

US Patent & Trademark Office

Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent Application Publication

20250257586

Kind Code

A1

Publication Date

August 14, 2025

Inventor(s)

Dhanvantri; Achyuta et al.

HANDLE CATCH ASSEMBLIES

Abstract

An exemplary catch assembly is configured for installation into a spindle, and generally includes a holder, a first catch, a second catch, and a bias mechanism. The holder is configured for mounting within the spindle. The first catch is mounted for movement relative to the holder between a first projected position and a first depressed position. The second catch is mounted for movement relative to the holder between a second projected position and a second depressed position. The bias mechanism biases the first catch toward the first projected position and biasing the second catch toward the second projected position.

Inventors: Dhanvantri; Achyuta (Bangalore, IN), Telang; Ravi (Bidar, IN), Ross; Mark A. (Denver, CO), Paddillaya; Naresh (Mangalore, IN), Ramachandran; Sidharth (Kasaragod District, IN), Kulal; Ankith (Mangalore, IN)

Applicant: Schlage Lock Company LLC (Carmel, IN)

Family ID: 86229373

Appl. No.: 19/056176

Filed: February 18, 2025

Related U.S. Application Data

parent US continuation 18242270 20230905 parent-grant-document US 12227967 child US 19056176

parent US continuation 17524247 20211111 parent-grant-document US 11746560 child US 18242270

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: E05B3/04 (20060101); E05B1/00 (20060101); E05B3/00 (20060101)

Background/Summary

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure generally relates to handle catch assemblies, and more particularly but not exclusively relates to lever catch assemblies for a handleset of a lockset.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Certain existing handlesets utilize a catch to selectively couple the handle to the spindle. In many handlesets in which the handle is provided in the form of a lever, the handleset can be installed in either of a right-handed orientation and a left-handed orientation. In some existing approaches, the handing of the handleset is set at the time of manufacture such that the customer must know the handing at the time of purchase. For these reasons among others, there remains a need for further improvements in this technological field.

SUMMARY

[0003] An example catch assembly is configured for installation into a spindle, and generally includes a holder, a first catch, a second catch, and a bias mechanism. The holder is configured for mounting within the spindle. The first catch is mounted for movement relative to the holder between a first projected position and a first depressed position. The second catch is mounted for movement relative to the holder between a second projected position and a second depressed position. The bias mechanism biases the first catch toward the first projected position and biasing the second catch toward the second projected position. Further embodiments, forms, features, and aspects of the present application shall become apparent from the description and figures provided herewith.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[0004] FIG. 1 is an exploded assembly view of a lockset according to certain embodiments.

[0005] FIG. 2 is an exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0006] FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the catch assembly of FIG. 2 installed to the lockset illustrated in FIG. 1.

[0007] FIG. 4 is an exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0008] FIG. 5 is a perspective view of the catch assembly of FIG. 4 installed to a spindle.

[0009] FIG. 6 is an exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0010] FIG. 7 is a plan view of the catch assembly of FIG. 6 installed to a spindle.

[0011] FIG. 8 is a plan view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments in a biasing state.

[0012] FIG. 9 is a plan view of the catch assembly of FIG. 8 in a retaining state.

[0013] FIG. 10 is a perspective view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0014] FIG. 11 is a plan view of the catch assembly of FIG. 10 installed to a spindle.

[0015] FIG. 12 is a perspective view of a portion of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0016] FIG. 13 is a plan view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments in a retaining state while a lockset is in a locked state.

[0017] FIG. 14 is a plan view of the catch assembly of FIG. 13 in a biasing state while the lockset

is in an unlocked state.

[0018] FIG. 15 is an exploded assembly view of a spindle and a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0019] FIG. 16 is a cutaway view of a spindle with the catch assembly of FIG. 15 installed.

[0020] FIG. 17 is an exploded assembly view of a spindle and a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0021] FIG. 18 is a cutaway view of a spindle with the catch assembly of FIG. 17 installed.

[0022] FIG. 19 is a partially-exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0023] FIG. 20 is a partially-exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0024] FIG. 21 is a partially-exploded assembly view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0025] FIG. 22 is a perspective view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0026] FIG. 23 is a perspective view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

[0027] FIG. 24 is a plan view of a catch assembly according to certain embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

[0028] Although the concepts of the present disclosure are susceptible to various modifications and alternative forms, specific embodiments have been shown by way of example in the drawings and will be described herein in detail. It should be understood, however, that there is no intent to limit the concepts of the present disclosure to the particular forms disclosed, but on the contrary, the intention is to cover all modifications, equivalents, and alternatives consistent with the present disclosure and the appended claims.

[0029] References in the specification to “one embodiment,” “an embodiment,” “an illustrative embodiment,” etc., indicate that the embodiment described may include a particular feature, structure, or characteristic, but every embodiment may or may not necessarily include that particular feature, structure, or characteristic. Moreover, such phrases are not necessarily referring to the same embodiment. It should further be appreciated that although reference to a “preferred” component or feature may indicate the desirability of a particular component or feature with respect to an embodiment, the disclosure is not so limiting with respect to other embodiments, which may omit such a component or feature. Further, when a particular feature, structure, or characteristic is described in connection with an embodiment, it is submitted that it is within the knowledge of one skilled in the art to implement such feature, structure, or characteristic in connection with other embodiments whether or not explicitly described.

[0030] Additionally, it should be appreciated that items included in a list in the form of “at least one of A, B, and C” can mean (A); (B); (C); (A and B); (B and C); (A and C); or (A, B, and C).

Similarly, items listed in the form of “at least one of A, B, or C” can mean (A); (B); (C); (A and B); (B and C); (A and C); or (A, B, and C). Items listed in the form of “A, B, and/or C” can also mean (A); (B); (C); (A and B); (B and C); (A and C); or (A, B, and C). Further, with respect to the claims, the use of words and phrases such as “a,” “an,” “at least one,” and/or “at least one portion” should not be interpreted so as to be limiting to only one such element unless specifically stated to the contrary, and the use of phrases such as “at least a portion” and/or “a portion” should be interpreted as encompassing both embodiments including only a portion of such element and embodiments including the entirety of such element unless specifically stated to the contrary.

[0031] In the drawings, some structural or method features may be shown in certain specific arrangements and/or orderings. However, it should be appreciated that such specific arrangements and/or orderings may not necessarily be required. Rather, in some embodiments, such features may be arranged in a different manner and/or order than shown in the illustrative figures unless indicated to the contrary. Additionally, the inclusion of a structural or method feature in a particular figure is not meant to imply that such feature is required in all embodiments and, in some

embodiments, may be omitted or may be combined with other features.

[0032] With reference to FIG. 1, illustrated therein is door **90** having a lockset **100** according to certain embodiments mounted thereon. The door **90** generally includes an outer or non-egress side **91**, an inner or egress side **92** opposite the non-egress side **91**, and a swinging edge **93** extending between and connecting the egress side **92** and the non-egress side **91**. The lockset **100** generally includes an outside handleset **110** mounted to the non-egress side **91**, an inside handleset **120** mounted to the egress side **92**, and a latch mechanism **130** including a latchbolt **132** operable to project beyond the swinging edge **93**. As described herein, the lockset **100** has a locked state in which an outside handle **140** is operable to retract the latchbolt **132**, and an unlocked state in which the outside handle **140** is inoperable to retract the latchbolt **132**.

[0033] The outside handleset **110** generally includes an outside escutcheon **112**, an outside spindle **114** mounted for rotation relative to the outside escutcheon **112**, and an outside catch assembly **116** mounted to the outside spindle **114**, and in the illustrated form further includes the outside handle **140** and a lock cylinder **150**. As described herein, the outside handle **140** is selectively coupled to the spindle **114** via the catch assembly **116**, and the lock cylinder **150** is operable to transition the lockset **100** between its locked state and its unlocked state. The spindle **114** is operably connected with the latch mechanism **130** such that when the lockset **100** is in its unlocked state, rotation of the spindle **114** causes retraction of the latchbolt **132**.

[0034] As will be apparent from the description herein, the catch assembly **116** generally includes at least one catch and a bias mechanism biasing the at least one catch toward a projected position. With the at least one catch in the projected position, the catch assembly **116** is operable to selectively retain the handle **140** on the spindle **114**. In certain embodiments, the catch assembly **116** may be provided as a modular construct configured for installation to the spindle **114** as a modular unit. For example, the catch assembly **116** may be provided in the form of the catch assembly **200** illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the catch assembly **400** illustrated in FIGS. 6 and 7, the catch assembly **600** illustrated in FIGS. 10 and 11, the catch assembly **700** illustrated in FIGS. 12-14, the catch assembly **800** illustrated in FIGS. 15 and 16, the catch assembly **900** illustrated in FIGS. 17 and 18, the catch assembly **1000** illustrated in FIG. 19, the catch assembly **1100** illustrated in FIG. 20, the catch assembly **1200** illustrated in FIG. 21, the catch assembly **1300** illustrated in FIG. 22, the catch assembly **1400** illustrated in FIG. 23, or the catch assembly **1500** illustrated in FIG. 24. It is also contemplated that the catch assembly **116** may not necessarily be a modular construct configured for installation as a single unit. For example, the catch assembly **116** may take the form of the catch assembly **300** illustrated in FIGS. 4 and 5, or the catch assembly **500** illustrated in FIGS. 8 and 9.

[0035] The inside handleset **120** generally includes an inside escutcheon, an inside spindle **124** mounted for rotation relative to the inside escutcheon, and an inside catch assembly **126** mounted to the inside spindle **124**, and in the illustrated form further includes an inside handle **160** and a lock state selector **170**. The inside handle **160** is selectively coupled to the spindle **124** via the catch assembly **126**, and the lock state selector **170** is operable to transition the lockset **100** between its locked state and its unlocked state. The spindle **124** is operably connected with the latch mechanism **130** such that rotation of the spindle **124** causes retraction of the latchbolt **132**.

[0036] As will be apparent from the description herein, the catch assembly **126** generally includes at least one catch and a bias mechanism biasing the at least one catch toward a projected position. With the at least one catch in the projected position, the catch assembly **126** is operable to selectively retain the handle **160** on the spindle **124**. In certain embodiments, the catch assembly **126** may be provided as a modular construct configured for installation to the spindle **114** as a modular unit. For example, the catch assembly **126** may be provided in the form of the catch assembly **200** illustrated in FIGS. 2 and 3, the catch assembly **400** illustrated in FIGS. 6 and 7, the catch assembly **600** illustrated in FIGS. 10 and 11, the catch assembly **700** illustrated in FIGS. 12-14, the catch assembly **800** illustrated in FIGS. 15 and 16, the catch assembly **900** illustrated in

FIGS. 17 and 18, the catch assembly **1000** illustrated in FIG. 19, the catch assembly **1100** illustrated in FIG. 20, the catch assembly **1200** illustrated in FIG. 21, the catch assembly **1300** illustrated in FIG. 22, the catch assembly **1400** illustrated in FIG. 23, or the catch assembly **1500** illustrated in FIG. 24. It is also contemplated that the catch assembly **126** may not necessarily be a modular construct configured for installation as a single unit. For example, the catch assembly **126** may take the form of the catch assembly **300** illustrated in FIGS. 4 and 5, or the catch assembly **500** illustrated in FIGS. 8 and 9.

[0037] The latch mechanism **130** is mounted in a bore formed in the swinging edge **93** of the door **90**, and includes the latchbolt **132**. The latchbolt **132** has an extended position in which the latchbolt **132** is operable to retain the door **90** in its closed position and a retracted position in which the latch mechanism **130** permits opening of the door **90**.

[0038] The outside handle **140** generally includes a shank **142** and a grip **141** extending from the shank **142**. A chamber **144** is formed within the shank **142** and receives the outside spindle **114**, and an opening **145** is formed in a face of the handle **140** to permit access to the lock cylinder **150**. Formed on opposite sides of the shank **142** are a pair of recesses **146** through which the catch assembly **116** engages the handle **140** in a manner described in further detail below. While the illustrated handle **140** is provided in the form of a lever, it is also contemplated that the handle **140** may be provided in another form, such as that of a knob.

[0039] The lock cylinder **150** is mounted within the spindle **114** and the shank **142**, and generally includes a shell **152** rotationally coupled with the spindle **114** and/or the shank **142**, a plug **154** mounted for rotation relative to the shell **152**, a tailpiece **156** rotationally coupled with the plug **154**, and a tumbler assembly operable to selectively prevent rotation of the plug **154** relative to the shell **152**. The tumbler assembly is biased toward a blocking state, in which the tumbler assembly prevents rotation of the plug **154** relative to the shell **152**. When a proper key is inserted into the plug **154**, the tumbler assembly moves to an unblocking state, in which the tumbler assembly permits rotation of the plug **154** relative to the shell **152**. Rotation of the plug **154** causes a corresponding rotation of the tailpiece **156**, which moves one or more internal components of the lockset **100** to transition the lockset **100** between its locked state and its unlocked state.

[0040] The inside handle **160** is substantially similar to the outside handle **140**, and includes a shank **162** and a grip **161** extending from the shank **162**. A chamber **164** is formed within the shank **162** and receives the inside spindle **124**, and an opening is formed in a face of the handle **160** to permit access to the lock state selector **170**. Formed on opposite sides of the shank **162** are a pair of apertures **166** through which the catch assembly **126** may be accessed to permit decoupling of the handle **160** from the spindle **124** in a manner described in further detail below. While the illustrated handle **160** is provided in the form of a lever, it is also contemplated that the handle **160** may be provided in another form, such as that of a knob.

[0041] The illustrated lock state selector **170** is mounted in the inside handle **160** such that a user is able to transition the lockset **100** between its locked state and its unlocked state from the egress side **92** of the door **90**. In the illustrated form, the lock state selector **170** is provided in the form of a pushbutton that places the lockset **100** in the locked state when depressed. It is also contemplated that the lock state selector **170** may take another form, such as that of a turnbutton. In certain embodiments, such as those in which the lockset **100** includes an electronic locking mechanism, the lock state selector **170** may not necessarily be mounted in the inside handle **160**.

[0042] With additional reference to FIG. 2, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **200** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **200** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **200** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **200** is installed to the inside handleset **120**.

[0043] The catch assembly **200** generally includes a holder **210** configured for mounting within the

spindle **114**, a bias mechanism **220** mounted within the holder **210**, and a pair of catches **230** mounted to the bias mechanism **220** and extending through the holder **210**. As described herein, the catch assembly **200** is configured to selectively couple the handle **140** to the spindle **114** when the handle **140** is in either of two orientations relative to the spindle **114**. While not specifically illustrated in FIG. 2, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **200** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **230**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. 15 and 16, or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. 17 and 18.

[0044] The holder **210** is configured for mounting within the spindle **114**, extends along a longitudinal axis **201** of the catch assembly **200**, and has an outer periphery **211**, an inner periphery **212**, and a pair of holder openings **213** extending through the body of the holder **210**. While other forms are contemplated, in the illustrated embodiment, the openings **213** are diametrically opposite one another. Formed on the inner periphery **212** are a pair of longitudinal channels **216**, each of which intersects a corresponding one of the openings **213**. The holder **210** has a first end face **218** and an opposite second end face **219**, and in the illustrated form, each channel **216** extends from each of the first end face **218** and the second end face **219**. In certain embodiments, ridge **214** may be formed on the inner periphery **212** of the holder **210** to restrict circumferential rotation of the bias mechanism **220**.

[0045] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **220** comprises a single arcuate leaf spring **221**. The leaf spring **221** is arcuate about the longitudinal axis **201**, and includes a first end portion **222** and a second end portion **224** opposite the first end portion **222**. The first end portion **222** includes a first slot **223**, and the second end portion **224** includes a second slot **225**.

[0046] Each catch **230** includes a body portion **232**, a tab **234** projecting radially outward from the body portion **232**, a plate **236** positioned radially inward of the body portion **232**, and a post **238** projecting radially inward from the plate **236**. The tab **234** is sized and shaped to extend through the opening **213**, and in the illustrated form comprises a chamfer **235**. The plate **236** is sized and shaped to be received in the channel **216** to limit circumferential movement of the catch **230** relative to the holder **210**. The post **238** is sized and shaped to be inserted in each and either of the slots **223**, **225**.

[0047] During assembly of the catch assembly **200**, each catch **230** is positioned within the holder **210**, and pushed radially outward such that the tabs **234** extend through the openings **213** and project beyond the outer periphery **211** of the holder **210**. The plates **236** are seated in the channels **216** to thereby prevent the catch **230** from exiting the corresponding opening **213** in the radially-outward direction. The end portions **222**, **224** of the leaf spring **221** are then pushed toward each other such that the leaf spring **221** is slightly compressed, and the leaf spring **221** is inserted into the holder **210** such that each slot **223**, **225** aligns with a corresponding post **238**. The leaf spring **221** is then released such that the end portions **222**, **224** flex away from one another, thereby causing the slots **223**, **225** to receive the posts **238**.

[0048] With the catch assembly **200** assembled, the leaf spring **221** engages the inner periphery **212** of the holder **210** and biases the catches **230** radially outward toward projected positions thereof. The catches **230** can be moved to depressed positions by urging the tabs **234** radially inward against the biasing of the leaf spring **221**.

[0049] With additional reference to FIG. 3, illustrated therein is a cross-sectional view of outside handleset **110** with the catch assembly **200** installed. In the interest of clarity, certain features of the outside handleset **110** are omitted from the illustration of FIG. 3. During assembly of the handleset **110**, the assembled catch assembly **200** is installed to the spindle **114**, after which the handle **140** is installed to the spindle **114**.

[0050] Installation of the catch assembly **200** to the spindle **114** generally involves depressing the catches **230** as described above, and inserting the catch assembly **200** into the spindle **114**. During such insertion, the inner periphery of the spindle **114** retains the catches **230** in the depressed positions until each catch **230** aligns with a corresponding opening **115** in the spindle **114**, at which

point the biasing of the bias mechanism **220** urges the catches **230** radially outward to their projected positions such that the tabs **234** project beyond the outer periphery of the spindle **114**. With the catch assembly **200** installed to the spindle **114**, the handle **140** may be installed to the spindle **114**.

[0051] During installation of the handle **140** to the spindle **114**, the catches **230** are urged radially inward to their depressed positions. In certain forms, this radially-inward urging may be performed manually. Additionally or alternatively, the chamfers **235** on the tabs **234** may cause the catches **230** to be urged inward as the spindle **114** enters the chamber **144**. The inner periphery of the chamber **144** then retains the catches **230** in their depressed positions until each catch **230** aligns with a corresponding recess **146** in the handle **140**, at which point the biasing of the bias mechanism **220** urges the catches **230** radially outward to their projected positions such that the tabs **234** enter the recesses **146**.

[0052] With the handle **140** installed to the spindle **114**, the catch assembly **200** retains axial engagement between the spindle **114** and the handle **140** to thereby selectively prevent removal of the handle **140** from the spindle **114**. In the event that a user wishes to remove the handle **140** from the spindle **114**, the user may depress the catches **230**, for example by manually engaging one catch **230** (the left catch **230** in the illustration of FIG. 3) while inserting a tool through an aperture **147** in the shank **142** to thereby depress the other catch **230** (the right catch **230** in the illustration of FIG. 3).

[0053] If the user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** may prevent such removal. More particularly, when the lock cylinder **150** is in its locked state, the tailpiece **156** and/or a component engaged with the tailpiece **156** (e.g., the driver **119** illustrated in FIGS. 13 and 14) may be oriented such that the wider dimension of the tailpiece **156** (or other component) is aligned with the posts **238** to thereby prevent depression of the catches **230**. When the lock cylinder **150** is transitioned to its unlocked state (e.g., by inserting the proper key and rotating the plug **154**), the narrower dimension of the tailpiece **156** (or other component) is aligned with the posts **238** such that the catches **230** may be depressed. In such forms, the handle **140** may be prevented from being removed while the handleset **110** is in its locked state.

[0054] With reference to FIG. 4, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **300** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **300** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **300** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **300** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. The catch assembly **300** generally includes a bias mechanism **320** and a pair of catches **330** biased by the bias mechanism **320** toward projected positions. The catch assembly **300** generally includes a first catch mechanism **302** and a second catch mechanism **304** substantially similar to the first catch mechanism **302**. Each catch mechanism **302**, **304** generally includes a leaf spring **321** and a catch **330** mounted to the leaf spring **321**.

[0055] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **320** comprises a pair of leaf springs **321**. Each leaf spring **321** includes a flat central portion **322** including an opening **323**, and a pair of arcuate end portions **324** extending from opposite sides of the central portion **322**.

[0056] Each catch **330** generally includes a body portion **332**, a tab **334** extending radially outward from the body portion **332**, and a post **338** extending radially inward from the body portion **332**. The tab **334** may include a chamfer **335** analogous to the above-described chamfer **235**. The post **338** extends through the opening **323**, and may be deformed to thereby stake the catch **330** to the leaf spring **321**.

[0057] With additional reference to FIG. 5, illustrated therein is the catch assembly **300** installed to the spindle **114**. During installation of the catch assembly **300**, the leaf spring **321** of the first catch

mechanism **302** is first deformed to a state conducive for insertion into the spindle **114**. The catch mechanism **302** is then inserted into the spindle **114** until the catch **330** aligns with a corresponding opening **115** in the spindle **114**, at which point the leaf spring **321** urges the catch **330** toward its projected position such that the tab **334** projects through the opening **315**. These steps may then be repeated for the second catch mechanism **304**. The handle **140** may then be installed to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that described above such that the catch assembly **300** selectively couples the spindle **114** with the handle **140**. If a user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** and/or driver **119** may prevent such removal in a manner analogous to that described herein.

[0058] While not specifically illustrated in FIGS. **4** and **5**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **300** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **330** via the openings **115**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**.

[0059] With additional reference to FIG. **6**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **400** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **400** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **400** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **400** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. The catch assembly **400** generally includes a bias mechanism **420** and a pair of catches **340** biased by the bias mechanism **320** toward projected positions. The catch assembly **400** extends along a longitudinal axis **401**, and generally includes a holder **410**, a first catch mechanism **402**, and a second catch mechanism **404**. As described herein, each catch mechanism **402**, **404** includes a leaf spring **421** and a catch **430**.

[0060] The holder **410** is generally annular about the longitudinal axis **401**, and includes an outer periphery **411**, an inner periphery **412**, and a pair of openings **413**. Each opening **413** includes a circumferential portion **414** and a longitudinal slot **415**, and a channel **416** is formed on the inner periphery **412** and connected with the opening **413**. Each circumferential portion **414** extends about a portion of the circumference of the holder **410**, and each longitudinal slot **415** extends from a first end face **418** of the holder **410** to the corresponding circumferential portion **414**.

[0061] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **420** includes a pair of leaf springs **421**. Each leaf spring **421** is generally arcuate about the longitudinal axis **401**, and includes an opening **423**. While other locations are contemplated, in the illustrated form, each opening **423** is formed at or near a midpoint of the leaf spring **421**.

[0062] Each catch **430** is substantially similar to the above-described catches **230**, and similar reference characters are used to denote similar elements and features. For example, each catch **430** generally includes a body portion **432**, a tab **434**, a plate **436**, and a post **438**, which respectively correspond to the above-described body portion **232**, tab **234**, plate **236**, and post **238**. At least a portion of the plate **436** is sized and shaped to be received in the channel **416** to thereby limit circumferential movement of the catch **430**. One or both of the tabs **434** may define a chamfer **435** analogous to the above-described chamfer **235**.

[0063] During assembly of the catch assembly **400**, the catch mechanisms **402**, **404** may first be assembled by mounting each catch **430** to the corresponding leaf spring **421**. For example, the post **438** may be inserted into the opening **423**, and thereafter deformed to stake the catch **430** to the leaf spring **421**. The catch mechanisms **402**, **404** may then be inserted into the holder **410** such that the plates **436** pass through the longitudinal slots **415** and enter the channels **416**.

[0064] With additional reference to FIG. **7**, illustrated therein is the catch assembly **400** installed to the spindle **114**. Such installation may proceed in a manner analogous to that described above with respect to installation of the catch assembly **200** to the spindle **114**. The catch assembly **400** may then be used to selectively couple the handle **140** to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that

described above with reference to FIG. 3. If a user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** and/or driver **119** may prevent such removal in a manner analogous to that described herein.

[0065] While not specifically illustrated in FIGS. 6 and 7, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **400** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **430** via the openings **115**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. 15 and 16 or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. 17 and 18.

[0066] With reference to FIGS. 8 and 9, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **500** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **500** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **500** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **500** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **500** generally includes a holder **510**, a bias mechanism **520**, and a pair of catches **530**.

[0067] The holder **510** has an outer periphery **511** and an inner periphery **512**, the latter of which is defined at least in part by an oblong collar **516** having a major dimension **513** and a minor dimension **514**. As described herein, the inner periphery **512** of the holder **510** is sized and shaped to engage the tailpiece **156** or another component engaged with the plug **154** (e.g., the driver **119** illustrated in FIGS. 13 and 14) such that the holder **510** rotates as the lock cylinder **150** transitions the outside handleset **110** between its locked and unlocked conditions.

[0068] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **520** includes a pair of leaf springs **521**. Each leaf spring **521** is generally arcuate about the longitudinal axis **501**, and has a pair of opposite end portions **522**. Each end portion **522** is anchored to the holder **510** at a location near the major dimension **513** of the inner periphery **512**.

[0069] Each catch **530** is operable to engage a corresponding leaf spring **521**, and generally includes a tab **534** that may include a chamfer **535**, and a radially-inner abutment portion **538**.

[0070] During installation of the catch assembly **500** to the spindle **114**, each catch **530** may be inserted into a respective spindle opening **115**, and the holder **510** with the leaf springs **521** mounted thereon may be inserted into the spindle **114** until the leaf springs **521** are longitudinally aligned with the catches **530**. When so installed to the spindle **114**, the collar **516** is operable to engage the tailpiece **156** and/or another component engaged with the plug **154**, such as the driver **119** illustrated in FIGS. 13 and 14. With the collar **516** engaged with the tailpiece **156** and/or other component, the collar **516** is operably engaged with the plug **154** such that the minor dimension **514** is aligned with the abutment portions **538** when the outside handleset **110** is in its unlocked condition (FIG. 8), and such that the major dimension **513** is aligned with the abutment portions **538** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition (FIG. 9).

[0071] When the outside handleset **110** is in its unlocked condition (FIG. 8), the minor dimension **514** of the collar **516** is aligned with the catches **530**, and the leaf springs **521** are engaged with the abutment portions **538**. As a result, the leaf springs **521** bias the catches **530** radially outward to the projected positions thereof, but also permit the catches **530** to be urged radially inward to their depressed positions. Accordingly, when the outside handleset **110** is in its unlocked condition, the catch assembly **500** permits radially-inward movement of the catches **530** such that the handle **140** is operable to be decoupled and removed from the spindle **114**.

[0072] When the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition (FIG. 9), the major dimension **513** of the collar **516** is aligned with the catches **530**, and the anchored end portions **522** of the leaf springs **521** are engaged with the abutment portions **538**. As a result, the collar **516** retains the catches **530** in their projected positions. Accordingly, when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the catch assembly **500** prevents radially-inward movement of the catches **530** such that the handle **140** is inoperable to be decoupled and removed from the spindle **114**.

[0073] While not specifically illustrated in FIGS. **8** and **9**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **500** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **530** via the openings **115**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**.

[0074] With reference to FIGS. **10** and **11**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **600** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **600** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **600** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **600** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **600** extends along a longitudinal axis **601**, and generally includes a holder **610**, a bias mechanism **620**, and a pair of catches **630** movably mounted to the holder **610** such that the bias mechanism **620** urges the catches **630** outward.

[0075] The holder **610** is generally annular about the longitudinal axis **601**, and includes a pair of openings **613** and a pair of flexible arms **615**, each of which extends into a corresponding one of the openings **613**. Each arm **615** extends generally in the longitudinal direction, and is self-biased in a radially-outward direction. Thus, each arm **615** is biased toward a projected position, and is movable toward a depressed position.

[0076] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **620** is integrally formed with the holder **610**, and includes the flexible arms **615**.

[0077] Each catch **630** includes a notch **631** sized and shaped to receive a portion of a corresponding arm **615**, and is mounted to a corresponding one of the flexible arms **615** such that the bias mechanism **620** biases the catches **630** toward their projected positions.

[0078] During assembly of the catch assembly **600**, the catches **630** may be positioned such that each arm **615** is at least partially received in a corresponding one of the notches **631**. The catches **630** may be secured to the arms **615** using a suitable attachment mechanism, such as adhesive or a fastener. Additionally or alternatively, the arms **615** may be press fit into the notches **631**. With the catch assembly **600** assembled, the catch assembly **600** may be installed to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that described above with reference to the installation of the catch assembly **200** to the spindle **114**. The catch assembly **600** may then be used to selectively couple the handle **140** to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that described above with reference to FIG. **3**. If a user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** and/or driver **119** may prevent such removal in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0079] While not specifically illustrated in FIGS. **10** and **11**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **600** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **630** via the openings **115**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**.

[0080] With reference to FIGS. **12-14**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **700** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **700** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **700** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **700** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **700** extends along a longitudinal axis **701**, and generally includes a holder **710**, a bias mechanism **720**, and a pair of catches **730** movably mounted to the holder **710** such that the bias mechanism **720** urges the catches **730** outward.

[0081] The holder **710** is somewhat similar to the above-described holder **610**, and includes a pair of flexible arms **715**, each of which is self-biased in the radially-outward direction. In contrast to the longitudinally-extending arms **615**, the arms **715** of the illustrated holder **710** are generally

arcuate, and extend in the circumferential direction.

[0082] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **720** is integrally formed with the holder **710**, and includes the flexible arms **715**.

[0083] Each catch **730** is mounted to a corresponding one of the flexible arms **715** such that the bias mechanism **720** biases the catches **730** toward their projected positions.

[0084] FIGS. **13** and **14** illustrate the catch assembly **700** installed to the outside handleset **110** and providing a selective coupling between the spindle **114** and the handle **140**. Also illustrated in FIGS. **13** and **14** is a driver **119** operable to transition the outside handleset **110** between its locked condition and its unlocked condition. The driver **119** is engaged with the tailpiece **156** such that the driver **119** is operable to be actuated by the lock cylinder **150** for unlocking of the outside handleset **110**.

[0085] With the handleset **110** in its locked condition (FIG. **13**), a major dimension of the driver **119** is aligned with the catches **730**, thereby preventing depression of the catches **730**. As a result, the catch assembly **700** cannot be transitioned to its decoupling state, and the handle **140** is retained on the spindle **114**. When the handleset is in its unlocked condition (FIG. **14**), a minor dimension of the driver **119** is aligned with the catches **730**, thereby permitting depression of the catches **730**. As a result, the catch assembly **700** can be transitioned to its decoupling state, and the handle **140** is operable to be removed from the spindle **114**.

[0086] While not specifically illustrated in FIGS. **12-14**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **700** may further include a retention mechanism configured to discourage removal of the catches **730** via the openings **115**, such as the retainers **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retainer **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**.

[0087] With reference to FIGS. **15** and **16**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **800** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **800** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **800** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **800** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **800** extends along a longitudinal axis **801**, and generally includes a holder **810**, a bias mechanism **820**, a pair of catches **830** movably mounted to the holder **810**, and a pair of retainers **840** preventing removal of the catches **830**.

[0088] The holder **810** is generally annular about the longitudinal axis **801**, and includes a pair of openings **813**, each of which is sized and shaped to receive a corresponding one of the catches **830**. Defined on the outer periphery of the holder **810** are two pairs of longitudinal grooves **814**, with each pair of grooves **814** positioned on opposite sides of a corresponding one of the openings **813** such that each opening **813** intersects a corresponding pair of grooves **814**.

[0089] The bias mechanism **820** is mounted within the holder **810**, and is configured to bias the catches **830** radially outward toward the projected positions thereof. The illustrated bias mechanism **820** is provided in the form of an arcuate leaf spring **821**, which may include a pair of openings **828** configured to receive posts **838** of the catches **830**.

[0090] Each catch **830** generally includes a body portion **832**, a tab **834** extending radially outward from the body portion **832**, and a post **838** extending radially inward from the body portion **832**. The post **838** extends through an opening **828** in the leaf spring **821**, and may be deformed to thereby stake the catch **830** to the leaf spring **821**.

[0091] Each retainer **840** generally includes a circumferentially-extending body **842** and a pair of legs **844** extending longitudinally from the body. As described herein, the retainers **840** may be utilized to discourage removal of the catches **830** from the holder **810**.

[0092] During an example procedure for assembly and installation of the catch assembly **800**, the leaf spring **821** may be mounted to the holder **810**, and the holder **810** and leaf spring **821** may be inserted into the spindle **114** such that the holder openings **813** align with the spindle openings **115**.

The catches **830** may then be inserted via the aligned openings **115**, **813** such that the body portion **832** engages the leaf spring **821** and the post **838** projects through the opening **828** in the leaf spring **821**. The retainers **840** may then be longitudinally inserted such that each leg **844** enters a corresponding groove **814**, thereby capturing the body portion **832** of each catch **830** between the legs **844** and the leaf spring **821**. As a result, the catches **830** are capable of limited travel between the projected and depressed positions thereof, but are prevented from fully exiting the spindle openings **115**.

[0093] Once installed to the spindle **114**, the catch assembly **800** may be used to selectively couple the handle **140** to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that described above with reference to FIG. **3**. If a user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** and/or driver **119** may prevent such removal in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0094] Although the retainers **840** have been described with specific reference to the catch assembly **800** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16**, it should be appreciated that such retainers **840** may also be utilized in combination with other embodiments. As one example, the holder **210** of the catch assembly **200** illustrated in FIGS. **2** and **3** may include two pairs of grooves corresponding to the two pairs of grooves **814**, and the retainers **840** may be utilized to prevent removal of the catches **230** in a manner analogous to that described above. As another example, the holder **410** of the catch assembly **400** illustrated in FIGS. **6** and **7** may include two pairs of grooves corresponding to the grooves **814**, and the retainers **840** may be utilized to prevent removal of the catches **430** in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0095] With reference to FIGS. **17** and **18**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **900** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **900** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **900** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **900** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **900** extends along a longitudinal axis **901**, and generally includes a holder **910**, a bias mechanism **920**, a pair of catches **930** movably mounted to the holder **910**, and a retainer **940** preventing removal of the catches **930**.

[0096] The holder **910** is generally annular about the longitudinal axis **901**, and includes a pair of openings **913**, each of which is sized and shaped to receive a corresponding one of the catches **930**. Defined on the outer periphery of the holder **910** are two longitudinal grooves **914**, with each groove **914** intersecting a corresponding one of the openings **913**. The holder **910** may further include an additional longitudinal groove **916** configured to receive a stabilization portion **946** of the retainer **940**.

[0097] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **920** comprises a leaf spring **921**. The leaf spring **921** is mounted within the holder **910**, and is configured to bias the catches **930** radially outward toward the projected positions thereof. The leaf spring **921** may include a pair of openings **928** configured to receive posts **938** of the catches **930**.

[0098] Each catch **930** generally includes a body portion **932**, a tab **934** extending radially outward from the body portion **932**, and a post **938** extending radially inward from the body portion **932**. The post **938** extends through an opening **928** in the leaf spring **921**, and may be deformed to thereby stake the catch **930** to the leaf spring **921**. Each catch **930** also includes a slot **939** configured to receive an end portion **944** of the retainer **940**.

[0099] The illustrated retainer **940** generally includes an annular portion **942** and a pair of longitudinally-extending end portions **944**, and may further include a longitudinal stabilization portion **946**.

[0100] During an example procedure for assembly and installation of the catch assembly **900**, the leaf spring **921** may be mounted to the holder **910**, and the holder **910** and leaf spring **921** may be

inserted into the spindle **114** such that the holder openings **913** align with the spindle openings **115**. The catches **930** may then be inserted via the aligned openings **115**, **913** such that the body portion **932** engages the leaf spring **921** and the post **938** projects through the opening **928** in the leaf spring **921**. The retainer **940** may then be longitudinally inserted such that each end portion **944** enters a corresponding slot **939**, while the stabilization portion **946** enters the groove **916**. When the catch assembly **900** is installed to the spindle **114**, the end portions **944** and the slots **939** permit limited travel of the catches **930** between the projected and depressed positions thereof, but prevent the catches **930** from fully exiting the spindle openings **115**.

[0101] Once installed to the spindle **114**, the catch assembly **900** may be used to selectively couple the handle **140** to the spindle **114** in a manner analogous to that described above with reference to FIG. **3**. If a user attempts to remove the handle **140** when the outside handleset **110** is in its locked condition, the lock cylinder **150** and/or driver **119** may prevent such removal in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0102] Although the retainer **940** has been described with specific reference to the catch assembly **900** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**, it should be appreciated that such a retainer **940** may also be utilized in combination with other embodiments. As one example, the holder **210** of the catch assembly **200** illustrated in FIGS. **2** and **3** may include a pair of groove corresponding to the grooves **914**, and the end portions **944** of the retainer **940** may extend through slots in the catches **230** to prevent removal of the catches **230** in a manner analogous to that described above. As another example, the holder **410** of the catch assembly **400** illustrated in FIGS. **6** and **7** may include a pair of grooves corresponding to the grooves **914**, and the end portions **944** of the retainer **940** may extend through slots in the catches **430** to prevent removal of the catches **430** in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0103] With reference to FIG. **19**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1000** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1000** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1000** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1000** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **1000** extends along a longitudinal axis **1001**, and generally includes a holder **1010**, a bias mechanism **1020**, a pair of catches **1030** movably mounted to the holder **1010** such that the bias mechanism **1020** urges the catches **1030** outward, and a cap **1050** that retains the bias mechanism **1020** within the holder **1010**.

[0104] The holder **1010** includes a pair of openings **1013** in which the catches **1030** are movably seated. The holder **1010** also includes one or more recesses **1015** that provide mounting locations or anchor points for the cap **1050**.

[0105] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **1020** is provided in the form of an arcuate leaf spring **1021**, each end of which is engaged with a corresponding one of the catches **1030**. For example, each end of the leaf spring **1021** may include a longitudinal extension **1023** that is received in a slot **1033** of the corresponding catch **1030**.

[0106] The catches **1030** are movably mounted in the openings **1013**, and are engaged with the leaf spring **1021** such that the bias mechanism **1020** urges the catches **1030** outward toward the projected positions thereof. For example, each catch **1030** may include a slot **1033** that receives a corresponding extension **1023** of the leaf spring **1021**.

[0107] The cap **1050** includes a body portion **1052** that is generally annular about the longitudinal axis **1001**, and a pair of clip arms **1054** that depend from the body portion **1052**. Each clip arm **1054** includes a tab **1055** that is angled inward and received in a corresponding recess **1015** to secure the cap **1050** to the holder **1010**. The cap **1050** may further include a projection **1056** that projects from the body portion **1052** and prevents radially-inward movement of the leaf spring **1021**.

[0108] During assembly of the catch assembly **1000**, the catches **1030** may be inserted into the holder openings **1013** from outside the holder **1010**. The leaf spring **1021** may then be compressed and inserted into the holder **1010** such that the end portions thereof engage the catches **1030**. The cap **1050** may then be pressed onto the end of the holder **1010** such that the tabs **1055** snap into the recesses **1015** to constrain longitudinal movement of the bias mechanism **1020** in a first longitudinal direction. Movement of the bias mechanism **1020** in the opposite longitudinal direction may be constrained by the catches **1030** and/or a ridge **1018** of the holder **1010**.

[0109] When assembled, the catch assembly **1000** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above. While not specifically illustrated in FIG. **19**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **1000** may utilize a retention mechanism if needed, such as the retention mechanism **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retention mechanism **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**. It is also contemplated that such retention mechanisms may not necessarily be required in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **19**.

[0110] With reference to FIG. **20**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1100** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1100** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1100** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1100** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **1100** extends along a longitudinal axis **1101**, and generally includes a holder **1110**, a bias mechanism **1120**, and a pair of catches **1130** movably mounted to the holder **1110** such that the bias mechanism **1120** urges the catches **1130** outward.

[0111] The holder **1110** includes a pair of radial openings **1113** in which the catches **1130** are movably seated. The holder **1110** also includes a pair of longitudinal openings **1114** for receiving corresponding legs **1124** of the bias mechanism **1120**. The longitudinal openings **1114** intersect longitudinal slots **1115** that allow the legs **1124** to flex radially inward. The holder **1110** also includes a circumferentially-extending channel **1112** that receives a body portion **1122** of the bias mechanism **1120**.

[0112] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **1120** is provided in the form of a wire spring **1121**, and generally includes a body portion **1122** and a pair of legs **1124** extending from opposite sides of the body portion **1122**. The body portion **1122** is received in the circumferential channel **1112** of the holder **1110**, which constrains longitudinal movement of the bias mechanism **1120**. Each leg **1124** extends through a corresponding one of the longitudinal openings **1115** and into engagement with a corresponding one of the catches **1130**. When the catches **530** are depressed, the legs **1124** flex radially inward through the slots **1115**.

[0113] When assembled, the catch assembly **1100** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above. While not specifically illustrated in FIG. **20**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **1100** may utilize a retention mechanism if needed, such as the retention mechanism **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retention mechanism **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**. It is also contemplated that such retention mechanisms may not necessarily be required in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **20**.

[0114] With reference to FIG. **21**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1200** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1200** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1200** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1200** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. As described herein, the catch assembly **1200** extends along a longitudinal axis **1201**, and generally includes a holder **1210**, a bias mechanism **1220**, and a pair of catches **1230** movably mounted to the holder **1210** such that the bias mechanism **1220** urges the catches **1230** outward.

[0115] The holder **1210** includes a pair of radial openings **1213** in which the catches **1230** are movably seated. The holder **1210** also includes a pair of longitudinal channels **1214** for receiving corresponding legs **1224** of the bias mechanism **1220**. The holder **1210** also includes a pair of recesses **1216** operable to engage clip arms **1226** of the bias mechanism **1220**.

[0116] In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **1220** includes an annular body portion **1222**, from which project a pair of legs **1224** and a pair of clip arms **1226**. Each leg **1224** is seated in a corresponding channel **1214**, and serves as a leaf spring for a corresponding one of the catches **1230** such that the catches **1230** are biased outward by the bias mechanism **1220**. Each clip arm **1226** includes a tab **1227** that is angled inward and received in a corresponding recess **1016** to secure the bias mechanism **1220** to the holder **1210**.

[0117] When assembled, the catch assembly **1200** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above. While not specifically illustrated in FIG. **21**, it should be appreciated that the catch assembly **1200** may utilize a retention mechanism if needed, such as the retention mechanism **840** illustrated in FIGS. **15** and **16** or the retention mechanism **940** illustrated in FIGS. **17** and **18**. It is also contemplated that such retention mechanisms may not necessarily be required in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **21**.

[0118] With reference to FIG. **22**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1300** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1300** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1300** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1300** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. In the interest of conciseness, the following descriptions of the catch assembly **1400** focus primarily on features different from those described above with reference to the above-described catch assemblies.

[0119] The catch assembly **1300** generally includes a holder **1310**, a bias mechanism **1320**, and a pair of catches **1330** mounted to the holder **1310** such that the bias mechanism **1320** urges the catches **1330** outward. The illustrated holder **1310** is generally annular, and includes a pair of longitudinally-extending flexible arms **1315**, which define the bias mechanism **1320**. Each catch **1330** is formed on the free end of a corresponding one of the arms **1315** such that the bias mechanism **1320** biases the catches **1330** outward to the projected positions thereof. In the illustrated form, the catch assembly **1300** is provided as an integrally formed, unitary construction in which the collar **1310**, the bias mechanism **1320**, and the catches **1330** are provided as a monolithic structure. The catch assembly **1300** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0120] With reference to FIG. **23**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1400** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1400** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1400** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1400** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. In the interest of conciseness, the following descriptions of the catch assembly **1400** focus primarily on features different from those described above with reference to the above-described catch assemblies.

[0121] The catch assembly **1400** generally includes a holder **1410**, a bias mechanism **1420**, and a pair of catches **1430** mounted to the holder **1410** such that the bias mechanism **1420** urges the catches **1430** outward. The holder **1410** is generally annular, and includes a pair of longitudinally-extending flexible arms **1415**, which define the bias mechanism **1420**. Each catch **1420** is mounted on the free end of a corresponding one of the arms **1415** such that the bias mechanism **1420** biases the catches **1430** outward to the projected positions thereof. In the illustrated form, the collar **1410**

and the bias mechanism **1420** are integrally formed as a monolithic structure. The catch assembly **1400** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0122] With reference to FIG. **24**, illustrated therein is a catch assembly **1500** according to certain embodiments. The catch assembly **1500** may, for example, be utilized as the catch assembly **116** of the outside handleset **110** and/or the catch assembly **126** of the inside handleset **120**. Thus, while certain descriptions of the catch assembly **1500** will be made with reference to the outside handleset **110**, it should be appreciated that at least some such descriptions may be equally applicable to embodiments in which the catch assembly **1500** is installed to the inside handleset **120**. In the interest of conciseness, the following descriptions of the catch assembly **1500** focus primarily on features different from those described above with reference to the above-described catch assemblies.

[0123] The catch assembly **1500** generally includes a holder **1510**, a bias mechanism **1520**, and a pair of catches **1530** mounted to the holder **1510** such that the bias mechanism **1520** urges the catches **1530** outward. The holder **1510** is generally annular, and the bias mechanism **1520** is mounted to the holder **1510**. In the illustrated form, the bias mechanism **1520** is provided in the form of one or more wire springs **1521**. Each catch **1520** engaged with a corresponding portion of the one or more wire springs **1521** such that the bias mechanism **1520** biases the catches **1530** outward to the projected positions thereof. The catch assembly **1500** may be installed to the spindle **114** as a modular unit in a manner analogous to that described above.

[0124] While the invention has been illustrated and described in detail in the drawings and foregoing description, the same is to be considered as illustrative and not restrictive in character, it being understood that only the preferred embodiments have been shown and described and that all changes and modifications that come within the spirit of the inventions are desired to be protected.

[0125] It should be understood that while the use of words such as preferable, preferably, preferred or more preferred utilized in the description above indicate that the feature so described may be more desirable, it nonetheless may not be necessary and embodiments lacking the same may be contemplated as within the scope of the invention, the scope being defined by the claims that follow. In reading the claims, it is intended that when words such as “a,” “an,” “at least one,” or “at least one portion” are used there is no intention to limit the claim to only one item unless specifically stated to the contrary in the claim. When the language “at least a portion” and/or “a portion” is used the item can include a portion and/or the entire item unless specifically stated to the contrary.

Claims

1. A catch assembly for selectively coupling a handle to a spindle, the catch assembly comprising: a holder configured for mounting within the spindle; a first catch mounted for movement relative to the holder between a first projected position and a first depressed position; a second catch mounted for movement relative to the holder between a second projected position and a second depressed position; and a bias mechanism biasing the first catch toward the first projected position and biasing the second catch toward the second projected position.
2. The catch assembly of claim 1, wherein the bias mechanism comprises a single arcuate leaf spring engaged with each of the first catch and the second catch.
3. The catch assembly of claim 2, wherein each of the first catch and the second catch is staked to a corresponding and respective end portion of the leaf spring.
4. The catch assembly of claim 1, wherein the holder comprises an oblong collar; wherein the holder is rotatable relative to the first catch and the second catch between a first position and a second position; wherein, with the holder in the first position, a major dimension of the oblong collar is aligned with the first catch and the second catch, and the oblong collar retains the first

catch in the first projected position and retains the second catch in the second projected position; and wherein, with the holder in the second position, a minor dimension of the oblong collar is aligned with the first catch and the second catch, and wherein the oblong collar permits movement of the first catch to the first depressed position and permits movement of the second catch to the second depressed position.

5. The catch assembly of claim 1, wherein the bias mechanism is integrally formed with the collar.

6. The catch assembly of claim 1, wherein the holder comprises a first opening and a second opening; wherein the first catch is seated in the first opening; and wherein the second catch is seated in the second opening.

7. The catch assembly of claim 6, wherein the holder further comprises a first groove intersecting the first opening, and a second groove intersecting the second opening; wherein the catch assembly further comprises a retention mechanism; wherein a first portion of the retention mechanism is seated in the first groove and prevents radially-outward movement of the first catch beyond the first projected position; and wherein a second portion of the retention mechanism is seated in the second groove and prevents radially-outward movement of the second catch beyond the second projected position.

8. The catch assembly of claim 7, wherein the retention mechanism comprises a first retainer defining the first portion of the retention mechanism, and a second retainer defining the second portion of the retention mechanism; and wherein the first retainer and the second retainer are discrete components.

9. The catch assembly of claim 1, wherein each catch comprises a corresponding and respective portion that prevents radially outward movement of the catch beyond the corresponding and respective projected position.

10. An apparatus comprising the catch assembly of claim 1, the apparatus further comprising the spindle, the spindle comprising a first spindle opening and a second spindle opening; wherein the holder is seated in the spindle; wherein the first catch projects through the first spindle opening; and wherein the second catch projects through the second spindle opening.

11. A method of assembling a catch assembly, comprising: movably mounting a first catch to a holder; movably mounting a second catch to the holder; and engaging a bias mechanism with the first catch and the second catch; and wherein, with the catch assembly assembled, the bias mechanism biases the catch assembly to a holding state in which each of the first catch and the second catch projects beyond an outer periphery of the holder.

12. The method of claim 11, further comprising installing the assembled catch assembly to a spindle, wherein the installing comprises: urging the first and second catches radially inward against the bias of the bias mechanism, thereby transitioning the catch assembly to a releasing state; and inserting the catch assembly into the spindle, thereby aligning each of the first and second catches with a corresponding and respective aperture in the spindle; and wherein, when each of the first and second catches becomes aligned with the corresponding and respective aperture, and wherein the bias mechanism returns the catch assembly to the holding state such that each of the first and second catches extends through the corresponding and respective aperture in the spindle.

13. The method of claim 12, further comprising mounting a handle to the spindle, wherein the mounting comprises: urging the first and second catches radially inward against the bias of the bias mechanism, thereby transitioning the catch assembly to the releasing state; and inserting the spindle into the handle and aligning one of the first and second catches with a recess in the handle; and wherein, when the one of the first and second catches becomes aligned with the recess, the bias mechanism urges the one of the first and second catches outward into the recess, thereby selectively securing the handle to the spindle.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein inserting the spindle into the handle aligns both of the first and second catches with corresponding recesses in the handle; and wherein, when the first and second catches become aligned with the corresponding recess, the bias mechanism urges the first

and second catches radially outward and into the corresponding recesses.

15. An apparatus, comprising: a housing; a spindle mounted to the housing, the spindle comprising a first aperture and a second aperture; and a modular catch assembly mounted within the spindle, the modular catch assembly comprising: a holder seated in the spindle; a first catch movably mounted to the holder and extending through the first aperture; a second catch movably mounted to the holder and extending through the second aperture; and a bias mechanism biasing the first catch and the second catch outward.

16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the bias mechanism comprises a leaf spring; wherein the first catch extends through a first end portion of the leaf spring; and wherein the second catch extends through a second end portion of the leaf spring.

17. The apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a retention mechanism; wherein a portion of the first catch is captured between the bias mechanism and a first portion of the retention mechanism such that the retention mechanism prevents radially-outward movement of the first catch beyond a first projected position; and wherein a portion of the second catch is captured between the bias mechanism and a second portion of the retention mechanism such that the retention mechanism prevents radially-outward movement of the second catch beyond a second projected position.

18. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein an outer periphery of the holder comprises a first groove and a second groove; wherein the first portion of the retention mechanism is seated in the first groove; and wherein the second portion of the retention mechanism is seated in the second groove.

19. The apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a driver having a locking position corresponding to a locked state of the apparatus and an unlocking position corresponding to an unlocked state of the apparatus; wherein the driver in the locking position retains the first catch in a first projected position and retains the second catch in a second projected position; and wherein the driver in the unlocking position permits movement of the first catch to a first depressed position and permits movement of the second catch to a second depressed position.

20. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the holder comprises an internal ridge configured to restrict rotation of the bias mechanism.
