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Wearable and replaceable pouch or skin for holding a portable battery pack

Abstract

A wearable pouch operable to hold at least one portable battery pack and other power or communications equipment. The wearable pouch includes a main body with a front side, a back side opposite the front side, at least one sealable opening, and at least one opening for at least one lead from the at least one portable battery pack secured within the wearable pouch.

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Attorney, Agent or Firm: NEO IP

Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS (1) This application is related to and claims priority from the following US patents and patent applications: this application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 18/652,212, filed May 1, 2024, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/719,973, filed Apr. 13, 2022, which is a continuation of U.S.

application Ser. No. 16/241,668, filed Jan. 7, 2019, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/886,351, filed Feb. 1, 2018 and a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 16/220,616, filed Dec. 14, 2018. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/886,351 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/836,259, filed Dec. 8, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270, filed Sep. 29, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/520,821, filed Oct. 22, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270 is also a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776, filed Jul. 31, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/470,382, filed Mar. 27, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/516,127, filed Oct. 16, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 16/220,616 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/975,116, filed May 9, 2018, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/390,802, filed Dec. 27, 2016, a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/886,351, filed Feb. 1, 2018, and a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/836,299, filed Dec. 8, 2017. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/390,802 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/156,094, filed Jan. 15, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/886,351 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/836,259, filed Dec. 8, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270, filed Sep. 29, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/520,821, filed Oct. 22, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270 is also a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776, filed Jul. 31, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/470,382, filed Mar. 27, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/516,127, filed Oct. 16, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/836,299 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776, filed Jul. 31, 2017, and a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270, filed Sep. 29, 2017. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/470,382, filed Mar. 27, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/516,127, filed Oct. 16, 2014. U.S. application Ser. No. 15/720,270 is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/520,821, filed Oct. 22, 2014, and a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776, filed Jul. 31, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/470,382, filed Mar. 27, 2017, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/516,127, filed Oct. 16, 2014. Each of the U.S. Applications mentioned above is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

(1) The present invention relates generally to portable equipment for military, law enforcement, aviation, personal survival, hiking, sporting, recreation, hunting, water sports, and camping applications and, more particularly, to a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed by a wearable and replaceable pouch or skin.

2. Description of the Prior Art

(2) Portable power sources are used in, for example, military applications, law enforcement applications, aviation applications, wilderness and personal survival applications, hiking and camping applications, sporting and recreation applications, hunting applications, land surveying and expedition applications, and disaster relief efforts. For example, portable battery packs exist for carrying in a backpack or for wearing on the body. These battery packs, however, can be heavy and inconvenient to access and connect to devices requiring electrical power. Further, some applications require that the appearance of the battery pack blend with the environment in which they are used. Current battery packs, however, might not offer flexibility of appearance or the consumer is forced to buy one battery pack for one environment and a different battery pack for a different environment.

(3) Additionally, portable battery packs are increasingly required to provide power to a plurality of peripheral electronic devices. The plurality of peripheral electronic devices is often connected to a power distribution and data hub, which supplies power to the plurality of peripheral electronic devices and transfers data between the plurality of peripheral electronic devices.
(4) Prior art patent documents include the following:
(5) U.S. Pat. No. 2,501,725 for instrument structure for portable testing voltmeters by inventor Knopp, filed Apr. 9, 1945 and issued Mar. 28, 1950, is directed to portable electric voltage testers and more particularly in the instruments used in such testers; for indicating the values of alternating and direct current voltages, and the polarity of unidirectional current circuits tested; the presence or absence of electrical energy on metallic parts in the vicinity of electrical energy sources; etc.
(6) U.S. Pat. No. 5,340,662 for emergency battery system with an infinite shelf life by inventor McCarter, filed Jan. 15, 1993 and issued Aug. 23, 1994, is directed to an emergency battery system having an infinite shelf life, comprising a first primary reserve, water-activated battery that can be connected directly to an emergency appliance to provide voltage therein once activated, that can be connected to a self-contained, rechargeable battery utilized with the water-activated battery and stored for long periods of time to provide charge to the rechargeable battery, which itself can then be connected to an electrical emergency appliance, or the water-activated battery is connected to a power conversion circuit that can provide a variety of voltages to emergency electrical appliances that already have their own self-contained, rechargeable batteries. The emergency battery system described can be used to power emergency appliances, such as lights, lanterns, emergency radios, or DC-powered telephones. As long as the water-activated battery is kept free of moisture or water, the shelf life is virtually infinite.
(7) U.S. Pat. No. 5,537,022 for enclosed battery holder by inventor Huang, filed Aug. 22, 1995 and issued Jul. 16, 1996, is directed to an enclosed battery charger including a seat, a cover, and a conductive metal plate means. The seat is provided with a partition which has one end thereof extending upwardly to form a partition rib for preventing contact of two conductive metal plates. A front wall of the seat is provided with an inverted-L shaped hook piece, and a rear wall of the seat is provided with an engaging hole. The cover is provided with a rib having a rib section projected from an inner side thereof. The rib and rib section of the cover enclose a rib of the seat. The cover also has a hook piece which is retained by the engaging hole. The cover further has a slot corresponding to the hook piece of the front wall. A push-button switch and a metal piece are further provided to control connection of electricity. A post is disposed in the seat for preventing the wires and the conductive metal plates from slipping off. In addition, an insulated plate is passed through a slot in the cover to be disposed between the batteries and the conductive metal plates for preventing abnormal electricity discharge.
(8) U.S. Pat. No. 5,653,367 for holster arrangement for a transportable communications device by inventor Abramson, filed Sep. 27, 1995 and issued Aug. 5, 1997, is directed to a holster arrangement for a transportable communications device that is worn by a user and is arranged to have a holder portion positioned on either side of the user's torso. Straps extending from a shoulder pad are utilized to support the holder portion and to secure the holster arrangement to the user. The holder portion is arranged to support a case in varied positions with the case being mountable on the holder portion at a substantially vertical position and at angular positions to the holder portion. Two angular mounting positions are provided to facilitate the use of the holster arrangement when fitted to either side of the user. The case for holding the communications device is readily detached from the holder of the holster arrangement.
(9) U.S. Pat. No. 5,680,026 for tool belt with battery assembly by inventor Lueschen filed Mar. 21, 1994 and issued Oct. 21, 1997, is directed to an apparatus comprising: a battery assembly including exactly five parallel rows of C cells, each row having exactly four C cells arranged end to end in series, all of the rows being electrically connected together in series, a casing which surrounds the rows, a cable having a first end inside the casing, the first end of the cable having a first lead

electrically connected to one end of the series connection of the rows, and the first end of the cable having a second lead electrically connected to the other end of the series connection of the rows, the cable having a second end outside the casing, and a male connector electrically connected to the second end of the cable; a belt adapted to be worn around the waist of a user, the belt having an adjustable girth so as to fit users having different waist sizes; a pocket supported by the belt and slideably movable along the girth of the belt, the pocket closely housing the battery assembly; and a portable, hand held, electrically powered cable tie tensioning tool, the tool having a female connector connected to the male connector of the battery assembly.

(10) U.S. Pat. No. 6,259,228 for battery pack and protective pouch therefor by inventors Becker et al., filed Feb. 11, 2000 and issued Jul. 10, 2001, is directed to a protective housing for a jump-starting battery pack includes a flexible sheet of multi-layered, electrically insulating fabric material including inner and outer nylon layers and a foam padding layer sandwiched therebetween adapted to be folded around the case of a battery pack positioned in the middle of the sheet and held closed by Velcro-type closures. Retaining straps secure the battery pack in place, one of the straps having stacks of secured-together folds positioned on opposite sides of the case to provide supports on which the connector clamps of the battery pack jumper cables can be clamped, with the cables projecting from the open top of the housing to serve as handles.

(11) U.S. Pat. No. 6,380,713 for battery pack by inventor Namura, filed Apr. 25, 2001 and issued Apr. 30, 2002, is directed to a battery pack holding a first block adjacent to a second block in a case. The first and second blocks are a plurality of circular cylindrical batteries arranged in the same horizontal plane. The first and second blocks are each made up of N batteries lined up side-by-side in parallel fashion to form a lateral battery array, and M perpendicular batteries in close proximity to an electrode end of the lateral battery array and oriented at right angles to the batteries of the lateral battery array. The circular cylindrical batteries of the first and second blocks are arranged with point-by-point symmetry about the center of the rectangular case. Further, the electrode ends of perpendicular batteries protrude beyond a side of the lateral battery array towards the neighboring block to provide center region space between the first and second blocks.

(12) U.S. Pat. No. 6,641,432 for waterproof cell cabinet by inventor Ouyoung, filed Oct. 16, 2002 and issued Nov. 4, 2003, is directed to a waterproof cell cabinet comprised of a hollow casing, a cell holder, a connection disk, a lid and a pair of locking plates; the casing being adapted with a coupling flange and two positioning channels on the inner circumference of the coupling flange and containing a retaining plate with resilient member and the cell holder in the casing, multiple rooms in the center of the casing with each provided with an induction coil; the connection disk being adapted to the front of the cell holder and integrated with two fixtures sandwiching a dovetail one end, and two retaining plates on both sides of the other end; the lid having on its one end provided with a dish and a rib at the center of the dish; two wings being provided on the outer circumference of the lid and a locking button extending from the other end of the lid to lock into the dovetail; two semi-circular locking plates each containing a semi-circular channel being provided between the connection disk and the lid; two fixation blocks being provided on the inner circumference of the locking plate to lock into a locking hole; and the lid being fully secured in the coupling flange to provide an enclosed space.

(13) U.S. Pat. No. 6,727,197 for wearable transmission device by inventors Wilson et al., filed Nov. 17, 2000 and issued Apr. 27, 2004, is directed to a knitted, woven, or braided textile ribbon including fibers and having a length and selvage edges and one or more transmission elements running the length of the ribbon in place of one or more of the fibers and integrated with the fibers to transmit data and/or power along the length of the ribbon.

(14) U.S. Pat. No. 7,074,520 for contoured casing of mating clamshell portions for an electrochemical cell by inventors Probst et al., filed Nov. 4, 2005 and issued Jul. 11, 2006, is directed to an electrochemical cell of either a primary or a secondary chemistry housed in a casing having opposed major side walls of a contoured shape.

(15) U.S. Pat. No. 7,141,330 for secondary battery accommodation case by inventor Aoyama, filed Mar. 4, 2003 and issued Nov. 28, 2006, is directed to a secondary battery accommodation case with improved exterior surface having no parting line in two or more exterior faces out of four exterior faces encircling the battery accommodation portion. It comprises a substantially rectangular bottom case having a battery accommodation portion for accommodating secondary batteries and a top case to be assembled with the bottom case for closing the battery accommodation portion. In the assembled condition of the top case and the bottom case, the exterior face of the top case closing the secondary battery accommodation portion is made equal to or lower than two or more open edges out of four exterior faces encircling the battery accommodation portion in the bottom case.
(16) US Publication No. 20090279810 for battery bag by inventor Nobles, filed May 6, 2008 and published Nov. 12, 2009, is directed to a battery bag assembly including an elongated watertight bag (WTB), a sealable access port (SAP), a battery tray (BT), a power feed-through (PFT), and an electric power conduit (EPC). SAP has an elongated configuration extending along an elongated length of the WTB. BT is disposed within the WTB so that its elongated configuration is aligned with the elongated length of the WTB. BT has electrical connector sockets (EPSs) mounted thereon for mating with oppositely sexed connectors provided on batteries. PFT is disposed on a wall of the watertight bag. PFT is configured to provide a watertight seal for an electrical conductor passing from an interior of the watertight bag to an exterior of the watertight bag. EPC is electrically connected for coupling electric power from the EPSs on the BT to a remote device.
(17) U.S. Pat. No. 7,697,269 for housing mechanism for electronic device by inventors Yang et al., filed Dec. 27, 2006 and issued Apr. 13, 2010, is directed to an exemplary housing mechanism for an electronic device including a cover and a frame. The cover has a cover body, a sealing element, and a sidewall formed around the cover body. A surface of a distal end of the sidewall is recessed thereby forming a receiving slot therein. The sealing element has a connecting portion and a positioning portion connected to the connecting portion. The connecting portion is fixedly received in the receiving slot of the cover. The frame has a positioning slot defined therein and the positioning portion of the sealing element is for reception in the positioning slot of the frame when the cover is closed to the frame.
(18) US Publication No. 20110070472 for watertight battery cover assembly for electronic device by inventors Cui et al., filed Mar. 22, 2010 and published Mar. 24, 2011, is directed to a battery cover assembly used in an electronic device. The battery cover assembly includes a main body, a battery cover, and a gasket. The main body defines a receiving cavity including a peripheral wall. The battery cover includes a frame. The gasket is assembled in the battery cover. The frame is latched in the receiving cavity, the gasket is caught between the frame and the peripheral wall. The disclosure further discloses an electronic device using the battery cover assembly.
(19) US Publication No. 20120045929 for PALS compliant routing system by inventors Streeter et al., filed Aug. 23, 2011 and published Feb. 23, 2012, is directed to a PALS compliant routing system including flexible fabric cabling routed through the webbing of a PALS grid. A first connector or device is coupled to the cabling. Other connectors coupled to the cabling subsystem include a retention mechanism configured to retain them in the channels of the PALS webbing.
(20) US Publication No. 20130294712 for ammunition magazine pouch by inventor Seuk, filed Oct. 30, 2012 and published Nov. 7, 2013, is directed to a hydration pouch including an elastic band that compresses the bottom portion of the hydration bladder inside the pouch to more evenly distribute the fluid contents of the bladder vertically within the pouch, thereby preventing the pooling of the fluid contents in the bottom of the bladder.
(21) US Publication No. 20140072864 for packaging material for lithium ion battery, lithium ion battery, and method for manufacturing lithium ion battery by inventors Suzuta et al., filed Nov. 8, 2013 and published Mar. 13, 2014, is directed to a packaging material for a lithium ion battery including: a base material layer that is formed from a film obtained by biaxially stretching a multi-layered coextruded film including a first thermoplastic resin layer having rigidity and chemical

resistance and being disposed at an outer side thereof, a second thermoplastic resin layer having a capability of propagating stress and adhesiveness, and a third thermoplastic resin layer having toughness; a metal foil layer that is laminated on one surface of the base material layer; an anti-corrosion-treated layer that is laminated on the metal foil layer; an inner adhesive layer that is laminated on the anti-corrosion-treated layer; and a sealant layer that is laminated on the inner adhesive layer.

(22) U.S. Pat. No. 8,720,762 for load carrier systems and associated manufacturing methods by inventors Hilliard et al., filed Jun. 17, 2011 and issued May 13, 2014, is directed to load carrier systems and associated manufacturing methods. In one embodiment, a load carrier system can include a unitary piece of material. The unitary piece of material can include a body portion comprising a first face side, an opposing face side, a first peripheral edge and an opposing second peripheral edge; and one or more straps comprising a respective extended end, wherein the straps are an integral part of the body portion; wherein the one or more straps are folded over onto the first face side adjacent to the first peripheral edge; and wherein at least one respective end of the one or more straps is fastened to the opposing second peripheral edge.

(23) U.S. Pat. No. 9,144,255 for system for attaching accessories to tactical gear by inventor Perciballi, filed Feb. 1, 2013 and issued Sep. 29, 2015, is directed to designs and methods for a reversible, textile-based tactical article. In one embodiment the tactical article comprises a textile based panel perforated with an array of slots arranged in vertical and horizontal, spaced apart rows. The panel may be adapted for attaching accessories to either side by lacing a strap through a row of the slots and through webbing loops on the accessory positioned between the slots. One side of the panel may have a first appearance, and the other side a second appearance that is different from the first appearance.

(24) US Publication No. 20150295617 for waterproof case by inventors Lai et al., filed Apr. 13, 2015 and published Oct. 15, 2015, is directed to a protective case for an electronic device may include a housing, a case cover and a gasket positioned between the housing and the case cover. The housing may include a case member, having a plurality of housing snap attachment structures formed therein. The case cover may likewise include case cover snap attachment structures formed thereon that couple with the housing snap fit structures. The gasket is positioned between planar surfaces of the case member and case cover so that it is axially compressed between the case member and the case cover to provide a water and air tight seal, with the compression of the gasket being maintained by the connection of the housing snap attachment structures and the case cover snap attachment structures.

(25) US Publication No. 20170263902 for waterproof battery case by inventor Hwang, filed Jun. 30, 2016 and published Sep. 14, 2017, is directed to a waterproof battery case comprising: a case body including a base and a top cover, wherein adjacent surfaces thereof are correspondingly formed with a flange and a recess in which an elastic sealing member is mounted, the base is formed with an accommodation space allowing at least one battery to be accommodated, a stepped engaging hole and through hole are formed between the outer wall of the base the accommodation space; an electrode plate set, including at least one anode contact and at least one cathode contact accommodated in the accommodation space; and a waterproof structure, including an elastic waterproof plug allowing two wires to be integrally embedded therein, wherein a plug head at one end thereof is formed with a neck part having the circumference formed with at least one convex rib, the other end thereof is formed with an engaging sheet sleeved with the engaging hole.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

(26) The present invention relates generally to portable equipment for military, law enforcement, aviation, personal survival, hiking, watersports, and camping applications and, more particularly, to a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed by a wearable and replaceable pouch or skin.

(27) In one embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least

one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, and one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device.

(28) In another embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries are rechargeable and include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, and one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, wherein the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads are operable to charge at least one of the one or more batteries, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device.

(29) In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, and a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the wearable pouch to a load-bearing platform, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one

peripheral device.
(30) These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art after a reading of the following description of the preferred embodiment when considered with the drawings, as they support the claimed invention.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS
(1) FIG. **1** illustrates a perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin.
(2) FIG. **2** illustrates a front perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin.
(3) FIG. **3** illustrates a back perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin.
(4) FIG. **4** illustrates an angled perspective view of the front of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(5) FIG. **5** illustrates another angled perspective view of one embodiment of the front of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(6) FIG. **6** illustrates an angled perspective view of one embodiment of the back of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(7) FIG. **7**A illustrates another angled perspective view of another embodiment of the front of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(8) FIG. **7**B illustrates an angled perspective view of another embodiment of the back of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(9) FIG. **8** shows a side perspective view of the portable battery pack affixed to a vest using zippers.
(10) FIG. **9**A illustrates a front perspective view of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(11) FIG. **9**B illustrates a side perspective view of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(12) FIG. **9**C illustrates a back perspective view of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(13) FIG. **9**D illustrates a perspective view of an end of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(14) FIG. **9**E illustrates a perspective view of another end of the wearable pouch or skin of the portable battery pack.
(15) FIG. **10** illustrates an exploded view of an example of the battery of the portable battery pack.
(16) FIG. **11** illustrates a top perspective view of the battery of the portable battery pack when assembled.
(17) FIG. **12** illustrates a bottom perspective view of the battery of the portable battery pack when assembled.
(18) FIG. **13** illustrates a perspective view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.
(19) FIG. **14**A illustrates a top perspective view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.
(20) FIG. **14**B illustrates a cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.
(21) FIG. **14**C illustrates another cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.
(22) FIG. **14**D illustrates yet another cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.
(23) FIG. **15**A illustrates a cross-section view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery

pack.
(24) FIG. **15**B illustrates a view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery pack.
(25) FIG. **15**C illustrates another view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery pack.
(26) FIG. **16** illustrates a cutaway view of a portion of the battery, which shows more details of the flexible omnidirectional battery leads.
(27) FIG. **17**A illustrates a cross-sectional view of one embodiment of a structure that includes a material for dissipating heat.
(28) FIG. **17**B illustrates a cross-sectional view of one embodiment of another structure that includes a material for dissipating heat.
(29) FIG. **17**C illustrates a cross-sectional view of one embodiment of yet another structure that includes a material for dissipating heat.
(30) FIG. **17**D illustrates a cross-sectional view of one embodiment of yet another structure that includes a material for dissipating heat.
(31) FIG. **18** illustrates an exploded view of an example of a battery of a portable battery pack into which a heat dissipating material is installed.
(32) FIG. **19** illustrates a block diagram of one embodiment of the control electronics for a state of charge indicator incorporated into the portable battery pack.
(33) FIG. **20**A illustrates a block diagram of an example of an SOC system that includes a mobile application for use with a portable battery pack.
(34) FIG. **20**B illustrates a block diagram of an example of control electronics of the portable battery pack that is capable of communicating with the SOC mobile application.
(35) FIG. **20**C illustrates a block diagram of another example of control electronics of the portable battery pack that is capable of communicating with the SOC mobile application.
(36) FIG. **21** illustrates a front perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components.
(37) FIG. **22** illustrates a rear perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components.
(38) FIG. **23** illustrates a front perspective view of another example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components.
(39) FIG. **24** illustrates a rear perspective view of another example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components.
(40) FIG. **25** illustrates a block diagram of one example of a power distribution and data hub.
(41) FIG. **26** illustrates a block diagram of another example of a power distribution and data hub.
(42) FIG. **27** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes a battery and a power distribution and data hub enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin.
(43) FIG. **28** is a detail view of the interior perspective view of the example of the portable battery pack shown in FIG. **27**.
(44) FIG. **29** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes an object retention system in the wearable pouch or skin.
(45) FIG. **30** is an exploded view of an example of a battery and a power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure.
(46) FIG. **31** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes a battery and a power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure.
(47) FIG. **32** is a detail view of the interior perspective view of the example of the portable battery pack shown in FIG. **31**.
(48) FIG. **33** illustrates a side perspective view of another example of a portable battery pack

affixed to a vest using zippers.
(49) FIG. **34** illustrates a front perspective view of another example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components.
(50) FIG. **35** illustrates an embodiment with two different sized zippers for mating with body armor, a plate carrier, and/or a vest of two different sizes.
(51) FIG. **36** illustrates one embodiment of a pouch with removable backpack and/or shoulder straps.
(52) FIG. **37**A illustrates another embodiment of the pouch with backpack and/or shoulder straps where the backpack straps and/or shoulder straps are fully enclosed in the pouch.
(53) FIG. **37**B illustrates the embodiment of FIG. **37**A where the backpack straps and/or shoulders straps are outside of the pouch.
(54) FIG. **38** illustrates one embodiment of a zipper lock mechanism for the pouch.
(55) FIG. **39** illustrates an embodiment of a pouch designed to hold the portable battery pack.
(56) FIG. **40**A illustrates an example of a solar panel operable to attach to the pouch of the portable battery pack.
(57) FIG. **40**B illustrates a back side of the solar panel in FIG. **40**A.
(58) FIG. **40**C illustrates one embodiment of the pouch including at least one strip of loop tape on the pouch for securing the solar panel of FIGS. **40**A-**40**B to the pouch.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(59) The present invention is generally directed to a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including a wearable and replaceable pouch or skin with one or more batteries enclosed in the pouch or skin for military, law enforcement, aviation, personal survival, hiking, sports, recreation, hunting, land surveying, expedition, watersports, and camping applications.
(60) In one embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, and one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device.
(61) In another embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries are rechargeable and include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more

channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, and one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, wherein the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads are operable to charge at least one of the one or more batteries, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device.

(62) In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch and at least one power distribution and data hub, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover including one or more channels to accommodate wires of one or more flexible omnidirectional leads and a compartment sized to receive the at least one battery element, a battery back plate attached to the battery cover, and the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads including a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion, wherein the wiring portion and the flexible spring are held securely in the one or more channels in the battery cover such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover, wherein the wearable pouch includes a closeable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be removed from the wearable pouch, one or more openings through which the one or more flexible omnidirectional leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, and a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the wearable pouch to a load-bearing platform, wherein the one or more batteries are operable to supply power to the at least one power distribution and data hub, and wherein the at least one power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device.

(63) None of the prior art discloses a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover, a battery back plate, and one or more flexible omnidirectional leads that include a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover.

(64) Referring now to the drawings in general, the illustrations are for the purpose of describing one or more preferred embodiments of the invention and are not intended to limit the invention thereto.

(65) In some embodiments, the present invention provides a portable battery pack including a battery enclosed by, e.g., inside of, a wearable and replaceable pouch or skin, wherein the pouch or skin is operable to be provided in different colors and/or patterns. Namely, a set of multiple interchangeable pouches or skins is operable to be provided with one battery unit. This feature is particularly beneficial when it is required that the portable battery pack blend into different environments, such as in military applications. In one example, if the portable battery pack is used in a jungle or wilderness environment, the battery is operable to be placed inside a camouflage pouch or skin. In another example, if the portable battery pack is used in an arctic environment, the battery is operable to be placed inside a white-colored pouch or skin. In yet another example, if the portable battery pack is used in a desert environment, the battery is operable to be placed inside a sand-colored pouch or skin.

(66) Representative camouflages include, but are not limited to, Universal Camouflage Pattern (UCP), also known as ACUPAT or ARPAT or Army Combat Uniform; MultiCam, also known as

Operation Enduring Freedom Camouflage Pattern (OCP); Universal Camouflage Pattern-Delta (UCP-Delta); Airman Battle Uniform (ABU); Navy Working Uniform (NWU), including variants, such as, blue-grey, desert (Type II), and woodland (Type III); MARPAT, also known as Marine Corps Combat Utility Uniform, including woodland, desert, and winter/snow variants; Disruptive Overwhite Snow Digital Camouflage, Urban Digital Camouflage, and Tactical Assault Camouflage (TACAM).

(67) Therefore, an aspect of the portable battery pack is that it provides a battery in combination with one or more wearable and replaceable pouches or skins, wherein the one or more pouches or skins are operable to be different colors and/or patterns.

(68) Another aspect of the portable battery pack is that the battery has one or more leads that are operable to be flexed repeatedly in any direction without breaking or failing. This means the portable battery pack is operable to deliver energy from the battery to power consuming devices located in different areas of the load bearing equipment. Similarly, the portable battery pack is operable to receive energy from charging devices located in different areas of the load bearing equipment to the battery.

(69) Yet another aspect of the portable battery pack is that the battery and pouch or skin are lightweight and contoured for comfortable wearing or ease of fastening to other equipment, such as a backpack or body armor, while still maintaining the lowest possible profile. Advantageously, this low profile prevents the portable battery pack from interfering with the wearer while in motion or seated.

(70) Still another aspect of the portable battery pack is that the pouch or skin is operable to be MOLLE-compatible. “MOLLE” means Modular Lightweight Load-carrying Equipment, which is the current generation of load-bearing equipment and backpacks utilized by a number of NATO armed forces. The portable battery pack is also operable to be made to affix to other equipment (e.g., chair or seat, boat or kayak, helmet) or a user's body (e.g., back region, chest region, abdominal region, arm, leg) using straps, snaps, hook and loop tape, snaps, ties, buckles, and/or clips for other applications.

(71) FIGS. **1-3** are perspective views of an example of the portable battery pack **100** that includes a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin. For example, portable battery pack **100** includes a pouch **110** for holding a battery **150**. The pouch **110** is a wearable pouch or skin that is operable to be sized in any manner that substantially corresponds to a size of the battery **150**. In one example, the pouch **110** is sized to hold a battery **150** that is about 24.8 cm (9.75 inches) long, about 21.8 cm (8.6 inches) wide, and about 2.5 cm (1 inch) thick.

(72) In a preferred embodiment, the pouch **110** is formed of a flexible, durable, and waterproof or at least water-resistant material. For example, the pouch **110** is formed of polyester, polyvinyl chloride (PVC)-coated polyester, vinyl-coated polyester, nylon, canvas, PVC-coated canvas, or polycotton canvas. In one embodiment, the pouch **110** is formed of a material that is laminated to or treated with a waterproofing or water repellant material (e.g., rubber, PVC, polyurethane, silicone elastomer, fluoropolymers, wax, thermoplastic elastomer). Additionally or alternatively, the pouch **110** is treated with a UV coating to increase UV resistance. The exterior finish of the pouch **110** is operable to be any color, such as white, brown, green, orange (e.g., international orange), yellow, black, or blue, or any pattern, such as camouflage, as provided herein, or any other camouflage in use by the military, law enforcement, or hunters. For example, in FIGS. **1-3**, the pouch **110** is shown to have a camouflage pattern. In one embodiment, the exterior of the pouch **110** includes a reflective tape, fabric, or material. Advantageously, the reflective tape, fabric, or material improves visibility of the user in low-light conditions.

(73) The pouch **110** has a first side **112** and a second side **114**. The pouch **110** also includes a pouch opening **116**, which is the opening through which the battery **150** is fitted into the pouch **110**. In the example shown in FIGS. **1-3**, the pouch opening **116** is opened and closed using a zipper, as the pouch **110** includes a zipper tab **118**. Other mechanisms, however, are operable to be used for

holding the pouch opening **116** of the pouch **110** open or closed, such as, a hook and loop system (e.g., VELCRO®), buttons, snaps, hooks, ties, clips, buckles, and the like. Further, a lead opening **120** (see FIG. **2**, FIG. **3**, FIG. **5**) is provided on the end of the pouch **110** that is opposite the pouch opening **116**. For example, the lead opening **120** is operable to be a 1.3-cm (0.5-inch) long slit or a 1.9-cm (0.75-inch) long slit in the edge of the pouch **110**. In one embodiment, the lead opening **120** is finished or reinforced with stitching. In another embodiment, the lead opening **120** is laser cut.
(74) The battery **150** includes at least one lead. In one example, the battery **150** is a rechargeable battery with two leads **152** (e.g., a first lead **152***a* and a second lead **152***b*) as shown in FIGS. **2-3**. Each lead **152** is operable to be used for both the charging function and the power supply function. In other words, the leads **152***a*, **152***b* are not dedicated to the charging function only or the power supply function only, both leads **152***a*, **152***b* are operable to be used for either function at any time or both at the same time. In one example, the first lead **152***a* is operable to be used for charging the battery **150** while the second lead **152***b* is operable to be used simultaneously for powering equipment, or both leads **152** are operable to be used for powering equipment, or both leads **152** are operable to be used for charging the battery **150**.
(75) Each lead is preferably operable to charge and discharge at the same time. In one example, a Y-splitter with a first connector and a second connector is attached to a lead. The Y-splitter allows the lead to supply power to equipment via the first connector and charge the battery via the second connector at the same time. Thus, the leads are operable to allow power to flow in and out of the battery simultaneously.
(76) In another embodiment, each lead is operable to charge or discharge, but not operable to charge and discharge simultaneously. In one embodiment, the battery includes at least one sensor operable to determine if a lead is connected to a load or a power supply. If the at least one sensor determines that a lead is connected to a load, the discharging function is enabled and the charging function is disabled. If the at least one sensor determines that a lead is connected to a power supply, the charging function is enabled and the discharging function is disabled.
(77) In a preferred embodiment, a dust cap is used to cover a corresponding lead. Advantageously, the dust cap protects the connector from dust and other environmental contaminants that are operable to cause battery failure in the field. The dust cap is preferably permanently attached to the corresponding lead. Alternatively, the dust cap is removably attachable to the corresponding lead.
(78) The battery is operable to be charged using at least one charging device. In a preferred embodiment, the at least one charging device is an alternating current (AC) adapter, a solar panel, a generator, a portable power case, a fuel cell, a vehicle battery, a rechargeable battery, and/or a non-rechargeable battery. Examples of a portable power case are disclosed in US Publication No. 20170229692 and U.S. application Ser. Nos. 15/664,776 and 15/836,299, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. In one embodiment, the battery is connected to the at least one charging device through a direct current-direct current (DC-DC) converter cable.
(79) In another embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged via inductive charging. In one embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged using an inductive charging mat. In an alternative embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged using an inductive puck worn in a pocket, on the back of a helmet, or in a rucksack. In one embodiment, the inductive puck is powered using a DC power source. Advantageously, this reduces the number of cables required for a user, which prevents users from accidentally disconnecting cables (e.g., when getting in and out of spaces like vehicles). Additionally, this allows a user to use proximity charging, which allows the user to focus on the task at hand instead of spending a few seconds connecting the battery to a charging device, which is operable to be located behind the user in a rucksack. Further, this embodiment eliminates the possibility of reverse polarity and arcing between connectors caused by the electrical potential. The inductive puck is operable to charge additional power consuming devices carried by a user (e.g., a smartphone, a tablet).
(80) In one embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged by harvesting ambient

radiofrequency (RF) waves. Alternatively, the battery is operable to be charged by capturing exothermic body reactions (e.g., heat, sweat). In one embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged using thermoelectric generators, which use temperature differences between the body and the external environment to generate energy. In another embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged using sweat (e.g., using lactate). In an alternative embodiment, the battery is operable to be charged using friction (e.g., triboelectric effect) or kinetic energy. In yet another example, the battery is operable to be charged by a pedal power generator. In one embodiment, the battery is connected to the pedal power generator through a direct current-direct current (DC-DC) converter cable.

(81) The battery is also operable to be charged using energy generated from running water and wind energy. In one embodiment, the wind energy is generated using an unmanned aerial system or drone on a tether. In an alternative embodiment, the wind energy is generated using a drive along turbine.

(82) With respect to using the battery **150** with pouch **110**, first the user unzips the pouch opening **116**, then the user inserts one end of the battery **150** that has, for example, the second lead **152***b* through the pouch opening **116** and into the compartment inside the pouch **110**. At the same time, the user guides the end of the second lead **152***b* through the lead opening **120**, which allows the housing of the battery **150** to fit entirely inside of the pouch **110**, as shown in FIG. **1**. The first lead **152***a* is left protruding out of the unzipped portion of the pouch opening **116**. Then the user zips the pouch opening **116** closed, leaving the zipper tab **118** snugged up against the first lead **152***a*, as shown in FIG. **2** and FIG. **3**. FIG. **2** shows the portable battery pack **100** with the first side **112** of the pouch **110** up, whereas FIG. **3** shows the portable battery pack **100** with the second side **114** of the pouch **110** up.

(83) As previously described, the battery has at least one lead. In one embodiment, the pouch has an opening for each corresponding lead. In one example, the battery has four leads and the pouch has four openings corresponding to the four leads. Alternatively, the pouch utilizes the zippered pouch opening to secure one lead and has an opening for each remaining lead. In one example, the battery has four leads and the pouch has three openings for three of the four leads. The remaining lead is secured by the zipper.

(84) In another embodiment, the pouch has a seal around an opening for a corresponding lead. The seal is tight around the lead, which prevents water from entering the pouch through the opening. In one embodiment, the seal is formed of a rubber (e.g., neoprene).

(85) In a preferred embodiment, the pouch of the portable battery pack is MOLLE-compatible. In one embodiment, the pouch incorporates a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS), which is a grid of webbing used to attach smaller equipment onto load-bearing platforms, such as vests and backpacks. For example, the PALS grid consists of horizontal rows of 2.5-cm (1-inch) webbing, spaced about 2.5 cm (1 inch) apart, and reattached to the backing at 3.8-cm (1.5-inch) intervals. In one embodiment, the webbing is formed of nylon (e.g., cordura nylon webbing, MIL-W-43668 Type III nylon webbing). Accordingly, a set of straps **122** (e.g., four straps **122**) are provided on one edge of the pouch **110** as shown in FIGS. **2**-**3**. Further, rows of webbing **124** (e.g., four rows **124**) are provided on the first side **112** of the pouch **110**, as shown in FIG. **2**. Additionally, rows of slots or slits **126** (e.g., seven rows of slots or slits **126**) are provided on the second side **114** of the pouch **110**, as shown in FIG. **3**. In a preferred embodiment, the set of straps **122**, the rows of webbing **124**, and the rows of slots or slits **126** replicate and duplicate the MOLLE underneath the portable battery pack on the load bearing equipment. Advantageously, this allows for minimal disruption to the user because the user is able to place additional gear pouches or gear (e.g., water bottle, antenna pouch) on the MOLLE of the portable battery pack in an equivalent location.

(86) In other embodiments, the portable battery pack is made to affix to other equipment (e.g., chair or seat, boat or kayak, helmet) or a user's body (e.g., back region, chest region, abdominal region, arm, leg) using straps, snaps, hook and loop tape, snaps, buckles, ties, and/or clips. In one example,

the portable battery pack is made to affix to a seat of a kayak using at least one strap and at least one side-release buckle. In another example, the portable battery pack is made to affix to a user's body using two shoulder straps. In yet another example, the portable battery pack includes two shoulder straps, a chest strap, and a side-release buckle for the chest strap.

(87) FIGS. **4**-**6** are perspective views of an example of the pouch **110** of the portable battery pack **100**. FIG. **4** shows details of the first side **112** of the pouch **110** and of the edge of the pouch **110** that includes the pouch opening **116**. FIG. **4** shows the pouch opening **116** in the zipper closed state. Again, four rows of webbing **124** are provided on the first side **112** of the pouch **110**. FIG. **5** also shows details of the first side **112** of the pouch **110** and shows the edge of the pouch **110** that includes the lead opening **120**. FIG. **6** shows details of the second side **114** of the pouch **110** and shows the edge of the pouch **110** that includes the pouch opening **116**. FIG. **6** shows the pouch opening **116** in the zipped closed state. Again, seven rows of slots or slits **126** are provided on the second side **114** of the pouch **110**.

(88) In another embodiment, the portable battery pack is made to affix to a plate carrier, body armor, or a vest with at least one single width of zipper tape sewn on the front panel or the back panel (e.g., JPC 2.0™ by Crye Precision) as shown in FIGS. **7**A-**7**B. FIG. **7**A shows details of the first side **112** of the pouch **110** including a single width of zipper tape **190***a* and a zipper slider **192***a*. The single width of zipper tape **190***a* mates with a corresponding single width of zipper tape on the plate carrier, the body armor, or the vest. FIG. **7**B shows details of the second side **114** of the pouch **110** including a single width of zipper tape **190***b* and a zipper slider **192***b*. The single width of zipper tape **190***b* mates with a corresponding single width of zipper tape on the plate carrier, the body armor, or the vest.

(89) FIG. **8** shows a side perspective view of the portable battery pack **100** affixed to a vest **600** using zippers. A first single width of zipper tape **190***a* is shown mated with a corresponding first single width of zipper tape **194***a* on a right side of the vest **600** using a first zipper slider **192***a*, thereby attaching the portable battery pack **100** to the vest **600**. Similarly, a second single width of zipper tape (not shown) is mated with a second corresponding single width of zipper tape (not shown) on a left side of the vest **600** using a second zipper slider (not shown). Advantageously, this allows cables to extend out of the pouch through an opening in the second side of the pouch because the rows of slots or slits are not required to the secure the pouch to the vest.

(90) FIGS. **9**A-**9**E illustrate various other views of the pouch **110** of the portable battery pack **100**. FIG. **9**A shows a view (i.e., “PLAN-A”) of the first side **112** of the pouch **110**. FIG. **9**B shows a side view of the pouch **110**. FIG. **9**C shows a view (i.e., “PLAN-B”) of the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. FIG. **9**D shows an end view (i.e., “END-A”) of the non-strap end of the pouch **110**. FIG. **9**E shows an end view (i.e., “END-B”) of the strap **122**-end of the pouch **110**. FIG. **10** is an exploded view of an example of the battery **150** of the portable battery pack **100**. The battery **150** includes a battery element **164** that is housed between a battery cover **154** and a back plate **162**. The battery element **164** supplies the first lead **152***a* and the second lead **152***b*. The battery element **164** is formed of a plurality of sealed battery cells or individually contained battery cells, i.e. batteries with their own cases, removably disposed therein. In a preferred embodiment, the battery cells are electrochemical battery cells, and more preferably, include lithium ion rechargeable batteries. In one embodiment, the battery cells are lithium metal or lithium ferrous phosphate cells. In an alternative embodiment, the battery cells are all-solid-state cells (e.g., using glass electrolytes and alkaline metal anodes), such as those disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20160368777 and 20160365602, each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. In another embodiment, the battery is formed using at least one metal-organic framework. In one embodiment, the battery cells are 18350, 14430, 14500, 18500, 16650, 18650, 21700, or 26650 cylindrical cells. The plurality of battery cells is operable to be constructed and configured in parallel, series, or a combination. The plurality of battery cells is operable to be in one group or more than one group. Advantageously, subdividing the plurality of battery cells into more than one group allows a larger

quantity of lithium ion batteries to arrive by air that otherwise could not be transported due to regulations. In one example, the output of the battery element **164** is operable to be from about 5 volts DC to about 90 volts DC at from about 0.25 amps to about 10 amps.

(91) The plurality of battery cells is preferably connected to the leads via a battery management system. The battery management system protects the battery from operating outside of a safe operating area by including at least one safety cutoff. The at least one safety cutoff relates to voltage, temperature, state of charge, state of health, and/or current. In another embodiment, the battery management system calculates a charge current limit, a discharge current limit, an energy delivered since last charge, a charge delivered, a charge stored, a total energy delivered since first use, a total operating time since first use, and/or a total number of cycles.

(92) In one embodiment, the plurality of battery cells is removably disposed within the battery cover and the back plate. For example, the plurality of battery cells is operable to be replaced if they no longer hold a sufficient charge. In one embodiment, the plurality of battery cells is removably disposed within the battery cover and the back plate as a battery cartridge. In a preferred embodiment, the battery cartridge slides into an opening in the battery cover or the back plate through a battery access panel. In one embodiment, the battery cartridge is a spring-loaded cartridge. Additionally or alternatively, the battery cartridge has flat contacts and pins. The battery cartridge preferably has features that allow the battery cartridge to matingly fit with features in the opening. In another embodiment, the plurality of battery cells is removably disposed within the battery cover and the back plate using a battery holder or a snap connector. In one embodiment, the battery holder or the snap connector is electrically connected to the battery management system via a mating connector (e.g., a rectangular connector), such as those available from Molex® or Powerpole® by Anderson Power.

(93) The battery access panel is preferably accessed within the battery cover or the back plate via a door on hinges, which allows the door to stay anchored to the device. Alternatively, the door is secured to the battery cover or the back plate by screws. The battery access panel preferably contains a gasket that provides a water tight seal when the door is secured to the battery cover or the back plate.

(94) Alternatively, the plurality of battery cells is sealed within the battery cover and the back plate. In one embodiment, the plurality of battery cells is sealed using an adhesive and/or at least one mechanical fastener (e.g., screws, rivets, pins). In another embodiment, the plurality of battery cells is sealed within the battery cover and the back plate via bonding (e.g., solvent bonding, fusion bonding) and/or welding (e.g., vibration welding, ultrasonic welding).

(95) The battery cover **154** includes a compartment **156** that is sized to receive at least one battery element **164**. In a preferred embodiment, the compartment **156** is substantially rectangular in shape with a top hat style rim **158** provided around the perimeter of the compartment **156**. The battery cover **154** incudes at least one channel formed in the battery cover **154** to accommodate a wire of a corresponding lead. The example in FIG. **10** shows two channels **160** (e.g., channels **160***a*, **160***b*) formed in the battery cover **154** (one on each side) to accommodate the wires of the first lead **152***a* and the second lead **152***b* passing therethrough. More details of the leads **152** and the battery cover **154** are shown and described herein below with reference to FIG. **16**.

(96) The battery cover **154** and the back plate **162** is formed of plastic using, for example, a thermoform process or an injection molding. The back plate **162** is operable to be mechanically attached to the rim **158** of the battery cover **154** via, for example, an ultrasonic spot welding process or an adhesive. Advantageously, the top hat style rim **158** provides a footprint for the ultrasonic spot welding process and provides structural integrity for the battery. In one embodiment, a water barrier material (e.g., silicone) is applied to the mating surfaces of the rim **158** and the back plate **162**. In another embodiment, the battery cover **154**, the back plate **162**, and/or the battery element **164** has a slight curvature or contour for conforming to, for example, the user's vest, backpack, or body armor. In one example, the curvature of the portable battery pack is

engineered to match the outward curve of body armor. Advantageously, this means that the portable battery pack does not jostle as the operator moves, which results in less caloric energy expenditure when the operator moves. Alternatively, the battery cover **154**, the back plate **162**, and/or the battery element **164** are operable to have a slight outward curvature or contour for conforming to a user's body (e.g., back region, chest region, abdominal region, arm, leg). In yet another embodiment, the battery cover **154**, the back plate **162**, and/or the battery element **164** are operable to have a slight outward curvature or contour for conforming to a user's helmet or hat. More details of the battery cover **154** are shown and described herein below with reference to FIG. **13** and FIGS. **14**A-**14**D. More details of the back plate **162** are shown and described herein below with reference to FIGS. **15**A-**15**C.

(97) As previously described, the housing of the at least one battery includes a battery cover and a back plate. In one embodiment, the battery includes more than one battery element encased in the housing. The output voltages of the more than one battery element are operable to be the same or different. In one example, a first battery element has an output voltage of 16.8V and a second battery element has an output voltage of 16.8V. In another example, a first battery element has an output voltage of 16.8V and a second battery element has an output voltage of 5V. Advantageously, including more than one battery element encased in the housing allows a larger quantity of lithium ion batteries to arrive by air that otherwise could not be transported due to regulations.

(98) FIGS. **11**-**12** are perspective views of the battery **150** of the portable battery pack **100** when fully assembled. FIG. **11** shows a view of the battery cover **154**-side of the battery **150**, while FIG. **12** shows a view of the back plate **162**-side of the battery **150**.

(99) FIG. **13** is a perspective view of the side of the battery cover **154** that faces the battery element **164**. FIGS. **14**A-**14**D shows various other views of the battery cover **154** of the battery **150** of the portable battery pack **100**, including example dimensions of the battery cover **154**. FIG. **14**A illustrates a top perspective view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack. FIG. **14**B illustrates a cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack. FIG. **14**C illustrates another cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack. FIG. **14**D illustrates yet another cross-section view of the battery cover of the portable battery pack.

(100) FIGS. **15**A-**15**C illustrate various views of the back plate **162** of the battery **150** and show the contour and example dimensions of the back plate **162**. FIG. **15**A illustrates a cross-section view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery pack. FIG. **15**B illustrates a view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery pack. FIG. **15**C illustrates another view of the back plate of the battery of the portable battery pack. In one example, the back plate **162** is about 24.8 cm (9.75 inches) long, about 21.8 cm (8.6 inches) wide, and about 1 cm (0.4 inches) thick.

(101) FIG. **16** is a cutaway view of a portion of the battery **150**, which shows more details of the flexible omnidirectional battery leads **152**. Each lead **152** has a connector portion **170** and a wiring portion **172**. The wiring portion **172** is electrically connected to the battery element **164**. In one embodiment, the wiring portion **172** is formed of a saltwater resistant cable. The connector portion **170** is operable to be any type or style of connector needed to mate to the equipment to be used with the battery **150** of the portable battery pack **100**. In a preferred embodiment, the connector portion **170** is a female circular type of connector (e.g., Tajimi™ part number R04-P5f). In an alternative embodiment, at least one connector portion **170** is a male universal serial bus (USB), micro USB, lightning, and/or Firewire connector. In yet another embodiment, the connector portion **170** has an Ingress Protection (IP) rating of IP2X, IP3X, IP4X, IP5X, IP6X, IPX1, IPX2, IPX3, IPX4, IPX5, IPX6, IPX7, or IPX8. More preferably, the connector portion **170** has an IP rating of IPX6, IPX7, or IPX8. IP ratings are described in IEC standard 60529, ed. 2.2 (05/2015), published by the International Electrotechnical Commission, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. In one embodiment, the connector portion meets standards described in Department of Defense documents MIL-STD-202E, MIL-STD-202F published February 1998, MIL-STD-202G published 18 Jul. 2003, and/or MIL-STD-202H published 18 Apr. 2015, each of which is

incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.
(102) The wiring portion **172** is fitted into a channel **160** formed in the battery cover **154** such that the connector portion **170** extends away from the battery cover **154**. A spring **174** is provided around the wiring portion **172**, such that a portion of the spring **174** is inside the battery cover **154** and a portion of the spring **174** is outside the battery cover **154**. In one example, the spring **174** is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 3.8 cm (1.5 inches) long. The wiring portion **172** of the lead **152** and the spring **174** are held securely in the channel **160** of the battery cover **154** via a clamping mechanism **176**. Alternatively, the wiring portion of the lead and the spring are held securely in the channel of the battery cover using an adhesive, a retention pin, a hex nut, a hook anchor, and/or a zip tie.
(103) The presence of the spring **174** around the wiring portion **172** of the lead **152** allows the lead **152** to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the spring **174** around the wiring portion **172** of the lead **152** also allows the lead **152** to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing. The design of the leads **152** provides benefit over conventional leads and/or connectors of portable battery packs that are rigid, wherein conventional rigid leads allow connection from one angle only and are prone to breakage if bumped.
(104) In one embodiment, a layer of heat shrink tubing is placed around the wiring portion before the spring is placed around the wiring portion. The heat shrink tubing is preferably flexible. Advantageously, the heat shrink tubing provides additional waterproofing for the battery.
(105) In one embodiment, the battery includes at least one step up voltage converter and/or at least one step down voltage converter. In one example, the battery includes a step up voltage converter from 16.8V to 29.4V. In another example, the battery includes a step down voltage converter from 16.8V to 5V. Advantageously, this allows the portable battery pack to power devices (e.g., smartphones) with a charging voltage of 5V. This also reduces the bulk outside the portable battery pack because the step down voltage converter is housed within the battery element and a separate external voltage converter is not required.
(106) In one embodiment, the wearable pouch includes a material for dissipating heat. Additionally or alternatively, the battery of the wearable battery pack includes at least one layer of a material for dissipating heat. Examples of a material for dissipating heat are disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20170229692 and 20160112004 and U.S. application Ser. No. 15/664,776, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.
(107) FIGS. **17**A-**17**D are cross-sectional views of examples of structures that include a material for dissipating heat from electronic devices and/or clothing. The heat-dissipating material is operable to be used in combination with, for example, one or two substrates. For example, FIG. **17**A shows a structure **1500** that includes a heat-dissipating layer **1520**. The heat-dissipating layer **1520** is operable to be sandwiched between a first substrate **1525** and a second substrate **1530**.
(108) The heat-dissipating layer **1520** is operable to be any material that is suitable for dissipating heat from electronic devices and/or clothing. The heat-dissipating layer **1520** is operable to be from about 20 μm thick to about 350 μm thick in one example. In particular embodiments, the heat-dissipating layer **1520** is operable to have a thickness ranging from about 1 mil to about 6 mil, including, but not limited to, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 mil, or about 25 μm to about 150 μm, including, but not limited to, 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, and 150 μm. Examples of the heat-dissipating layer **1520** include anti-static, anti-radio frequency (RF), and/or anti-electromagnetic interference (EMI) materials, such as copper shielding plastic or copper particles bonded in a polymer matrix, as well as anti-tarnish and anti-corrosion materials. A specific example of the heat-dissipating layer **1520** is the anti-corrosive material used in Corrosion Intercept Pouches, catalog number 034-2024-10, available from University Products Inc. (Holyoke, Mass.). The anti-corrosive material is described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,944,916 to Franey, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. Such materials are operable to be formed of copper shielded or copper impregnated polymers including, but not limited to, polyethylene, low-density polyethylene, high-density polyethylene,

polypropylene, and polystyrene. In another embodiment, the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer is a polymer with aluminum and/or copper particles incorporated therein. In particular, the surface area of the polymer with aluminum and/or copper particles incorporated therein preferably includes a large percent by area of copper and/or aluminum. By way of example and not limitation, the surface area of the heat-dissipating layer includes about 25% by area copper and/or aluminum, 50% by area copper and/or aluminum, 75% by area copper and/or aluminum, or 90% by area copper and/or aluminum. In one embodiment, the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer is substantially smooth and not bumpy. In another embodiment, the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer is not flat but includes folds and/or bumps to increase the surface area of the layer. Alternatively, the heat-shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520** includes a fabric having at least one metal incorporated therein or thereon. The fabric further includes a synthetic component, such as by way of example and not limitation, a nylon, a polyester, or an acetate component. Preferably, the at least one metal is selected from the group consisting of copper, nickel, aluminum, gold, silver, tin, zinc, and tungsten.

(109) The first substrate **1525** and the second substrate **1530** are operable to be any flexible or rigid substrate material. An example of a flexible substrate is any type of fabric. Examples of rigid substrates include, but are not limited to, glass, plastic, and metal. A rigid substrate is operable to be, for example, the housing of any device. In one example, both the first substrate **1525** and the second substrate **1530** are flexible substrates. In another example, both the first substrate **1525** and the second substrate **1530** are rigid substrates. In yet another example, the first substrate **1525** is a flexible substrate and the second substrate **1530** is a rigid substrate. In still another example, the first substrate **1525** is a rigid substrate and the second substrate **1530** is a flexible substrate. Further, the first substrate **1525** and the second substrate **1530** are operable to be single-layer or multi-layer structures.

(110) In structure **1500** of FIG. **17**A, the heat-shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520**, the first substrate **1525**, and the second substrate **1530** are bonded or otherwise attached together, by way of example and not limitation, by adhesive, laminating, stitching, or hook-and-loop fastener system. In another example and referring now to FIG. **17**B, in a structure **1505**, the first substrate **1525** is bonded to one side of the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520**, whereas the second substrate **1530** is not bonded or otherwise attached to the other side of the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520**. In yet another example and referring now to FIG. **17**C, in a structure **1510**, the first substrate **1525** is provided loosely against one side of the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520** and the second substrate **1530** is provided loosely against the other side of the heat-dissipating layer **1520**. The first substrate **1525** and the second substrate **1530** are not bonded or otherwise attached to the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520**. In still another example and referring now to FIG. **17**D, in a structure **1515**, the heat shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating layer **1520** is provided in combination with the first substrate **1525** only, either bonded or loosely arranged. In FIG. **17**D, if the two layers are loosely arranged, the heat-dissipating layer **1520** is not bonded or otherwise attached to the first substrate **1525**. The material for dissipating heat is not limited to the structures **1500**, **1505**, **1510**, **1515**. These structures are exemplary only.

(111) In one embodiment, the pouch includes at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat on the first side and/or the second side. In one embodiment, the first substrate is an interior layer of the pouch and the second substrate is an exterior layer of the pouch. In an alternative embodiment, a structure (e.g., the structure **1515** of FIG. **17**D) is formed separately and then inserted into the pouch. Advantageously, this provides for retrofitting the pouch with heat protection from the heat-shielding or blocking and/or heat-dissipating material layer or coating.

(112) In a preferred embodiment, the battery includes at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat. FIG. **18** illustrates an exploded view of an example of a battery **150** of the portable battery pack **100** into which the heat dissipating material is installed. The battery **150** includes a battery

element **164** that is housed between a battery cover **154** and a back plate **162**. A first heat-dissipating layer **180** is between the battery cover **154** and the battery element **164**. The first heat-dissipating layer **180** protects the battery from external heat sources (e.g., a hot vehicle). A second heat-dissipating layer **182** is between the battery element **164** and the back plate **162**. The second heat-dissipating layer **182** protects the user from heat given off by the battery element **164**. In another embodiment, the battery **150** includes only the first heat-dissipating layer **180**. In yet another embodiment, the battery **150** includes only the second heat-dissipating layer **182**.

(113) In another embodiment, the pouch includes at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel. In one embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is formed from an aramid (e.g., Kevlar®, Twaron®), an ultra-high-molecular-weight polyethylene fiber (UHMWPE) (e.g., Spectra®, Dyneema®), a polycarbonate (e.g., Lexan®), a carbon fiber composite material, ceramic, steel, and/or titanium. In one embodiment, the pouch is sized to fit the battery and the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel. In another embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is incorporated into the pouch itself. In yet another embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is housed in a built-in pocket inside of the pouch or permanently affixed (e.g., laminated, stitched, adhered) to the pouch.

(114) In a preferred embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is on the first side (i.e., the exterior facing side) of the pouch. Advantageously, this layer protects the battery as well as the user. In one embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel has a slight curvature or contour for conforming to the battery cover. Additionally or alternatively, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is on the second side (i.e., the user facing side) of the pouch. In one embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel has a slight curvature or contour for conforming to the back plate. Advantageously, this layer provides additional protection to the user.

(115) In another embodiment, the battery includes a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel. In one embodiment, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is incorporated into the battery cover and/or back plate. In an alternative embodiment, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is between the battery cover and the battery element. Advantageously, this layer protects the plurality of battery cells housed in the battery as well as the user. Additionally or alternatively, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is between the battery element and the back plate. Advantageously, this layer provides additional protection to the user.

(116) As previously described, the pouch is preferably formed of a flexible, durable, and waterproof and/or water-resistant material. In one embodiment, seams of the pouch are sewn with an anti-wick or non-wicking thread. In one example, the anti-wick or non-wicking polyester thread is a bonded polyester thread with wax coating (e.g., Dabond®). The wax coating on the thread plugs stitch holes to waterproof seams. Alternatively, seams are joined together using ultrasonic welding.

(117) In one embodiment, the pouch includes drainage holes to remove water from the pouch. The drainage holes are formed of a mesh fabric. Alternatively, the drainage holes are formed using holes with grommets in the waterproof and/or water-resistant material.

(118) In another embodiment, the pouch incudes at least one desiccant to remove moisture from the pouch. In one embodiment, the at least one desiccant includes silica. Alternatively, the at least one desiccant includes activated charcoal, calcium sulfate, calcium chloride, and/or molecular sieves (e.g., zeolites).

(119) The portable battery pack includes leads having a connector portion. As previously described, the connector portion is operable to be any type or style of connector needed to mate to equipment

to be used with the battery of the portable battery pack. In one embodiment, a cord connector is used to protect a mated connection between the connector portion and the equipment. Examples of a cord connector include U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,336,106, 5,505,634, and 5,772,462, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Alternatively, a piece of heat shrink tubing is positioned to cover a mated connection between the connector portion and the equipment. In a preferred embodiment, the heat shrink tubing is sized to cover at least 0.64 cm (0.25 inch) of cabling on either side of the mated connection. Heat is then applied using a heat gun or hair dryer to shrink the tubing and seal the mated connection.

(120) In one embodiment, the portable battery pack includes at least one processor. The at least one processor is preferably housed in the battery. In another embodiment, the at least one processor is incorporated into control electronics used to determine the state of charge (SOC) of the portable battery pack. Examples of state of charge indicators are disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20170269162 and 20150198670, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

(121) FIG. **19** illustrates a block diagram of one embodiment of the control electronics for a state of charge indicator incorporated into the portable battery pack. In this example, the control electronics **2430** includes a voltage sensing circuit **2432**, an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) **2434**, a processor **2436**, the indicator **2440**, and optionally a driver **2442**.

(122) The voltage sensing circuit **2432** is operable to be any standard voltage sensing circuit, such as those found in volt meters. An input voltage VIN is supplied via the power BUS. In one embodiment, the voltage sensing circuit **2432** is designed to sense any direct current (DC) voltage in the range of from about 0 volts DC to about 50 volts DC. In one embodiment, the voltage sensing circuit **2432** includes standard amplification or de-amplification functions for generating an analog voltage that correlates to the amplitude of the input voltage VIN that is present. The ADC **2434** receives the analog voltage from the voltage sensing circuit **2432** and performs a standard analog-to-digital conversion.

(123) The processor **2436** manages the overall operations of the SOC indicator. The processor **2436** is any controller, microcontroller, or microprocessor that is capable of processing program instructions.

(124) The indicator **2440** is any visual, audible, or tactile mechanism for indicating the state of charge of the portable battery pack. A preferred embodiment of a visual indicator is at least one 5-bar liquid crystal display (LCD), wherein five bars flashing or five bars indicates greatest charge and one bar or one bar flashing indicates least charge. Another example of a visual indicator is at least one seven-segment numeric LCD, wherein the number 5 flashing or the number 5 indicates greatest charge and the number 1 or the number 1 flashing indicates least charge. Alternatively, the at least one LCD displays the voltage of the portable battery pack as measured by the control electronics.

(125) The at least one LCD is preferably covered with a transparent material. In a preferred embodiment, the cover is formed of a clear plastic (e.g., poly(methyl methacrylate)). This provides an extra layer of protection for the at least one LCD, much like a screen protector provides an extra layer of protection for a smartphone. This increases the durability of the at least one LCD. In one embodiment, the at least one LCD is on the housing of the battery. In a preferred embodiment, the housing of the battery includes a waterproof sealant (e.g., silicone) around the cover.

(126) Alternatively, a visual indicator is at least one LED. One preferred embodiment of a visual indicator is a set of light-emitting diodes (LEDs) (e.g., 5 LEDs), wherein five lit LEDs flashing or five lit LEDs indicates greatest charge and one lit LED or one lit LED flashing indicates least charge. In one embodiment, the LEDs are red, yellow, and/or green. In one example, two of the LEDs are green to indicate a mostly full charge on the portable battery pack, two of the LEDs are yellow to indicate that charging will soon be required for the portable battery pack, and one LED is red to indicate that the portable battery pack is almost drained. In a preferred embodiment, at least three bars, lights, or numbers are used to indicate the state of charge.

(127) In one embodiment, the at least one LED is preferably covered with a transparent material. In a preferred embodiment, the cover is formed of a clear plastic (e.g., poly(methyl methacrylate)). This provides an extra layer of protection for the at least one LED. This increases the durability of the at least one LED. In one embodiment, the at least one LCD is on the housing of the battery. In a preferred embodiment, the housing of the battery includes a waterproof sealant (e.g., silicone) around the cover.
(128) One example of an audible indicator is any sounds via an audio speaker, such as beeping sounds, wherein five beeps indicates greatest charge and one beep indicates least charge. Another example of an audible indicator is vibration sounds via any vibration mechanism (e.g., vibration motor used in mobile phones), wherein five vibration sounds indicates greatest charge and one vibration sound indicates least charge.
(129) One example of a tactile indicator is any vibration mechanism (e.g., vibration motor used in mobile phones), wherein five vibrations indicate greatest charge and one vibration indicate least charge. Another example of a tactile indicator is a set of pins that rise up and down to be felt in Braille-like fashion, wherein five raised pins indicates greatest charge and one raised pin indicates least charge.
(130) In one example, the processor **2436** is able to drive indicator **2440** directly. In one embodiment, the processor **2436** is able to drive directly a 5-bar LCD or a seven-segment numeric LCD. In another example, however, the processor **2436** is not able to drive indicator **2440** directly. In this case, the driver **2442** is provided, wherein the driver **2442** is specific to the type of indicator **2440** used in the control electronics **2430**.
(131) Additionally, the processor **2436** includes internal programmable functions for programming the expected range of the input voltage VIN and the correlation of the value the input voltage VIN to what is indicated at the indicator **2440**. In other words, the discharge curve of the portable battery pack is operable to be correlated to what is indicated at indicator **2440**. In one embodiment, the processor **2436** is programmed based on a percent discharged or on an absolute value present at the input voltage VIN.
(132) In one embodiment, the control electronics includes at least one antenna, which allows the portable battery pack to send information (e.g., state of charge information) to at least one remote device (e.g., smartphone, tablet, laptop computer, satellite phone) and/or receive information (e.g., software updates, activation of kill switch) from at least one remote device. The at least one antenna provides wireless communication, standards-based or non-standards-based, by way of example and not limitation, radiofrequency, Bluetooth®, ZigBee®, Near Field Communication, or similar commercially used standards.
(133) FIG. **20**A illustrates a block diagram of an example of an SOC system **2500** that includes a mobile application for use with a portable battery pack. The SOC system **2500** includes a battery **150** having a communications interface **2510**.
(134) The communications interface **2510** is any wired and/or wireless communication interface for connecting to a network and by which information is operable to be exchanged with other devices connected to the network. Examples of wired communication interfaces include, but are not limited to, USB ports, RS232 connectors, RJ45 connectors, Ethernet, and any combinations thereof. Examples of wireless communication interfaces include, but are not limited to, an Intranet connection, Internet, ISM, Bluetooth® technology, Wi-Fi®, WiMAX®, IEEE 802.11 technology, radio frequency (RF), Near Field Communication (NFC), ZigBee®, Infrared Data Association (IrDA) compatible protocols, Local Area Networks (LAN), Wide Area Networks (WAN), Shared Wireless Access Protocol (SWAP), any combinations thereof, and other types of wireless networking protocols.
(135) The communications interface **2510** is used to communicate, preferably wirelessly, with at least one remote device, such as but not limited to, a mobile phone **2130** or a tablet **2132**. The mobile phone **2130** is operable to be any mobile phone that (1) is capable of running mobile

applications and (2) is capable of communicating with the portable battery pack. The mobile phone **2130** is operable to be, for example, an Android™ phone, an Apple® iPhone®, or a Samsung® Galaxy® phone. Likewise, the tablet **2132** is operable to be any tablet that (1) is capable of running mobile applications and (2) is capable of communicating with the portable battery pack. The tablet **2132** is operable to be, for example, the 3G or 4G version of the Apple® iPad®.

(136) Further, in the SOC system **2500**, the mobile phone **2130** and/or the tablet **2132** is in communication with a cellular network **2516** and/or a network **2514**. The network **2514** is operable to be any network for providing wired or wireless connection to the Internet, such as a local area network (LAN) or a wide area network (WAN).

(137) An SOC mobile application **2512** is installed and running at the mobile phone **2130** and/or the tablet **2132**. The SOC mobile application **2512** is implemented according to the type (i.e., the operating system) of mobile phone **2130** and/or tablet **2132** on which it is running. The SOC mobile application **2512** is designed to receive SOC information from the portable battery pack. The SOC mobile application **2512** indicates graphically, audibly, and/or tactilely, the state of charge to the user (not shown).

(138) FIG. **20**B illustrates a block diagram of an example of an SOC system **2520** of the portable battery pack that is capable of communicating with the SOC mobile application **2512**. In this example, the SOC system **2520** includes an SOC portion **2522** and a communications portion **2524**. The SOC portion **2522** is substantially the same as the control electronics **2430** shown in FIG. **19**. The communications portion **2524** handles the communication of the SOC information to the SOC mobile application **2512** at, for example, the mobile phone **2130** and/or the tablet **2132**.

(139) The communications portion **2524** includes a processor **2526** that is communicatively connected to the communications interface **2510**. The digital output of the ADC **2434** of the SOC portion **2522**, which is the SOC information, feeds an input to the processor **2526**. The processor **2526** is operable to be any controller, microcontroller, or microprocessor that is capable of processing program instructions. One or more batteries **2528** provide power to the processor **2526** and the communications interface **2510**. The one or more batteries **2528** are operable to be any standard cylindrical battery, such as quadruple-A, triple-A, or double-A, or a battery from the family of button cell and coin cell batteries. A specific example of a battery **2528** is the CR2032 coin cell 3-volt battery.

(140) In SOC system **2520**, the SOC portion **2522** and the communications portion **2524** operate substantially independent of one another. Namely, the communications portion **2524** is powered separately from the SOC portion **2522** so that the communications portion **2524** is not dependent on the presence of the input voltage VIN at the SOC portion **2522** for power. Therefore, in this example, the communications portion **2524** is operable to transmit information to the SOC mobile application **2512** at any time. However, in order to conserve battery life, in one embodiment the processor **2526** is programmed to be in sleep mode when no voltage is detected at the input voltage VIN at the SOC portion **2522** and to wake up when an input voltage VIN is detected. Alternatively, the processor **2526** is programmed to periodically measure the SOC and send SOC information to the SOC mobile application **2512** on the at least one remote device periodically, such as every hour, regardless of the state of input voltage VIN.

(141) FIG. **20**C illustrates a block diagram of another example of control electronics **2530** of the portable battery pack that is capable of communicating with the SOC mobile application **2512**. In this example, the operation of the communications interface **2510** is dependent on the presence of a voltage at input voltage VIN. This is because, in control electronics **2530**, the communications interface **2510** is powered from the output of voltage sensing circuit **2432**. Further, the processor **2436** provides the input (i.e., the SOC information) to the communications interface **2510**. A drawback of the control electronics **2530** of FIG. **20**C as compared with the SOC system **2520** of FIG. **20**B, is that it is operable to transmit SOC information to the SOC mobile application **2512** only when the portable battery pack has a charge.

(142) Alternatively, the SOC of the battery of the portable battery pack is determined by a pluggable state of charge indicator. An example of a pluggable state of charge indicator is disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20170269162 and 20150198670, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Advantageously, intermittently measuring the SOC of the battery extends the run time of the battery.

(143) In another preferred embodiment, the portable battery pack includes a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components as shown in FIGS. **21-22**. In this example, the pouch **110** is a wearable pouch or skin that is operable to be sized in any manner that substantially corresponds to a size of at least one battery, at least one radio, at least one power and/or data hub, at least one GPS system, and/or other gear.

(144) In a preferred embodiment, the pouch **110** is formed of a flexible, durable, and waterproof or at least water-resistant material. For example, the pouch **110** is formed of polyester, polyvinyl chloride (PVC)-coated polyester, vinyl-coated polyester, nylon, canvas, PVC-coated canvas, or polycotton canvas. In one embodiment, the pouch **110** is formed of a material that is laminated to or treated with a waterproofing or water repellant material (e.g., rubber, PVC, polyurethane, silicone elastomer, fluoropolymers, wax, thermoplastic elastomer). Additionally or alternatively, the pouch **110** is treated with a UV coating to increase UV resistance. The exterior finish of the pouch **110** is operable to be any color, such as white, brown, green, orange (e.g., international orange), yellow, black, or blue, or any pattern, such as camouflage, as provided herein, or any other camouflage in use by the military, law enforcement, or hunters. For example, in FIGS. **21-22**, the pouch **110** is shown to have a camouflage pattern. In one embodiment, the exterior of the pouch **110** includes a reflective tape, fabric, or material. Advantageously, the reflective tape, fabric, or material improves visibility of the user in low-light conditions.

(145) The pouch **110** has a first side **112** and a second side **114**. The pouch **110** also includes a pouch opening **116**, which is the opening through which a battery is fitted into the pouch **110**. In the example shown in FIGS. **21-22**, the pouch opening **116** is opened and closed using a zipper, as the pouch **110** includes a zipper tab **118**. Other mechanisms, however, are operable to be used for holding the pouch opening **116** of the pouch **110** open or closed, such as, a hook and loop system (e.g., Velcro®), buttons, snaps, hooks, ties, clips, buckles, and the like. In a preferred embodiment, the pouch **110** has at least one opening for a corresponding lead. In the example shown in FIGS. **21-22**, the pouch **110** has a first lead opening **120***a* for a first lead **152***a* and a second lead opening **120***b* for a second lead **152***b*. For example, the first lead opening **120***a* and/or the second lead opening **120***b* are operable to be a 1.27-cm (0.5-inch) long slit or a 1.91-cm (0.75-inch) long slit in the edge of the pouch **110**. In one embodiment, the first lead opening **120***a* and/or the second lead opening **120***b* is finished or reinforced with stitching. In another embodiment, the first lead opening **120***a* and/or the second lead opening **120***b* is laser cut.

(146) In a preferred embodiment, the pouch **110** of the portable battery pack **100** is MOLLE-compatible. In one embodiment, the pouch **110** incorporates a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS), which is a grid of webbing used to attach smaller equipment onto load-bearing platforms, such as vests and backpacks. For example, the PALS grid consists of horizontal rows of 2.5-cm (1-inch) webbing, spaced about 2.5 cm (1 inch) apart, and reattached to the backing at 3.8-cm (1.5-inch) intervals. In one embodiment, the webbing is formed of nylon (e.g., cordura nylon webbing, MIL-W-43668 Type III nylon webbing). Accordingly, a set of straps **122** (e.g., four straps **122**) are provided on one edge of the pouch **110** as shown. Further, rows of webbing **124** (e.g., seven rows **124**) are provided on the first side **112** of the pouch **110**, as shown in FIG. **21**. Additionally, rows of slots or slits **126** (e.g., eleven rows of slots or slits **126**) are provided on the second side **114** of the pouch **110**, as shown in FIG. **22**. In a preferred embodiment, the set of straps **122**, the rows of webbing **124**, and the rows of slots or slits **126** replicate and duplicate the MOLLE underneath the portable battery pack on the load bearing equipment. Advantageously, this allows for minimal disruption to the user because the user is able to place additional gear pouches or gear (e.g., water

bottle, antenna pouch) on the MOLLE of the portable battery pack in an equivalent location.
(147) In the embodiment shown in FIGS. **21-22**, the portable battery pack is made to affix to a plate carrier, body armor, or a vest with at least one single width of zipper tape sewn on the front panel or the back panel (e.g., JPC 2.0™ by Crye Precision). FIGS. **21-22** show details of the first side **112** of the pouch **110** including a first single width of zipper tape **190***a* and a first zipper slider **192***a* and a second single width of zipper tape **190***b* and a second zipper slider **192***b*. The first single width of zipper tape **190***a* mates with a corresponding single width of zipper tape on the plate carrier, the body armor, or the vest. The second single width of zipper tape **190***b* also mates with a corresponding single width of zipper tape on the plate carrier, the body armor, or the vest.
(148) In one embodiment, at least one lead of the battery of the portable battery pack is used to power at least one device enclosed in the pouch of the portable battery pack. In the example shown in FIGS. **23-24**, the battery of the portable battery pack has a first lead **152***a* and a second lead (not shown). The first lead **152***a* exits the pouch **110** through a lead opening **120**. The second lead is used to power at least one device enclosed in the pouch **110** of the portable battery pack.
(149) The portable battery pack is operable to supply power to a power distribution and data hub. The power distribution and data hub is operable to supply power to at least one peripheral device (e.g., tablet, smartphone, computer, radio, rangefinder, GPS system). The power distribution and data hub is also operable to transfer data between at least two of the peripheral devices. Additionally, the power distribution and data hub is operable to transfer data between the battery and the at least one peripheral device when the battery includes at least one processor. In a preferred embodiment, the power distribution and data hub is enclosed in the pouch of the portable battery pack. Alternatively, the power distribution and data hub is not enclosed in the pouch of the portable battery pack.
(150) FIG. **25** illustrates a block diagram of one example of a power distribution and data hub (e.g., STAR-PAN™ by Glenair). The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the battery **150** of the portable battery pack. The battery **150** supplies power to the power distribution and data hub **2100**. In the example shown in FIG. **25**, the power distribution and data hub **2100** provides power to an end user device (EUD) **2102**. The end user device **2102** is a tablet, a smartphone, or a computer (e.g., laptop computer). The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to provide power to a first peripheral device **2104**, a second peripheral device **2106**, a third peripheral device **2108**, and a fourth peripheral device **2110** through a personal area network (PAN). In one embodiment, the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, and/or the fourth peripheral device **2110** is a radio, a rangefinder (e.g., Pocket Laser Range Finder (PLRF)), a laser designator (e.g., Special Operations Forces Laser Acquisition Marker (SOFLAM), Type 163 Laser Target Designator), a targeting system (e.g., Firestorm™), a GPS device (e.g., Defense Advanced GPS Receiver (DAGR)), night vision goggles, an electronic jamming system (e.g., AN/PLT-4, AN/PLT-5 (Thor II) by Sierra Nevada Corporation, Thor III), a mine detector, a metal detector, a camera (e.g., body camera), a thermal imaging device (e.g., camera, binoculars), a short wave infrared (SWIR) device, a satellite phone, an antenna, a lighting system (e.g., portable runway lights, infrared strobe lights), an environmental sensor (e.g., radiation, airborne chemicals, pressure, temperature, humidity), an amplifier, and/or a receiver (e.g., Tactical Net ROVER™, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR), Multi-Band Digital Video Receiver Enhanced (MVR VIE), Multi-Band Video Receiver (MVR IV), Soldier Intelligence Receiver (SIR), StrikeHawk™ Video Downlink Receiver). The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to supply power to peripheral devices that require 5V charging via a USB adapter.
(151) The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to supply power to a first radio **2112** and a second radio **2114**. In a preferred embodiment, the first radio **2112** and/or the second radio **2114** is a PRC-152, a PRC-154, a PRC-117G, a PRC-161, a persistent wave relay, a PRC-148 MBITR, a PRC-148 JEM, a PRC-6809 MBITR Clear, a RT-1922 SADL, a RF-7850M-HH, a

ROVER® (e.g., ROVER® 6x Transceiver by L3 Communication Systems), a push-to-talk radio, and/or a PNR-1000. Alternative radios are compatible with the present invention.
(152) In another embodiment, the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, and/or the fourth peripheral device **2110** is a fish finder and/or a chartplotter, an aerator or a live bait well, a camera (e.g., an underwater camera), a temperature and/or a depth sensor, a stereo, a drone, and/or a lighting system. In one embodiment, the lighting system includes at least one LED.
(153) The power distribution and data hub is operable to recharge at least one battery. For example, the power distribution and data hub is operable to recharge a battery for a drone and/or a robot. The power distribution and data hub is also operable to recharge CR123 batteries, which are often used in devices, such as camera and lighting systems. Advantageously, this allows the power distribution and data hub to recharge batteries in remote locations without access to a power grid, a generator, and/or a vehicle battery.
(154) The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to transfer data between the end user device **2102**, the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, the fourth peripheral device **2110**, the first radio **2112**, the second radio **2114**, and/or the battery **150** when the battery **150** includes at least one processor.
(155) The power distribution and data hub **2100** has a port to obtain power from an auxiliary power source **2116**. In one embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is an alternating current (AC) adapter, a solar panel, a generator, a portable power case, a fuel cell, a vehicle battery, a rechargeable battery, and/or a non-rechargeable battery. Alternatively, the auxiliary power source **2116** is an inductive charger. In another embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is operable to supply power to the power distribution and data hub **2100** by harvesting ambient radiofrequency (RF) waves, capturing exothermic body reactions (e.g., heat, sweat), using friction (e.g., triboelectric effect) or kinetic energy, or harvesting energy from running water or wind energy. In yet another embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is a pedal power generator. The auxiliary power source **2116** is preferably operable to recharge the battery **150**.
(156) FIG. **26** illustrates a block diagram of another example of a power distribution and data hub (e.g., APEx™ by Black Diamond Advanced Technology). The power distribution and data hub **2200** is connected to the battery **150** of the portable battery pack. The battery **150** supplies power to the power distribution and data hub **2200**. In the example shown in FIG. **26**, the power distribution and data hub **2200** provides power to an end user device **2102**. The end user device **2102** is a tablet, a smartphone, or a computer (e.g., laptop computer). The power distribution and data hub **2200** is operable to provide power to a first peripheral device **2104**, a second peripheral device **2106**, a third peripheral device **2108**, and a fourth peripheral device **2110**. In one embodiment, the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, and/or the fourth peripheral device **2110** is a radio, a rangefinder (e.g., Pocket Laser Range Finder (PLRF)), a laser designator (e.g., Special Operations Forces Laser Acquisition Marker (SOFLAM), Type 163 Laser Target Designator), a targeting system (e.g., Firestorm™), a GPS device (e.g., Defense Advanced GPS Receiver (DAGR)), night vision goggles, an electronic jamming system (e.g., AN/PLT-4, AN/PLT-5 (Thor II) by Sierra Nevada Corporation, Thor III), a mine detector, a metal detector, a camera (e.g., body camera), a thermal imaging device (e.g., camera, binoculars), a short wave infrared (SWIR) device, a satellite phone, an antenna, a lighting system (e.g., portable runway lights, infrared strobe lights), an environmental sensor (e.g., radiation, airborne chemicals, pressure, temperature, humidity), an amplifier, and/or a receiver (e.g., Tactical Net ROVER™, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR), Multi-Band Digital Video Receiver Enhanced (MVR VIE), Multi-Band Video Receiver (MVR IV), Soldier Intelligence Receiver (SIR), StrikeHawk™ Video Downlink Receiver). In a preferred embodiment, the radio is a PRC-152, a PRC-154, a PRC-117G, a PRC-161, a persistent wave relay, a PRC-148 MBITR, a PRC-148 JEM, a PRC-6809 MBITR Clear, a RT-1922 SADL, a RF-7850M-HH, a ROVER® (e.g.,

ROVER® 6x Transceiver by L3 Communication Systems), a push-to-talk radio, and/or a PNR-1000. Alternative radios are compatible with the present invention.
(157) The power distribution and data hub **2200** is operable to transfer data between the end user device **2102**, the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, the fourth peripheral device **2110**, and/or the battery **150** when the battery **150** includes at least one processor.
(158) In one embodiment, the power distribution and data hub includes at least one step up voltage converter and/or at least one step down voltage converter. In one example, the power distribution and data hub is powered by a 16.8V battery and includes a step up voltage converter to 29.4V. In another example, the power distribution and data hub is powered by a 16.8V battery and includes a step down voltage converter to 5V. Advantageously, this allows the portable battery pack to power devices (e.g., smartphones) with a charging voltage of 5V. This also reduces the bulk outside the power distribution and data hub because the step down voltage converter is housed within the power distribution and data hub and a separate external voltage converter is not required.
(159) In another embodiment, the power distribution and data hub is operable to prioritize a supply of power to the at least one peripheral device. In one example, the power distribution and data hub is connected to a first peripheral device and a second peripheral device. The power distribution and data hub will stop supplying power to the second peripheral device when the available power in the battery and/or auxiliary power source is lower than a designated threshold. In another example, the power distribution and data hub is connected to a first peripheral device, a second peripheral device, a third peripheral device, and a fourth peripheral device. The power distribution and data hub will stop supplying power to the fourth peripheral device when the available power in the battery and/or auxiliary power source is lower than a first designated threshold, the power distribution and data hub will stop supplying power to the third peripheral device when the available power in the battery and/or auxiliary power source is lower than a second designated threshold, and the power distribution and data hub will stop supplying power to the second peripheral device when the available power in the battery and/or auxiliary power source is lower than a third designated threshold.
(160) In one embodiment, the power distribution and data hub provides power in an order of priority of the attached peripheral device and automatically cuts out devices of lower mission priority in order to preserve remaining power for higher priority devices. In one example, a radio has a first (i.e., top) priority, a tablet has a second priority, a mobile phone has a third priority, and a laser designator (e.g., Special Operations Forces Laser Acquisition Marker (SOFLAM)) has a fourth priority.
(161) In one embodiment, the power distribution and data hub prioritizes at least one peripheral device by using at least one smart cable. The at least one smart cable stores information including, but not limited to, a unique identifier (e.g., MAC address) for the at least one peripheral device, power requirements of the at least one peripheral device, a type of device for the at least one peripheral device, and/or a priority ranking for the at least one peripheral device.
(162) FIG. **27** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes a battery **150** and a power distribution and data hub **2100** enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin. The first side **112** of the pouch **110** has an interior of the first side **2301**. The second side **114** of the pouch **110** has an interior of the second side **2302**. The first side **112** has a first side gusset **2303** and the second side **114** has a second side gusset **2304**. The first side gusset **2303** and the second side gusset **2304** are attached at a top position of a fabric stop **2306** and a bottom position of the fabric stop **2306**. A zipper **2308** with a zipper pull **2310** is attached to the first side gusset **2303** and the second side gusset **2304**. Advantageously, this configuration allows the pouch **110** to lie flat when opened.
(163) In a preferred embodiment, an interior of the pouch includes at least one integrated pocket. In the example shown in FIG. **27**, the interior of the first side **2301** has an integrated pocket **2312**. The

integrated pocket **2312** is formed of polyester, polyvinyl chloride (PVC)-coated polyester, vinyl-coated polyester, nylon, canvas, PVC-coated canvas, polycotton canvas, and/or a mesh fabric. In a preferred embodiment, the integrated pocket **2312** is formed of a clear vinyl fabric. Advantageously, this allows a user to see the contents of the integrated pocket **2312**. In one example, the user stores a map or instructions in the integrated pocket **2312**. The integrated pocket **2312** closes using a piece of elastic **2314**. Alternatively, the integrated pocket **2312** closes using a zipper, a hook and loop system, one or more buttons, one or more snaps, one or more ties, one or more buckles, one or more clips, and/or one or more hooks.

(164) The interior of the second side **2302** holds a battery **150**, a power distribution and data hub **2100**, a first radio **2112**, and a second radio **2114**. In a preferred embodiment, the battery **150** is held in place by at least one strap **2318**. The at least one strap **2318** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **2318** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **2318** includes hook-and-loop tape. A first spring **174***a* of a first lead (not shown) extends out of the pouch **110** through a lead opening **120**. A second spring **174***b* surrounds wiring that is electrically connected to a connector portion **170***b*. The connector **170***b* is electrically connected to a mating connector **2320** that is attached to a battery cable **2322**, which connects to the power distribution and data hub **2100**.

(165) In a preferred embodiment, the power distribution and data hub **2100** is held in place by at least one strap **2324**. The at least one strap **2324** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **2324** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **2324** includes hook-and-loop tape.

(166) The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to an end user device **2102** (e.g., tablet, smartphone, computer) via an end user device cable **2326**. The end user device cable **2326** extends out of the pouch **110** through an end user device cable opening **2328**.

(167) The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the first radio **2112** via a first radio cable **2332**. The first radio **2112** is held in place by at least one strap **2330**. The at least one strap **2330** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **2330** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **2330** includes hook-and-loop tape. In one embodiment, the first radio **2112** has an antenna **2334** that extends out of the pouch **110** through a first radio antenna opening **2336** in the second side gusset **2304**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the second radio **2114** via a second radio cable **2340**. The second radio **2114** is held in place by at least one strap **2338**. The at least one strap **2338** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **2338** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **2338** includes hook-and-loop tape. The second radio **2114** has an antenna **2342** that extends out of the pouch **110** through a second radio antenna opening **2344** in the second side gusset **2304**.

(168) Although FIG. **27** illustrates the power distribution and data hub **2100** in an orientation above the battery **150**, it is equally possible for the battery **150** to be in an orientation above the power distribution and data hub **2100**. In one embodiment, the orientation of the power distribution and data hub **2100** relative to the battery **150** is selected by the user based on multiple factors, including accessibility to equipment and weight distribution.

(169) FIG. **28** is a detail view of the interior perspective view of the example of the portable battery pack shown in FIG. **27**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to provide power to a first peripheral device **2104**, a second peripheral device **2106**, a third peripheral device **2108**, and a fourth peripheral device **2110** through a personal area network (PAN). The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the first peripheral device **2104** via a first peripheral device cable **2346**. The first peripheral device cable **2346** extends out of the pouch **110** through a first peripheral device cable opening **2348** in the second side gusset **2304**. Alternatively, the first peripheral device cable **2346** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the second peripheral device **2106**

via a second peripheral device cable **2354**. The second peripheral device cable **2354** extends out of the pouch **110** through a second peripheral device cable opening **2356** in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. Alternatively, the second peripheral device cable **2354** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side gusset **2304**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the third peripheral device **2108** via a third peripheral device cable **2350**. The third peripheral device cable **2350** extends out of the pouch **110** through a third peripheral device cable opening **2352** in the second side gusset **2304**. Alternatively, the third peripheral device cable **2350** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the fourth peripheral device **2110** via a fourth peripheral device cable **2358**. The fourth peripheral device cable **2358** extends out of the pouch **110** through a fourth peripheral device cable opening **2360** in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. Alternatively, the fourth peripheral device cable **2358** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side gusset **2304**. In other embodiments, at least one of the first peripheral device **2104**, the second peripheral device **2106**, the third peripheral device **2108**, and/or the fourth peripheral device **2110** is stored in the pouch **110**.

(170) The power distribution and data hub **2100** is operable to obtain power from an auxiliary power source **2116**. The power distribution and data hub **2100** is connected to the auxiliary power source **2116** via an auxiliary power source cable **2364**. The auxiliary power source cable **2364** extends out of the pouch **110** through an auxiliary power source cable opening **2364** in the second side gusset **2304**. Alternatively, the auxiliary power source cable **2364** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. In another embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** (e.g., a non-rechargeable battery) is stored in the pouch **110**.

(171) In one embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is an alternating current (AC) adapter, a solar panel, a generator, a portable power case, a fuel cell, a vehicle battery, a rechargeable battery, and/or a non-rechargeable battery. Alternatively, the auxiliary power source **2116** is an inductive charger. In another embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is operable to supply power to the power distribution and data hub **2100** by harvesting ambient radiofrequency (RF) waves, capturing exothermic body reactions (e.g., heat, sweat), using friction (e.g., triboelectric effect) or kinetic energy, or harvesting energy from running water or wind energy. In yet another embodiment, the auxiliary power source **2116** is a pedal power generator. The auxiliary power source **2116** is preferably operable to recharge the battery **150**.

(172) FIG. **29** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes an object retention system in the wearable pouch or skin. The pouch **110** has an interior of a first side **2301** and an interior of a second side **2302**. In a preferred embodiment, the interior of the first side **2301** and/or the interior of the second side **2302** contains an object retention system (e.g., GRID-IT® by Cocoon Innovations) as described in US Publication Nos. 20090039122, 20130214119, and 20130256498, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

(173) The object retention system is formed of a weave of a plurality of rubberized elastic bands. The plurality of rubberized elastic bands is preferably formed of a first set of straps **2902** and a second set of straps **2904**. The first set of straps **2902** is preferably oriented substantially perpendicular to the second set of straps **2904**. Additionally, each strap in the first set of straps **2902** is preferably oriented substantially parallel to other straps in the first set of straps **2902**. Further, each strap in the second set of straps **2904** is preferably oriented substantially parallel to other straps in the second set of straps **2904**. In the example shown in FIG. **29**, the first set of straps **2902** is shown in a substantially vertical direction and the second set of straps **2904** is shown in a substantially horizontal direction.

(174) In the example shown in FIG. **29**, the interior of the first side **2301** has an object retention system. The object retention system is shown holding a state of charge indicator **2906**. An example of a state of charge indicator **2906** is disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20170269162 and

20150198670, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The object retention system is also shown holding a universal DC power adaptor **2908**. An example of a universal DC power adaptor **2908** is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 9,240,651, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The object retention system is shown holding a first half of an AC adapter **2910** and a second half of an AC adapter **2912**.

(175) The interior of the second side **2302** holds a battery **150**. A first wiring portion **172***a* of a first lead (not shown) extends out of the pouch **110** through a first lead opening **120***a*. A second wiring portion **172***b* of a second lead **152***b* extends out of the pouch **110** through a second lead opening **120***b*. A first spring **174***a* is provided around the first wiring portion **172***a*, such that a portion of the first spring **174***a* is inside the battery cover and a portion of the first spring **174***a* is outside the battery cover. The presence of the first spring **174***a* around the first wiring portion **172***a* of the first lead (not shown) allows the first lead to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the first spring **174***a* around the first wiring portion **172***a* of the first lead also allows the first lead to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing. A second spring **174***b* is provided around the second wiring portion **172***b*, such that a portion of the second spring **174***b* is inside the battery cover and a portion of the second spring **174***b* is outside the battery cover. The presence of the second spring **174***b* around the second wiring portion **172***b* of the second lead **152***b* allows the second lead **152***b* to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the second spring **174***b* around the second wiring portion **172***b* of the second lead **152***b* also allows the second lead **152***b* to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing. In one example, the first spring **174***a* and/or the second spring **174***b* is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 3.8 cm (1.5 inches) long.

(176) FIG. **30** is an exploded view of an example of a battery and a power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000**. The enclosure **3000** includes a battery element **164** and a power distribution and data hub **3002** that is housed between a cover **3054** and a back plate **3062**. The battery element **164** supplies the first lead **152***a* and the second lead **152***b*. The battery element **164** is formed of a plurality of sealed battery cells or individually contained battery cells, i.e. batteries with their own cases, removably disposed therein.

(177) The power distribution and data hub **3002** is connected to the battery element **164** via a cable **3070**. The power distribution and data hub **3002** includes at least one connector **3072**. The at least one connector **3072** is panel mounted or an omnidirectional flexible lead (e.g., FIG. **16**). In one embodiment, the at least one connector **3072** includes a dust cap (not shown) to cover a corresponding lead. Advantageously, the dust cap protects the at least one connector from dust and other environmental contaminants that are operable to cause battery failure in the field.

(178) The cover **3054** includes a battery compartment **3056** that is sized to receive at least one battery element **164**. The cover **3054** includes a hub compartment **3064** that is sized to receive the power distribution and data hub **3002**. In a preferred embodiment, the battery compartment **3056** is substantially rectangular in shape. In one embodiment, the hub compartment **3064** is substantially rectangular in shape. The battery compartment **3056** is connected to the hub compartment **3064** via a channel **3066** sized to receive the cable **3070**. A top hat style rim **3058** is provided around a perimeter of the battery compartment **3056** and the hub compartment **3064**. The cover **3054** incudes at least one channel formed in the cover **3054** to accommodate a wire of a corresponding lead. The example in FIG. **30** shows two channels **3060** (e.g., channels **3060***a*, **3060***b*) formed in the cover **3054** (one on each side) to accommodate the wires of the first lead **152***a* and the second lead **152***b* passing therethrough. The cover **3054** includes at least one channel formed in the cover **3054** to accommodate the at least one connector **3072**.

(179) The cover **3054** and the back plate **3062** are formed of plastic using, for example, a thermoform process or an injection molding. The back plate **3062** is operable to be mechanically attached to the rim **3058** of the cover **3054** via, for example, an ultrasonic spot welding process or

an adhesive. Advantageously, the top hat style rim **3058** provides a footprint for the ultrasonic spot welding process and provides structural integrity for the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure. In one embodiment, a water barrier material (e.g., silicone) is applied to the mating surfaces of the rim **3058** and the back plate **3062**. In another embodiment, the cover **3054**, the back plate **3062**, the power distribution and data hub **3002**, and/or the battery element **164** has a slight curvature or contour for conforming to, for example, the user's vest, backpack, or body armor. In one example, the curvature of the portable battery pack is engineered to match the outward curve of body armor. Advantageously, this means that the portable battery pack does not jostle as the operator moves, which results in less caloric energy expenditure when the operator moves. Alternatively, the cover **3054**, the back plate **3062**, the power distribution and data hub **3002**, and/or the battery element **164** are operable to have a slight outward curvature or contour for conforming to a user's body (e.g., back region, chest region, abdominal region, arm, leg). In yet another embodiment, the cover **3054**, the back plate **3062**, the power distribution and data hub **3002**, and/or the battery element **164** are operable to have a slight outward curvature or contour for conforming to a user's helmet or hat.

(180) FIG. **31** illustrates an interior perspective view of an example of the portable battery pack that includes a battery and a power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000**. The first side **112** of the pouch **110** has an interior of the first side **2301**. The second side **114** of the pouch **110** has an interior of the second side **2302**. The first side **112** has a first side gusset **2303** and the second side **114** has a second side gusset **2304**. The first side gusset **2303** and the second side gusset **2304** are attached at a top position of a fabric stop **2306** and a bottom position of the fabric stop **2306**. A zipper **2308** with a zipper pull **2310** is attached to the first side gusset **2303** and the second side gusset **2304**. Advantageously, this configuration allows the pouch **110** to lie flat when opened.

(181) In the example shown in FIG. **31**, the interior of the first side **2301** has an object retention system. The object retention system is shown holding a state of charge indicator **2906**. An example of a state of charge indicator **2906** is disclosed in US Publication Nos. 20170269162 and 20150198670, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The object retention system is also shown holding a universal DC power adaptor **2908**. An example of a universal DC power adaptor **2908** is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 9,240,651, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The object retention system is shown holding a first half of an AC adapter **2910** and a second half of an AC adapter **2912**.

(182) The interior of the second side **2302** holds a battery and a power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000**. In a preferred embodiment, the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** is held in place by at least one strap **3192**. The at least one strap **3192** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **3192** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **3192** includes hook-and-loop tape.

(183) A first wiring portion **172***a* of a first lead (not shown) extends out of the pouch **110** through a first lead opening **120***a*. A second wiring portion **172***b* of a second lead **152***b* extends out of the pouch **110** through a second lead opening **120***b*. A first spring **174***a* is provided around the first wiring portion **172***a*, such that a portion of the first spring **174***a* is inside the battery cover and a portion of the first spring **174***a* is outside the battery cover. The presence of the first spring **174***a* around the first wiring portion **172***a* of the first lead (not shown) allows the first lead to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the first spring **174***a* around the first wiring portion **172***a* of the first lead also allows the first lead to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing. A second spring **174***b* is provided around the second wiring portion **172***b*, such that a portion of the second spring **174***b* is inside the battery cover and a portion of the second spring **174***b* is outside the battery cover. The presence of the second spring **174***b* around the second wiring portion **172***b* of the second lead **152***b* allows the second lead **152***b*

to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the second spring **174***b* around the second wiring portion **172***b* of the second lead **152***b* also allows the second lead **152***b* to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing. In one example, the first spring **174***a* and/or the second spring **174***b* is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 3.8 cm (1.5 inches) long.

(184) FIG. **32** is a detail view of the interior perspective view of the example of the portable battery pack shown in FIG. **31**. As previously mentioned, the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** includes a channel **3066** sized to receive a cable to connect the battery element and the power distribution and data hub. The power distribution and data hub of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** is connected to an end user device **2102** (e.g., tablet, smartphone, computer) via an end user device cable **2326** connected to a second panel mount connector **3218**. The end user device cable **2326** extends out of the pouch **110** through an end user device cable opening **2328**.

(185) The power distribution and data hub of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** is operable to provide power to a first peripheral device **2104**, a second peripheral device **2106**, a third peripheral device **2108**, and a fourth peripheral device **2110** through a personal area network (PAN). In the example shown in FIG. **32**, the first peripheral device **2104** is a first radio. The first peripheral device **2104** is held in place by at least one strap **3202**. The at least one strap **3202** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **3202** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **3202** includes hook-and-loop tape. In one embodiment, the first peripheral device **2104** has an antenna **3204** that extends out of the pouch **110** through a first antenna opening **3206** in the second side gusset **2304**. The power distribution and data hub is connected to the first peripheral device **2104** via a first peripheral device cable **3208** with a connector **3210** that mates to a first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** of the power distribution and data hub. The first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** of the power distribution and data hub extends out of the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** via a first channel **3214** in the cover.

(186) A first spring **3215** is provided around the wiring portion of the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212**, such that a portion of the first spring **3215** is inside the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** and a portion of the first spring **3215** is outside the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000**. In one example, the first spring **3215** is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 3.8 cm (1.5 inches) long. In another example, the first spring **3215** is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 20.3 cm (8 inches) long. The wiring portion of the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** and the first spring **3215** are held securely in the first channel **3214** via a clamping mechanism. Alternatively, the wiring portion of the lead and the spring are held securely in the first channel using an adhesive, a retention pin, a hex nut, a hook anchor, and/or a zip tie. The presence of the first spring **3215** around the wiring portion of the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** allows the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the first spring **3215** around the wiring portion of the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** also allows the first flexible omnidirectional lead **3212** to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing.

(187) The power distribution and data hub is connected to the second peripheral device **2106** via a second peripheral device cable **2354** connected to a first panel mount connector **3216**. The second peripheral device cable **2354** extends out of the pouch **110** through a second peripheral device cable opening **2356** in the second side gusset **2304**. Alternatively, the second peripheral device cable **2354** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**. The power distribution and data hub is connected to the third peripheral device **2108** via a third peripheral device cable **2350** connected to a third panel mount connector **3220**. The third peripheral

device cable **2350** extends out of the pouch **110** through a third peripheral device cable opening **2352** in the second side gusset **2304**. Alternatively, the third peripheral device cable **2350** extends out of the pouch **110** through an opening in the second side **114** of the pouch **110**.

(188) In the example shown in FIG. **32**, the fourth peripheral device **2110** is a second radio. The first peripheral device **2104** is held in place by at least one strap **3222**. The at least one strap **3222** is preferably made of an elastic material. Alternatively, the at least one strap **3222** is made of a non-elastic material. In other embodiments, the at least one strap **3222** includes hook-and-loop tape. In one embodiment, the fourth peripheral device **2110** has an antenna **3224** that extends out of the pouch **110** through a second antenna opening **3226** in the second side gusset **2304**. The power distribution and data hub is connected to the fourth peripheral device **2110** via a fourth peripheral device cable **3228** with a connector **3230** that mates to a second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** of the power distribution and data hub. The second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** of the power distribution and data hub extends out of the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** via a second channel **3234** in the cover.

(189) A second spring **3235** is provided around the wiring portion of the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232**, such that a portion of the second spring **3235** is inside the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000** and a portion of the second spring **3235** is outside the cover of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure **3000**. In one example, the second spring **3235** is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 3.8 cm (1.5 inches) long. In another example, the second spring **3235** is a steel spring that is from about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 20.3 cm (8 inches) long. The wiring portion of the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** and the second spring **3235** are held securely in the second channel **3234** via a clamping mechanism. Alternatively, the wiring portion of the lead and the spring are held securely in the first channel using an adhesive, a retention pin, a hex nut, a hook anchor, and/or a zip tie. The presence of the second spring **3235** around the wiring portion of the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** allows the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** to be flexed in any direction for convenient connection to equipment from any angle. The presence of the second spring **3235** around the wiring portion of the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** also allows the second flexible omnidirectional lead **3232** to be flexed repeatedly without breaking or failing.

(190) As previously described, the power distribution and data hub includes at least one flexible omnidirectional lead in one embodiment. The flexible omnidirectional lead of the power distribution and data hub is preferably formed using a spring that is about 0.64 cm (0.25 inches) to about 20.3 cm (8 inches) long. In one embodiment, the spring of the power distribution and data hub extends out of the pouch through an opening in the second side gusset. In one embodiment, the opening includes a grommet. In another embodiment, the pouch has a seal around an opening for a corresponding lead of the power distribution and data hub. The seal is tight around the lead, which prevents water from entering the pouch through the opening. In one embodiment, the seal is formed of a rubber (e.g., neoprene).

(191) In one embodiment, the power distribution and data hub includes at least one processor and at least one memory. Advantageously, this allows the power distribution and data hub to run software. In one embodiment, the end user device is a screen (e.g., touch screen). An additional advantage of running software off of the power distribution and data hub is that if the screen breaks, a user is able to leave the screen behind without a risk of confidential information being exposed. In another embodiment, the power distribution and data hub includes at least one data port. Advantageously, this allows the power distribution and data hub to receive information from another computing device (e.g., laptop, desktop computer).

(192) In another embodiment, the power distribution and data hub includes at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat. In one embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat is housed within the power distribution and data hub. In one embodiment, at least one layer of a

material to dissipate heat is housed within the power distribution and data hub on an external facing side. Advantageously, this protects the power distribution and data hub from external heat sources (e.g., a hot vehicle). In another embodiment, at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat is housed within the power distribution and data hub on a side of the power distribution and data hub facing the wearer. Advantageously, this protects the wearer from heat given off by the power distribution and data hub.

(193) In yet another embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat is between the cover and the power distribution and data hub of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure. Advantageously, this protects the power distribution and data hub from external heat sources (e.g., a hot vehicle). In another embodiment, the at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat is between the back plate and the power distribution and data hub of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure. Advantageously, this protects the wearer from heat given off by the power distribution and data hub.

(194) In one embodiment, the battery management system of the battery of the portable battery pack is housed in the power distribution and data hub. Advantageously, this separates heat generated by the battery management system from the plurality of electrochemical cells. In this embodiment, the power distribution and data hub preferably includes at least one layer of a material to dissipate heat. This embodiment is also operable to provide additional benefits for distributing weight within the pouch.

(195) In another embodiment, the power distribution and data hub includes a material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel. In one embodiment, the material to provide resistant to bullets and/or shrapnel is incorporated into a housing of the power distribution and data hub. In an alternative embodiment, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is housed within the power distribution and data hub on an external facing side. Advantageously, this layer protects the electronics housed in the power distribution and data hub as well as the user. Additionally or alternatively, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is housed within the power distribution and data hub on a side of the power distribution and data hub facing the wearer. Advantageously, this layer provides additional protection to the user. In another embodiment, the material to provide resistance to bullets and/or shrapnel is incorporated into the cover and/or back plate of the battery and the power distribution and data hub housed in the same enclosure.

(196) FIG. **33** illustrates a side perspective view of another example of a portable battery pack **100** affixed to a vest **600** using zippers. In the example shown in FIG. **33**, the pouch of the portable battery pack **100** is sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components. A first single width of zipper tape **190***a* is shown mated with a corresponding first single width of zipper tape **194***a* on a right side of the vest **600** using a first zipper slider **192***a*, thereby attaching the portable battery pack **100** to the vest **600**. Similarly, a second single width of zipper tape (not shown) is mated with a corresponding second single width of zipper tape (not shown) on a left side of the vest **600** using a second zipper slider (not shown).

(197) FIG. **34** illustrates a front perspective view of another example of the portable battery pack that comprises a battery enclosed by a wearable pouch or skin sized to hold the battery and additional devices or components. In the example shown in FIG. **34**, the pouch **110** is sized to match ergonomics of plate carriers that free shoulders of the wearer. In this embodiment, the pouch has a top that is substantially hexagonal. Alternative angles and/or dimensions of the cut outs for sizing the pouch to match the ergonomics of the plate carriers that free the shoulders of the wearer are compatible with the present invention.

(198) Body armor, plate carriers, and vests often come in at least two sizes (e.g., small/medium, large/extra large). FIG. **35** illustrates an embodiment with two different sized zippers (**3508***a*, **3508***b* and **3512***a*, **3512***b*) for mating with body armor, a plate carrier, and/or a vest of two different sizes. In the example shown in FIG. **35**, the pouch **110** includes a larger zipper (**3508***a*, **3508***b*) on

each side for mating with large/extra large body armor, plate carriers, and/or vests. Each larger zipper (**3508***a*, **3508***b*) has a corresponding zipper pull (**3510***a*, **3510***b*). The pouch **110** also includes a smaller zipper (**3512***a*, **3512***b*) for mating with small/medium body armor, plate carriers, and/or vests. Each smaller zipper (**3512***a*, **3512***b*) has a corresponding zipper pull (**3514***a*, **3514***b*).
(199) The embodiment shown in FIG. **35** includes slit MOLLE. Alternatively, the pouch includes traditional tape MOLLE. The pouch **110** preferably includes at least one top opening **3502**, at least one side opening **3504**, and/or at least one bottom opening **3506**. Although three top openings **3502**, three side openings **3504**, and three bottom openings **3506** are shown in FIG. **35**, alternative numbers and placements of the at least one top opening, at least one side opening, and/or at least one bottom opening are possible.
(200) In other embodiments, the pouch includes at least one backpack and/or shoulder strap. The at least one backpack strap and/or shoulder strap is preferably removably attachable to the pouch. Advantageously, this allows use of the MOLLE on the pouch when the pouch is attached to a vest, a plate carrier, and/or body armor and allows the pouch to be used by itself when not attached to the vest, the plate carrier, and/or body armor.
(201) FIG. **36** illustrates one embodiment of a pouch with removable backpack and/or shoulder straps. Pouch **110** includes a top attachment fixture (e.g., D-ring **3604***a*, **3604***b*) that attaches a corresponding strap (**3602***a*, **3602***b*) via a top strap attachment mechanism (e.g., trigger snap **3606***a*, **3606***b*). Pouch **110** includes a bottom attachment fixture (e.g., D-ring **3608***a*, **3608***b*) that attaches a corresponding strap (**3602***a*, **3602***b*) via a bottom strap attachment mechanism (e.g., trigger snap **3610***a*, **3610***b*). Alternative mechanisms including, but not limited to, D-rings, carabiners, buckles, O-rings, and/or rectangle rings are compatible with the present invention.
(202) FIG. **37**A illustrates another embodiment of the pouch with backpack straps and/or shoulder straps where the backpack straps and/or shoulder straps are fully enclosed in the pouch. In the embodiment shown in FIG. **37**A, the pouch includes a top zipper **3702** with a zipper pull **3704**, a first side zipper **3706***a* with a first side zipper pull **3708***a*, and a second side zipper **3706***b* with a second side zipper pull **3708***b*.
(203) FIG. **37**B illustrates the embodiment of FIG. **37**A where the backpack straps and/or shoulders straps are outside of the pouch. When top zipper **3702** is opened, straps **3602***a*, **3602***b* are operable to be removed from opening **3710**. Strap **3602***a* includes a male side-release buckle component **3712** and strap **3602***b* includes a female side-release buckle component **3714**. When side-release buckle components **3712** and **3714** are mated, the buckle connects the straps **3602***a*, **3602***b* as a chest strap. Straps **3602***a*, **3602***b* each include a corresponding length of webbing **3726***a*, **3726***b* operable to adjust the height of the chest strap using sliders **3724***a*, **3724***b*. The webbing **3726***a* is attached to a first bottom male side-release buckle component **3718***a*. The webbing **3726***b* is attached to a second bottom male side-release buckle component **3718***b*. The webbing **3726***a*, **3726***b* is operable to adjust the length of a corresponding strap **3602***a*, **3602***b* via the corresponding bottom male side-release buckle component **3718***a*, **3718***b*.
(204) When the first side zipper **3706***a* is opened, a first bottom female side-release buckle component **3720***a* is operable to be removed from first side opening **3716***a*. When the second side zipper **3706***b* is opened, a second bottom female side-release buckle component **3720***b* is operable to be removed from second side opening **3716***b*. The first bottom male side-release buckle component **3718***a* mates to the first bottom female side-release buckle component **3720***a* to make the first strap **3602***a* functional. The second bottom male side-release buckle component **3718***b* mates to the second bottom female side-release buckle component **3720***b* to make the second strap **3602***b* functional.
(205) FIG. **38** illustrates one embodiment of a zipper lock mechanism for the pouch. As previously described, body armor, plate carriers, and vests often come in at least two sizes (e.g., small/medium, large/extra large). One solution to a mismatch between a zipper on a pouch and a zipper on the body armor, the plate carrier, or the vest is to use a zipper lock mechanism. In the

embodiment shown in FIG. **38**, a first single width of zipper tape **190***a* is shown mated with a corresponding first single width of zipper tape **194***a* on a right side of the vest **600** using a first zipper slider **192***a*, thereby attaching the pouch **110** to the vest **600**. Vest **600** includes at least one hook **3802** and pouch **110** includes at least one loop **3804**. To prevent the pouch **110** from shifting on the vest **600**, the at least one loop **3804** is placed over a corresponding at least one hook **3802**. In a preferred embodiment, the at least one loop is formed of an elastomeric material.

(206) FIG. **39** illustrates an embodiment of a pouch **3900** designed to hold the portable battery pack **100**. FIG. **39** differs from FIG. **27** in that it includes an integrated pocket **3902** sized to hold the portable battery pack **100**. Advantageously, the pouch **3900** designed to hold the portable battery pack **100** provides additional flexibility because both the pouch **3900** and the portable battery pack **100** are attachable to a load-bearing platform (e.g., vest, plate carrier, body armor). In the embodiment shown in FIG. **39**, the integrated pocket **3902** includes a plurality of slits **3904**. The plurality of slits **3904** are operable to attach additional pouches (e.g., MOLLE utility pouches) and/or route cables through the slits. In alternative embodiments, the pouch does not include a plurality of slits.

(207) The pouch **3900** preferably includes at least one strip of hook tape **3906** that attaches to at least one piece of loop tape **3908** (outline shown). The at least one piece of loop tape **3908** is sewn, adhered, and/or attached to an interior portion of the integrated pocket **3908**. Although the at least one piece of loop tape **3908** is shown in FIG. **39** as a single large piece of loop tape, alternative numbers of loop tape and/or sizing of loop tape are compatible with the present invention.

(208) The integrated pocket **3902** further includes a first opening **3910***a* to allow a first lead (not shown) of the portable battery pack **100** to exit the integrated pocket **3902**. The integrated pocket **3902** also includes a second opening **3910***b* to allow a second lead of the portable battery pack **100** to exit the integrated pocket **3902**. The second lead of the portable battery pack **100** includes a second spring **174***b* that surrounds wiring that is electrically connected to a connector portion **170***b*. The connector **170***b* is electrically connected to a mating connector **2320** that is attached to a battery cable **2322**.

(209) The pouch **3900** preferably includes at least one first tie down **3912***a* and/or at least one second tie down **3912***b*. The at least one first tie down **3912***a* and/or the at least one second tie down **3912***b* are operable to secure at least one antenna and/or at least one cable. In the example shown in FIG. **39**, three second tie downs **3912***b* secure the battery cable **2322** before the battery cable **2322** exits the pouch **3900** at opening **3918***b*. Three second tie downs **3912***a* are operable to secure at least one antenna and/or at least one cable before the at least one antenna and/or the at least one cable exit the pouch **3900** at opening **3918***a*. The at least one first tie down **3912***a* and/or the at least one second tie down **3912***b* are preferably formed of an elastomeric material. Alternatively, the at least one first tie down **3912***a* and/or the at least one second tie down **3912***b* are formed of hook and loop tape.

(210) The pouch **3900** further includes at least one horizontal strap **3914** and/or at least one vertical strap **3916**. The at least one horizontal strap **3914** and/or the at least one vertical strap **3916** are operable secure equipment (e.g., radios, power distribution and data hubs, GPS) inside the pouch **3900**. The at least one horizontal strap **3914** and/or the at least one vertical strap **3916** are preferably formed of an elastomeric material. Alternatively, the at least one horizontal strap **3914** and/or the at least one vertical strap **3916** are formed of hook and loop tape.

(211) In the example shown in FIG. **39**, the integrated pocket **3902** holds a radio **3920** (e.g., BATS-D AN/PRC-161 by Viasat®). The pouch includes a first antenna opening **3922** for a first antenna **3924** and a second antenna opening **3926** for a second antenna **3928**. Alternative radios, alternative numbers of antennas, and/or alternative numbers of antenna openings are compatible with the present invention.

(212) In a preferred embodiment, the pouch holds a solar panel that is operable to charge at least one battery. In one embodiment, the solar panel **3100** is foldable and includes 2 solar modules **3102**

as shown in FIG. **40**A. The solar modules **3102** are mounted on a substrate **3114**. The solar panel **3100** includes eyelets **3174**, which allows the solar panel to be secured to the ground or another surface. While FIG. **40**A shows a total of four eyelets **3174** (one in each corner), this is exemplary only. The solar panel **3100** is operable to include any number of eyelets **3174**. The solar panel **3100** includes a vertical fold axis **3176**. A cable or wire **3120** is electrically connected to the solar modules **3102** via a junction box **3198**. The cable or wire **3120** is electrically connected to an output connector **3106** that is preferably operable to connect to the portable battery pack. Alternatively, the output connector is operable to connect to a portable power case.

(213) In another preferred embodiment, the solar panel has maximum dimensions of 31.75 cm (12.5 inches) by 24.13 cm (9.5 inches). The solar panel preferably has maximum dimensions of 15.88 cm (6.25 inches) by 24.13 cm (9.5 inches) when folded. In one embodiment, the solar panel has an output voltage of about 17V and an output current of about 750 mA. In another embodiment, the solar panel has an output voltage of between about 12V and 23V.

(214) The solar panel preferably is secured in a folded configuration using an elastomeric closure, a zipper, an arrangement of buttons or snaps, ties, and/or a hook-and-loop fastener system. The example in FIG. **40**A includes hook tape **4002** and loop tape **4004**. The hook tape **4002** and/or the loop tape **4004** are preferably sewn, adhered, or otherwise attached to the solar panel **3100**. The hook tape **4002** and the loop tape **4004** secure the solar panel **3100** in the folded configuration.

(215) FIG. **40**B illustrates a back side of the solar panel in FIG. **40**A. The back side of the solar panel is preferably MOLLE-compatible and PALS-compatible. In the example shown in FIG. **40**B, the back side of the solar panel includes at least one strip of hook tape **4006**, a plurality of slits **4008**, and at least one strap **4010**. The plurality of slits **4008** and the at least one strap **4010** allow the solar panel **3100** to attach to the pouch of the portable battery back. The at least one strip of hook tape **4006** secures a bottom portion of the solar panel to the pouch of the portable battery pack via at least one strip of loop tape on the pouch of the portable battery pack. In an alternative embodiment, the back side of the solar panel includes at least one strip of loop tape and the exterior of the pouch of the portable battery pack includes at least one strip of hook tape.

(216) FIG. **40**C illustrates one embodiment of the pouch including at least one strip of loop tape **4020** on the pouch **110** for securing the solar panel of FIGS. **40**A-**40**B to the pouch **110**.

(217) In summary and referring now to FIG. **1** through FIG. **40**C, the present invention provides a system for supplying power to at least one power distribution and data hub using a portable battery pack including one or more batteries enclosed in a wearable pouch, wherein the one or more batteries include at least one battery element, a battery cover, a battery back plate, and one or more flexible omnidirectional leads that include a connector portion and a wiring portion, wherein a flexible spring is provided around the wiring portion such that a portion of the flexible spring is positioned inside the battery cover and a portion of the flexible spring is positioned outside the battery cover.

(218) In other embodiments, the present invention provides a portable battery pack including a wearable pouch and one or more batteries enclosed in the wearable pouch, wherein the pouch has a first side and an opposite second side, a closable opening through which the one or more batteries are operable to be fitted into the pouch, one or more openings through which one or more leads from the one or more batteries are operable to be accessed, and wherein the pouch includes a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) adapted to attach the pouch to a load-bearing platform.

(219) In some embodiments, the pouch is formed of a flexible, durable, and waterproof and/or water-resistant material. In particular embodiments, the material forming the pouch is selected from the group consisting of polyester, polyvinyl chloride (PVC)-coated polyester, vinyl-coated polyester, nylon, canvas, PVC-coated canvas, and polycotton canvas.

(220) In yet more particular embodiments, the pouch has an exterior finish with a camouflage pattern. In representative embodiments, the camouflage pattern is selected from the group consisting of Universal Camouflage Pattern (UCP), MultiCam, Universal Camouflage Pattern-

Delta (UCP-Delta), Airman Battle Uniform (ABU), Navy Working Uniform (NWU), MARPAT, Disruptive Overwhite Snow Digital Camouflage, Urban Digital Camouflage, and Tactical Assault Camouflage (TACAM).
(221) In some embodiments, the closable opening is operable to be closed by a mechanism selected from the group consisting of a zipper, a hook and loop system, one or more buttons, one or more snaps, one or more ties, one or more buckles, one or more clips, and one or more hooks.
(222) In particular embodiments, the load-bearing platform is selected from the group consisting of a vest (e.g., bulletproof vest, Rhodesian vest), a backpack, body armor, a belt (e.g., tactical belt), a chair, a seat, a boat, a kayak, a canoe, a body of a user (e.g., back region, chest region, abdominal region, arm, leg), a vehicle (e.g., truck, high mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicle (Humvee), all-terrain vehicle (ATV), sport utility vehicle (SUV)), a cargo rack, a helmet, or a hat. In certain embodiments, the portable battery pack is Modular Lightweight Load-carrying Equipment (MOLLE)-compatible. In yet more certain embodiments, the pouch attachment ladder system is formed of a plurality of straps, a plurality of horizontal rows of webbing, a plurality of slits, and combinations thereof.
(223) In some embodiments, the one or more batteries include a battery element, a battery cover, and a battery back plate. In particular embodiments, one or more of the battery element, battery cover, and battery back plate have a curvature or contour adapted to conform to a curvature or contour of the load-bearing platform.
(224) In further embodiments, the one or more batteries includes one or more flexible omnidirectional leads, wherein each lead includes a connector portion and a wiring portion, and wherein at least a portion of the wiring portion is encompassed by a flexible spring.
(225) In certain embodiments, the battery has a length having a range from about 30.5 cm (12 inches) to about 20.3 cm (8 inches), a width having a range from about 25.4 cm (10 inches) to about 17.8 cm (7 inches), and a thickness having a range from about 5.1 cm (2 inches) to about 1.3 cm (0.5 inches).
(226) The above-mentioned examples are provided to serve the purpose of clarifying the aspects of the invention, and it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that they do not serve to limit the scope of the invention. By way of example, the battery may include more than two flexible omnidirectional leads. Also by way of example, the pouch may have different dimensions than those listed. By nature, this invention is highly adjustable, customizable and adaptable. The above-mentioned examples are just some of the many configurations that the mentioned components can take on. All modifications and improvements have been deleted herein for the sake of conciseness and readability but are properly within the scope of the present invention.

Claims

1. A wearable pouch comprising: at least one portable battery pack; and a main body, at least one opening, and at least one opening for at least one lead from the at least one portable battery pack secured within the wearable pouch; wherein the at least one lead extends out of the wearable pouch; and wherein the at least one lead includes a spring, wherein the spring is positioned around a portion of the at least one lead outside of the wearable pouch, wherein the spring is further positioned around a portion of the at least one lead inside of the wearable pouch.
2. The wearable pouch of claim 1, wherein at least a second spring is positioned around a connector portion of the at least one lead.
3. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising at least one pocket for receiving the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the at least one pocket includes a second opening configured to allow a second lead of the at least one portable battery pack to exit the at least one pocket, wherein a second lead includes a spring that surrounds a cable portion of the second lead.
4. The wearable pouch of claim 1, wherein the spring is configured to allow the at least one lead to

be flexed in one or more directions to connect to a piece of equipment.
5. The wearable pouch of claim 1, wherein the wearable pouch further includes a closable opening through which the at least one portable battery pack is operable to be removed from the pouch, wherein the at least one lead is operable to be accessed and charge a battery.
6. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the wearable pouch to a load-bearing platform.
7. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising at least one layer of heat-resistant material or at least one layer of material resistant to bullets and/or shrapnel.
8. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising a solar panel operable to charge the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the solar panel is foldable and includes at least two solar modules mounted on a substrate, and wherein the solar panel further includes a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the solar panel to the wearable pouch.
9. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising: a first length of zipper teeth, a second length of zipper teeth, a third length of zipper teeth, and a fourth length of zipper teeth on a back side of the wearable pouch; wherein the first length of zipper teeth and the second length of zipper teeth or the third length of zipper teeth and the fourth length of zipper teeth are operable to mate to a body armor, a plate carrier, and/or a vest having corresponding lengths of zipper teeth.
10. The wearable pouch of claim 1, wherein the wearable pouch is sized to match ergonomics of a plate carrier, a body armor, or a vest.
11. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further including at least one device, wherein the wearable pouch further includes at least one antenna opening, at least one tie down, and at least one securing strap.
12. The wearable pouch of claim 1, further comprising: straps removably attached to the wearable pouch; a closeable top opening; a first closeable bottom opening and a second closeable bottom opening; wherein the straps are attached to the wearable pouch via an attachment mechanism and an attachment fixture.
13. A wearable pouch comprising: at least one portable battery pack; and a main body, at least one opening, and at least one opening for at least one lead from the at least one portable battery pack secured within the wearable pouch; wherein the at least one lead includes a spring, wherein the spring is positioned around a portion of the at least one lead outside of the wearable pouch, wherein the spring is further positioned around a portion of the at least one lead inside of the wearable pouch; wherein the wearable pouch further includes at least one pocket for receiving the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the at least one pocket includes a second opening to allow a second lead of the at least one portable battery pack to exit the at least one pocket; and wherein the second lead includes a second spring that surrounds a cable portion of a second lead.
14. The wearable pouch of claim 13, wherein at least a second spring is positioned around a connector portion of the at least one lead.
15. The wearable pouch of claim 13, wherein the wearable pouch further includes a closable opening through which the at least one portable battery pack is operable to be removed from the pouch, wherein the at least one lead is operable to be accessed and charge a battery.
16. The wearable pouch of claim 13, further comprising a solar panel operable to charge the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the solar panel is foldable and includes at least two solar modules mounted on a substrate, and wherein the solar panel further includes a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the solar panel to the wearable pouch.
17. A wearable pouch comprising: at least one portable battery pack; a main body including a front side, a back side opposite the front side, at least one opening, and at least one opening for at least one lead from the at least one portable battery pack secured within the wearable pouch; at least one pocket for receiving the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the at least one pocket is selectively closable and includes a plurality of slits; and wherein the at least one lead includes a spring, wherein the spring is positioned around a portion of the at least one lead outside of the

wearable pouch, wherein the spring is further positioned around a portion of the at least one lead inside of the wearable pouch.

18. The wearable pouch of claim 17, wherein at least a second spring is positioned around a connector portion of the at least one lead.

19. The wearable pouch of claim 17, wherein the at least one pocket includes at least one opening configured to allow the at least one spring positioned around the at least one lead to exit the at least one pocket.

20. The wearable pouch of claim 17, further comprising a solar panel operable to charge the at least one portable battery pack, wherein the solar panel is foldable and includes at least two solar modules mounted on a substrate, wherein the solar panel further includes a pouch attachment ladder system (PALS) operable to attach the solar panel to the wearable pouch.