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Multi-layer absorbent cores and methods of manufacture

Abstract

Absorbent cores comprising a layered structure and methods of manufacture are disclosed. In one embodiment, an absorbent body may comprise a top layer comprising a liquid permeable web material, a bottom layer comprising a web material, and a reinforcement layer disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer. The absorbent body may further comprise a first absorbent layer disposed between the reinforcement layer and the bottom layer, the first absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises substantially only superabsorbent material and a second absorbent layer disposed between the top layer and the reinforcement layer, the second absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises absorbent material. The body may also comprise adhesive disposed between the top layer and the second absorbent layer, between the second absorbent layer and the reinforcement layer, and between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.

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Background/Summary

TECHNICAL FIELD

(1) The present disclosure is directed to absorbent bodies, and more particularly to layered absorbent cores for use in absorbent articles.

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

- (2) People rely on disposable absorbent products in their everyday lives, including such articles as adult incontinence products, enuresis pants, training pants, and diapers. Many manufacturers seek to better meet the needs of users of such products. For example, there is a need to further improve fit, discretion, and leakage protection for many products.
- (3) One important component of many absorbent articles are the absorbent cores contained in such articles. These absorbent cores are generally responsible for capturing and retaining liquid bodily exudates, thereby preventing the exudates from leaking out of the absorbent article and further retaining the liquid away from a wearer's skin, which helps to promote the health of the skin. Advances in the structure and performance of absorbent cores to produce thinner products which uptake liquid more quickly and leak less are a continued important area of market desire. SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE
- (4) The present disclosure is directed to absorbent bodies, and more particularly to layered absorbent cores for use in absorbent articles.
- (5) In a first embodiment, an absorbent body may comprise a top layer comprising a liquid permeable web material, a bottom layer comprising a web material, a reinforcement layer disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer, a first absorbent layer disposed between the reinforcement layer and the bottom layer, the first absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises substantially only superabsorbent material, and a second absorbent layer disposed between the top layer and the reinforcement layer, the second absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises absorbent material. The body may further comprise adhesive disposed between the top layer and the second absorbent layer, between the second absorbent layer and the reinforcement layer, and between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.
- (6) In a second embodiment, the absorbent material of the second absorbent layer of the first embodiment may comprise substantially only fibrous absorbent material.
- (7) In a third embodiment, the absorbent material of the second absorbent layer of the first embodiment may comprise substantially only superabsorbent material.
- (8) In a fourth embodiment, the absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer of the first embodiment may comprise between about 50% and about 80%, by weight, of superabsorbent material.
- (9) In a fifth embodiment, the absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer of the first embodiment may comprise a mixture of superabsorbent material and fibrous absorbent material, and the mixture may comprise a substantially uniform distribution of the superabsorbent material and the fibrous absorbent material.
- (10) In a sixth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the first through fifth embodiments may further comprise superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer.
- (11) In a seventh embodiment, the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement

layer of the sixth embodiment may comprise between about 50% and about 80%, by weight, of the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and the superabsorbent material disposed within the first absorbent layer.

- (12) In an eighth embodiment, the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer of any of the sixth and seventh embodiments may comprise between about 50% and about 65%, by weight, of the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and the superabsorbent material disposed within the first absorbent layer.
- (13) In a ninth embodiment, a total weight of absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer of any of the first through eighth embodiments may be between about 5.5 g and about 8.5 g.
- (14) In a tenth embodiment, a total weight of absorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and disposed within the first absorbent layer of any of the first through ninth embodiments may be between about 5.5 g and about 10.5 g.
- (15) In an eleventh embodiment, the total amount of absorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and disposed within the first absorbent layer of any of the sixth through tenth embodiments may be between about 50% and about 60%, by weight, of the total amount of absorbent material disposed within the first absorbent layer, the second absorbent layer, and embedded within the reinforcement layer.
- (16) In a twelfth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the first through eleventh embodiments may further comprise an airlaid paper layer disposed between the second absorbent layer and the liquid permeable top-layer.
- (17) In a thirteenth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the first through twelfth embodiments may further comprise an airlaid paper layer disposed between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.
- (18) In a fourteenth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the first through thirteenth embodiments may further comprise a third absorbent layer, wherein the third absorbent layer may be disposed between the second absorbent layer and the top layer and wherein the third absorbent layer may comprise absorbent material comprising substantially only superabsorbent material.

 (19) In a fifteenth embodiment, the first absorbent layer of any of the first through fourteenth
- embodiments may comprise at least one channel region and a plurality of non-channel regions, and wherein an absorbent material content of the non-channel regions may be greater than an absorbent material content of the at least one channel region.
- (20) In a sixteenth embodiment, an absorbent body may comprise a top layer comprising a liquid permeable web material, a bottom layer comprising a web material, and a reinforcement layer comprising a nonwoven web material disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer, the reinforcement layer further comprising superabsorbent material embedded within the nonwoven web material. The body may further comprise a first absorbent layer disposed between the reinforcement layer and the bottom layer, the first absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises substantially only superabsorbent material, a second absorbent layer disposed between the top layer and the reinforcement layer, the second absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises a substantially uniform mixture of superabsorbent material and fibrous absorbent material, and adhesive disposed between the first airlaid paper layer and the second absorbent layer, between the second absorbent layer and the reinforcement layer, and between the first absorbent layer and the second airlaid paper layer. In some further embodiments, the first absorbent layer may comprise at least one channel region and a plurality of non-channel regions, and wherein an absorbent material content of the non-channel regions may be greater than an absorbent material content of the at least one channel region
- (21) In a seventeenth embodiment, the absorbent body of the sixteenth embodiment may further comprise an airlaid paper layer disposed between the second absorbent layer and the liquid permeable top-layer.

- (22) In an eighteenth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the sixteenth and seventeenth embodiments may further comprise an airlaid paper layer disposed between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.
- (23) In a nineteenth embodiment, the absorbent body of any of the sixteenth through eighteenth embodiments may further comprise a third absorbent layer, wherein the third absorbent layer may be disposed between the second absorbent layer and the top layer, and wherein the third absorbent layer may comprise absorbent material comprising substantially only superabsorbent material.
- (24) In a twentieth embodiment, the amount of superabsorbent material, by weight, embedded within the reinforcement layer and disposed within the first absorbent layer of any of the sixteenth through nineteenth embodiments may be between about two times and about three times the amount of superabsorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer.
- (25) The above summary is not intended to describe each embodiment or every implementation of the present invention. Advantages and attainments, together with a more complete understanding of the disclosure, will become apparent and appreciated by referring to the following description and claims taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. **1** is a perspective view of an exemplary absorbent article in a closed configuration, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (2) FIG. **2** is a plan view of the absorbent article of FIG. **1** in an open and laid flat configuration;
- (3) FIG. **3** is a cross-section of an exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (4) FIG. **4** is cross-section of another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (5) FIG. **5** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (6) FIG. **6** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (7) FIG. **7** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (8) FIG. **8** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (9) FIG. **9** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (10) FIG. **10** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (11) FIG. **11** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (12) FIG. **12** is a cross-section of yet another exemplary absorbent body for use in an absorbent article, according to aspects of the present disclosure;
- (13) FIG. **13** is a schematic depiction of an exemplary method for forming absorbent bodies of the present disclosure; and
- (14) FIG. **14** is a schematic depiction of another exemplary method for forming absorbent bodies of the present disclosure.
- (15) While the disclosure is amenable to various modifications and alternative forms, specifics thereof have been shown by way of example in the drawings and will be described in detail. It should is be understood, however, that the intention is not to limit aspects of the disclosure to the

particular illustrative embodiments described. On the contrary, the intention is to cover all modifications, equivalents, and alternatives falling within the spirit and scope of the disclosure. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCLOSURE

- (16) The following description should be read with reference to the drawings in which similar elements in different drawings are numbered the same. The description and the drawings, which are not necessarily to scale, depict illustrative embodiments and are not intended to limit the scope of the disclosure.
- (17) Within the context of this specification, each term or phrase below will include the following meaning or meanings. Additional terms are defined elsewhere in the specification.
- (18) "Absorbent article" refers herein to an article which may be placed against or in proximity to the body (i.e., contiguous with the body) of the wearer to absorb and contain various liquid, solid, and semi-solid exudates discharged from the body. Such absorbent articles, as described herein, are intended to be discarded after a limited period of use instead of being laundered or otherwise restored for reuse. It is to be understood that the present disclosure is applicable to various disposable absorbent articles, including, but not limited to, diapers, training pants, youth pants, swim pants, and incontinence products, and the like without departing from the scope of the present disclosure.
- (19) "Airlaid" refers herein to a web manufactured by an airlaying process. In the airlaying process, bundles of small fibers having typical lengths ranging from about 3 to about 52 mm are separated and entrained in an air supply and then deposited onto a forming screen, usually with the assistance of a vacuum supply. The randomly deposited fibers are then bonded to one another using, for example, hot air to activate a binder component or a latex adhesive. Airlaying is taught in, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 4,640,810 to Laursen, et al., which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference thereto for all purposes.
- (20) "Bonded" refers to the joining, adhering, connecting, attaching, or the like, of two elements. Two elements will be considered bonded together when they are joined, adhered, connected, attached, or the like, directly to one another or indirectly to one another, such as when bonded to an intermediate element. The bonding can occur via, for example, adhesive, pressure bonding, thermal bonding, ultrasonic bonding, stitching, suturing, and/or welding.
- (21) "Bonded carded web" refers herein to webs that are made from staple fibers which are sent through a combing or carding unit which separates or breaks apart and aligns the staple fibers in the machine direction to form a generally machine direction oriented fibrous nonwoven web. This material may be bonded together by methods that can include point bonding, through air bonding, ultrasonic bonding, adhesive bonding, etc.
- (22) "Coform" refers herein to composite materials comprising a mixture or stabilized matrix of thermoplastic fibers and a second non-thermoplastic material. As an example, coform materials may be made by a process in which at least one meltblown die head is arranged near a chute through which other materials are added to the web while it is forming. Such other materials may include, but are not limited to, fibrous organic materials such as woody or non-woody pulp such as cotton, rayon, recycled paper, pulp fluff, and also superabsorbent particles, inorganic and/or organic absorbent materials, treated polymeric staple fibers and so forth. Some examples of such coform materials are disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 4,100,324 to Anderson, et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,818,464 to Lau, U.S. Pat. No. 5,284,703 to Everhart, et al., and U.S. Pat. No. 5,350,624 to Georger, et al., each of which are incorporated herein in their entirety by reference thereto for all purposes.
- (23) "Connected" refers to the joining, adhering, bonding, attaching, or the like, of two elements. Two elements will be considered to be connected together when they are connected directly to one another or indirectly to one another, such as when each is directly connected to intermediate elements.
- (24) "Disposable" refers to articles which are designed to be discarded after a limited use rather than being laundered or otherwise restored for reuse.

- (25) "Disposed," "disposed on," and variations thereof are intended to mean that one element can be integral with another element, or that one element can be a separate structure bonded to or placed with or placed near another element.
- (26) "Elastic," "elasticized" and "elasticity" mean that property of a material or composite by virtue of which it tends to recover its original size and shape after removal of a force causing a deformation.
- (27) "Elastomeric" refers to a material or composite which can be elongated by at least 50 percent of its relaxed length and which will recover, upon release of the applied force, at least 20 percent of its elongation. It is generally preferred that the elastomeric material or composite be capable of being elongated by at least 50 percent, more preferably by at least 100 percent, and still more preferably by at least 300 percent of its relaxed length and recover, upon release of an applied force, at least 50 percent of its elongation.
- (28) "Fibrous absorbent material" or "absorbent fibers" refers herein to natural fibers, cellulosic fibers, synthetic fibers composed of cellulose or cellulose derivatives, such as rayon fibers; inorganic fibers composed of an inherently wettable material, such as glass fibers; synthetic fibers made from inherently wettable thermoplastic polymers, such as particular polyester or polyamide fibers, or composed of nonwettable thermoplastic polymers, such as polyolefin fibers which have been hydrophilized by suitable means. The fibers may be hydrophilized, for example, by treatment with a surfactant, treatment with silica, treatment with a material which has a suitable hydrophilic moiety and is not readily removed from the fiber, or by sheathing the nonwettable, hydrophobic fiber with a hydrophilic polymer during or after formation of the fiber.
- (29) "Integral" is used to refer to various portions of a single unitary element rather than separate structures bonded to or placed with or placed near one another.
- (30) "Layer" when used in the singular can have the dual meaning of a single element or a plurality of elements.
- (31) "Machine direction" (MD) refers to the length of a fabric in the direction in which it is produced, as opposed to a "cross-machine direction" (CD) which refers to the width of a fabric in a direction generally perpendicular to the machine direction.
- (32) "Member" when used in the singular can have the dual meaning of a single element or a plurality of elements.
- (33) "Nonwoven fabric" or "nonwoven web" refers herein to a web having a structure of individual fibers or threads which are interlaid, but not in an identifiable manner as in a knitted fabric. Nonwoven fabrics or webs have been formed from many processes such as, for example, meltblowing processes, spunbonding processes, through-air bonded carded web (also known as BCW and TABCW) processes, etc.
- (34) "Spunbond web" refers herein to a web containing small diameter substantially continuous fibers. The fibers are formed by extruding a molten thermoplastic material from a plurality of fine, usually circular, capillaries of a spinneret with the diameter of the extruded fibers then being rapidly reduced as by, for example, eductive drawing and/or other well-known spunbonding mechanisms. The production of spunbond webs is described and illustrated, for example, in U.S. Pat. No. 4,340,563 to Appel, et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,692,618 to Dorschner, et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,802,817 to Matsuki, et al., U.S. Pat. No. 3,338,992 to Kinney, U.S. Pat. No. 3,341,394 to Kinney, U.S. Pat. No. 3,502,763 to Hartman, U.S. Pat. No. 3,502,538 to Levy, U.S. Pat. No. 3,542,615 to Dobo, et al., and U.S. Pat. No. 5,382,400 to Pike, et al., which are each incorporated herein in their entirety by reference thereto for all purposes. Spunbond fibers are generally not tacky when they are deposited onto a collecting surface. Spunbond fibers may sometimes have diameters less than about 40 microns, and often between about 5 to about 20 microns.
- (35) "Superabsorbent polymer," "superabsorbent material" "SAP", or "SAM" shall be used interchangeably and shall refer to polymers that can absorb and retain extremely large amounts of a liquid relative to their own mass. Water absorbing polymers, which are classified as hydrogels,

which can be cross-linked, absorb aqueous solutions through hydrogen bonding and other polar forces with water molecules. A SAP's ability to absorb water is based in par on iconicity (a factor of the ionic concentration of the aqueous solution), and the SAP functional polar groups that have an affinity for water. SAP are typically made from the polymerization of acrylic acid blended with sodium hydroxide I the presence of an initiator to form a poly-acrylic acid sodium salt (sometimes referred to as sodium polyacrylate). Other materials are also used to make a superabsorbent polymer, such as polyacrylamide copolymer, ethylene maleic anhydride copolymer, cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol copolymers, cross-linked polyethylene oxide, and starch grafted copolymer of polyacrylonitrile. SAP may be present in absorbent articles in particle or fibrous form or as a coating or another material or fiber.

- (36) "Particle," "particulate," and the like, when used with the term "superabsorbent polymer," refer to the form of discrete units. The units can comprise flakes, fibers, agglomerates, granules, powders, spheres, pulverized materials, or the like, as well as combinations thereof. The particles can have any desired shape: for example, cubic, rod like polyhedral, spherical or semi-spherical, rounded or semi-rounded, angular, irregular, et cetera.
- (37) "Particulate superabsorbent polymer" and "particulate superabsorbent polymer composition" refer to the form of superabsorbent polymer and superabsorbent polymer compositions in discrete form, wherein the "particulate superabsorbent polymer" and "particulate superabsorbent polymer compositions" may have a particle size of less than 1000 μ m, or from about 150 μ m to about 850 μ m.
- (38) "Centrifuge Retention Capacity (CRC)" as used herein refers to the ability of the particulate superabsorbent polymer to retain liquid therein after being saturated and subjected to centrifugation under controlled conditions and is stated as grams of liquid retained per gram weight of the sample (g/g) as measured by the Centrifuge Retention Capacity Test set forth herein.
- (39) "Gel permeability" is a property of the mass of particles as a whole and is related to particle size distribution, particle shape, and the connectedness of the open pores between the particles, shear modulus, and surface modification of the swollen gel. In practical terms, the gel permeability of the superabsorbent polymer composition is a measure of how rapidly liquid flows through the mass of swollen particles. Low gel permeability indicates that liquid cannot flow readily through the superabsorbent polymer composition, which is generally referred to as gel blocking, and that any is forced flow of liquid (such as a second application of urine during use of the diaper) must take an alternate path (e.g., diaper leakage).
- (40) "Polymer" includes, but is not limited to, homopolymers, copolymers, for example, block, graft, random, and alternating copolymers, terpolymers, etc., and blends and modifications thereof. Furthermore, unless otherwise specifically limited, the term "polymer" shall include all possible configurational isomers of the material. These configurations include, but are not limited to isotactic, syndiotactic, and atactic symmetries.
- (41) "Vortex time" measures the amount of time in seconds required for 2 grams of a SAP to close a vortex created by stirring 50 milliliters of saline solution at 600 revolutions per minute on a magnetic stir plate. The time it takes for the vortex to close is an indication of the free swell absorbing rate of the SAP.
- (42) "Percent (%) by weight" or "% wt" as used herein and referring to components of the dry particulate superabsorbent polymer composition, is to be interpreted as based on the weight of the dry superabsorbent polymer composition, unless otherwise specified herein.
- (43) These terms may be defined with additional language in the remaining portions of the specification.
- (44) Referring to FIGS. **1-2**, a garment **20** extends along a longitudinal direction **23** and a lateral direction **22** perpendicular to the longitudinal direction **23**. As used in describing the various embodiments of the garment **20**, according to aspects of the present disclosure, the terms "longitudinal" and "lateral" have their customary meaning, as indicated by the central longitudinal

axis 24 and the central lateral axis 25. The central longitudinal axis 24 lies in the plane of the article when the article is in a fully stretched and laid-flat condition, while the front and rear panels are separated, and is generally parallel to a vertical plane that bisects a standing wearer into left and right body halves when the article is worn. The central lateral axis 25 lies in the plane of the article and is generally perpendicular to the central longitudinal axis **24**. The garment **20** has a front region **30** defining a front waist end edge **32**, a rear region **34** defining a rear waist end edge **36**, and a crotch region **38** positioned longitudinally between the front region **30** and the rear region **34**. The crotch region **38** defines two laterally opposed crotch side edges **39**. The garment **20** defines a garment length **21** that extends from the front waist end edge **32** to the rear waist end edge **36**. (45) The garment **20** includes a front panel **40** which defines a front panel leg edge **44** spaced longitudinally inward from the front waist end edge **32**, and first and second laterally opposed front panel side edges **46**, **48**. The garment **20** also includes a rear panel **41** which defines a rear panel leg edge 45 spaced longitudinally inward from the rear waist end edge 36, and first and second is laterally opposed rear panel side edges 47, 49. "Longitudinally inward (or inboard)" as used to describe garment embodiments herein means in a direction longitudinally toward the central lateral axis **25**. Likewise, "laterally inward (or inboard)" as used to describe garment embodiments herein means in a direction laterally toward the central longitudinal axis **24**. The front panel **40** is longitudinally spaced apart from the rear panel **41**. The specific structures of the front and rear panels **40**, **41** are described below with respect to FIGS. **3**A-**11**B.

- (46) A pair of side seams **84**, **84** connects the front region **30** to the rear region **34**, such that the garment **20** defines a waist opening **27** and a pair of leg openings **28**. The side seams can be permanent but tearable, such as by way of adhesive, thermal, pressure, or ultrasonic bonding, or can be more readily releasable as well as refastenable, such as via the use of mechanical fastening elements.
- (47) The garment **20** may further include at least one front leg elastic member **70** disposed adjacent the front panel leg edge 44, and/or at least one rear leg elastic member 75 disposed adjacent the rear panel leg edge **45**. Such leg elastic members **70** and/or **75** help to provide additional elastic support around the leg openings **28** to enhance the fit and leakage protection of the garment **20**. Each leg elastic member **70**, **75** can comprise a single ribbon, strand, or thread (or the like) of elastic material, or each can comprise two, three, or more ribbons, strands, or threads (or the like) of elastic material. Elastic ribbons, strands, threads, and the like suitable for use in disposable absorbent garments are known in the art, one example being LYCRA brand elastic filaments, available from the Dupont Corporation. In particular embodiments, the rear leg elastic member 75 and/or the front leg elastic member **70** extends laterally across the entire garment width. In other embodiments, such as that representatively illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the rear leg elastic member 75 can comprise a pair of rear leg elastic members, such as first and second rear leg elastic members **76**, **77** positioned on opposite sides of the absorbent composite **50**. Similarly, the front leg elastic member **70** can comprise a pair of front leg elastic members, such as first and second front leg elastic members 71, 72 positioned on opposite sides of the absorbent composite 50. In preferred embodiments, such as that representatively illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, each rear leg elastic member 75 can comprise a plurality of elastomeric strands, and/or each front leg elastic member 70 can comprise a plurality of elastomeric strands.
- (48) In particular embodiments, an absorbent composite **50** is connected to and between the front panel **40** and the rear panel **41**. The absorbent composite **50** may comprise a composite structure formed of a liquid impermeable barrier layer **52** defining a width **53** and a length **51**, an absorbent body **54** comprising absorbent material, a liquid permeable liner **55**, and/or crotch elastic members **56**. As used herein, the term "absorbent material" may mean fibrous absorbent material, superabsorbent material (SAM), or a combination of both fibrous absorbent material and SAM. The absorbent body **54**, in some embodiments, may comprise a layered structure that includes multiple regions of liquid-absorbing materials such as fibrous absorbent material and/or SAM. The

absorbent body **54** defines a length **61** and a width **63**. Further description of exemplary absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure is presented below with respect to FIGS. **3-12**.

- (49) It should be understood that the exemplary pant-like garment **20** is only one possible example of an absorbent article which may be used with the described absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure. Such garments **20** as those shown in FIGS. **1** and **2** may be generally described as garments formed using a cross-machine direction (CD) manufacturing process. Alternative exemplary garments which may be used with the described absorbent bodies **54** may include those garments formed by a machine-direction (MD) manufacturing process. In general, the present disclosure is not meant to be limited to the specifically disclosed absorbent garments. Rather, the described absorbent bodies **54** may be used within any suitable chassis structure for retaining the described absorbent bodies **54** on a wearer. In even further contemplated embodiments, the described absorbent bodies **54** may not be used with any chassis structure at all. Rather, the absorbent bodies **54** may be constructed so as to be able to be placed directly in contact with a wearer's body—for example using body-adhesive disposed on a body-side surface of the absorbent bodies **54**.
- (50) FIGS. **3-12** depict exemplary cross-sections of absorbent body **54** as viewed along line **3-3** of FIG. **2**, according to aspects of the present disclosure. In general, the absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure may comprise multiple layers, including multiple, separate layers of absorbent material.
- (51) In the embodiment of FIG. 3, the exemplary absorbent body comprises both a bottom corewrap sheet 101 and a top corewrap sheet 103. The top corewrap sheet 103 may be bonded to the bottom corewrap sheet 101 by adhesive seam-beads 106. Although the top corewrap sheet 103 is shown as generally wrapping around the body 54 to bond with the bottom corewrap sheet 101, other embodiments may comprise different configurations of the bottom corewrap sheet 101 and the top corewrap sheet 103. For instance, in some embodiments, both of the bottom corewrap sheet 101 and the top corewrap sheet 103 may wrap partially around the body 54, or the bottom corewrap sheet 101 may wrap around the majority of the body 54 to bond with the top corewrap sheet 103. In still other embodiments, the body 54 may only comprise a single corewrap sheet. In such embodiments, the single corewrap sheet may wrap around the body 54 and be bonded to itself by a is single adhesive seam-bead 106. In still further of these embodiments, instead of being bonded to itself, the single corewrap sheet may wrap around the body 54, but there may be a gap between ends of the corewrap sheet thereby leaving a portion of the body 54 uncovered by the single corewrap sheet (sometimes termed a C-fold).
- (52) The bottom corewrap sheet **101** and the top corewrap sheet **103** may be formed of any suitable materials. At least the top corewrap sheet **103** may be liquid permeable and may perform well in the uptake and wicking of fluid. In some embodiments, the bottom corewrap sheet **101** may also be liquid permeable and perform well in the uptake and wicking of fluid. Although, in other embodiments, the bottom corewrap sheet **101** may be liquid impermeable to help prevent liquid from leaking out of the body **54** and/or garment **20**.
- (53) The corewrap sheets **101** and/or **103** may include natural and synthetic fibers such as, but not limited to, polyester, polypropylene, acetate, nylon, polymeric materials, cellulosic materials and combinations thereof. In various embodiments, the fluid transfer layer **84** can be hydrophilic. In various embodiments, the corewrap sheets **101** and/or **103** can be hydrophobic and can be treated in any manner known in the art to be made hydrophilic. A few exemplary suitable materials comprise tissue materials, spunbond and/or meltblown materials (e.g. spunbond-meltblown materials and spunbond-meltblown-spunbond materials), spunlace materials, HYDROKNIT® materials, which are a class of materials commercially available from Kimberly-Clark World Wide, Inc., airlaid materials, and coform materials. More specifically, the corewrap sheets **101**, **103** may be comprised of tissue materials having a basis weight of between about 10 gsm and about 30 gsm, spunlace materials having a basis weight of between about 20 gsm and about 50 gsm, Hydroknit® materials

having a basis weight of between about 20 gsm and about 50 gsm, airlaid materials having a basis weight of between about 30 gsm and about 50 gsm, and coform materials having a basis weight of between about 35 gsm and about 60 gsm. Although, these are just some examples. Other suitable materials and/or materials having basis weights different than the above identified ranges may be used in other embodiments. For example, any suitable material known to one skilled in the art may be used, and the basis weight of any materials used for the corewrap sheets **101**, **103** may be in the range of about 6 gsm to about 60 gsm.

- (54) The absorbent body **54** may be structured into a number of layers, such as layers **120**, **122**, and/or **124**. The layer **120** may be an absorbent layer and may comprise at least a portion of a first absorbent region **132** of the body **54**. The layer **122** may comprise a reinforcing material **116** disposed within the absorbent body **54** and in some embodiments may also comprise a portion of the first absorbent region **132**. The layer **124** may be a second absorbent layer and may comprise at is least a portion of a second absorbent region **134** of the absorbent body **54**. These different layers **120**, **122**, and **124** are described in more detail below.
- (55) The layer **120** may contain absorbent material to provide the absorbent body **54** with beneficial fluid uptake and storage qualities. In some embodiments, the layer **120** may be comprised substantially only of absorbent material, and substantially only of SAM in further embodiments. In the present disclosure, the phrase "substantially only" means that the described material may comprise greater than or equal to 90% of the total weight of all of the material of the layer or region. Accordingly, in the present embodiment, the layer **120** may comprise absorbent material which, when combined together, equals greater than or equal to 90% of the total weight of all of the material within the layer **120**. Where the layer **120** comprises substantially only SAM, the layer **120** may comprise an amount of SAM weighing greater than or equal to 90% of the total weight of all of the material of the layer **120**. In the example of FIG. **3**, the layer **120** is depicted as comprising SAM particles **115**, but in other embodiments the layer **120** may also comprise fibrous absorbent material, such as pulp fluff the like.
- (56) The absorbent body **54** may comprise an adhesive layer **105** disposed between the bottom corewrap sheet **101** and the layer **120**. This adhesive layer **105** may help to stabilize the absorbent material in the layer **120**. That is, the adhesive layer **105** may help to maintain the absorbent material within the layer **120** in position within the body **54**. The adhesive layer **105** may be applied according to any suitable adhesive application method known in the art such as through a spray or a slot coat or the like. Additionally, the adhesive layer may be applied according to any suitable adhesive pattern. For example, the adhesive within the adhesive layer **105** may be applied as lines, swirls, spirals, dots, as a mesh, or as any other suitable pattern. The adhesive of adhesive layer **105** may be applied at a density of between about 1.0 g/m.sup.2 and about 7.0 g/m.sup.2, or between about 2.0 g/m.sup.2 and about 6.0 g/m.sup.2, or between about 3.0 g/m.sup.2 and about 5.0 g/m.sup.2, or between about 3.0 g/m.sup.2 and about 4.0 g/m.sup.2, or between about 3.15 g/m.sup.2 and about 3.85 g/m.sup.2, or between about 3.25 g/m.sup.2 and about 3.75 g/m.sup.2, or between about 3.4 g/m.sup.2 and about 3.6 g/m.sup.2, or at any other suitable density. (57) The layer **122** is disposed adjacent the layer **120**, and may be disposed directly adjacent the layer 120 with no material in between the layers 120, 122 (such as an adhesive layer). In further embodiments, however, there may be an adhesive layer disposed between the layers 120, 122. In general, the layer **122** may comprise one or more reinforcing materials. In some embodiments, such as that shown in FIG. 3, the reinforcing material 116 may comprise a non-woven material comprised of multiple individual fibers 117, such as a spunbond material or a spunbondmeltblown-spunbond (SMS) material. In other embodiments, the nonwoven material may be a porous nonwoven material is such as a through-air bonded carded web (TABCW) or chemically bonded nonwoven materials or the like. The reinforcing material **116** may have a basis weight between about 30 gsm to about 120 gsm, or between about 35 gsm to about 110 gsm, or between about 40 gsm to about 100 gsm, or between about 40 gsm to about 90 gsm, or between about 40

gsm to about 75 gsm, or any other suitable basis weight.

- (58) In some embodiments, the layer **122** may additionally include embedded absorbent material. As used herein, the fibers **117** of the reinforcing material **116** are not considered absorbent material, regardless of the absorbent properties of the fibers **117**. For instance, in the embodiment of FIG. **3** the layer **122** comprises embedded SAM particles **115**. These SAM particles **115** may be disposed throughout the reinforcing material **116** of the layer **122** and trapped by the fibers **117**, thereby helping to stabilize the particles **115** within the reinforcing material **116**.
- (59) In embodiments where the layer **122** comprises both a reinforcing material **116** and absorbent material (such as SAM particles **115**), the layers **120** and **122** may both form the first absorbent region **132** of the body **54**. In total, the amount of absorbent material within the first absorbent region **132** may be between about 4 grams and about 12 grams. For instance, where the absorbent material disposed within the layers **120**, **122** comprises SAM particles **115**, the total weight of the SAM particles **115** disposed throughout the layer **120** and the layer **122** may be between about 4 grams and about 12 grams. Of course, the absorbent material in the layers **120**, **122** does not need to be comprised solely of SAM particles **115** in all embodiments. In further embodiments, the amount of absorbent material disposed throughout the layers **120**, **122** may be between about 5 grams and about 11 grams, or between about 6 grams and about 10 grams, or between about 7 grams and about 9 grams.
- (60) In some particular embodiments, the amount of absorbent material, by weight, disposed within the layer **122** may be greater or less than the amount of absorbent material in the layer **120**. For instance, in some embodiments, the amount of absorbent material, by weight, in the layer **122** may comprise between about 30% and about 70% of the total amount of absorbent material within the first absorbent region **132** (e.g. layers **120** and **122**). In further embodiments, the amount of absorbent material, by weight, in the layer **122** may between about 40% and about 70%, or between about 50% and about 70%, or between about 60% and about 70% of the total amount of absorbent material within the first absorbent region **132**.
- (61) In order to determine the amount of absorbent material in the different layers of the absorbent body 54, the body 54 may be deconstructed in the following manner. First, the layers 122 and 124 may be removed from the layer 120. For instance, any bonds between the bottom corewrap sheet and the top corewrap sheet 103 may be broken, and the layers 122 and 124, along with the top corewrap sheet 103 may be pulled from the layer 120. This will leave the bottom corewrap sheet 101, including the adhesive layer 105 and the layer 120 separate from the rest of the layers. Since the size and basis weight of the corewrap sheet 103 is known, a total weight of the corewrap sheet may be determined from this information. Likewise, the amount, by weight, of adhesive within adhesive layer 105 is known through process parameters used for applying the adhesive in the adhesive layer 105. Accordingly, the total amount of absorbent material, by weight, in layer 120 may be determined by weighing the bottom corewrap sheet 101, including the adhesive layer 105 and the layer 120, and subtracting the weight of the corewrap sheet 101 and the adhesive in the adhesive layer 105.
- (62) To determine the amount of absorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer 116, the reinforcement layer 116 may be removed from the top corewrap sheet 103 and the layer 124 and weighed. For instance, the reinforcement layer 116 may simply be carefully torn away from the adhesive layer 107. In such embodiments, this step can be performed over a basin to catch any loose embedded absorbent material which falls out during the tearing. Alternatively, one or more steps can be taken to deactivate the adhesive in the adhesive layer 107 to allow for easier removal of the reinforcement layer 116, for example by use of adhesive releaser or other methods known in the art. The reinforcement layer 116 may then be weighed, along with any caught loose absorbent material, to determine the overall weight of the reinforcement layer 116 and the embedded absorbent material. Since the size and basis weight of the reinforcement layer 116 may be

determined by subtracting the weight of the reinforcement layer **116** from the measured weight. (63) The amount of absorbent material disposed within the layer **124** may likewise be determined. For example, the top corewrap sheet **103** may be removed by breaking any bonds with the bottom corewrap sheet **101**. The top corewrap sheet **103** may then be peeled away exposing the layer **124**. The absorbent material within the layer **124** may be collected into a measuring basin, which can then be weighed to determine the total amount of absorbent material within the layer **124**. Further steps common in the art may be taken to separate any fibrous absorbent material from the particulate absorbent material to determine the individual weights of any these individual components. Any of the recited percentages of absorbent material, either within a given layer **120**, **122**, and **124** may be readily determined after determining the appropriate absolute weights.

- (64) The layer **124** may represent another absorbent layer comprising absorbent material. As seen in FIGS. **3-12**, the layer **124** is disposed between the top corewrap sheet **103** and the reinforcing material **116**. The layer **124** may also form the second absorbent region **134**. In some embodiments, the layer 124 may comprise substantially only fibrous absorbent material, such as absorbent fibers 113, and in some specific embodiments may be comprised 100% of fibrous absorbent material. In other embodiments, the layer 124 may comprise substantially only superabsorbent material, such as SAM particles **111**, and in some more specific embodiments may be comprised 100% of superabsorbent material. In still further embodiments, the layer **124** may comprise a mixture of both absorbent fibers 113 and SAM particles 111, as in FIGS. 3-12. In at least some of these embodiments, the SAM particles 111 and the absorbent fibers 113 may be disposed such that the layer **124** represents a relatively uniform mixture of the SAM particles **111** and the fibers **113**. (65) Where the layer 124 comprises both SAM particles 111 and absorbent fibers 113, the layer 124 may contain differing amounts of SAM particles 111 and absorbent fibers 113 in different embodiments. For example, the layer **124** may comprise anywhere between about 5% and about 95%, by weight, of superabsorbent material. That is, of the total weight of the material which comprises the layer **124**, the superabsorbent material may comprise anywhere between about 5% and about 95% of that total weight. In further embodiments, the layer **124** may comprise anywhere between about 10% and about 90%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 20% and about 90%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 30% and about 90%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 40% and about 90%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 50% and about 90%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 50% and about 85%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 50% and about 80%, by weight, of superabsorbent material, or anywhere between about 60% and about 80%, by weight, of superabsorbent material. In such embodiments where the layer **124** is comprised 100% of absorbent material, the remainder of the weight of the layer **124** may be comprised of fibrous absorbent material.
- (66) In absolute weights, the amount of superabsorbent material in the layer **124** may be between about 0 g and about 20 g, or between about 0 g and about 15 g, or between about 0 g and about 3 g and about 8 g, or between about 3 g and about 3 g and about 5 g. The absolute weight of fibrous absorbent material in the layer **124** may be between about 0 g and about 20 g, or between about 0 g and about 15 g, or between about 0 g and about 10 g, or between about 0 g and about 2 g and about 2 g and about 2 g and about 2 g and about 5 g.
- (67) Another feature of the body **54** may be the relation of the amount of absorbent material within the second absorbent region **134** to the amount of absorbent material in the first absorbent region **132**. In some embodiments, the amount of absorbent material, by weight, within the second absorbent region **134** may be between about 60% and about 140% of the amount of absorbent

- material within the first absorbent region **132**. In further embodiments, the amount of absorbent material, by weight, within the second absorbent region **134** may be between about 70% and about 130%, or between about 75% and about 125%, or between about 75% and about 115%, or between about 75% and about 110%, of the amount of absorbent material within the first absorbent region **132**. These percentages include all absorbent material within the regions **132**, **134**.
- (68) Another aspect of the body **54** may be the relation of the amount of superabsorbent material within the second absorbent region **134** to the amount of superabsorbent material in the first absorbent region **132**. In some embodiments, the amount of superabsorbent material, by weight, within the second absorbent region **134** may be between about 30% and about 70% of the amount of superabsorbent material within the first absorbent region **132**. In further embodiments, the amount of superabsorbent material, by weight, within the second absorbent region **134** may be between about 35% and about 60%, or between about 35% and about 60%, or between about 40% and about 60%, of the amount of superabsorbent material within the first absorbent region **132**. (69) In some particular embodiments, a single type of SAM may be used throughout all of the absorbent layers of the body **54**. For instance, a type of SAM having the following properties may be used in some embodiments in layers **120**, **122**, and/or **124**. Test Methods used in identifying the properties of SAM are disclosed herein further below.
- (70) TABLE-US-00001 TABLE 1 Absorbency Free Swell Gel SAM CRC Under Load Bed Permeability Vortex type (g/g) (g/g) (Darcy) (Seconds) A Between about Greater than Between about Between about 25-40 about 10 10-80 20-70
- (71) In other embodiments, two different types of SAM may be mixed together and used in layers **120**, **122**, and/or **124**. Table 2 below details two particular types of SAM and their properties which may exhibit positive performance results when mixed together and used in absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure.
- (72) TABLE-US-00002 TABLE 2 Absorbent Free Swell Gel SAM Under Load Bed Permeability Vortex type CRC (g/g) (g/g) (Darcy) (Sec) B Between about Greater than Between about Between about 25-40 about 10 10-70 30-70 C Between about Greater than Between about Between about 25-40 about 10 15-80 20-60
- (73) Table 3 details additional exemplary types of SAM and their properties which may exhibit positive performance results when used in absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosures as a mixture for use in layers **120**, **122**, and/or **124**.
- (74) TABLE-US-00003 TABLE 3 Absorbent Free Swell Gel SAM CRC Under Load Bed Permeability Vortex type (g/g) (g/g) (Darcy) (Sec) D Between about Greater than Between about Between about 28-43 about 10 5-50 20-50 E Between about Greater than Between about Between about 28-43 about 10 10-60 15-45
- (75) In still further embodiments, absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure may comprise any single one of the SAM types A, B, C, D, or E or a mixture of any of the SAM types A, B, C, D, and/or E. For example, in some embodiments, the layers **120**, **122** may comprise any one of the described SAM types A, B, C, D, or E. In the same embodiments, the layer **124** may comprise the same SAM type or any other one of the SAM types A, B, C, D, and E. In other embodiments, the layers **120**, **122** may comprise a mixture of any two of the SAM types A, B, C, D, or E or a mixture of any two of the SAM types A, B, C, D, and E. In still other embodiments, the layers **120**, **122** may comprise any one of the SAM types A, B, C, D, or E while the layer **124** comprises any two of the SAM types A, B, C, D, and E. In particular embodiments, the layers **120**, **122**, and **124** may all comprise the SAM type A. In further embodiments, the layers **120**, **122** may comprise a mixture of the SAM types D and E while the layer **126** comprises any one of the SAM types A, B, C, D, or E. Alternatively, the layer **126** may comprise a mixture of the SAME types B and C in such embodiments.
- (76) The body **54** may further comprise adhesive layers **107** and **109**. The adhesive layer **107** may

be disposed between the reinforcing material **116** and the layer **124**. The adhesive layer **109** may be disposed between the layer **124** and the top corewrap sheet **103**. In general, these adhesive layers **107**, **109** may be similar to the adhesive layer **105**, in terms of the amount and/or density of adhesive and the types of adhesives, for example.

- (77) FIGS. **4-6** are additional exemplary cross-sections of the body **54** as viewed along line **3-3** in FIG. 2, according to additional aspects of the present disclosure. The absorbent bodies 54 depicted in FIGS. **3-5** may be generally similar to those described with respect to FIG. **3**. However, the absorbent bodies **54** in the embodiments of FIGS. **3-5** may include one or more additional layers. For example, the body **54** may further comprise one or more fibrous material layers **104** and/or **108** disposed adjacent the top corewrap sheet **103** and/or the bottom corewrap sheet **101**, respectively. Where included, the fibrous material layers **104** and/or **108** may comprise any nonwoven material, such as any of those described with respect to the corewrap sheets **101**, **103**. In some specific embodiments, the fibrous material layers **104** and/or **108** may comprise an airlaid material. Such airlaid materials may have basis weights that range between about 40 gsm and about 60 gsm, or between about 45 gsm and about 55 gsm. As can be seen in FIGS. **3-5**, embodiments where the body 54 comprises one or more of the material layers 104 and/or 108, the body 54 further comprises additional adhesive layers **110** and/or **112** disposed adjacent the layers **104** and/or **108**, with the layers **104** and/or **108** disposed between the additional adhesive layers **110** and/or **112** and the top corewrap sheet **103** or the bottom corewrap sheet **101**. These adhesive layers **110** and/or **112** may be similar to the other adhesive layers **105**, **107**, and/or **109**, for example in terms of the amount and/or density of adhesive and the types of adhesives.
- (78) FIGS. **7-10** are cross-sections of the absorbent body **54** as viewed along line **3-3** of FIG. **2**, according to further aspects of the present disclosure. FIG. **7** depicts an exemplary absorbent body **54** further comprising layer **126**. The layer **126** may be yet another absorbent layer and may comprise a third absorbent region **136**. In some embodiments, the layer **126** may comprise substantially only absorbent material, and in some specific embodiments may be comprised 100% of absorbent material. Although shown as only comprising superabsorbent particles **114**, the layer **126** may comprise only fibrous absorbent material in other embodiments, and a mixture of both superabsorbent material and fibrous absorbent material in further embodiments.
- (79) The amount of absorbent material disposed within the layer **126** comprising the third absorbent region 136 may comprise between about 10% and about 40%, by weight, of the amount of absorbent material disposed within the first absorbent region **132** and the second absorbent region **134**. For example, if the amount of absorbent material disposed within the first absorbent region **132** is 8 g and the amount of absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent region **134** is 7 g, than the amount of absorbent material disposed within the third absorbent region **136** may be between about 10% and about 40% of 15 g (e.g. between about 1.5 g and about 6 g). In further embodiments, however, the amount of absorbent material disposed within the third absorbent region **136** may comprise between about 12.5% and about 35%, or between about 15% and about 30%, or between about 17.5% and about 25%, by weight, of the amount of absorbent material disposed within the first absorbent region 132 and the second absorbent region 134. (80) The FIGS. **8-10** illustrate further embodiments of the absorbent body **54** which include the layer **126** and one or more additional fibrous material layers **104** and/or **108**. For instance, FIG. **8** depicts an embodiment where the absorbent body **54** comprises both the layer **126** and the bottom fibrous material layer **108**. FIG. **9** depicts an embodiment where the absorbent body **54** comprises both the layer **126** and the top fibrous material layer **104**. FIG. **10** depicts an embodiment where the absorbent body **54** comprises all of the layer **126**, the top fibrous material layer **104**, and the fibrous bottom material layer **108**. In the embodiments of FIGS. **9** and **10**, an additional adhesive layer, adhesive layer **118**, is further depicted. This additional adhesive layer **118** is disposed between layer **126** and the top fibrous material layer **104**, while the adhesive layer **110** separates the layer **126** and

the absorbent layer **124** comprising the reinforcing material **116** in these embodiments.

- (81) FIGS. 11 and 12 are cross-sections of the absorbent body 54 as viewed along line 3-3 of FIG. 2 depicting still further embodiments according to the present disclosure. In the embodiment of FIG. 11, the absorbent body 54 comprises a channel 140 having a lower absorbent material content than surrounding regions, such as regions 148 and 149. It should be understood that the regions 148, 149 correspond to regions of the absorbent body 54 disposed within the same layer or layers as the channel 140. If the channel 140 is disposed only within the layer 122, than the regions 148, 149 correspond to regions of the layer 122. Where the channel 140 is disposed through both of the layers 122 and 124, then the regions 148, 149 correspond to regions extending through both of the layers 122, 124. The channel 140 is further shown in FIG. 11 as extending through both of the layers 122, 124. However, in some embodiments, the channel 140 may only extend through the layer 122.
- (82) As shown, the channel **140** may have a channel width **141** that extends in the lateral direction **22**. In some embodiments, the channel width **141** may be between about 5% and about 40% of the overall absorbent body width **63**. In further embodiments, the channel width **141** may be between about 5% and about 35%, or be between about 5% and about 30%, or be between about 5% and about 25%, or be between about 5% and about 15%, or be between about 5% and about 10% of the overall absorbent body width **63**.
- (83) The channel **140** may further have a longitudinal length (not shown) which extends in the longitudinal direction **23**. In some embodiments, the longitudinal length of the channel **140** may equal a longitudinal length **61** of the absorbent body **54**. However, in other embodiments, the longitudinal length of the channel **140** may only be between about 25% to about 90% of the longitudinal length **61** of the absorbent body **54**. In still further embodiments, the longitudinal length of the channel 140 may be between about 25% and about 80%, or between about 30% and about 80%, or between about 30% and about 75%, or between about 30% and about 70%, or between about 35% and about 65% of the longitudinal length **61** of the absorbent body **54**. (84) In particular embodiments, there may be substantially no absorbent material disposed within the channel **140**. In other embodiments, however, the channel **140** may have a relatively lesser amount of absorbent material disposed within the channel **140** than in the regions outside of the channel, e.g. the regions 148, 149. For example, the amount of absorbent material within the channel **140** may be between about 0.5% and about 10%, by weight, of the amount of absorbent material disposed within the regions **148**, **149**. As one example, channel **140** extends through both of the layers 120 and 122, and each of the regions 148, 149 comprises absorbent material having a combined weight of 7 g, then the total amount of absorbent material disposed within the channel **140** may be between about 0.035 g and about 0.7 g.
- (85) FIG. 12 depicts a further example embodiment of the absorbent body 54 including both a first channel 140 and a second channel 144, and a further central region 147. In general, the second channel 144 may be similar in any respect to those features described above for the channel 140. As one example, the second channel 144 may have a second channel width 145, and the second channel 145 may be similar to the widths described with respect to channel width 144. Additionally, the amount of any absorbent material disposed within the second channel 144 may be similar to that described with respect to the channel 140.
- (86) FIG. 13 is a schematic depiction of a method 200 of manufacturing the absorbent bodies 54 of the present disclosure. In a first step, a bottom corewrap sheet 201 may be unwound from a spool of material. The bottom corewrap sheet 201 may correspond to the bottom corewrap sheet 101 is described previously with respect to the absorbent bodies 54 of the present disclosure. A first adhesive 205 may be applied to the bottom corewrap sheet 201 by adhesive applicator 210 forming a first adhesive layer on the bottom corewrap sheet 201. The adhesive 205 forming the first adhesive layer may correspond to the adhesive 105 described previously. For instance, adhesive 205 may be applied in any manner, pattern, and/or basis weights described with respect to the adhesive 105.

(87) A reinforcing material **202** may also be unwound from a spool and may further be coupled to the bottom corewrap sheet **201**, with the adhesive **205** sandwiched between the bottom corewrap sheet **201** and the reinforcing material **202**. The reinforcing material **202** may correspond to the reinforcing material **116** described above. Although shown as being applied to the bottom corewrap sheet **201** in FIG. **13** (and in FIG. **14**), in alternative embodiments, the adhesive **205** may be applied to the reinforcing material **202** on the side of the reinforcing material **202** disposed adjacent the bottom corewrap sheet **201** when the sheet **201** and the material **202** are brought together. (88) Next, the combined bottom corewrap sheet **201** and reinforcing material **202** are transported to a vacuum conveyer **240**, through which air is drawn through the bottom corewrap sheet **201** and the reinforcing material **202** and into the vacuum conveyer **240**. While the bottom corewrap sheet **201** and the reinforcing material **202** are disposed over the vacuum conveyer **240**, superabsorbent material may be dispersed over and onto the reinforcing material **202**. For example, the superabsorbent material may be stored in a hopper 215 and may be dispensed through conduit 216 to the reinforcing material **202**. In some embodiments, the superabsorbent material is dispensed in a metered fashion such that a designated amount of superabsorbent material is deposited onto the reinforcing material **202**. In different embodiments, the amount of superabsorbent material deposited onto the reinforcing material **202** may coincide with the amount of superabsorbent material contained within the layers **120**, **122** of the absorbent bodies **54** described above. (89) The bottom corewrap sheet **201**, reinforcing material **202**, and deposited superabsorbent material are then transported to a second vacuum conveyer **242**—although the use of one or more vacuum conveyers should not be construed as a limiting feature of the method 200. A second adhesive **207** is then applied to the reinforcing material **202** by adhesive applicator **211**, on the same side of the reinforcing material **202** to which the superabsorbent material was deposited to form a partial core assembly of the bottom corewrap sheet **201**, adhesive **205**, reinforcing material **202**, deposited superabsorbent material, and adhesive **207**. The adhesive **207** may form a second adhesive layer, which may correspond to the adhesive layer **107** described previously. (90) This partial core assembly is then moved through a forming chamber **230**. Inside the is forming chamber 230 absorbent material is deposited onto a forming drum 228, which rotates in the direction of arrow **229**. The forming drum **228** may be connected to a vacuum source drawing air through the drum, thereby helping the deposition of absorbent material onto the drum 228. The absorbent material deposited onto the forming drum 228 corresponds to the absorbent material that forms the layer **124** of the absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure. In the embodiment of FIG. **13**, the absorbent material within the forming chamber **230** comprises both fibrous absorbent material **222** and particulate superabsorbent material **224**. The fibrous absorbent material **222** is supplied by fiberizer **220**, while the particulate superabsorbent material **224** is supplied by hopper 217 and is transported to the chamber 230 through the conduit 218. The amounts of fibrous absorbent material supplied by the fiberizer 220 and of particulate superabsorbent material 224 supplied by the hopper **217** to the chamber **230** may be metered so as to deposit a designated amount of the materials 222, 224 onto the forming drum 228. In different embodiments, the amounts of materials 222, 224 that are deposited onto the forming drum 228 may correspond to the amounts of fibrous and/or particulate absorbent materials disposed within the layer **124** of the absorbent bodies described previously.

(91) It should be understood that although FIGS. **13** and **14** depict both fibrous absorbent material **222** and particulate superabsorbent material **224** combined and deposited onto the drum **228**, in other embodiments the absorbent material deposited onto the drum **228** may comprise only one of fibrous absorbent material and particulate superabsorbent material. For instance, embodiments of absorbent bodies **54** described previously included embodiments where the layer **124** only comprised fibrous absorbent material and embodiments where the layer **124** only comprise particulate superabsorbent material. Where chamber **230** includes both fibrous absorbent material **222** and particulate superabsorbent material **224**, the airflow within the forming chamber **230** may

be sufficient to mix the fibrous absorbent material **222** and particulate superabsorbent material **224** together, as indicated in region **226** of the chamber **230**, such that the materials **222**, **224** deposit onto the drum **228** as a substantially uniform mixture.

- (92) As the surface of the forming drum **228** comes in proximity to the partial core assembly disposed on the vacuum conveyer **242**, the absorbent material that was deposited onto the drum **228** is separated from the drum **228** and coupled to the adhesive **207** disposed on the reinforcing material **202**. For example, the drum **228** may be designed such that airflow through the drum is blocked in the region of the drum proximate the vacuum conveyer **242**. This may be enough for the deposited absorbent material to separate from the drum **228** and couple to the partial core assembly. In other embodiments, the drum **228** may blow air out through the drum surface, thereby forcing the is deposited absorbent material off of the drum surface.
- (93) Next, the partial core assembly, including the deposited absorbent material, is coupled to the top corewrap sheet **203**, which may be unwound from a spool. In the embodiments of FIGS. **13** and **14**, a third adhesive **209** is applied by adhesive applicator **212** to the top corewrap sheet **203** before the top corewrap sheet **203** is brought onto the partial core assembly. This third adhesive **209** may form an adhesive layer which may correspond to the adhesive layer **109**. As can be seen, the third adhesive **209** is applied to the top corewrap sheet **203** such that the third adhesive is disposed between the top corewrap sheet **203** and the partial core assembly. However, in other embodiments, the third adhesive **209** may be applied directly to the partial core assembly, instead of to the top corewrap sheet **203**, before the top corewrap sheet **203** is applied to the partial core assembly. (94) FIG. **14** is a schematic depiction of an alternative method **200**′ of manufacturing the absorbent bodies **54** of the present disclosure. The method **200**′ is similar to the method **200**, except that method **200**′ includes applying particulate superabsorbent material to the reinforcing material **202** in a different manner. As can be seen in FIG. 13, the method 200 describes applying particulate superabsorbent material to the reinforcing layer **202** at a side disposed away from the bottom corewrap sheet **201**. In contrast, the method **200**' further comprises an additional vacuum conveyer **246** and web handling components **204**. The method comprises moving the reinforcing layer to the vacuum conveyer **246** without the bottom corewrap sheet **201** and depositing particulate superabsorbent material onto the reinforcing layer **202** while the reinforcing layer **202** is disposed over the vacuum conveyer **246**. Once the particulate superabsorbent material has been deposited onto the reinforcing layer **202**, then the bottom corewrap sheet **201** and the reinforcing layer **202**. are brought together. Notably, the method **200**′ shows applying the particulate superabsorbent material to the side of the reinforcing layer **202** that is disposed adjacent the bottom corewrap sheet **201**, whereas the method **200** shows applying the particulate superabsorbent material to the side of the reinforcing layer **202** disposed away from the bottom corewrap sheet **201**.
- (95) Of course, the methods **200** and/or **200**′ may be modified in one or more ways to incorporation application of one or more additional layers of absorbent material, web material, and/or adhesive. For instance, FIGS. **4-10** depict embodiments of absorbent body **54** where the absorbent body includes additional layers such as layers material layers **104**, **108** and/or absorbent material layer **126** with one or more of adhesive layers **110**, **112**, **118**. Accordingly, alternative contemplated methods to methods **200**, **200**′ include application of layers **110**, **112**, and/or **126** with one or more of adhesive layers **110**, **112**, **118** as appropriate to form the described absorbent bodies **54**. (96) Centrifuge Retention Capacity Test (CRC)
- (97) The CRC Test measures the ability of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to retain liquid therein after being saturated and subjected to centrifugation under controlled conditions. The resultant retention capacity is stated as grams of liquid retained per gram weight of the sample, (g/g). The CRC Test can be performed either before or after subjecting the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to a Processing Test, as set forth herein. The sample to be tested is prepared from particles that are pre-screened through a U.S. standard 30-mesh screen and retained on a U.S. standard 50-mesh screen. As a result, the particulate superabsorbent polymer

composition sample comprises particles sized in the range of about 300 to about 600 microns. The particles can be pre-screened by hand or automatically.

(98) The retention capacity is measured by placing about 0.20 grams of the pre-screened particulate superabsorbent polymer composition sample into a water-permeable bag that will contain the sample while allowing a test solution (0.9 weight percent sodium chloride in distilled water) to be freely absorbed by the sample. A heat-sealable tea bag material, such as that available from Dexter Corporation (having a place of business in Windsor Locks, Connecticut, U.S.A.) as model designation 1234T heat sealable filter paper works well for most applications. The bag is formed by folding a 5-inch by 3-inch sample of the bag material in half and heat-sealing two of the open edges to form a 2.5-inch by 3-inch rectangular pouch. The heat seals are about 0.25 inches inside the edge of the material. After the sample is placed in the pouch, the remaining open edge of the pouch is also heat-sealed. Empty bags are also made to serve as controls. Three samples are prepared for each particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to be tested.

(99) The sealed bags are submerged in a pan containing the test solution at about 23° C., making sure that the bags are held down until they are completely wetted. After wetting, the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition samples remain in the solution for about 30 minutes, at which time they are removed from the solution and temporarily laid on a non-absorbent flat surface. (100) The wet bags are then placed into the basket wherein the wet bags are separated from each other and are placed at the outer circumferential edge of the basket, wherein the basket is of a suitable centrifuge capable of subjecting the samples to a g-force of about 350. One suitable centrifuge is a CLAY ADAMS DYNAC II, model #0103, having a water collection basket, a digital rpm gauge, and a machined drainage basket adapted to hold and drain the flat bag samples. Where multiple samples are centrifuged, the samples are placed in opposing positions within the centrifuge to balance the basket when spinning. The bags (including the wet, empty bags) are centrifuged at is about 1,600 rpm (e.g., to achieve a target g-force of about 350 g force with a variance from about 240 to about 360 g force), for 3 minutes. G force is defined as an unit of inertial force on a body that is subjected to rapid acceleration or gravity, equal to 32 ft/sec.sup.2 at sea level. The bags are removed and weighed, with the empty bags (controls) being weighed first, followed by the bags containing the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition samples. The amount of solution retained by the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition sample, taking into account the solution retained by the bag itself, is the centrifuge retention capacity (CRC) of the superabsorbent polymer, expressed as grams of fluid per gram of superabsorbent polymer. More particularly, the retention capacity is determined by the following equation:

- (102) The three samples are tested, and the results are averaged to determine the CRC of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition.
- (103) CRC(rt, 0.5 hr) is measured with a testing temperature of about 23° C. (room temperature) and a testing time of 0.5 hour.
- (104) CRC(bt, 5 hr) is measured with a testing temperature of about 37° C. (body temperature) and a testing time of 5 hours.
- (105) Absorbency Under Load Test (AUL(0.9 psi))
- (106) The Absorbency Under Load (AUL) Test measures the ability of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to absorb a 0.9 weight percent solution of sodium chloride in distilled water at room temperature (test solution) while the material is under a 0.9 psi load. The apparatus for testing AUL consists of: An AUL assembly including a cylinder, a 4.4 g piston, and a standard 317 gm weight. The components of this assembly are described in additional detail below. A flat-bottomed square plastic tray that is sufficiently broad to allow the glass frits to lay on the bottom without contact with the tray walls. A plastic tray that is 9" by 9"(22.9 cm×22.9 cm), with a

depth of 0.5 to 1" (1.3 cm to 2.5 cm) is commonly used for this test method. A 9 cm diameter sintered glass frit with a 'C' porosity (25-50 microns). This frit is prepared in advance through equilibration in saline (0.9% sodium chloride in distilled water, by weight). In addition to being washed with at least two portions of fresh saline, the frit must be immersed in saline for at least 12 hours prior to AUL measurements. Whatman Grade 1, 9 cm diameter filter paper circles. A supply of saline (0.9% sodium chloride in distilled water, by weight).

- (107) Referring to FIG. **5**, the cylinder **412** of the AUL assembly **400** used to contain the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition **410** is made from one-inch (2.54 cm) inside diameter thermoplastic tubing machined-out slightly to be sure of concentricity. After machining, a 400 mesh stainless steel wire cloth **414** is attached to the bottom of the cylinder **412** by heating the steel wire cloth **414** in a flame until red hot, after which the cylinder **412** is held onto the steel wire cloth until cooled. A soldering iron can be utilized to touch up the seal if unsuccessful or if it breaks. Care must be taken to maintain a flat smooth bottom and not distort the inside of the cylinder **412**. (108) The 4.4 g piston (**416**) is made from one-inch diameter solid material (e.g., PLEXIGLAS®) and is machined to closely fit without binding in the cylinder **412**.
- (109) A standard 317 gm weight **418** is used to provide a 62,053 dyne/cm.sup.2 (about 0.9 psi) restraining load. The weight is a cylindrical, 1 inch (2.5 cm) diameter, stainless steel weight that is machined to closely fit without binding in the cylinder.
- (110) Unless specified otherwise, a sample **410** corresponding to a layer of at least about 300 gsm. (0.16 g) of superabsorbent polymer composition particles is utilized for testing the AUL. The sample **410** is taken from superabsorbent polymer composition particles that are pre-screened through U.S. standard #30 mesh and retained on U.S. std. #50 mesh. The superabsorbent polymer composition particles can be pre-screened with, for example, a RO-TAP® Mechanical Sieve Shaker Model B available from W. S. Tyler, Inc., Mentor Ohio. Sieving is conducted for about 10 minutes.
- (111) The inside of the cylinder **412** is wiped with an antistatic cloth prior to placing the superabsorbent polymer composition particles **410** into the cylinder **412**.
- (112) The desired amount of the sample of sieved particulate superabsorbent polymer composition **410** (about 0.16 g) is weighed out on a weigh paper and evenly distributed on the wire cloth **414** at the bottom of the cylinder **412**. The weight of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition in the bottom of the cylinder is recorded as 'SA,' for use in the AUL calculation described below. Care is taken to be sure no particulate superabsorbent polymer composition cling to the wall of the cylinder. After carefully placing the 4.4 g piston **412** and 317 g weight **418** on the superabsorbent is polymer composition particles **410** in the cylinder **412**, the AUL assembly **400** including the cylinder, piston, weight, and particulate superabsorbent polymer composition particles is weighed, and the weight is recorded as weight 'A'.
- (113) A sintered glass frit **424** (described above) is placed in the plastic tray **420**, with saline **422** added to a level equal to that of the upper surface of the glass frit **424**. A single circle of filter paper **426** is placed gently on the glass frit **424**, and the AUL assembly **400** with the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition **410** is then placed on top of the filter paper **426**. The AUL assembly **400** is then allowed to remain on top of the filter paper **426** for a test period of one hour, with attention paid to keeping the saline level in the tray constant. At the end of the one hour test period, the AUL apparatus is then weighed, with this value recorded as weight 'B.'
- (114) The AUL(0.9 psi) is calculated as follows:
- AUL(0.9 psi)=(B-A)/SA
- (115) wherein A=Weight of AUL Unit with dry SAP B=Weight of AUL Unit with SAP after 60 minutes absorption SA=Actual SAP weight
- (116) A minimum of two tests is performed and the results are averaged to determine the AUL value under 0.9 psi load. The particulate superabsorbent polymer composition samples are tested at about 23° C. and about 50% relative humidity.

(117) Free-Swell Gel Bed Permeability Test (FSGBP)

(118) As used herein, the Free-Swell Gel Bed Permeability Test, also referred to as the Gel Bed Permeability Under 0 psi Swell Pressure Test (FSGBP), determines the permeability of a swollen bed of gel particles (e.g., such as the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition, or the particulate superabsorbent polymer prior to being surface treated), under what is commonly referred to as "free swell" conditions. The term "free swell" means that the gel particles are allowed to swell without a restraining load upon absorbing test solution as will be described. A suitable apparatus for conducting the Gel Bed Permeability Test is shown in FIGS. 2, 3, and 4 and indicated generally as 500. The test apparatus assembly 528 comprises a sample container, generally indicated at 530, and a plunger, generally indicated at 536. The plunger comprises a shaft 538 having a cylinder hole is bored down the longitudinal axis and a head 550 positioned at the bottom of the shaft. The shaft hole 562 has a diameter of about 16 mm. The plunger head is attached to the shaft, such as by adhesion. Twelve holes 544 are bored into the radial axis of the shaft, three positioned at every 90 degrees having diameters of about 6.4 mm. The shaft 538 is machined from a LEXAN rod or equivalent material and has an outer diameter of about 2.2 cm and an inner diameter of about 16 mm.

(119) The plunger head **550** has a concentric inner ring of seven holes **560** and an outer ring of 14 holes **554**, all holes having a diameter of about 8.8 millimeters as well as a hole of about 16 mm aligned with the shaft. The plunger head **550** is machined from a LEXAN rod or equivalent material and has a height of approximately 16 mm and a diameter sized such that it fits within the cylinder **534** with minimum wall clearance but still slides freely. The total length of the plunger head **550** and shaft **538** is about 8.25 cm, but can be machined at the top of the shaft to obtain the desired mass of the plunger **536**. The plunger **536** comprises a 100 mesh stainless steel cloth screen **564** that is biaxially stretched to tautness and attached to the lower end of the plunger **536**. The screen is attached to the plunger head **550** using an appropriate solvent that causes the screen to be securely adhered to the plunger head **550**. Care must be taken to avoid excess solvent migrating into the open portions of the screen and reducing the open area for liquid flow. Acrylic adhesive, Weld-On #4, from IPS Corporation (having a place of business in Gardena, California, USA) is a suitable adhesive.

(120) The sample container **530** comprises a cylinder **534** and a 400 mesh stainless steel cloth screen **566** that is biaxially stretched to tautness and attached to the lower end of the cylinder **534**. The screen is attached to the cylinder using an appropriate solvent that causes the screen to be securely adhered to the cylinder. Care must be taken to avoid excess solvent migrating into the open portions of the screen and reducing the open area for liquid flow. Acrylic adhesive, Weld-On #4, from IPS Corporation is a suitable adhesive. A gel particle sample, indicated as **568** in FIG. **3**, is supported on the screen **566** within the cylinder **534** during testing.

(121) The cylinder **534** may be bored from a transparent LEXAN rod or equivalent material, or it may be cut from a LEXAN tubing or equivalent material, and has an inner diameter of about 6 cm (e.g., a cross-sectional area of about 28.27 cm.sup.2), a wall thickness of about 0.5 cm and a height of approximately 7.95 cm. A step is machined into the outer diameter of the cylinder **534** such that a region **534***a* with an outer diameter of 66 mm exists for the bottom 31 mm of the cylinder **534**. An o-ring **540** which fits the diameter of region **534***a* may be placed at the top of the step. (122) The annular weight **548** has a counter-bored hole about 2.2 cm in diameter and 1.3 cm deep so that it slips freely onto the shaft **538**. The annular weight also has a thru-bore **548***a* of about 16 mm. The annular weight **548** can be made from stainless steel or from other suitable materials resistant to corrosion in the presence of the test solution, which is 0.9 weight percent sodium chloride solution in distilled water. The combined weight of the plunger **536** and annular weight **548** equals approximately 596 grams (g), which corresponds to a pressure applied to the sample **568** of about 0.3 pounds per square inch (psi), or about 20.7 dynes/cm.sup.2 (2.07 kPa), over a sample area of about 28.27 cm.sup.2.

(123) When the test solution flows through the test apparatus during testing as described below, the sample container **530** generally rests on a weir **600**. The purpose of the weir is to divert liquid that overflows the top of the sample container **530** and diverts the overflow liquid to a separate collection device **601**. The weir can be positioned above a scale **602** with a beaker **603** resting on it to collect saline solution passing through the swollen sample **568**.

(124) To conduct the Gel Bed Permeability Test under "free swell" conditions, the plunger **536**, with the weight **548** seated thereon, is placed in an empty sample container **530** and the height from the top of the weight **548** to the bottom of the sample container **530** is measured using a suitable gauge accurate to 0.01 mm. The force the thickness gauge applies during measurement should be as low as possible, preferably less than about 0.74 Newtons. It is important to measure the height of each empty sample container 530, plunger 536, and weight 548 combination and to keep track of which plunger **536** and weight **548** is used when using multiple test apparatus. The same plunger **536** and weight **548** should be used for measurement when the sample **568** is later swollen following saturation. It is also desirable that the base that the sample cup **530** is resting on is level, and the top surface of the weight **548** is parallel to the bottom surface of the sample cup **530**. (125) The sample to be tested is prepared from the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition, which is prescreened through a U.S. standard 30 mesh screen and retained on a U.S. standard 50 mesh screen. As a result, the test sample comprises particles sized in the range of about 300 to about 600 microns. The superabsorbent polymer particles can be pre-screened with, for example, a RO-TAP Mechanical Sieve Shaker Model B available from W. S. Tyler, Inc., Mentor Ohio. Sieving is conducted for 10 minutes. Approximately 2.0 grams of the sample is placed in the sample container **530** and spread out evenly on the bottom of the sample container. The container, with 2.0 grams of sample in it, without the plunger 536 and weight 548 therein, is then submerged in the 0.9% saline solution for a time period of about 60 minutes to saturate the sample and allow the sample to is swell free of any restraining load. During saturation, the sample cup **530** is set on a mesh located in the liquid reservoir so that the sample cup **530** is raised slightly above the bottom of the liquid reservoir. The mesh does not inhibit the flow of saline solution into the sample cup **530**. A suitable mesh can be obtained as part number 7308 from Eagle Supply and Plastic, having a place of business in Appleton, Wisconsin, U.S.A. Saline does not fully cover the superabsorbent polymer composition particles, as would be evidenced by a perfectly flat saline surface in the test cell. Also, saline depth is not allowed to fall so low that the surface within the cell is defined solely by swollen superabsorbent, rather than saline.

(126) At the end of this period, the plunger **536** and weight **548** assembly is placed on the saturated sample **568** in the sample container **530** and then the sample container **530**, plunger **536**, weight **548**, and sample **568** are removed from the solution. After removal and before being measured, the sample container **530**, plunger **536**, weight **548**, and sample **568** are to remain at rest for about 30 seconds on a suitable flat, large grid non-deformable plate of uniform thickness. The thickness of the saturated sample **568** is determined by again measuring the height from the top of the weight **548** to the bottom of the sample container **530**, using the same thickness gauge used previously provided that the zero point is unchanged from the initial height measurement. The sample container 530, plunger 536, weight 548, and sample 568 may be placed on a flat, large grid nondeformable plate of uniform thickness that will provide for drainage. The plate has an overall dimension of 7.6 cm by 7.6 cm, and each grid has a cell size dimension of 1.59 cm long by 1.59 cm wide by 1.12 cm deep. A suitable flat, large grid non-deformable plate material is a parabolic diffuser panel, catalogue number 1624K27, available from McMaster Carr Supply Company, having a place of business in Chicago, Illinois, U.S.A., which can then be cut to the proper dimensions. This flat, large mesh non-deformable plate must also be present when measuring the height of the initial empty assembly. The height measurement should be made as soon as practicable after the thickness gauge is engaged. The height measurement obtained from measuring the empty sample container 530, plunger 536, and weight 548 is subtracted from the height

measurement obtained after saturating the sample **568**. The resulting value is the thickness, or height "H" of the swollen sample.

(127) The permeability measurement is initiated by delivering a flow of the 0.9% saline solution into the sample container **530** with the saturated sample **568**, plunger **536**, and weight **548** inside. The flow rate of test solution into the container is adjusted to cause saline solution to overflow the top of the cylinder **534** thereby resulting in a consistent head pressure equal to the height of the sample container **530**. The test solution may be added by any suitable means that is sufficient to ensure a small, but consistent amount of overflow from the top of the cylinder, such as with a metering pump **604**. The overflow liquid is diverted into a separate collection device **601**. The quantity of solution passing through the sample **568** versus time is measured gravimetrically using the scale **602** and beaker **603**. Data points from the scale **602** are collected every second for at least sixty seconds once the overflow has begun. Data collection may be taken manually or with data collection software.

(128) The flow rate, Q, through the swollen sample **568** is determined in units of grams/second (g/s) by a linear least-square fit of fluid passing through the sample **568** (in grams) versus time (in seconds).

(129) Permeability in cm.sup.2 is obtained by the following equation:

 $K = [Q*H*\mu]/[A*\rho*P]$

- (130) where K=Permeability (cm.sup.2), Q=flow rate (g/sec), H=height of swollen sample (cm), μ =liquid viscosity (poise) (approximately one centipoise for the test solution used with this Test), A=cross-sectional area for liquid flow (28.27 cm.sup.2 for the sample container used with this Test), ρ =liquid density (g/cm.sup.3) (approximately one g/cm.sup.3, for the test solution used with this Test) and P=hydrostatic pressure (dynes/cm.sup.2) (normally approximately 7,797 dynes/cm.sup.2). The hydrostatic pressure is calculated from P= ρ *g*h, where ρ =liquid density (g/cm.sup.3), g=gravitational acceleration, nominally 981 cm/sect, and h=fluid height, e.g., 7.95 cm for the Gel Bed Permeability Test described herein.
- (131) A minimum of two samples is tested and the results are averaged to determine the gel bed permeability of the sample of particulate superabsorbent polymer composition.
- (132) The FSGBP can be measured as described herein prior to subjecting a particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to a Processing Test as described herein. Such a FSGBP value can be referred to as the "original" FSGBP of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition. The FSGBP may also be measured subsequent to subjecting the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition to the Processing Test. Such a FSGBP value can be referred to as the "post processing" FSGBP. Comparing the original FSGBP of a particulate superabsorbent polymer composition with the post processing FSGBP of the particulate superabsorbent polymer composition can be used as a measure of the stability of the composition. It should be noted that all "original" and "post processing" FSGBP values reported herein were measured using a sample of pre-screened 300 to 600 μ m particles.
- (133) The Vortex Test
- (134) The Vortex Test measures the amount of time in seconds required for 2 grams of a SAP to close a vortex created by stirring 50 milliliters of saline solution at 600 revolutions per minute on a magnetic stir plate. The time it takes for the vortex to close is an indication of the free swell absorbing rate of the SAP.
- (135) Equipment and Materials
- (136) 1. Schott Duran 100 ml Beaker and 50 ml graduated cylinder. 2. Programmable magnetic stir plate, capable of providing 600 revolutions per minute (such as that commercially available from PMC Industries, under the trade designation Dataplate® Model #721). 3. Magnetic stir bar without rings, 7.9 millimeters.times.32 millimeters, Teflon® covered (such as that commercially available from Baxter Diagnostics, under the trade designation S/PRIM. brand single pack round stirring bars with removable pivot ring). 4. Stopwatch 5. Balance, accurate to +/-0.01 g 6. Saline solution, 0.87

w/w % Blood Bank Saline available from Baxter Diagnostics (considered, for the purposes of this application to be the equivalent of 0.9 wt. % saline 7. Weighing paper 8. Room with standard condition atmosphere: Temp=23° C.+1-1° C. and Relative Humidity=50%+1-2%. Test Procedure 1. Measure 50 ml+/-0.01 ml of saline solution into the 100 ml beaker. 2. Place the magnetic stir bar into the beaker. 3. Program the magnetic stir plate to 600 revolutions per minute. 4. Place the beaker on the center of the magnetic stir plate such that the magnetic stir bar is activated. The bottom of the vortex should be near the top of the stir bar. 5. Weigh out 2g+/-0.01 g of the SAP to be tested on weighing paper. NOTE: The SAP is tested as received (i.e. as it would go into an absorbent composite such as those described herein). No screening to a specific particle size is done, though the particle size is known to have an effect on this test. 6. While the saline solution is being stirred, quickly pour the SAP to be tested into the saline solution and start the stopwatch. The SAP to be tested should be added to the saline solution between the is center of the vortex and the side of the beaker. 7. Stop the stopwatch when the surface of the saline solution becomes flat and record the time. 8. The time, recorded in seconds, is reported as the Vortex Time. (137) Those skilled in the art will recognize that the present disclosure may be manifested in a variety of forms other than the specific embodiments described and contemplated herein. Accordingly, departure in form and detail may be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the present disclosure as described in the appended claims.

Claims

- 1. An absorbent product comprising: a liquid permeable bodyside liner; a liquid impermeable barrier layer; and an absorbent body positioned between the liquid permeable bodyside and the liquid impermeable barrier layer, the absorbent body comprising: a top nonwoven layer comprising synthetic fibers forming a liquid permeable web material; a bottom nonwoven layer comprising synthetic fibers forming a web material; a fibrous nonwoven through-air-bonded-carded web (TABCW) reinforcement layer disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer where the top layer and the bottom layer are bonded directly together and enclose the reinforcement layer, the reinforcement layer having absorbent material embedded within fibers of the reinforcement layer; a first absorbent layer disposed between the reinforcement layer and the bottom layer, the first absorbent layer comprising absorbent material which comprises substantially only superabsorbent material; a second absorbent layer disposed between the top layer and the reinforcement layer, the second absorbent layer comprising a mixed layer of superabsorbent material and fibrous absorbent material; and adhesive disposed between the top layer and the second absorbent layer, between the second absorbent layer and the reinforcement layer, and between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.
- 2. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the absorbent material of the second absorbent layer comprises substantially only fibrous absorbent material.
- 3. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the absorbent material of the second absorbent layer comprises substantially only superabsorbent material.
- 4. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer comprises between about 50% and about 80%, by weight, of superabsorbent material.
- 5. The absorbent body of claim 4, wherein the absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer comprises a mixture of superabsorbent material and fibrous absorbent material, and wherein the mixture comprises a substantially uniform distribution of the superabsorbent material and the fibrous absorbent material.
- 6. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer comprises between about 50% and about 80%, by weight, of the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and the superabsorbent material

disposed within the first absorbent layer.

- 7. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer comprises between about 50% and about 65%, by weight, of the superabsorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and the superabsorbent material disposed within the first absorbent layer.
- 8. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein a total weight of absorbent material disposed within the second absorbent layer is between about 5 g and about 20 g.
- 9. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein a total weight of absorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and disposed within the first absorbent layer is between about 5 g and about 15 g.
- 10. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the total amount of absorbent material embedded within the reinforcement layer and disposed within the first absorbent layer is between about 50% and about 60%, by weight, of the total amount of absorbent material disposed within the first absorbent layer, the second absorbent layer, and embedded within the reinforcement layer.
- 11. The absorbent body of claim 1, further comprising an airlaid paper layer disposed between the second absorbent layer and the liquid permeable top-layer.
- 12. The absorbent body of claim 1, further comprising an airlaid paper layer disposed between the first absorbent layer and the bottom layer.
- 13. The absorbent body of claim 1, further comprising a third absorbent layer, wherein: the third absorbent layer is disposed between the second absorbent layer and the top layer, and the third absorbent layer comprises absorbent material comprising substantially only superabsorbent material.
- 14. The absorbent body of claim 1, wherein the first absorbent layer comprises at least one channel region and a plurality of non-channel regions, and wherein an absorbent material content of the non-channel regions is greater than an absorbent material content of the at least one channel region.