

US Patent & Trademark Office

Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent	12391210
Kind Code	B2
Date of Patent	August 19, 2025
Inventor(s)	Gasthaus; Thomas

Belt retractor

Abstract

The present invention relates to a belt retractor for a safety belt device, comprising a shaft for winding a belt, a frame, an opening in the frame, wherein the shaft extends through the opening, a locking element, and an internal tothing, wherein the locking element engages in the internal tothing to prevent the shaft from rotating in a direction of rotation, wherein the internal tothing is formed in a plate, and the plate is fastened to the frame, without a form-fitting connection with an inner contour of the opening.

Inventors:	Gasthaus; Thomas (Hamburg, DE)
Applicant:	Autoliv Development AB (Vargarda, SE)
Family ID:	1000008764982
Assignee:	AUTOLIV DEVELOPMENT AB (Vargarda, SE)
Appl. No.:	18/160788
Filed:	January 27, 2023

Prior Publication Data

Document Identifier	Publication Date
US 20230242068 A1	Aug. 03, 2023

Foreign Application Priority Data

DE	102022102524.1	Feb. 03, 2022
----	----------------	---------------

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: B60R22/34 (20060101); B60R22/46 (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

Field of Classification Search

CPC: B60R (22/34); B60R (22/46); B60R (22/4628); B60R (22/4633)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Issued Date	Patentee Name	U.S. Cl.	CPC
7832768	12/2009	Singer	297/480	B60R 22/1952
9604595	12/2016	Betz	N/A	B60R 22/4619
9630588	12/2016	Betz	N/A	B60R 22/46
10479318	12/2018	Hashimoto	N/A	B60R 22/4628

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Application Date	Country	CPC
102005050426	12/2006	DE	N/A
102006015229	12/2006	DE	N/A
102011117053	12/2012	DE	N/A
102012217261	12/2013	DE	N/A
102019218306	12/2020	DE	N/A
2637902	12/2012	EP	N/A

Primary Examiner: Kim; Sang K

Attorney, Agent or Firm: DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC

Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) This application claims priority pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 119(a) to German Application No. 102022102524.1, filed Feb. 3, 2022, which application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

FIELD

(2) The present invention relates to a belt retractor for a safety belt device, wherein the belt retractor comprises a shaft for winding a belt, a frame, an opening in the frame through which the shaft extends, a locking element, and an internal tothing, wherein the locking element engages in the internal tothing in order to prevent rotation of the shaft in a direction of rotation.

BACKGROUND

(3) DE 10 2006 015 229 B3, DE 10 2011 117 053 A1, and DE 10 2005 050 426 B3 each disclose belt retractors that are designed as end-fitting tensioners, in which the internal tothing is formed directly in the frame. Particularly in the case of a force acting in the belt extension direction, the locking element engages in the internal tothing, such that the rotation of the shaft is blocked, and the extension of the belt is prevented. Since the frame is made of a sheet metal, the support of the locking element (in the longitudinal direction of the shaft) is, however, small.

(4) In order to increase the support, it is known to insert a ring having the internal tothing into the opening in the frame, wherein a form-fitting connection for transmitting the forces from the ring to

the frame is formed between the inner contour of the opening and the ring. In order to form the form-fitting connection between the ring and the frame, the ring must therefore, for one, be profiled on its outer circumferential surface, and, in addition, the opening must have a correspondingly profiled inner contour. In addition, the ring must be caulked for fixing to the frame. Such a production of a form-fitting connection between the ring and the frame is both complex and requires higher manufacturing tolerances.

(5) It is therefore an object of the present invention to eliminate the disadvantages described with reference to the prior art, and in particular to specify a belt retractor which is simpler to manufacture with lower manufacturing tolerances, and at the same time enables a large support for the locking element on the internal toothing.

SUMMARY

(6) The object is achieved by a belt retractor with the features of the independent claim.

Advantageous developments of the belt retractor are specified in the dependent claims and in the description, wherein it is possible for individual features of the advantageous developments to be combined with one another in a technically sensible manner.

(7) The object is achieved in particular by a belt retractor having the features mentioned at the outset, in which the internal toothing is formed in a plate, and the plate is fastened to the frame, without a form-fitting connection with an inner contour of the opening.

(8) In other words, the basic concept of the invention is that the internal toothing is formed on a separate component (namely, in the plate), and that the opening in the frame for receiving the shaft does not require any (profiled) inner contour that is to be functionally designed. Rather, the internal toothing is formed in the plate, which can have a greater thickness than the frame. The plate can thus be fastened to the frame without influence on the opening in the frame—for example, by riveting, screwing, caulking, or welding. Thus, the manufacturing effort is reduced, and smaller tolerances can be achieved.

(9) The frame is produced in particular from a sheet metal and is bent in a U-shaped manner in cross-section, wherein in each case openings are formed in the opposite legs, in which openings the shaft is directly or indirectly rotatably mounted. One end of a belt is preferably attached to the shaft, the other end of which belt is connected or can be connected to an end fitting or a belt buckle.

(10) The belt retractor is thus in particular a component of a safety belt device, which in particular has a tightening device which is connected to the shaft of the belt retractor. The tightening device comprises in particular a pyrotechnically-drivable pulling cable, wherein the pulling cable is connected to the shaft of the belt retractor. For this purpose, the pulling cable, in the initial state, can be wound onto the shaft of the belt retractor, wherein, by triggering the pyrotechnic drive, the pulling cable is unwound from the shaft, as a result of which the shaft is driven in a rotary movement that winds up the belt.

(11) For this purpose, the tightening device can have a gas generator for generating a pressurized gas, a piston which can be driven by the pressurized gas, the pulling cable connected to the piston, and a tightening tube for receiving and guiding the piston. In this case, it can be provided in particular that the tightening device comprise a fastening part which has both a receptacle for the gas generator and a fastening portion for attaching the tightening device to the belt retractor.

(12) In order to prevent that, after the tightening process, the belt wound onto the shaft be unwound from the shaft again, counter to the tightening direction, the locking element engages in the internal toothing. For this purpose, the locking element, designed for example as a hook, is mounted in a suitable manner, directly or indirectly, on or in the shaft, and optionally under pre-tension. During the tightening movement, the locking element ratchets over the internal toothing, wherein the locking element engages in the internal toothing in the event that the shaft rotates in the opposite direction.

(13) For an exact alignment and simple assembly, the plate and the frame can have mutually-corresponding and interlocking form-fitting configurations outside the opening. For example, a

projecting pin and a corresponding recess can be provided, which are brought into engagement with one another during assembly, such that a predetermined orientation of the plate on the frame is provided by the pin and the recess. These form-fitting configurations can optionally also serve to transmit forces acting on the frame from the shaft.

(14) The plate is preferably of a thickness which corresponds to a thickness of the locking element (in the longitudinal direction of the shaft), such that the largest possible support for the locking element is provided.

(15) The plate is in particular designed such that it does not engage in the opening in the frame. Rather, the plate is applied to the frame in particular on an outer side, such that a recess, having the internal toothing, of the plate is formed concentrically to the opening in the frame.

(16) Accordingly, the inner contour of the opening has no projections and/or recesses formed in the radial direction to the shaft. The opening is preferably designed as a circular recess and in particular as a bore.

(17) In a preferred embodiment, the plate is fastened to the frame by means of at least one fastening means, wherein the fastening means passes through the frame and the plate. For this purpose, the plate and the frame have holes which the fastening means can pass through. The fastening means can be designed, for example, as a screw. The plate and the frame are preferably riveted to one another.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

(1) The invention and the technical environment are explained below by way of example, with reference to the figures. Shown, schematically, are:

(2) FIG. 1: an exploded view of a safety belt device,

(3) FIG. 2: an exploded view of components of a belt retractor with a plate,

(4) FIG. 3: the plate.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(5) The following description and corresponding drawings depict a belt retractor (**11**) for a safety belt device of the present invention, where the belt retractor (**11**) comprises a shaft (**12**) for winding a belt, a frame (**1**), an opening (**13**) in the frame (**1**), wherein the shaft (**12**) extends through the opening (**13**), a locking element (**3**), and an internal toothing (**4**), wherein the locking element (**3**) engages in the internal toothing (**4**) to prevent the shaft (**12**) from rotating in a direction of rotation, wherein the internal toothing (**4**) is formed in a plate (**14**), and the plate (**14**) is fastened to the frame (**1**), without a form-fitting connection with an inner contour (**19**) of the opening (**13**).

(6) FIG. 1 is an exploded view of an end-fitting tensioner of a safety belt device. The safety belt device comprises a belt retractor **11** and a tightening device **18**.

(7) The belt retractor **11** comprises a frame **1** which is curved in a U-shape and on the legs of which openings are formed, in which openings a shaft **12** is indirectly rotatably mounted. The shaft **12** is used to wind up a belt (not shown). A plate **14**, which has an internal toothing **4**, is fastened to the one leg, wherein the internal toothing **4** is arranged concentrically to an opening **13**, which receives the shaft **12**, in the frame **1**.

(8) The belt retractor **11** also comprises a locking element **3** which engages in the internal toothing **4** in order to prevent a rotation of the shaft **12** in a direction in which the belt strap extends.

(9) The tightening device **18** comprises a pulling cable **5**, which, in the initial state, is wound onto the shaft **12**. In the mounted state, the pulling cable **5** is connected to a piston **2** which is arranged in a tightening tube **6**. For this purpose, the pulling cable **5** is guided through a fastening part **7** in which a gas generator receptacle **8** for a gas generator **10** is formed. The fastening part **7** also comprises a fastening portion **9**, by means of which the fastening part **7** and the tightening tube **6**

fastened thereto can be fastened to the belt retractor 11.

(10) In the case of triggering, the piston 2 is driven by the pressurized gas, generated by the gas generator 10, through the tightening tube 6, as a result of which the pulling cable 5 is unwound from the shaft 12, and whereby the shaft 12 is caused to rotate. During this rotational movement, the belt strap (not shown) is wound onto the shaft 12, wherein the locking element 3 slides over the internal tothing 4. In contrast, when the shaft 12 is loaded against this tightening direction, the locking element 3 engages in the internal tothing 4, thereby preventing the belt strap from being unwound from the shaft 12.

(11) The present invention now proposes that the internal tothing 4 be formed on the plate 14, such that the internal tothing 4 can be produced independently of the opening 13 in the frame 1 during the manufacturing process. Thus, the internal tothing 4 can in particular have a greater extension in the longitudinal direction of the shaft 12, so that the support of the locking element 3 is enlarged. In addition, the plate 14 shown in FIGS. 2 and 3 does not engage in the opening 13, wherein there is no form-fitting connection between the plate 14 and an inner contour 19 of the opening 13 either.

(12) Rather, on its side facing the frame 1, the plate 14 has pin-shaped projections 15 (see FIG. 3), which engage in corresponding recesses 16 in the frame 1. These mutually-corresponding, form-fitting configurations 15, 16 enable a simple and accurate alignment of the plate 14 relative to the frame 1 during assembly, and can also serve for force transmission from the plate 14 to the frame 1.

(13) The plate 14 is also fastened to the frame by means of fastening means 17 designed as rivets. The belt retractor 11 is thus easy to assemble.

LIST OF REFERENCE SIGNS

(14) 1 Frame 2 Piston 3 Locking element 4 Internal tothing 5 Pulling cable 6 Tensioner tube 7 Fastening part 8 Gas generator receptacle 9 Fastening portion 10 Gas generator 11 Belt retractor 12 Shaft 13 Opening 14 Plate 15 Pin 16 Recess 17 Fastening means 18 Tensioning device 19 Inner contour

Claims

1. Belt A belt retractor, comprising a shaft for winding a belt, a frame, an opening in the frame, wherein the shaft extends through the opening, a locking element, and an internal tothing, wherein the locking element engages in the internal tothing in order to prevent the shaft from rotating in a direction of rotation, and wherein the internal tothing is formed in a plate, and the plate is fastened to the frame by at least one fastening element passing through the plate and the frame as a separate component.
 2. The belt retractor according to claim 1, wherein the plate and the frame have mutually-corresponding and interlocking form-fitting configurations outside of the opening.
 3. The belt retractor according to claim 2, wherein the corresponding form-fitting configurations are designed as a projecting pin and corresponding recess.
 4. The belt retractor according to claim 1, wherein the plate is designed as a punched part.
 5. A safety belt device comprising the belt retractor according to claim 1 and a tightening device connected to the shaft of the belt retractor.
 6. The safety belt device according to claim 5, wherein the tensioning device comprises a pulling cable which can be driven pyrotechnically and which is connected to the shaft of the belt retractor.
 7. The safety belt device according to claim 5, wherein the tensioning device has a gas generator for generating a pressurized gas, a piston which can be driven by the pressurized gas, a pulling cable which is connected to the piston and which is connected to the shaft of the belt retractor, and a tensioner tube for receiving and guiding the piston.
-