US Patent & Trademark Office Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent

Kind Code

B2

Date of Patent

Inventor(s)

12390652

August 19, 2025

Iwai; Fumihito et al.

Automated external defibrillator

Abstract

An automated external defibrillator includes: a high voltage generator configured to charge or discharge electric energy for giving a subject an electric shock for defibrillation; an outer housing configured to house the high voltage generator and defining an exterior of the automated external defibrillator; and a potting material containing an insulating material. The high voltage generator includes: a high voltage circuit board; and a high voltage electronic component disposed on the high voltage circuit board. The potting material covers the high voltage circuit board and a terminal of the high voltage electronic component, and is in contact with the high voltage circuit board and the outer housing to fix the high voltage circuit board to the outer housing.

Inventors: Iwai; Fumihito (Saitama, JP), Uchiyama; Yutaka (Saitama, JP)

Applicant: Nihon Kohden Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Family ID: 1000008766860

Assignee: Nihon Kohden Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Appl. No.: 18/008078

Filed (or PCT Filed): April 28, 2021

PCT No.: PCT/JP2021/017003

PCT Pub. No.: WO2021/256101

PCT Pub. Date: December 23, 2021

Prior Publication Data

Document IdentifierUS 20230310872 A1

Publication Date
Oct. 05, 2023

JP 2020-103070 Jun. 15, 2020

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: A61N1/39 (20060101); A61N1/04 (20060101); H05K1/02 (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC **A61N1/3904** (20170801); **A61N1/046** (20130101); **A61N1/3968** (20130101);

H05K1/0256 (20130101); H05K2203/1327 (20130101)

Field of Classification Search

CPC: A61N (1/3904); A61N (1/3968); H05K (1/056); H05K (2203/1327)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Issued Date	Patentee Name	U.S. Cl.	CPC
3867950	12/1974	Fischell	320/137	A61N 1/3787
6614108	12/2002	Sanftleben	257/710	H01L 23/10
7865238	12/2010	Brink	607/7	A61N 1/3904
9427564	12/2015	Kaib	N/A	A61N 1/3993
2005/0264979	12/2004	Breyen	361/517	H01G 9/004
2006/0058846	12/2005	Smirles et al.	N/A	N/A
2007/0010134	12/2006	Powers	439/620.09	A61N 1/3968
2007/0213776	12/2006	Brink	607/7	A61N 1/3904
2007/0299474	12/2006	Brink	607/7	A61N 1/3904
2019/0159696	12/2018	Meeker et al.	N/A	N/A
2021/0069510	12/2020	Criotion	N/A	A61N
2021/0069510	12/2020	Swoyer	1 V / <i>F</i> 1	1/36178
2021/0308473	12/2020	Doerr et al.	N/A	N/A

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Application Date	Country	CPC
1796790	12/2006	EP	N/A
3603743	12/2019	EP	N/A
H02256202	12/1989	JP	N/A
2001015358	12/2000	JP	N/A
2002303423	12/2001	JP	N/A
2006516208	12/2005	JP	N/A
2007311706	12/2006	JP	N/A
2008514329	12/2007	JP	N/A
2014053083	12/2013	JP	N/A
2006035334	12/2005	WO	N/A
2021256101	12/2020	WO	N/A

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

International Search Report and Written Opinion issued in International Application No. PCT/JP2021/017003, mailed on Aug. 4, 2021, 7 pages. cited by applicant Office Action issued in Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-103070 issued on Jan. 16, 2024, 5 pages including 3 pages of English translation. cited by applicant

Primary Examiner: Bertram; Eric D.

Attorney, Agent or Firm: Dorsey & Whitney LLP

Background/Summary

(1) This application is a 371 national phase entry of International Application PCT/JP2021/017003 filed on Apr. 28, 2021 which in turn claims priority to Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-103070 filed on Jun. 15, 2020, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference. TECHNICAL FIELD

(2) The present disclosure relates to an automated external defibrillator.

BACKGROUND ART

(3) Recently, automated external defibrillators (hereinafter abbreviated to AEDs) are rapidly spreading. Such an AED gives a strong electric shock for defibrillation to a heart of a patient who has undergone sudden cardiac arrest due to ventricular fibrillation, to thereby restore a function of the heart of the patient. The AED is provided with a high voltage circuit which can control charging and discharging of electric energy for giving the patient the electric shock for defibrillation (e.g. see JP-A-2008-514329). The high voltage circuit disclosed in JP-A-2008-514329 is housed in a housing for a high voltage module. In order to ensure electrical insulation among terminals of electronic components provided on the high voltage circuit, the housing in which the high voltage circuit has been housed is filled with a dielectric material (potting material) such as an epoxy resin. In this manner, the high voltage module provided with the high voltage circuit embedded in the dielectric material is manufactured.

SUMMARY

- (4) The high voltage module disclosed in JP-A-2008-514329 is housed in an outer housing of the AED, and fixed to the outer housing through a mechanical fixature (such as a screw). Therefore, there is a possibility that when a strong impact is applied to the AED from the outside, large force is applied to a connection portion between the high voltage module and the outer housing. Further, since it is necessary to provide a certain clearance between an outer wall of the outer housing and the high voltage module, an external size of the AED increases. Thus, there is room for improvement of the AED from a viewpoint of durability and the external size of the AED (5) The present disclosure is directed to improving durability of an AED and miniaturizing the AED
- (6) According to one or more aspects of the present disclosure, there is provided an automated external defibrillator. The automated external defibrillator includes: a high voltage generator configured to charge or discharge electric energy for giving a subject an electric shock for defibrillation; an outer housing configured to house the high voltage generator and defining an exterior of the automated external defibrillator; and a potting material containing an insulating material. The high voltage generator includes: a high voltage circuit board; and a high voltage electronic component disposed on the high voltage circuit board. The potting material covers the high voltage circuit board and a terminal of the high voltage electronic component, and is in

contact with the high voltage circuit board and the outer housing to fix the high voltage circuit board to the outer housing.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. **1** is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of an automated external defibrillator (that will be hereinafter abbreviated to AED) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure (that will be hereinafter referred to as the present embodiment).
- (2) FIG. **2** is a perspective view illustrating a specific structure of a high voltage generator.
- (3) FIG. **3** is a view illustrating the high voltage generator housed in an outer housing before a potting material is injected into the outer housing.
- (4) FIG. **4** is a view illustrating the high voltage generator housed in the outer housing after the potting material is injected into the outer housing.
- (5) FIG. **5** is a perspective sectional view of the outer housing and the high voltage generator cut along a line A-A shown in FIG. **4**.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENT

- (6) An embodiment will be described below with reference to the drawings. Dimensions of each member shown in each drawing may be different from actual dimensions of the member for convenience of explanation.
- (7) Further, an X-axis direction, a Y-axis direction, and a Z-axis direction set for an AED **1** shown in FIG. **3** may be appropriately mentioned in the description of the embodiment. One of the X-axis direction, the Y-axis direction, and the Z-axis direction is perpendicular to the remaining two directions of the X-axis direction, the Y-axis direction, and the Z-axis direction.
- (8) First, a configuration of the automated external defibrillator **1** (that will be hereinafter abbreviated to AED **1**) will be described below with reference to FIG. **1**. FIG. **1** is a block diagram illustrating the configuration of the AED **1** according to the present embodiment. As shown in FIG.
- **1**, the AED **1** includes an AED controller **2**, a high voltage generator **3**, an energy accumulating unit **4**, a power supply **6**, a power supply circuit **5**, a storage unit **7**, and an external communication unit
- **8.** The AED **1** further includes a display unit **9**, an operating unit **10**, an audio output unit **11**, and an ECG processing circuit **12**.
- (9) The AED 1 is a medical device that is configured to give an electric shock to a heart of a patient who has undergone cardiac arrest due to ventricular fibrillation, to thereby restore a function of the heart of the patient. The AED controller 2 is configured to control each of the constituent components provided in the AED 1. The AED controller 2 is, for example, constituted by a microcontroller including a processor and a memory, and an integrated circuit such as an ASIC (Application Specific Integrated Circuit). The processor includes, for example, at least one of a CPU (Central Processing Unit), an MPU (Micro Processing Unit), and a GPU (Graphics Processing Unit). The memory includes an ROM (Read Only Memory) and an RAM (Random Access Memory).
- (10) The high voltage generator **3** is configured to charge the energy accumulating unit **4** with electric energy for giving a patient (subject) an electric shock for defibrillation, and to discharge the electric energy accumulated in the energy accumulating unit **4**. A specific configuration of the high voltage generator **3** will be described later. The energy accumulating unit **4** is configured to accumulate the electric energy for giving the patient the electric shock for defibrillation. For example, the energy accumulating unit **4** may be a high voltage film capacitor constituted by dielectric films.
- (11) The power supply **6** is a battery that is configured to supply electric power to the constituent components of the AED **1**. For example, the power supply **6** is a lithium primary battery. The

power supply circuit **5** is configured to convert a voltage of the power supply **6** into a voltage required for each of the constituent components of the AED **1**. The power supply circuit **5** may be, for example, constituted by a switching regulator or a series regulator. The storage unit **7** is configured to store various programs for operating the AED **1**, audio data, and electrocardiogram data of the patient. The storage unit **7** is, for example, constituted by a flash memory or a hard disk. (12) The external communication unit **8** is configured to transmit various data stored in the storage unit **7** to an external device or receive data from the external device. The external communication unit **8** may be an interface into which a connector of a wired cable such as an LAN cable is inserted, or may be a wireless communication module compatible with wireless communication standards such as Bluetooth (registered trademark) and Wi-Fi (registered trademark). When the external communication unit **8** is the wireless communication module, the external communication unit **8** may have a transmission/reception antenna, a high frequency circuit, and a signal processing circuit.

- (13) The display unit **9** is configured to display status of the AED **1** and vital data (such as the electrocardiogram data) of the patient to an operator. The display unit **9** may include, for example, an indicator for displaying the status of AED **1** such as a remaining battery level of the power supply **6**, and a liquid crystal display for displaying an electrocardiogram waveform of the patient. The operating unit **10** is configured to accept an operation from the operator. For example, the operating unit **10** may include a power button for powering on the AED **1**, and a shock button for giving the patient an electric shock. The audio output unit **11** may be a speaker that is configured to output voice guidance or a warning sound related to the operation on the AED **1**.
- (14) The ECG processing circuit **12** is configured to process electrocardiogram signals outputted from two defibrillation pads **13** attached to the patient. For example, the ECG processing circuit **12** may have a differential amplifier that amplifies a difference between a potential signal outputted from one of the two defibrillation pads **13** and a potential signal outputted from the other defibrillation pad **13** to thereby generate electrocardiogram data, and an AD converter that converts the electrocardiogram data into digital data. The defibrillation pads **13** are detachably attached to the AED **1**.
- (15) Next, the specific structure of the high voltage generator **3** according to the present embodiment will be described below with reference to FIG. **2**. FIG. **2** is a perspective view illustrating the specific structure of the high voltage generator **3**. As shown in FIG. **2**, the high voltage generator **3** includes a high voltage circuit board **20**, high voltage electronic components disposed on the high voltage circuit board **20**, a relay circuit board **30**, and relay electronic components disposed on the relay circuit board **30**.
- (16) The high voltage circuit board **20** is a circuit board for generating electric energy (a biphasic discharge waveform) for giving the patient an electric shock. The high voltage circuit board **20** has a front face **20***a*, a back face **20***b*, and a side face **20***c*. The high voltage electronic components are disposed on the front face **20***a*. The back face **20***b* is located on an opposite side to the front face **20***a*. The side face **20***c* is located between the front face **20***a* and the back face **20***b*. As an example of the high voltage electronic components disposed on the high voltage circuit board **20**, IGBT (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor) control transformers **21** and **29**, a high voltage diode **44**, and IGBTs (Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors) **22** and **42**, a film capacitor **23**, a coil **24**, a relay **27**, internal discharge resistors **33**, and a DC-DC transformer **43** are mounted on the high voltage circuit board **20**. In the following description, these electronic components mounted on the high voltage circuit board **20** will be generically referred to as "high voltage electronic components" for convenience of description.
- (17) The relay circuit board **30** is a circuit board for relaying a signal outputted from the high voltage circuit board **20** or a signal to be inputted to the high voltage circuit board **20**. The relay circuit board **30** is electrically connected to the high voltage circuit board **20**. In the present embodiment, the relay circuit board **30** is physically connected to the high voltage circuit board **20**.

Incidentally, while the relay circuit board **30** is electrically connected to the high voltage circuit board **20**, it should be noted that the relay circuit board **30** does not have to be physically connected to the high voltage circuit board **20**. The relay circuit board **30** has a front face **30***a*, a back face **30***b*, and a side face **30***c*. The relay electronic components are disposed on the front face **30***a*. The back face **30***b* is located on an opposite side to the front face **30***a*. The side face **30***c* is located between the front face **30***a* and the back face **30***b*. The front face **30***a* of the relay circuit board **30** is substantially orthogonal to the front face **20***a* of the high voltage circuit board **20**. As an example of the relay electronic components disposed on the relay circuit board **30**, a high voltage output connector **28**, an electrolytic capacitor **26**, and a high voltage control connector **25** are mounted on the relay circuit board **30**. In the following description, these electronic components mounted on the relay circuit board **30** will be generically referred to as "relay electronic components" for convenience of description.

- (18) Next, the high voltage generator **3** housed in an outer housing **100** that defines an exterior of the AED **1** will be described below with reference to FIGS. **3** to **5**. FIG. **3** is a view illustrating the high voltage generator **3** housed in the outer housing **100** before a potting material **40** (see FIG. **4**) is injected into the outer housing **100**. FIG. **4** is a view illustrating the high voltage generator **3** housed in the outer housing **100** after the potting material **40** is injected into the outer housing **100**. FIG. **5** is a perspective sectional view of the outer housing **100** and the high voltage generator **3** cut along a line A-A shown in FIG. **4**. Although the other constituent components of the AED **1** shown in FIG. **1** than the high voltage generator **3** are also housed in the outer housing **100**, illustration of these constituent components are omitted for convenience of explanation.
- (19) As shown in FIG. **3**, the outer housing **100** is, for example, made of a resin material such as polycarbonate, an ABS resin, or a PBT resin. The outer housing **100** has three housing areas S**1** to S**3**. The high voltage generator **3** and a partition plate **120** are housed in the housing area S**1** (an example of a first housing area). A control board (not shown) including at least the AED controller **2** is housed in the housing area S**2**. The energy accumulating unit **4** (e.g. a high voltage film capacitor) is housed in the housing area S**3**.
- (20) The high voltage generator **3** is housed in the housing area **S1** so that the back face **20***b* of the high voltage circuit board **20** faces a bottom face **102** of the outer housing **100**. Further, the partition plate **120** is disposed inside the housing area **S1** in the state in which the high voltage generator **3** is disposed in the housing area **S1**. The partition plate **120** may be, for example, made of the same resin material as the outer housing **100**. The partition plate **120** that faces the side face **20***c* of the high voltage circuit board **20** is disposed between an outer wall portion **103** of the outer housing **100** and the side face **20***c* of the high voltage circuit board **20**. In this respect, the partition plate **120** is disposed inside the housing area **S1** so as to extend along at least a part of an outer shape of the high voltage circuit board **20**.
- (21) In order to ensure electrical insulation among terminals of the high voltage electronic components disposed on the high voltage circuit board **20**, the potting material **40** is cured after the potting material **40** is injected into the accommodation region S**1** from the Z-axis direction in the state shown in FIG. **3**. Thus, the high voltage generator **3** is partially covered with the potting material **40**, as shown in FIG. **4** and FIG. **5**.
- (22) In this respect, the potting material **40** covers the high voltage circuit board **20** and the terminals of the high voltage electronic components (e.g. terminals of the internal discharge resistors **33**) disposed on the high voltage circuit board **20**. In particular, while the terminals of the high voltage electronic components are completely covered by the potting material **40** from a viewpoint of ensuring the electric insulation, the high voltage electronic components are partially exposed from the potting material **40**. While, for example, the terminals **33***a* of the internal discharge resistors **33** are completely covered with the potting material **40**, as shown in FIG. **3** and FIG. **4**, bodies of the internal discharge resistors **33** are partially exposed from the potting material **40**. Further, the potting material **40** partially covers the relay circuit board **30**.

- (23) Further, the potting material **40** is in contact with the high voltage circuit board **20** and the outer housing **100** so as to fix the high voltage circuit board **20** to the outer housing **100**, as shown in FIG. 5. In particular, the front face **20***a*, the back face **20***b*, and the side face **20***c* of the high voltage circuit board **20** are completely covered with the potting material **40**. Further, the potting material **40** contacts the partition plate **120** and the relay circuit board **30** to fix the partition plate **120** and the relay circuit board **30** to the outer housing **100**. Specifically, the potting material **40** is filled in a space surrounded by the outer wall portion **103** of the outer housing **100**, an inner wall portion **110** of the outer housing **100** that defines the housing area **S1**, the bottom face **102** of the outer housing **100**, and the partition plate **120**. The potting material **40** is in contact with the outer wall portion **103**, the inner wall portion **110**, and the bottom face **102** of the outer housing **100**. (24) Further, the potting material **40** is filled between the side face **20***c* of the high voltage circuit board **20** and the outer wall portion **103** of the outer housing **100**, between the back face **20***b* of the high voltage circuit board 20 and the bottom face 102 of the outer housing 100, and between the relay circuit board **30** and the inner wall portion **110** of the outer housing **100** respectively. Thus, the fixation between the high voltage circuit board **20** and the outer housing **100** can be made firm. (25) For example, an insulating material such as ceramics or an insulating resin may be used as the material of the potting material **40**. Specifically, the potting material **40** may be formed out of an insulating resin such as an epoxy resin, a polybutadiene resin, a polyurethane resin, a silicone resin, an acrylic resin, or a polyester resin. In particular, a resin material high in adhesiveness to the outer housing **100** is preferred as the material of the potting material **40**. The potting material **40** is preferably formed out of, for example, a resin containing polybutadiene as a main material. (26) According to the present embodiment, as described above, the high voltage circuit board **20** is directly fixed to the outer housing **100** by the potting material **40**. Therefore, a dedicated housing for housing the high voltage circuit board **20** does not have to be separately provided in the outer housing **100**, and a mechanical fixature (such as a screw or a rib structure) for fixing the dedicated housing and the outer housing **100** to each other does not have to be provided separately. Thus, the AED **1** can be miniaturized and durability of the AED **1** can be improved.
- (27) Further, the potting material **40** is in contact with the high voltage circuit board **20** and the outer housing **100**. Accordingly, heat generated from the high voltage electronic components is efficiently conducted to the outer housing **100** through the high voltage circuit board **20** and the potting material **40**. Thus, the heat generated from the high voltage electronic components can be efficiently dissipated to the outside of the AED **1**, so that heat dissipation performance of the AED **1** can be improved. Therefore, the durability and the heat dissipation performance of the AED **1** can be improved, and the AED **1** can be miniaturized.
- (28) Further, while the terminals of the high voltage electronic components are completely covered with the potting material **40**, the high voltage electronic components are partially exposed from the potting material **40** in the present embodiment. For example, while the terminals **33***a* of the internal discharge resistors **33** are completely covered with the potting material **40**, the bodies of the internal discharge resistors **33** are partially exposed from the potting material **40**. Therefore, it is possible to ensure the electrical insulation among the terminals of the high voltage electronic components by the potting material **40** while suppressing the filling amount of the potting material **40** with which the outer housing **100** is filled. Thus, the filling amount of the potting material **40** is suppressed so that the weight of the AED **1** can be reduced.
- (29) In the present embodiment, the partition plate **120** is provided between the side face **20***c* of the high voltage circuit board **20** and the outer housing **100** so as to extend along the part of the outer shape of the high voltage circuit board **20**. Thus, the filling amount of the potting material **40** with which the outer housing **100** is filled can be suppressed, so that the weight of the AED **1** can be reduced.
- (30) In the present embodiment, the potting material **40** is filled between the back face **20***b* of the high voltage circuit board **20** and the bottom face **102** of the outer housing **100**. Therefore, the high

voltage circuit board **20** and the outer housing **100** can be surely fixed to each other through the potting material **40**, and the heat generated from the high voltage electronic components can be efficiently dissipated to the outside of the AED **1**. Therefore, the heat dissipation performance of the AED **1** can be improved.

- (31) Further, in the present embodiment, the front face **30***a* of the relay circuit board **30** and the front face **20***a* of the high voltage circuit board **20** are substantially orthogonal to each other. Accordingly, an outer shape of the high voltage generator **3** can be miniaturized. Thus, the housing area **S1** of the outer housing **100** where the high voltage generator **3** is housed can be reduced, so that an outer shape of the AED **1** can be miniaturized.
- (32) Although the embodiment of the present disclosure has been described above, the technical scope of the present disclosure should not be interpreted limitedly by the description of the present embodiment. The present embodiment is merely exemplar, and it is going to be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes can be made on the embodiment within the scope of the disclosure described in the scope of claims. The technical scope of the present disclosure should be determined based on the scope of the disclosure described in the scope of claims and the scopes of equivalents thereof.
- (33) For example, the high voltage electronic components are mounted on the high voltage circuit board **20** in the present embodiment. However, the number of the high voltage electronic components mounted on the high voltage circuit board **20** may be one. Similarly, the number of the relay electronic components mounted on the relay circuit board **30** may be one.
- (34) Further, the high voltage generator **3** has the high voltage circuit board **20** and the relay circuit board **30** in the present embodiment. However, the high voltage generation unit **3** does not have to have the relay circuit board **30**. In this case, the high voltage electronic components and the relay electronic components may be mounted on the high voltage circuit board **20**.

Claims

- 1. An automated external defibrillator comprising: a high voltage generator configured to charge or discharge electric energy for giving a subject an electric shock for defibrillation; an outer housing configured to house the high voltage generator and defining an exterior of the automated external defibrillator; and a potting material containing an insulating material, wherein the high voltage generator comprises: a high voltage circuit board; a high voltage electronic component disposed on the high voltage circuit board, and wherein the potting material covers the high voltage circuit board and a terminal of the high voltage electronic component, the terminal connecting the high voltage circuit board and the high voltage electronic component, and is in contact with the high voltage circuit board and the outer housing to fix the high voltage circuit board to the outer housing, and the terminal of the high voltage electronic component is completely covered with the potting material, and the high voltage electronic component is partially exposed from the potting material.
- 2. The automated external defibrillator according to claim 1, wherein the high voltage circuit board comprises: a front face on which the high voltage electronic component is disposed; a back face that is located on an opposite side to the front face; and a side face that is located between the front face and the back face, wherein the automated external defibrillator further comprises: a partition plate that faces the side face of the high voltage circuit board and that is disposed between the outer housing and the side face of the high voltage circuit board, and wherein the potting material is in contact with the partition plate.
- 3. The automated external defibrillator according to claim 2, wherein the partition plate is disposed to extend along at least a portion of an outer shape of the high voltage circuit board.
- 4. The automated external defibrillator according to claim 1, wherein the outer housing has a first housing area where the high voltage generator is housed, and the potting material is in contact with

an inner wall portion of the outer housing defining the first housing area.

- 5. The automated external defibrillator according to claim 1, wherein the potting material is made of a resin containing polybutadiene as a main material.
- 6. The automated external defibrillator according to claim 1, wherein the high voltage circuit board comprises: a front face on which the high voltage electronic component is disposed; a back face that is located on an opposite side to the front face; and a side face that is located between the front face and the back face, and wherein the potting material is provided between the back face of the high voltage circuit board and the outer housing.
- 7. An automated external defibrillator comprising: a high voltage generator configured to charge or discharge electric energy for giving a subject an electric shock for defibrillation; an outer housing configured to house the high voltage generator and defining an exterior of the automated external defibrillator; and a potting material containing an insulating material, wherein the high voltage generator comprises: a high voltage circuit board; and a high voltage electronic component disposed on the high voltage circuit board, and wherein the potting material covers the high voltage circuit board and a terminal of the high voltage electronic component, and is in contact with the high voltage circuit board and the outer housing to fix the high voltage circuit board to the outer housing, wherein the high voltage generator further comprises: a relay circuit board that is physically and electrically connected to the high voltage circuit board; and a relay electronic component disposed on the relay circuit board, wherein a front face of the relay circuit board on which the relay electronic component is disposed is substantially orthogonal to a front face of the high voltage circuit board on which the high voltage electronic component is disposed, and wherein the potting material partially covers the relay circuit board.