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Localized projection of audible noises in medical settings

Abstract

A localized sound projection system can coordinate the sounds of speakers to simulate the placement of an auditory cue in a 3D space. The system can include a plurality of speakers configured to output auditory signals and a sound localization controller configured to control the plurality of speakers to coordinate the auditory signals to simulate an origination location of a patient alarm. The sound localization controller can determine adjusted auditory signals and control a plurality of speakers to output the plurality of adjusted auditory signals. A method for dynamically controlling speaker settings in a medical environment can include determining volume settings corresponding to a speaker, monitoring a level of ambient noise corresponding to a room of a patient, controlling the volume settings of the speaker to reduce or increase a sound level output of a speaker. A patient monitoring system can be configured to physically manipulate medical devices in response to audible commands. The system can receive a plurality of vocal commands from a user and can manipulate various settings after confirmation from a user.

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7957780	12/2010	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
7962188	12/2010	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
7962190	12/2010	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
7976472	12/2010	Kiani	N/A	N/A
7988637	12/2010	Diab	N/A	N/A
7990382	12/2010	Kiani	N/A	N/A

7991446	12/2010	Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8000761	12/2010	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8008088	12/2010	Bellott et al.	N/A	N/A
RE42753	12/2010	Kiani-Azarbayjany et al.	N/A	N/A
8019400	12/2010	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8028701	12/2010	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8029765	12/2010	Bellott et al.	N/A	N/A
8036727	12/2010	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8036728	12/2010	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8046040	12/2010	Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8046041	12/2010	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8046042	12/2010	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8048040	12/2010	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8050728	12/2010	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
RE43169	12/2011	Parker	N/A	N/A
8118620	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8126528	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8128572	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8130105	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8145287	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8150487	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8175672	12/2011	Parker	N/A	N/A
8180420	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8182443	12/2011	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8185180	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8190223	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8190227	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8203438	12/2011	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8203704	12/2011	Merritt et al.	N/A	N/A
8204566	12/2011	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8219172	12/2011	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8224411	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8228181	12/2011	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8229532	12/2011	Davis	N/A	N/A
8229533	12/2011	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8233955	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8244325	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8255026	12/2011	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8255027	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8255028	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8260577	12/2011	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
8265723	12/2011	McHale et al.	N/A	N/A
8274360	12/2011	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
8280473	12/2011	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8301217	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8306596	12/2011	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8310336	12/2011	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
8315683	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
RE43860	12/2011	Parker	N/A	N/A
8337403	12/2011	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A

8346330	12/2012	Lamego	N/A	N/A
8353842	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8355766	12/2012	MacNeish, III et al.	N/A	N/A
8359080	12/2012	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8364223	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8364226	12/2012	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8374665	12/2012	Lamego	N/A	N/A
8385995	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8385996	12/2012	Smith et al.	N/A	N/A
8388353	12/2012	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8399822	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8401602	12/2012	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8405608	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8414499	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8418524	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8423106	12/2012	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8428967	12/2012	Olsen et al.	N/A	N/A
8430817	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8437825	12/2012	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
8455290	12/2012	Siskavich	N/A	N/A
8457703	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8457707	12/2012	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8463349	12/2012	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8466286	12/2012	Bellott et al.	N/A	N/A
8471713	12/2012	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
8473020	12/2012	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8483787	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8489364	12/2012	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
8495515	12/2012	Bush et al.	N/A	N/A
8498684	12/2012	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
8504128	12/2012	Blank et al.	N/A	N/A
8509867	12/2012	Workman et al.	N/A	N/A
8515509	12/2012	Bruinsma et al.	N/A	N/A
8523781	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8529301	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8532727	12/2012	Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8532728	12/2012	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
D692145	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8547209	12/2012	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8548548	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8548549	12/2012	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8548550	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8560032	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8560034	12/2012	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8570167	12/2012	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8570503	12/2012	Vo et al.	N/A	N/A
8571617	12/2012	Reichgott et al.	N/A	N/A
8571618	12/2012	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8571619	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8577431	12/2012	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A

8581732	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8584345	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8588880	12/2012	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
8600467	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8606342	12/2012	Diab	N/A	N/A
8626255	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8630691	12/2013	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8634889	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8641631	12/2013	Sierra et al.	N/A	N/A
8652060	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8663107	12/2013	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8666468	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8667967	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8670811	12/2013	O'Reilly	N/A	N/A
8670814	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8676286	12/2013	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
8682407	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
RE44823	12/2013	Parker	N/A	N/A
RE44875	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8688183	12/2013	Bruinsma et al.	N/A	N/A
8690799	12/2013	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
8700112	12/2013	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8702627	12/2013	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
8706179	12/2013	Parker	N/A	N/A
8712494	12/2013	MacNeish, III et al.	N/A	N/A
8715206	12/2013	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
8718735	12/2013	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8718737	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8718738	12/2013	Blank et al.	N/A	N/A
8720249	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8721541	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8721542	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8723677	12/2013	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8740792	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8754776	12/2013	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
8755535	12/2013	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
8755856	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8755872	12/2013	Marinow	N/A	N/A
8761850	12/2013	Lamego	N/A	N/A
8764671	12/2013	Kiani	N/A	N/A
8768423	12/2013	Shakespeare et al.	N/A	N/A
8771204	12/2013	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
8777634	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8781543	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8781544	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8781549	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8788003	12/2013	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8790268	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8801613	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8821397	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A

8821415	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8830449	12/2013	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8831700	12/2013	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
8840549	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8847740	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8849365	12/2013	Smith et al.	N/A	N/A
8852094	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8852994	12/2013	Wojtczuk et al.	N/A	N/A
8868147	12/2013	Stippick et al.	N/A	N/A
8868150	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8870792	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8886271	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8888539	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8888708	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8892180	12/2013	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
8897847	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8909310	12/2013	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
8911377	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8912909	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8920317	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8921699	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8922382	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8929964	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8942777	12/2014	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8948834	12/2014	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
8948835	12/2014	Diab	N/A	N/A
8965471	12/2014	Lamego	N/A	N/A
8983564	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
8989831	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
8996085	12/2014	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
8998809	12/2014	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9028429	12/2014	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9037207	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9060721	12/2014	Reichgott et al.	N/A	N/A
9066666	12/2014	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9066680	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9072474	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9078560	12/2014	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
9084569	12/2014	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9095316	12/2014	Welch et al.	N/A	N/A
9106038	12/2014	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9107625	12/2014	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9107626	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9113831	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9113832	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9119595	12/2014	Lamego	N/A	N/A
9131881	12/2014	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
9131882	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9131883	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9131917	12/2014	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A

9138180	12/2014	Coverston et al.	N/A	N/A
9138182	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9138192	12/2014	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9142117	12/2014	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
9153112	12/2014	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9153121	12/2014	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9161696	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9161713	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9167995	12/2014	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9176141	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9186102	12/2014	Bruinsma et al.	N/A	N/A
9192312	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9192329	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9192351	12/2014	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9195385	12/2014	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9211072	12/2014	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9211095	12/2014	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9218454	12/2014	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9226696	12/2015	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9241662	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9245668	12/2015	Vo et al.	N/A	N/A
9259185	12/2015	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
9267572	12/2015	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
9277880	12/2015	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
9289167	12/2015	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
9295421	12/2015	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9307928	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9323894	12/2015	Kiani	N/A	N/A
D755392	12/2015	Hwang et al.	N/A	N/A
9326712	12/2015	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9333316	12/2015	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9339220	12/2015	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9341565	12/2015	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9351673	12/2015	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
9351675	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9364181	12/2015	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9368671	12/2015	Wojtczuk et al.	N/A	N/A
9370325	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9370326	12/2015	McHale et al.	N/A	N/A
9370335	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9375185	12/2015	Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9386953	12/2015	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9386961	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9392945	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9397448	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9408542	12/2015	Kinast et al.	N/A	N/A
9436645	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9445759	12/2015	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9466919	12/2015	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9474474	12/2015	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A

9480422	12/2015	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9480435	12/2015	Olsen	N/A	N/A
9492110	12/2015	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9510779	12/2015	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
9517024	12/2015	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9532722	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9538949	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9538980	12/2016	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9549696	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9554737	12/2016	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
9560996	12/2016	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9560998	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9566019	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9579039	12/2016	Jansen et al.	N/A	N/A
9591975	12/2016	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
9622692	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9622693	12/2016	Diab	N/A	N/A
D788312	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9636055	12/2016	Al Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9636056	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9649054	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9662052	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9668679	12/2016	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
9668680	12/2016	Bruinsma et al.	N/A	N/A
9668703	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9675286	12/2016	Diab	N/A	N/A
9687160	12/2016	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9693719	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9693737	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9697928	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9717425	12/2016	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9717458	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9724016	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9724024	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9724025	12/2016	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9730640	12/2016	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
9743887	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9749232	12/2016	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
9750442	12/2016	Olsen	N/A	N/A
9750443	12/2016	Smith et al.	N/A	N/A
9750461	12/2016	Telfort	N/A	N/A
9775545	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9775546	12/2016	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
9775570	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9778079	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9782077	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9782110	12/2016	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9787568	12/2016	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9788735	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9788768	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A

9795300	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9795310	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9795358	12/2016	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
9795739	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9801556	12/2016	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9801588	12/2016	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9808188	12/2016	Perea et al.	N/A	N/A
9814418	12/2016	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9820691	12/2016	Kiani	N/A	N/A
9833152	12/2016	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9833180	12/2016	Shakespeare et al.	N/A	N/A
9839379	12/2016	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9839381	12/2016	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9847002	12/2016	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9847749	12/2016	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
9848800	12/2016	Lee et al.	N/A	N/A
9848806	12/2016	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9848807	12/2016	Lamego	N/A	N/A
9861298	12/2017	Eckerbom et al.	N/A	N/A
9861304	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9861305	12/2017	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
9867578	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9872623	12/2017	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9876320	12/2017	Coverston et al.	N/A	N/A
9877650	12/2017	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
9877686	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9891079	12/2017	Dalvi	N/A	N/A
9895107	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9913617	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9924893	12/2017	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
9924897	12/2017	Abdul-Hafiz	N/A	N/A
9936917	12/2017	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
9943269	12/2017	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
9949676	12/2017	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
9955937	12/2017	Telfort	N/A	N/A
9965946	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
9980667	12/2017	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
D820865	12/2017	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
9986919	12/2017	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
9986952	12/2017	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
9989560	12/2017	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
9993207	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10007758	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D822215	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D822216	12/2017	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
10010276	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10032002	12/2017	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10039482	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10052037	12/2017	Kinast et al.	N/A	N/A
10058275	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A

10064562	12/2017	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10086138	12/2017	Novak, Jr.	N/A	N/A
10092200	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10092249	12/2017	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10098550	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10098591	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10098610	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10111591	12/2017	Dyell et al.	N/A	N/A
D833624	12/2017	DeJong et al.	N/A	N/A
10123726	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10123729	12/2017	Dyell et al.	N/A	N/A
10130289	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10130291	12/2017	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
D835282	12/2017	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
D835283	12/2017	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
D835284	12/2017	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
D835285	12/2017	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
10149616	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10154815	12/2017	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10159412	12/2017	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
10188296	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10188331	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10188348	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
RE47218	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
RE47244	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
RE47249	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10194847	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10194848	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10201298	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10205272	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10205291	12/2018	Scruggs et al.	N/A	N/A
10213108	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10219706	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10219746	12/2018	McHale et al.	N/A	N/A
10226187	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10226576	12/2018	Kiani	N/A	N/A
10231657	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10231670	12/2018	Blank et al.	N/A	N/A
10231676	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
RE47353	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10251585	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10251586	12/2018	Lamego	N/A	N/A
10255994	12/2018	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
10258265	12/2018	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
10258266	12/2018	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
10271748	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10278626	12/2018	Schurman et al.	N/A	N/A
10278648	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10279247	12/2018	Kiani	N/A	N/A
10292628	12/2018	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A

10292657	12/2018	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
10292664	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10299708	12/2018	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
10299709	12/2018	Perea et al.	N/A	N/A
10299720	12/2018	Brown et al.	N/A	N/A
10305775	12/2018	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
10307111	12/2018	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
10325681	12/2018	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
10327337	12/2018	Schmidt et al.	N/A	N/A
10327713	12/2018	Barker et al.	N/A	N/A
10332630	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10335033	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10335068	12/2018	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
10335072	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10342470	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10342487	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10342497	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10349895	12/2018	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
10349898	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10354504	12/2018	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10357206	12/2018	Weber et al.	N/A	N/A
10383520	12/2018	Wojtczuk et al.	N/A	N/A
10383527	12/2018	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10388120	12/2018	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
D864120	12/2018	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
10441181	12/2018	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
10441196	12/2018	Eckerbom et al.	N/A	N/A
10448844	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10448871	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10456038	12/2018	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
10463340	12/2018	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
10471159	12/2018	Lapotko et al.	N/A	N/A
10505311	12/2018	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10524738	12/2019	Olsen	N/A	N/A
10532174	12/2019	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10537285	12/2019	Shreim et al.	N/A	N/A
10542903	12/2019	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10555678	12/2019	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
10568553	12/2019	O'Neil et al.	N/A	N/A
RE47882	12/2019	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10608817	12/2019	Haider et al.	N/A	N/A
D880477	12/2019	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
10617302	12/2019	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10617335	12/2019	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10637181	12/2019	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D886849	12/2019	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
D887548	12/2019	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
D887549	12/2019	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
10667764	12/2019	Ahmed et al.	N/A	N/A
D890708	12/2019	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A

10721785	12/2019	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10736518	12/2019	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10750984	12/2019	Pauley et al.	N/A	N/A
D897098	12/2019	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
10779098	12/2019	Iswanto et al.	N/A	N/A
10827961	12/2019	Iyengar et al.	N/A	N/A
10828007	12/2019	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
10832818	12/2019	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
10849554	12/2019	Shreim et al.	N/A	N/A
10856750	12/2019	Indorf	N/A	N/A
D906970	12/2020	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
D908213	12/2020	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
10918281	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10932705	12/2020	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
10932729	12/2020	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10939878	12/2020	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
10956950	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D916135	12/2020	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D917046	12/2020	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
D917550	12/2020	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D917564	12/2020	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D917704	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
10987066	12/2020	Chandran et al.	N/A	N/A
10991135	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D919094	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D919100	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11006867	12/2020	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
D921202	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11024064	12/2020	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
11026604	12/2020	Chen et al.	N/A	N/A
D925597	12/2020	Chandran et al.	N/A	N/A
D927699	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11076777	12/2020	Lee et al.	N/A	N/A
11114188	12/2020	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
D933232	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D933233	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D933234	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11145408	12/2020	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
11147518	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11185262	12/2020	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11191484	12/2020	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
D946596	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D946597	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D946598	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D946617	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
11272839	12/2021	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11289199	12/2021	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
RE49034	12/2021	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
11298021	12/2021	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
D950580	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A

D950599	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D950738	12/2021	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D957648	12/2021	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
11382567	12/2021	O'Brien et al.	N/A	N/A
11389093	12/2021	Triman et al.	N/A	N/A
11406286	12/2021	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11410507	12/2021	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
11417426	12/2021	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
11439329	12/2021	Lamego	N/A	N/A
11445948	12/2021	Scruggs et al.	N/A	N/A
D965789	12/2021	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D967433	12/2021	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11464410	12/2021	Muhsin	N/A	N/A
11504058	12/2021	Sharma et al.	N/A	N/A
11504066	12/2021	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
D971933	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D973072	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D973685	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D973686	12/2021	Ahmed	N/A	N/A
D974193	12/2022	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
D979516	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D980091	12/2022	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
11596363	12/2022	Lamego	N/A	N/A
11627919	12/2022	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
11637437	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D985498	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11653862	12/2022	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
D989112	12/2022	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
D989327	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11678829	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11679579	12/2022	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
11684296	12/2022	Vo et al.	N/A	N/A
11692934	12/2022	Normand et al.	N/A	N/A
11701043	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D997365	12/2022	Hwang	N/A	N/A
11721105	12/2022	Ranasinghe et al.	N/A	N/A
11730379	12/2022	Ahmed et al.	N/A	N/A
D998625	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D998630	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D998631	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D999244	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D999245	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D999246	12/2022	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
11766198	12/2022	Pauley et al.	N/A	N/A
D1000975	12/2022	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11803623	12/2022	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
11830349	12/2022	Muhsin et al.	N/A	N/A
11832940	12/2022	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
D1013179	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11872156	12/2023	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A

11879960	12/2023	Ranasinghe et al.	N/A	N/A
11883129	12/2023	Olsen	N/A	N/A
D1022729	12/2023	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
11951186	12/2023	Krishnamani et al.	N/A	N/A
11974833	12/2023	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
11986067	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
11986289	12/2023	Dalvi et al.	N/A	N/A
11986305	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D1031729	12/2023	Forrest et al.	N/A	N/A
12004869	12/2023	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
12014328	12/2023	Wachman et al.	N/A	N/A
D1036293	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
D1037462	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
12029844	12/2023	Pauley et al.	N/A	N/A
12048534	12/2023	Vo et al.	N/A	N/A
12064217	12/2023	Ahmed et al.	N/A	N/A
12066426	12/2023	Lapotko et al.	N/A	N/A
D1041511	12/2023	Indorf et al.	N/A	N/A
D1042596	12/2023	DeJong et al.	N/A	N/A
D1042852	12/2023	Hwang	N/A	N/A
12076159	12/2023	Belur Nagaraj et al.	N/A	N/A
12082926	12/2023	Sharma et al.	N/A	N/A
D1044828	12/2023	Chandran et al.	N/A	N/A
D1048571	12/2023	Yu et al.	N/A	N/A
D1048908	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
12106752	12/2023	Campbell et al.	N/A	N/A
12114974	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
12126683	12/2023	Koo et al.	N/A	N/A
12127838	12/2023	Olsen et al.	N/A	N/A
12128213	12/2023	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
12131661	12/2023	Pauley et al.	N/A	N/A
D1050910	12/2023	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
12178572	12/2023	Pauley et al.	N/A	N/A
12178581	12/2023	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
12178852	12/2023	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
D1057159	12/2024	DeJong et al.	N/A	N/A
D1057160	12/2024	DeJong et al.	N/A	N/A
12198790	12/2024	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
12200421	12/2024	Campbell et al.	N/A	N/A
12207901	12/2024	Lapotko et al.	N/A	N/A
2001/0034477	12/2000	Mansfield et al.	N/A	N/A
2001/0039483	12/2000	Brand et al.	N/A	N/A
2002/0010401	12/2001	Bushmakina et al.	N/A	N/A
2002/0058864	12/2001	Mansfield et al.	N/A	N/A
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2003/0013975	12/2002	Kiani	N/A	N/A
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2003/0212312	12/2002	Coffin, IV et al.	N/A	N/A

2004/0106163	12/2003	Workman, Jr. et al.	N/A	N/A
2005/0055276	12/2004	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
2005/0234317	12/2004	Kiani	N/A	N/A
2006/0073719	12/2005	Kiani	N/A	N/A
2006/0161054	12/2005	Reuss et al.	N/A	N/A
2006/0189871	12/2005	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
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2007/0180140	12/2006	Welch et al.	N/A	N/A
2007/0244377	12/2006	Cozad et al.	N/A	N/A
2007/0282478	12/2006	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2008/0064965	12/2007	Jay et al.	N/A	N/A
2008/0094228	12/2007	Welch et al.	N/A	N/A
2008/0103375	12/2007	Kiani	N/A	N/A
2008/0221418	12/2007	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2009/0036759	12/2008	Ault et al.	N/A	N/A
2009/0093687	12/2008	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
2009/0095926	12/2008	MacNeish, III	N/A	N/A
2009/0247984	12/2008	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
2009/0275813	12/2008	Davis	N/A	N/A
2009/0275844	12/2008	Ai-Ali	N/A	N/A
2010/0004518	12/2009	Vo et al.	N/A	N/A
2010/0030040	12/2009	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
2010/0099964	12/2009	O'Reilly et al.	N/A	N/A
2010/0234718	12/2009	Sampath et al.	N/A	N/A
2010/0270257	12/2009	Wachman et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0028806	12/2010	Merritt et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0028809	12/2010	Goodman	N/A	N/A
2011/0040197	12/2010	Welch et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0082711	12/2010	Poeze et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0087081	12/2010	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0118561	12/2010	Tari et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0125060	12/2010	Telfort et al.	N/A	N/A
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2011/0208015	12/2010	Welch et al.	N/A	N/A
2011/0230733	12/2010	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
2012/0123231	12/2011	O'Reilly	N/A	N/A
2012/0165629	12/2011	Merritt et al.	N/A	N/A
2012/0209082	12/2011	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
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2013/0041591	12/2012	Lamego	N/A	N/A
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2013/0096405	12/2012	Garfio	N/A	N/A
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2013/0243021	12/2012	Siskavich	N/A	N/A
2013/0253334	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2013/0296672	12/2012	O'Neil et al.	N/A	N/A

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2013/0324808	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
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2013/0345921	12/2012	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0012100	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0028464	12/2013	Garibaldi	N/A	N/A
2014/0051953	12/2013	Lamego et al.	N/A	N/A
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2014/0121482	12/2013	Merritt et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0127137	12/2013	Bellott et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0163344	12/2013	Al-Ali	N/A	N/A
2014/0166076	12/2013	Kiani et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0171763	12/2013	Diab	N/A	N/A
2014/0180038	12/2013	Kiani	N/A	N/A
2014/0180154	12/2013	Sierra et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0180160	12/2013	Brown et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0187973	12/2013	Brown et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0213864	12/2013	Abdul-Hafiz et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0274211	12/2013	Sejnoha et al.	N/A	N/A
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2014/0275872	12/2013	Merritt et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0288400	12/2013	Diab et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0316217	12/2013	Purdon et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0316218	12/2013	Purdon et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0316228	12/2013	Blank et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0323825	12/2013	Al-Ali et al.	N/A	N/A
2014/0323897	12/2013	Brown et al.	N/A	N/A
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Background/Summary

RELATED APPLICATIONS (1) This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/818,295, filed Aug. 8, 2022, entitled “Localized Projection of Audible Noises in Medical Settings,” which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/533,248, filed Aug. 6, 2019, entitled “Localized Projection of Audible Noises in Medical Settings,” which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/905,332, filed Feb. 26, 2018, and issued as U.S. Pat. No. 10,388,120, entitled “Localized Projection Of Audible Noises In Medical Settings,” which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/463,490, filed Feb. 24, 2017, entitled “Medical Monitoring Hub,” each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

(1) The present disclosure relates generally to improvements in patient monitoring devices.

BACKGROUND

(2) Today's patient monitoring environments are crowded with sophisticated and often electronic medical devices servicing a wide variety of monitoring and treatment endeavors for a given patient. Generally, many if not all of the devices are from differing manufactures, and many may be portable devices. The devices may not communicate with one another and each may include its own control, display, alarms, configurations and the like.

(3) The result of such device disparity is often a caregiver environment scattered with multiple displays and alarms leading to a potentially chaotic experience. Such chaos can be detrimental to the patient in many situations including surgical environments where caregiver distraction is unwanted, and including recovery or monitoring environments where patient distraction or disturbance may be unwanted.

SUMMARY

(4) The present disclosure provides for improved monitoring of patients through the use of localized projection of audible noises to direct a care provider quickly and intuitively to a particular direction or location. The system can include a plurality of speakers configured to output auditory signals, and a sound localization controller. The sound localization controller can be in communication with the speakers and can be configured to control the speakers to coordinate the auditory signals to simulate an origination location. The sound localization controller can include a processor that can be configured to receive an indication of an activation of the patient indicator and determine the origination location of the patient indicator based at least in part on the indication of the activation of the patient indicator. Based at least in part on the origination location and a location of each of a plurality of speakers, the processor can identify sound parameters for each of the plurality of speakers. The sound parameters can correspond to at least one of a timing, intensity, or frequency of a sound signal. The processor can determine adjusted auditory signals based at least in part on the identified sound parameters, and can control the plurality of speakers to output the plurality of adjusted auditory signals.

(5) The system of the preceding paragraph may also include any combination of the following features described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The system can further include a patient monitoring device configured to receive one or more patient signals from one or more physiological sensors, determine measurements of physiological parameters of a patient from the received one or more patient signals, monitor patient indicator criteria associated with the one or more measurements of the one or more physiological parameters, and transmit the indication of the activation of the patient indicator. The origination location can include at least one of a location of a physiological sensor, a patient monitoring device, a patient, a patient room, or one of the plurality

of speakers. The adjusted auditory signals can include at least one alarm signal and at least one time-delay alarm signal.

(6) The system of any of the preceding paragraphs may also include any combination of the following features described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The plurality of speakers can include a first speaker and a second speaker. The first speaker can be configured to output the at least one audible noise, such as an alarm signal, and the second speaker can be configured to output the at least one time-delayed audible noise. The at least one time-delayed alarm signal can be a time-delayed copy of the alarm signal. The at least one time-delayed alarm signal can be time-delayed from the alarm signal by a few milliseconds. The plurality of speakers can be located in a patient room. The first speaker can be located closer to the origination location than the second speaker is. The alarm signal can include a heartbeat signal corresponding to a patient's heartbeat.

(7) The present disclosure also provides for an improved monitoring device for adjusting auditory settings based on acoustics of the environment. The patient monitoring device includes a plurality of speakers configured to output auditory signals, a noise sensor, and an acoustics controller having a processor. The processor can be configured to control the plurality of speakers to output one or more test auditory signals, receive noise data from the noise sensor corresponding to the one or more test auditory signals, determine acoustics of a surrounding environment based at least in part on the received noise data, and adjust one or more speaker parameters of the plurality of speakers based on the determined acoustics.

(8) The device of the preceding paragraph may also include any combination of the following features described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The plurality of speakers can include a first speaker and a second speaker. The adjustment of the one or more speaker parameters can optimize the output auditory signals for the determined acoustics of the surrounding environment.

(9) A system is configured to connect to a plurality of devices, each device having one or more speakers. The system can transmit a request to each of the plurality of devices. The request can request that each of the devices provide a test sound through the respective speakers. The system can listen for the test sound of the speakers and can determine at least one of a location, distance, and volume of each of the speakers. The patient monitoring system can use at least one of the plurality of speakers to provide a one or more audible noises. In some cases, the system communicates with each of the devices in sequence. In some cases, the system communicates with each of the devices simultaneously.

(10) The present disclosure also provides for dynamically controlling speaker settings in a medical environment. This can include determining, using a noise sensor, volume settings corresponding to a speaker of an electrical device. Dynamically controlling speaker settings can further include monitoring, using a noise sensor, a level of ambient noise corresponding to a room of a patient, and controlling the volume settings of the speaker to adjust a sound level output of a speaker based at least in part on a determination that one or more volume adjustment conditions are satisfied.

(11) The dynamically controlling speaker settings of the preceding paragraph may also include any combination of the following features or steps described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The one or more volume adjustment conditions can include determining, based on the level of ambient noise, that the patient, the room of the patient, or the speaker is located in a quiet zone of a hospital, and determining, based at least in part on a time of day, that quiet hours are ongoing. The dynamically controlling speaker settings can further include adjusting the sound level output of the speaker to reduce the sound level output of the speaker.

(12) The dynamically controlling speaker settings of any of the preceding two paragraphs may also include any combination of the following features or steps described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The one or more volume adjustment conditions can include determining, based on the level of ambient noise, that the patient, the room of the patient, or the speaker is not

located in a quiet zone of a hospital, and determining, based at least in part on a time of day, that quiet hours are not ongoing. The dynamically controlling speaker settings can further include adjusting the sound level output of the speaker to increase the sound level output of the speaker.

(13) The dynamically controlling speaker settings of any of the preceding three paragraphs may also include any combination of the following features or steps described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The noise sensor can include at least one of a decibel reader or a microphone. The level of ambient noise can correspond to the level of ambient noise in a room of a patient. The method can further include adjusting the volume settings of the speaker by a predetermined amount. The method can further include adjusting the volume settings of the speaker to a predetermined volume setting.

(14) The present disclosure also provides for dynamically controlling display settings in a medical environment. This can include determining display settings corresponding to a display.

Dynamically controlling display settings can further include monitoring, using an ambient light sensor, a level of ambient light corresponding to a surrounding environment, and adjusting the display settings of the display based on a display settings threshold.

(15) The dynamically controlling display settings of the preceding paragraph may also include any combination of the following features or steps described in this paragraph, among others described herein. Dynamically controlling display settings can further include determining the display settings threshold based on the level of ambient light, and adjusting the display settings based at least in part on a comparison of the display settings to a display settings threshold.

(16) In some aspects of the present disclosure, a method of audibly altering parameters of a medical device can include receiving, using a microphone, a first vocal command, and interpreting the first vocal command as an activation phrase configured to initiate a process of audibly altering parameters of a medical device. The method can further include controlling a speaker to provide an audible indication of an acknowledgment of the activation phrase and initiation of the process of audibly altering parameters of the medical device. The method can further include, after controlling the speaker to provide the audible indication, receiving, using the microphone, a second vocal command. The method can further include interpreting the second vocal command as a request to alter the parameters of the medical device, and causing a display to display, in text, an indication of the interpreted request to alter the parameters. The indication can include a request for confirmation. The method can further include receiving the confirmation and altering the parameters of the medical device.

(17) The method of the preceding paragraph may also include any combination of the following features or steps described in this paragraph, among others described herein. The method can further include receiving a third vocal command, failing to interpret the third vocal command, and controlling the speaker to provide an audible indication that the third vocal command was not interpreted. The confirmation can be received using the microphone. The confirmation can be received using an input device. The input device can include a touch screen or keyboard.

(18) A patient monitoring system can include a speaker. The speaker can include a large speaker chamber. Based on the size of the speaker chamber, the speaker can produce a low-frequency sound that can travel further than convention patient monitoring speakers produce, without having a higher volume. The low-frequency speaker can be configured to pass through walls or doors to alert care providers outside of a room to an activation of the patient indicator.

(19) For purposes of summarizing the disclosure, certain aspects, advantages and novel features are discussed herein. It is to be understood that not necessarily all such aspects, advantages or features will be embodied in any particular embodiment of the invention and an artisan would recognize from the disclosure herein a myriad of combinations of such aspects, advantages or features.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The following drawings and the associated descriptions are provided to illustrate embodiments of the present disclosure and do not limit the scope of the claims.
- (2) FIG. 1 is an example block diagram of a patient monitoring device.
- (3) FIG. 2A is a perspective view of an example patient monitoring device including a hub and the patient monitoring device of FIG. 1.
- (4) FIG. 2B illustrates an example hardware block diagram of the hub of FIG. 2A.
- (5) FIG. 3 illustrates a perspective view of a back side of the patient monitoring device of FIG. 2A.
- (6) FIG. 4 illustrates an example speaker for producing an audible noise.
- (7) FIGS. 5A-5C illustrate example localized sound projection systems for providing localized projection of audible noises.
- (8) FIG. 6 is a flow diagram illustrative of an embodiment of a routine implemented by a system to provide localized projection of audible noises via a plurality of speakers.
- (9) FIG. 7 is a flow diagram illustrative of an embodiment of a routine implemented by a system to adjust speaker settings based on surrounding acoustics.
- (10) FIG. 8 illustrates a flow diagram of an example routine for adjusting volume of a speaker.
- (11) FIG. 9 is a flow diagram illustrative of an example routine for adjusting display settings of a display.
- (12) FIG. 10 is a flow diagram illustrative of an example routine for audibly altering parameters of a medical device.
- (13) While the foregoing “Brief Description of the Drawings” references generally various embodiments of the disclosure, an artisan will recognize from the disclosure herein that such embodiments are not mutually exclusive. Rather, the artisan would recognize a myriad of combinations of some or all of such embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

- (14) FIG. 1 is an example block diagram of a patient monitoring device. The patient monitoring device can include a docked portable patient monitor **100**, which may be referred to herein as the patient monitoring device **100**. The patient monitoring device **100** may advantageously include an oximeter, co-oximeter, respiratory monitor, depth of sedation monitor, noninvasive blood pressure monitor, vital signs monitor or the like, such as those commercially available from Masimo Corporation of Irvine, CA, and/or disclosed in U.S. Patent Publication Nos. 2002/0140675, 2010/0274099, 2011/0213273, 2012/0226117, 2010/0030040; U.S. Patent Application Ser. Nos. 61/242,792, 61/387,457, 61/645,570, Ser. No. 13/554,908 and U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,157,850, 6,334,065, and the like.
- (15) The patient monitoring device **100** can include a first processor **104**, a display, **106**, and an OEM board **108**. The patient monitoring device **100** further includes one or more cables **110** and an antenna **112** for wired and wireless communication, respectively.
- (16) The OEM board **108** can include an instrument board **114**, a core or technical board **116**, and memory **118**. In some cases, the memory **118** can include a user interface module **120**, a signal processing module **122**, instrument configuration parameters **124**, and local configuration parameters **126**.
- (17) The patient monitoring device **100** may communicate with a variety of noninvasive and/or minimally invasive sensors **102** such as optical sensors with light emission and detection circuitry, acoustic sensors, devices that measure blood parameters from a finger prick, cuffs, ventilators, ECG sensors, pulse oximeters, and the like.
- (18) One or more of the sensors **102** can be attached to a medical patient. The sensors **102** can obtain physiological information from a medical patient and transmit this information to the technical board **116** through cables **130** or through a wireless connection (not shown). The physiological information can include one or more physiological parameters or values and

waveforms corresponding to the physiological parameters.

(19) The technical board **116** can receive physiological information from the sensors **102**. The technical board **116** can include a circuit having a second processor, which may be the same as the first processor **104**, and input ports for receiving the physiological information. The technical board **116** can access the signal processing module **122** to process the physiological information in the second processor. In addition, the technical board **116** can include one or more output ports, such as serial ports. For example, an RS232, RS423, or autobaud RS232 (serial interface standard) port or a universal serial bus (USB) port may be included in the technical board **116**.

(20) The technical board **116** and the signal processing module **122** can include a sensor processing system for the patient monitoring device **100**. In some cases, the sensor processing system generates waveforms from signals received from the sensors **102**. The sensor processing system may also analyze single or multiparameter trends to provide early warning alerts to clinicians prior to an alarm event. In addition, the sensor processing system can generate alarms in response to physiological parameters exceeding certain safe thresholds.

(21) Example alerts include no communication with the patient monitoring device **100**, alarm silenced on the patient monitoring device **100**, instrument low battery (patient monitoring device **100**), and transmitter low battery. Example physiological parameters include SpO₂ levels, high and low SpO₂, high and low PR, HbCO level, HbMET level, pulse rate, perfusion index, signal quality, HbCO, HbMET, PI, and desat index. Additional example alarms include SpO₂ alarms, high and low SpO₂ alarms, high and low PR, HbCO alarms, HbMET alarms, pulse rate alarms, no sensor alarms, sensor off patient alarms, sensor error, low perfusion index alarm, low signal quality alarm, HbCO alarm, HbMET alarm, PI trend alarm, and desat index alarm.

(22) The instrument board **114** can receive the waveforms, alerts, alarms, and the like from the technical board **116**. The instrument board **114** can include a circuit having a third processor, which may be the same as the first processor **104**, and input ports for receiving the waveforms, alerts, and alarms from the technical board **116** and output ports for interfacing with the display **106**, a speaker or other device capable of producing an audible indication. The instrument board **114** can access the user interface module **120** to process the waveforms, alerts, and alarms to provide indications of the waveforms, alerts, alarms or other data associated with the physiological parameters monitored by the sensors **102**. The indications can be displayed on the display **106**. In addition or alternatively, the alerts and alarms are audible. The indications, alerts, and alarms can be communicated to end-user devices, for example, through a hospital backbone, a hospital WLAN **16**, and/or the Internet.

(23) Additionally, the instrument board **114** and/or the technical board **116** may advantageously include one or more processors and controllers, busses, all manner of communication connectivity and electronics, memory, memory readers including EPROM readers, and other electronics recognizable to an artisan from the disclosure herein. Each board can include substrates for positioning and support, interconnect for communications, electronic components including controllers, logic devices, hardware/software combinations and the like to accomplish the tasks designated above and others.

(24) An artisan will recognize from the disclosure herein that the instrument board **114** and/or the technical board **116** may include a large number of electronic components organized in a large number of ways.

(25) Because of the versatility needed to process many different physiological parameters, the technical board **116** can further include a revision number or other indication of the circuit design and capabilities of a specific technical board **116**.

(26) Likewise, because of the versatility needed to display the processed physiological parameters for use by many different end users, the instrument board **114** can further include a revision number or other indication of the circuit design and capabilities of the specific instrument board.

(27) Software is also subject to upgrading to increase its capabilities. The signal processing module

122 can further include a version number or other indication of the code found in the specific signal processing module **122**. Likewise, the user interface module **120** can further include a version number or other indication of the code found on the specific user interface module **120**.

(28) Some or all of the serial numbers, the model numbers, and the revision numbers of the technical board **116** and the instrument board **114** that include the specific patient monitoring device **100** can be stored in the instrument configuration parameters **124**. Further, the version numbers of the signal processing module **122** and the user interface module **120** are stored in the instrument configuration parameters **124**. The instrument configuration parameters **124** can further include indications of the physiological parameters that are enabled, and indications of the physiological parameters that are capable of being enabled for the patient monitoring device **100**.

(29) The location of the patient monitoring device **100** can affect the sensitivity at which a physiological parameter is monitored. For example, a physiological parameter may be monitored with greater sensitivity when the patient monitoring device **100** is located in the neonatal intensive care unit (NICU), OR or surgical ICU than when it is located in an adult patient's room. In some cases, the location of the patient monitoring device **100** may affect the availability of the device for another patient. For example, a patient monitoring device **100** located in the hospital discharge area may be available for another patient, whereas one located in a patient's room may not be available anytime soon.

(30) The local configuration parameters **126** can include a location of the patient monitoring device **100** within the facility, an indication of whether the device is configured for adult or pediatric monitoring, and the like.

(31) The sensor **102** can include memory **128**. The memory **128** can include information associated with the sensor **102**, such as, but not limited to a sensor type, a sensor model number, a sensor revision number, a sensor serial number, and the like.

(32) The patient monitoring device **100** can include a Radical-7® Rainbow SET Pulse Oximeter by Masimo Corporation, Irvine, CA. The OEM board **108** can be produced by Masimo Corporation, Irvine, CA and used by others to produce patient monitoring devices.

(33) FIG. 2A illustrates a perspective view of an example patient monitoring device, such as a medical monitoring hub with the docked portable patient monitoring device **100**, the combination of which may also be referred to herein as a patient monitoring device or patient monitoring system **200**. The hub includes a display **224**, and a docking station **226**, which can be configured to mechanically and electrically mate with the portable patient monitoring device **100**, each housed in a movable, mountable and portable housing **228**. The housing **228** includes a generally upright inclined shape configured to rest on a horizontal flat surface, although the housing **228** can be affixed in a wide variety of positions and mountings and include a wide variety of shapes and sizes.

(34) The display **224** may present a wide variety of measurement and/or treatment data in numerical, graphical, waveform, or other display indicia **232**. The display **224** can occupy much of a front face of the housing **228**; although an artisan will appreciate the display **224** may include a tablet or tabletop horizontal configuration, a laptop-like configuration or the like. Other examples may include communicating display information and data to a table computer, smartphone, television, or any display system recognizable to an artisan. The upright inclined configuration of FIG. 2A presents display information to a caregiver in an easily viewable manner. The patient monitoring device **200** may display information for a variety of physiological parameters, such as but not limited to oxygen saturation (SpO₂), hemoglobin (Hb), oxyhemoglobin (HbO₂), total hemoglobin, carboxyhemoglobin, methemoglobin, perfusion index (Pi), pulse rate (PR) of blood pressure, temperature, electrocardiogram (ECG), motion data, accelerometer data, respiration, continuous blood pressure, pleth variability index, oxygen content, oxygen reserve index, acoustic respiration rate (RRa), and respiration rate from the pleth.

(35) FIG. 2B illustrates a simplified example hardware block diagram of the patient monitoring device **200**. As shown in FIG. 2B, the housing **228** of the patient monitoring device **200** positions

and/or encompasses an instrument board **202**, a core or technical board **212**, the display **224**, memory **204**, and the various communication connections, including serial ports **230**, channel ports **222**, Ethernet ports **205**, nurse call port **206**, other communication ports **208** including standard USB, or the like, and a docking station interface **210**. The instrument board **202** can include one or more substrates including communication interconnects, wiring, ports and the like to enable the communications and functions described herein, including inter-board communications. The technical board **212** includes the main parameter, signal, and other processor(s) and memory. A portable monitor board (“RIB”) **214** includes patient electrical isolation for the monitor **100** and one or more processors. A channel board (“MID”) **216** controls the communication with the channel ports **222** including optional patient electrical isolation and power supply **218**, and a radio board **220** includes components configured for wireless communications.

(36) Additionally, the instrument board **202** and/or the technical board **212** may advantageously include one or more processors and controllers, busses, all manner of communication connectivity and electronics, memory, memory readers including EPROM readers, and other electronics recognizable to an artisan from the disclosure herein. Each board can include substrates for positioning and support, interconnect for communications, electronic components including controllers, logic devices, hardware/software combinations and the like to accomplish the tasks designated above and others.

(37) An artisan will recognize from the disclosure herein that the instrument board **202** and or the technical board **212** may include a large number of electronic components organized in a large number of ways.

(38) Because of the versatility needed to process many different physiological parameters, the technical board **212** can further include a revision number or other indication of the circuit design and capabilities of a specific technical board **212**.

(39) Likewise, because of the versatility needed to display the processed physiological parameters for use by many different end users, the instrument board **202** can further include a revision number or other indication of the circuit design and capabilities of the specific instrument board **202**.

(40) The memory **204** can include a user interface module **240**, a signal processing module **242**, instrument configuration parameters **244**, and local configuration parameters **246**.

(41) The instrument board **202** can access the user interface module **240** to process the waveforms, alerts, and alarms to provide indications of the waveforms, alerts, alarms or other data associated with the physiological parameters for the patient monitoring device **200**. The technical board **212** can access the signal processing module **242** to process the physiological information for the patient monitoring device **200**.

(42) Software for the patient monitoring device **200** is also subject to upgrading to increase its capabilities. The signal processing module **242** can further include a version number or other indication of the code found in the specific signal processing module **242**. Likewise, the user interface module **240** can further include a version number or other indication of the code found on the specific user interface module **240**.

(43) Some or all of the serial numbers, the model numbers, and the revision numbers of the technical board **212** and the instrument board **202** that include the specific patient medical monitoring hub **150** can be stored in the instrument configuration parameters **244**. Further, the version numbers of the signal processing module **242** and the user interface module **240** can be stored in the instrument configuration parameters **244**. The instrument configuration parameters **244** further include indications of the physiological parameters that are enabled, and indications of the physiological parameters that are capable of being enabled for the patient monitoring device **200**.

(44) The local configuration parameters **246** can include a location of the patient monitoring device **200** within the facility, an indication of whether the device is configured for adult or pediatric

monitoring, and the like.

(45) The patient monitoring device **200** can include a Root® Patient Monitoring and Connectivity Platform by Masimo Corporation, Irvine, CA that includes the Radical-7® also by Masimo Corporation, Irvine, CA.

(46) FIG. 3 illustrates an example perspective view of a back side of the patient monitoring device **200** of FIG. 2A, showing an example serial data inputs. The inputs can include RJ 45 ports. As is understood in the art, these ports include data ports similar to those found on computers, network routers, switches and hubs. A plurality of these ports can be used to associate data from various devices with the specific patient identified in the patient monitoring device **200**. FIG. 2B also shows a speaker, the nurse call connector, the Ethernet connector, the USBs, a power connector and a medical grounding lug.

Low-Frequency Speaker

(47) FIG. 4 is illustrates an example speaker **400** that can be incorporated into or in communication with a patient monitoring device and can produce one or more audible noises. Advantageously, the speaker **400** can produce a sound wave that can travel further and sound differently than conventional speakers, thereby increasing a likelihood that a caregiver can hear, and ultimately respond to, the audible noise.

(48) As described here, a patient monitoring device can be configured to receive one or more signals from a physiological sensor, determine one or more measurements of the one or more physiological parameters of a patient from the received signal, and determine one or more conditions associated with the one or more measurements of the one or more physiological parameters. The patient monitoring device can communicate with speaker **400** and cause the speaker to produce an audible noise, which can include an alarm or other sound, such as a heart beat, a chirp or any other noise meant to obtain the attention of the care provider in an intuitive way. In some cases, the audible noise can be intended to alert a caregiver of an alarm condition or of the activation of the patient indicator. Accordingly, it can be of vital importance to the health of the patient for a caregiver to hear and respond to the audible noise of the speaker **400**.

(49) Unfortunately, especially in a hospital environment when nurses and doctors are responsible for a multitude of patients, it can be difficult to provide an audible noise that can be heard by a caregiver, who might be a substantial distance from the patient such as outside of the patient's room. One solution might be to make the audible noise louder, but this solution comes with its disadvantages, such as causing damage to a nearby patient's hearing or simply disrupting any serenity provided by the hospital. Speaker **400** can advantageously produce a sound wave that can travel further than conventional speakers can (for example, passing through walls), yet is not louder in volume than conventional speakers are. Accordingly, the speaker **400** can increase a likelihood that an audible noise will be heard by a caregiver.

(50) In contrast to traditional speakers, the speaker **400** has an increased size. For example, any of the, length **410**, width **412**, height **414**, or diameter **408** can larger than that of a traditional speaker. Furthermore, and the speaker includes a large acoustic chamber that allows the speaker **400** to produce sound waves that have lower frequencies. Walls reflect and/or absorb most high and medium frequency sound. The remaining low frequency energy that is not reflected or absorbed passes through the wall. Accordingly, the speaker **400** can produce a low frequency that generally passes through walls.

Localized Projection

(51) FIGS. 5A-5B illustrate example localized sound projection systems **500A**, **500B** for providing localized projection of audible noises. The localized sound projection systems **500A**, **500B** can coordinate the audible noises of various speakers to simulate the placement of an auditory cue in a three dimensional space. In other words, systems **500A**, **500B** adjust sound parameters to fool a listener's brain into thinking an audible noise originates from a particular location. This provides the advantage of intuitively directing a care provider's attention to a location that can aid the care

provider in caring for the patient.

(52) As illustrated in FIG. 5A, the localized sound projection system **500A** can be implemented on a floor of a medical facility to aid caregivers in effectively monitoring their patients. The floor has a generally circular layout, which advantageously provides a functional flow that benefits both the patients and the staff. Patient rooms **506** can be located around the exterior of the floor and the nurses' stations **504** can be centrally located on the floor to minimize a distance between a nurse and any particular patient's room **506**.

(53) To aid in monitoring the patients, in many cases, the nurses' desks are oriented in a nursing station **504** such that the nurses' backs are to each other or to a supply room **502** and their faces are directed to the patients' rooms **506**. Each of the nurses at the nurses station can be assigned a set of patients, and, in many circumstances, this assignment can be based on the patient room locations on the floor. For example, with four nurses working the floor and two at each nursing station **504**, each of the nurses can be assigned a quarter of the floor. Accordingly, a particular nurse is responsible for any patient residing in a patient room **506** that corresponds to the assigned quarter of the floor.

(54) However, despite these provisions, in many cases, each nurse is generally responsible for monitoring many patients at once. Further, many physiological parameters including heart rate, blood pressure, or the like can be monitored for each patient. Thus, a nurse's job can be quite overwhelming and complex, especially when he or she is hearing many audible noises at once, as it can be sometimes be difficult for the nurse to determine which audible noise corresponds to a particular patient. Accordingly, techniques for enhancing patient monitoring are described.

(55) The localized sound projection systems **500A**, **500B** can implement sound localization techniques. Sound localization exploits a listener's spatial-hearing "map," a perceptual representation of where sounds are located relative to the head. Generally, listeners can hear a sound and can identify the position of the sound or discriminate changes in the location of sounds. By coordinating or offsetting speakers, the localized sound projection systems **500A**, **500B** can simulate the placement of an auditory cue in a 3D space. In other words, the localized sound projection systems **500A**, **500B** can, in essence, fool the listener's brain into thinking an audible noise originates from a particular location, such as a patient's room, a patient, a particular area in the nurses' station **504**, etc.

(56) The localized sound projection system **500A**, **500B** can adjust a location (sometimes referred to as origination location) at which a listener thinks the audible noise originated in order to give the listener immediate insight as to a direction from which the issue arises. For example, if a patient indicator is activated for Patient A, localized sound projection system **500A**, **500B** can cause an audible noise to sound as if it is coming from Patient A's room. Accordingly, the localized sound projection system can advantageously aid a caregiver in identifying the direction or location of a patient that necessitates attention, which can speed up a caregiver response time.

(57) A person's auditory system uses several cues for sound source localization, including time- and level-differences (or intensity-difference) between ears, spectral information, timing analysis, correlation analysis, and pattern matching. Thus, system **500A** can include a plurality of speakers that are located at various positions in a space. For example, any of speakers **508**, **510** can be located on a hospital floor, a nursing station, or a patient's room. The speakers can be configured to simulate the placement of an auditory noise, which may be an alarm or a sound, such as a heart beat, a chirp or any other noise meant to obtain the attention of the care provider in an intuitive way by altering one or more of a timing, intensity, frequency, etc. of a sound signal output by the speakers. For example, the timing can be altered by a few milliseconds.

(58) By altering a timing, intensity, frequency or one or more of the speakers, the system **500A**, **500B** can simulate audible noises as originating from various locations, thereby making the listener believe the sounds are coming from the simulated location.

(59) As a non-limiting example, each patient room **506** can include one or more patient monitors

that are configured to monitor physiological parameters of a patient. The system **500A** can communicate with patient monitors in a plurality of patient rooms **506** (or can communicate with a centralized system that communicates with the patient monitors). When a patient indicator is activated for a particular patient, the system **500A** can coordinate the audible noises of the speakers to make them sound as if they are originating from a particular location or direction, such as a patient, a patient's bed, a patient's room, or a general direction of a patient.

(60) The system can utilize multiple speakers projecting audible noises at different delays. For example, the system can utilize speakers, and based on the activation of the patient indicator, the second speaker can project an audible noise that is delayed by a few milliseconds relative to an audible noise projected by another speaker. Accordingly, the system can fool a user's brain into thinking the audible noise is coming from a particular direction, such as a location of a patient's room or a specific location on the patient. For example, the system can fool a user's brain into thinking that the audible noise is coming from the patient's foot.

(61) FIG. **5B** illustrates a system **500B** that includes a plurality of speakers **520** and **522** that are configured to output audible noises. In some cases, the system **500B** can include fewer or more speakers. For example, the system **500B** can include 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or more speakers. Furthermore, although the speakers are generally aligned around the patient monitor **200**, any one or more of the speakers **520**, **522** can be aligned in any suitable manner throughout the patient room. Thus, the placement of the speakers illustrated in FIG. **5B** should not be construed as limiting.

(62) The system **500A**, **500B** can utilize a speaker of one or more various connected devices to provide surround sound. For example, the system **500A**, **500B** can be in communication with various devices (for example, patient monitors, televisions, etc.) that have an associated speaker. The system **500A**, **500B**, **500C** can also utilize a sound calibration mode to determine which of these connected devices have sound capabilities. Furthermore, the system **500A** and **500B** can determine a location of each of the various devices and/or can determine from which direction or location the sounds will come from.

(63) For example, the system **500A**, **500B**, **500C** can transmit a command to one or more of the connected devices and request that the device make a sound. The patient monitoring system can then use a noise sensor to monitor the sound and determine the direction, location, volume, etc. of the particular device. After acquiring this information for a plurality of devices, the system **500B** can then use the speakers of those devices to provide localized projection of patient sounds. Because the various connected devices may be moved around the room, removed from the room, or added to the room, the patient monitoring system may periodically initiate the sound calibration mode to reset the localized projection.

(64) As described herein with respect to FIG. **5A**, the system **500B** can utilize one or more of the speakers **520**, **522** to output an audible noise to simulate the audible noise as originating from various locations.

(65) An abnormal parameter or system operating parameter can be associated with a specific portion of a patient's body. For instance, if the system utilizes a pulse oximeter, then a probe off condition might be associated with a patient's left or right hand. Similarly, a patient's respiration rate might be associated with a patient's chest. Accordingly, in some cases, when the system wants to indicate an audible noise, it can utilize a speaker or speakers that is closest to the associated portion of the patient's body or can project audible noises using a plurality of speakers in a particular direction. Using the examples above, the system can utilize the speakers on the right side of the patient's body to indicate a probe off condition corresponding to the patient's right hand. Similarly, the system can utilize the speakers near the patient's head to indicate the activation of the patient indicator associated with the upper half of a patient's body. For example, the patient indicator associated with the upper half of the patient's body can include an abnormal respiration rate. Accordingly, the system can utilize the speakers to indicate to the caregiver a direction and/or

general location of the portion of the patient's body which needs attention. Alternatively, a surround sound bar can be used to project sound in a specific direction to draw the attention of care providers in that direction.

(66) The system can be utilized to localize the projection of an audible noise to make the audible noise sound as though it is coming from an ailing body part or a portion of the patient's body that is associated with the activation of the patient indicator. By localizing the sound to a particular portion of the patient's body, a caregiver is quickly informed of the location on the patient which is experiencing an issue and the caregiver can more easily and more efficiently determine what is wrong with the patient. As a non-limiting example, if the patient monitor detects that the patient is experiencing an abnormal heart rate, the surround sound can localize the sound of the audible noise to the patient's heart, such that it sounds as though the audible noise is coming from the patient's heart.

(67) The audible noise or notification can be a sound that corresponds the activation of the patient indicator. For instance, if a heart rate parameter is causing the activation of the patient indicator, then the audible noise can sound like a beating heart. Thus, by hearing the audible noise, and because a heartbeat is an easily identifiable noise, the caregiver will know that the heart rate is abnormal. Similarly, if a patient hydration parameter is causing an audible noise, the audible noise can sound like running or falling water. Different audible noises can be set for each measured parameter, or a single audible noise can be set for any of a group of parameters. It should be noted however that while any audible noise can be used to designate an alarm, it can be advantageous for the audible noise to sound like or correspond to the abnormal parameter so as to help guide the caregiver. Alternatively or in addition, the audible noise can include an audible representation of the abnormal parameter. For instance, "oxygen saturation," "carboxyhemoglobin," "methemoglobin," etc. can be spoken by the speaker when that particular parameter is abnormal.

(68) FIG. 5C illustrates a system **500C** that includes a patient monitor **200** configured to adjust speaker parameters based on surrounding acoustics. The patient monitoring device **200** can include a plurality of speakers, a noise sensor, and an acoustics controller. Using the speakers, the noise sensor, and the acoustics controller, the patient monitor **200** can transmit and detect a test auditory signal, and based on these signals can determine an acoustics of the surroundings. The patient monitoring device can adjust one or more of the speaker parameters based on the determined acoustics.

(69) The speakers of the patient monitoring device **200** can be integrated within a housing of the device. In some cases, the patient monitor **200** includes two integrated speakers. However, in other cases, the system **500C** can include fewer or more speakers. For example, the system **500B** can include 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or more speakers. Each of the speakers can have configurable settings which can be adjusted based off determined acoustics.

(70) The noise sensor can include any of various types of sensors configured to measure noise. For example, the noise sensor can include, but is not limited to, a decibel reader, a microphone, or any other sensor capable of ambient noise detection.

(71) The patient monitoring device **200** can include an acoustics controller that includes a processor. The processor of the acoustics controller can be configured to control the speakers to output test auditory signals. Furthermore, the processor can receive noise data from the noise sensor. The noise data can correspond to the one or more tests signals. Based on the test auditory signals output by the speakers and the noise data received from the noise sensor, the processor can determine an acoustics of a surrounding environment. For example, based on a change in the test signal from when it was transmitted by the speakers to when it was received by the noise sensor, the processor can determine one or more properties or qualities of the environment that determine how sound is transmitted in it. Based on these one or more properties or qualities of the environment, the system can adjust one or more speaker parameters of the speakers. In some cases, the adjustment can optimize speakers for the determined acoustic environment.

(72) FIG. 6 is a flow diagram illustrative of an embodiment of a routine implemented by the system to provide localized projection of patient sounds via a plurality of speakers. One skilled in the relevant art will appreciate that the elements outlined for routine **600** can be implemented by a computing device such as sound localization controller in communication with a plurality of speakers. In addition or alternatively, routine **600** can be implemented by the patient monitoring device **100** or another computing device in communication with or incorporating the plurality of speakers. Accordingly, routine **600** has been logically associated as being generally performed by sound localization controller. However, the following illustrative embodiment should not be construed as limiting. Furthermore, it will be understood that the various blocks described herein with reference to FIG. 6 can be implemented in a variety of orders. For example, the patient monitoring device **100** can implement some blocks concurrently or change the order as desired. Furthermore, it will be understood that fewer, more, or different blocks can be used as part of the routine **600**.

(73) At block **602**, the sound localization controller can receive an indication of an activation of the patient indicator. The indication of the activation of the patient indicator can include, but is not limited to indications of waveforms, alerts, alarms or other data associated with physiological parameters of a patient monitoring device (for example, device **100** or **150**). As described herein, a patient monitoring device can be communicatively coupled to one or more physiological sensors. The patient monitoring device can receive one or more patient signals from the physiological sensors and can determine measurements of physiological parameters of a patient from the received patient signals. The patient monitoring device can monitor patient indicators associated with the measurements of the physiological parameters. In some cases, the patient monitoring device can transmit the indication of the activation of the patient indicator to the sound localization controller. In addition or alternatively, the sound localization controller can monitor the activation of the patient indicator.

(74) The sound localization controller can be in communication with one or more patient monitors that monitor one or more patients. For example, a patient monitor may be located in a patient's room, and the patient monitor can be configured to monitor the patient residing in the patient room. Other patient monitors can be located in the same room or in other rooms and can monitor the same patient or other patients. The sound localization controller can communicate with one or more of the patient monitors and can receive patient indicators from each of the patient monitors with which it is in communication. In some cases, the indication of the activation of the patient indicator comprises other identifying information such as a physiological sensor identifier, a patient monitoring device identifier, a patient identifier, a patient room identifier, or a speaker identifier. The sound localization controller can also be part of one or more of the patient monitors.

(75) In addition or alternatively, the sound localization controller can be in communication with a single device. For example, the sound localization controller can communicate with a centralized database that includes real-time patient information, such as real time physiological parameter data or real time alarm data.

(76) At block **604**, the sound localization controller can determine an origination location of a patient indicator. As described in more detail herein, the localized sound projection system can implement sound localization techniques to exploit a listener's spatial-hearing "map." By coordinating or offsetting speakers, the sound localization controller can simulate the placement of an auditory cue in a three dimensional (3D) space. In other words, the sound localization controller can fool a listener's brain into thinking a sound originates from a particular location. The sound localization controller determines the desired location at which the controller will cause the sound to originate.

(77) The origination location can be a particular location. For example, the origination location can include a general or specific location of a physiological sensor, a patient monitoring device, a patient, a patient's room, a speaker, etc.

(78) In some cases, the origination location can correspond to an ailing body part or a portion of the patient's body that is associated with the patient indicator. As a non-limiting example, if the activation of the patient indicator corresponds to a patient's heartbeat, the origination location can be the location of the patient's chest. Accordingly, the audible noise can sound as though it is coming from the direction of patient's heart. By localizing the sound to a particular portion of the patient's body, a caregiver is quickly informed of the location on the patient which is experiencing an issue and the caregiver can more easily and more efficiently determine what is wrong with the patient.

(79) Furthermore, in some cases, the audible noise can correspond to the physiological parameter associated with the activation of the patient indicator. For example, if the activation of the patient indicator corresponds to a patient's heartbeat, the audible noise can sound like a beating heart. In some cases, the sound will be the patient's heartbeat, rather than an arbitrary heartbeat.

(80) The sound localization controller can determine the target origination location using various techniques. For example, in some cases, the sound localization controller can access a database (for example, a lookup table) which correlates the activations of the patient indicators with origination locations. In addition or alternatively, the sound localization controller can receive the origination location from a patient monitor, such as along with the indication the patient indicator.

(81) The target origination location can correspond to a location of a speaker. For example, the target origination location can correspond to the location of the speaker that is closest to the source of the patient indicator (for example, the patient, the sensor, the patient's room, the physiological monitor, etc.). Accordingly, the sound localization controller can determine a location of one or more of the plurality of speakers and can also determine a location of the source of the patient indicator. The sound localization controller can then select as the origination location the location of the speaker closest to the source of the patient indicator.

(82) At block **606**, based at least in part on the origination location and/or a location of one or more of the speakers, the sound localization controller can identify one or more sound parameters. As described herein, each of the speakers can be configured to output auditory signals. In some cases, each of the speakers output an identical audible noise, save one or more sound parameters. The sound parameters can include, but are not limited to, a timing, intensity, or frequency of the audible noise.

(83) In other words, at block **606**, the sound localization controller determines how to adjust or modify the sound signals output by the speaker to provide the desired localized projection. In some cases, the sound parameters are based at least in part on the origination location and/or the location of one or more speakers. For example, first speakers that are further from the origination location than second speakers can have sound parameters that include a time delay (for example, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, milliseconds (+/- a few milliseconds)). Accordingly, sound from first speakers can be time-delayed from the sound of the second speakers).

(84) At block **608**, the sound localization controller determines the signals which it will cause the speakers to output. For example, as described here, each of the speakers may be configured to output an identical audible noise, save the one or more sound parameters determined at block **606**.

(85) At block **610**, the sound localization controller controls the speakers to output the plurality of audible noises that have been adjusted based on the sound parameters.

(86) FIG. 7 is a flow diagram illustrative of an embodiment of a routine implemented by a system to adjust speaker settings based on surrounding acoustics. One skilled in the relevant art will appreciate that the elements outlined for routine **700** can be implemented by an acoustic controller in communication with a plurality of speakers and a noise sensor. In addition or alternatively, routine **700** can be implemented by the patient monitoring device **200** or another computing device in communication with or incorporating the plurality of speakers. Accordingly, routine **700** has been logically associated as being generally performed by patient monitoring device **200**. However, the following illustrative embodiment should not be construed as limiting. Furthermore, it will be

understood that the various blocks described herein with reference to FIG. 7 can be implemented in a variety of orders. For example, the patient monitoring device **200** can implement some blocks concurrently or change the order as desired. Furthermore, it will be understood that fewer, more, or different blocks can be used as part of the routine **700**.

(87) At block **702**, the patient monitoring system controls a plurality of speakers to output one or more tests auditory signals. The speakers can be integrated within a housing of the patient monitoring device **200**. In some cases, the patient monitor **200** includes two integrated speakers. However, in other cases, the system can include fewer or more speakers. For example, the system can include 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or more speakers. Each of the speakers can have configurable settings which can be adjusted based off determined acoustics.

(88) At block **704**, the patient monitoring system receives noise data corresponding to the test auditory signals. For example, the patient monitoring system can include a noise sensor. The noise sensor can include any of various types of sensors configured to measure noise. For example, the noise sensor can include, but is not limited to, a decibel reader, a microphone, or any other sensor capable of ambient noise detection. The noise sensor can sense the test signals after they are transmitted by the speakers into the environment, and can provide noise sensor data to the patient monitor.

(89) At block **706**, the patient monitor can determine acoustics of the surrounding environment based at least on the received noise data from the noise sensor. For example, based on a change in the auditory test signal transmitted by the speakers to the signal received by the noise sensor, the processor can determine one or more properties or qualities of the environment that determine how sound is transmitted in it.

(90) At block **708**, based on these properties or qualities of the environment that correspond to the acoustics, the patient monitor can adjust or monitor one or more speaker parameters of the speaker. In some cases, the adjustment can optimize speakers for the determined acoustic environment.

Adjust Volume

(91) Reducing hospital noise and creating a quieter environment for patients can increase both patient satisfaction and patient outcomes. Some hospitals have implemented quiet zones (sometimes known as quiet rooms) where patients and their families can go to relax, on what may be some of the most difficult days of their lives. Similarly, regardless of whether a quiet area exists, certain times of the day, such as nighttime, are preferably quieter. For example, patients may be trying to sleep at this time. Though noise is not responsible for all sleep disruptions, its contribution is significant. In addition, researchers have found the sick and the elderly are the most likely to have their sleep disturbed by noise, and people never completely habituate themselves to nighttime noise. In contrast, many times throughout a hospital day can be hectic and loud. Thus, during these times, quiet audible noises might not be attended to or even heard.

(92) Accordingly, it is an object of the present disclosure to provide a physiological monitoring system that adjusts a speaker volume responsive to changes in environmental noise and/or changes in the time of day. For example, based on an ambient noise level or a time of day, the physiological monitoring system can determine that a quieter audible noise is preferred and can lower a volume of a speaker. In contrast, based on an ambient noise level or a time of day, the physiological monitoring system can determine that a louder audible noise is preferred and can raise a volume of a speaker.

(93) FIG. **8** is a flow diagram illustrative of an example of a routine for adjusting volume of a speaker. It will be understood that the various blocks described herein with reference to FIG. **8** can be implemented in a variety of orders. For example, the patient monitoring system can implement some blocks concurrently or change the order, as desired. Furthermore, it will be understood that fewer, more, or different blocks can be used as part of the routine **800**.

(94) At block **802**, a patient monitoring system can determine a volume of a speaker. The speaker can be an internal speaker similar to the speaker illustrated in FIG. **3**, or an external speaker similar

to the speaker **400** illustrated in FIG. 4. In some cases, the volume level of the speaker is a parameter known by the patient monitoring system, while in other cases the patient monitoring system can measure the volume of the speaker using a decibel reader, a microphone, or any other sensor capable of noise detection.

(95) At block **804**, the patient monitoring system monitors and determines a level of ambient noise. For example, the system can utilize an ambient noise sensor such as a decibel reader, a microphone, or any other sensor capable of ambient noise detection. Ambient noise can include, but is not limited to, noise in the surrounding environment (such as within a certain distance from the patient monitor), noise in the patient's room, noise on the corresponding hospital floor, noise outside the hospital, etc.

(96) The determination of the level of ambient noise can include a determination of an ambient noise decibel level. For example, if the speaker is providing an audible noise while the patient monitor is monitoring the ambient noise, the detected level of ambient noise may be higher than the actual ambient noise. Accordingly, the ambient noise sensor can compensate for the sound of the speaker such that the patient monitor can determine an accurate level of ambient noise.

(97) The patient monitoring system can continuously or periodically monitor the level of ambient noise. For instance, the ambient noise level can be monitored every 30 seconds, 1 minutes, 5 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 hour, etc.

(98) At block **806**, the patient monitoring system can determine a threshold volume. In some cases, the threshold volume may be based at least in part on the ambient noise level measured at block **804**. For example, the threshold volume can be matched to the ambient noise level. Accordingly, based at least in part on a determination that the ambient noise level corresponds to a quiet zone, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to the volume of the quiet zone. Similarly, based at least in part on a determination that the ambient noise level corresponds to a louder area, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to the louder volume.

(99) In addition or alternatively, the patient monitoring system can determine the threshold volume based at least in part on the time of day. For example, the patient monitoring system can determine the time of day and can determine the threshold volume based at least in part on the time of day. For example, a correlation between the time of day and the threshold volume can be in a database that the patient monitoring system can access. As a non-limiting example, the patient monitoring system can determine that the time of day corresponds to nighttime. Accordingly, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to a quiet zone. In contrast, the patient monitoring system can determine that the time of day corresponds to daytime. Accordingly, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to a normal or average volume.

(100) Continuing with block **806**, the patient monitoring system can determine whether the volume of the speaker satisfies the threshold volume. In some cases, the volume of the speaker does not satisfy the threshold volume unless the volume of the speaker matches the threshold volume. Accordingly, if the volume of the speaker does not match the threshold volume than the process continues to block **708**, where it can adjust the volume of the speaker. However, and other cases, the volume of the speaker satisfies the threshold volume if the volume of the speaker is within a distance threshold of the threshold volume. The distance threshold can vary across embodiments. For example, the distance threshold can correspond to a particular difference in decibel level between the threshold volume. For example, the distance threshold can correspond to 1 dB, 2 dB, 5 dB, 10 dB, 20 db, or 25 dB.

(101) If the processor determines that the volume of the speaker satisfies the volume threshold, or is within a distance threshold of the volume threshold, then the volume of the speaker is not adjusted. The processor can return to block **804** to continue monitoring the ambient noise level.

(102) At block **808**, the processor determines that the volume of the speaker does not satisfy the

volume threshold. In other words, the processor determines that the volume of the speaker is not within a distance threshold of the volume threshold. Accordingly, the processor adjusts the volume of the speaker. For example, if the volume of the speaker is above the volume threshold then the volume of the speaker can be reduced. In some cases, the volume of the speaker is reduced by a predetermined amount, for instance, 5, 10, 15, 20, or 25 dB. Reducing the volume of the speaker by a predetermined amount can be advantageous because the threshold volume can sometimes be drastically different from the volume of the speaker. Accordingly, it may be preferred to gradually change the speaker volume rather than change is dramatically. Alternatively, the processor can adjust the volume of the speaker to match the threshold volume. Similarly, the processor can adjust the volume of the speaker to fit within the distance threshold of the threshold volume.

(103) As another example, if the volume of the speaker is below the volume threshold then the volume of the speaker can be increased. In some cases, the volume of the speaker is increased by a predetermined amount, for instance, 5, 10, 15, 20, or 25 dB. Increasing the volume of the speaker by a predetermined amount can be advantageous because the threshold volume can sometimes be drastically different from the volume of the speaker. Accordingly, it may be preferred to gradually change the speaker volume rather than change is dramatically. Alternatively, the processor can adjust the volume of the speaker to match the threshold volume. Similarly, the processor can adjust the volume of the speaker to fit within the distance threshold of the threshold volume.

(104) As a non-limiting example, if the ambient noise sensor detects an ambient noise level indicative of a quiet zone, the physiological monitoring system can reduce the volume of the speaker if the speaker is above 60 dB. For instance, if the speaker is above 60 dB, the volume can be gradually reduced by a few dB until the actual speaker volume satisfies the volume threshold.

(105) The physiological monitoring system can turn off (or mute) some or all audible noises in response to determining that quiet zone exists (for example, based on detected environmental noise, time of day, etc.). For example, the physiological monitoring system can mute alarms which are not critical to patient health or those that do not require immediate action. In some cases, the patient monitoring system alters the volume of non-critical parameters, but does not alter the volume of critical parameters. Alternatively or in addition, in response to determining that quiet is preferred the physiological monitoring system can cause a new visual patient indicator to display or can cause a visual indicator to display more brightly or noticeably. Similarly, in response to a determination that a quiet zone does not exist, some or all audible noises can be turned on or unmuted. For example, even alarms which are not critical to patient health or do not require immediate action may be activated or turned on.

(106) As another non-limiting example, based on a determination that a time of day or ambient noise level indicates a quiet zone, the physiological monitoring system can reduce the volume of the speaker to conform with the requirements of the quiet zone. However, if a sudden commotion occurs that increases the ambient noise, the system can re-asses the volume of the speaker. For example, a crashing patient in need of assistance can significantly increase the ambient noise levels. Accordingly, based on a determination that the ambient noise level has increased, the system can increase the volume of the speaker to ensure the speaker's audible signals can be heard. When the emergency subsides and the quiet zone quietens again, the system can determine the ambient noise levels indicate a quiet zone, and can reduce the volume of the speaker.

Adjust Display Settings

(107) In some instances, a display associated with a patient monitor or other medical device can be difficult to see or cause eyestrain because the ambient light surrounding the display is too intense. Accordingly, it can be advantageous to adjust the display settings of the display in response to the surround ambient light. For example, the human eye perceives different colors under different levels of illumination (sometimes referred to as the Purkinje effect). Accordingly, the physiological monitoring system can adjust the tint of the display to assist a user in perceiving the correct color. As such, it is an object of the present disclosure to adjust a display based on the ambient light, by

dimming the display to lessen eyestrain, diminish annoying bright lights, and/or provide better picture quality. In addition or alternatively, it is an object of the present disclosure to adjust a display based on the ambient light by brightening the disclosure to increase visibility.

(108) FIG. **9** is a flow diagram illustrative of an example of a routine for adjusting display settings of a display. It will be understood that the various blocks described herein with reference to FIG. **9** can be implemented in a variety of orders. For example, the patient monitoring system can implement some blocks concurrently or change the order, as desired. Furthermore, it will be understood that fewer, more, or different blocks can be used as part of the routine **900**.

(109) At block **902**, a patient monitoring system can determine display settings of a display. For instance, the display settings can include, but are not limited to, brightness, tint, contrast, color, color saturation, color temperature, sharpness, and/or backlight. Brightness can indicate how dark the dark areas of the image are, and backlight can indicate how bright the image is. In some cases, the display settings are parameters known by the patient monitoring system.

(110) At block **904**, the patient monitoring system can monitor and determine an intensity of ambient light. For example, the patient monitor can utilize an ambient light sensor to determine the intensity of ambient light. In some cases, the intensity of ambient light can include the intensity of light in the surrounding environment. The patient monitoring system can continuously or periodically monitor the intensity of ambient light. For instance, the ambient light can be monitored every 30 seconds, 1 minutes, 5 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 hour, etc.

(111) At block **906**, the patient monitoring system can determine a display threshold. In some cases, the display threshold may be based at least in part on the ambient light level measured at block **904**. For example, the display threshold can be matched to the ambient light level. Accordingly, based at least in part on a determination that the ambient light level corresponds to a dark environment, the patient monitoring system can determine that the display threshold corresponds to the a dark environment. For a bright environment, it may be advantageous to have a dull or less bright display. Similarly, based at least in part on a determination that the ambient light level corresponds to a bright environment, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to a bright environment. For a bright environment, it may be advantageous to have a bright display.

(112) In addition or alternatively, the patient monitoring system can determine the display threshold based at least in part on the time of day. For example, the patient monitoring system can determine the time of day and can determine the display threshold based at least in part on the time of day. For example, a correlation between the time of day and the threshold volume can be in a database that the patient monitoring system can access. As a non-limiting example, the patient monitoring system can determine that the time of day corresponds to nighttime. Accordingly, the patient monitoring system can determine that the threshold volume corresponds to a dark environment. In contrast, the patient monitoring system can determine that the time of day corresponds to daytime. Accordingly, the patient monitoring system can determine that the display threshold corresponds to a bright environment.

(113) Continuing with block **906**, the patient monitoring system can determine whether the display settings satisfy the display threshold. In some cases, the display settings of the display do not satisfy the display threshold unless the display settings of the display match the display threshold. Accordingly, if the display settings of the display do not match the display threshold, then the process can continue to block **908**, where it can adjust the display settings of the display. However, in other cases, the display settings of the display satisfy the display threshold if the display settings of the threshold or within a distance threshold of the display threshold. The distance threshold can vary across embodiments. For example, distance threshold can include 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, or 25 arbitrary display units.

(114) At block **908**, the processor determines that the display parameters of the display do not satisfy the display threshold. In other words, the processor determines that the volume of the

speaker is not within a distance threshold of the volume threshold. Accordingly, the processor adjusts the display parameters of the display for example, by brightening the display or reducing a brightness of the display.

(115) As a non-limiting example, if the ambient light sensor detects a low level of light (for example, a dim room) and detects the display is set at a high tint level, the physiological monitoring system can determine a tint of the display does not satisfy a tint threshold. Accordingly, the processor can adjust the display by increasing or decreasing the tint. Similarly, the physiological monitoring system can adjust the display settings of a display in response to the ambient light sensor detecting a high level of light (for example, a bright room). For instance, if the ambient light sensor detects a high level of light and a dull display, the physiological monitoring system can adjust the display by increasing the brightness, increasing the contrast, and/or tinting the screen color.

(116) In addition or alternatively, the physiological monitoring system can adjust the display settings of the display based on the time of day. For instance, the display can be set to a high brightness mode during the day and a low brightness mode later into the evening. The display can cycle between these modes automatically or can be cycled manually by a user.

Voice Control

(117) FIG. **10** is a flow diagram illustrative of an example of a routine **1000** for audibly altering parameters of a medical device. It will be understood that the various blocks described herein with reference to FIG. **10** can be implemented in a variety of orders. For example, the patient monitoring system can implement some blocks concurrently or change the order, as desired. Furthermore, it will be understood that fewer, more, or different blocks can be used as part of the routine **1000**.

(118) At block **1002**, the medical device listens for an activation phrase. For example, the device can utilize a speaker/microphone combination which is constantly listening for the activation phrases (sometimes referred to as a wake-up phase or wake-up word). In some cases, the activation phrase can be, for example, “Hey Patient Monitor.”

(119) At block **1004**, the device determines that an activation phrase has been recited. The system can acknowledge that it has heard the activation phrases. For example, it may give a verbal acknowledgement or a visual indicator.

(120) At block **1006**, the device listens for an oral command. The system can include a database of oral commands of which it can be requested. For instance, a user may be able to change a parameter, an alarm setting, a medical level, or otherwise manipulate a medical device through voice control. In some cases, the system can understand oral commands even if they do not exactly match what is in the database of command. Accordingly, many commands work when worded several different ways or even with words omitted.

(121) At block **1008**, the device determines whether it received an oral command within a specified time period. In some cases, a user may “wake-up” the medical device accidentally or may forget how they want to manipulate the device. Accordingly, if a specified time period expires without the device receiving an oral command, the device advantageously returns to a sleep state and listens for another activation phrase (step **1002**). The time period can be, for example, about 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 seconds.

(122) At block **1010**, the device determines that it did receive an oral command, or at the least, the device heard some audible noise. Accordingly, the device determines whether it recognized command, for instance, by comparing the command to a library of commands. As mentioned above, many commands may be accepted, despite being worded differently or even leaving out words.

(123) At block **1012**, the device determines that it did not recognize the command and it requests a user to repeat the command. Then it returns to block **1006** to listen for another oral command. In some cases, if the device does not recognize the command, it will predict or suggest a command based on the received oral command. In addition or alternatively, the device can revert back to

block **1002**, where it will listen for an activation phrase.

(124) At block **1014**, the device determined that it did recognize the oral command. The device then acknowledges the command and requests a confirmation that the acknowledged command is accurate.

(125) The device can acknowledge the command by repeating it aloud via a speaker. In addition or alternatively, the device can acknowledge the command by displaying the command on a display. In addition or alternatively, the device may not acknowledge the command.

(126) The device then requests a confirmation from the user of the acknowledged command. For instance, the device can ask the user a question and the user can respond affirmatively. For instance, the device may ask the user, “Change pressure settings to 20 PSI?” If the user agrees, the user can respond verbally (for example, “Yes”) or respond by selecting an input of the device. The confirmation request can be presented on a display for someone to accept. This advantageously allows the user to read exactly what command the device will perform respond accordingly.

(127) At block **1016**, the device determines whether it received a confirmation within a specified period of time. If it does not (or if the user responds negatively to the confirmation request) then the device can ask the user to repeat the command (block **1012**), listen for activation phrase (block **1002**) or send another request for confirmation (block **1014**). The time period can be, for example, about 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 seconds.

(128) At block **1018**, the device has determined which command the user desires it to perform and has received a confirmation from the user of that command. Accordingly, the device performs the action associated with the command.

Terminology

(129) The term “and/or” herein has its broadest least limiting meaning which is the disclosure includes A alone, B alone, both A and B together, or A or B alternatively, but does not require both A and B or require one of A or one of B. As used herein, the phrase “at least one of” A, B, “and” C should be construed to mean a logical A or B or C, using a non-exclusive logical or.

(130) The term “plethysmograph” includes its ordinary broad meaning known in the art which includes data responsive to changes in volume within an organ or whole body (usually resulting from fluctuations in the amount of blood or air it contains).

(131) The following description is merely illustrative in nature and is in no way intended to limit the disclosure, its application, or uses. For purposes of clarity, the same reference numbers will be used in the drawings to identify similar elements. It should be understood that steps within a method may be executed in different order without altering the principles of the present disclosure.

(132) As used herein, the term module may refer to, be part of, or include an Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC); an electronic circuit; a combinational logic circuit; a field programmable gate array (FPGA); a processor (shared, dedicated, or group) that executes code; other suitable components that provide the described functionality; or a combination of some or all of the above, such as in a system-on-chip. The term module may include memory (shared, dedicated, or group) that stores code executed by the processor.

(133) The term code, as used above, may include software, firmware, and/or microcode, and may refer to programs, routines, functions, classes, and/or objects. The term shared, as used above, means that some or all code from multiple modules may be executed using a single (shared) processor. In addition, some or all code from multiple modules may be stored by a single (shared) memory. The term group, as used above, means that some or all code from a single module may be executed using a group of processors. In addition, some or all code from a single module may be stored using a group of memories.

(134) The apparatuses and methods described herein may be implemented by one or more computer programs executed by one or more processors. The computer programs include processor-executable instructions that are stored on a non-transitory tangible computer readable medium. The computer programs may also include stored data. Non-limiting examples of the non-

transitory tangible computer readable medium are nonvolatile memory, magnetic storage, and optical storage. Although the foregoing invention has been described in terms of certain preferred embodiments, other embodiments will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art from the disclosure herein. Additionally, other combinations, omissions, substitutions and modifications will be apparent to the skilled artisan in view of the disclosure herein. Accordingly, the present invention is not intended to be limited by the reaction of the preferred embodiments, but is to be defined by reference to claims.

(135) Additionally, all publications, patents, and patent applications mentioned in this specification are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent, or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

Claims

1. A method for controlling one or more speakers, the method comprising: under control of a hardware processor in a housing: monitoring a level of ambient noise in an environment of a person using a sensor in the housing; determining a threshold volume for output of an audible alert based at least in part on the monitored level of ambient noise; monitoring a health status of the person based on at least one physiological sensor configured to measure one or more physiological parameters from a tissue of the person, the physiological sensor connected to the housing and wherein the hardware processor receives and processes physiological information from the physiological sensor to determine the physiological parameters; determining a first adverse health event based on the monitored health status; and based at least in part on the determined adverse health event, dynamically controlling output of the one or more speakers in the housing, and wherein said dynamically controlling comprises, for each of the one or more speakers: determining a first audible alert to output by the one or more speakers based at least in part on the first adverse health event, identifying a first priority of the first audible alert, and based at least in part on the first priority of the first health event, causing the one or more speakers to: reduce a volume of a current output of the one or more speakers, the current output comprising at least a second audible alert, and output the first audible alert on the one or more speakers at the determined threshold volume.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein said dynamically controlling further comprises determining a second priority of the second audible alert and determining that the second priority is less than the first priority.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first priority comprises a criticality of the first adverse health event.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first adverse health event corresponds to an abnormal heartbeat of the person.
5. The method of claim 1, further comprising in response to reducing the volume of the current output of the one or more speakers, causing a visual patient indicator associated with the second audible alert to display on a patient monitoring device.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the second audible alert is associated with a non-critical status of the person or at least one physiological sensor.
7. A system for controlling one or more speakers, the system comprising: one or more physiological sensors; one or more speakers in a housing; and a controller in the housing in communication with the one or more physiological sensors and the one or more speakers in the housing, the controller configured to: monitor a level of ambient noise in an environment of a person; determine a threshold volume for output of an audible alert based at least in part on the monitored level of ambient noise; monitor a health status of the person based on at least one physiological sensor configured to measure one or more physiological parameters from tissue of the person, the physiological sensor connected to the housing and wherein the hardware controller

receives and processes physiological information from the physiological sensor to determine the physiological parameters; determine a first adverse health event based on the monitored health status; and based at least in part on the determined adverse health event, dynamically control output of the one or more speakers, and wherein to dynamically control, the controller is configured to: determine a first audible alert to output by the one or more speakers based at least in part on the first adverse health event, identify a first priority of the first audible alert, and based at least in part on the first priority of the first health event, cause the one or more speakers to: reduce a volume of a current output of the one or more speakers, the current output comprising at least a second audible alert, and output the first audible alert on the one or more speakers at the determined threshold volume.

8. The system of claim 7, wherein the controller dynamically controls the output of one or more speakers at least by determining a second priority of the second audible alert and determining that the second priority is less than the first priority.

9. The system of claim 7, wherein the first priority comprises a criticality of the first adverse health event.

10. The system of claim 7, wherein the first adverse health event corresponds to an abnormal heartbeat of the person.

11. The system of claim 7, wherein the controller is further configured to, in response to reducing the volume of the current output of the one or more speakers, cause a visual patient indicator associated with the second audible alert to display on a patient monitoring device.

12. The system of claim 7, wherein the second audible alert is associated with a non-critical status of the person or at least one physiological sensor.
