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### Battery pack

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#### Abstract

A battery pack in one aspect of the present disclosure includes two or more battery blocks and a connection circuit. The connection circuit is connected to a positive terminal and a negative terminal of an electric work machine. The connection circuit connects the positive terminal and the negative terminal to a specific number of battery blocks included in the two or more battery blocks. The specific number varies depending on electrical properties of the electric work machine.

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## **Background/Summary**

### **CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION**

(1) This international application claims the benefit of Japanese Patent Application No. 2019-175645 filed on Sep. 26, 2019 with the Japan Patent Office, and the entire disclosure of Japanese Patent Application No. 2019-175645 is incorporated herein by reference.

### **TECHNICAL FIELD**

(2) The present disclosure relates to a battery pack for use in electric work machines.

### **BACKGROUND ART**

(3) A battery pack disclosed in Patent Document 1 below is configured such that an adjustment resistor is connected in series with an original internal resistor, if an original internal resistance value of the battery pack is insufficient for an electric power tool, so that the internal resistance value of the battery pack increases.

### **PRIOR ART DOCUMENTS**

Patent Documents

(4) Patent Document 1: Japanese Patent No. 6440116

### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

Problems to be Solved by the Invention

(5) However, if the adjustment resistor is connected to the internal resistor of the battery pack, a discharging current flows through the adjustment resistor, and electric power is consumed by the adjustment resistor. Specifically, addition of the adjustment resistor causes loss of electric power.

(6) In one aspect of the present disclosure, it is desirable to be able to provide a battery pack with excellent versatility while reducing loss of electric power.

Means for Solving the Problems

(7) A battery pack in one aspect of the present disclosure includes two or more battery blocks and/or a connection circuit. The connection circuit is connected to a positive terminal and a negative terminal of an electric work machine. The connection circuit connects the positive terminal and the negative terminal to a specific number of battery block(s) included in the two or more battery blocks. The specific number varies depending on electrical properties of the electric work machine.

(8) In this battery pack, the number of battery blocks connected to the positive terminal and the

negative terminal of the electric work machine via the connection circuit varies depending on the electrical properties of the electric work machine. Specifically, impedance of the battery pack connected to the electric work machine can be changed in accordance with the electrical properties of the electric work machine. Thus, a battery pack excellent in versatility and with loss of electric power reduced can be implemented.

(9) The specific number may be equal to or smaller than a maximum number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties.

(10) When the specific number is equal to or smaller than the maximum number, the impedance of the battery pack connected to the electric work machine can be within a range adaptable to the electric work machine.

(11) The two or more battery blocks may each have a positive electrode and a negative electrode. The electric work machine may be configured to transmit machine information that specifies the electrical properties. The connection circuit may include a communication terminal. The communication terminal may receive the machine information from the electric work machine. The battery pack may include a controller. The controller may execute a selection process and/or a conduction process. The selection process includes selecting the specific number of battery blocks from the two or more battery blocks, based on the machine information received by the communication terminal. The conduction process includes: connecting the positive electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks to the positive terminal via the connection circuit; and/or connecting the negative electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks to the negative terminal via the connection circuit; and/or disconnecting the positive electrode or the negative electrode of each remaining battery block of the two or more battery blocks from the positive terminal or the negative terminal via the connection circuit.

(12) The machine information can be obtained from the electric work machine via the communication terminal, and the specific number of battery blocks can be selected from the two or more battery blocks based on the obtained machine information. Further, the specific number of battery blocks can be connected to the positive terminal and the negative terminal of the electric work machine, and each remaining battery block can be disconnected from the positive terminal and the negative terminal of the electric work machine.

(13) The controller may further execute a power supply process. The power supply process includes: connecting the positive electrode and the negative electrode of one of the two or more battery blocks to the positive terminal and the negative terminal respectively via the connection circuit until selection of the specific number of battery blocks is completed.

(14) Until selection of the specific number of battery blocks is completed, one battery block is connected to the positive electrode and the negative electrode of the electric work machine. This allows supply of an electric power from the battery pack to the electric work machine while the impedance of the battery pack is highest. Further, the battery pack can obtain the machine information through performing a communication with the electric work machine.

(15) The battery pack may further include a notifier. The controller executes a notification process. The notification process includes: executing a first notification via the notifier in response to the specific number being consistent with a maximum number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties; and/or executing a second notification via the notifier in response to the specific number being smaller than the maximum number. The second notification is distinct from the first notification.

(16) The first notification is executed in response to supply of an electric power to the electric work machine from the maximum number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine. The second notification is executed in response to supply of an electric power to the electric work machine from the battery blocks smaller than the maximum number. This allows a user to recognize whether the electric work machine is operating with a maximum electric power.

(17) The controller may execute a command process. The command process includes: transmitting

a first command for execution of the first notification to the electric work machine via the communication terminal in response to the specific number being consistent with a maximum number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties; and/or transmitting a second command for execution of the second notification, which is distinct from the first notification, to the electric work machine via the communication terminal in response to the specific number being smaller than the maximum number.

(18) In response to supply of an electric power to the electric work machine from the maximum number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine, the first command is transmitted from the battery blocks to the electric work machine. In response to supply of an electric power from the smaller number of battery blocks than the maximum number to the electric work machine, a second command is transmitted from the battery blocks to the electric work machine. This allows the user using the electric work machine to easily recognize whether the electric work machine is operating with a maximum electric power via a work machine notifier of the electric work machine which the user is easy to be aware of.

(19) The battery pack may also include a notifier. The controller may further execute a prohibition notification process. The prohibition notification process includes: executing a discharge prohibition notification via the notifier in response to prohibiting discharge from all of the two or more battery blocks.

(20) The discharge prohibition notification is executed in response to prohibiting discharge from all of the two or more battery blocks. This allows the user to be aware that the battery pack is not available.

(21) The two or more battery blocks may include a first battery block and a second battery block. The electric work machine may include a first electric work machine or a second electric work machine. The first electric work machine has the electrical properties that a maximum number of battery blocks permissible is one. The second electric work machine has the electrical properties that the maximum number of battery blocks permissible is two. The connection circuit may include a first battery positive terminal, and/or a first battery negative terminal, and/or a second battery positive terminal, and/or a second battery negative terminal. The first battery positive terminal is connected to a positive electrode of the first battery block. The first battery negative terminal is connected to a negative electrode of the first battery block. The second battery positive terminal is connected to a positive electrode of the second battery block. The second battery negative terminal is connected to a negative electrode of the second battery block. The first battery positive terminal and the first battery negative terminal may be respectively connected to the positive terminal and the negative terminal of the first electric work machine in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine. The second battery positive terminal or the second battery negative terminal may be respectively disconnected from the positive terminal or the negative terminal of the first electric work machine in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine. The first battery positive terminal and the second battery positive terminal may be connected to a positive terminal of the second electric work machine in response to the battery pack being attached to the second electric work machine. The first battery negative terminal and the second battery negative terminal may be connected to a negative terminal of the second electric work machine in response to the battery pack being attached to the second electric work machine.

(22) The connection circuit includes the first battery positive terminal, the first battery negative terminal, the second battery positive terminal, and the second battery negative terminal. This allows the first battery block, separately from the second battery block, to be connected to the positive terminal and the negative terminal of the electric work machine.

(23) The battery pack may include a connector provided with the connection circuit. The connector may have a first end and a second end. The positive terminal and the negative terminal may be inserted to the connector from the first end toward the second end. The first battery positive

terminal and the second battery positive terminal may be arranged in order from the first end to the second end. The first battery negative terminal and the second battery negative terminal may be arranged in order from the first end to the second end.

(24) When the battery pack is attached to the electric work machine, the battery positive terminal and the battery negative terminal arranged closer to insertion openings for the positive terminal and the negative terminal in the connector are used first. Thus, the connector can have a simple configuration.

(25) The two or more battery blocks may each have a positive electrode and a negative electrode. The two or more battery blocks may include a first battery block, a second battery block, and a third battery block. The electric work machine may include a first electric work machine. The first electric work machine has electrical properties that a maximum number of battery blocks permissible is one. The connection circuit may further include one balance circuit. The balance circuit is connected between the first battery block and the third battery block, and balances a capacity of the first battery block and a capacity of the third battery block. The positive electrode and the negative electrode of the first battery block may be respectively connected to the positive terminal and the negative terminal via the connection circuit in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine. The positive electrode of the second battery block may be connected to the positive electrode of the third battery block via the connection circuit in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine. The negative electrode of the second battery block may be connected to the negative electrode of the third battery block via the connection circuit.

(26) When an electric power is supplied to the electric work machine from the first battery block, the second battery block is connected in parallel with the third battery block. Thus, a capacity of the second battery block can be balanced with the capacity of the third battery block. Further, the capacity of the first battery block can be balanced with the capacity of the second battery block by the balance circuit. Therefore, the capacities of the first, second, and third battery blocks can be balanced with each other. When an electric power is supplied to the electric work machine from two battery blocks, the capacities of the first, second, and third battery blocks can be balanced with each other by using the first battery block and the third battery block, or the second battery block and the third battery block. Accordingly, the capacities of the first, second, and third battery blocks can be balanced with each other by a minimum number of balance circuits.

(27) A method in another aspect of the present disclosure includes: connecting a positive terminal of an electric work machine to a positive electrode of each of a specific number of battery blocks included in two or more battery blocks; and/or connecting a negative terminal of the electric work machine to a negative electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks, and varying the specific number in accordance with electrical properties of the electric work machine.

(28) According to the method described above, the same effect as the aforementioned battery pack can be exhibited.

(29) The present disclosure may include the following item.

(30) [Item A-1]

(31) The aforementioned battery pack wherein the positive terminal and the negative terminal are configured in accordance with the maximum number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties, and the connection circuit is configured to receive the positive terminal and the negative terminal.

(32) With the configuration as above, the positive terminal and the negative terminal configured in accordance with the number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine are connected to the connection circuit of the battery pack. This allows connecting the number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine to the positive terminal and the negative terminal via the connection circuit.

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# Description

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. 1 is a view showing an external appearance of an electric work machine and a battery pack according to a first embodiment.
- (2) FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing a circuit configuration of the battery pack according to the first embodiment.
- (3) FIG. 3 is a schematic view showing a shape of each terminal of a connector of the battery pack and a connecting state between a battery block and each terminal according to the first embodiment.
- (4) FIG. 4 is a schematic view showing a configuration of an attachment portion of a first electric work machine according to the first embodiment.
- (5) FIG. 5 is a schematic view showing a state in which the attachment portion of the first electric work machine is attached to the connector of the battery pack according to the first embodiment.
- (6) FIG. 6 is a schematic view showing a configuration of an attachment portion of a second electric work machine according to the first embodiment.
- (7) FIG. 7 is a schematic view showing a state in which the attachment portion of the second electric work machine is attached to the connector of the battery pack according to the first embodiment.
- (8) FIG. 8 is a schematic view showing a configuration of an attachment portion of a third electric work machine according to the first embodiment.
- (9) FIG. 9 is a schematic view showing a state in which the attachment portion of the third electric work machine is attached to the connector of the battery pack according to the first embodiment.
- (10) FIG. 10 is a schematic view showing a configuration of an attachment portion of a charger according to the first embodiment.
- (11) FIG. 11 is block diagram showing a circuit configuration of a battery pack according to a second embodiment.
- (12) FIG. 12 is a flowchart illustrating a discharge process executed by a microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (13) FIG. 13A is a part of a flowchart of a three parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (14) FIG. 13B is another part of the flowchart of the three parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (15) FIG. 13C is a remaining part of the three parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (16) FIG. 14A is a part of a flowchart of a two parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (17) FIG. 14B is a remaining part of the flowchart of the two parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (18) FIG. 15 is a flowchart of a parallel nonpermission process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (19) FIG. 16 is a flowchart of a first block switching process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (20) FIG. 17 is a flowchart of a second block switching process executed by the microcomputer of the battery pack according to the second embodiment.
- (21) FIG. 18 is a time chart showing changes in outputs of the respective battery blocks, when three battery blocks of the battery pack according to the second embodiment are used.
- (22) FIG. 19 is a time chart showing changes in outputs of the respective battery blocks, when two of the three battery blocks of the battery pack according to the second embodiment are used.

(23) FIG. 20 is a time chart showing changes in outputs of the respective battery blocks, when one of the three battery blocks of the battery pack according to the second embodiment is used.

(24) FIG. 21 is a schematic view showing another example configuration of an attachment portion of the third electric work machine according to the first embodiment.

(25) FIG. 22 is a schematic view showing a state in which another example of the attachment portion of the third electric work machine is attached to the connector of the battery pack according to the first embodiment.

#### EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE NUMERALS

(26) 2 . . . trigger, 3 . . . tip tool, 5 . . . electric work machine, 8 . . . device display, 9 . . . battery attachment, 10 . . . battery pack, 11 . . . battery indicator, 15 . . . connector, 20, 21, 22 . . . battery block, 30 . . . microcomputer, T31, T32, T33, T34 . . . first, second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminal, 50 . . . balance circuit, 55A, 55B, 55C, 55D, 155C . . . attachment surface, 111, 121, 131, 141 . . . positive terminal, 112, 122, 132, 142 . . . negative terminal, 113, 123, 133, 143 . . . first work machine communication terminal, 114, 124, 134, 144 . . . second work machine communication terminal, 121a, 141a . . . positive electrode conduction portion, 121b, 141b . . . positive electrode insulated portion, 122a, 142a . . . negative electrode conduction portion, 122b, 142b . . . negative electrode insulated portion, 131a, 131c . . . first, second positive electrode conduction portion, 131b, 131d . . . first, second positive electrode insulated portion, 132a, 132c . . . first, second negative electrode conduction portion, 132b, 132d . . . first, second negative electrode insulated portion, 132d . . . second negative electrode insulated portion, 200, 210, 220 . . . first, second, third battery circuit, 211 . . . charger positive terminal, 212 . . . charger negative terminal, 213 . . . charger communication terminal, 590, 591, 592 . . . protection FET, TAS . . . first communication terminal, TC0, TC1, TC2 . . . first, second, third charging terminal, TN0, TN1, TN2 . . . first, second, third battery negative terminal, TP0, TP1, TP2 . . . first, second, third battery positive terminal.

#### MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

(27) Example embodiments to carry out the present disclosure will be described hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings.

##### First Embodiment

(28) <1. System Configuration>

(29) An overview of a battery system according to the present embodiment will be described with reference to FIG. 1. The battery system according to the present embodiment includes an electric work machine 5 and a battery pack 10. The electric work machine 5 is a gardening apparatus, an electric power tool or the like that is operated by an electric power from the battery pack 10. The gardening apparatus includes, for example, a grass cutter, a hedge trimmer, and the like. The electric power tool includes an impact driver, a chainsaw, a blower, and the like. The present embodiment will be described by taking an impact driver as an example of the electric work machine 5.

(30) The electric work machine 5 includes a grip 6 having a columnar shape, a head 7 having a cylindrical shape, and a battery attachment 9 having a cuboid shape. The head 7 is arranged on top of the grip 6, and the battery attachment 9 is arranged at the bottom of the grip 6. In the present embodiment, an extending direction of the grip 6 is referred to as up-down direction, an extending direction of the head 7 is referred to as front-rear direction, and a direction perpendicular to the up-down direction and the front-rear direction is referred to as left-right direction.

(31) The head 7 includes therein a not shown motor, and a controller for controlling the motor. A tip tool 3 is attachable to a leading end on the front side of the head 7. The motor is driven by an electric power from the battery pack 10. The tip tool 3 rotates when receiving a rotational force generated by the drive of the motor. A device display 8 is arranged on a rear surface of the head 7. Specifically, the device display 8 is arranged at a position in which a user can easily view the device display 8 when the user grasps the grip 6 and turns the tip tool 3 toward a workpiece. The



device display **8** includes, for example, two or more LEDs, and each LED turns on, blinks, or turns off in accordance with battery information received from the battery pack **10** and information on the electric work machine **5**. The device display **8** corresponds to one example of a work machine notifier of the present disclosure.

(32) A trigger **2** is arranged on a front surface of the grip **6**. The trigger **2** is a manipulator operated by a user. When the user pulls the trigger **2**, an electric power is supplied from the battery pack **10** to the motor and the tip tool **3** rotates.

(33) The battery pack **10** has a resin case having a cuboid shape, and is attached to the bottom of the battery attachment **9**. The battery pack **10** includes a battery indicator **11**. The battery indicator **11** is, for example, arranged on a rear surface of the battery pack **10**. The battery indicator **11** includes, for example, two or more LEDs, and each LED turns on, blinks, or turns off in accordance with a state of the battery pack **10**. The battery indicator **11** corresponds to one example of a battery notifier of the present disclosure.

(34) <2. Configuration of Battery Pack>

(35) <2-1. Circuit Configuration of Battery Pack>

(36) A configuration of the battery pack **10** will be described with reference to FIGS. **2** and **3**. The battery pack **10** includes a connector **15** on an upper surface of the resin case. The battery pack **10** also includes, inside the resin case, first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, a first battery circuit **200**, a second battery circuit **210**, and a third battery circuit **220**.

(37) The first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** have the same rated voltage and the same impedance, and each battery block is configured by directly connecting two or more battery cells. The first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are, for example, lithium iron rechargeable batteries, and each has, for example, a rated voltage of 18 V and, for example, an impedance of 100 mΩ. When two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are connected in parallel to each other, an impedance of the battery pack **10** is about 50 mΩ. When three of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **23** are connected in parallel to each other, the impedance of the battery pack **10** is about 33 mΩ.

(38) As shown in FIG. **2**, a first battery positive terminal TP0 is connected to a positive electrode of the first battery block **20** via a first positive electrode line of the first battery circuit **200**. A first battery negative terminal TN0 is connected to a negative electrode of the first battery block **20** via a first negative electrode line of the first battery circuit **200**. A first charging terminal TC0 is connected to a first charging line that is connected to the first positive electrode line. An electric potential of the first negative electrode line is a ground level of the first battery circuit **200**.

(39) A second battery positive terminal TP1 is connected to a positive electrode of the second battery block **21** via a second positive electrode line of the second battery circuit **210**. A second battery negative terminal TN1 is connected to a negative electrode of the second battery block **21** via a second negative electrode line of the second battery circuit **210**. A second charging terminal TC1 is connected to a second charging line that is connected to the second positive electrode line. An electric potential of the second negative electrode line is a ground level of the second battery circuit **210**.

(40) A third battery positive terminal TP2 is connected to a positive electrode of the third battery block **22** via a third positive electrode line of the third battery circuit **220**. A third battery negative terminal TN2 is connected to a negative electrode of the third battery block **22** via a third negative electrode line of the third battery circuit **220**. A third charging terminal TC2 is connected to a third charging line that is connected to the third positive electrode line. An electric potential of the third negative electrode line is a ground level of the third battery circuit **220**.

(41) The first battery circuit **200**, the second battery circuit **210**, and the third battery circuit **220** have the same basic configuration. First, the configuration common to the first battery circuit **200**, the second battery circuit **210**, and the third battery circuit **220** will be described. In the present embodiment, the first battery circuit **200**, the second battery circuit **210**, and the third battery circuit

**220** correspond to one example of a connection circuit.

(42) The first, second and third battery circuits **200, 210, 220** respectively include cell state detectors **420, 421, 422**, temperature detectors **410, 411, 412**, regulators **430, 431, 432**, Self Control Protector (SCP) circuits **560, 561, 562**, discharge reverse flow prevention field effect transistors (FET) **530, 531, 532**, semiconducting resistors **510, 511, 512**, charging reverse flow prevention FETs **550, 551, 552**, discharge detection circuits **570, 571, 572**, charge detection circuits **580, 581, 582**, switches **60, 61, 62**, and protection FETs **590, 591, 592**.

(43) The regulators **430, 431, 432** are respectively connected to the first, second and third positive electrode lines. The regulators **430, 431, 432** respectively receive power supplies from the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**, and generate power-supply voltages used in the first, second and third battery circuits **200, 210, 220**. The power-supply voltage generated by the regulator **430** is a voltage based on the ground level of the first battery circuit **200**, and the power-supply voltage generated by the regulator **431** is a voltage based on the ground level of the second battery circuit **210**. The power-supply voltage generated by the regulator **432** is a voltage based on the ground level of the third battery circuit **220**.

(44) The cell state detectors **420, 421, 422** are respectively connected to the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**, and detect cell voltages of respective battery cells included in the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The cell state detectors **420, 421, 422** also detect charging currents that flow into the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**, and discharging currents that flow out of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The cell state detectors **420, 421, 422** convert respective detection values detected to digital signals, and output the converted digital signals to a later-described microcomputer **30**.

(45) The temperature detectors **410, 411, 412** each include a thermistor, and detect a cell temperature of at least one battery cell included in the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The temperature detectors **410, 411, 412** each output the detected cell temperature as an analog signal to the later-described microcomputer **30**.

(46) The SCP circuits **560, 561, 562** are respectively arranged on the first, the second, and third charging lines, and serve to avoid overcharged states of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The switches **60, 61, 62** are respectively connected between the SCP circuits **560, 561, 562** and the first, second and third negative electrode lines.

(47) The SCP circuits **560, 561, 562** each include a self-melting fuse and a heat generation resistive element. The microcomputer **30** sends commands to the switches **60, 61, 62** to be ON when the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are continuously unavailable. When the switches **60, 61, 62** are turned on by the commands from the microcomputer **30**, the heat generation resistive elements of the SCP circuits **560, 561, 562** generate heat by currents flowing therethrough, and the self-melting fuses are melted. This interrupts the first, second and third charging lines, and disable charging of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**.

(48) The discharge reverse flow prevention FETs **530, 531, 532** are respectively arranged on the first, second and third positive electrode lines. The discharge reverse flow prevention FETs **530, 531, 532** respectively include parasitic diodes **520, 521, 522**. Anode terminals of the parasitic diodes **520, 521, 522** are respectively connected to drain terminals of the protection FETs **590, 591, 592**, and cathode terminals thereof are respectively connected to the first, second and third battery positive terminals **TP0, TP1, TP2**. The discharge detection circuits **570, 571, 572** respectively prevent or inhibit electric currents from flowing from the first, second and third battery positive terminals **TP0, TP1, TP2** to the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** using the parasitic diodes **520, 521, 522**.

(49) Specifically, the discharge detection circuits **570, 571, 572** are connected to drain terminals and source terminals of the respective discharge reverse flow prevention FETs **530, 531, 532**, and measure potential differences between the drain terminals and source terminals of the respective discharge reverse flow prevention FETs **530, 531, 532**. The discharge detection circuits **570, 571,**

572, until detecting discharging currents flowing in a forward direction of the parasitic diodes 520, 521, 522 using the potential differences, maintain the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532 off. The discharge detection circuits 570, 571, 572, when detecting the discharging currents flowing in the forward direction of the parasitic diodes 520, 521, 522, turn on the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532.

(50) The semiconducting resistors 510, 511, 512 are respectively connected in parallel to the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532 between the drain terminals and the source terminals of the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532. The semiconducting resistors 510, 511, 512 each bring a semiconducting state between the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 and the first, second and third battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, TP2. The semiconducting state corresponds to an intermediate state between an interrupted state and a conducting state. In the interrupted state, electric currents are interrupted between the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 and the first, second and third battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, TP2. In the conducting state, electric currents flow between the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 and the first, second and third battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, TP2. In the semiconducting state, electric currents smaller than those in the conducting state flow between the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 and the first, second and third battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, TP2.

(51) Specifically, resistance values of the semiconducting resistors 510, 511, 512 are adjusted so as to flow electric currents smaller than those when the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532 are ON. This inhibits overcurrents from flowing from high voltage battery blocks to low voltage battery blocks even if the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 are connected in parallel to each other when the voltages of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 differ from each other depending on the use.

(52) The protection FETs 590, 591, 592 are respectively arranged on the first, second and third positive electrode lines. Specifically, drain terminals of the protection FETs 590, 591, 592 are respectively connected to source terminals of the discharge reverse flow prevention FETs 530, 531, 532, and the source terminals of the protection FETs 590, 591, 592 are respectively connected to the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22. The protection FETs 590, 591, 592 are controlled to be ON and OFF by the later-described microcomputer 30. The microcomputer 30, when the battery pack 10 is attached to the battery attachment 9 of the electric work machine 5, turns on a specific number of the protection FETs 590, 591, 592, and turns off the remaining protection FETs. The specific number corresponds to the number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine 5.

(53) The charging reverse flow prevention FETs 550, 551, 552 are respectively arranged on the first, second and third charging lines. The charging reverse flow prevention FETs 550, 551, 552 respectively include parasitic diodes 540, 541, 542. Anode terminals of the parasitic diodes 540, 541, 542 are respectively connected to the first, second and third charging terminals TC0, TC1, TC2, and cathode terminals thereof are respectively connected to the SCP circuits 560, 561, 562. The charge detection circuits 580, 581, 582 prevent or inhibit electric currents from flowing from the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 to the first, second and third charging terminals TC0, TC1, TC2 using the parasitic diodes 540, 541, 542.

(54) Specifically, the charge detection circuits 580, 581, 582 are respectively connected to drain terminals and source terminals of the charging reverse flow prevention FETs 550, 551, 552, and measure respective potential differences between the drain terminals and the source terminals of the charging reverse flow prevention FETs 550, 551, 552. The charge detection circuits 580, 581, 582, until detecting the charging currents flowing in a forward direction of the parasitic diodes 540, 541, 542 using the potential differences, maintain the charging reverse flow prevention FETs 550, 551, 552 off. The charge detection circuits 580, 581, 582, when detecting the charging currents

flowing in the forward direction of the parasitic diodes **540, 541, 542**, turn on the charging reverse flow prevention FETs **550, 551, 552**.

(55) Next, a description will be given on different configurations of the second and third battery circuits **210, 220** and the first battery circuit **200**. The second battery circuit **210** and the third battery circuit **220** have the same configuration.

(56) The second and third battery circuits **210, 220** respectively include photocouplers **44, 46** and power sources **45, 47**. On the other hand, the first battery circuit **200** includes the microcomputer **30**.

(57) The battery pack **10** is connected to a target device so that the first negative electrode line of the first battery circuit **200** has a reference potential (that is, a reference ground level). Thus, the microcomputer **30** is provided in the first battery circuit **200** having the reference potential, and is not provided in the second and third battery circuits **210, 220**.

(58) The microcomputer **30** includes a CPU **31** and a memory **32** such as a ROM and a RAM. The microcomputer **30** executes various processes by the CPU **31** executing programs stored in the memory **32**.

(59) The microcomputer **30** is connected to a first communication terminal TAS via a signal line, and is connected to a second communication terminal TD via a signal line. The first communication terminal TAS is connected to a first work machine communication terminal of the electric work machine **5** when the battery pack **10** is attached to the electric work machine **5**. The second communication terminal TD is connected to a second work machine communication terminal of the electric work machine **5** when the battery pack **10** is attached to the electric work machine **5**. Further, the second communication terminal TD is connected to a charger communication terminal of the charger when the battery pack **10** is connected to the charger. The first communication terminal TAS is a terminal dedicated to outputting a discharge prohibition signal or a discharge permission signal, and the second communication terminal TD is a terminal for a serial communication such as UART.

(60) The microcomputer **30** is connected to the temperature detectors **410, 411, 412** and the cell state detector **420** via signal lines. Further, the microcomputer **30** is connected to photocouplers **46, 44** via signal lines. Input sides of the photocouplers **46, 44** are respectively connected to the cell state detectors **422, 421**, and output sides of the photocouplers **46, 44** are connected to the microcomputer **30**. The input sides of the photocouplers **46, 44** are respectively operated by power supplies from the power sources **47, 45**, and the output sides of the photocouplers **46, 44** are operated by a power supply from the first battery circuit **200**. Accordingly, the second and third battery blocks **21, 22** are isolated from the microcomputer **30**. Therefore, the microcomputer **30** is not influenced by electric potentials of the second and third battery blocks **21, 22**.

(61) The signal line connecting the microcomputer **30** to the cell state detector **420** and the signal lines connecting the microcomputer **30** to the respective photocouplers **46, 44** are pulled up to different levels. Accordingly, the microcomputer **30** can distinguish signals inputted from the cell state detectors **420, 421, 422**.

(62) The microcomputer **30** determines whether the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are in a dischargeable state based on battery information of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** acquired from the temperature detectors **410, 411, 412** and the cell state detectors **420, 421, 422**. The microcomputer **30**, when the battery pack **10** is attached to the electric work machine **5**, transmits the discharge prohibition signal or the discharge permission signal to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal TAS in accordance with the determined states of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. Also, the microcomputer **30** acquires later-described electric work machine information of the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal TD. Further, the microcomputer **30** transmits a notification command to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal TD, in order to provide information in response to the states of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**.

The electric work machine **5**, in accordance with the received notification command, controls a display of the device display **8**. The first battery circuit **200** do not have to have the second communication terminal TD, and may use the first communication terminal TAS as a terminal for outputting the discharge prohibition signal or the discharge permission signal and a terminal for a serial communication.

(63) Also, the microcomputer **30**, when the battery pack **10** is attached to the charger, collects the battery information of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, and transmits the collected battery information to the charger via the second communication terminal TD. Further, the microcomputer **30** receives a charging information from the charger via the second communication terminal TD.

(64) The battery pack **10** further includes a balance circuit **50**. The balance circuit **50** is arranged between the positive electrode of the first battery block **20** and the positive electrode of the third battery block **22**. The balance circuit **50** includes a switch **51**, a resistor **52**, and a diode **53** that are connected in series. An anode terminal of the diode **53** is connected to a positive electrode side of the second battery block **22**, and a cathode terminal of the diode **53** is connected to a positive electrode side of the first battery block **20**. The microcomputer **30** controls ON and OFF of the switch **51**. In the present embodiment, the first battery block **20** corresponds to one example of a first battery block of the present disclosure, the second battery block **21** corresponds to one example of a second battery block of the present disclosure, and the third battery block **22** corresponds to one example of a third battery block of the present disclosure.

(65) In the present embodiment, the specific number of battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are connected to the electric work machine **5**. The specific number is a number corresponding to an internal impedance permissible to the electric work machine **5**. For example, if the electric work machine **5** permits a low impedance, the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are connected to the electric work machine **5** in parallel to each other. On the other hand, if the electric work machine **5** permits only a high impedance, one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is connected to the electric work machine **5**. If the electric work machine **5** permits a medium impedance, two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are connected to the electric work machine **5** in parallel to each other.

(66) In the present embodiment, the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are preferentially used in the order of the first battery block **20** and then the second battery block **21**. Therefore, a voltage of the first battery block **20** tends to be lower than a voltage of the third battery block **22**. Thus, the microcomputer **30**, when a voltage difference or a remaining energy difference between the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22** exceeds a threshold, turns on the switch **51**. This causes an electric current to flow from the third battery block **22** to the first battery block **20**, and remaining energies of the third battery block **20** and the first battery block **22** are equalized. Further, the parallel connection of the third battery block **22** and the second battery block **21** equalizes remaining energies of the third battery block **22** and the second battery block **21**. Accordingly, the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** can be equalized.

(67) In the present embodiment, the first battery block **20** connected to the first battery circuit **200** that includes the microcomputer **30** is preferentially used. However, the priority order of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is not limited to this. For example, the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** may be preferentially used in the order of the third battery block **22** and then the second battery block **21**. In this case, the anode terminal of the diode **53** included in the balance circuit **50** is connected to the positive electrode side of the first battery block **20**, and the cathode terminal of the diode **53** is connected to a positive electrode side of the third battery block **22**. This causes an electric current to flow from the first battery block **20** to the third battery block **22**, and the remaining energies of the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22** are equalized. Further, the parallel connection of the first battery block **20** and the second battery block

**21** equalizes the remaining energies of the first battery block **20** and the second battery block **21**.

(68) <2-2. Configuration of Connector of Battery Pack>

(69) Next, a description will be given on detailed configuration of the connector **15** of the battery pack **10** with reference to FIG. **3**. FIG. **3** is a schematic plan view of the connector **15** as seen from above. The connector **15** includes four insertion grooves to which plate-shaped terminals of the target device are inserted. In the first insertion groove, the first battery positive terminal **TP0**, the second battery positive terminal **TP1**, the third battery positive terminal **TP2**, the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, and the third parallel connection terminal **T33** are arranged in this order from the rear to the front.

(70) In the second insertion groove, the first charging terminal **TC0**, the second charging terminal **TC1**, and the third charging terminal **TC2** are arranged in this order from the rear to the front. In the third insertion groove, the second communication terminal **TD** and the first communication terminal **TAS** are arranged in this order from the rear to the front. In the fourth insertion groove, the first battery negative terminal **TN0**, the second battery negative terminal **TN1**, the third battery negative terminal **TN2**, the second parallel connection terminal **T32**, and the fourth parallel connection terminal **T34** are arranged in this order from the rear to the front.

(71) The first battery positive terminal **TP0** is formed by a metal plate bent into a U-shape, and has a dent **TP0b** dented inward on both side surfaces near an insertion opening **TP0a**. The first battery positive terminal **TP0** is arranged so that the insertion opening **TP0a** is located on a rear side, and the dent **TP0b** is configured to contact both surfaces of the plate-shaped terminal. Also, the first battery positive terminal **TP0** has an opening **TP0c** formed on a front side opposite to the insertion opening **TP0a** in order to hold the plate-shaped terminal, which is in contact with the first battery positive terminal **TP0**, with the plate-shaped terminal penetrating the first battery positive terminal **TP0** from the rear to the front.

(72) The second and third battery positive terminals **TP1**, **TP2**, the first, second and third charging terminals **TC0**, **TC1**, **TC2**, the first communication terminal **TAS**, the second communication terminal **TD**, and the first, second and third battery negative terminals **TN0**, **TN1**, **TN2** are formed in the same shape as the first battery positive terminal **TP0**.

(73) The first parallel connection terminal **T31** includes a first member **T31a** and a second member **T31b**. The first member **T31a** and the second member **T31b** are plate-shaped metal members, and arranged to extend in a front-rear direction. The first member **T31a** and the second member **T31b** are arranged side by side on left and right. The first member **T31a** has a dent **T31** as near a rear end thereof dented toward the second member **T31b**. The second member **T31b** has a dent **T31bb** near a rear end thereof dented toward the first member **T31a**.

(74) The first member **T31a** and the second member **T31b** are electrically connected by bringing the dent **T31** as and the dent **T31bb** into contact with each other, and are electrically disconnected by keeping the dent **T31aa** and the dent **T31bb** away from each other. Specifically, the first member **T31a** and the second member **T32b** are configured to be connectable or disconnectable. The first member **T31a** and the second member **T31b**, when nothing is inserted to the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, are electrically connected. The first member **T31a** and the second member **T31b**, when a later-described insulated portion of the plate-shaped terminal is inserted to the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, are electrically disconnected.

(75) The second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T32**, **T33**, **T34** are configured in the same manner as the first parallel connection terminal **T31**. Specifically, the second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T32**, **T33**, **T34**, like the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, include the first members **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a** and the second members **T32b**, **T33b**, **T34b**, respectively. The first members **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a**, like the first member **T31a**, have dents **T32aa**, **T33aa**, **T34aa**, respectively. The second members **T32b**, **T33b**, **T34b**, like the second member **T31b**, have dents **T32bb**, **T33bb**, **T34bb**, respectively.

(76) The first members **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a** and the second members **T32b**, **T33b**, **T33c**, when

nothing is inserted to the second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T32**, **T33**, **T34**, are electrically connected. The first members **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a** and the second members **T32b**, **T33b**, **T34b**, when insulated portions of the plate-shaped terminals are inserted to the second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T32**, **T33**, **T34**, are electrically disconnected.

(77) The first members **T31a**, **T33a** of the first and third parallel connection terminals **T31**, **T33** are respectively connected to the positive electrodes of the third battery positive terminal **TP2** and the third battery block **22**. The second member **T31b** of the first parallel connection terminal **T31** is connected to the second battery positive terminal **TP1**, and the second member **T33b** of the third parallel connection terminal **T33** is connected to the first battery positive terminal **TP0**.

(78) The first members **T32a**, **T34a** of the second and fourth parallel connection terminal **T32**, **T34** are respectively connected to the third battery negative terminal **TN2** and the negative electrode of the third battery block **22**. The second member **T32b** of the second parallel connection terminal **T32** is connected to the second battery negative terminal **TN1**, and the second member **T34b** of the fourth parallel connection terminal **T34** is connected to the first battery negative terminal **TN0**.

(79) Therefore, when the target device is not connected to the connector **15**, the first battery block **20**, the second battery block **21**, and the third battery block **22** are connected in parallel to each other. Specifically, when the battery pack **10** is detached from the target device and stored, the first battery block **20**, the second battery block **21**, and the third battery block **22** are connected in parallel to each other, and the remaining energies are equalized.

(80) <3. Configuration of Connected Device>

(81) <3-1. Configuration of Attachment Portion of First Electric Work Machine>

(82) The first electric work machine **5** permits a low impedance. Specifically, the first electric work machine **5** permits the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** connected in parallel. Thus, an attachment surface **55A** of the battery attachment **9** of the first electric work machine **5** is configured to be connected to the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**.

(83) FIG. **4** is a plan view of the attachment surface **55A** seen from the bottom. The attachment surface **55A** is a surface that faces the connector **15** of the battery pack **10**. The attachment surface **55A** includes a positive terminal **111**, a negative terminal **112**, a first work machine communication terminal **113**, and a second work machine communication terminal **114**. Each terminal is a plate-shaped terminal made of metal, has a surface perpendicular to the left-right direction, and protrudes from the top to the bottom. The positive terminal **111** is configured to be connected to the positive electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, and the negative terminal **112** is configured to be connected to the negative electrodes of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**. The attachment surface **55A** corresponds to one example of a work machine connector of the present disclosure.

(84) As shown in FIG. **5**, the positive terminal **111** is arranged at a position corresponding to a terminal row including the first battery positive terminal **TP0**. The positive terminal **111** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first and second battery positive terminals **TP0**, **TP1**, and pass dents of the third battery positive terminal **TP2** but not to penetrate the third battery positive terminal **TP2** through.

(85) The negative terminal **112** is arranged at a position corresponding to a terminal row including the first battery negative terminal **TN0**. The negative terminal **112** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first and second battery negative terminals **TN0**, **TN1**, and pass dents of the third battery negative terminal **TN2** but not to penetrate the third battery negative terminal **TN2**.

(86) The first work machine communication terminal **113** is arranged at a position corresponding to the first communication terminal **TAS**. The first work machine communication terminal **113** is configured to be longer than a distance from an insertion opening of the first communication terminal **TAS** to dents of the first communication terminal **TAS**. The second work machine communication terminal **114** is arranged at a position corresponding to the second communication terminal **TD**. The second work machine communication terminal **114** is configured to be longer

than a distance from an insertion opening of the second communication terminal TD to dents of the second communication terminal TD.

(87) As shown in FIG. 5, attachment of the battery pack **10** to the battery attachment **9** causes the positive terminal **111** to conduct with the first, second and third battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, TP2. Also, the negative terminal **112** conducts with the first, second and third battery negative terminals TN0, TN1, TN2. In addition, the first work machine communication terminal **113** conducts with the first communication terminal TAS, and the second work machine communication terminal **114** conducts with the second communication terminal TD.

(88) Accordingly, when the battery attachment **9** is attached to the battery pack **10**, the first battery block **20**, the second battery block **21**, and the third battery block **22** are connected in parallel to each other, and electric powers of the battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** connected in parallel are outputted from the connector **15** of the battery pack **10** to the first electric work machine **5**.

(89) <3-2. Configuration of Attachment Portion of Second Electric Work Machine>

(90) The second electric work machine **5** permits a medium impedance. Specifically, the second electric work machine **5** permits two battery blocks connected in parallel. Thus, an attachment surface **55B** of the battery attachment **9** of the second electric work machine **5** is configured to be connected to two battery blocks.

(91) FIG. **6** is a plan view of the attachment surface **55B** seen from the bottom. The attachment surface **55B** is a surface that faces the connector **15** of the battery pack **10**. The attachment surface **55B** includes a positive terminal **121**, a negative terminal **122**, a first work machine communication terminal **123**, and a second work machine communication terminal **124**. The positive terminal **121** and the negative terminal **122** are plate-shaped terminals, and each have a conductive metal portion and an insulated resin portion. The first and second work machine communication terminals **123**, **124** are plate-shaped terminals made of metal.

(92) Specifically, the positive terminal **121** includes a rear positive electrode conduction portion **121a** and a front positive electrode insulated portion **121b**. The negative terminal **122** includes a rear negative electrode conduction portion **122a** and a front negative electrode insulated portion **122b**. The positive electrode conduction portion **121a** is adjacent to the positive electrode insulated portion **121b**, and the negative electrode conduction portion **122a** is adjacent to the negative electrode insulated portion **122b**. The attachment surface **55B** corresponds to one example of the work machine connector of the present disclosure.

(93) As shown in FIG. **7**, the positive terminal **121** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery positive terminal TP0, and the negative terminal **122** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery negative terminal TN0. The positive electrode conduction portion **121a** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first and second battery positive terminals TP0, TP1, and not to be inserted to the third battery positive terminal TP2. The negative electrode conduction portion **122a** is configured in the same manner as the positive electrode conduction portion **121a**. The positive electrode insulated portion **121b** is configured to have a length to penetrate the third battery positive terminal TP2, the first parallel connection terminal T31, and the third parallel connection terminal **33**. The negative electrode insulated portion **122b** is configured in the same manner as the positive electrode insulated portion **121b**.

(94) The first and second work machine communication terminals **123**, **124** are configured in the same manner as the first and second work machine communication terminals **113**, **114**, and are respectively arranged at positions corresponding to the first and second communication terminals TAS, TD.

(95) As shown in FIG. **7**, attachment of the battery pack **10** to the battery attachment **9** causes the positive electrode conduction portion **121a** to conduct with the first and second battery positive terminals TP0, TP1. Also, the negative electrode conduction portion **122a** conducts with the first and second battery negative terminals TN0, TN1. In other words, of the terminal rows on the



positive electrode side and the negative electrode side of the connector **15** arranged in insertion directions of the positive terminal **121** and the negative terminal **122**, the positive electrode conduction portion **121a** and the negative electrode conduction portion **122a** are each connected to a terminal closest to the insertion side and a terminal adjacent thereto. In addition, the first work machine communication terminal **123** conducts with the first communication terminal TAS, and the second work machine communication terminal **124** conducts with the second communication terminal TD.

(96) Further, the first members **T31a**, **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a** and the second members **T31b**, **T32b**, **T33b**, **T34b** of the first, second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T31**, **T32**, **T33**, **T34** are electrically disconnected. Specifically, the first battery block **20** is connected to the second battery block **21** in parallel, and connection between the first and second battery blocks **20**, **21** and the third battery block **22** is disconnected. Accordingly, when the battery pack **10** is attached to the battery attachment **9**, electric power of the first and second battery blocks **20**, **21** connected in parallel is outputted from the connector **15** of the battery pack **10** to the second electric work machine **5**.

(97) When two battery blocks of the first and second battery blocks **20**, **21** of the three battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are used, the microcomputer **30** turns on the switch **51** of the balance circuit **50** in response to a voltage difference or a remaining energy difference between the first and second battery blocks **20**, **21** and the third battery block **22** exceeding the threshold. This equalizes the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**.

(98) <3-3. Configuration of Attachment Portion of Third Electric Work Machine>

(99) The third electric work machine **5** permits a high impedance. Specifically, the third electric work machine **5** permits one battery block. Thus, an attachment surface **55C** of the battery attachment **9** of the third electric work machine **5** is configured to be connected to one battery block.

(100) FIG. **8** is a plan view of the attachment surface **55C** seen from the bottom. The attachment surface **55C** is a surface that faces the connector **15** of the battery pack **10**. The attachment surface **55C** includes a positive terminal **131**, a negative terminal **132**, a first work machine communication terminal **133**, and a second work machine communication terminal **134**. The positive terminal **131** and the negative terminal **132** are plate-shaped terminals, and each have a conductive metal portion and an insulated resin portion. The first and second work machine communication terminals **133**, **134** are plate-shaped terminals made of metal.

(101) Specifically, the positive terminal **131** includes a first positive electrode conduction portion **131a**, a first positive electrode insulated portion **131b**, a second positive electrode conduction portion **131c**, and a second positive electrode insulated portion **131d**. The first positive electrode conduction portion **131a**, the first positive electrode insulated portion **131b**, the second positive electrode conduction portion **131c**, and the second positive electrode insulated portion **131d** are arranged in this order so that the conduction portion and the insulated portion adjacent thereto are brought into contact from the rear to the front. The negative terminal **132** includes a first negative electrode conduction portion **132a**, a first negative electrode insulated portion **132b**, a second negative electrode conduction portion **132c**, and a second negative electrode insulated portion **132d**. The first negative electrode conduction portion **132a**, the first negative electrode insulated portion **132b**, the second negative electrode conduction portion **132c**, and the second negative electrode insulated portion **132d** are arranged in this order so that the conduction portion and the insulated portion adjacent thereto are brought into contact from the rear to the front. The attachment surface **55C** corresponds to one example of the work machine connector of the present disclosure.

(102) As shown in FIG. **9**, the positive terminal **131** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery positive terminal TP0, and the negative terminal **132** is

arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery negative terminal **TN0**. The first positive electrode conduction portion **131a** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first battery positive terminal **TP0**, and not to be inserted to the second battery positive terminal **TP1**. The first negative electrode conduction portion **132a** is configured in the same manner as the first positive electrode conduction portion **131a**. The first positive electrode insulated portion **131b** is configured to have a length to penetrate the second and third battery positive terminals **TP1**, **TP2**, and not to be inserted to the first parallel connection terminal **T31**. The first negative electrode insulated portion **132b** is configured in the same manner as the first positive electrode insulated portion **131b**.

(103) The second positive electrode conduction portion **131c** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, and not to be inserted to the third parallel connection terminal **33**. The second negative electrode conduction portion **132c** is configured in the same manner as the second positive electrode conduction portion **131c**. The second positive electrode insulated portion **131d** is configured to have a length to penetrate the third parallel connection terminal **33**. The second negative electrode insulated portion **132d** is configured in the same manner as the second positive electrode insulated portion **131d**.

(104) The first and second work machine communication terminals **133**, **134** are configured in the same manner as the first and second work machine communication terminals **113**, **114**, and are arranged at positions corresponding to the first and second communication terminals **TAS**, **TD**.

(105) As shown in FIG. 9, attachment of the battery pack **10** to the battery attachment **9** causes the first positive electrode conduction portion **131a** to conduct with the first battery positive terminal **TP0**. The first negative electrode conduction portion **132a** conducts with the first battery negative terminal **TN0**. In other words, of terminal rows on the positive electrode side and the negative electrode side of the connector **15** arranged in insertion directions of the positive terminal **131** and the negative terminal **132**, the first positive electrode conduction portion **131a** and the first negative electrode conduction portion **132a** are connected to terminals that are the closest to insertion sides. The first work machine communication terminal **133** conducts with the first communication terminal **TAS**, and the second work machine communication terminal **134** conducts with the second communication terminal **TD**.

(106) Further, the first members **T31a**, **T32a** of the first and second parallel connection terminals **T31**, **T32** conduct with and the second members **T31b**, **T32b** thereof, and the first members **T33a**, **T34a** of the third and fourth parallel connection terminal **T33**, **T34** are electrically disconnected from the second members **T33b**, **T34b**. Specifically, the second battery block **21** and the third battery block **22** are connected in parallel to each other via the first and second parallel connection terminals **T31**, **T32**, the second battery positive terminal **TP1**, and the second battery negative terminal **TN1**. Also, connection between the second and third battery blocks **21**, **22** and the first battery block **20** is disconnected. Accordingly, attachment of the battery pack **10** to the battery attachment **9** causes electric power of only the first battery block **20** to be outputted from the connector **15** of the battery pack **10** to the third electric work machine **5**.

(107) The second positive electrode conduction portion **131c** may be formed into a hole, and the first member **T31a** may directly contact the second member **T31b** to conduct with the second member **T31b**. Similarly, the second negative electrode conduction portion **132c** may be formed into a hole, and the first member **T32a** may directly contact with the second member **T32b** to conduct with the second member **T32b**.

(108) In a case of using the first battery block **20** of the three battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, the microcomputer **30** turns on the switch **51** of the balance circuit **50** in response to the voltage difference or the remaining energy difference between the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22** exceeding the threshold. This equalizes the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**. Specifically, parallel connection between the unused second and third battery blocks **21**, **22** allows equalization of the remaining

energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** using one balance circuit **50**.

(109) <3-4. Configuration of Attachment Portion of Charger>

(110) FIG. **10** is a plan view of an attachment surface **155** of the charger seen from the bottom. The attachment surface **155** is a surface that faces the connector **15** of the battery pack **10**. The attachment surface **155C** includes a charger positive terminal **211**, a charger negative terminal **212**, and a charger communication terminal **213**. Each terminal is a plate-shaped terminal made of metal.

(111) The charger positive terminal **211** is arranged at a position corresponding to a terminal row including the first charging terminal TC0. The charger positive terminal **211** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first and second charging terminals TC0, TC1, and pass dents of the third charging terminal TC2 but not to penetrate the third charging terminal TC2. The charger negative terminal **212** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery negative terminal TN0. The charger negative terminal **212** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first and second battery negative terminals TN0, TN1, and pass the dents of the third battery negative terminal TN2 but not to penetrate the third battery negative terminal TN2.

(112) The charger communication terminal **213** is arranged at a position corresponding to the second communication terminal TD. The charger communication terminal **213** is configured to be longer than the distance from the insertion opening of the second communication terminal TD to the dents of the second communication terminal TD.

(113) Attachment of the battery pack **10** to the attachment portion of the charger causes the charger positive terminal **211** to conduct with the first, second and third charging terminals TC0, TC1, TC2. The charger negative terminal **212** also conducts with the first, second and third battery negative terminals TN0, TN1, TN2. In addition, the charger communication terminal **213** conducts with the second communication terminal TD. As a result, the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are charged while the charger and the battery pack **10** communicate with each other.

(114) <4. Effect>

(115) According to the above-described first embodiment, effects as below are obtained.

(116) (1) By changing the number of battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** that conduct with the positive terminals **111**, **121**, **131** and the negative terminals **112**, **122**, **132** of the electric work machine **5**, the impedance of the battery pack **10** can be changed.

Accordingly, by causing the number of battery blocks corresponding to the configurations of the positive terminals **111**, **121**, **131** and the negative terminals **112**, **122**, **132** of the electric work machine **5** to conduct with the electric work machine **5**, the impedance of the battery pack **10** can be adjusted in accordance with the electric work machine **5**. Specifically, the battery pack **10** excellent in versatility can be implemented while loss of electric power is reduced.

(117) (2) In a case of supplying electric power from the first battery block **20** of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** to the electric work machine **5**, the remaining second battery block **21** and third battery block **22** are connected in parallel to each other. Accordingly, the remaining energies of the second battery block **21** and the third battery block **22** can be equalized. Further, the remaining energies of the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22** can be equalized by the balance circuit **50**. Accordingly, the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** can be equalized. Also, in a case of supplying electric power from the second and third battery blocks **20**, **21** of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** to the electric work machine **5**, the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** can be equalized. Accordingly, the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** can be equalized using a minimum number of balance circuits **50**.

Second Embodiment

(118) <1. Difference from First Embodiment>

(119) The second embodiment has the same basic configuration as the first embodiment. Thus, the description on the common configuration is not repeated, and the difference will be mainly

described. The same reference numerals as those of the first embodiment indicate the same configurations and references are made to the preceding descriptions.

(120) In the aforementioned first embodiment, the positive terminals **111**, **121**, **131** and the negative terminals **112**, **122**, **132** arranged on the battery attachment **9** of the electric work machine **5** are configured in accordance with the specific number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine **5**. Thus, when the battery pack **10** is attached to the battery attachment **9** of the electric work machine **5**, the specific number of battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** permissible to the electric work machine **5** are connected to the electric work machine **5**.

(121) In contrast, in the second embodiment, regardless of the specific number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine **5**, the battery attachment **9** of the electric work machine **5** has the same configuration. Specifically, the battery attachment **9** of the electric work machine **5** according to the second embodiment includes the attachment surface **55A** provided with the positive terminal **111**, the negative terminal **112**, the first work machine communication terminal **113**, and the second work machine communication terminal **114**. The second embodiment differs from the first embodiment in that the microcomputer **30** varies the number of battery blocks that conduct with the positive terminal **111** and the negative terminal **112** of the electric work machine **5** by controlling ON and OFF of the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** depending on the specific number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine **5**.

(122) <2. Configuration of Battery Pack>

(123) FIG. **11** shows a configuration of the first, second and third battery circuits **200**, **210**, **220**. The second and third battery circuits **210**, **220** respectively include photocouplers **70**, **71**, in addition to the configuration of the second and third battery circuits **210**, **220** of the first embodiment. The microcomputer **30** outputs an ON-command signal or an OFF-command signal to gate terminals of the protection FETs **590**, **591** via the photocouplers **70**, **71**. Accordingly, the microcomputer **30** controls ON and OFF of the protection FETs **590**, **591** in a state where the second and third battery blocks **21**, **22** are insulated from the microcomputer **30**.

(124) <3. Discharge Process>

(125) Next, a description will be given on a discharge process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to a flowchart of FIG. **12**. The microcomputer **30**, while being awake, repeats the present process at a specific cycle.

(126) First, in **S205**, all the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** are turned off, and the discharge prohibition signal for prohibiting discharge is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal **TAS**.

(127) Subsequently, in **S215**, it is confirmed whether the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are dischargeable. Specifically, it is confirmed whether each of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is dischargeable based on the battery voltage, the cell temperature and the like.

(128) Subsequently, in **S225**, it is determined whether there is a dischargeable battery block among the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**. When it is determined that at least one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S235**. When it is determined that all of the battery blocks are not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S245**.

(129) In **S235**, one of the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** is turned on. The one protection FET corresponds to any one battery block determined dischargeable in **S225**. As a result, supply of an electric power from the battery pack **10** to the electric work machine **5** is started with the impedance of the battery pack **10** set to be the highest. This awakes the controller included in the electric work machine **5**, and allows a communication between the battery pack **10** and the electric work machine **5**. Thereafter, the process proceeds to **S255**.

(130) On the other hand, in **S245**, the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** corresponding to all the first,

second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are turned off, and the process returns to **S215**.

(131) In **S255**, it is determined whether the battery pack **10** is connected to the electric work machine **5**. When it is determined that the battery pack **10** is connected to the electric work machine **5**, the process proceeds to **S265**. When it is determined that the battery pack **10** is not connected to the electric work machine **5**, the process returns to **S215**.

(132) In **S265**, the electric work machine information is acquired from the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. The electric work machine information may be an impedance permissible to the electric work machine **5**, or may be a specific number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine **5**. The microcomputer **30**, when acquiring the permissible impedance as the electric work machine information, determines a maximum number of battery blocks that can conduct with the positive terminal **111** and the negative terminal **112** of the electric work machine **5**. The maximum number corresponds to the number of battery blocks that makes an impedance when the maximum number of battery blocks are connected in parallel equal to or higher than the acquired impedance.

(133) In **S275**, based on the electric work machine information acquired in **S265**, it is determined whether the electric work machine **5** permits three or more battery blocks connected in parallel to each other. Specifically, it is determined whether the maximum number of battery blocks that can be connected to the electric work machine **5** is three or more. When it is determined in **S275** that the electric work machine **5** permits three or more battery blocks connected in parallel to each other, the process proceeds to **S285**, and a three parallel permission process is executed. Detail of the three parallel permission process will be described later.

(134) When it is determined in **S275** that the electric work machine **5** does not permit three or more battery blocks connected in parallel to each other, it is determined in **S295** whether the electric work machine **5** permits two battery blocks connected in parallel to each other. Specifically, it is determined whether the maximum number of battery blocks that can be connected to the electric work machine **5** is two. When it is determined in **S295** that the electric work machine **5** permits two battery blocks connected in parallel to each other, the process proceeds to **S305**, and a two parallel permission process is executed. Detail of the two parallel permission process will be described later.

(135) When it is determined in **S295** that the electric work machine **5** does not permit two battery blocks connected in parallel to each other, specifically when it is determined that the maximum number of battery blocks that can be connected to the electric work machine **5** is one, a parallel nonpermission process is executed in **S315**. Detail of the parallel nonpermission process will be described later.

(136) When the impedance permissible to the electric work machine **5** is higher than the respective impedance of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**, and none of the battery blocks can be connected, all the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** may be turned off. Alternatively, the battery pack **10** may be configured so as not to be connected to the battery attachment **9** of such electric work machine **5**.

(137) <3-1. Three Parallel Permission Process>

(138) Next, a description will be given on the three parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to flowcharts in FIGS. **13A, 13B** and **13C**.

(139) First, in **S10**, it is determined whether the battery pack **10** is connected to the electric work machine **5**. When it is determined that the battery pack **10** is connected to the electric work machine **5**, the process proceeds to **S20**. When it is determined that the battery pack **10** is not connected to the electric work machine **5**, the process returns to **S205**.

(140) In **S20**, it is confirmed whether the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are dischargeable.

(141) In **S30**, it is determined whether three or more of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S30** that three or more battery blocks are

dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S40**.

(142) In **S40**, in order to provide a notification of a high power output state in which the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are used, a high power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. As a result, "high power output" is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, "high power output" is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. Notification of "high power output" corresponds to one example of a first notification of the present disclosure, and the high power output notification command corresponds to one example of a first command of the present disclosure.

(143) next, in **S50**, the voltage of each of first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** is checked.

(144) next, in **S60**, three battery blocks with higher voltage values are selected from the dischargeable battery blocks of the battery blocks included in the battery pack **10**. In the present embodiment, the battery pack **10** includes only the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**, and thus the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are selected. If the battery pack **10** includes four or more battery blocks, then three battery blocks are selected therefrom.

(145) Next, in **S70**, the protection FETs corresponding to the three battery blocks selected in **S60** are turned on. In the present embodiment, the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** corresponding to the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are turned on.

(146) Subsequently, in **S80**, the discharge permission signal for permitting discharge is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal **TAS**.

(147) Subsequently, in **S90**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is ON, that is, the trigger **2** is pulled by the user. When it is determined in **S90** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S100**. When it is determined that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**.

(148) In **S100**, it is determined whether all the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** in use are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S100** that all the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** in use are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S110**.

(149) In **S110**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is OFF. When it is determined in **S110** that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**. When it is determined in **S110** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process returns to **S100**.

(150) FIG. **18** shows a time variation of outputs of the respective battery blocks when discharges from the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are continued. The battery blocks **A, B, C** correspond to the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**.

(151) On the other hand, when it is determined in **S100** that at least one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** in use is not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S120**.

(152) In **S120**, the discharge prohibition signal is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal **TAS**. Further, in order to provide a discharge-not-available notification, a discharge-not-available notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. As a result, discharge-not-available is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, discharge-not-available is displayed on the battery indicator **11**.

(153) If the output is changed during the use of the electric work machine **5**, a problem may occur in using the electric work machine **5**. Thus, even if one or two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are dischargeable, the number of battery blocks to use is not changed from when the trigger **2** is turned off once until the trigger **2** is turned on again.

(154) Also, when it is determined in **S30** that two or less battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S130**.

(155) In **S130**, it is determined whether the electric work machine **5** permits use of two or less battery blocks. Depending on the type of the electric work machine **5**, use of two or less battery blocks is not permitted since a problem occurs in use with reduced output.

(156) When it is determined in **S130** that use of two or less battery blocks is permitted, the process proceeds to **S140**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S130** that use of two or less battery blocks is not permitted, the process proceeds to **S330**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(157) In **S140**, it is determined whether two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S140** that two battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S150**.

(158) In **S150**, in order to provide a notification of a medium power output state in which two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are used, a medium power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal TD. As a result, medium power output is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, medium power output is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. Notification of medium power output corresponds to a second notification of the present disclosure, and the medium power output notification command corresponds to a second command of the present disclosure.

(159) Next, in **S160**, the voltage of each of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is checked.

(160) Next, in **S170**, two battery blocks with higher voltage values are selected from the dischargeable battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**.

(161) Next, in **S180**, the protection FETs corresponding to the two battery blocks selected in **S170** of the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** are turned on.

(162) Subsequently, in **S190**, the discharge permission signal to permit discharge is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal TAS.

(163) Subsequently, in **S200**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is ON. When it is determined in **S200** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S210**. When it is determined that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**.

(164) In **S210**, it is determined whether the two battery blocks in use are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S210** that the two battery blocks in use are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S220**.

(165) In **S220**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is OFF. When it is determined in **S220** that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**. When it is determined in **S220** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process returns to **S210**.

(166) On the other hand, in **S210**, when it is determined that at least one of the two battery blocks in use is not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S230**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(167) Also, in **S140**, when it is determined that one or less battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S240**.

(168) In **S240**, it is determined whether one battery block is dischargeable. When it is determined in **S240** that one battery block is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S250**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S240** that there is no dischargeable battery block, the process proceeds to **S330**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(169) In **S250**, in order to provide a notification of a low power output state in which one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is used, a low power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal TD. As a result, “low power output” is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, “low power output” is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. Notification of “low power output” corresponds to one example of the second notification of the present disclosure, and the low power output notification command corresponds to one example of the second command of the present disclosure.

(170) Next, in **S260**, the voltage of each of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is checked.

(171) Next, in **S270**, one battery block with a higher voltage value is selected from the dischargeable battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**.

(172) Next, in **S280**, the protection FET corresponding to the one battery block selected in **S270** of the protection FETs **590**, **591**, **592** is turned on.

(173) Next, in **S290**, the discharge permission signal for permitting discharge is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the first communication terminal **TAS**.

(174) Subsequently, in **S300**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is ON. When it is determined in **S300** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S310**. When it is determined that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**.

(175) In **S310**, it is determined whether the one battery block in use is dischargeable. When it is determined in **S310** that the one battery block in use is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S320**.

(176) In **S320**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is OFF. When it is determined in **S320** that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**. When it is determined in **S320** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process returns to **S310**.

(177) On the other hand, when it is determined in **S310** that the one battery block in use is not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S330**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(178) <3-2. Two Parallel Permission Process>

(179) Next, a description will be given on the two parallel permission process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to flowcharts of FIGS. **14A** and **14B**.

(180) First, in **S400** and **S410**, the same steps as **S10** and **S20** are executed.

(181) Subsequently, in **S420**, it is determined whether two or more battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S420** that two or more battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S430**.

(182) Subsequently, in **S430**, in order to provide a notification of a high power output state in which two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** are used, a high power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. As a result, "high power output" is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, "high power output" is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. In the electric work machine **5** that permits two battery blocks connected in parallel to each other, a state in which the maximum number of two battery blocks are used is referred to as high power output state.

(183) Subsequently, in **S440** to **S510**, the same steps as **S160** to **S230** are executed.

(184) Also, when it is determined in **S420** that one or less battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S520**.

(185) In **S520**, it is determined whether one battery block is dischargeable. When it is determined in **S520** that one battery block is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S530**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S520** that there is no dischargeable battery block, the process proceeds to **S610**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(186) In **S530**, in order to provide a notification of a medium power output state in which one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** is used, a medium power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. As a result, "medium power output" is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, "medium power output" is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. Subsequently, in **S540** to **S610**, the same steps as **S260** to **S330** are executed. Notification of medium power output corresponds to one example of the second notification of the present disclosure, and the medium power output notification command corresponds to one example of the second command of the present disclosure.

(187) <3-3. Parallel Nonpermission Process>

(188) Next, a description will be given on the parallel nonpermission process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to a flowchart of FIG. **15**.

(189) First, in **S700** and **S710**, the same steps as **S10** and **S20** are executed.

(190) Subsequently, in **S720**, it is determined whether there is a dischargeable battery block in the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**. When it is determined in **S720** that there is a



dischargeable battery block, the process proceeds to **S730**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S520** that there is no dischargeable battery block, the process proceeds to **S810**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(191) In **S730**, in order to provide a notification of a high power output state in which one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** is used, a high power output notification command is outputted to the electric work machine **5** via the second communication terminal **TD**. As a result, "high power output" is displayed on the device display **8** of the electric work machine **5**. Also, "high power output" is displayed on the battery indicator **11**. In the electric work machine **5** that permits only one battery block, a state in which the maximum number of one battery block is used is referred to as high power output state. Subsequently, in **S740** to **S810**, the same steps as **S260** to **S330** are executed. Notification of high power output corresponds to one example of the first notification of the present disclosure, and the high power output notification command corresponds to one example of the first command of the present disclosure.

(192) <4. Another Example of Discharge Process>

(193) Next, a description will be given on another example of the discharge process executed by the microcomputer **30**. Another example of the discharge process is basically the same as the aforementioned discharge process, but a part of the process is different. Specifically, in the aforementioned discharge process, when two or one battery blocks are used, the selected two or one battery blocks are continuously used. In contrast, in another example of the discharge process, when two or one battery block is used, two or one battery blocks to be used of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are changed in accordance with specified conditions. The specified conditions are, for example, that a specified period of time has elapsed, a difference between a maximum value and a minimum value of capacities of the first, the second, the second battery blocks **20, 21, 22** is a prescribed capacity or less, and so on.

(194) <4-1. First Block Switching Process>

(195) Next, a description will be given on a first block switching process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to a flowchart of FIG. **16**. The first block switching process is a process to use two battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The microcomputer **30** executes the flowchart shown in FIG. **16** instead of **S200** to **S230** and **S480** to **S510**.

(196) First, in **S15**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is ON. When it is determined in **S15** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S25**. When it is determined that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**.

(197) In **S25**, it is determined whether both of the two battery blocks in use are dischargeable. When it is determined in **S25** that both of the two battery blocks in use are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S35**.

(198) In **S35**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is OFF. When it is determined in **S35** that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**. On the other hand, if it is determined in **S35** that the trigger **2** is ON, then the process proceeds to **S45**.

(199) In **S45**, it is determined whether the respective remaining energy differences between the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are equal to or greater than specified values. Specifically, it is determined whether the remaining energy difference between the first battery block **20** and the second battery block **21**, the remaining energy difference between the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22**, and the remaining energy difference between the second battery block **21** and the third battery block **22** are equal to or greater than specified values.

(200) When it is determined in **S45** that all the remaining energy differences are smaller than the specified values, the process returns to **S15**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S45** that at least one of the remaining energy differences is equal to or greater than the specified value, the process proceeds to **S55**.

(201) In **S55**, the protection FET corresponding to the battery block having a minimum remaining

energy among the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** is turned off, and the protection FETs corresponding to the remaining two battery blocks are turned on. Thereafter, the process returns to **S15**.

(202) Also, when it is determined in **S25** that at least one of the two battery blocks in use is not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S65**.

(203) In **S65**, it is determined whether any two battery blocks of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are dischargeable. For example, in **S30**, even if it is determined that one battery block is not dischargeable, the battery block may recover thereafter and become dischargeable. When it is determined in **S65** that any two battery blocks are dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S75**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S65** that any two battery blocks are not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S85**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(204) In **S75**, the protection FET corresponding to the one battery block that is not dischargeable among the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** is turned off, and the protection FETs corresponding to the two dischargeable battery blocks are turned on. Thereafter, the process returns to **S15**.

(205) FIG. **19** shows a time variation of outputs of the respective battery blocks when the first block switching process is executed and discharges from two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are continued. As such, execution of the first block switching process switches the two battery blocks to be discharged in accordance with the specified conditions.

(206) <4-2. Second Block Switching Process>

(207) Next, a description will be given on a second block switching process executed by the microcomputer **30** with reference to a flowchart of FIG. **17**. The second block switching process is a process to use one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22**. The microcomputer **30** executes the flowchart shown in FIG. **17**, instead of **S580** to **S610** and **S780** to **S810**.

(208) First, in **S115**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is ON. When it is determined in **S115** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S125**. When it is determined that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**.

(209) In **S125**, it is determined whether one battery block in use is dischargeable. When it is determined in **S125** that the one battery block in use is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S135**.

(210) In **S135**, it is determined whether the trigger **2** is OFF. When it is determined in **S135** that the trigger **2** is OFF, the process returns to **S10**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S135** that the trigger **2** is ON, the process proceeds to **S145**.

(211) In **S145**, it is determined whether the respective remaining energy differences between the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** are equal to or greater than the specified value. When it is determined in **S145** that all the remaining energy differences are smaller than the specified value, the process returns to **S115**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S145** that at least one of the remaining energy differences is equal to or greater than the specified value, the process proceeds to **S155**.

(212) In **S155**, the protection FET corresponding to the battery block currently in use of the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** is turned off. Then, the protection FET corresponding to the battery block having the maximum remaining energy of the dischargeable battery blocks is turned on. Thereafter, the process returns to **S115**.

(213) When it is determined in **S125** that the one battery block in use is not dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S165**.

(214) In **S165**, it is determined whether any one of the first, second and third battery blocks **20, 21, 22** is dischargeable. When it is determined in **S165** that any one battery block is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S175**. On the other hand, when it is determined in **S165** that none of the battery blocks is dischargeable, the process proceeds to **S185**, and the same step as **S120** is executed.

(215) In **S175**, the protection FET corresponding to the one battery block that is not dischargeable of the protection FETs **590, 591, 592** is turned off, and the protection FET corresponding to battery block having the maximum remaining energy of the dischargeable battery blocks is turned on.

Thereafter, the process returns to S115.

(216) FIG. 20 shows a time variation of outputs of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 when the second block switching process is executed and a discharge from one of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 is continued. As such, execution of the second block switching process switches the one battery block to be discharged in accordance with the specified conditions.

(217) <5. Effect>

(218) According to the above-described second embodiment, effects as below are obtained, in addition to the effects (1) and (2) of the first embodiment.

(219) (3) By setting the number of battery blocks of the first battery blocks 20, 21, 22 that conduct with the electric work machine 5 to be equal to or smaller than the maximum number determined in accordance with the electric work machine information, the impedance of the battery pack 10 can be within a range to which the electric work machine 5 is adaptable.

(220) (4) The electric work machine information can be acquired by the communication with the electric work machine 5 via the second communication terminal TD, and, based on the acquired electric work machine information, the number of battery blocks corresponding to the electric work machine 5 can be selected. Further, the number of battery blocks corresponding to the electric work machine 5 can be made conducting with the electric work machine 5, and the remaining battery blocks can be made non-conducting with the electric work machine 5.

(221) (5) Until selection of the battery block to conduct with the electric work machine 5 is completed, any one of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 conducts with the electric work machine 5. As a result, an electric power can be supplied from the battery pack 10 to the electric work machine 5 while the impedance of the battery pack 10 has a highest value. Further, the battery pack 5 can communicate with the electric work machine 5 and obtain the electric work machine information for selecting the battery block that conducts with the electric work machine 5.

(222) (6) When an electric power is supplied to the electric work machine 5 from the maximum number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine 5, the first notification is executed. When an electric power is supplied from the battery blocks smaller than the maximum number to the electric work machine 5, the second notification which is distinct from the first notification is executed. This allows the user to recognize whether the electric work machine 5 is operating with a maximum electric power.

(223) (7) When an electric power is supplied to the electric work machine 5 from the maximum number of battery blocks permissible to the electric work machine 5, the first command is outputted from the battery pack 10 to the electric work machine 5 so that the first notification is executed. When an electric power is supplied from the battery blocks smaller than the maximum number to the electric work machine 5, the second command is outputted from the battery pack 10 to the electric work machine 5 so that the second notification which is distinct from the first notification is executed. This allows the user using the electric work machine 5 to easily recognize whether the electric work machine 5 is operating with a maximum electric power via the device display 8 of the electric work machine 5 which the user is easy to be aware of.

(224) (8) When discharge from any of the first, second and third battery blocks 20, 21, 22 is prohibited, a notification of discharge prohibition is given by the device display 8 and the battery indicator 11. This allows the user to be aware that the battery pack 10 is not available.

Other Embodiments

(225) Although embodiments of the present disclosure have been described above, the present disclosure is not limited to the above-described embodiments and may be practiced in various forms.

(226) (a) In the above-described embodiments, the battery pack 10 includes one balance circuit 50 between the first battery block 20 and the third battery block, but may include two balance circuits.

For example, the battery pack **10** may include a balance circuit between the second battery block **21** and the third battery block **22**, in addition to the balance circuit **50**. In this case, the first electric work machine **5** may include an attachment surface **55D** shown in FIG. **21**, instead of the attachment surface **55A**.

(227) The attachment surface **55D** includes a positive terminal **141**, a negative terminal **142**, a first work machine communication terminal **143**, and a second work machine communication terminal **144**. The first and second work machine communication terminals **143**, **144** are similar terminals arranged at the same positions as the first and second work machine communication terminals **113**, **114**. The positive terminal **141** includes a rear positive electrode conduction portion **141a** and a front positive electrode insulated portion **141b**. The negative terminal **142** includes a rear negative electrode conduction portion **142a** and a front negative electrode insulated portion **142b**. The positive electrode conduction portion **141a** and the positive electrode insulated portion **141b** are adjacent to each other, and the negative electrode conduction portion **142a** and the negative electrode insulated portion **142b** are adjacent to each other.

(228) As shown in FIG. **22**, the positive terminal **141** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery positive terminal **TP0**, and the negative terminal **142** is arranged at a position corresponding to the terminal row including the first battery negative terminal **TN0**. The positive electrode conduction portion **141a** is configured to have a length to penetrate the first battery positive terminal **TP0**, and not to be inserted to the second battery positive terminal **TP1**. The negative electrode conduction portion **142a** is configured in the same manner as the positive electrode conduction portion **141a**. Also, the positive electrode insulated portion **141b** is configured to have a length to penetrate the second and third battery positive terminals **TP1**, **TP2**, the first parallel connection terminal **T31**, and the third parallel connection terminal **33**. The negative electrode insulated portion **142b** is configured in the same manner as the positive electrode insulated portion **141b**.

(229) As shown in FIG. **22**, attachment of the battery pack **10** to the battery attachment **9** causes the positive electrode conduction portion **141a** to conduct with the first battery positive terminal **TP0**. Also, the negative electrode conduction portion **142a** conducts with the first battery negative terminal **TN0**.

(230) Further, the first members **T31a**, **T32a**, **T33a**, **T34a** of the first, second, third, and fourth parallel connection terminals **T31**, **T32**, **T33**, **T34** are electrically disconnected from the second members **T31b**, **T32b**, **T33b**, **T34b**. Specifically, the first battery block **20**, the second battery block **21**, and the third battery block **22** are electrically disconnected from each other. However, the remaining energies of the first battery block **20** and the third battery block **22** are equalized by the balance circuit **50**, and the remaining energies of the second battery block **21** and the third battery block **22** are equalized by another balance circuit. Accordingly, the remaining energies of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22** can be equalized.

(231) (b) In the above-described embodiments, the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** display the output state in accordance with the number of battery blocks used with respect to the maximum number permissible to the electric work machine **5**. In contrast, the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** may display the output state in accordance with the number of battery blocks used, regardless of the maximum number permissible to the electric work machine **5**. Specifically, in a case in which the electric work machine **5** uses three of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** may display “high power output”. Also, in a case in which the electric work machine **5** uses two of the first, second and third battery blocks **20**, **21**, **22**, the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** may display “medium power output”. In a case in which the electric work machine **5** uses one battery block, the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** may display “low power output”.

(232) (c) In the above-described embodiments, both the device display **8** and the battery indicator **11** display the output and discharge-not-available, but only one of them may display the output and

discharge-not-available. Also, either of the device display **8** or the battery indicator **11** may not be provided.

(233) (d) The number of battery blocks included in the battery pack **10** is not limited to three, and may be two, four or more.

(234) (e) The microcomputer **30** may include, in place of or in addition to the microcomputer **30**, a combination of various individual electronic components, an ASIC (Application Specified Integrated Circuit), an Application Specific Standard Product (ASSP), a programmable logic device such as, for example, Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA), or a combination of the foregoing.

(235) (f) Two or more functions of one element in the aforementioned embodiments may be achieved by two or more elements; or one function of one element in the aforementioned embodiments may be achieved by two or more elements. Likewise, two or more functions of two or more elements may be achieved by one element; or one function achieved by two or more elements may be achieved by one element. A part of the configuration of the aforementioned embodiments may be omitted; and at least a part of the configuration of the aforementioned embodiments may be added to or replaced with another part of the configuration of the aforementioned embodiments.

(236) (g) The present disclosure can be also implemented in various modes, such as an electric work machine system including the battery pack as an element, a program to cause a microcomputer of the battery pack to function, a non-transitory tangible storage medium such as a semiconductor memory storing this program, and so on, in addition to the above-described battery pack.

## Claims

1. A battery pack comprising: two or more battery blocks each having a positive electrode and a negative electrode; and a connection circuit configured to be connected to a positive terminal and a negative terminal of an electric work machine, the connection circuit being configured to connect the positive terminal and the negative terminal to a specific number of battery blocks included in the two or more battery blocks, and the specific number depending on electrical properties of the electric work machine, the electric work machine having a work machine communication terminal configured to transmit a machine information that specifies the electrical properties, the connection circuit including: a battery communication terminal configured to be connected to the work machine communication terminal and receive the machine information transmitted from the work machine communication terminal, and a controller located in the battery pack and connected to the battery communication terminal, the controller being configured to: select the specific number of battery blocks from the two or more battery blocks, based on the machine information that is input from the work machine via the work machine communication terminal and the battery communication terminal, connect the positive electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks to the positive terminal via the connection circuit, connect the negative electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks to the negative terminal via the connection circuit, and disconnect the positive electrode or the negative electrode of each remaining battery block of the two or more battery blocks from the positive terminal or the negative terminal via the connection circuit.

2. The battery pack according to claim 1, wherein the specific number is equal to or smaller than a number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties.

3. The battery pack according to claim 1, wherein the controller is further configured to: connect the positive electrode and the negative electrode of one of the two or more battery blocks to the positive terminal and the negative terminal respectively via the connection circuit until selection of the specific number of battery blocks is completed.

4. The battery pack according to claim 1 further comprising: a notifier, wherein the controller is

further configured to execute: a first notification via the notifier in response to the specific number being consistent with a number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties; and execute a second notification via the notifier in response to the specific number being smaller than the number, the second notification being distinct from the first notification.

5. The battery pack according to claim 1, wherein the controller is further configured to: transmit a first command for execution of a first notification to the electric work machine via the battery communication terminal in response to the specific number being consistent with a number of battery blocks permissible depending on the electrical properties; and transmit a second command for execution of a second notification, which is distinct from the first notification, to the electric work machine via the battery communication terminal in response to the specific number being smaller than the number.

6. The battery pack according to claim 1 further comprising: a notifier, wherein the controller is further configured to execute: a discharge prohibition notification via the notifier in response to prohibiting discharge from all of the two or more battery blocks.

7. The battery pack according to claim 1, wherein the two or more battery blocks include a first battery block, a second battery block, and a third battery block, the electric work machine includes a first electric work machine having the electrical properties that a number of battery blocks permissible is one, the connection circuit further includes one balance circuit connected between the first battery block and the third battery block, the balance circuit being configured to balance a capacity of the first battery block and a capacity of the third battery block, the positive electrode and the negative electrode of the first battery block are configured to be respectively connected to the positive terminal and the negative terminal via the connection circuit in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine, the positive electrode of the second battery block is configured to be connected to the positive electrode of the third battery block via the connection circuit in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine, the negative electrode of the second battery block is configured to be connected to the negative electrode of the third battery block via the connection circuit in response to the battery pack being attached to the first electric work machine.

8. A method executed by a controller located in a battery pack and connected to a battery communication terminal of the battery pack, the method comprising: receiving a machine information via the battery communication terminal and a work machine communication terminal of a work machine, the work machine communication terminal being configured to be connected to the battery communication terminal and transmit the machine information, the machine information specifying electrical properties; selecting a specific number of battery blocks from two or more battery blocks included in the battery pack, based on the machine information that is input from the work machine via the work machine communication terminal and the battery communication terminal, the specific number of battery blocks depending on the electrical properties of the work machine; connecting a positive terminal of an electric work machine to a positive electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks; connecting a negative terminal of the electric work machine to a negative electrode of each of the specific number of battery blocks; and disconnecting the positive electrode or the negative electrode of each remaining battery block of the two or more battery blocks from the positive terminal or the negative terminal.

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