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PACKAGE COMPRISING DISCRETE ANTENNA DEVICE

Abstract

A package comprising a substrate comprising a first surface and a second surface, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of interconnects; a first antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects, wherein a portion of the first antenna device overhangs over the substrate such that a portion of the first antenna device does not vertically overlap with any portion of the substrate; a second antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a second plurality of solder interconnects; an integrated device coupled to the second surface of the substrate; an encapsulation layer coupled to the second surface of the substrate, wherein a vertical surface of the encapsulation layer is coplanar with a vertical surface of the substrate, and wherein the encapsulation layer at least partially encapsulates the integrated device; and a shield coupled to a surface of the encapsulation layer.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE/CLAIM OF PRIORITY TO RELATED APPLICATION [0001] The present application claims priority to and is a continuation application to U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/870,642, filed on May 8, 2020 in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/870,642 claims priority to and the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/903,378, filed on Sep. 20, 2019, in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. The entire content of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/870,642 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/903,378 are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth below and for all applicable purposes.

FIELD

[0002] Various features relate to packages with an antenna, but more specifically to a package that includes a discrete antenna device.

BACKGROUND

[0003] FIG. 1 illustrates a package **100** that includes a substrate **102** and a die **103**. The die **103** is coupled to the substrate **102**. The substrate **102** includes a dielectric layer **120** and a plurality of interconnects **122**. The substrate **102** also includes a first antenna **150** and a second antenna **160**. Both the first antenna **150** and the second antenna **160** are embedded in the substrate **102**. The first antenna **150** is defined by a first plurality of interconnects **152**, and the second antenna **160** is defined by a second plurality of interconnects **162**.

[0004] There is an ongoing need to provide packages with antennas, where the packages have better transmitting and receiving performances.

SUMMARY

[0005] Various features relate to packages with an antenna, but more specifically to a package that includes a discrete antenna device.

[0006] One example provides a package comprising a substrate comprising a first surface and a second surface, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of interconnects; a first antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects, wherein a portion of the first antenna device overhangs over the substrate such that a portion of the first antenna device does not vertically overlap with any portion of the substrate; a second antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a second plurality of solder interconnects; an integrated device coupled to the second surface of the substrate; an encapsulation layer coupled to the second surface of the substrate, wherein a vertical surface of the encapsulation

layer is coplanar with a vertical surface of the substrate, and wherein the encapsulation layer at least partially encapsulates the integrated device; and a shield coupled to a surface of the encapsulation layer, wherein the shield is configured to provide electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding.

[0007] Another example provides a package comprising a substrate comprising a first surface and a second surface, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of interconnects; a first antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects, wherein the first antenna device comprises a first plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for ground; and a second plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for signals, wherein the first plurality of pads laterally surround the second plurality of pads, and wherein the first antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through the first plurality of solder interconnects such that (i) a first group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the first plurality of pads and (ii) a second group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the second plurality of pads; an integrated device coupled to the second surface of the substrate; and a shield coupled to the substrate, wherein the shield comprises an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] Various features, nature and advantages may become apparent from the detailed description set forth below when taken in conjunction with the drawings in which like reference characters identify correspondingly throughout.

[0009] FIG. 1 illustrates a profile view of a package that includes a substrate with antennas embedded in the substrate.

[0010] FIG. 2 illustrates a profile view of an exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0011] FIG. 3 illustrates a profile view of another exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0012] FIG. 4 illustrates a profile view of an exemplary discrete antenna device.

[0013] FIG. 5 illustrates a profile view of another exemplary discrete antenna device.

[0014] FIG. 6 illustrates an exemplary top plan view of a discrete antenna device.

[0015] FIG. 7 illustrates an exemplary bottom plan view of a discrete antenna device.

[0016] FIG. 8 illustrates a top plan view of an exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0017] FIG. 9 illustrates a top plan view of another exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0018] FIG. 10 illustrates a top plan view of another exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0019] FIG. 11 illustrates a top plan view of another exemplary package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0020] FIGS. 12A-12D illustrate an exemplary sequence for fabricating a discrete antenna device.

[0021] FIGS. 13A-13C illustrate an exemplary sequence for fabricating another discrete antenna device.

[0022] FIG. 14 illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method for fabricating a discrete antenna device.

[0023] FIGS. 15A-15C illustrate an exemplary sequence for fabricating a package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0024] FIG. **16** illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method for fabricating a package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0025] FIG. **17** illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method for assembling a package that includes several discrete antenna devices.

[0026] FIG. **18** illustrates various electronic devices that may integrate a die, an integrated device, an integrated passive device (IPD), a passive component, a package, and/or a device package described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0027] In the following description, specific details are given to provide a thorough understanding of the various aspects of the disclosure. However, it will be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art that the aspects may be practiced without these specific details. For example, circuits may be shown in block diagrams in order to avoid obscuring the aspects in unnecessary detail. In other instances, well-known circuits, structures and techniques may not be shown in detail in order not to obscure the aspects of the disclosure.

[0028] The present disclosure describes a package that includes a substrate, a first antenna device, and an integrated device. The substrate includes a first surface and a second surface, where the substrate includes a plurality of interconnects. The first antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects. The first antenna device is a discrete device from the substrate. The integrated device is coupled to the second surface of the substrate. The package may include an encapsulation layer located over the second surface of the substrate, where the encapsulation layer encapsulates the integrated device. The package may include a shield formed over a surface of the encapsulation layer, where the shield includes an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield. In some implementations, the package may include other discrete antenna devices (e.g., second antenna device, third antenna device) that are coupled to the substrate. The discrete antenna devices allow different types of antennas to be easily placed in the package, thus allowing the package to be easily designed and configured to meet the requirements of various network operators (e.g., cellular network operators). The package may be an antenna in package (AiP). The package may be a radio frequency (RF) package.

Exemplary Device Comprising Package Comprising Discrete Antenna Devices

[0029] FIG. **2** illustrates a profile view of a package **200** that includes a plurality of discrete antenna devices. The package **200** may be antenna in package (AiP). The package **200** may be a radio frequency (RF) package. The package **200** may be configured to provide Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) communication and/or cellular communication (e.g., 2G, 3G, 4G, 5G). The package **200** may be configured to support Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), and/or Long-Term Evolution (LTE). The package **200** may be configured to transmit and receive signals having different frequencies and/or communication protocols.

[0030] The package **200** includes a substrate **202**, a first integrated device **203**, a second integrated device **205**, a passive device **207**, a first antenna device **250**, a second antenna device **260**, a third antenna device **270**, and a fourth antenna device **280**. The substrate **202** includes at least one dielectric layer **220** and a plurality of interconnects **222**. The substrate **202** includes a first surface (e.g., top surface) and a second surface (e.g., bottom surface). The first integrated device **203** is coupled to the second surface of the substrate **202**, through a plurality of solder interconnects **230**. The second integrated device **205** is coupled to the second surface of the substrate **202**, through a plurality of solder interconnects **232**. The first integrated device **203** and the second integrated device **205** may include a die (e.g., processor die, memory die). The passive device **207** is coupled to the second surface of the substrate **202**, through a plurality of solder interconnects **234**. A passive device may include a capacitor or an inductor. For example, the passive device **207** is a capacitor. A connector **214** is coupled to the second surface of the substrate **202**.

[0031] The package **200** may include an encapsulation layer **210** and a shield **212**. The

encapsulation layer **210** may be formed over the second surface of the substrate **202**. The encapsulation layer **210** may encapsulate the first integrated device **203**, the second integrated device **205** and the passive device **207**. The encapsulation layer **210** may include a mold, a resin and/or an epoxy. The encapsulation layer **210** may be a means for encapsulation. In some implementations, the encapsulation layer **210** is located over the second surface of the substrate **202** such that (i) a first vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a first vertical surface of the substrate **202**, (ii) a second vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a second vertical surface of the substrate **202**, and/or (iii) a third vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a third vertical surface of the substrate **202**. Examples of how one or more vertical surfaces of the encapsulation layer **210** may be coplanar with one or more vertical surfaces of the substrate **202** are illustrated and described in at least FIGS. **2**, **3** and **8-11**.

[0032] The shield **212** may be a means for shielding. The shield **212** is formed over the second surface of the substrate **202**. In particular, the shield **212** is formed over a surface (e.g., an outer surface) of the encapsulation layer **210**. The shield **212** may also be formed over a side surface of the substrate **202**. For example, the shield **212** may be formed over a side surface of the at least one dielectric layer **220** of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., patterned metal layer) over one or more surfaces of the encapsulation layer **210** and/or the side surface of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may be configured to operate as an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield. The shield **212** may be a means for EMI shielding. The shield **212** may be configured to operate as a Faraday cage.

[0033] The package **200** may include a connector **214**. The connector **214** may be configured to allow the package **200** to be electrically coupled to one or more other devices. Different implementations may use different types of connections to electrically couple the package **200** to other devices. For example, the package **200** may be coupled to the other devices through wires and/or flexible interconnects. Power for the package **200** may be provided through the connector **214**.

[0034] FIG. **2** illustrates that the first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270** and the fourth antenna device **280** are coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202**. The first antenna device **250** is coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202** through a first plurality of solder interconnects **252**. The second antenna device **260** is coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202** through a second plurality of solder interconnects **262**. The third antenna device **270** is coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202** through a third plurality of solder interconnects **272**. The fourth antenna device **280** is coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202** through a fourth plurality of solder interconnects **282**. The first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270**, and the fourth antenna device **280** may each be discrete antenna devices.

[0035] The first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270**, the fourth antenna device **280**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to provide Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) communication and/or cellular communication (e.g., 2G, 3G, 4G, 5G). The first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270**, the fourth antenna device **280**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to support Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), and/or Long-Term Evolution (LTE). In some implementations, one or more of the antenna devices (e.g., **250**, **260**, **270**, **280**), may be configured as a proximity sensor. When a particular antenna device is configured to operate as a proximity sensor, the particular antenna device may be capable of detecting the placement and/or movement of one or more objects (e.g., hand, finger(s)) near the particular antenna device.

[0036] The first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270**, the fourth antenna device **280**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to transmit and

receive signals having different frequencies and/or communication protocols. The first antenna device **250** may be a first means for transmitting and receiving a first signal. The second antenna device **260** may be a second means for transmitting and receiving a second signal. The third antenna device **270** may be a third means for transmitting and receiving a third signal. The fourth antenna device **280** may be a fourth means for transmitting and receiving a fourth signal. The first signal, the second signal, the third signal, and/or the fourth signal may have the same or different properties. For example, the signals may have the same or different frequencies and/or communication protocols. A signal may be an analog signal or a digital signal.

[0037] As mentioned above, one advantage of using discrete antenna devices is the ability to design and configure the package to meet specific operational requirements of cellular network operators, without having to redesign the entire substrate. Thus, various discrete antenna devices may be mixed and matched together to work with different cellular network operations. Moreover, the discrete antenna devices operate more efficiently than a substrate embedded antenna would because the discrete antenna devices are not laterally surrounded by the shield **212**. The antenna devices (e.g., **250**, **260**, **270**, **280**) may be discrete from the substrate **202** because the antenna devices are fabricated during a process that is separate than the fabrication of the substrate **202**. Another advantage of the discrete antenna devices is that they are not limited by the size, dimensions, and fabrication limitations of the substrate **202**. For example, as will be further described below, an antenna device may partially overhang over the substrate **202**.

[0038] Different implementations may use the same or different types of antenna devices. The antenna devices may have the same sizes, shapes, and/or configurations, or they may have different sizes, shapes, and/or configurations.

[0039] FIG. **3** illustrates a package **300** that includes discrete antenna devices with different sizes, shapes, types and/or configurations. The package **300** is similar to the package **200** of FIG. **2**. The package **300** may include the same component(s) and/or similar component(s) as the package **200**. The package **300** includes a first antenna device **350**, a second antenna device **360**, a third antenna device **370** and a fourth antenna device **380**. the first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370** and the fourth antenna device **380** may be similar to the first antenna device **250**, the second antenna device **260**, the third antenna device **270** and the fourth antenna device **280** of FIG. **2**, but may have different sizes, shapes, orientations, height, width, length, configurations, functionalities, capabilities and/or types.

[0040] FIG. **3** illustrates that the first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370** and the fourth antenna device **380** are coupled to the first surface of the substrate **202**. The first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370**, and the fourth antenna device **380** may each be discrete antenna devices.

[0041] The first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370**, the fourth antenna device **380**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to provide Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) communication and/or cellular communication (e.g., 2G, 3G, 4G, 5G). The first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370**, the fourth antenna device **380**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to support Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), and/or Long-Term Evolution (LTE). In some implementations, one or more of the antenna devices (e.g., **350**, **360**, **370**, **380**), may be configured as a proximity sensor. When a particular antenna device is configured to operate as a proximity sensor, the particular antenna device may be capable of detecting the placement and/or movement of one or more objects (e.g., hand, finger(s)) near the particular antenna device.

[0042] The first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370**, the fourth antenna device **380**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to transmit and receive signals having different frequencies and/or communication protocols. The first antenna device **350** may be a first means for transmitting and receiving a first signal. The second antenna

device **360** may be a second means for transmitting and receiving a second signal. The third antenna device **370** may be a third means for transmitting and receiving a third signal. The fourth antenna device **380** may be a fourth means for transmitting and receiving a fourth signal. The first signal, the second signal, the third signal, and/or the fourth signal may have the same or different properties. For example, the signals may have the same or different frequencies and/or communication protocols. As an example, a first antenna device may be configured to transmit and receive a first signal having a first frequency (or first range of frequencies), and a second antenna device may be configured to transmit and receive a second signal having a second frequency (or second range of frequencies). A signal may be an analog signal or a digital signal.

[0043] It is noted that FIGS. **2** and **3** are merely examples of configurations that include discrete antenna devices. Different implementations may have different numbers of antenna devices, passive devices and/or integrated devices. For example, some implementations of a package may include more than four (4) antenna devices, while other implementations of a package may include less than four (4) antenna devices. Similarly, some implementations of a package may include more than one passive device. In some implementations, a package may include one integrated device, or may include two or more integrated devices. Having described packages that include discrete antenna devices, examples of antenna devices are described below.

Exemplary Discrete Antenna Devices

[0044] FIG. **4** illustrates an antenna device **400**. The antenna device **400** may represent any of the antenna devices (e.g., **250**, **260**, **270**, **280**, **360**, **370**, **380**) described in the disclosure. The antenna device **400** may be a means for transmitting and receiving a signal. The antenna device **400** may be coupled to a substrate of a package. The antenna device **400** may be a discrete antenna device that is fabricated during a fabrication process that is separate than a process used to fabricate a substrate.

[0045] The antenna device **400** includes a first dielectric layer **402**, a second dielectric layer **410**, a third dielectric layer **412**, a first solder resist layer **420**, a second solder resist layer **422**, and a plurality of interconnects **430**. The first dielectric layer **402** may be a core layer. The second dielectric layer **410** is formed over a first surface of the first dielectric layer **402**. The third dielectric layer **412** is formed over a second surface of the first dielectric layer **402**. The plurality of interconnects **430** may be located and formed in and over the first dielectric layer **402**, the second dielectric layer **410**, and the third dielectric layer **412**. The plurality of interconnects **430** may include vias, pads and/or traces. At least one interconnect from the plurality of interconnects **430** may be configured to operate as an antenna capable of transmitting and/or receiving signals. The antenna device **400** may include one or more antennas. One or more antennas may be located on a top metal layer of the antenna device **400**. A top metal layer of the antenna device **400** may be a metal layer that is furthest away from the plurality of solder interconnects **440**. It is noted that an antenna may be located on any metal layer of the antenna device **400**. An antenna may be located on multiple metal layers of the antenna device **400**. It is noted that different implementations may have different numbers of dielectric layers and/or different number of metal layers. The first solder resist layer **420** is formed over the second dielectric layer **410**, and the second solder resist layer **422** is formed over the third dielectric layer **412**. The antenna device **400** may include a plurality of solder interconnects **440**. The plurality of solder interconnects **440** is coupled to the plurality of interconnects **430**. The dielectric layers (e.g., **402**, **410**, **412**) of the antenna device **400** may be made of the same, similar or different materials than the dielectric layer **220** of the substrate **202**. Examples of dielectric layers include organic dielectric materials and/or ceramics. In some implementations, some of the dielectric layers may be considered part of the same dielectric layer.

[0046] FIG. **5** illustrates an antenna device **500**. The antenna device is another example of an antenna device that may be implemented with a substrate. The antenna device **500** may represent any of the antenna devices (e.g., **350**) described in the disclosure. The antenna device **500** may be a means for transmitting and receiving a signal. The antenna device **500** may be coupled to a

substrate of a package. The antenna device **500** may be a discrete antenna device that is fabricated during a fabrication process that is separate than a process used to fabricate a substrate.

[0047] The antenna device **500** includes a first dielectric layer **502**, a second dielectric layer **504**, a third dielectric layer **506**, a first solder resist layer **520**, a second solder resist layer **522**, and a plurality of interconnects **530**. The second dielectric layer **505** is formed over the third dielectric layer **506**. The first dielectric layer **502** is formed over the second dielectric layer **504**. The plurality of interconnects **530** may be located and formed in and over the first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504**, and the third dielectric layer **506**. The plurality of interconnects **530** may include vias, pads and/or traces. At least one interconnect from the plurality of interconnects **530** may be configured to operate as an antenna capable of transmitting and/or receiving signals. The antenna device **500** may include one or more antennas. One or more antennas may be located on a top metal layer of the antenna device **500**. A top metal layer of the antenna device **500** may be a metal layer that is furthest away from the plurality of solder interconnects **540**. It is noted that an antenna may be located on any metal layer of the antenna device **500**. An antenna may be located on multiple metal layers of the antenna device **500**. It is noted that different implementations may have different numbers of dielectric layers and/or different number of metal layers. The first solder resist layer **520** is formed over the first dielectric layer **502**, and the second solder resist layer **522** is formed over the third dielectric layer **506**. The antenna device **500** may include a plurality of solder interconnects **540**. The plurality of solder interconnects **540** is coupled to the plurality of interconnects **530**. The dielectric layers (e.g., **502**, **504**, **506**) of the antenna device **500** may be made of the same, similar or different materials than the dielectric layer **220** of the substrate **202**. Examples of dielectric layers include organic dielectric materials and/or ceramics.

[0048] The first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504**, and/or the third dielectric layer **506** may include ceramic, such a low temperature co-fired ceramic (LTCC) and/or high temperature co-fired ceramic (HTCC). The first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504**, and/or the third dielectric layer **506** may be considered part of the same dielectric layer.

[0049] The antenna device **400** and/or the antenna device **500** may be configured to provide Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) communication and/or cellular communication (e.g., 2G, 3G, 4G, 5G). The first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370**, the fourth antenna device **380**, and/or combinations thereof, may be configured to support Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), and/or Long-Term Evolution (LTE).

[0050] FIGS. **6** and **7** respectively illustrate examples of top and bottom view of an antenna device. The antenna device **600** may represent any of the antenna devices (e.g., **400**, **500**) described in the disclosure. The antenna device **600** includes an antenna **610** and at least one dielectric layer **630**. The antenna **610** may be defined by at least one interconnect from a plurality of interconnects of the antenna device **600**. The antenna **610** may be located in any metal layer of the antenna device **600**, include a top metal layer of the antenna device **600**. The antenna **610** has a square shape. However, the antenna **610** may have any shape. Thus, the shape of the antenna **610** shown in FIG. **6** and the other figures of the disclosure, may represent the actual shape of the antenna or a conceptual representation of an antenna. Moreover, the antenna device **600** may include more than one antenna. The antenna **610** may be coupled to a plurality of interconnects (e.g., **430**, **530**). The at least one dielectric layer **630** may represent any of the dielectric layers of the antenna device **600**.

[0051] As shown in FIG. **7**, the antenna device **600** includes a first plurality of pads **710**, a second plurality of pads **720** and the at least one dielectric layer **730**. The at least one dielectric layer **730** may represent any of the dielectric layers of the antenna device **600**. The at least one dielectric layer **730** may include the at least one dielectric layer **630**, and vice versa. The first plurality of pads **710** and the second plurality of pads **720** may be part of the plurality of interconnects **430** of FIG. **4** or the plurality of interconnects **530** of FIG. **5**. The first plurality of pads **710** may be configured to provide electrical paths for ground. The second plurality of pads **720** may be

configured to provide electrical paths for antenna signals.

Exemplary Arrangements of Discrete Antenna Devices

[0052] Antenna devices may be arranged over the substrate differently. FIGS. **8-11** illustrate examples of possible arrangements of antenna devices over a substrate. FIG. **8** illustrates a package **800** that includes a substrate **202**, the shield **212**, the first antenna device **350**, the second antenna device **360**, the third antenna device **370** and the fourth antenna device **380**. FIG. **8** illustrates an overhang **810** over the substrate **202**. In particular, FIG. **8** illustrates that part of the fourth antenna device **380** overhangs over the substrate **202** (e.g., vertically overhangs the third vertical surface **840** of the substrate **202**). The fourth antenna device may also overhang the shield **212**. The fourth antenna device **380** may include a dipole antenna **382**. In some implementations, certain types of antenna may perform better when such an antenna overhang over a component. For example, the dipole antenna **382** may perform better if positioned in an overhang arrangement and/or in the overhang **810**. The dipole antenna **382** may be part an antenna of the fourth antenna device **380** or may be a separate antenna from another antenna from the fourth antenna device **380**. In some implementations, one or more of the antenna devices (e.g., **350**, **360**, **370**, **380**) of a package may be configured to operate as a dipole antenna or may include at least one dipole antenna. The dipole antenna (e.g., **382**) may or may not be located over an overhang (e.g., **810**, **910a**, **910b**). The dipole antenna (e.g., **382**) may have different shapes and/or sizes. The dipole antenna **382** may be defined by at least one interconnect. It is noted that the use of a discrete antenna device allows a dipole antenna to overhang over the substrate.

[0053] FIG. **9** illustrates a package **900** that includes the substrate **202**, two fourth antenna devices **380** and a third antenna device **270**. Each of the fourth antenna devices **380** overhangs on both sides (e.g., second vertical surface **830**, third vertical surface **840**) of the substrate **202**. Each of the fourth antenna devices **380** may also overhang the shield **212**.

[0054] FIG. **10** illustrates a package **1000** that includes the substrate **202**, a first antenna device **350**, a second antenna device **360**, and two third antenna devices **370**. The first antenna device **350** and the second antenna device **360** are aligned in the same direction, while the two third antenna devices **370** are aligned in a different direction (e.g., aligned diagonally). In some implementations, aligning the antenna devices in different directions may help improve the performance of one or more of the antenna devices.

[0055] FIG. **11** illustrates a package **1100** that includes the substrate **202**, a first antenna device **350**, a second antenna device **360**, and four antenna devices **1150**. The four antenna devices **1150** are smaller than the first antenna device **350** and the second antenna device **360**. The four antenna devices **1150** arranged in a row and column formation.

[0056] It is noted that FIGS. **8-11** are merely examples of possible arrangements of the antenna devices over a substrate. Other implementations may include antenna devices with different shapes, different sizes, different alignments, and/or different constructions. Similarly, other implementations may include different numbers of antenna devices.

[0057] The encapsulation layer **210** is not visible in FIGS. **8-11** because the encapsulation layer **210** is located over the bottom side of the substrate **202**. As mentioned above, in some implementations, the encapsulation layer **210** is located over the second surface (e.g., bottom surface) of the substrate **202** such that (i) a first vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a first vertical surface (e.g., **820**) of the substrate **202**, (ii) a second vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a second vertical surface (e.g., **830**) of the substrate **202**, and/or (iii) a third vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a third vertical surface (e.g., **840**) of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may be formed over the outer surface (e.g., first vertical surface, second vertical surface, third vertical surface) of the encapsulation layer **210**. A discrete antenna, as used in the disclosure, may be an antenna that is fabricated separately from the substrate, and then coupled to the substrate (e.g., through a pick and place and reflow process).

Exemplary Sequence for Fabricating a Discrete Antenna Device

[0058] FIGS. **12A-12D** illustrate an exemplary sequence for providing or fabricating a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the sequence of FIGS. **12A-12D** may be used to provide or fabricate the antenna device **400** of FIG. **4**, or any of the antenna devices described in the disclosure.

[0059] It should be noted that the sequence of FIGS. **12A-12D** may combine one or more stages in order to simplify and/or clarify the sequence for providing or fabricating the antenna device. In some implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified. In some implementations, one or more of processes may be replaced or substituted without departing from the spirit of the disclosure.

[0060] Stage 1, as shown in FIG. **12A**, illustrates a state after a first dielectric layer **402** is provided. The first dielectric layer **402** may be a core layer. The first dielectric layer **402** may be silicon, glass, quartz, or combinations thereof.

[0061] Stage 2, illustrates a state after one or more cavities **1201** are formed in the first dielectric layer **402**. A laser process or a photo etching process may be used to form the cavities **1201** in the first dielectric layer **402**.

[0062] Stage 3 illustrates a state after a plurality of interconnects **1202** are formed in and over the first dielectric layer **402**. A plating process may be used to form the plurality of interconnects **1202**. The plurality of interconnects **1202** may include traces, vias and/or pads. The plurality of interconnects **1202** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., seed layer+metal layer).

[0063] Stage 4, as shown in FIG. **12B**, illustrates a state after a second dielectric layer **410** is formed over a first surface of the first dielectric layer **402**, and after a third dielectric layer **412** is formed over a second surface of the first dielectric layer **402**. A lamination process may be used to form the second dielectric layer **410** and the third dielectric layer **412**. The second dielectric layer **410** and/or the third dielectric layer **412** may be a photo-etchable dielectric layer.

[0064] Stage 5, illustrates a state after one or more cavities **1203** are formed in the third dielectric layer **412**. A laser process or a photo etching process may be used to form the cavities **1203** in the third dielectric layer **412**.

[0065] Stage 6, as shown in FIG. **12C**, illustrates a state after a plurality of interconnects **1210** are formed over the second dielectric layer **410**, and after a plurality of interconnects **1212** are formed in and over the third dielectric layer **412**. A plating process may be used to form the plurality of interconnects **1210** and **1212**. The plurality of interconnects **1210-1212** may include traces, vias and/or pads. The plurality of interconnects **1210-1212** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., seed layer+metal layer).

[0066] Stage 7 illustrates a state after a first solder resist layer **420** is formed over the second dielectric layer **410**, and after a second solder resist layer **422** is formed over the third dielectric layer **412**.

[0067] Stage 8, as shown in FIG. **12D**, illustrates a state a plurality of solder interconnects **440** are provided in the cavities of the second solder resist layer **422**. The plurality of interconnects **430** may represent the plurality of interconnects **1202**, **1210** and **1212**. Stages 7 and/or 8 may illustrate the antenna device **400** of FIG. **4**.

[0068] FIGS. **12A-12D** illustrate an example of a sequence for fabricating an antenna device. However, different implementations may use a different process and/or a sequence for forming the interconnects. In some implementations, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process and/or a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process may be used to form the interconnects. A sputtering process, a spray coating, and/or a plating process may be used to form the interconnects.

Exemplary Sequence for Fabricating a Discrete Antenna Device

[0069] FIGS. **13A-13C** illustrate an exemplary sequence for providing or fabricating a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the sequence of FIGS. **13A-13C** may be used to provide or fabricate the antenna device **500** of FIG. **5**, or any of the antenna devices described in the disclosure.

[0070] It should be noted that the sequence of FIGS. **13A-13C** may combine one or more stages in order to simplify and/or clarify the sequence for providing or fabricating the antenna device. In some implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified. In some implementations, one or more of processes may be replaced or substituted without departing from the spirit of the disclosure.

[0071] Stage 1, as shown in FIG. **13A**, illustrates a state after a first dielectric layer **502** and a first plurality of interconnects **1302** are provided and formed. The first dielectric layer **502** may be a film (e.g., ceramic film) and the first plurality of interconnects **1302** may be disposed over the first dielectric layer **502**.

[0072] Stage 2 illustrates a state after a second dielectric layer **504** and a second plurality of interconnects **1304** are provided and formed. The second dielectric layer **504** may be a film (e.g., ceramic film) and the second plurality of interconnects **1304** may be disposed in and over the second dielectric layer **504**.

[0073] Stage 3 illustrates a state after a third dielectric layer **506** and a third plurality of interconnects **1306** are provided and formed. The third dielectric layer **506** may be a film (e.g., ceramic film) and the third plurality of interconnects **1306** may be disposed in and over the third dielectric layer **506**.

[0074] Stage 4, as shown in FIG. **13B**, illustrates a state after (i) the second dielectric layer **504** comprising the second plurality of interconnects **1304** is stacked over the third dielectric layer **506** comprising the third plurality of interconnects **1306**, and (ii) the first dielectric layer **502** comprising the first plurality of interconnects **1302** is stacked over the second dielectric layer **504** comprising the second plurality of interconnects **1304**.

[0075] Stage 5 illustrates a state after the stacked dielectric layers (e.g., **502**, **504**, **506**) are baked to form dielectric layers that are coupled to one another. In some implementations, the first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504** and the third dielectric layer **506** may be considered as one dielectric layer. That is, the baking process may combine the first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504** and the third dielectric layer **506** into one dielectric layer. The first dielectric layer **502**, the second dielectric layer **504** and the third dielectric layer **506** may include ceramic, such as a low temperature co-fired ceramic (LTCC) or a high temperature co-fired ceramic (HTCC).

[0076] Stage 6 illustrates a state after a first solder resist layer **520** is formed over the first dielectric layer **502**, and after a second solder resist layer **522** is formed over the third dielectric layer **506**.

[0077] Stage 7 illustrates a state a plurality of solder interconnects **540** are provided in the cavities of the second solder resist layer **522**. The plurality of interconnects **430** may represent the plurality of interconnects **1302**, **1304** and **1306**. Stages 6 and/or 7 may illustrate the antenna device **500** of FIG. **5**.

[0078] FIGS. **13A-13C** illustrate an example of a sequence for fabricating an antenna device. However, different implementations may use a different process and/or a sequence for forming the interconnects. In some implementations, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process and/or a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process may be used to form the interconnects. A sputtering process, a spray coating, and/or a plating process may be used to form the interconnects.

Exemplary Flow Diagram of a Method for Fabricating a Discrete Antenna Device

[0079] In some implementations, fabricating a discrete antenna device includes several processes. FIG. **14** illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method **1400** for providing or fabricating a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the method **1400** of FIG. **6** may be used to provide or fabricate the antenna device **400** of FIG. **4** described in the disclosure. However, the method **1400** may be used to provide or fabricate any of the dies described in the disclosure. For example, the method **1400** may also be used to fabricate the antenna device **500** of FIG. **5**.

[0080] It should be noted that the sequence of FIG. **14** may combine one or more processes in order to simplify and/or clarify the method for providing or fabricating an antenna device. In some

implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified.

[0081] The method forms (at **1405**) one or more dielectric layers (e.g., **402**, **410**, **412**). Depending on the type of antenna device that is being fabricated, the dielectric layers may include a core layer and/or a ceramic layer (e.g., LTCC, HTCC). Forming dielectric layers may include a lamination process and/or include providing one or more dielectric films (e.g., dielectric layers **502**, **504**, **506**).

[0082] The method forms (at **1410**) a plurality of interconnects (e.g., **1202**, **1210**, **1212**, **1302**, **1304**, **1306**) in and over the dielectric layers (e.g., **402**, **410**, **412**, **502**, **504**, **506**). A plating process may be used to form the interconnects. However, other processes may be used to form the interconnects. In some implementations, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process and/or a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process may be used to form the interconnects. Moreover, a sputtering process, a pasting process, and/or a spray coating may be used to form the interconnects. In some implementations, the plurality of interconnects may be formed after each dielectric layer is formed.

[0083] The method forms (at **1415**) solder resist layers (e.g., **420**, **422**) over the dielectric layers (e.g., **402**, **410**, **412**).

[0084] The method couples (at **1420**) a plurality of solder interconnects (e.g., **440**) to the plurality of interconnects (e.g., **430**).

[0085] In some implementations, several antenna devices are formed over a wafer and/or a carrier. In such instances, the wafer or carrier is cut (e.g., singulated, diced) into several discrete antenna devices. The wafer or carrier may be cut using a mechanical process (e.g., saw) and/or a laser process (e.g., laser ablation).

Exemplary Sequence for Fabricating a Package That Includes a Discrete Antenna Device

[0086] FIGS. **15A-15C** illustrate an exemplary sequence for providing or fabricating a package that includes a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the sequence of FIGS. **15A-15C** may be used to provide or fabricate the package **300** of FIG. **3**, or any of the packages (e.g., **200**, **300**, **800**, **900**, **1000**, **1100**) described in the disclosure.

[0087] It should be noted that the sequence of FIGS. **15A-15C** may combine one or more stages in order to simplify and/or clarify the sequence for providing or fabricating the package. In some implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified. In some implementations, one or more of processes may be replaced or substituted without departing from the spirit of the disclosure.

[0088] Stage 1, as shown in FIG. **15A**, illustrates a state after a substrate **202** is provided. The substrate **202** includes at least one dielectric layer **220** and a plurality of interconnects **222** (e.g., traces, pads, vias). The substrate **202** that is provided may be fabricated. The fabrication of the substrate may include a lamination process and a plating process. Examples of processes for fabricating a substrate includes a semi additive process (SAP) and a modified semi additive process (mSAP). However, different implementations may fabricate a substrate differently. The substrate **202** is fabricated separately from an antenna device.

[0089] Stage 2 illustrates a state after a first integrated device **203**, a second integrated device **205** and a passive device **207** are coupled to a second surface of the substrate **202**. The first integrated device **203** is coupled to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **230**. The second integrated device **205** is coupled to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **232**. The passive device **207** is coupled to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **234**. A solder reflow process may be used to couple the integrated devices and/or passive devices.

[0090] Stage 3, as shown in FIG. **15B**, illustrates a state after an encapsulation layer **210** is provided over the second surface of the substrate **202**. In particular, the encapsulation layer **210** is provided such that the encapsulation layer **210** encapsulates the first integrated device **203**, the second integrated device **205** and the passive device **207**. Different implementations may provide the encapsulation layer **210** over the substrate **202** by using various processes. For example, the

encapsulation layer **210** may be provided over the substrate **202** by using a compression and transfer molding process, a sheet molding process, or a liquid molding process.

[0091] Stage 4 illustrates a state after a shield **212** is formed over the encapsulation layer **210** and over a side portion of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., patterned metal layer(s)). The shield **212** may be configured to operate as an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield. A plating process, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process, a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process, a sputtering process, and/or a spray coating may be used to form the shield **212**.

[0092] Stage 5, as shown in FIG. **15C**, illustrates a state after the discrete antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380**) are coupled to a first surface of the substrate **202**. A reflow process may be used to couple solder interconnects between the discrete antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380**) and interconnects of the substrate **202**. Stage 5 also illustrates a connector **214** coupled to a second surface of the substrate **202**. Stage 5 may illustrate the package **300** of FIG. **3**.

Exemplary Flow Diagram of a Method for Fabricating a Package That Includes a Discrete Antenna Device

[0093] In some implementations, fabricating a package having a discrete antenna device includes several processes. FIG. **16** illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method **1600** for providing or fabricating a package having a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the method **1600** of FIG. **16** may be used to provide or fabricate the package **300** of FIG. **3** described in the disclosure. However, the method **1600** may be used to provide or fabricate any of the packages (e.g., **200, 300, 800, 900, 1000, 1100**) described in the disclosure.

[0094] It should be noted that the sequence of FIG. **16** may combine one or more processes in order to simplify and/or clarify the method for providing or fabricating a package having a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified.

[0095] The method provides (at **1605**) a substrate (e.g., **202**) that includes dielectric layers (e.g., **220**) and interconnects (e.g., **222**). The fabrication of the substrate may include a lamination process and a plating process. Examples of processes for fabricating a substrate includes a semi additive process (SAP) and a modified semi additive process (mSAP). However, different implementations may fabricate a substrate differently.

[0096] The method couples (at **1610**) integrated device(s) and/or passive device(s) to a second surface of the substrate (e.g., **202**). For example, the method may couple (i) the first integrated device **203** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **230**, (iii) the second integrated device **205** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **232**, and (iii) the passive device **207** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **234**. A reflow process may be used to couple the integrated devices and passive devices to the substrate.

[0097] The method encapsulates (at **1615**) the integrated device(s) and the passive device(s) with an encapsulation layer (e.g., **210**). For example, the encapsulation layer **210** may be provided such that the encapsulation layer **210** encapsulates the first integrated device **203**, the second integrated device **205** and the passive device **207**, such that the encapsulation layer **210** is located over the second surface of the substrate **202**. In some implementations, the encapsulation layer **210** may be formed over the second surface (e.g., bottom surface) of the substrate **202** such that (i) a first vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a first vertical surface (e.g., **820**) of the substrate **202**, (ii) a second vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a second vertical surface (e.g., **830**) of the substrate **202**, and/or (iii) a third vertical surface of the encapsulation layer **210** is coplanar with a third vertical surface (e.g., **840**) of the substrate **202**. Different implementations may provide the encapsulation layer **210** over the substrate **202** by using various processes. For example, the encapsulation layer **210** may be provided over the substrate **202** by using a compression and transfer molding process, a sheet molding process, or a liquid molding process.

[0098] The method forms (at **1620**) a shield **212** over the encapsulation layer **210** and over a side

portion of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., patterned metal layer(s)). The shield **212** may be configured to operate as an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield. A plating process, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process, a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process, a sputtering process, and/or a spray coating may be used to form the shield **212**.

[0099] The method couples (at **1625**) one or more antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380, 400, 500**) to a first surface of the substrate (e.g. **202**). For example, a first antenna device may be coupled to a first surface of the substrate through a plurality of solder interconnects. A reflow process may be used to couple solder interconnects between the discrete antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380**) and interconnects of the substrate **202**.

[0100] The method couples (at **1630**) at least one connector (e.g., **614**) to the substrate (e.g., **202**). It is noted that instead of a connector or in addition to a connector, some implementations may include other types of connections, such as a wire and/or flexible interconnect.

Exemplary Flow Diagram of a Method for Assembling and Testing a Package That Includes a Discrete Antenna Device

[0101] As mentioned above, one advantage of using discrete antenna devices with a package is the ability to easily mix and match different types of discrete antenna devices without having to substantially redesign the entire package.

[0102] FIG. **17** illustrates an exemplary flow diagram of a method **1700** for assembling and testing a package that includes a discrete antenna device. The method **1700** of FIG. **17** will be used to describe assembling and testing the package **300** of FIG. **3**. However, the method **1700** may be used to assemble and test any of the packages (e.g., **200, 800, 900, 1000, 1100**) described in the disclosure.

[0103] It should be noted that the sequence of FIG. **16** may combine one or more processes in order to simplify and/or clarify the method for assembling and testing a package having a discrete antenna device. In some implementations, the order of the processes may be changed or modified.

[0104] The method fabricates (at **1705**) a substrate (e.g., **202**) that includes dielectric layers (e.g., **220**) and interconnects (e.g., **222**). The fabrication of the substrate may include a lamination process and a plating process. Examples of processes for fabricating a substrate includes a semi additive process (SAP) and a modified semi additive process (mSAP). However, different implementations may fabricate a substrate differently. In some implementations, the substrate has already been fabricated by another party.

[0105] The method assembles (at **1710**) integrated device(s) and/or passive device(s) to the substrate (e.g., **202**). For example, the method may couple (i) the first integrated device **203** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **230**, (iii) the second integrated device **205** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **232**, and (iii) the passive device **207** to the substrate **202** through the plurality of solder interconnects **234**. A reflow process may be used to couple the integrated devices and passive devices to the substrate. Assembling the integrated devices and/or passive devices may also include encapsulating the integrated device(s) and the passive device(s) with an encapsulation layer (e.g., **210**) and forming a shield **212** over the encapsulation layer **210** and over a side portion of the substrate **202**. The shield **212** may include one or more metal layers (e.g., patterned metal layer(s)). The shield **212** may be configured to operate as an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield. A plating process, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process, a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process, a sputtering process, and/or a spray coating may be used to form the shield **212**.

[0106] The method tests (at **1715**) the assembled integrated devices and/or passive devices. The method may perform one or more tests on the assembled integrated devices and/or passive devices. If the assembled integrated devices and/or passive devices does not pass the test, the entire assembly may be discarded or recycled. In some implementations, if the assembled integrated devices and/or passive devices does not pass the test, any defective component may be removed

and replaced with another component and the test is performed again. If the assembled integrated devices and/or passive devices passes the test(s), the method proceeds to **1720**.

[0107] The method assembles (at **1720**) one or more antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380, 400, 500**) to the substrate (e.g. **202**). A reflow process may be used to couple solder interconnects between the discrete antenna devices (e.g., **350, 360, 370, 380**) and interconnects of the substrate **202**.

[0108] The method tests (at **1725**) the assembled antenna devices. The method may perform one or more tests on the assembled antenna devices. If one or more of the assembled antenna devices do not pass the test, the entire assembly may be discarded or recycled. In some implementations, if one or more of the assembled antenna devices do not pass the test, any defective antenna device may be removed and replaced with another antenna device and the test is performed again. If the assembled antenna devices pass the test(s), the method proceeds to **1730**.

[0109] The method tests (at **1730**) the entire package that includes the antenna devices, integrated devices and/or passive devices. The method may perform one or more tests on the entire package. If the entire package does not pass the test, the entire package may be discarded or recycled. In some implementations, if the entire package does not pass the test, any defective component may be removed and replaced with another component and the test is performed again.

Exemplary Electronic Devices

[0110] FIG. **18** illustrates various electronic devices that may be integrated with any of the aforementioned device, integrated device, integrated circuit (IC) package, integrated circuit (IC) device, semiconductor device, integrated circuit, die, interposer, package, package-on-package (POP), System in Package (SiP), or System on Chip (SoC). For example, a mobile phone device **1802**, a laptop computer device **1804**, a fixed location terminal device **1806**, a wearable device **1808**, or automotive vehicle **1810** may include a device **1800** as described herein. The device **1800** may be, for example, any of the devices and/or integrated circuit (IC) packages described herein. The devices **1802, 1804, 1806** and **1808** and the vehicle **1810** illustrated in FIG. **18** are merely exemplary. Other electronic devices may also feature the device **1800** including, but not limited to, a group of devices (e.g., electronic devices) that includes mobile devices, hand-held personal communication systems (PCS) units, portable data units such as personal digital assistants, global positioning system (GPS) enabled devices, navigation devices, set top boxes, music players, video players, entertainment units, fixed location data units such as meter reading equipment, communications devices, smartphones, tablet computers, computers, wearable devices (e.g., watches, glasses), Internet of things (IoT) devices, servers, routers, electronic devices implemented in automotive vehicles (e.g., autonomous vehicles), or any other device that stores or retrieves data or computer instructions, or any combination thereof.

[0111] One or more of the components, processes, features, and/or functions illustrated in FIGS. **2-11, 12A-12D, 13A-13C, 14, 15A-15C**, and/or **16-18** may be rearranged and/or combined into a single component, process, feature or function or embodied in several components, processes, or functions. Additional elements, components, processes, and/or functions may also be added without departing from the disclosure. It should also be noted FIGS. **2-11, 12A-12D, 13A-13C, 14, 15A-15C**, and/or **16-18** and its corresponding description in the present disclosure is not limited to dies and/or ICs. In some implementations, FIGS. **2-11, 12A-12D, 13A-13C, 14, 15A-15C**, and/or **16-18** and its corresponding description may be used to manufacture, create, provide, and/or produce devices and/or integrated devices. In some implementations, a device may include a die, an integrated device, an integrated passive device (IPD), a die package, an integrated circuit (IC) device, a device package, an integrated circuit (IC) package, a wafer, a semiconductor device, a package-on-package (POP) device, a heat dissipating device and/or an interposer.

[0112] It is noted that the figures in the disclosure may represent actual representations and/or conceptual representations of various parts, components, objects, devices, packages, integrated devices, integrated circuits, and/or transistors. In some instances, the figures may not be to scale. In

some instances, for purpose of clarity, not all components and/or parts may be shown. In some instances, the position, the location, the sizes, and/or the shapes of various parts and/or components in the figures may be exemplary. In some implementations, various components and/or parts in the figures may be optional.

[0113] The word “exemplary” is used herein to mean “serving as an example, instance, or illustration.” Any implementation or aspect described herein as “exemplary” is not necessarily to be construed as preferred or advantageous over other aspects of the disclosure. Likewise, the term “aspects” does not require that all aspects of the disclosure include the discussed feature, advantage or mode of operation. The term “coupled” is used herein to refer to the direct or indirect coupling between two objects. For example, if object A physically touches object B, and object B touches object C, then objects A and C may still be considered coupled to one another-even if they do not directly physically touch each other. The term “electrically coupled” may mean that two objects are directly or indirectly coupled together such that an electrical current (e.g., signal, power, ground) may travel between the two objects. Two objects that are electrically coupled may or may not have an electrical current traveling between the two objects. The use of the terms “first”, “second”, “third” and “fourth” (and/or anything above fourth) is arbitrary. Any of the components described may be the first component, the second component, the third component or the fourth component. For example, a component that is referred to a second component, may be the first component, the second component, the third component or the fourth component. The terms “top” and “bottom” are arbitrary. A component that is located on top may be located over a component that is located on a bottom. A top component may be considered a bottom component, and vice versa. The term “encapsulating” means that the object may partially encapsulate or completely encapsulate another object. It is further noted that the term “over” as used in the present application in the context of one component located over another component, may be used to mean a component that is on another component and/or in another component (e.g., on a surface of a component or embedded in a component). Thus, for example, a first component that is over the second component may mean that (1) the first component is over the second component, but not directly touching the second component, (2) the first component is on (e.g., on a surface of) the second component, and/or (3) the first component is in (e.g., embedded in) the second component. The term “about ‘value X’”, or “approximately value X”, as used in the disclosure means within 10 percent of the ‘value X’. For example, a value of about 1 or approximately 1, would mean a value in a range of 0.9-1.1.

[0114] In some implementations, an interconnect is an element or component of a device or package that allows or facilitates an electrical connection between two points, elements and/or components. In some implementations, an interconnect may include a trace, a via, a pad, a pillar, a redistribution metal layer, and/or an under bump metallization (UBM) layer. In some implementations, an interconnect is an electrically conductive material that may be configured to provide an electrical path for a signal (e.g., a data signal), ground and/or power. An interconnect may be part of a circuit. An interconnect may include more than one element or component. An interconnect may be defined by one or more interconnects. Different implementations may use different processes and/or sequences for forming the interconnects. In some implementations, a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) process, a physical vapor deposition (PVD) process, a sputtering process, a spray coating, and/or a plating process may be used to form the interconnects.

[0115] Also, it is noted that various disclosures contained herein may be described as a process that is depicted as a flowchart, a flow diagram, a structure diagram, or a block diagram. Although a flowchart may describe the operations as a sequential process, many of the operations can be performed in parallel or concurrently. In addition, the order of the operations may be re-arranged. A process is terminated when its operations are completed.

[0116] The various features of the disclosure described herein can be implemented in different systems without departing from the disclosure. It should be noted that the foregoing aspects of the disclosure are merely examples and are not to be construed as limiting the disclosure. The

description of the aspects of the present disclosure is intended to be illustrative, and not to limit the scope of the claims. As such, the present teachings can be readily applied to other types of apparatuses and many alternatives, modifications, and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

Claims

1. A package comprising: a substrate comprising a first surface and a second surface, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of interconnects; a first antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects, wherein a portion of the first antenna device overhangs over the substrate such that a portion of the first antenna device does not vertically overlap with any portion of the substrate; a second antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a second plurality of solder interconnects; an integrated device coupled to the second surface of the substrate; an encapsulation layer coupled to the second surface of the substrate, wherein a vertical surface of the encapsulation layer is coplanar with a vertical surface of the substrate, and wherein the encapsulation layer at least partially encapsulates the integrated device; and a shield coupled to a surface of the encapsulation layer, wherein the shield is configured to provide electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding.
2. The package of claim 1, wherein the shield is formed over the surface of the encapsulation layer.
3. The package of claim 2, wherein the shield is further formed over a side surface of the substrate, and wherein a side portion of the first antenna device is free of the shield.
4. The package of claim 1, wherein the encapsulation layer is coupled to the second surface of the substrate such that a second vertical surface of the encapsulation layer is coplanar with a second vertical surface of the substrate.
5. The package of claim 1, wherein the first antenna device is configured to transmit and/or receive a first signal having a first frequency, and wherein the second antenna device is configured to transmit and/or receive a second signal having a second frequency.
6. The package of claim 1, wherein the first antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate such that (i) a first portion of the first antenna device overhangs over a first side the substrate, and (ii) a second portion of the first antenna device overhangs over a second side the substrate.
7. The package of claim 6, wherein the first antenna device is configured to operate as a dipole antenna.
8. The package of claim 1, wherein the first antenna device comprises: a first plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for ground; and a second plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for signals, wherein the first plurality of pads laterally surround the second plurality of pads, and wherein the first antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through the first plurality of solder interconnects such that (i) a first group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the first plurality of pads and (ii) a second group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the second plurality of pads.
9. The package of claim 1, wherein the second antenna device is configured to operate as a dipole antenna.
10. The package of claim 1, wherein the first antenna device comprises: at least one dielectric layer; and at least one antenna device interconnect configured as an antenna.
11. The package of claim 1, wherein the second antenna device comprises: at least one dielectric layer; and at least one antenna device interconnect configured as an antenna.
12. The package of claim 1, wherein a portion of the second antenna device overhangs over the substrate such that the portion of the second antenna device does not vertically overlap with any portion of the substrate.

- 13.** The package of claim 1, wherein the second antenna device comprises: a first plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for ground; and a second plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for signals, wherein the first plurality of pads laterally surround the second plurality of pads, and wherein the second antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through the second plurality of solder interconnects such that (i) a first group of solder interconnects from the second plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the first plurality of pads and (ii) a second group of solder interconnects from the second plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the second plurality of pads.
- 14.** The package of claim 1, further comprising a connector coupled to the second surface of the substrate.
- 15.** The package of claim 1, wherein the integrated device is coupled to the second surface of the substrate through at least a third plurality of solder interconnects.
- 16.** The package of claim 1, wherein the package includes a device selected from a group consisting of a music player, a video player, an entertainment unit, a navigation device, a communications device, a mobile device, a mobile phone, a smartphone, a personal digital assistant, a fixed location terminal, a tablet computer, a computer, a wearable device, a laptop computer, a server, and a device in an automotive vehicle.
- 17.** A package comprising: a substrate comprising a first surface and a second surface, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of interconnects; a first antenna device coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through a first plurality of solder interconnects, wherein the first antenna device comprises: a first plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for ground; and a second plurality of pads configured to provide at least one electrical path for signals, wherein the first plurality of pads laterally surround the second plurality of pads, and wherein the first antenna device is coupled to the first surface of the substrate, through the first plurality of solder interconnects such that (i) a first group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the first plurality of pads and (ii) a second group of solder interconnects from the first plurality of solder interconnects are coupled to the second plurality of pads; an integrated device coupled to the second surface of the substrate; and a shield coupled to the substrate, wherein the shield comprises an electromagnetic interference (EMI) shield.
- 18.** The package of claim 17, further comprising an encapsulation layer located over the second surface of the substrate, wherein the encapsulation layer encapsulates the integrated device.
- 19.** The package of claim 18, wherein the shield is formed over a surface of the encapsulation layer.
- 20.** The package of claim 19, wherein the shield is further formed over a side surface of the substrate, and wherein a side portion of the first antenna device is free of the shield.
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