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Inventor(s)

KANAMORI; Kohji et al.

### NON-VOLATILE MEMORY DEVICE AND ELECTRONIC SYSTEM INCLUDING THE SAME

#### Abstract

A non-volatile memory device includes a plurality of gate lines, a cut structure at least partially penetrating the string selection line in the vertical direction, a channel structure disposed in a channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of gate lines in the vertical direction, a bit line coupled with a first end of the channel structure, and a common source line coupled with a second end of the channel structure. The plurality of gate lines includes a string selection line, a word line above the string selection line, and a dummy word line between the string selection line and the word line, the plurality of gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction.

**Inventors:** KANAMORI; Kohji (Suwon-si, KR), KANG; Seogoo (Suwon-si, KR), CHUN; Sanghun (Suwon-si, KR), HAN; Jeehoon (Suwon-si, KR)

**Applicant:** SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. (Suwon-si, KR)

**Family ID:** 1000008303653

**Assignee:** SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. (Suwon-si, KR)

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## Background/Summary

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2024-0024460, filed on Feb. 20, 2024, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

### BACKGROUND

#### 1. Field

[0002] The present disclosures relates generally to a non-volatile memory device and an electronic system including the non-volatile memory device, and more particularly, to a non-volatile memory device including memory strings arranged in a vertical direction and an electronic system including the non-volatile memory device.

#### 2. Description of Related Art

[0003] Memory devices capable of storing relatively large amounts of data may be needed by electronic systems for data storage. A proposed approach to potentially increase data storage capacities of memory devices may include a memory device in which memory cells may be arranged in three-dimensionally (3D) arranged memory cells rather than two-dimensionally (2D) arranged memory cells. Another proposed approach may include a memory device provided by forming a portion of the memory device on a first substrate, forming the other portion of the memory device on a second substrate, and bonding the first and second substrates to each other.

### SUMMARY

[0004] One or more example embodiments of the present disclosure provide a non-volatile memory device configured to potentially improve device performance and reliability when compared to related non-volatile memory devices.

[0005] Further, one or more example embodiments of the present disclosure provide an electronic system configured to potentially improve device performance and reliability when compared to related electronic systems.

[0006] According to an aspect of the present disclosure, a non-volatile memory device includes a plurality of gate lines, a cut structure at least partially penetrating the string selection line in the vertical direction, a channel structure disposed in a channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of gate lines in the vertical direction, a bit line coupled with a first end of the channel structure, and a common source line coupled with a second end of the channel structure. The plurality of gate lines includes a string selection line, a word line above the string selection line, and a dummy word line between the string selection line and the word line, the plurality of gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction. The channel hole includes a first portion at least partially penetrating the string selection line, a second portion at least partially penetrating the word line, and a third portion disposed between the first portion and the second portion and coupled in one piece with the first portion and the second portion. The first portion is offset from the second portion in a horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction. The channel structure includes a gate insulating layer conformally disposed on an inner wall of the channel hole, and a channel layer conformally disposed on the gate insulating layer. The gate insulating layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

[0007] According to an aspect of the present disclosure, a non-volatile memory device includes a peripheral circuit stack and a first cell array stack on the peripheral circuit stack. The peripheral circuit stack includes a peripheral circuit board and a peripheral circuit on the peripheral circuit board. The first cell array stack includes a plurality of first gate lines, a first cut structure at least partially penetrating the first string selection line in the vertical direction, a first channel structure including a first channel layer disposed in a first channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of first gate lines in the vertical direction, a first bit line coupled with the first channel layer through a first bit line pad at a first end of the first channel structure, and a first common source line coupled with the first channel layer at a second end of the first channel structure. The plurality of first gate lines includes a first string selection line, a first word line above the first string selection line, and a first dummy word line between the first string selection line and the first word line, the plurality of first gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction. The first channel hole includes a first portion at least partially penetrating the first string selection line and a second portion at least partially penetrating the first word line. A first width in a horizontal direction of a first region of the first portion gradually increases in a first direction from the first bit line toward the first common source line, the horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction. A second width in the horizontal direction of a second region of the second portion gradually increases in a second direction away from the first portion. The first portion is offset from the second portion in the horizontal direction.

[0008] According to an aspect of the present disclosure, an electronic system includes a main board, a non-volatile memory device on the main board, and a controller on the main board and electrically coupled with the non-volatile memory device. The non-volatile memory device includes a peripheral circuit stack and a cell array stack on the peripheral circuit stack. The peripheral circuit stack includes a peripheral circuit board and a peripheral circuit on the peripheral circuit board. The cell array stack includes a plurality of gate lines, a cut structure at least partially penetrating the string selection line in the vertical direction, a channel structure including a channel layer disposed in a channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of gate lines in the vertical direction, a bit line coupled with the channel layer through a bit line pad at an end of the channel structure, and a common source line coupled with the channel layer at another end of the channel structure. The plurality of gate lines includes a string selection line, a word line above the string selection line, and a dummy word line between the string selection line and the word line. The plurality of gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction. The channel hole includes a first portion at least partially penetrating the string selection line, a second portion at least partially penetrating the word line, and a third portion disposed between the first portion and the second portion and coupled in one piece with the first portion and the second portion. A first width in a horizontal direction of a first region of the first portion gradually increases in a first direction from the bit line toward the common source line, the horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction. A second width in the horizontal direction of a second region of the second portion gradually increases in a second direction away from the first portion. At a first boundary between the first portion and the third portion, a first horizontal width of the first portion is less than a third horizontal width of the third portion. At a second boundary between the second portion and the third portion, a second horizontal width of the second portion is less than the third horizontal width of the third portion. A first center of the first portion is offset in the horizontal direction from a center of the second portion. The channel structure further includes a gate insulating layer conformally disposed on an inner wall of the channel hole. The gate insulating layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

[0009] Additional aspects may be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, may be apparent from the description, and/or may be learned by practice of the presented embodiments.

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## Description

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0010] The above and other aspects, features, and advantages of certain embodiments of the present disclosure may be more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0011] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0012] FIG. 2 is a circuit diagram illustrating a memory block of a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0013] FIG. 3 is a perspective diagram illustrating a configuration of a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0014] FIG. 4 is a plan layout illustrating some elements of a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0015] FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional diagram taken along line A-A in FIG. 4, according to embodiments;

[0016] FIG. 6 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a region EX1 of FIG. 5, according to embodiments;

[0017] FIG. 7 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a region EX2 of FIG. 6, according to embodiments;

[0018] FIG. 8 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0019] FIG. 9 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0020] FIGS. 10 and 11 are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating non-volatile memory devices, according to embodiments;

[0021] FIGS. 12 to 26 are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating a method of manufacturing a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0022] FIG. 27 is a diagram schematically illustrating a data storage system including a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments;

[0023] FIG. 28 is a perspective diagram schematically illustrating a data storage system including a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments; and

[0024] FIG. 29 is a cross-sectional diagram schematically illustrating a semiconductor package, according to embodiments.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0025] The following description with reference to the accompanying drawings is provided to assist in a comprehensive understanding of embodiments of the present disclosure defined by the claims and their equivalents. Various specific details are included to assist in understanding, but these details are considered to be exemplary only. Therefore, those of ordinary skill in the art may recognize that various changes and modifications of the embodiments described herein may be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the disclosure. In addition, descriptions of well-known functions and structures are omitted for clarity and conciseness.

[0026] With regard to the description of the drawings, similar reference numerals may be used to refer to similar or related elements. It is to be understood that a singular form of a noun corresponding to an item may include one or more of the things, unless the relevant context clearly indicates otherwise. As used herein, each of such phrases as “A or B,” “at least one of A and B,” “at least one of A or B,” “A, B, or C,” “at least one of A, B, and C,” and “at least one of A, B, or C,” may include any one of, or all possible combinations of the items enumerated together in a corresponding one of the phrases. As used herein, such terms as “1st” and “2nd,” or “first” and

“second” may be used to simply distinguish a corresponding component from another, and does not limit the components in other aspect (e.g., importance or order). It is to be understood that if an element (e.g., a first element) is referred to, with or without the term “operatively” or “communicatively”, as “coupled with,” “coupled to,” “connected with,” or “connected to” another element (e.g., a second element), it means that the element may be coupled with the other element directly (e.g., wired), wirelessly, or via a third element.

[0027] It is to be understood that when an element or layer is referred to as being “over,” “above,” “on,” “below,” “under,” “beneath,” “connected to” or “coupled to” another element or layer, it may be directly over, above, on, below, under, beneath, connected or coupled to the other element or layer or intervening elements or layers may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being “directly over,” “directly above,” “directly on,” “directly below,” “directly under,” “directly beneath,” “directly connected to” or “directly coupled to” another element or layer, there are no intervening elements or layers present.

[0028] The terms “upper,” “middle”, “lower”, and the like may be replaced with terms, such as “first,” “second,” “third” to be used to describe relative positions of elements. The terms “first,” “second,” “third” may be used to describe various elements but the elements are not limited by the terms and a “first element” may be referred to as a “second element”. Alternatively or additionally, the terms “first”, “second”, “third”, and the like may be used to distinguish components from each other and do not limit the present disclosure. For example, the terms “first”, “second”, “third”, and the like may not necessarily involve an order or a numerical meaning of any form.

[0029] As used herein, when an element or layer is referred to as “covering”, “overlapping”, or “surrounding” another element or layer, the element or layer may cover at least a portion of the other element or layer, where the portion may include a fraction of the other element or may include an entirety of the other element. Similarly, when an element or layer is referred to as “penetrating” another element or layer, the element or layer may penetrate at least a portion of the other element or layer, where the portion may include a fraction of the other element or may include an entire dimension (e.g., length, width, depth) of the other element.

[0030] Reference throughout the present disclosure to “one embodiment,” “an embodiment,” “an example embodiment,” or similar language may indicate that a particular feature, structure, or characteristic described in connection with the indicated embodiment is included in at least one embodiment of the present solution. Thus, the phrases “in one embodiment”, “in an embodiment,” “in an example embodiment,” and similar language throughout this disclosure may, but do not necessarily, all refer to the same embodiment. The embodiments described herein are example embodiments, and thus, the disclosure is not limited thereto and may be realized in various other forms.

[0031] The embodiments herein may be described and illustrated in terms of blocks, as shown in the drawings, which carry out a described function or functions. These blocks, which may be referred to herein as units or modules or the like, or by names such as device, logic, circuit, controller, counter, comparator, generator, converter, or the like, may be physically implemented by analog and/or digital circuits including one or more of a logic gate, an integrated circuit, a microprocessor, a microcontroller, a memory circuit, a passive electronic component, an active electronic component, an optical component, and the like.

[0032] In the present disclosure, the articles “a” and “an” are intended to include one or more items, and may be used interchangeably with “one or more.” Where only one item is intended, the term “one” or similar language is used. For example, the term “a processor” may refer to either a single processor or multiple processors. When a processor is described as carrying out an operation and the processor is referred to perform an additional operation, the multiple operations may be executed by either a single processor or any one or a combination of multiple processors.

[0033] As used herein, each of the terms “AlGaAs”, “AlO”, “BN”, “GaAs”, “HfO”, “InGaAs”, “SiBN”, “SiCN”, “SiGe”, “SiN”, “SiO”, “SiOCN”, “SiON”, “TaO”, “ZrO”, and the like may refer

to a material made of elements included in each of the terms and is not a chemical formula representing a stoichiometric relationship.

[0034] Hereinafter, various embodiments of the present disclosure are described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[0035] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device **10**, according to embodiments.

[0036] Referring to FIG. 1, the non-volatile memory device **10** may include a memory cell array **20** and a peripheral circuit **30**. The memory cell array **20** may include a plurality of memory cell blocks (e.g., a first memory cell block BLK1, a second memory cell block BLK2, . . . , and an n-th memory cell block BLKn, where n is a positive integer greater than one (1)). Each of the plurality of memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn may include a plurality of memory cells. The first to n-th memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn may be connected to the peripheral circuit **30** through a bit line BL, a word line WL, a string selection line SSL, and a ground selection line GSL.

[0037] The peripheral circuit **30** may include a row decoder **32**, a page buffer **34**, a data input/output (I/O) circuit **36**, and control logic **38**. In an embodiment, the peripheral circuit **30** may further include an I/O interface, column logic, a voltage generator, a pre-decoder, a temperature sensor, a command decoder, an address decoder, an amplifier circuit, or the like.

[0038] The memory cell array **20** may be connected to the page buffer **34** through the bit line BL, and to the row decoder **32** through the word line WL, the string selection line SSL, and the ground selection line GSL. In the memory cell array **20**, each of the memory cells included in the plurality of memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn may be a flash memory cell. The memory cell array **20** may include a three-dimensional (3D) memory cell array. The 3D memory cell array may include a plurality of NAND strings, and each of the NAND strings may include a plurality of memory cells connected to a plurality of word lines WL that are vertically stacked above a substrate.

[0039] The peripheral circuit **30** may receive an address ADDR, a command CMD, and a control signal CTRL from the outside of the non-volatile memory device **10**, and may exchange data with a device located outside the non-volatile memory device **10**.

[0040] The row decoder **32** may select at least one of the plurality of memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn in response to an address ADDR received from the outside of the non-volatile memory device **10** and may select a word line WL, a string selection line SSL, and a ground selection line GSL of the selected at least one memory cell block. The row decoder **32** may transmit a voltage for performing a memory operation to the word line WL of the selected at least one memory cell block.

[0041] The page buffer **34** may be connected to the memory cell array **20** through the bit line BL. During a program operation, the page buffer **34** may operate as a write driver to apply a voltage to the bit line BL according to data that is to be stored in the memory cell array **20**, and/or during a read operation, the page buffer **34** may operate as a sense amplifier to detect data stored in the memory cell array **20**. The page buffer **34** may operate according to a control signal PCTL provided from the control logic **38**.

[0042] The data I/O circuit **36** may be connected to the page buffer **34** through data lines DLs. During a program operation, the data I/O circuit **36** may receive data from a memory controller and may provide program data to the page buffer **34** based on a column address C\_ADDR received from the control logic **38**. During a read operation, the data I/O circuit **36** may provide read data stored in the page buffer **34** to the memory controller based on a column address C\_ADDR received from the control logic **38**.

[0043] The data I/O circuit **36** may transmit an input address and/or command to the control logic **38** or the row decoder **32**. Alternatively or additionally, the peripheral circuit **30** may further include an electro static discharge (ESD) circuit and a pull-up/pull-down driver.

[0044] The control logic **38** may receive a command CMD and a control signal CTRL from the memory controller. The control logic **38** may provide a row address R\_ADDR to the row decoder **32** and a column address C\_ADDR to the data I/O circuit **36**. The control logic **38** may generate, in

response to the control signal CTRL, various internal control signals that may be used inside the non-volatile memory device **10**. For example, the control logic **38** may adjust the level of a voltage provided to the word line WL and the bit line BL during a memory operation such as, but not limited to, a program operation, an erase operation, or the like.

[0045] FIG. **2** is a circuit diagram illustrating a memory block BLK of a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments.

[0046] Referring to FIG. **2**, the memory block BLK may correspond to one of the plurality of memory blocks BLK1 to BLKn. The memory block BLK may include a first sub-block BLK\_a and a second sub-block BLK\_b that may be arranged at different vertical levels and may vertically overlap each other. The first sub-block BLK\_a may include first NAND strings MS1, and the second sub-block BLK\_b may include second NAND strings MS2.

[0047] Each of the first NAND strings MS1 may include a first string selection transistor SST1, a plurality of first memory cells MC1, and a first ground selection transistor GST1 that are connected in series to each other. Each of the second NAND strings MS2 may include a second string selection transistor SST2, a plurality of second memory cells MC2, and a second ground selection transistor GST2 that are connected in series to each other. The first string selection transistor SST1, the first ground selection transistor GST1, and the first memory cells MC1 included in each of the first NAND strings MS1 may form a stacked structure above a substrate in a vertical direction, and the second string selection transistor SST2, the second ground selection transistor GST2, and the second memory cells MC2 included in each of the second NAND strings MS2 may form a stacked structure stacked above the substrate in the vertical direction.

[0048] First bit lines BL1 (e.g., first bit lines BL11 and BL12) may extend above upper ends of the first NAND strings MS1 in a first direction (e.g., a Y direction in FIG. **3**), and first word lines (e.g., a first word line WL11, a second word line WL12, a third word line WL13, and a fourth word line WL14) may extend in a second direction (e.g., an X direction in FIG. **3**). The first NAND strings MS1 may be disposed between the first bit lines BL1 and a first common source line CSL1. The first string selection transistors SST1 may be connected to first string selection lines (e.g., a first string selection line SSL11, a second string selection line SSL12, and a third string selection line SSL13) that correspond to the first string selection transistors SST1. The first memory cells MC1 may be respectively connected to the first word lines WL11 to WL14 that correspond to the first memory cells MC1. The first ground selection transistors GST1 may be connected to first ground selection lines (e.g., a first ground selection line GSL11, a second ground selection line GSL12, and a third ground selection line GSL13) that correspond to the first ground selection transistors GST1. The first string selection transistors SST1 may be connected to bit lines that correspond to the first string selection transistors SST1, and the first ground selection transistors GST1 may be connected to the first common source line CSL1.

[0049] Second bit lines BL2 (e.g., second bit lines BL21 and BL22) may extend above upper ends of the second NAND strings MS2 in the first direction (e.g., the Y direction in FIG. **3**), and second word lines (e.g., a fifth word line WL21, a sixth word line WL22, a seventh word line WL23, and an eighth word line WL24) may extend in the second direction (e.g., the X direction in FIG. **3**). The second NAND strings MS2 may be disposed between the second bit lines BL2 and a second common source line CSL2. The second string selection transistor SST2 may be connected to second string selection lines (e.g., a fourth string selection line SSL21, a fifth fourth string selection line SSL22, and a fourth string selection line SSL23) that correspond to the second string selection transistors SST2. The second memory cells MC2 may be respectively connected to the second word lines WL21 to WL24 that correspond to the second memory cells MC2. The second ground selection transistors GST2 may be connected to second ground selection lines (e.g., a fourth ground selection line GSL21, a fifth ground selection line GSL22, and a sixth ground selection line GSL23) that correspond to the second ground selection transistors GST2. The second string selection transistors SST2 may be connected to bit lines that correspond to the second string

selection transistors SST2, and the second ground selection transistors GST2 may be connected to the second common source line CSL2.

[0050] As used herein, the number of NAND strings, the number of word lines, the number of bit lines, the number of ground selection lines, and the number of string selection lines may vary depending on embodiments and/or design constraints.

[0051] In embodiments, the same voltage may be applied to the first word lines WL11 to WL14 and the second word lines WL21 to WL24 that correspond to the first word lines WL11 to WL14. For example, the first word line WL11 that may be a lowermost first word line and the second word line WL21 that may be a lowermost second word line may be electrically connected to a word line driving circuit (e.g., a pass transistor), and the same voltage may be applied to the lowest first word line WL11 and the lowermost second word line WL21. Similarly, the first word line WL14 that may be an uppermost word line and the second word line WL24 that may be an uppermost second word line may be electrically connected to the word line driving circuit (e.g., the pass transistor), and a similar voltage may be applied to the uppermost first word line WL14 and the uppermost second word line WL24.

[0052] In embodiments, the same voltage may be applied to the first string selection lines SSL11 to SSL13 and the second string selection lines SSL21 to SSL23 that correspond to the first selection lines SSL11 to SSL13. For example, the first string selection line SSL11 that may be disposed on a left side and the second string selection line SSL21 that may be disposed on a left side may be electrically connected to a string selection line driving circuit, and the same voltage may be applied to the first string selection line SSL11 disposed on the left side and the second string selection line SSL21 disposed on the left side.

[0053] In embodiments, each of the first bit lines BL11 and BL12 may be configured such that a voltage may be applied to a corresponding first NAND string MS1 from a first page buffer circuit, and each of the second bit lines BL21 and BL22 may be configured such that a voltage may be applied to a corresponding second NAND string MS2 from a second page buffer circuit.

[0054] In embodiments, the same word line voltage may be applied to a first memory cell MC1 of a first NAND string MS1 connected to the lowermost first word line WL11 and a second memory cell MC2 of a second NAND string MS2 connected to the lowermost second word line WL21, and a bit line voltage applied to the first memory cell MC1 through the first bit line BL11 may be independent of a bit line voltage applied to the second memory cell MC2 through the second bit line BL21. Therefore, the first memory cell MC1 may be programmed independently from the second memory cell MC2.

[0055] FIG. 3 is a perspective diagram illustrating a configuration of a non-volatile memory device 100, according to embodiments. FIG. 4 is a plan layout illustrating some elements of the non-volatile memory device 100, according to embodiments. FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional diagram taken along line A-A of FIG. 4, according to embodiments. FIG. 6 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a region EX1 of FIG. 5, according to embodiments. FIG. 7 is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a region EX2 of FIG. 6, according to embodiments.

[0056] Referring to FIGS. 3 to 7, the non-volatile memory device 100 may include a cell array stack CS and a peripheral circuit stack PS that may overlap each other in a vertical direction (Z direction). The cell array stack CS may include the memory cell array 20 described with reference to FIG. 1, and the peripheral circuit stack PS may include the peripheral circuit 30 described with reference to FIG. 1.

[0057] The cell array stack CS may include a plurality of memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn. Each of the memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn may include memory cells that are three-dimensionally (3D) arranged. Each of the memory cell blocks BLK1 to BLKn may include a first sub-block BLK\_b and a second sub-block BLK\_b that may overlap each other above the peripheral circuit stack PS in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first sub-block BLK\_a may include a first channel structure CH1 and a first bit line BL1 connected to the first channel structure CH1,



and the second sub-block BLK\_b may include a second channel structure CH2 overlapping the first channel structure CH1 and a second bit line BL2 connected to the second channel structure CH2. [0058] In embodiments, the cell array stack CS may include a first cell array stack CS1 and a second cell array stack CS2 that may overlap each other above the peripheral circuit stack PS. The first sub-block BLK\_a may be disposed in the first cell array stack CS1, and the second sub-block BLK\_b may be disposed in the second cell array stack CS2.

[0059] FIG. 3 illustrates an example configuration in which the first cell array stack CS1 is disposed directly above the peripheral circuit stack PS such that the first bit line BL1 included in the first cell array stack CS1 may be closer to the peripheral circuit stack PS than the first channel structure CH1 is to the peripheral circuit stack PS, and the second cell array stack CS2 is disposed on the first cell array stack CS1 such that the second channel structure CH2 may be closer to the first cell array stack CS1 than the second bit line BL2 included in the second cell array stack CS2 is to the first cell array stack CS1. As used herein, for ease of description, a direction toward the peripheral circuit stack PS may be referred to as a -Z direction, and a direction toward the second cell array stack CS2 may be referred to as a Z direction. However, the present disclosure is not limited in this regard, and the direction toward the second cell array stack CS2 may be referred to as a -Z direction, for example.

[0060] Referring to FIG. 5, the peripheral circuit stack PS may include a peripheral circuit board 50 and a peripheral circuit PC disposed on the peripheral circuit board 50. Active regions may be defined on an active surface of the peripheral circuit board 50 by an isolation layer 52, and a plurality of peripheral circuit transistors 60TR may be formed on the active regions of the peripheral circuit board 50. The peripheral circuit PC may include peripheral circuit wiring structures 74 above the active regions of the peripheral circuit board 50 and an interlayer insulating layer 80 covering the peripheral circuit wiring structures 74. In addition, at least portions of the peripheral circuit wiring structures 74 may be connected to first bonding pads BP1 arranged at an interface between the peripheral circuit stack PS and the first cell array stack CS1.

[0061] The first cell array stack CS1 may be disposed on the peripheral circuit stack PS. In embodiments, a first bonding layer BI1 may be disposed at a boundary between the peripheral circuit stack PS and the first cell array stack CS1. The first bonding layer BI1 may be formed as a stacked structure of a plurality of insulating layers and may include, for example, at least one of silicon oxide (SiO), silicon nitride (SiN), silicon oxynitride (SiON), silicon carbon nitride (SiCN), or the like.

[0062] In embodiments, the first bonding pads BP1 may be arranged at the boundary between the peripheral circuit stack PS and the first cell array stack CS1. The first bonding pads BP1 may be surrounded by the first bonding layer BI1. The first bonding pads BP1 may include upper pad portions in the first cell array stack CS1 and lower pad portions in the peripheral circuit stack PS, and the upper pad portions and the lower pad portions may vertically overlap each other and may adhere to each other. For example, interfaces between the upper pad portions and the lower pad portions (e.g., bonding interfaces) may correspond to the interface between the peripheral circuit stack PS and the first cell array stack CS1. The first bonding pads BP1 may include, but not be limited to, copper (Cu). For example, the peripheral circuit stack PS and the first cell array stack CS1 may be stacked by a metal-oxide hybrid bonding method.

[0063] In some embodiments, however, the first cell array stack CS1 may be sequentially formed on the peripheral circuit stack PS by a direct stack method, and in such an embodiment, the first bonding pads BP1 may be omitted.

[0064] The first cell array stack CS1 may include a first bit line 110, a plurality of first gate lines 130, first channel structures 140, and a first common source line 150.

[0065] The first gate lines 130 may be apart from the first bit line 110 in the vertical direction (Z direction). For example, the first gate lines 130 and a plurality of mold insulating layers ML may be alternately arranged above the first bit line 110.

[0066] In embodiments, a lowest first gate line **130** among the first gate lines **130** (or a first gate line **130** disposed closest to the first bit line **110**) may be a first string selection line **131**. An uppermost first gate line **130** among the first gate lines **130** (or a first gate line **130** disposed farthest from the first bit line **110**) may be a first ground selection line **134**. Among the first gate lines **130**, one or more first gate lines **130** disposed close to the first string selection line **131** may be first dummy word lines **132**. Among the first gate lines **130**, a remainder of the first gate lines **130**, that is, first gate lines **130** disposed between the one or more first dummy word lines **132** and the first ground selection line **134**, may be first word lines **133**. The one or more first dummy word lines **132** may be disposed between the first string selection line **131** and the first word lines **133** to prevent the first string selection line **131** and the first word lines **133** from disturbing each other as being electrically coupled to each other. Unlike the first word lines **133**, the one or more first dummy word lines **132** may not be involved in the role of memory cells.

[0067] In embodiments, the first string selection line **131** may correspond to the first string selection lines SSL**11** to SSL**13** described with reference to FIG. 2. The first word lines **133** may correspond to the first word lines WL**11** to WL**14** described with reference to FIG. 2. The first ground selection line **134** may correspond to the first ground selection lines GSL**1** to GSL**13** described with reference to FIG. 2.

[0068] The first channel structures **140** may be disposed in first channel holes **140H** extending through the first gate lines **130** in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first channel structures **140** may be arranged apart from each other at predetermined intervals in a first horizontal direction (X direction), a second horizontal direction (Y direction), and a third horizontal direction (e.g., a diagonal direction). The first channel structures **140** may be arranged in a zigzag shape or a staggered shape.

[0069] The first bit line **110**, the first gate lines **130**, the first channel structures **140**, and the first common source line **150** are further described with reference to FIG. 6.

[0070] Referring to FIG. 6, the first gate lines **130** and the mold insulating layers ML may be alternately arranged in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first channel holes **140H** may penetrate the first gate lines **130** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0071] In embodiments, each of the first channel hole **140H** may include a first portion **140H\_1** that may penetrate the first string selection line **131** and may extend in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first portion **140H\_1** may have a horizontal width continuously varying in the vertical direction (Z direction). For example, the horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** may gradually increase from the first bit line **110** toward the first common source line **150**. As another example, the horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** may have a region that gradually increases in a direction from the first bit line **110** toward the first common source line **150**.

[0072] The first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** may penetrate the first string selection line **131** and some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132**. In embodiments, the first portion **140H\_1** may penetrate some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** that may be disposed close (e.g., relatively near) to the first string selection line **131**. For example, the first portion **140H\_1** may penetrate first dummy word lines **132a** and **132b** that may be disposed close to the first string selection line **131** among one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**. For example, the first portion **140H\_1** may overlap, in the second horizontal direction (Y direction), the first dummy word lines **132a** and **132b** that may be disposed close to the first string selection line **131** among the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**.

[0073] For example, the first portion **140H\_1** may not penetrate the first dummy word line **132c** that is closest to the first word lines **133** among the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**. As another example, the first portion **140H\_1** may not overlap, in the second horizontal direction (Y direction), the first dummy word line **132c** that is closest to the first word lines **133** among the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**.

[0074] For example, the first portion **140H\_1** may not penetrate the first word lines **133**. As another

example, the first portion **140H\_1** may not overlap the first word lines **133** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0075] In embodiments, the first channel hole **140H** may include a second portion **140H\_2** that may penetrate the first word lines **133** and may extend in the vertical direction (Z direction). The second portion **140H\_2** may have a horizontal width continuously varying in the vertical direction (Z direction). For example, the horizontal width of the second portion **140H\_2** may gradually increase in a direction away from the first portion **140H\_1**. As another example, the horizontal width of the second portion **140H\_2** may have a region that gradually increases in a direction away from the first portion **140H\_1**. The second portion **140H\_2** may further penetrate the first ground selection line **134**.

[0076] For example, the second portion **140H\_2** may not penetrate the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**. As another example, the second portion **140H\_2** may not penetrate at least some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**. As another example, the second portion **140H\_2** may not overlap at least some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0077] In embodiments, the centers of the first and second portions **140H\_1** and **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** may be offset from each other. For example, the centers of the first and second portions **140H\_1** and **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** may be offset in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0078] The first channel hole **140H** may further include a third portion **140H\_3** between the first portion **140H\_1** and the second portion **140H\_2**. The third portion **140H\_3** may be connected in one piece to the first portion **140H\_1** and the second portion **140H\_2**. A step may be provided between the first portion **140H\_1** and the third portion **140H\_3**, and a step may be provided between the second portion **140H\_2** and the third portion **140H\_3**. For example, the horizontal width of the first channel hole **140H** may discontinuously vary at a boundary between the first portion **140H\_1** and the third portion **140H\_3** and a boundary between the second portion **140H\_2** and the third portion **140H\_3**.

[0079] In embodiments, the horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** may be less than the horizontal width of the third portion **140H\_3** at the boundary between the first portion **140H\_1** and the third portion **140H\_3**. In embodiments, the horizontal width of the second portion **140H\_2** may be less than the horizontal width of the third portion **140H\_3** at the boundary between the second portion **140H\_2** and the third portion **140H\_3**.

[0080] The third portion **140H\_3** of the first channel hole **140H** may penetrate at least some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132**. For example, the third portion **140H\_3** of the first channel hole **140H** may penetrate at least some (e.g., the first dummy word line **132c**) of the one or more first dummy word lines **132**. As another example, the third portion **140H\_3** of the first channel hole **140H** may overlap at least some (e.g., the first dummy word line **132c**) of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction). The third portion **140H\_3** of the first channel hole **140H** may not overlap some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0081] The third portion **140H\_3** of the first channel hole **140H** may include a first side wall **S1** (as shown in FIG. 7) and a second side wall **S2** (as shown in FIG. 7) that may be opposite to each other. The first side wall **S1** of the third portion **140H\_3** may extend in a vertical downward direction (−Z direction), and a portion of the first side wall **S1** that extends in the vertical downward direction (−Z direction) may form a side wall of the first portion **140H\_1**. The second side wall **S2** of the third portion **140H\_3** may extend in the vertical direction (+Z direction), and a portion of the second side wall **S2** that extends in the vertical direction (+Z direction) may form a side wall of the second portion **140H\_2**.

[0082] In embodiments, some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** (e.g., the first dummy word line **132a**) may overlap the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** and a first cut

structure **138** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0083] In embodiments, some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** (e.g., the first dummy word line **132b**) may overlap the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction) and may not overlap the first cut structure **138** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0084] In embodiments, a remainder of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** (e.g., the first dummy word line **132c**) may overlap the third portion **140H3** of the first channel hole **140H** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction) and may not overlap the first cut structure **138** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0085] The first channel hole **140H** may further include a fourth portion **140H\_4** between the first portion **140H\_1** and the first bit line **110**. An insulating liner **121** may be disposed on an outer wall of the fourth portion **140H\_4**. A step may be provided between the first portion **140H\_1** and the fourth portion **140H\_4**. For example, the horizontal width of the first channel hole **140H** may vary discontinuously at a boundary between the first portion **140H\_1** and the fourth portion **140H\_4**. For example, the horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** may be greater than the horizontal width of the fourth portion **140H\_4** at the boundary between the first portion **140H\_1** and the fourth portion **140H\_4**.

[0086] In embodiments, each of the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, the third portion **140H\_3**, and the fourth portion **140H\_4** may not include a step on an outer wall thereof. For example, the horizontal width of each of the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, the third portion **140H\_3**, and the fourth portion **140H\_4** may be constant or continuously vary in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0087] A first channel structure **140** may be disposed in the first channel hole **140H**. The first channel structure **140** may include a gate insulating layer **142**, a channel layer **144**, a buried insulating layer **146**, a first source line pad **148**, and a first bit line pad **149**.

[0088] The gate insulating layer **142** may be conformally disposed on a side wall of the first channel hole **140H**. For example, the gate insulating layer **142** may be conformally disposed on side walls of the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, the third portion **140H\_3**, and the fourth portion **140H\_4** of the first channel hole **140H**. The gate insulating layer **142** may be disposed as one body on the side walls of the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, the third portion **140H\_3**, and the fourth portion **140H\_4** of the first channel hole **140H**.

[0089] The channel layer **144** may be conformally disposed on the gate insulating layer **142**. For example, the channel layer **144** may be conformally disposed on the gate insulating layer **142** in the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, and the third portion **140H\_3**. The channel layer **144** may not be disposed in the fourth portion **140H\_4** of the first channel hole **140H**. The channel layer **144** may be disposed as one body on the side walls of the first portion **140H\_1**, the second portion **140H\_2**, and the third portion **140H\_3**.

[0090] The buried insulating layer **146** may be disposed on the channel layer **144** to fill the remaining space of the first channel hole **140H**. The first source line pad **148** making contact with the channel layer **144** and blocking an entrance of the first channel hole **140H** may be disposed on an upper side of the first channel hole **140H**. In some embodiments, the buried insulating layer **146** may be omitted, and the channel layer **144** may be formed in a pillar shape to fill the remaining portion of the first channel hole **140H**.

[0091] For example, as shown in FIG. 6, the gate insulating layer **142** may have a structure including a tunneling dielectric layer **142A**, a charge storage layer **142B**, and a blocking dielectric layer **142C** that may be sequentially provided on an outer wall of the channel layer **144**. The relative thicknesses of the tunneling dielectric layer **142A**, the charge storage layer **142B**, and the blocking dielectric layer **142C** of the gate insulating layer **142** are not limited to those illustrated in FIG. 6 and may be modified in various ways.

[0092] The tunneling dielectric layer **142A** may include, but not be limited to, silicon oxide (SiO),

hafnium oxide (HfO), aluminum oxide (AlO), zirconium oxide (ZrO), tantalum oxide (TaO), or the like. The charge storage layer **142B** may be and/or may include a region in which electrons coming from the channel layer **144** through the tunneling dielectric layer **142A** may be stored, and may include, but not be limited to, silicon nitride (SiN), boron nitride (BN), silicon boron nitride (SiBN), or polysilicon doped with a dopant. The blocking dielectric layer **142C** may include, but not be limited to, silicon oxide (SiO), silicon nitride (SiN), or a metal oxide that has a higher dielectric constant than silicon oxide (SiO). The metal oxide may be, but not be limited to, hafnium oxide (HfO), aluminum oxide (AlO), zirconium oxide (ZrO), tantalum oxide (TaO), or a combination thereof.

[0093] The first bit line pad **149** may be disposed in the fourth portion **140H\_4** of the first channel hole **140H**. The first bit line pad **149** may be surrounded by a first substrate **120** and the insulating liner **121**. The first bit line pad **149** may be buried in the first substrate **120**. For example, the first substrate **120** may include an oxide. As another example, the first bit line pad **149** may include polysilicon doped with an n-type dopant. As another example, the first bit line pad **149** may include n+ polysilicon having a higher dopant concentration than the channel layer **144**.

[0094] The first cut structure **138** may penetrate the first string selection line **131** in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first cut structure **138** may penetrate the first string selection line **131** and some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132**. In embodiments, the first cut structure **138** may penetrate some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** that are disposed close to the first string selection line **131**. For example, the first cut structure **138** may penetrate the first dummy word line **132a** that is disposed close to the first string selection line **131** among the one or more first dummy word lines **132a**, **132b**, and **132c**.

[0095] For example, the first cut structure **138** may overlap the first string selection line **131** and some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** (e.g., the first dummy word line **132a**) in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0096] In embodiments, the first cut structure **138** may not overlap the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first cut structure **138** may overlap at least a portion of the second portion **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0097] In the present disclosure, the centers of the first and second portions **140H\_1** and **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** are offset from each other in the second horizontal direction (Y direction) such that the first portion **140H\_1** may not overlap the first cut structure **138** in the vertical direction (Z direction) and the second portion **140H\_2** may overlap the first cut structure **138** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0098] For example, as the centers of each of the first and second portions **140H\_1** **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** are offset from each other in the second horizontal direction (Y direction), the first cut structure **138** may be apart in the second horizontal direction (Y direction) from a portion of the first channel structure **140** provided in the first channel hole **140H**.

[0099] That is, in embodiments, the centers of the first and second portions **140H\_1** and **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** of the non-volatile memory device **100** may be offset from each other, and thus, the first cut structure **138** may not interfere with the first channel structure **140**. As a result, the performance and reliability of the non-volatile memory device **100** may be improved.

[0100] In embodiments, the first cut structure **138** may not overlap the first word lines **133** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0101] For example, owing to the one or more first dummy word lines **132** disposed between the first string selection line **131** and the first word lines **133**, a process margin for preventing the first cut structure **138** from extending to the first word lines **133** may be secured. As another example, as the one or more first dummy word lines **132** are disposed between the first string selection line **131** and the first word lines **133**, the first cut structure **138** may not overlap the first word lines **133** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0102] Referring to FIG. 7, the maximum horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** may be less than or equal to the maximum horizontal width of the first channel hole **140H**. In embodiments, the maximum horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** may be the width of the first portion **140H\_1** at the boundary between the first portion **140H\_1** and the third portion **140H\_3**. For example, the maximum horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** may be a first width **W1**. In embodiments, as described with reference to FIGS. **12** to **26**, a method of manufacturing the first channel hole **140H** may provide for the maximum horizontal width of the first channel hole **140H** being substantially similar and/or the same as the maximum horizontal width of the second portion **140H\_2**.

[0103] For example, as described with reference to FIGS. **13** to **16**, when the first channel hole **140H** is formed, a first hole **H1** may be first formed, and then, a second hole **H2** overlapping a portion of the first hole **H1** may be formed. In such an embodiment, the first hole **H1** and the second hole **H2** may be formed by etching a plurality of mold insulating layers **ML** and sacrificial layers **S131** and **S132** in a vertical downward direction, and thus, the first channel hole **140H** may be formed in a state in which the maximum horizontal width of the first portion **140H\_1** of the first channel hole **140H** is less than or equal to the maximum horizontal width of the first channel hole **140H**.

[0104] Continuing to refer to FIG. 7, in the first channel hole **140H**, the horizontal width of the second portion **140H\_2** at the boundary between the second portion **140H\_2** and the third portion **140H\_3** (e.g., a second width **W2**) may be less than or equal to a vertical thickness **T1** of the third portion **140H\_3**. Consequently, the gate insulating layer **142** may not block the first channel hole **140H** when the gate insulating layer **142** is formed on an inner wall of the first channel hole **140H** to form the first channel structure **140**.

[0105] Referring to FIGS. **5** and **6**, the first bit line **110** may be disposed at an end of the first channel structure **140**. The first bit line **110** may be connected to the end of the first channel structure **140** through a first bit line contact **115** penetrating a first insulating layer **111** and an etch stop layer **112**. For example, the first bit line **110** may be connected to the channel layer **144** of the first channel structure **140** through the first bit line contact **115** and the first bit line pad **149**. As another example, the first insulating layer **111** may include, but not be limited to, an oxide, and the etch stop layer **112** may include, but not be limited to, a nitride.

[0106] The first common source line **150** may be disposed at the other end of the first channel structure **140**. The first common source line **150** may be connected to the other end of the first channel structure **140** through a first source line contact **152**. For example, the first common source line **150** may be connected to the channel layer **144** of the first channel structure **140** through the first source line contact **152** and the first source line pad **148**. The first source line contact **152** may be surrounded by a second insulating layer **151**. The second insulating layer **151** may include, but not be limited to, an oxide.

[0107] For example, the first common source line **150** may include silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), silicon germanium (SiGe), gallium arsenide (GaAs), indium gallium arsenide (InGaAs), aluminum gallium arsenide (AlGaAs), or a mixture thereof. In addition, the first common source line **150** may include a semiconductor doped with an n-type dopant. In addition, the first common source line **150** may have a crystalline structure including at least one of a single crystalline structure, an amorphous structure, a polycrystalline structure, or the like. In some examples, the first common source line **150** may include, but not be limited to, polysilicon doped with an n-type dopant.

[0108] In embodiments, the horizontal width of the end of the first channel structure **140** connected to the first bit line **110** may be less than the horizontal width of the other end of the first channel structure **140** connected to the first common source line **150**. For example, in the second horizontal direction (**Y** direction), the end of the first channel structure **140** connected to the first bit line **110** may be less than the width of the other end of the first channel structure **140** connected to the first common source line **150**.

[0109] In embodiments, the horizontal width of the first bit line pad **149** connected to the first bit line **110** may be less than the horizontal width of the first source line pad **148** connected to the first common source line **150**. For example, in the second horizontal direction (Y direction), the width of the first bit line pad **149** connected to the first bit line **110** may be less than the width of the first source line pad **148** connected to the first common source line **150**.

[0110] A word line cut structure WLC penetrating the first gate lines **130** may be disposed on the first common source line **150**. The word line cut structure WLC may include, but not be limited to, a silicon oxide (SiO) film, a silicon nitride (SiN) film, a silicon oxynitride (SiON), a silicon oxycarbonitride (SiOCN), a silicon carbon nitride (SiCN) film, or a combination thereof.

[0111] Referring again to FIG. 5, the second cell array stack CS2 may be disposed on the first cell array stack CS1. In embodiments, a second bonding layer BI2 may be disposed at a boundary between the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2. The second bonding layer BI2 may be formed as a stacked structure of a plurality of insulating layers, and may include, for example, at least one of silicon oxide (SiO), silicon nitride (SiN), silicon oxynitride (SiON), silicon carbon nitride (SiCN), or the like. In embodiments, second bonding pads BP2 may be disposed at the boundary between the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2. The second bonding pads BP2 may be surrounded by the second bonding layer BI2. The second bonding pads BP2 may each include an upper pad portion in the second cell array stack CS2 and a lower pad portion in the first cell array stack CS1, and the upper pad portion and the lower pad portion may vertically overlap each other and may adhere to each other. For example, an interface between the upper pad portion and the lower pad portion (e.g., a bonding interface) may be an interface between the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2. The second bonding pads BP2 may include, but not be limited to, copper (Cu). For example, the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2 may be stacked by a metal-oxide hybrid bonding method.

[0112] In some embodiments, the second cell array stack CS2 may be sequentially formed on the first cell array stack CS1 by a direct stack method, and in such embodiments, the second bonding pads BP2 may be omitted.

[0113] The second cell array stack CS2 may include a second bit line **160**, a plurality of second gate lines **180**, second channel structures **190**, and a second common source line **155**. The structure of the second cell array stack CS2 may be symmetrical to the structure of the first cell array stack CS1 with respect to the boundary between the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2, and thus, a description of the second cell array stack CS2 may be similar to the description of the first cell array stack CS1. For example, the second bit line **160**, the second gate lines **180**, the second channel structures **190**, and the second common source line **155** of the second cell array stack CS2 may be opposite to the first bit line **110**, the first gate lines **130**, the first channel structures **140**, and the first common source line **150** of the first cell array stack CS1.

[0114] The second gate lines **180** may be disposed under the second bit line **160** apart from each other in the vertical direction (Z direction). For example, the second gate lines **180** and a plurality of mold insulating layers ML may be alternately disposed under the second bit line **160**.

[0115] In embodiments, the second gate lines **180** may include a second string selection line **181**, second dummy word lines **182**, second word lines **183**, and a second ground selection line **184** that may be sequentially disposed under the second bit line **160**. Second cut structures **188** may penetrate the second string selection line **181**.

[0116] The second channel structures **190** may be disposed in second channel holes **190H** that extend through the second gate lines **180** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0117] The second bit line **160** may be disposed above the second channel structures **190** and may be connected to the second channel structures **190** through second bit line contacts **165**. For example, the second bit line **160** may be connected to channel layers of the second channel structures **190** through second bit line pads **199** and the second bit line contacts **165**. The second bit

line pads **199** may be buried in a second substrate **170**.

[0118] The second common source line **155** may be connected to the second channel structures **190** through second source line contacts **157**. For example, the second common source line **155** may be connected to the channel layers of the second channel structures **190** through the second source line contacts **157** and second source line pads **198**.

[0119] In embodiments, the second common source line **155** of the second cell array stack CS2 may be disposed between the first cell array stack CS1 and the second channel structures **190**. In embodiments, the second bit line **160** of the second cell array stack CS2 may be apart from the second common source line **155** with the second channel structures **190** therebetween.

[0120] FIG. **8** is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device **100A**, according to embodiments. For example, FIG. **8** is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a region corresponding to the region EX1 of FIG. **5**. The non-volatile memory device **100A** may include and/or may be similar in many respects to the non-volatile memory device **100** described above with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7**, and may include additional features not mentioned above. Consequently, repeated descriptions of the non-volatile memory device **100A** described above with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be omitted for the sake of brevity.

[0121] Referring to FIG. **8**, a plurality of first gate lines **130** may be arranged above a first bit line **110** apart from each other in a vertical direction (Z direction).

[0122] The first gate lines **130** may include a first string selection line **131**, one or more first dummy word lines **132**, first word lines **133**, and a first ground selection line **134**. A first channel structure **140** may be disposed in a first channel hole **140H** that extends through the first gate lines **130** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0123] The first channel hole **140H** may include a first portion **140H\_1** that may penetrate the first string selection line **131** and may extend in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first channel hole **140H** may include a second portion **140H\_2** that may penetrate the first word lines **133** and may extend in the vertical direction (Z direction). The first channel hole **140H** may further include a third portion **140H\_3A** between the first portion **140H\_1** and the second portion **140H\_2**.

[0124] In embodiments, the third portion **140H\_3A** may overlap at least some of the one or more first dummy word lines **132** in a second horizontal direction (Y direction). For example, the third portion **140H\_3A** may overlap a first dummy word line **132b** among the one or more first dummy word lines **132** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction). As another example, the third portion **140H\_3A** may overlap a portion of the first dummy word line **132b** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction). As another example, the third portion **140H\_3A** may not overlap the other portion of the first dummy word line **132b** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0125] FIG. **9** is an enlarged cross-sectional diagram illustrating a non-volatile memory device **100B**, according to embodiments. The non-volatile memory device **100B** may include and/or may be similar in many respects to the non-volatile memory devices **100** and **100A** described above with reference to FIGS. **3** to **8**, and may include additional features not mentioned above. Consequently, repeated descriptions of the non-volatile memory device **100B** described above with reference to FIGS. **3** to **8** may be omitted for the sake of brevity.

[0126] Referring to FIG. **9**, the centers of a first portion **140H\_1** and a second portion **140H\_2** of a first channel hole **140H** of the non-volatile memory device **100B** may overlap each other in a second horizontal direction (Y direction), and a first cut structure **138B** may not overlap the first portion **140H\_1** and the second portion **140H\_2** of the first channel hole **140H** in a vertical direction (Z direction).

[0127] FIGS. **10** and **11** are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating non-volatile memory devices **200** and **300**, according to embodiments.

[0128] Referring to FIG. **10**, the non-volatile memory device **200** may include a peripheral circuit stack PS and a cell array stack CS on the peripheral circuit stack PS. The description of the



peripheral circuit stack PS of the non-volatile memory device **100** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the peripheral circuit stack PS of the non-volatile memory device **200**. The description of the first cell array stack CS1 of the non-volatile memory device **100** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the cell array stack CS of the non-volatile memory device **200**.

[0129] In embodiments, the cell array stack CS may include a bit line **210**, a plurality of gate lines **230**, channel structures **240**, and a common source line **250**.

[0130] The gate lines **230** may be arranged above the bit line **210** apart from each other in a vertical direction (Z direction). The gate lines **230** may include a string selection line **231**, one or more dummy word lines **232**, word lines **233**, and a ground selection line **234**. The gate lines **230** may be alternately stacked together with a plurality of mold insulating layers ML. Cut structures **238** may penetrate the string selection line **231**.

[0131] The channel structures **240** may be provided in channel holes **240H** while penetrating the gate lines **230** and may be connected to the bit line **210** at ends thereof and to the common source line **250** at the other ends thereof. For example, the ends of the channel structures **240** may be connected to the bit line **210** through bit line pads **249** and bit line contacts **215**. The other ends of the channel structures **240** may be connected to the common source line **250** through source line pads **248** and source line contacts **252**.

[0132] The descriptions of the first channel holes **140H** and the first channel structures **140** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the channel structures **240** and the channel holes **240H**.

[0133] Referring to FIG. **11**, the non-volatile memory device **300** may include a peripheral circuit stack PS, a first cell array stack CS1 on the peripheral circuit stack PS, and a second cell array stack CS2 on the first cell array stack CS1. The description of the peripheral circuit stack PS of the non-volatile memory device **100** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the peripheral circuit stack PS of the non-volatile memory device **300**. The description of the first cell array stack CS1 of the non-volatile memory device **100** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the first cell array stack CS1 and the second cell array stack CS2.

[0134] In embodiments, the first cell array stack CS1 may include a first bit line **310**, a plurality of first gate lines **330**, first channel structures **340**, and a first common source line **350**.

[0135] The first gate lines **330** may be arranged above the first bit line **310** apart from each other in a vertical direction (Z direction). The first gate lines **330** may include a first string selection line **331**, one or more first dummy word lines **332**, first word lines **333**, and a first ground selection line **334**. The first gate lines **330** may be alternately stacked together with a plurality of mold insulating layers ML. First cut structures **338** may penetrate the first string selection line **331**.

[0136] The first channel structures **340** may be provided in first channel holes **340H** while penetrating the first gate lines **330** and may be connected to the first bit line **310** at ends thereof and to the first common source line **350** at the other ends thereof. For example, the ends of the first channel structures **340** may be connected to the first bit line **310** through first bit line pads **349** and first bit line contacts **315**. The other ends of the first channel structures **340** may be connected to the first common source line **350** through first source line pads **348** and first source line contacts **352**.

[0137] The descriptions of the first channel holes **140H** and the first channel structures **140** given with reference to FIGS. **3** to **7** may be referred to for the first channel structures **340** and the first channel holes **340H**.

[0138] The second cell array stack CS2 may be disposed on the first cell array stack CS1. The second cell array stack CS2 may include a second bit line **360**, a plurality of second gate lines **380**, second channel structures **390**, and a second common source line **355**. The structure of the second cell array stack CS2 of the non-volatile memory device **300** may be substantially similar and/or the same as the structure of the first cell array stack CS1 of the non-volatile memory device **300**.

[0139] The second gate lines **380** may be arranged above the second bit line **360** apart from each other in the vertical direction (Z direction). For example, the second gate lines **380** and a plurality of mold insulating layers ML may be alternately arranged above the second bit line **360**.

[0140] In embodiments, the second gate lines **380** may include a second string selection line **381**, second dummy word lines **382**, second word lines **383**, and a second ground selection line **384** that are sequentially arranged above the second bit line **360**. Second cut structures **388** may penetrate the second string selection line **381**.

[0141] The second channel structures **390** may be disposed in second channel holes **390H** that extend through the second gate lines **380** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0142] The second bit line **360** may be disposed on the second channel structures **390** and connected to the second channel structures **390** through second bit line contacts **365**. For example, the second bit line **360** may be connected to channel layers of the second channel structures **390** through the second bit line contact **365** and second bit line pads **399**. The second bit line pads **399** may be buried in a second substrate **370**.

[0143] The second common source line **355** may be connected to the second channel structures **390** through second source line contacts **357**. For example, the second common source line **355** may be connected to the channel layers of the second channel structures **390** through the second source line contacts **357** and second source line pads **398**.

[0144] In embodiments, the second bit line **360** of the second cell array stack CS2 may be disposed between the second channel structures **390** and the first cell array stack CS1. In embodiments, the second common source line **355** of the second cell array stack CS2 may be apart from the second bit line **360** with the second channel structures **390** therebetween.

[0145] The descriptions of the first channel holes **140H** and the first channel structures **140** given with reference to FIGS. 3 to 7 may be referred to for the second channel structures **390** and the second channel holes **390H**.

[0146] FIGS. 12 to 26 are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating a method of manufacturing a non-volatile memory device, according to embodiments. For example, FIGS. 12 to 26 are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating a method of manufacturing some elements of the non-volatile memory device **100** described with reference to FIGS. 3 to 7. As another example, FIGS. 12 to 26 are cross-sectional diagrams illustrating a method of manufacturing the first cell array stack CS1 shown in FIG. 5.

[0147] Referring to FIG. 12, a plurality of mold insulating layers ML and a plurality of first sacrificial layers S131 may be alternately formed on a substrate **102**. In embodiments, the substrate **102** may be a single-crystal silicon substrate. In embodiments, the mold insulating layers ML may include an insulating material such as, but not limited to, silicon oxide (SiO), silicon oxynitride (SiON), or the like, and the first sacrificial layers S131 may include a material such as, but not limited to, silicon nitride (SiN), silicon oxynitride (SiON), or polysilicon doped with a dopant. For example, the vertical thickness of a mold insulating layer ML disposed on an uppermost first sacrificial layer S131 among the mold insulating layers ML may be greater than the vertical thicknesses of the other mold insulating layers ML.

[0148] Referring to FIG. 13, the mold insulating layers ML, the first sacrificial layers S131, and a portion of the substrate **102** may be etched to form first holes H1. The substrate **102**, the mold insulating layers ML, and the first sacrificial layers S131 may be exposed through the first holes H1.

[0149] The first holes H1 may penetrate the mold insulating layers ML and the first sacrificial layers S131. The first holes H1 may penetrate the mold insulating layers ML and the first sacrificial layers S131 in a vertical downward direction (−Z direction). That is, the horizontal widths of upper portions (e.g., portions having a relatively high vertical level) of the first holes H1 may be greater than the horizontal widths of lower portions (e.g., portions having a relatively low vertical level) of the first holes H1.

[0150] Referring to FIG. 14, first sacrificial structures **S141** may be formed in the first holes **H1**. The first sacrificial structures **S141** may penetrate the mold insulating layers **ML** and the first sacrificial layers **S131** in a vertical direction (Z direction). In embodiments, the first sacrificial structures **S141** may include a metallic material such as, but not limited to, carbon (C) or tungsten (W).

[0151] Referring to FIG. 15, a plurality of mold insulating layers **ML** and a plurality of second sacrificial layers **S132** may be formed on the first sacrificial structures **S141**, the mold insulating layers **ML** surrounding the first sacrificial structures **S141**, and the first sacrificial layers **S131** surrounding the first sacrificial structures **S141**. The second sacrificial layers **S132** may include the same material as the first sacrificial layers **S131**.

[0152] Referring to FIG. 16, the mold insulating layers **ML** and the second sacrificial layers **S132** may be etched to form second holes **H2**. When the second holes **H2** are formed, portions of the mold insulating layers **ML**, the first sacrificial layers **131**, and the first sacrificial structures **S141** that are disposed below the second sacrificial layers **S132** may also be etched. For example, the second holes **H2** may overlap the first holes **H1** in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0153] In embodiments, at least portions of the second holes **H2** may overlap the first holes **H1** in a horizontal direction (e.g., a second horizontal direction (Y direction)). For example, the first sacrificial structures **S141** may include at least portions that overlap the second holes **H2** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction).

[0154] In embodiments, the centers of the second holes **H2** may be offset from the centers of the first holes **H1**. For example, at least portions of outer walls of the second holes **H2** may not overlap the first holes **H1**.

[0155] In embodiments, the second holes **H2** may sufficiently overlap the first holes **H1**. For example, an overlap depth (e.g., **T2**) between the second holes **H2** and the first holes **H1** may be greater than or equal to a horizontal width (e.g., a third width **W3**) of the second holes **H2** at boundaries between portions of the second holes **H2** overlapping the first holes **H1** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction) and portions of the second holes **H2** not overlapping the first holes **H1** in the second horizontal direction (Y direction). Consequently, as described with reference to FIG. 7, in each of the first channels holes **140H**, the vertical thickness **T1** of the third portion **140H\_3** may be greater than or equal to the horizontal width **W2** of the second portion **140H\_2** at the boundary between the second portion **140H\_2** and the third portion **140H\_3**.

[0156] Referring to FIG. 17, second sacrificial structures **S142** may be formed in the second holes **H2**. The second sacrificial structures **S142** may penetrate the mold insulating layers **ML** and the second sacrificial layers **S132** in the vertical direction (Z direction). The second sacrificial structures **S142** may include the same material as the first sacrificial structures **S141**. The second sacrificial structures **S142** may penetrate portions of the mold insulating layers **ML** and the first sacrificial layers **S131** that may be disposed below the second sacrificial layers **S132**.

[0157] Referring to FIG. 18, the first sacrificial structures **S141** and the second sacrificial structures **S142** may be removed. As a result, inner walls of the first holes **H1** and the second holes **H2** and portions of the substrate **102** may be exposed.

[0158] Referring to FIG. 19, insulating liners **121** may be formed in lower portions of the first holes **H1**. For example, an oxidation process may be performed on the substrate **102** exposed through the lower portions of the first holes **H1** to form the insulating liners **121**.

[0159] Referring to FIG. 20, gate insulating layers **142** may be formed on the inner walls of the first holes **H1** and the second holes **H2**. In the lower portions of the first holes **H1**, the gate insulating layers **142** may be formed on the insulating liners **121**. In embodiments, the gate insulating layers **142** may be conformally formed on the inner walls of the first holes **H1** and the second holes **H2**. In embodiments, the gate insulating layers **142** may each be formed as one body on the inner walls of the first holes **H1** and the second holes **H2**. For example, at boundaries between the first holes **H1** and the second holes **H2**, each of the gate insulating layers **142** may be

formed as one body without being divided.

[0160] As described above, the second holes H2 may sufficiently overlap the first holes H1, and thus, the gate insulating layers **142** may be conformally formed on the inner walls of the first holes H1 and the second holes H2 without blocking middle portions at the boundaries between the first holes H1 and the second holes H2.

[0161] Referring to FIG. 21, first bit line pads **149** may be formed in the lower portions of the first holes H1. The first bit line pads **149** may be surrounded by the insulating liners **121**.

[0162] For example, the first bit line pads **149** may be formed by forming pad liners on the gate insulating layers **142** within the first holes H1 and the second holes H2. The pad liners may fill the lower portions of the first holes H1 having a relatively small horizontal width, and the remaining portions of the pad liners may be removed to form the first bit line pads **149**.

[0163] In embodiments, the first bit line pads **149** may include, but not be limited to, polysilicon doped with an n-type dopant.

[0164] Referring to FIG. 22, first channel structures **140** may be formed. For example, channel layers **144** may be formed on the gate insulating layers **142** and the first bit line pads **149**, and then, buried insulating layers **146** may be formed on the channel layers **144** to fill the remaining spaces of the first holes H1 and the second holes H2. Thereafter, first source line pads **148** may be formed on the channel layers **144** and the buried insulating layers **146**. The first holes H1 and the second holes H2 may together form the first channel holes **140H**.

[0165] Thereafter, portions of the mold insulating layers ML, the first sacrificial layers S131, and the second sacrificial layers S132 may be removed, and word line cut structures WLC may be formed through the mold insulating layers ML, the first sacrificial layers S131, and the second sacrificial layers S132.

[0166] Thereafter, the first sacrificial layers S131 and the second sacrificial layers S132 may be removed, and a conductive material may be applied to form a plurality of gate lines **130**.

[0167] Thereafter, a second insulating layer **151** may be applied to the first channel structures **140**, and first source line contacts **152** may be formed through the second insulating layer **151** such that the first source line contacts **152** may be connected to the first source line pads **148**. A first common source line **150** may be formed on the first source line contacts **152**.

[0168] Referring to FIG. 23, a resultant structure shown in FIG. 22 may be flipped in the vertical direction (Z direction). Subsequently, the substrate **102** may be removed, and a first substrate **120** including an oxide may be formed.

[0169] For example, a carrier wafer may be bonded to the substrate **102**, and the resultant structure shown in FIG. 22 may be flipped in the vertical direction (Z direction).

[0170] Referring to FIG. 24, in the resultant structure shown in FIG. 23, first cut structures **138** penetrating the first substrate **120** and some of the mold insulating layers ML and the first gate lines **130** may be formed. For example, the first cut structures **138** may penetrate some of the mold insulating layers ML and the first gate lines **130** that are adjacent to the first substrate **120**. As another example, some of the first gate lines **130** through which the first cut structures **138** penetrate may be a first string selection line **131** (as shown in FIGS. 5 and 6) and a first dummy word line **132** (as shown in FIGS. 5 and 6).

[0171] Referring to FIG. 25, a portion of the first substrate **120** may be removed to expose the first bit line pads **149**. For example, the first substrate **120**, the word line cut structures WLC, and the insulating liners **121** may be removed until the first bit line pads **149** are exposed. As another example, the first substrate **120**, the word line cut structures WLC, and the insulating liners **121** may be removed until the first bit line pad **149** is exposed.

[0172] Referring to FIG. 26, an etch stop layer **112** and a first insulating layer **111** may be formed on the first substrate **120**, and subsequently, first bit line contacts **115** may be formed such that the first bit line contacts **115** may be connected to the first bit line pads **149** through the first insulating layer **111** and the etch stop layer **112**. Thereafter, a first bit line **110** may be formed on the first bit

line contacts **115** and the first insulating layer **111**.

[0173] Hereinafter, subsequent processes for forming the non-volatile memory device **100** are described by referring to FIG. 5 together.

[0174] In a resultant structure shown in FIG. 26, a first bonding layer **BI1** and first bonding pads **BP1** may be formed on the first bit line **110**. Thereafter, a peripheral circuit stack **PS** on which a first bonding layer **BI1** and first bonding pads **BP1** are formed may be prepared. The resultant structure shown in FIG. 26 may be bonded to the peripheral circuit stack **PS** using the first bonding layers **BI1** and the first bonding pads **BP1**.

[0175] Thereafter, a second bonding layer **BI2** and second bonding pads **BP2** may be formed on the first common source line **150** to form a first cell array stack **CS1**. A second cell array stack **CS2** on which a second bonding layer **BI2** and second bonding pads **BP2** are formed may be prepared, and subsequently, the second cell array stack **CS2** may be bonded to the first cell array stack **CS1** using the second bonding layers **BI2** and the second bonding pads **BP2**. The second cell array stack **CS2** may be manufactured and provided by a method similar to the method described with reference to FIGS. 12 to 26.

[0176] The non-volatile memory device **100** may be manufactured using the non-volatile memory device manufacturing method described above with reference to FIGS. 12 to 26 and FIG. 5.

[0177] FIG. 27 is a diagram schematically illustrating a data storage system **1000** including at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**, according to embodiments.

[0178] Referring to FIG. 27, the data storage system **1000** may include the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100** and a memory controller **1200** electrically connected to the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**. The data storage system **1000** may be, for example, a solid state drive (SSD) device, a universal serial bus (USB) device, a computing system, a medical device, and/or a communication device including the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**.

[0179] For example, the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100** may be a NAND flash non-volatile memory device including one of the non-volatile memory devices **100**, **100A**, **100B**, **200**, and **300** described with reference to FIGS. 3 to 11. The at least one non-volatile memory device **1100** may include a first structure **1100F** and a second structure **1100S** provided on the first structure **1100F**. The first structure **1100F** may be and/or may include a peripheral circuit structure including a row decoder **1110**, a page buffer **1120**, and a logic circuit **1130**.

[0180] The second structure **1100S** may be a memory cell structure that includes bit lines **BL**, a common source line **CSL**, a plurality of word lines **WL**, first and second string selection lines **UL1** and **UL2**, first and second ground selection lines **LL1** and **LL2**, and a plurality of memory cell strings **CSTR** between the bit lines **BL** and the common source line **CSL**.

[0181] In the second structure **1100S**, each of the memory cell strings **CSTR** may include ground selection transistors (e.g., a first ground selection transistor **LT1** and a second ground selection transistor **LT2**) adjacent to the common source line **CSL**, string selection transistors (e.g., a first string selection transistor **UT1** and a second string selection transistor **UT2**) adjacent to the bit lines **BL**, and a plurality of memory cell transistors **MCT** between the first and second ground selection transistors **LT1** and **LT2** and the first and second string selection transistors **UT1** and **UT2**. The number of ground selection transistors **LT1** and **LT2** and the number of string selection transistors **UT1** and **UT2** may vary depending on embodiments and/or design constraints.

[0182] In embodiments, the first and second ground selection lines **LL1** and **LL2** may be connected to gate electrodes of the first and second ground selection transistors **LT1** and **LT2**, respectively. The word lines **WL** may be connected to gate electrodes of the memory cell transistors **MCT**. The first and second string selection lines **UL1** and **UL2** may be connected to gate electrodes of the first and second string selection transistors **UT1** and **UT2**, respectively.

[0183] The common source line **CSL**, the first and second ground selection lines **LL1** and **LL2**, the word lines **WL**, and the first and second string selection lines **UL1** and **UL2** may be connected to the row decoder **1110**. The bit lines **BL** may be electrically connected to the page buffer **1120**.

[0184] The at least one non-volatile memory device **1100** may communicate with the memory controller **1200** through I/O pads **1101** that are electrically connected to the logic circuit **1130**. The I/O pads **1101** may be electrically connected to the logic circuit **1130**.

[0185] The memory controller **1200** may include a processor **1210**, a NAND controller **1220**, and a host interface **1230**. In some embodiments, the data storage system **1000** may include a plurality of non-volatile memory devices **1100**, and the memory controller **1200** may control the non-volatile memory devices **1100**.

[0186] The processor **1210** may control the overall operation of the data storage system **1000** including the memory controller **1200**. The processor **1210** may operate according to firmware and may control the NAND controller **1220** to access the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**. The NAND controller **1220** may include a NAND interface **1221** that may control communication with the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**. Data, such as, but not limited to, control commands for controlling the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**, data to be written to the memory cell transistors MCT of the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100**, and data to be read from the memory cell transistors MCT, may be transmitted through the NAND interface **1221**. The host interface **1230** may provide a communication function between the data storage system **1000** and an external host. For example, when the processor **1210** receives a control command from an external host through the host interface **1230**, the processor **1210** may control the at least one non-volatile memory device **1100** in response to the control command.

[0187] FIG. **28** is a perspective diagram schematically illustrating a data storage system **2000** including non-volatile memory devices, according to embodiments.

[0188] Referring to FIG. **28**, according to embodiments, the data storage system **2000** may include a main board **2001**, a memory controller **2002** mounted on the main board **2001**, one or more semiconductor packages **2003**, and a dynamic random-access memory (DRAM) **2004**. The semiconductor packages **2003** and the DRAM **2004** may be connected to the memory controller **2002** through a plurality of wiring patterns **2005** formed on the main board **2001**.

[0189] The main board **2001** may include a connector **2006** including a plurality of pins that may be coupled to an external host. The number and arrangement of the pins of the connector **2006** may vary depending on a communication interface between the data storage system **2000** and the external host. In embodiments, the data storage system **2000** may communicate with the external host through one of interfaces such as universal serial bus (USB), peripheral component interconnect express (PCI-Express), serial advanced technology attachment (SATA), or M-Phy for universal flash storage (UFS). In embodiments, the data storage system **2000** may operate with power supplied from the external host through the connector **2006**. The data storage system **2000** may further include a power management integrated circuit (PMIC) configured to distribute power supplied from an external host to the memory controller **2002** and the semiconductor packages **2003**.

[0190] The memory controller **2002** may write data to the semiconductor packages **2003**, read data from the semiconductor packages **2003**, and improve the operating speed of the data storage system **2000**.

[0191] The DRAM **2004** may be a buffer memory configured to reduce a speed difference between the semiconductor packages **2003** (e.g., data storage space) and the external host. The DRAM **2004** included in the data storage system **2000** may operate as a type of cache memory and may provide space for temporarily storing data when a control operation is performed on the semiconductor packages **2003**. When the data storage system **2000** includes the DRAM **2004**, the memory controller **2002** may further include a DRAM controller configured to control the DRAM **2004** in addition to a NAND controller configured to control the semiconductor packages **2003**.

[0192] The semiconductor packages **2003** may include a first semiconductor package **2003a** and a second semiconductor package **2003b** that may be arranged apart from each other. Each of the first and second semiconductor packages **2003a** and **2003b** may include a plurality of semiconductor

chips **2200**. Each of the first and second semiconductor packages **2003a** and **2003b** may include a package substrate **2100**, the semiconductor chips **2200** provided on the package substrate **2100**, an adhesive layer **2300** provided on a lower surface of each of the semiconductor chips **2200**, connection structures **2400** electrically connecting the semiconductor chips **2200** and the package substrate **2100** to each other, and a molding layer **2500** provided on the package substrate **2100** to cover the semiconductor chips **2200** and the connection structures **2400**.

[0193] The package substrate **2100** may be a printed circuit board including a plurality of upper package pads **2130**. Each of the semiconductor chips **2200** may include I/O pads **2210**. The I/O pads **2210** may correspond to the I/O pads **1101** shown in FIG. 27. Each of the semiconductor chips **2200** may include at least one of the non-volatile memory devices **100**, **100A**, **100B**, **200**, and **300** described with reference to FIGS. 3 to 11.

[0194] In embodiments, the connection structures **2400** may be and/or may include bonding wires that electrically connect the I/O pads **2210** and the upper package pads **2130** to each other. Therefore, in each of the first and second semiconductor packages **2003a** and **2003b**, the semiconductor chips **2200** may be electrically connected to each other by a wire bonding method and may be electrically connected to the upper package pads **2130** of the package substrate **2100**. In embodiments, the semiconductor chips **2200** of each of the first and second semiconductor packages **2003a** and **2003b** may be electrically connected to each other through connection structures including through-silicon vias (TSVs) instead of a wire bonding method using the connection structures **2400**.

[0195] In embodiments, the memory controller **2002** and the semiconductor chips **2200** may be included in one package. In embodiments, the memory controller **2002** and the semiconductor chips **2200** may be mounted on an additional interposer board different from the main board **2001** and may be connected to each other through wiring formed on the additional interposer board.

[0196] FIG. 29 is a cross-sectional diagram schematically illustrating a semiconductor package **2003**, according to embodiments. For example, FIG. 29 may be a cross-sectional diagram taken along line II-II' of FIG. 28.

[0197] Referring to FIG. 29, a package substrate **2100** of the semiconductor package **2003** may be a printed circuit board. The package substrate **2100** may include a package substrate body **2120**, a plurality of upper package pads **2130** (as shown in FIG. 28) arranged on an upper surface of the package substrate body **2120**, a plurality of lower pads **2125** arranged on a lower surface of the package substrate body **2120** or exposed through the lower surface of the package substrate body **2120**, and a plurality of internal wiring lines **2135** provided in the package substrate body **2120** to electrically connect the upper package pads **2130** (as shown in FIG. 28) and the lower pads **2125** to each other. The upper package pads **2130** may be electrically connected to the connection structures **2400**. The lower pads **2125** may be connected through a plurality of conductive bumps **2800** to the wiring patterns **2005** (as shown in FIG. 28) formed on the main board **2001** of the data storage system **2000**. Each of semiconductor chips **2200** may include at least one of the non-volatile memory devices **100**, **100A**, **100B**, **200**, and **300** described with reference to FIGS. 3 to 11.

[0198] While the present disclosure has been particularly shown and described with reference to embodiments thereof, it is to be understood that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the following claims.

## Claims

1. A non-volatile memory device, comprising: a plurality of gate lines comprising a string selection line, a word line above the string selection line, and a dummy word line between the string selection line and the word line, the plurality of gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction; a cut structure at least partially penetrating the string selection line in the vertical direction; a channel structure disposed in a channel hole that at least partially penetrates the

plurality of gate lines in the vertical direction; a bit line coupled with a first end of the channel structure; and a common source line coupled with a second end of the channel structure, wherein the channel hole comprises a first portion at least partially penetrating the string selection line, a second portion at least partially penetrating the word line, and a third portion disposed between the first portion and the second portion and coupled in one piece with the first portion and the second portion, wherein the first portion is offset from the second portion in a horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction, wherein the channel structure comprises a gate insulating layer conformally disposed on an inner wall of the channel hole, and a channel layer conformally disposed on the gate insulating layer, wherein the gate insulating layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

2. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein the channel hole further comprises a fourth portion between the first portion and the bit line, wherein the channel structure further comprises a bit line pad in the fourth portion, and wherein, at a boundary between the first portion and the fourth portion, a first horizontal width of the first portion is greater than a second horizontal width of the fourth portion.

3. The non-volatile memory device of claim 2, wherein the channel layer is electrically coupled with the bit line through the bit line pad.

4. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein each of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion does not comprise a step on an outer wall thereof.

5. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein the cut structure at least partially overlaps at least a portion of the second portion of the channel hole in the vertical direction.

6. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein the third portion at least partially overlaps at least a portion of the dummy word line in the horizontal direction.

7. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein a horizontal width of the second portion at a boundary between the second portion and the third portion is less than or equal to a vertical thickness of the third portion.

8. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein the cut structure does not overlap the first portion of the channel hole in the vertical direction.

9. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, further comprising: a common source line contact between the common source line and the second end of the channel structure.

10. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein a first width in the horizontal direction of a first region of the first portion gradually increases in a first direction from the bit line toward the common source line, wherein a second width in the horizontal direction of a second region of the second portion gradually increases in a second direction away from the first portion, wherein, at a first boundary between the first portion and the third portion, a first horizontal width of the first portion is less than a third horizontal width of the third portion, and wherein, at a second boundary between the second portion and the third portion, a second horizontal width of the second portion is less than the third horizontal width of the third portion.

11. The non-volatile memory device of claim 1, wherein a first maximum horizontal width of the first portion of the channel hole is less than a second maximum horizontal width of the channel hole.

12. A non-volatile memory device, comprising: a peripheral circuit stack comprising a peripheral circuit board and a peripheral circuit on the peripheral circuit board; and a first cell array stack on the peripheral circuit stack, wherein the first cell array stack comprises: a plurality of first gate lines comprising a first string selection line, a first word line above the first string selection line, and a first dummy word line between the first string selection line and the first word line, the plurality of first gate lines being disposed apart from each other in a vertical direction; a first cut structure at least partially penetrating the first string selection line in the vertical direction; a first channel structure comprising a first channel layer disposed in a first channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of first gate lines in the vertical direction; a first bit line coupled with the



first channel layer through a first bit line pad at a first end of the first channel structure; and a first common source line coupled with the first channel layer at a second end of the first channel structure, wherein the first channel hole comprises a first portion at least partially penetrating the first string selection line and a second portion at least partially penetrating the first word line, wherein a first width in a horizontal direction of a first region of the first portion gradually increases in a first direction from the first bit line toward the first common source line, the horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction, wherein a second width in the horizontal direction of a second region of the second portion gradually increases in a second direction away from the first portion, and wherein the first portion is offset from the second portion in the horizontal direction.

**13.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 12, wherein the first channel hole further comprises a third portion between the first portion and the second portion, wherein the third portion is coupled in one piece with the first portion and the second portion, wherein, at a first boundary between the first portion and the third portion, a first horizontal width of the first portion is less than a third horizontal width of the third portion, wherein, at a second boundary between the second portion and the third portion, a second horizontal width of the second portion is less than the third horizontal width of the third portion, and wherein each of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion does not comprise a step on an outer wall thereof.

**14.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 13, wherein the first channel structure further comprises a gate insulating layer conformally disposed between an inner wall of the first channel hole and the first channel layer, and wherein the gate insulating layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

**15.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 13, wherein the third portion at least partially overlaps at least a portion of the first dummy word line in the horizontal direction.

**16.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 13, wherein the first channel layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

**17.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 12, wherein the first bit line is disposed between the first channel structure and the peripheral circuit stack, and wherein the first common source line is apart from the first bit line with the first channel structure therebetween.

**18.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 12, wherein the first common source line is disposed between the first channel structure and the peripheral circuit stack, and wherein the first common source line is apart from the first bit line with the first channel structure therebetween.

**19.** The non-volatile memory device of claim 12, further comprising: a second cell array stack on the first cell array stack, wherein the second cell array stack comprises: a plurality of second gate lines disposed apart from each other in the vertical direction; a second channel structure comprising a second channel layer disposed in a second channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of second gate lines in the vertical direction; a second bit line coupled with the second channel layer through a second bit line pad at an end of the second channel structure; and a second common source line coupled with the second channel layer at another end of the second channel structure, wherein the second channel hole comprises a fifth portion at least partially penetrating a second string selection line of the plurality of second gate lines and a sixth portion at least partially penetrating a second word line of the plurality of second gate lines, and wherein a first center of the fifth portion is offset in the horizontal direction from a second center of the sixth portion.

**20.** An electronic system, comprising: a main board; a non-volatile memory device on the main board; and a controller on the main board and electrically coupled with the non-volatile memory device, wherein the non-volatile memory device comprises: a peripheral circuit stack comprising a peripheral circuit board and a peripheral circuit on the peripheral circuit board; and a cell array stack on the peripheral circuit stack, wherein the cell array stack comprises: a plurality of gate lines comprising a string selection line, a word line above the string selection line, and a dummy word line between the string selection line and the word line, the plurality of gate lines being disposed

apart from each other in a vertical direction; a cut structure at least partially penetrating the string selection line in the vertical direction; a channel structure comprising a channel layer disposed in a channel hole that at least partially penetrates the plurality of gate lines in the vertical direction; a bit line coupled with the channel layer through a bit line pad at an end of the channel structure; and a common source line coupled with the channel layer at another end of the channel structure, wherein the channel hole comprises a first portion at least partially penetrating the string selection line, a second portion at least partially penetrating the word line, and a third portion disposed between the first portion and the second portion and coupled in one piece with the first portion and the second portion, wherein a first width in a horizontal direction of a first region of the first portion gradually increases in a first direction from the bit line toward the common source line, the horizontal direction crossing the vertical direction, wherein a second width in the horizontal direction of a second region of the second portion gradually increases in a second direction away from the first portion, wherein, at a first boundary between the first portion and the third portion, a first horizontal width of the first portion is less than a third horizontal width of the third portion, wherein, at a second boundary between the second portion and the third portion, a second horizontal width of the second portion is less than the third horizontal width of the third portion, wherein a first center of the first portion is offset in the horizontal direction from a center of the second portion, wherein the channel structure further comprises a gate insulating layer conformally disposed on an inner wall of the channel hole, and wherein the gate insulating layer is disposed as one body on inner walls of the first portion, the second portion, and the third portion.

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