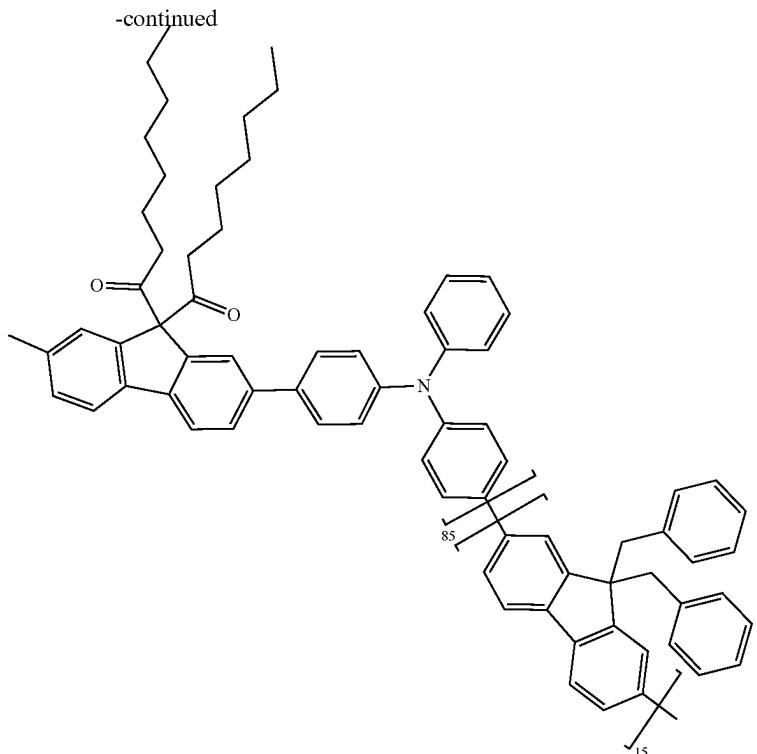
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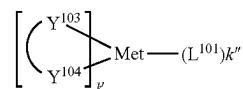
c) EBL:

[0165] An electron blocking layer (EBL) may be used to reduce the number of electrons and/or excitons that leave the emissive layer. The presence of such a blocking layer in a device may result in substantially higher efficiencies, and/or longer lifetime, as compared to a similar device lacking a blocking layer. Also, a blocking layer may be used to confine emission to a desired region of an OLED. In some embodiments, the EBL material has a higher LUMO (closer to the vacuum level) and/or higher triplet energy than the emitter closest to the EBL interface. In some embodiments, the EBL material has a higher LUMO (closer to the vacuum level) and/or higher triplet energy than one or more of the hosts closest to the EBL interface. In one aspect, the compound used in EBL contains the same molecule or the same functional groups used as one of the hosts described below.

d) Hosts:

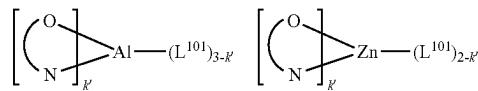
[0166] The light emitting layer of the organic EL device of the present disclosure preferably contains at least a metal complex as light emitting material, and may contain a host material using the metal complex as a dopant material. Examples of the host material are not particularly limited, and any metal complexes or organic compounds may be used as long as the triplet energy of the host is larger than that of the dopant. Any host material may be used with any dopant so long as the triplet criteria is satisfied.

[0167] Examples of metal complexes used as host are preferred to have the following general formula:



wherein Met is a metal; $(Y^{103}-Y^{104})$ is a bidentate ligand, Y^{103} and Y^{104} are independently selected from C, N, O, P, and S; L^{101} is an another ligand; k' is an integer value from 1 to the maximum number of ligands that may be attached to the metal; and $k'+k''$ is the maximum number of ligands that may be attached to the metal.

[0168] In one aspect, the metal complexes are:



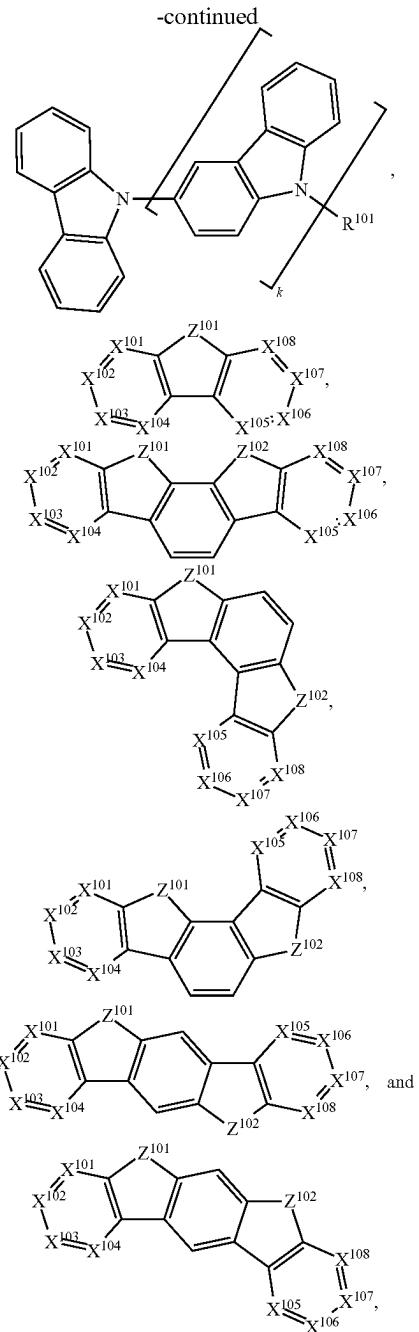
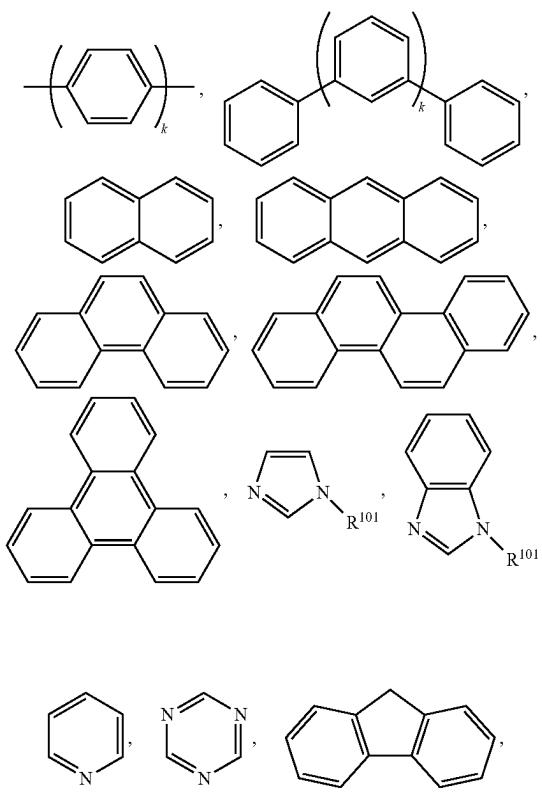
wherein $(O-N)$ is a bidentate ligand, having metal coordinated to atoms O and N.

[0169] In another aspect, Met is selected from Ir and Pt. In a further aspect, $(Y^{103}-Y^{104})$ is a carbene ligand.

[0170] In one aspect, the host compound contains at least one of the following groups selected from the group consisting of aromatic hydrocarbon cyclic compounds such as benzene, biphenyl, triphenyl, triphenylene, tetraphenylene, naphthalene, anthracene, phenalene, phenanthrene, fluorene, pyrene, chrysene, perylene, and azulene; the group consist-

ing of aromatic heterocyclic compounds such as dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, furan, thiophene, benzofuran, benzothiophene, benzoselenophene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, pyridylindole, pyrrolodipyridine, pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, oxazole, thiazole, oxadiazole, oxatriazole, dioxazole, thiadiazole, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, triazine, oxazine, oxathiazine, oxadiazine, indole, benzimidazole, indazole, indoxazine, benzoxazole, benzisoxazole, benzothiazole, quinoline, isoquinoline, cinnoline, quinazoline, quinoxaline, naphthyridine, phthalazine, pteridine, xanthene, acridine, phenazine, phenothiazine, phenoxazine, benzofuropyrifidine, furodipyridine, benzothienopyridine, thienodipyridine, benzoselenophenopyridine, and selenophenodipyridine; and the group consisting of 2 to 10 cyclic structural units which are groups of the same type or different types selected from the aromatic hydrocarbon cyclic group and the aromatic heterocyclic group and are bonded to each other directly or via at least one of oxygen atom, nitrogen atom, sulfur atom, silicon atom, phosphorus atom, boron atom, chain structural unit and the aliphatic cyclic group. Each option within each group may be unsubstituted or may be substituted by a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acids, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, and combinations thereof.

[0171] In one aspect, the host compound contains at least one of the following groups in the molecule:

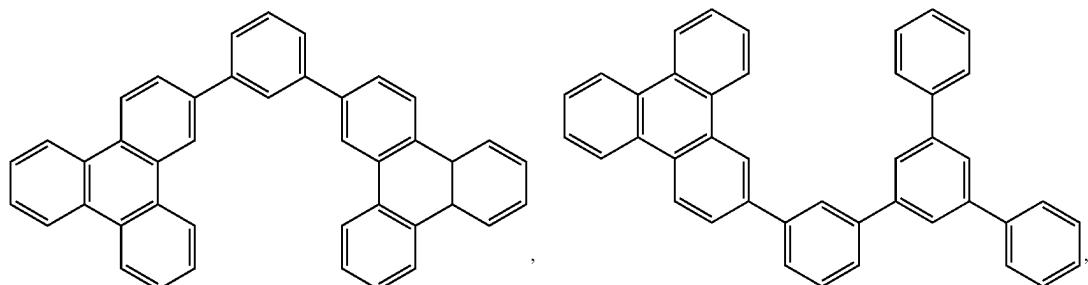
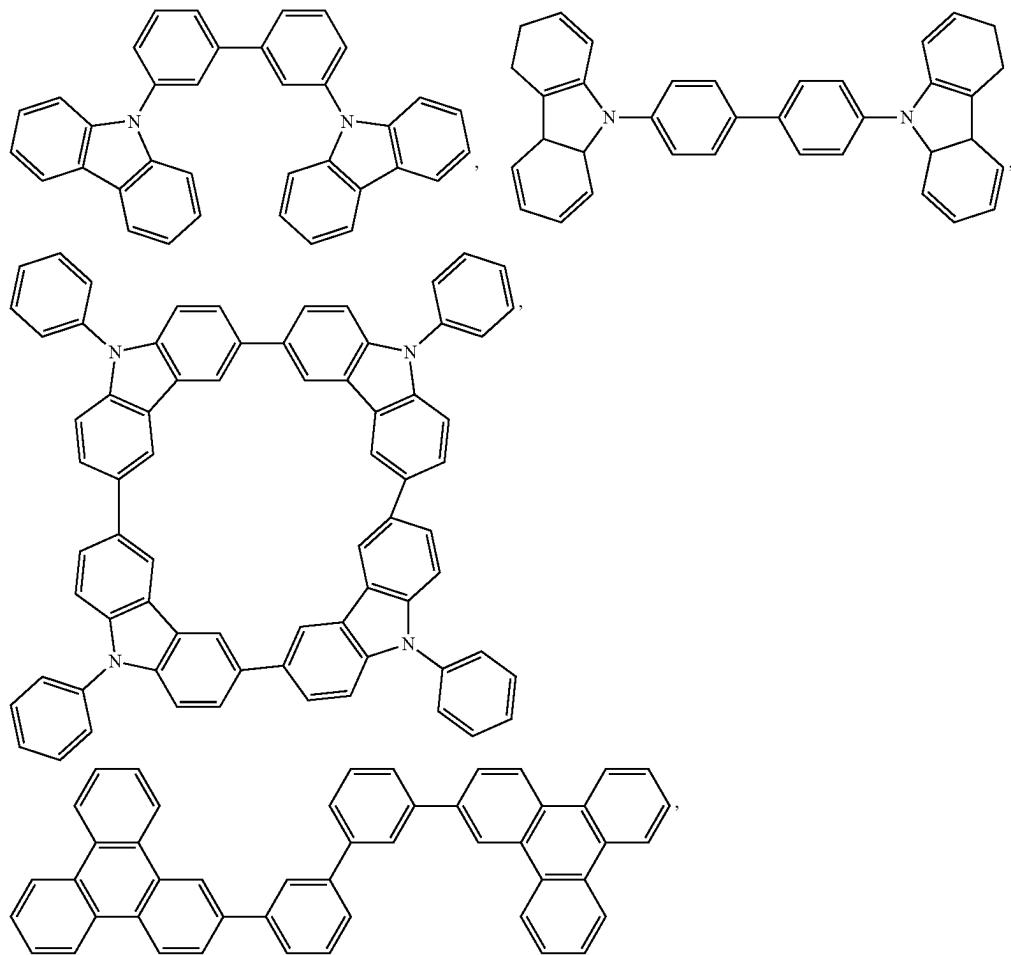


wherein R¹⁰¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acids, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, and combinations thereof, and when it is aryl or heteroaryl, it has the similar definition as Ar's mentioned above. k is an integer from 0 to 20 or 1 to 20. X¹⁰¹ to X¹⁰⁸ are independently selected from C (including CH) or N. Z¹⁰¹ and Z¹⁰² are independently selected from NR¹⁰¹, O, or S.

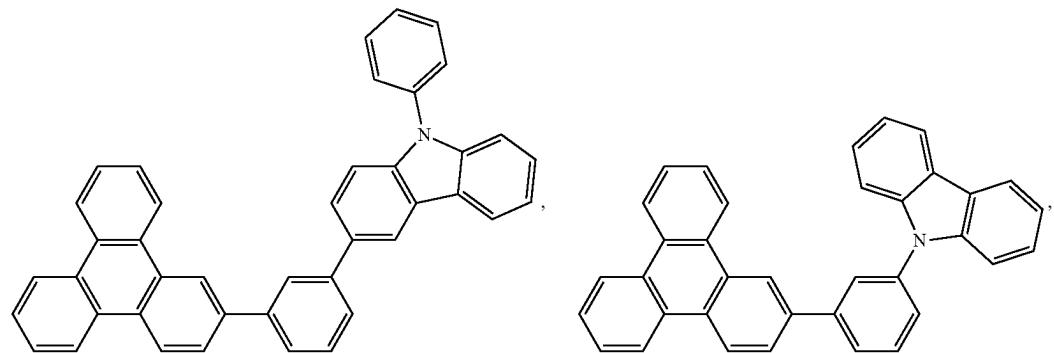
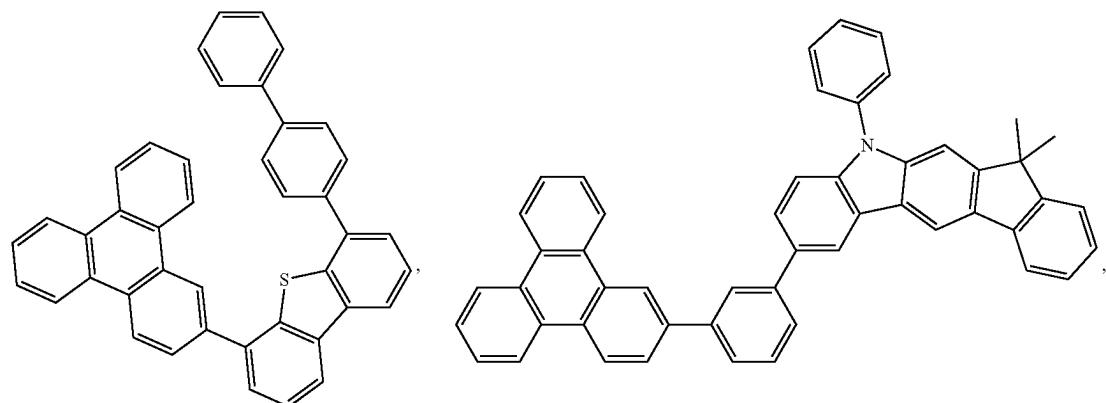
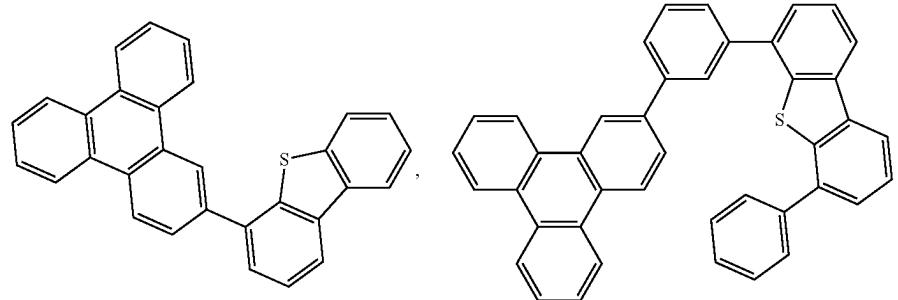
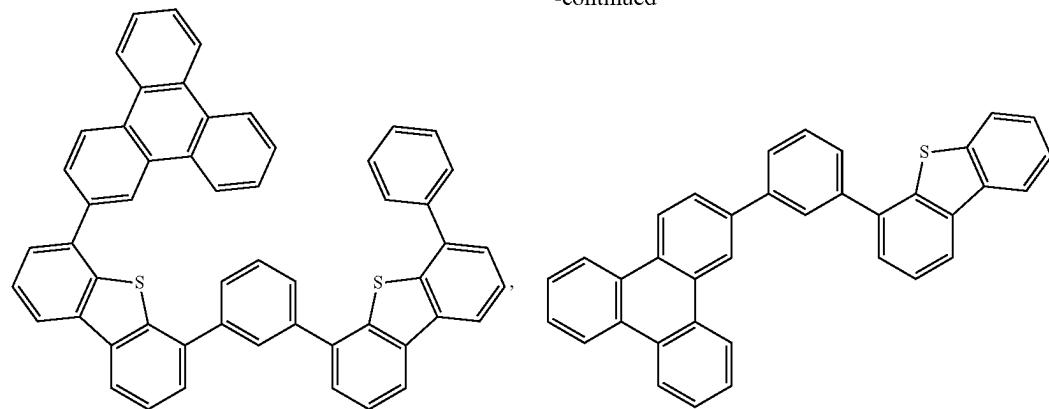
[0172] Non-limiting examples of the host materials that may be used in an OLED in combination with materials

disclosed herein are exemplified below together with references that disclose those materials: EP2034538, EP2034538A, EP2757608, JP2007254297, KR20100079458, KR20120088644, KR2012129733, KR20130115564, TW201329200, US20030175553, US20050238919, US20060280965, US20090017330, US20090030202, US20090167162, US20090302743, US20090309488, US20100012931, US20100084966, US20100187984, US2010187984, US2012075273, US2012126221, US2013009543, US2013105787, US2013175519, US2014001446, US20140183503, US20140225088, US2014034914, U.S. Pat. No. 7,154,114,

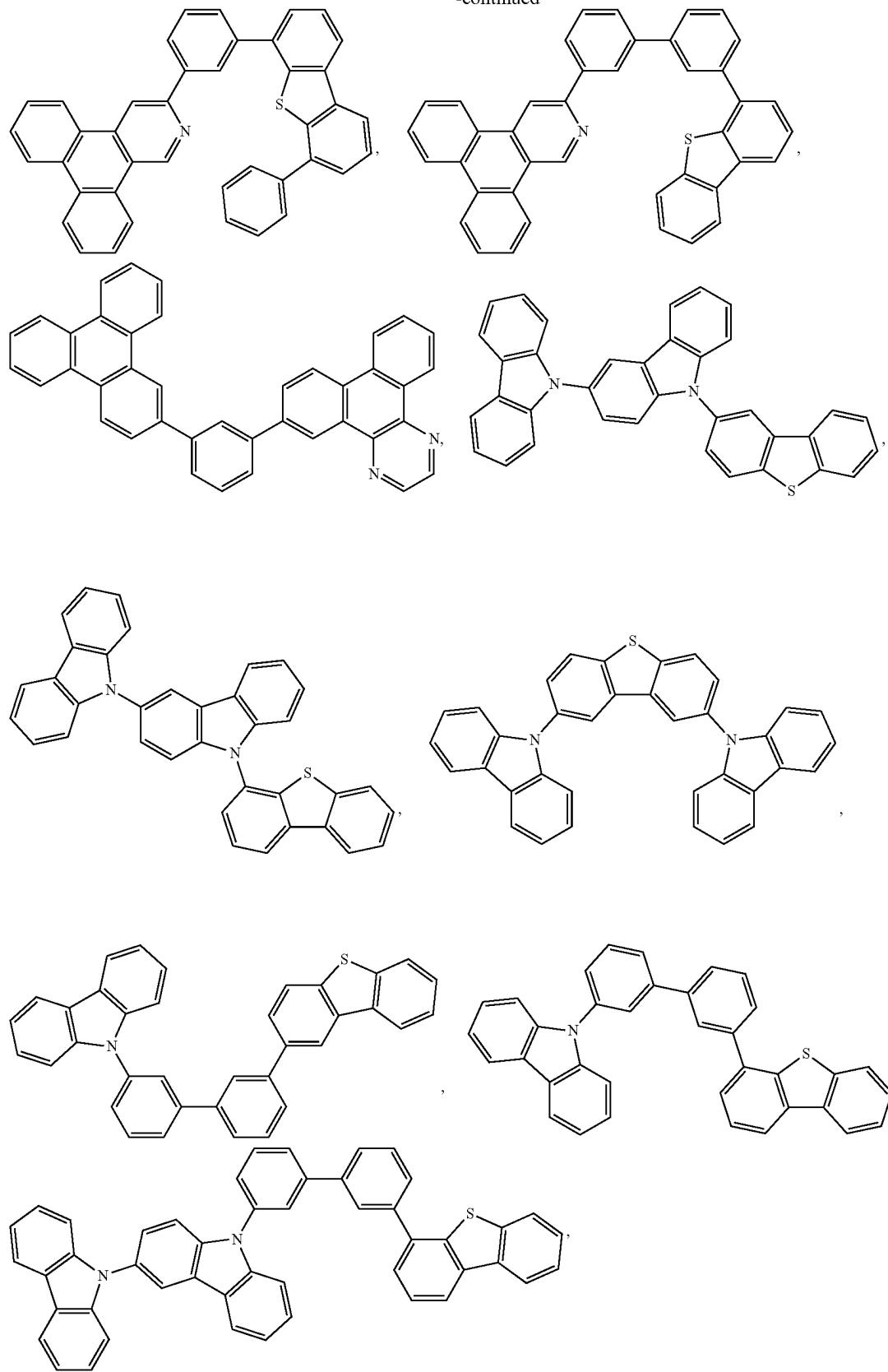
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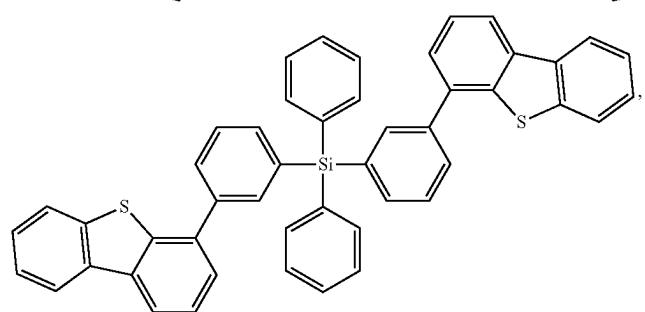
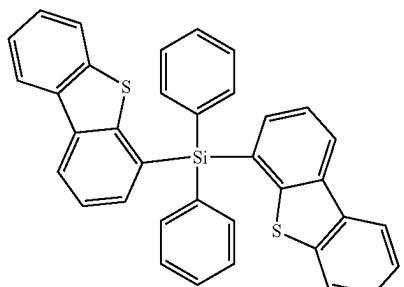
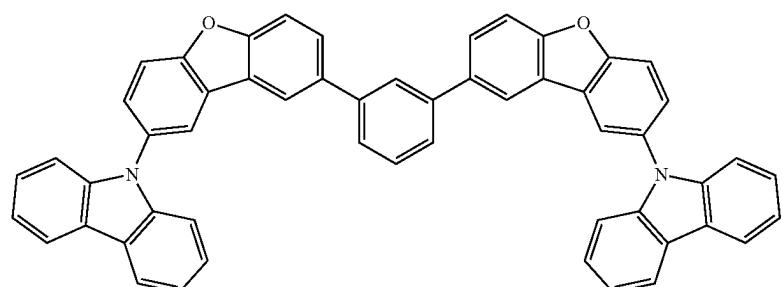
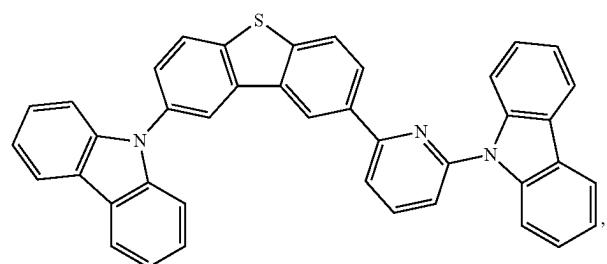
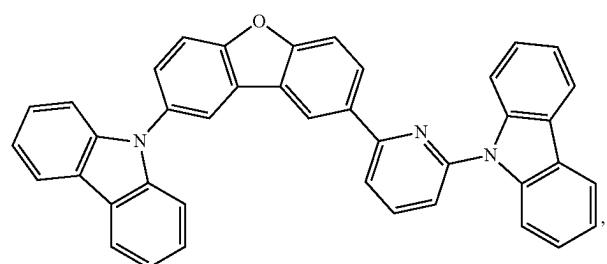
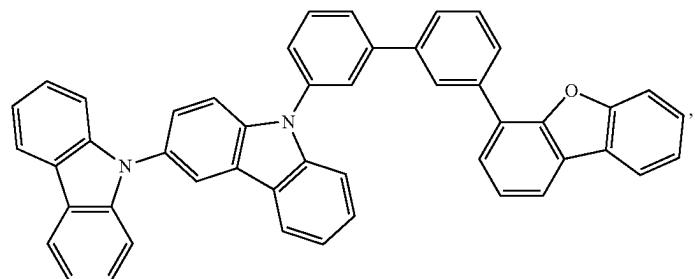
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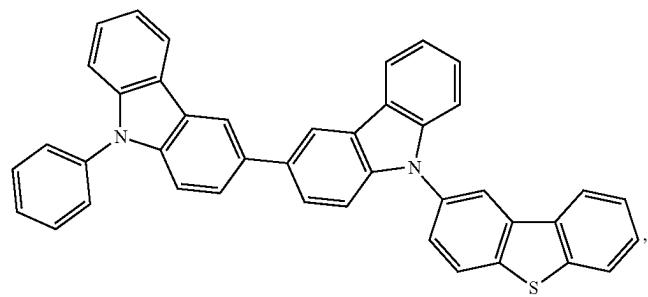
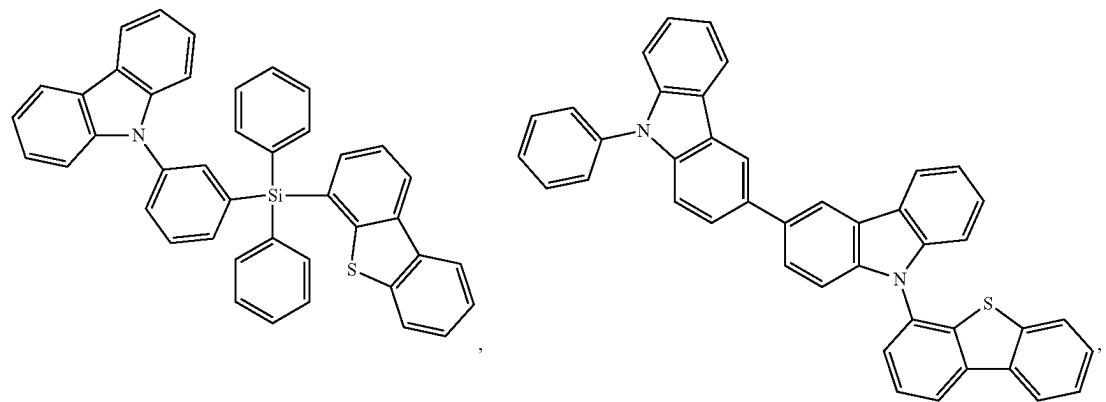
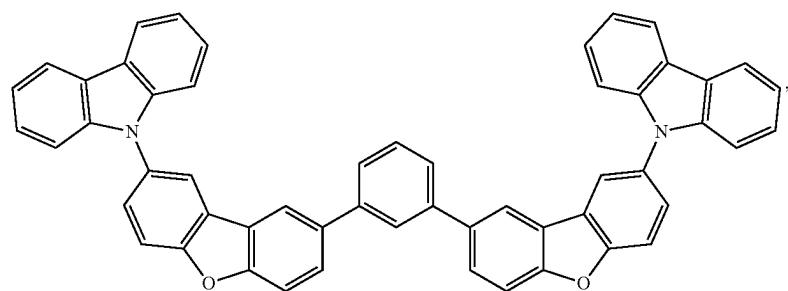
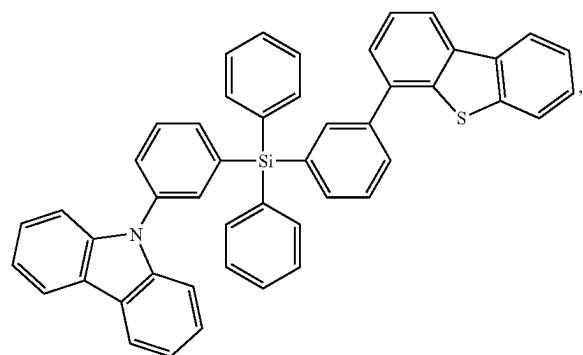
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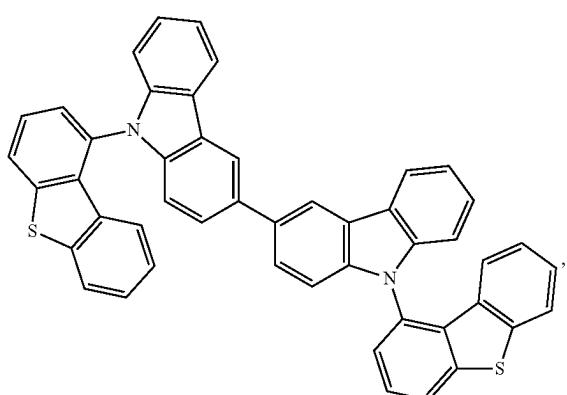
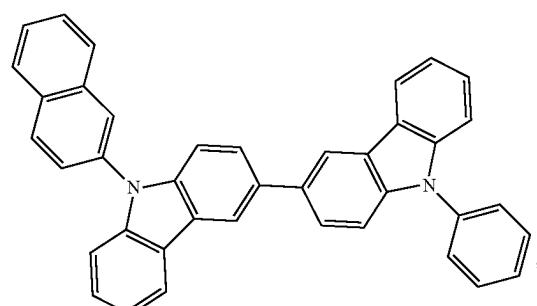
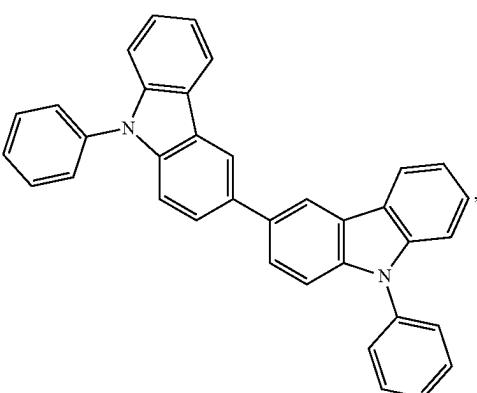
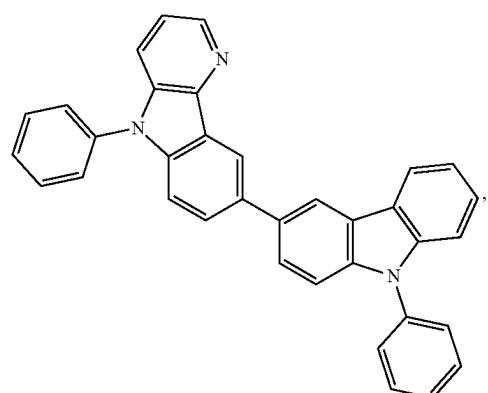
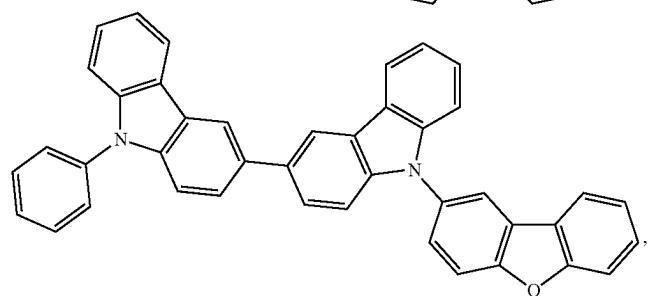
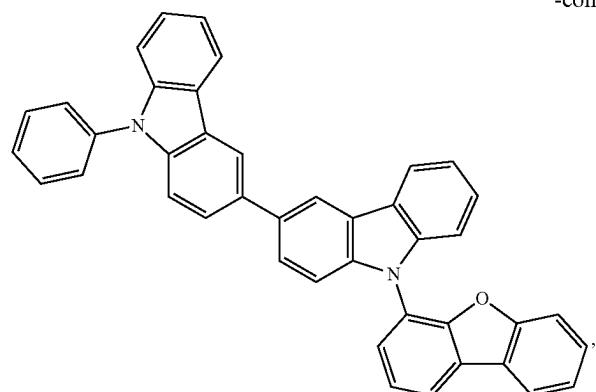
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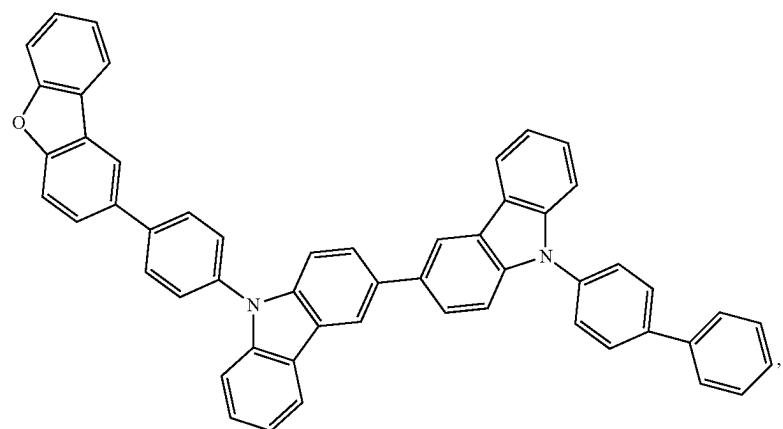
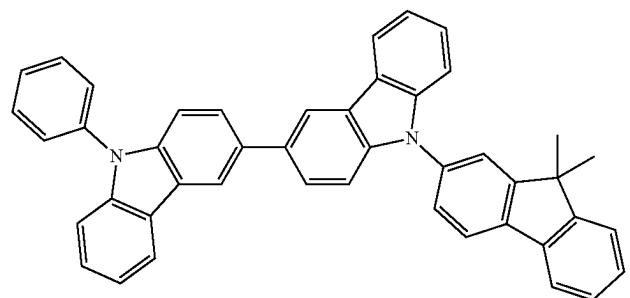
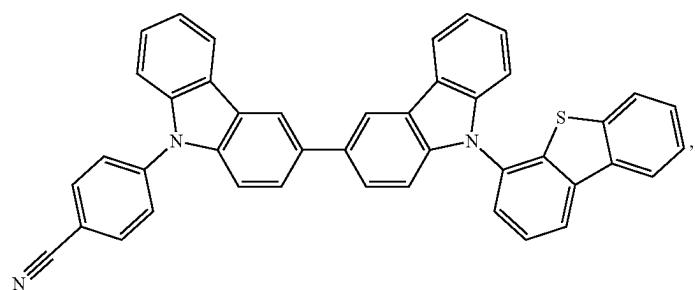
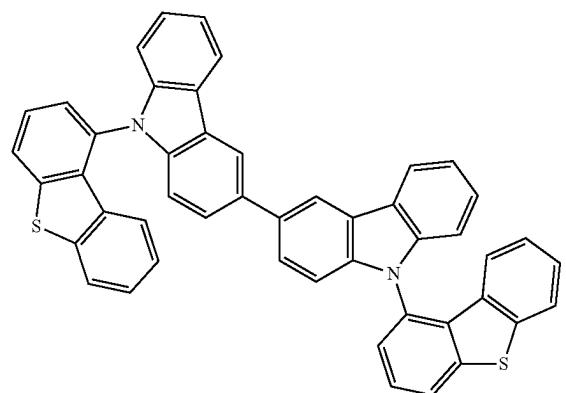
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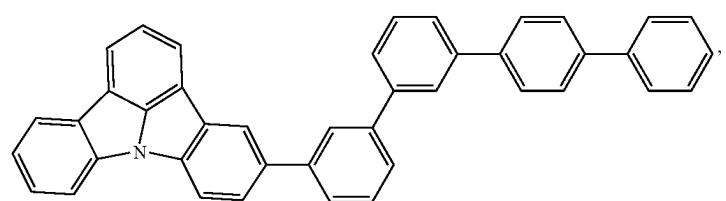
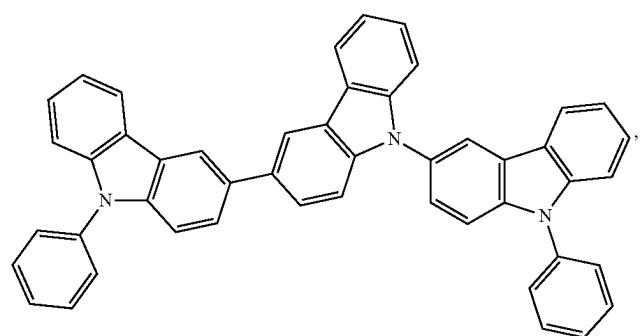
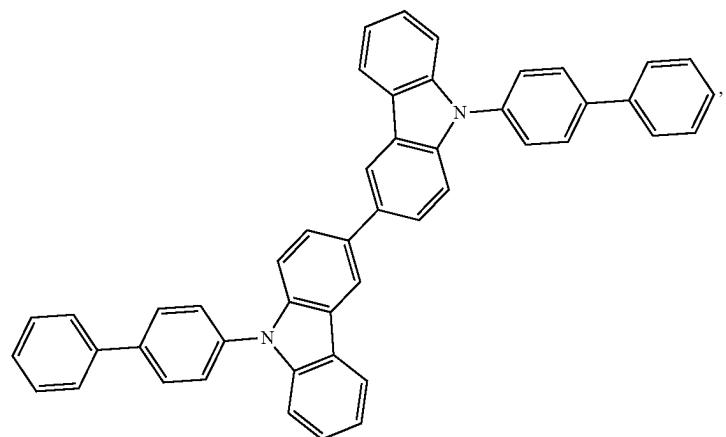
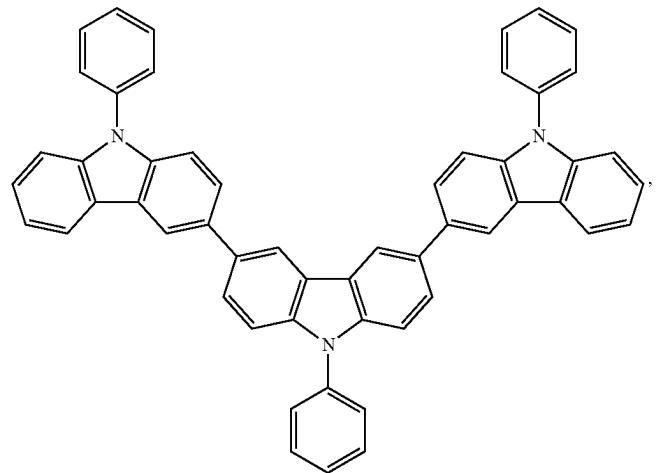
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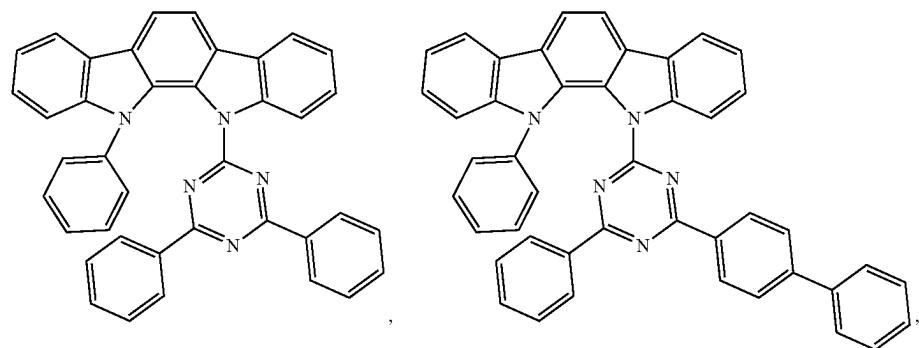
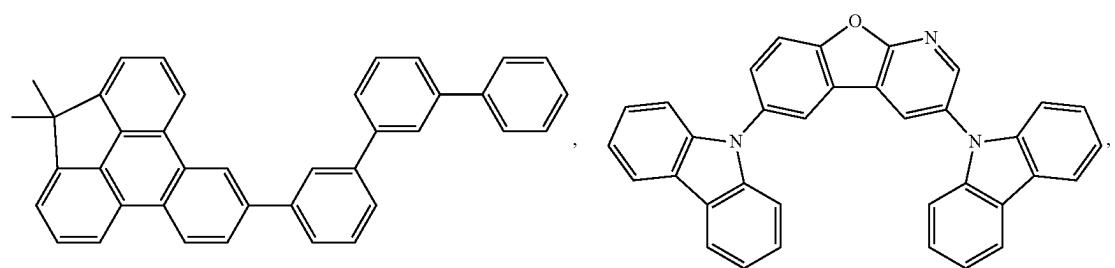
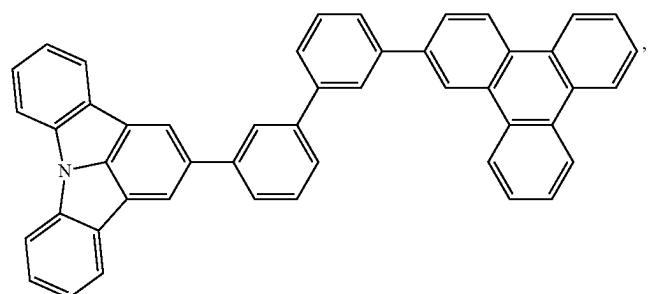
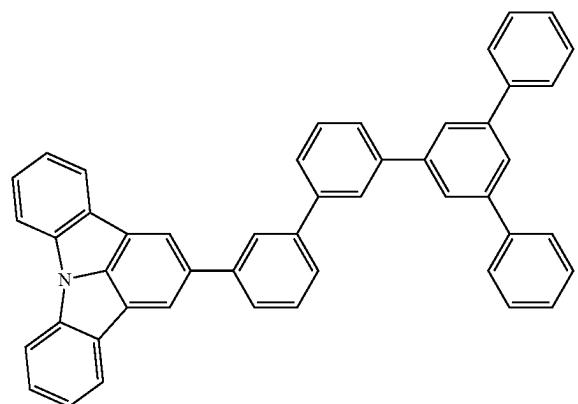
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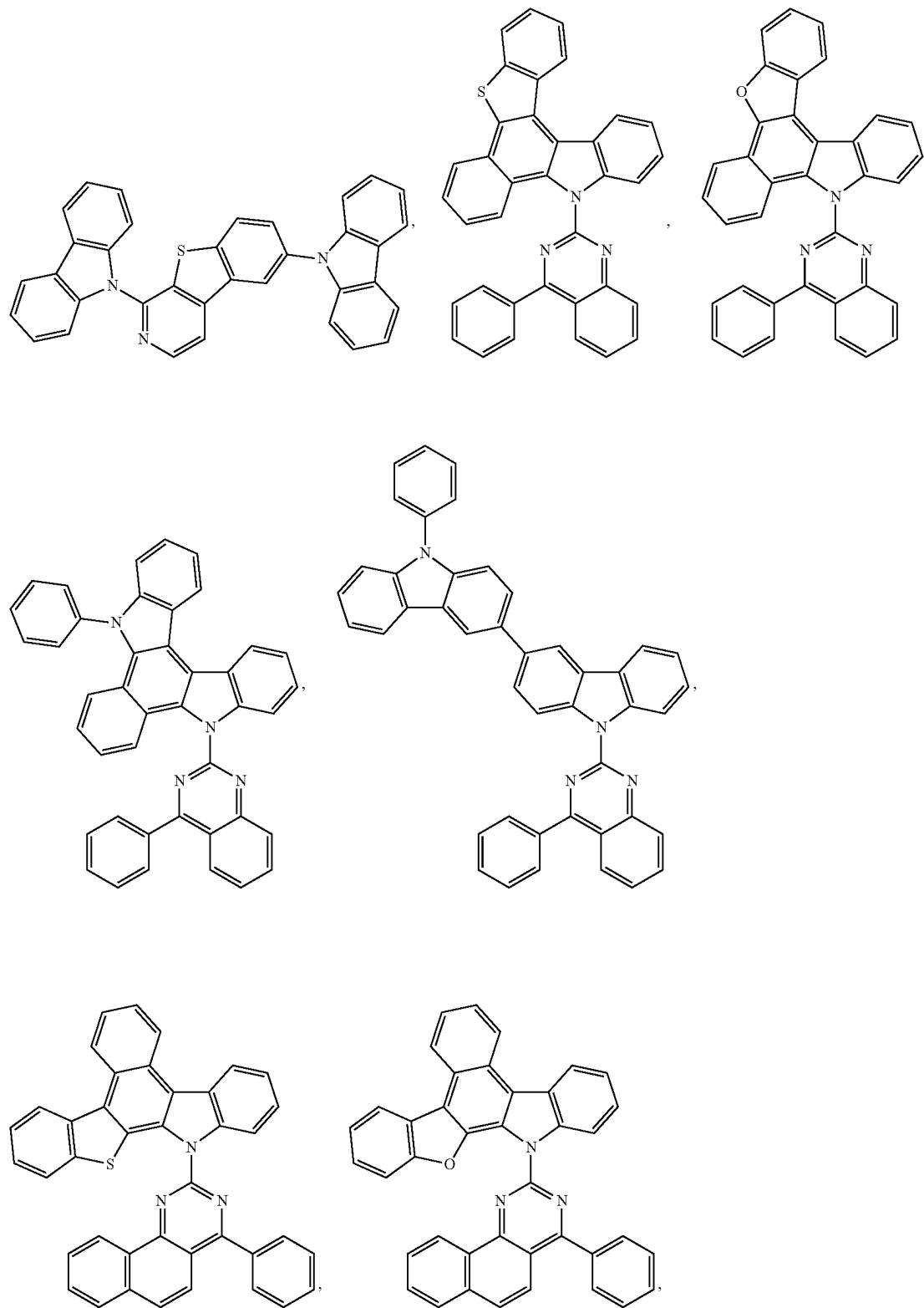
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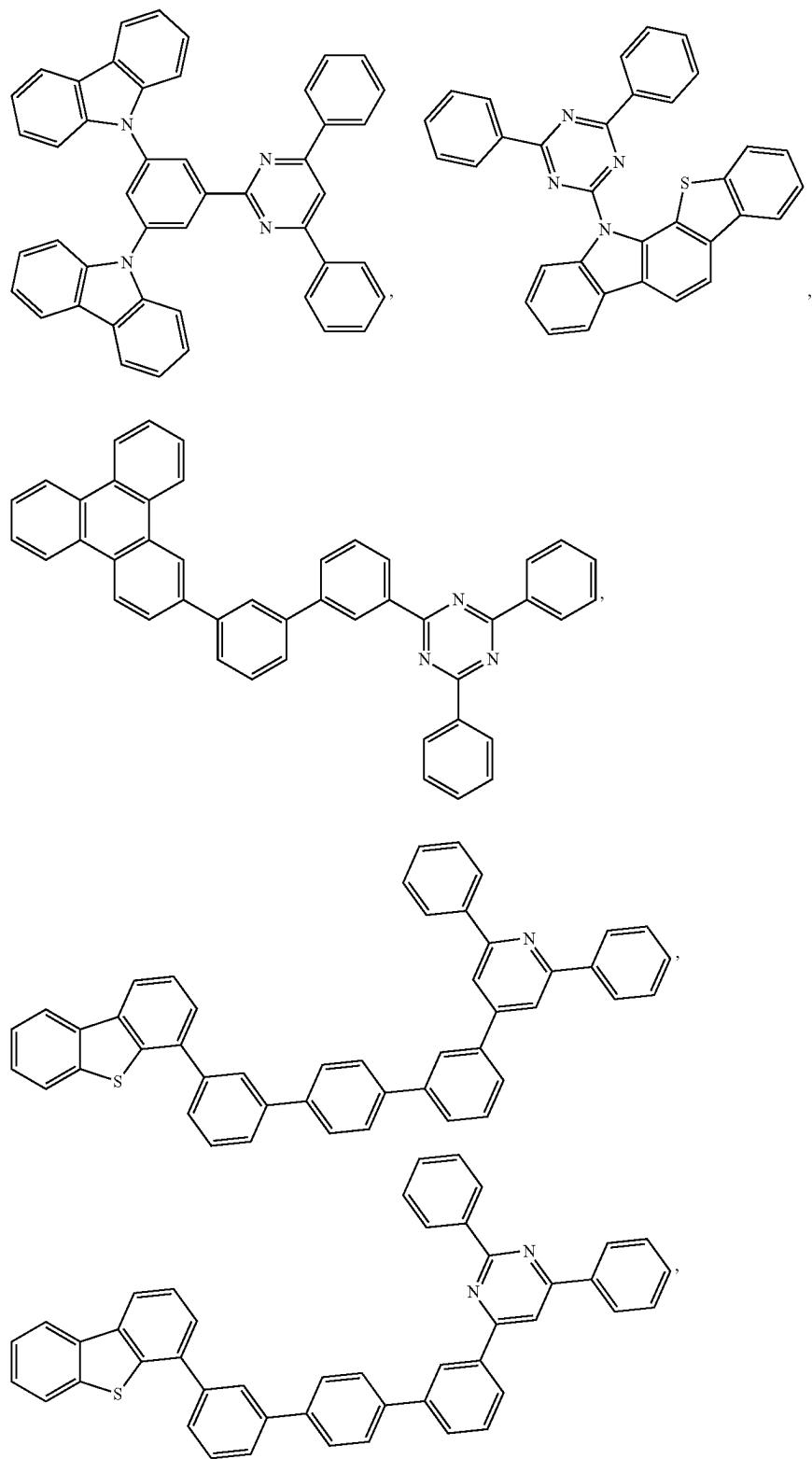
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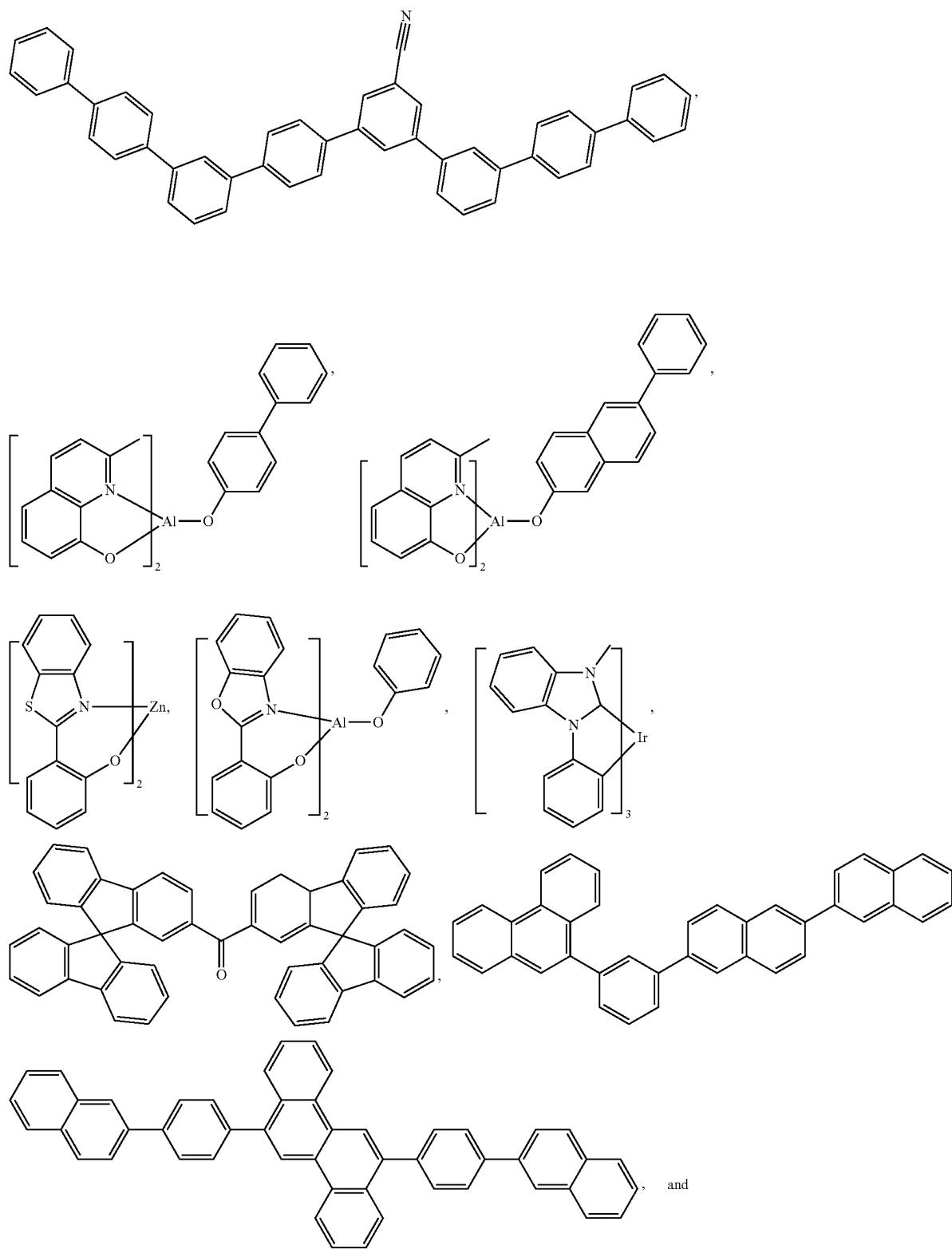
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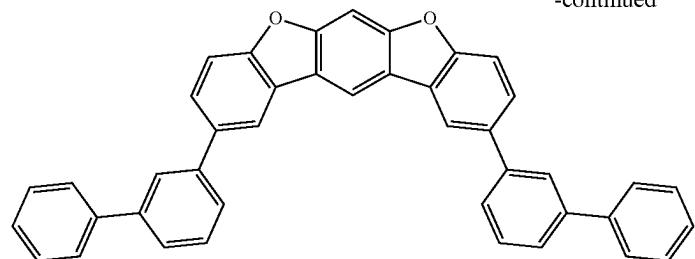
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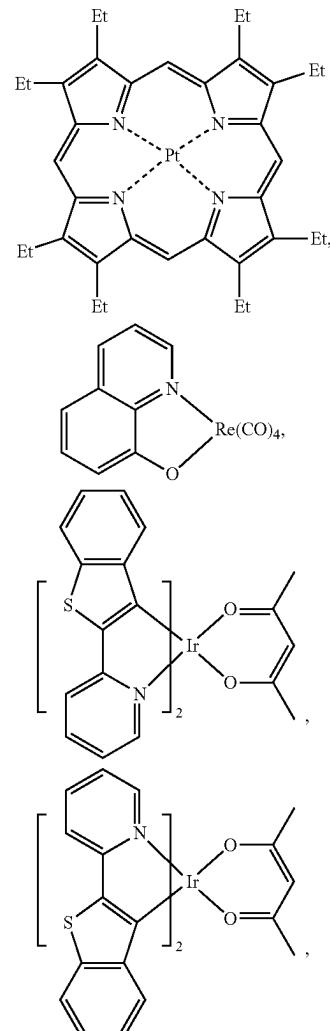


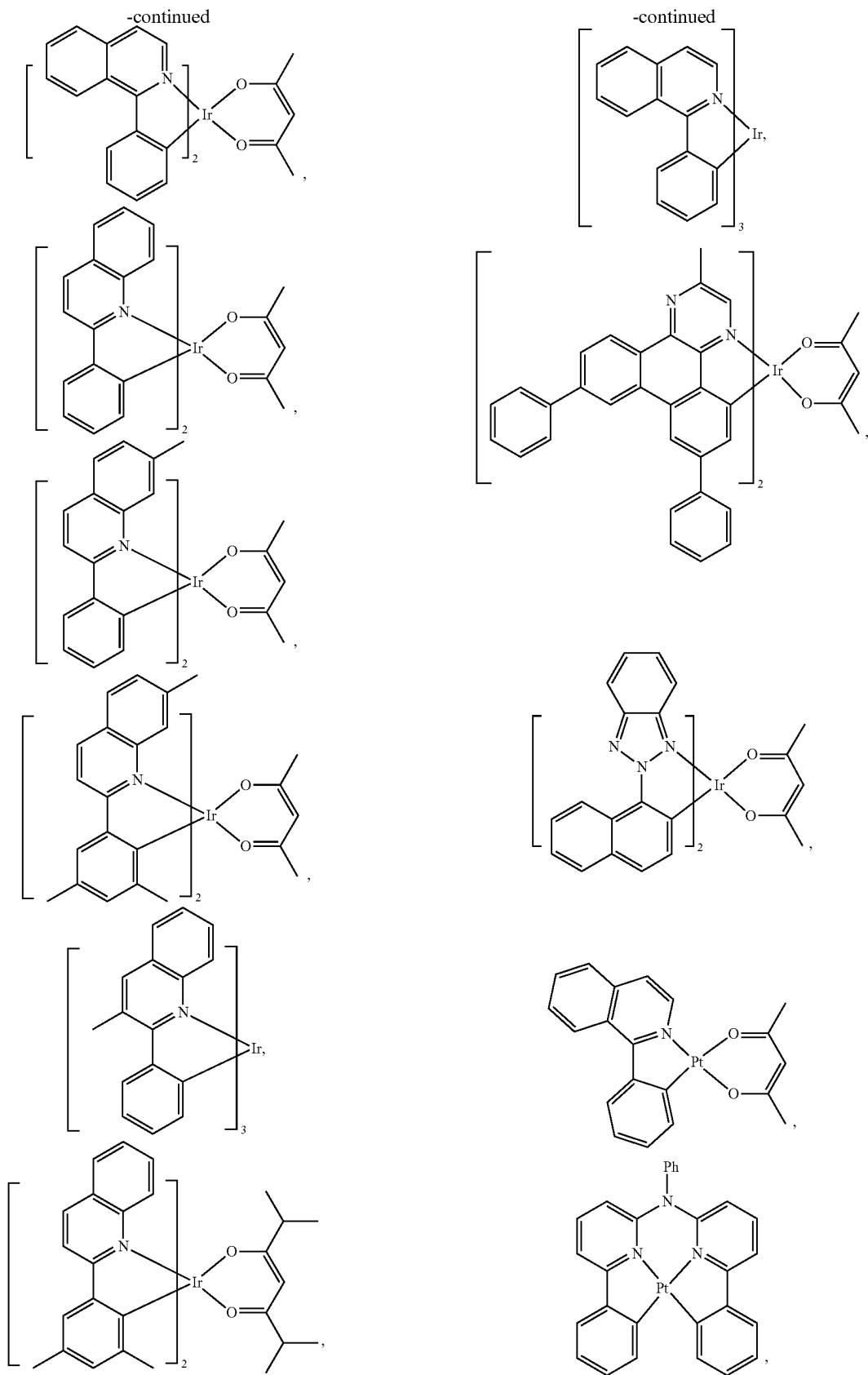
e) Additional Emitters:

[0173] One or more additional emitter dopants may be used in conjunction with the compound of the present disclosure. Examples of the additional emitter dopants are not particularly limited, and any compounds may be used as long as the compounds are typically used as emitter materials. Examples of suitable emitter materials include, but are not limited to, compounds which can produce emissions via phosphorescence, fluorescence, thermally activated delayed fluorescence, i.e., TADF (also referred to as E-type delayed fluorescence), triplet-triplet annihilation, or combinations of these processes.

[0174] Non-limiting examples of the emitter materials that may be used in an OLED in combination with materials disclosed herein are exemplified below together with references that disclose those materials: CN103694277, CN1696137, EB01238981, EP01239526, EP01961743, EP1239526, EP1244155, EP1642951, EP1647554, EP1841834, EP1841834B, EP2062907, EP2730583, JP2012074444, JP2013110263, JP4478555, KR1020090133652, KR20120032054, KR20130043460, TW201332980, U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,699,599, 6,916,554, US20010019782, US20020034656, US20030068526, US20030072964, US20030138657, US20050123788, US20050244673, US2005123791, US2005260449, US20060008670, US20060065890, US20060127696, US20060134459, US20060134462, US20060202194, US20060251923, US20070034863, US20070087321, US20070103060, US20070111026, US20070190359, US20070231600, US2007034863, US2007104979, US2007104980, US2007138437, US2007224450, US2007278936, US20080020237, US20080233410, US20080261076, US20080297033, US200805851, US2008161567, US2008210930, US20090039776, US20090108737, US20090115322, US20090179555, US2009085476, US2009104472, US20100090591, US20100148663, US20100244004, US2010027116, US2010105902, US2010244004, US2010270916, US20110057559, US20110057882, US20110204333, US2011215710, US2011227049, US2011285275, US2012292601, US20130146848, US2013033172, US2013165653, US2013181190, US2013334521, US20140246656, US2014103305, U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,303,238, 6,413,656, 6,653,654, 6,670,645, 6,687,266, 6,835,469, 6,921,915, 7,279,704, 7,332,232, 7,378,162, 7,534,505, 7,675,228, 7,728,137, 7,740,957, 7,759,489, 7,951,947, 8,067,099, 8,592,586, 8,871,361, WO06081973, WO06121811, WO07018067, WO07108362, WO07115970, WO07115981, WO08035571, WO2002015645, WO2003040257, WO2005019373, WO2006056418, WO2008054584,

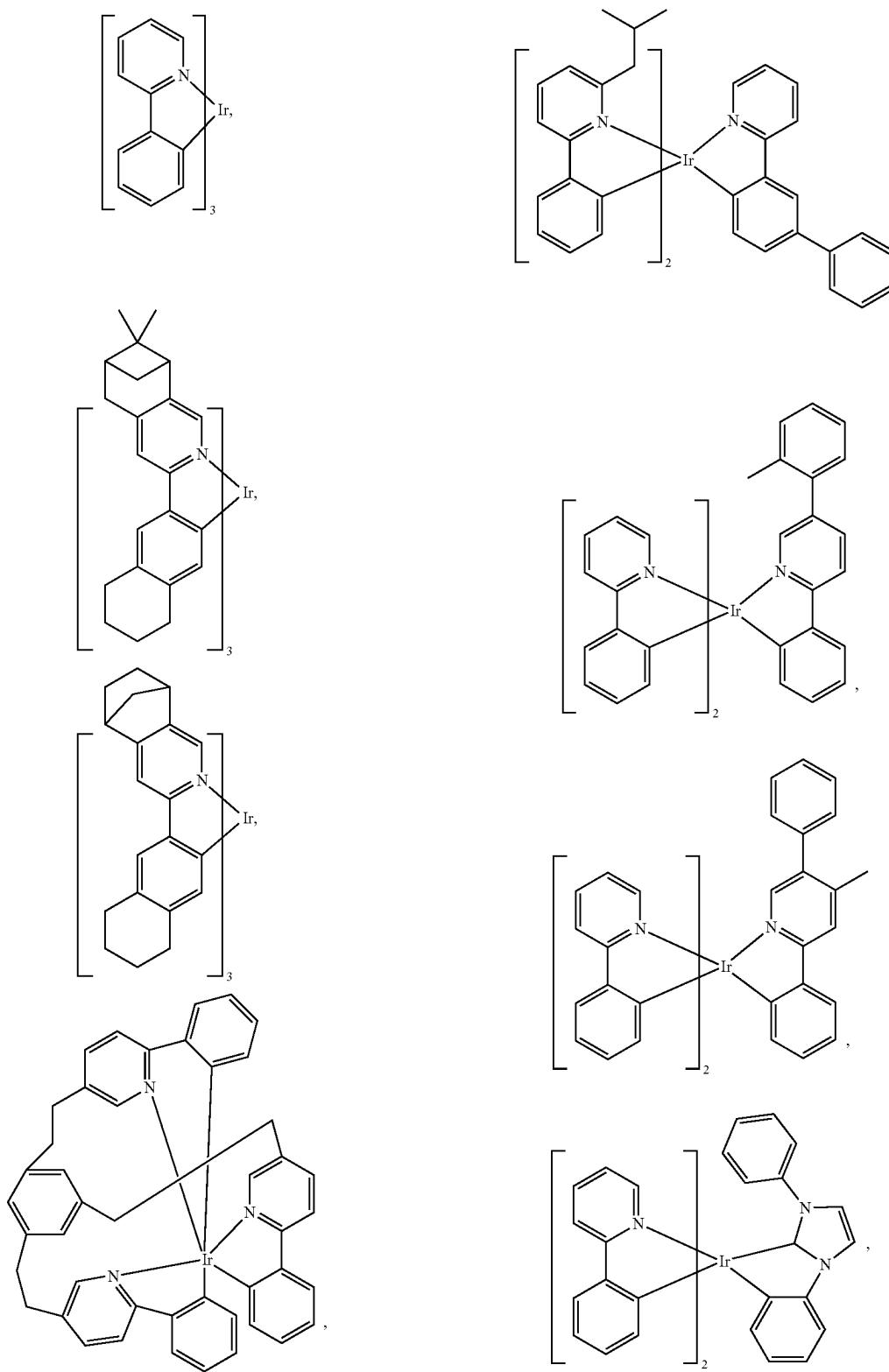
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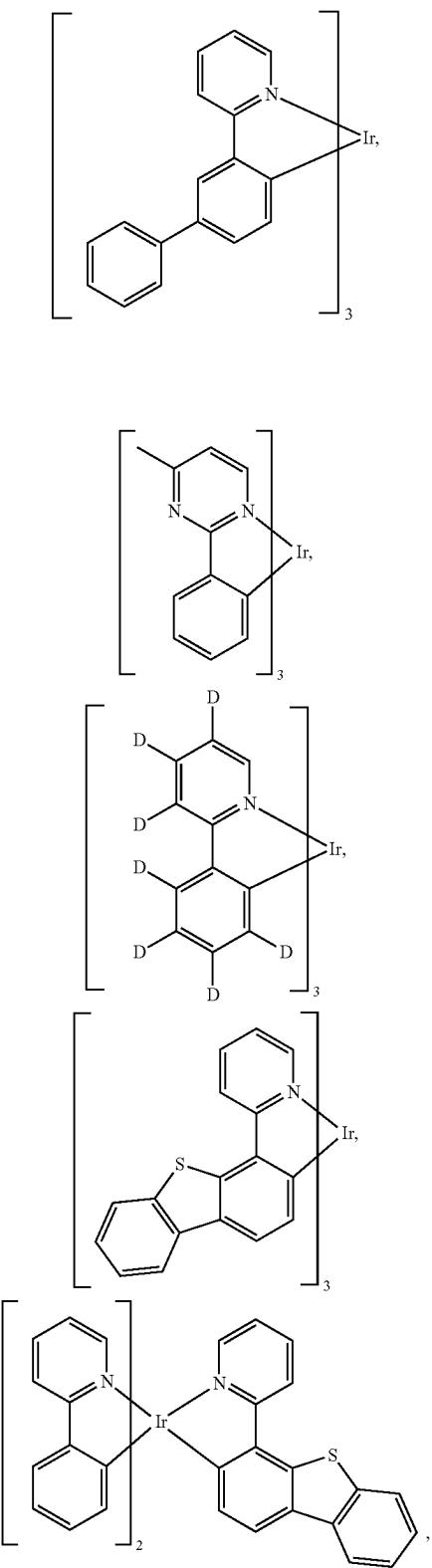


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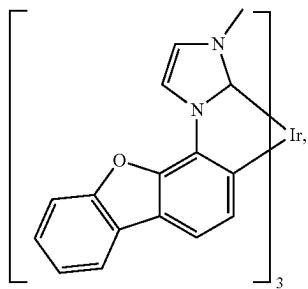
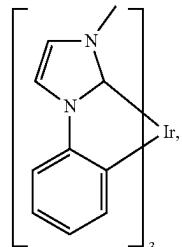
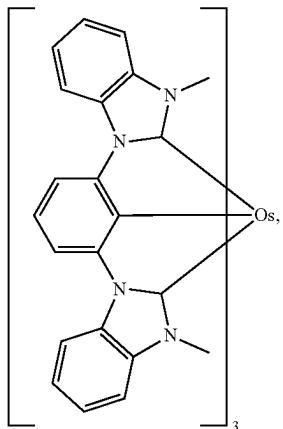
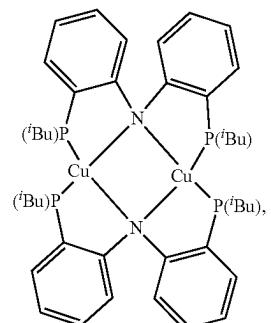
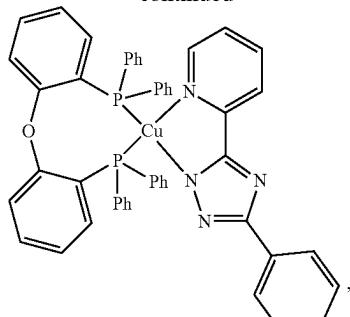
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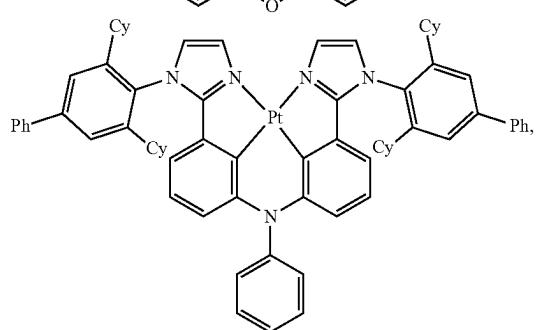
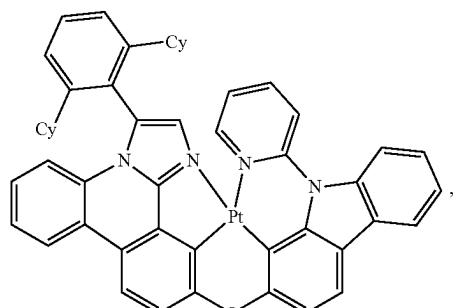
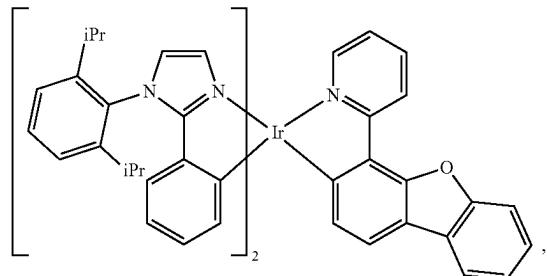
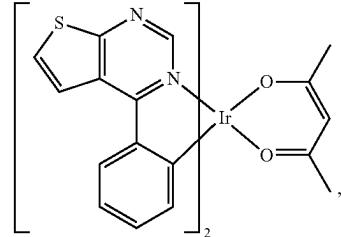
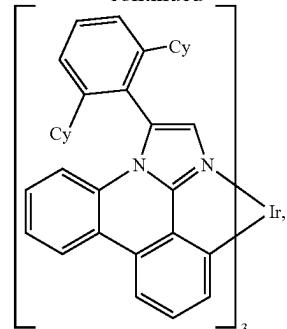
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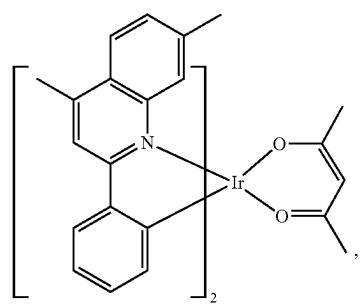
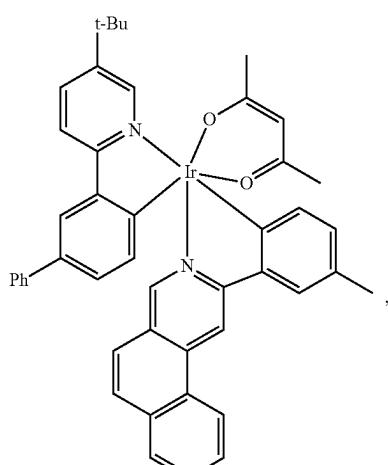
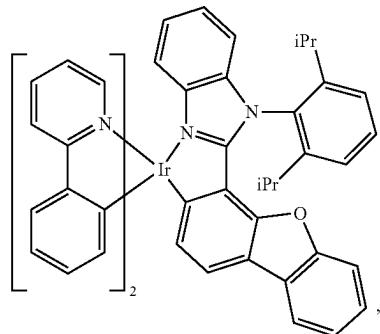
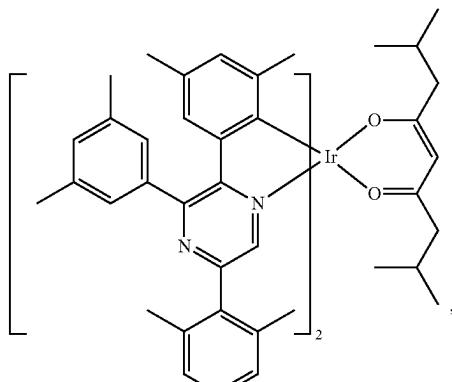
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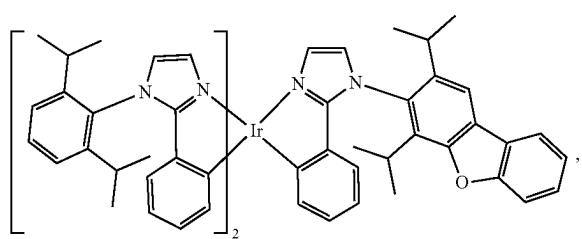
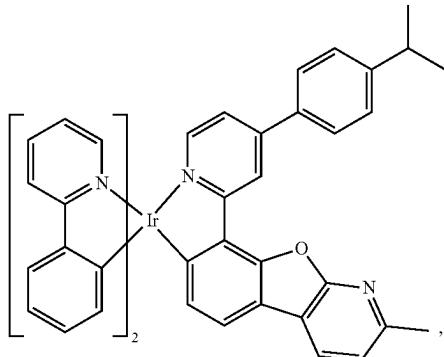
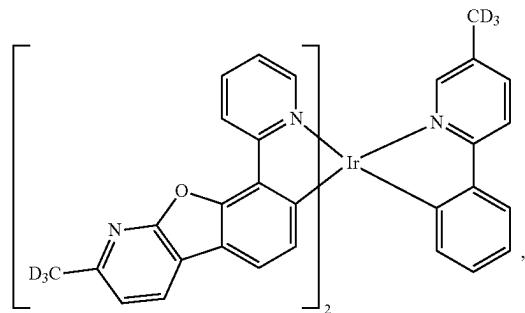
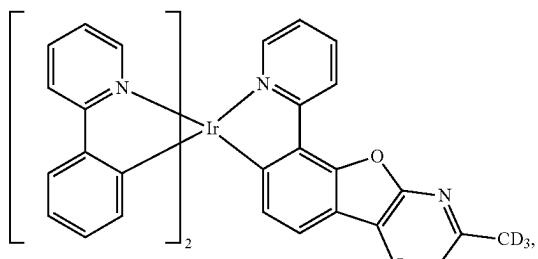
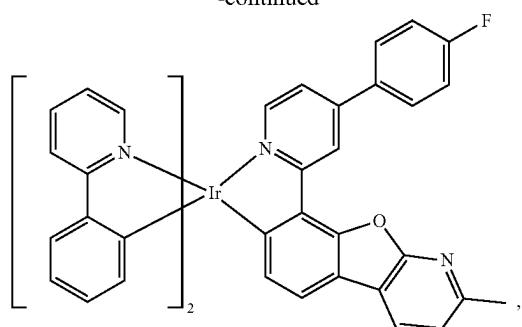
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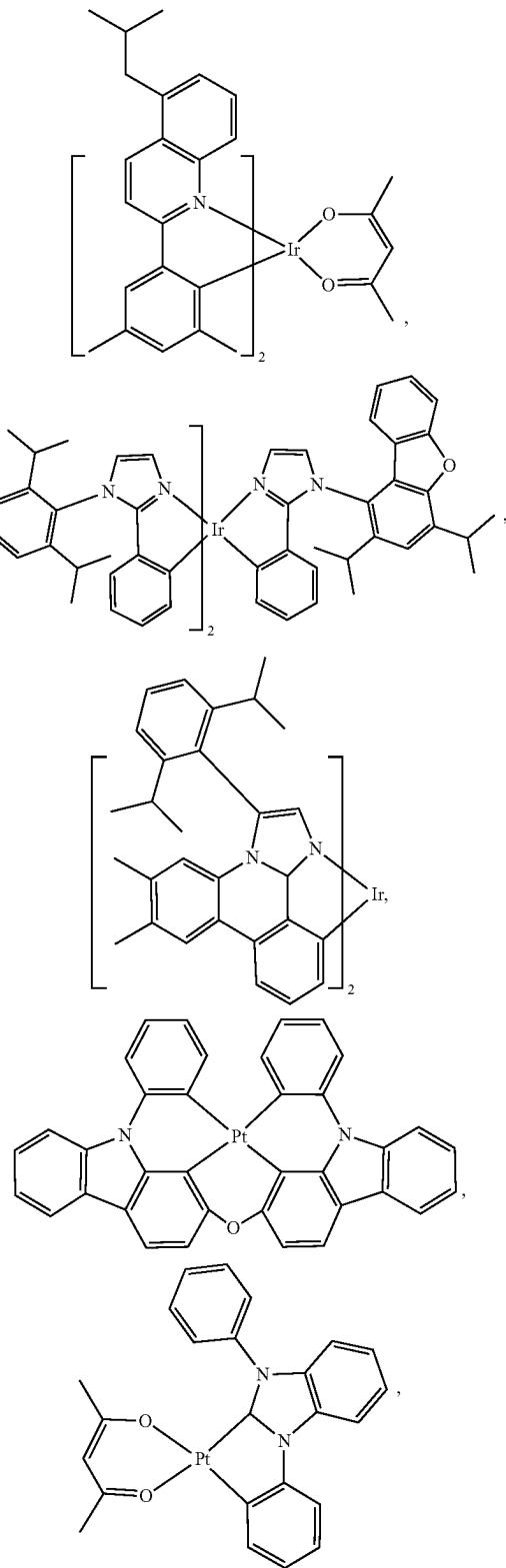
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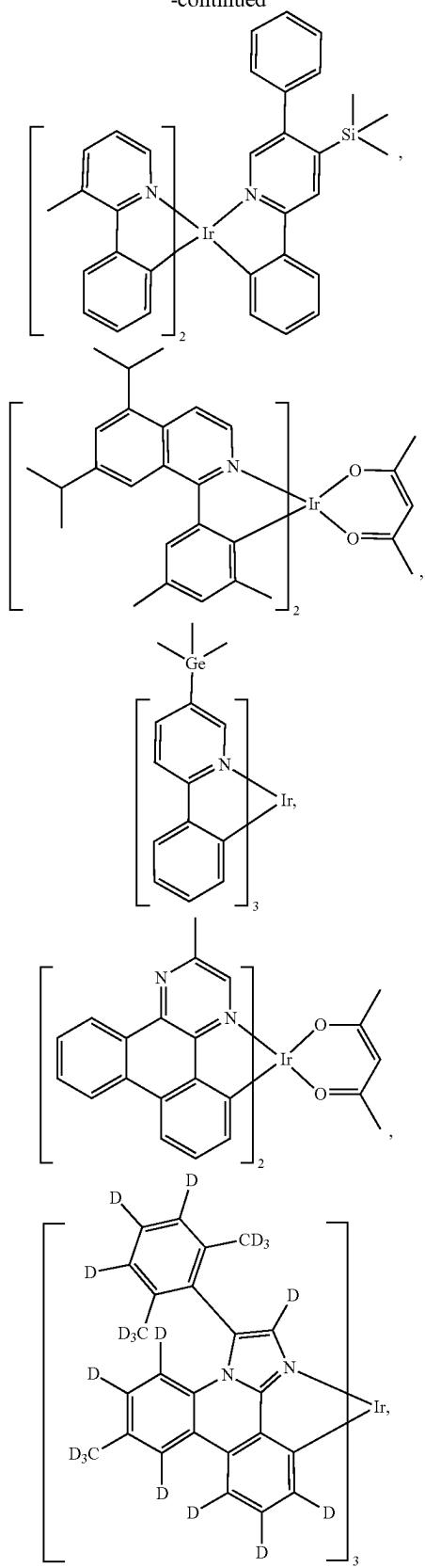
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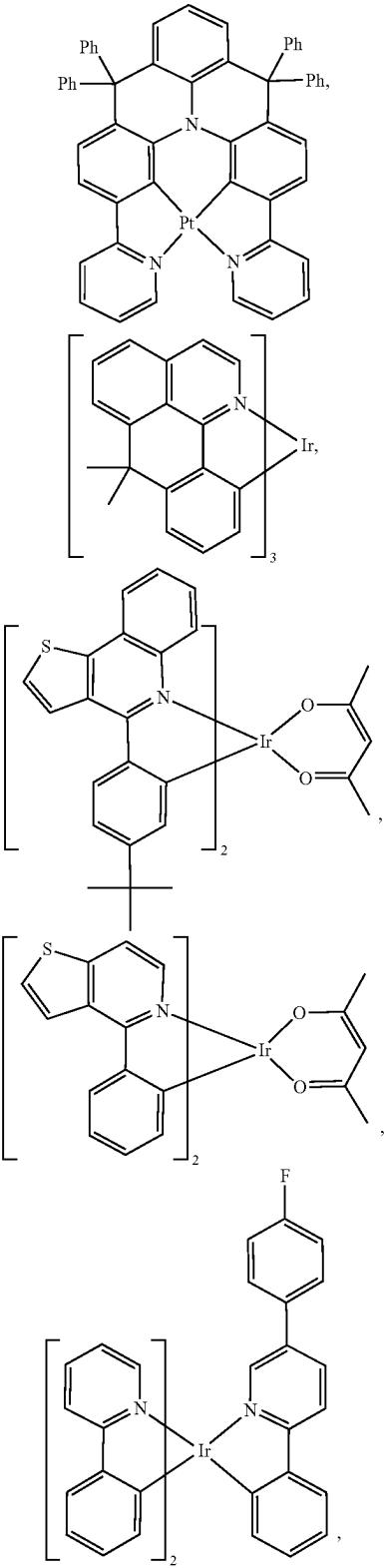
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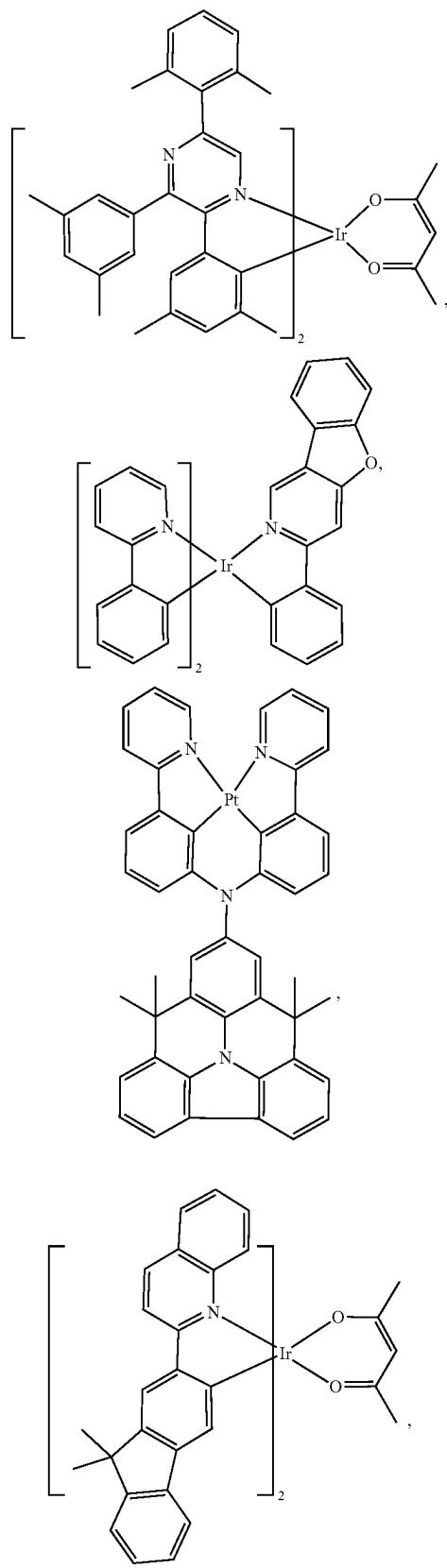
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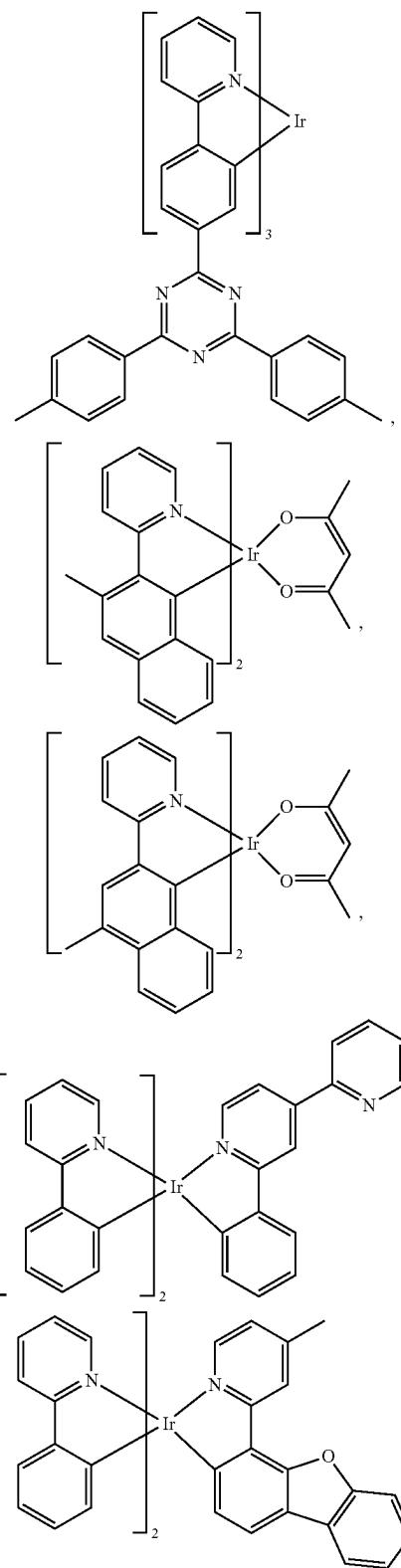
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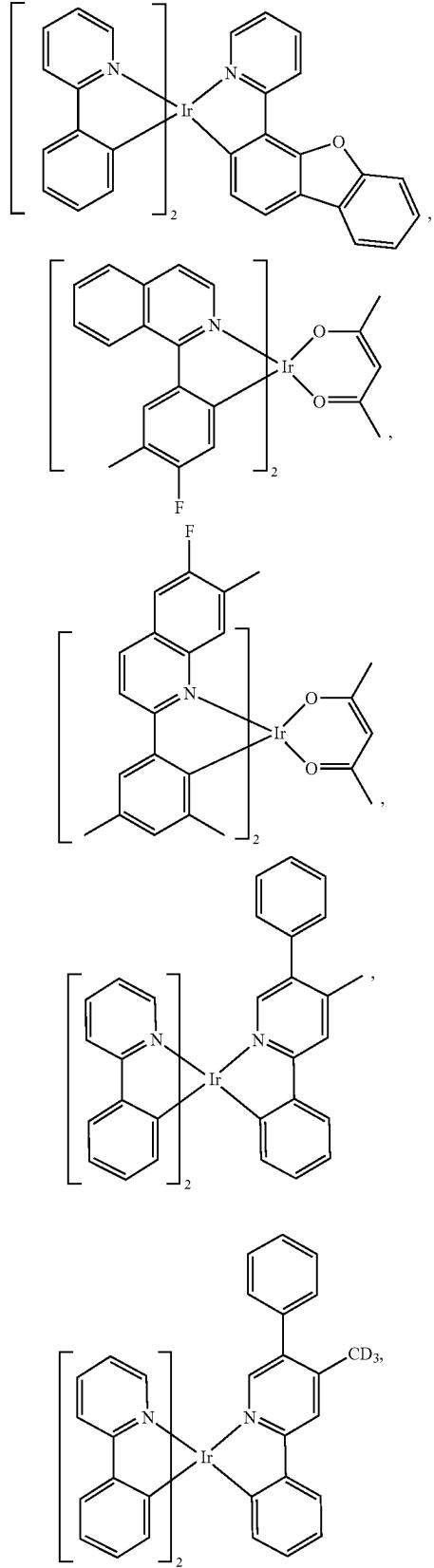
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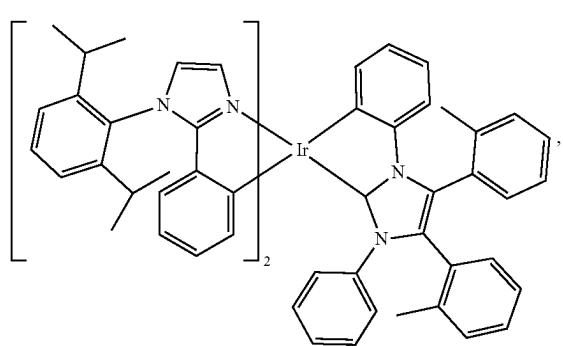
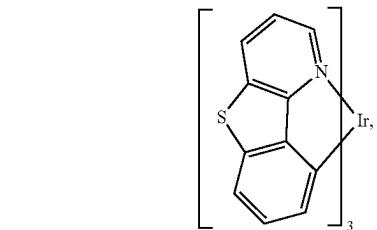
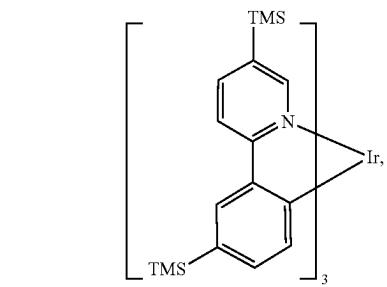
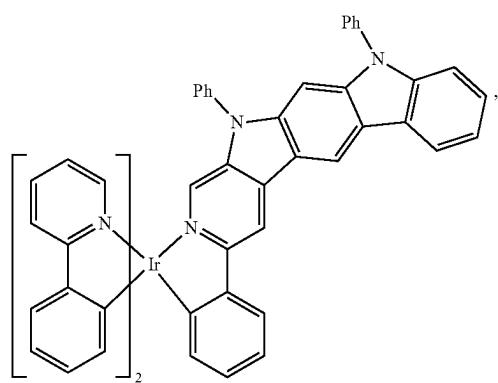
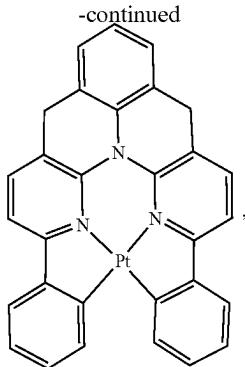
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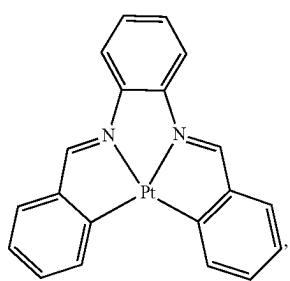
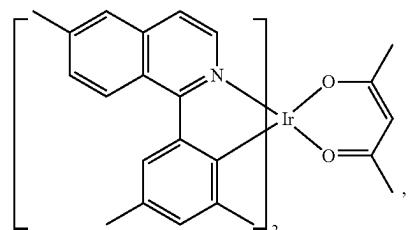
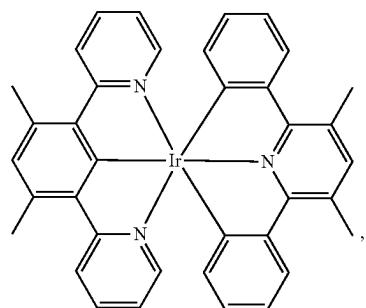
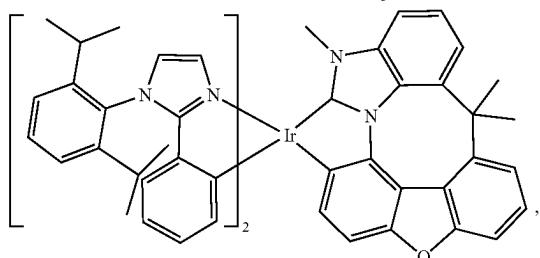
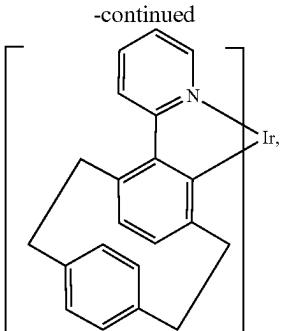
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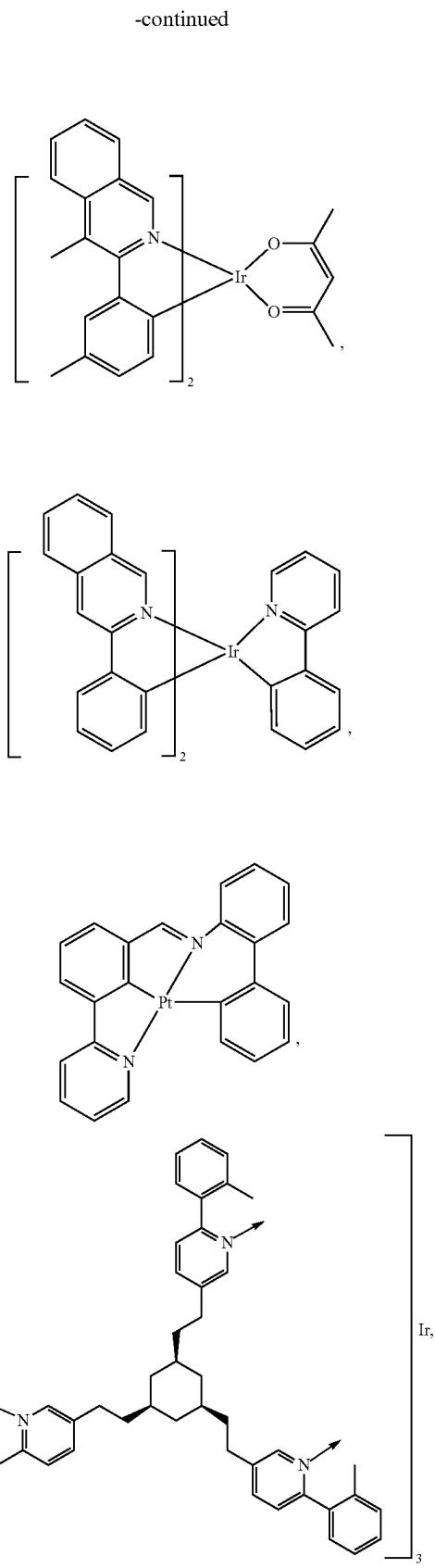
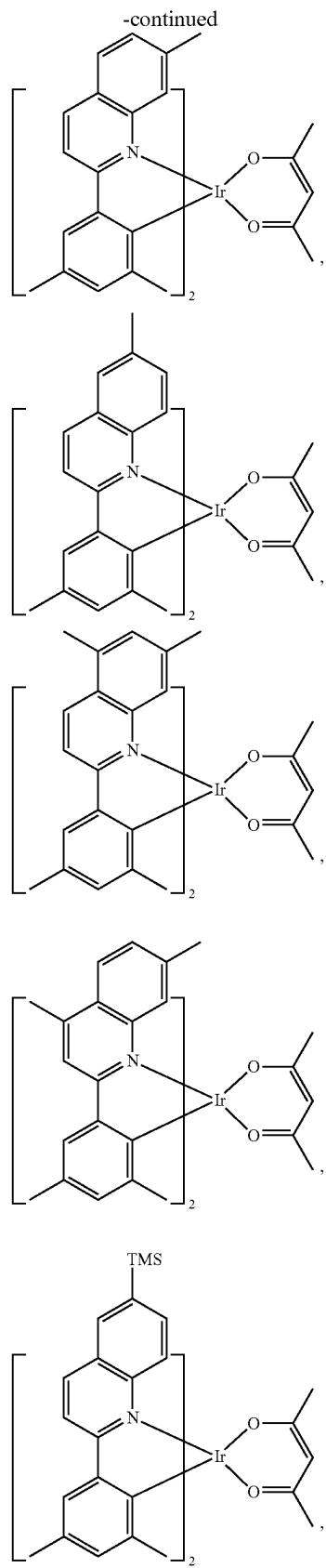


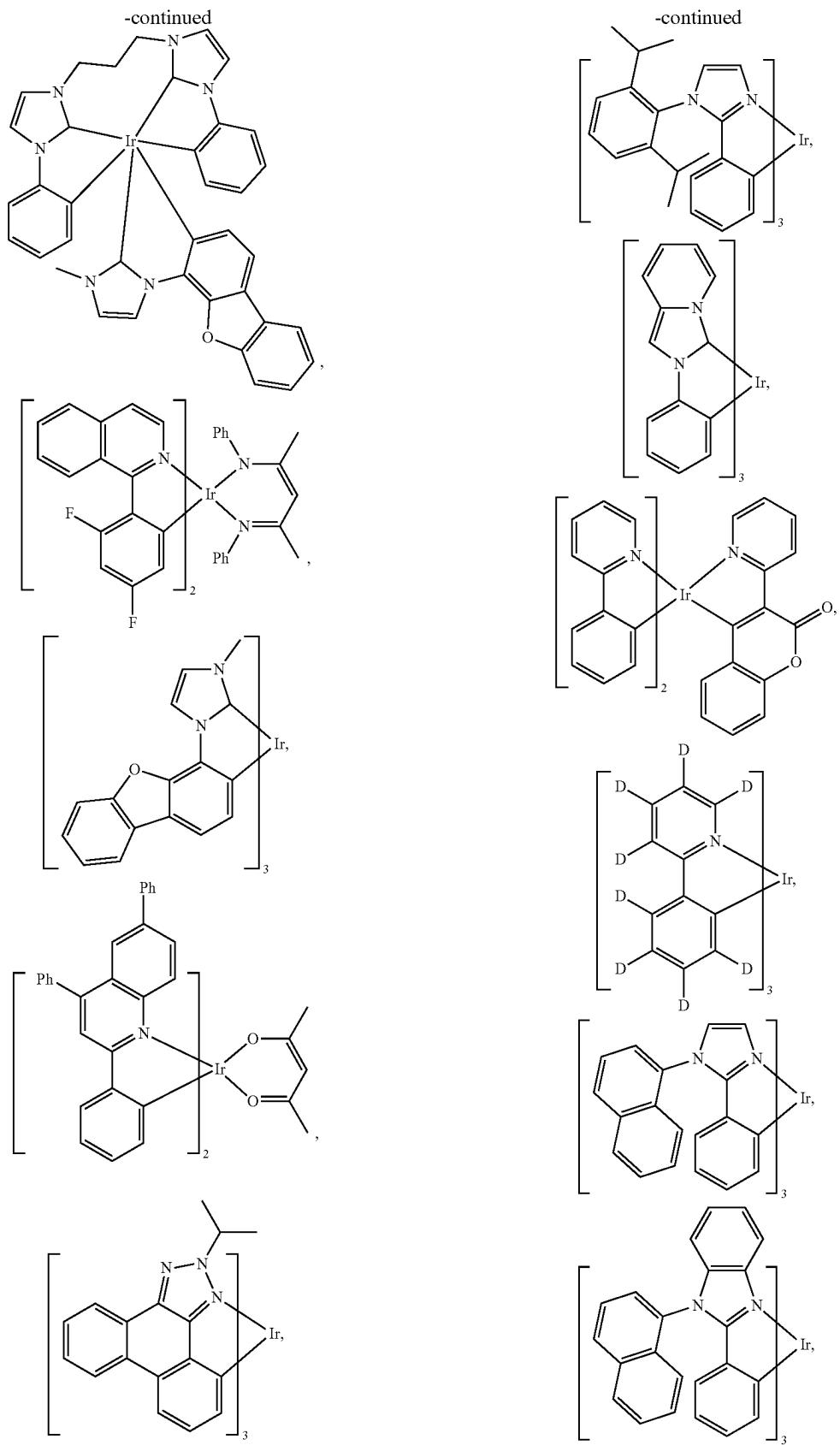
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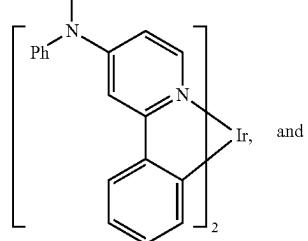
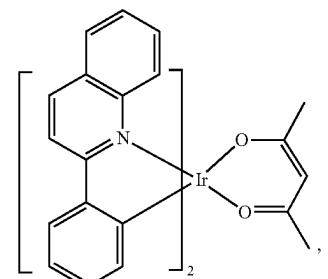
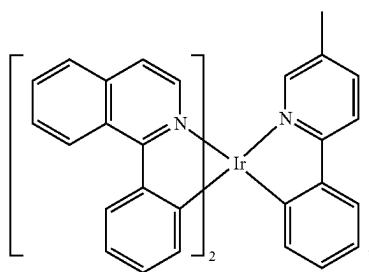
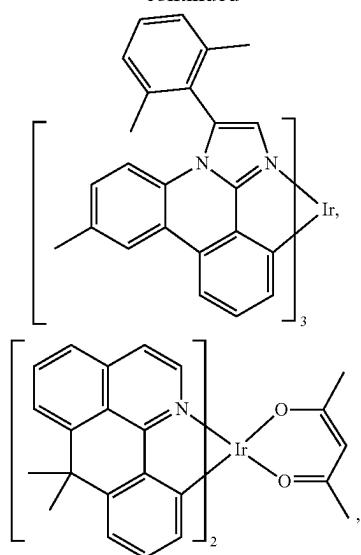
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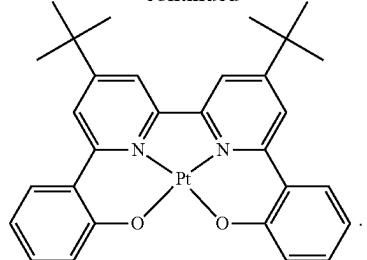




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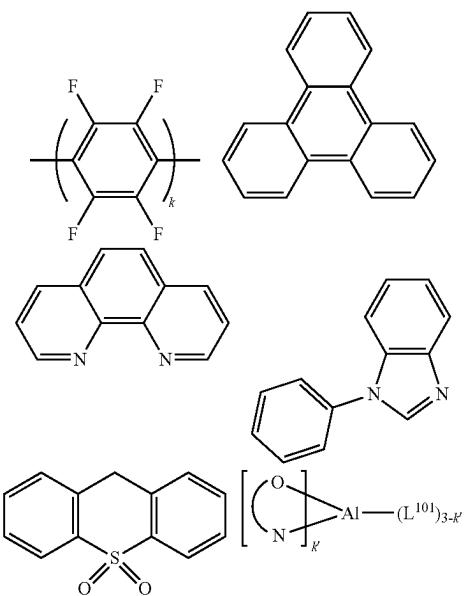


f) HBL:

[0175] A hole blocking layer (HBL) may be used to reduce the number of holes and/or excitons that leave the emissive layer. The presence of such a blocking layer in a device may result in substantially higher efficiencies and/or longer lifetime as compared to a similar device lacking a blocking layer. Also, a blocking layer may be used to confine emission to a desired region of an OLED. In some embodiments, the HBL material has a lower HOMO (further from the vacuum level) and/or higher triplet energy than the emitter closest to the HBL interface. In some embodiments, the HBL material has a lower HOMO (further from the vacuum level) and/or higher triplet energy than one or more of the hosts closest to the HBL interface.

[0176] In one aspect, compound used in HBL contains the same molecule or the same functional groups used as host described above.

[0177] In another aspect, compound used in HBL contains at least one of the following groups in the molecule:



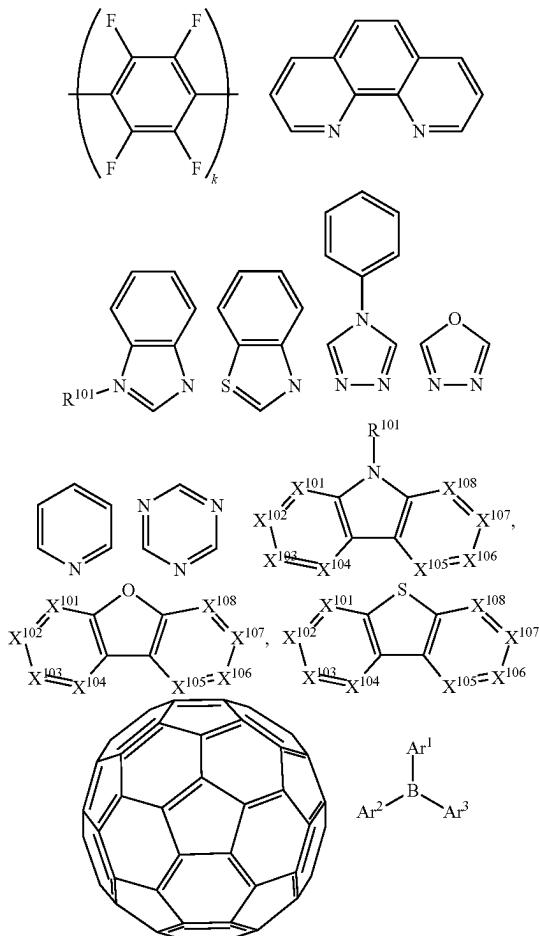
wherein k is an integer from 1 to 20; L^{101} is another ligand, k' is an integer from 1 to 3.

g) ETL:

[0178] Electron transport layer (ETL) may include a material capable of transporting electrons. Electron transport

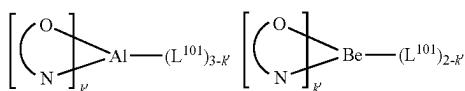
layer may be intrinsic (undoped), or doped. Doping may be used to enhance conductivity. Examples of the ETL material are not particularly limited, and any metal complexes or organic compounds may be used as long as they are typically used to transport electrons.

[0179] In one aspect, compound used in ETL contains at least one of the following groups in the molecule:

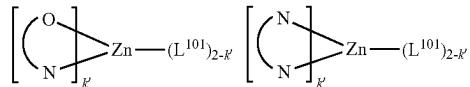


wherein R^{101} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, alkynyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acids, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfonyl, sulfinyl, phosphino, and combinations thereof, when it is aryl or heteroaryl, it has the similar definition as Ar^1 mentioned above. Ar^1 to Ar^3 has the similar definition as Ar^1 's mentioned above. k is an integer from 1 to 20. X^{101} to X^{108} is selected from C (including CH) or N.

[0180] In another aspect, the metal complexes used in ETL contains, but not limit to the following general formula:

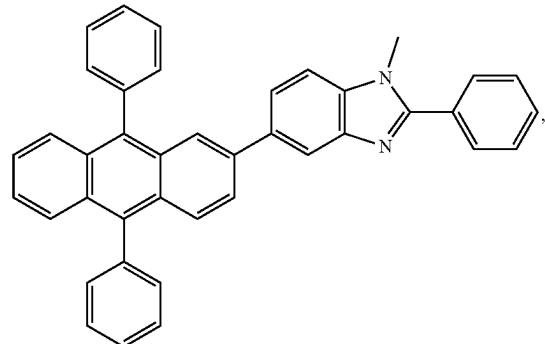
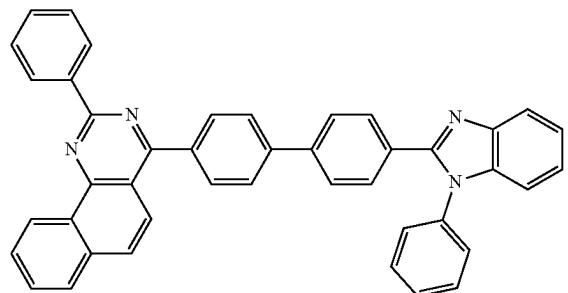


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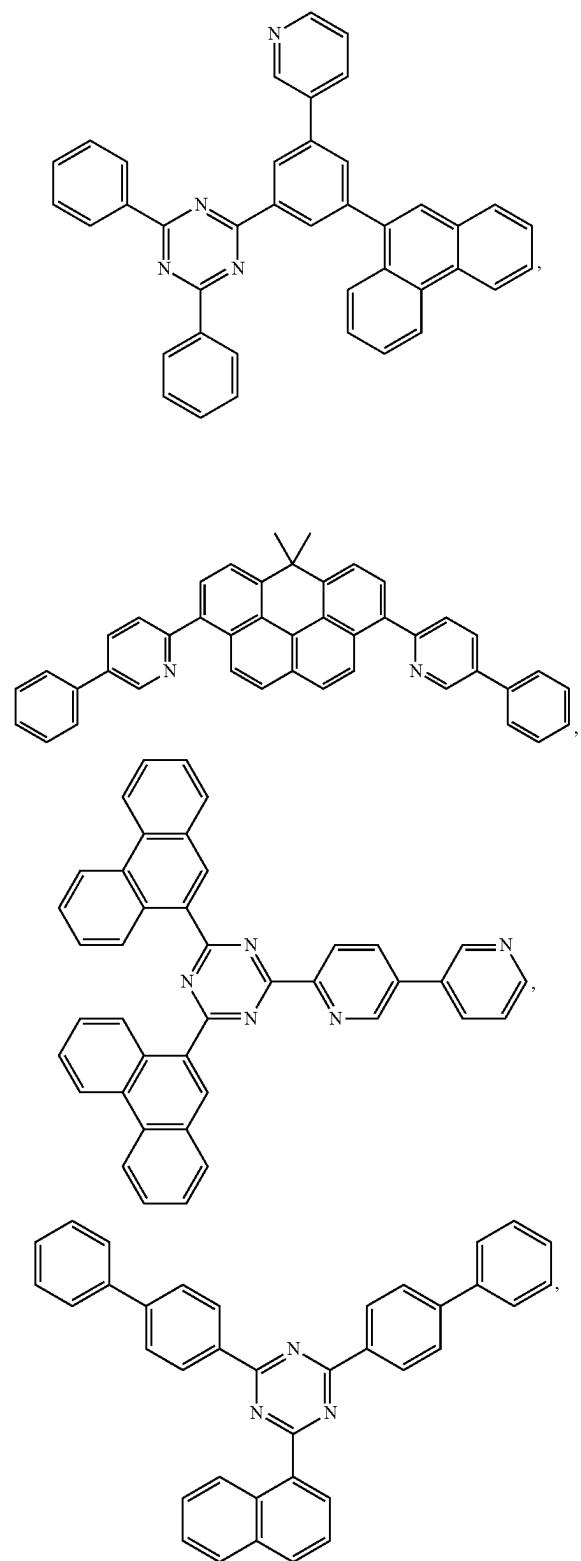


wherein (O—N) or (N—N) is a bidentate ligand, having metal coordinated to atoms O, N or N, N; L^{101} is another ligand; k' is an integer value from 1 to the maximum number of ligands that may be attached to the metal.

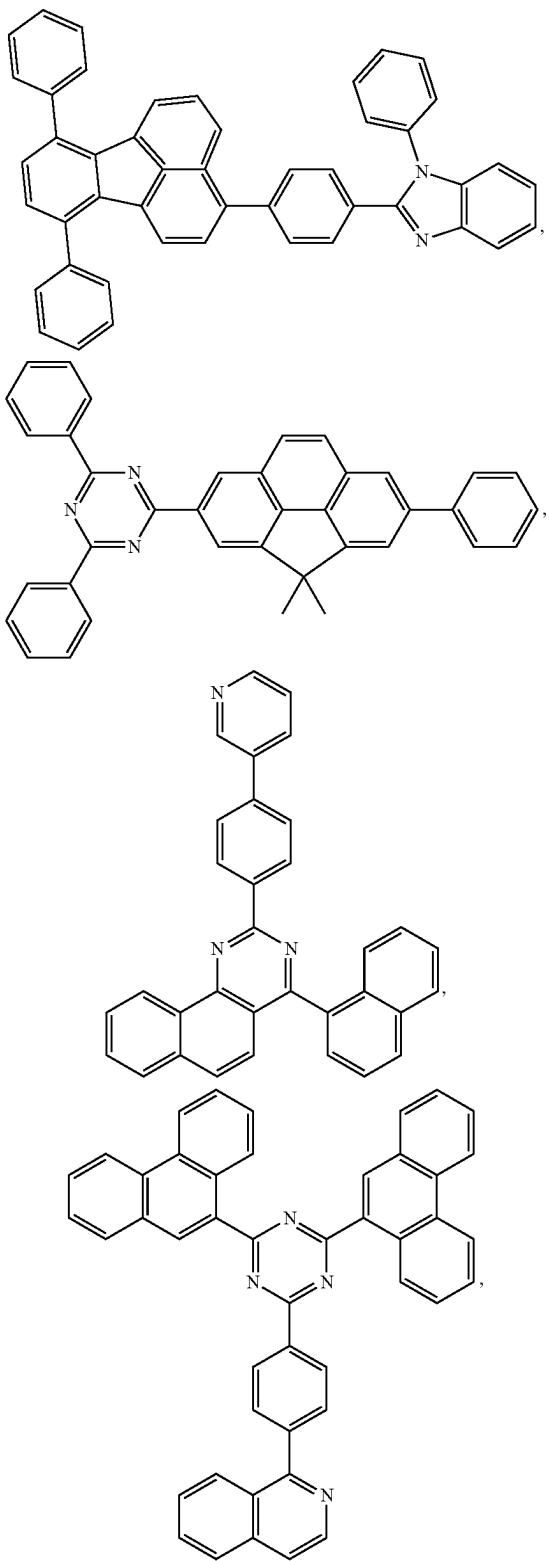
[0181] Non-limiting examples of the ETL materials that may be used in an OLED in combination with materials disclosed herein are exemplified below together with references that disclose those materials: CN103508940, EP01602648, EP01734038, EP01956007, JP2004-022334, JP2005149918, JP2005-268199, KR0117693, KR20130108183, US20040036077, US20070104977, US2007018155, US20090101870, US20090115316, US20090140637, US20090179554, US2009218940, US2010108990, US2011156017, US2011210320, US2012193612, US2012214993, US2014014925, US2014014927, US20140284580, U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,656,612, 8,415,031, WO2003060956, WO2007111263, WO2009148269, WO2010067894, WO2010072300, WO2011074770, WO2011105373, WO2013079217, WO2013145667, WO2013180376, WO2014104499, WO2014104535,



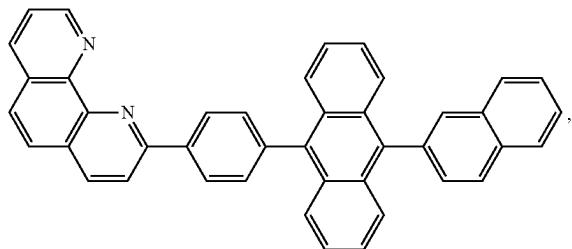
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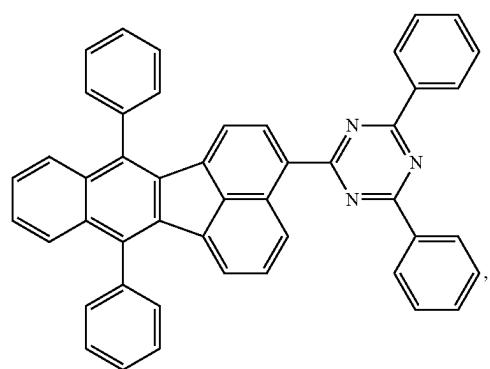
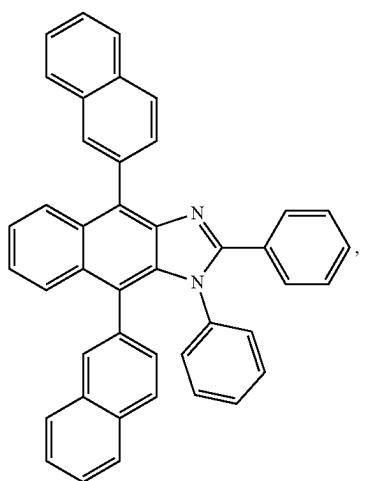
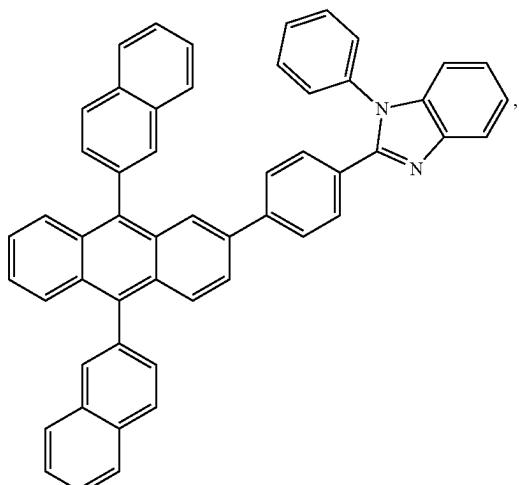
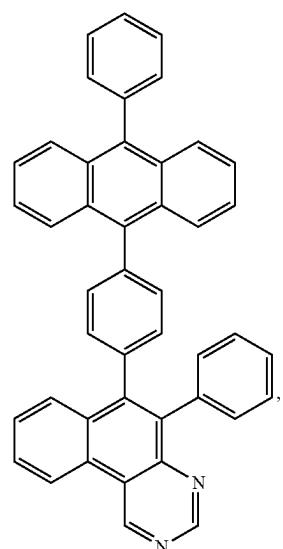
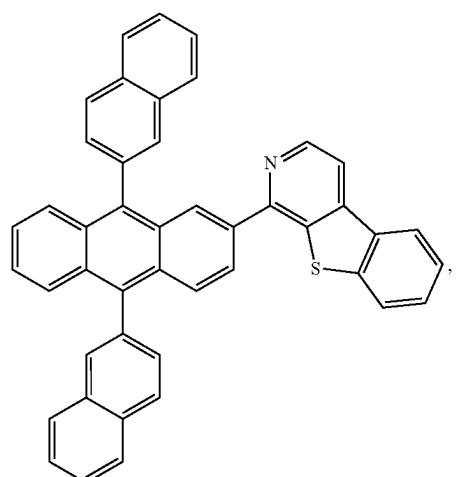
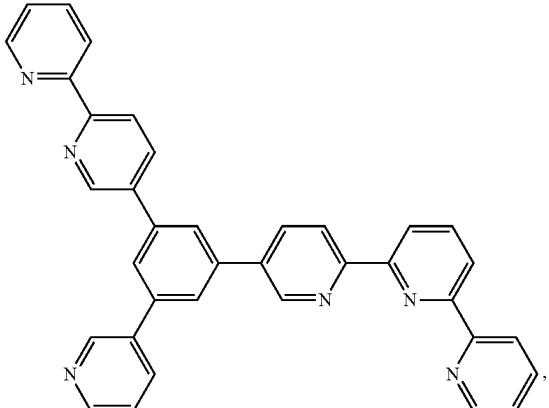
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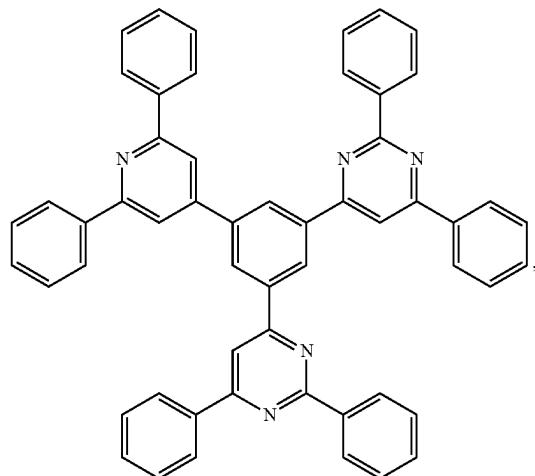
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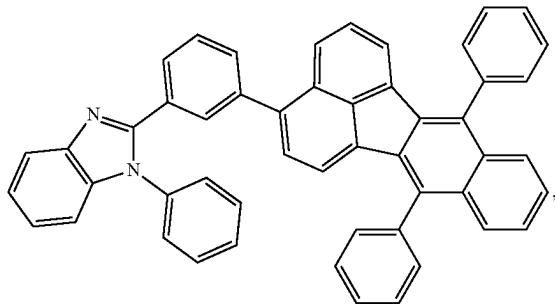
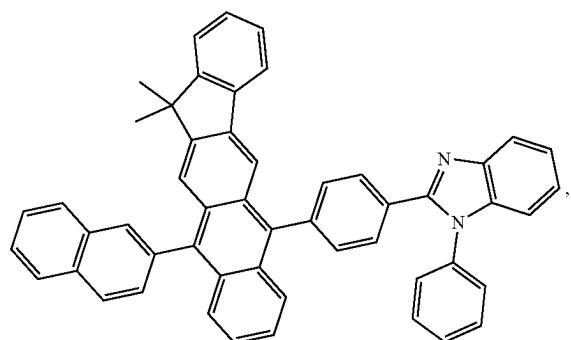
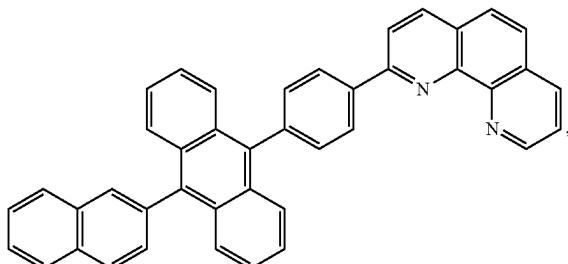
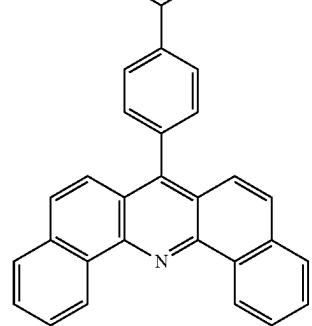
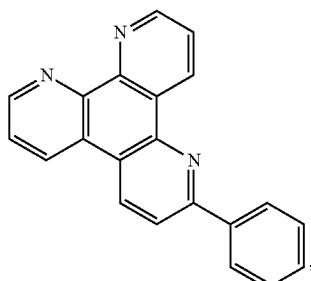
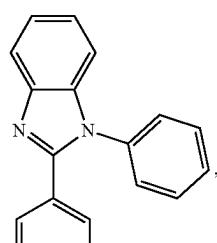
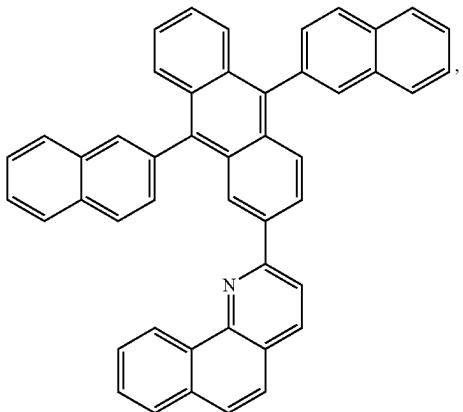
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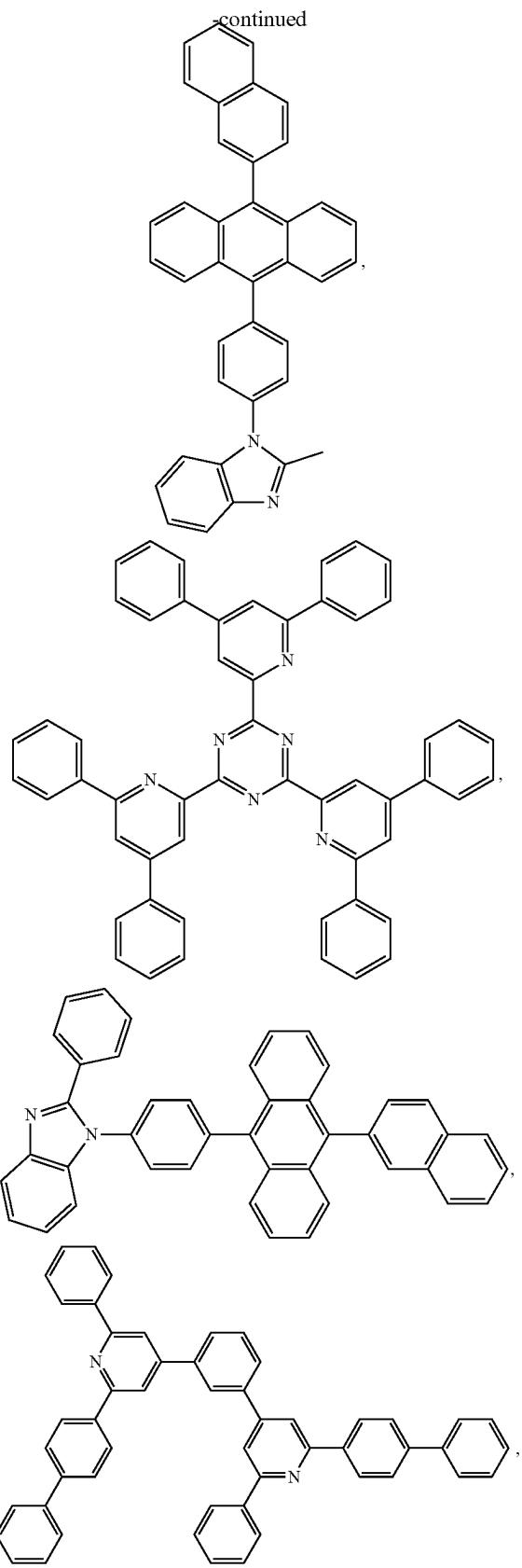
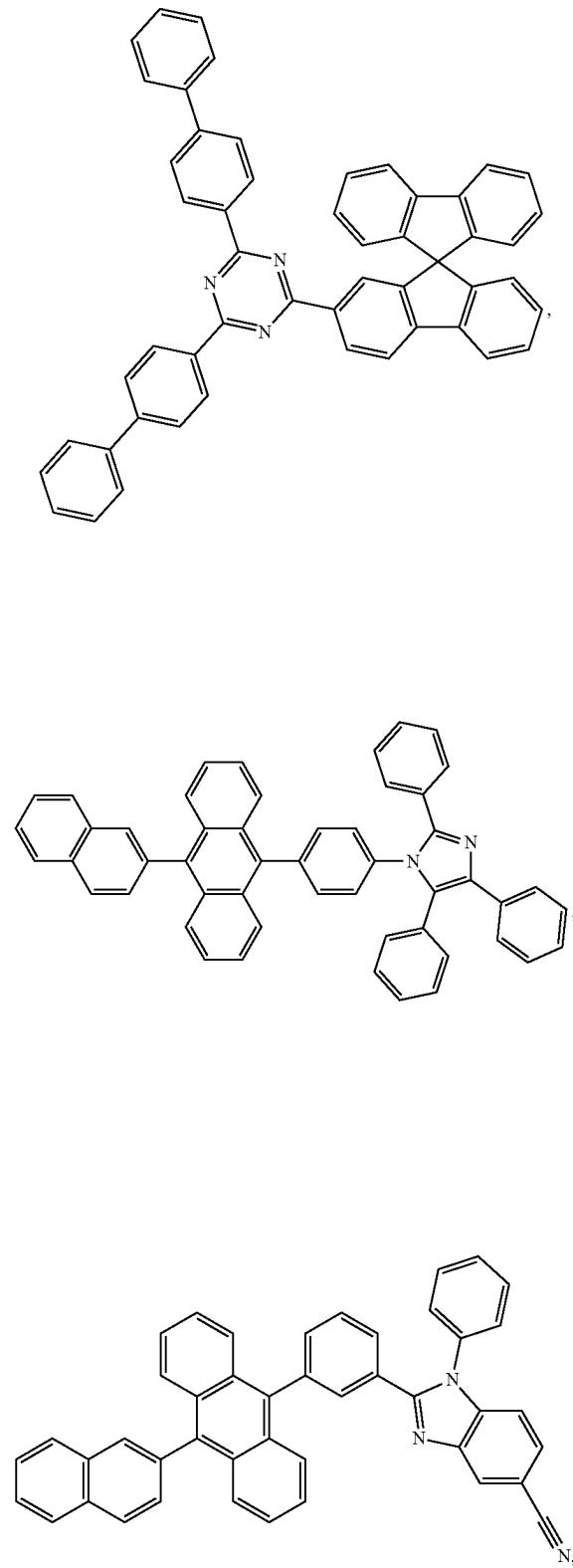
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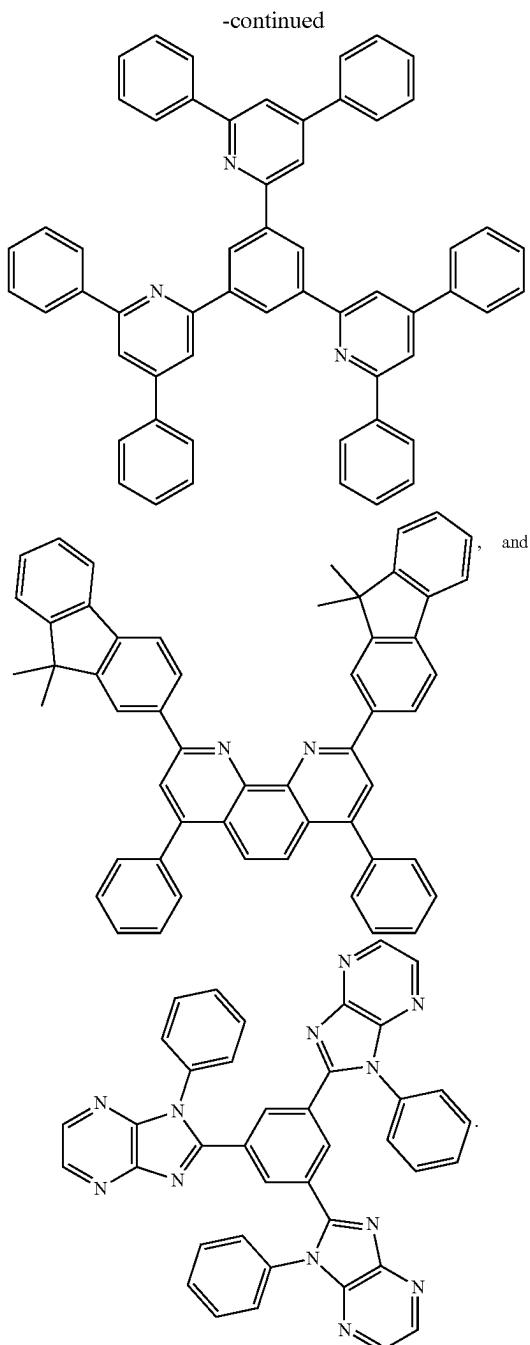


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h) Charge Generation Layer (CGL)

[0182] In tandem or stacked OLEDs, the CGL plays an essential role in the performance, which is composed of an n-doped layer and a p-doped layer for injection of electrons and holes, respectively. Electrons and holes are supplied from the CGL and electrodes. The consumed electrons and holes in the CGL are refilled by the electrons and holes injected from the cathode and anode, respectively; then, the bipolar currents reach a steady state gradually. Typical CGL materials include n and p conductivity dopants used in the transport layers.

[0183] In any above-mentioned compounds used in each layer of the OLED device, the hydrogen atoms can be partially or fully deuterated. Thus, any specifically listed substituent, such as, without limitation, methyl, phenyl, pyridyl, etc. may be undeuterated, partially deuterated, and fully deuterated versions thereof. Similarly, classes of substituents such as, without limitation, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, etc. also may be undeuterated, partially deuterated, and fully deuterated versions thereof.

[0184] It is understood that the various embodiments described herein are by way of example only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention. For example, many of the materials and structures described herein may be substituted with other materials and structures without deviating from the spirit of the invention. The present invention as claimed may therefore include variations from the particular examples and preferred embodiments described herein, as will be apparent to one of skill in the art. It is understood that various theories as to why the invention works are not intended to be limiting.

E. Experimental Data

Synthesis of L_A21-(25)(25)-L_B8(25)(25)(25)(25)

[0185] Synthesis of 2-(2-chloro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane: To a solution of 1-bromo-2-chlorobenzene (7.66 g, 40 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (THF) (80 mL) at -78° C. was added slowly n-BuLi (1.6 M, 12.5 mL, 20 mmol) and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature (-23° C.) for 2 hours. This was cooled to -78° C., and n-BuLi (1.6 M, 15 mL, 24 mmol) was added slowly and stirred at -78° C. for 1 hours. 2-isopropoxy-4-4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (4.5 g, 24 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was quenched with 2 M HCl, then the organic layer was extracted with ethylacetate (EtOAc) (3×150 mL), the combined organics were washed with brine (250 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated to give crude. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: ethylether (Et₂O), 2-25 vol-%: 98-75 vol-%) to yield 2-(2-chloro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (4.5 g, 73%) as a colourless oil.

[0186] Synthesis of 1-(4-bromo-3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole: To a mixture of 1-bromo-2-fluoro-4-iodobenzene (5.0 g, 16.6 mmol), 1H-pyrazole (1.13 g, 16.6 mmol), and caesium carbonate (13.5 g, 41.5 mmol) in acetonitrile (100 mL) was added with copper iodide (0.63 g, 3.3 mmol), and N,N'-dimethylethylenediamine (0.72 mL, 6.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was then stirred for 16 hours at 80° C. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through diatomaceous earth (Celite®), then washed with methanol. The filtrate was then concentrated to give crude material. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: EtOAc, 2-25 vol-%: 98-75 vol-%) to afford 1-(4-bromo-3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole (3.5 g, 87%) as a white solid.

[0187] Synthesis of 1-(2"-chloro-2-fluoro-[1',1,2,1"-terphenyl]-4-yl)-1H-pyrazole: A mixture of 1-(4-bromo-3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole (4.0 g, 16.6 mmol), 2-(2-chloro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (5.2 g, 16.6 mmol) and potassium carbonate (5.7 g, 41.5 mmol) in dioxane (100 mL) and water (25 mL) was sparged with nitrogen for 20 minutes. Tetrakis (triphenylphosphine) palladium (0) (Pd-tetrakis) (0.96 g, 0.83 mmol) was added and the mixture sparged with nitrogen for

a further 10 minutes, before stirring for 16 hours at 80° C. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature, concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue partitioned between EtOAc (200 mL) and water (200 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2×250 mL), the combined organics were washed with brine (250 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated to give crude. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: EtOAc, 2-25 vol-%: 98-75 vol-%) to afford 1-(2"-chloro-2-fluoro-[1',1,2,1"-terphenyl]-4-yl)-1H-pyrazole (4.0 g, 69%) as a thick yellow oil.

[0188] Synthesis of 2"-fluoro-4"--(1H-pyrazo-1-yl)-[1,1':2',1":2",1""-quarterphenyl-2-amine: A mixture of 1-(2"-chloro-2-fluoro-[1',1,2,1"-terphenyl]-4-yl)-1H-pyrazole, (5.3 g, 15.2 mmol), 2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)aniline (6.6 g, 30.4 mmol), and potassium carbonate (6.3 g, 45.6 mmol) in dioxane (210 mL) and water (40 mL) was sparged with nitrogen for 20 min. XPhos-Pd-G3 ((2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',6'-trisopropyl-1,1'-biphenyl)-[2-(2'-amino-1,1'-biphenyl)]palladium (II) methanesulfonate) (0.7 g, 0.8 mmol) was added and the mixture sparged for a further 10 minutes with nitrogen, before stirring for 16 hours at 100° C. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, concentrate under reduced pressure, and the residue partitioned between EtOAc (150 mL) and water (150 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×200 mL), the combined organics washed with brine (250 mL), and dried over MgSO₄. The resulting crude product was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: EtOAc, 5-50 vol-%: 95-75 vol-%) to afford 2"-fluoro-4"--(1H-pyrazo-1-yl)-[1,1':2',1":2",1""-quarterphenyl-2-amine, (4.2 g, 68.2%) as an orange gum.

[0189] Synthesis of 7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine: A mixture of 2"-fluoro-4"--(1H-pyrazo-1-yl)-[1,1':2',1":2",1""-quarterphenyl-2-amine (4.2 g, 10.4 mmol)

and potassium-tert-butoxide (2.3 g, 10.7 mmol) in dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) (80 mL) was stirred for 16 hours at 100° C. This was cooled to room temperature, and ice and water were slowly added while stirring, until a precipitate was formed. The resulting solid was filtered, washed with water, and dried. The resulting crude product was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: EtOAc, 5-50 vol-%: 95-50 vol-%) to afford 7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine, (3.0 g, 75%) as a beige solid.

[0190] Synthesis of 9-(3-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-phenyl)-7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine: A mixture of 7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine, (1.75 g, 4.5 mmol), 1-(3-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazole (1.3 g, 5.7 mmol), RuPhos (2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-diisopropoxybiphenyl) (0.21 g, 0.45 mmol) and tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium(0) (Pd₂dba₃) (0.20 g, 0.23 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) was flushed with nitrogen for 10 min. Lithium hexamethyldisilazide (LHMDS) 1M in THF (9.2, 9.2 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 16 hours at 110° C. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated to give crude sample. The crude sample was chromatographed on silica (Iso-hexane: EtOAc, 5-50 vol-%: 95-50 vol-%) to afford 9-(3-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-phenyl)-7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine (1.4 g, 2.7 mmol, 60%), as a light brown solid.

[0191] Synthesis of L_A21-(25)(25)-L_B8(25)(25)(25)(25): A mixture of 9-(3-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)-7-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-9H-tetrabenz[b,d,f,h]azonine (42 mg, 0.080 mmol) and dichloro (1,5-cyclooctadiene)platinum (II) (Pt(COD) Cl₂) (29.8 mg, 0.080 mmol) was vacuumed and back-filled with nitrogen. The reaction mixture was refluxed in 1,2-dichlorobenzene (2 ml) under nitrogen for 3 days. The reaction mixture was coated on diatomaceous earth (Celite®) and chromatographed on silica (dichloromethane/heptane=2:1 vol:vol) in order to yield L_A21-(25)(25)-L_B8(25)(25)(25)(25) (26 mg, 0.080 mmol, 45%).

TABLE 1

Photoluminescent Properties			
Compound Name	Structure	λ _{max} in PMMA (nm)	PLQY in PMMA
L _A 21-(25)(25)-L _B 8(25)(25)(25)(25)		484	0.64

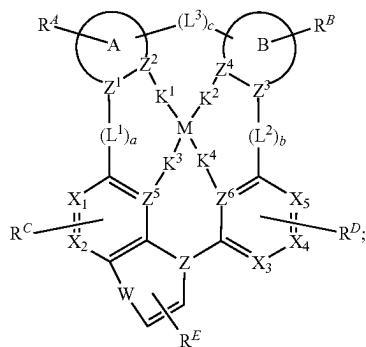
TABLE 1-continued

Compound Name	Structure	Photoluminescent Properties	
		λ_{max} in PMMA (nm)	PLQY in PMMA
Comparative Example		490	0.64

[0192] Table 1 and FIG. 3 provide details of the photoluminescent properties of $L_A 21-(25)(25)-L_B 8(25)(25)(25)$ (Compound 1) and the Comparative Example. Compound 1 is blue-shifted by 6 nm compared to the Comparative Example. Compound 1 has added much more conjugation into the ligand which could lower the triplet energy of the ligand, so a person skilled in the art would have expected the emission spectrum to be red-shifted. Thus, the 6 nm blue-shift shown here is truly unexpected. The blue shift demonstrates that the compound incorporating designs, such as those described herein, can be useful to tune the emission color to achieve desirable blue phosphorescent OLEDs.

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of Formula I



wherein:

ring A and ring B are each independently a 5-membered or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring;

L^1 , L^2 , and L^3 are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, BR, BRR', NR, PR, O, S, Se, C—X, S—O, SO₂, CR, CRR', SiRR', GeRR', alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and combinations thereof;

X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, Se, NR'', and CR''R''';

a, b, and c are each independently 0 or 1;

L^1 is not present when a is 0;

L^2 is not present when b is 0;

L^3 is not present when c is 0;

a+b+c=2 or 3;

K^1 , K^2 , K^3 , and K^4 are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, O, and S;

at least two of K^1 , K^2 , K^3 , and K^4 are direct bonds;

Z^1 , Z^2 , Z^3 , Z^4 , Z^5 , and Z^6 are each independently C or N;

X^1 , X^2 , X^3 , X^4 , and X^5 are each independently C or N;

W is a linking group comprising 3 to 5 linking atoms which can be further substituted;

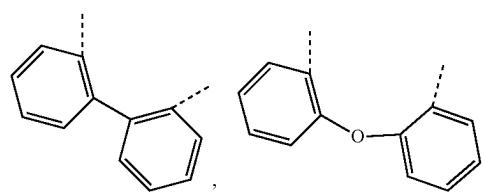
Z is selected from the group consisting of B, N, CR, SiR, and GeR;

M is selected from the group consisting of Pd and Pt;

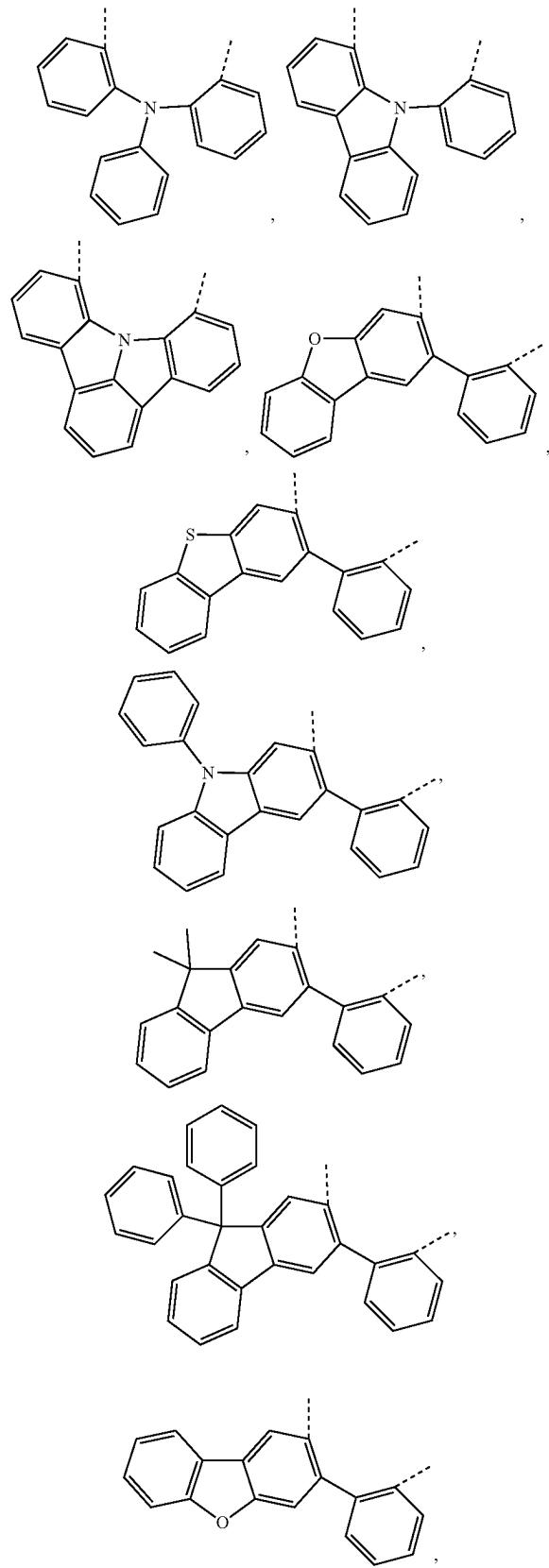
each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R', R'', and R''' is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germinal, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof; and

any two of R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, R', R'', and R''' can be joined or fused to form a ring.

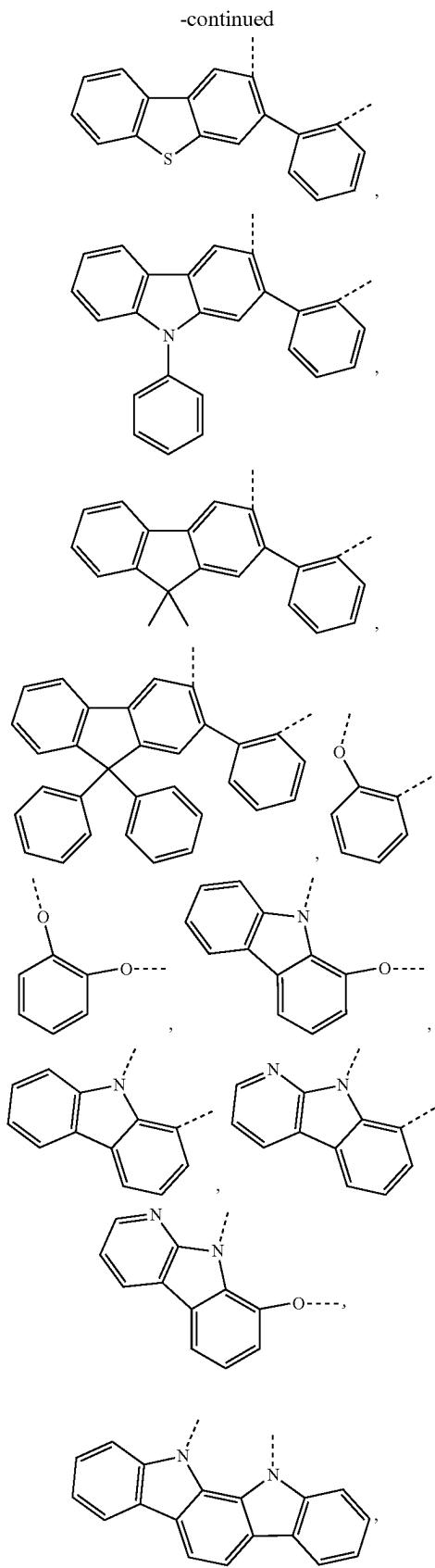
2. The compound of claim 1, wherein W has a structure selected from the group consisting of



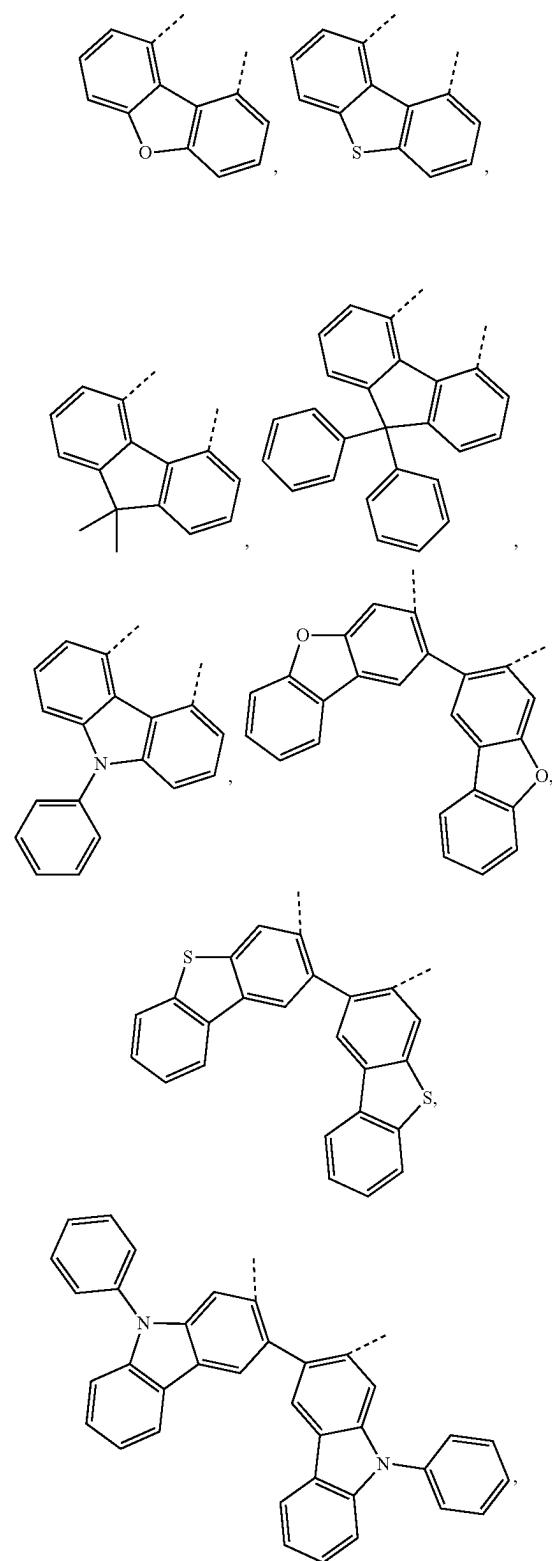
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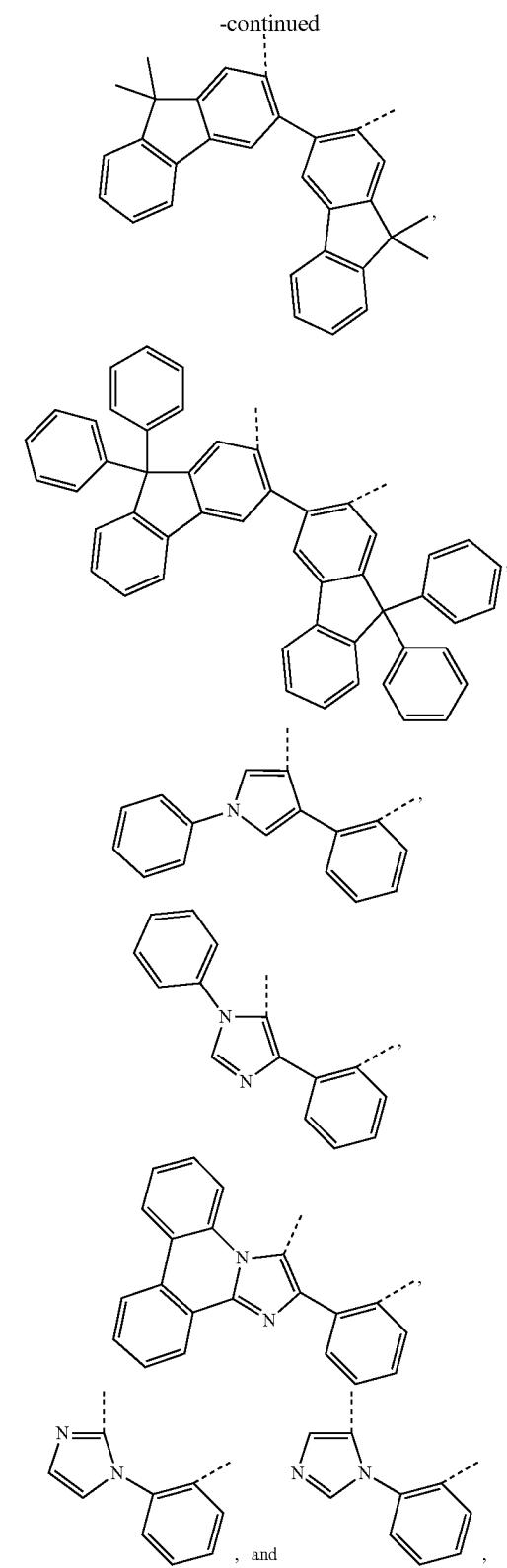
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which can be further substituted.

3. The compound of claim 1, wherein each R^A , R^B , R^C , R^D , R^E , R, and R' is independently a hydrogen or a sub-

stituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, fluorine, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, and combinations thereof.

4. The compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of a, b, or c is 0.

5. The compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of L¹ and L² is not a direct bond.

6. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^E is di-substituted and the R^E substituents are joined to form a 5- or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which can be further substituted or fused.

7. The compound of claim 1, wherein Z² is a carbene carbon and Z¹ is N, Z⁴ is a carbene carbon and Z³ is N, or both.

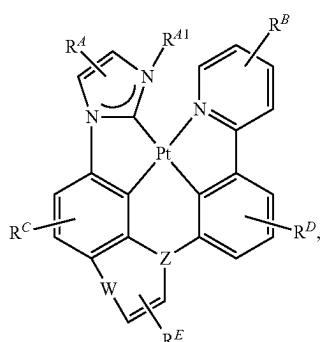
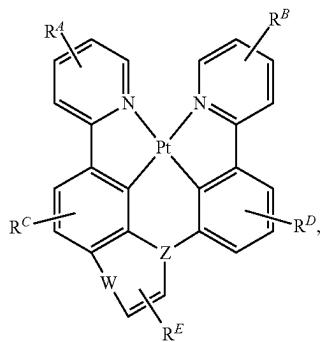
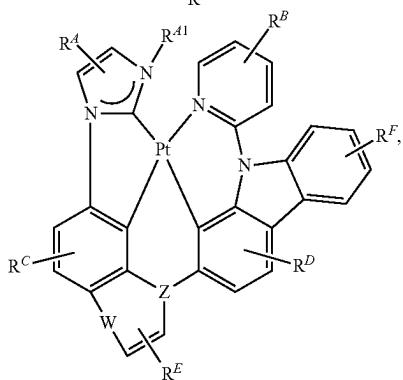
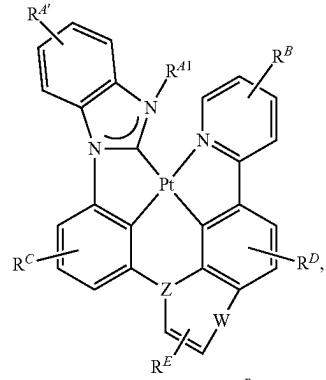
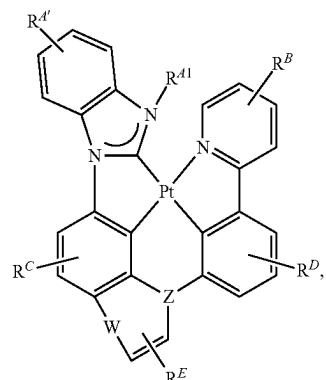
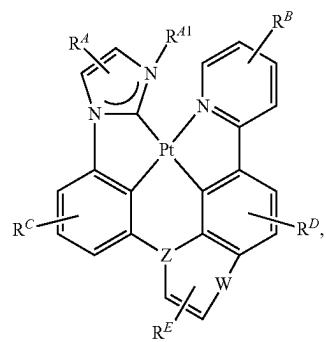
8. The compound of claim 1, wherein the linking group W comprises two carbon linking atoms from a 5- or 6-membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring.

9. The compound of claim 1, wherein the linking group W comprises at least one linking heteroatom selected from the group consisting of O, S, Se, B, N, Si, and Ge.

10. The compound of claim 1, wherein each of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is a direct bond, or at least one of K¹, K², K³, and K⁴ is O or S.

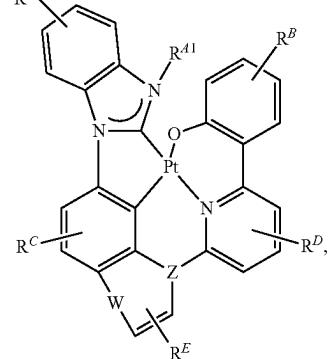
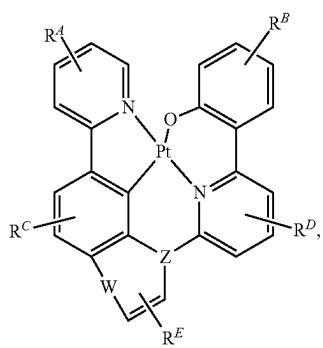
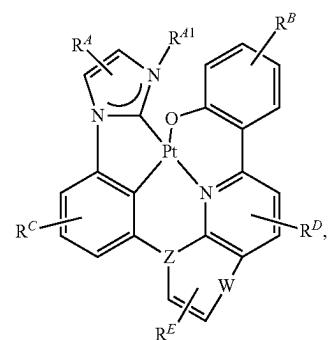
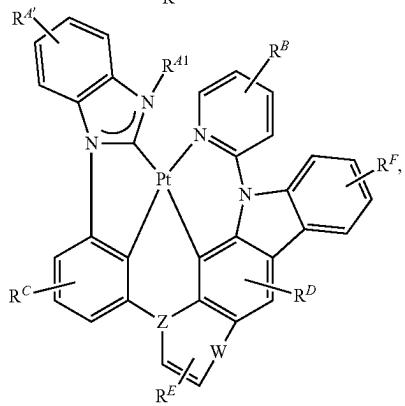
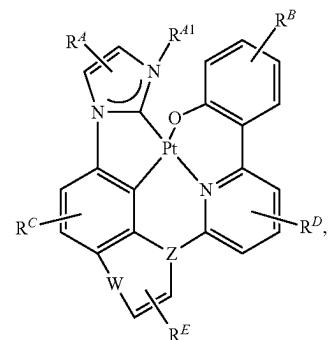
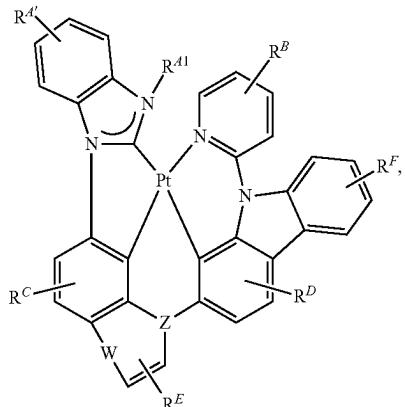
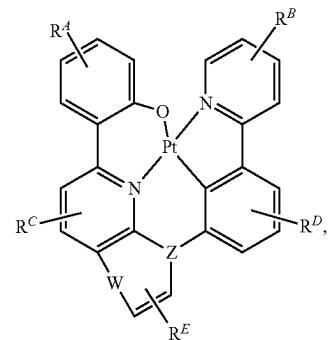
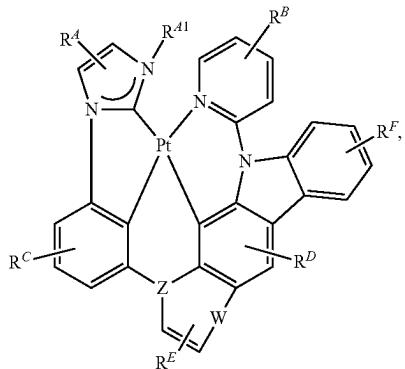
11. The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound has a structure selected from the group consisting of:

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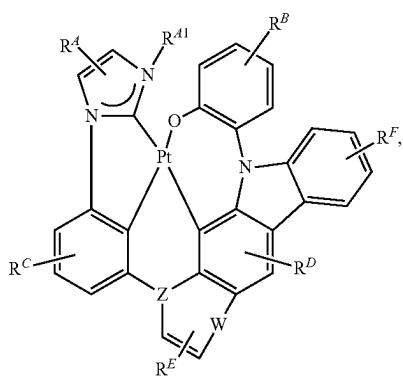
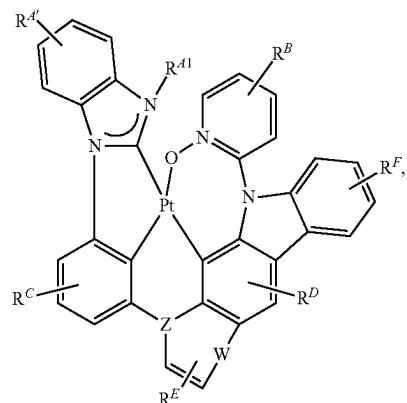
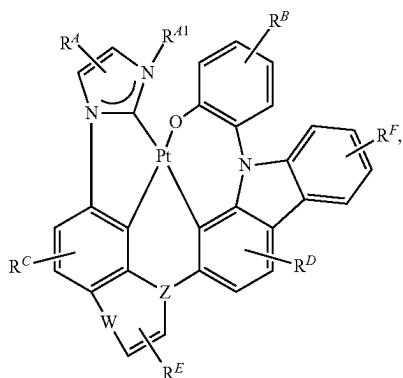
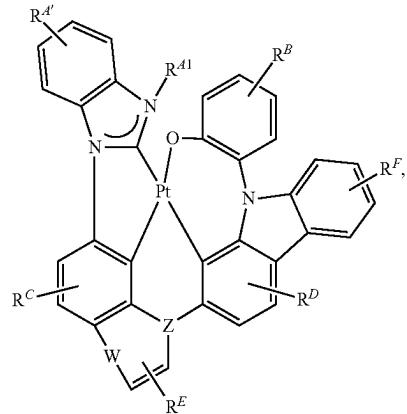
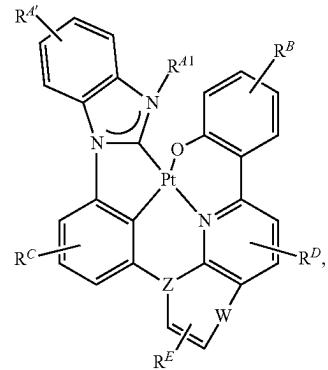
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wherein:

each of R^{A'} and R^F independently represents mono to the maximum allowable substitution, or no substitution; and

each of R^{A1}, R^{A'}, and R^F is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof.

12. The compound of claim 11, wherein at least one of R^{A1}, R^{A'}, R^C to R^E comprises a chemical group containing at least three 6-membered aromatic rings that are not fused next to each other.

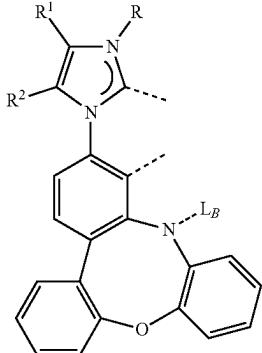
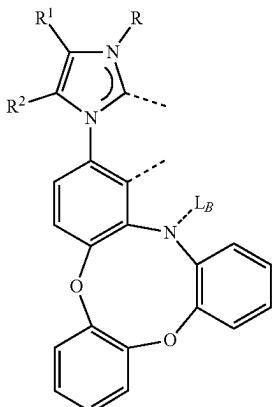
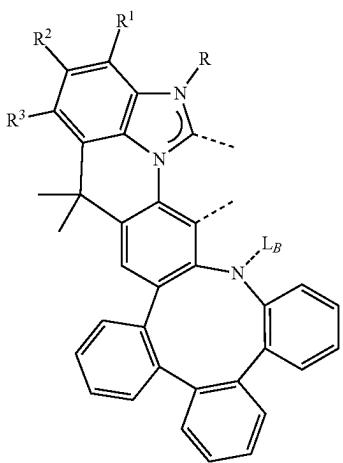
13. The compound of claim 11, wherein the compound has a structure selected from the group consisting of compounds having the formula of Pt(L_A)(L_B), wherein L_A is selected from the group consisting of the structures in the following LIST 1:

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A1-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A1-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A1-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_A2-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A2-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A2-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_A3-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A3-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A3-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A 4-(i)(j)(k)(1)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A 4-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A 4-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_A 5-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A 5-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A 5-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_A 6-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A 6-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A 6-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

-continued

L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 7-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 7-(1)(1)(1) to L _A 7-(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ² = Rj, and R = Rk, and
L _A 8-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 8-(1)(1)(1) to L _A 8-(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ² = Rj, and R = Rk, and
L _A 9-(i)(j)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 9-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 9-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ² = Rj, R ³ = Rk, and R = Rl, and

-continued

L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 10-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 10-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 10-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and
L _A 11-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 11-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 11-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and
L _A 12-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 12-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 12-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and

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L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 13-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 13-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 13-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and
L _A 14-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 14-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 14-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and
L _A 15-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 15-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L _A 15-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , R ² = R _j , R ³ = R _k , and R = R _l , and

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L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A16-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A16-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_A16-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_A17-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A17-(1)(1)$ to $L_A17-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and
$L_A18-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A18-(1)(1)$ to $L_A18-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

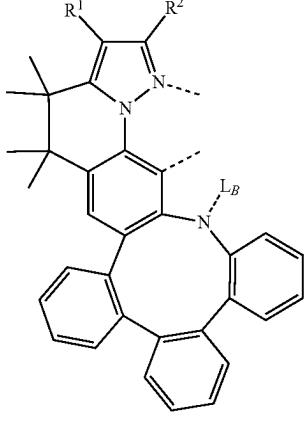
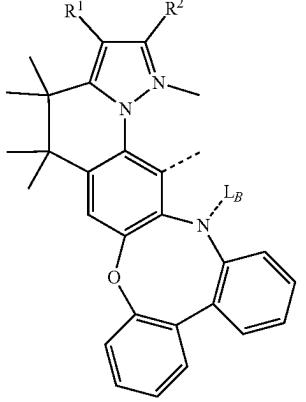
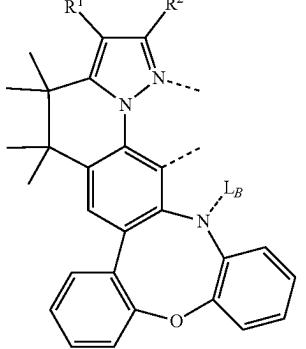
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L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 19-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 19-(1)(1) to L _A 19-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R = R _j , and
L _A 20-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 20-(1)(1) to L _A 20-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R = R _j , and
L _A 21-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 21-(1)(1) to L _A 21-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and

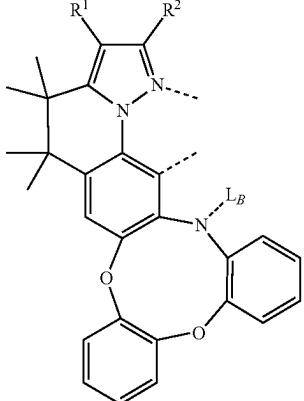
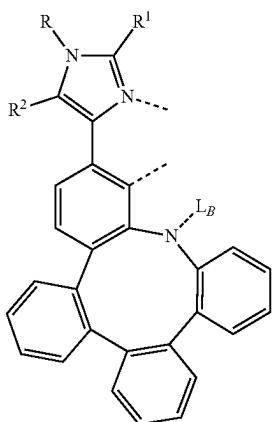
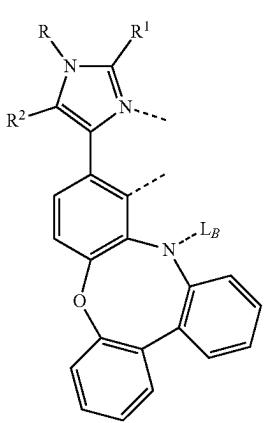
-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A22\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A22\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A22\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A23\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A23\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A23\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A24\text{-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A24\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A24\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A25-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A25-(1)(1)$ to $L_A25-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A26-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A26-(1)(1)$ to $L_A26-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A27-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A27-(1)(1)$ to $L_A27-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

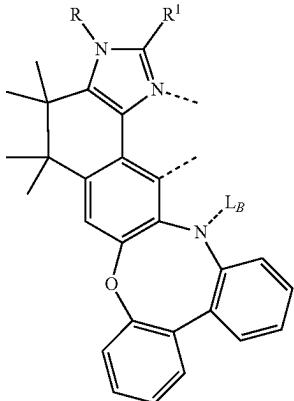
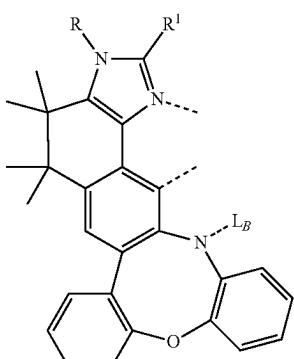
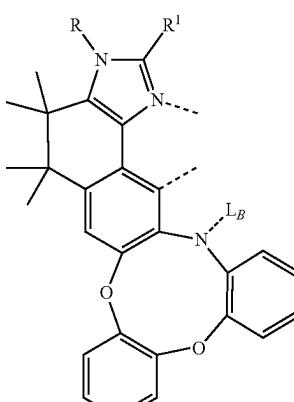
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L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A28\text{-(}i\text{)}(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A28\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A28\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A29\text{-(}i\text{)}(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A29\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)(1)$ to $L_A29\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_A30\text{-(}i\text{)}(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A30\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)(1)$ to $L_A30\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

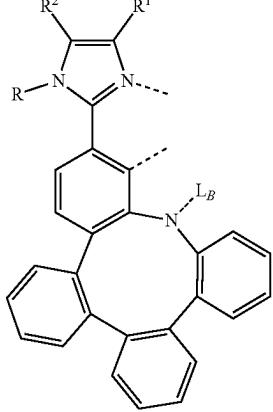
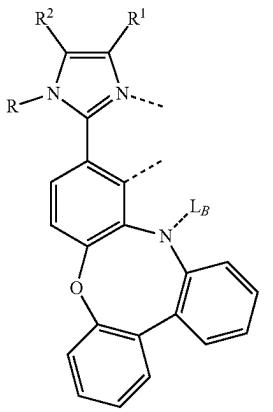
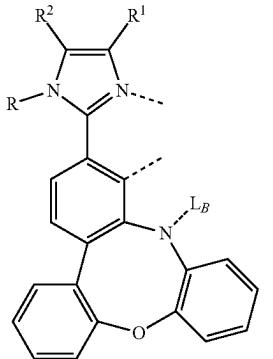
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L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_A^{31} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{31} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{31} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_A^{32} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{32} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{32} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
L_A^{33} -(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{33} -(1)(1) to L_A^{33} -(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A34-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A34-(1)(1)$ to $L_A34-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and
$L_A35-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A35-(1)(1)$ to $L_A35-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and
$L_A36-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A36-(1)(1)$ to $L_A36-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R = R_j$, and

-continued

L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A ⁱ 37-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A ³⁷ -(1)(1)(1) to L _A ³⁷ -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ₂ = Rj, and R = Rk, and
L _A ⁱ 38-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A ³⁸ -(1)(1)(1) to L _A ³⁸ -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ² = Rj, and R = Rk, and
L _A ⁱ 39-(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A ³⁹ -(1)(1)(1) to L _A ³⁹ -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = Ri, R ² = Rj, and R = Rk, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A^{40\text{-}(i)(j)(k)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{40\text{-}(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{40\text{-}(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_A^{41\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{41\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{41\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A^{42\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{42\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{42\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

-continued

L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 43-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 43-(1)(1) to L _A 43-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and
L _A 44-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 44-(1)(1) to L _A 44-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and
L _A 45-(i), wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 45-(1) to L _A 45-(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A46\text{-}(i)$, wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A46\text{-(1)}$ to $L_A46\text{-(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and
$L_A47\text{-}(i)$, wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A47\text{-(1)}$ to $L_A47\text{-(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and
$L_A48\text{-}(i)$, wherein each of i is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A48\text{-(1)}$ to $L_A48\text{-(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A^{49-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{49-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A^{49-}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A^{50-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{50-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A^{50-}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A^{51-}(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{51-}(1)(1)$ to $L_A^{51-}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

-continued

L _A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L _A 52-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 52-(1)(1) to L _A 52-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and
L _A 53-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 53-(1)(1) to L _A 53-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and
L _A 54-(i)(j), wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L _A 54-(1)(1) to L _A 54-(330)(330) have the structure		wherein R ¹ = R _i , and R ² = R _j , and

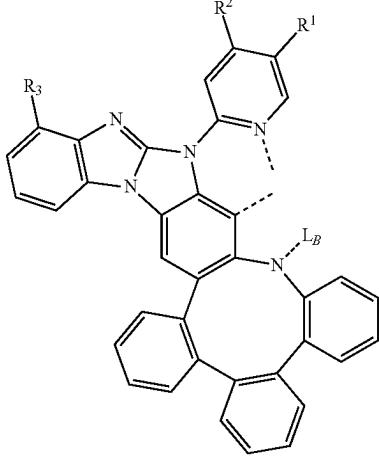
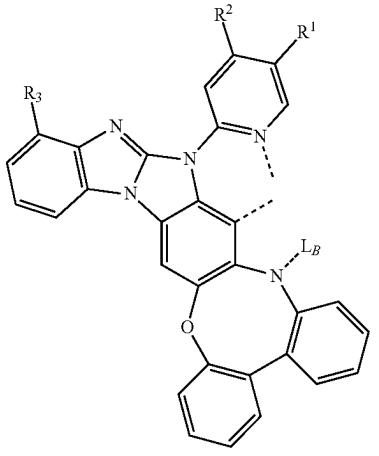
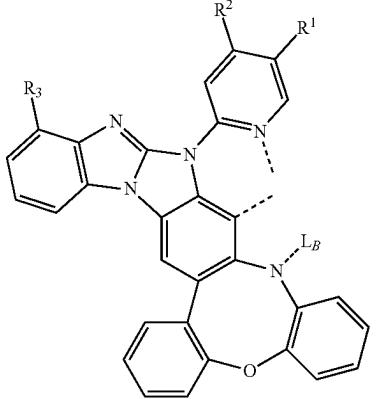
-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A55\text{-(}i\text{)}(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A55\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A55\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A56\text{-(}i\text{)}(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A56\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A56\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A57\text{-(}i\text{)}(j\text{)}(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A57\text{-(}1\text{)}(1)(1)$ to $L_A57\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_A^{58} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{58} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{58} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
L_A^{59} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{59} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{59} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
L_A^{60} -(i)(j)(k), wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A^{60} -(1)(1)(1) to L_A^{60} -(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A61\text{-(}i\text{)}(j\text{)}(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A61\text{-(}1\text{)}(1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A61\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_A62\text{-(}i\text{)}(j\text{)}(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A62\text{-(}1\text{)}(1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A62\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_A63\text{-(}i\text{)}(j\text{)}(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A63\text{-(}1\text{)}(1\text{)}(1)$ to $L_A63\text{-(}330\text{)}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A64\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A64\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A64\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_A65\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A65\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A65\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A66\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A66\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_A66\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_A^{67\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{67\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{67\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A^{68\text{-}(i)(j)}$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{68\text{-}(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{68\text{-}(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_A^{69\text{-}(i)(j)(k)(l)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_A^{69\text{-}(1)(1)(1)(1)}$ to $L_A^{69\text{-}(330)(330)(330)(330)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

-continued

L_A	Structure	Substituent pattern
L_A 70-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A 70-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_A 70-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
L_A 71-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A 71-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_A 71-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
L_A 72-(i)(j)(k)(l), wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein L_A 72-(1)(1)(1)(1) to L_A 72-(330)(330)(330)(330) have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and

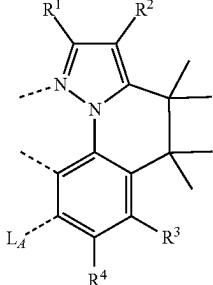
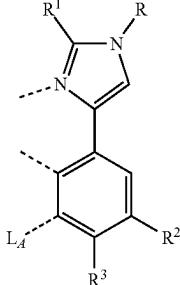
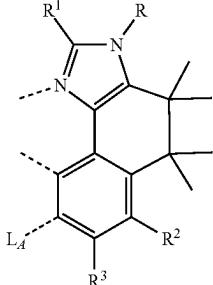
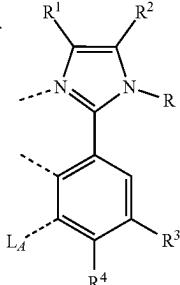
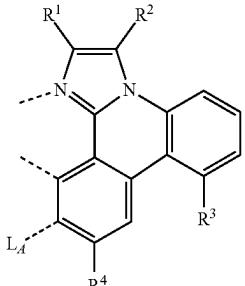
wherein L_B is selected from the group consisting of the structures as shown in LIST 2 below:

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_{B1}-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)(n)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, m, and n is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B1}-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B1}-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, $R^5 = R_m$, and $R = R_n$, and
$L_{B2}-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B2}-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B2}-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_{B3}-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B3}-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B3}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_{B4}-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B4}-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B4}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

-continued

L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B5-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B5-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B5-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B6-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B6-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B6-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B7-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B7-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B7-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and
$L_B8-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B8-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B8-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

-continued

<u>L_B</u>	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B9\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B9\text{-}(1)\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B9\text{-}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_B10\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B10\text{-}(1)\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B10\text{-}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_B11\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B11\text{-}(1)\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B11\text{-}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R = R_l$, and
$L_B12\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}\text{(}m\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B12\text{-}(1)\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B12\text{-}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B13\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B13\text{-}(1)\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B13\text{-}(330)\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

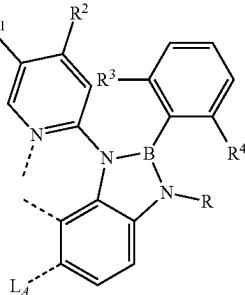
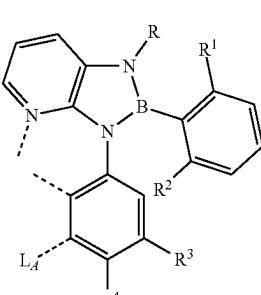
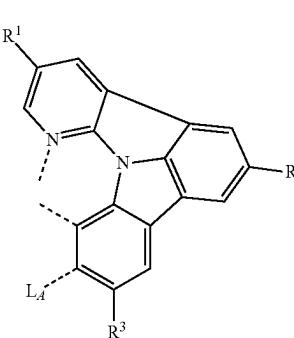
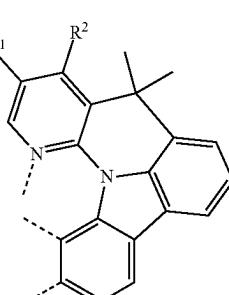
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L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B14-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B14-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B14-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_B15-(i)(j)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B15-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B15-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B16-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B16-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B16-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R^5 = R_m$, and
$L_B17-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B17-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B17-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R = R_k$, and

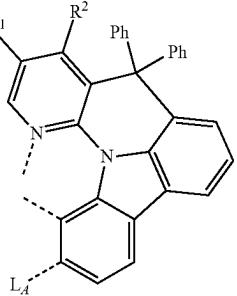
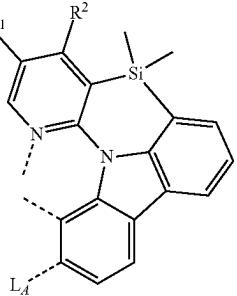
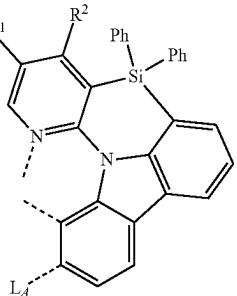
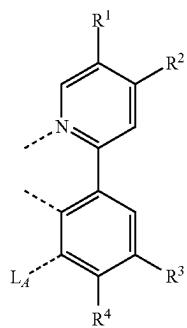
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L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_{B18}-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B18}-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B18}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_{B19}-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B19}-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B19}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_{B20}-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B20}-(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B20}-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and
$L_{B21}-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_{B21}-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_{B21}-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and

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L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B22-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B22-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B22-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B23-(i)(j)(k)(l)(m)$, wherein each of i, j, k, l, and m is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B23-(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B23-(330)(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, $R^4 = R_l$, and $R = R_m$, and
$L_B24-(i)(j)(k)$, wherein each of i, j, and k is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B24-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B24-(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, and $R^3 = R_k$, and
$L_B25-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B25-(1)(1)$ to $L_B25-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and

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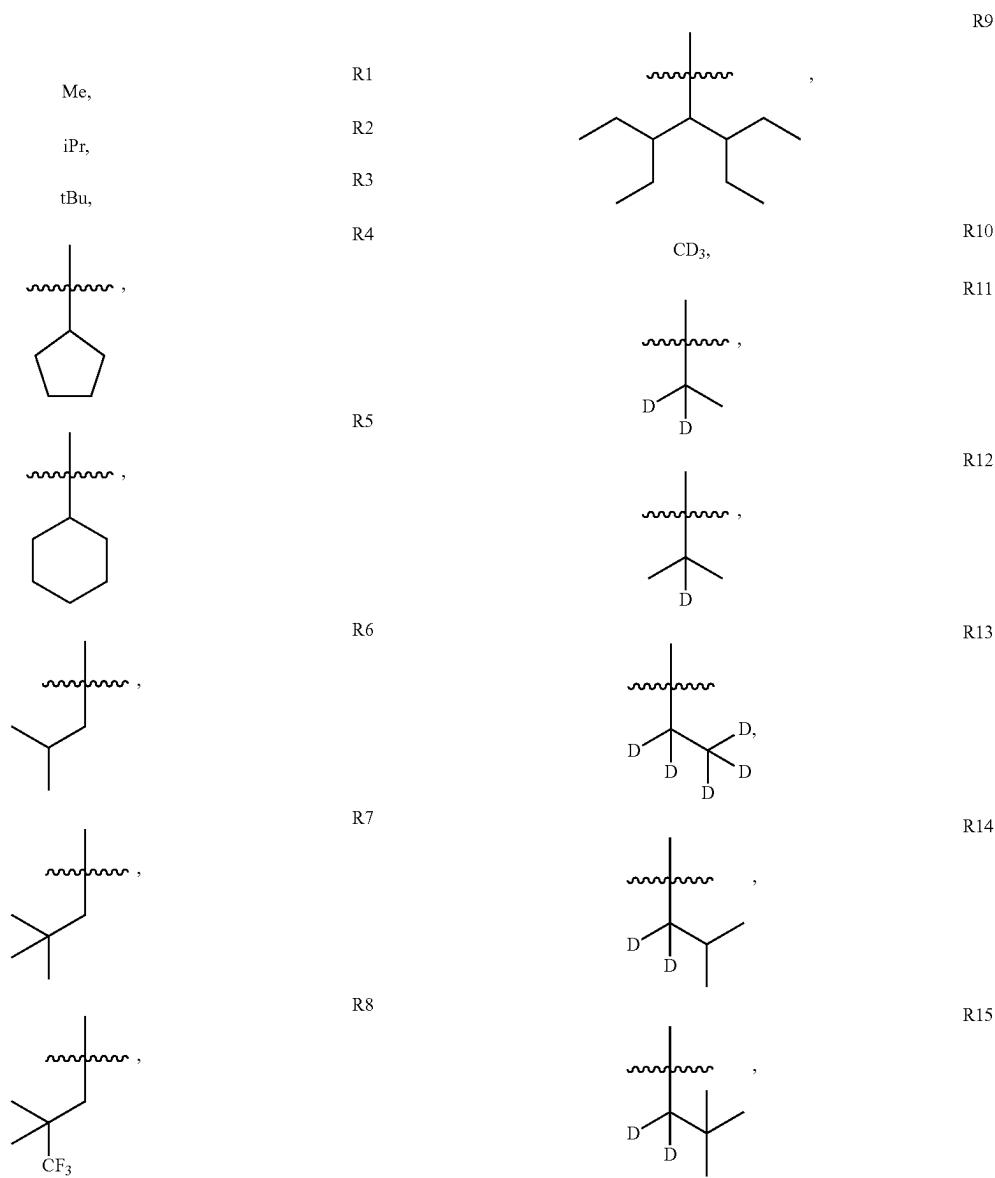
L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B26-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B26-(1)(1)$ to $L_B26-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_B27-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B27-(1)(1)$ to $L_B27-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_B28-(i)(j)$, wherein each of i and j is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B28-(1)(1)$ to $L_B28-(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$ and $R^2 = R_j$, and
$L_B29-(i)(j)(k)(l)$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, $L_B29-(1)(1)(1)$ to $L_B29-(330)(330)(330)(330)$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$, and

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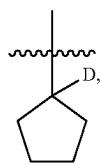
L_B	Structure	Substituent pattern
$L_B30\text{-(}i\text{)}\text{(}j\text{)}\text{(}k\text{)}\text{(}l\text{)}$, wherein each of i, j, k, and l is independently an integer from 1 to 330, wherein $L_B30\text{-(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}\text{(}1\text{)}$ to $L_B30\text{-(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}\text{(}330\text{)}$ have the structure		wherein $R^1 = R_i$, $R^2 = R_j$, $R^3 = R_k$, and $R^4 = R_l$.

wherein R^1 to R^{330} have the following structures

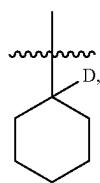
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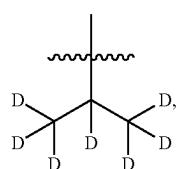
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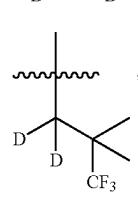
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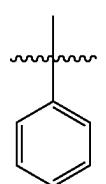
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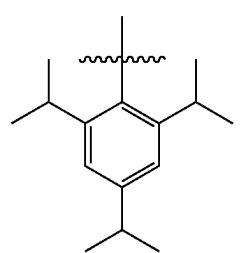
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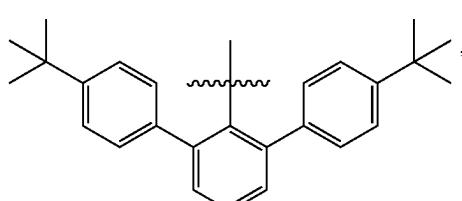
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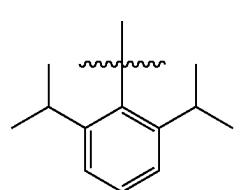
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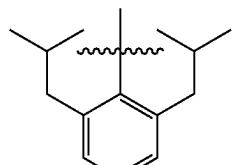
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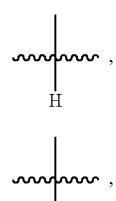
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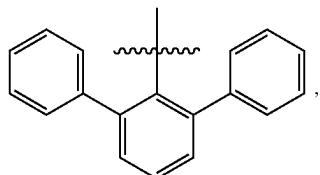
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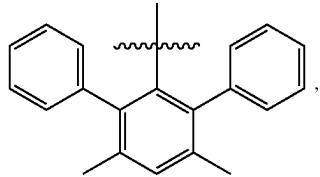
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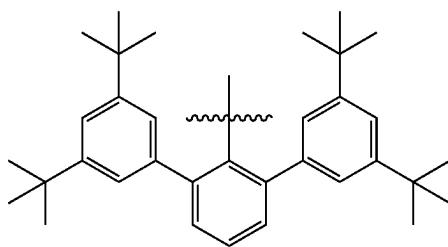
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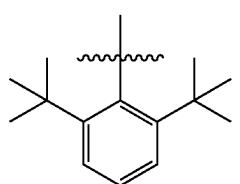
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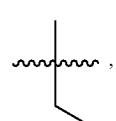
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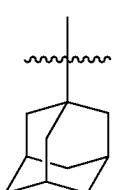
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R30

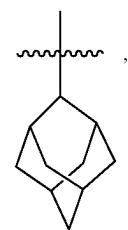


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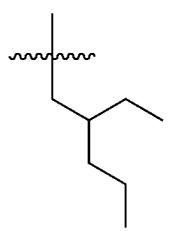


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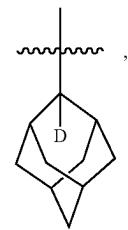
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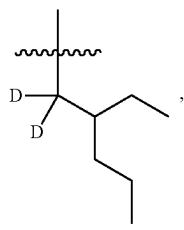
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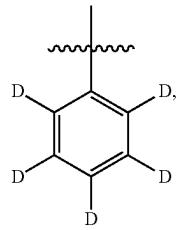
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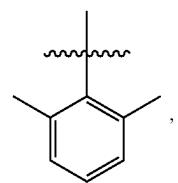
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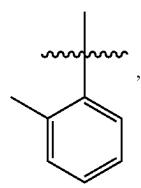
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R37

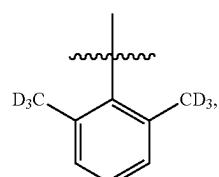


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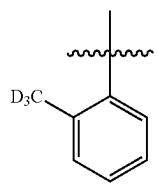


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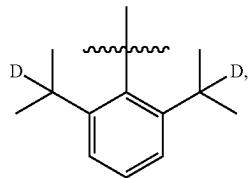
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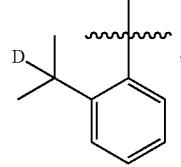
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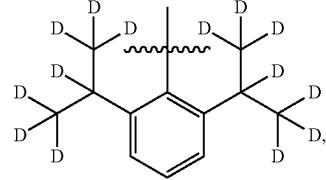
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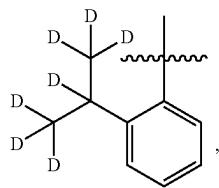
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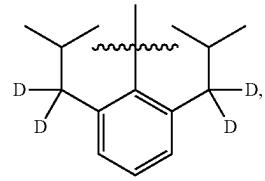
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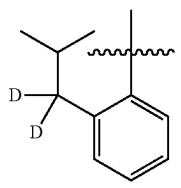
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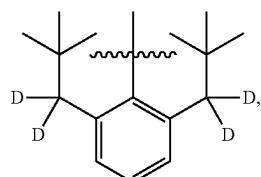
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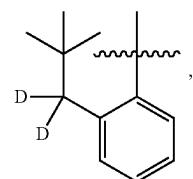
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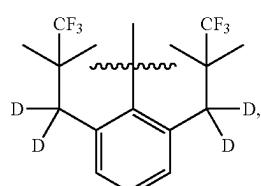
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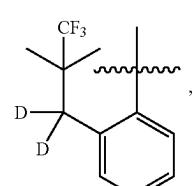
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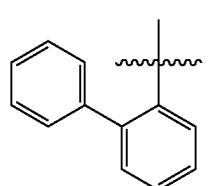
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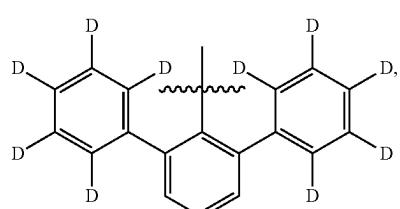
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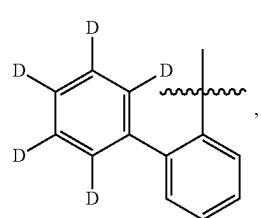
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R52

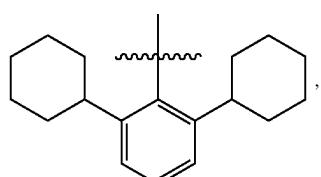


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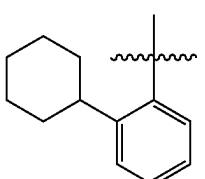


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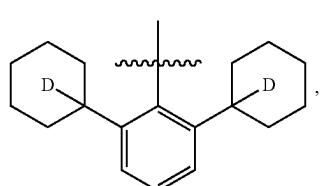
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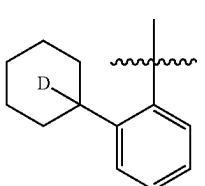
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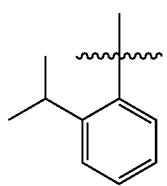
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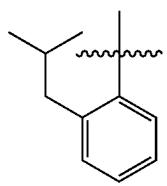
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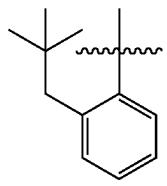
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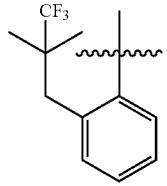
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R60

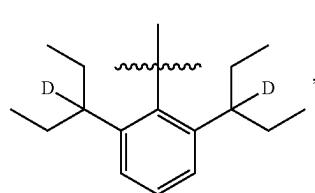


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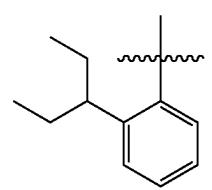


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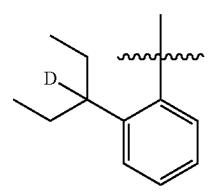
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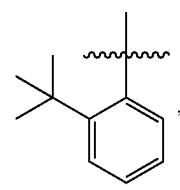
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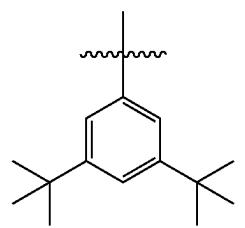
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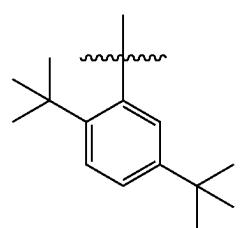
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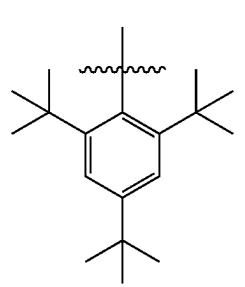
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R67



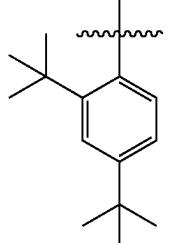
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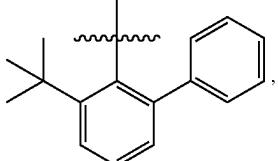
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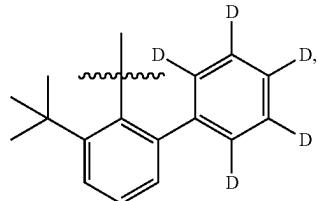
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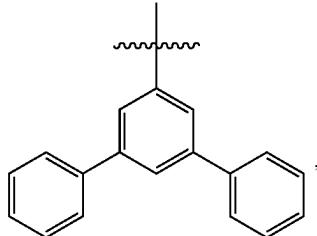
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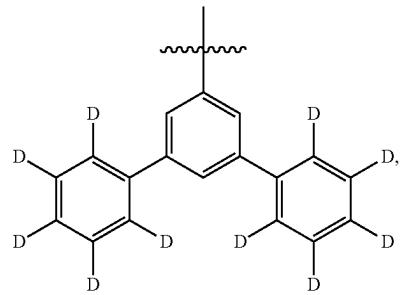
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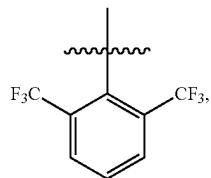
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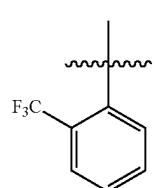
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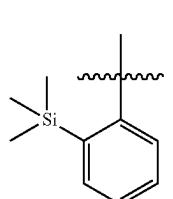


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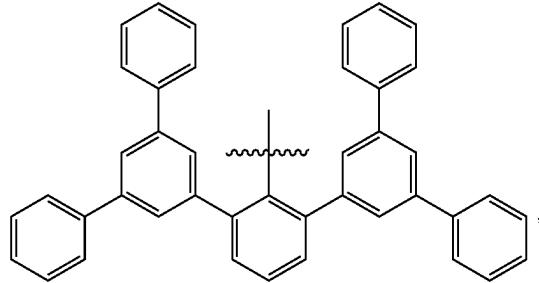
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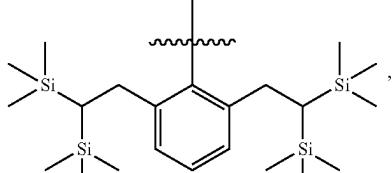


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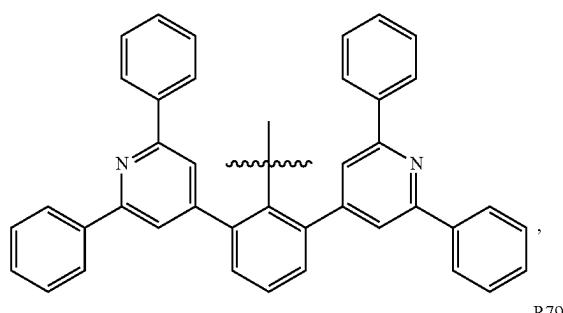
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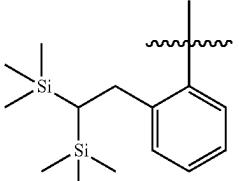
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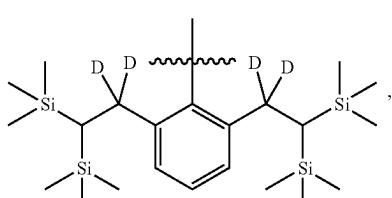
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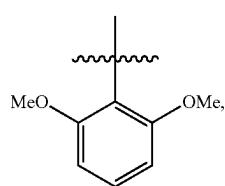
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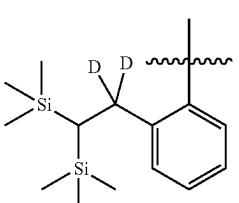
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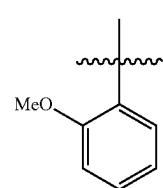
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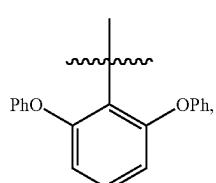
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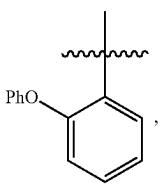
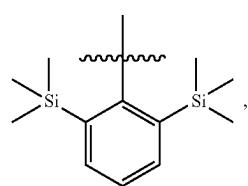
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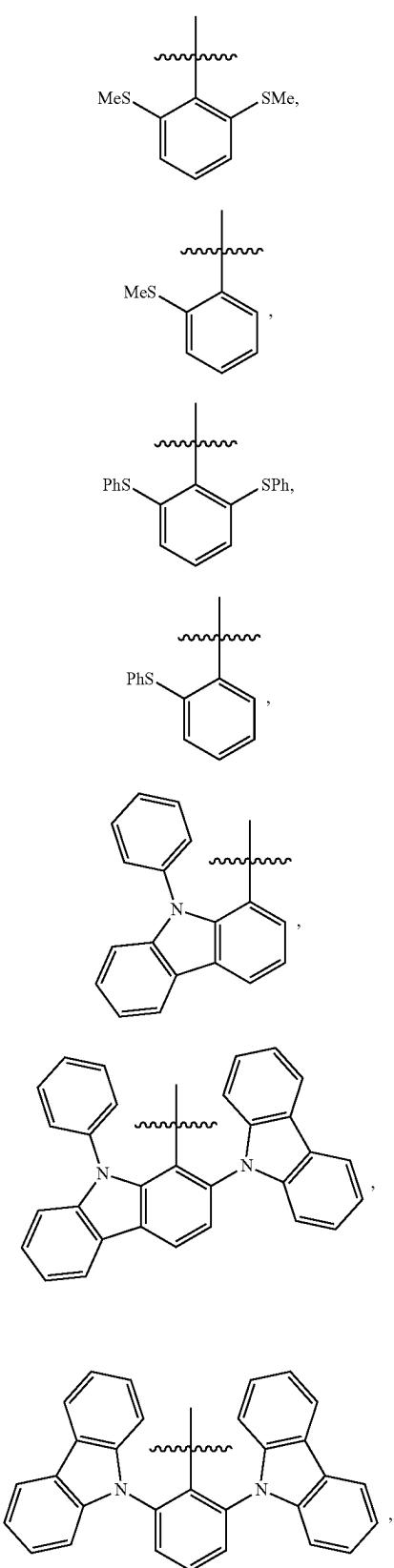


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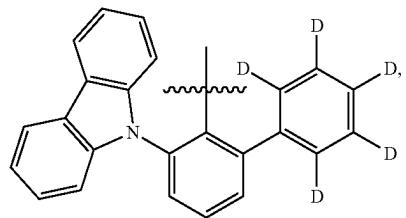
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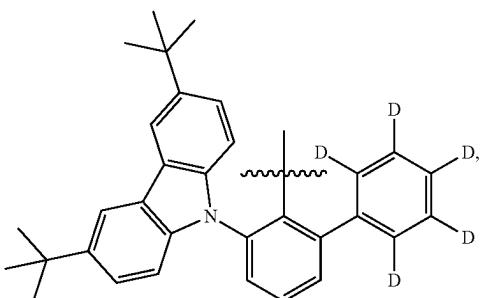
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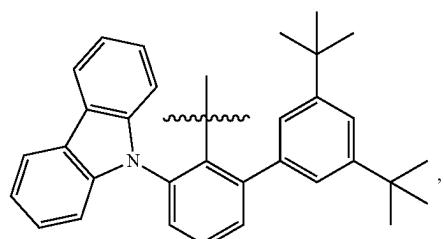


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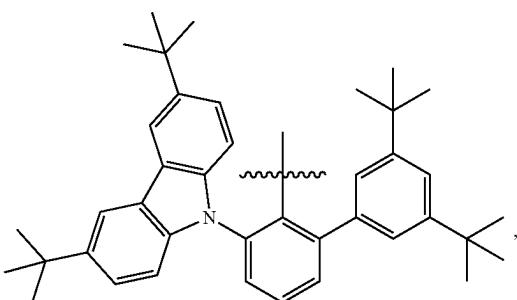
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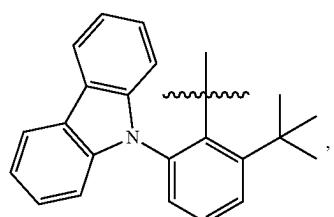
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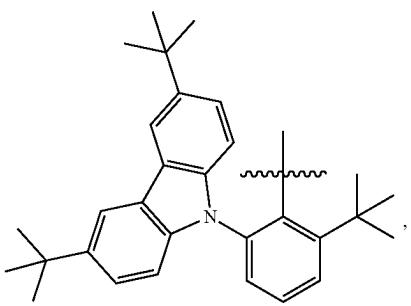
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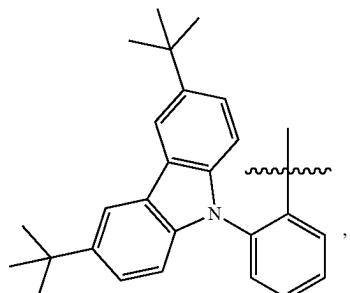
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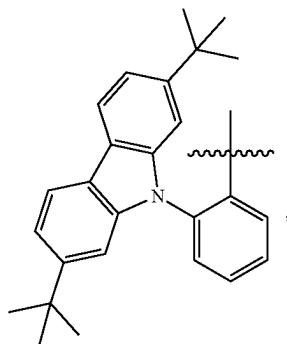
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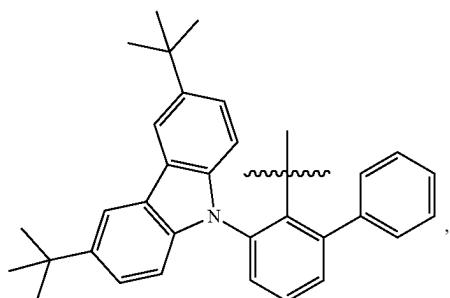
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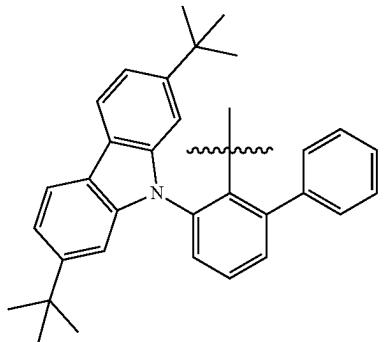
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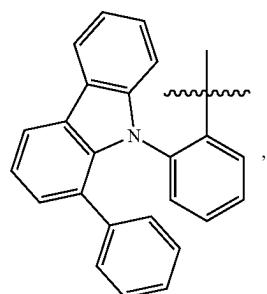
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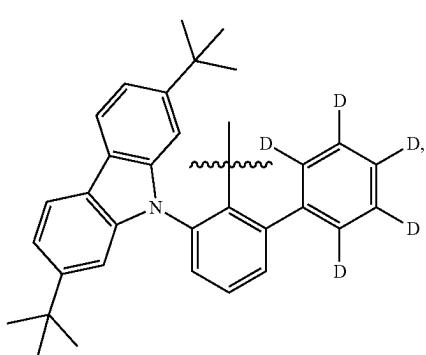
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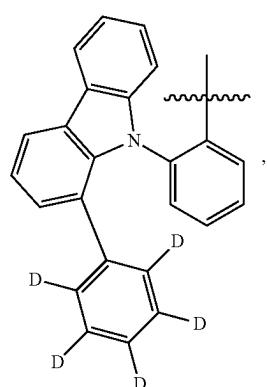
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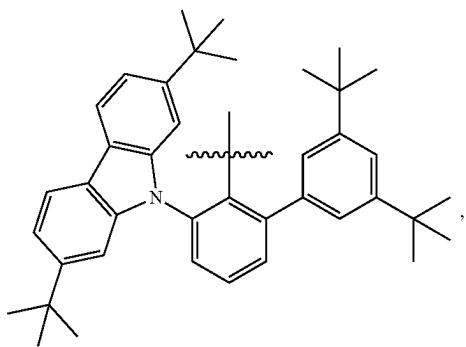
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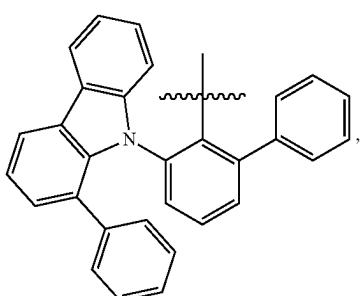
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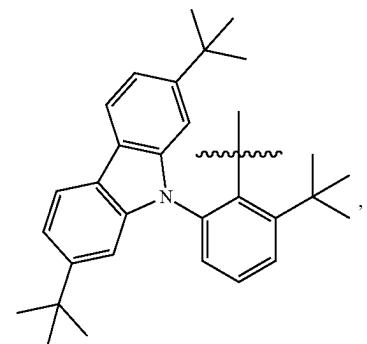
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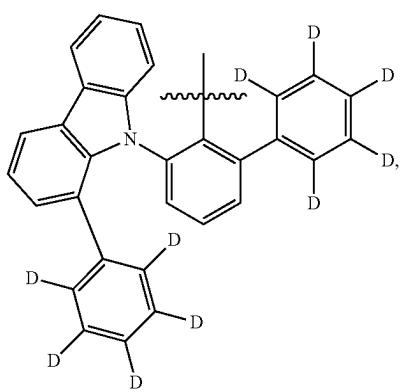
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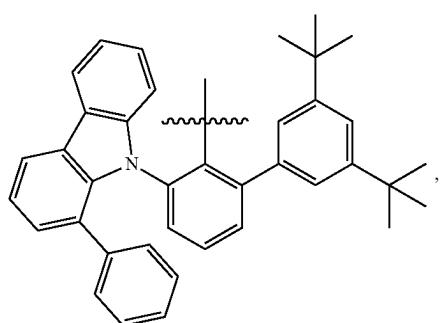


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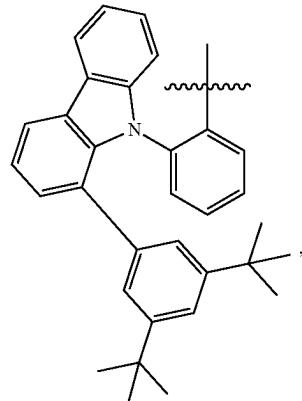


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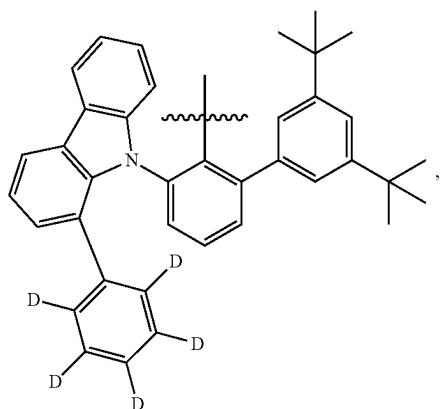
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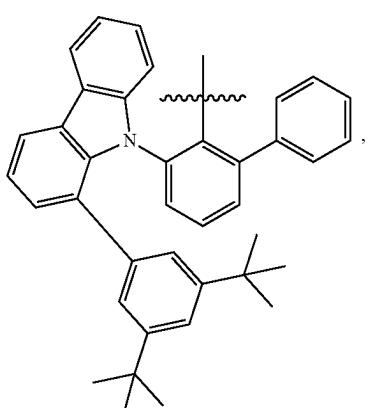
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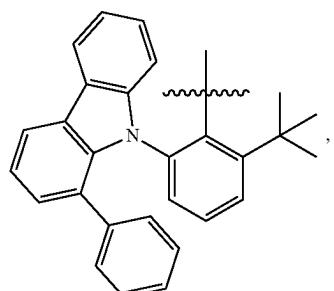
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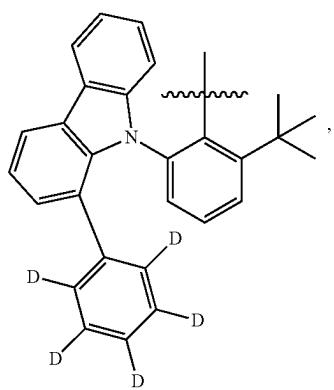
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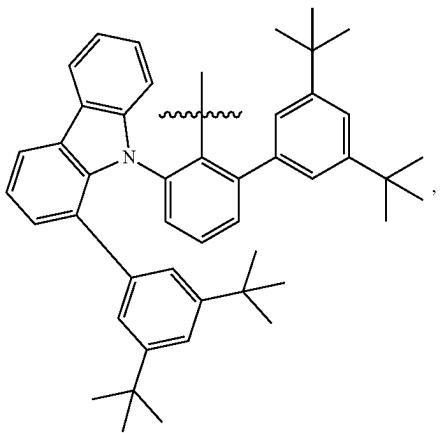
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R122

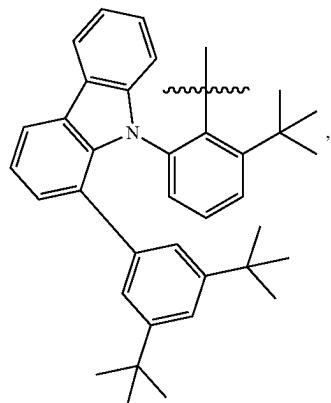


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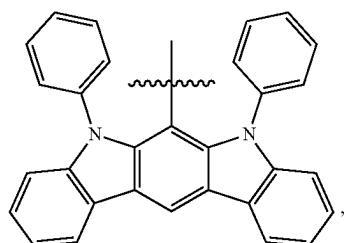


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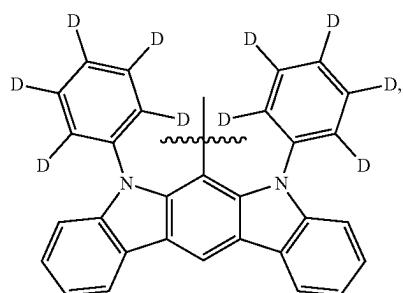
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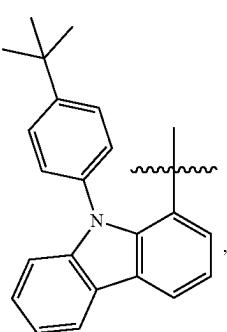
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R128



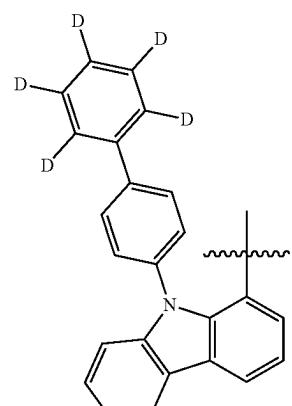
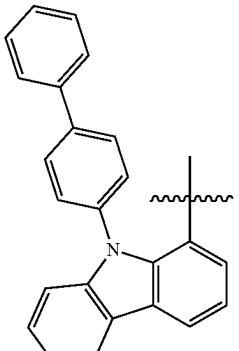
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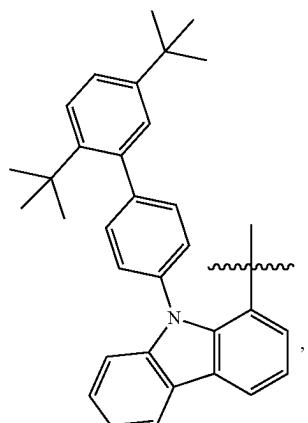
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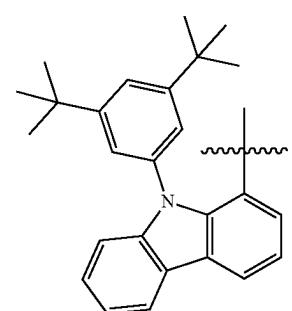
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R132



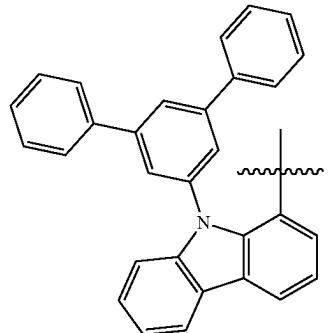
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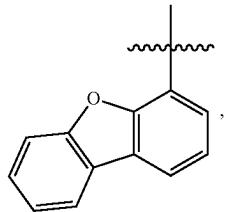
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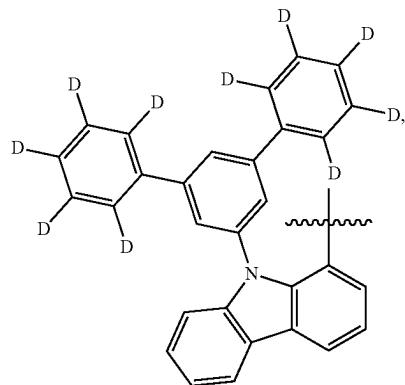


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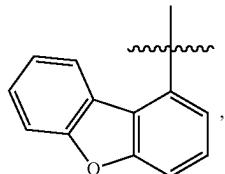
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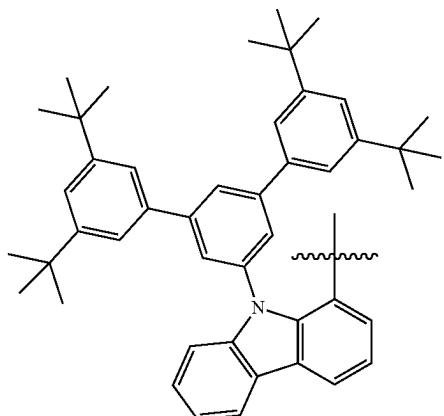
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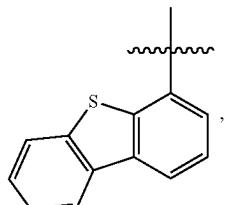
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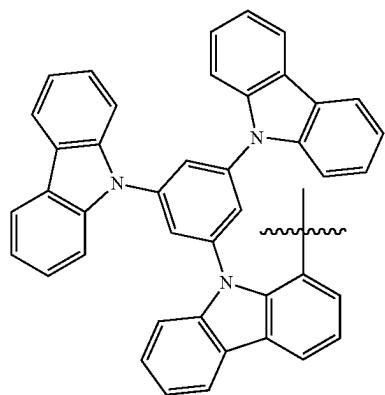
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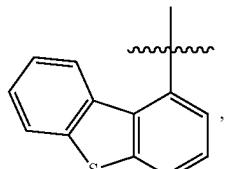
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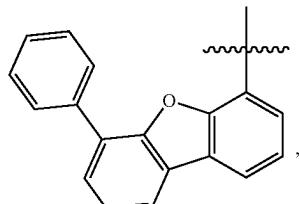
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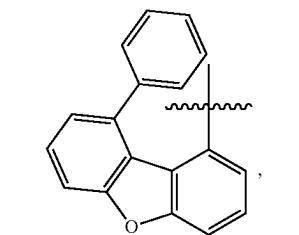
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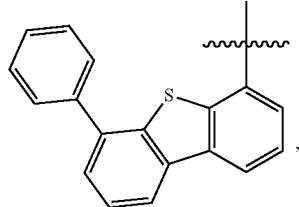
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R144

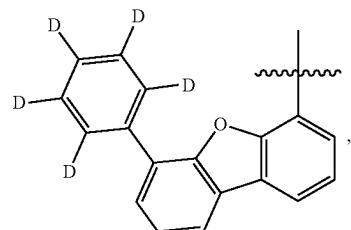
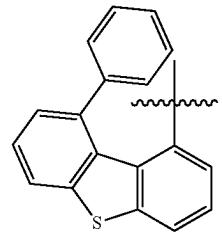


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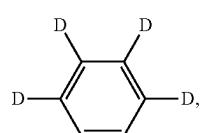


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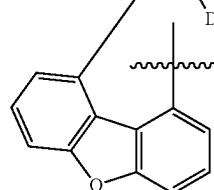
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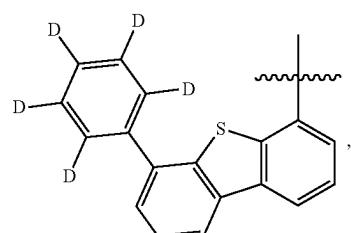
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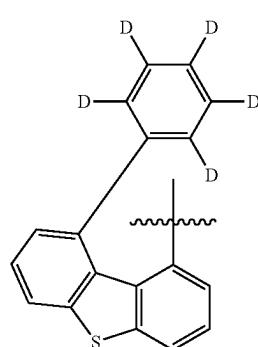
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R149



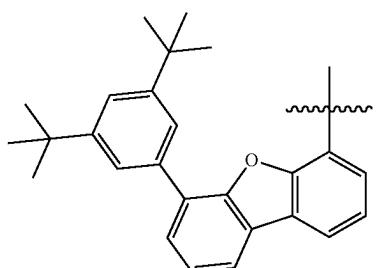
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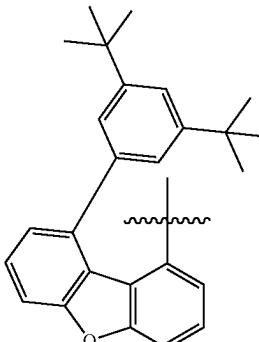
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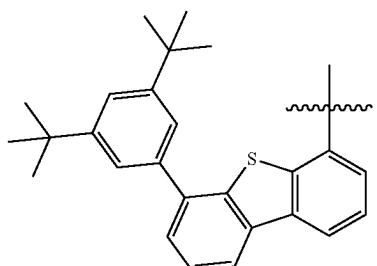
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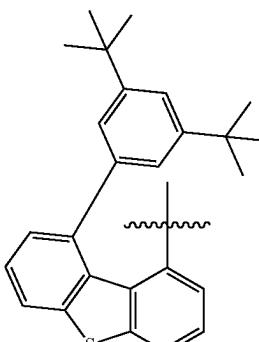
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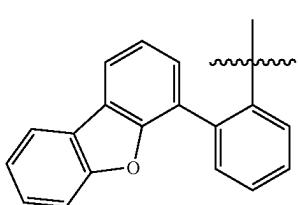
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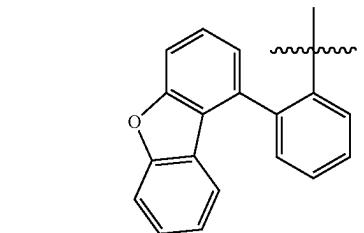
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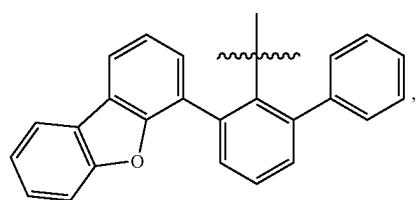
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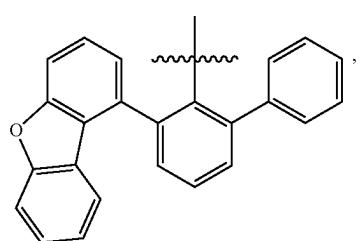
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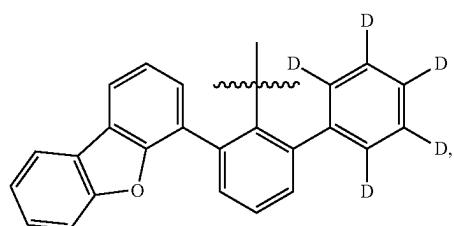
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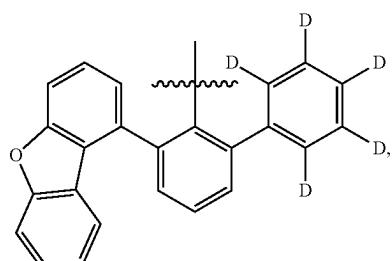
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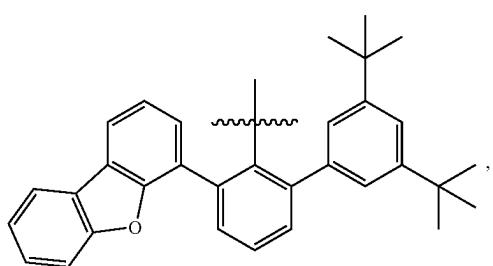
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R159



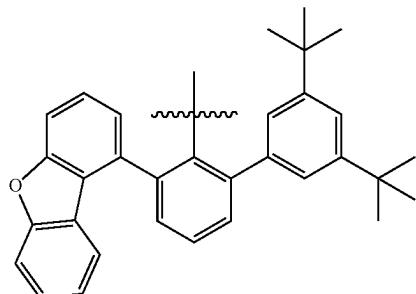
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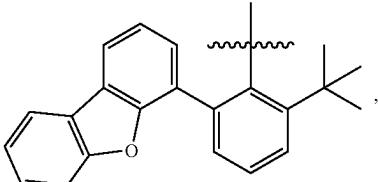
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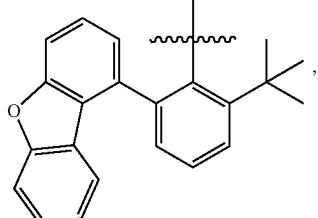
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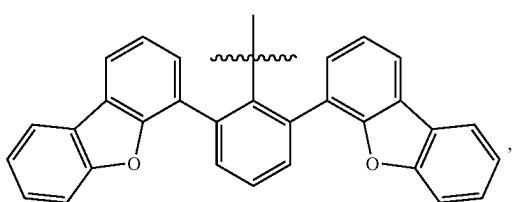
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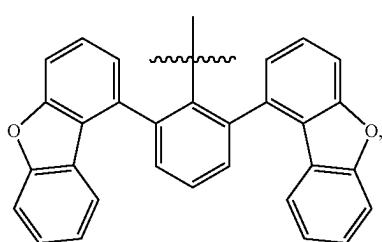
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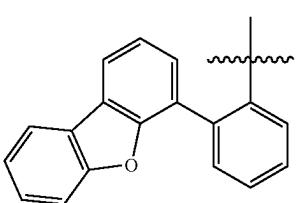
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R166

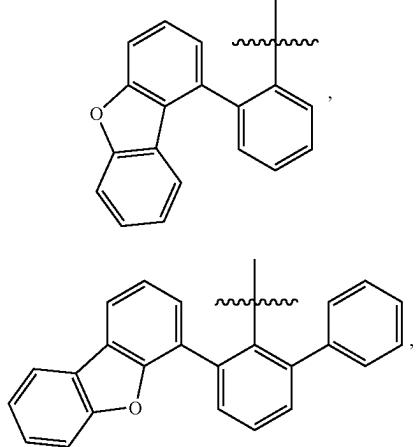


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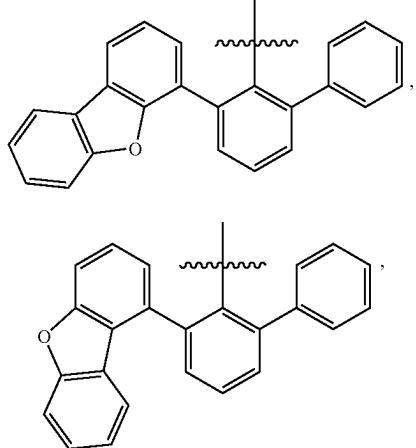


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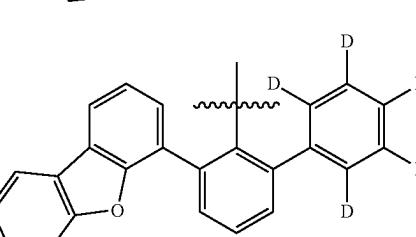
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R169



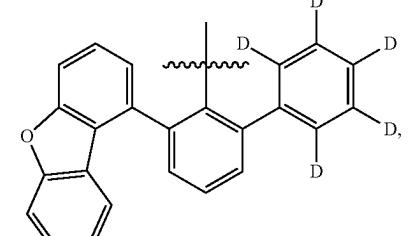
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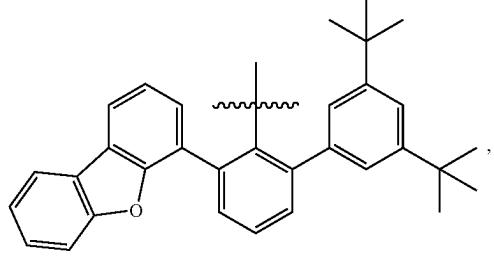
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R172

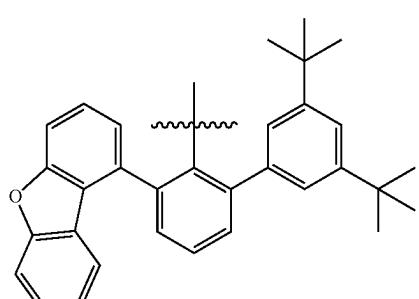


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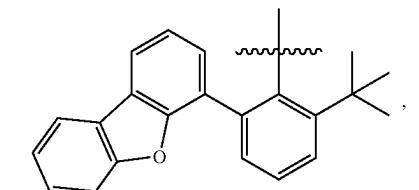


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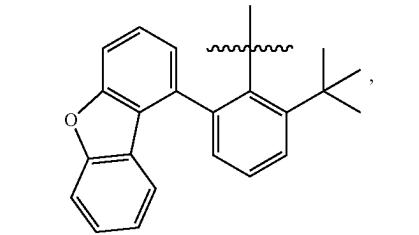
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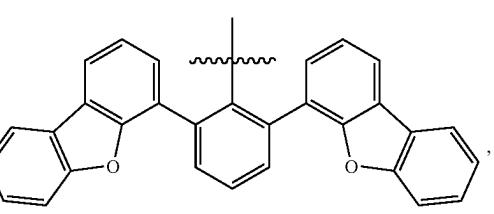
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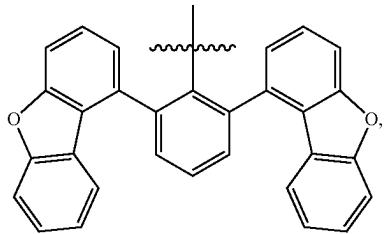
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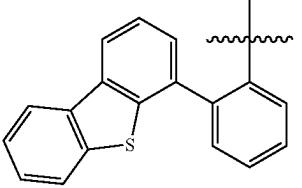
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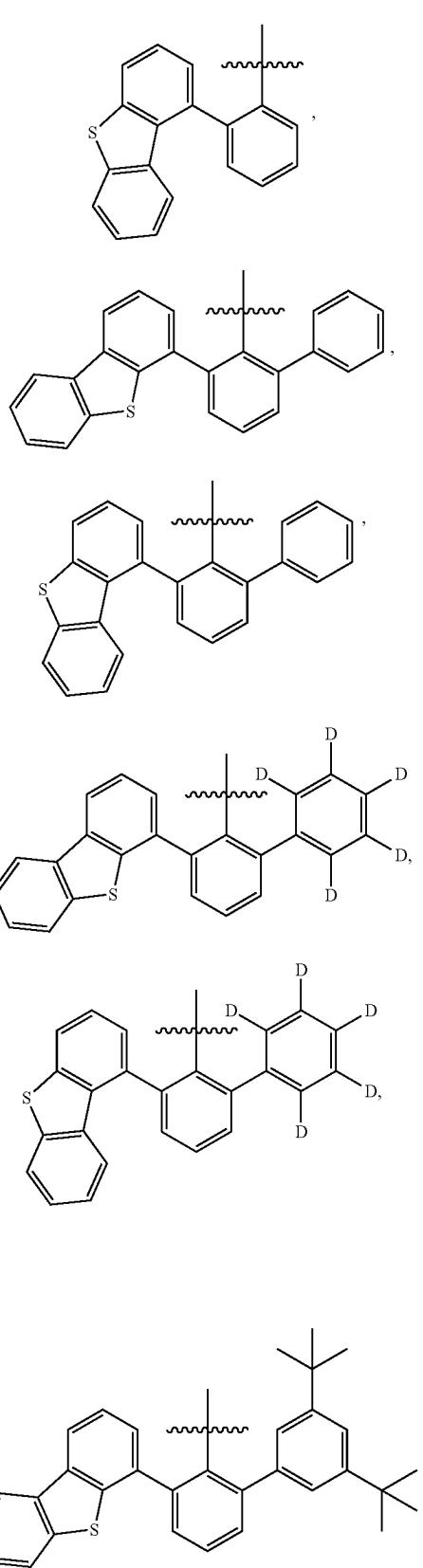
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R179



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R180

R181

R182

R183

R184

R185

R186

R186

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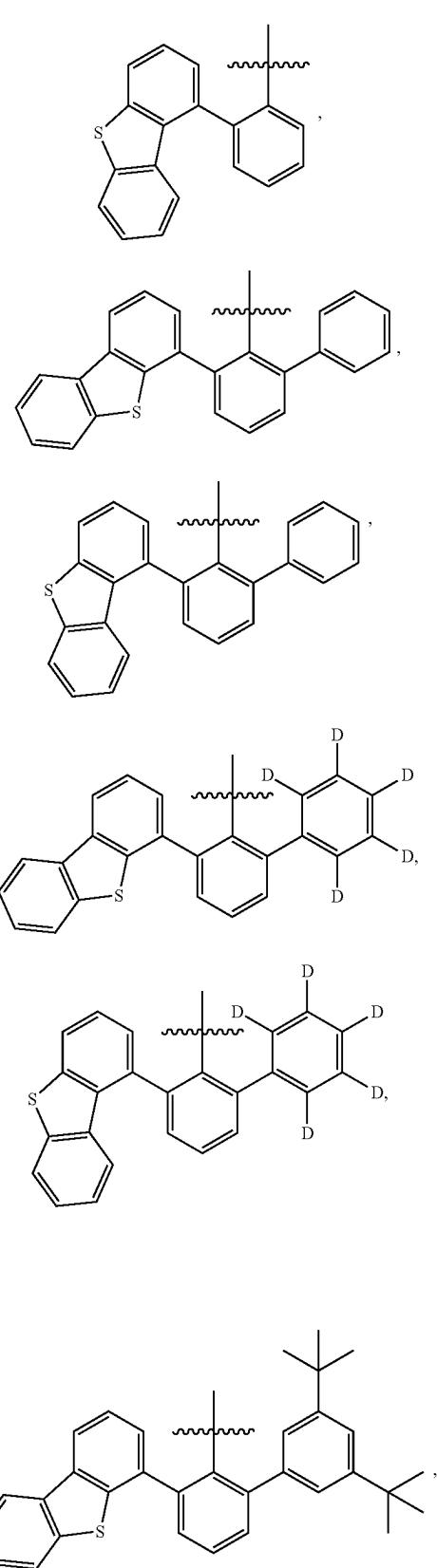
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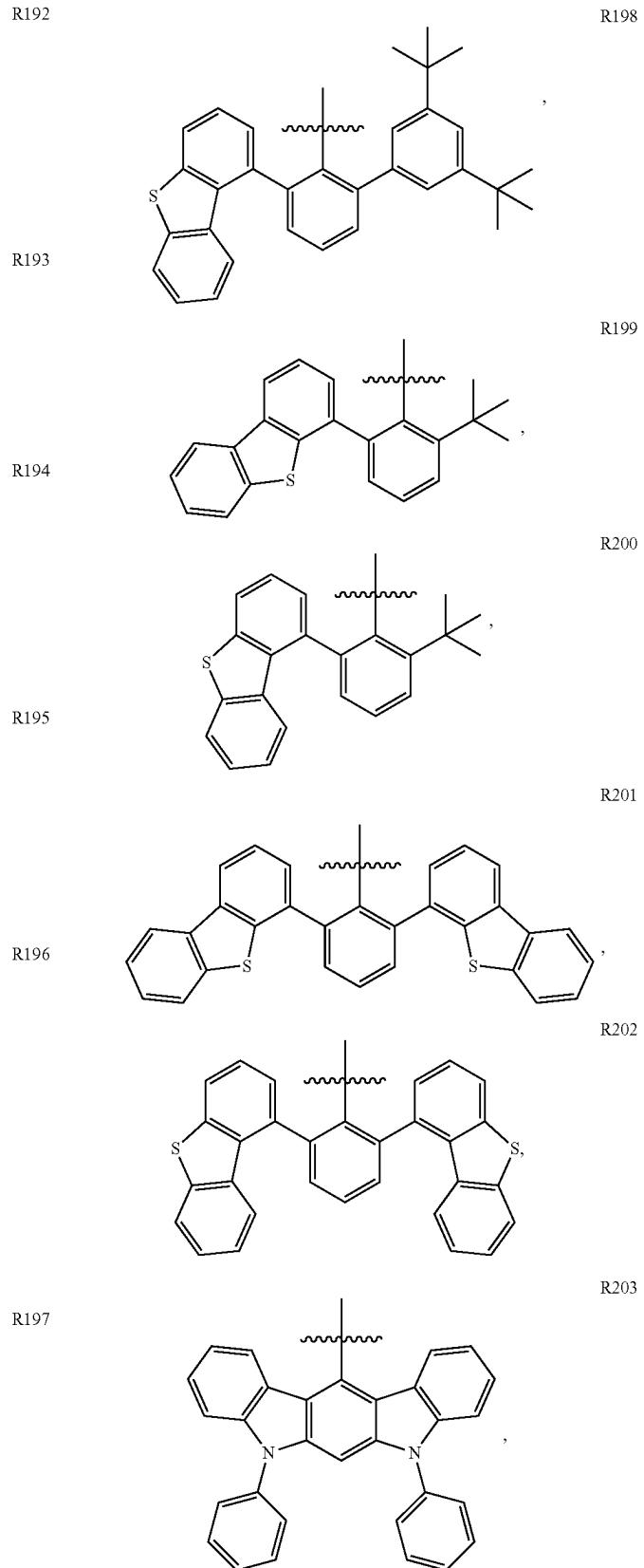
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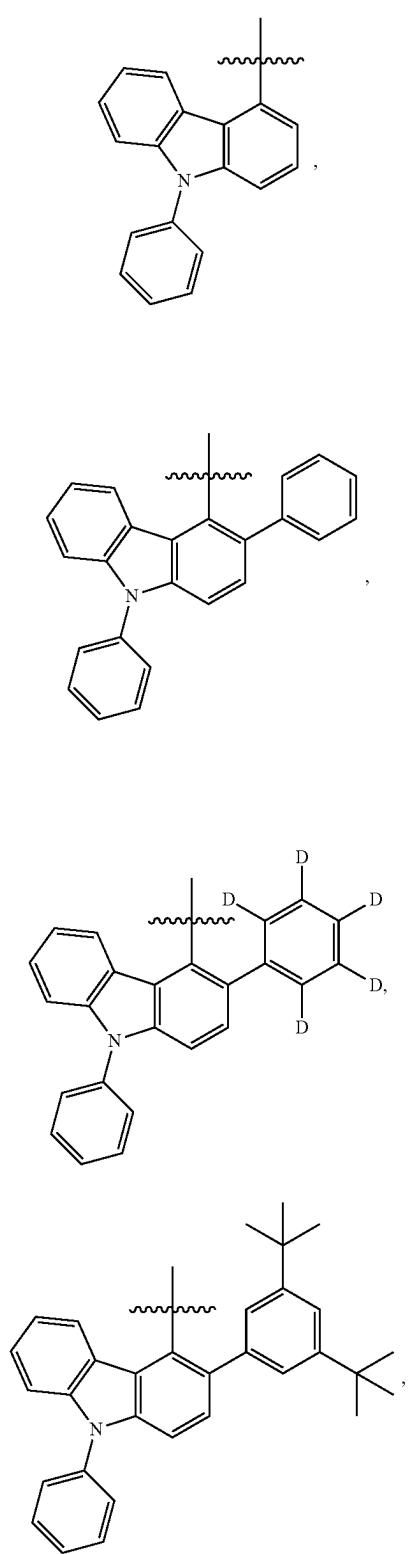
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R204

R205

R206

R207

R208

R209

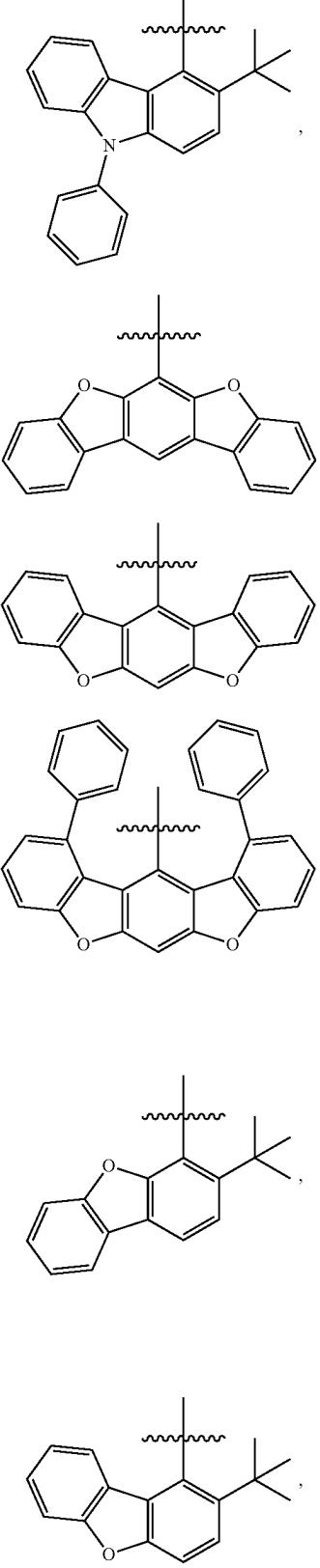
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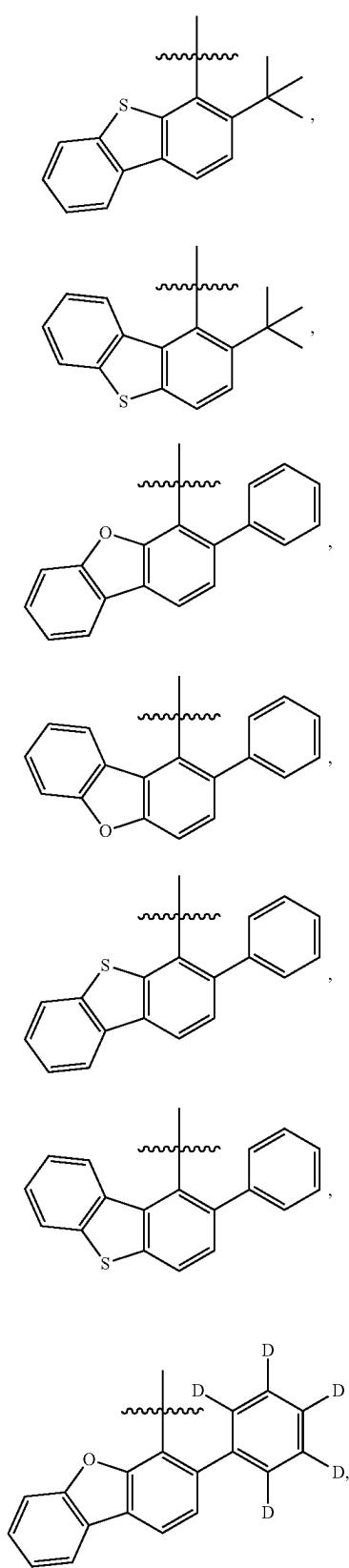
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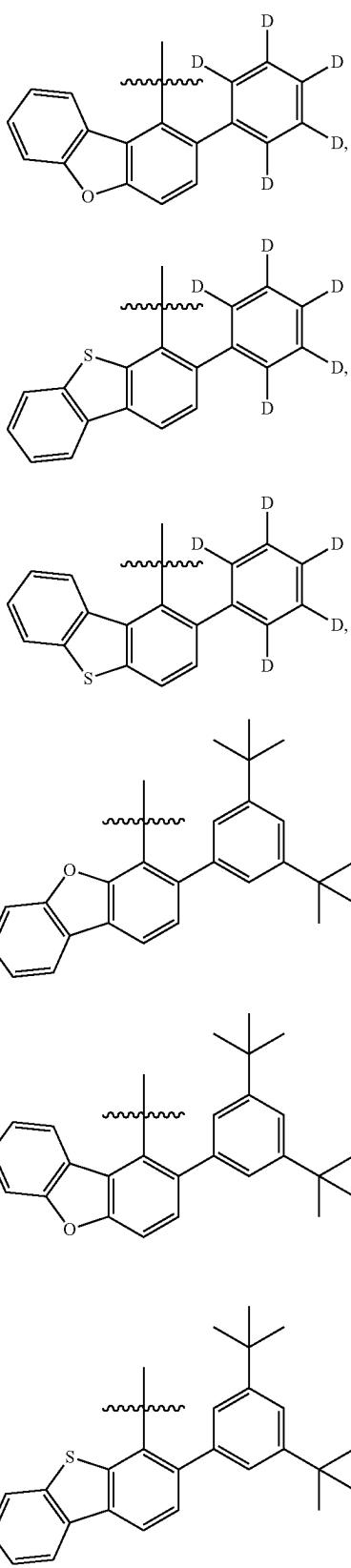
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R221

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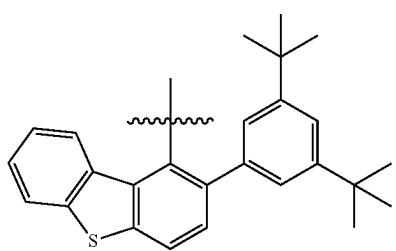
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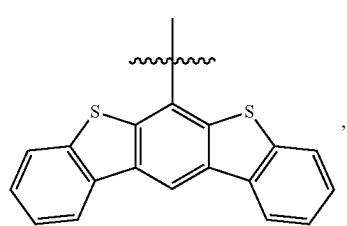
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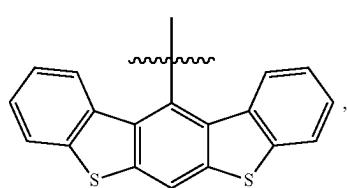
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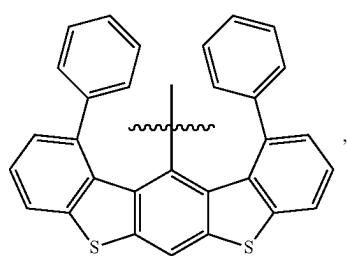
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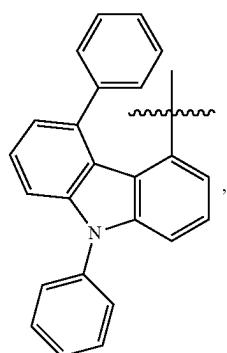
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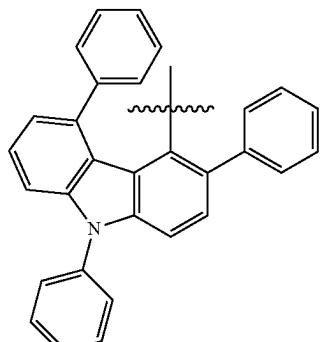


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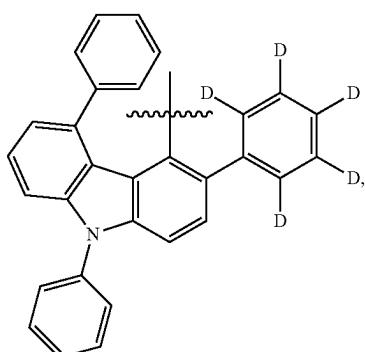


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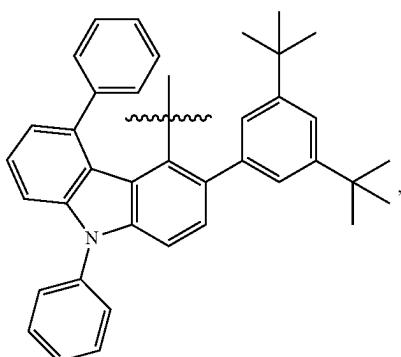
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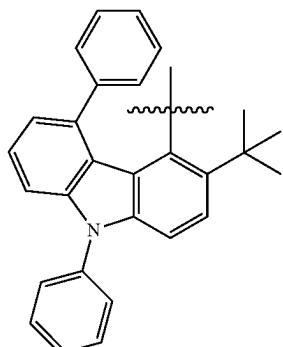
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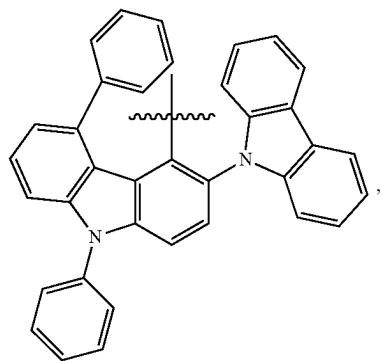
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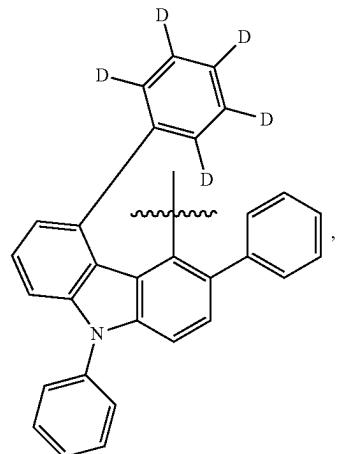
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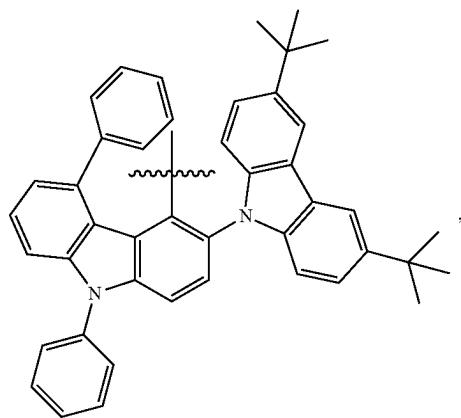
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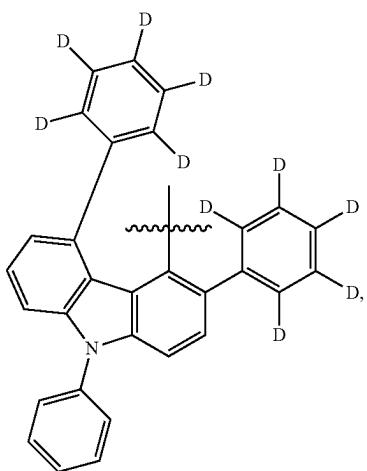
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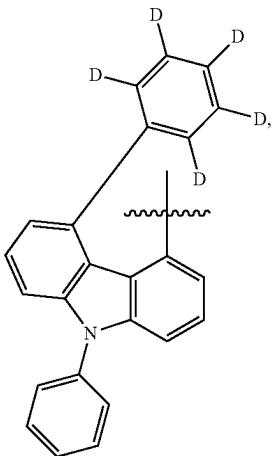
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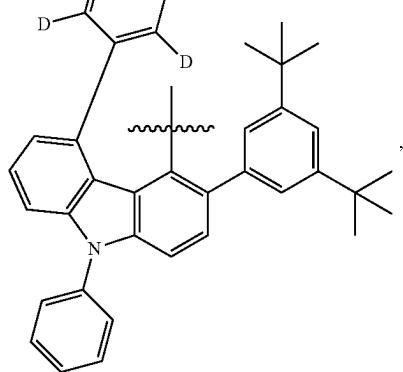
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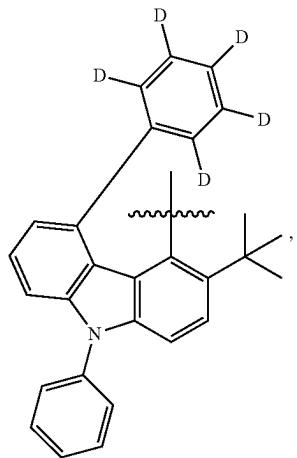
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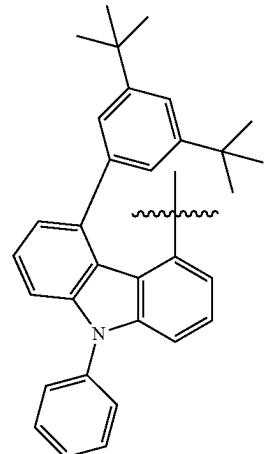
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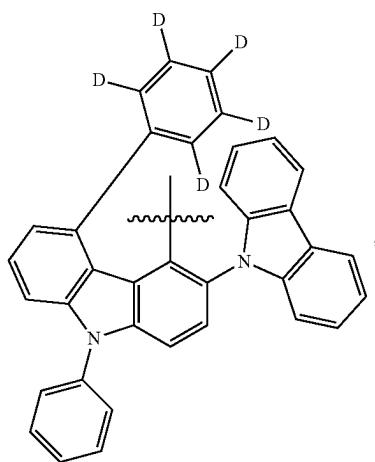
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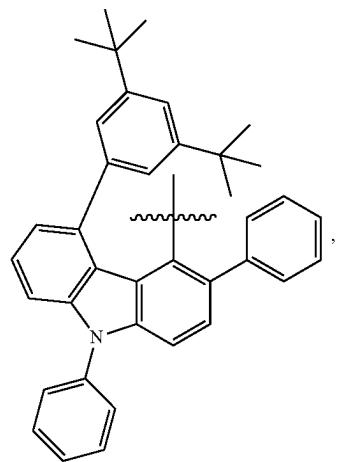
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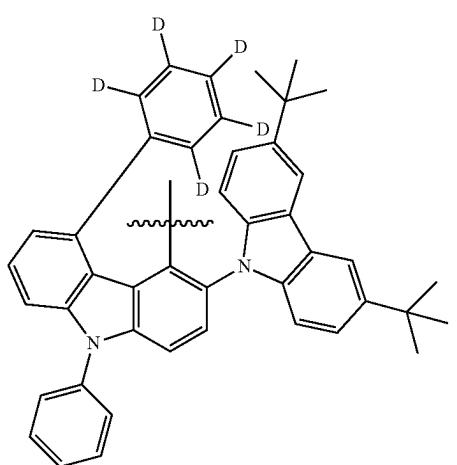
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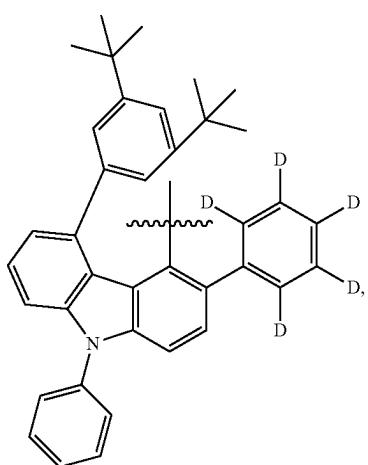
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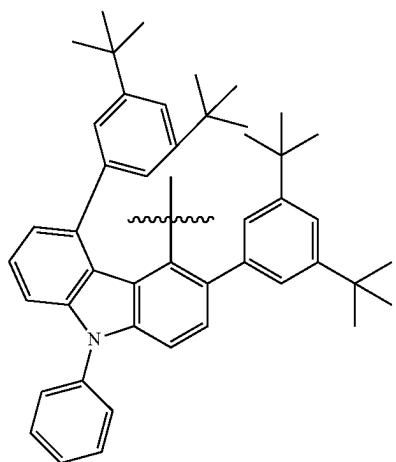


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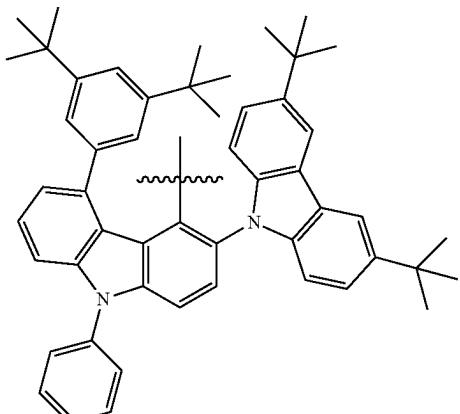


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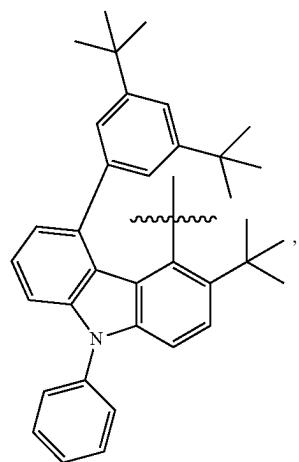
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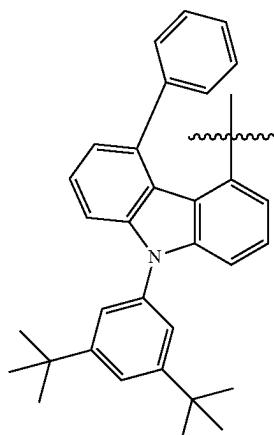
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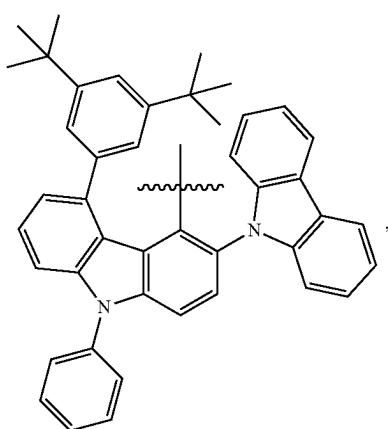
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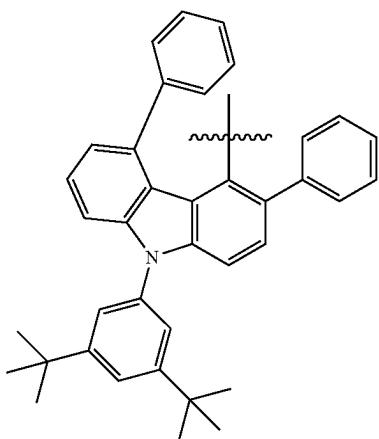
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R252



R250

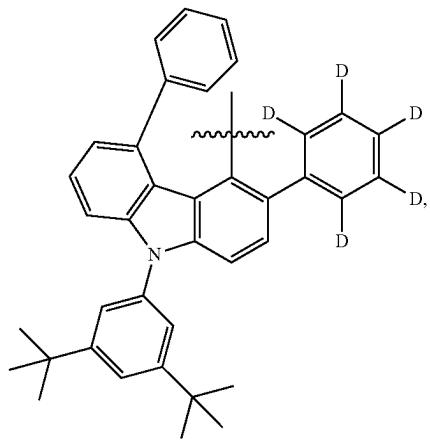


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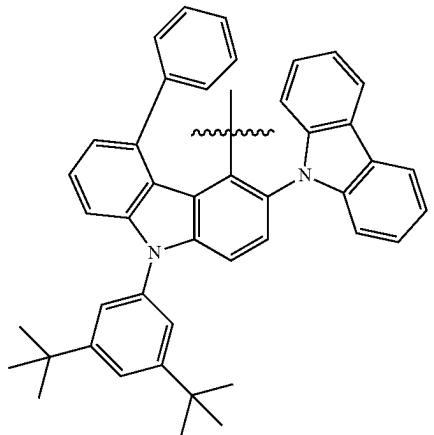
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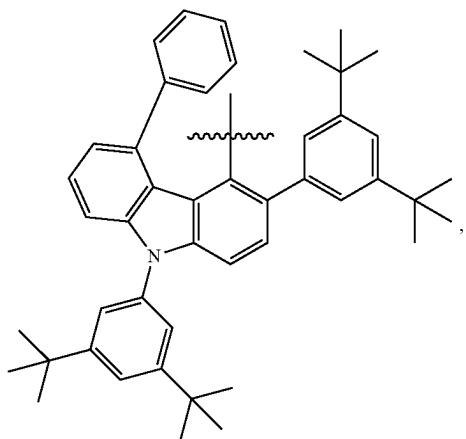
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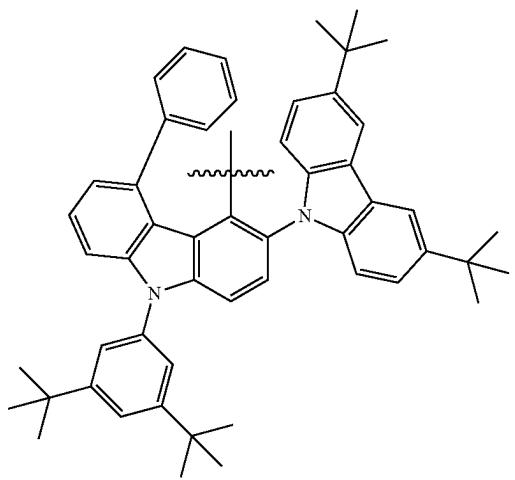
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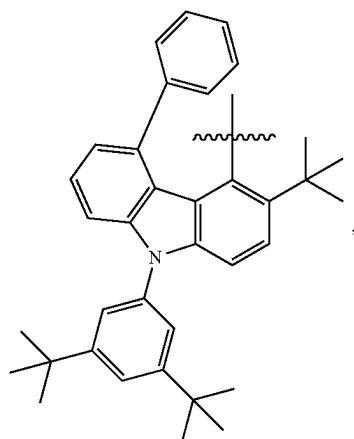
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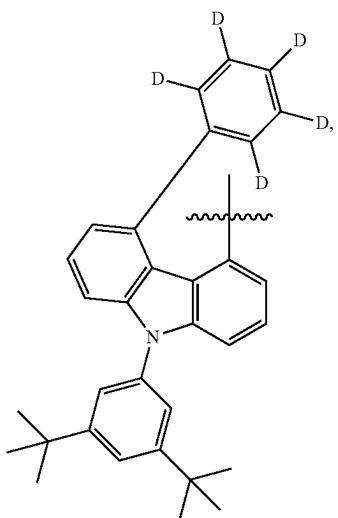
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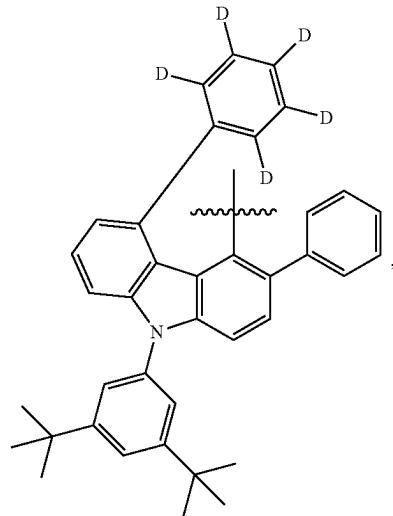


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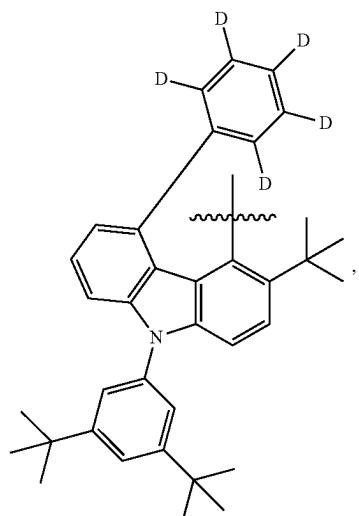
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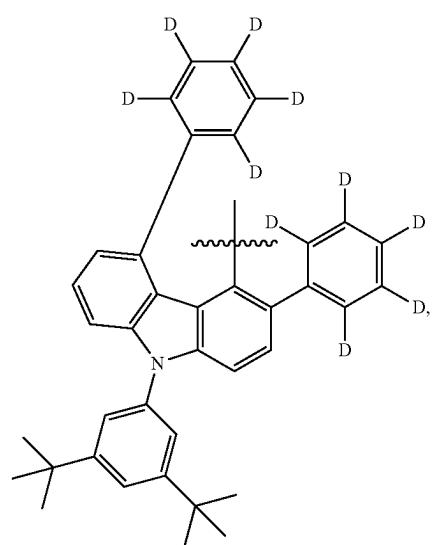


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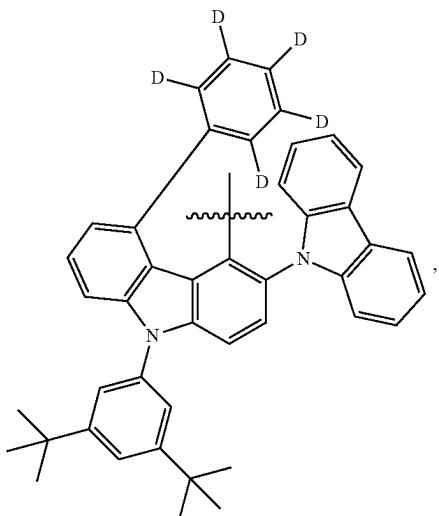
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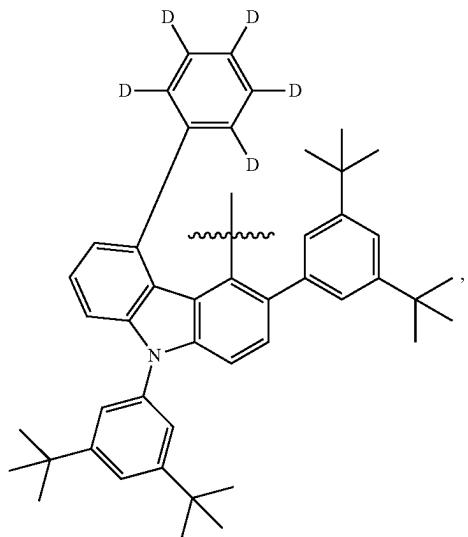
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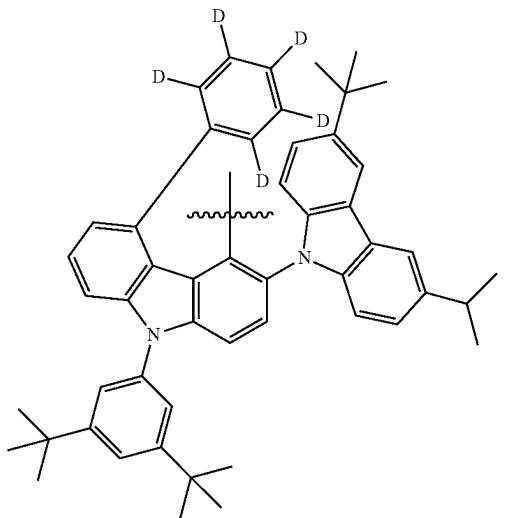
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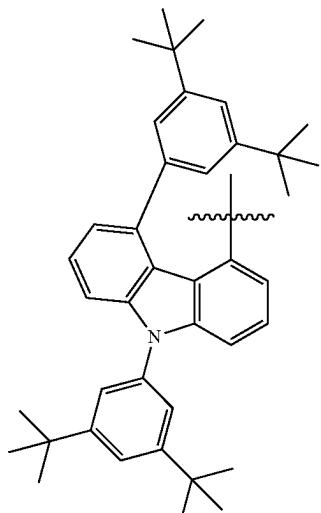


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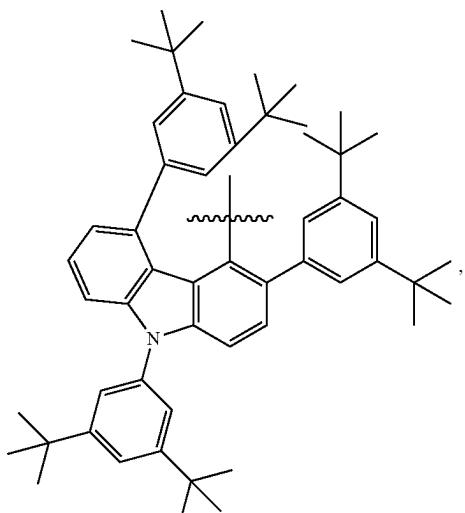
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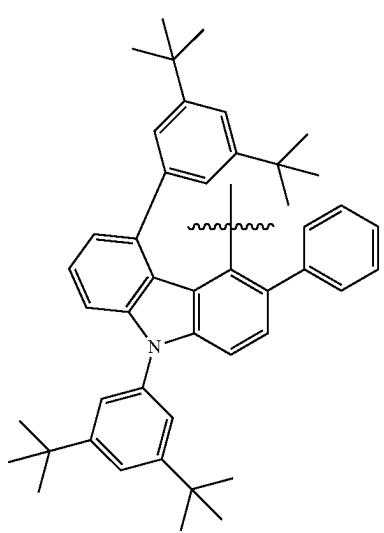


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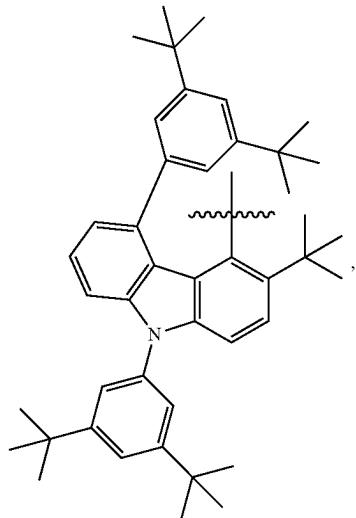
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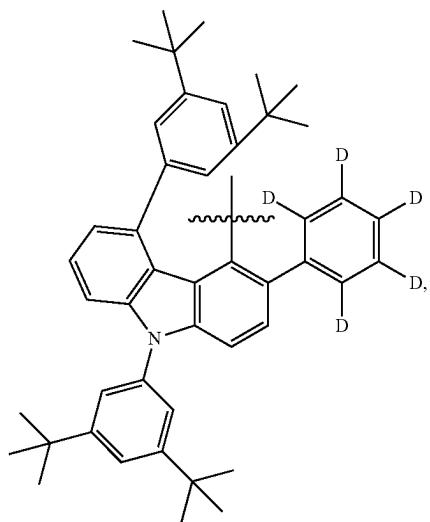
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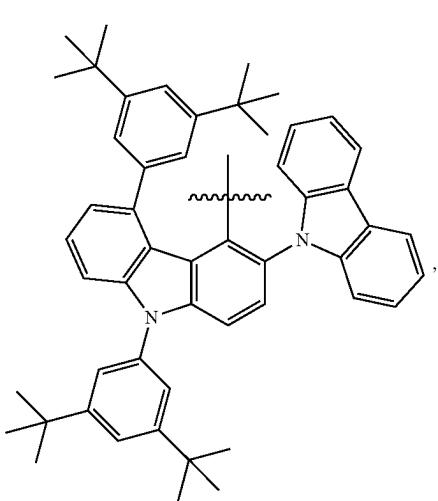
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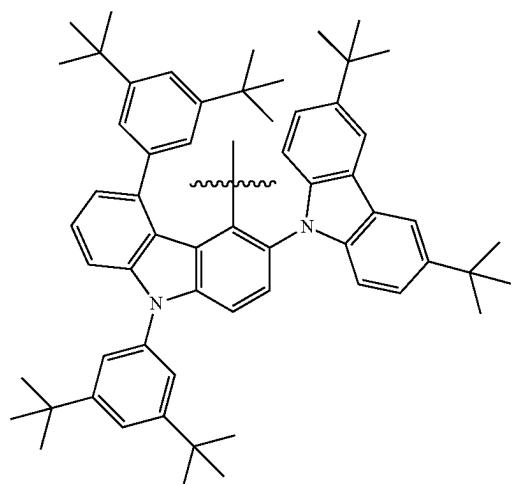
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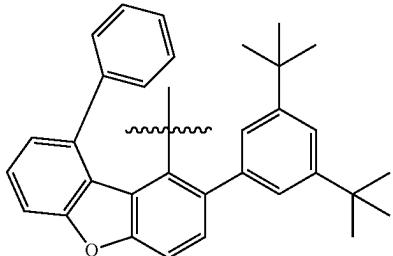


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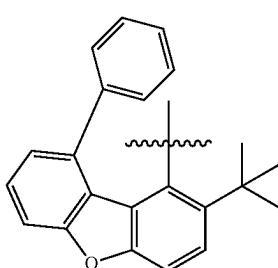


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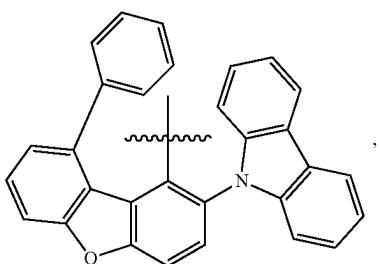
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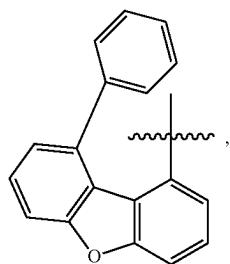
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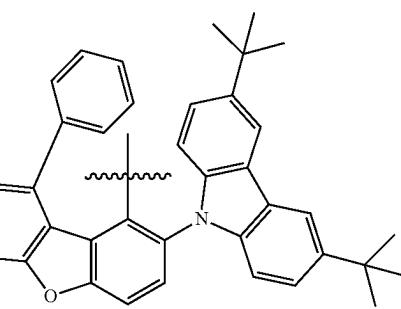
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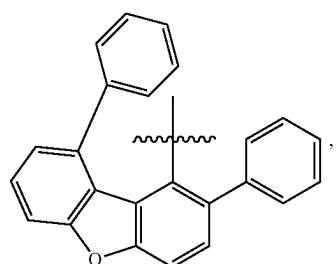
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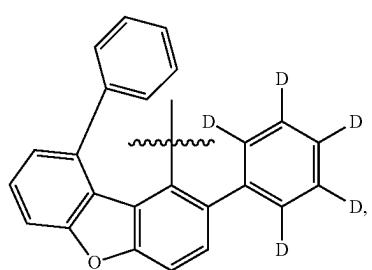
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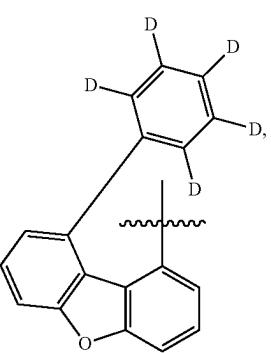
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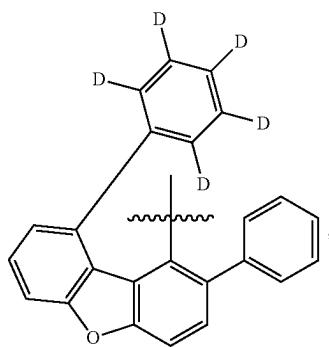


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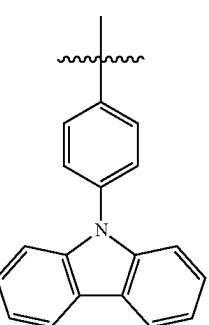
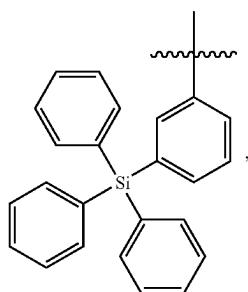
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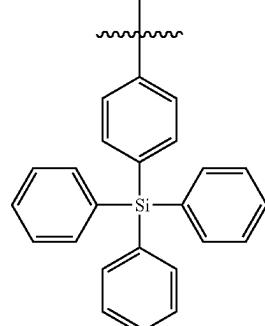
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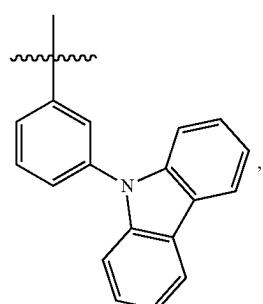
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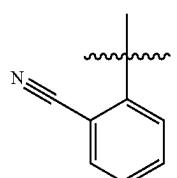
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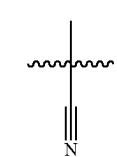
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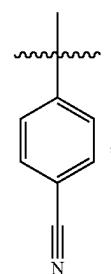
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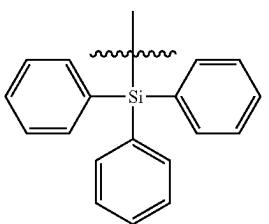
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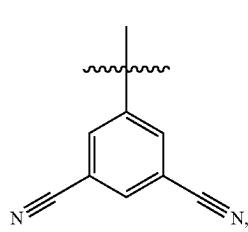
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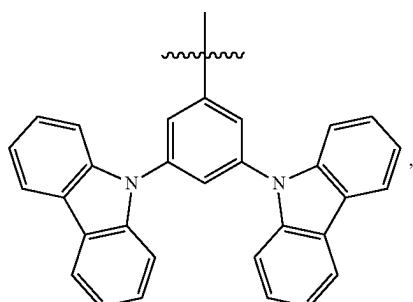
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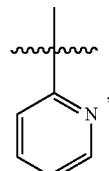
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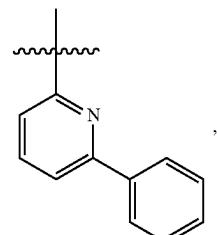
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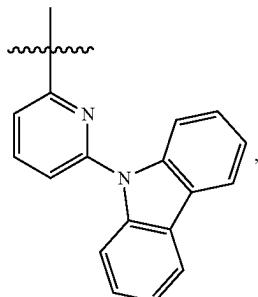
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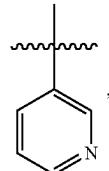
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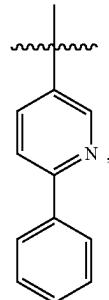
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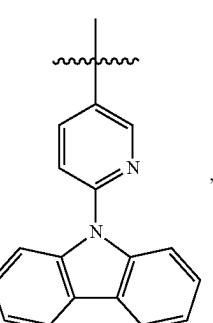


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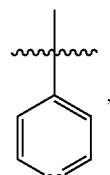


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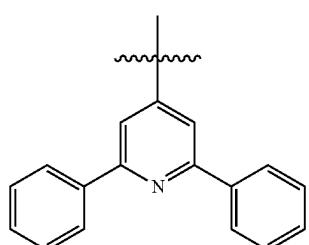
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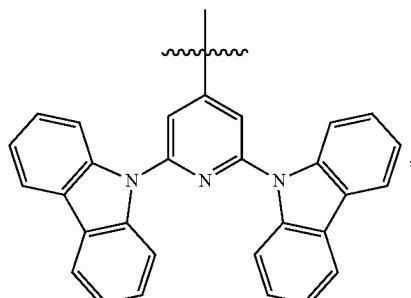
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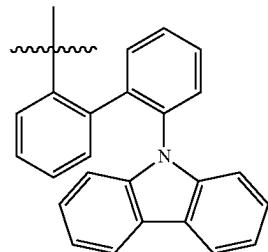
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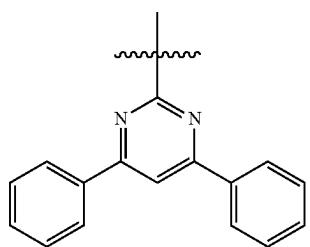


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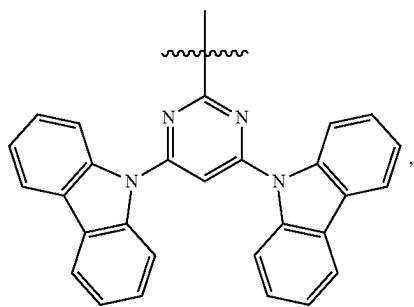


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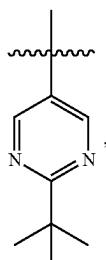
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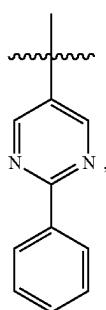
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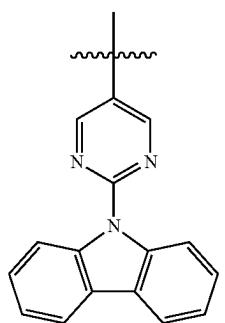
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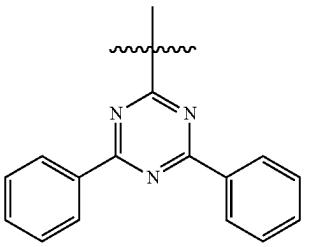


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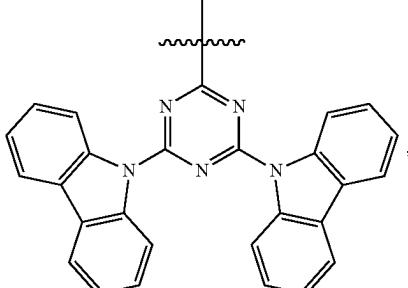


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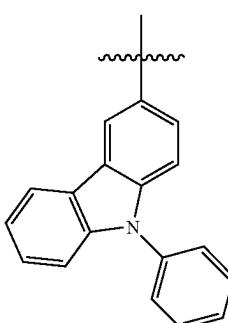
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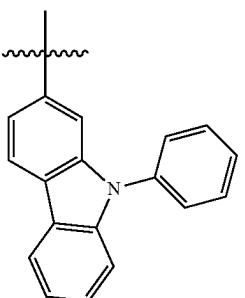
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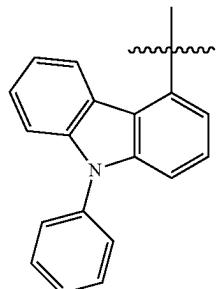
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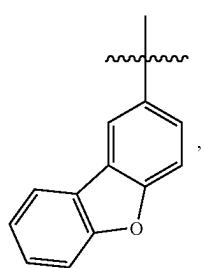
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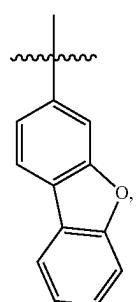
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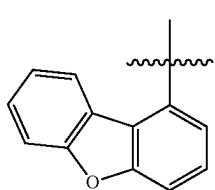
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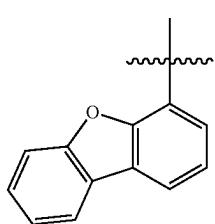
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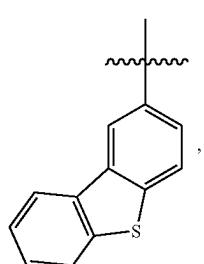
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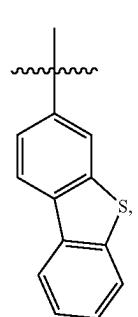
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R316



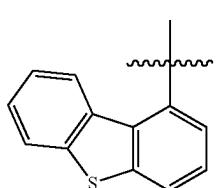
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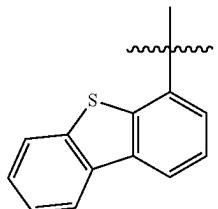
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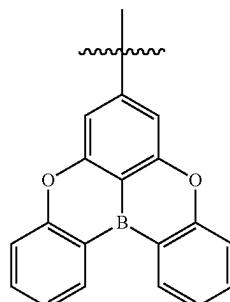
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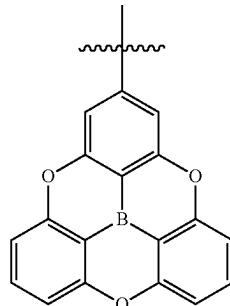
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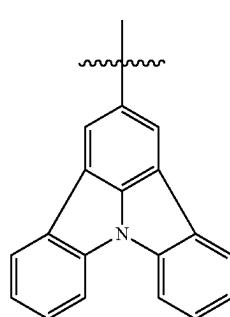
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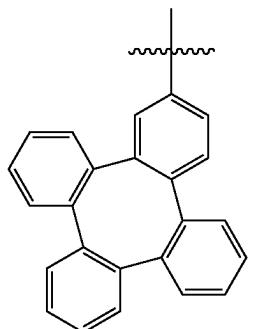
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R323

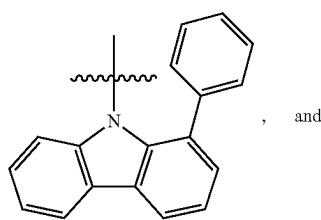


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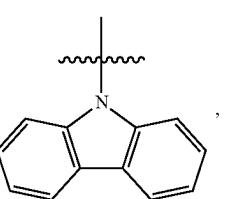


R324

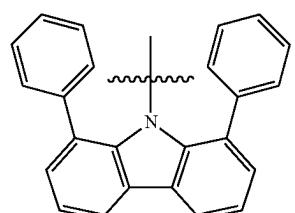
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R329

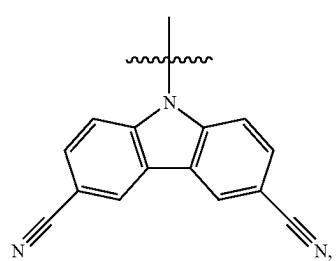


R325



R330

R326

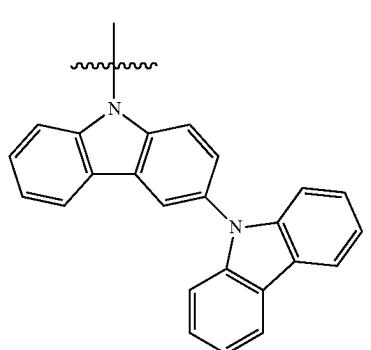
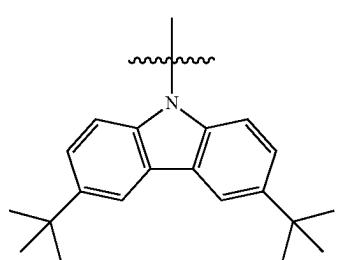


wherein:

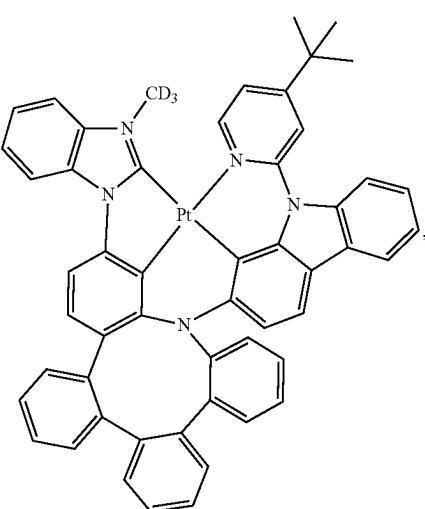
each of R, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ is independently a hydrogen or a substituent selected from the group consisting of deuterium, halogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, silyl, germyl, boryl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, acyl, carboxylic acid, ether, ester, nitrile, isonitrile, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, phosphino, boryl, selenyl, and combinations thereof.

R327

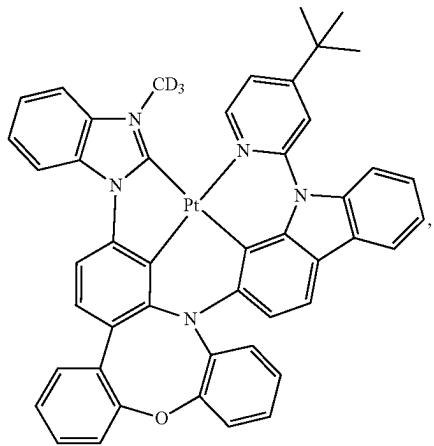
14. The compound of claim 11, wherein R^{B3} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, partially or fully deuterated variants thereof, and combinations thereof.



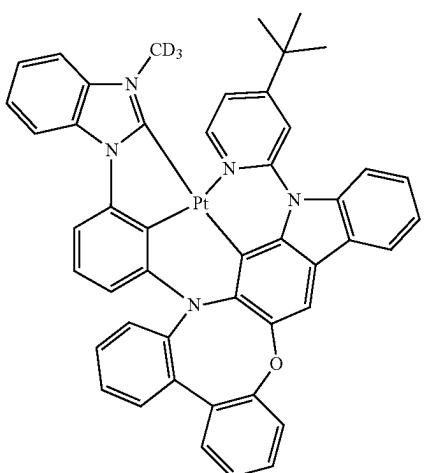
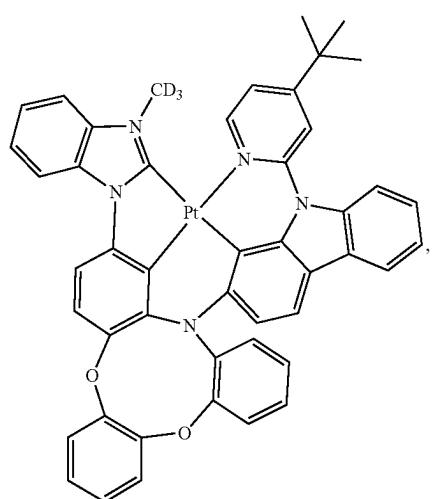
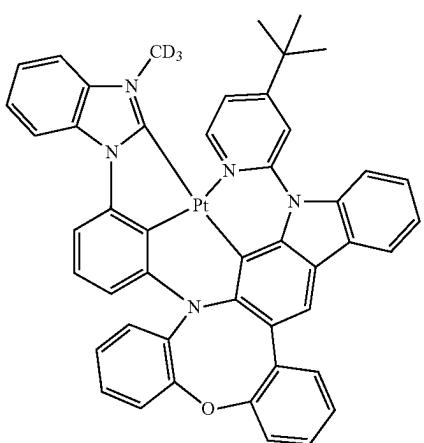
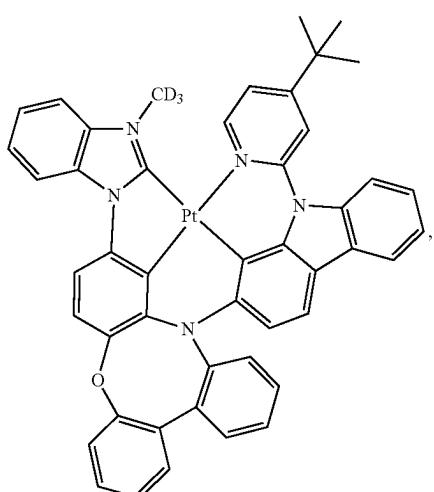
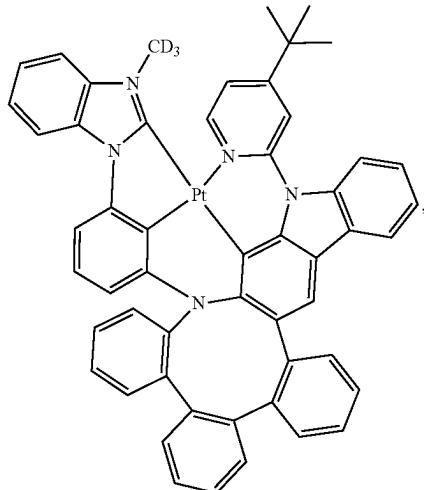
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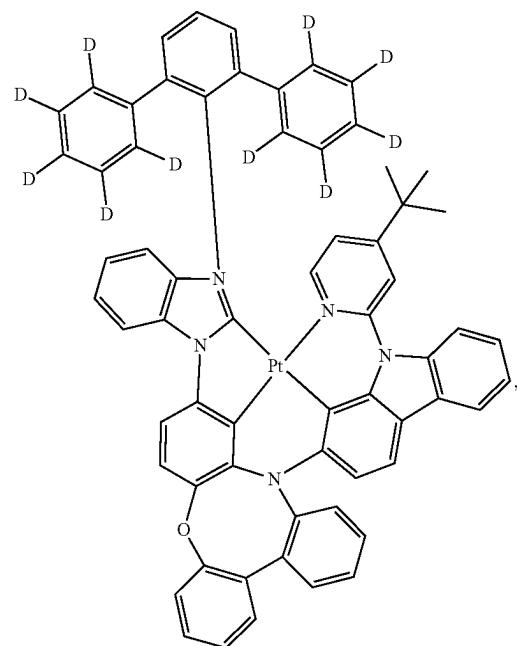
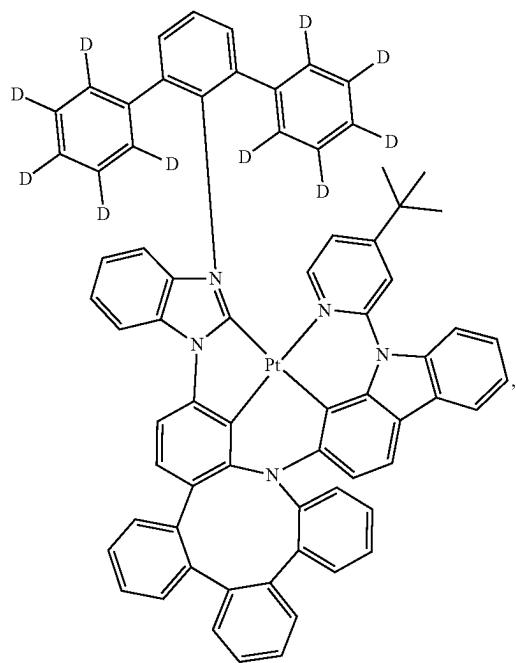
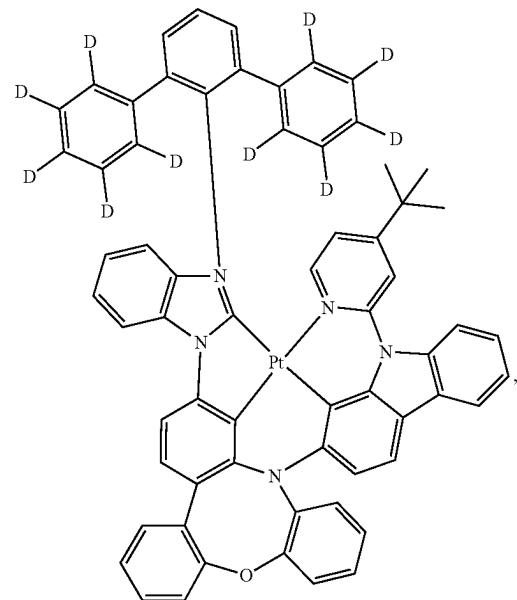
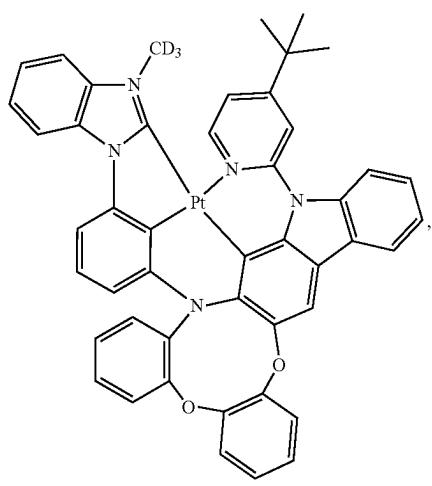


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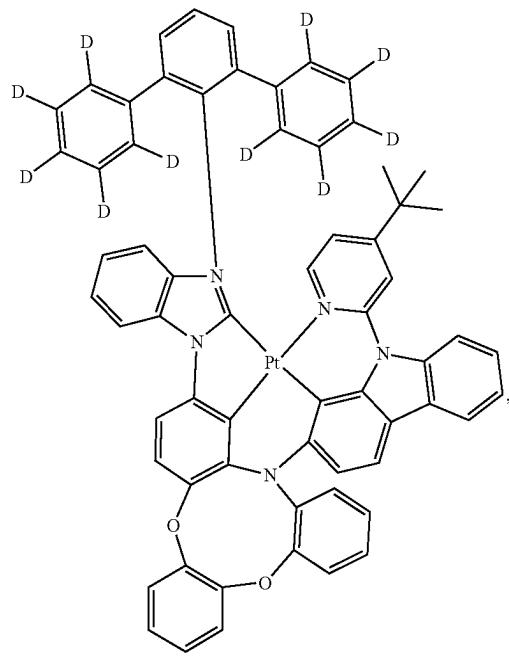


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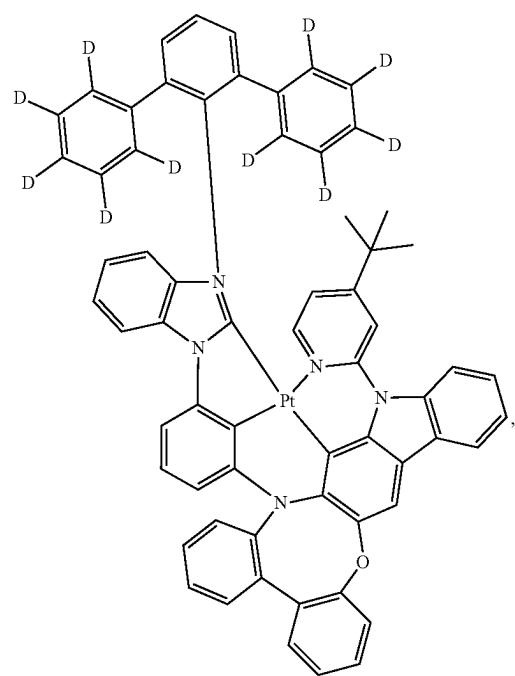
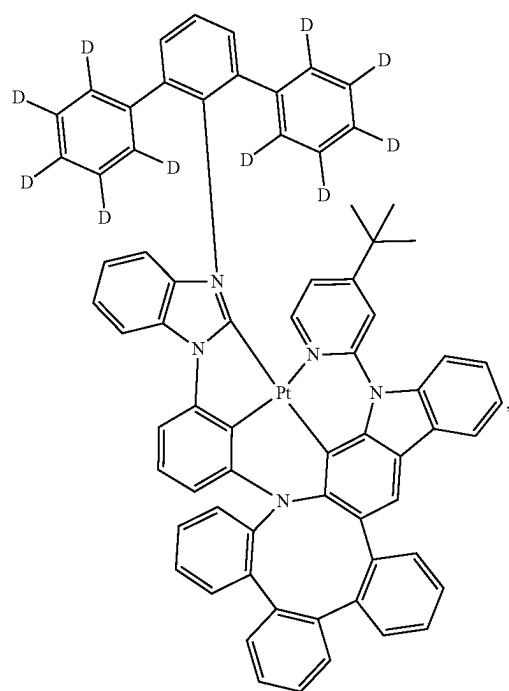
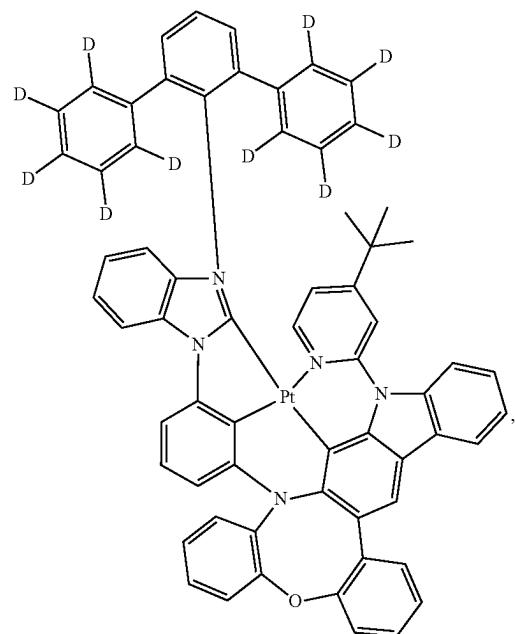
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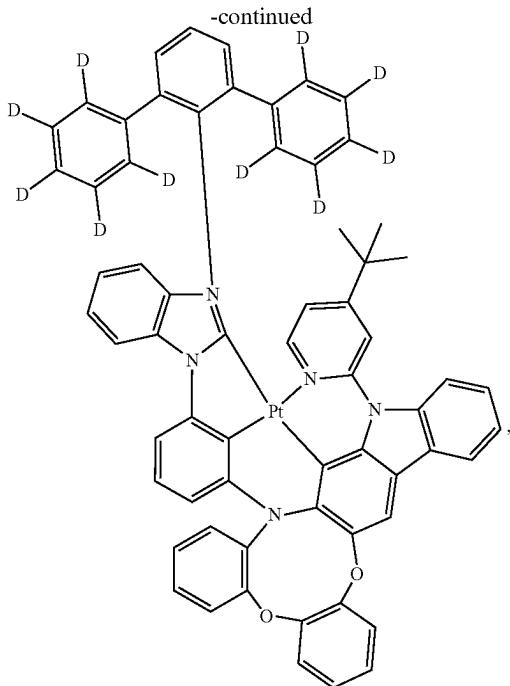
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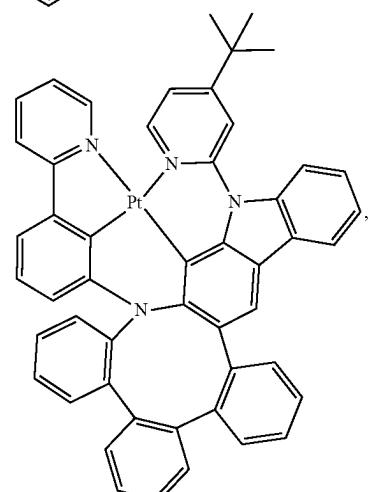
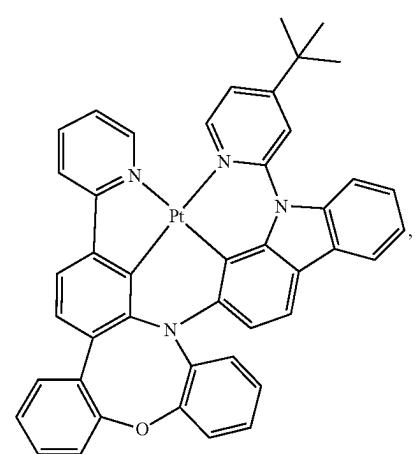
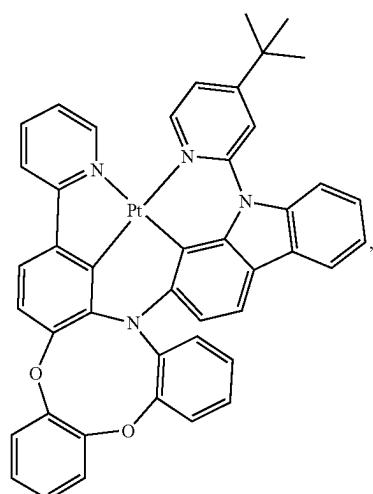
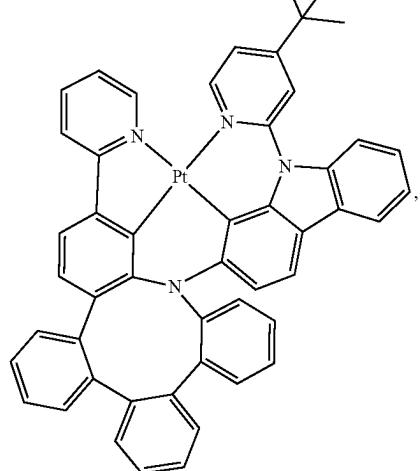
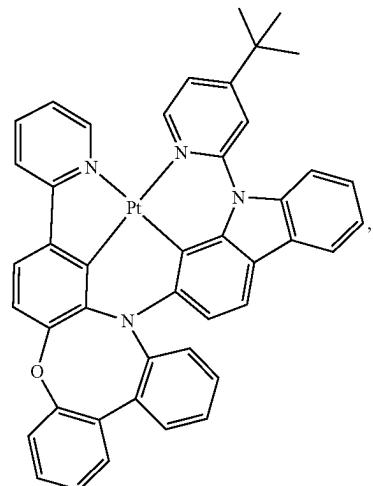
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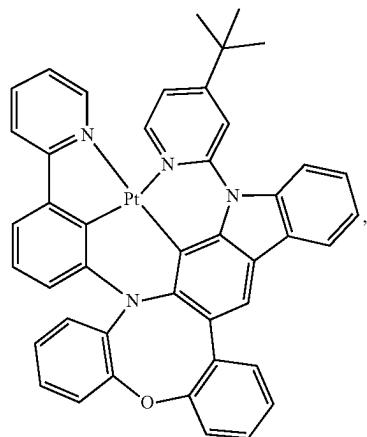
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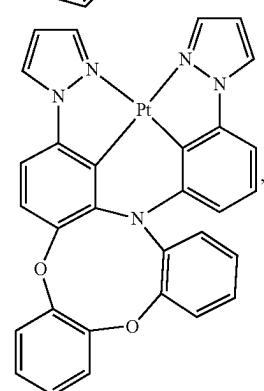
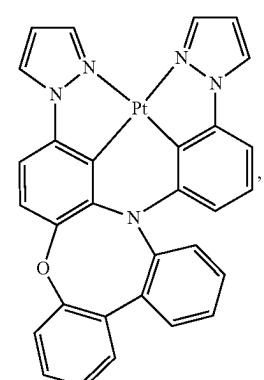
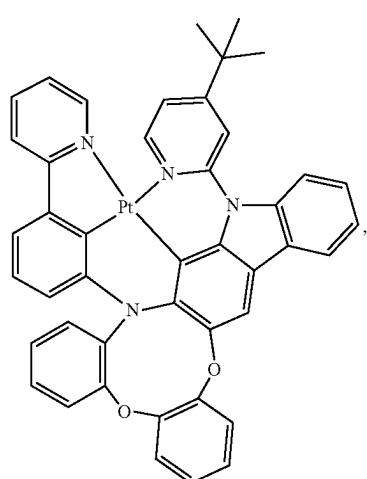
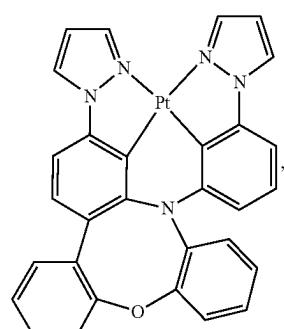
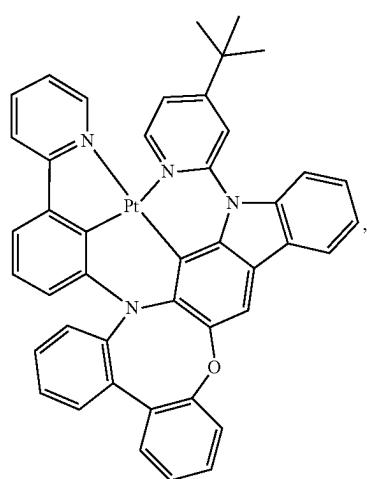
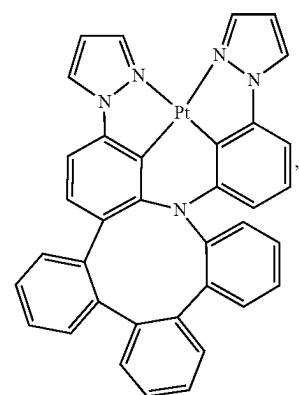
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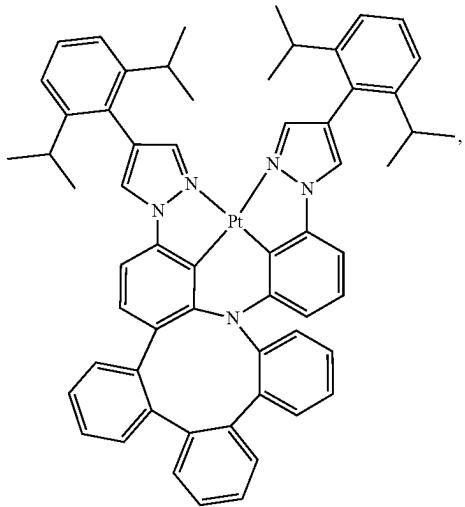
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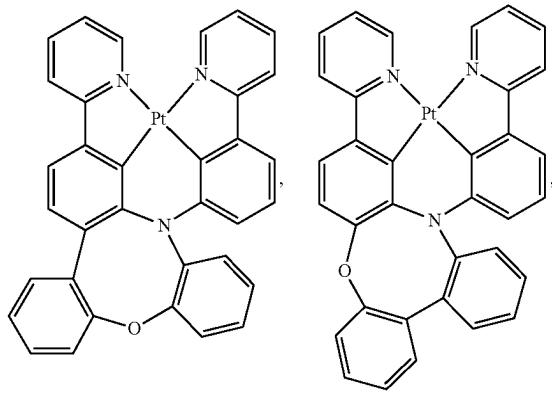
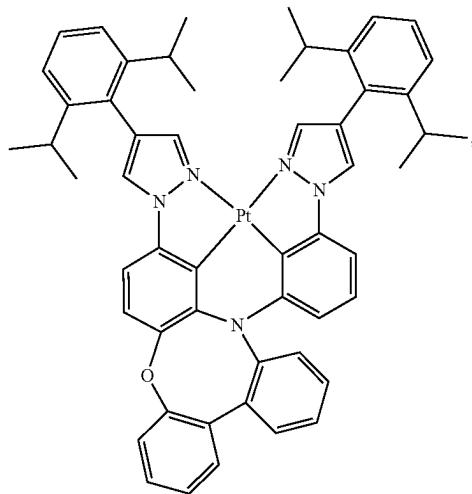
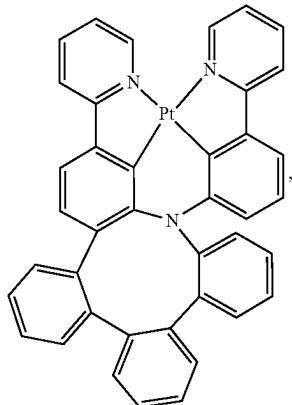
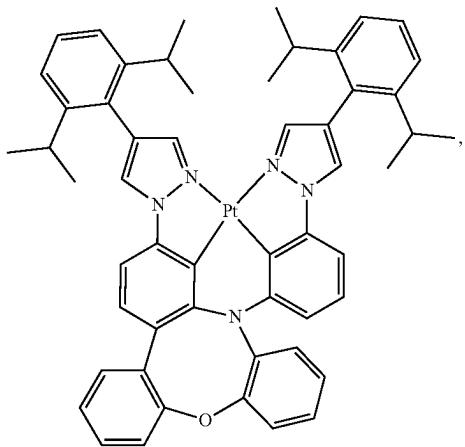
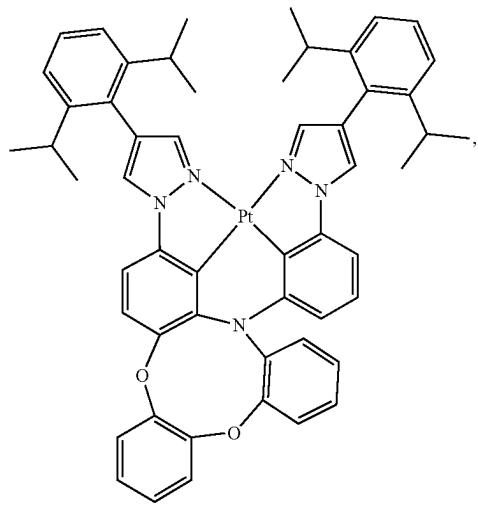
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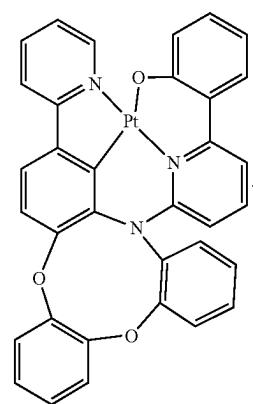
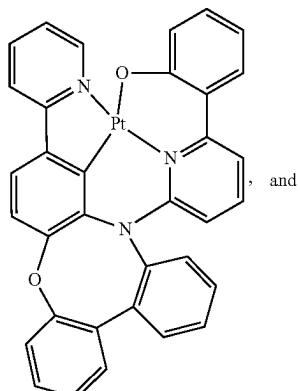
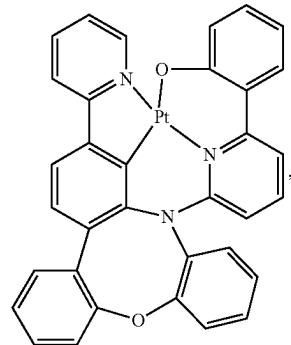
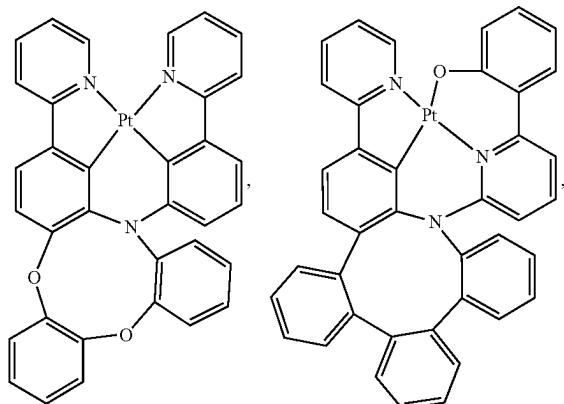
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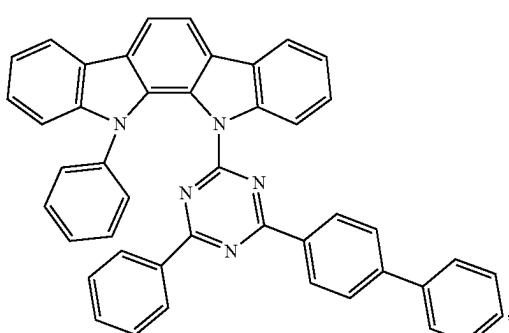
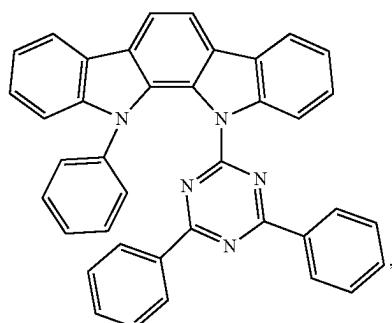
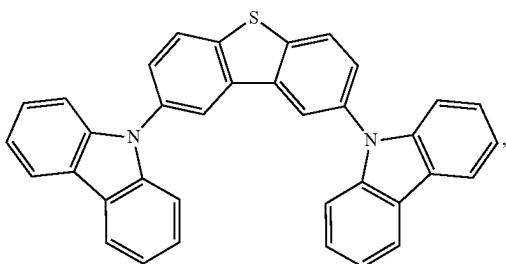
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**16.** An organic light emitting device (OLED) comprising:

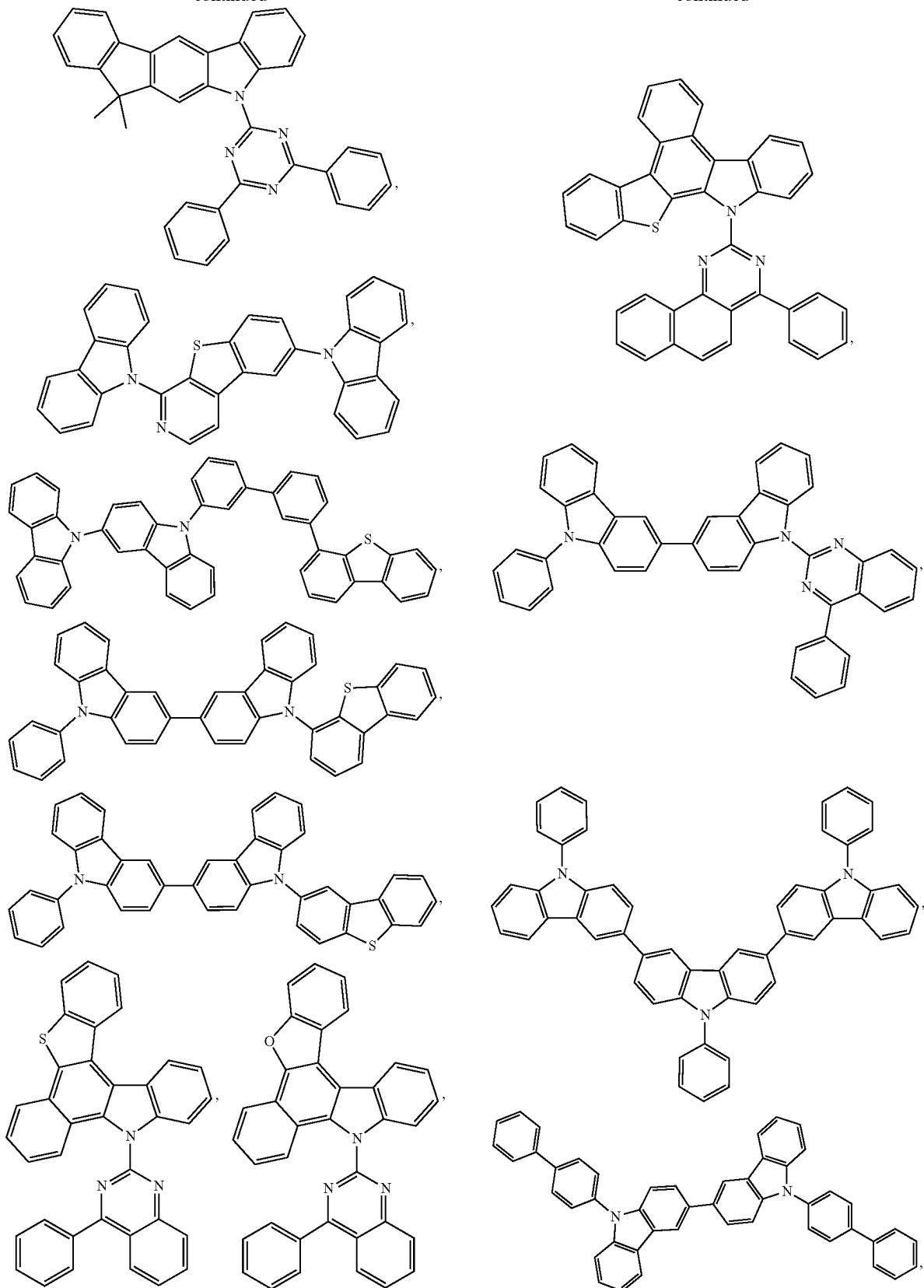
an anode;

a cathode; and

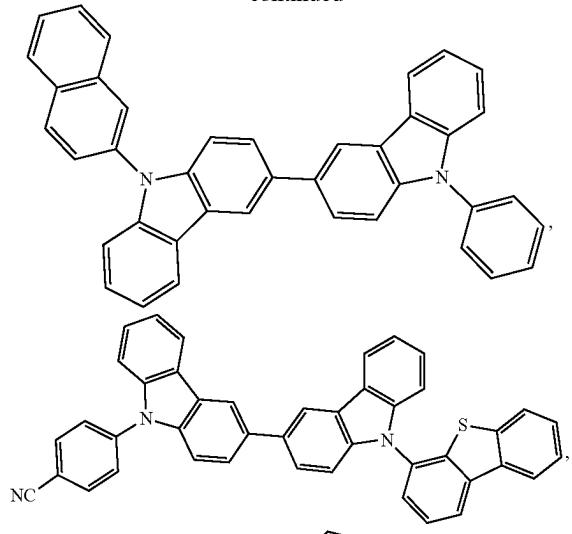
an organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer comprises the compound according to claim 1.

17. The OLED of claim **16**, wherein the organic layer further comprises a host, wherein host comprises at least one chemical moiety selected from the group consisting of triphenylene, carbazole, indolocarbazole, dibenzothiophene, dibenzofuran, dibenzoselenophene, 5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene, aza-triphenylene, aza-carbazole, aza-indolocarbazole, aza-dibenzothiophene, aza-dibenzofuran, aza-dibenzoselenophene, and aza-(5,9-dioxa-13b-boranaphtho[3,2,1-de]anthracene).**18.** The OLED of claim **17**, wherein the host is selected from the group consisting of:

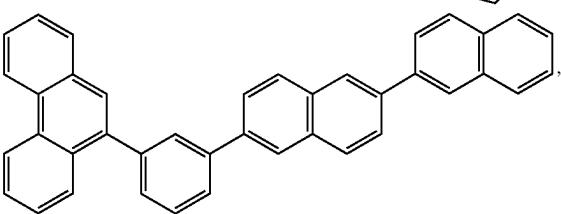
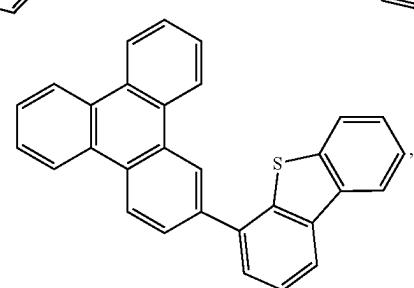
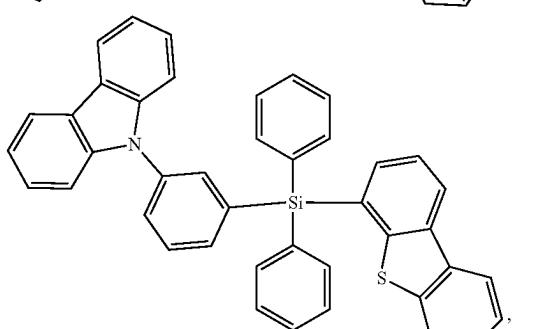
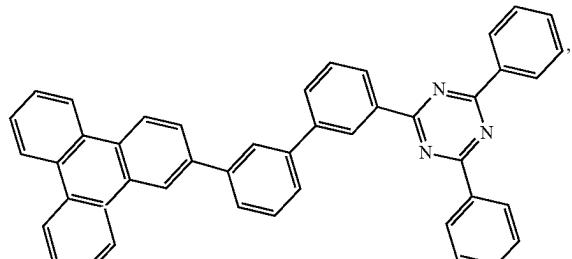
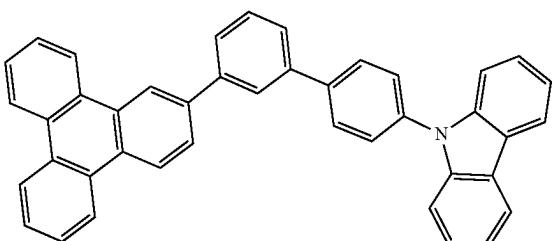
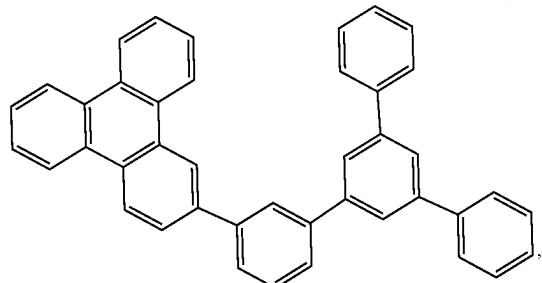
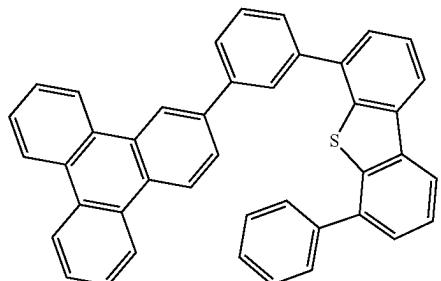
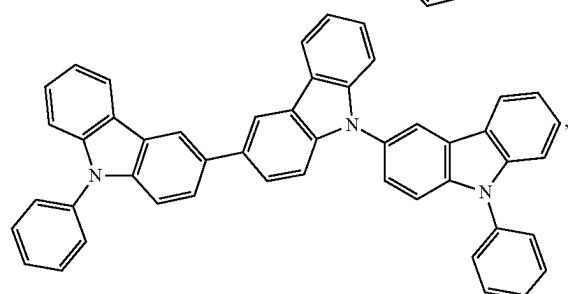
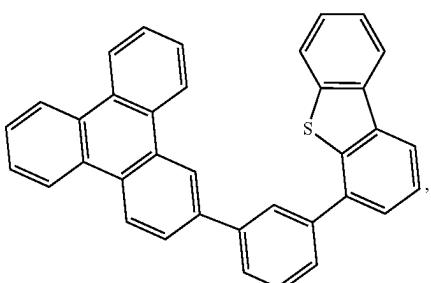
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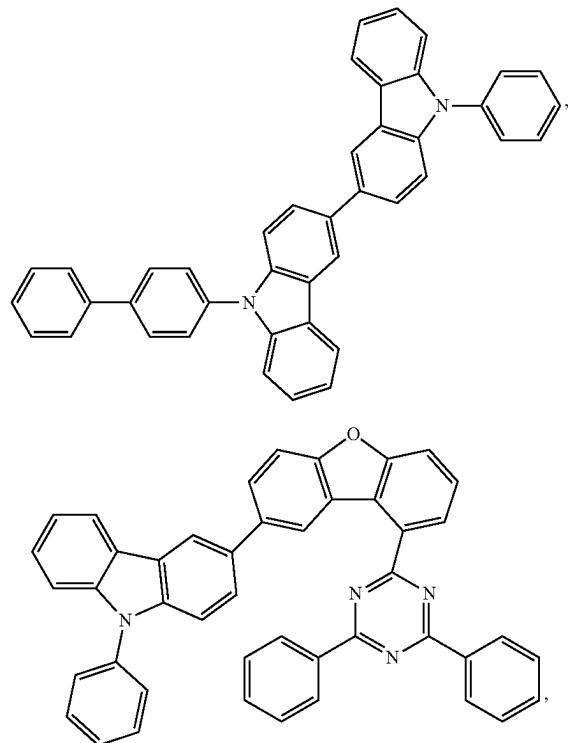
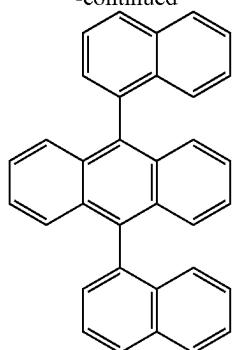
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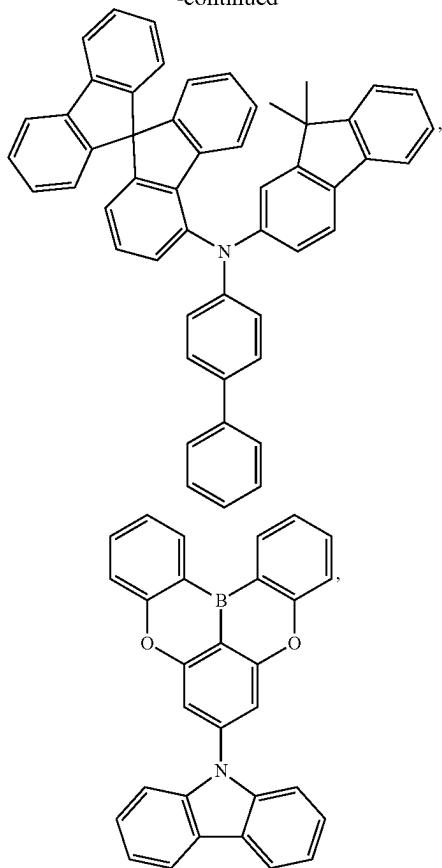
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and combinations thereof.

19. A consumer product comprising an organic light-emitting device (OLED) comprising:
an anode;
a cathode; and
an organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer comprises the compound according to claim 1.

* * * * *