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United States Patent	12391115
Kind Code	B2
Date of Patent	August 19, 2025
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Motor vehicle and method for the reconfiguration of a passenger compartment of the motor vehicle

Abstract

A motor vehicle is described, which comprises: a passenger compartment; a plurality of driving members, which are housed inside the passenger compartment and can be operated by a driver in order to control the trajectory and the speed of the motor vehicle; at least one control member connected to one of the driving members through a drive by wire mode; the motor vehicle is selectively available in a first configuration, wherein the passenger compartment defines a first seat for a driver facing the control member and a second seat for a passenger beside the first seat along an axis; and a second configuration, wherein the passenger compartment only defines a third seat for a driver; the first seat being arranged, in the first configuration, in a first position and the third seat being arranged, in the second configuration, in a second position spaced apart from the first position along the axis; the driving member can be moved along the axis to enable the transformation of the motor vehicle between said first and second configurations.

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Appl. No.:	18/591602
Filed:	February 29, 2024

Prior Publication Data

Document Identifier	Publication Date
US 20240294067 A1	Sep. 05, 2024

Foreign Application Priority Data

IT	102023000003843	Mar. 03, 2023
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Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: B60K26/02 (20060101); B60T7/06 (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC B60K26/02 (20130101); B60T7/06 (20130101); B60K2026/026 (20130101); B60Y2400/412 (20130101)

Field of Classification Search

CPC: B60K (2026/024); B60K (26/02); B60K (2026/026); G05G (1/405); G05G (1/40); G05G (1/36); B60T (7/06)

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) This patent application claims priority from Italian patent application no. 102023000003843

filed on Mar. 3, 2023, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

(2) The present invention relates to a motor vehicle and a method for the reconfiguration of a passenger compartment of the motor vehicle.

BACKGROUND

(3) As is known, motor vehicles comprise: a passenger compartment defining a body; a plurality of wheels; a steering wheel arranged inside the passenger compartment and operable by a driver to steer the front wheels and therefore allow the vehicle to travel a curved trajectory; and a set of pedals comprising an accelerator and a brake which can be operated by the driver to increase the driving torque or to exert a braking torque, respectively, on the wheels in order to control the speed of the motor vehicle.

(4) Passenger compartments of motor vehicles normally intended for road use have the so-called 'two-seater' configuration.

(5) In this 'two-seater' configuration, the passenger compartment comprises a pair of front seats intended to be occupied by a driver and a passenger, respectively, and arranged side-by-side along a transverse direction of the motor vehicle orthogonal to a longitudinal direction defining a normal driving direction of the motor vehicle.

(6) The steering wheel and set of pedals are located in front of the driver's seat and substantially at a front left or right corner of the motor vehicle.

(7) With particular reference to sports cars, passenger compartments are known to have the so-called 'single-seater' configuration.

(8) In this 'single-seater' configuration, the passenger compartment comprises a single front seat positioned centrally in front of the steering wheel and the set of pedals.

(9) There is a need in the field for motor vehicles which allow easy and convenient reconfiguration between the above-mentioned 'single-seater' and 'two-seater' configurations.

(10) EP-A-3712035 discloses a steering assembly for a motor vehicle, in which a steering wheel can be moved to multiple positions for manual operation, in both manufacturing and use contexts.

SUMMARY

(11) The object of the present invention is to provide a motor vehicle which allows the above-mentioned need to be met.

(12) Said object is achieved by the present invention, insofar as it relates to a motor vehicle as defined in the appended claims.

(13) The present invention also relates to a method for the reconfiguration of a passenger compartment of the motor vehicle as described herein.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) In order to better understand the present invention, a non-limiting preferred embodiment thereof will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

(2) FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a motor vehicle made according to the teachings of the present invention, with parts removed for clarity;

(3) FIGS. 2 and 3 are perspective views, according to a first visual angle, of a set of pedals of the motor vehicle shown in FIG. 1 in a first and in a second operating position, respectively;

(4) FIG. 4 is a perspective view, according to a second visual angle, of a set of pedals of the motor vehicle shown in FIG. 1 in the first operating position;

(5) FIG. 5 is a section along the line V-V in FIG. 3; and

(6) FIG. 6 is a functional diagram of some components of the motor vehicle shown in FIGS. 1 to 5.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

- (7) With reference to FIG. 1, the numeral **1** indicates a motor vehicle comprising a body **2** defining a passenger compartment **3**.
- (8) It should be specified that, below in this description, expressions such as “above”, “below”, “in front of”, “behind” and the like are used with reference to the normal movement of the motor vehicle **1**.
- (9) The motor vehicle **1** further comprises (FIG. 6): one pair of front wheels **6** and one pair of rear wheels **7**; an engine **9** of a known type, not shown in detail and operatively connected to the wheels **6** and/or **7** to exert a driving torque on the wheels **6** and/or **7**; a gearbox **20** interposed between the engine **9** and the wheels **6** and/or **7**, which can be operated to vary the transmission ratio between an output member of the engine **9** and the wheels **6**, **7**; and a braking system **21** which can be operated to exert a braking torque on the wheels **6**, **7**.
- (10) The motor vehicle **1** further comprises (FIG. 1): a windscreen **5** delimiting the passenger compartment **3** at the front; a backrest (not shown) delimiting the passenger compartment **3** at the rear; a roof **26** delimiting the passenger compartment **3** at the top; and a pair of doors **8a**, **8b** hinged to the body **2** and movable between a closed position, in which they delimit the passenger compartment **3** at the sides and prevent entry into/exit from the passenger compartment **3**, and an open position, in which they allow entry into/exit from the passenger compartment **3**.
- (11) It is also possible to define: a longitudinal axis X integral with the motor vehicle **1**, arranged, in use, horizontal and parallel to a normal forward moving direction of the motor vehicle **1**; a transversal axis Y integral with the motor vehicle **1**, arranged, in use, horizontal and orthogonal to the axis X; and an axis Z integral with the motor vehicle **1**, arranged, in use, vertical and orthogonal to the axes X, Y.
- (12) The body **2** also comprises a pair of longitudinal, end door sills **23**, **24**, opposite each other. The door sills **23**, **24** delimit the passenger compartment **3** and are adjacent to respective doors **8a**, **8b** when the doors **8a**, **8b** are in their closed positions.
- (13) In addition, the motor vehicle **1** comprises control members **10** arranged in the passenger compartment **2** which can be operated by the driver to set a forward trajectory of the motor vehicle **1** at a desired speed.
- (14) As is well known, the control members **10** comprise: a steering wheel **11** arranged inside the passenger compartment **2** and operable by the driver; and a set of pedals **12** also arranged inside the passenger compartment **2** and operable by the driver.
- (15) The set of pedals **12**, in turn, comprises (FIGS. 2 to 5): a support base **13** fixed to the body **2** and having two edges **14a**, **14b** opposite each other and parallel to the axis Y, and two edges **15a**, **15b** opposite each other, parallel to the axis Y and interposed between the edges **14a**, **14b**; an accelerator pedal **17** protruding outwards from the base **13** and operable from a released position to a full stroke position **16** in order to adjust the value of the driving torque generated by the engine **9**; and a brake pedal **18** also protruding from the base **13** and operable to exert an adjustable braking torque value generated by the braking system **21** on the wheels **6** and/or **7**.
- (16) In particular, the base **13** defines a rectangular area **31** delimited at the rear by the edge **14b**, at the front by an edge **32** parallel to the axis Y, and at the sides by a pair of portions of respective edges **15a**, **15b** extending between the edges **14b** and **32**.
- (17) The edge **32** is interposed along the axis X between the edges **14a**, **14b**.
- (18) In the case illustrated herein, the accelerator pedal **17** and the brake pedal **18** protrude cantilevered from the edge **32** of the base **13** upwards and into the passenger compartment **3**.
- (19) If the engine **9** is an electric engine, the gearbox **20** and the clutch pedal are not present.
- (20) If the gearbox **20** is semi-automatic or automatic, the clutch pedal is not present.
- (21) The control members **10** are connected to the engine and wheels **6** and/or **7** through a drive-by-wire mode, thus producing a technology known in the industry as ‘drive by wire’.
- (22) The term ‘drive by wire’ in the present description is intended to mean that the steering wheel **11** has no physical or mechanical connection to the wheels **6**, **7**.

- (23) Similarly, the accelerator pedal **17** has no physical or mechanical connection to the engine **9**, and the brake pedal **18** has no mechanical connection to the braking system **21**.
- (24) The motor vehicle **1** also comprises a control unit **45** (FIG. **6**) programmed to receive, as input, the operations requested from the steering wheel **11** and set of pedals **12** and to generate, as output, appropriate control signals for the engine **9** and the braking system **21**.
- (25) The passenger compartment **3** further comprises a front location **25** which defines a driver's seat.
- (26) The location **25** is only schematically shown in FIG. **1**.
- (27) The passenger compartment **3** of the motor vehicle **1** is selectively movable, in a manner not described in detail because it is not necessary for the understanding of the present invention, between: a 'two-seater' configuration, in which the location **25** defines a first seat for a driver and a second seat for a passenger arranged side-by-side along the axis Y; and a 'single-seater' configuration, in which the location **25** defines a single third seat for the driver.
- (28) In the 'two-seater' configuration, the first seat is beside the door sill **23** and the second seat is beside the door sill **24**, thus achieving a left-hand driving mode of the motor vehicle **1**. In addition, the first seat faces the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12** to allow the driver to operate the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12**.
- (29) In this 'single-seater' configuration, the third seat is arranged in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** and faces the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12**.
- (30) Advantageously, the set of pedals **12** can be moved along the axis Y to enable the transformation of the motor vehicle **1** between the first and the second configuration.
- (31) In this way, the set of pedals **12** can be moved parallel to the axis Y between: a first position (FIGS. **1**, **2** and **4**) taken on when the passenger compartment **3** is in the first configuration, facing the first seat defined by the location **25**; a second position (FIGS. **3** and **5**) taken on when the passenger compartment **3** is in the second configuration, facing the third seat defined by the driving position.
- (32) The set of pedals **12** is adjacent to the door sill **23** when it is in the first position. In this first position, a first distance between the set of pedals **12** and the door sill **23** is smaller than a second distance between the set of pedals **12** and the door sill **24**. Said first and second distances are measured along the axis Y.
- (33) In greater detail, the set of pedals **12** is in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** when it is in the second position. In this second position, the set of pedals **12** is equally spaced apart from the door sills **23**, **24** along the axis Y.
- (34) In addition, the passenger compartment **3** comprises a connection assembly **30** interposed between the set of pedals **12** and the body **3** and designed to enable the translation of the set of pedals **12** parallel to the axis Y between the first and the second position.
- (35) The connection assembly **30**, in turn, comprises: a pair of guides **50**, **51** parallel to the axis Y and spaced apart along the axis X, and fixed to the body **3**; a pair of slides **52**, **53** parallel to the axis Y and spaced apart along the axis X, fixed to the base **13** of the set of pedals **12** and slidable on respective guides **50**, **51** parallel to the axis Y; and an electric motor **55** carried by the slide **52** and operable to convert, via a transmission assembly **56**, the rotation of an output member of the electric motor **55** around the axis Y into the sliding of the slides **52**, **53** on the respective guides **50**, **51** parallel to the axis Y, and the consequent movement of the set of pedals **12** between the first and the second position.
- (36) The guide **50** is arranged in front of the guide **51**.
- (37) Similarly, the slide **52** is arranged in front of the slide **53**.
- (38) The guides **50**, **51** comprise: respective first ends adjacent to the longitudinal end door sill **23** of the body **2**; and respective second ends opposite to corresponding first ends and arranged in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** of the body **2**.
- (39) The slides **51**, **52** are arranged at a bottom face **54** of the base **13**.

(40) The accelerator pedal **17** and the brake pedal **18** are connected to the base **13** in a position interposed between the slides **51**, **52** along the axis Y.

(41) The accelerator pedal **17** and the brake pedal **18** protrude outwards from a top face **65** of the base **13** opposite the face **54**.

(42) In particular, the accelerator pedal **17** and the brake pedal **18** protrude outwards from the edge **32** of the base **13**.

(43) The transmission assembly **56**, in turn, comprises: a screw **60** carried by an output member **63** of the motor **55** and capable of rotating around the axis Y; and a nut screw **61** carried by the slide **52**, constrained to the body **3** so as to be angularly fixed around the axis Y and screwed onto the screw **60** so as to be able to slide around the axis Y following the rotation of the screw **60** around the axis Y.

(44) The motor vehicle **1** further comprises a system for moving the steering wheel **11** parallel to the axis Y, which is not described in detail as it is not part of the present invention.

(45) In a nutshell, the above-mentioned movement system is operable to cause the movement of the steering wheel **11** parallel to the axis Y between: a third position (FIGS. **1**, **2** and **4**) taken on when the passenger compartment **3** is in the first configuration and the set of pedals **12** is in the first position, facing the first seat defined by the location **25**; and a fourth position (FIGS. **3** and **5**) taken on when the passenger compartment **3** is in the second configuration and the set of pedals **12** is in the second position, facing the third seat defined by the location **25**.

(46) The steering wheel **11** is adjacent to the door sill **23** when it is in the third position.

(47) The steering wheel **11** is in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** when it is in the fourth position.

(48) The operation of the motor vehicle **1** is described starting from a condition in which the passenger compartment **3** is in the 'two-seater' configuration.

(49) In this 'two-seater' configuration, the location **25** defines the first seat for the driver and the second seat for a passenger arranged side-by-side parallel to the axis Y.

(50) More precisely, the first seat is beside the door sill **23**, and the second seat is beside the door sill **24** parallel to the axis Y.

(51) As shown in FIGS. **1**, **2** and **4**, the set of pedals **12** and the steering wheel **11** are also arranged in the first and the third position, respectively, in which they face the first seat defined by the location **25** along the axis X.

(52) In addition, the first seat faces the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12** along the axis X to allow the driver to operate the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12** and thus control the forward trajectory and the speed of the motor vehicle **1**.

(53) If it is desired to reconfigure the motor vehicle **1** so as to arrange the passenger compartment **3** into the 'single-seater' configuration, it is sufficient to operate the electric motor **55** in a first direction via a dedicated control and under certain operating conditions of the motor vehicle **1**.

(54) The operation of the electric motor **55** in the first direction causes the screw **60** to rotate around the axis Y and the consequent translation of the nut screw **61** parallel to the axis Y and in a direction from the door sill **23** to the door sill **24**.

(55) The translation of the nut screw **61** causes the sliding of the slides **52**, **53** on the respective guides **50**, **51** and of the base **13** parallel to the axis Y and in a direction from the door sill **23** to the door sill **24**.

(56) As a result, the set of pedals **12** reaches the second position shown in FIG. **3** in which it faces the third seat defined by the driving position.

(57) More precisely, the set of pedals **12** is in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** when it is in the second position.

(58) The system for moving the steering wheel **11** is operated to cause the movement of the steering wheel **11** parallel to the axis Y until it reaches the fourth position.

(59) The steering wheel **11** is in a central position between the door sills **23**, **24** and faces the third

position defined by the location **25** when it is in the fourth position.

(60) The location **25** is reconfigured so as to only define the third seat for the driver, which is not necessary for the understanding of the present invention.

(61) The single third seat is arranged in a central position between the door sills **23, 24** and faces the steering wheel **11** and the set of pedals **12**.

(62) At this point, the passenger compartment **3** has taken on the 'single-seater' configuration.

(63) The passenger compartment **3** is repositioned from the 'single-seater' configuration to the 'two-seater' configuration by simply operating the electric motor **55** in a second direction opposite the first direction, so as to return the set of pedals **12** to the first position.

(64) Subsequently or simultaneously, the steering wheel **11** is arranged into the third position and the location **25** is reconfigured to define the first seat for the driver and the second seat.

(65) The advantages enabled by the present invention will be apparent from an examination thereof.

(66) In greater detail, the set of pedals **12** can be moved along the axis Y between the first and the second position, so that the passenger compartment **3** can be moved between the 'two-seater' configuration and the 'single-seater' configuration.

(67) In fact, the set of pedals **12** in the first position faces, along the axis X, the first seat for the driver defined by the location **25** adjacent to the door sill **23**.

(68) Similarly, the set of pedals **12** in the second position faces, along the axis X, the single third seat for the driver defined by the location **25** in a central position between the door sills **23, 24** along the axis Y.

(69) The motor **55** and the transmission assembly **56** formed by the screw **60** and the nut screw **61** ensure a fast and precise movement of the set of pedals **12** between the above-mentioned first and second positions.

(70) Lastly, it is clear that modifications and variations may be made to the motor vehicle **1** and the reconfiguration method according to the present invention, without however departing from the scope of protection defined by the claims.

(71) In particular, in the 'two-seater' configuration, the first seat could be positioned facing the door sill **24** and the second seat could be positioned facing the door sill **24**, thus achieving a right-hand driving mode of the motor vehicle **1**.

Claims

1. A motor vehicle comprising: a passenger compartment; a plurality of driving members, which are housed inside said passenger compartment and can be operated by a driver in order to control a trajectory and a speed of said motor vehicle; at least one control member connected to at least one driving member of said plurality of driving members through a drive by wire mode; said motor vehicle being selectively available in: a first configuration, wherein said passenger compartment defines a first seat for a driver facing said at least one control member and a second seat for a passenger beside said first seat along a first axis (Y); and a second configuration, wherein said passenger compartment only defines a third seat for said driver; said first seat being arranged, in said first configuration, in a first position and the third seat being arranged, in said second configuration, in a second position spaced apart from said first position along said first axis (Y); wherein said at least one driving member can be moved along said first axis (Y) in order to enable the transformation of said motor vehicle between said first and second configurations; said at least one driving member being a set of pedals comprising at least: an accelerator pedal; and a brake pedal; a body; a first guide fixed to said body; and a first slide fixed to said set of pedals and coupled to said first guide so as to slide relative to said first axis (Y); wherein said set of pedals comprises a base, to which said brake pedal, said accelerator pedal and said first slide are fixed; said motor vehicle further comprising: a second guide fixed to said body in a position spaced apart

from said first guide along a second axis (X) orthogonal to said first axis (Y); and a second slide fixed to said base in a position spaced apart from said first slide along said second axis (X); said first-brake pedal and said accelerator pedal being fixed to said base in a position interposed between said first and second slides along said second axis (X).

2. The motor vehicle according to claim 1, further comprising: a motor member fixed to said second slide and comprising, in turn, an output shaft, which can rotate around an axis that is parallel to or coincident with said first axis (Y); a first threaded element, which is angularly integral with said output shaft; and a second threaded element, which is screwed onto said first threaded element and is constrained so as to be capable of sliding together with said first slide on said first guide, following the rotation of said first threaded element.

3. The motor vehicle according to claim 2, wherein said motor is an electric motor.

4. The motor vehicle according to claim 1, wherein said at least one driving member can be moved between a first position and a second position, which are spaced apart from one another along said first axis (Y); said body comprising a first door sill and a second door sill extending along said second axis (X), which is parallel, in use, to a normal driving direction of said motor vehicle and is transversal to said first axis (Y); said first door sill and said second door sill being spaced apart from one another along said first axis (Y); said at least one driving member being arranged, in said first position, adjacent to said first door sill and at a first distance from said first door sill which is smaller than a second distance from said second door sill; said first and second distances being measured along said first axis (Y); said at least one driving member being arranged, in said second position, in a position equally spaced apart from said first and second door sills along said first axis (Y).
