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(54) SPRING MODULE AND SPRING CUSHION FOR FURNITURE

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A47C 23/057 (2006.01)

A47C 27/045 (2006.01)

A47C 27/05 (2006.01)

A47C 27/06 (2006.01)

A47C 27/15 (2006.01)

A47C 27/20 (2006.01)

F16F 1/08 (2006.01)

F16F 1/12 (2006.01)

F16F 3/04 (2006.01)

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(72) Inventor: Luhao LENG, Xiamen (CN)

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(52) U.S. Cl.

CPC ..... A47C 27/07 (2013.01); A47C 23/002 (2013.01); A47C 23/0438 (2013.01); A47C 23/057 (2013.01); A47C 27/053 (2013.01); A47C 27/056 (2013.01); A47C 27/063 (2013.01); A47C 27/064 (2013.01); A47C 27/065 (2013.01); A47C 27/15 (2013.01); A47C 27/20 (2013.01); A47C 27/0456 (2013.01); F16F 1/08 (2013.01); F16F 1/12 (2013.01); F16F 3/04 (2013.01)

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(63) Continuation of application No. 18/179,080, filed on Mar. 6, 2023, now Pat. No. 12,303,036, which is a continuation of application No. 17/769,308, filed on Apr. 14, 2022, filed as application No. PCT/CN2020/121404 on Oct. 16, 2020.

**Foreign Application Priority Data**Oct. 17, 2019 (CN) ..... 201910990436.2  
Oct. 15, 2020 (CN) ..... 202011104739.9

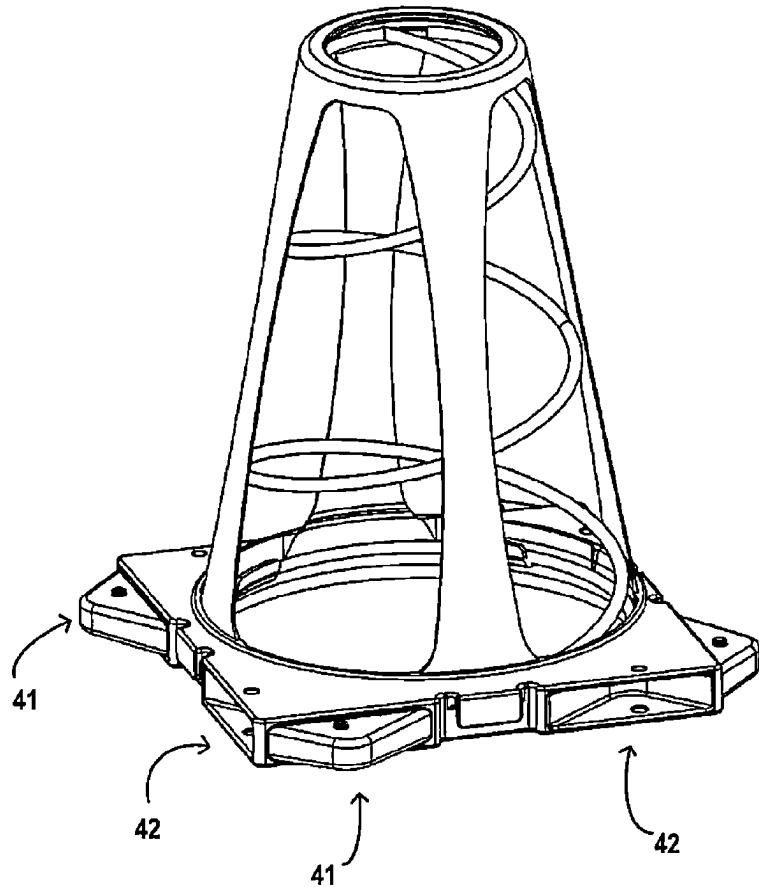
(57)

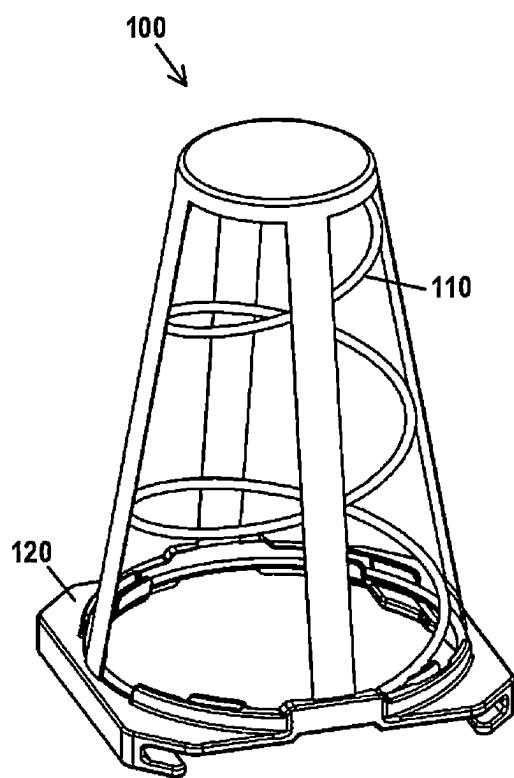
**ABSTRACT**

A spring module includes a spring and a spring bracket for accommodating the spring. The spring bracket may have a base, an end cover and a flexible connecting part connecting the base and the end cover. The spring may be fixed in the spring bracket with a predetermined initial pressure. The spring module may be used in a spring cushion for furniture.

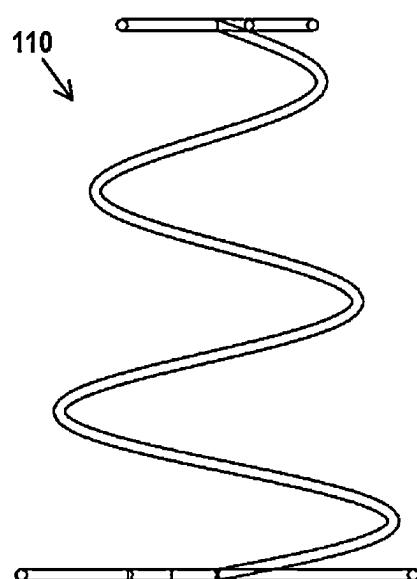
**Publication Classification**

(51) Int. Cl.

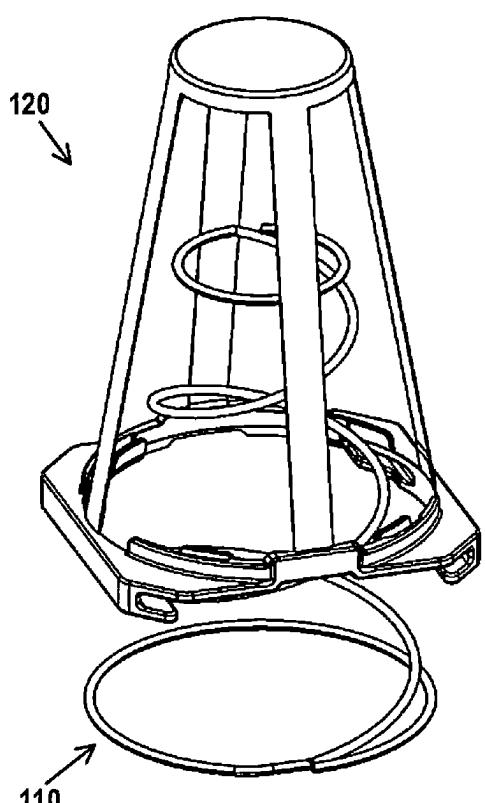
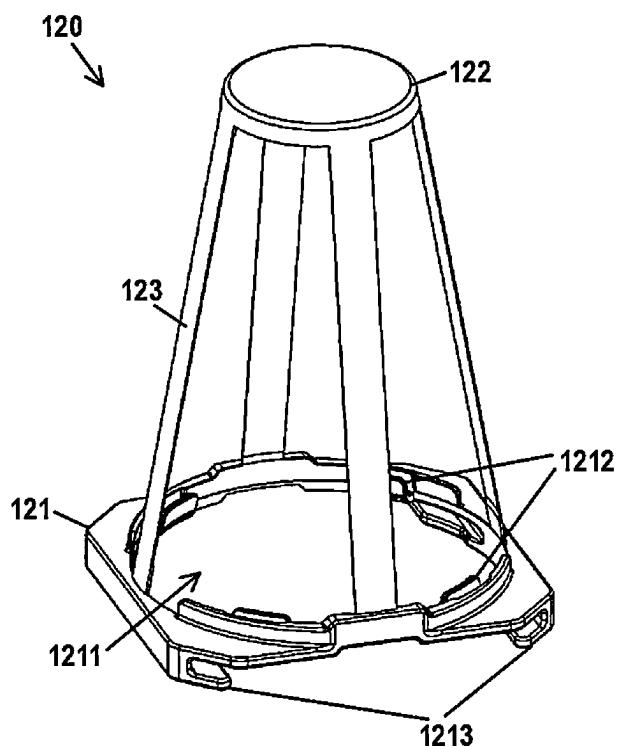
A47C 27/07 (2006.01)  
A47C 23/00 (2006.01)

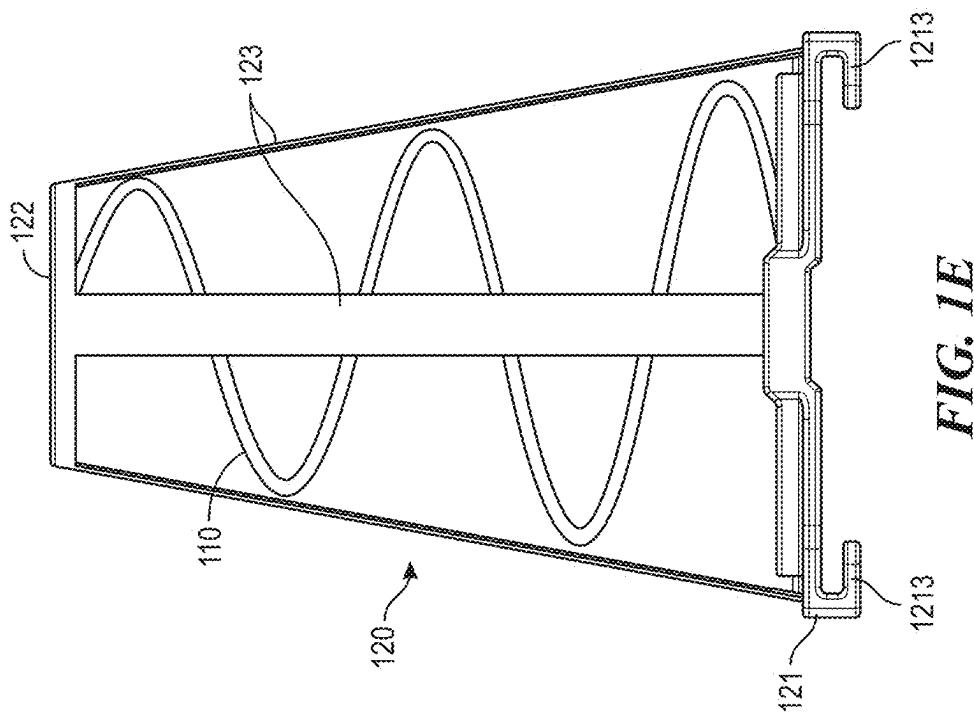
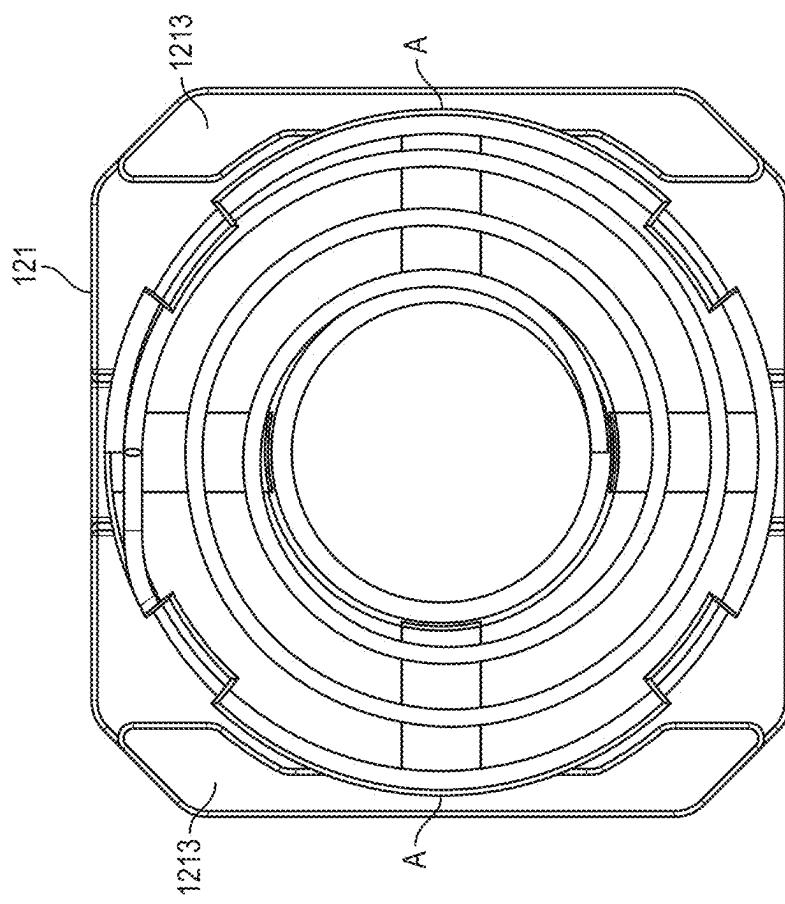


**FIG.1A**



**FIG.1B**





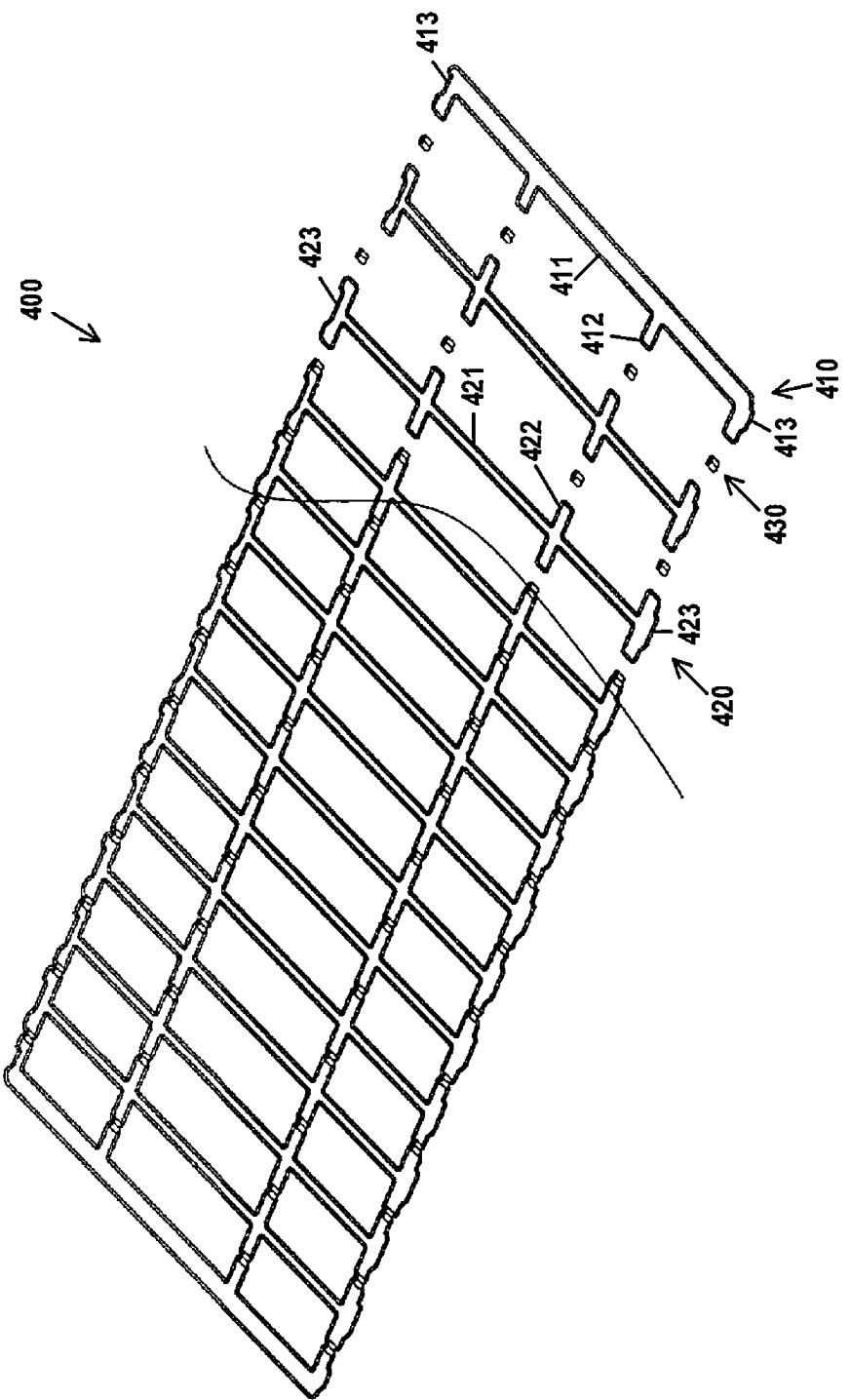
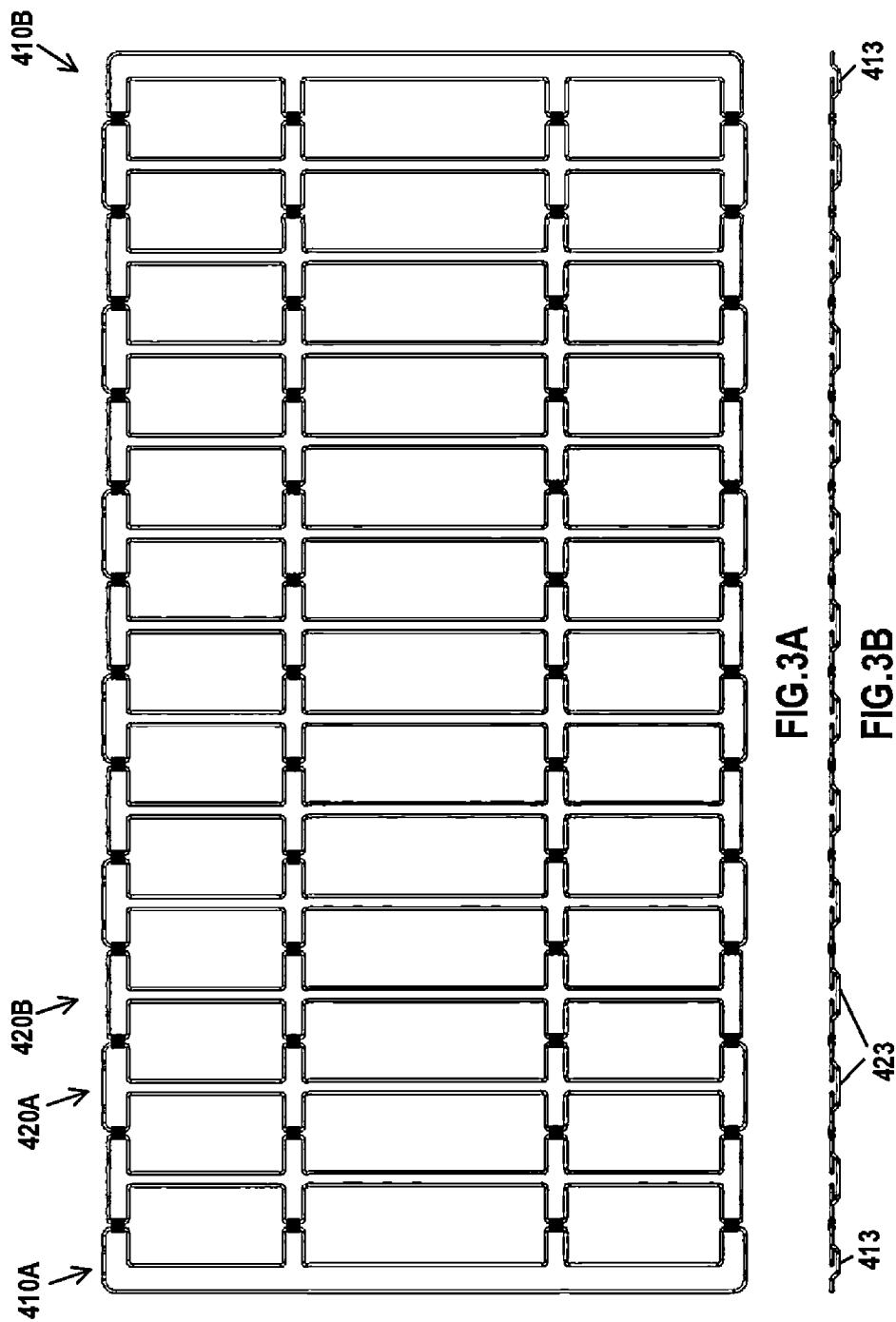
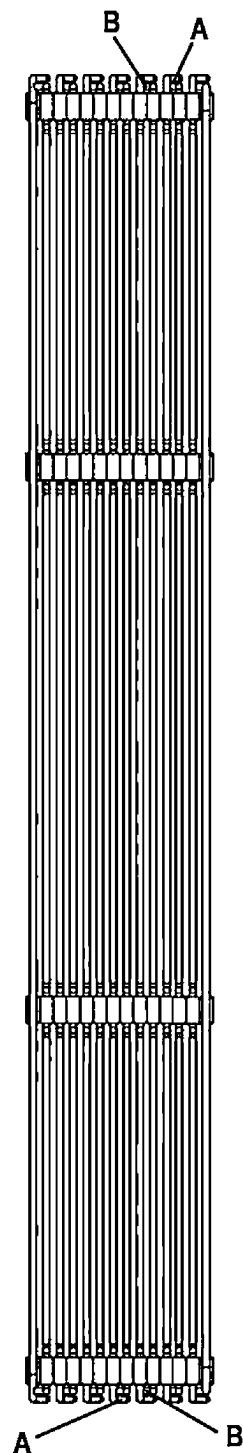
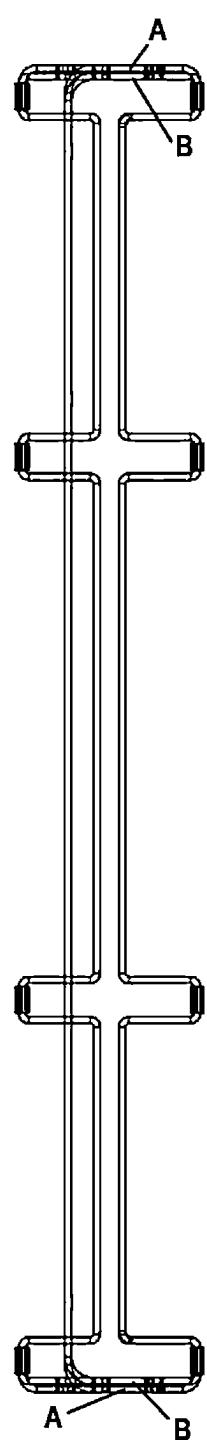
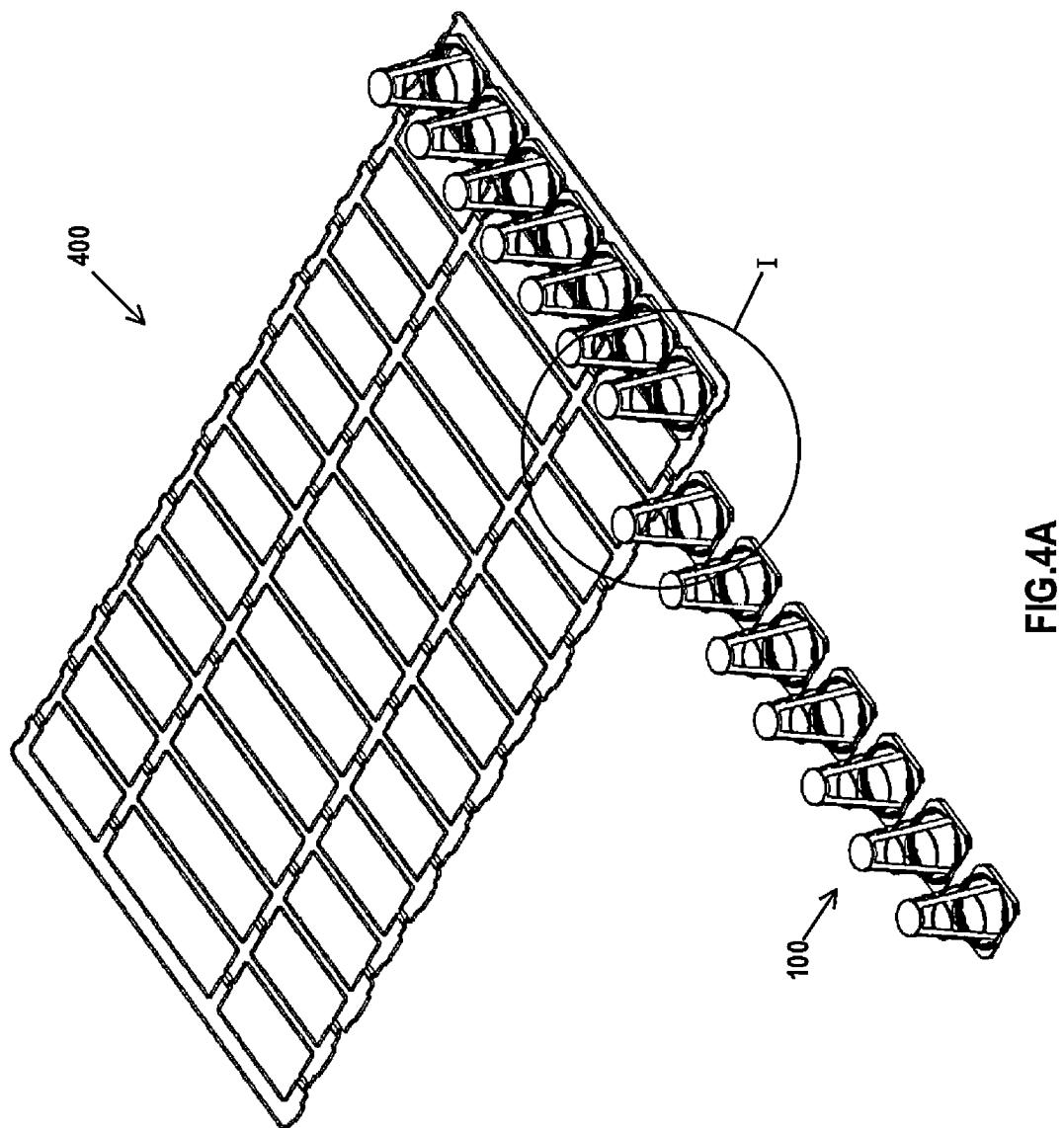
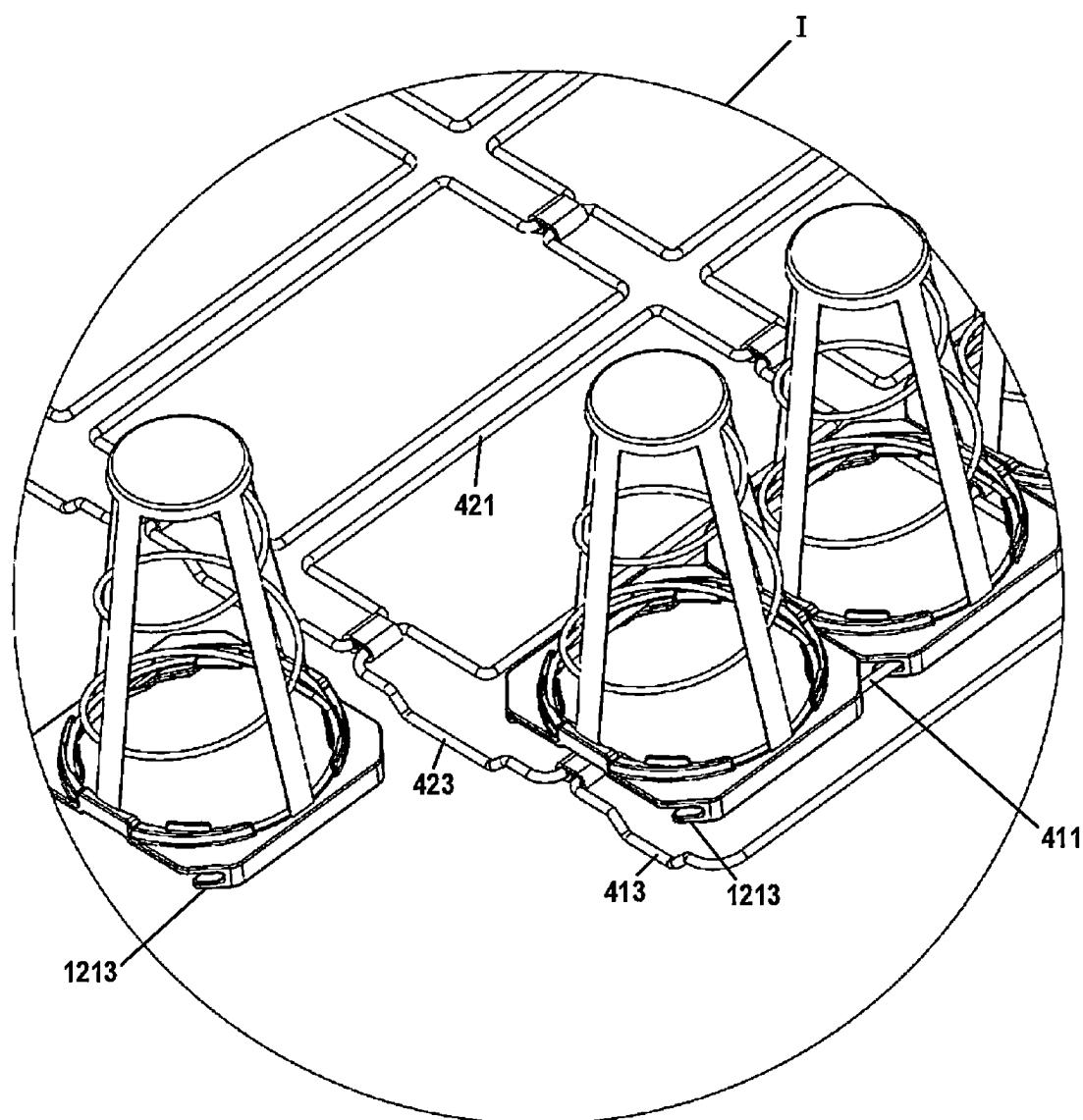


FIG.2

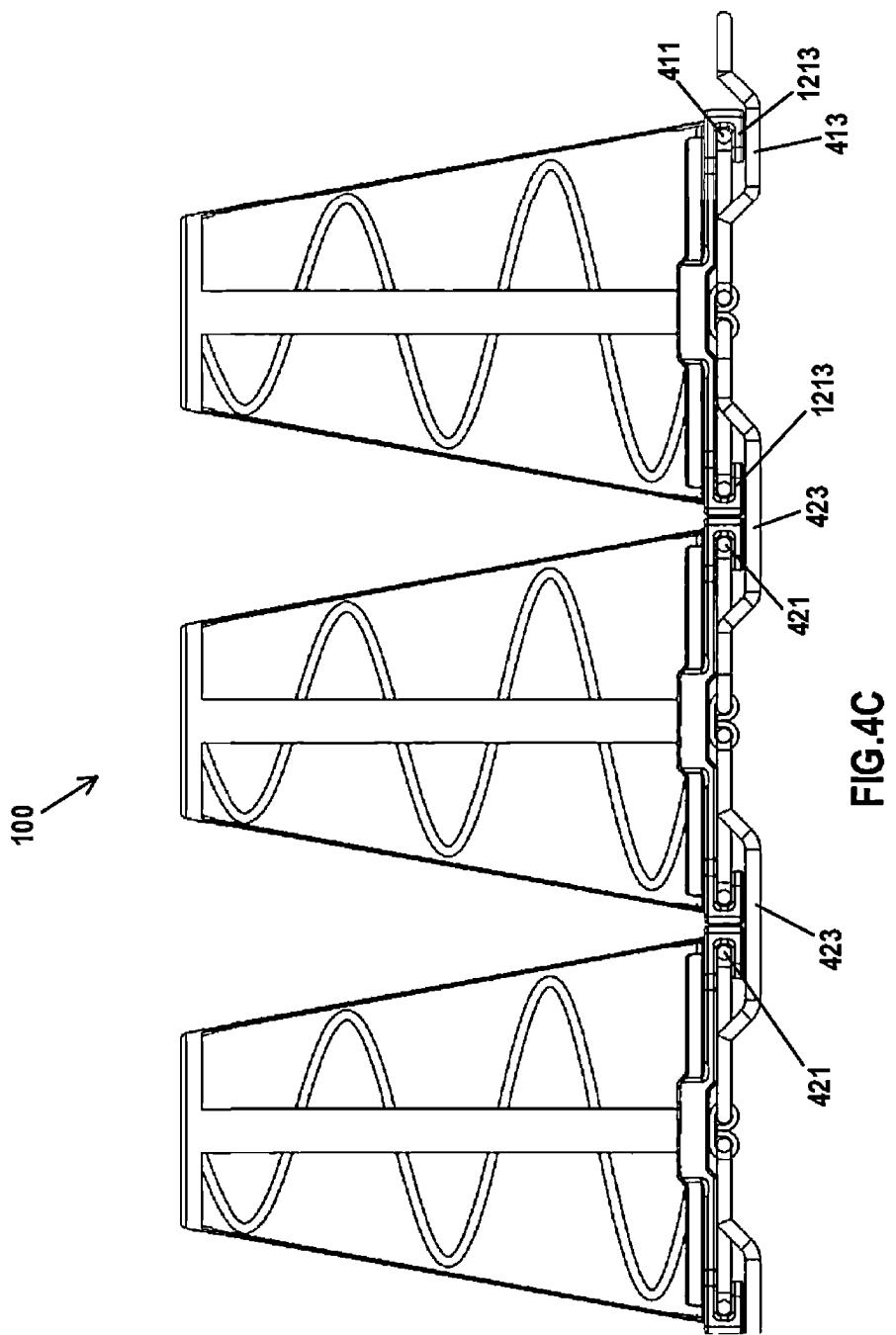








**FIG.4B**



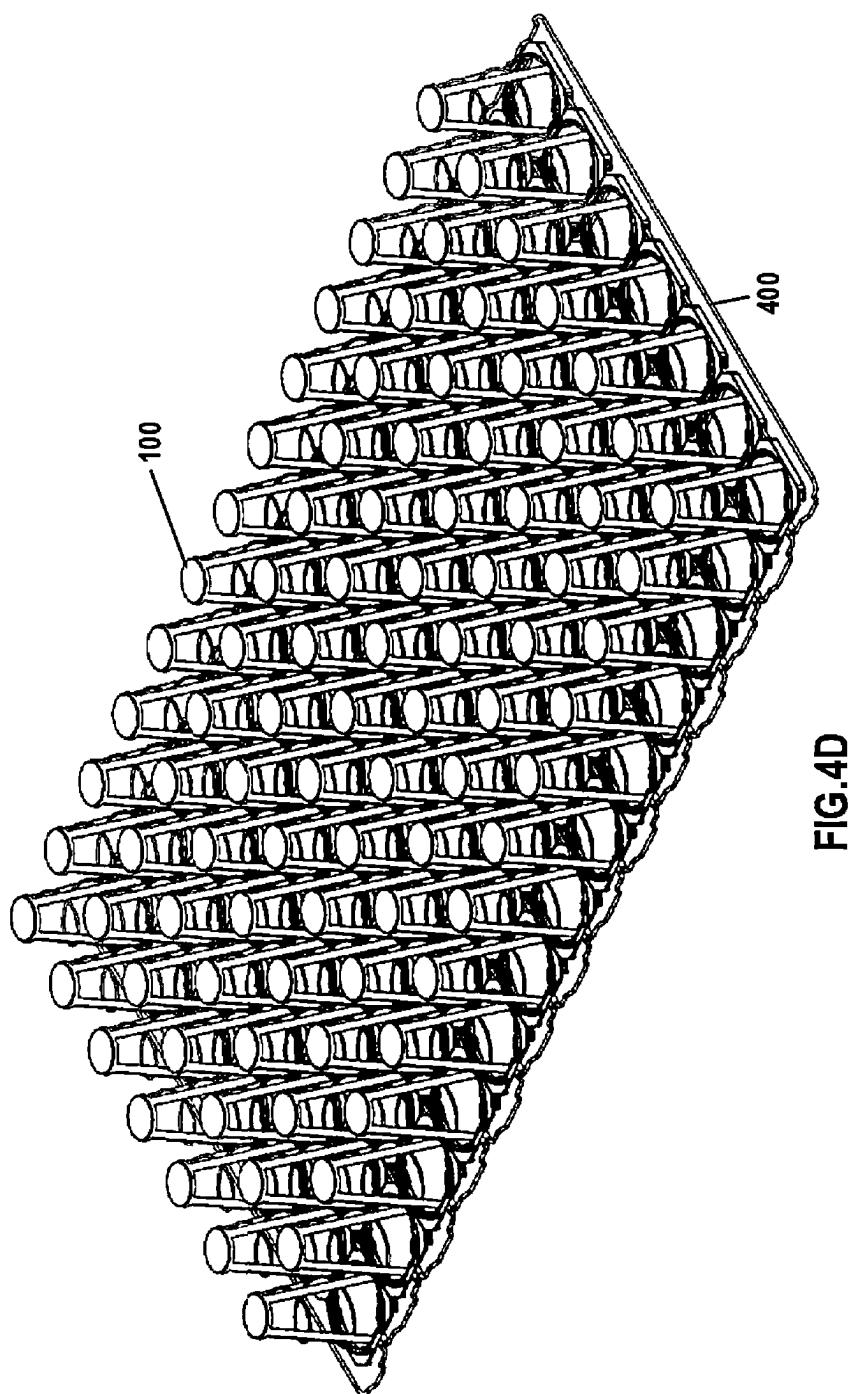


FIG.4D

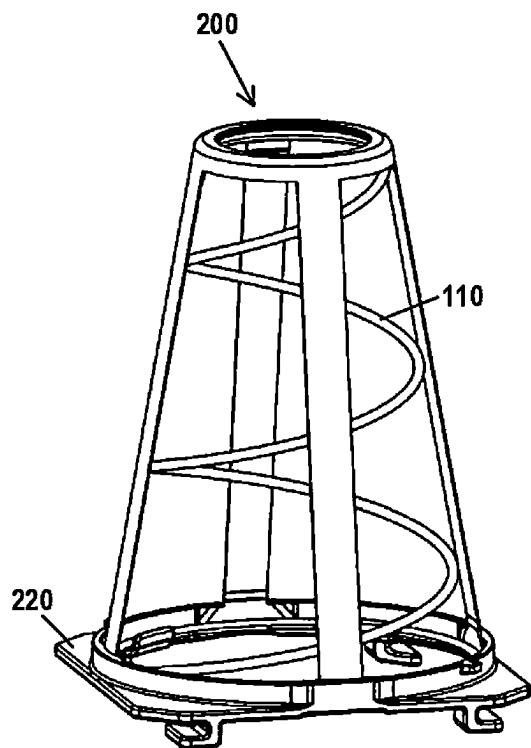


FIG.5A

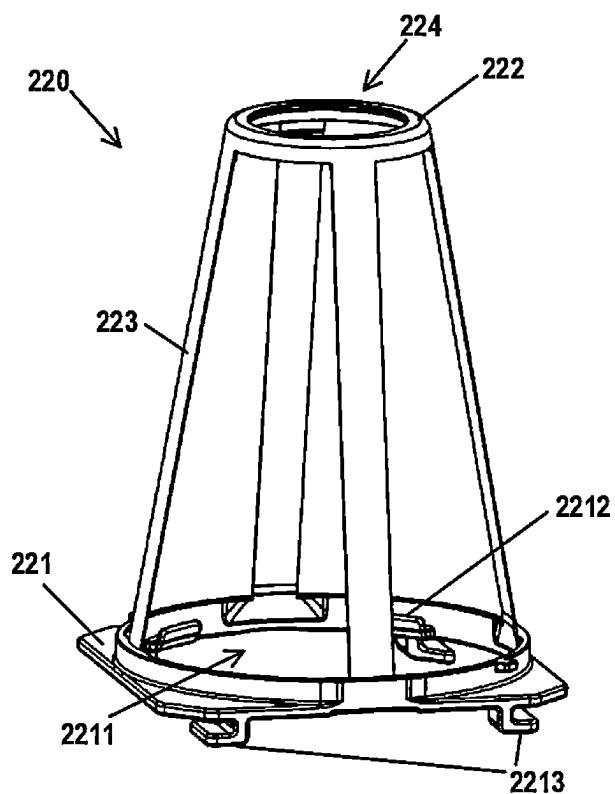


FIG.5B

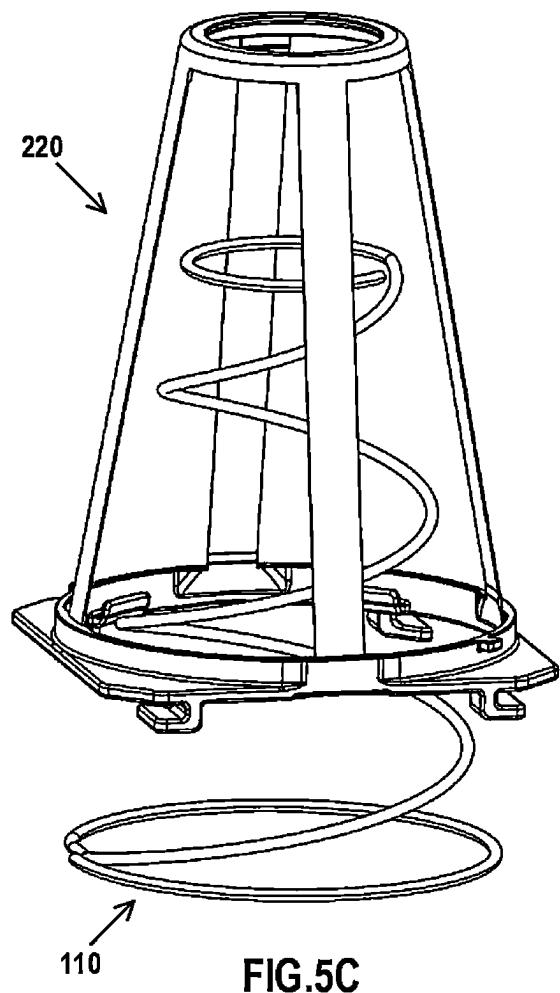


FIG.5C

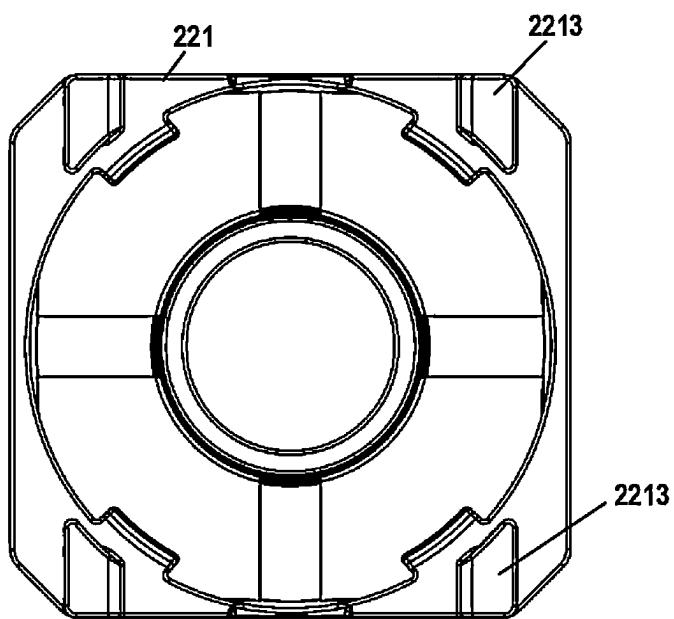


FIG.5D

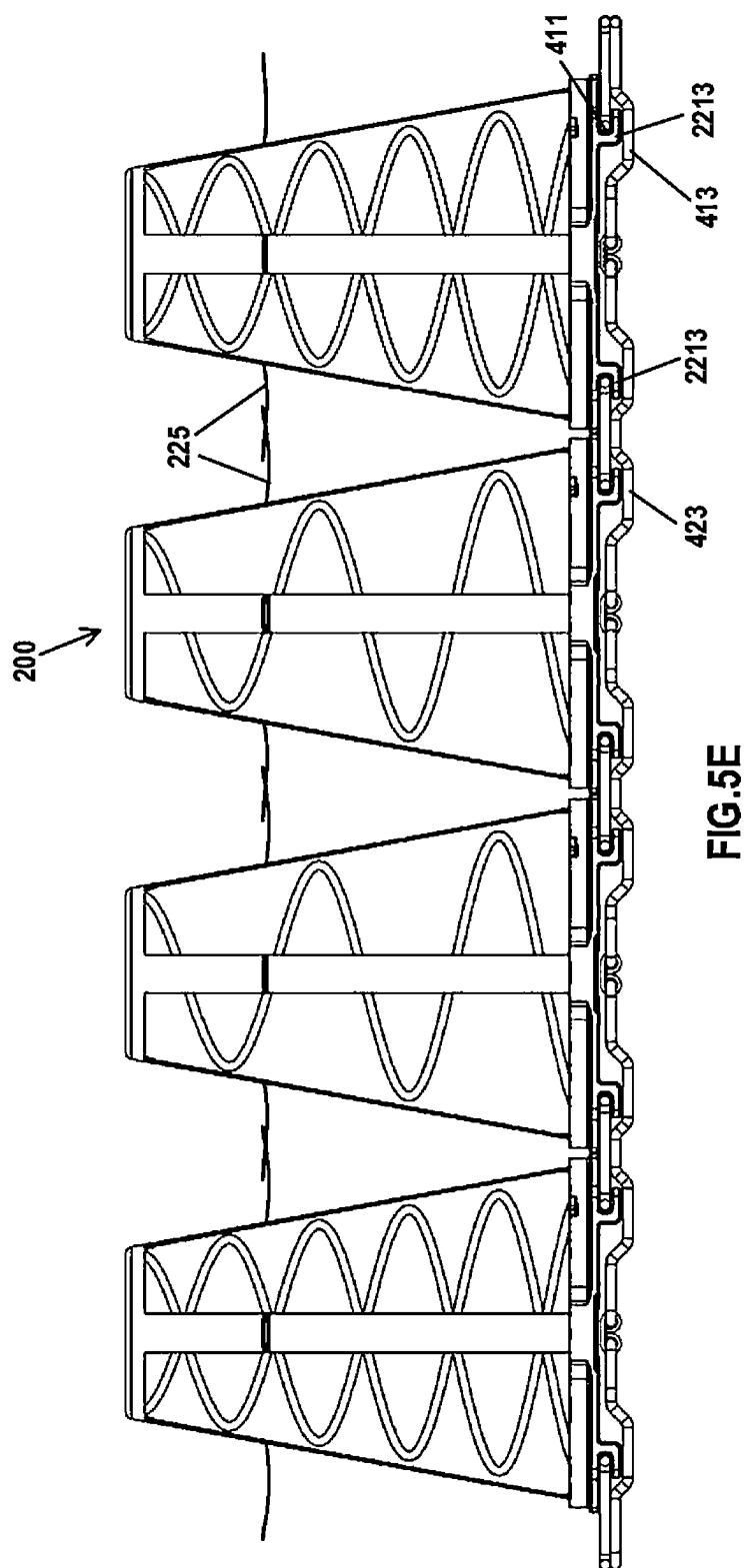


FIG.5E

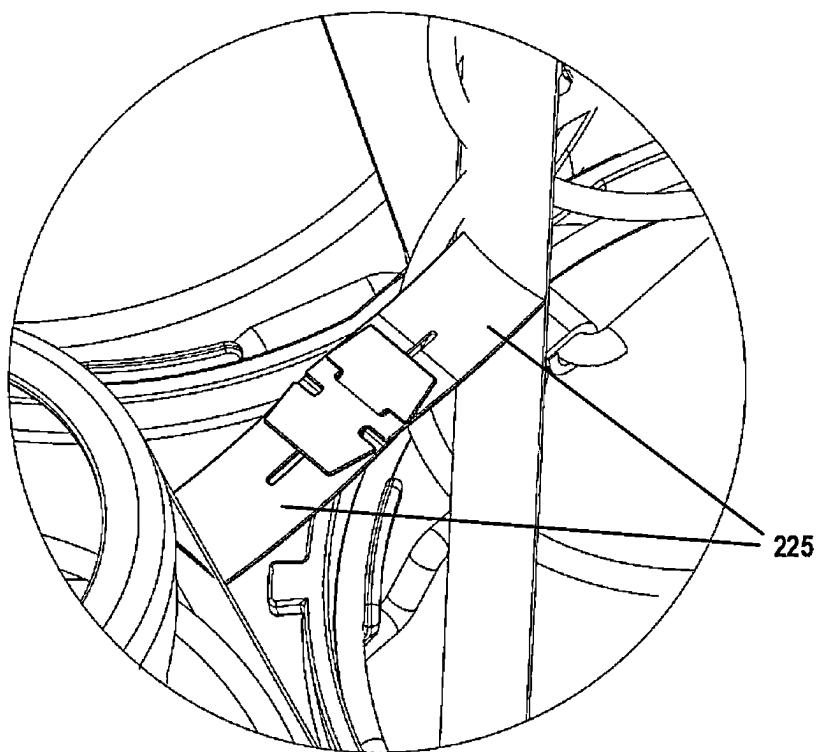


FIG.5F

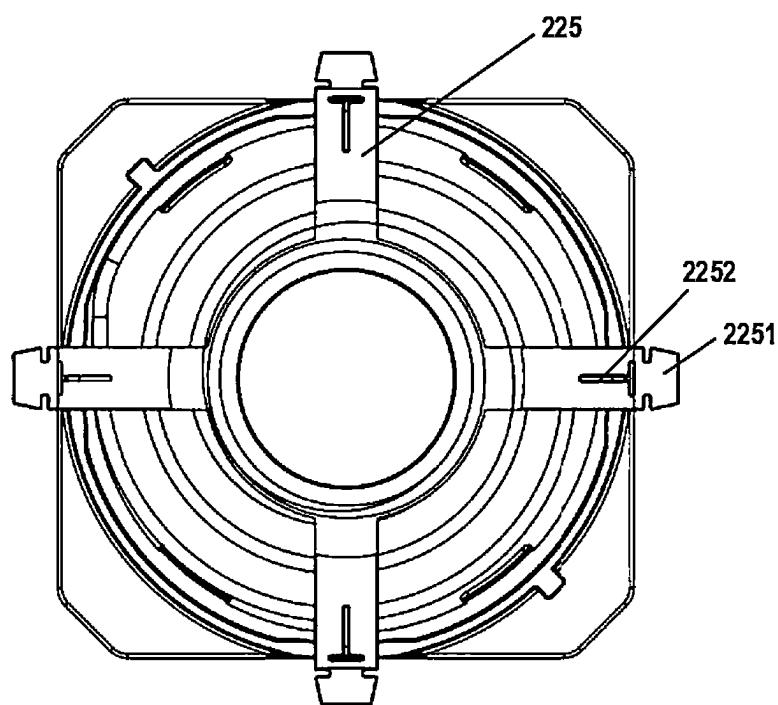


FIG.5G

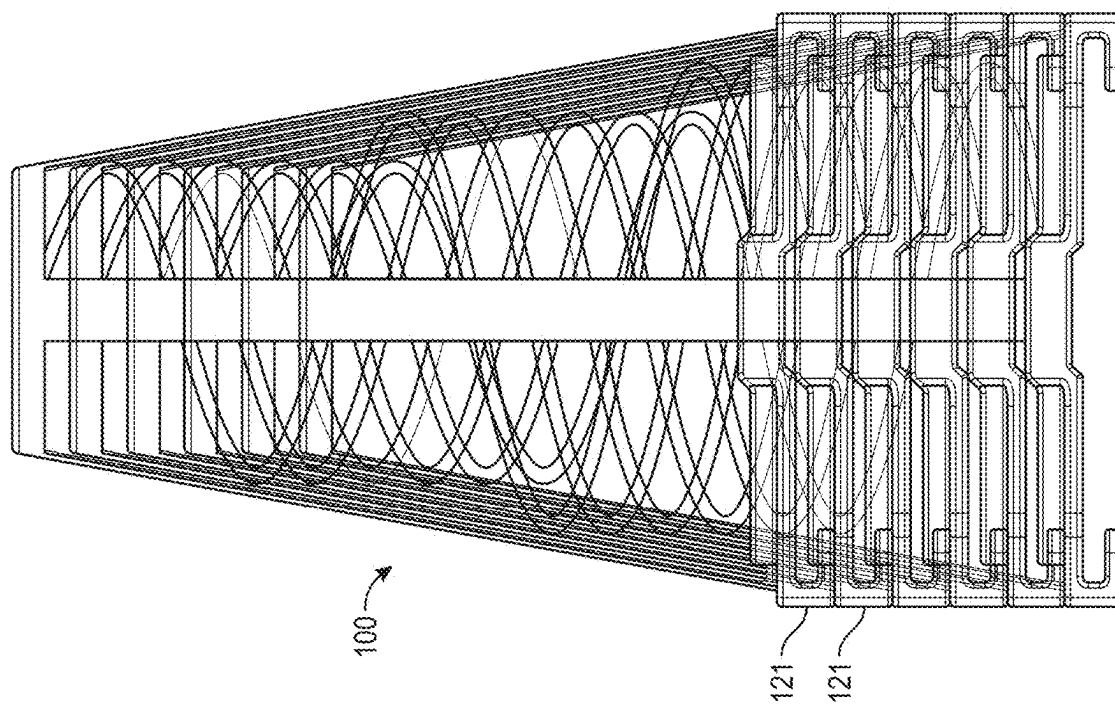


FIG. 6

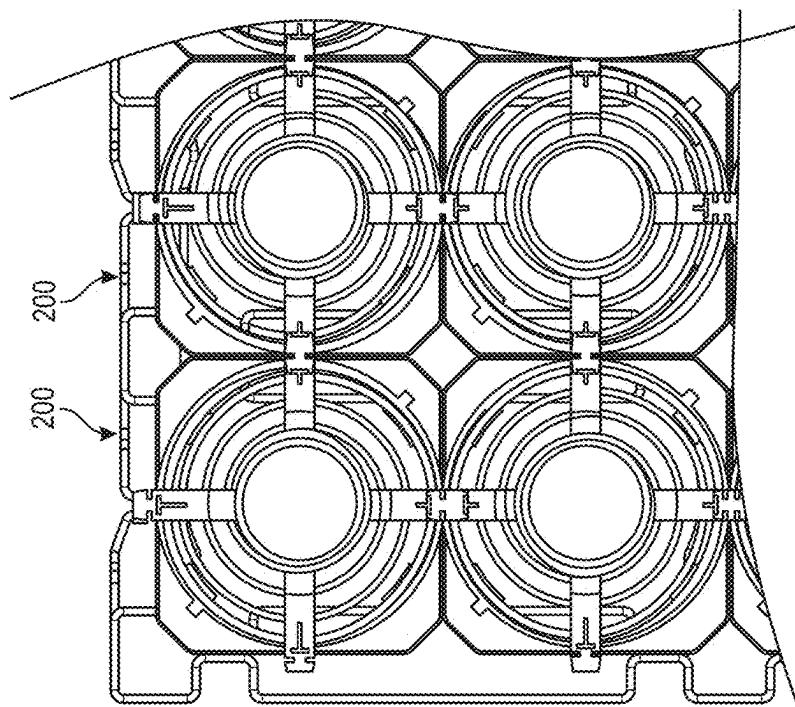
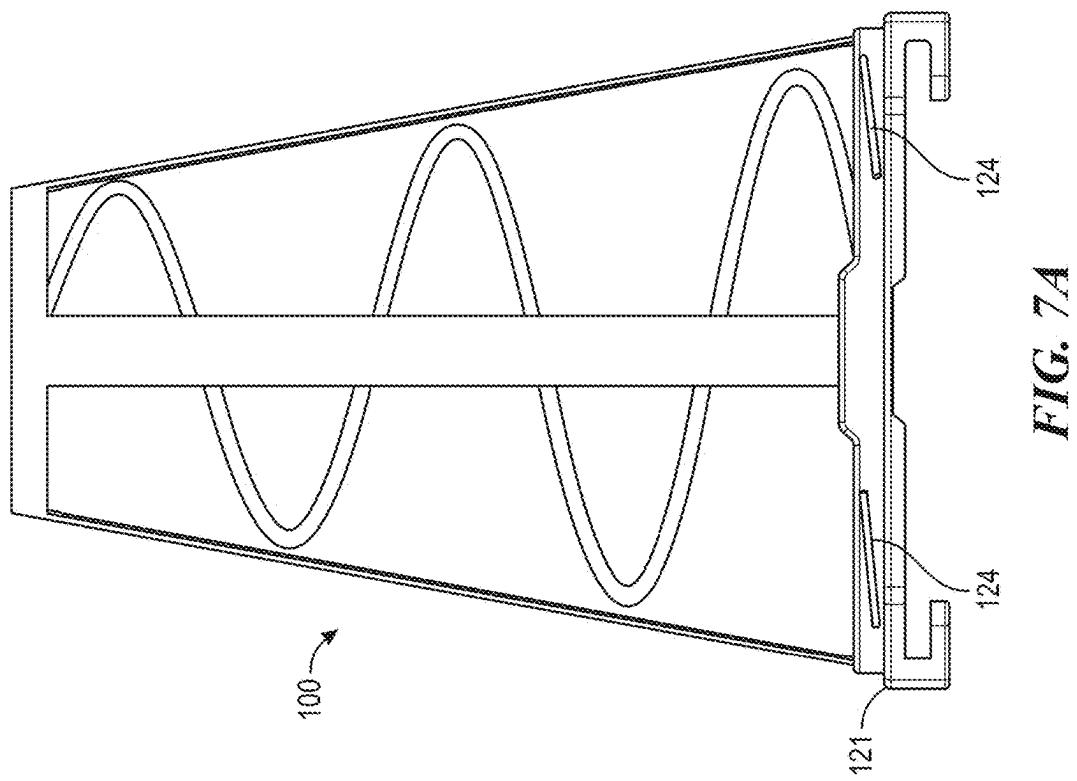
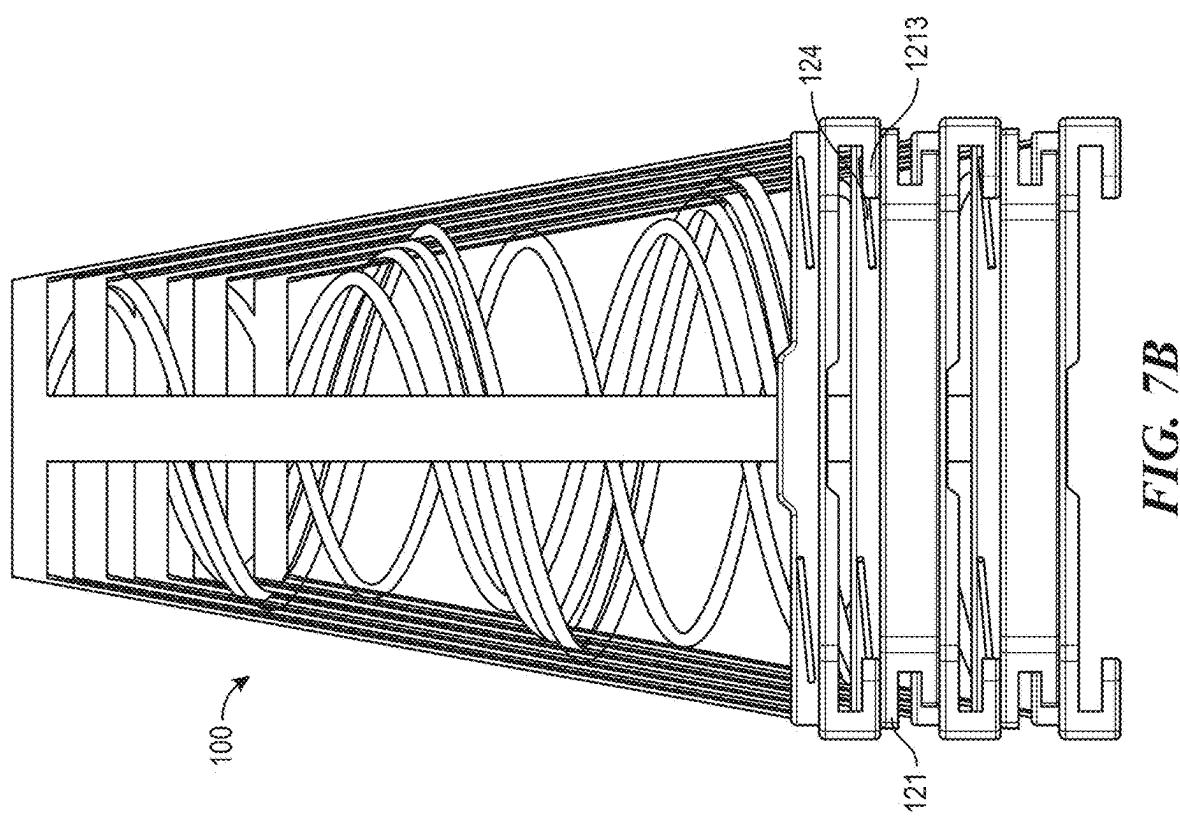


FIG. 5H



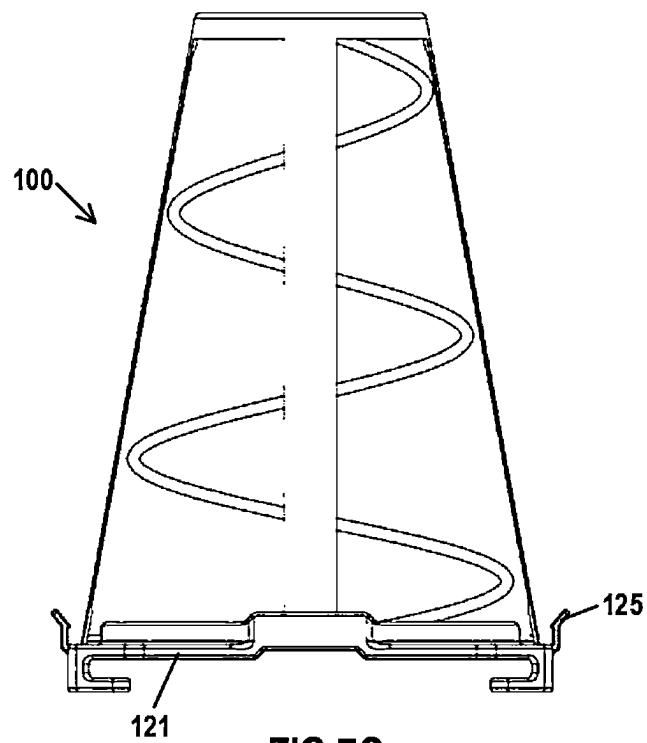


FIG.7C

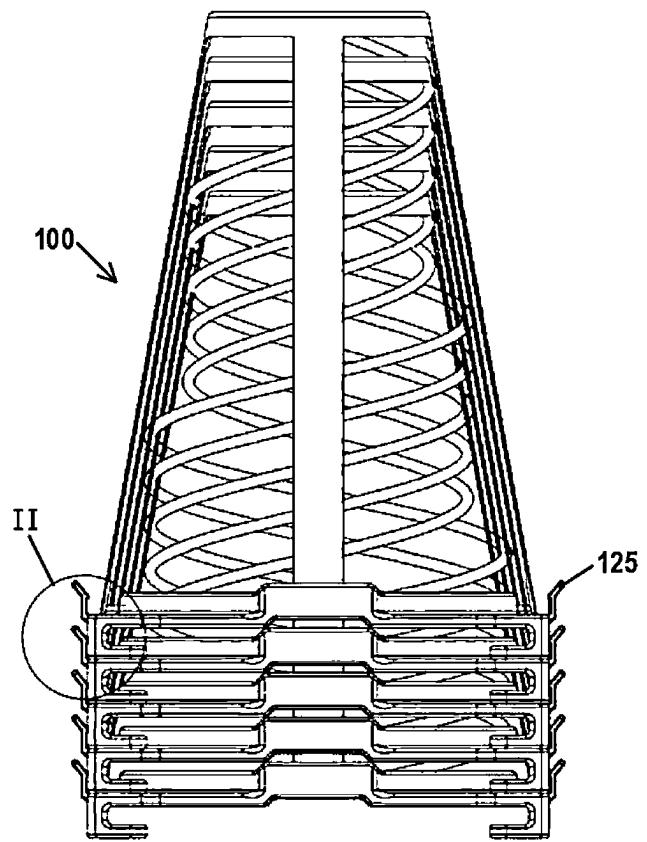


FIG.7D

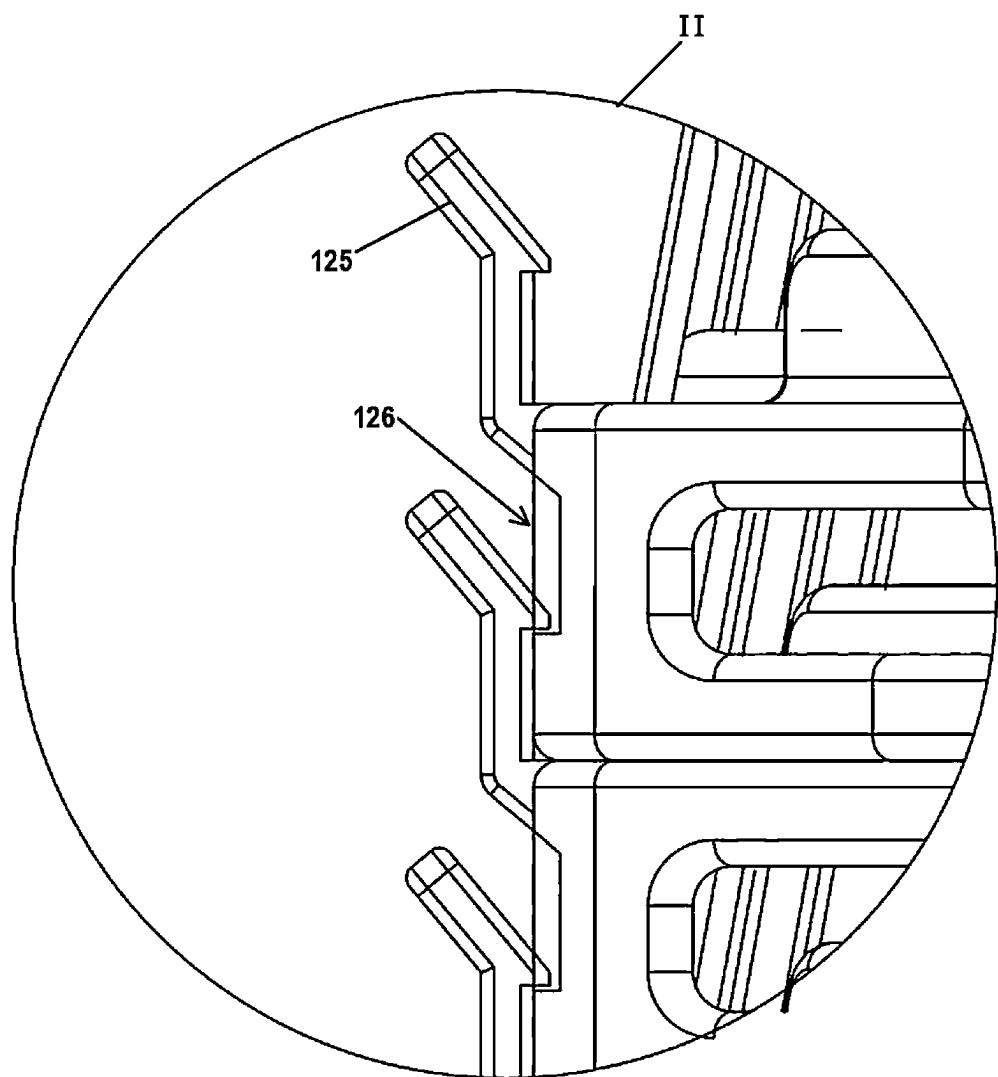
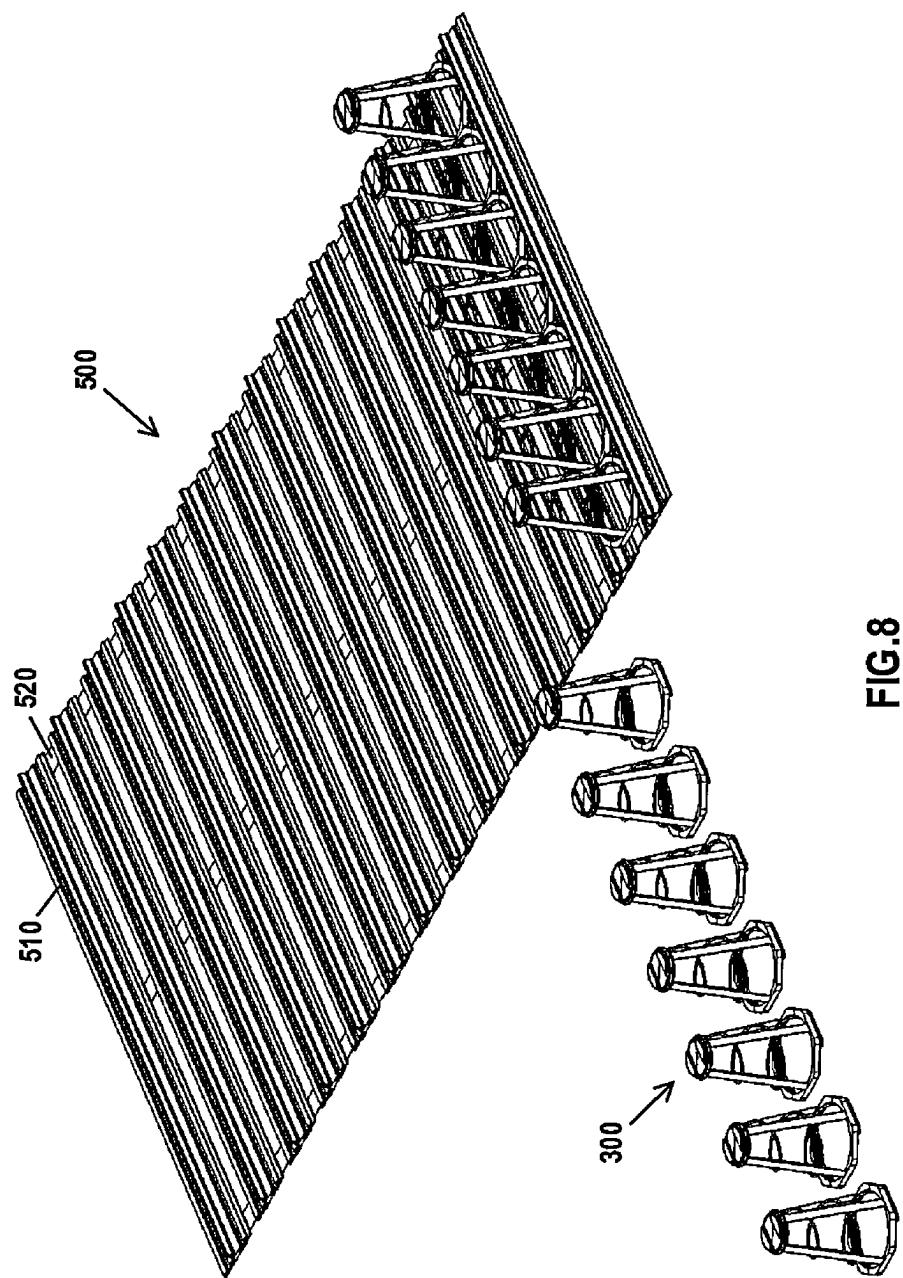


FIG.7E



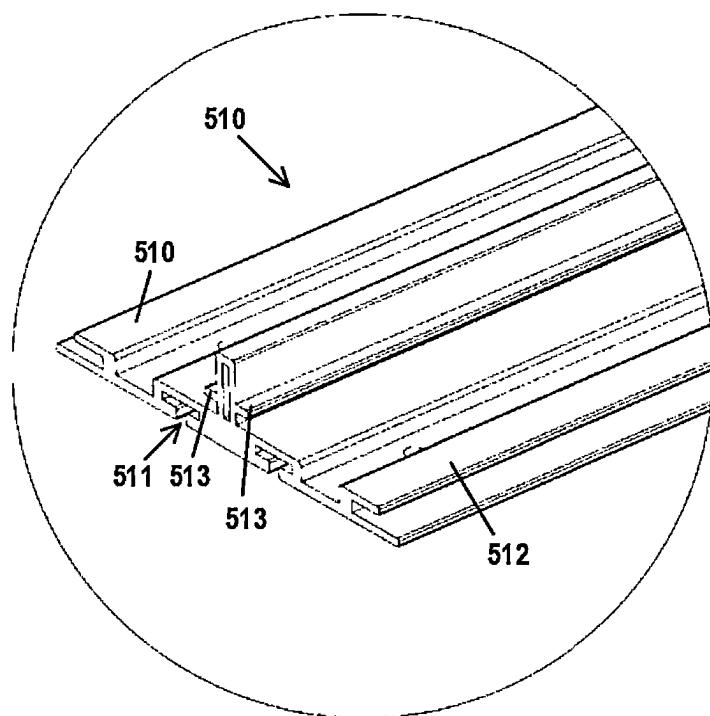


FIG.9A

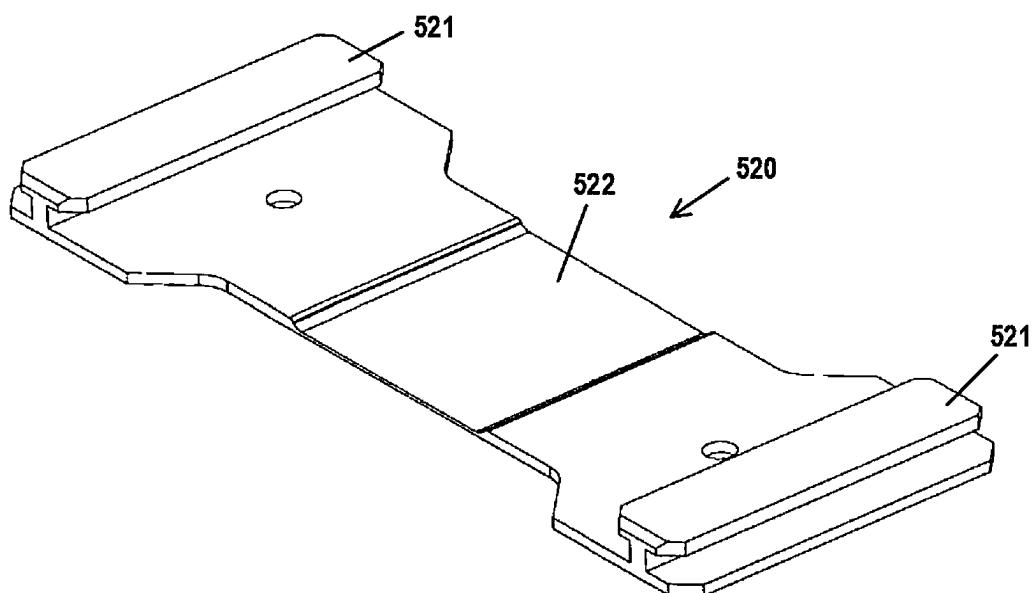
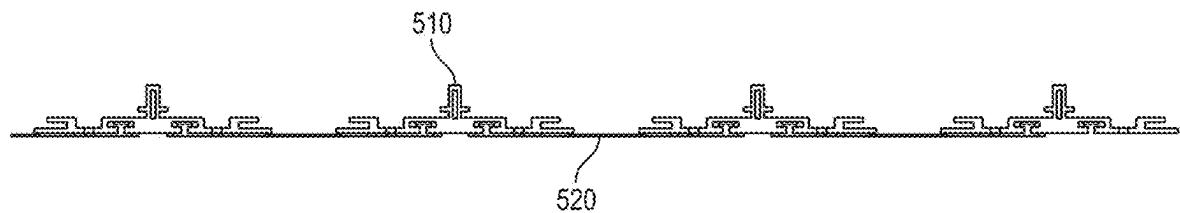
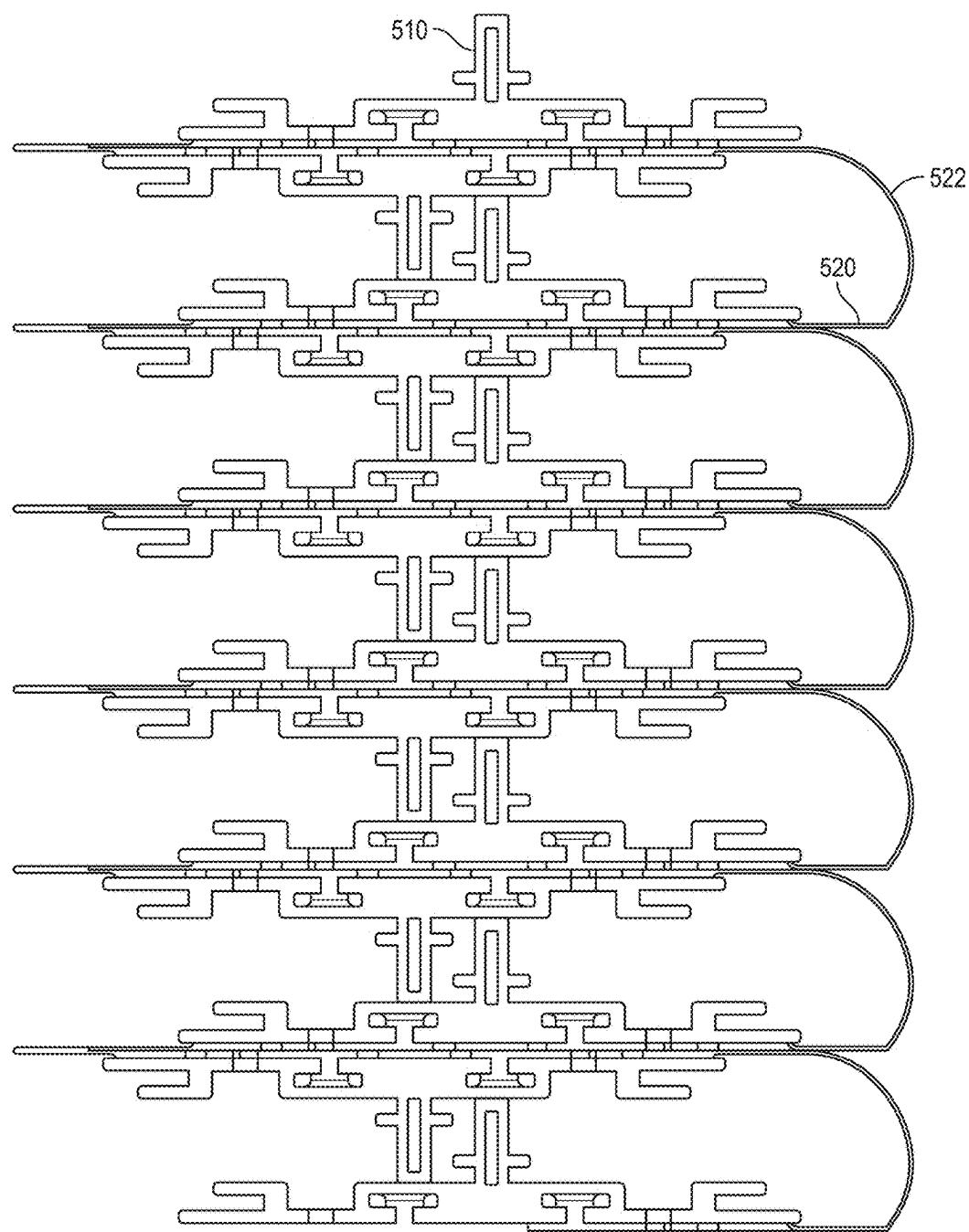


FIG.9B



***FIG. 9C***



***FIG. 9D***

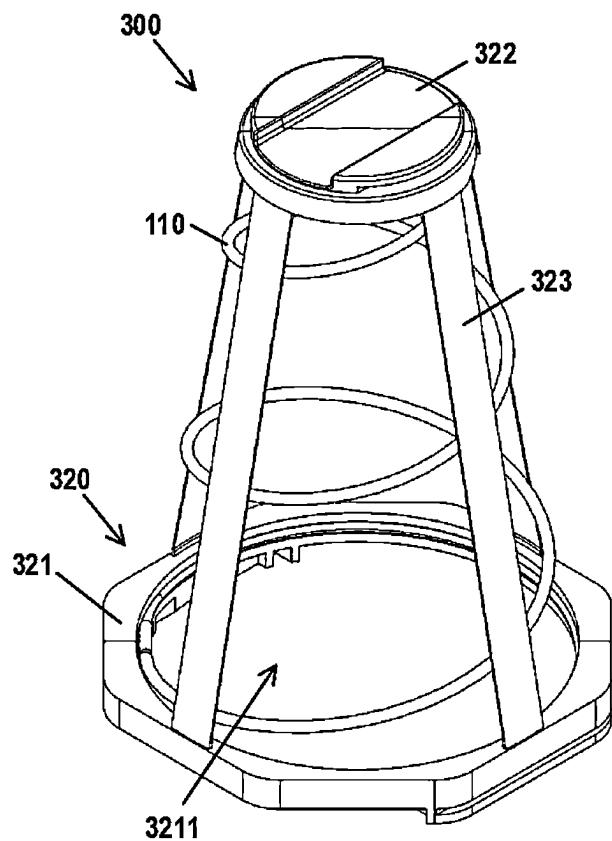


FIG.10A

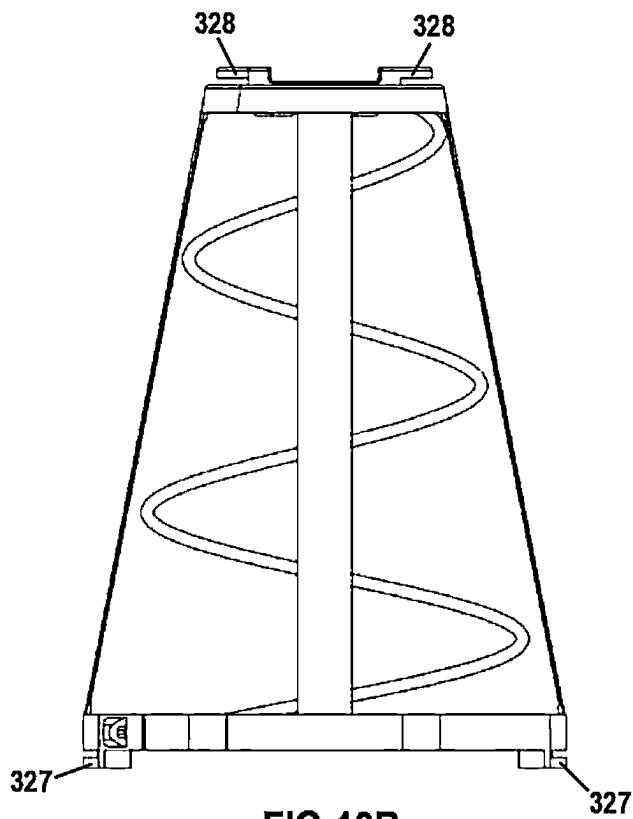


FIG.10B

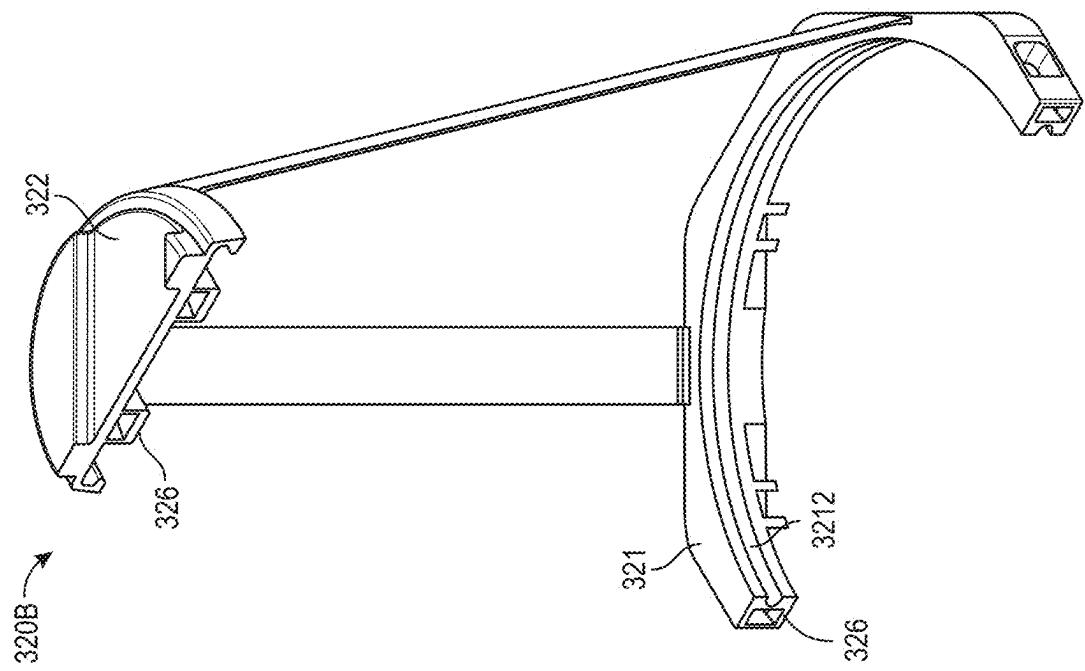


FIG. 10D

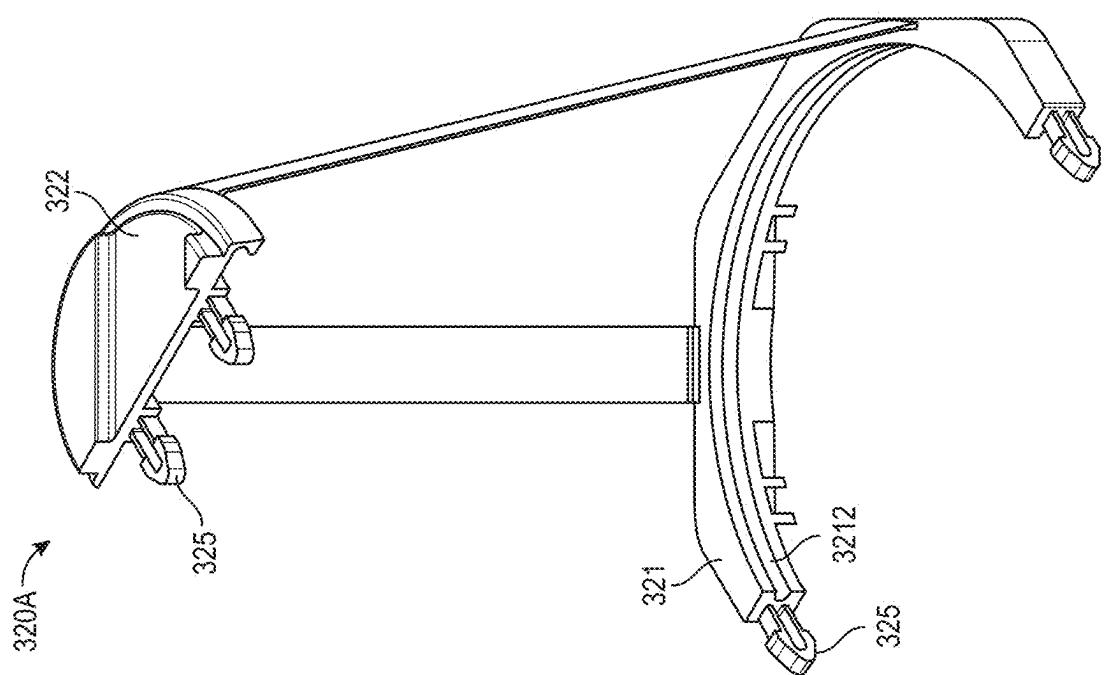


FIG. 10C

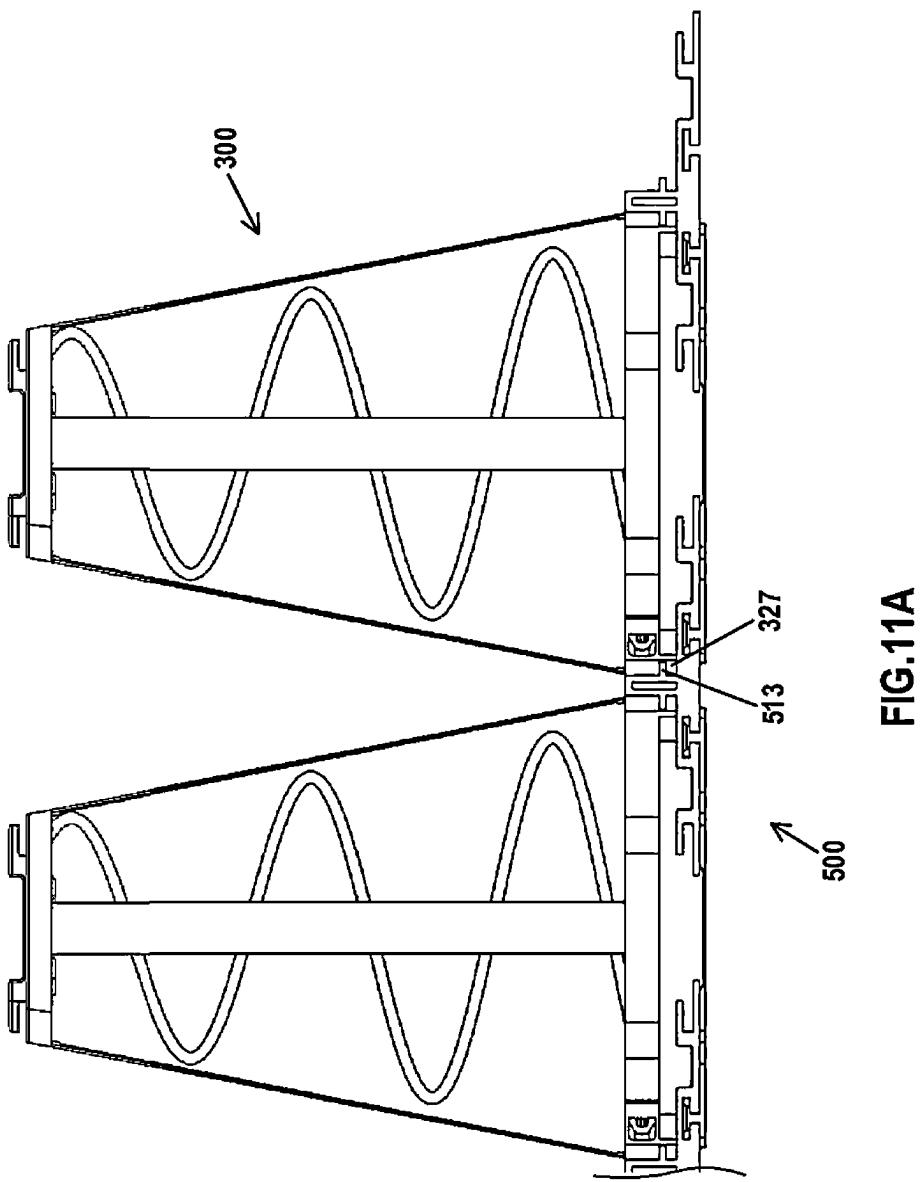


FIG.11A

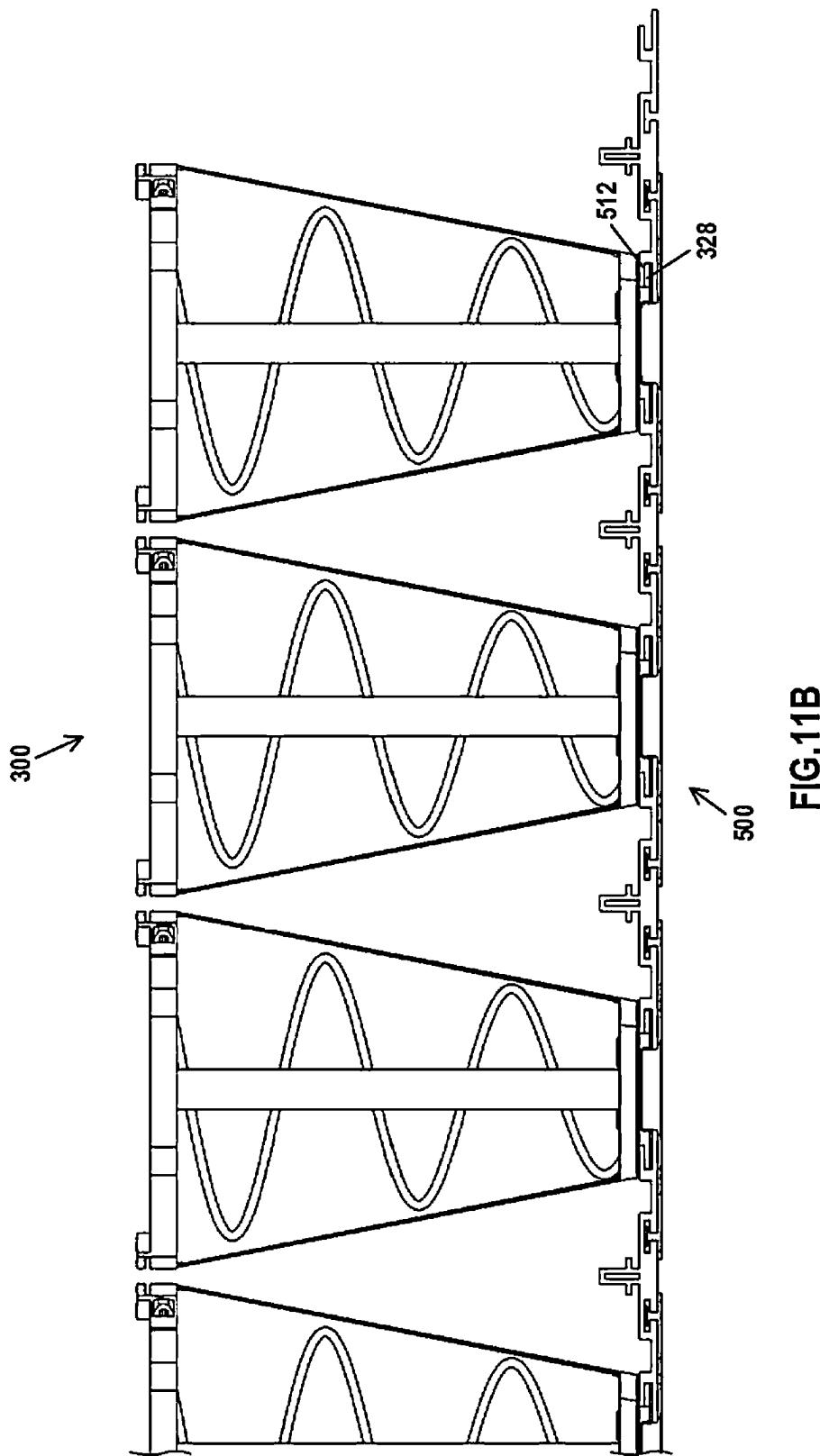


FIG.11B

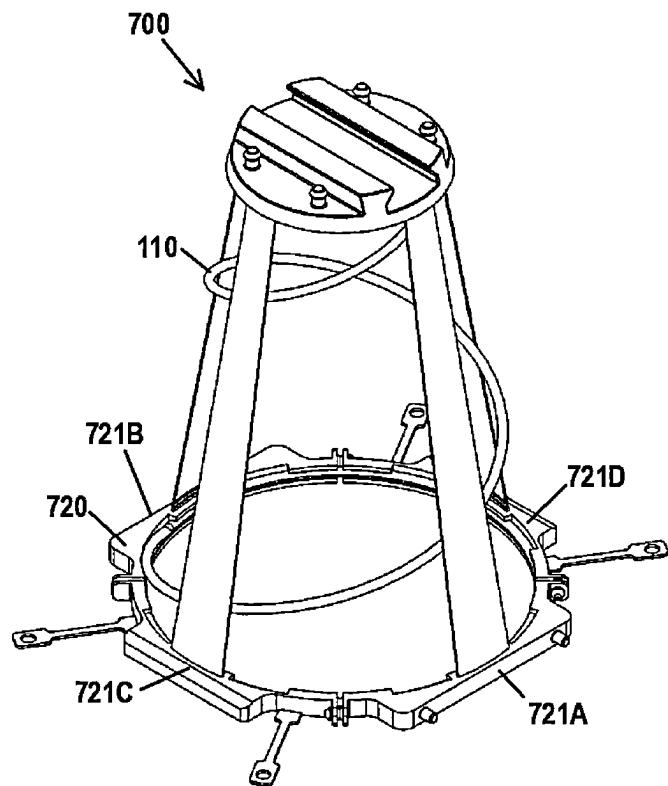


FIG.12A

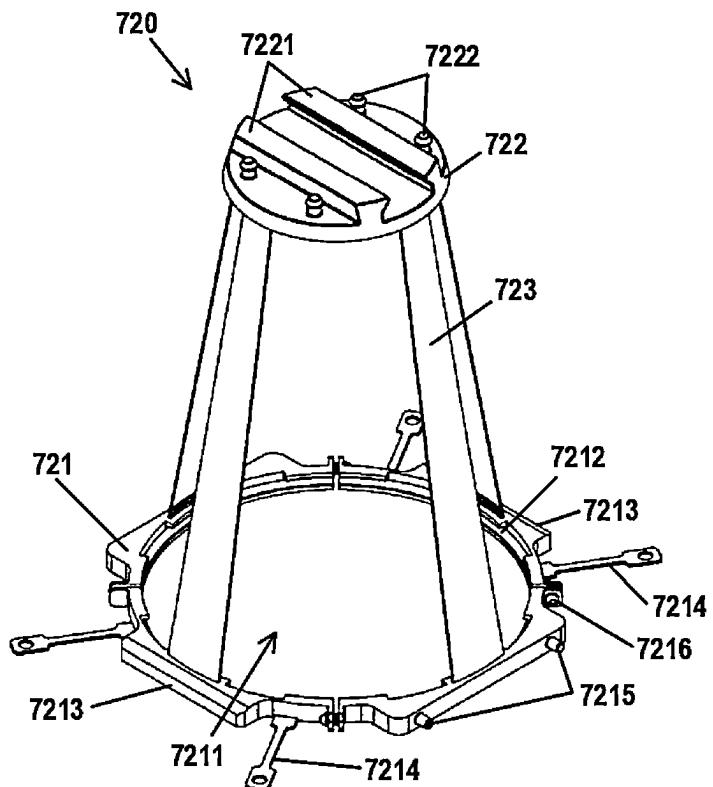
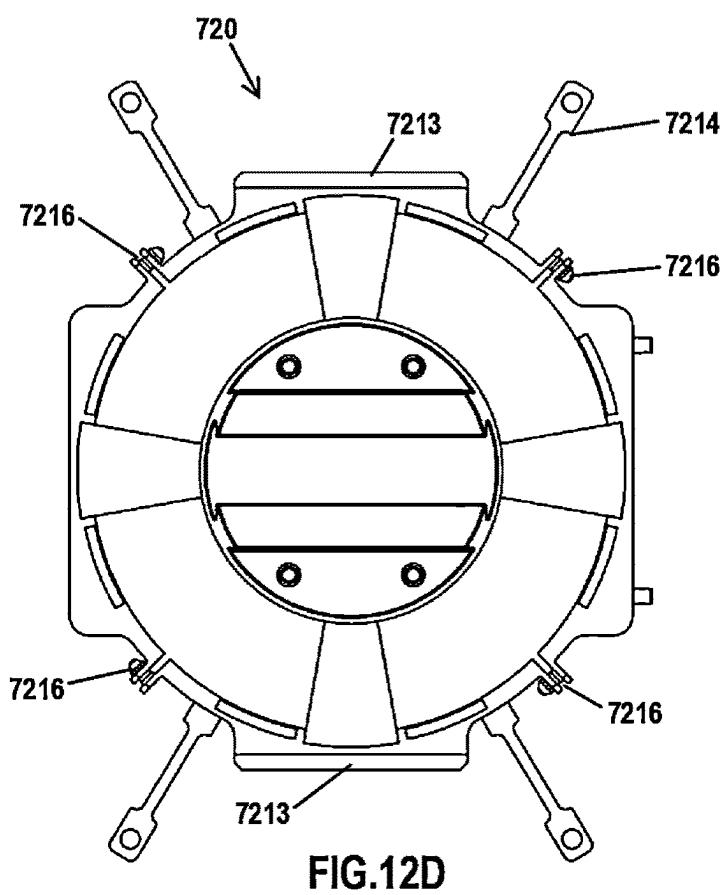
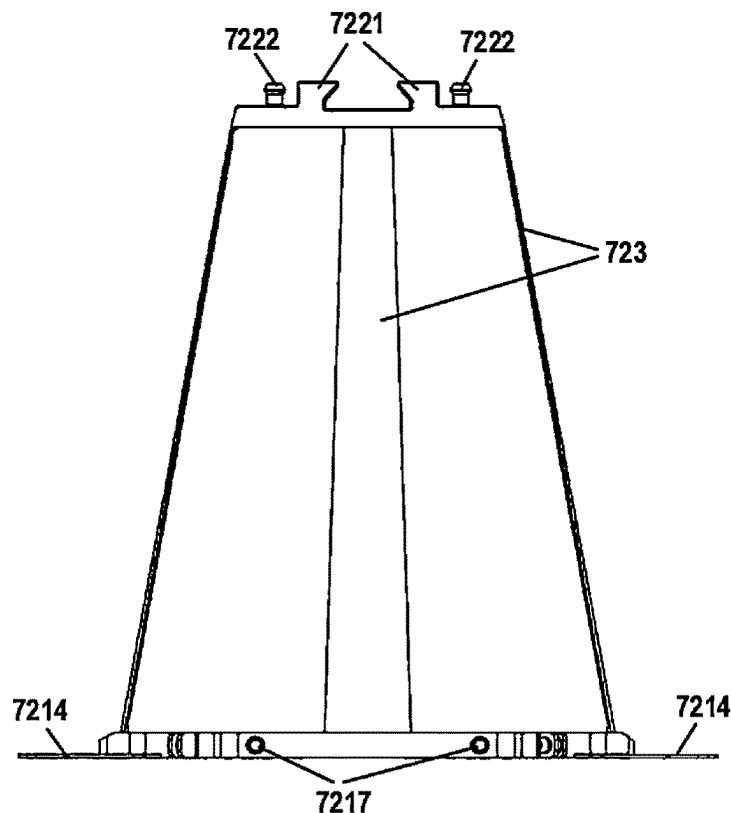


FIG.12B



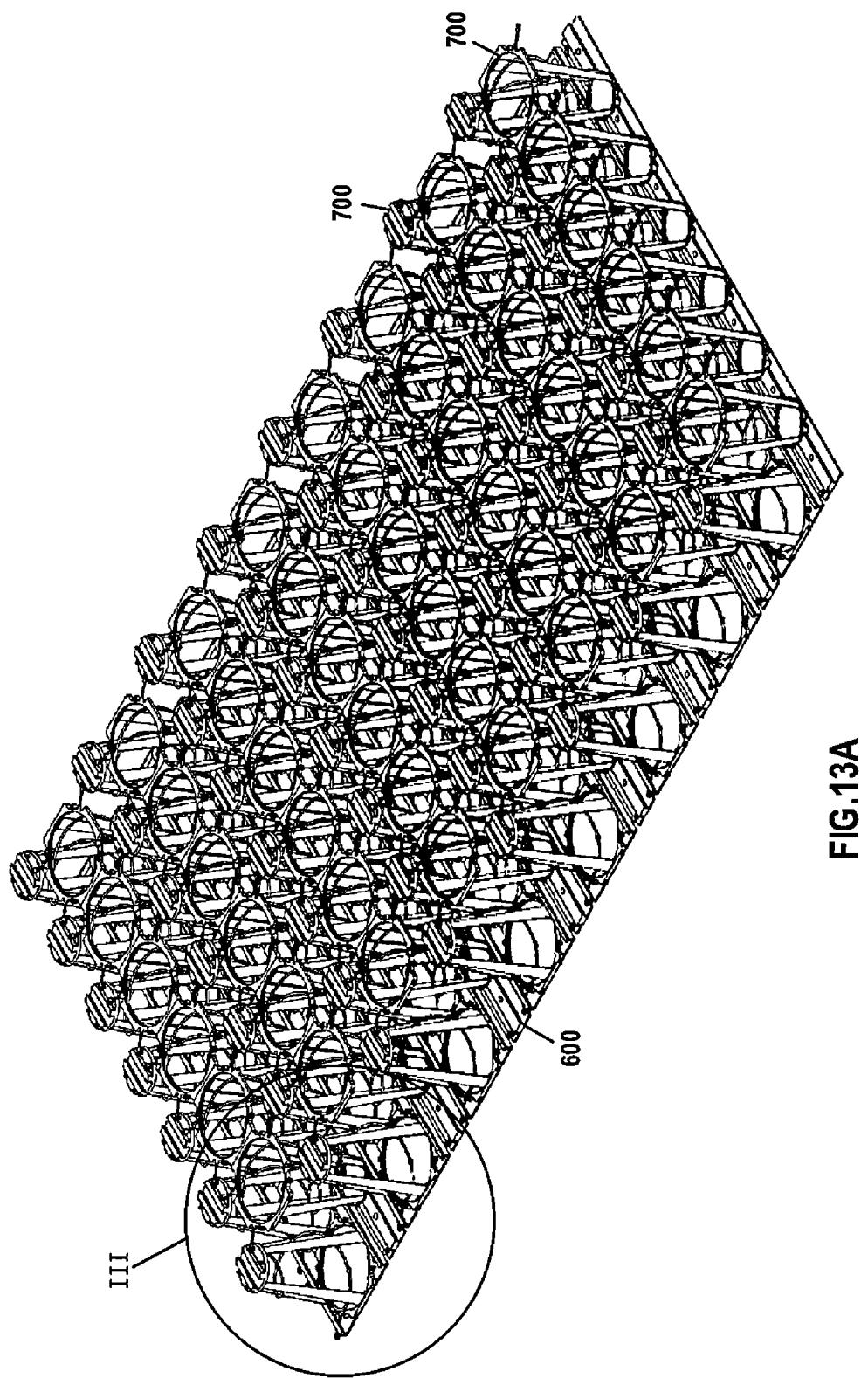


FIG.13A

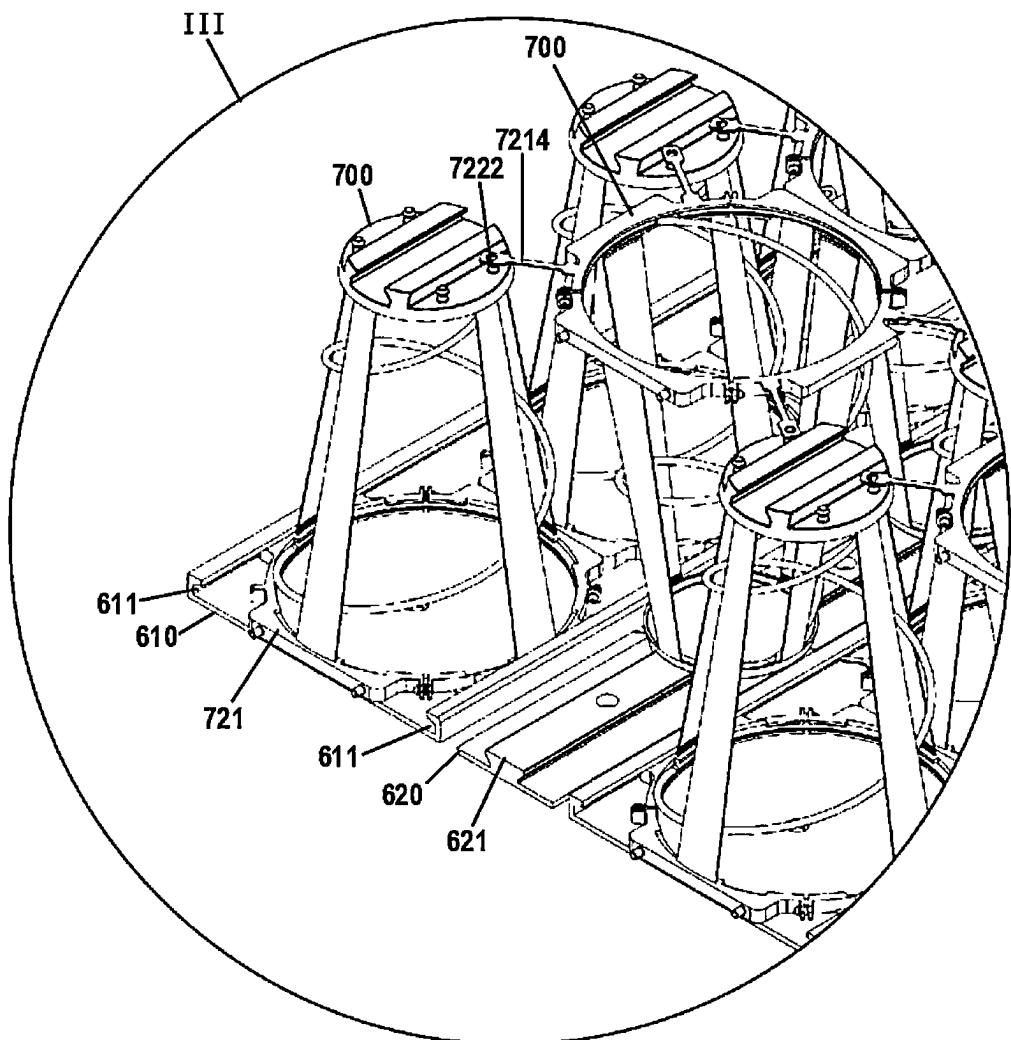
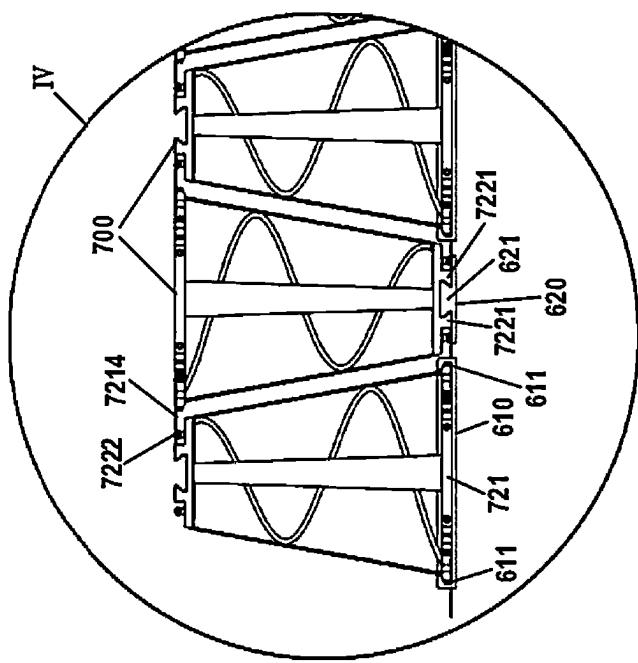
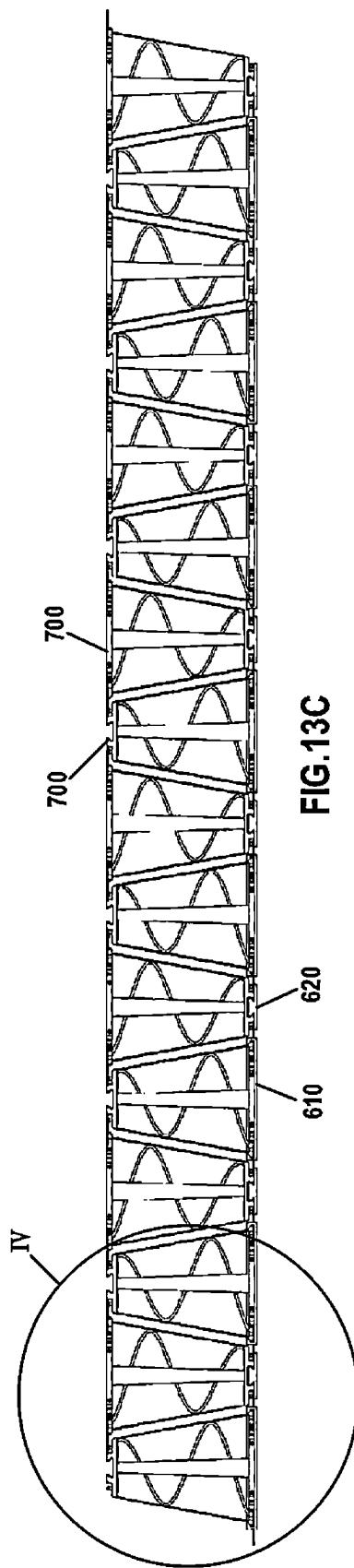


FIG.13B



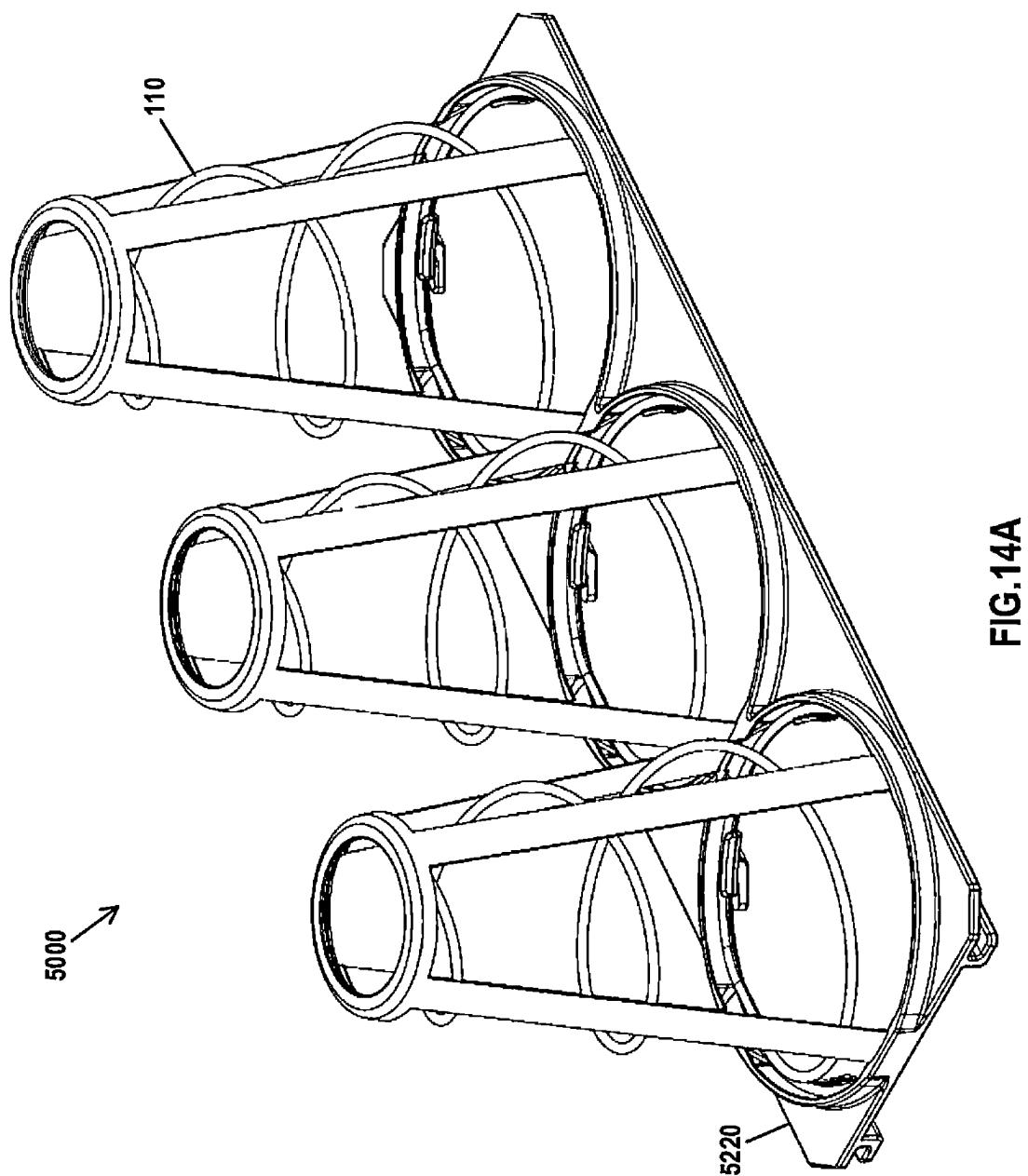


FIG.14A

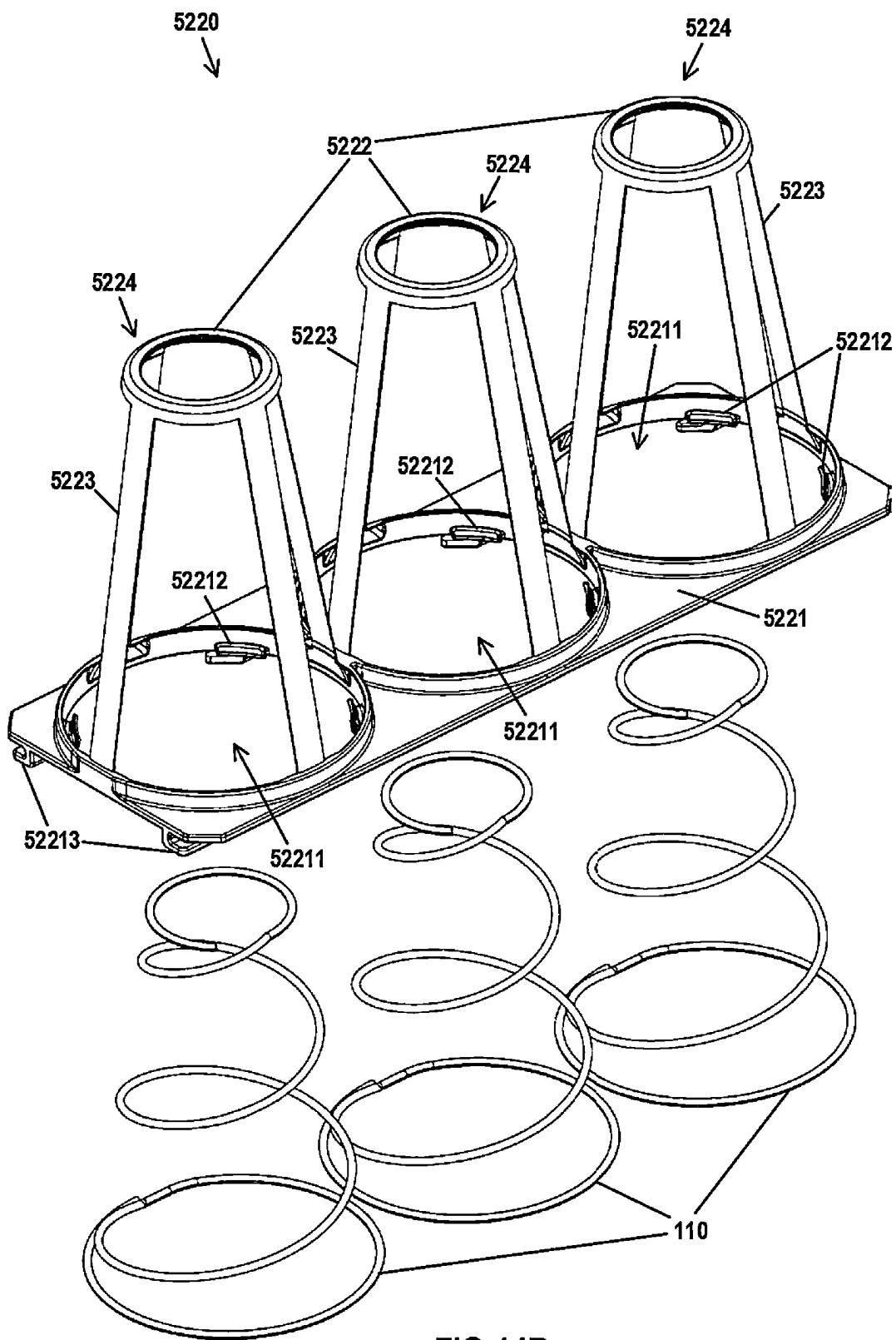


FIG.14B

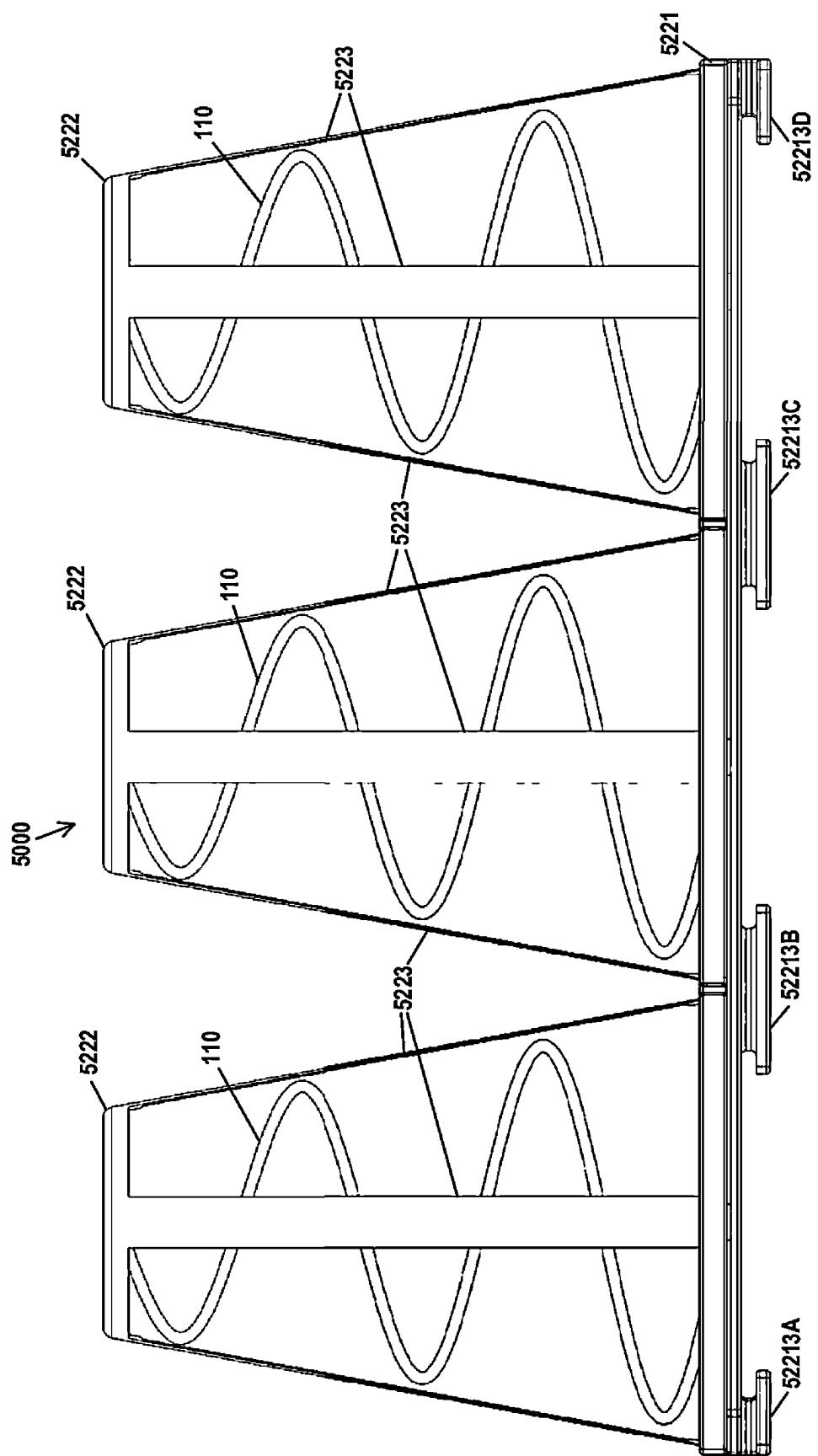
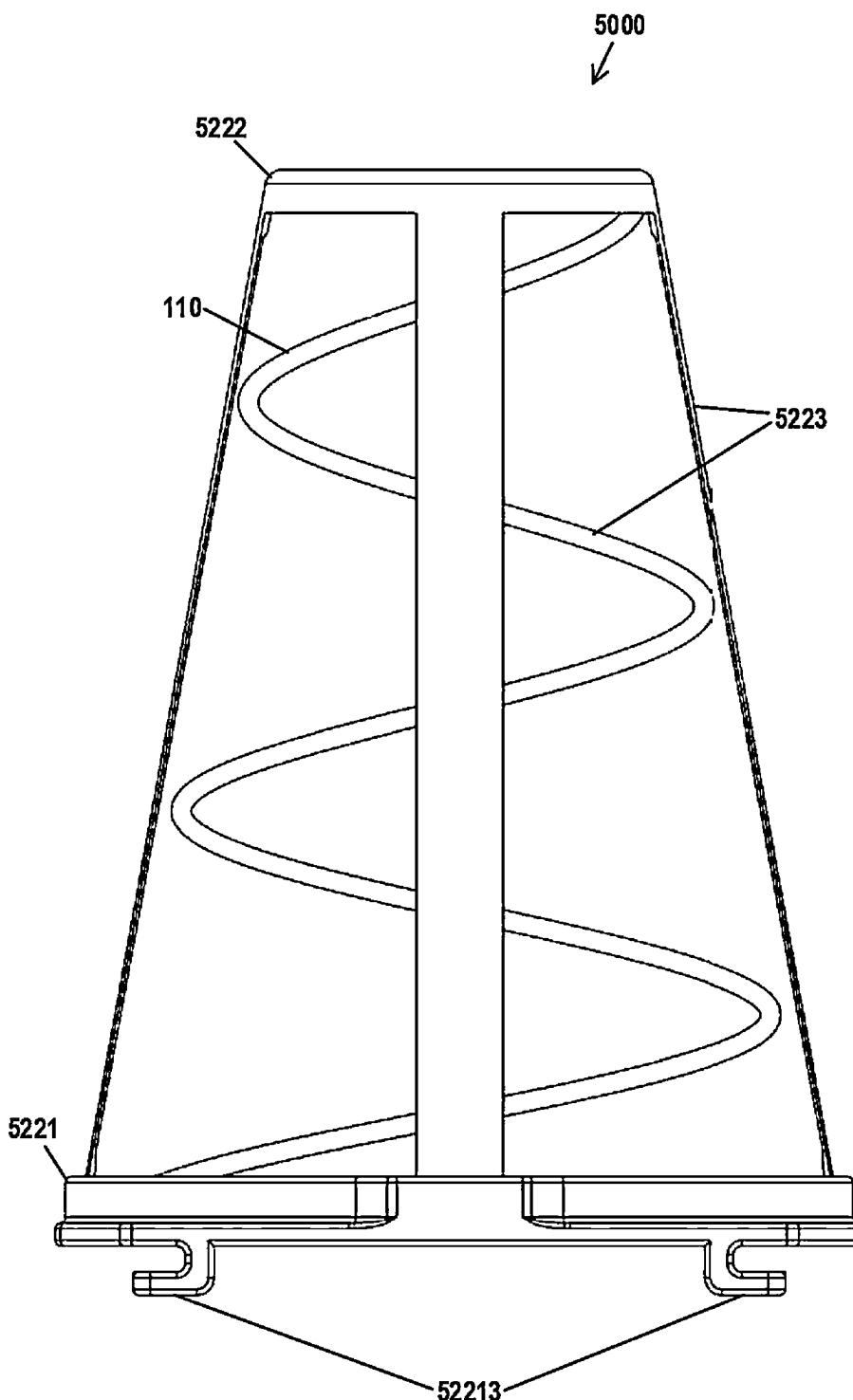


FIG.14C



**FIG.14D**

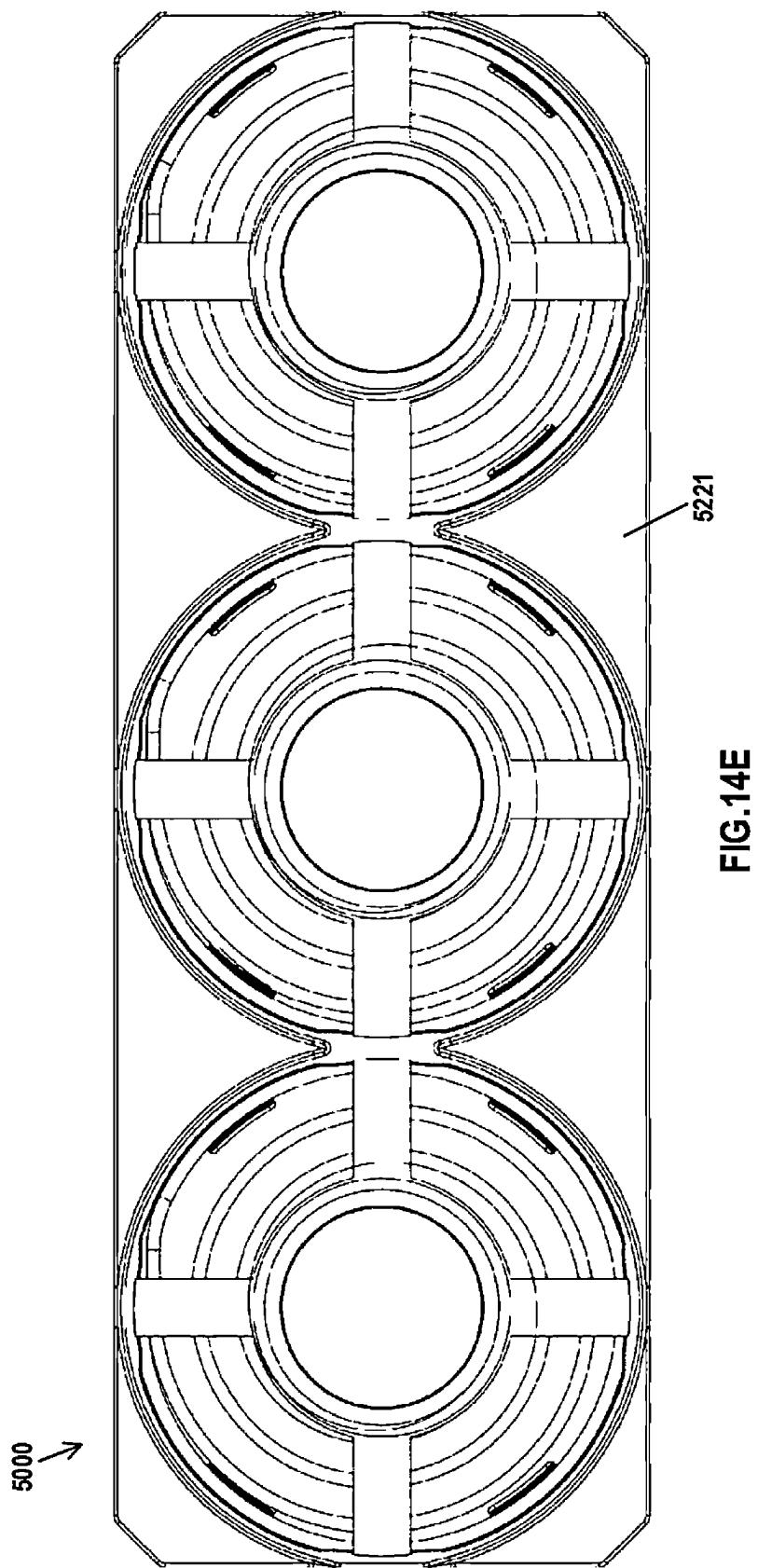


FIG.14E

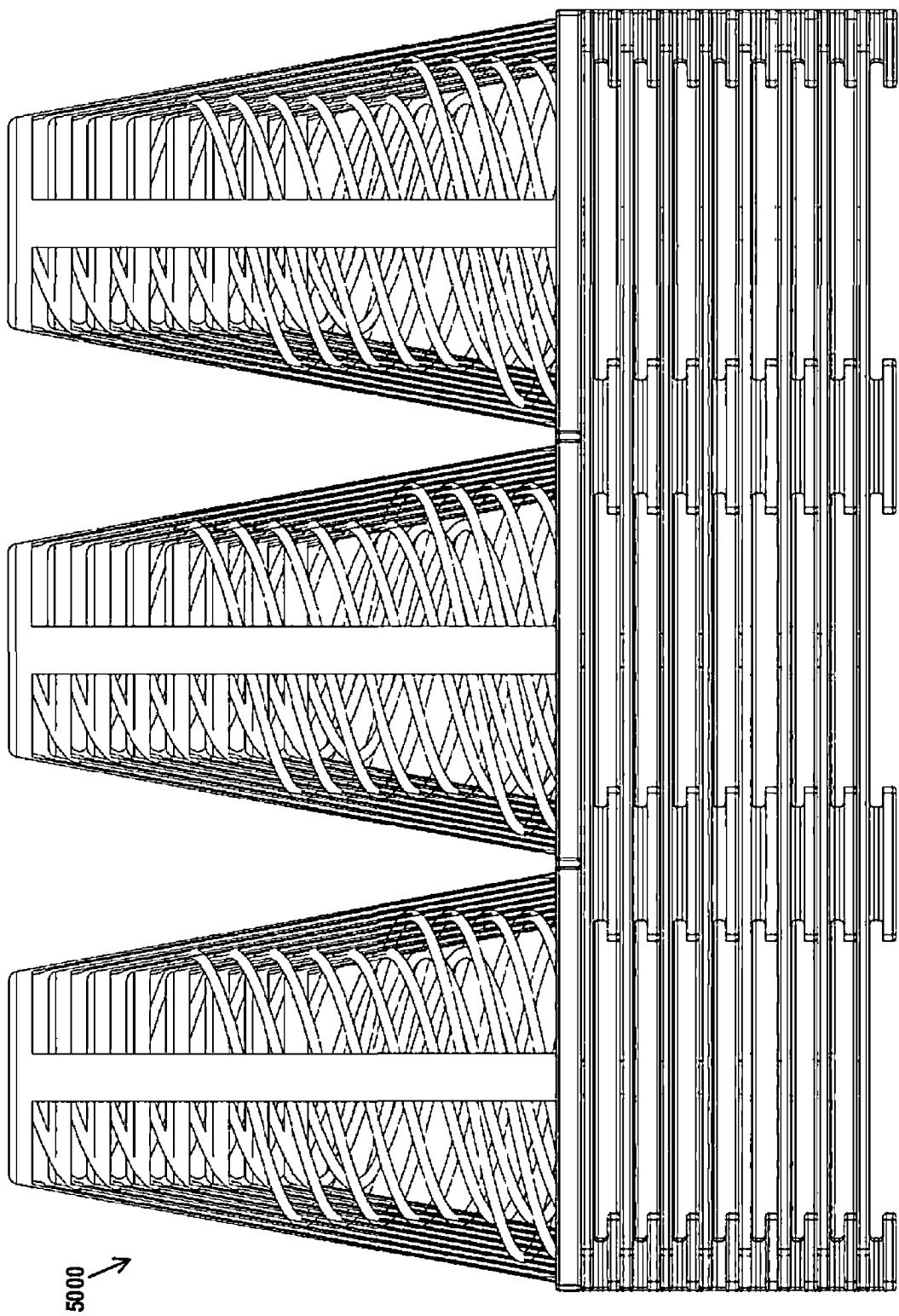


FIG. 15

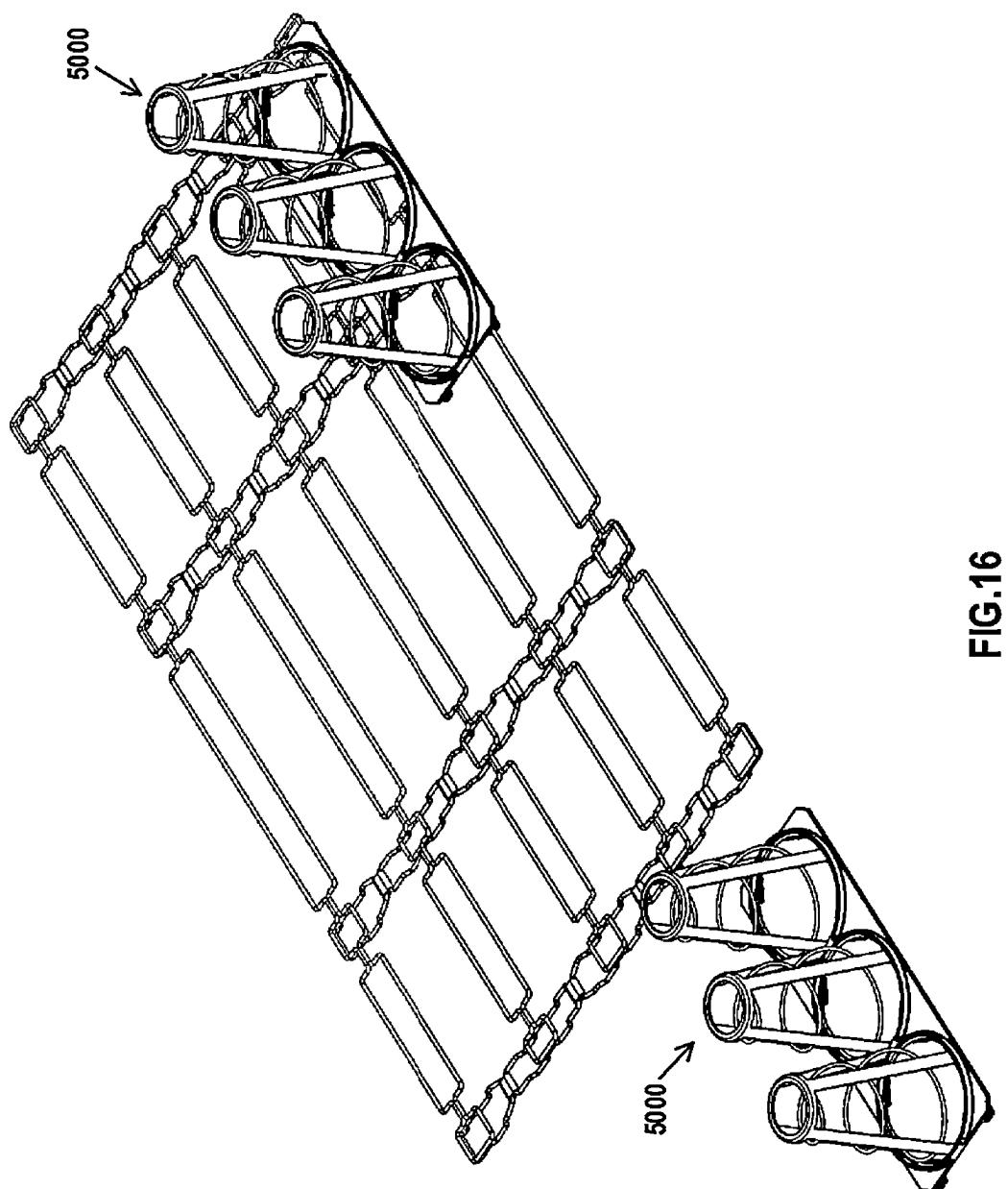
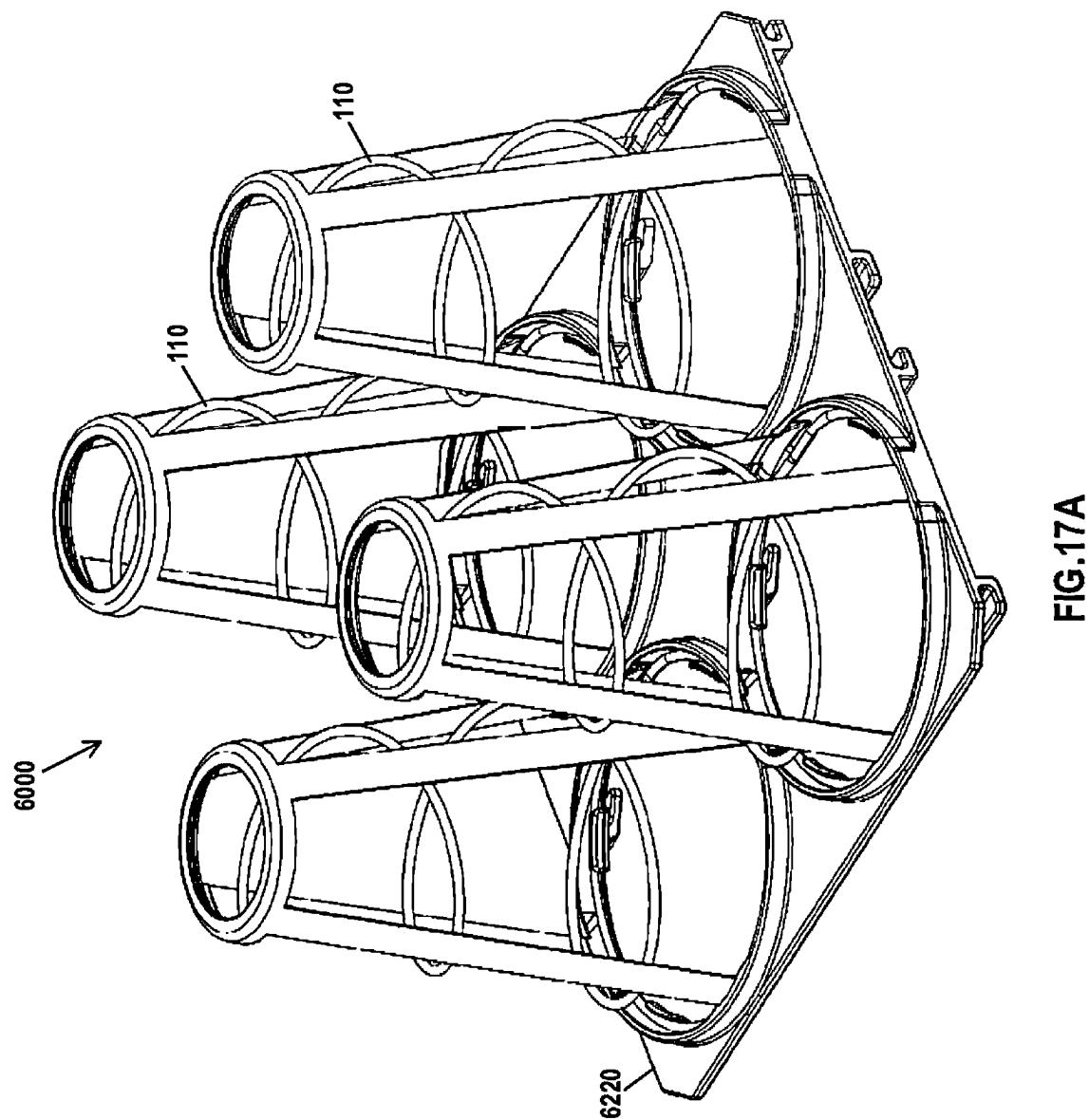


FIG.16



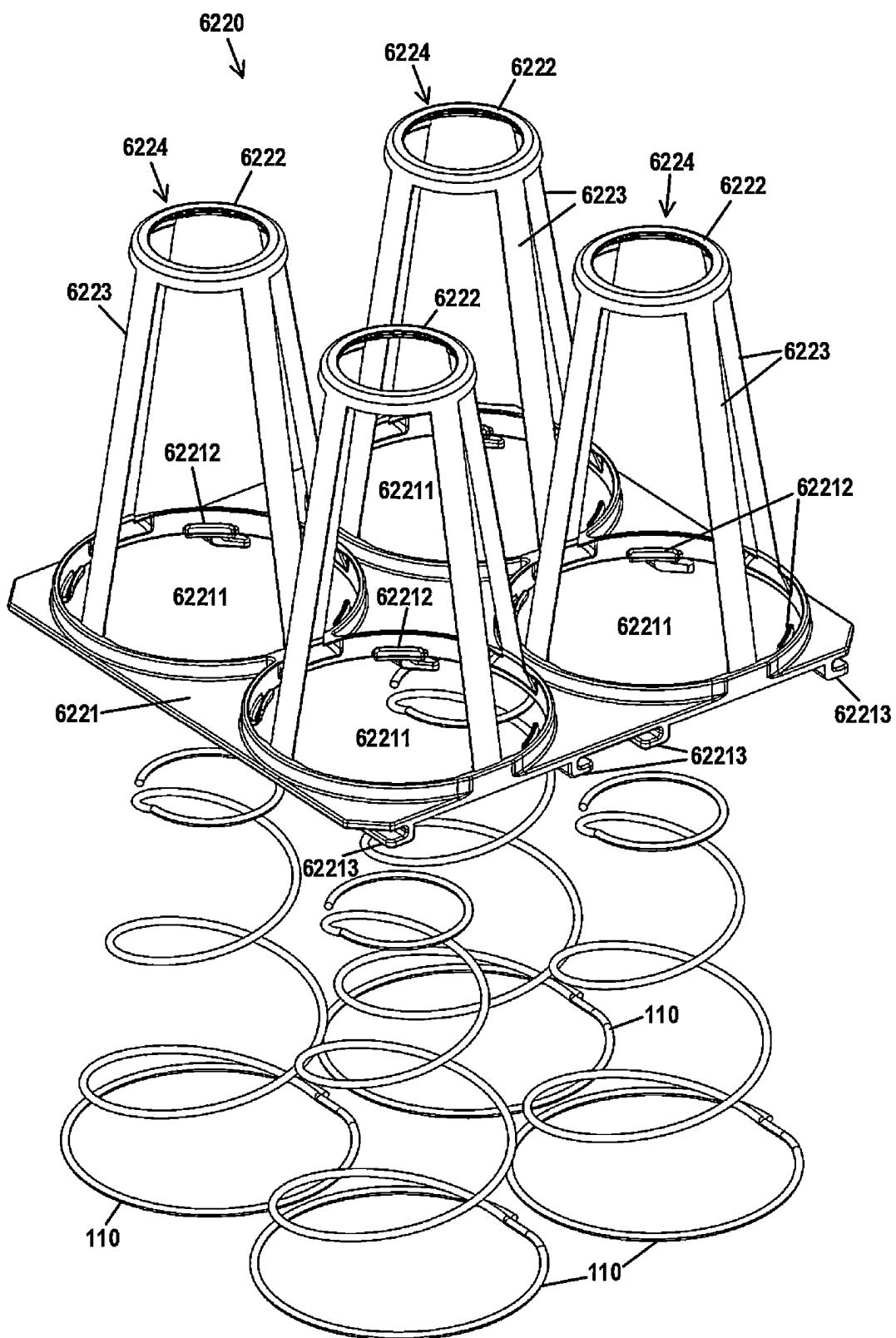


FIG.17B

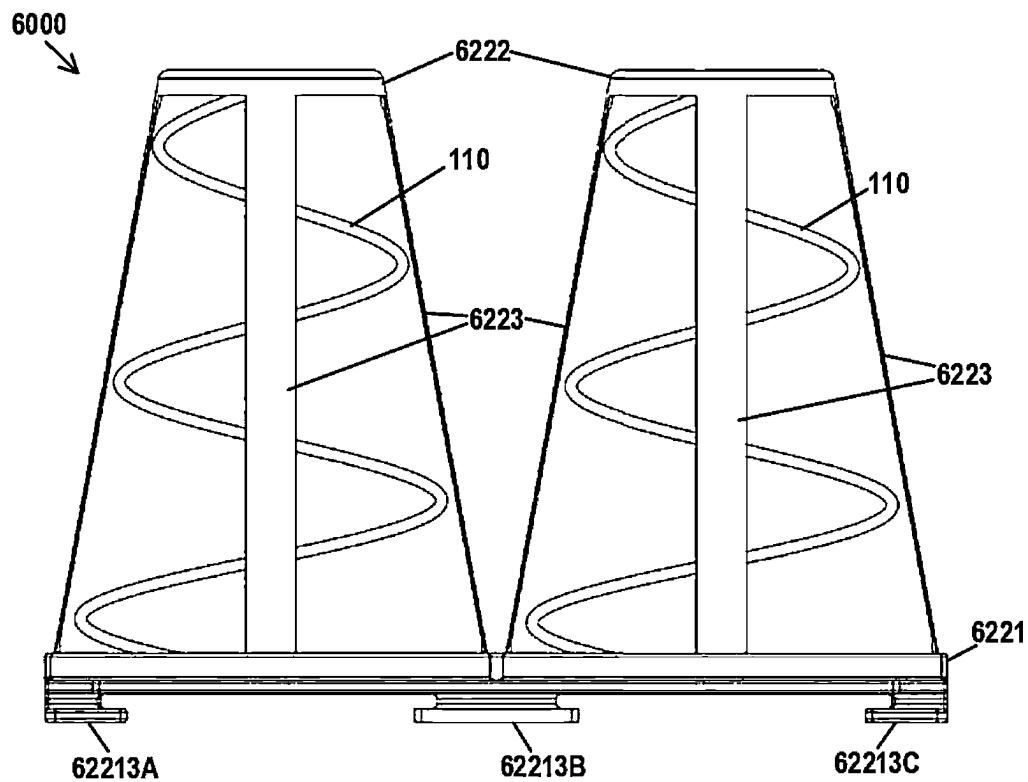


FIG.17C

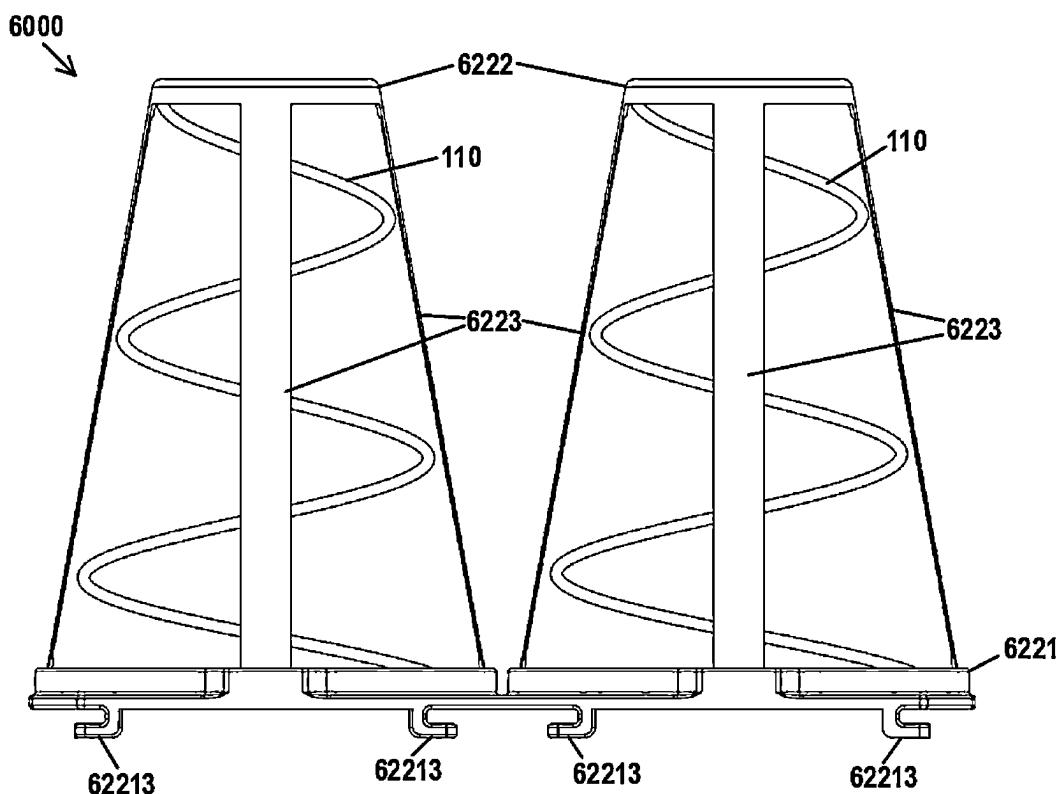
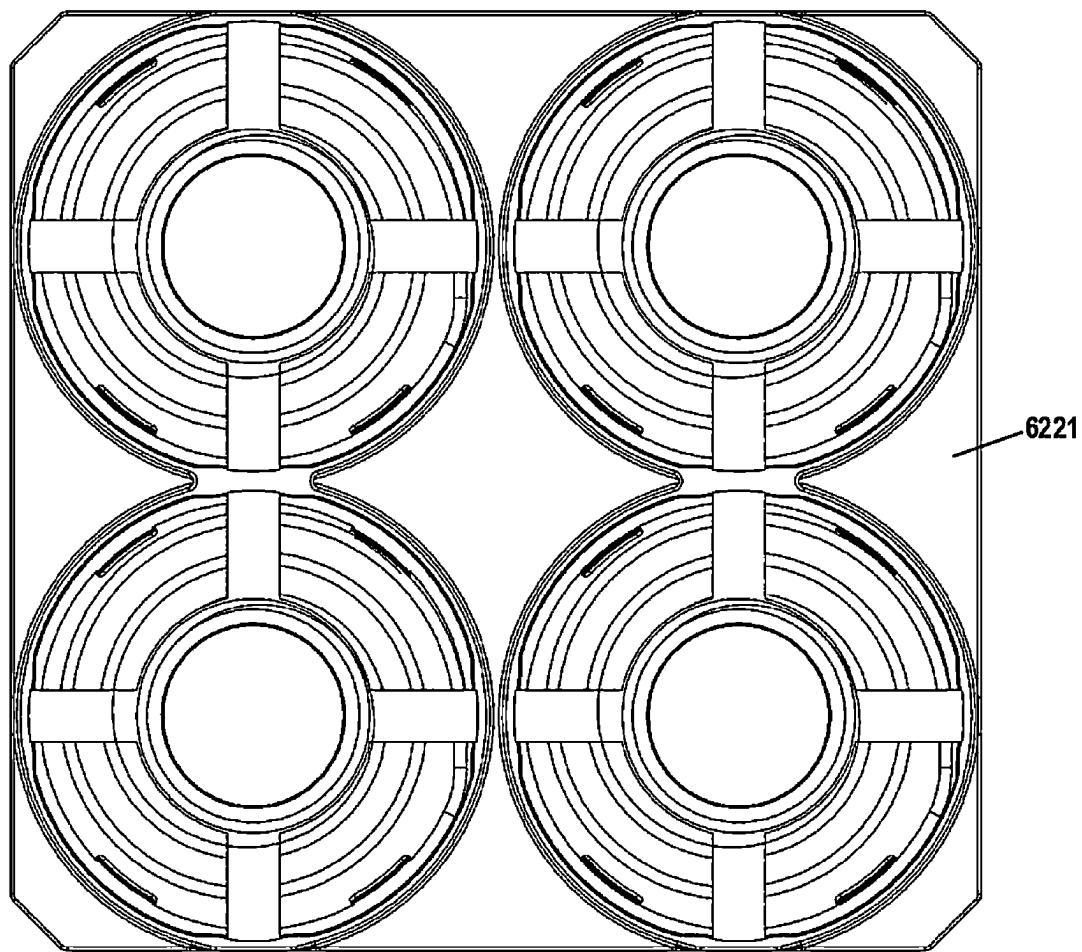


FIG.17D



**FIG.17E**

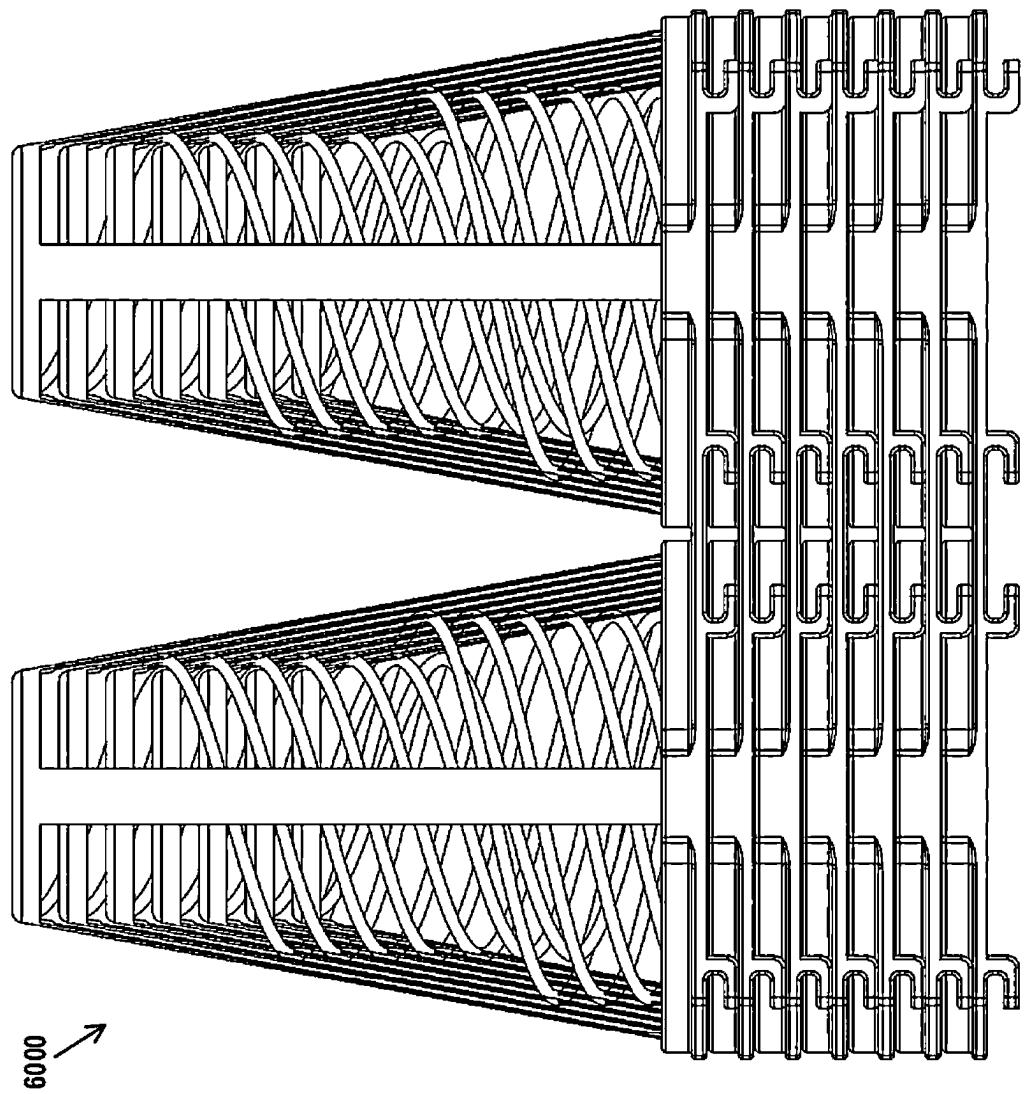


FIG.18

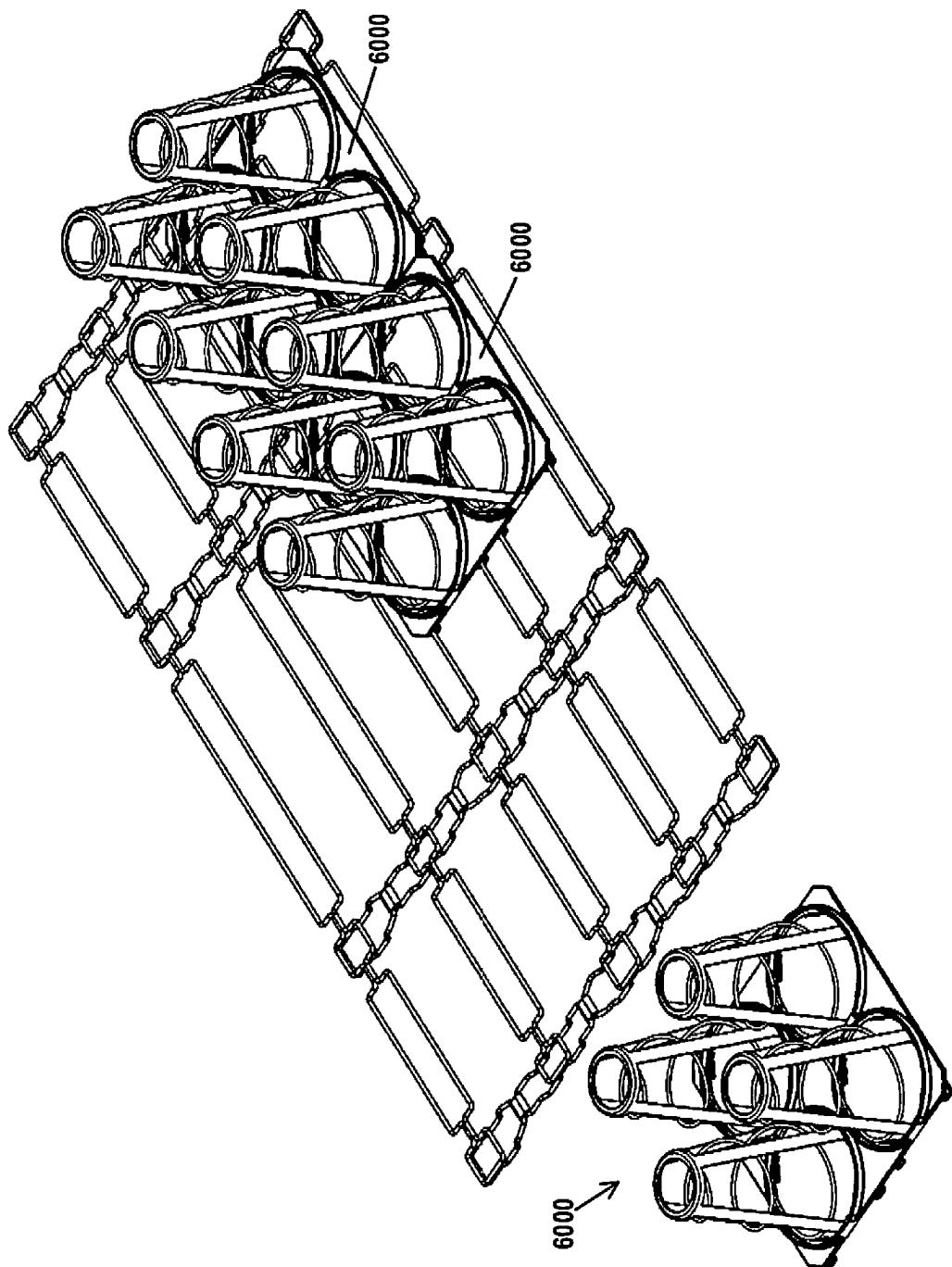
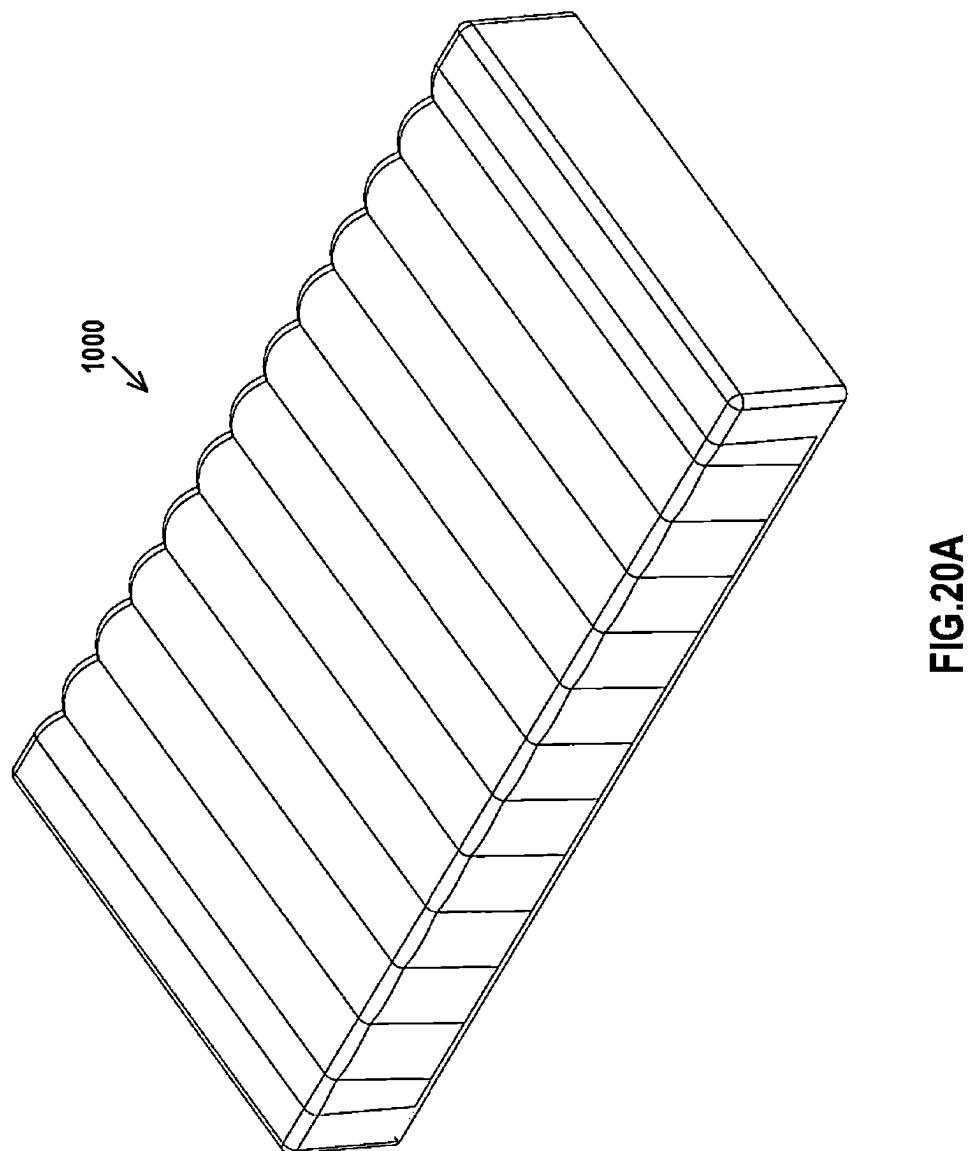


FIG.19



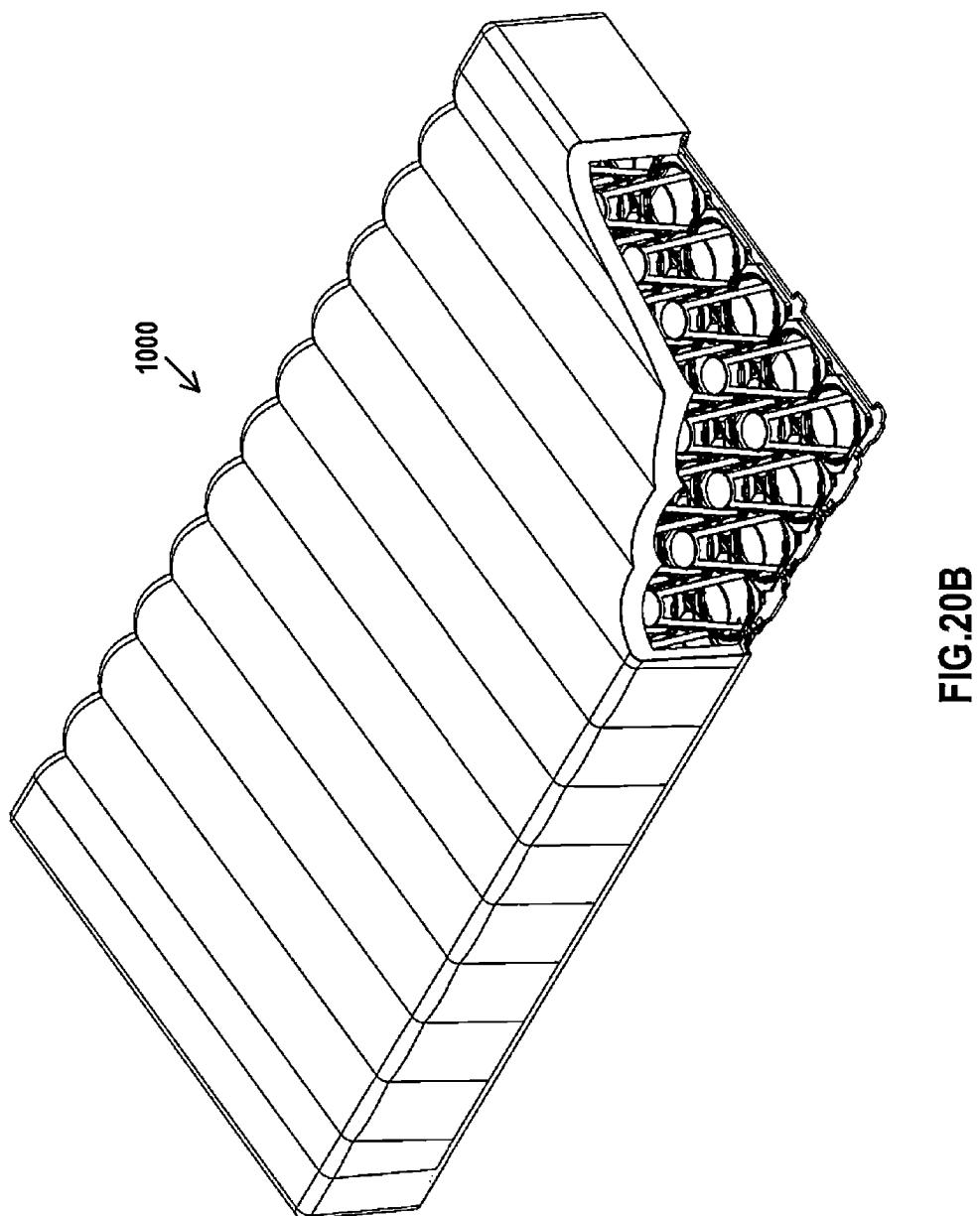


FIG.20B

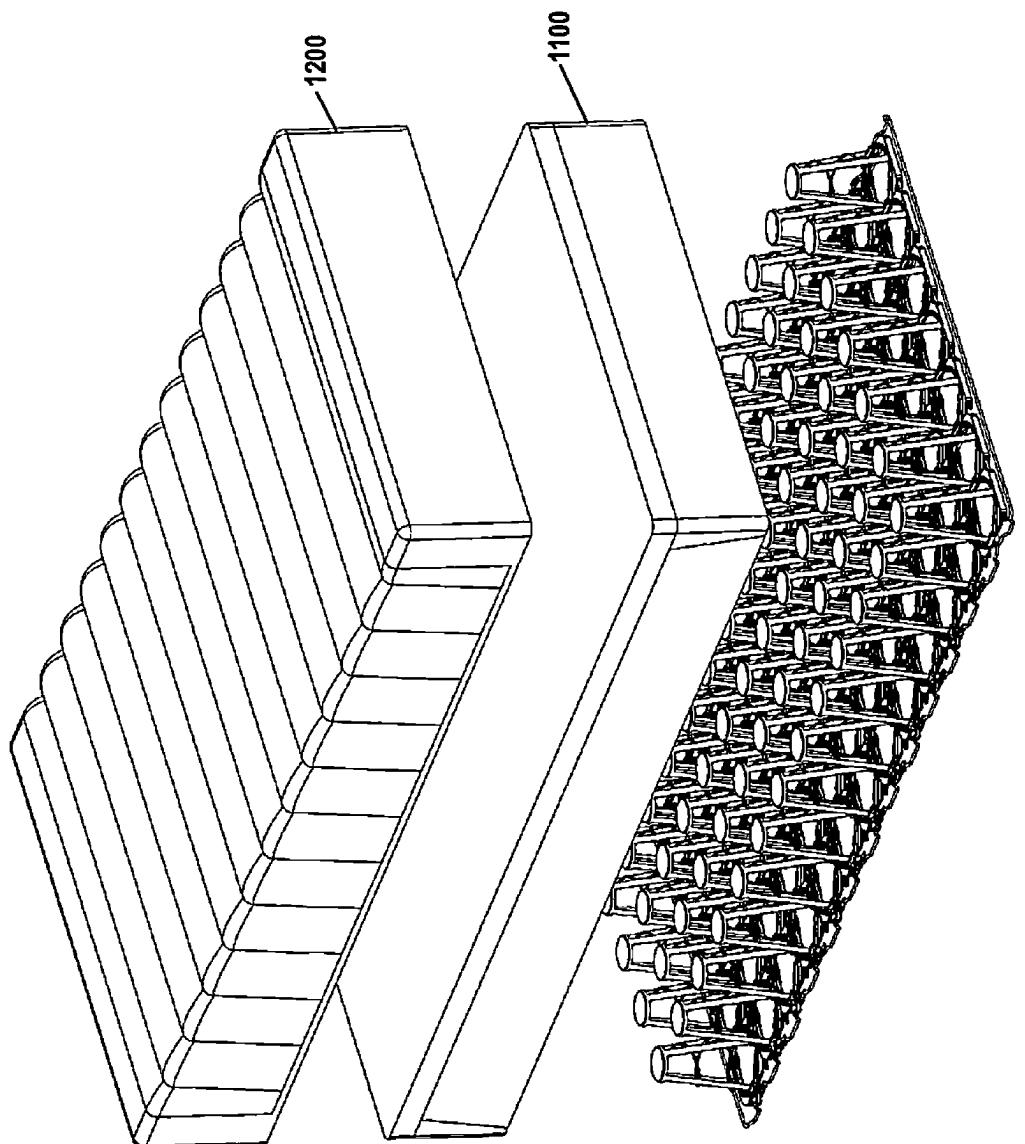


FIG.20C

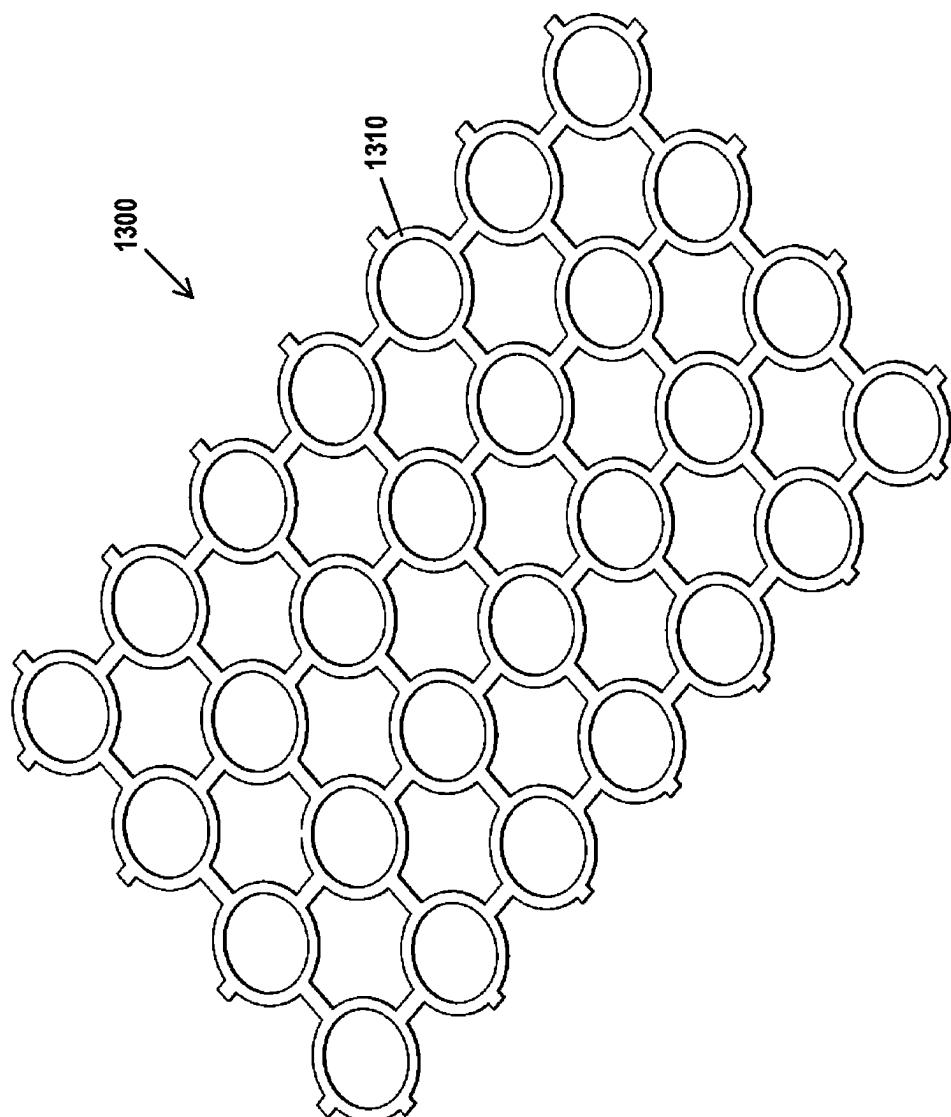


FIG.21A

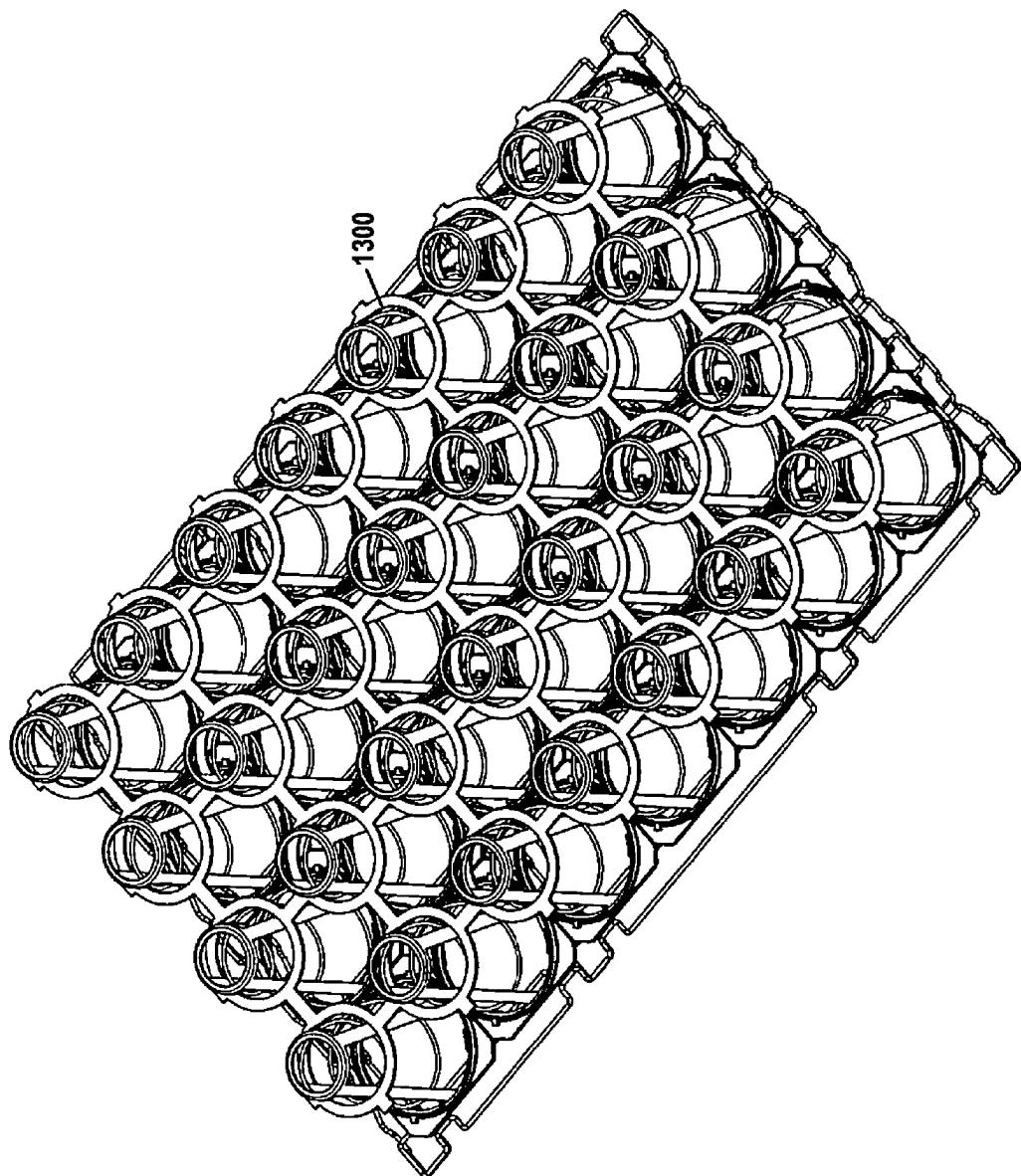


FIG.21B

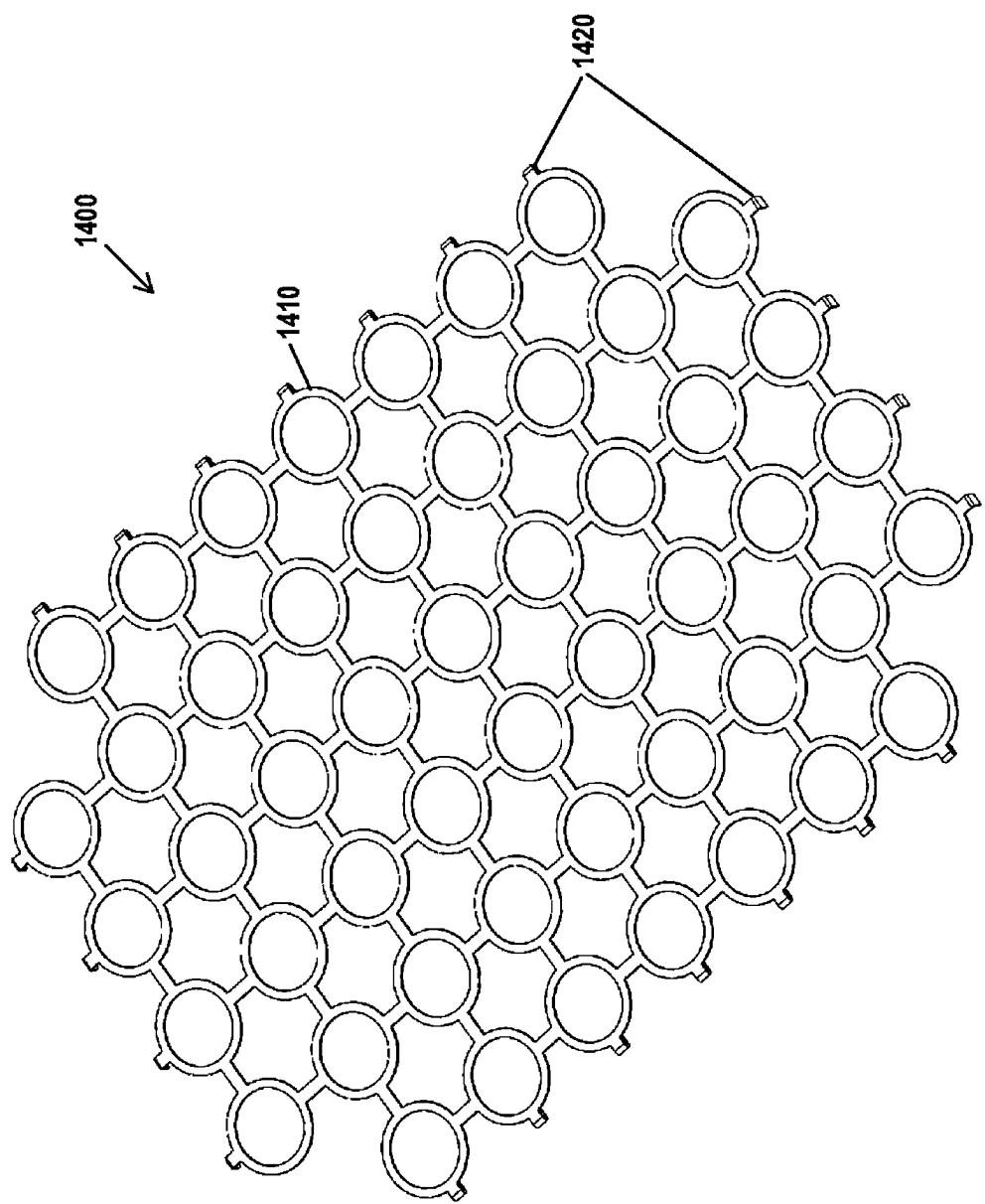


FIG.22A

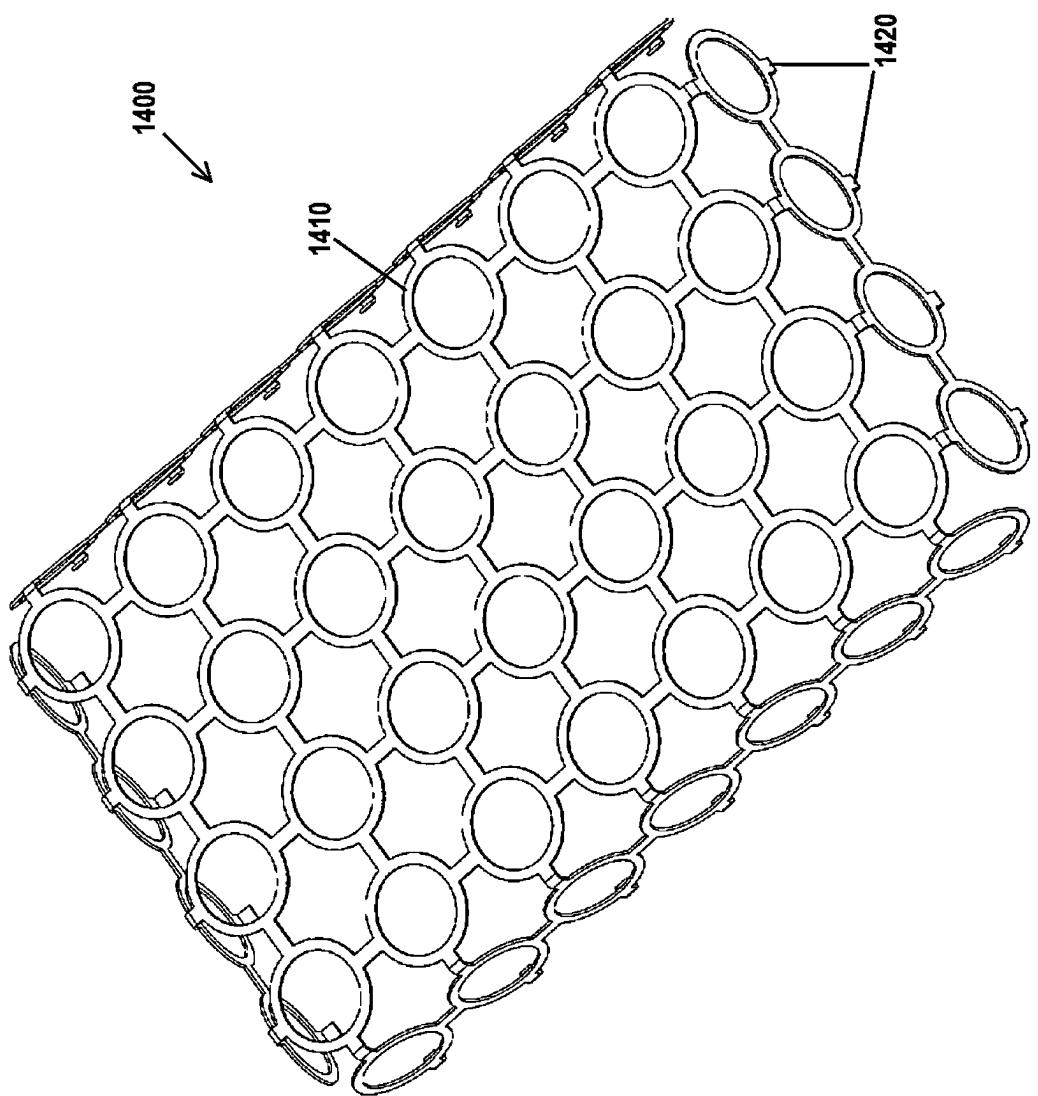
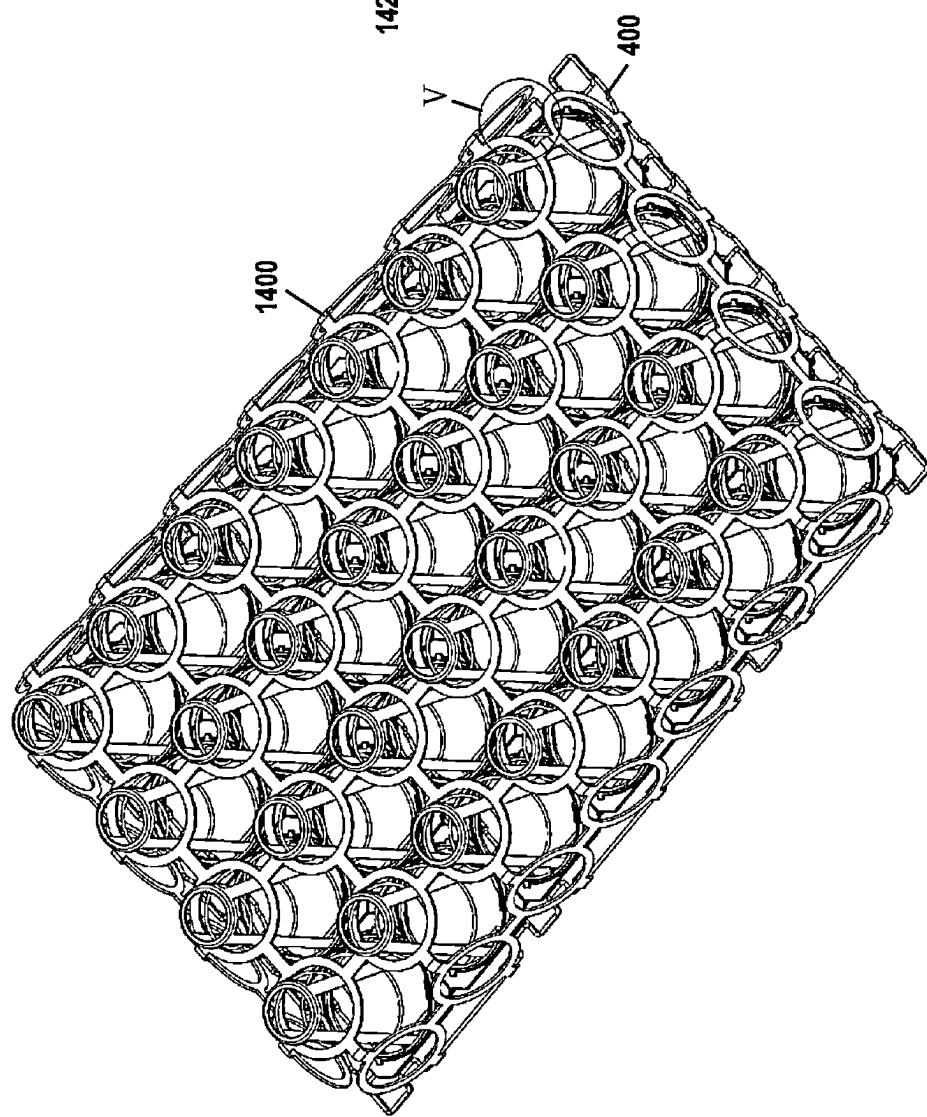
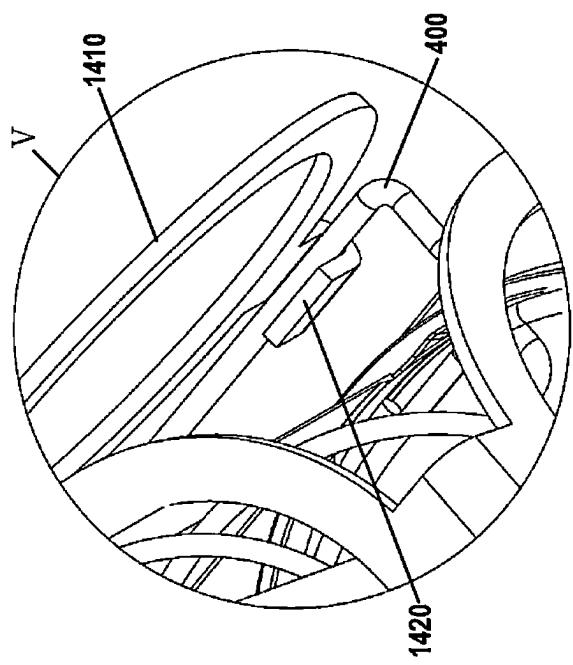


FIG.22B



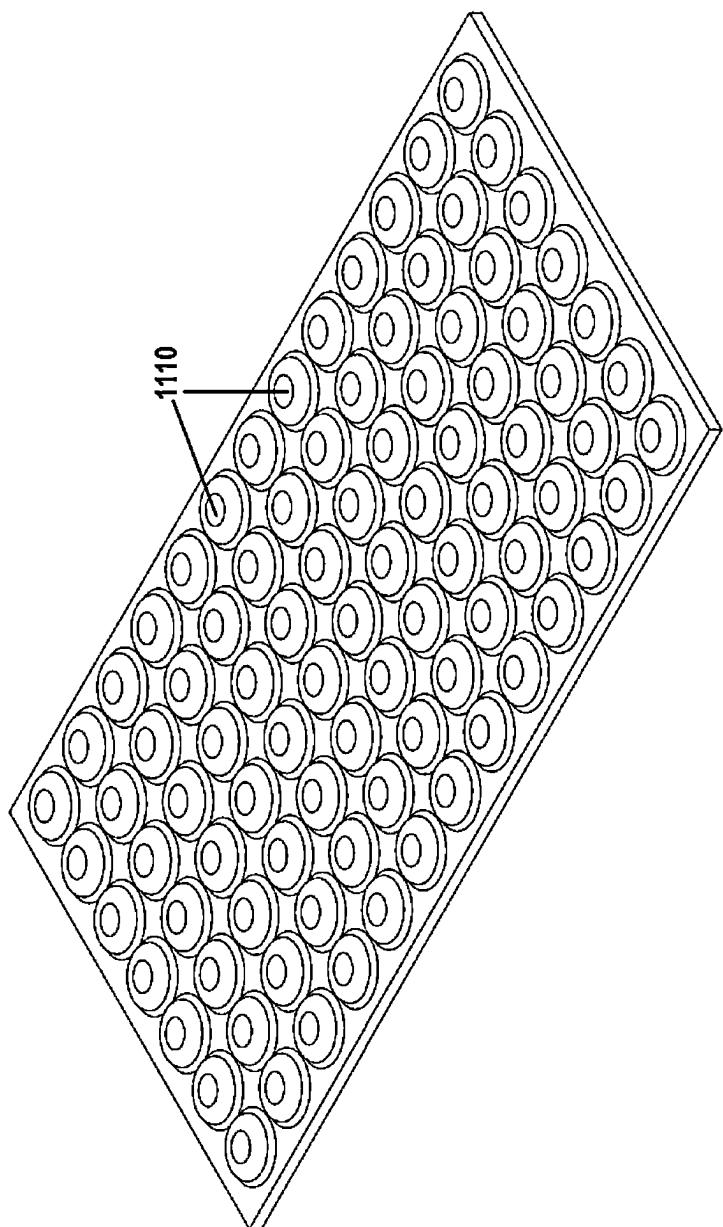


FIG. 23A

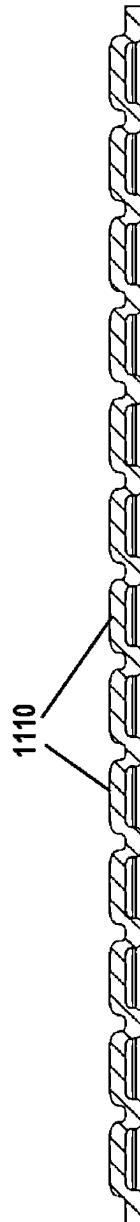


FIG. 23B

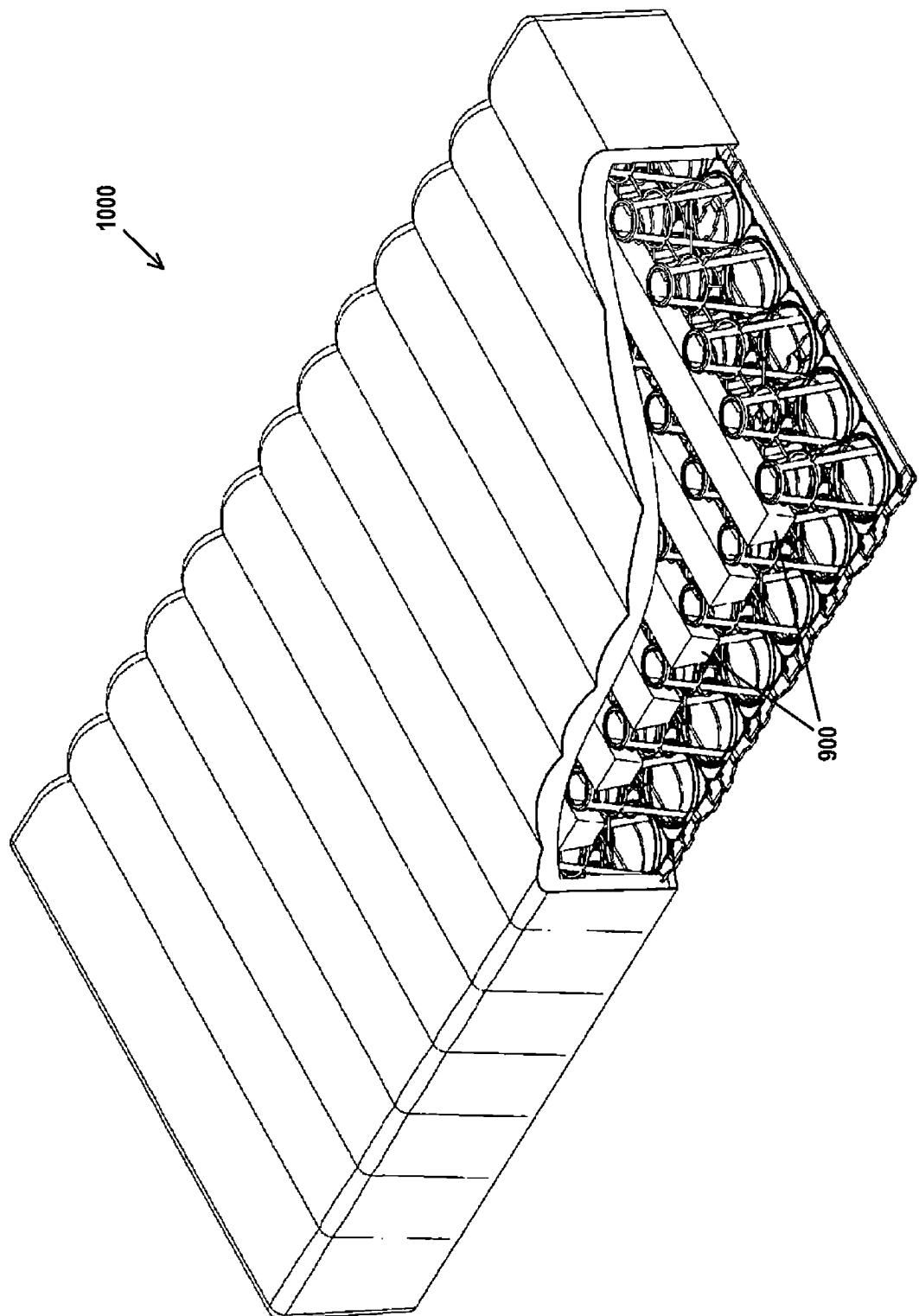
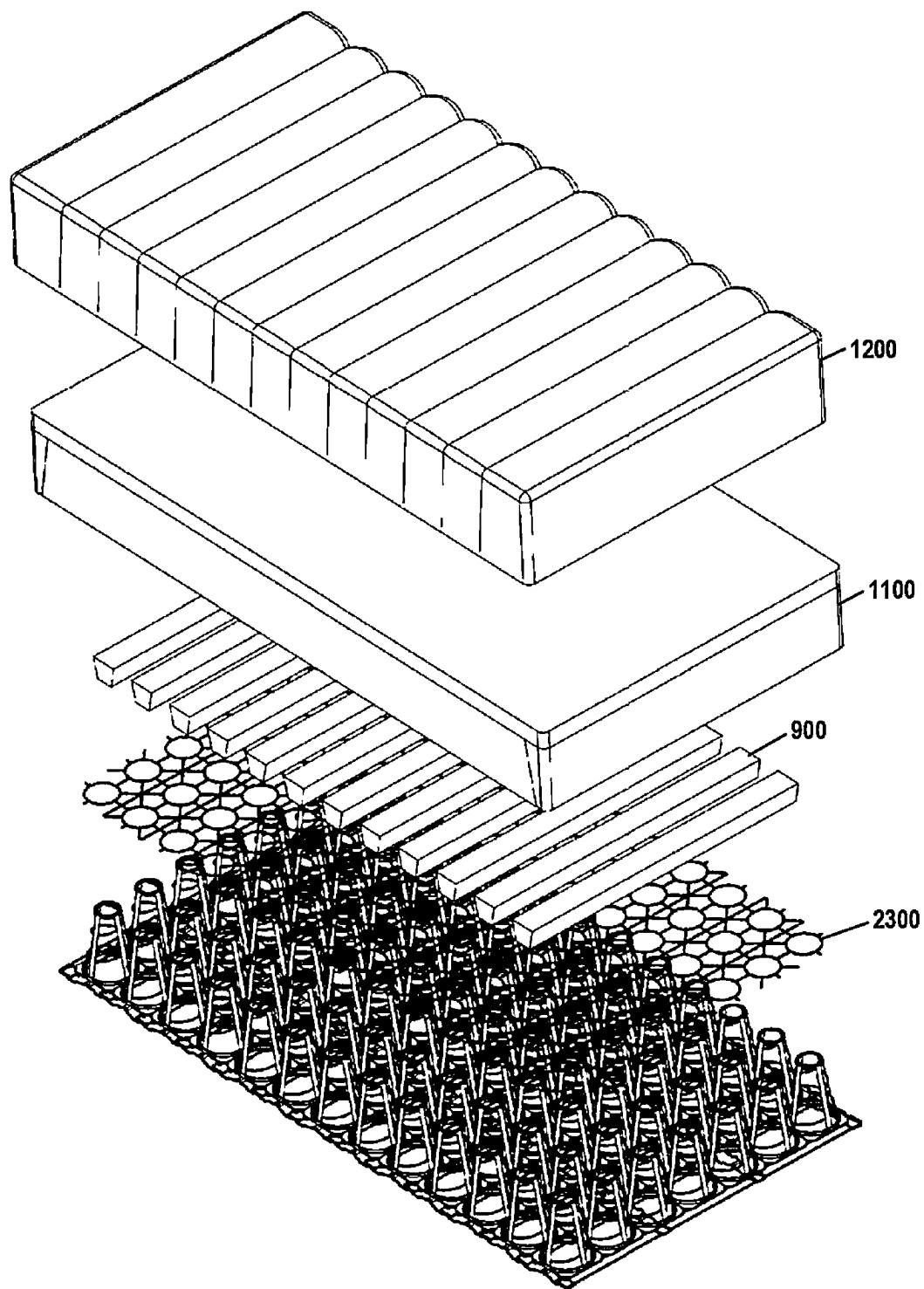
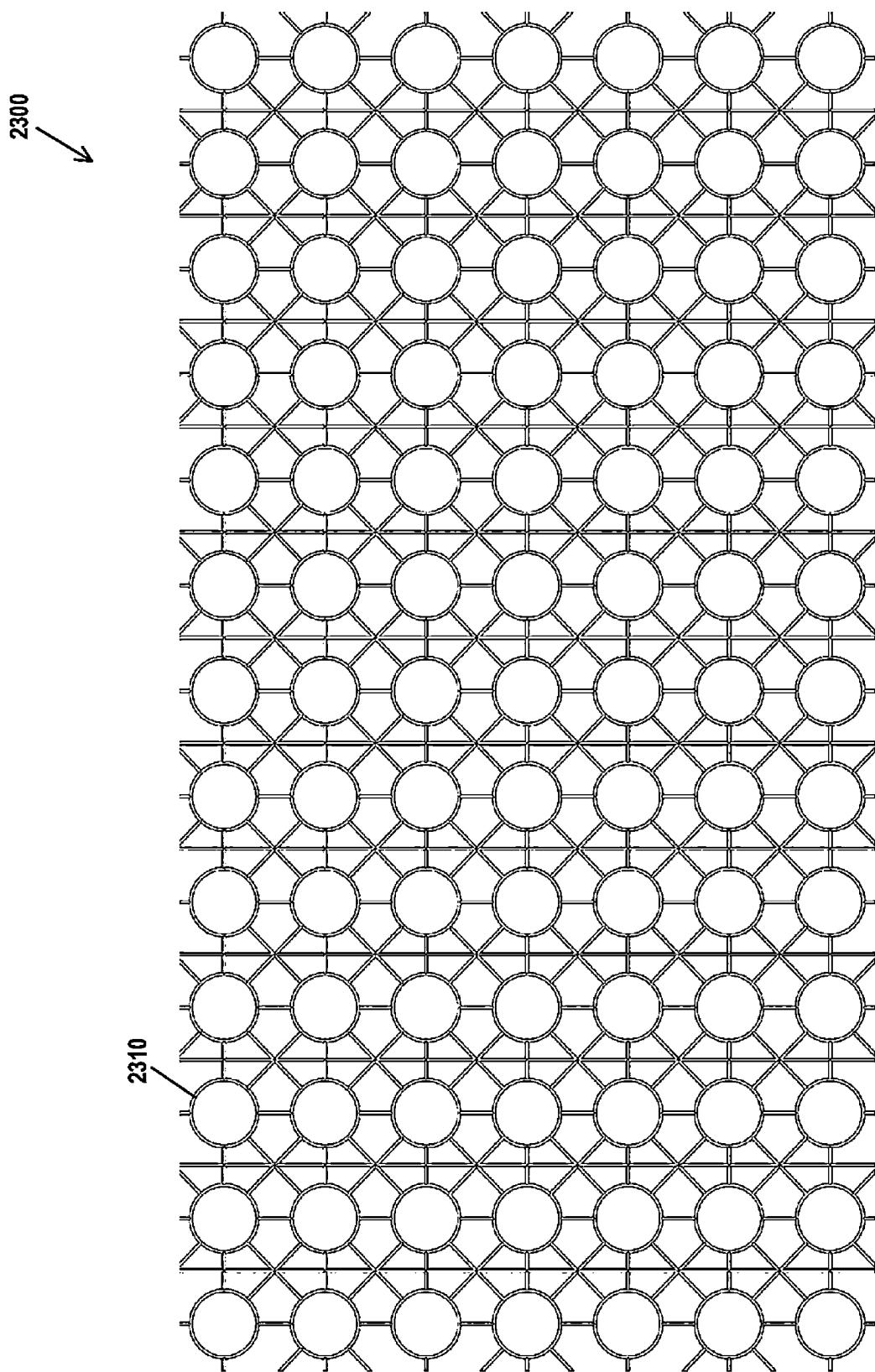


FIG 24A



**FIG.24B**



**FIG.24C**

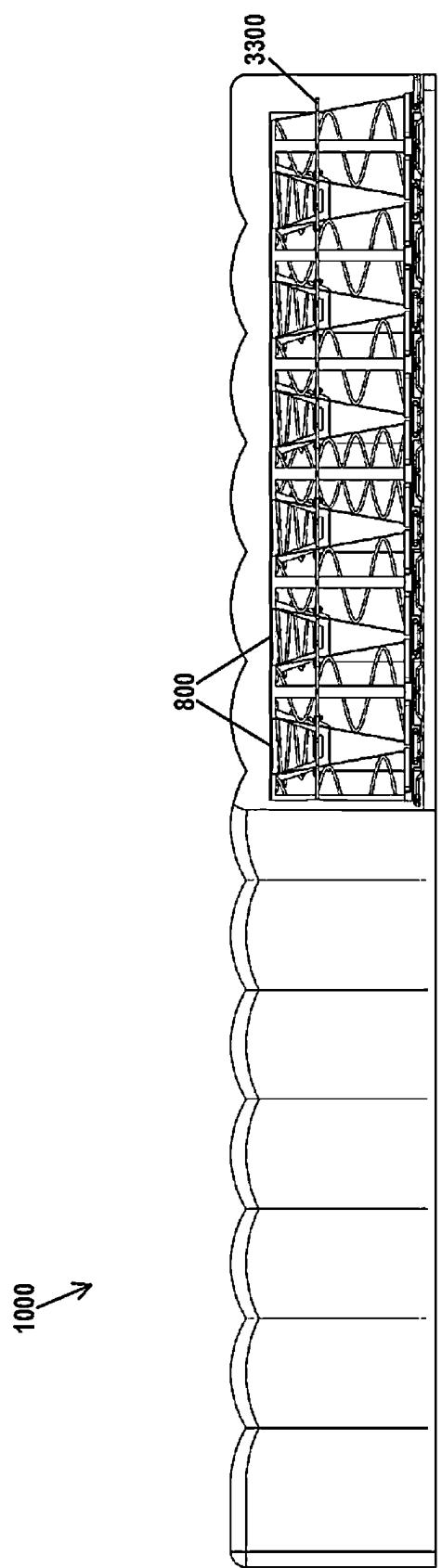
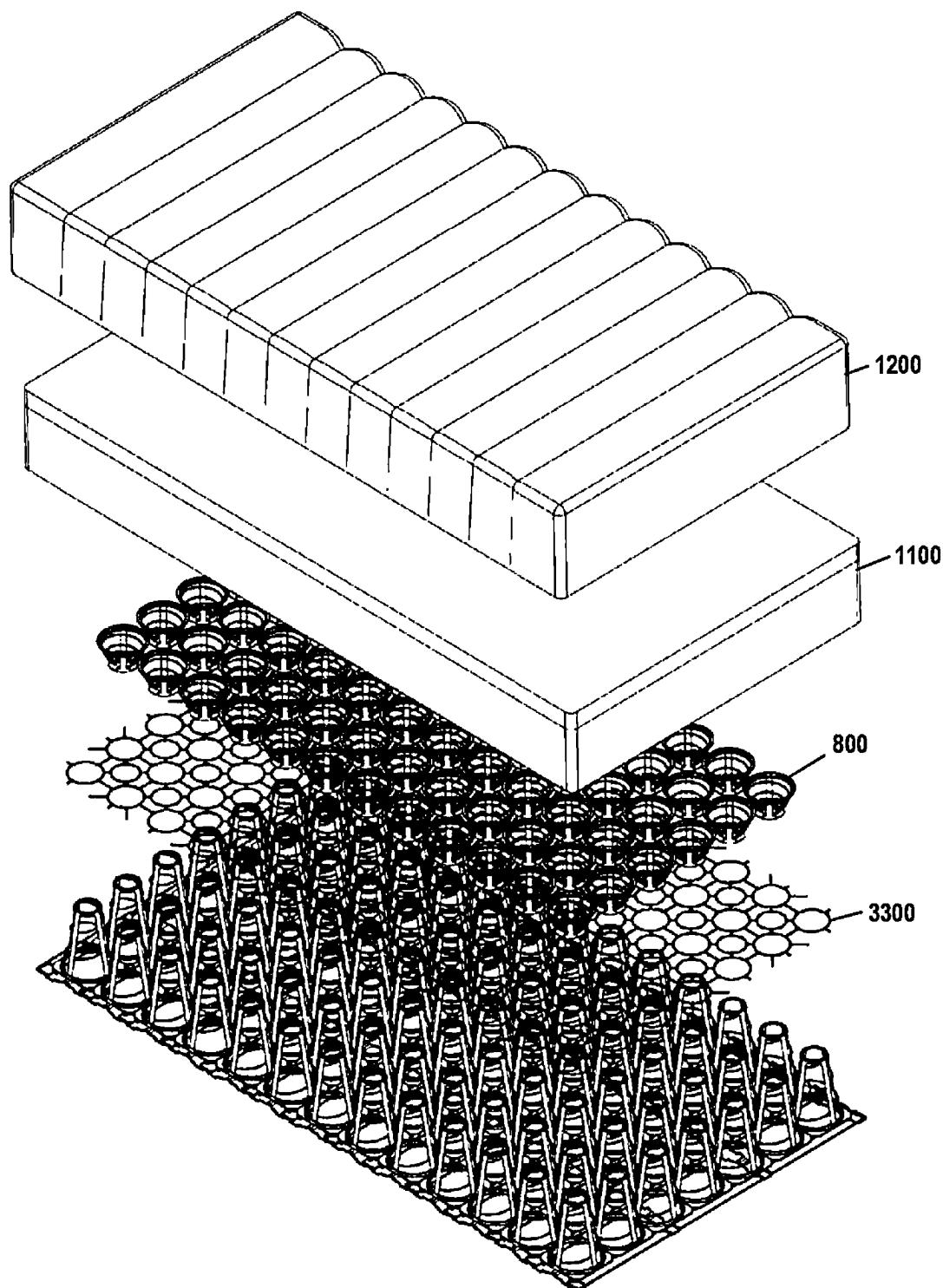
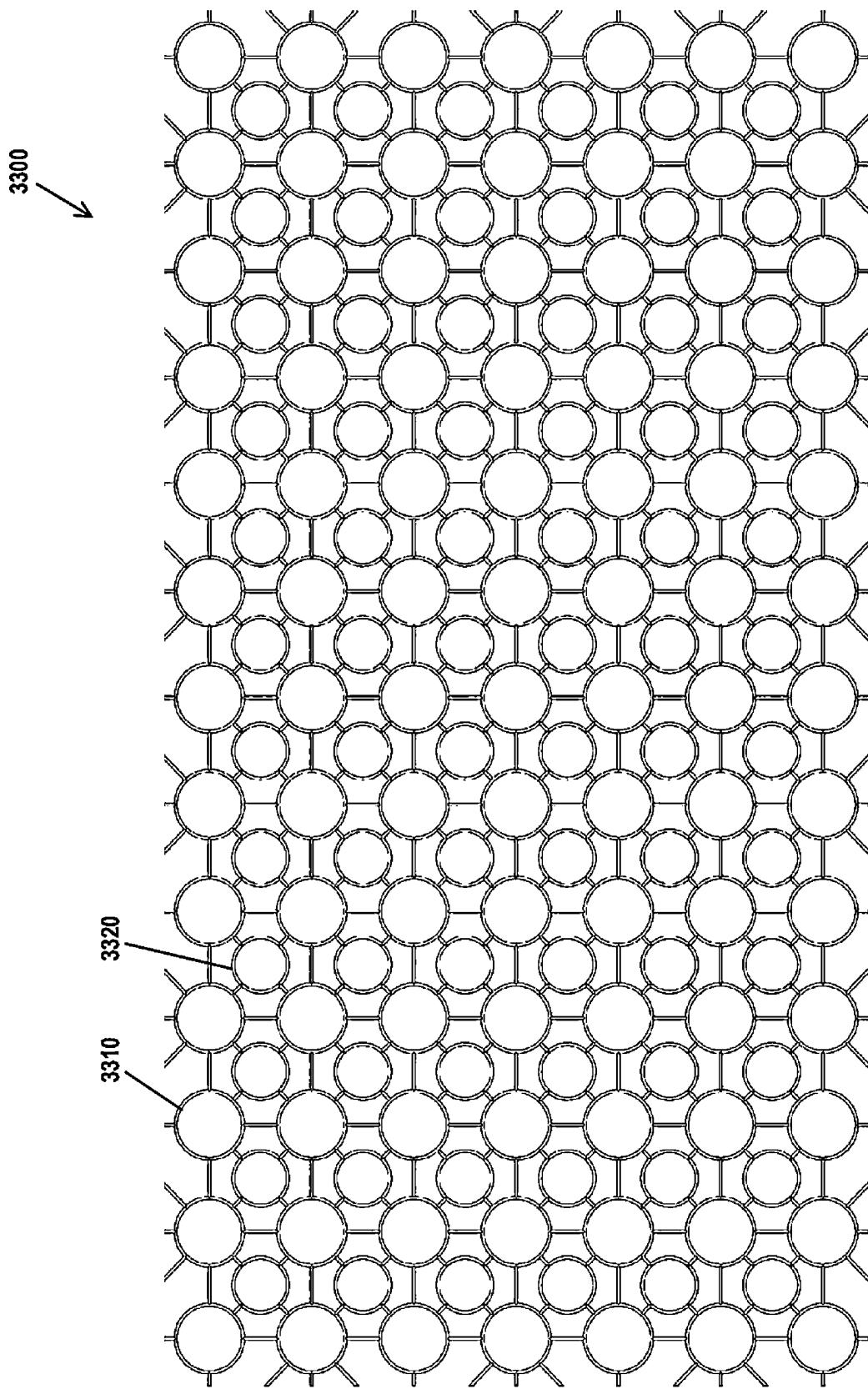


FIG.25A



**FIG.25B**



**FIG.25C**

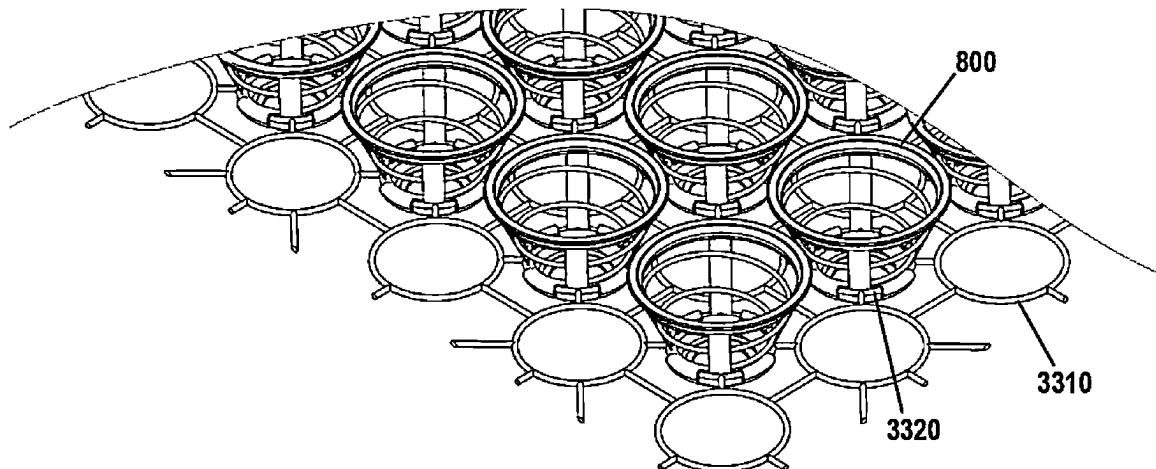


FIG.25D

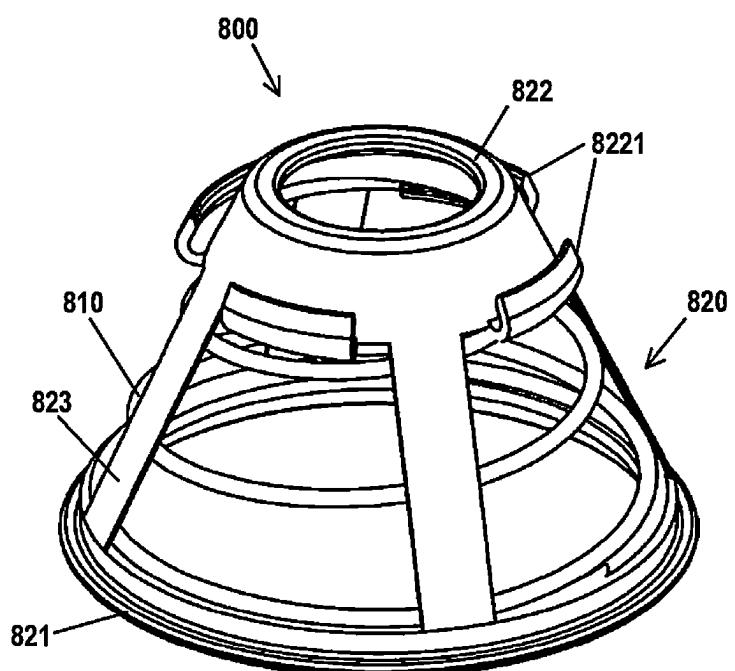


FIG.25E

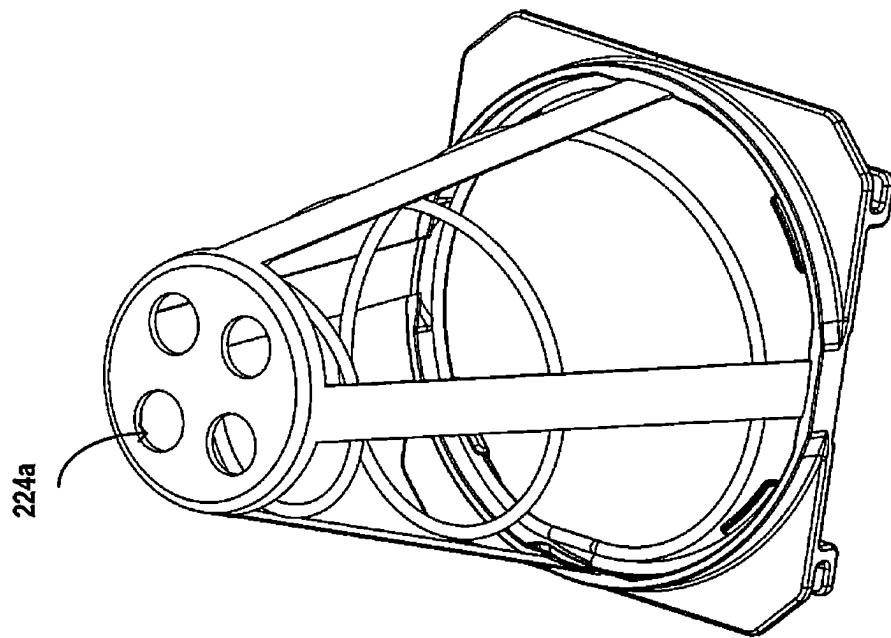


FIG.26A

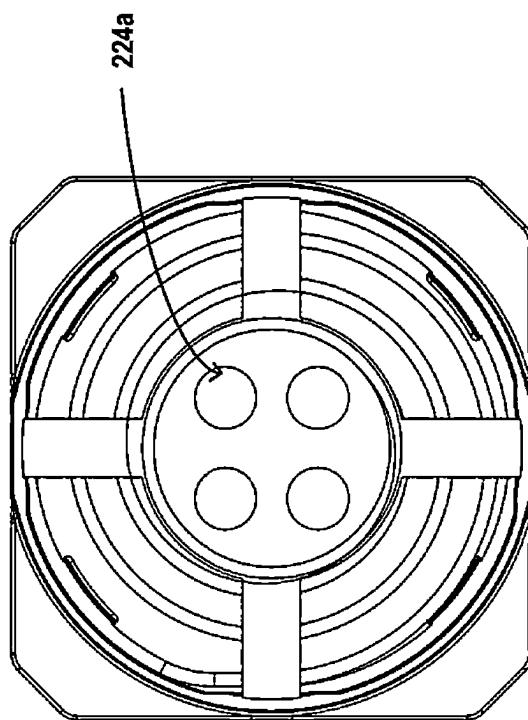


FIG.26B

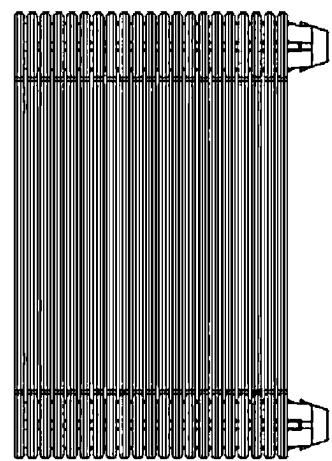


FIG.27D

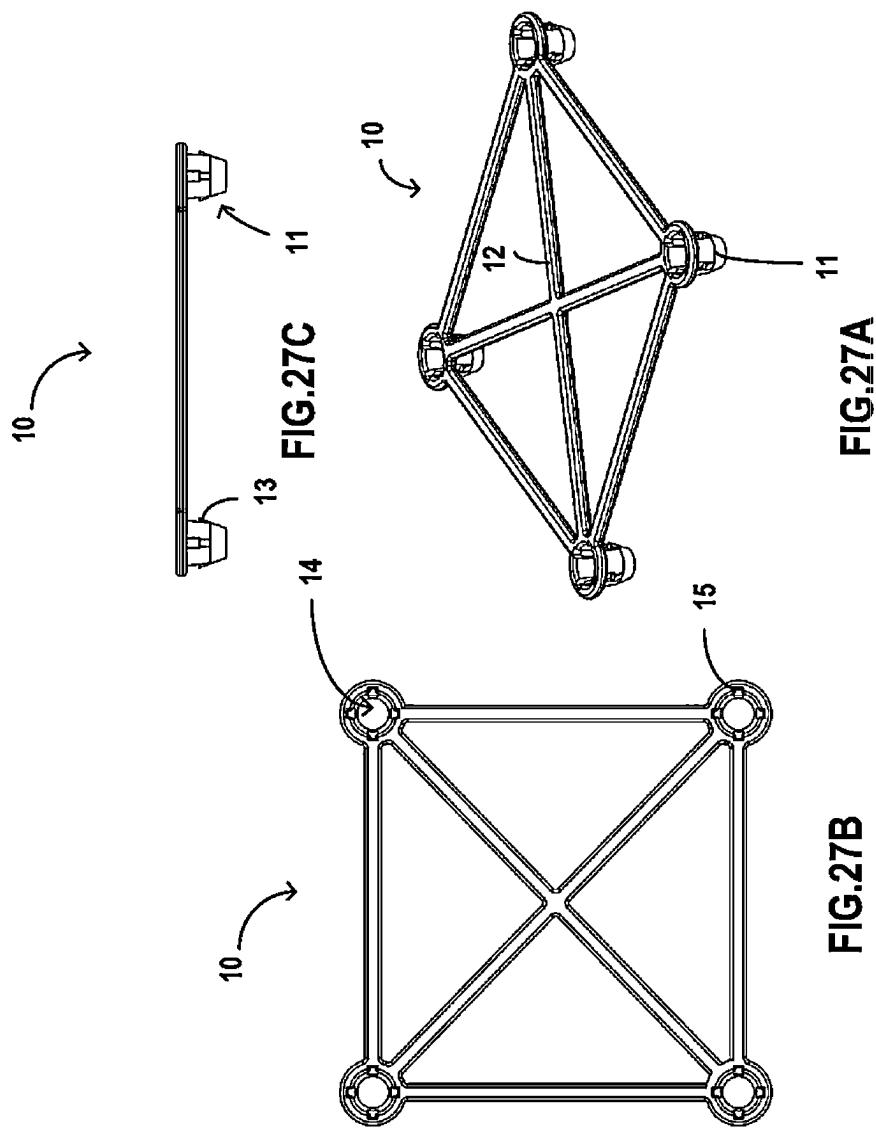


FIG.27A

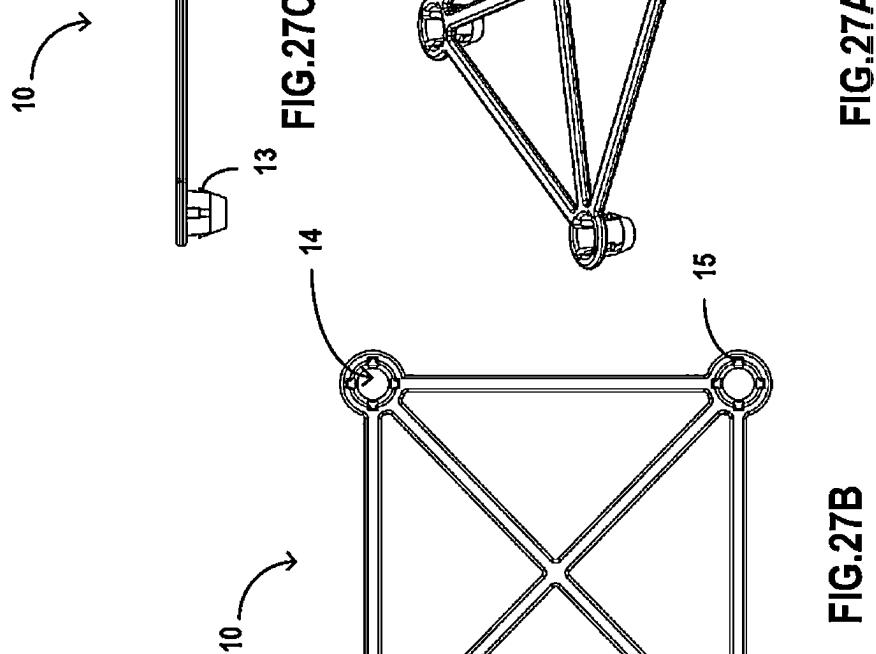


FIG.27B

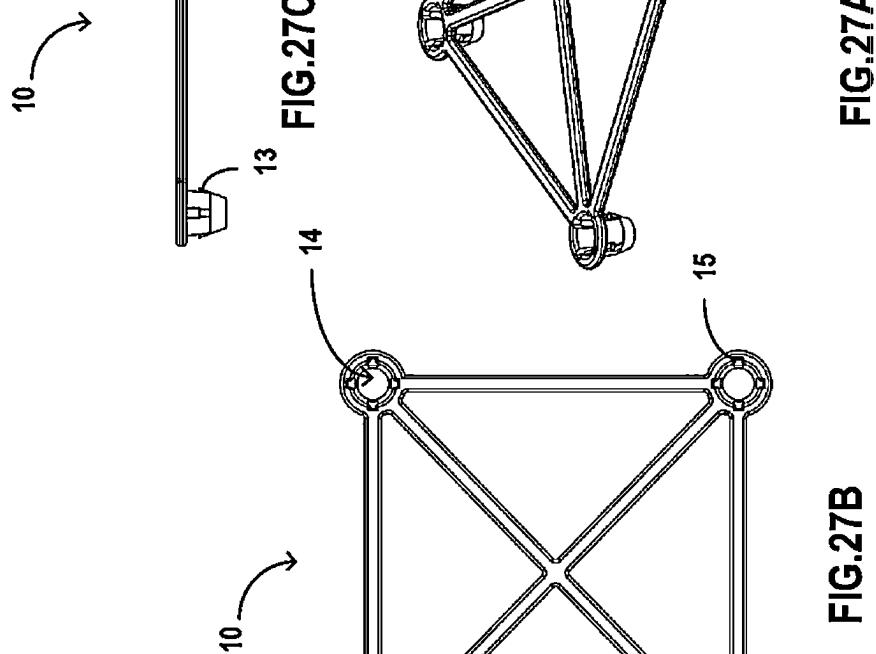


FIG.27C

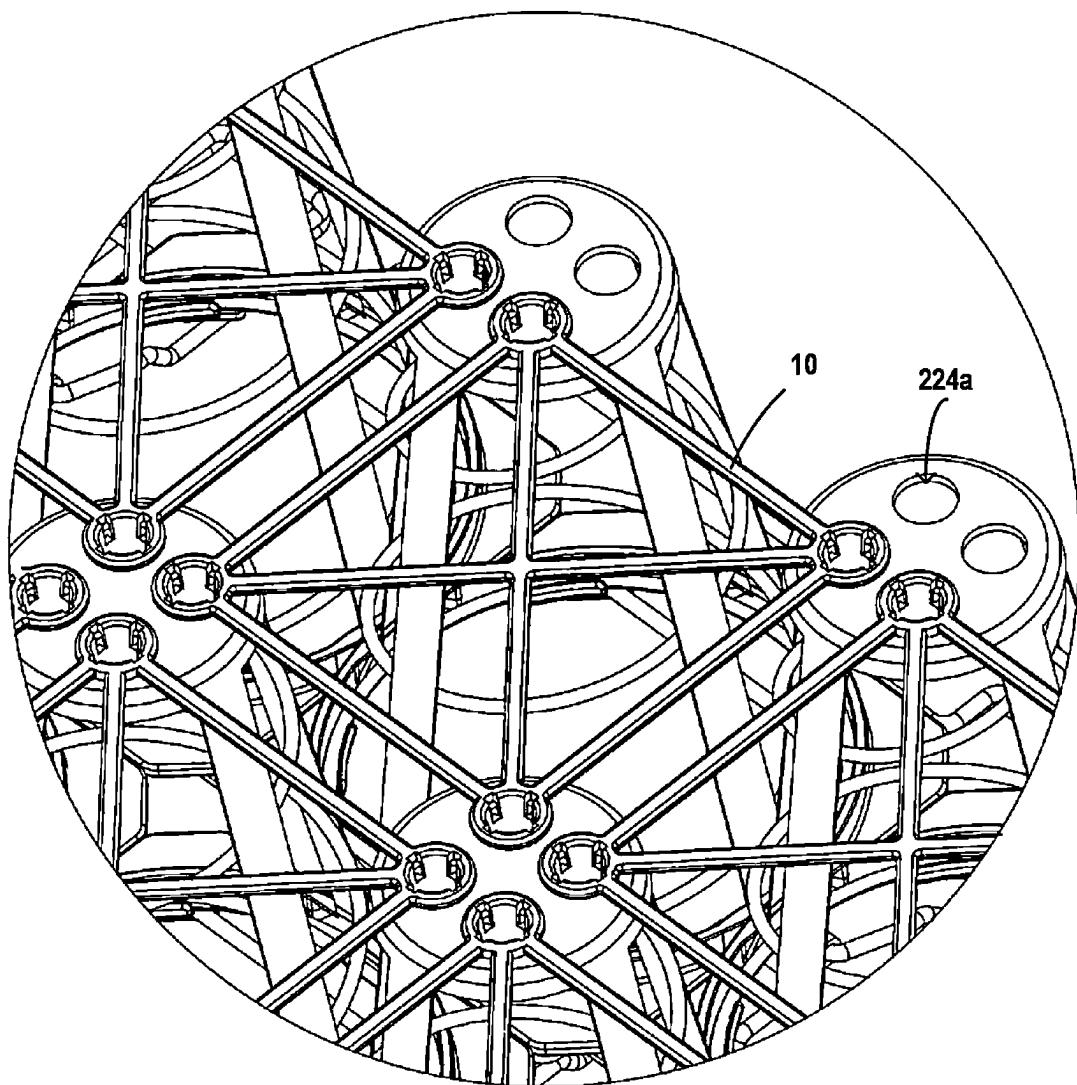


FIG.27E

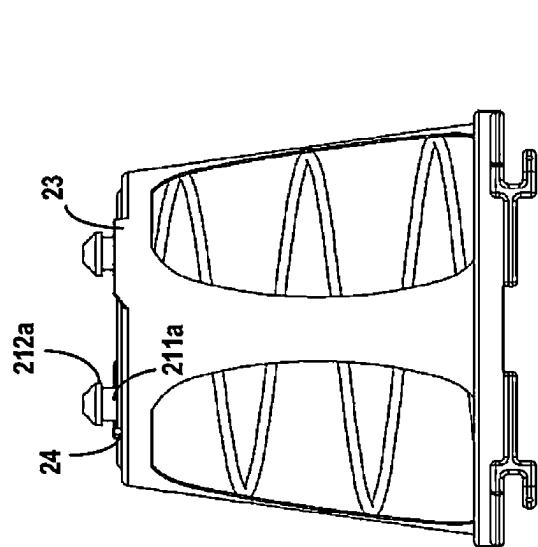


FIG.28B

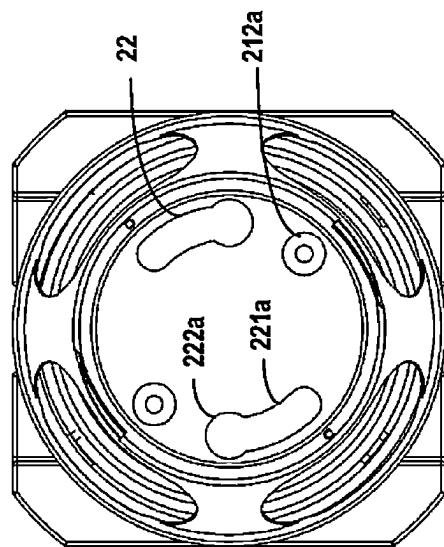


FIG.28C

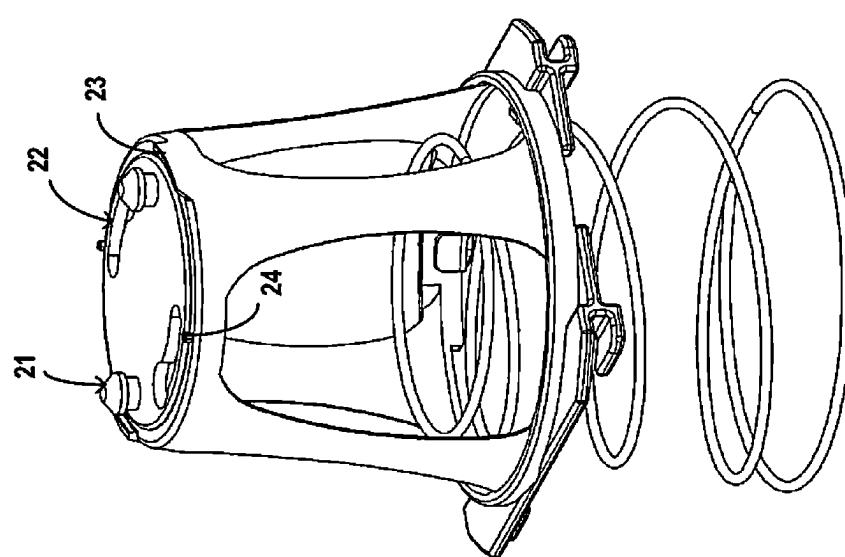
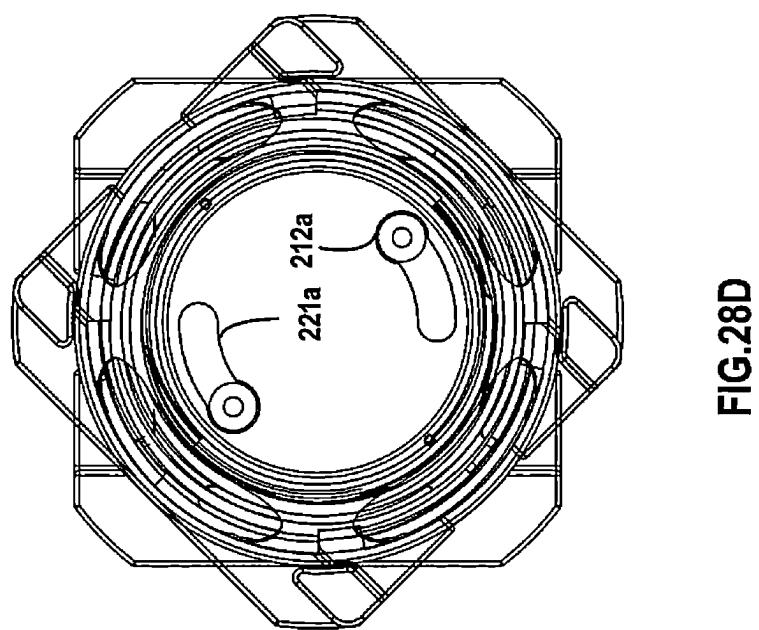
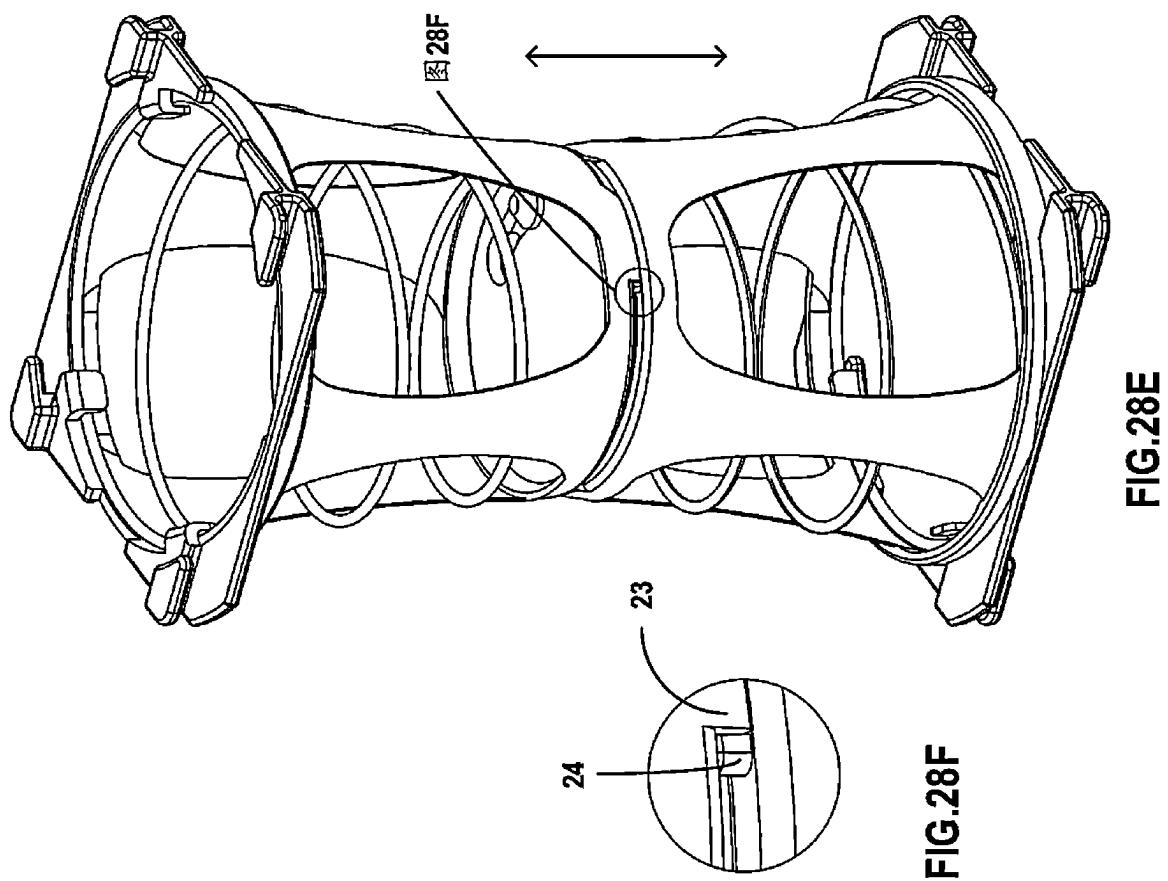
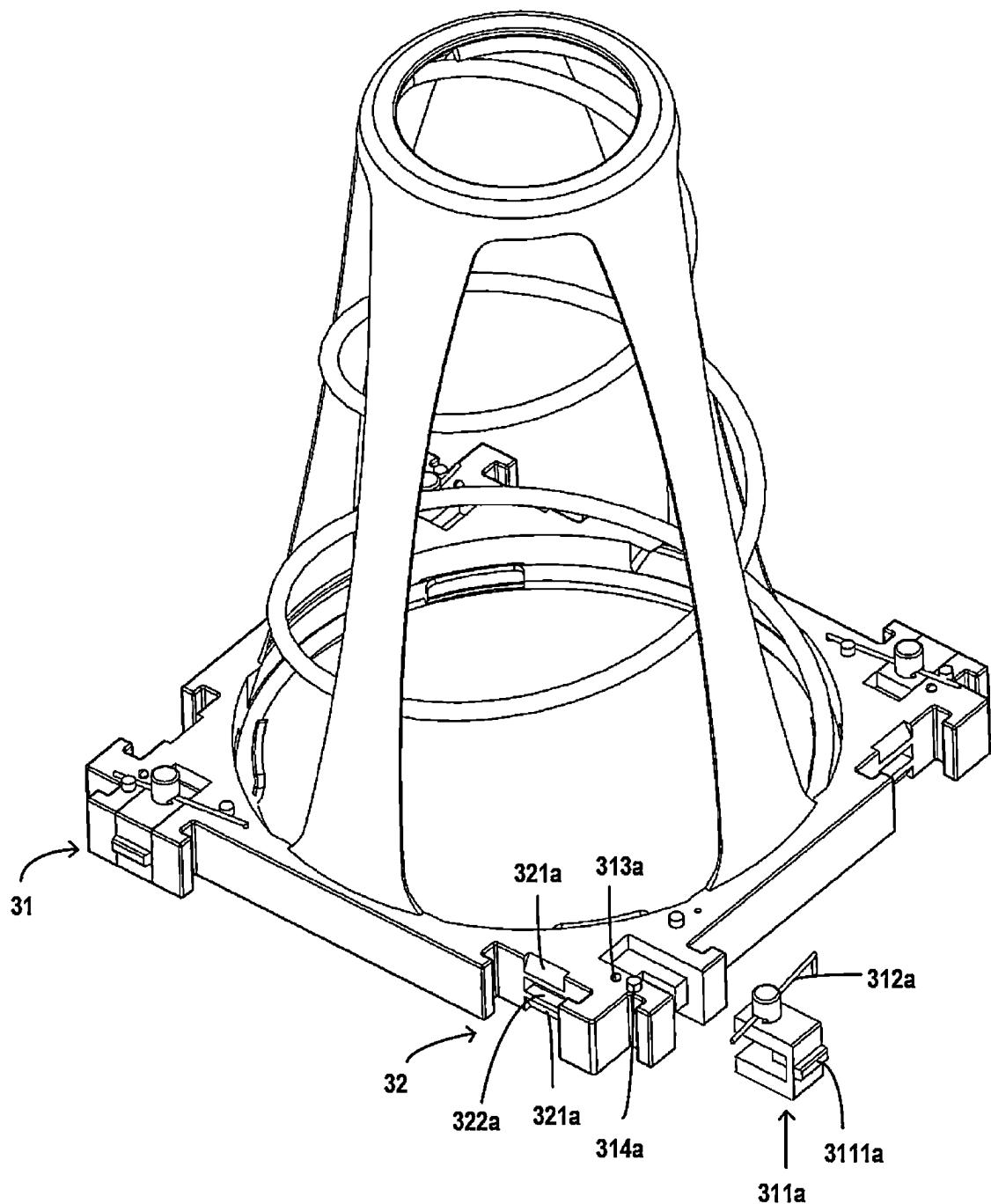


FIG.28A





**FIG.29A**

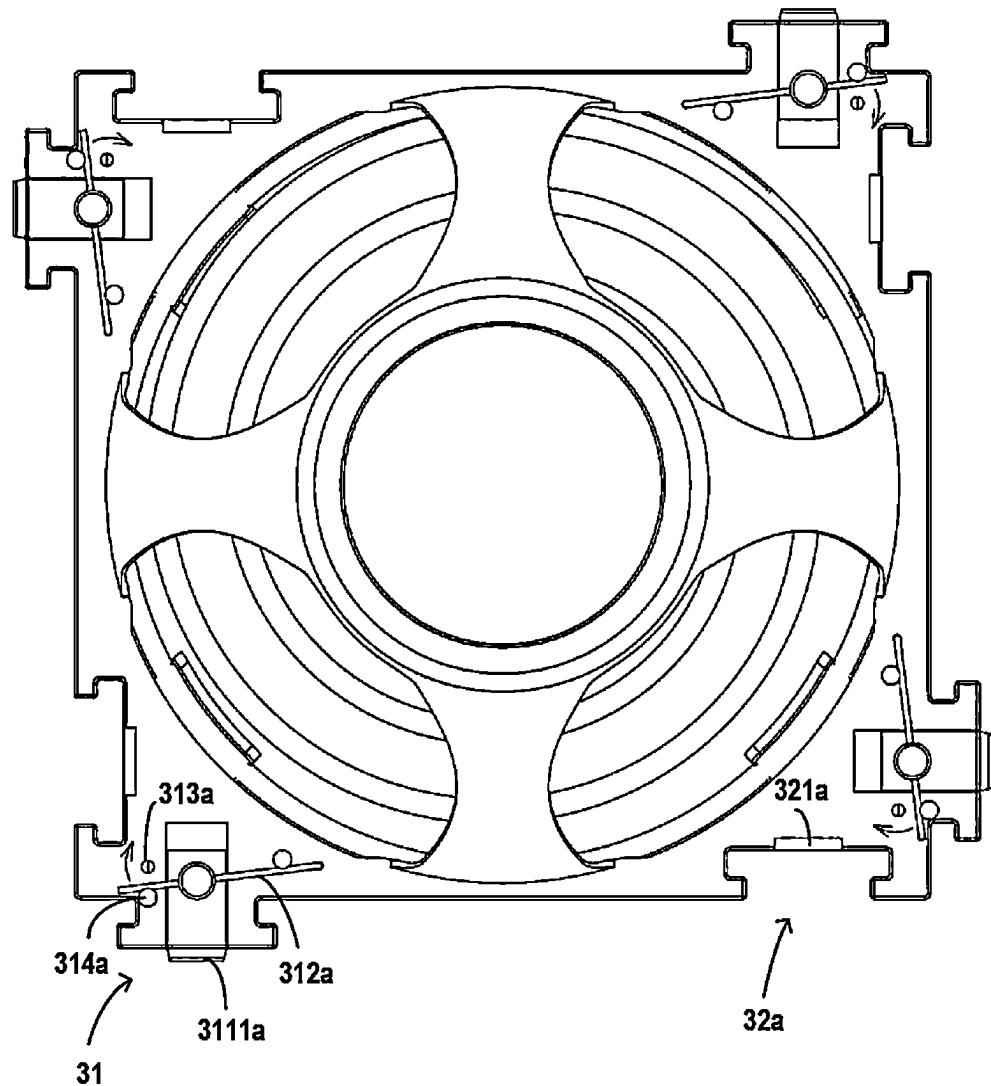


FIG.29B

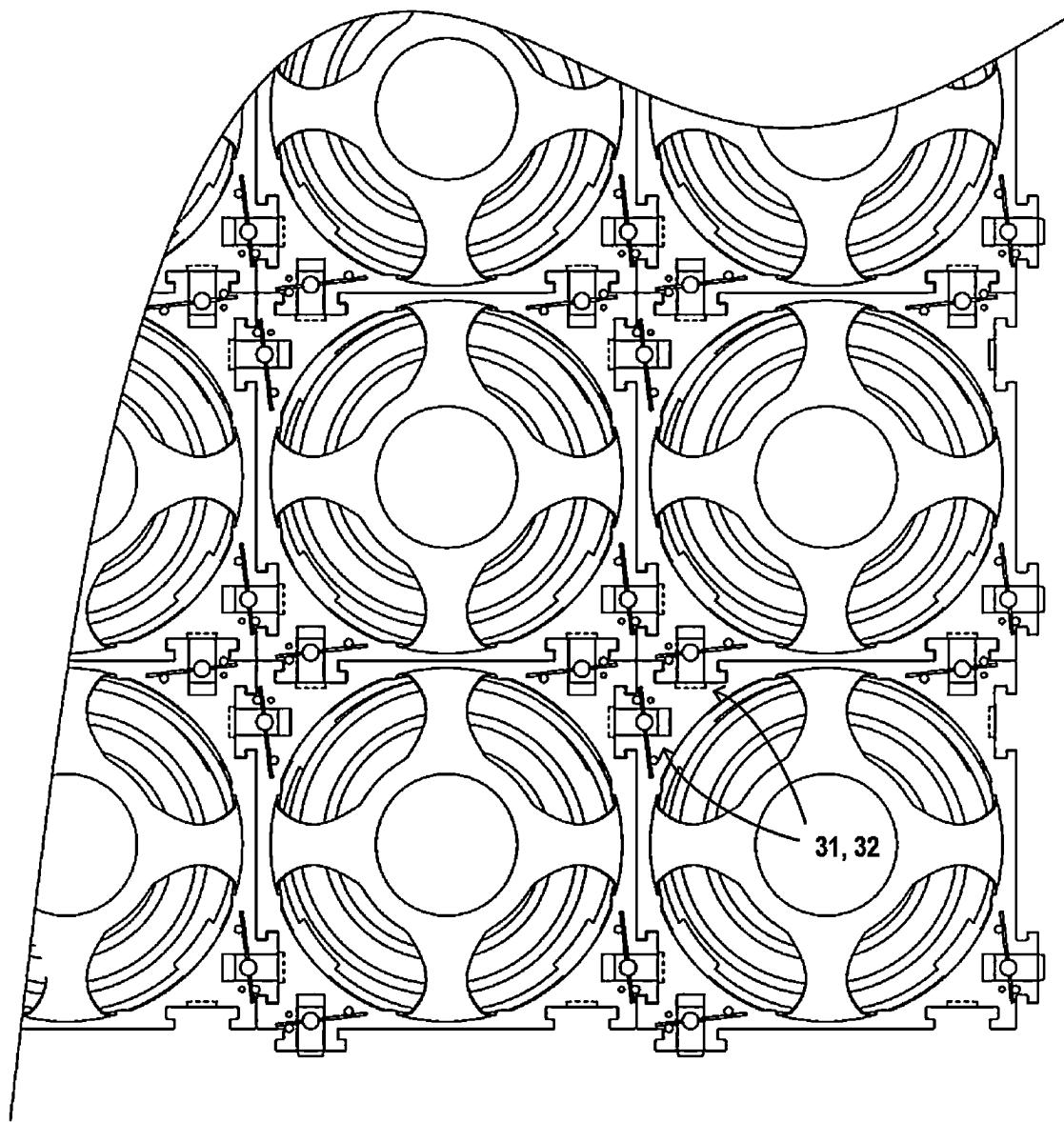


FIG.29C

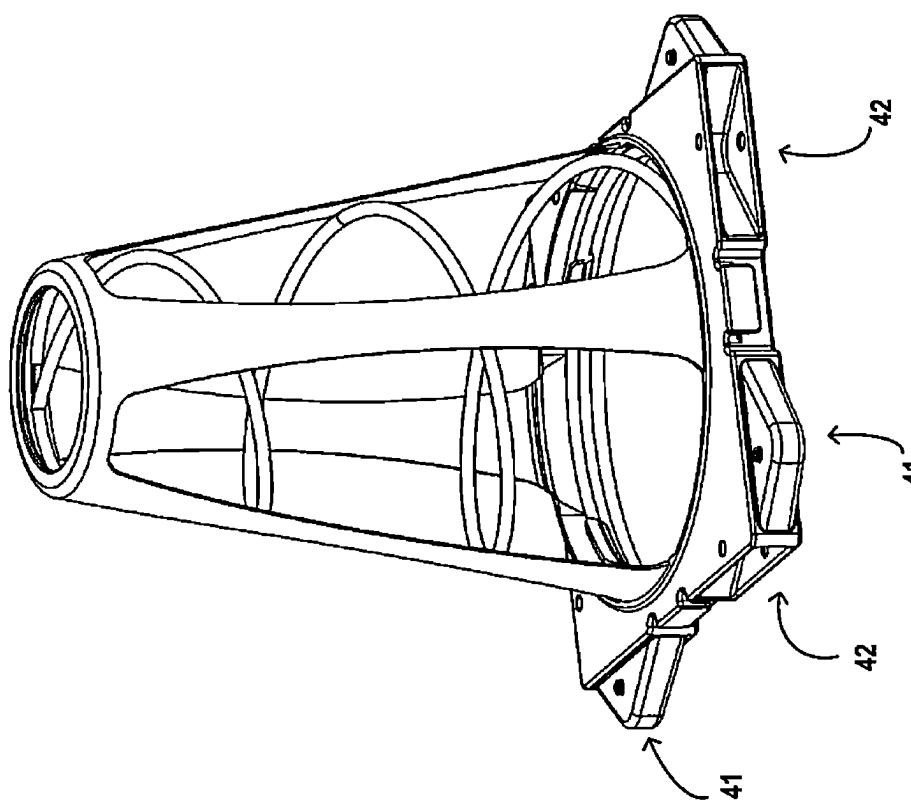


FIG.30A

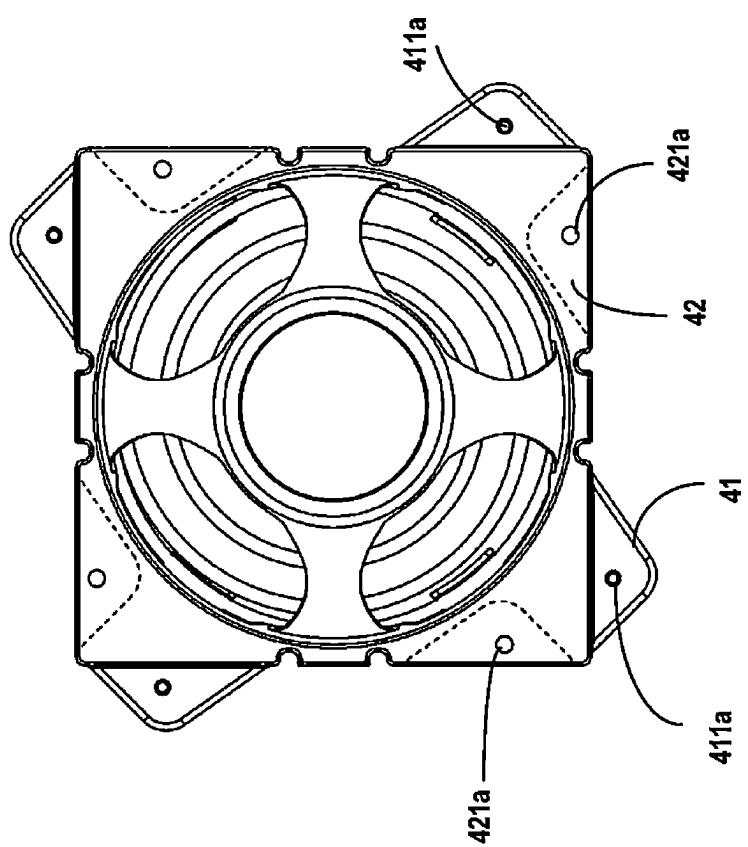


FIG.30B

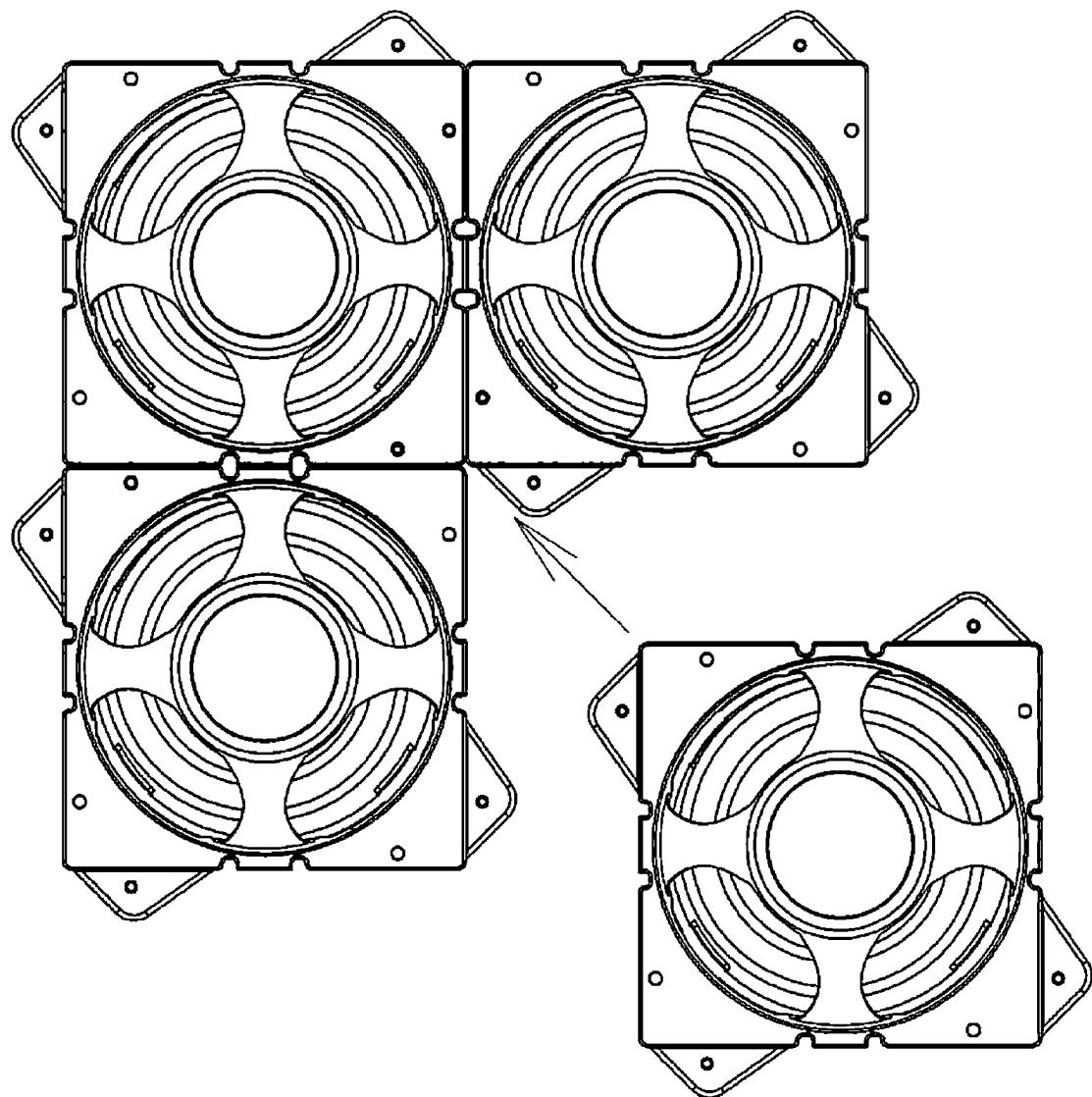
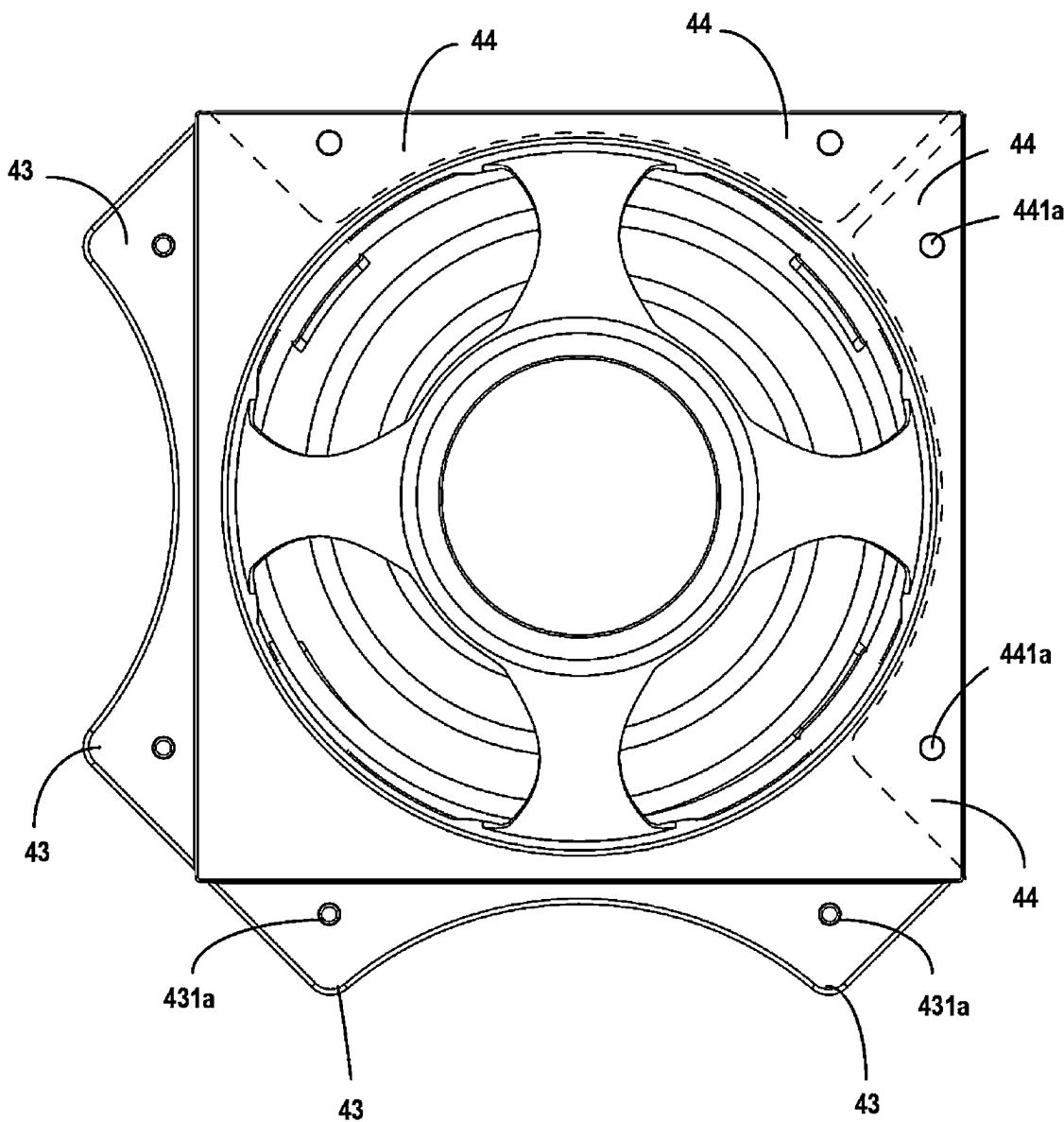
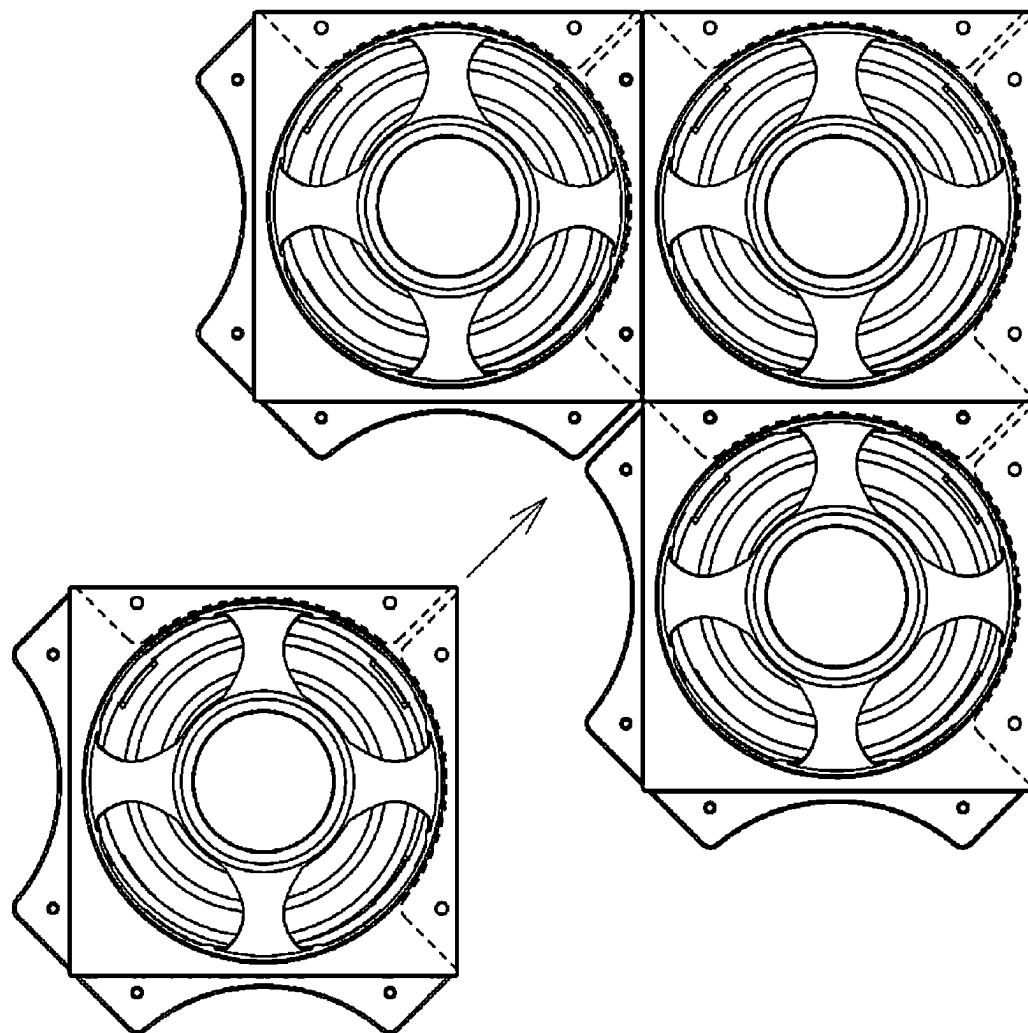


FIG.30C



**FIG.30D**



**FIG.30E**

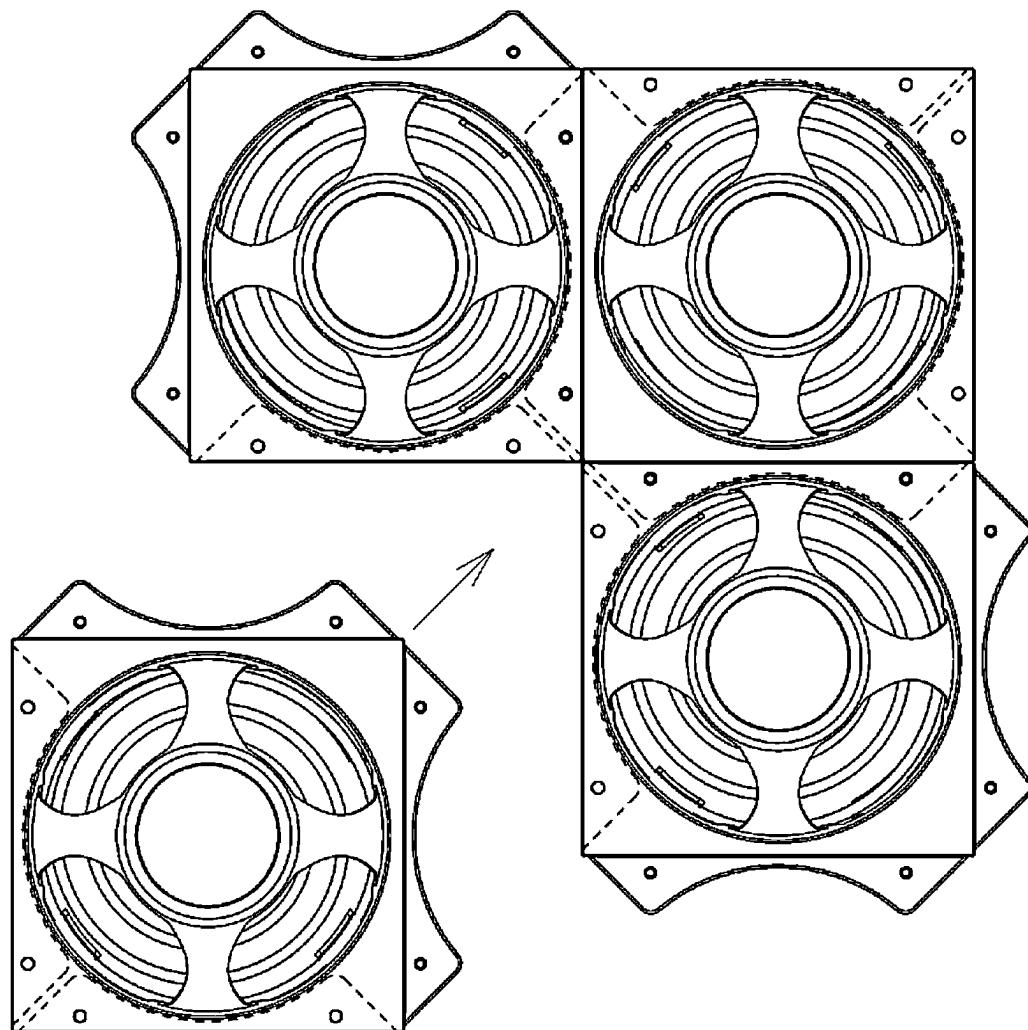


FIG.30F

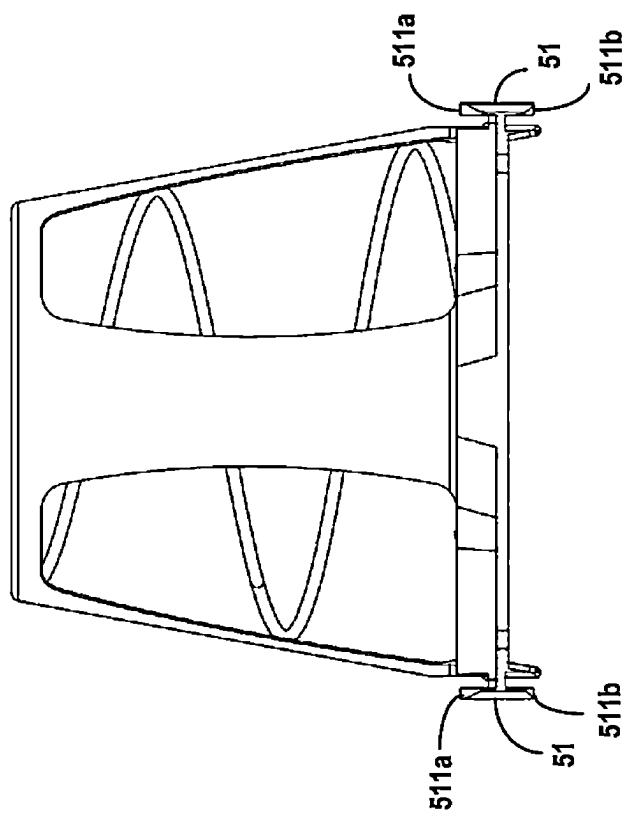


FIG.31B

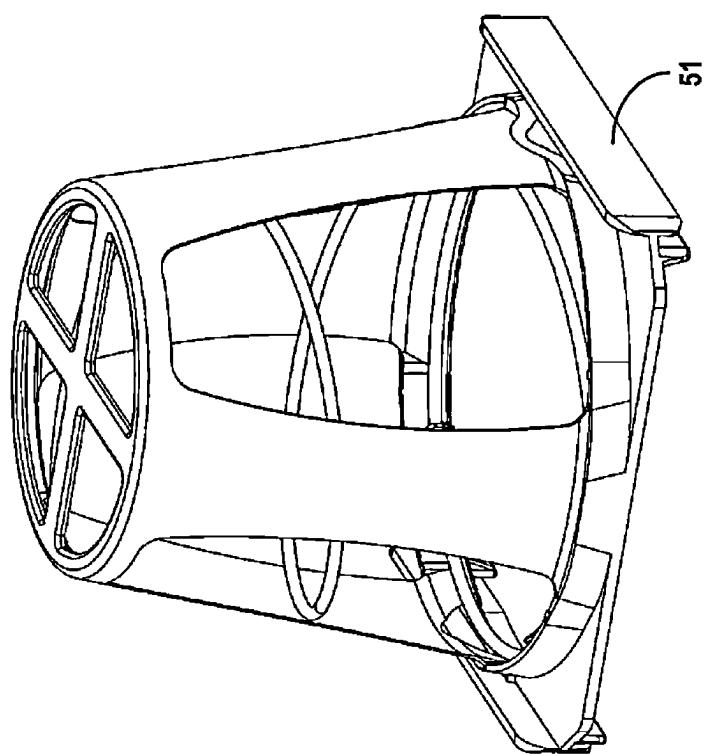


FIG.31A

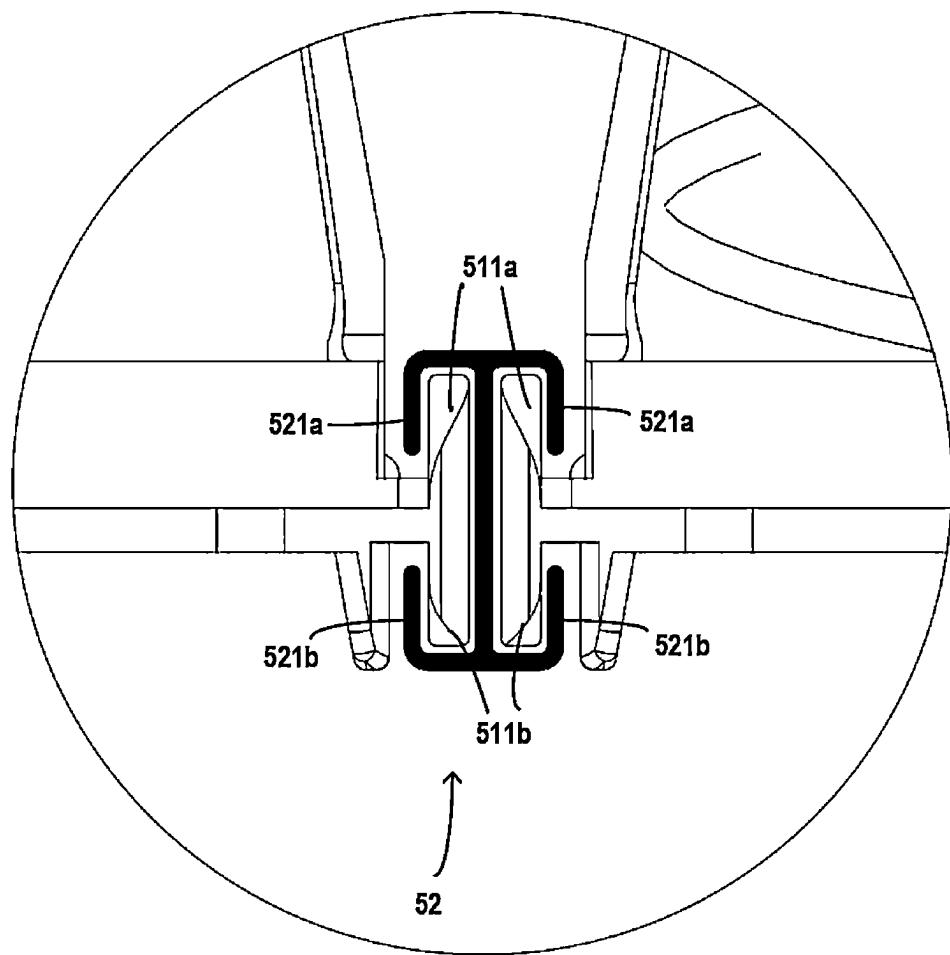


FIG.31C

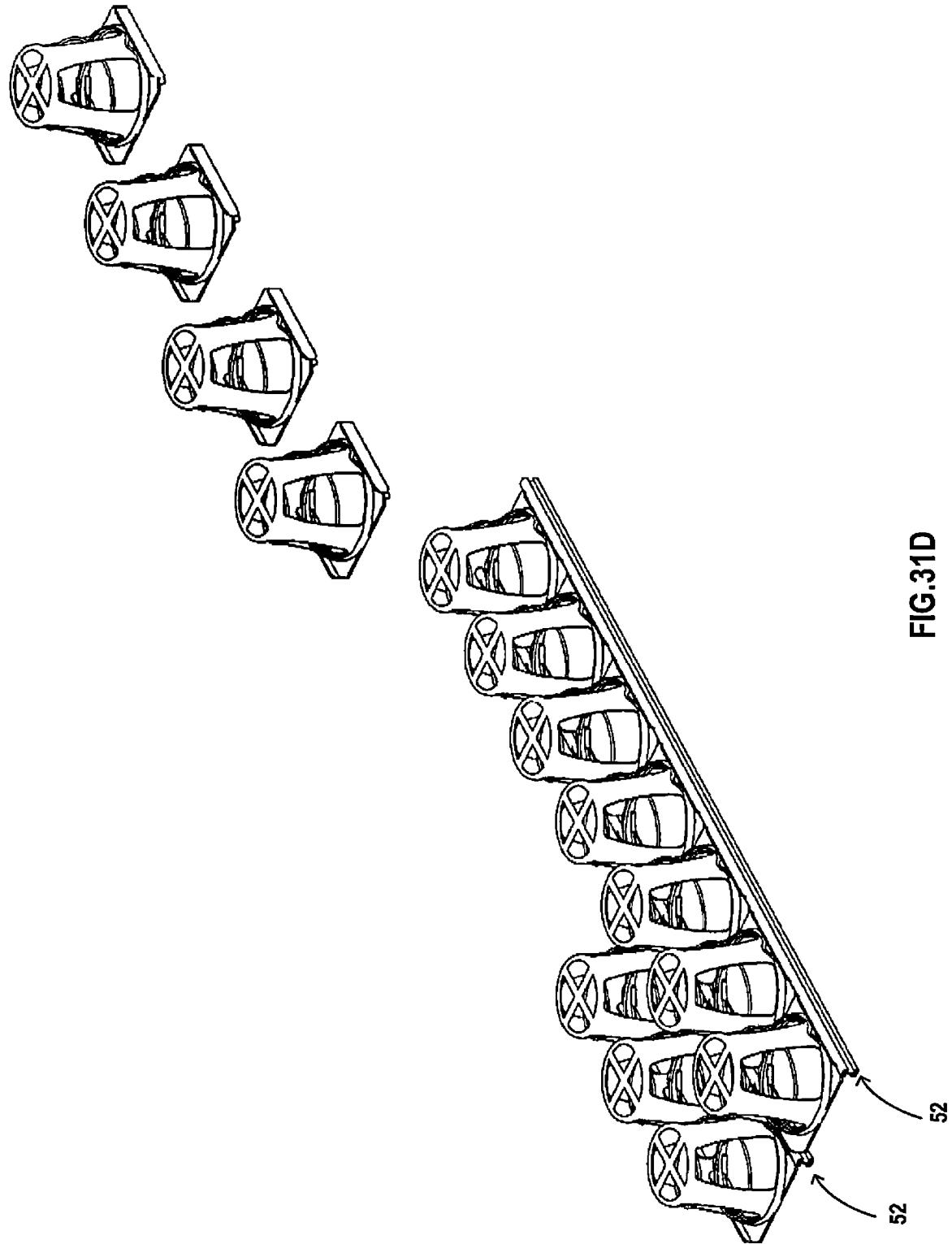


FIG.31D

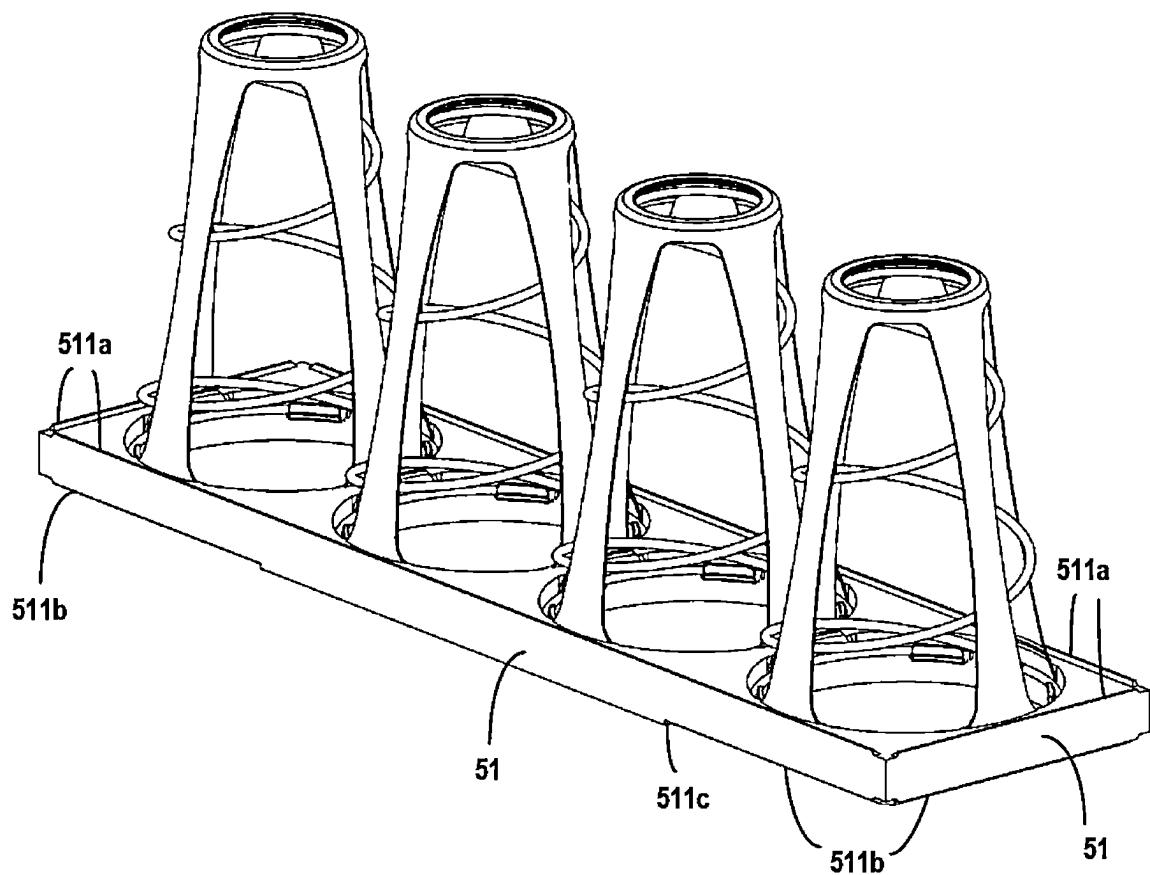


FIG.31E

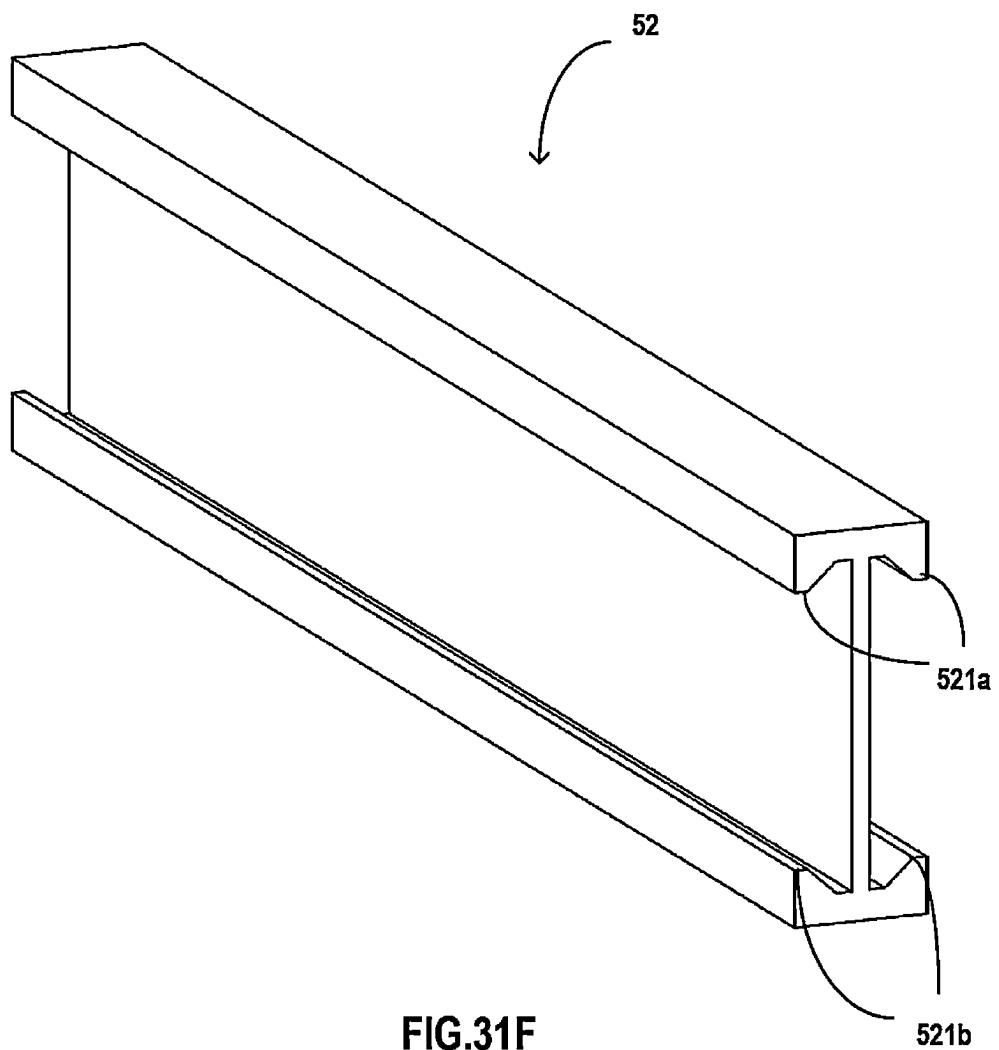
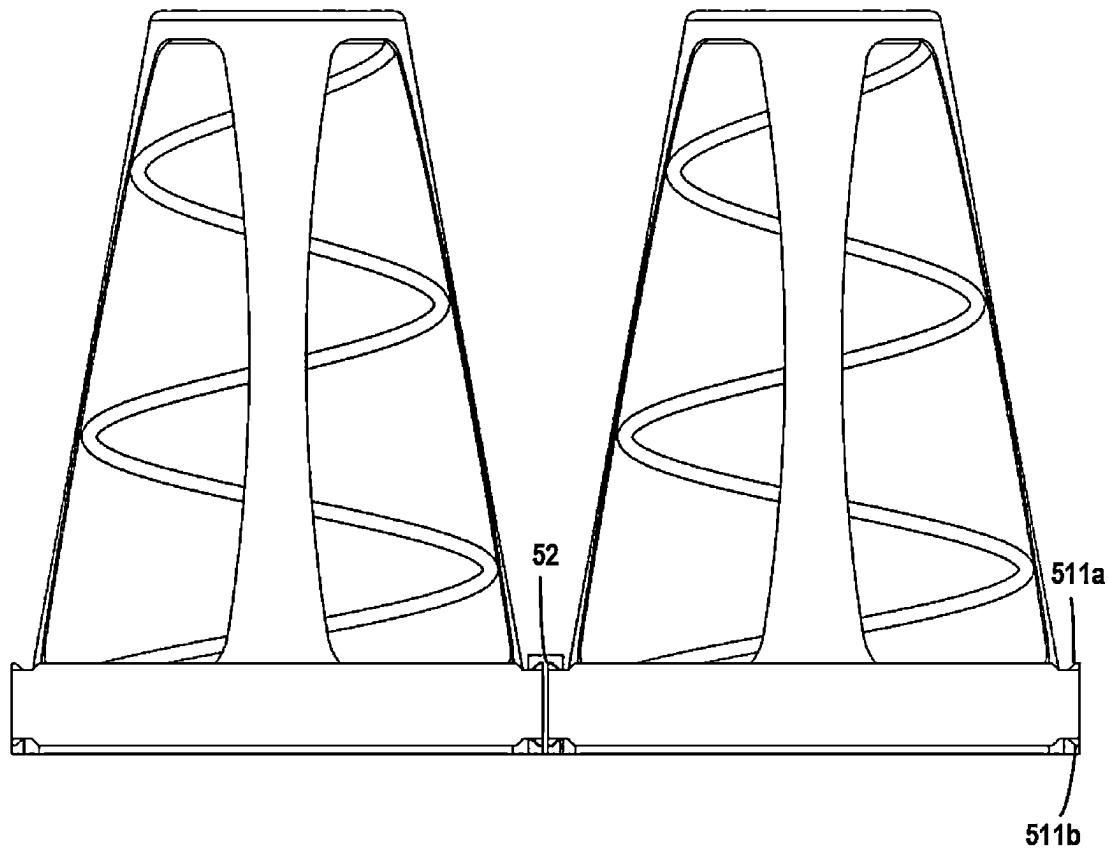


FIG.31F



**FIG.31G**

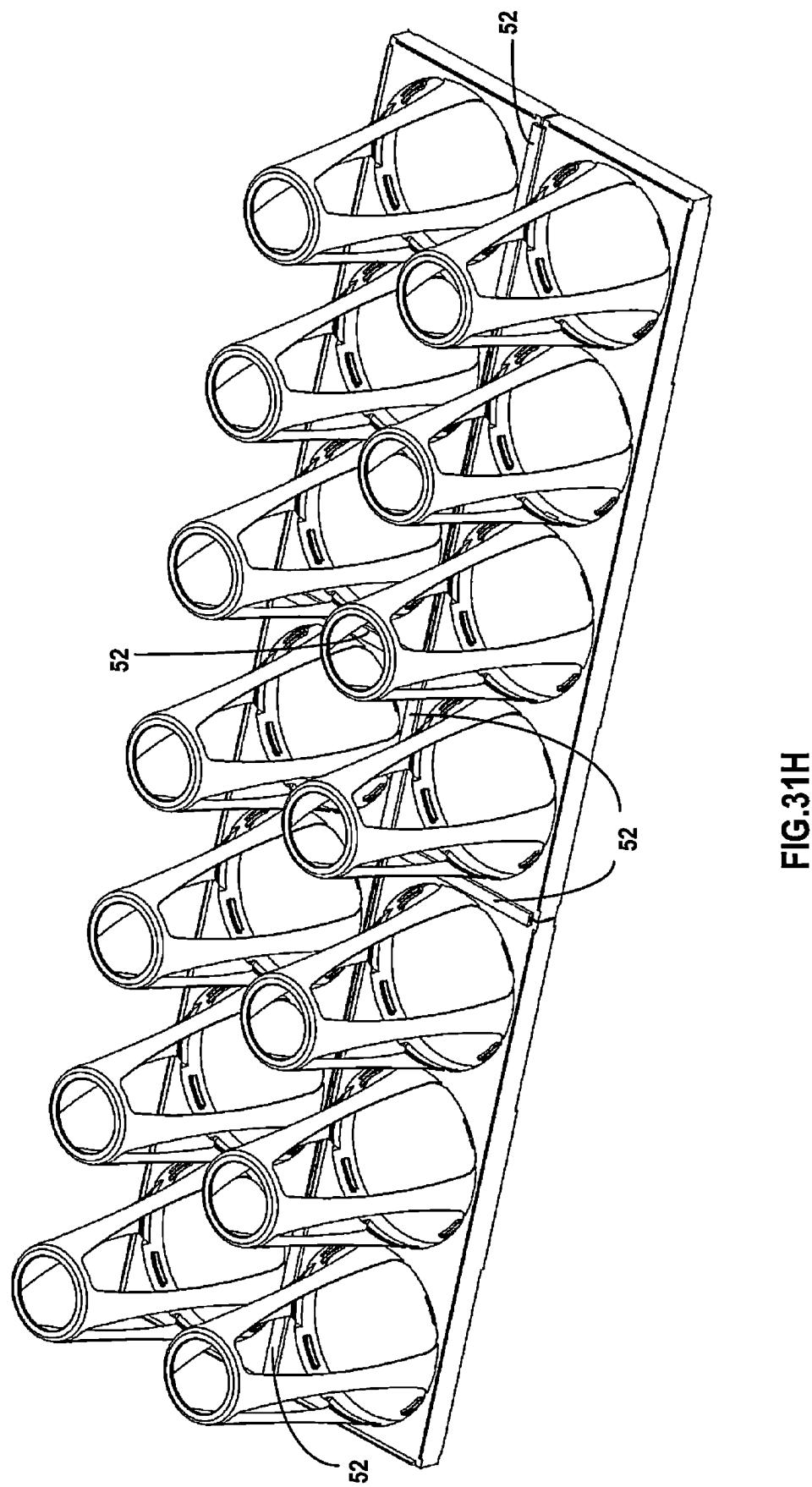
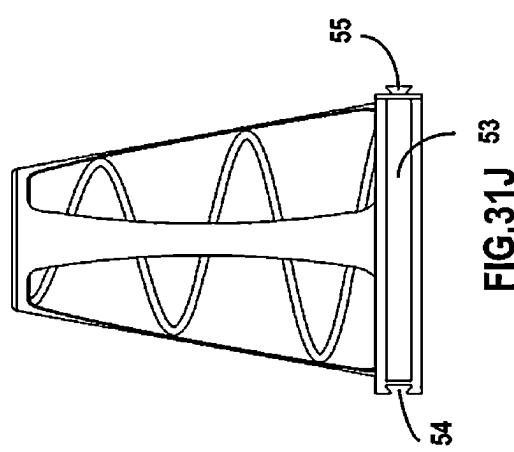
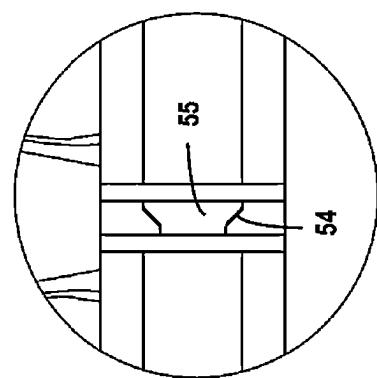
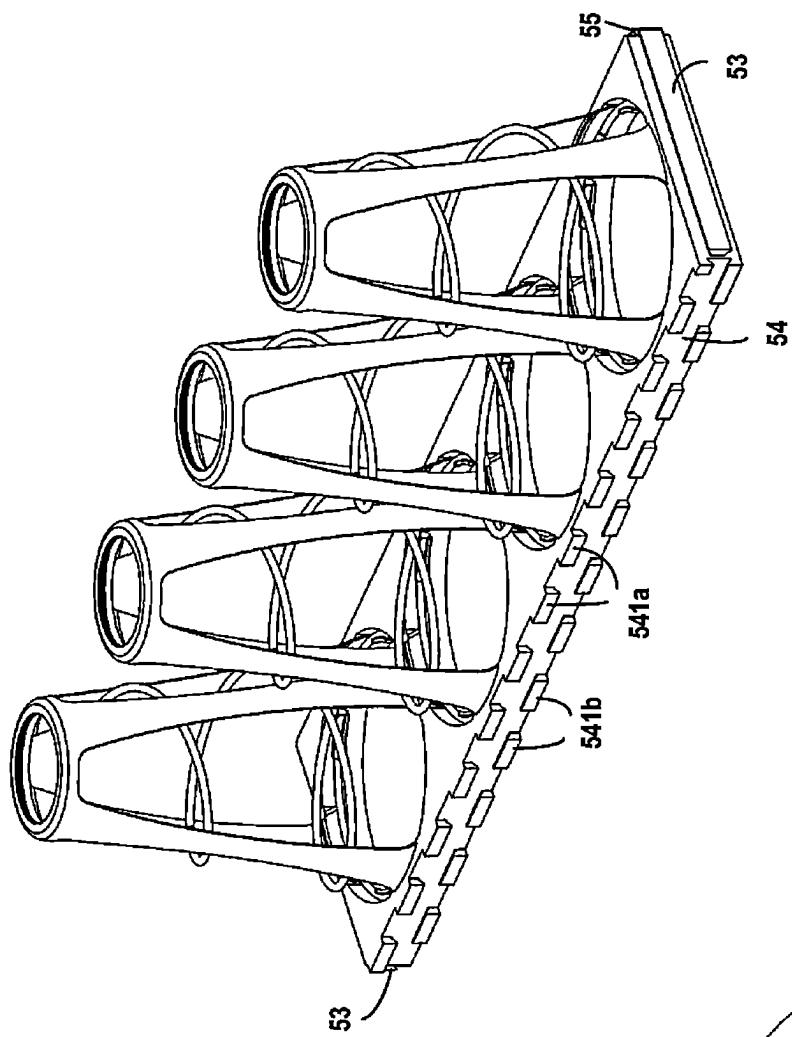


FIG.31H



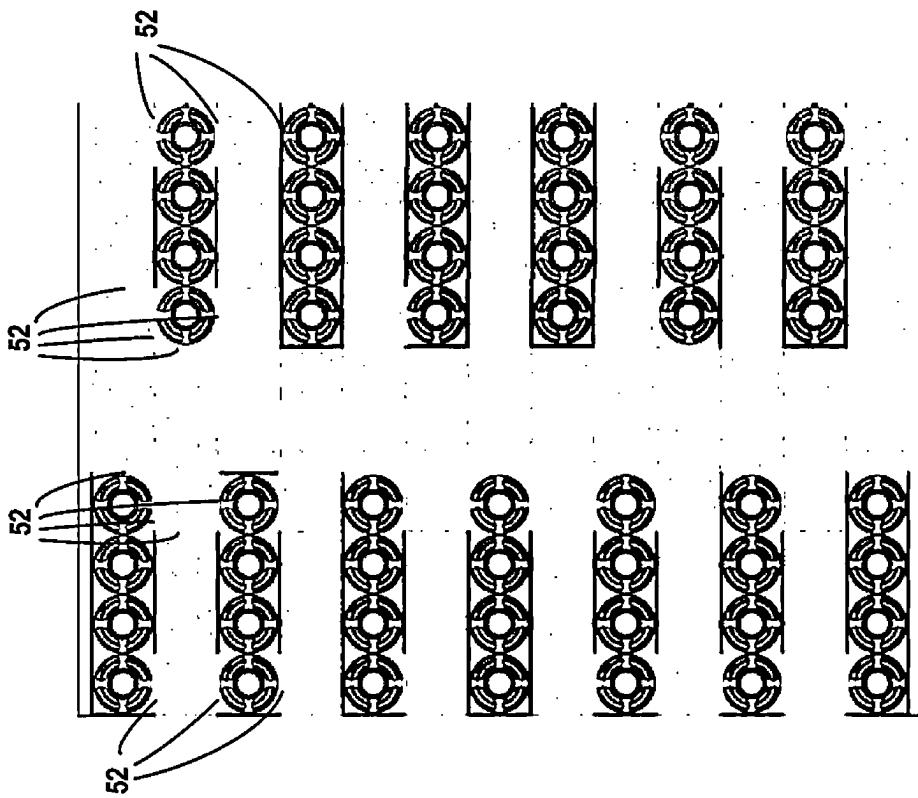


FIG.31M

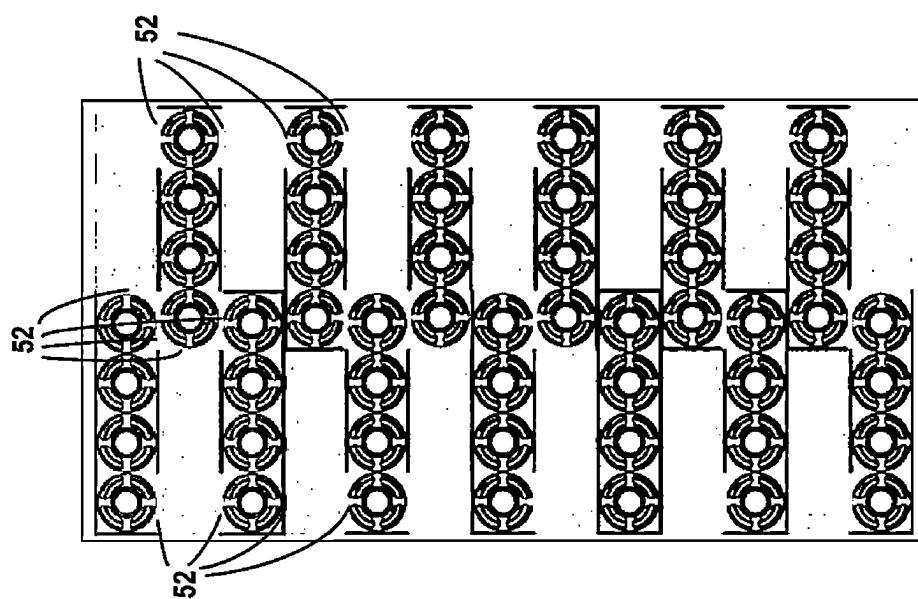


FIG.31L

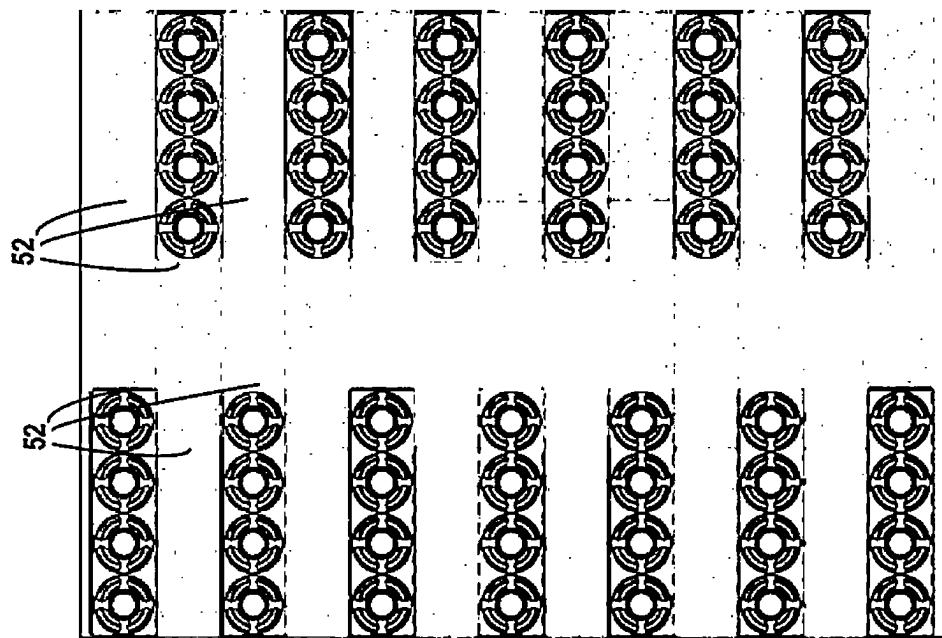


FIG.31P

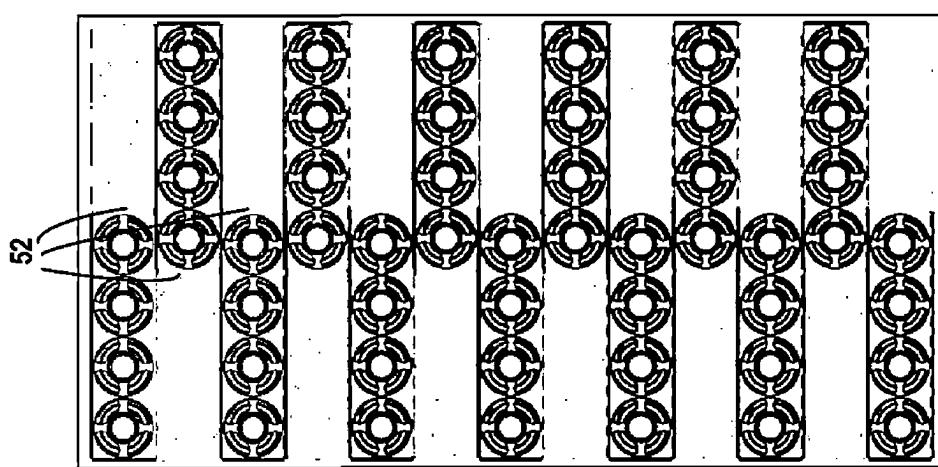


FIG.31N

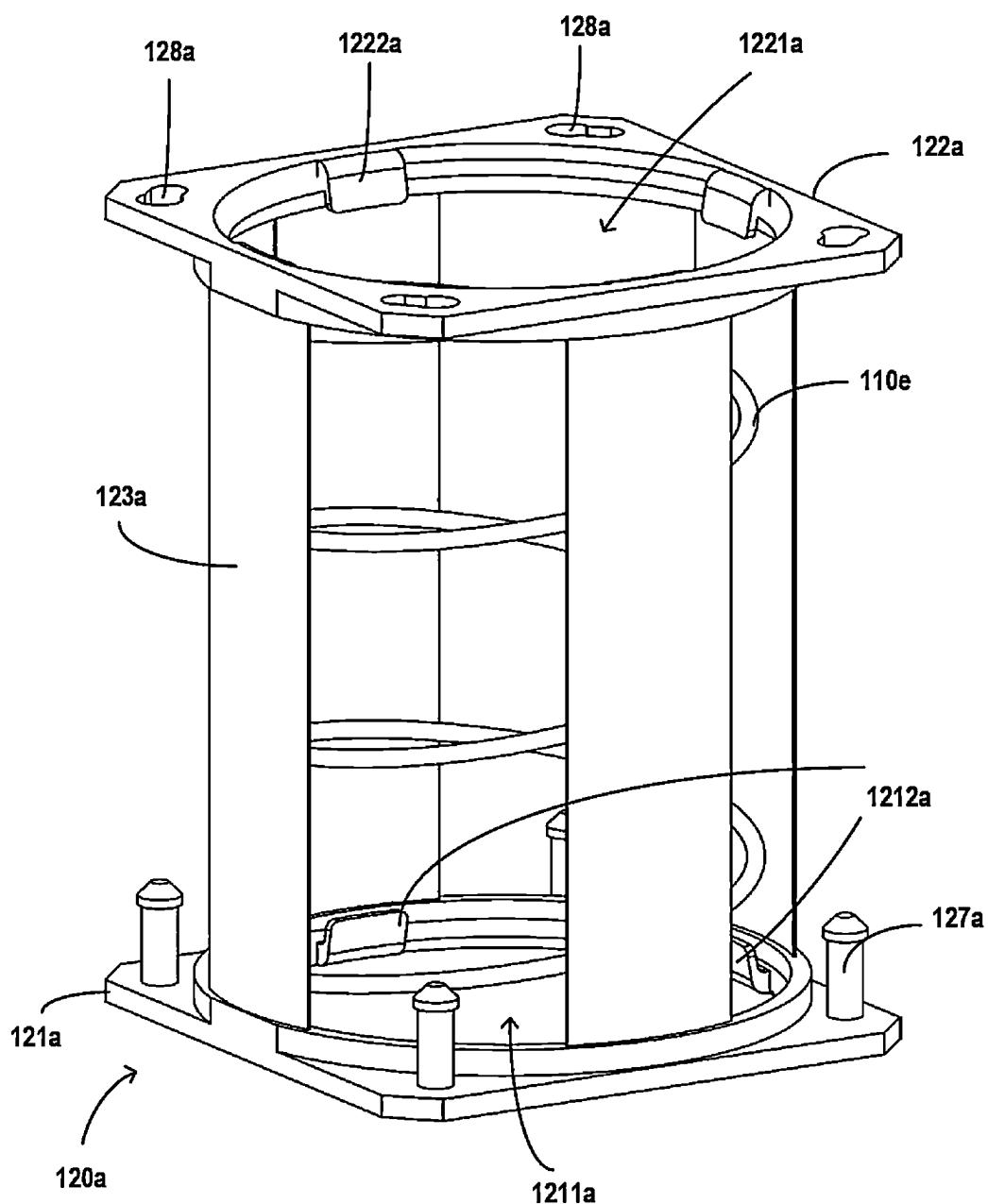


FIG.32A

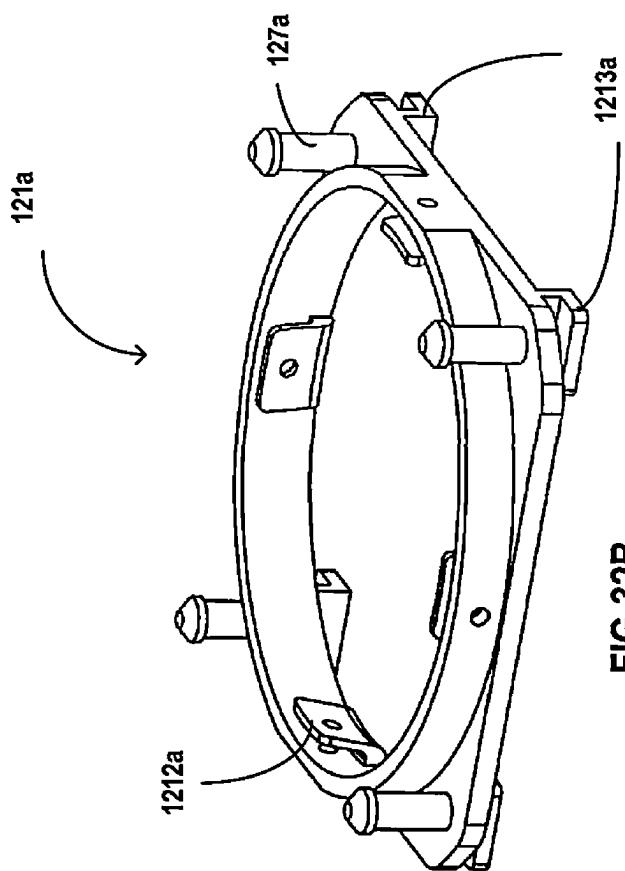


FIG.32B

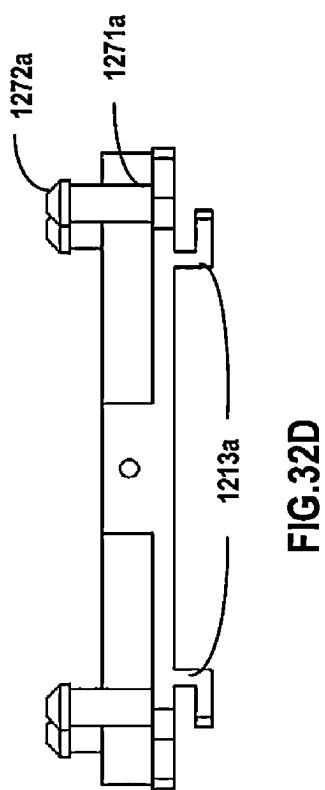


FIG.32D

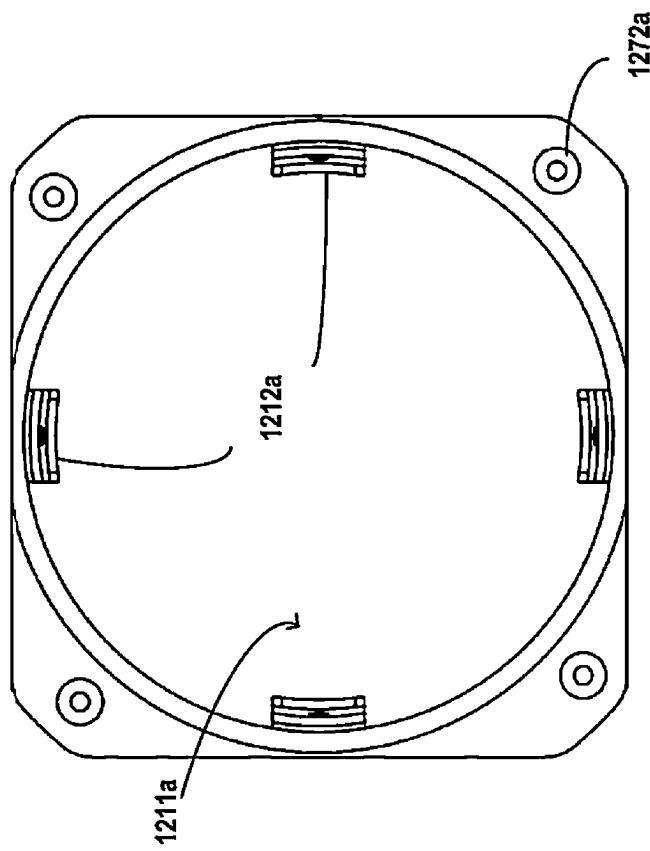


FIG.32C

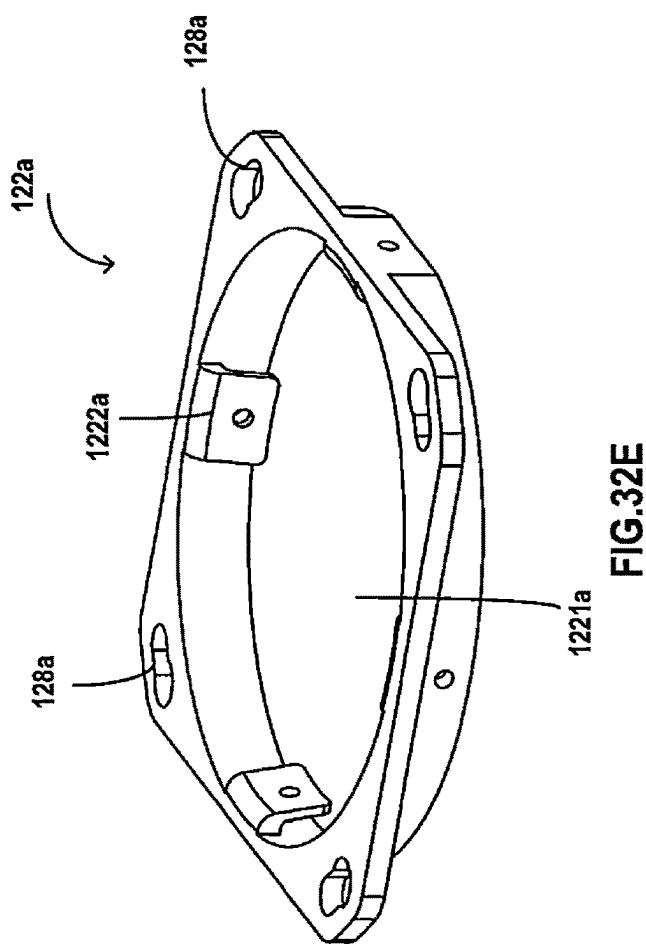


FIG.32E

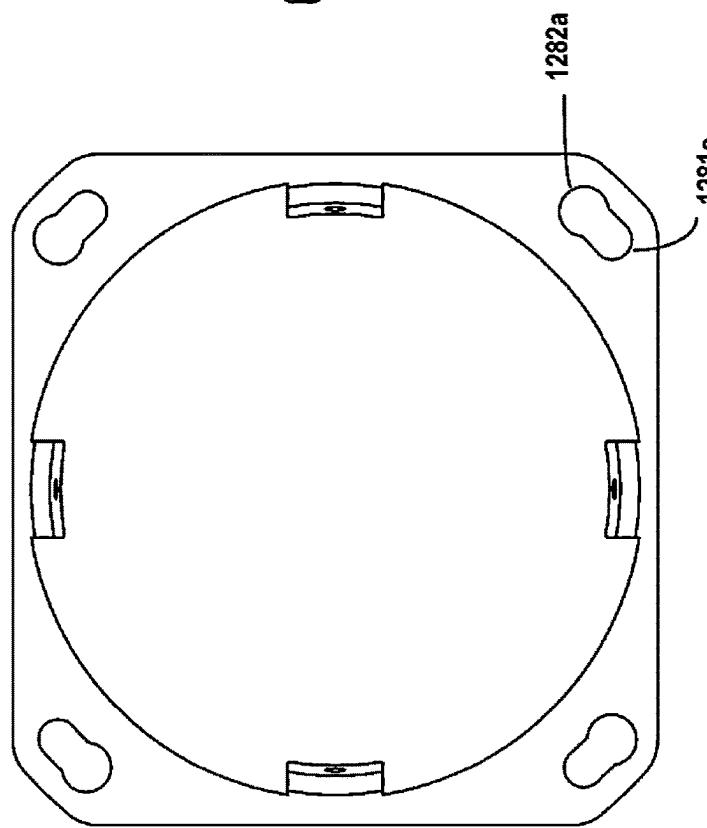


FIG.32F

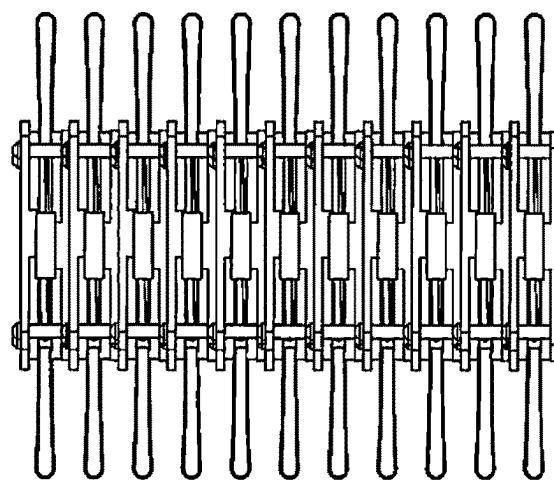


FIG.32I

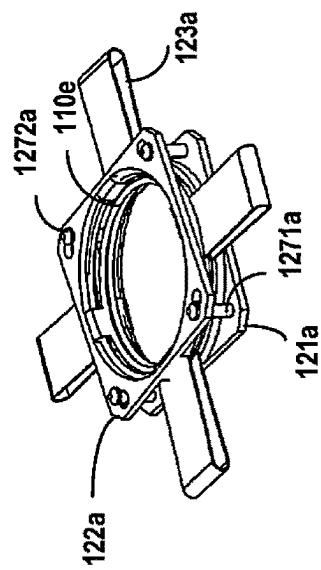


FIG.32G

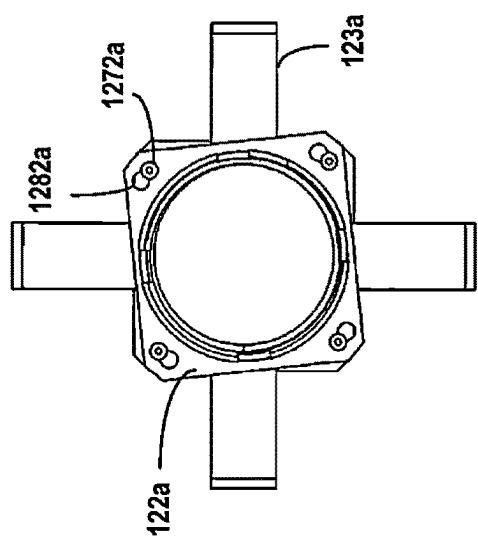


FIG.32H

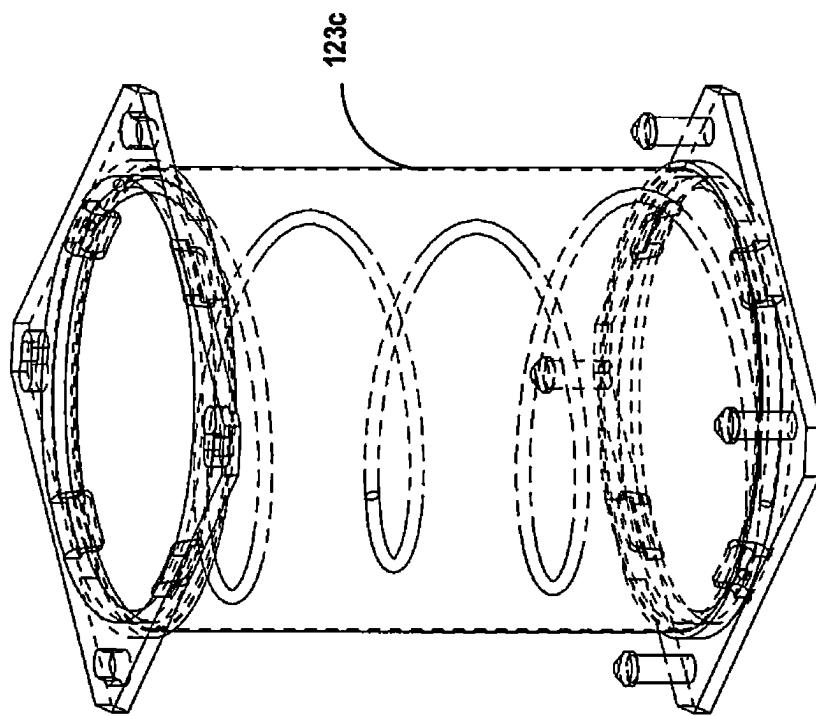


FIG.32K

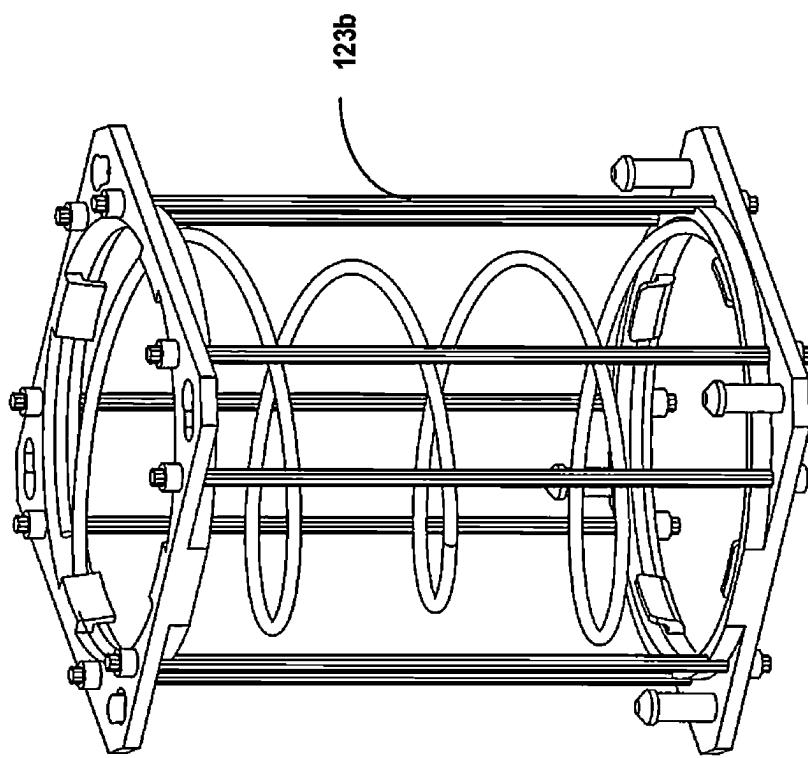


FIG.32J

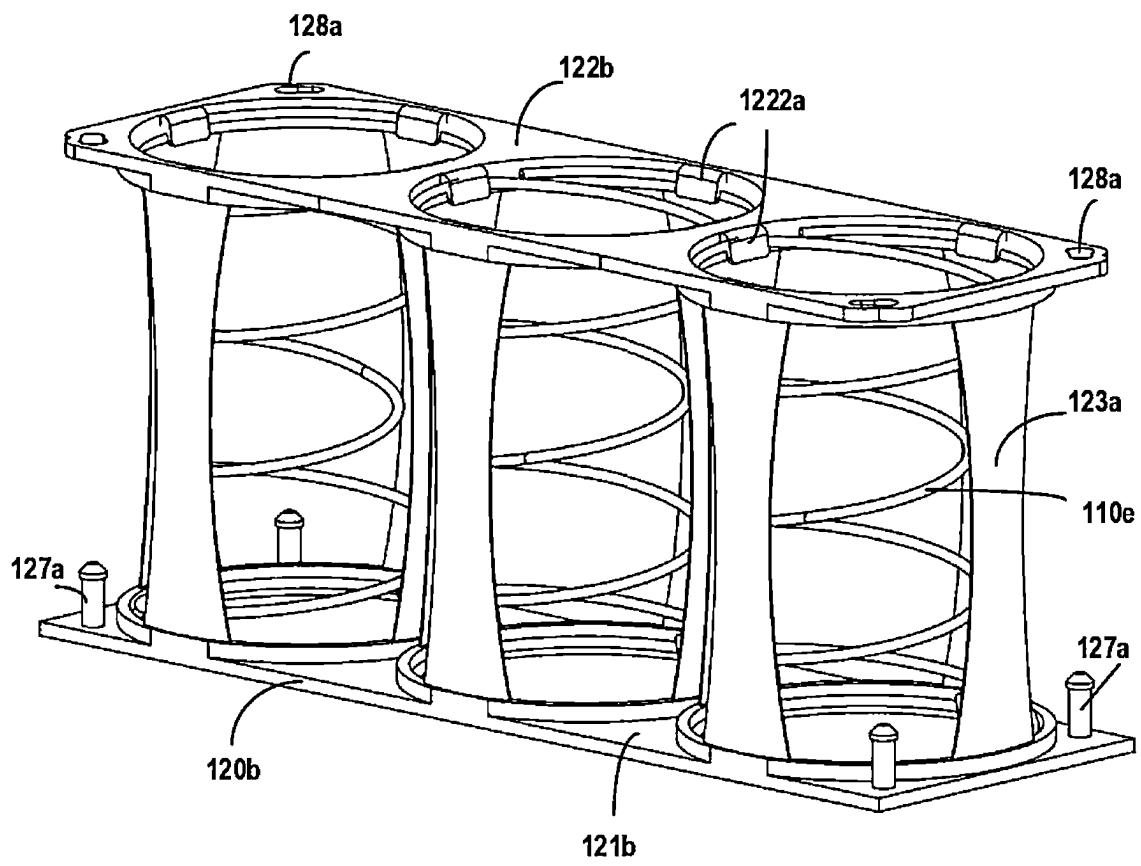
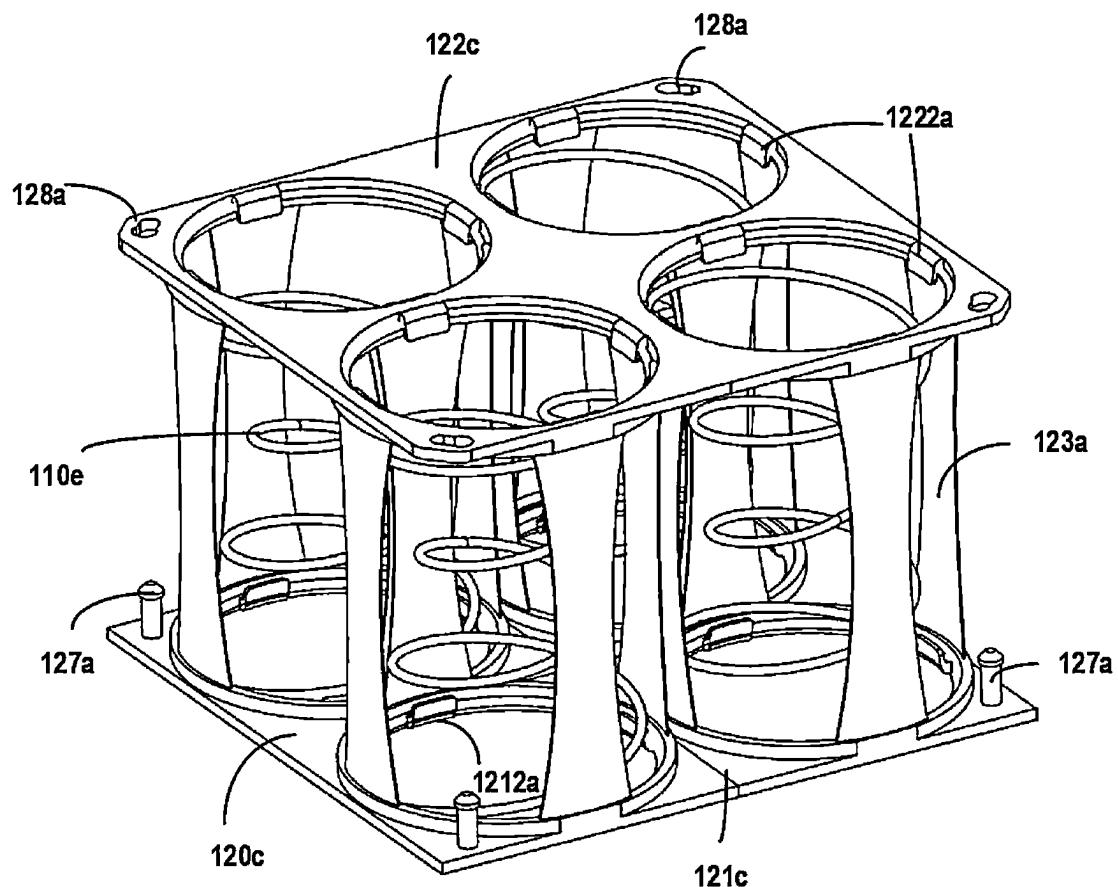


FIG.32L



**FIG.32M**

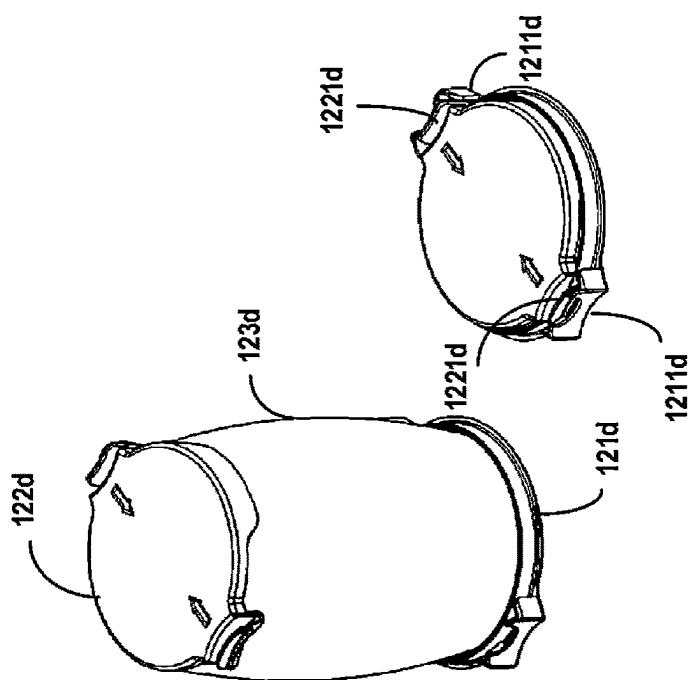


FIG.33A

FIG.33D

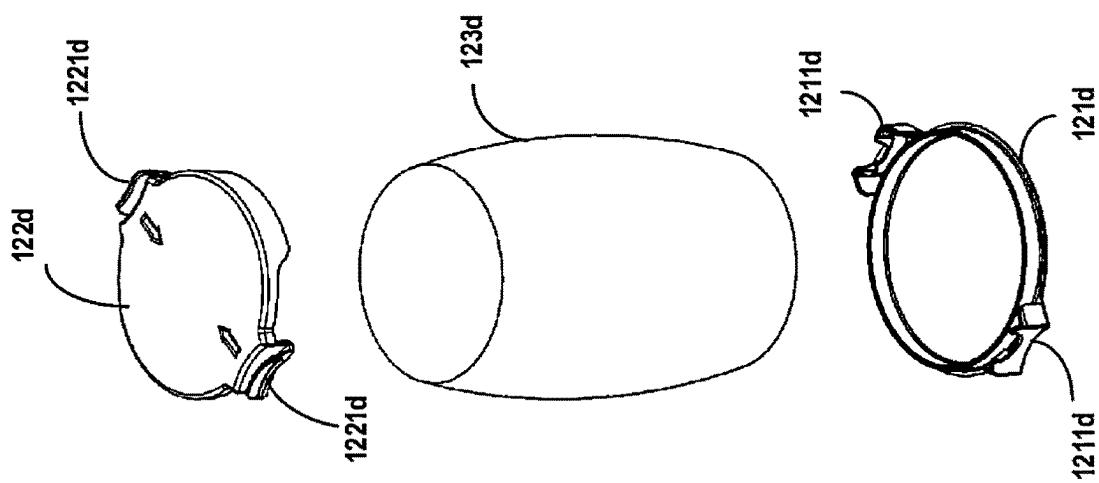


FIG.33B

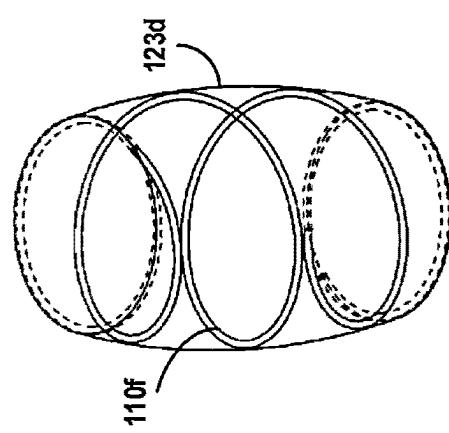


FIG.33C

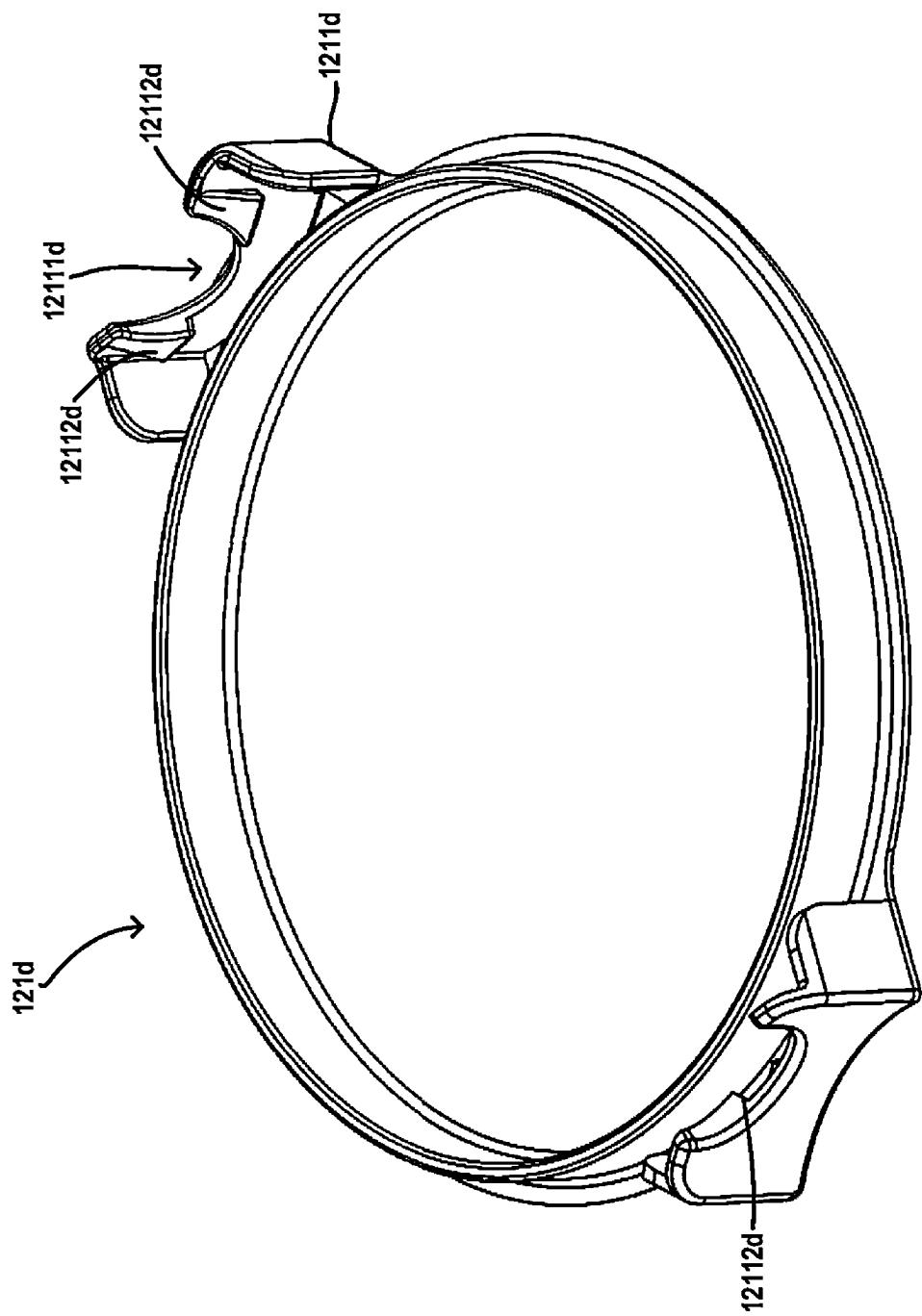


FIG.33E

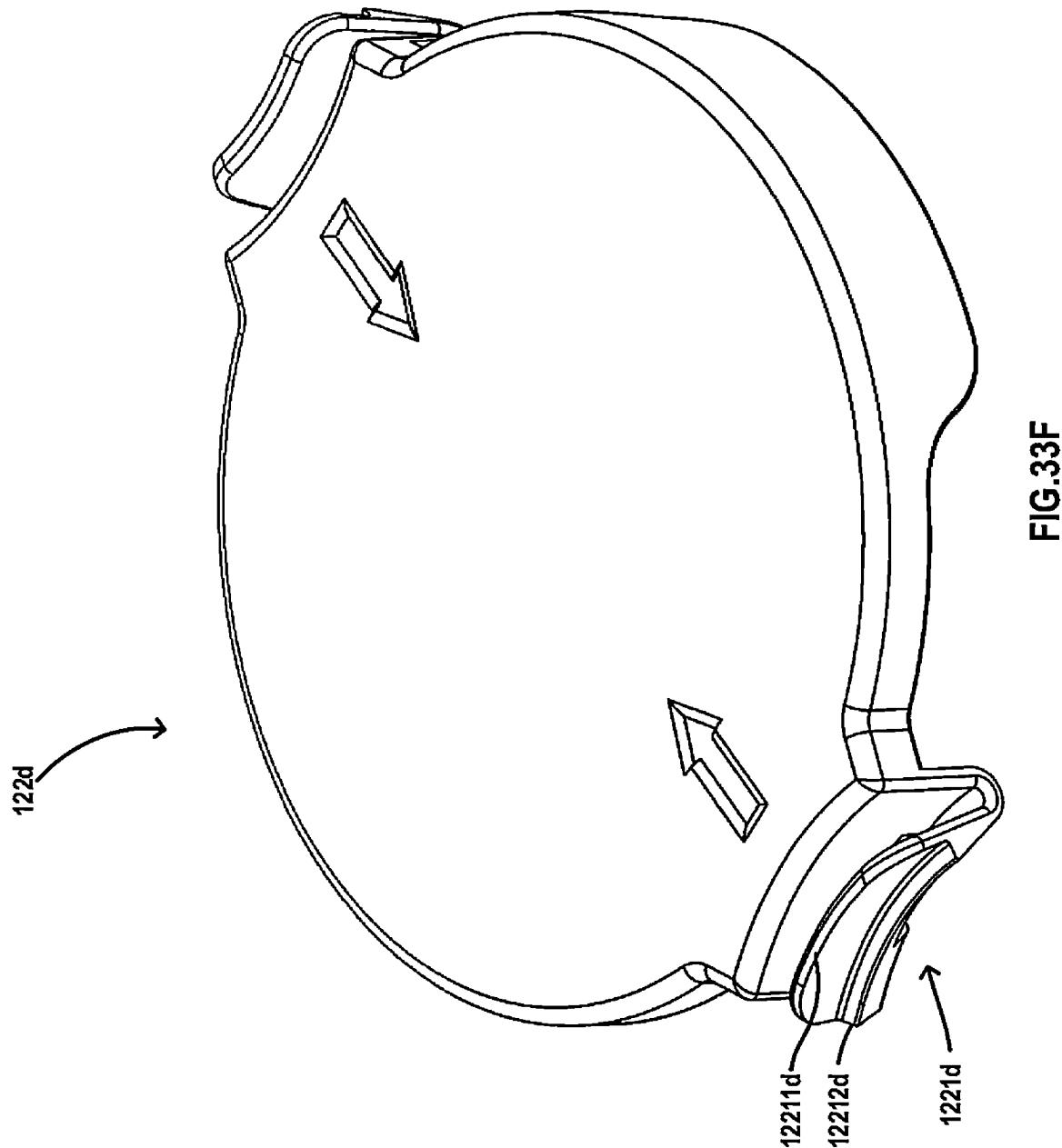


FIG.33F

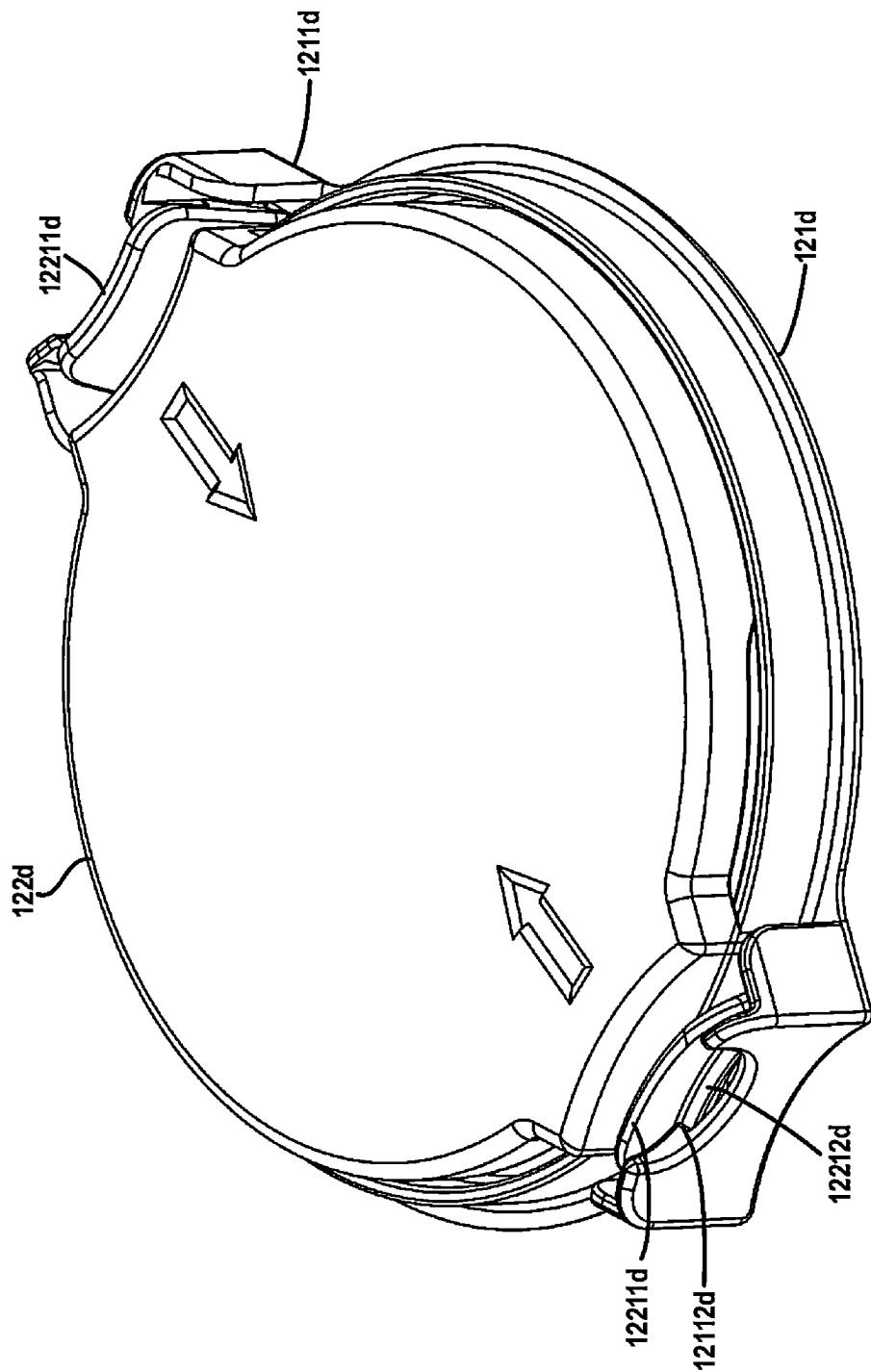


FIG.33G

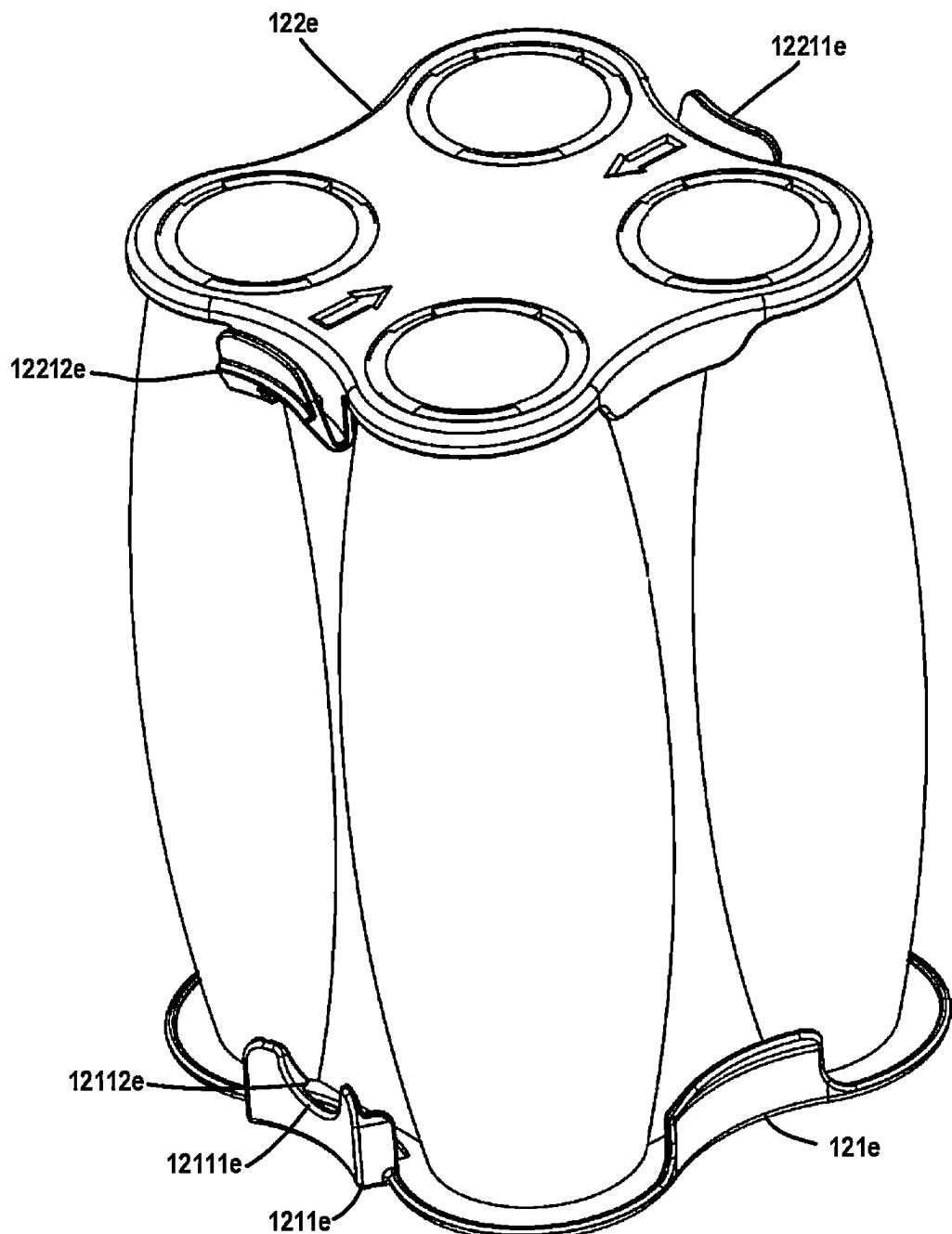
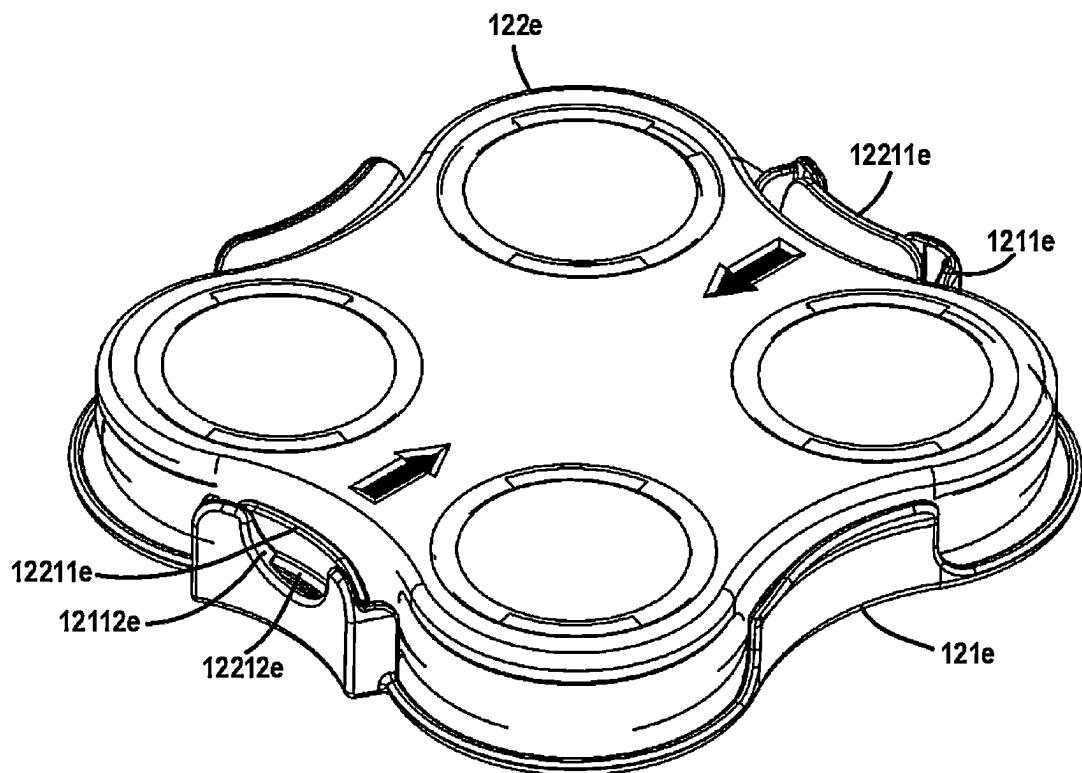


FIG.33H



**FIG.33I**

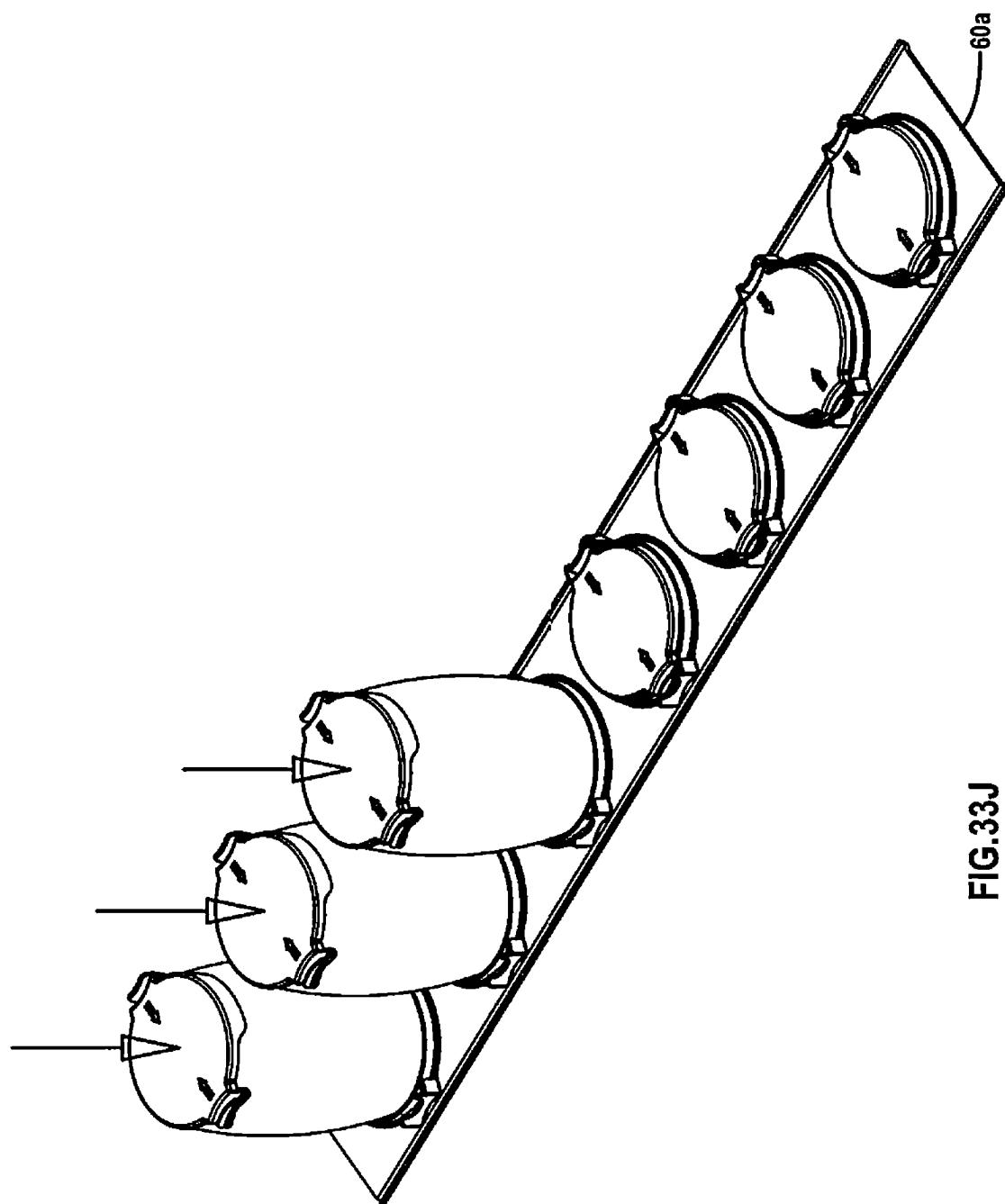


FIG.33J

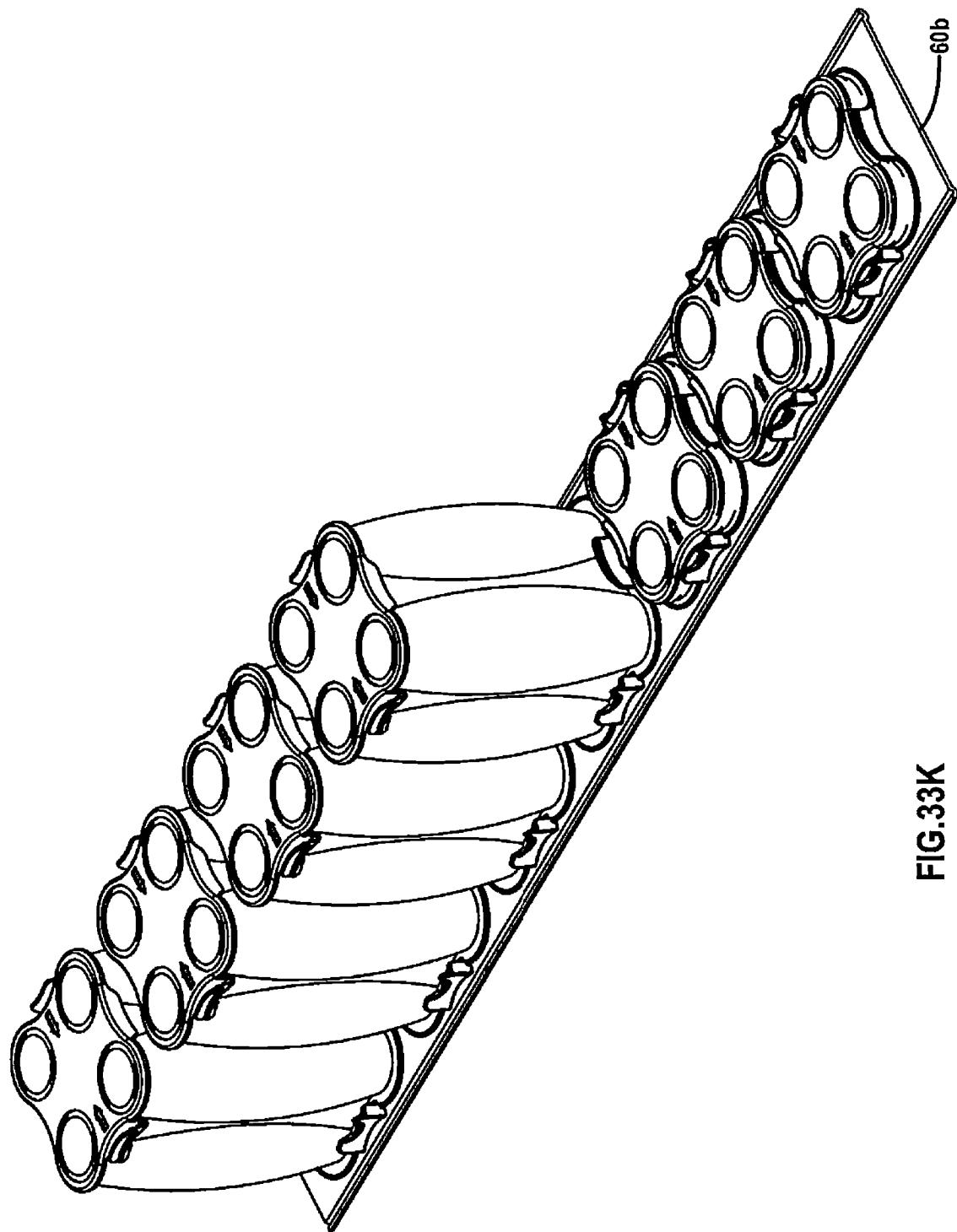


FIG.33K

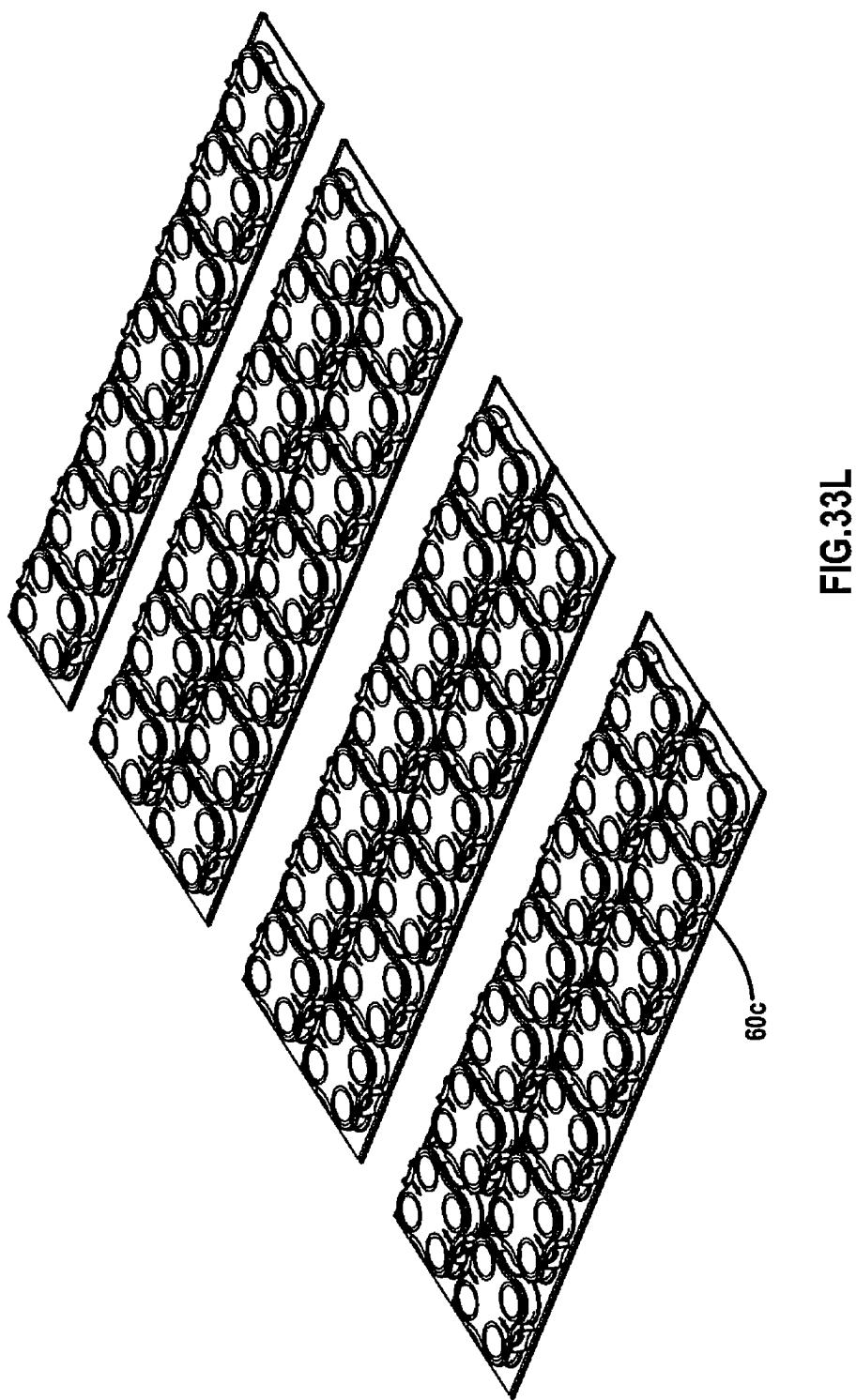


FIG.33L

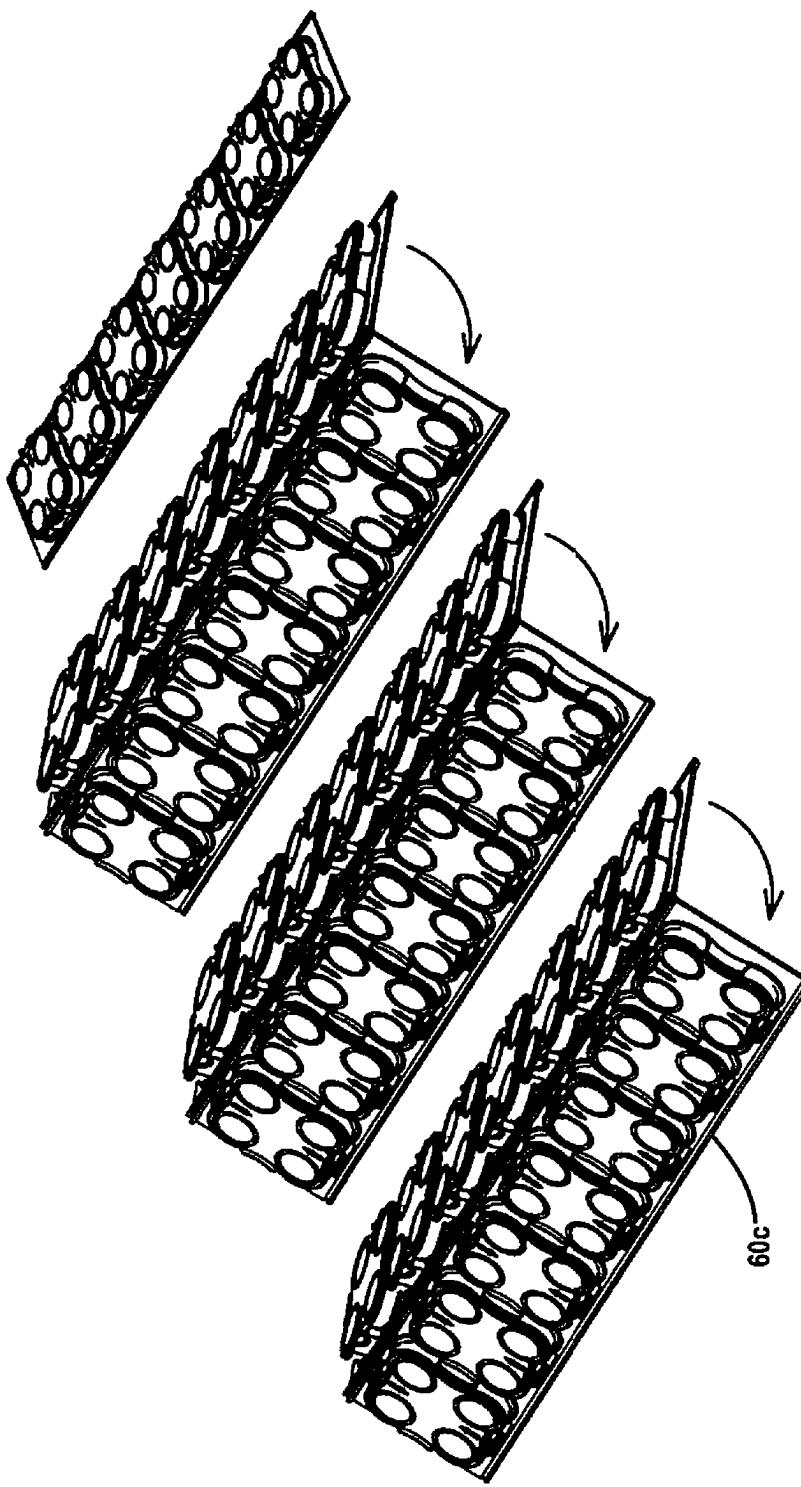


FIG.33M

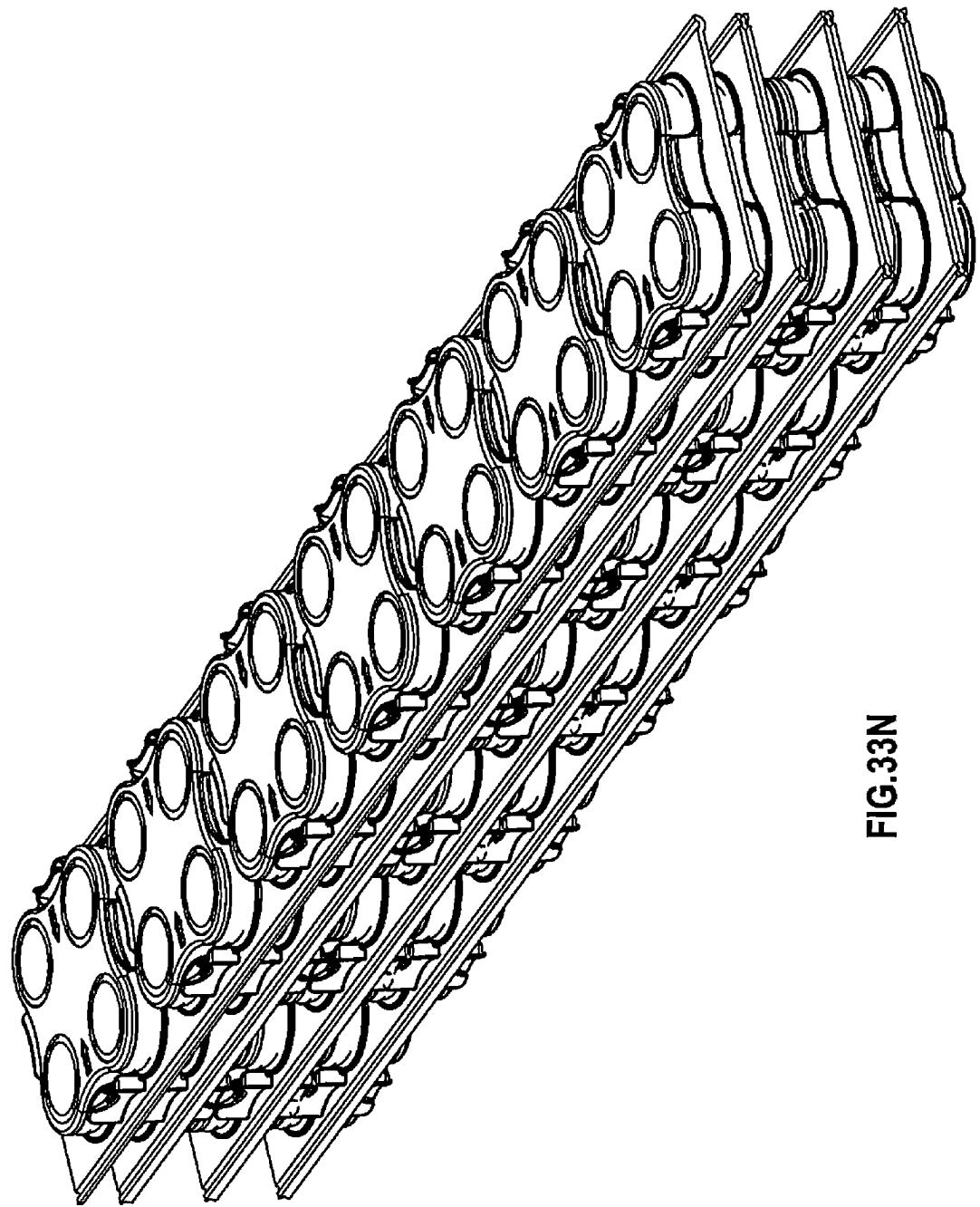


FIG. 33N

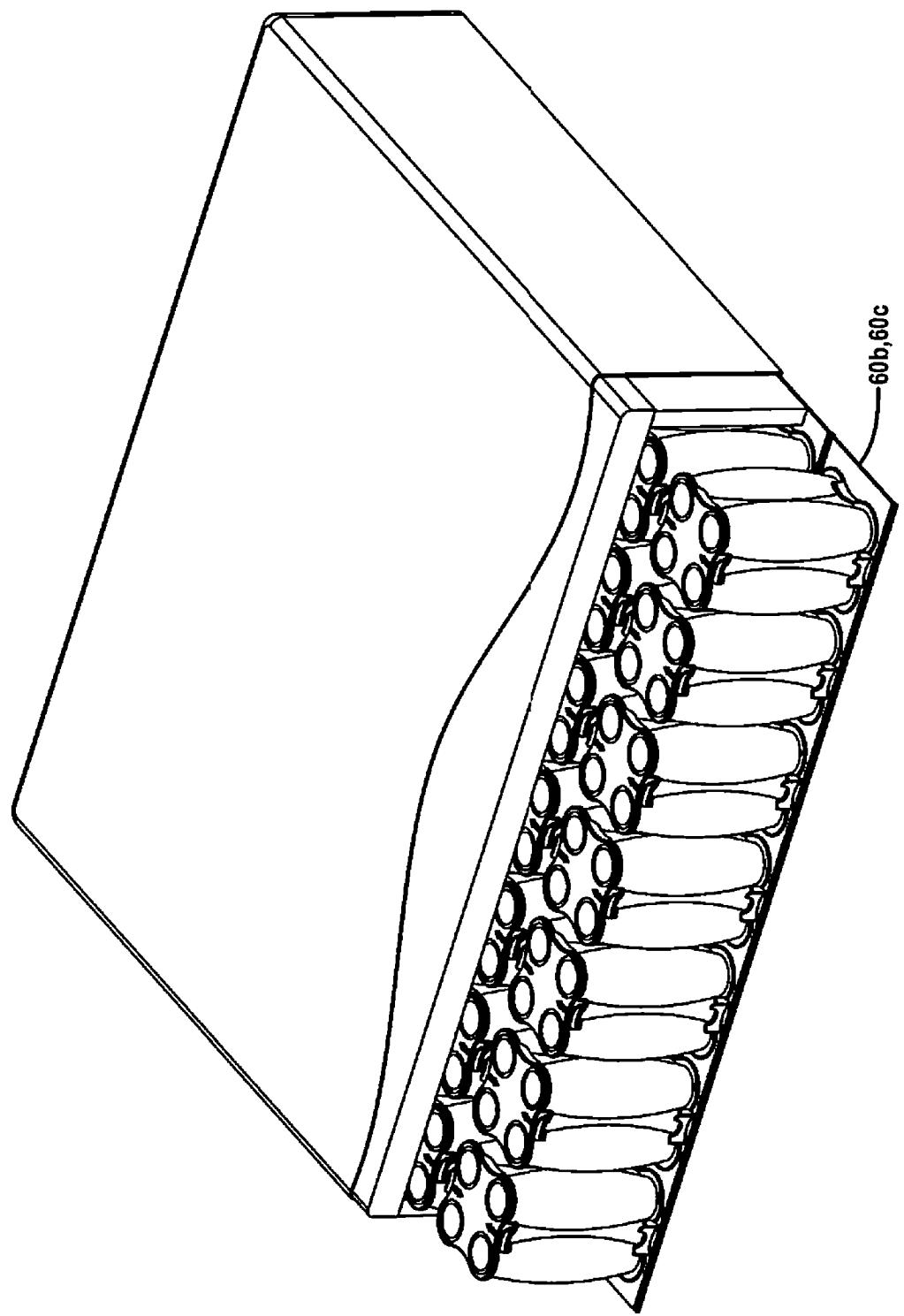
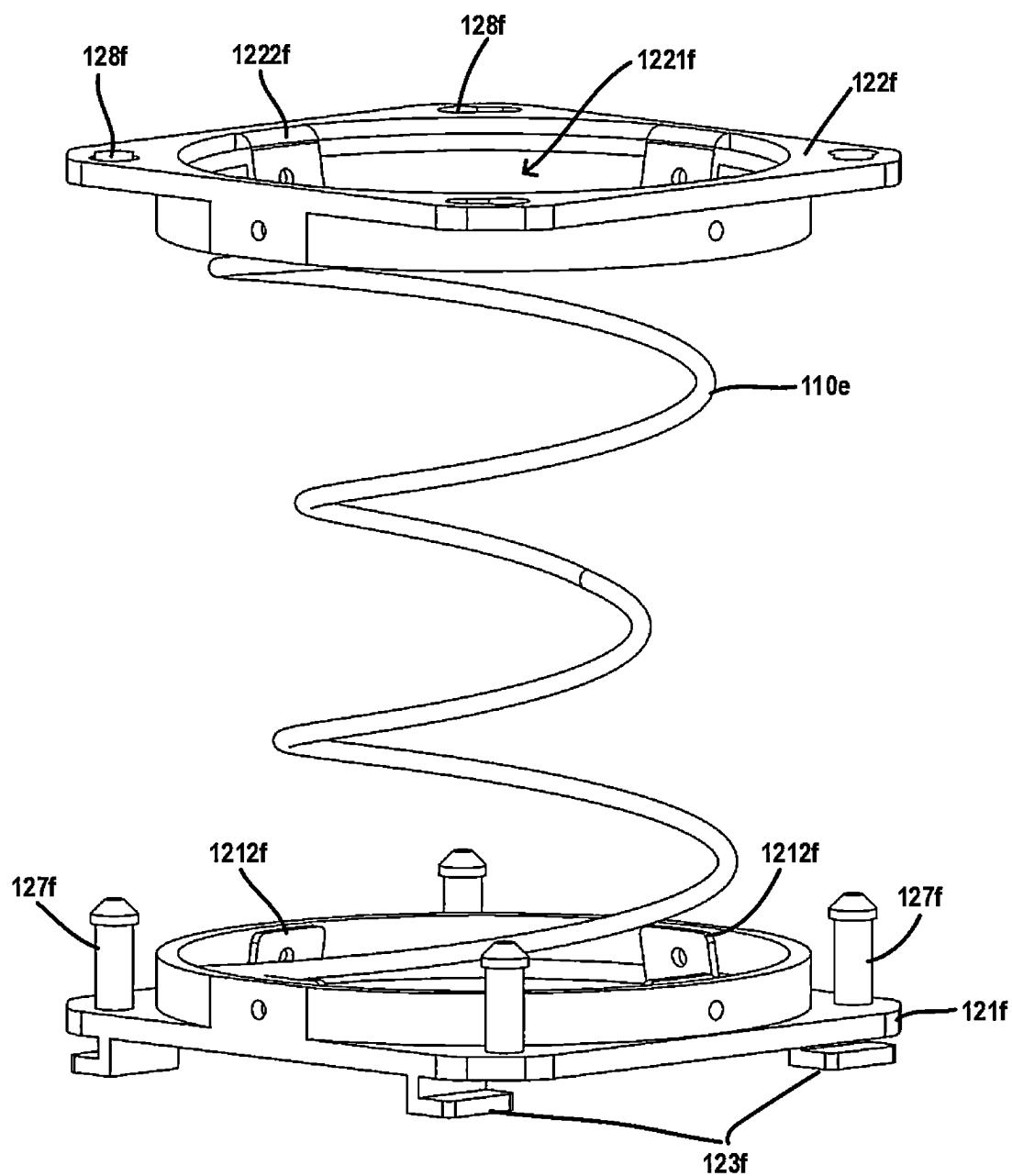


FIG.33P



**FIG.34A**

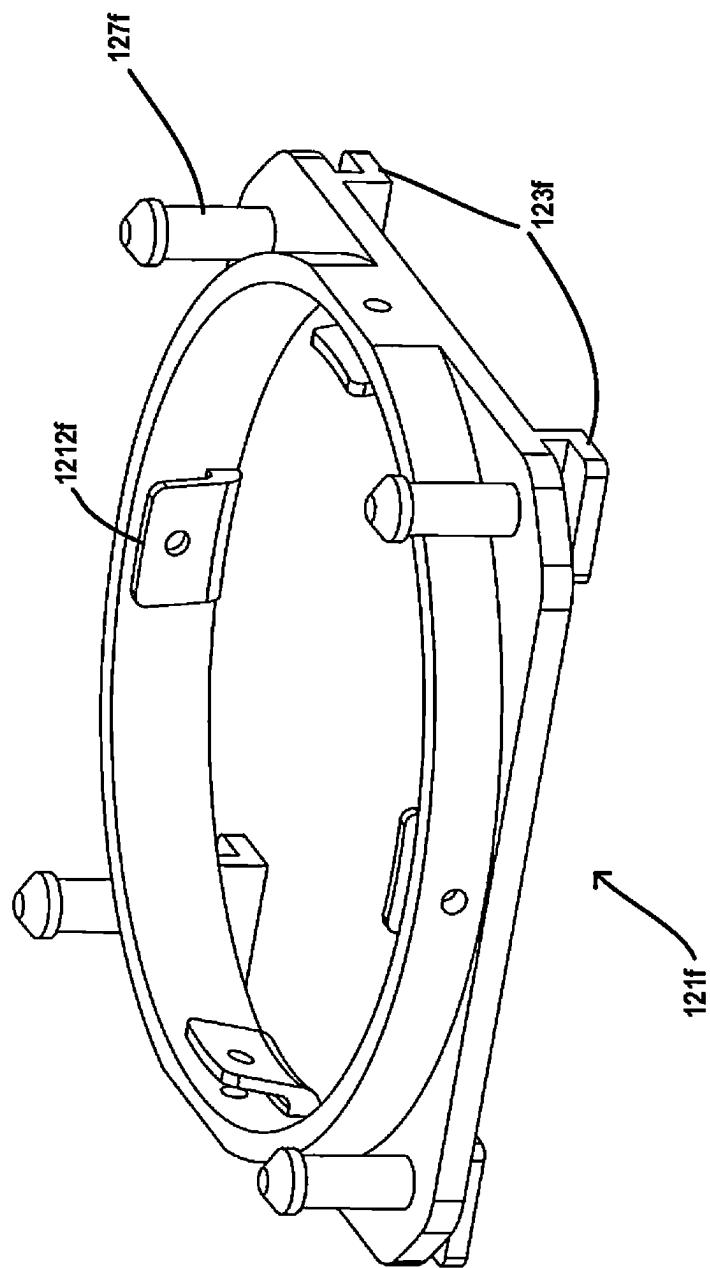


FIG.34B

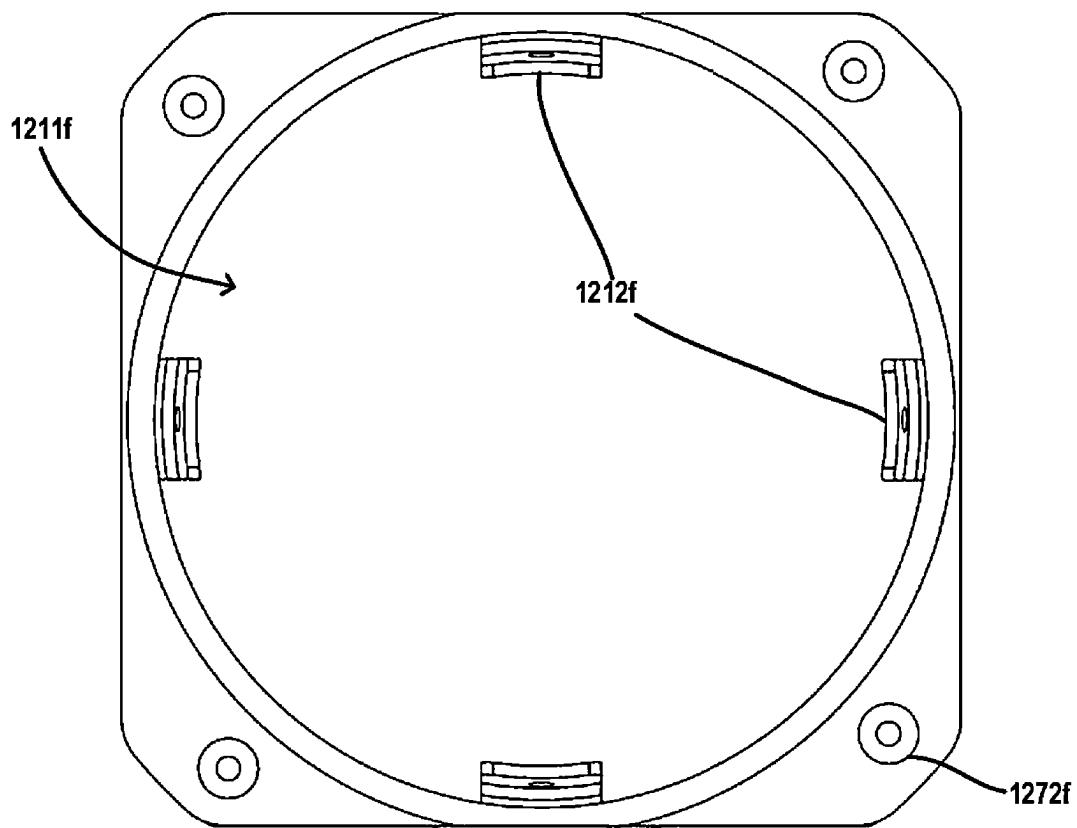


FIG.34C

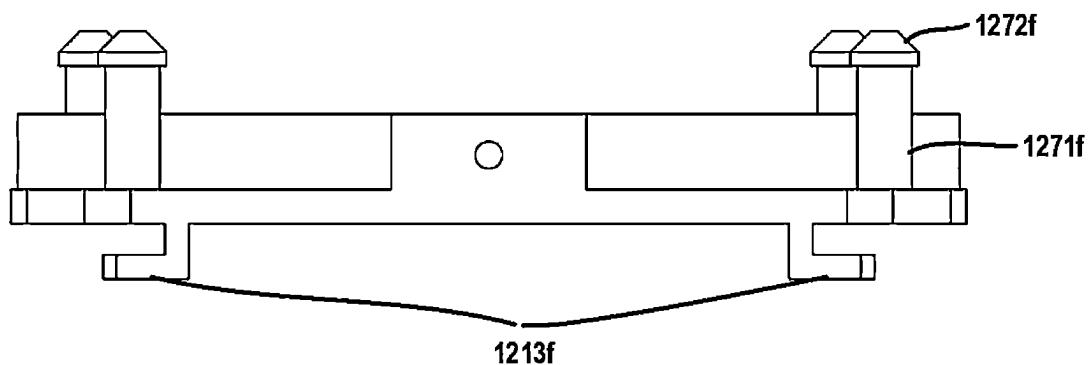


FIG.34D

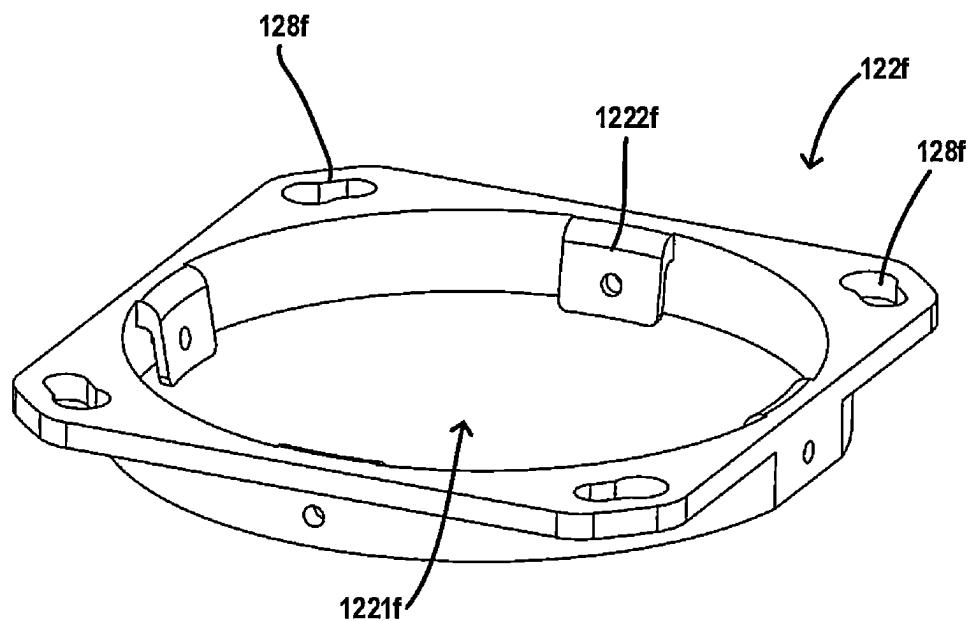


FIG.34E

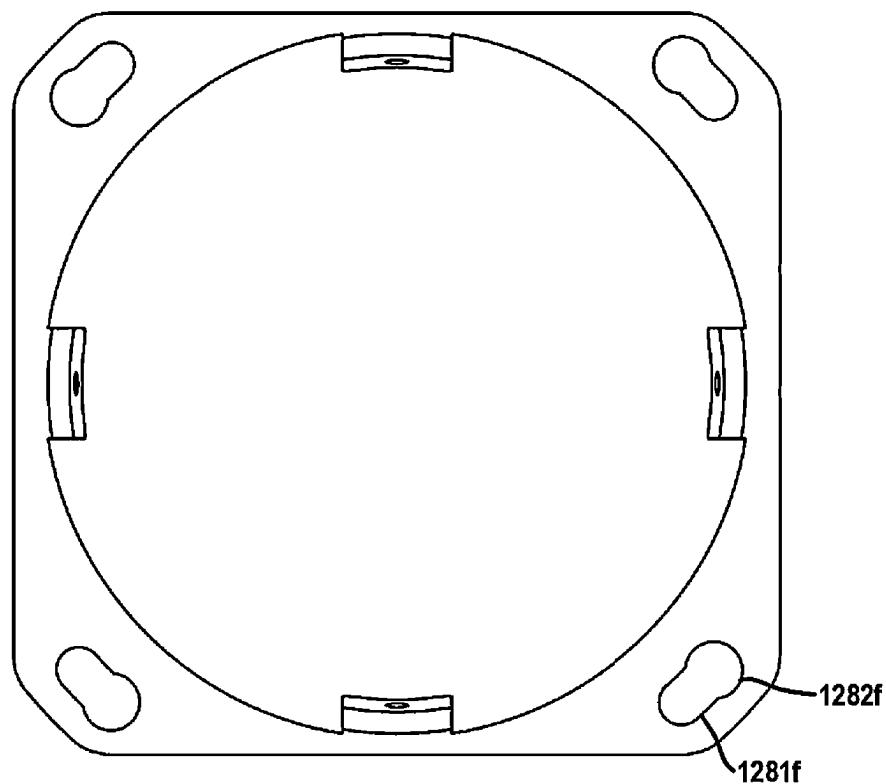


FIG.34F

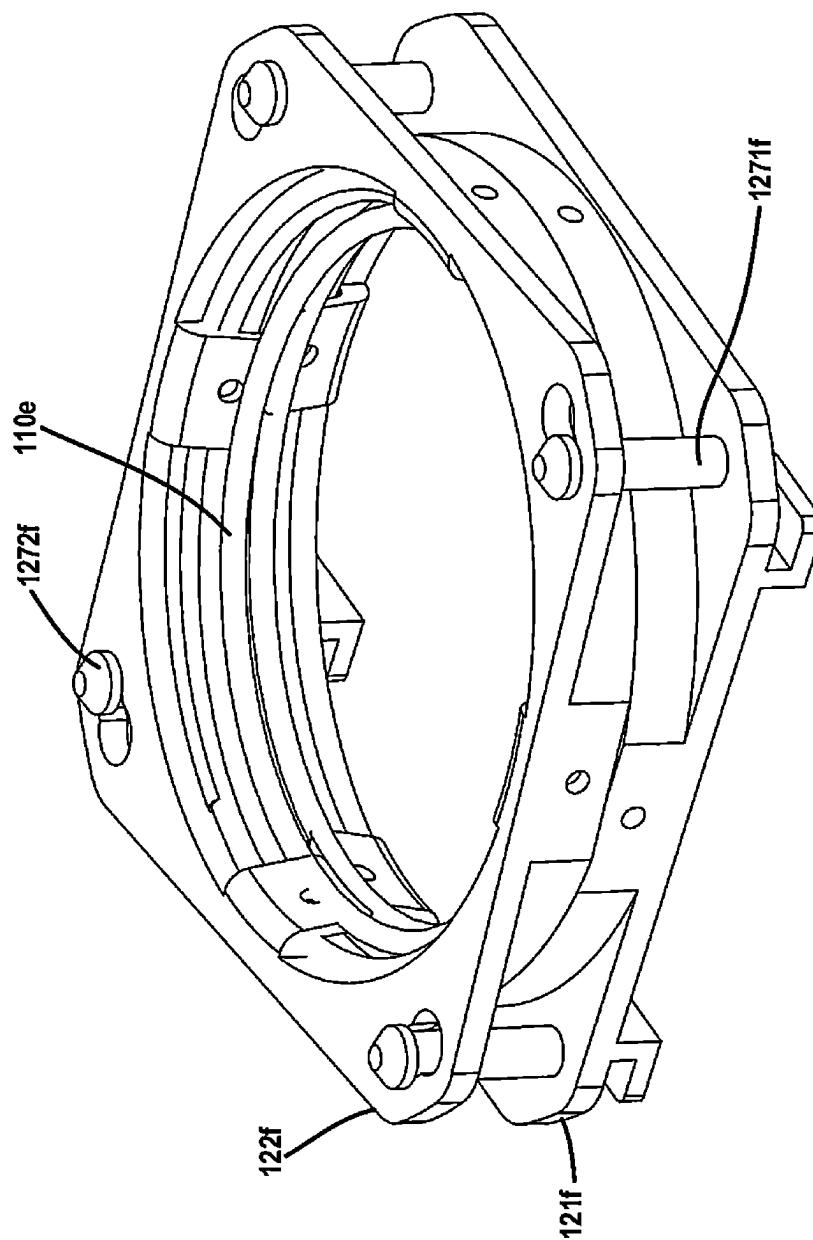


FIG.34G

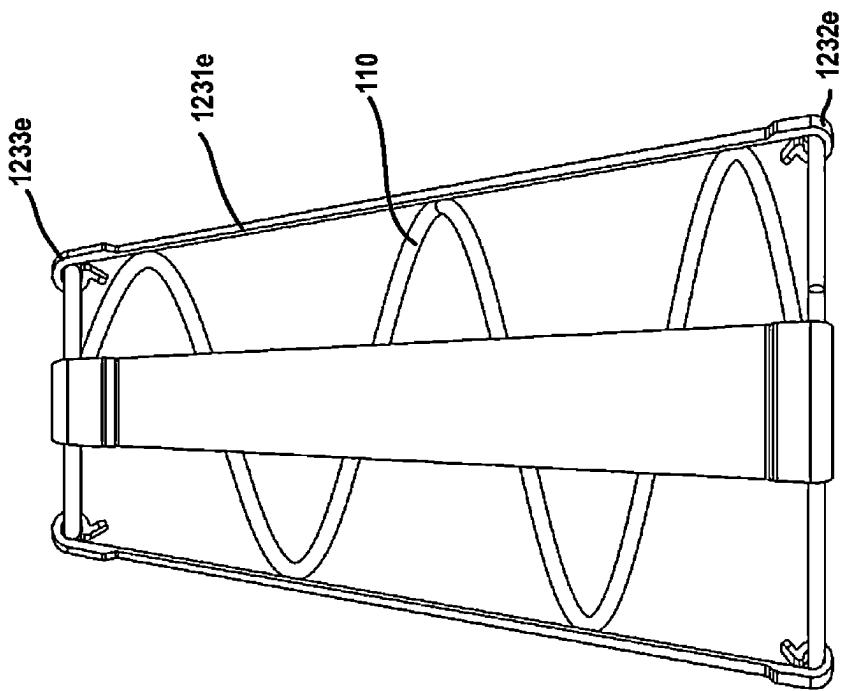


FIG.35B

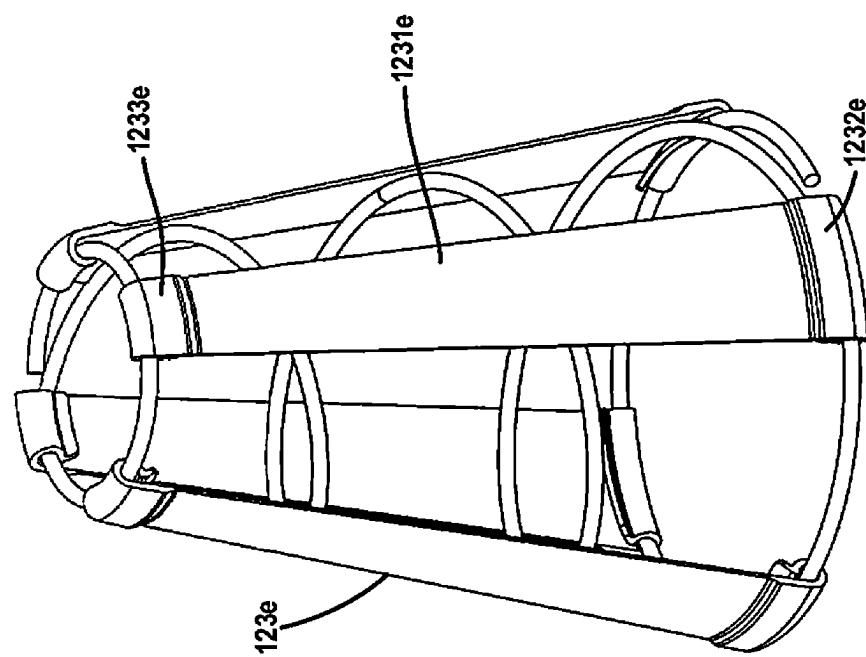


FIG.35A

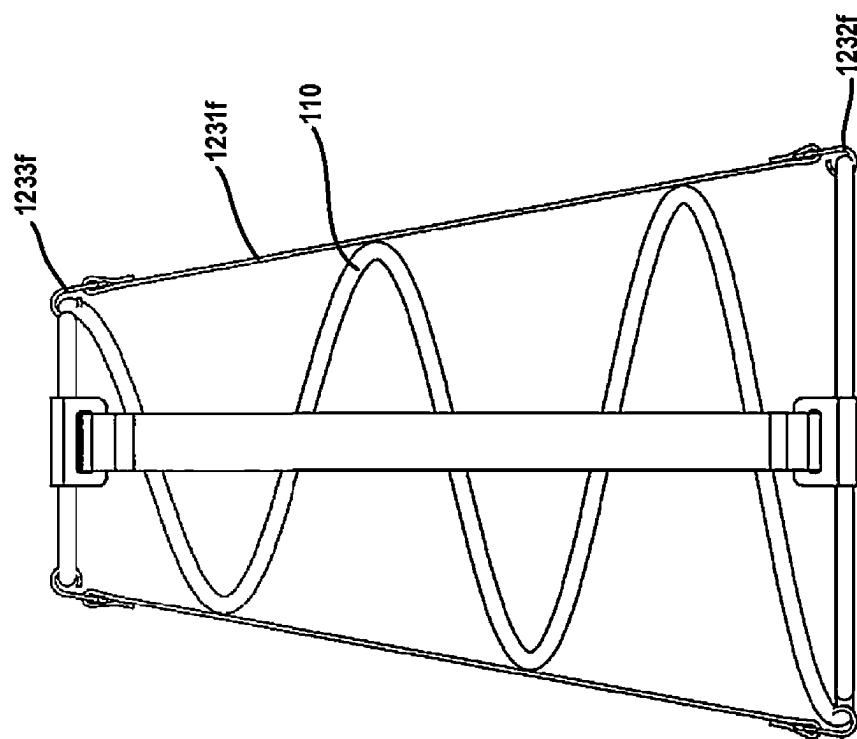


FIG.35D

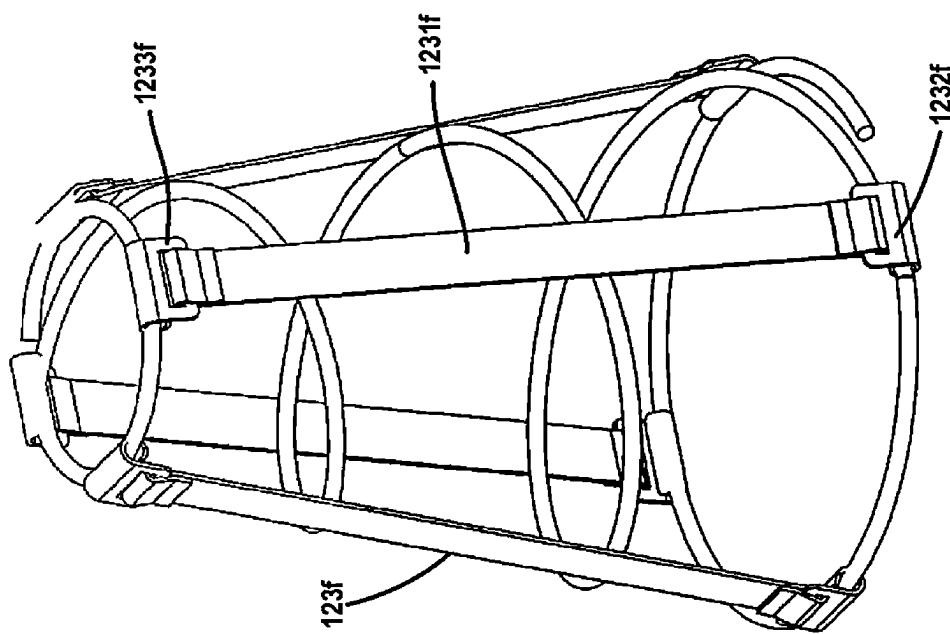


FIG.35C

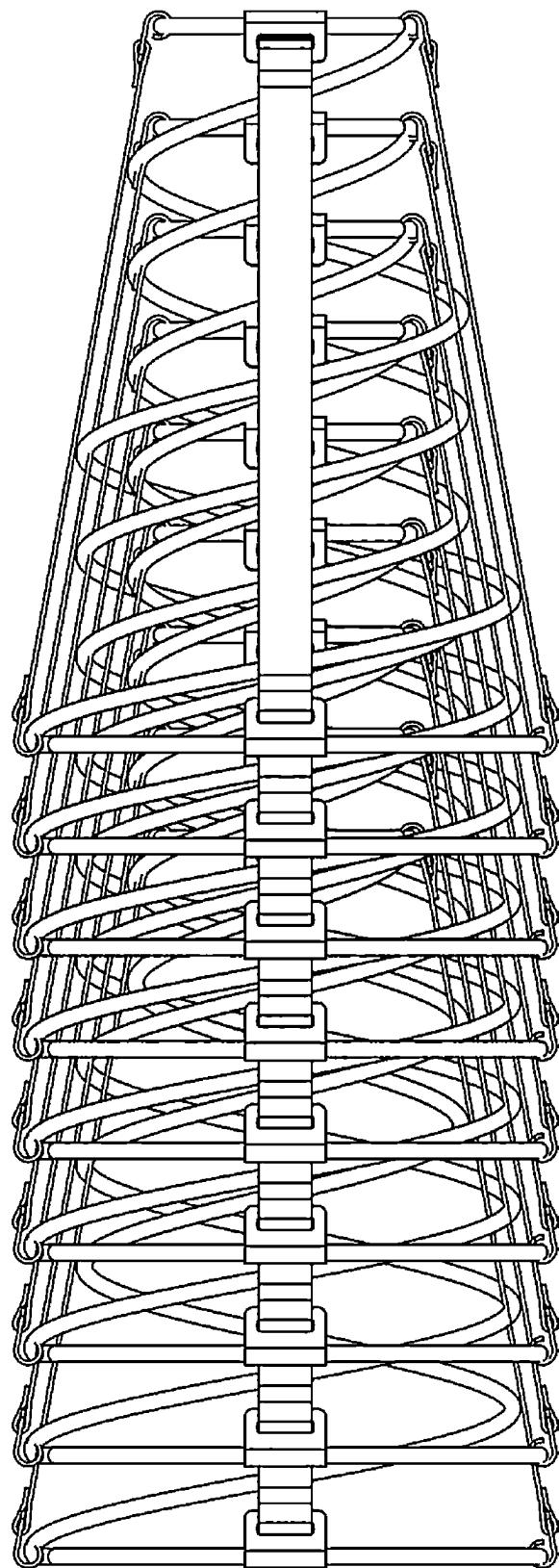
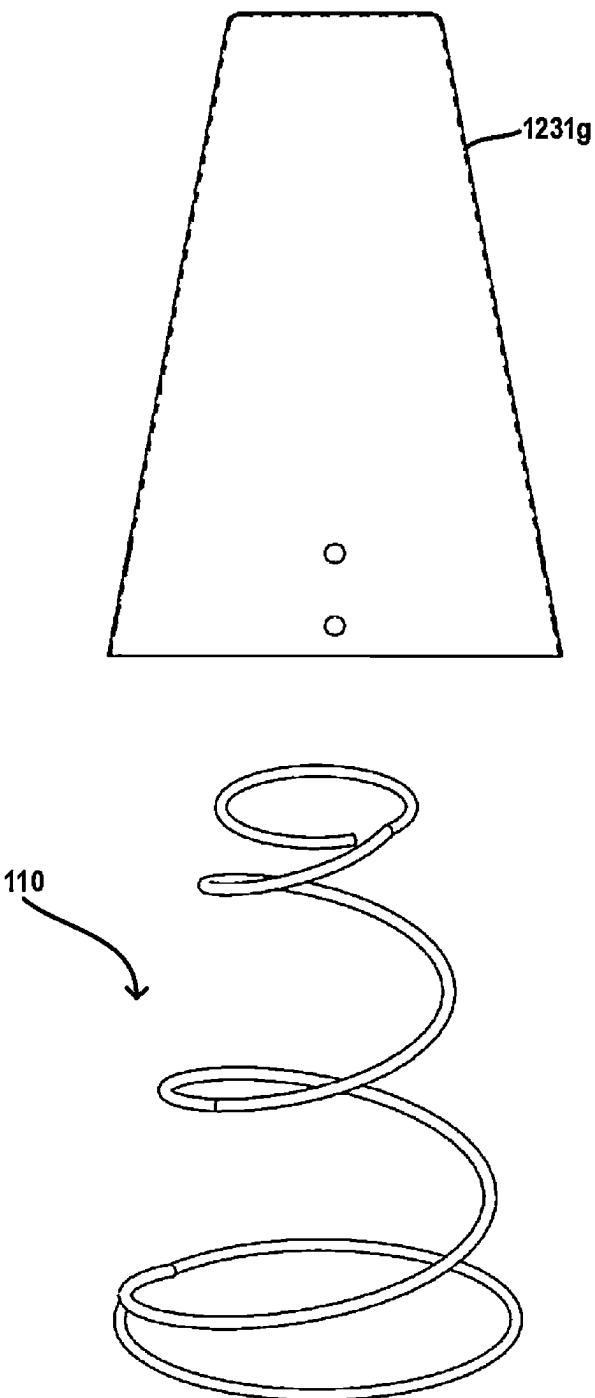


FIG.35E



**FIG.35F**

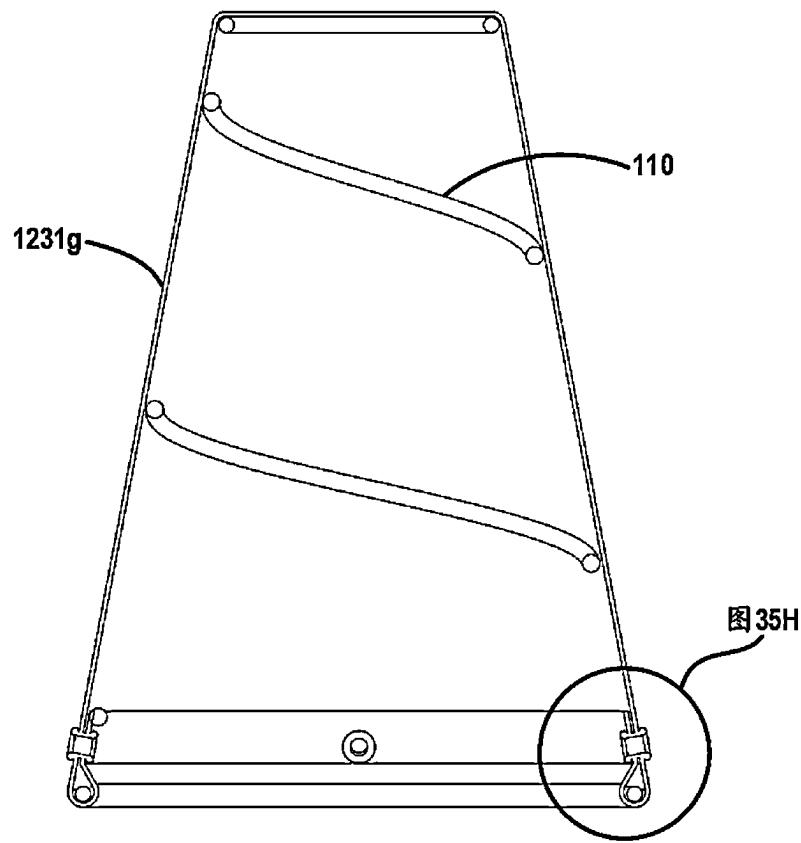


FIG.35G

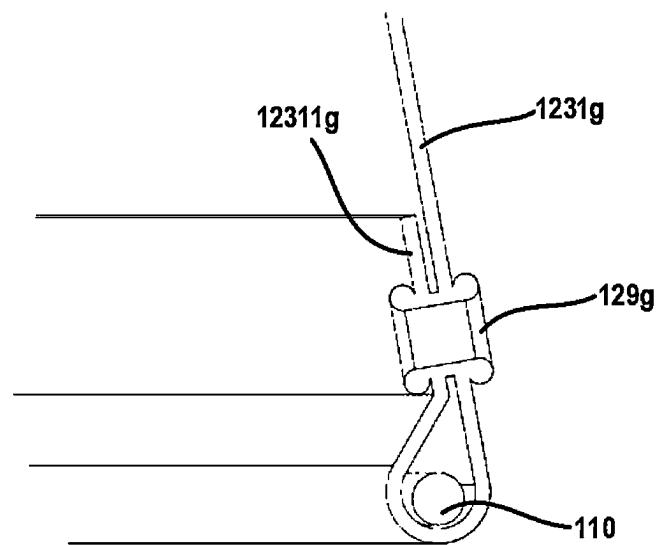
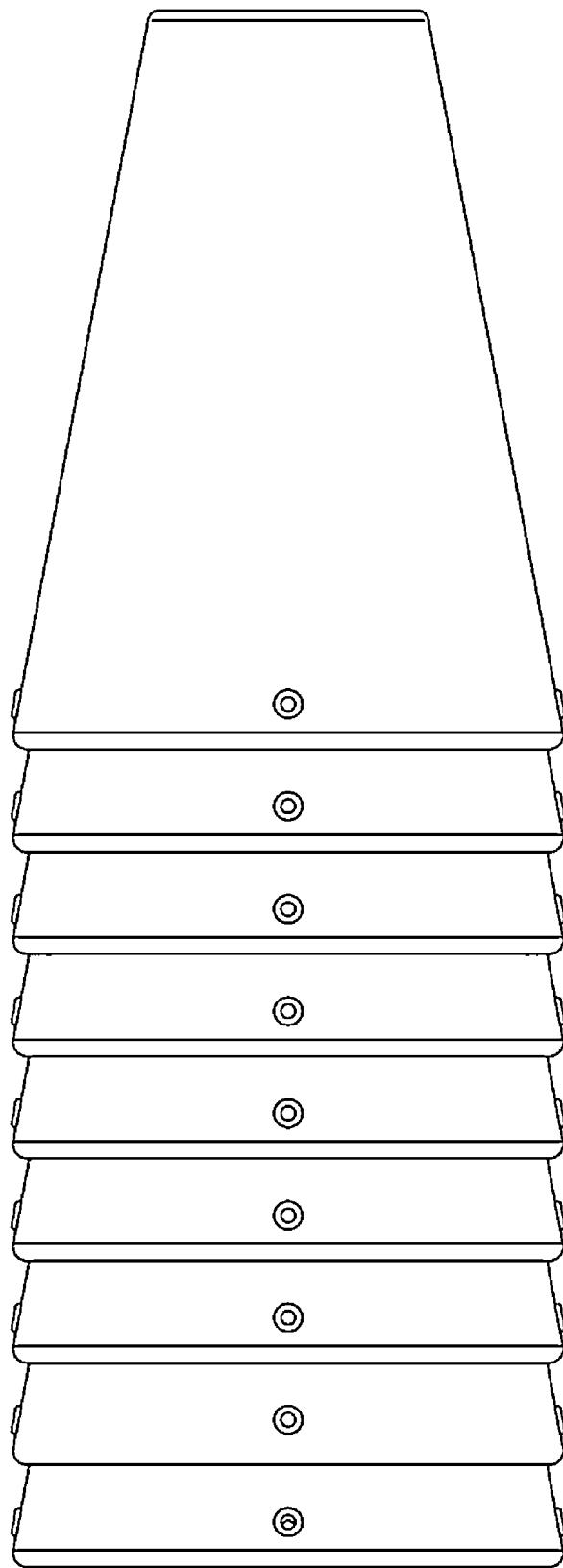


FIG.35H



**FIG.35I**

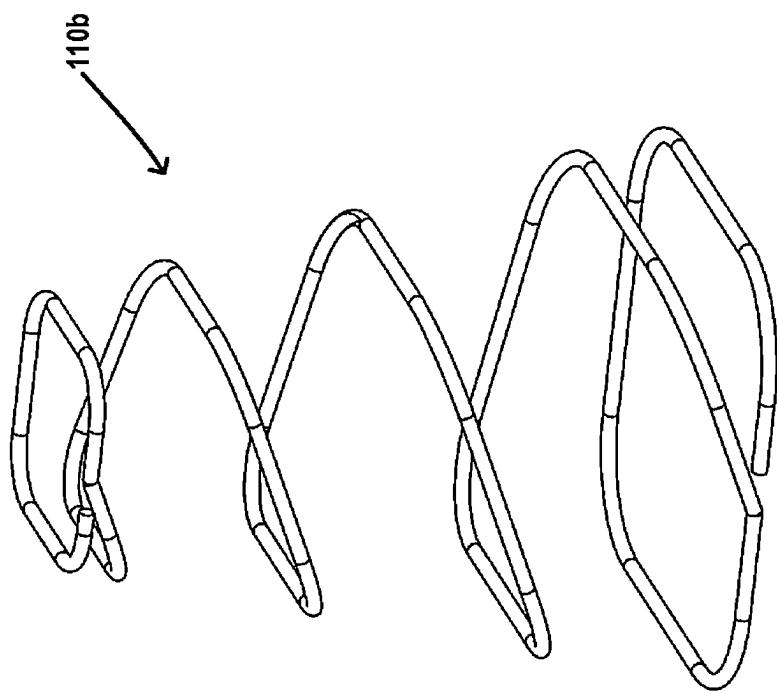


FIG.35K

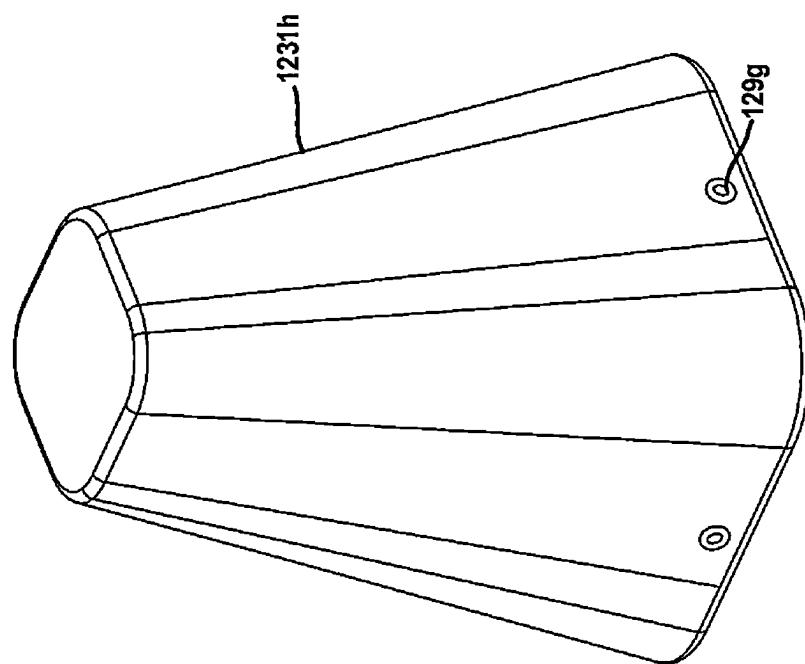
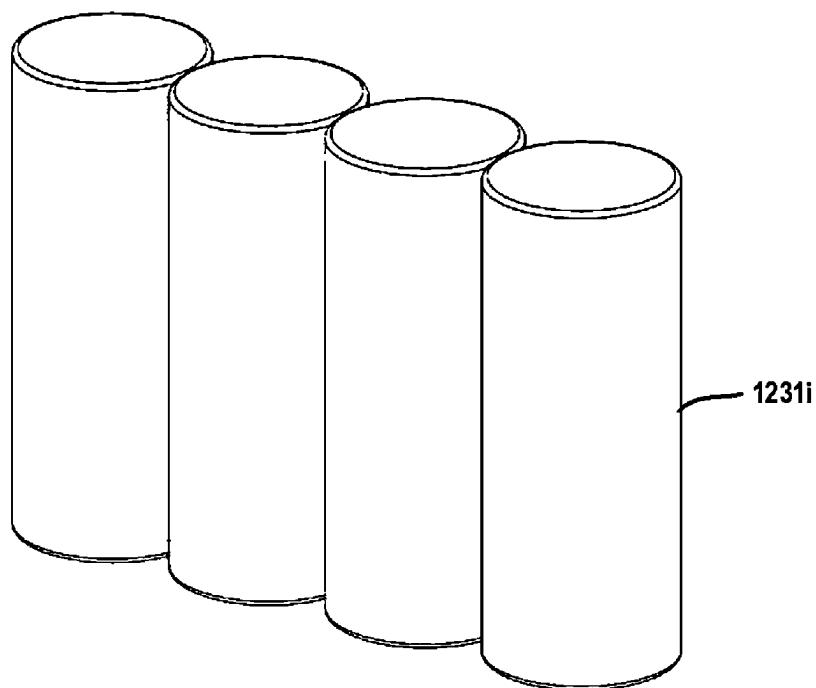
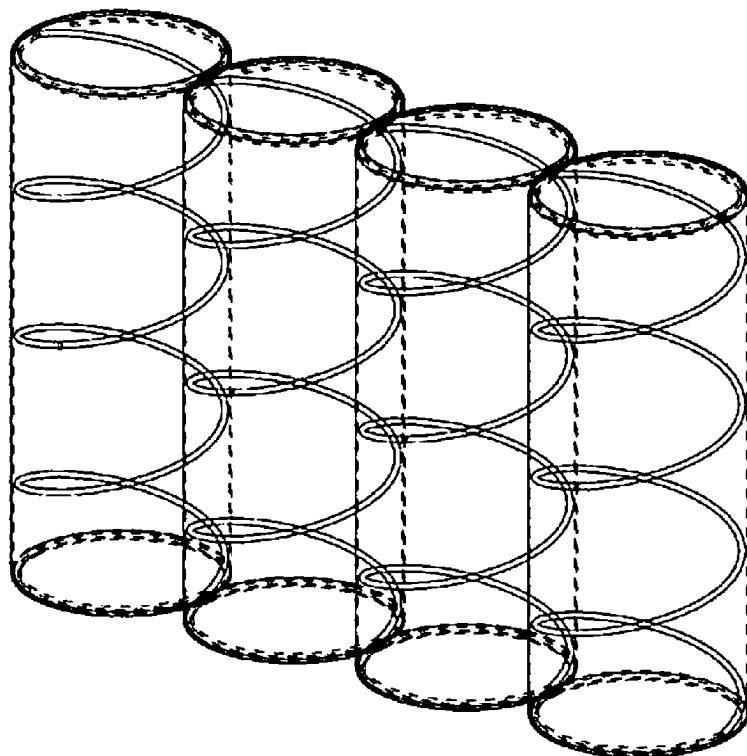


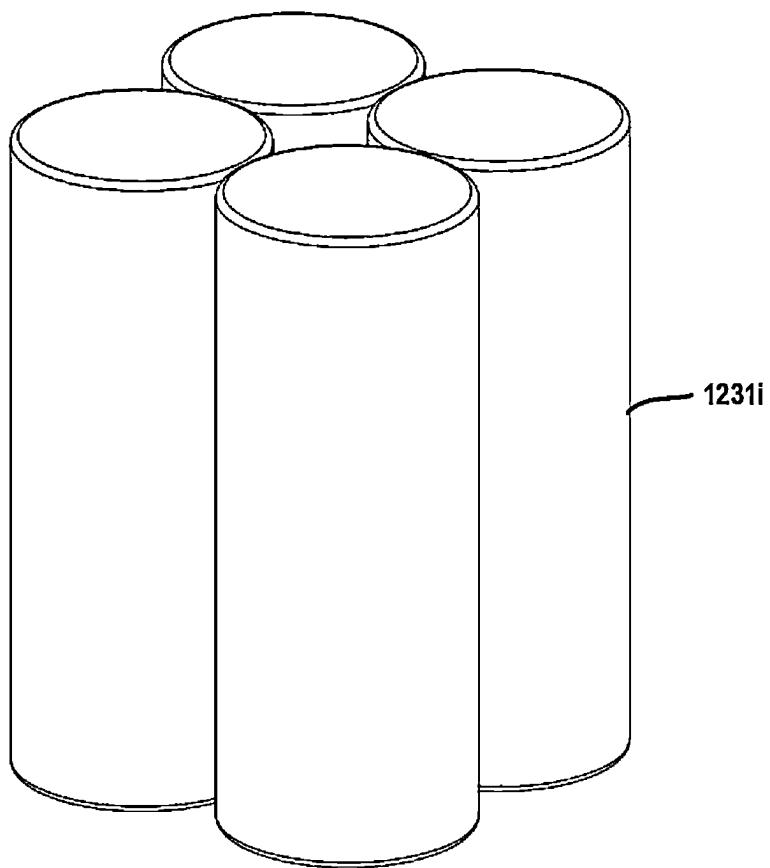
FIG.35J



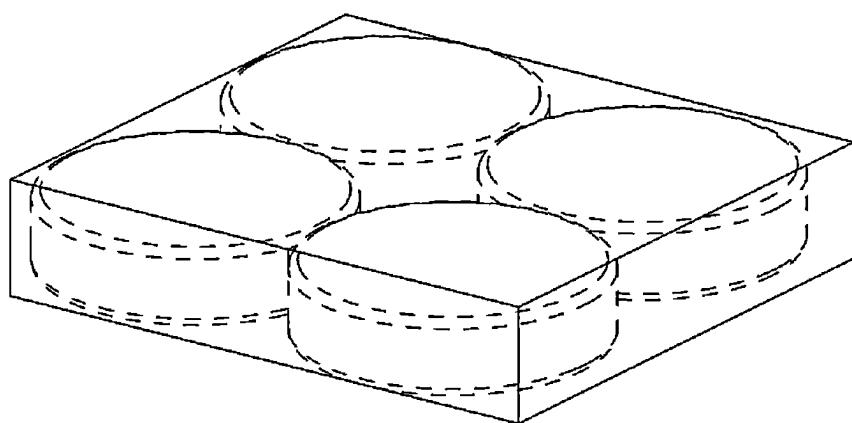
**FIG.36A**



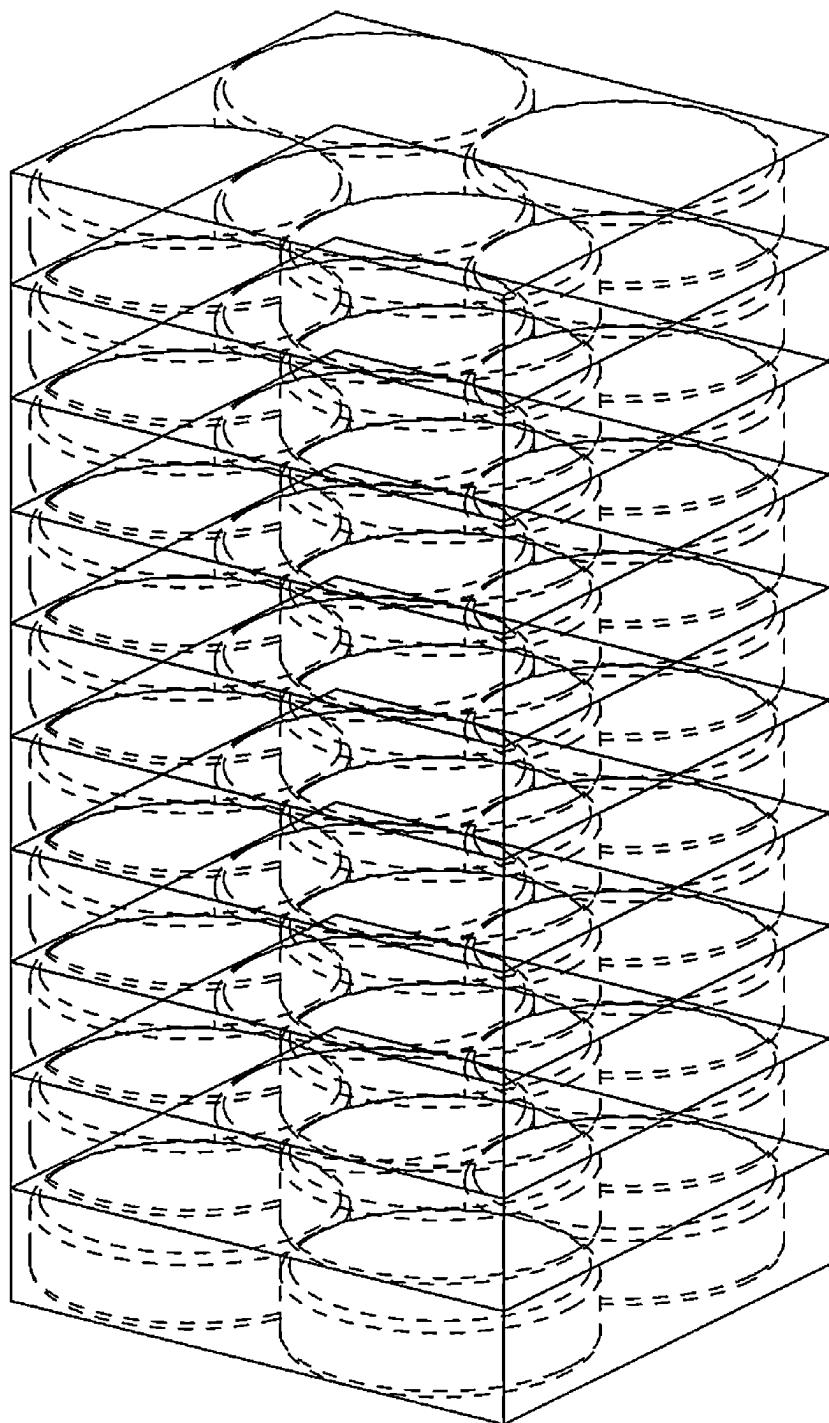
**FIG.36B**



**FIG.36C**



**FIG.36D**



**FIG.36E**

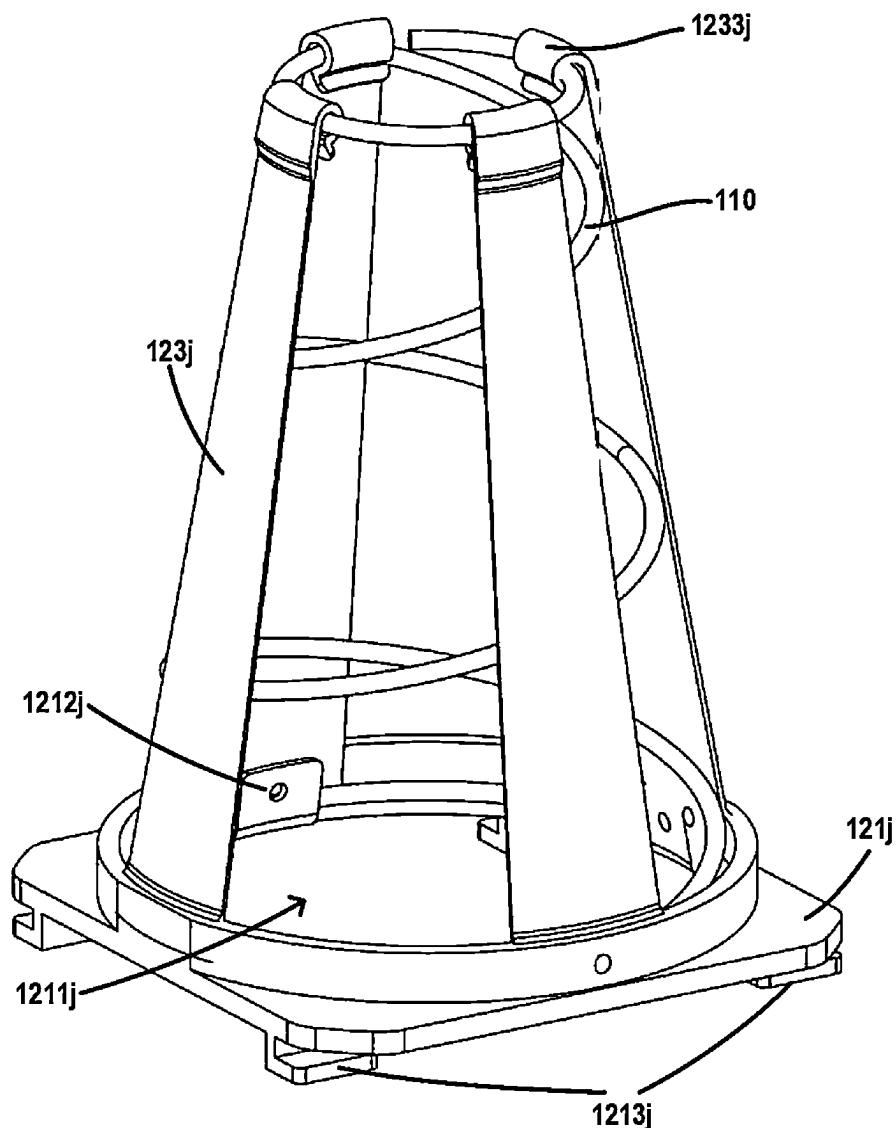


FIG.37

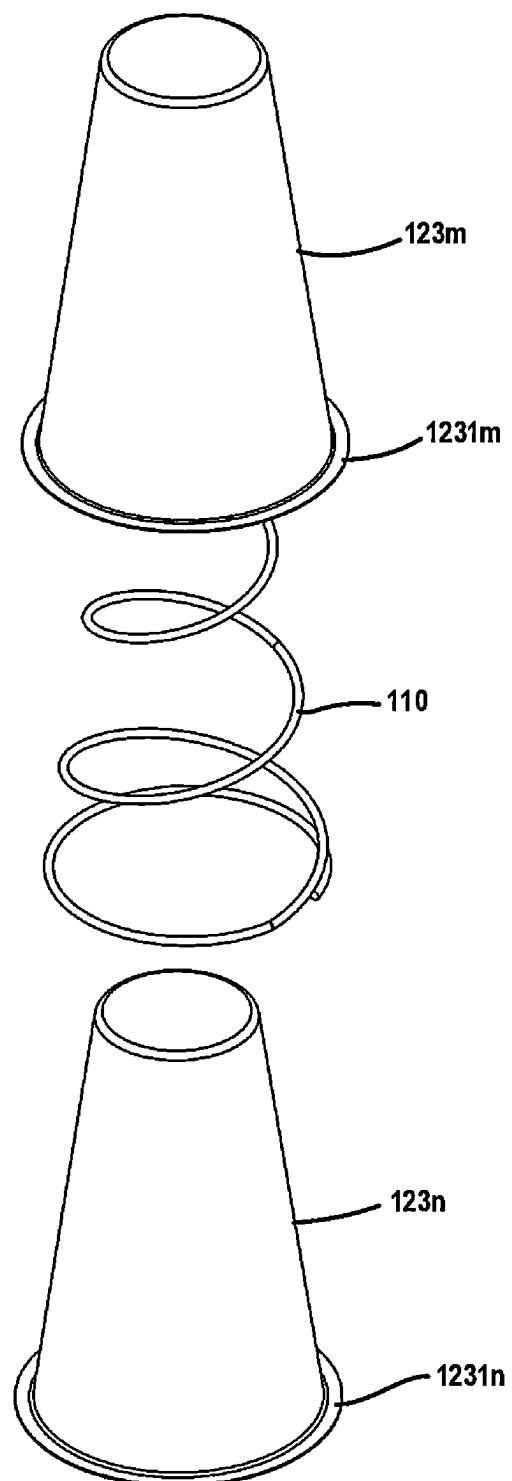


FIG.38A

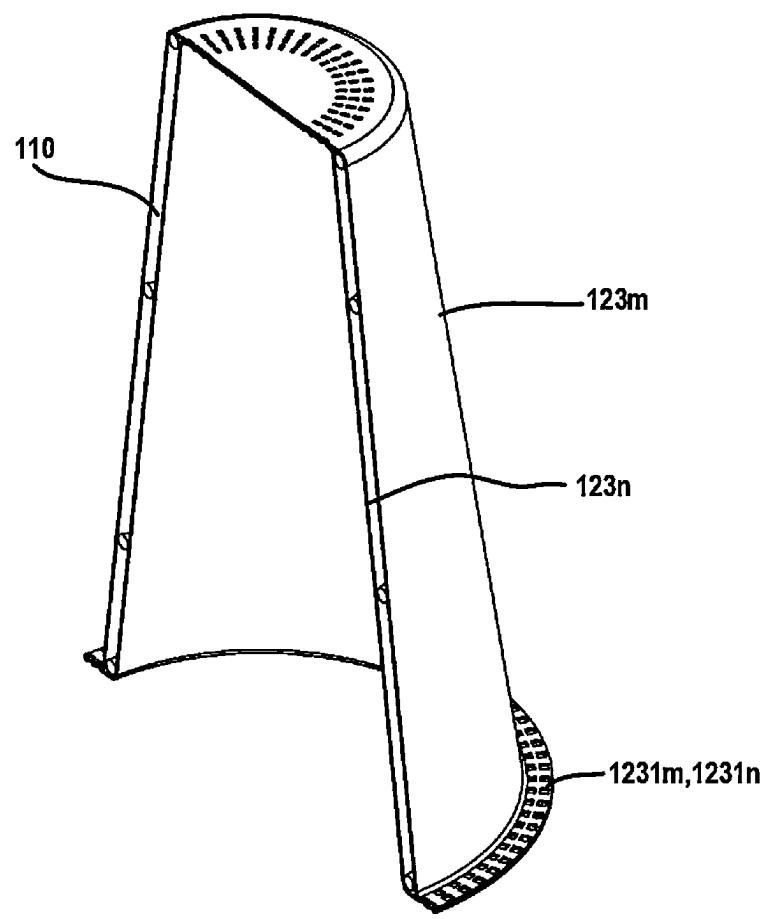


FIG.38B

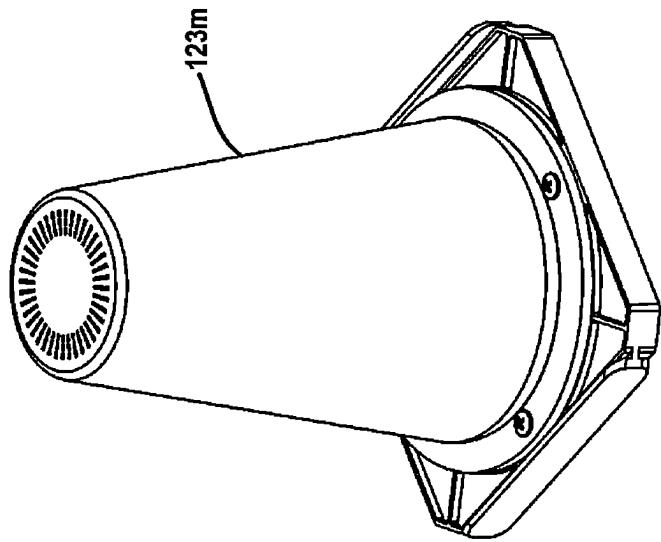


FIG.39B

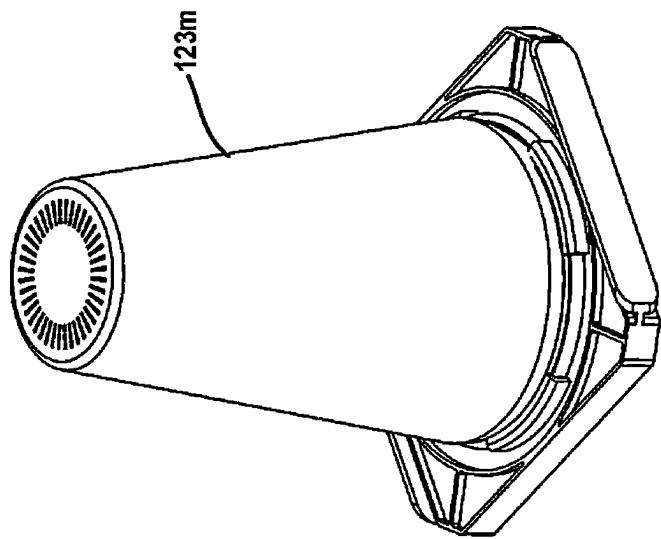
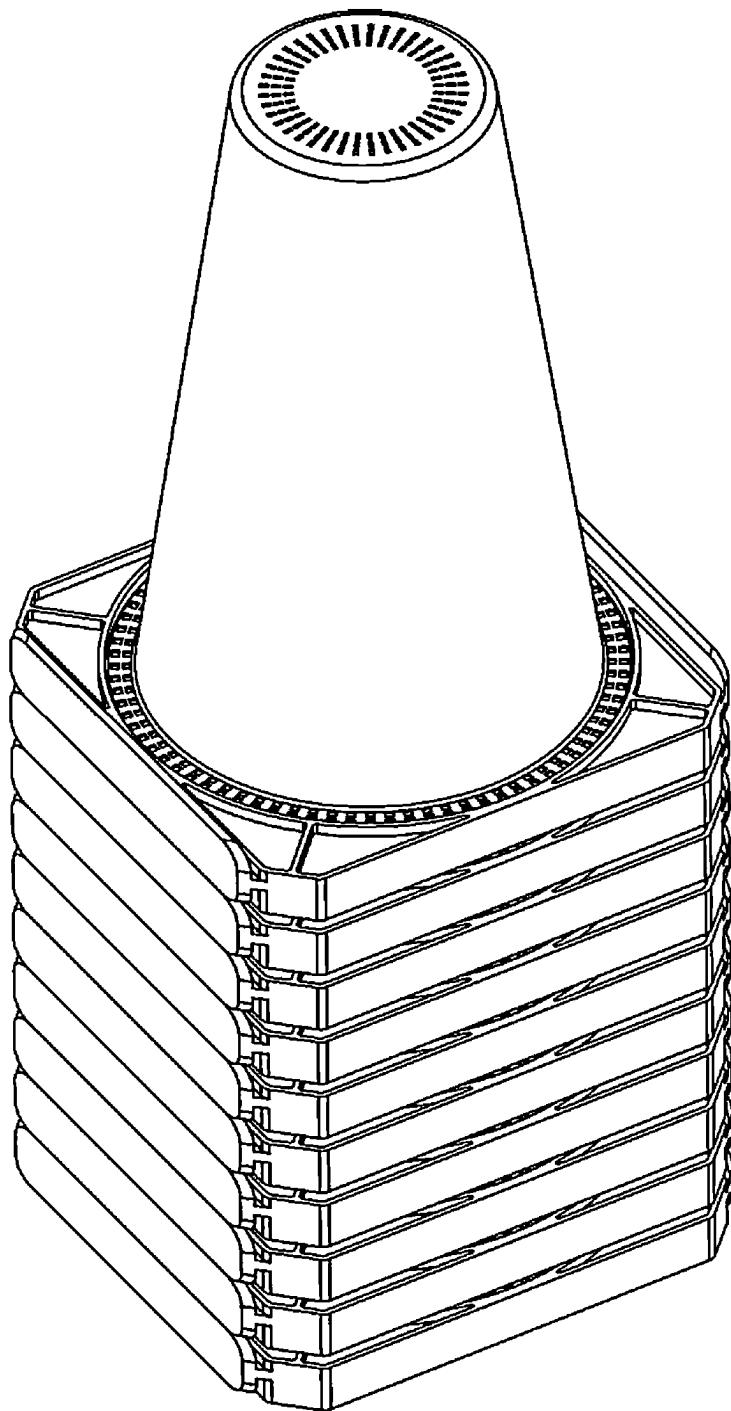


FIG.39A



**FIG.39C**

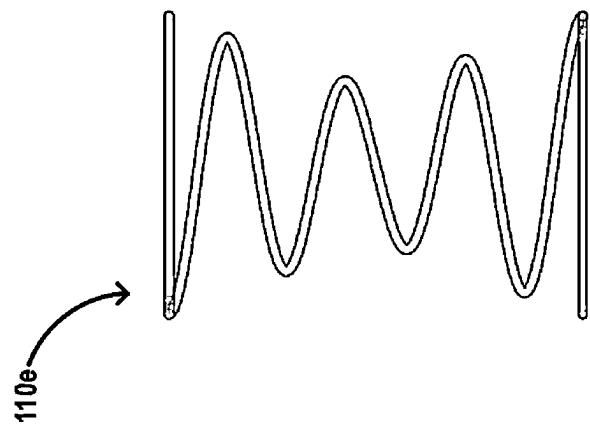


FIG.40C

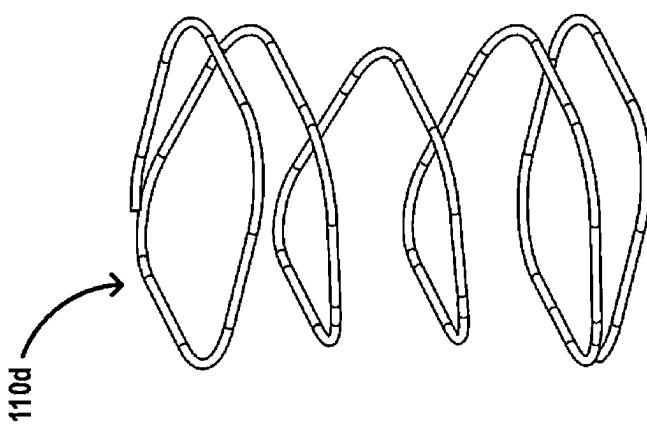


FIG.40B

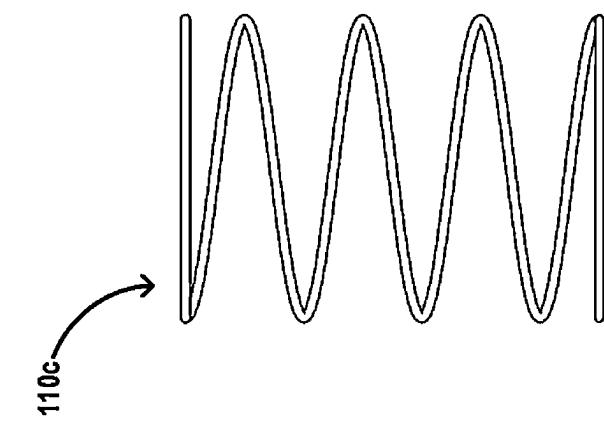
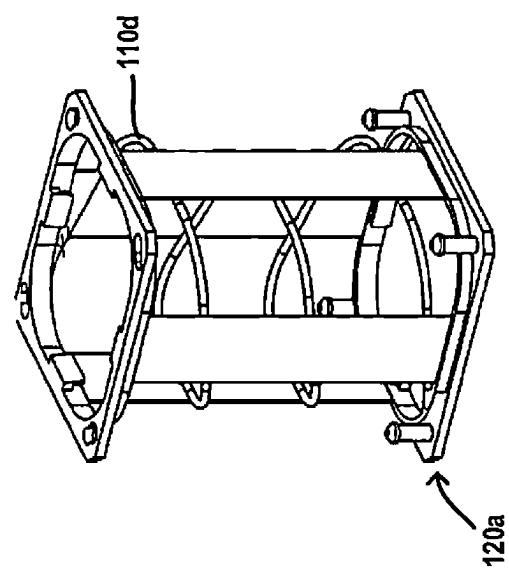
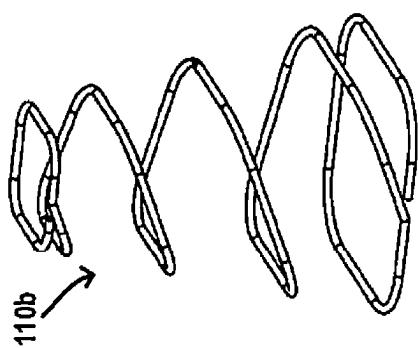
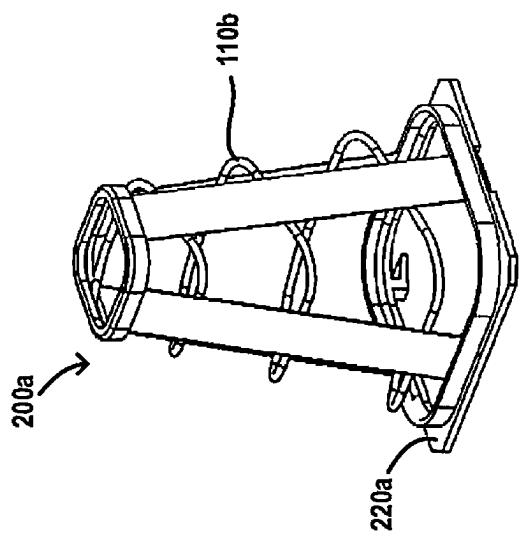


FIG.40A



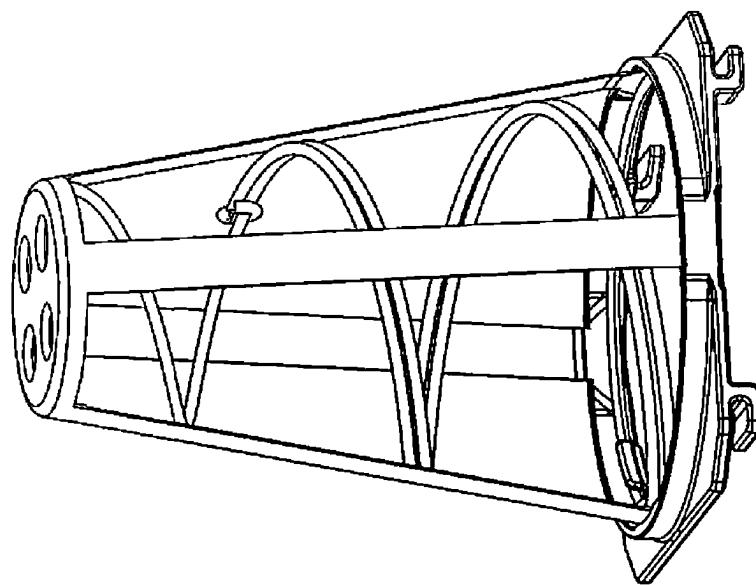


FIG.40H

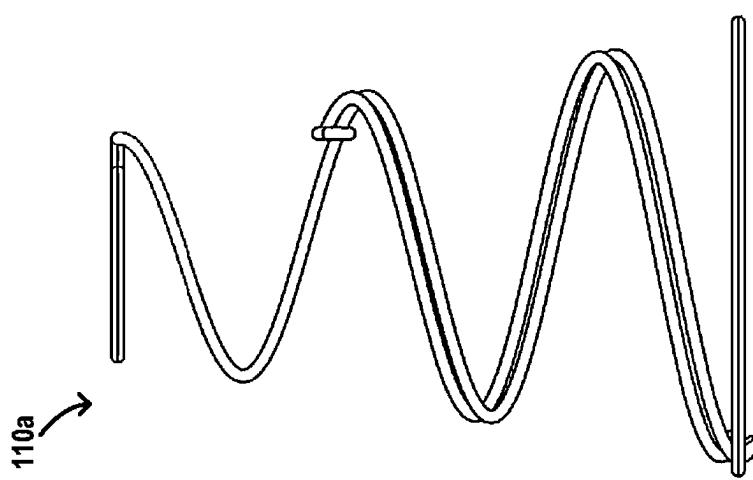


FIG.40G

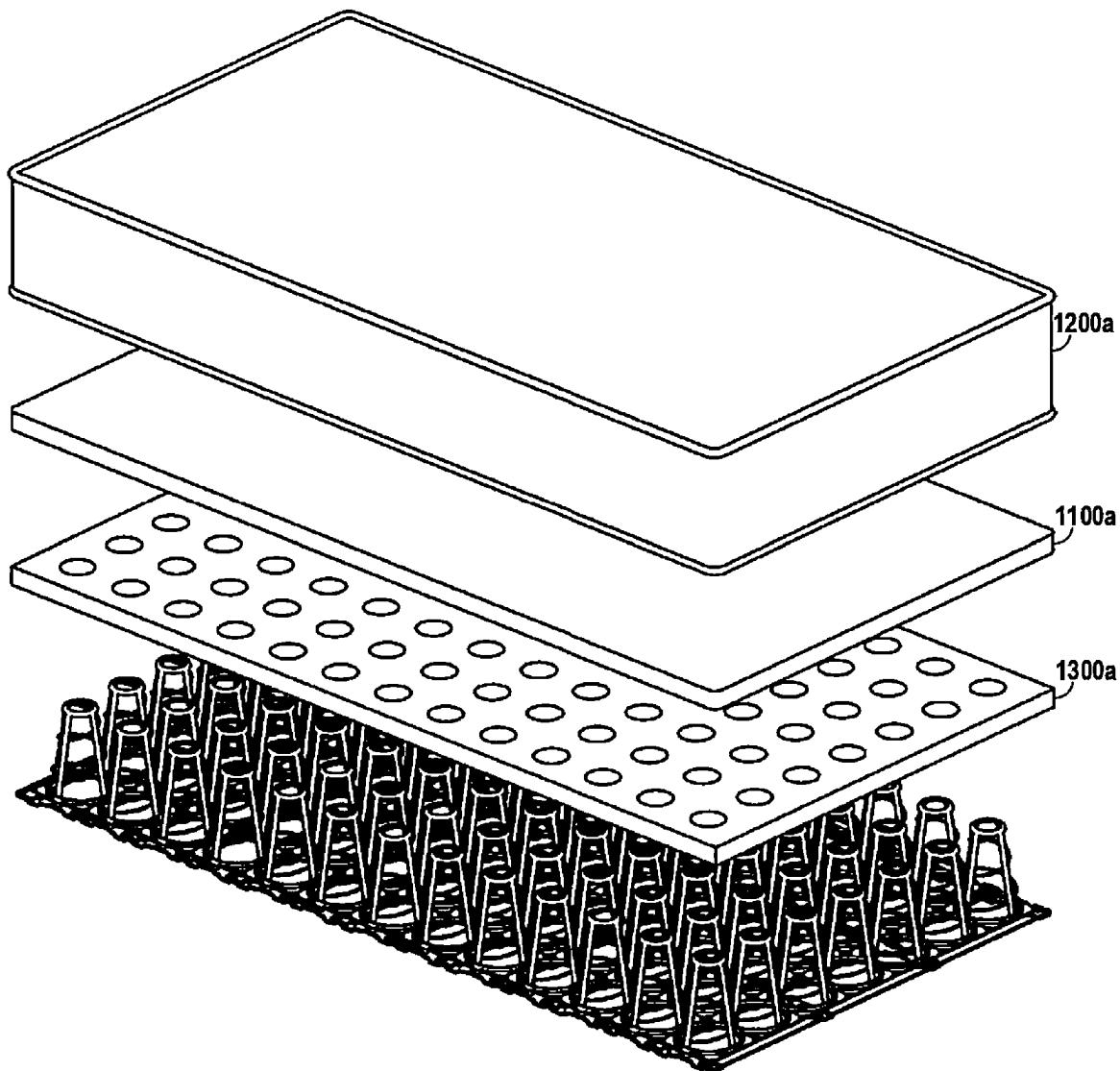


FIG.41A

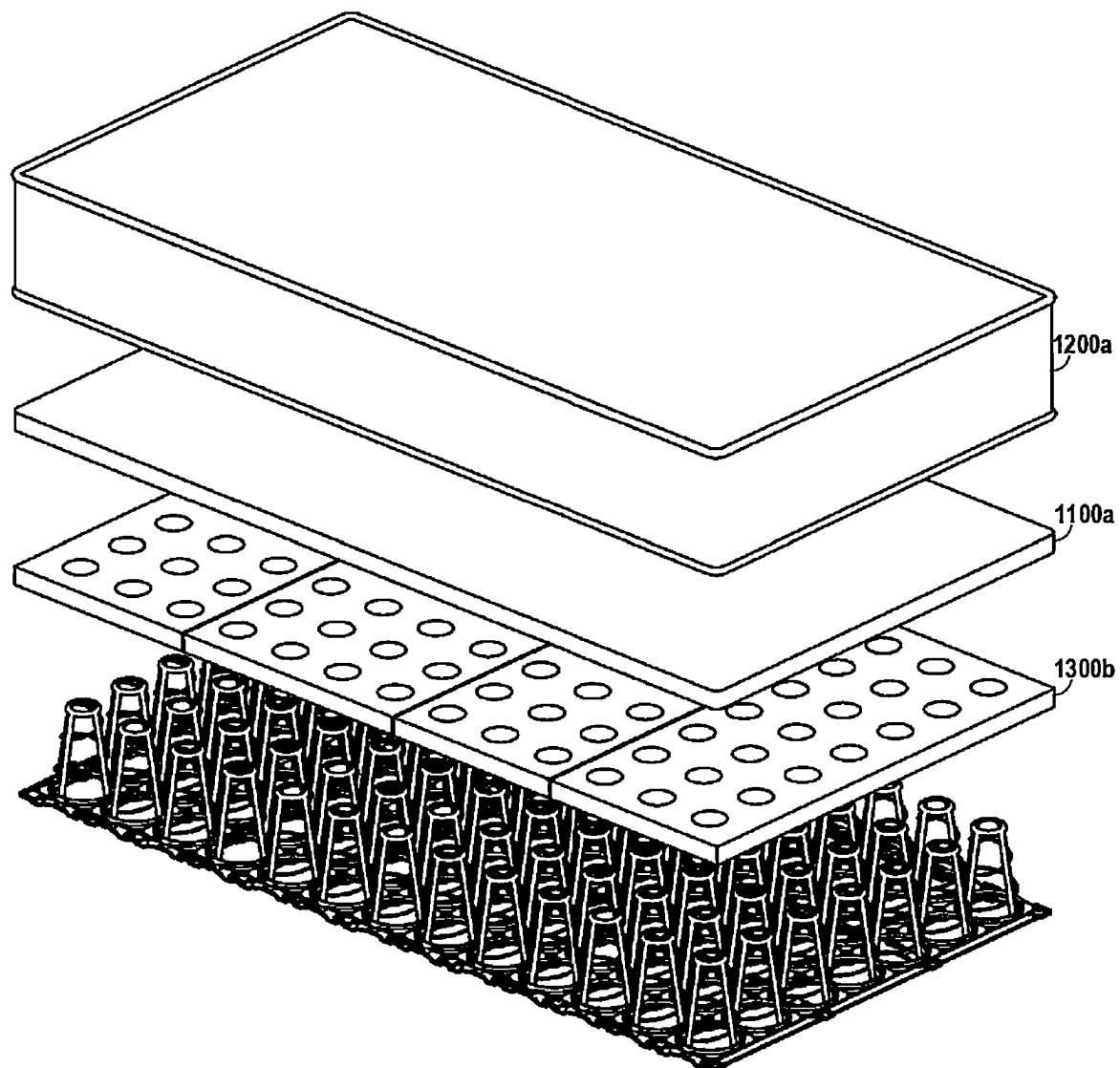


FIG.41B

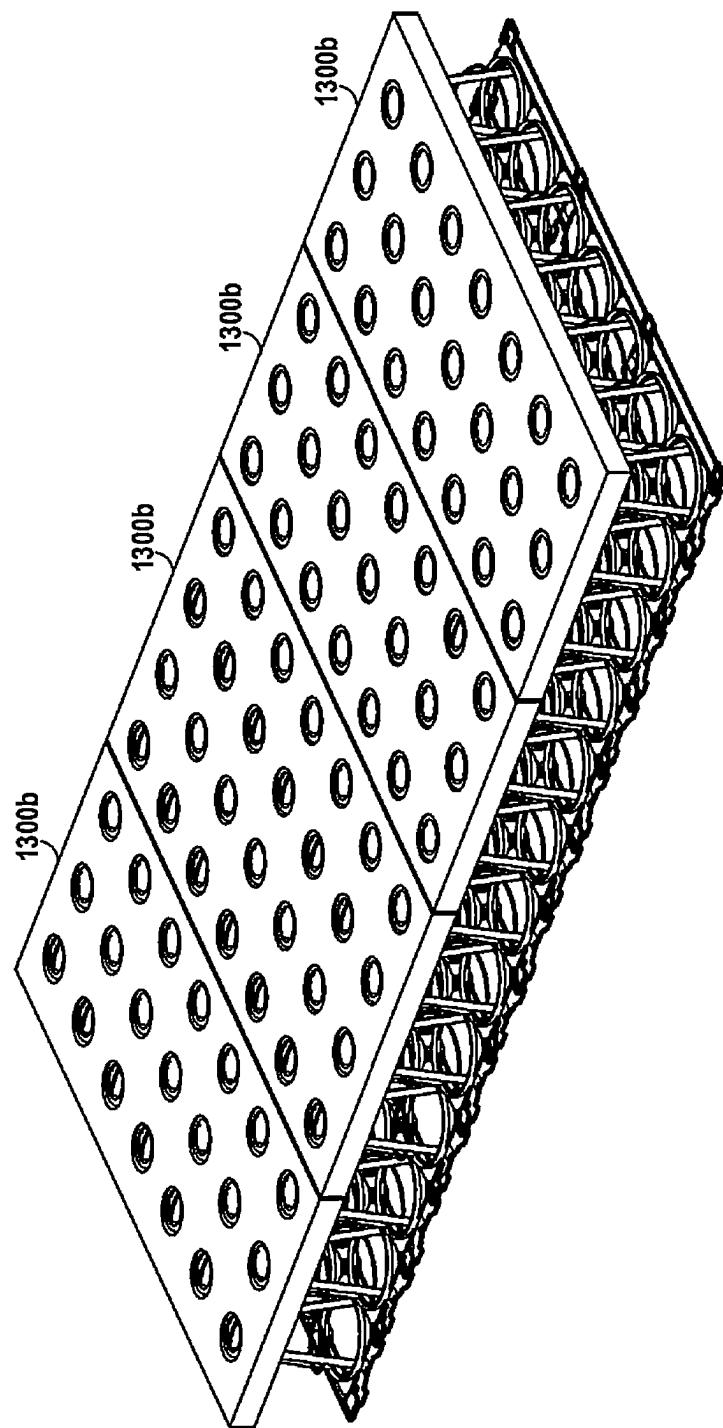


FIG.41C

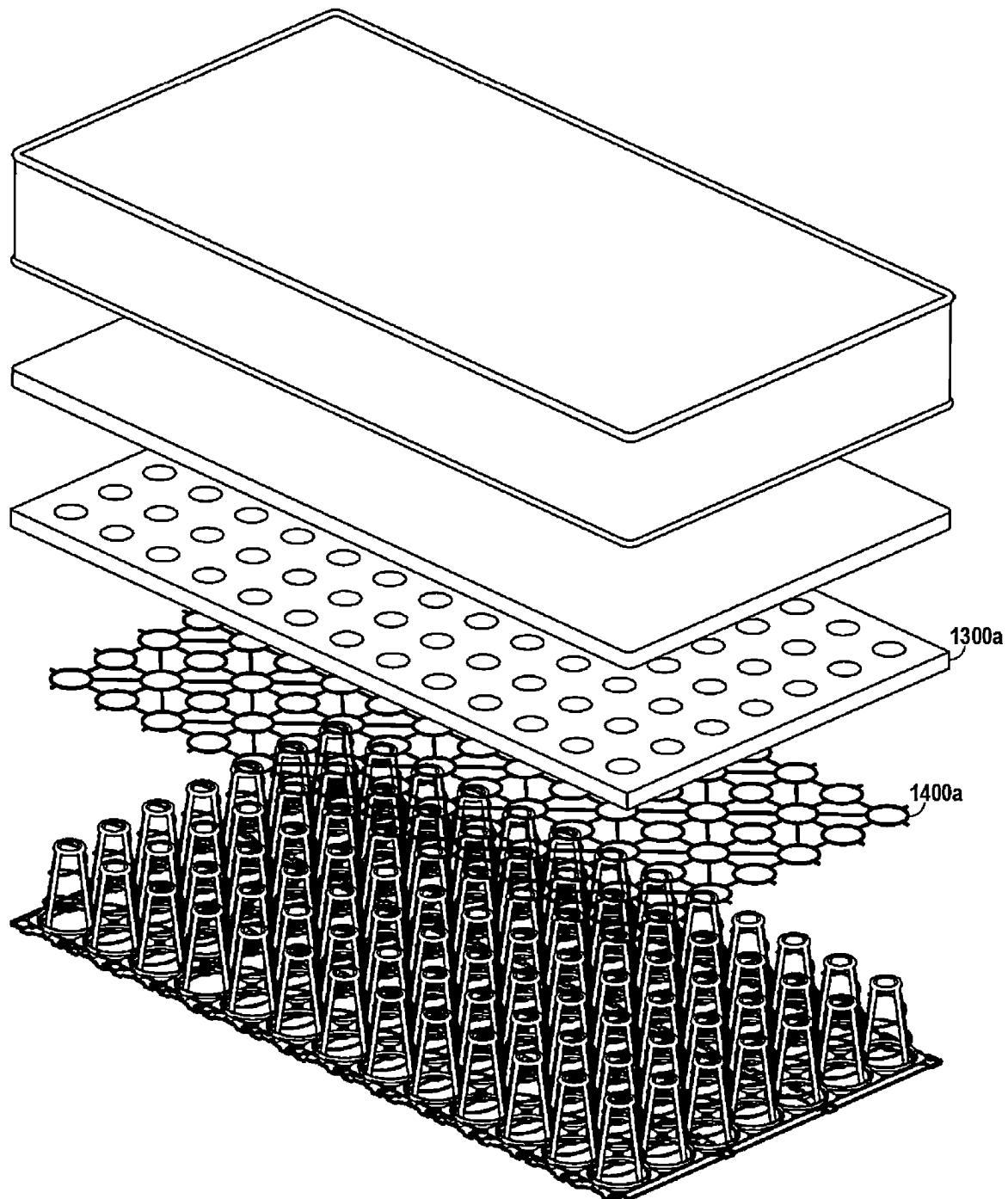


FIG.41D

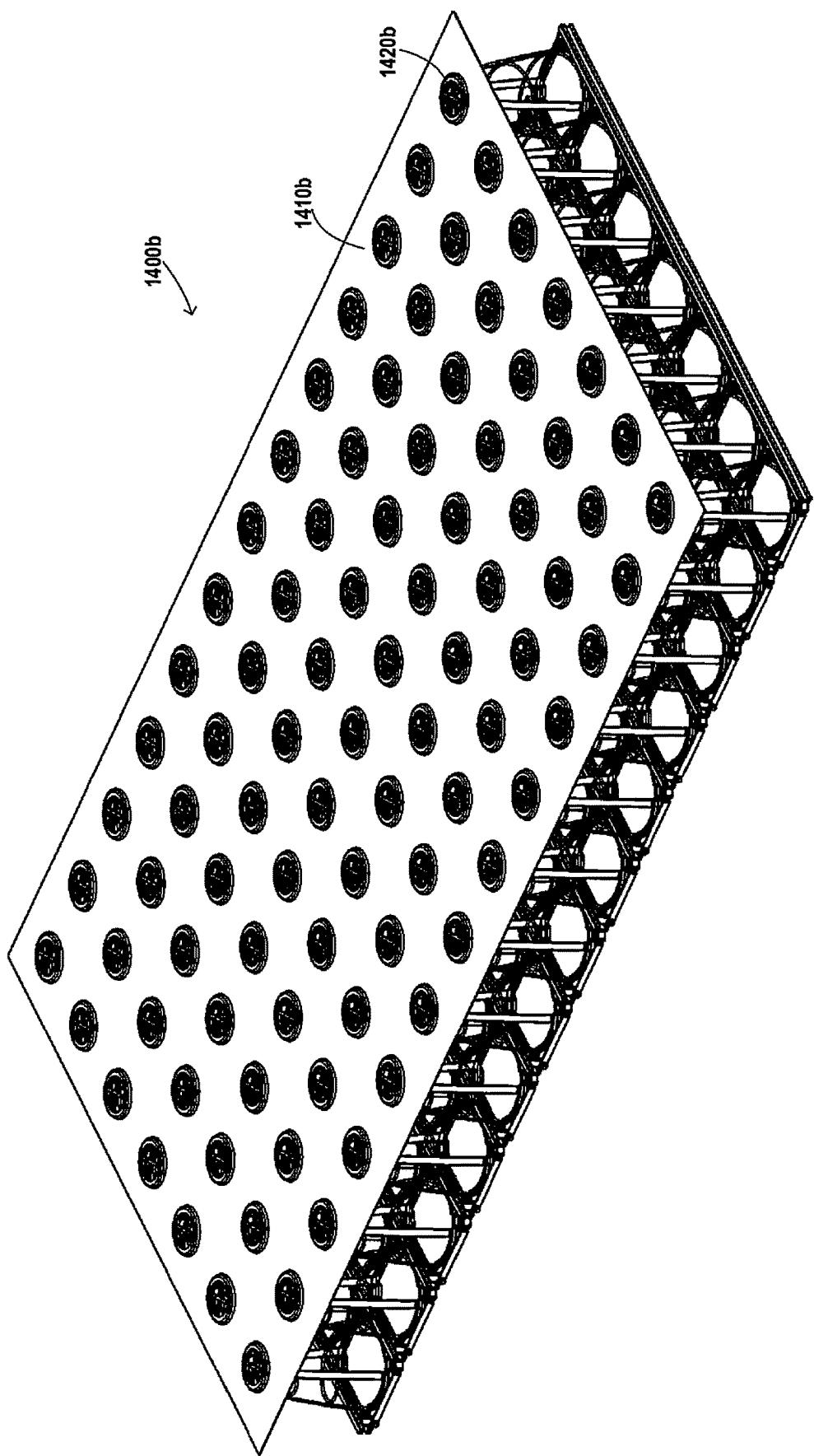
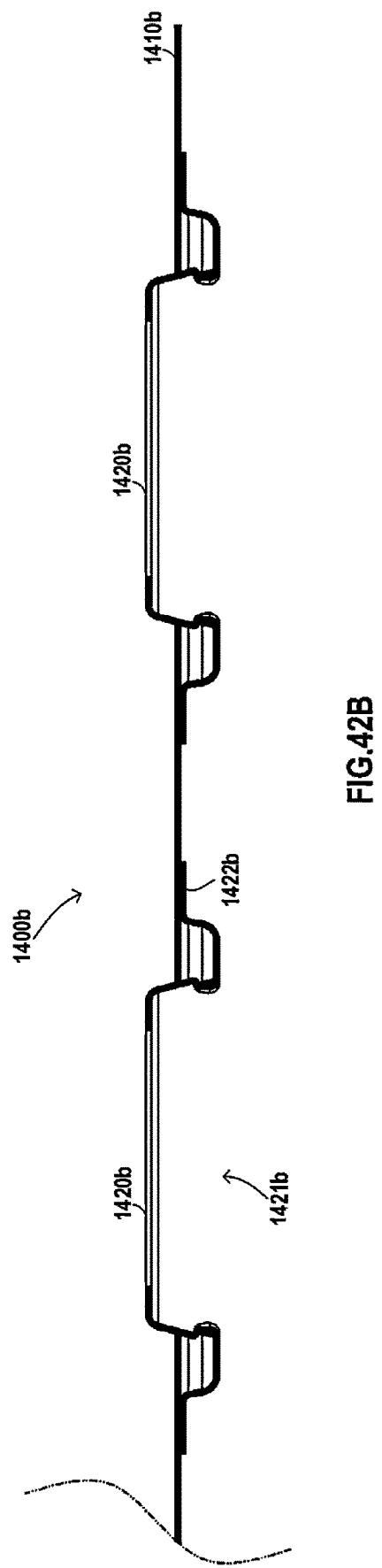


FIG.42A



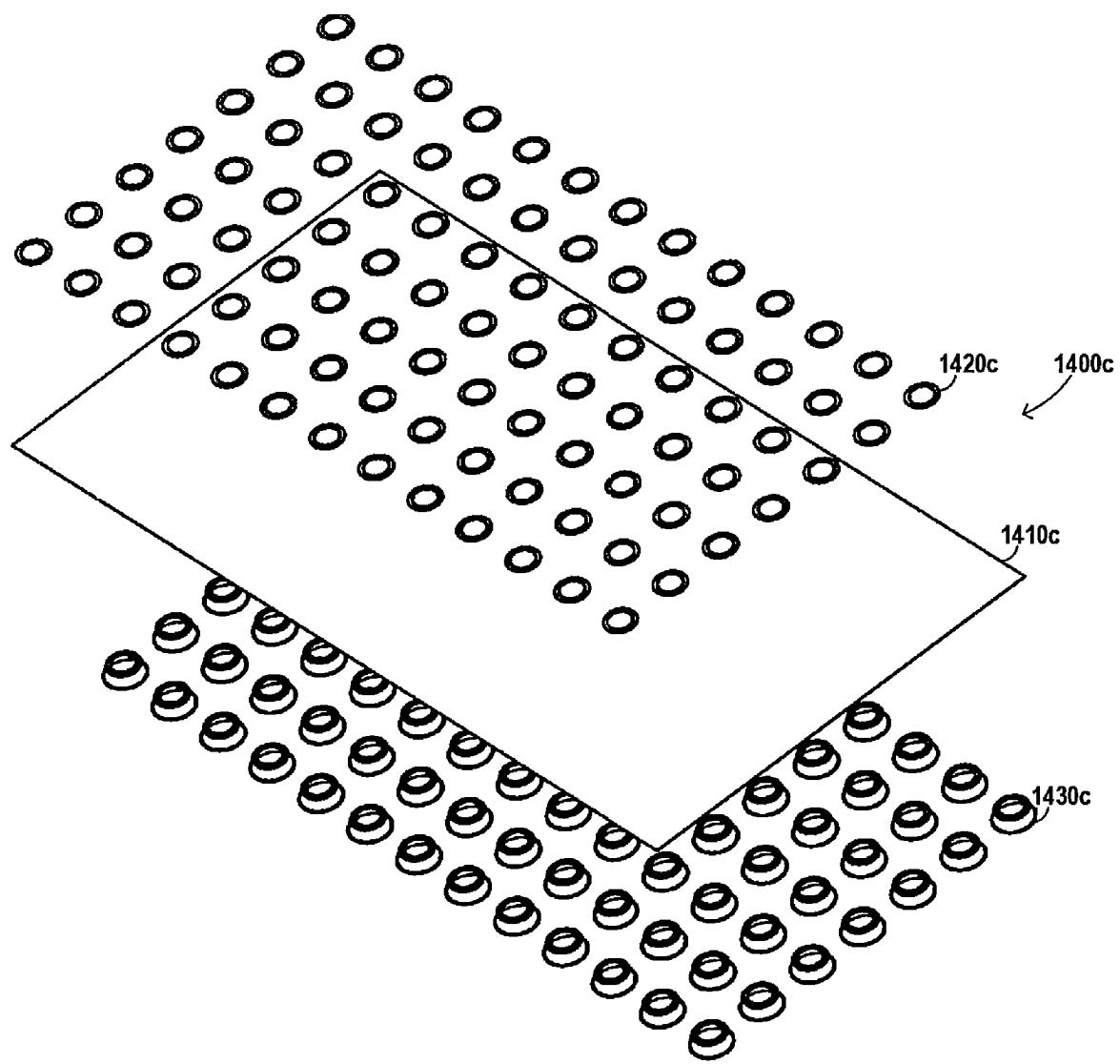


FIG.42C

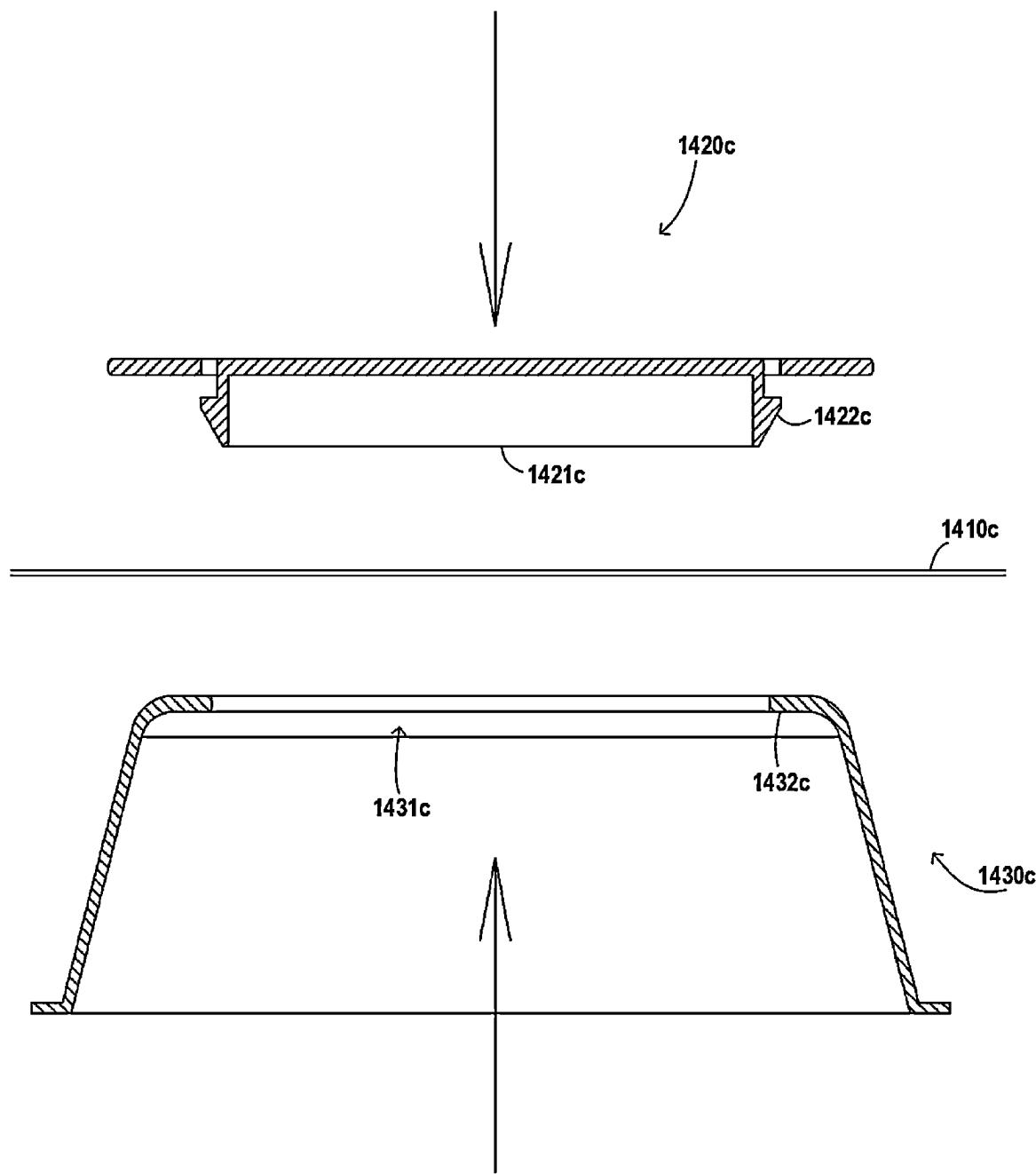
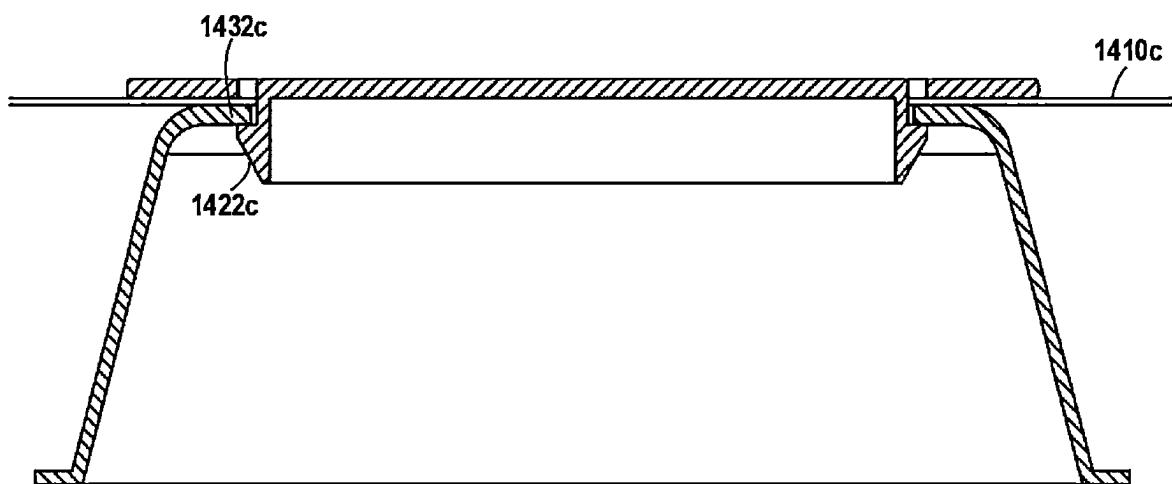
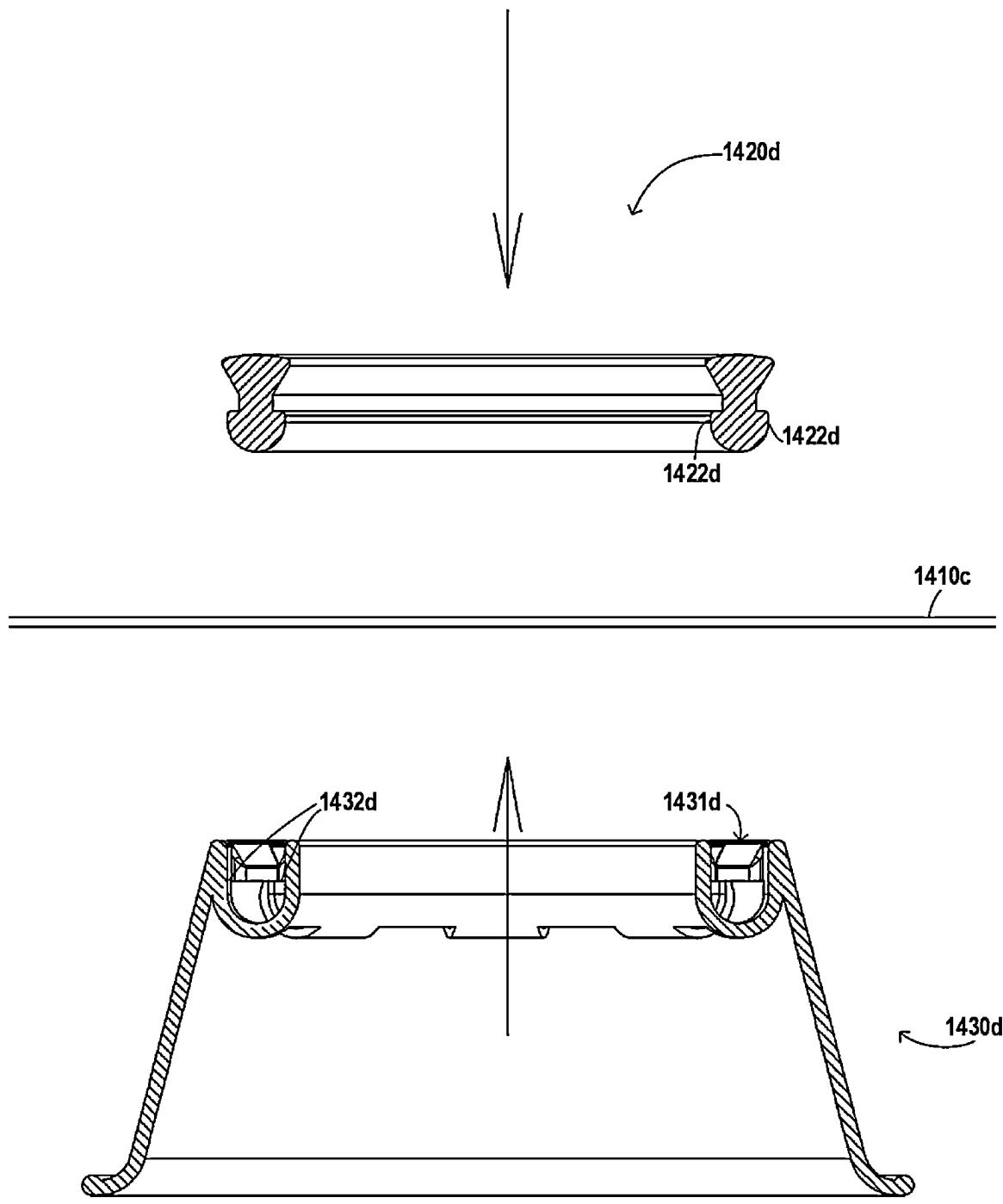


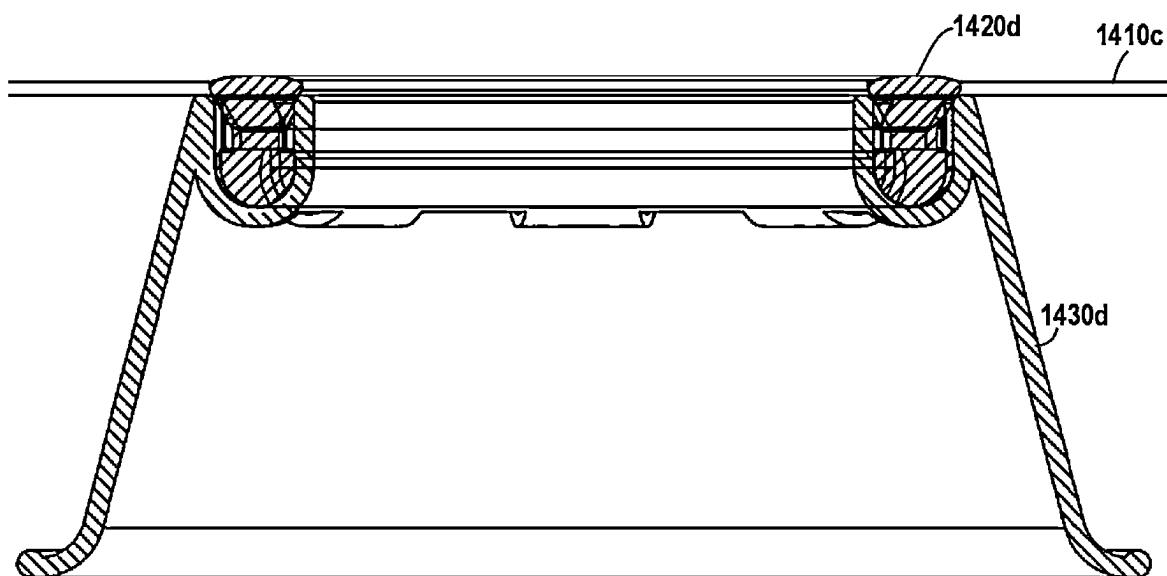
FIG.42D



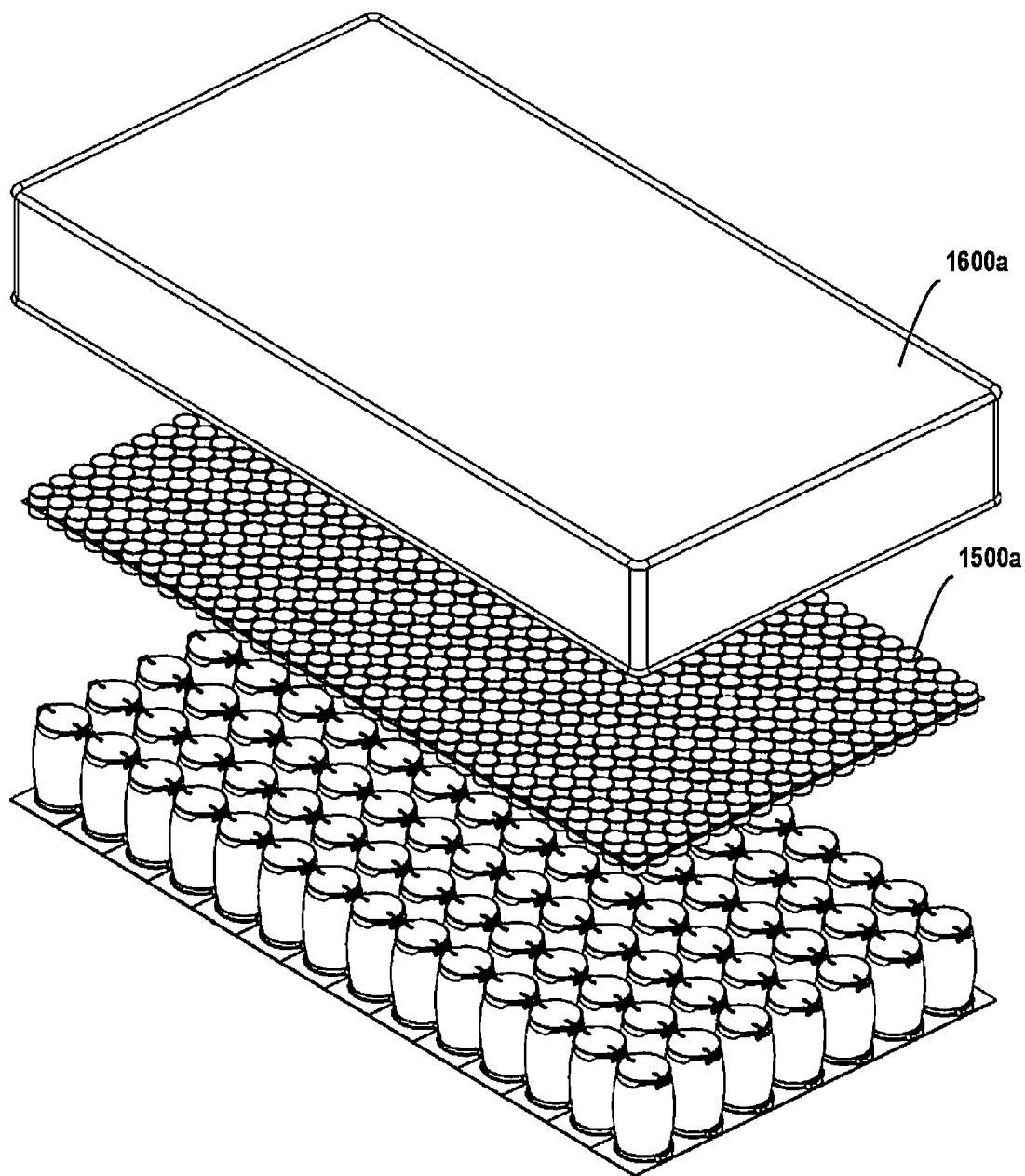
**FIG.42E**



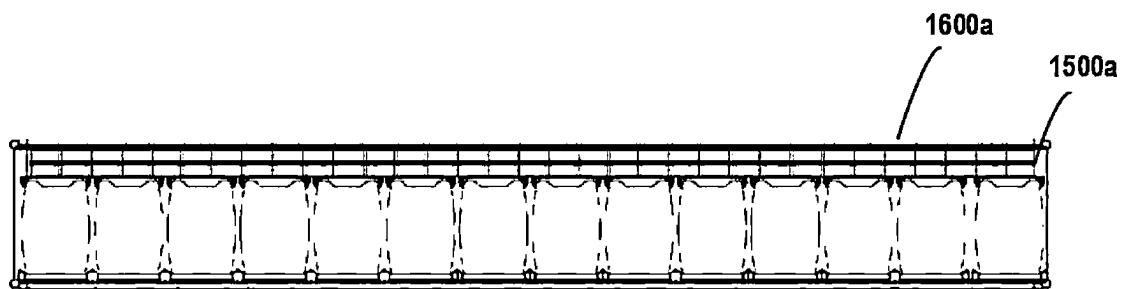
**FIG.42F**



**FIG.42G**



**FIG.42H**



**FIG.42I**

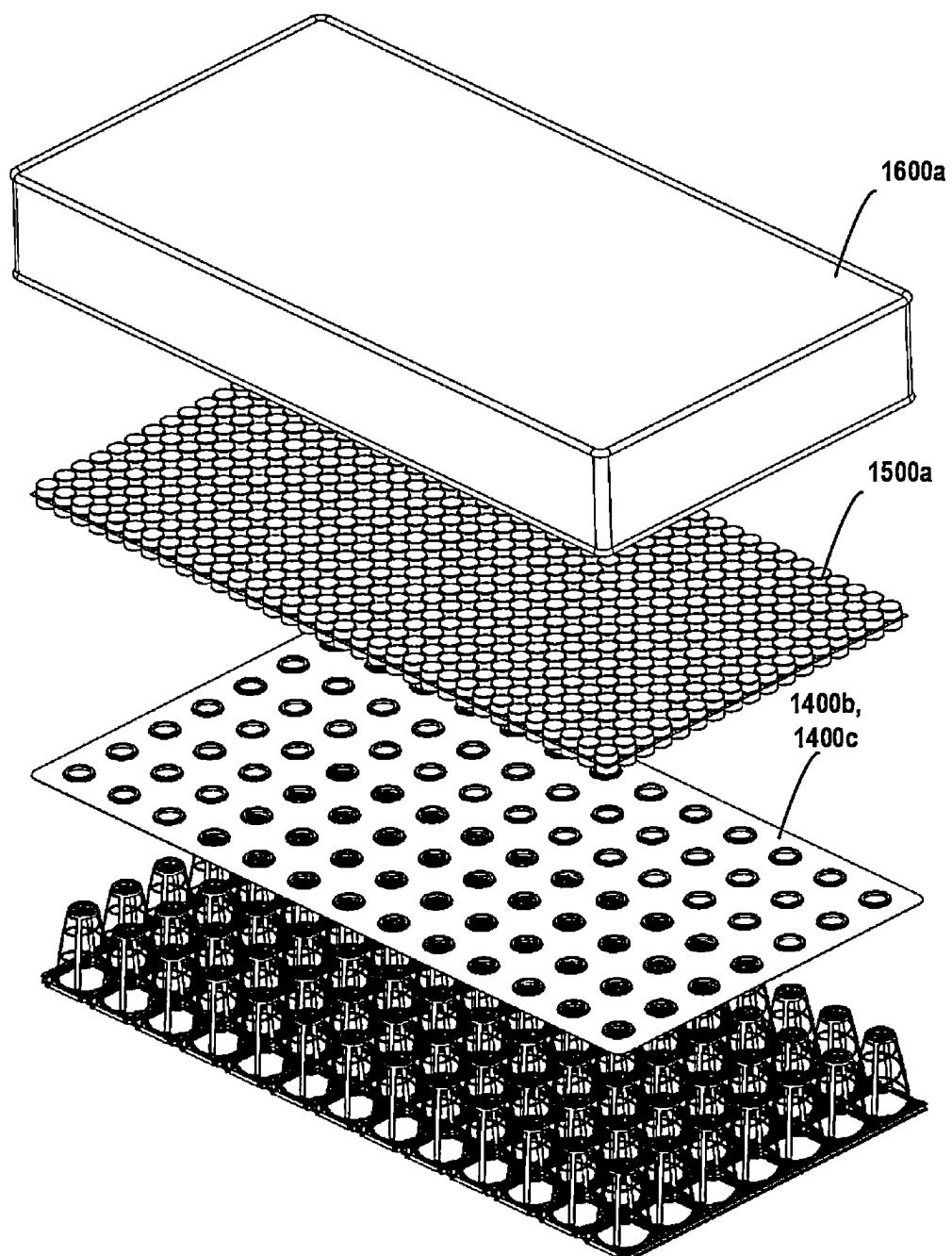


FIG.42J

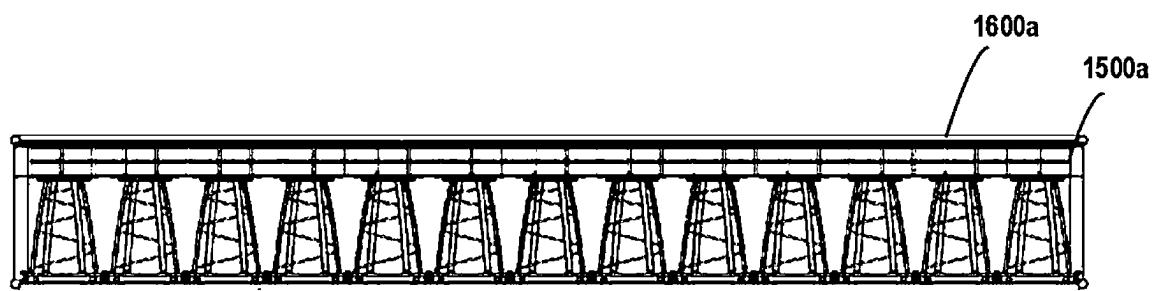


FIG.42K

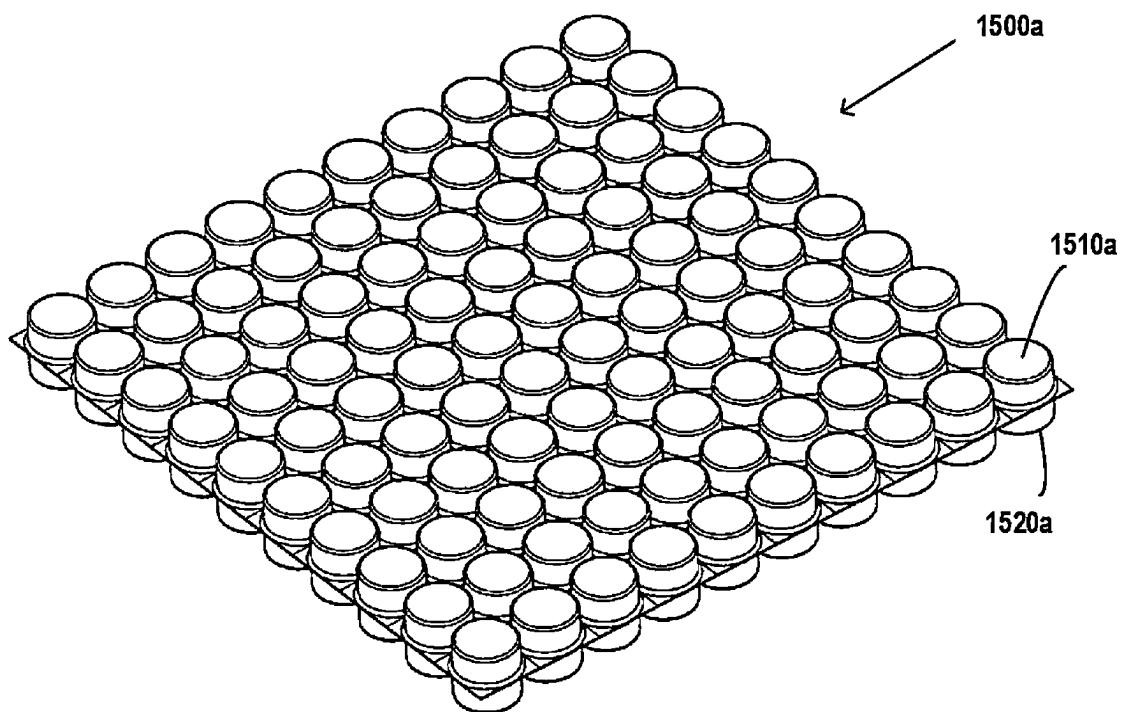
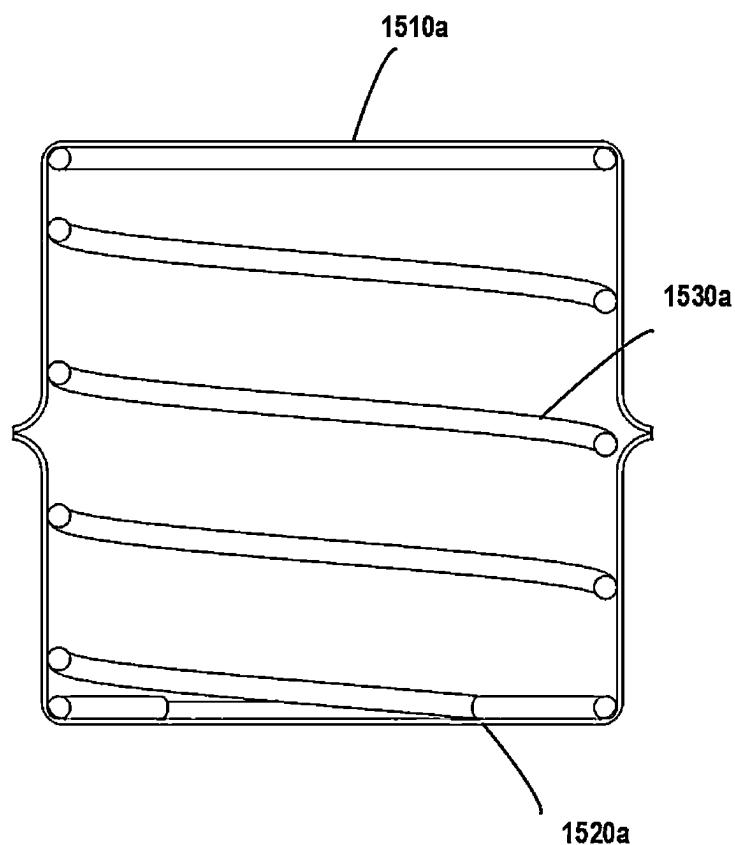


FIG.42L



**FIG.42M**

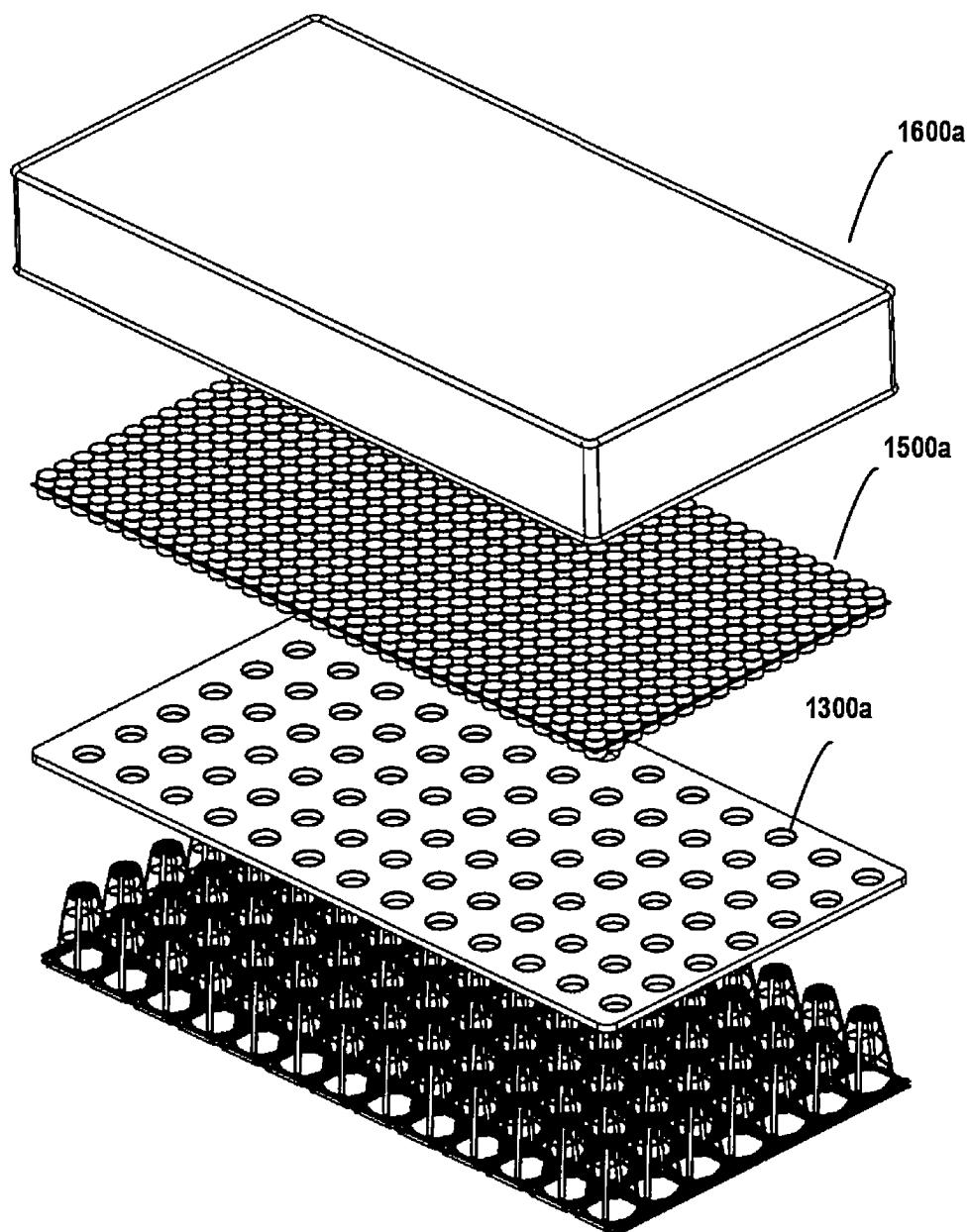


FIG.42N

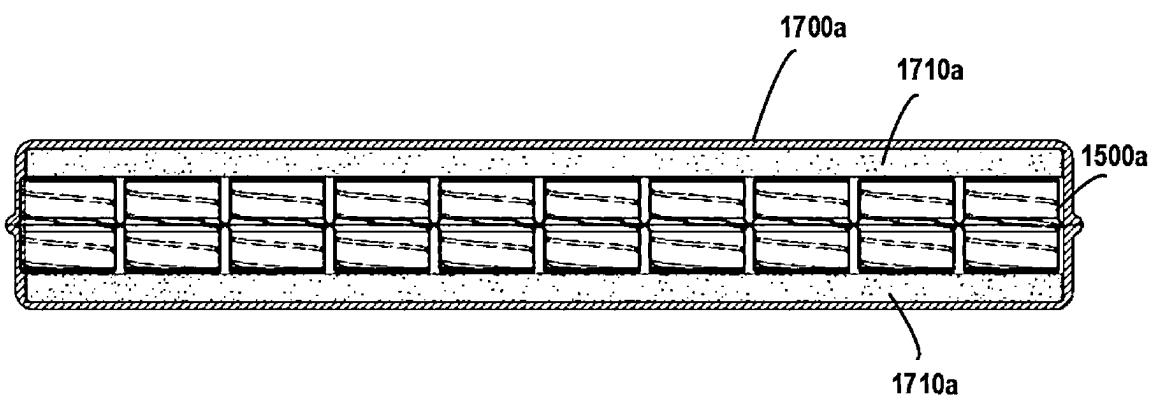
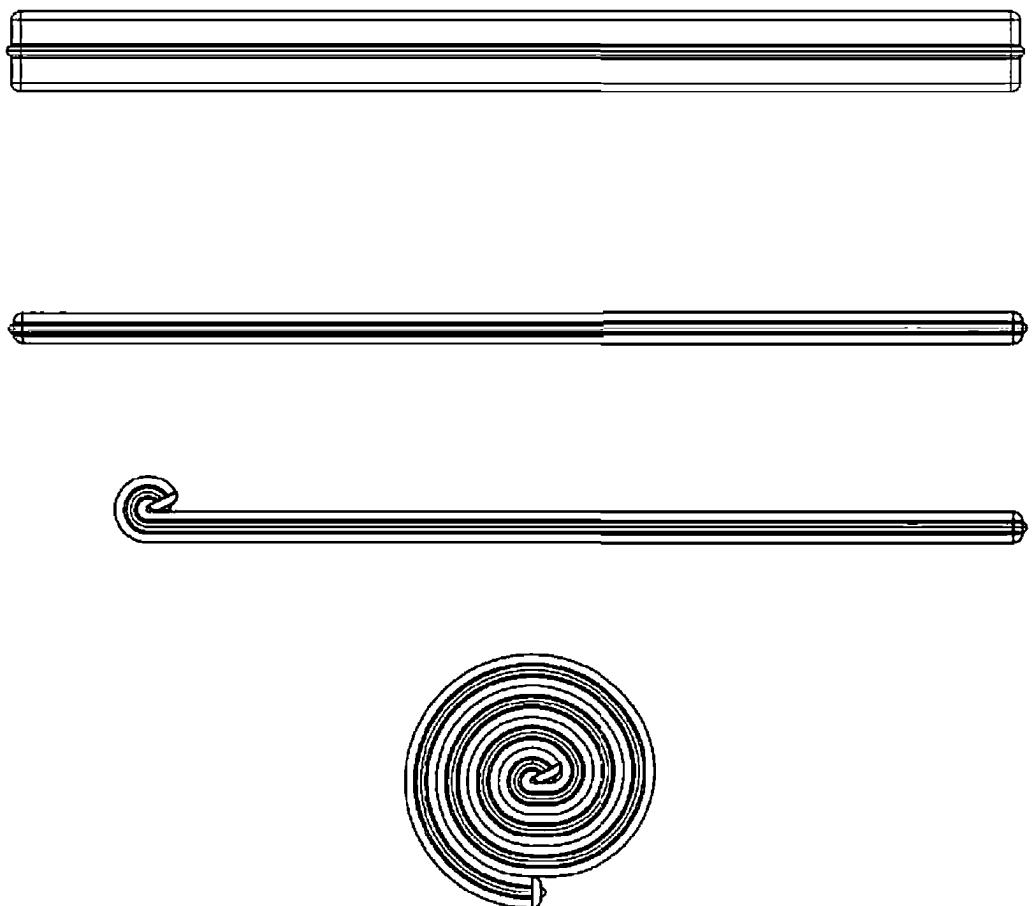


FIG.42P



**FIG.42Q**

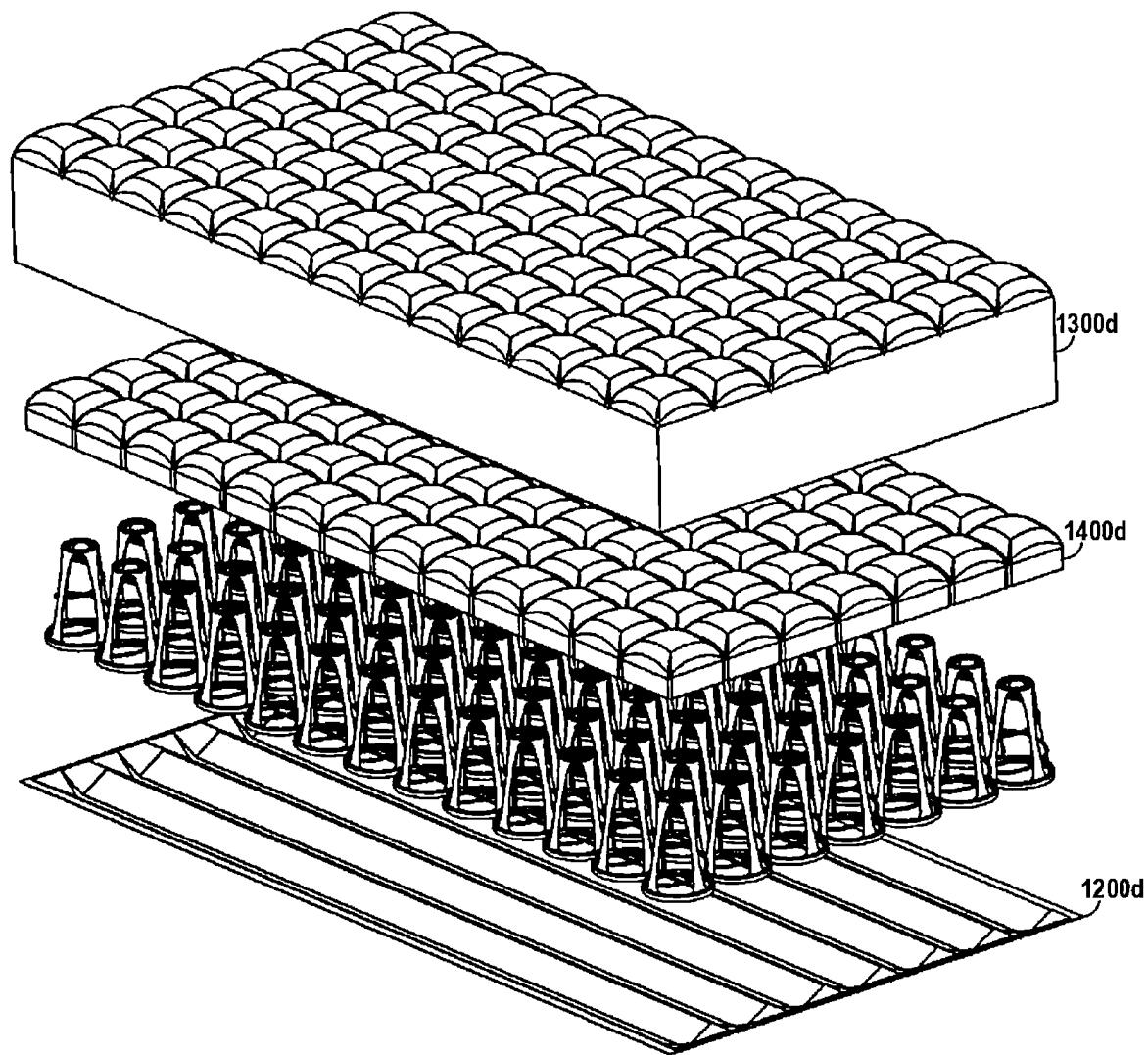
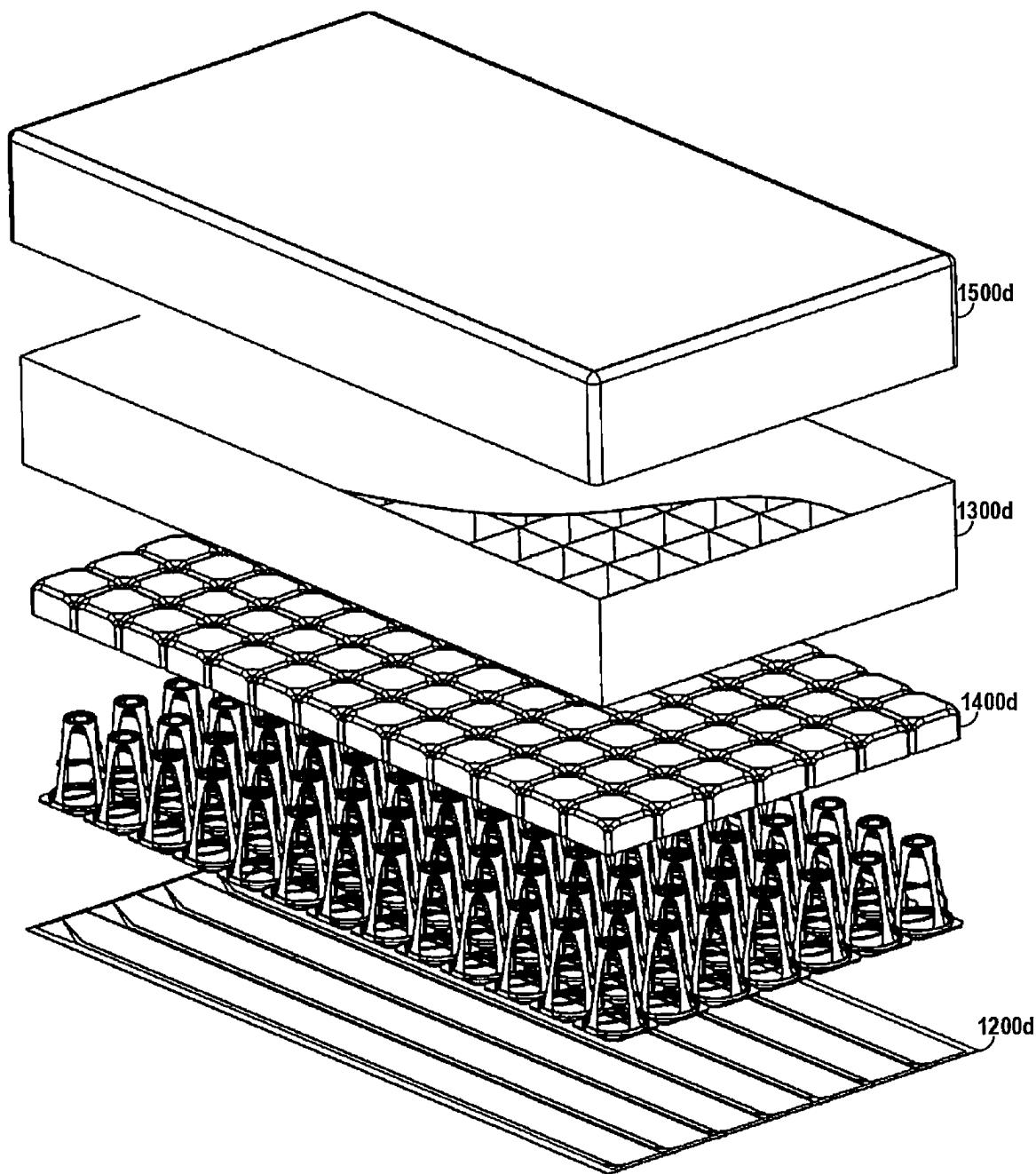
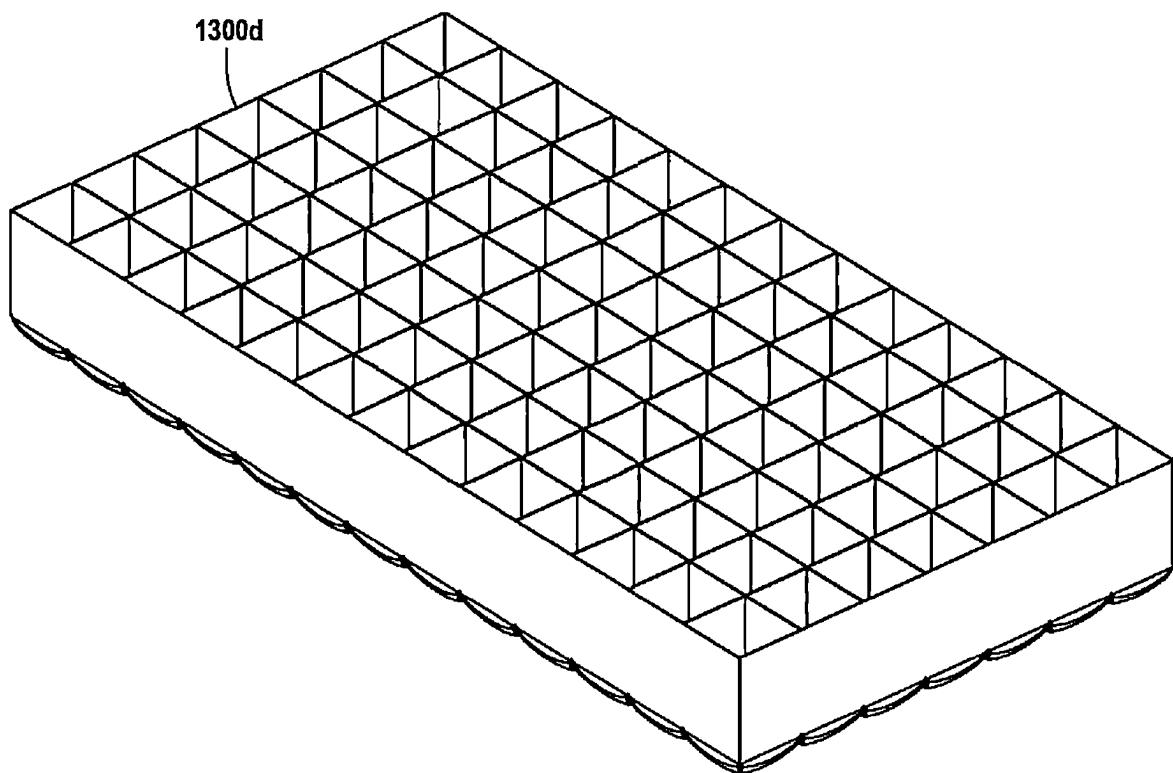


FIG.43A



**FIG.43B**



**FIG.43C**

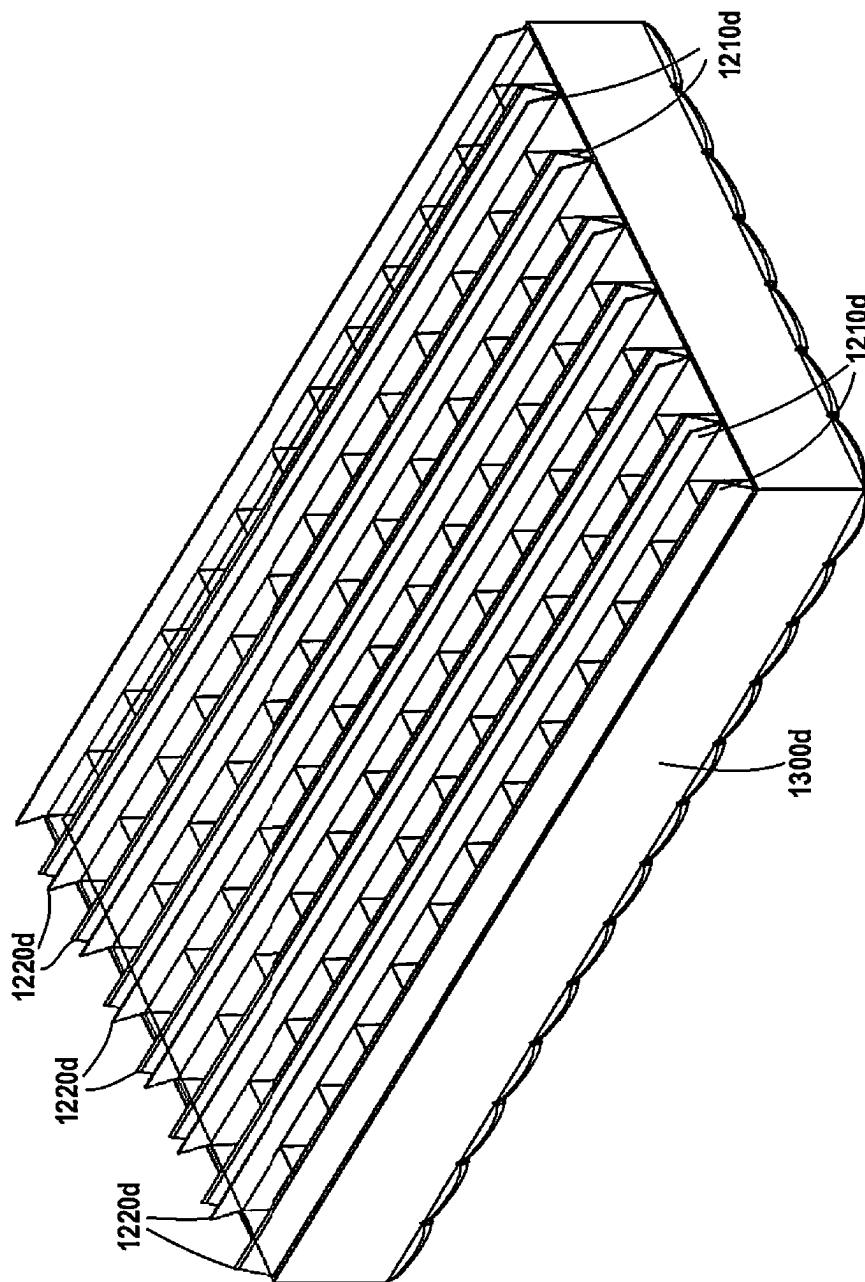


FIG.43D

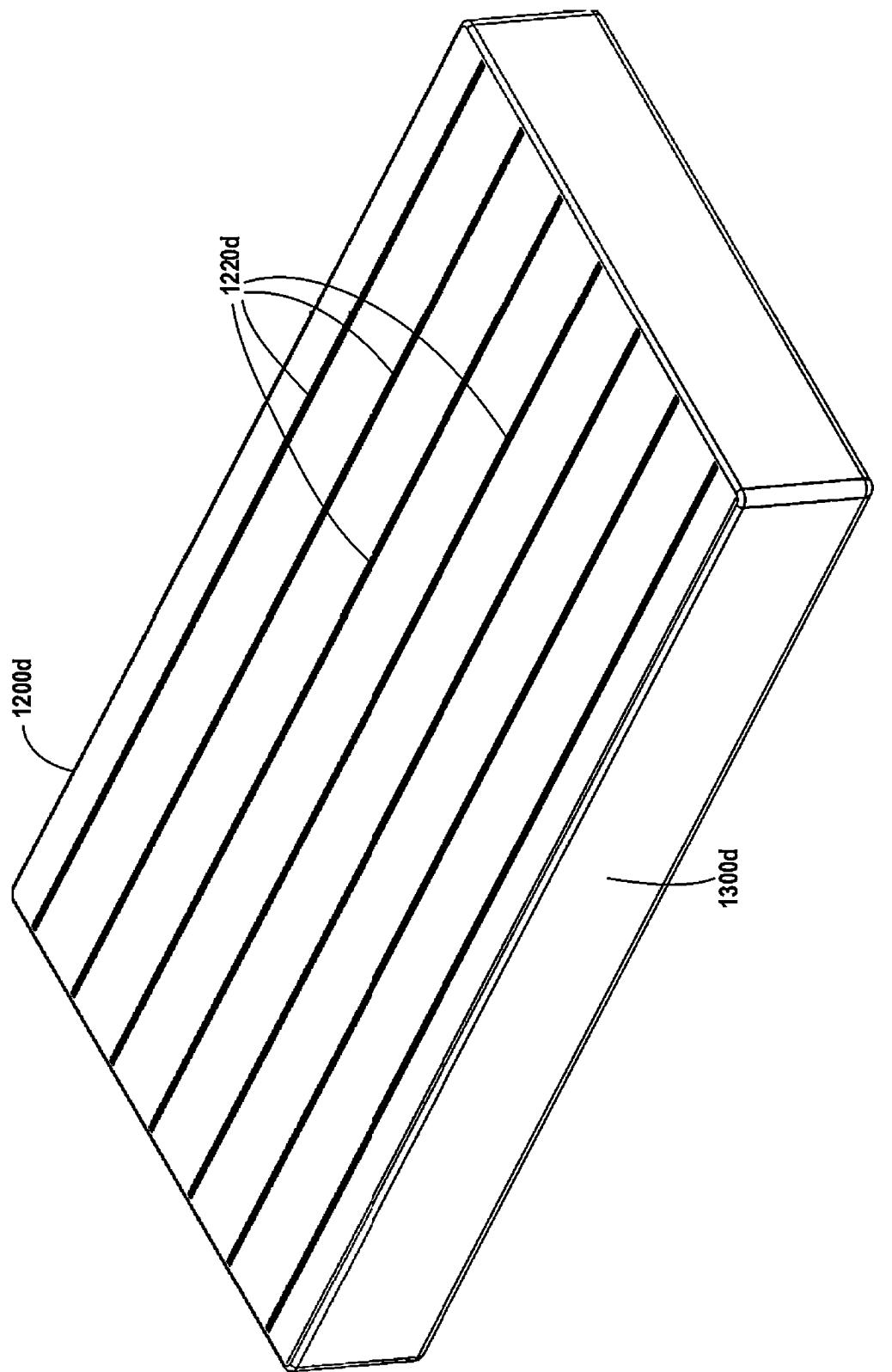
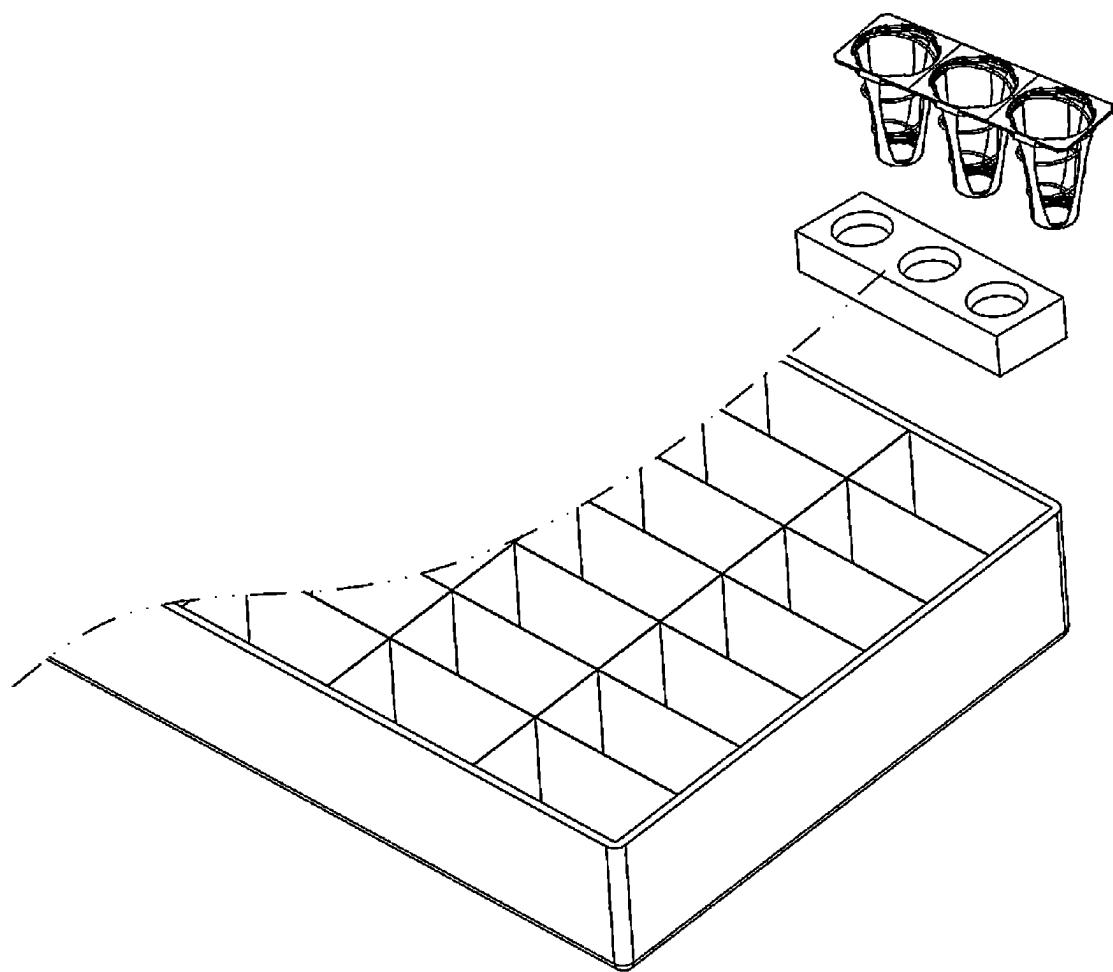


FIG.43E



**FIG.43F**

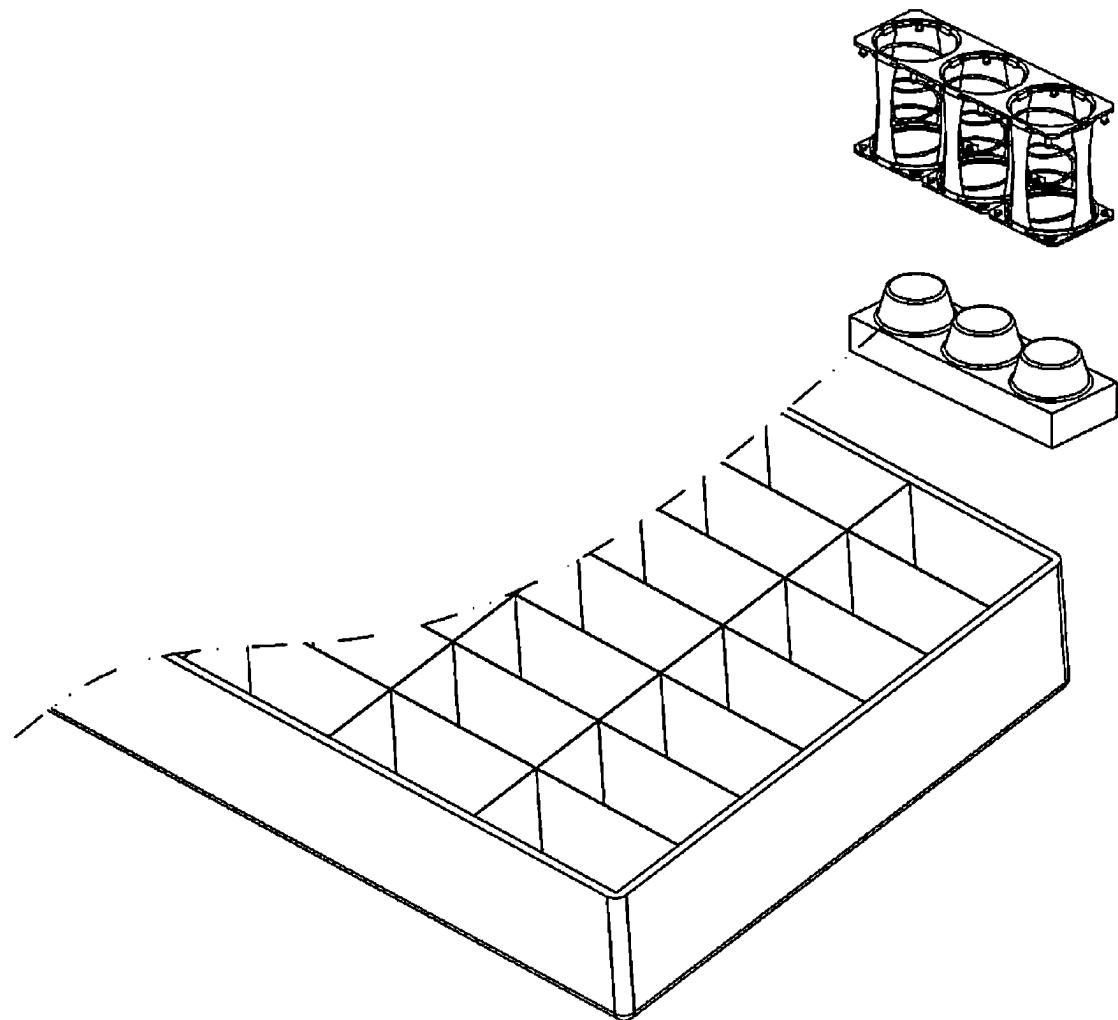


FIG.43G

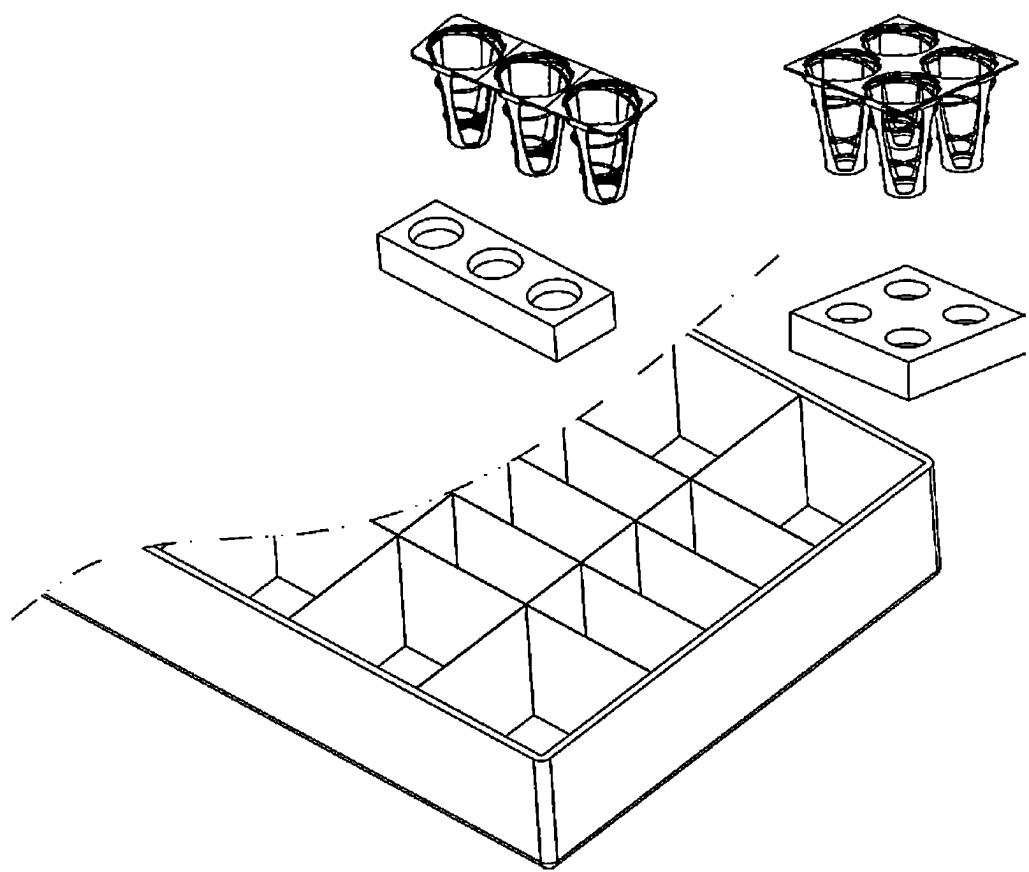
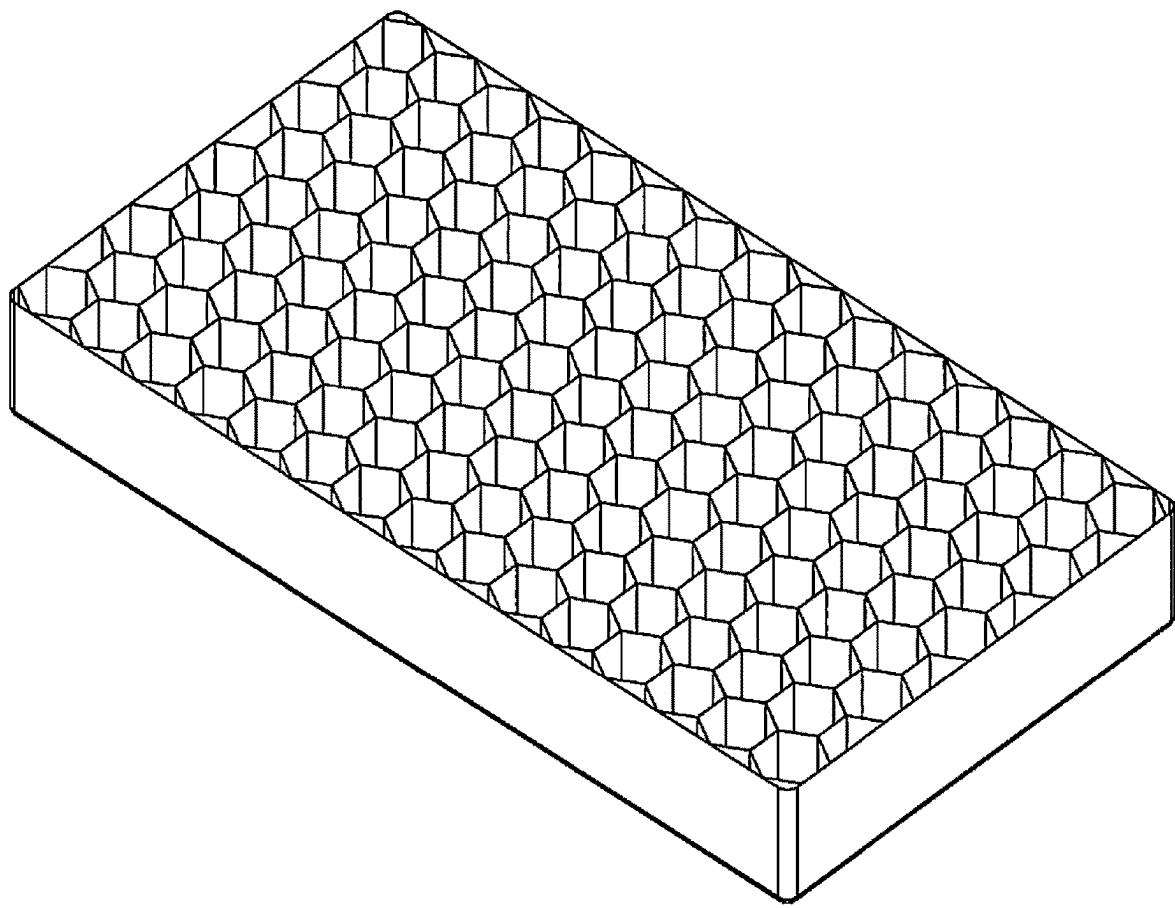
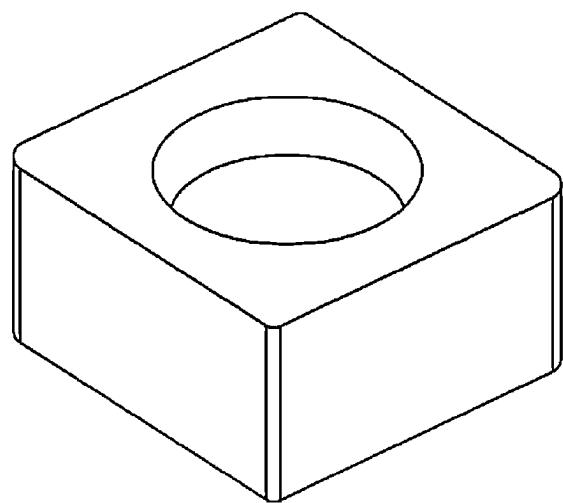


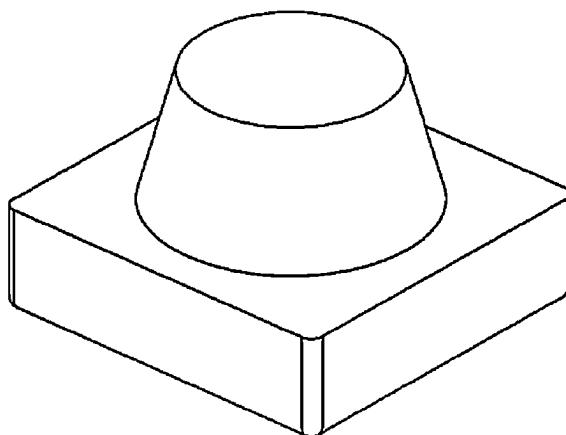
FIG.43H



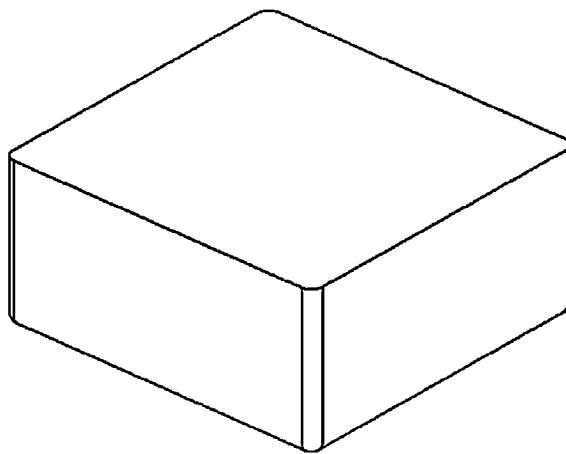
**FIG.43I**



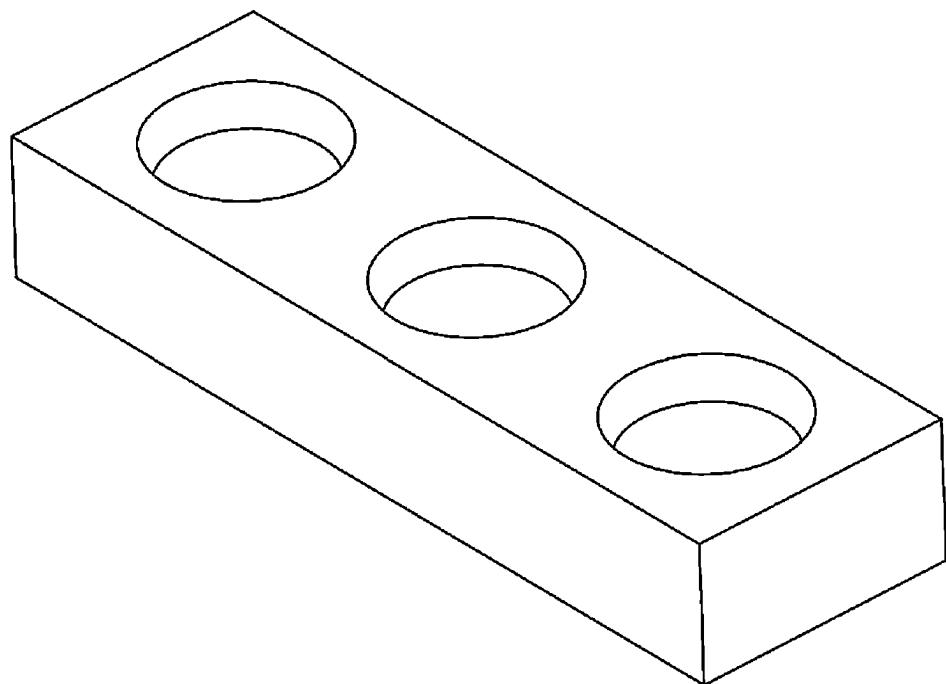
**FIG.44A**



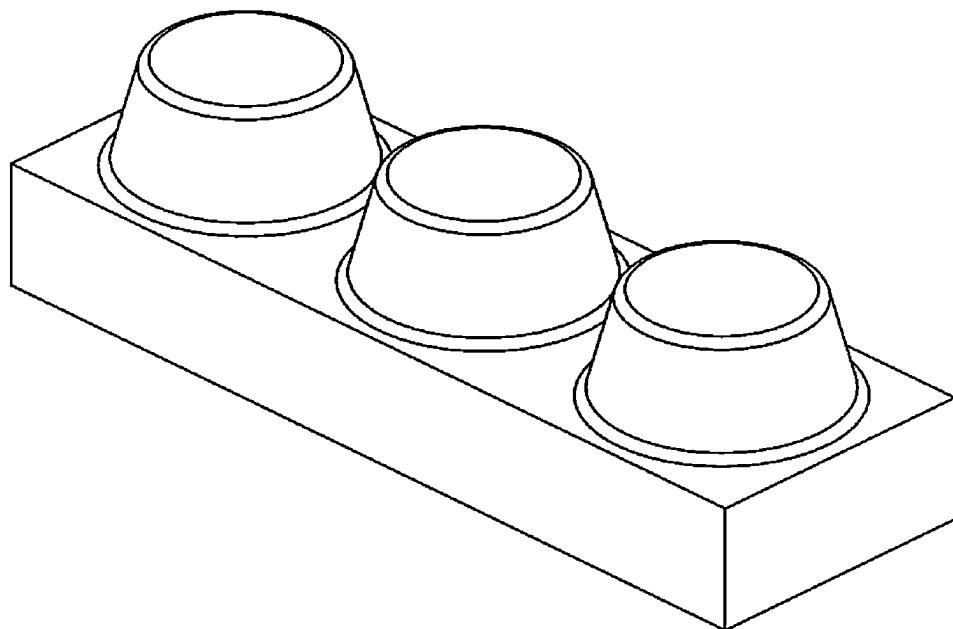
**FIG.44B**



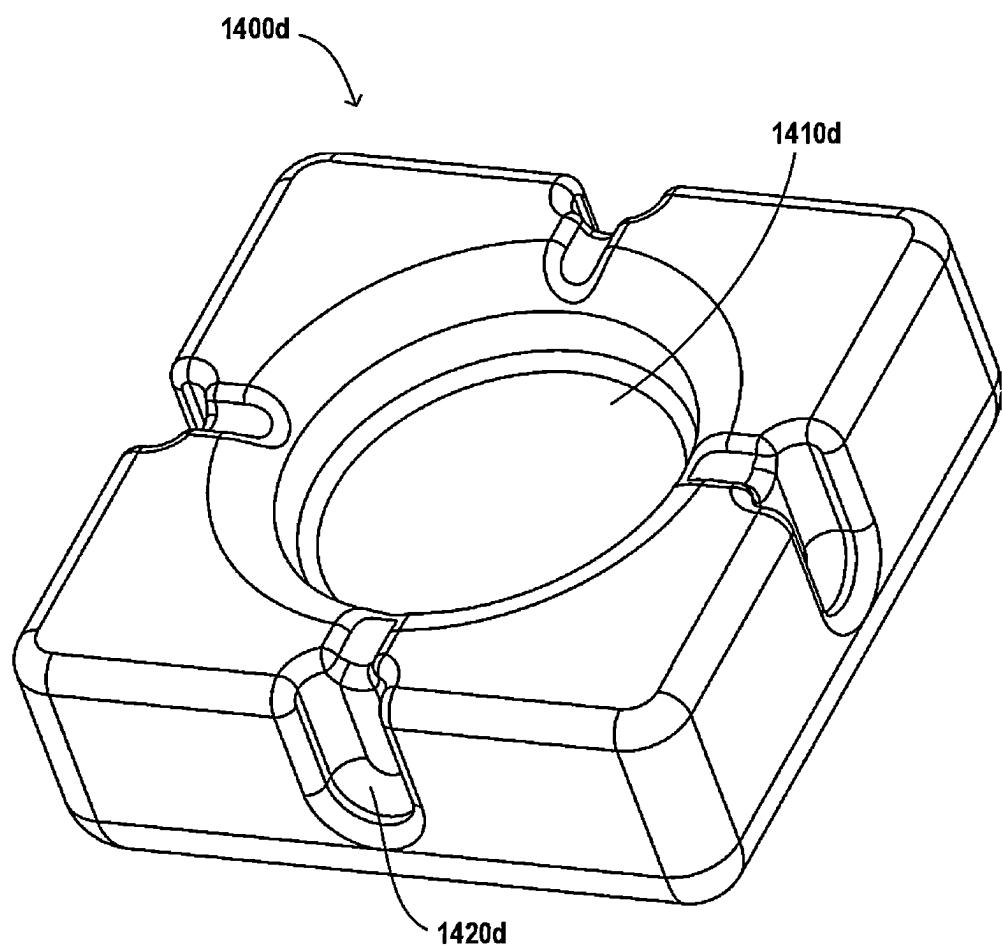
**FIG.44C**



**FIG.44D**



**FIG.44E**



**FIG.45A**

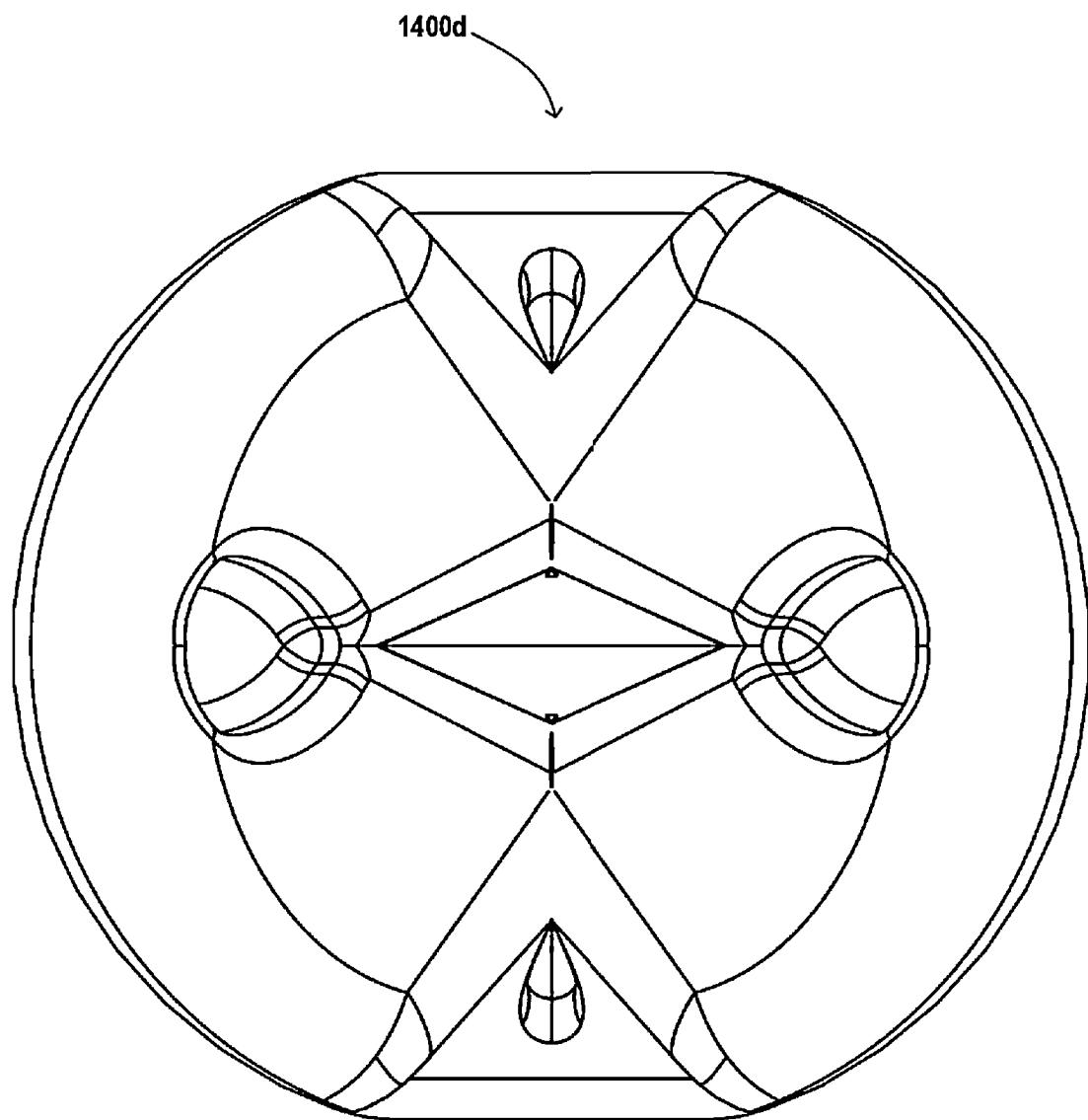


FIG.45B

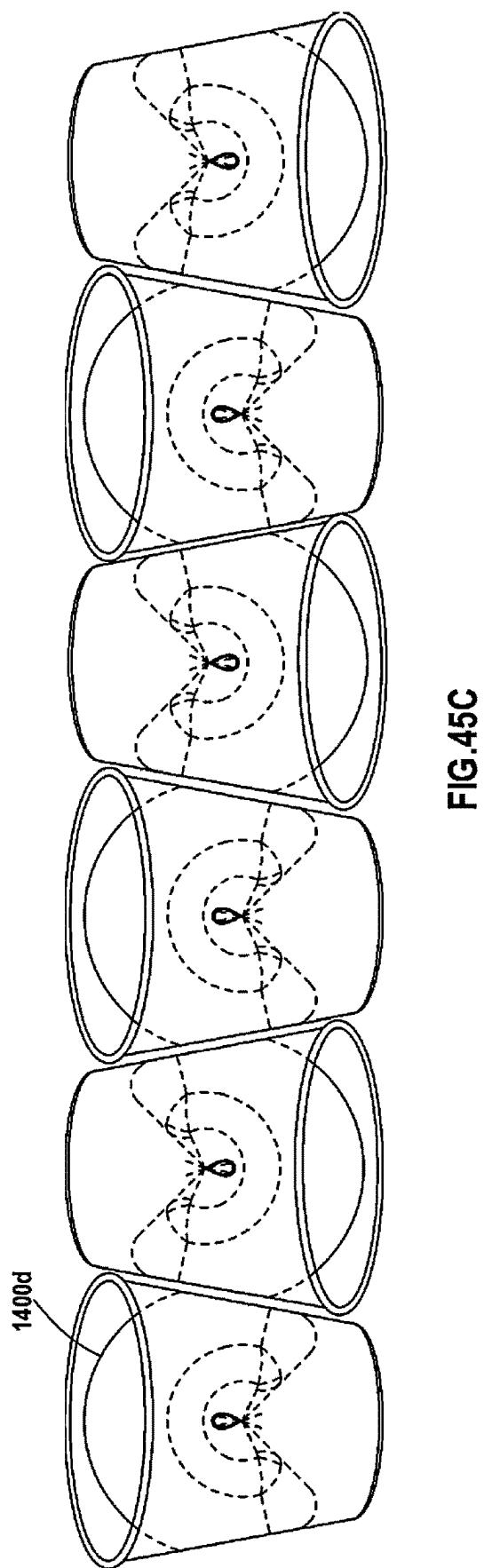
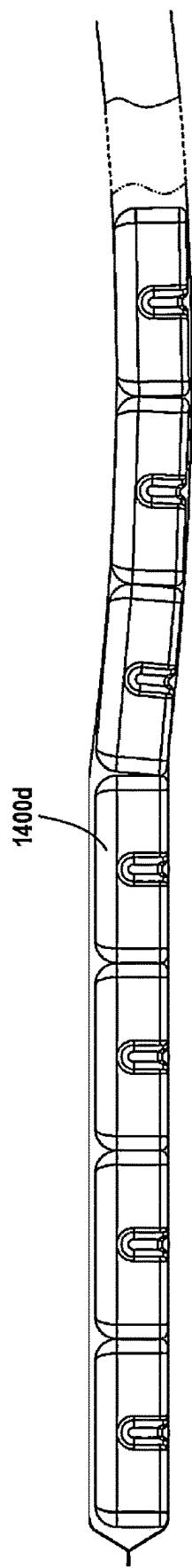


FIG.45C



**FIG.46A**

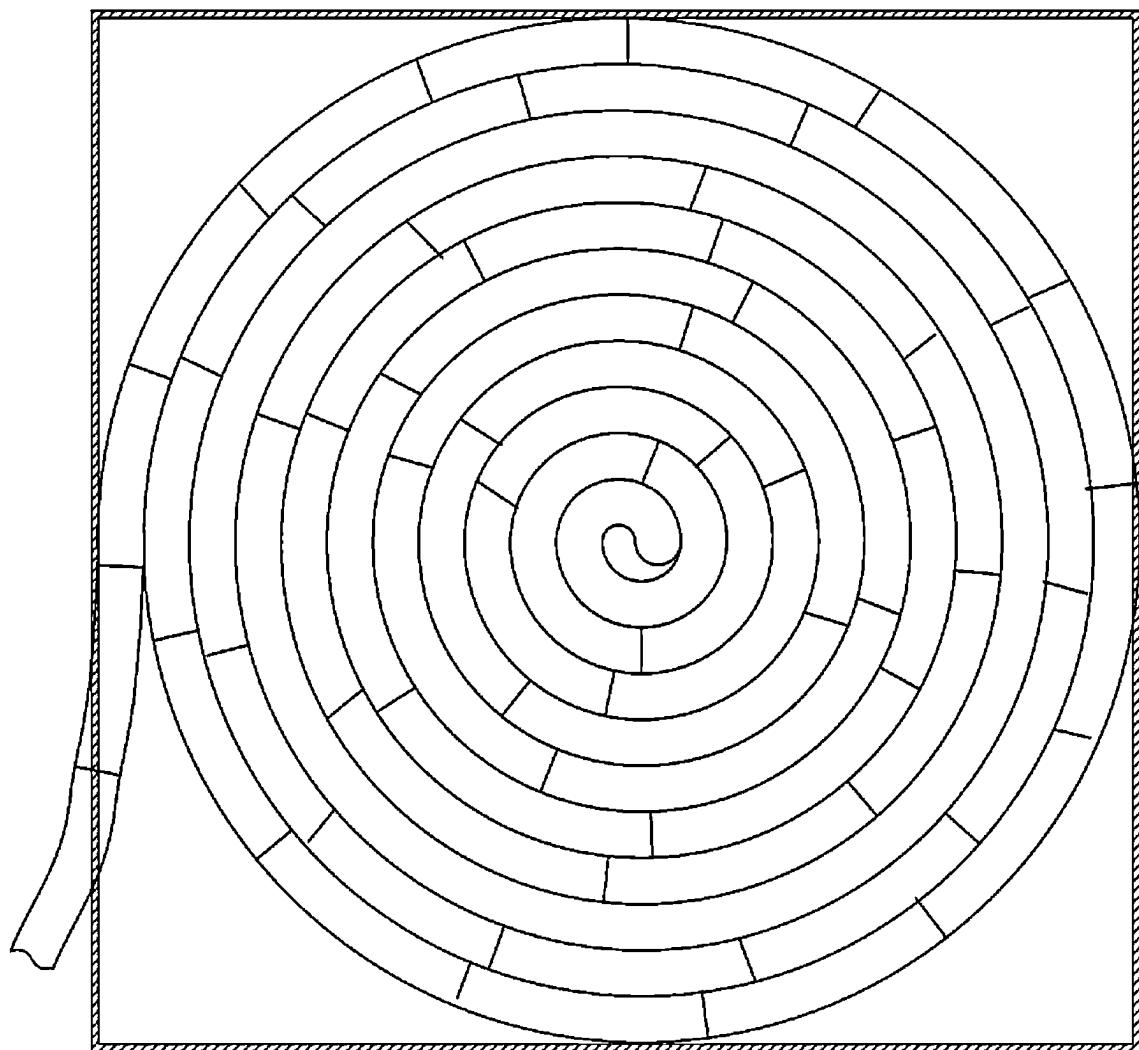


FIG.46B

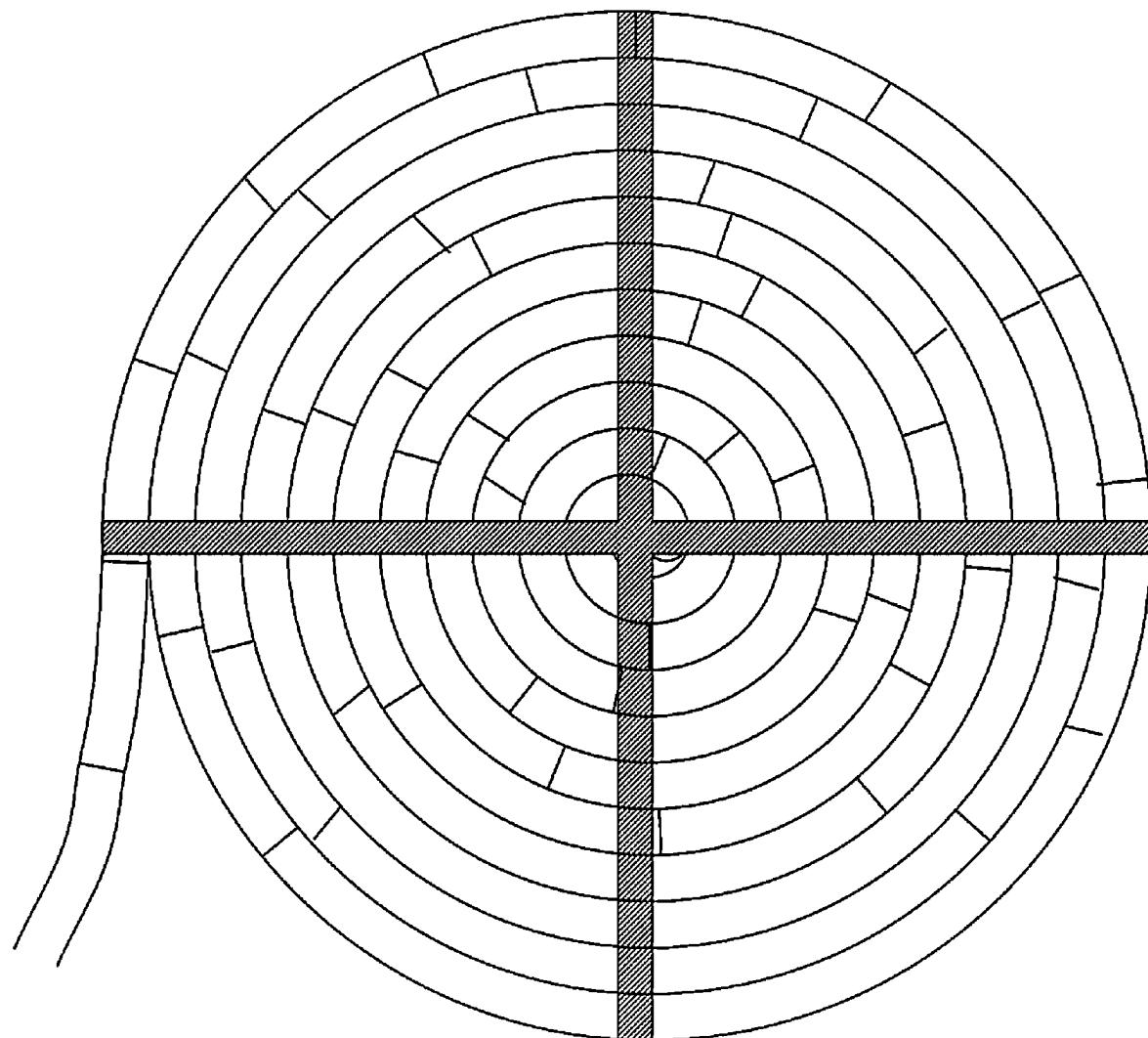


FIG.46C

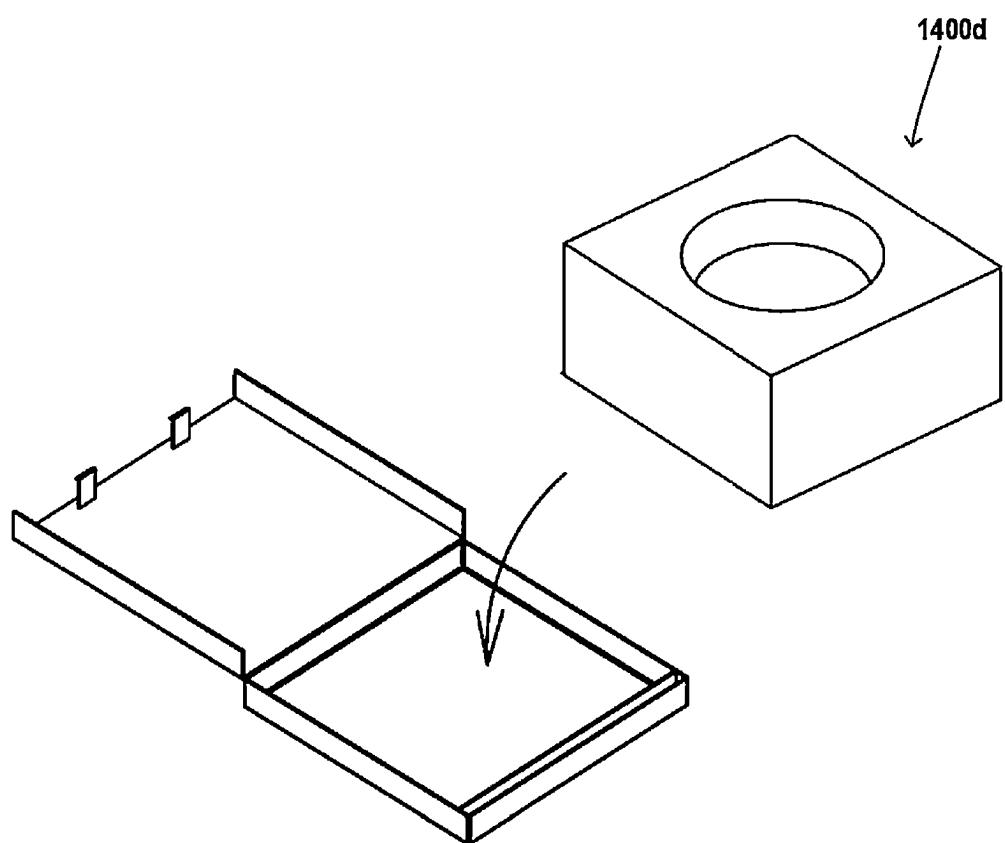


FIG.47A

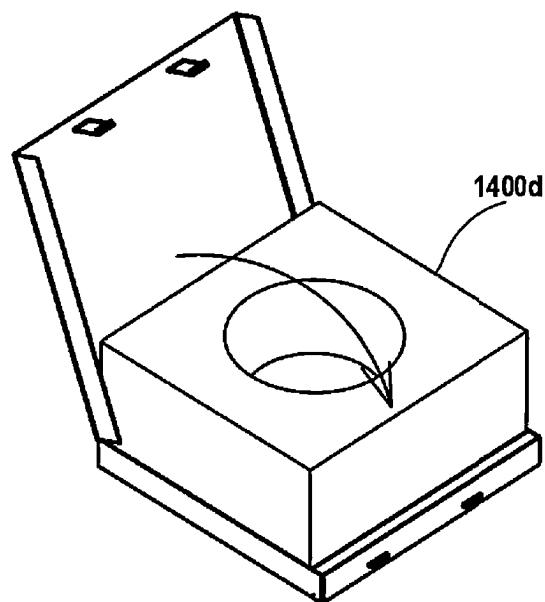
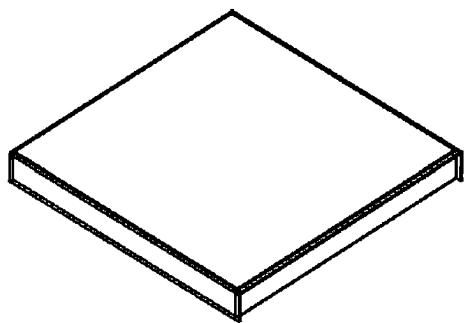


FIG.47B



**FIG.47C**

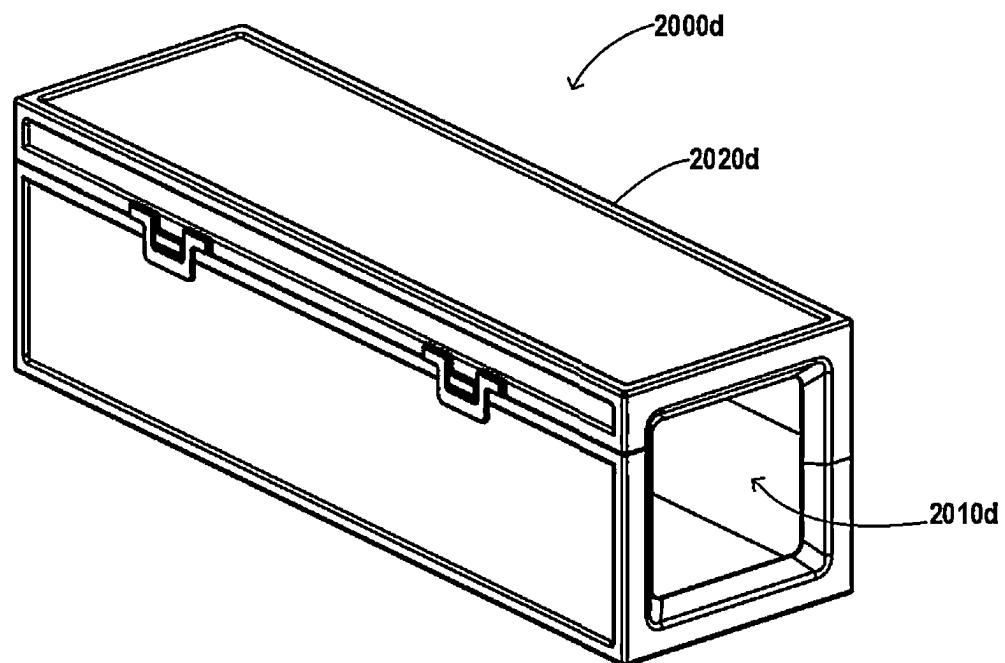


FIG.48A

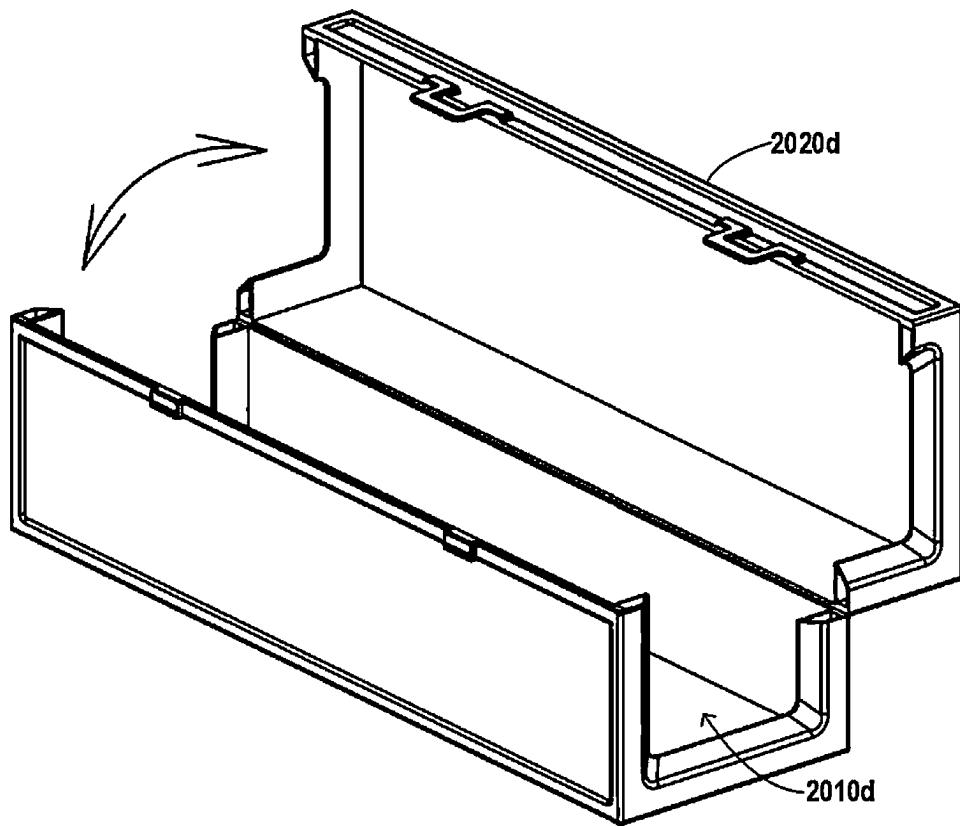


FIG.48B

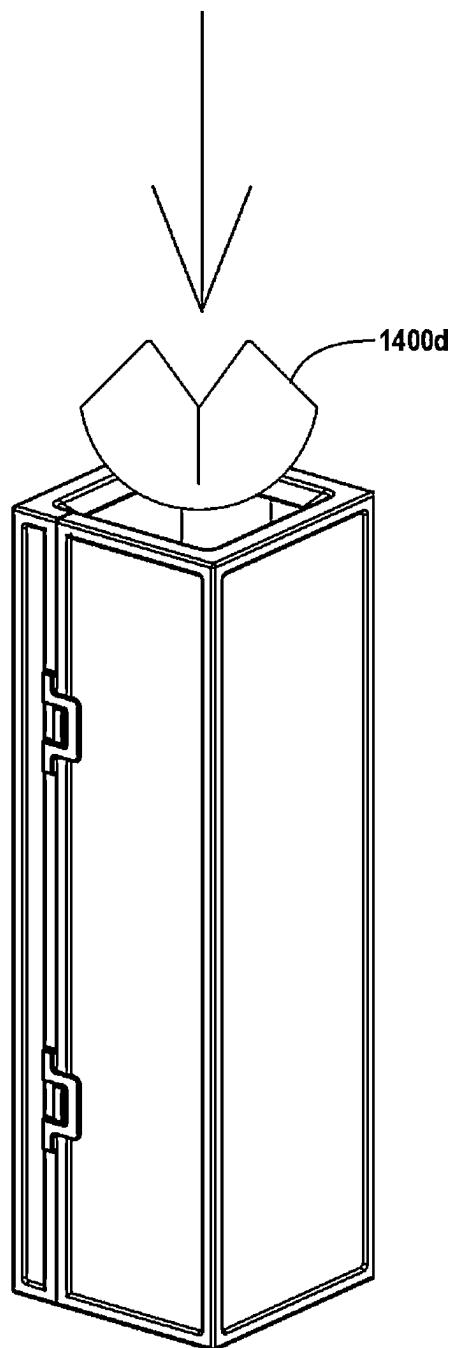
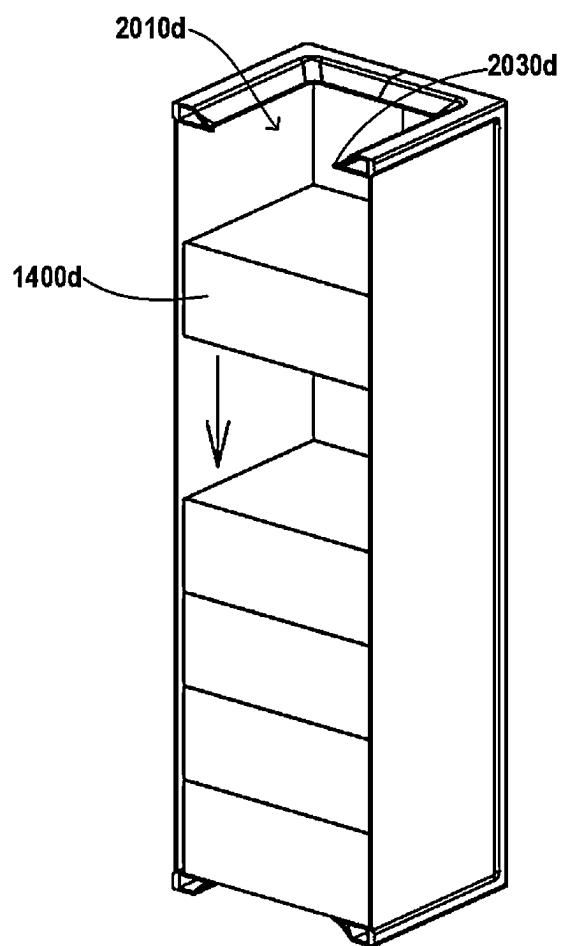
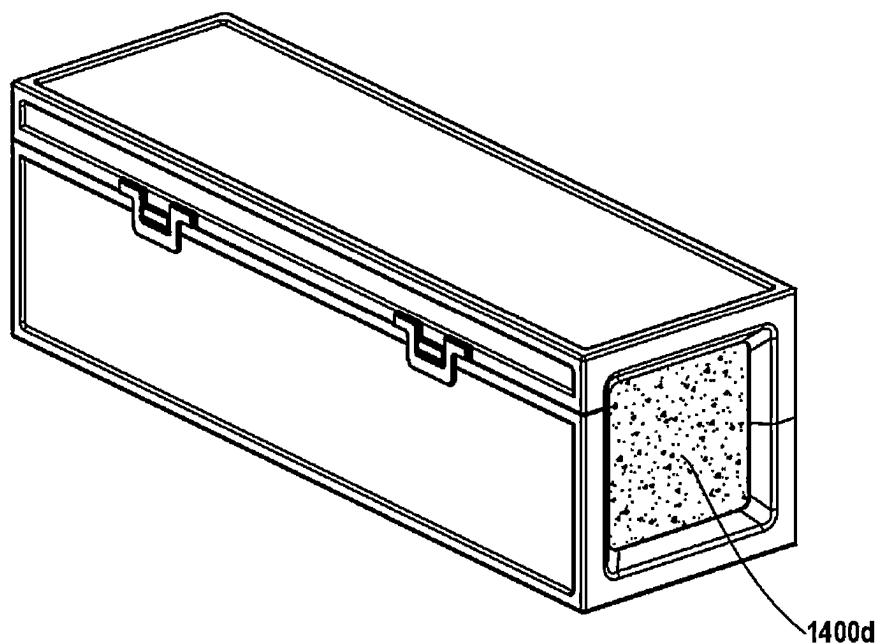


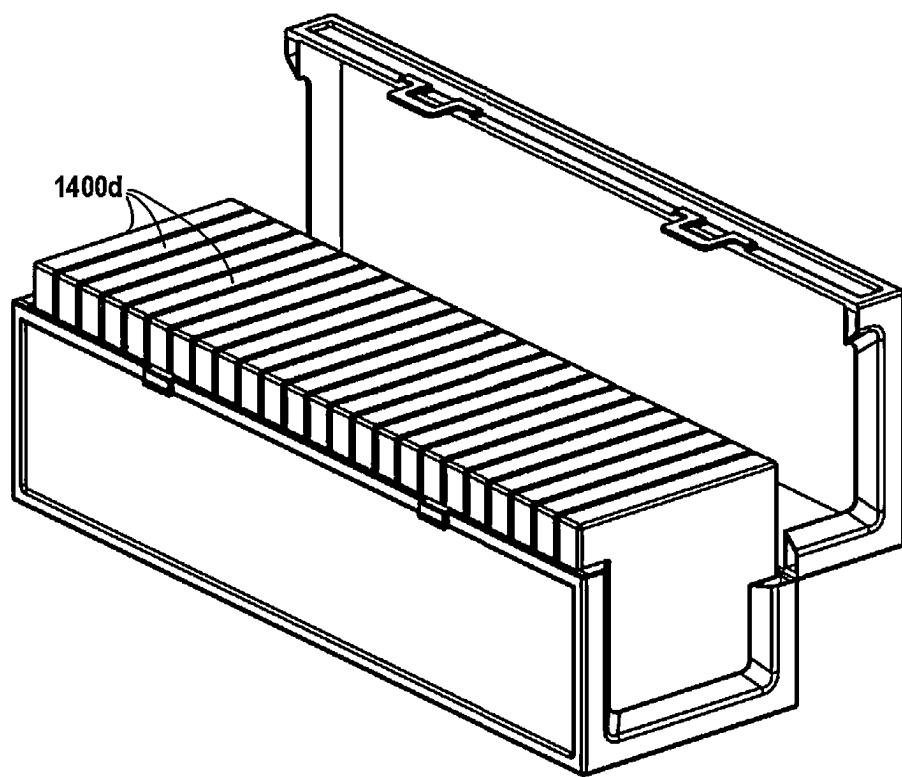
FIG.48C



**FIG.48D**



**FIG.48E**



**FIG.48F**

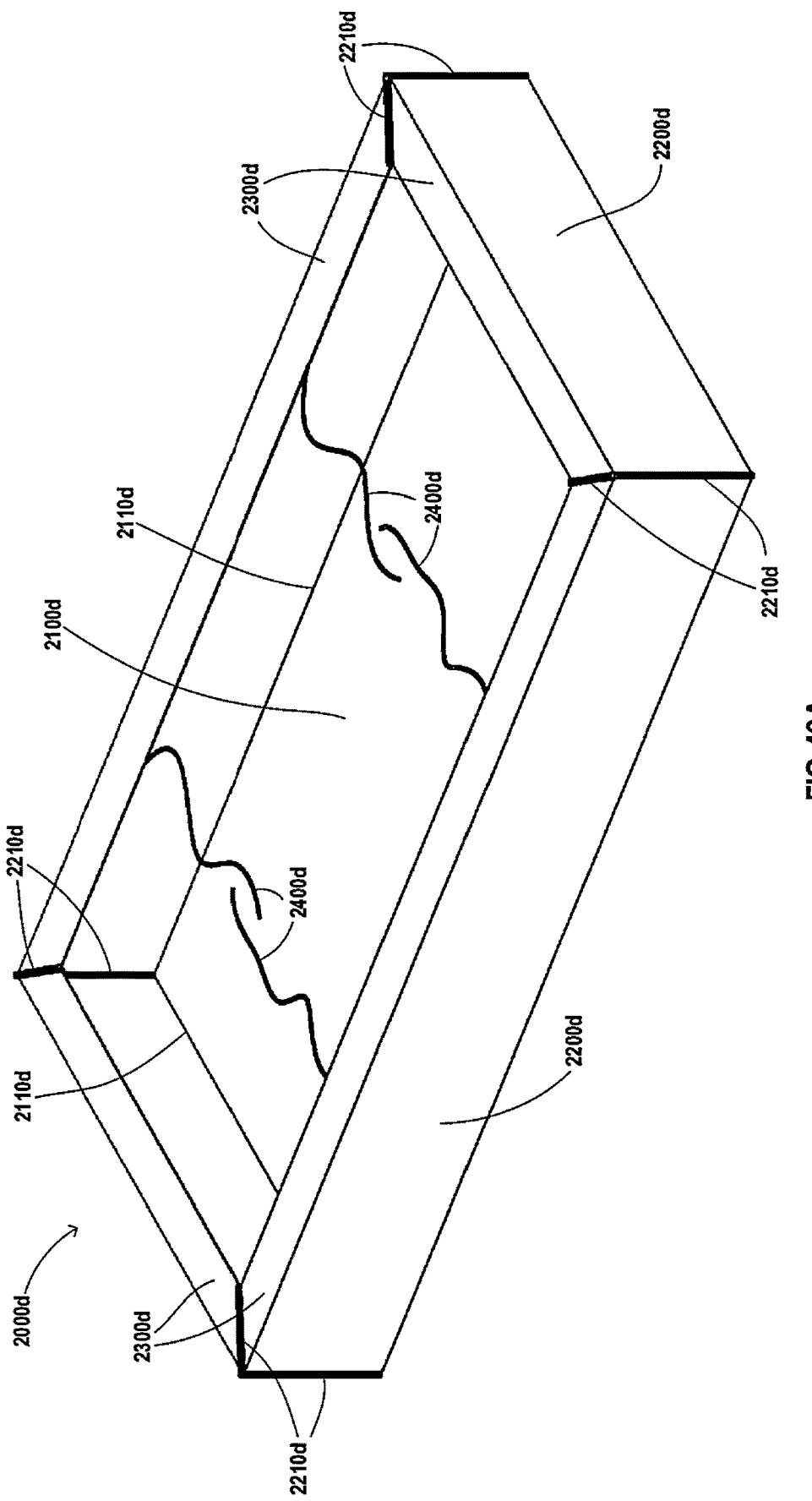


FIG.49A

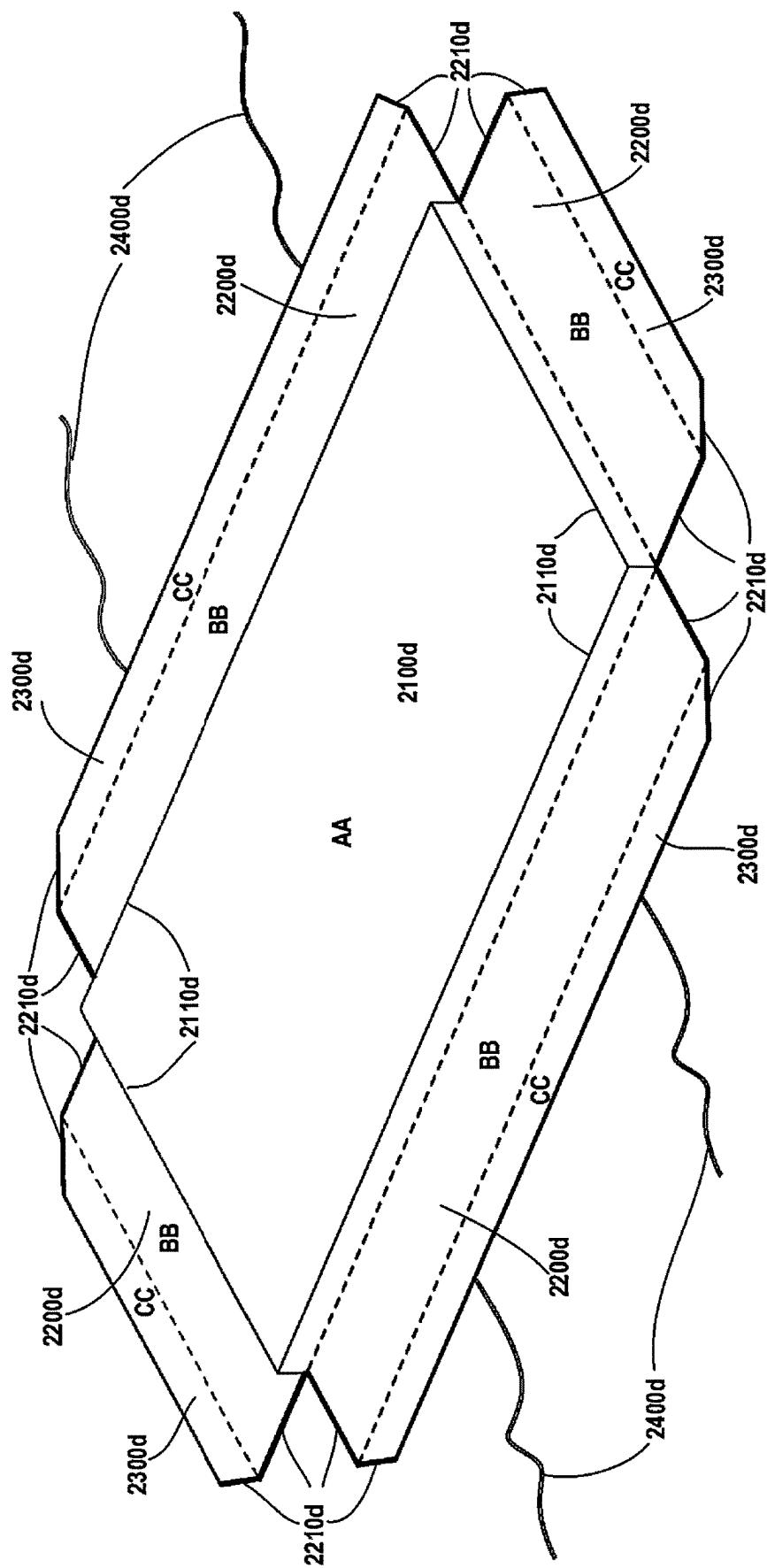
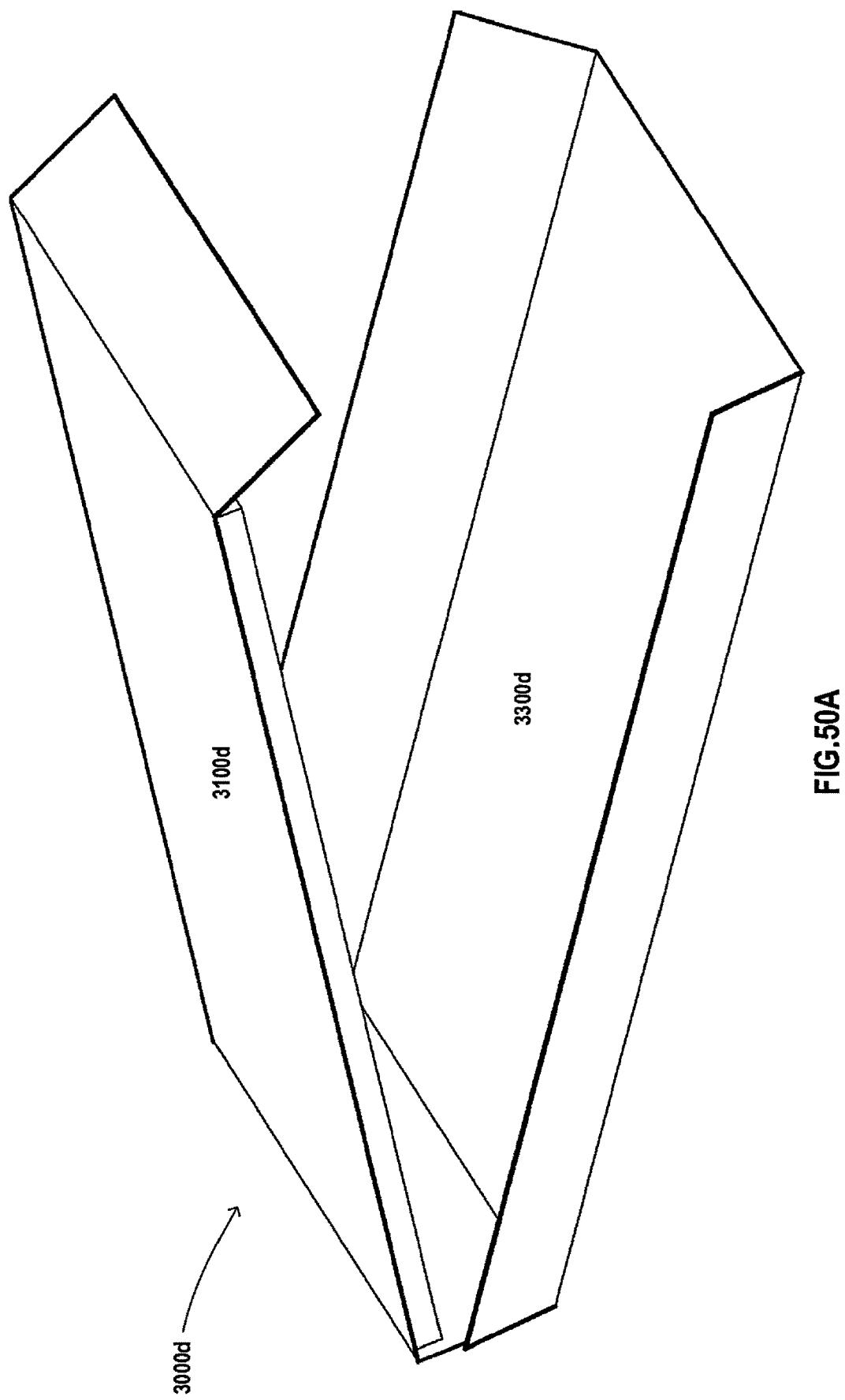
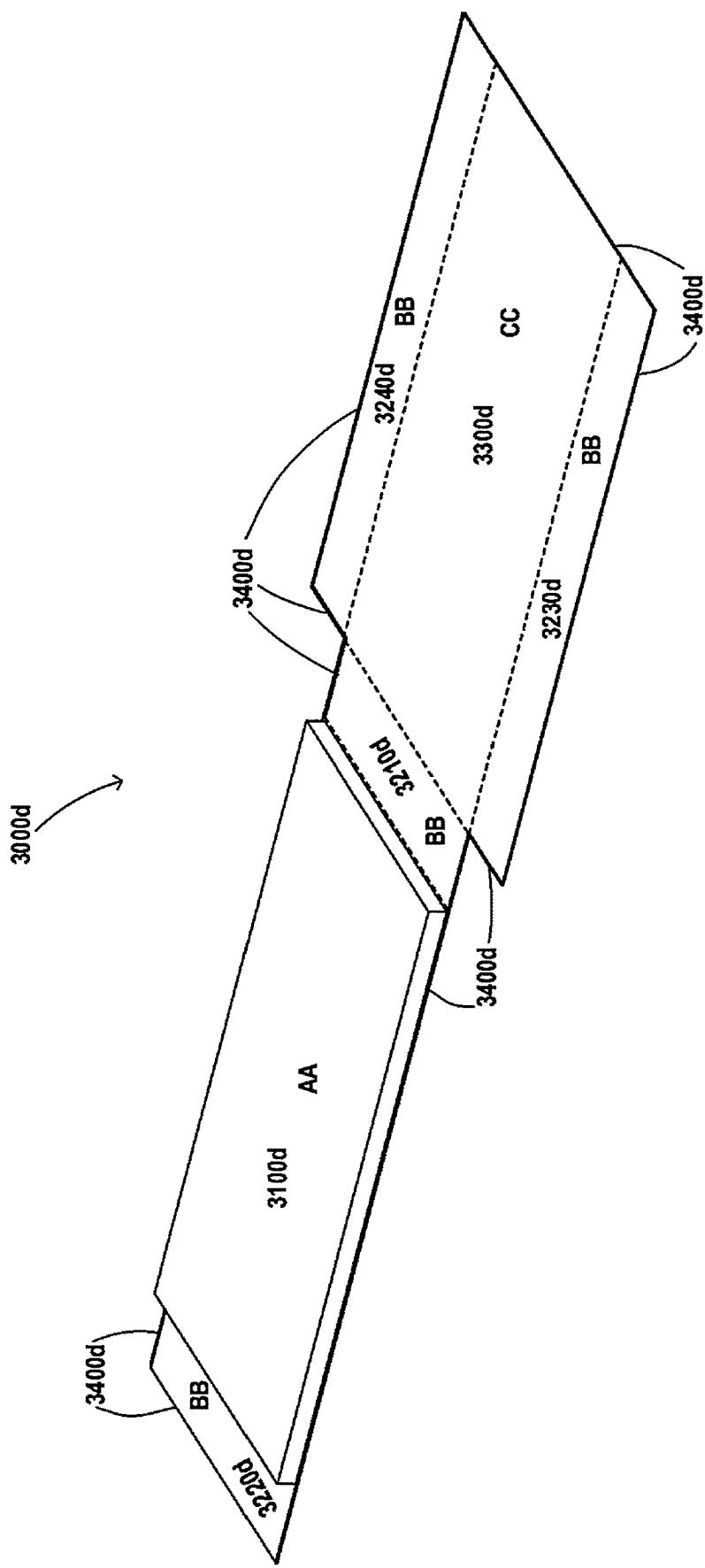


FIG.49B



**FIG.50A**



**FIG.50B**

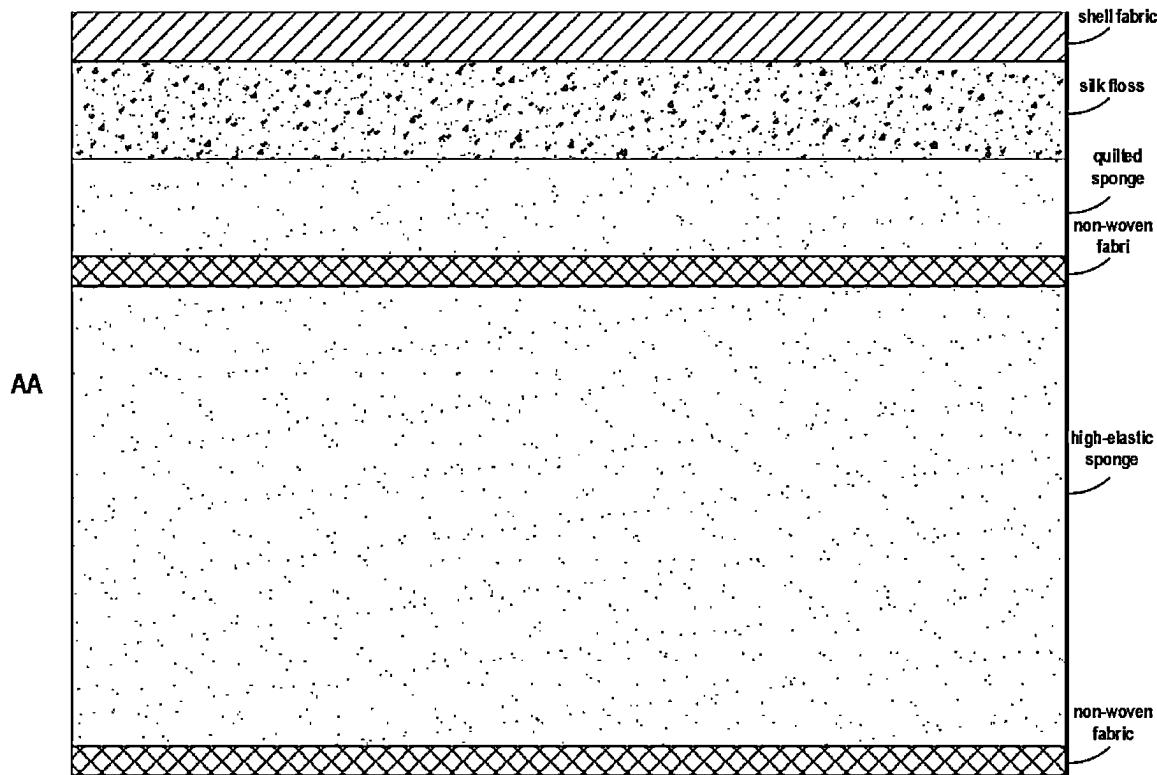


FIG.51A

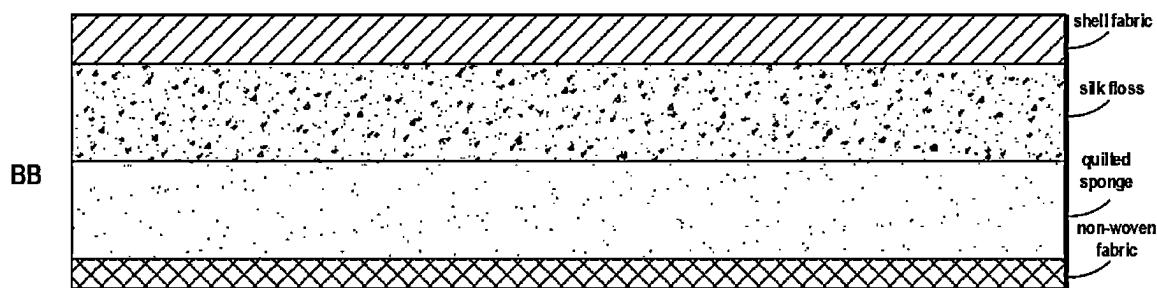


FIG.51B



FIG.51C

## SPRING MODULE AND SPRING CUSHION FOR FURNITURE

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

**[0001]** This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 18/179,080, titled “SPRING MODULE AND SPRING CUSHION FOR FURNITURE”, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/769,308, filed Apr. 14, 2022, titled “SPRING MODULE AND SPRING CUSHION FOR FURNITURE”, which is a 371 National Stage Application of International Application No. PCT/CN2020/121404, filed Oct. 16, 2020, which claims priority to Chinese Application No. 201910990436.2 filed Oct. 17, 2019, and Chinese Application No. 202011104739.9, filed Oct. 15, 2020. These Applications are incorporated herein by reference.

### FIELD

**[0002]** The present disclosure relates to a field of furniture, in particular to a spring module and a spring cushion for furniture.

### BACKGROUND

**[0003]** Large furniture, such as beds, is an essential part of people's life. Most existing large furniture is not easy to disassemble, or is not easy to reassemble after disassembly. However, with the development of the modern life, furniture like beds, in particular, needs to be disassembled and assembled more and more frequently in order to meet the needs of people's migration and outdoor recreation. During the process of migration, it is very difficult to disassemble and assemble beds, thereby the still useable beds are sometimes discarded for reducing the burden of migration.

**[0004]** A bed is usually composed of a bedstead, a spring cushion and an outer cover. Existing spring cushions are usually integrated, non-disassemble cushions formed by springs and a plurality of superimposed layers. The integral cushions are large in size, thus not easy to disassemble and store.

**[0005]** Existing independent bagged spring bed mattresses are designed to avoid mutual interference between two or more people lying in bed at the same time (for example, in the case of relatively large weight difference between individuals, one of them will inevitably affect other ones when turning over or moving). In such type of bed mattress, each spring is individually packaged in a bag or a sleeve made of non-woven fabrics or other materials. The bags are arranged in a pattern, and then an outer side of the arranged bag set is covered by a whole piece of foam rubber through adhesion, bonding, etc., so as to form a furniture cushion or a desired spring cushion in the form of a furniture cushion. However, the independent bagged spring bed mattress is still an integral product, which is non-disassemble and not easy to transport. In addition, in the independent bagged spring bed mattress, non-woven fabrics used for covering the bagged springs are adhered to each other, so when the bed mattress is squeezed, a plurality of bagged springs cannot move up and down completely independently, thus affecting the comfort of the bed mattress.

**[0006]** In addition, existing bed mattresses also have the disadvantage of being difficult to clean. For a typical bed mattress, generally only the bed cover can be removed,

while the sponge part cannot be removed, thus not easy to clean. Even though latex may have a certain anti-mite effect, the sponge part which is difficult to clean will bring great health risks since a bed mattress may usually be used for several years.

**[0007]** Therefore, there is a need for an improved spring cushion, which can be readily disassembled, moved and reassembled, as well as stored in a compact space, and is easy to clean with better comfort.

### SUMMARY

**[0008]** In view of the foregoing problems in the prior art, the present disclosure provides a spring module for a spring cushion of furniture, and a spring cushion with the same. The spring module of the present disclosure has at least following advantages: simple structure, easy to assemble and form a spring cushion together with a sponge pad, etc., the spring cushion thus formed is easy to disassemble, and the disassembled spring modules are able to be compressed or stacked and nested one another, which may greatly save storage and transportation space; since the spring module has a flexible connecting part positioned outside a spring, the spring in the spring module is not easy to be wound together with springs or other components in adjacent spring modules, no matter in the state of being assembled into spring cushions or in the state of being stacked and nested one another. Compared with a single spring, since the spring module may have a base, its stress area is larger and more stable, thereby the spring cushion is more stable in use; an initial pressure of the spring in the spring module can be predetermined as desired, so that the spring module has a desired stiffness, furthermore, spring modules with different stiffness can be arranged at different positions of the spring cushion as desired; the spring modules in the spring cushion can realize compressing and releasing motions that are truly independent of each other, enabling the spring cushion of the present disclosure to have a better comfort compared with the existing bagged spring bed mattresses; the sponge part (sponge block and/or sponge pad) in the spring cushion is detachable, which is easy to clean. The spring cushion of the present disclosure can be used for furniture having spring cushions, such as, including but not limited to bed mattresses, sofas, soft pack benches, etc.

**[0009]** In one aspect, the present disclosure provides a spring module for making a spring cushion of furniture, the spring module comprising one or more conical springs, and a spring bracket configured to hold and fix the one or more conical springs, and the spring bracket comprises:

**[0010]** a base comprising one or more spring mounting seats, each spring mounting seat having a spring fixing part for fixing an end of the conical spring;

**[0011]** one or more end covers, each end cover being arranged opposite to one corresponding spring mounting seat and cooperating with each other so as to hold one of the one or more conical springs, wherein the end cover abuts against the other end of the conical spring opposite to the one end fixed in the spring mounting seat; and

**[0012]** one or more groups of flexible straps, each group of flexible straps comprising a plurality of flexible straps spaced apart from each other and evenly arranged between a corresponding pair of the spring mounting seat and the end cover, and the flexible straps are positioned outside the conical spring when the

conical spring is held between the corresponding pair of the spring mounting seat and the end cover.

[0013] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the base further comprises a module mounting part for detachably mounting the spring module onto a mounting rack of the spring cushion. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring module can be mounted onto the mounting rack of the spring cushion.

[0014] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the conical spring is installed into the spring bracket with a predetermined initial compression force. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring module may be provided with an ideal initial stiffness.

[0015] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, four flexible straps spaced apart from each other are evenly arranged around a periphery of the end cover. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, winding between the spring modules may be avoided via using a small number of flexible straps.

[0016] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, an opening is formed at a center of the end cover. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, it is beneficial for saving materials and costs, and when a plurality of spring modules are nested together, a space between the end cover and the end cover may communicate with an outer space, which is beneficial for the nesting and disassembly.

[0017] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the corresponding pair of the spring mounting seat and the end cover form a substantially frustoconical shape, wherein the end cover forms a small end of the frustoconical shape, the spring mounting seat forms a large end of the frustoconical shape, and an opening is formed at a center of the spring mounting seat, such that the end cover and most of or all of the flexible straps of another spring module are able to enter an inner side of the spring module via the opening, thus forming nesting. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring module is capable of maintaining a posture more stably and the nesting of multiple modules may be facilitated.

[0018] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring bracket is integrally formed. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring bracket has low manufacturing costs, and is strong and durable.

[0019] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring bracket is assembled by a first half and a second half which can be detachably coupled to each other, and the first half comprises a first half of the base, a first half of the end cover and at least one flexible strap, the second half comprises a second half of the base, a second half of the end cover and at least one flexible strap, and the first half as well as the second half of the spring bracket are all integrally formed. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the assembly of the conical spring into the spring bracket may be facilitated.

[0020] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the base and the end cover of one of the first half and the second half of the spring bracket are respectively provided with at least one socket, and the base and the

end cover of the other one are respectively provided with at least one plug adapted to the socket. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, both two halves of the spring bracket may be integrally formed, and the assembly of the spring bracket is simple.

[0021] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the module mounting part is configured as slideways provided on a bottom surface of the base, enabling the base to be slidably assembled onto the mounting rack in the spring cushion via the slideways. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, it is beneficial for the assembly and disassembly of the spring module and the mounting rack.

[0022] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the slideways are discontinuous adjacent to an opening, thus forming segmented slideways. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the nesting of multiple spring modules may be facilitated.

[0023] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the base of the spring bracket comprises:

[0024] a first part and a second part arranged opposite to each other;

[0025] a third part and a fourth part respectively adjacent to the first part and the second part and arranged opposite to each other,

[0026] wherein, at least one flexible strap is fixedly connected to a top surface of each of the above four parts, and the above four parts are able to be detachably coupled to each other via a locking device, thereby forming the base. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the assembly of the conical spring in to the spring bracket may be facilitated.

[0027] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, inner peripheries of the first part, the second part, the third part and the fourth part together form an opening at the center of the base.

[0028] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, wherein the module mounting part comprises first slideways formed at outer sides of the third part and the fourth part of the base, enabling the base to be slidably assembled to the mounting rack in the spring cushion via the first slideways. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the nesting of multiple spring modules may be facilitated.

[0029] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a top surface of the end cover is provided with second slideways extending in a direction consistent with the first slideways on the base, enabling the end cover to be slidably assembled to the mounting rack in the spring cushion via the second slideways. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, it is beneficial for the assembly and disassembly of the spring module and the mounting rack, and the spring module may be assembled to the mounting rack with the end cover of which facing downwards.

[0030] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring bracket further comprises:

[0031] four flexible connecting belts respectively arranged on sides of the third part and the fourth part of the base and positioned on both sides of ends of the first slideways, and an end of the flexible connecting belt is provided with a through hole;

[0032] four projections respectively provided on the top surface of the end cover and positioned laterally outside two second slideways,

[0033] wherein, when two or more spring modules are assembled on the mounting rack and one of the spring modules is assembled on the mounting rack via the end cover, the flexible connecting belts of which are able to be snapped on the projections of another adjacent spring module assembled on the mounting rack via the base. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, multiple adjacent spring modules mounted on the mounting rack with different mounting directions may be connected with each other through the flexible connecting belts as well as the projections, which is more stable and more difficult to dislocate on the whole.

[0034] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, at least one cylindrical pin is provided on an outer side of the first part of the base, and at least one receiving hole is provided at a corresponding position on an outer side of the second part of the base, such that when two or more spring modules are assembled on the mounting rack, the cylindrical pin of one spring module is able to be aligned with and inserted into a corresponding receiving hole of another adjacent spring module, so as to connect adjacent spring modules. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, multiple adjacent spring modules mounted on the mounting rack with the same mounting direction may be connected with each other, which is more stable and difficult to dislocate on the whole.

[0035] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a top of the base is provided with an annular wall extending around the opening, and threads are provided on an outside surface of the annular wall, such that a bottom wall of a slideway of one spring module is able to be screwed between the threads and the top of the base of another spring module as two or more spring modules sleeved on one another. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, multiple spring modules may be nested with each other more stably.

[0036] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, an outer periphery of the base is provided with one or more snap parts extending upwards as well as one or more snap notches positioned below the one or more snap parts, thereby enabling the snap part of one spring module to be locked in the corresponding snap notch of another spring module as two or more spring modules sleeved on one another. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, multiple spring modules may be nested with each other more stably.

[0037] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a flexible connecting piece is integrally formed at an outer side of the flexible strap, and when a plurality of the spring modules are installed in the spring cushion, the flexible connecting piece of one spring module is able to be detachably connected with a corresponding connecting piece of another adjacent spring module. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, when multiple spring modules are mounted on the mounting rack, the multiple spring modules may be connected via the flexible connecting pieces, which is more stable and more difficult to dislocate on a whole.

[0038] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the flexible connecting piece comprises a

neck part and a T-shaped groove, and the neck part as well as the T-shaped groove are dimensioned such that one flexible connecting piece of two adjacent flexible connecting pieces is able to be detachably locked in the T-shaped groove of the other flexible connecting piece through allowing the neck part to pass through the T-shaped groove. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the flexible connecting piece is simple in structure, which is easy to assemble and disassemble.

[0039] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a vertical distance between the flexible connecting piece and the end cover is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of an overall height of the spring module. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the connecting relationship of multiple spring modules is more stable, which is not easy to fall over.

[0040] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, at least a portion of the conical spring is a double-wire spring part. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring module may have an ideal stiffness or elastic coefficient.

[0041] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the double-wire spring part extends from a large-diameter end of the conical spring to about  $\frac{2}{3}$  height of the conical spring. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, The spring module may have an ideal stiffness or elastic coefficient.

[0042] In another aspect, the present disclosure further provides a spring cushion used for furniture, the spring cushion comprising:

[0043] a plurality of the spring modules according to the embodiments described above;

[0044] a mounting rack which is foldable, and the spring modules are detachably assembled on the mounting rack;

[0045] a sponge cover covering the plurality of the spring modules; and

[0046] an outer cover covering the sponge cover, wherein the outer cover wraps the spring modules and the sponge cover assembled on the mounting rack.

[0047] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a top of the sponge cover is provided with a plurality of nest structures, and a position of each of the plurality of nest structures corresponds to a position of the end cover of the plurality of the spring modules mounted on the mounting rack one by one, thus enabling a top of each spring module to be accommodated in a corresponding nest structure. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the sponge cover may assist in fixing the top of the spring module, so that the spring module is easier to maintain a position and posture, and the sponge cover is not easy to move.

[0048] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the mounting rack comprises:

[0049] two side frames positioned at both lateral sides of the mounting rack, the side frame having a longitudinal extending part and a plurality of transverse protruding parts extending perpendicular to the longitudinal extending part toward one side;

[0050] a plurality of intermediate frames positioned between the two side frames, the intermediate frame having a longitudinal extending part and a plurality of

transverse protruding parts extending perpendicular to the longitudinal extending part toward both lateral sides;

[0051] a plurality of connectors rotatably connecting corresponding transverse protruding parts of two adjacent frames together. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the mounting rack is simple in structure and able to be folded, thus saving space for storage and transportation.

[0052] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the side frames, the intermediate frames and the connectors are all formed of metal, and the side frames as well as the intermediate frames are all closed frames made of metal wires through bending. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the mounting rack is simple in structure and low in manufacturing.

[0053] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the side frames and the intermediate frames are made of steel bars through bending and welding, and the connectors are made of metal sheets through winding. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the mounting rack is simple in structure and low in manufacturing.

[0054] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the steel bar at the longitudinal extending part is configured to be slidably cooperated with the slideway of the base, such that the base of the spring module is able to be slidably mounted to the mounting rack along the longitudinal extending part of the mounting rack.

[0055] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, middle portions of the steel bars positioned at longitudinal ends of the side frames and the intermediate frames protrude in a direction perpendicular to a plane of the longitudinal extending parts and the transverse protruding parts, so as to facilitate the assembly of the spring modules. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, it is beneficial for the assembly and disassembly of the spring module and the mounting rack, moreover, the mounting rack is simple in structure and low in manufacturing.

[0056] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the side frames comprises a first side frame and a second side frame, and the plurality of intermediate frames comprise a plurality of first intermediate frames and a plurality of second intermediate frames arranged at intervals from each other, a longitudinal length of the first side frame is not equal to that of the second side frame, and a longitudinal length of the first intermediate frame is not equal to that of the second intermediate frame. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the longitudinal ends of the first side frame and the second side frame are staggered with each other, and the longitudinal ends of the first intermediate frames and the second intermediate frames are staggered with each other, thus enabling the mounting rack to be folded more compactly.

[0057] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the mounting rack comprises a plurality of longitudinally extending section bars and a plurality of flexible connectors positioned between the plurality of longitudinally extending section bars and connecting them together, and a middle portion of the flexible connector forms a flexible hinge. The beneficial technical effect of the

preferred embodiment is at least that, the support is simple in structure, low in manufacturing, and foldable.

[0058] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, a center of the longitudinally extending section bar is provided with two T-shaped grooves with downward openings, and two T-shaped projections are formed on both sides of a top of the flexible connector, and the T-shaped groove is configured to slidably receive the T-shaped projection. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the connecting mode between the flexible connector and the longitudinally extending section bar is simple, and no additional fixing part is required.

[0059] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the longitudinally extending section bar further comprises:

[0060] a pair of first transverse projections extending transversely outward, the first transverse projections being positioned at both lateral sides of the section bar; and

[0061] a pair of second transverse projections extending transversely outward, the second transverse projections being positioned at the center of the section bar,

[0062] wherein, a distance between the pair of first transverse projections is greater than a distance between the pair of second transverse projections, and the second transverse projections are positioned at higher positions than the first transverse projections. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the first transverse projections and the second transverse projections respectively form two sets of guide rails, such that the spring module may be assembled on the mounting rack with the base facing down, and may also be assembled on the mounting rack with the end cover facing down.

[0063] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the slideways at the bottom of the base are configured to slidably cooperate with the first transverse projections, and the module mounting part further comprises two slideways arranged at the top of the end cover which are parallel to each other, and the slideways arranged at the top of the end cover are configured to slidably cooperate with the second transverse projections. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the spring module may be assembled on the mounting rack with the base facing down, and may also be assembled on the mounting rack with the end cover facing down.

[0064] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the mounting rack comprises:

[0065] a plurality of first section bars extending longitudinally, the first section bar having a flat body extending longitudinally and first slide rails extending longitudinally and positioned at two transverse sides of the flat body;

[0066] a plurality of second section bars extending longitudinally, the second section bar having a flat body extending longitudinally and a second slide rail extending longitudinally and positioned in a middle position of a top surface of the flat body; and

[0067] wherein, the first section bars and the second section bars are arranged at intervals along a transverse direction and are connected together via a plurality of flexible connectors; and

[0068] wherein, the base of the spring module is configured to be slidably assembled on the mounting rack through a sliding fit between the first slideways and the first slide rails, and the end cover of the spring module is configured to be slidably assembled on the mounting rack through a sliding fit between the second slideway and the second slide rail. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the mounting rack is simple in structure, low in manufacturing, and foldable, and furthermore, the spring module may be assembled on the mounting rack with the base facing down, and may also be assembled on the mounting rack with the end cover facing down.

[0069] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring cushion further comprises a one-piece fixing net, and the one-piece fixing net is provided with a plurality of ring parts, each ring part being configured to sleeve on a corresponding spring module. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the one-piece net may assist in maintaining the position and posture of the spring module, which enables the whole to be more stable and less prone to dislocation.

[0070] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, when the ring part is sleeved on the spring module, a vertical distance between the ring part and the end cover is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the overall height of the spring module. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the connecting relationship of multiple spring modules may be more stable and not easy to fall over.

[0071] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the one-piece fixing net is flexible, and a plurality of hook parts are provided at an edge of which, and when the one-piece fixing net is sleeved on the spring modules, the hook parts are configured to be hooked on the mounting rack. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the connection between the fixing net and the mounting rack may be more stable.

[0072] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring cushion further comprises a plurality of filling sponge strips which are placed on the one-piece fixing net and are sized to be able to fill gaps between the spring modules in the spring cushion. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the filling sponge strips may fill the gaps between the spring modules, so that the comfort of the spring cushion may be improved.

[0073] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the one-piece fixing net further comprises a plurality of small ring parts which are respectively positioned between the ring parts. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, small spring modules may be arranged in the small ring parts to fill the gaps between the spring modules, thus improving the using comfort of the spring cushion.

[0074] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the spring cushion further comprises a plurality of gap-filling spring modules which are substantially frustoconical, and when the one-piece fixing net is sleeved on the spring modules, small ends of the gap-filling spring modules are configured to be fixed on the small ring parts in order to fill the gaps between the spring modules. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the small spring modules may be arranged in the small ring parts of the one-piece net so as to fill the gaps

between the spring modules, thus improving the using comfort of the spring cushion.

[0075] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the gap-filling spring module comprises an end cover, and a plurality of hook parts extending outwards are formed on an outer periphery of the end cover, and the gap-filling spring module is configured to be fixed on the small ring part through the hook parts so as to fill the gaps between the spring modules. The beneficial technical effect of the preferred embodiment is at least that, the small spring modules are simple in structure and may be nested with each other, and because of the existence of the flexible straps, the springs of multiple small spring modules are not easy to be wound.

[0076] It is obvious that the elements or features described in the above single embodiment may be used alone or in combination in other embodiments.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0077] The dimensions and proportions in the accompanying drawings do not represent the dimensions and proportions of the actual products. The accompanying drawings are merely illustrative, and some unnecessary elements or features are omitted for clarity.

[0078] FIG. 1A exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0079] FIG. 1B exemplarily shows a spring of the spring module in FIG. 1A.

[0080] FIG. 1C exemplarily shows a spring bracket of the spring module in FIG. 1A.

[0081] FIG. 1D exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring module in FIG. 1A.

[0082] FIG. 1E exemplarily shows a front view of the spring module in FIG. 1A.

[0083] FIG. 1F exemplarily shows a bottom view of the spring module in FIG. 1A.

[0084] FIG. 2 exemplarily shows a perspective view of a mounting rack according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0085] FIG. 3A exemplarily shows a front view of the mounting rack in FIG. 2 in an unfolded state.

[0086] FIG. 3B exemplarily shows a bottom view of the mounting rack in FIG. 2 in an unfolded state.

[0087] FIG. 3C exemplarily shows a side view of the mounting rack in FIG. 2 in a folded state.

[0088] FIG. 3D exemplarily shows a front view of the mounting rack in FIG. 2 in a folded state.

[0089] FIG. 4A exemplarily shows that the spring modules in FIG. 1A are assembled to the mounting rack in FIG. 2.

[0090] FIG. 4B exemplarily shows a partial enlarged view of part I in FIG. 4A.

[0091] FIG. 4C exemplarily shows a partial front view when the spring modules in FIG. 1A is assembled to the mounting rack in FIG. 2.

[0092] FIG. 4D schematically shows a perspective view when the spring modules in FIG. 1A is assembled to the mounting rack in FIG. 2.

[0093] FIG. 5A exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0094] FIG. 5B exemplarily shows a spring bracket of the spring module in FIG. 5A.

- [0095] FIG. 5C exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring module in FIG. 5A.
- [0096] FIG. 5D exemplarily shows a bottom view of the spring module in FIG. 5A.
- [0097] FIG. 5E schematically shows a partial front view when the spring modules in FIG. 5A is assembled to the mounting rack in FIG. 2.
- [0098] FIG. 5F exemplarily shows a condition in which a flexible connecting piece of the spring module in FIG. 5A is connected with the flexible connecting piece of an adjacent spring module.
- [0099] FIG. 5G exemplarily shows the flexible connecting piece of the spring module in FIG. 5A.
- [0100] FIG. 5H exemplarily shows a condition in which the flexible connecting pieces of the spring module in 5A is connected with the flexible connecting pieces of adjacent spring modules when the spring module is mounted on the mounting rack.
- [0101] FIG. 6 exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in FIG. 1A are stacked and nested together.
- [0102] FIG. 7A exemplarily shows a spring module with threads.
- [0103] FIG. 7B exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in FIG. 7A are stacked and nested together.
- [0104] FIG. 7C exemplarily shows a spring module having a snap structure.
- [0105] FIG. 7D exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in FIG. 7C are stacked and nested together.
- [0106] FIG. 7E exemplarily shows a partial enlarged view of part II in FIG. 7D.
- [0107] FIG. 8 exemplarily shows a perspective view when spring modules according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure are mounted on a mounting rack according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0108] FIG. 9A exemplarily shows a partial perspective view of a longitudinally extending section bar of the mounting rack in FIG. 8.
- [0109] FIG. 9B exemplarily shows a perspective view of a flexible connector of the mounting rack in FIG. 8.
- [0110] FIG. 9C exemplarily shows a partial front view of the mounting rack in FIG. 8 in an unfolded state.
- [0111] FIG. 9D exemplarily shows a front view of the mounting rack in FIG. 8 in a folded state.
- [0112] FIG. 10A exemplarily shows a perspective view of the spring module in FIG. 8.
- [0113] FIG. 10B exemplarily shows a front view of the spring module in FIG. 8.
- [0114] FIG. 10C exemplarily shows a first half of a spring bracket of the spring module in FIG. 10A.
- [0115] FIG. 10D exemplarily shows a second half of the spring bracket of the spring module in FIG. 10A.
- [0116] FIG. 11A exemplarily shows a partial front view of the spring module and the mounting rack in FIG. 8 in a first assembled state.
- [0117] FIG. 11B exemplarily shows a partial front view of the spring module and the mounting rack in FIG. 8 in a second assembled state.
- [0118] FIG. 12A exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0119] FIG. 12B exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring bracket of the spring module in FIG. 12A.
- [0120] FIG. 12C exemplarily shows a front view of the spring bracket in FIG. 12A.
- [0121] FIG. 12D exemplarily shows a top view of the spring bracket in FIG. 12A.
- [0122] FIG. 13A exemplarily shows that the spring modules in FIG. 12A are assembled to a mounting rack.
- [0123] FIG. 13B exemplarily shows a partial enlarged view of part III in FIG. 13A.
- [0124] FIG. 13C schematically shows a partial front view when the spring modules in FIG. 13A is assembled to the mounting rack.
- [0125] FIG. 13D exemplarily shows a partial enlarged view of part IV in FIG. 13C.
- [0126] FIG. 14A exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0127] FIG. 14B exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring module in FIG. 14A.
- [0128] FIG. 14C exemplarily shows a front view of the spring module in FIG. 14A.
- [0129] FIG. 14D exemplarily shows a side view of the spring module in FIG. 14A.
- [0130] FIG. 14E exemplarily shows a top view of the spring module in FIG. 14A.
- [0131] FIG. 15 exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in FIG. 14A are stacked and nested together.
- [0132] FIG. 16 exemplarily shows that the spring modules in FIG. 14A are assembled to a mounting rack of a spring cushion.
- [0133] FIG. 17A exemplarily shows a perspective view of spring modules according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0134] FIG. 17B exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring modules in FIG. 17A.
- [0135] FIG. 17C exemplarily shows a front view of the spring modules in FIG. 17A.
- [0136] FIG. 17D exemplarily shows a side view of the spring modules in FIG. 17A.
- [0137] FIG. 17E exemplarily shows a top view of the spring modules in FIG. 17A.
- [0138] FIG. 18 exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in FIG. 17A are stacked and nested together.
- [0139] FIG. 19 exemplarily shows that the spring modules in FIG. 17A are assembled to a mounting rack of a spring cushion.
- [0140] FIG. 20A exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0141] FIG. 20B exemplarily shows the internal structure of the spring cushion in FIG. 20A.
- [0142] FIG. 20C exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring cushion in FIG. 20A.
- [0143] FIG. 21A exemplarily shows a one-piece fixing net for spring modules in a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0144] FIG. 21B exemplarily shows a condition when the one-piece fixing net in FIG. 21A is sleeved on spring modules.

- [0145] FIG. 22A exemplarily shows a one-piece fixing net for spring modules in a spring cushion according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0146] FIG. 22B exemplarily shows that the one-piece fixing net in FIG. 22A with its periphery bent.
- [0147] FIG. 22C exemplarily shows a condition when the one-piece fixing net in FIG. 22A is sleeved on the spring modules and hooked onto the mounting rack.
- [0148] FIG. 22D exemplarily shows a partial enlarged view of part V in FIG. 22C.
- [0149] FIG. 23A exemplarily shows a top structure of a sponge cover for a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0150] FIG. 23B exemplarily shows a sectional view of the top structure of the sponge cover in FIG. 23A.
- [0151] FIG. 24A exemplarily shows filling sponge strips for a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0152] FIG. 24B exemplarily shows an exploded view of a spring cushion having the sponge filled strips shown in FIG. 24A.
- [0153] FIG. 24C exemplarily shows a one-piece fixing net in FIG. 24B.
- [0154] FIG. 25A exemplarily shows gap-filling spring modules for spring modules in a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0155] FIG. 25B exemplarily shows an exploded view of a spring cushion having the gap-filling spring modules shown in FIG. 25A.
- [0156] FIG. 25C exemplarily shows the one-piece fixing net in FIG. 25B.
- [0157] FIG. 25D exemplarily shows a condition when the gap-filling spring modules in FIG. 25A are assembled on the one-piece fixing net in FIG. 25C.
- [0158] FIG. 25E exemplarily shows a perspective view of the gap-filling spring module in FIG. 25A.
- [0159] FIGS. 26A-26B exemplarily show a spring module with constraint holes.
- [0160] FIGS. 27A-27C exemplarily show a constraint member for constraining a spring module.
- [0161] FIG. 27D exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of constraint members shown in FIGS. 27A-27C are stacked and nested together.
- [0162] FIG. 27E exemplarily shows a condition when the constraint members shown in FIGS. 27A-27C are arranged on the spring modules.
- [0163] FIGS. 28A-28C exemplarily show a rotary fixing device of a spring module.
- [0164] FIGS. 28D and 28E exemplarily show a condition when two spring modules are fixed together via the rotary fixing device shown in FIGS. 28A-28C.
- [0165] FIG. 28F is a partial enlarged view of FIG. 28E.
- [0166] FIGS. 29A and 29B exemplarily show an embodiment of a locking structure of a spring module.
- [0167] FIG. 29C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules are interlocked together through the locking structures shown in FIGS. 29A and 29B.
- [0168] FIGS. 30A and 30B exemplarily show another embodiment of a locking structure of a spring module.
- [0169] FIG. 30C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules are combined together via the locking structures shown in FIGS. 30A and 30B.
- [0170] FIG. 30D exemplarily shows yet another embodiment of a locking structure of a spring module.
- [0171] FIGS. 30E and 30F exemplarily show two conditions when a plurality of spring modules are combined together via the locking structures shown in FIG. 30D.
- [0172] FIGS. 31A and 31B exemplarily show an embodiment of a spring module having a T-shaped connection.
- [0173] FIG. 31C exemplarily shows a condition when two spring modules having the T-shaped connections shown in FIGS. 31A and 31B are connected together via an I-shaped connector.
- [0174] FIG. 31D exemplarily shows a condition when multiple rows of the spring modules having the T-shaped connections shown in FIGS. 31A and 31B are connected together via the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31C.
- [0175] FIG. 31E exemplarily shows another embodiment of a spring module having a T-shaped connection.
- [0176] FIG. 31F exemplarily shows an I-shaped connector for connecting the spring module shown in FIG. 31E.
- [0177] FIGS. 31G and 31H exemplarily show a condition when a plurality of spring modules shown in FIG. 31E are connected together through the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31F.
- [0178] FIGS. 31I and 31J exemplarily show an embodiment of a spring module having a wedge-shaped splicing part.
- [0179] FIG. 31K exemplarily shows a condition when two spring modules shown in FIGS. 31I and 31J are spliced together.
- [0180] FIGS. 31L and 31M exemplarily show spring cushions of different sizes assembled by the spring modules and the I-shaped connectors shown in FIGS. 31E-31H.
- [0181] FIGS. 31N and 31P exemplarily show spring cushions of different sizes assembled by the spring modules shown in FIGS. 31I-31K and the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31F.
- [0182] FIG. 32A exemplarily shows a spring module in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0183] FIGS. 32B-32D exemplarily show a perspective view, a top view and a side view of the base of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A, respectively.
- [0184] FIGS. 32E and 32F exemplarily show a perspective view and a top view of the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A, respectively.
- [0185] FIG. 32G and FIG. 32H exemplarily show a perspective view and a top view when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A are snapped together, respectively.
- [0186] FIG. 32I exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules in a compressed configuration shown in FIGS. 32G and 32H are stacked together.
- [0187] FIGS. 32J-32M exemplarily show spring modules in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together according to other preferred embodiments of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0188] FIG. 33A exemplarily shows a spring module in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0189] FIG. 33B exemplarily shows an exploded view of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A.
- [0190] FIG. 33C exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring bag in the spring module shown in FIG. 33A.

- [0191] FIG. 33D exemplarily shows a condition when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A are snapped together.
- [0192] FIG. 33E exemplarily shows the base of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A.
- [0193] FIG. 33F exemplarily shows the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A.
- [0194] FIG. 33G exemplarily shows a condition when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A are snapped together.
- [0195] FIG. 33H exemplarily shows a spring module in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0196] FIG. 33I exemplarily shows a condition when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 33H are snapped together.
- [0197] FIG. 33J exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIG. 33A are connected together via a flexible bottom pad.
- [0198] FIG. 33K exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIG. 33H are connected together via a flexible bottom pad.
- [0199] FIG. 33L exemplarily shows a condition when two rows of the spring modules shown in FIG. 33H are connected together via a flexible bottom pad.
- [0200] FIGS. 33M and 33N exemplarily show a condition when the bottom pad with two rows of the spring modules mounted thereon shown in FIG. 33L is folded.
- [0201] FIG. 33P exemplarily shows a spring cushion having the spring modules and the flexible bottom pads as shown in FIG. 33L.
- [0202] FIG. 34A exemplarily shows a spring module in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0203] FIGS. 34B-34D exemplarily show a perspective view, a top view and a side view of the base of the spring module shown in FIG. 34A, respectively.
- [0204] FIGS. 34E and 34F exemplarily show a perspective view and a top view of the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 34A, respectively.
- [0205] FIG. 34G exemplarily shows a condition when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 33A are snapped together.
- [0206] FIGS. 35A and 35B exemplarily show a perspective view and a side view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0207] FIGS. 35C and 35D exemplarily show a perspective view and a side view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0208] FIG. 35E exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIGS. 35A to 35D are nested together.
- [0209] FIGS. 35F and 35G exemplarily show an exploded view and a sectional view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0210] FIG. 35H is a partial enlarged view of FIG. 35G.
- [0211] FIG. 35I exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIGS. 35F and 35G are nested together.
- [0212] FIG. 35J exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0213] FIG. 35K exemplarily shows a conical spring in the spring module shown in FIG. 35J.
- [0214] FIGS. 36A and 36B exemplarily show a perspective view and a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0215] FIG. 36C exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0216] FIG. 36D exemplarily shows a condition when the spring module shown in FIG. 36C is compressed and stored in a storage box.
- [0217] FIG. 36E exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the storage boxes shown in FIG. 36D are stacked together.
- [0218] FIG. 37 exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0219] FIGS. 38A and 38B exemplarily show a stereoscopic exploded view and a stereoscopic sectional view of a spring module (spring bag) according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively.
- [0220] FIGS. 39A and 39B exemplarily illustrate conditions when the spring bag shown in FIGS. 38A and 38B are fixed on the base in different fixing ways, respectively.
- [0221] FIG. 39C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIG. 39A or 39B are nested together.
- [0222] FIGS. 40A to 40C exemplarily show different embodiments of non-conical springs that can be used in the spring module of the present disclosure.
- [0223] FIG. 40D exemplarily shows a spring module having the spring shown in FIG. 40B.
- [0224] FIG. 40E exemplarily shows a different embodiment of a conical spring that can be used in the spring module of the present disclosure.
- [0225] FIG. 40F exemplarily shows a spring module having the conical spring shown in FIG. 40E.
- [0226] FIG. 40G exemplarily shows a different embodiment of a conical spring that can be used in the spring module of the present disclosure.
- [0227] FIG. 40H exemplarily shows a spring module having the conical spring shown in FIG. 40G.
- [0228] FIG. 41A exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0229] FIG. 41B exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0230] FIG. 41C exemplarily shows a sponge pad in the spring cushion shown in FIG. 41B.
- [0231] FIG. 41D exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0232] FIG. 42A exemplarily shows a fixing net assembly for a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.
- [0233] FIG. 42B exemplarily shows a partial sectional view of the fixing net assembly shown in FIG. 42A.

[0234] FIG. 42C exemplarily shows an exploded view of a fixing net assembly for a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0235] FIGS. 42D to 42G exemplarily show partial cross-sectional views of the fixing net assembly shown in FIG. 42C.

[0236] FIG. 42H exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0237] FIG. 42I exemplarily shows a sectional view of the spring cushion shown in FIG. 42H.

[0238] FIG. 42J exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0239] FIG. 42K exemplarily shows a sectional view of the spring cushion shown in FIG. 42J.

[0240] FIG. 42L exemplarily shows a spring pad in the spring cushions shown in FIGS. 42H and 42J.

[0241] FIG. 42M exemplarily shows a partial sectional view of the spring pad shown in FIG. 42L.

[0242] FIG. 42N exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0243] FIG. 42P exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0244] FIG. 42Q exemplarily shows a retracted state of the spring cushion shown in FIG. 42P.

[0245] FIG. 43A exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0246] FIG. 43B exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0247] FIG. 43C exemplarily shows an outer cover having compartments in the spring cushions shown in FIGS. 43A and 43B.

[0248] FIG. 43D exemplarily shows a base cloth in the spring cushions shown in FIGS. 43A and 43B, wherein curtains of the base cloth is in an open state.

[0249] FIG. 43E exemplarily shows the base cloth in the spring cushion shown in FIGS. 43A and 43B, wherein the curtains of the base cloth is in a closed state.

[0250] FIGS. 43F to 43H exemplarily show outer covers having compartments of different shapes/sizes according to different embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0251] FIG. 43I exemplarily shows an outer cover having honeycomb-shaped (hexagonal) compartments according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0252] FIGS. 44A to 44E exemplarily show sponge blocks according to different embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0253] FIG. 45A exemplarily shows a sponge block according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0254] FIG. 45B exemplarily shows the sponge block shown in FIG. 45A in a folded/compressed state.

[0255] FIG. 45C exemplarily shows that the sponge block in a folded/compressed state is received in a storage cup.

[0256] FIG. 46A exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the sponge blocks shown in FIG. 45A are received in an elongated storage bag.

[0257] FIGS. 46B and 46C exemplarily illustrate packaging methods of the elongated storage bag receiving a plurality of the sponge blocks shown in FIG. 46A, respectively.

[0258] FIGS. 47A to 47C exemplarily show yet another packaging method of the sponge block according to the present disclosure.

[0259] FIGS. 48A to 48F exemplarily show a sponge block storage box and a sponge block receiving method according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0260] FIGS. 49A and 49B exemplarily show an outer cover for a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0261] FIGS. 50A and 50B exemplarily show an outer cover for a spring cushion according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0262] FIGS. 51A to 51C exemplarily illustrate components of different parts of the outer covers shown in FIGS. 49A and 49B as well as FIGS. 50A and 50B, respectively.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0263] The spring module and the spring cushion of the present disclosure will be described in detail below with reference to the accompanying drawings. What are described herein are only preferred embodiments according to the present disclosure, and those skilled in the art can think of other ways to achieve the present disclosure on the basis of the preferred embodiments, which also fall within the scope of the present disclosure.

[0264] FIGS. 1A to 1F exemplarily show a spring module 100 according to a first preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module 100 comprises a spring bracket 120 and a conical spring 110 provided in the spring bracket 120. The spring bracket 120 is used for removably mounting the spring module 100 to a foldable mounting rack. The spring bracket 120 comprises a base 121, an end cover 122 and a plurality of flexible straps 123, in a preferred embodiment, the number of the flexible straps 123 is four, and the flexible straps 123 are uniformly distributed around the periphery of the spring bracket 120. Of course, the number of the flexible straps 123 may also be two, six or other numbers. The base 121 has a spring mounting seat, the center of which is provided with an opening 1211 and a spring fixing part for fixing the conical spring 110, the base 121 further optionally comprises an module mounting part for removably mounting the spring module to the mounting rack, the large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part, and the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 122. In various embodiments of the present disclosure, the spring fixing part may be a hook part or a recess, and in the present embodiment, the spring fixing part is configured as a plurality of hook parts 1212 uniformly arranged around the inner circumference of the opening 1211. The flexible straps 123 are provided outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 123 are fixedly connected to the base 121 and the end cover 122, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 120, it can have a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. With the support of the spring, the spring module 100 is substantially frustoconical.

[0265] Preferably, the spring bracket 120 is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally, however, of course, it can also be an assembly assembled from a plurality of components.

[0266] As mentioned above, the spring bracket 120 is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end cover 122 of the spring module 100 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the opening 1211 of the base 121 of the other spring module, thus forming nesting, as shown in FIG. 6.

[0267] In order to form a more stable nesting, preferably, the top of the base 121 is provided with an annular wall extending around the opening 1211, and the outside surface of the annular wall is provided with threads 124 (as shown in FIG. 7A), when a plurality of spring modules 100 are nested, the bottom wall of the slideway 1213 of one spring module 100 can enter between the threads 124 and the top of the base 121 of another spring module 100 by rotation, thus forming a stable nesting (as shown in FIG. 7B). Alternatively or additionally, the outer periphery of the base 121 is provided with one or more snap parts 125 extending upward, and one or more snap notches 126 located below the snap parts 125 (as shown in FIG. 7C), then when a plurality of spring modules 100 are nested, the snap parts 125 of the lower spring module can be snapped into the corresponding snap notches 126 of the upper spring module, thus forming a stable nesting (as shown in FIGS. 7D and 7E).

[0268] Preferably, the module mounting part is configured as two slideways 1213 arranged in parallel at the bottom of the base 121, and the base 121 can be slidably mounted onto the slide rails of the foldable mounting rack, and the slideways 1213 are configured to be hook parts which can be hooked onto the slide rails of the mounting rack in order to prevent the spring module 100 from being separated from the mounting rack.

[0269] Preferably, the opening 1211 is a circular opening, and the middle part of each slideway 1213 is formed with an arc part matching the circular radian of the opening 1211, such as part A in FIG. 1F, so as not to hinder the superposition and nesting of a plurality of spring modules. Alternatively, each slideway 1213 may be configured as segmented slideways which are discontinuous in-between.

[0270] FIGS. 2 and 3A-3D exemplarily show a mounting rack 400 according to a first preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the mounting rack 400 comprises two side frames 410 located at both lateral sides of the mounting rack 400, a plurality of intermediate frames 420 located between the two side frames 410, and a plurality of connectors 430 rotatably connecting the side frames 410 and the intermediate frames 420 with each other. Since the side frames 410 and the intermediate frames 420 can rotate around the connectors 430, the mounting rack 400 is foldable, as shown in FIGS. 3C and 3D in which the mounting rack 400 is in a folded state.

[0271] Preferably, the side frames 410, the intermediate frames 420 and the connectors 430 are all formed of metal, more preferably, the side frames 410 and the intermediate frames 420 are made of steel bars by bending and welding while the connectors 430 are made of metal sheets by winding. And as shown in FIG. 2, both the side frames 410 and the intermediate frames 420 are closed frames.

[0272] As shown in FIG. 2, the side frame 410 has a longitudinal extending part 411 extending along its length and a plurality of transverse protruding parts 412 perpen-

dicular to the longitudinal extending part and extending to one side, the intermediate frame 420 has a longitudinal extending part 421 extending along its length and a plurality of transverse protruding parts 422 perpendicular to the longitudinal extending part and extending to both lateral sides, and the connectors 430 rotatably connect the corresponding transverse protruding parts of two adjacent frames together, such that the mounting rack 400 is foldable.

[0273] As described above, the steel bars at the longitudinal extending parts 411 is configured to be slidably engaged with the slideways 1213 of the base 121, so that the base 121 of the spring module 100 can be slidably mounted onto the mounting rack 400 along the longitudinal extending parts 411, 421 of the mounting rack 400. That is, the longitudinal extending parts 411, 421 can serve as slide rails cooperating with the slideways 1213 of the base 121. Preferably, the middle portions 413, 423 of the steel bars at the longitudinal ends of the side frames 410 and the intermediate frames 420 protrude in a direction perpendicular to the plane of the longitudinal extending parts and the transverse protruding parts (downward direction shown in the figure), so that the slideways of the spring module can slide through the ends of the frames and further along the longitudinal extending parts 411, 421.

[0274] In a preferred embodiment according to the present disclosure, there may be two types of side frames and two types of intermediate frames with different lengths, in order to facilitate the folding of the mounting rack. For example, the side frame 410 may comprise a first side frame 410A having a longer length and a second side frame 410B having a shorter length, and the intermediate frame 420 may comprise a plurality of first intermediate frames 420A and a plurality of second intermediate frames 420B spaced apart from each other, and wherein, similarly, the longitudinal length of the first intermediate frames 420A are slightly greater than that of the second intermediate frames 420B. The purpose of arranging frame members with different lengths is that, when folding, the protrusions 413, 423 at the ends of adjacent frame members can readily realize folding without interfering with each other. FIGS. 3C and 3D show the folded state of the frame 400 with frame members having different lengths, in which the ends A of the longer frame members and the ends B of the shorter frame members are staggered from each other without interference.

[0275] FIGS. 4A-4D exemplarily show that the spring modules 100 according to the first preferred embodiment of the present disclosure are mounted onto the mounting rack 400 according to the first preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the slideways 1213 of the spring module 100 can be slidably mounted onto the longitudinal extending parts 411, 421 of the frame members at the notches formed by the protrusions 413, 423.

[0276] FIGS. 5A-5E exemplarily show a spring module 200 according to a second preferred embodiment of the present disclosure and its installation on the mounting rack 400. As shown in the figures, the spring module 200 comprises a spring bracket 220 and a conical spring 110 provided in the spring bracket 220. The spring bracket 220 is used to removably mount the spring module 200 to the mounting rack 400 which is foldable. The spring bracket 220 comprises a base 221, an end cover 222 and a plurality of flexible straps 223. In a preferred embodiment, the number of the flexible straps 223 is four, and the flexible straps 223 are uniformly distributed around the periphery of the spring

bracket 220. The base 221 comprises a spring mounting seat, the center of the spring mounting seat is provided with an opening 2211, and a spring fixing part for fixing the conical spring 110, and the base 221 further comprises a module mounting part for detachably mounting the spring module onto the mounting rack, the large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part while the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 222. In this preferred embodiment, the spring fixing part is configured as a plurality of hook parts 2212 uniformly arranged around the inner circumference of the opening 2211. The flexible straps 223 are provided outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 223 are fixedly connected to the base 221 and the end cover 222, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 220, it can have a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. With the support of the spring, the spring module 200 is substantially frustoconical. Different from the spring bracket 120, the center of the end cover 222 of the spring bracket 220 has a circular opening 224, that is, the end cover 222 is an annular end cover.

[0277] Preferably, the spring bracket 220 is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally, although of course, it can also be an assembly assembled from a plurality of components.

[0278] As described above, the spring bracket 220 is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end cover 222 of the spring module 200 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the opening 2211 of the base 221 of the other spring module, thus forming nesting. In order to form more stable nesting, the threads and the snap structures of the base 121 of the spring module 100 can similarly be applied to the base 221 of the spring module 200.

[0279] Preferably, the module mounting part of the spring module 200 is configured as two slideways 2213 parallel with each other arranged at the bottom of the base 121, unlike the inward slideways 1213 with the directions of the openings facing with each other, the slideways 2213 are outward slideways with the directions of the openings facing away from each other. The base 221 can be slidably mounted onto the slide rails of the mounting rack 400, i.e., the longitudinal extending parts 411, 421 of the frame members, through the slideways 2213. In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 5D, each slideway 1213 may be configured as segmented slideways which are discontinuous in-between. Moreover, similar to the slideway 1213, the slideway 2213 is a hook part, which can be hooked onto the slide rail of the mounting rack in order to prevent the spring module 200 from being disengaged from the mounting rack.

[0280] FIGS. 5E-5G exemplarily illustrate a flexible connecting piece structure that may be applied to the spring module 200, which may be used to form a connecting relationship between a plurality of spring modules mounted on the mounting rack, such that a single spring module is not easy to flip and fall over, and the springs of the plurality of spring modules are not easy to wind together. As shown in the figures, a flexible connecting piece 225 may be integrally formed on the outer side of the flexible strap 223, when the plurality of spring modules 200 are mounted onto the mounting rack, the flexible connecting piece 225 of one spring module can be detachably connected with the corresponding flexible connecting piece 225 of an adjacent spring module. Preferably, the flexible connecting piece 225 com-

prises a neck part 2251 and a T-shaped groove 2252, and the neck 2251 as well as the T-shaped groove 2252 are such designed that one of two adjacent flexible connecting pieces can be detachably locked in the T-shaped groove 2252 of the other flexible connecting piece through the neck 2251. More preferably, the vertical distance between the flexible connecting piece 225 and the end cover 222 is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the overall height of the spring module 200.

[0281] FIG. 5H exemplarily shows that a plurality of spring modules 200 mounted on the mounting rack are connected with each other via flexible connecting pieces 225.

[0282] Those skilled in the art will know that the above-mentioned flexible connecting piece structure may also be applied to flexible straps of spring modules in other preferred embodiments of the present disclosure, such as the spring module 100 and the spring module 300 to be described below.

[0283] FIGS. 8 and 9A-9D exemplarily illustrate a foldable mounting rack 500 according to a second preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the mounting rack 500 comprises a plurality of longitudinally extending section bars 510 and a plurality of flexible connectors 520 positioned between the plurality of longitudinal section bars and configured to connect them together, a middle portion 522 of the flexible connector 520 is thin and can be bent to form a flexible hinge. Both the longitudinal section bar 510 and the flexible connector 520 may be made of plastic, and the longitudinal section bar 510 may be a plastic part formed by extrusion. As shown clearly in FIGS. 9A and 9B, the middle portion of the longitudinal section bar 510 is provided with two T-shaped grooves 511 with downward openings, and the top of the flexible connector 520 is provided with T-shaped projections 521 matching the shapes of the T-shaped grooves 511, and the T-shaped grooves 511 can slidably accommodate the T-shaped projections 521, thus enabling the plurality of longitudinal section bars 510 to be connected together through the flexible connectors 520, as shown in FIG. 9C.

[0284] Since the middle portion 522 of the flexible connector 520 is thin and can be bent, the mounting rack 500 is substantially foldable, and FIG. 9D shows the mounting rack 500 in a folded state.

[0285] As shown in FIGS. 9A and 9B, the longitudinal section bar 510 comprises a pair of first transverse projections 512 extending transversely and a pair of second transverse projections 513 provided above which, the distance between the pairs of first transverse projections 512 is greater than the distance between the pairs of second transverse projections 513.

[0286] FIGS. 10A to 10D exemplarily illustrate a spring module 300 according to a third preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, similar to the spring modules 100, 200, the spring module 300 comprises a spring bracket 320 and a conical spring 110 provided in the spring bracket 320. The spring bracket 320 is used to removably mount the spring module 300 onto the foldable mounting rack 500. The spring bracket 320 comprises a base 321, an end cover 322 and a plurality of flexible straps 323. In a preferred embodiment, the number of the flexible straps 323 is four, and the flexible straps 323 are uniformly distributed around the periphery of the spring bracket 320. The base 321 comprises a spring mounting seat, the center of which is provided with an opening 3211 at the center and

a spring fixing part for fixing the conical spring 110, and the base 321 further comprises a module mounting part for removably mounting the spring module onto the mounting rack, the large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part while the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 322. In this preferred embodiment, the spring fixing part is configured to be an annular groove 3212 formed around the inner circumference of the opening 3211. The flexible straps 323 are provided outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 323 are fixedly connected to the base 321 and the end cover 322, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 320, it may have a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. With the support of the spring, the spring module 300 is substantially frustoconical.

[0287] As described above, the spring bracket 320 is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end cover 322 of the spring module 300 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the opening 3211 of the base 321 of the other spring module, thus forming nesting. In order to form a more stable nesting, the segmented threads and the snap structure of the bases 121, 221 of the spring modules 100, 200 may also be applied to the base 321 of the spring module 300.

[0288] Preferably, the module mounting part of the spring module 300 comprises two slideways 327 parallel with each other arranged at the bottom of the base 321, through which the base 321 can be slidably mounted onto the slide rails of the mounting rack 500, i.e., the first transverse projections 512 of the longitudinal section bar 510. The slideways 327 at the bottom of the base 321 may be slidably cooperated with the first transverse projections 512, such that the spring module 300 may be mounted onto the mounting rack 500 through the base 321, as shown in FIG. 11A. Alternatively or additionally, the module mounting part of the spring module further comprises two slideways 328 arranged parallel to each other at the top of the end cover 322, which may be slidably cooperated with the slide rails of the longitudinal section bar 510, i.e., the second transverse projections 513, so that the spring module 300 may be mounted onto the mounting rack 500 through the end cover 322, as shown in FIG. 11B.

[0289] Different from the spring modules 100 and 200, the spring bracket 320 of the spring module 300 is a two-piece spring bracket, which is removably assembled from a first half 320A as shown in FIG. 10C and a second half 320B as shown in FIG. 10D through a snap device such as a plug 325 and a socket 326. The first half 320A and the second half 320B respectively comprise one or more complete flexible straps 323, part of the base 321 and part of the end cover 322, and the first half 320A as well as the second half 320B are integrally formed. Preferably, the first half 320A and the second half 320B respectively comprise two complete flexible straps 323, a half base 321 and a half end cover 322.

[0290] FIGS. 12A to 12D exemplarily show a spring module 700 according to a fourth preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module 700 comprises a spring bracket 720, and a conical spring 110 provided in the spring bracket 720. The spring bracket 720 is used to detachably mount the spring module 700 onto the foldable mounting rack. The spring bracket 720 comprises a base 721, an end cover 722 and a plurality of flexible straps 723. In a preferred embodiment, the number

of the flexible straps 723 is four, and the flexible straps 723 are uniformly distributed around the periphery of the spring bracket 720. The base 721 comprises a spring mounting seat, the center of which is provided with a circular opening 7211 and a spring fixing part 7212 for fixing the conical spring 110, and the base 721 further comprises a module mounting part 7213 for removably mounting the spring module onto the mounting rack, the large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part 7212 while the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 722. In various embodiments of the present disclosure, the spring fixing part may be a hook part or a groove. In the present embodiment, the spring fixing part is a groove 7212 arranged around the inner circumference of the circular opening 7211. The flexible straps 723 are provided outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 723 are fixedly connected to the base 721 and the end cover 722, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 720, it may have a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. With the support of the spring, the spring module 700 is substantially frustoconical.

[0291] As mentioned above, the spring bracket 720 is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end cover 722 of the spring module 700 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the circular opening 7211 of the base 721 of the other spring module, thus forming nesting.

[0292] Preferably, the spring bracket 720 is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally, as shown in FIGS. 12A-12D, the base 721 of the spring bracket 720 is configured as four parts splicing together, namely a first part 721A, a second part 721B, a third part 721C and a fourth part 721D, wherein the second part 721B is arranged parallel to and opposite to the first part 721A, the third part 721C is arranged adjacent to the first part 721A and is transversely to the first part 721A, and the fourth part 721D is arranged parallel to and opposite to the third part 721C, and further adjacent to the first part 721A as well as the second part 721B. At least one flexible strap 723 is fixedly connected at the top surface of each of said four parts, and the four parts may be detachably butted mutually through a locking device 7216 to form the base 721.

[0293] Preferably, the module mounting part 7213 is configured as two slideways 7213 parallel with each other formed at the outer sides of the third part 721C and the fourth part 721D of the base 721, such that the base 721 may be slidably assembled onto the mounting rack 600 through the sliding fit between the slideways 7213 and the slide rails 611 of the mounting rack 600 (which will be described below), that is, the spring module 700 may be assembled onto the mounting rack with its thick end down. In addition, the top surface of the end cover 722 is further provided with two second slideways 7221 parallel to the slideways 7213, so that the end cover 722 may be slidably assembled onto the mounting rack 600 through the sliding fit between the slideways 7221 and the sliding rails 621 of the mounting rack 600, that is, the spring module 700 may be assembled onto the mounting rack 600 with its thin end down.

[0294] Preferably, in order to enable the relative positions among a plurality of spring modules 700 to be more stable and not easy to be dislocated, flexible connecting belts 7214 are respectively arranged at both sides of the ends of the slideways 7213 positioned at the outer sides of the third part 721C and the fourth part 721D of the base 721, the ends of

the flexible connecting belts 7214 are provided with holes, and on the top surface of the end cover 722, two projections 7222 are respectively provided outside each slideway 7221. When a plurality of spring modules 700 are mounted onto the mounting rack 600, the plurality of spring modules 700 may be mounted onto the mounting rack 600 with the thick end down and the thin end down successively at intervals in order to take full advantage of space. The flexible connecting belts 7214 of one spring module 700 mounted onto the mounting rack 600 through the end cover 722 (with the thin end down) may be snapped to the projections 7222 of another adjacent spring module 700 mounted onto the mounting rack 600 through the base 721 (with the thick end down), thereby enabling the relative positions among the plurality of spring modules 700 to be more stable.

**[0295]** More preferably, in order to further enable the relative positions among the spring modules 700 assembled in the same orientation to be more stable and prevent them from being dislocated, at least one cylindrical pin 7215 (two in the figures) is arranged at the outer side of the first part 721A of the base 721, and at least one receiving hole 7217 (two in the figures) is arranged at the corresponding position of the outer side of the second part 721B of the base 721. When the plurality of spring modules 700 are mounted onto the mounting rack 600 in rows, the cylindrical pin 7215 of one spring module 700 may be inserted into the corresponding receiving hole 7217 of the adjacent spring module 700 so as to assist alignment and fixation.

**[0296]** FIGS. 13A to 13D exemplarily show a foldable mounting rack 600 according to a third preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the mounting rack 600 comprises a plurality of longitudinally extending first section bars 610 and a plurality of longitudinally extending second section bars 620, wherein the first section bar 610 comprises a longitudinally extending flat body and longitudinally extending slide rails 611 on both transverse sides of the flat body, and the second section bar 620 comprises a longitudinally extending flat body and a longitudinally extending slide rail 621 located in the middle of the top surface of the flat body. The first section bars 610 and the second section bars 620 are arranged at intervals along the transverse direction and connected together through a plurality of flexible connectors, which can be bent thus allowing the mounting rack 600 to be foldable.

**[0297]** Furthermore, the base 721 of the spring module 700 may be slidably mounted onto the mounting rack 600 through the sliding fit between the slideways 7213 and the slide rails 611, and the end cover 722 of the spring module 700 may be slidably mounted onto the mounting rack 600 through the sliding fit between the slideways 7221 and the slide rails 621. The longitudinal section bars 610, 620 as well as the flexible connectors may all be made of plastic, and the longitudinal section bars 610, 620 may be plastic parts formed by extrusion. As clearly shown in FIG. 13D, the cross-sectional shape of the slide rails 621 is substantially inverted trapezoidal, and the shape of the gap between two slide rails 7221 corresponds to the cross-sectional shape of the slide rails 621, such that the spring module 700 mounted with the thin end down is impossible to move in the direction perpendicular to the mounting rack 600. Similarly, the slide rail 611 is a hook part, which prevents the spring module 700 mounted with the thick end down from moving in the direction perpendicular to the mounting rack 600.

**[0298]** The spring module described in the above embodiments only comprises a single conical spring, and the spring module according to the present disclosure may also comprise a plurality of conical springs, in this way, the assembly and disassembly times of the spring modules in the spring cushion may be reduced.

**[0299]** FIGS. 14A to 14E exemplarily show a spring module 5000 according to a fifth preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module 5000 comprises a spring bracket 5220 and three conical springs 110 arranged in rows in the spring bracket 5220. The spring bracket 5220 may be used to detachably mount the spring module 5000 onto the mounting rack of the spring cushion. The spring bracket 5220 comprises a common base 5221, a plurality of end covers 5222 and a plurality of flexible straps 5223, wherein two ends of each flexible strap 5223 are fixedly connected to the base 5221 and a corresponding end cover 5222, respectively, in a preferred embodiment, each end cover 5222 is connected with four flexible straps 5223 which are uniformly distributed around the outer side of the corresponding conical spring 110. The base 5221 comprises three spring mounting seats, each of which has a spring fixing part 52212 for fixing the conical spring 110, and a module mounting part 52213 for removably mounting the spring module onto the mounting rack. Each end cover 5222 together with the plurality of flexible straps 5223 connected thereto are configured as substantially frustoconical as a whole, and the internal shape of which matches the shape of the conical spring 110. Each end cover 5222 forms a frustoconical-shaped small-diameter end, and the corresponding spring mounting seats of the base 5221 form a plurality of frustoconical-shaped large-diameter ends, the base 5221 has an opening 52211 at the central position of each large-diameter end, such that a plurality of end covers 5222 as well as most or all flexible straps 5223 of another spring module 5000 may enter into the interior of said spring module 5000 via the corresponding openings 52211 thus forming nesting. The large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part 52212 of the corresponding spring mounting seat while the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 5222. In this preferred embodiment, the spring fixing part 52212 is configured as a plurality of hook parts 52212 uniformly arranged around the inner circumference of the opening 52211. The flexible straps 5223 are arranged outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 5223 are fixedly connected to the base 5221 and the corresponding end cover 5222, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 5220, it may be provided with a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. The center of the end cover 5222 of the spring bracket 5220 may be provided with a circular opening 5224, that is, the end cover 5222 may be an annular end cover.

**[0300]** Preferably, the spring bracket 5220 is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally.

**[0301]** As described above, the spring bracket 5220 presents a plurality of substantially frustoconical shapes, which enables the end covers 5222 of the spring module 5000 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the openings 52211 of the base 5221 of the other spring module thus forming nesting, as shown in FIG. 15.

**[0302]** Preferably, the module mounting part of the spring module 5000 is configured as one or more pairs of parallel

slideways 52213 arranged at the bottom surface of the base 5221. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 14A-14E, the opening directions of the pair of slideways 52213 face with each other, as an alternative embodiment, the opening directions of each pair of slideways 52213 may also face away from each other. The base 5221 may be slidably mounted onto the mounting rack of the spring cushion through the slideways 52213. In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 14C, each slideway 52213 may be configured as segmented slideways which are discontinuous in-between, corresponding to the number of the conical springs 110 and the openings 52211 along the extending direction of the slideway 52213, in the present embodiment, each slideway 52213 comprises four segments 52213A, 52213B, 52213C and 52213D, and the purpose of segmentation is to prevent the slideways 52213 from interfering with the openings 52211, and further to reduce the size of the base 5221. The slideways 52213 are hook parts, which are configured to be hooked onto the slide rails of the mounting rack so as to prevent the spring module 5000 from being separating from the mounting rack.

[0303] FIG. 16 exemplarily shows a condition when the spring modules 5000 having a plurality of conical springs 110 are mounted onto a mounting rack of a spring cushion.

[0304] FIGS. 17A-17E exemplarily show a spring module 6000 according to a sixth preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module 6000 comprises a spring bracket 6220 and four conical springs 110 distributed in an array manner arranged in the spring bracket 6220. The spring bracket 6220 may be used to removably mount the spring module 6000 onto the mounting rack of the spring cushion. The spring bracket 6220 comprises a common base 6221, a plurality of end covers 6222 and a plurality of flexible straps 6223, wherein two ends of each flexible strap 6223 are fixedly connected to the base 6221 and a corresponding end cover 6222, respectively. In a preferred embodiment, each end cover 6222 is connected with four flexible straps 6223 which are uniformly distributed around the outer side of the corresponding conical spring 110. The base 6221 has four spring mounting seats, each of which has a spring fixing part 62212 for fixing the conical spring 110, and a module mounting part 62213 for removably mounting the spring module onto the mounting rack. Each end cover 6222 and the plurality of flexible straps 6223 connected thereto are configured as substantially frustoconical as a whole, and the internal shape of which matches the shape of the conical spring 110. Each end cover 6222 forms a frustoconical-shaped small-diameter end, and the corresponding spring mounting seats of the base 6221 form a plurality of frustoconical-shaped large-diameter ends, the base 6221 has an opening 62211 at the central position of each large-diameter end, such that a plurality of end covers 6222 as well as most or all flexible straps 6223 of another spring module 6000 may enter into the interior of said spring module 6000 via the corresponding openings 62211 thus forming nesting. The large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 is fixed to the spring fixing part 62212 while the small-diameter end of the conical spring 110 abuts against the end cover 6222. In this preferred embodiment, the spring fixing part 62212 is composed of a plurality of hook parts 62212 uniformly arranged around the inner circumference of the opening 62211. The flexible straps 6223 are located outside the conical spring 110, and two ends of each flexible strap 6223 are fixedly connected to the

base 6221 and the corresponding end cover 6222, respectively. When the spring 110 is installed in the spring bracket 6220, it may be provided with a predetermined initial pressure, such that the spring module has a desired stiffness. The center of the end cover 6222 of the spring bracket 6220 may be provided with a circular opening 6224, that is, the end cover 6222 may be an annular end cover.

[0305] Preferably, the spring bracket 6220 is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally.

[0306] As described above, the spring bracket 6220 is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end covers 6222 of the spring module 6000 to enter into the interior of another spring module through the openings 62211 of the base 6221 of the other spring module thus forming nesting, as shown in FIG. 18.

[0307] Preferably, the module mounting part of the spring module 6000 is composed of one or more pairs of parallel slideways 62213 arranged at the bottom surface of the base 6221. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 17A-17E, the opening directions of two pairs of slideways 62213 face away from each other, as an alternative embodiment, the opening directions of each pair of slideways 62213 may also face with each other. The base 6221 may be slidably mounted onto the mounting rack of the spring cushion through the slideways 62213. In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 17C, each slideway 62213 may be composed of segmented slideways which are discontinuous in-between and corresponding to the number of the conical springs 110 and the openings 62211 along the extending direction of the slideways 62213, in the present embodiment, each slideway 62213 comprises three segments 62213A, 62213B and 62213C, and the purpose of segmentation is to prevent the slideways 62213 from interfering with the openings 62211, and further to reduce the size of the base 6221, the slideways 62213 are hook parts, which are configured to be hooked onto the slide rails of the mounting rack so as to prevent the spring module 6000 from being separating from the mounting rack.

[0308] FIG. 19 exemplarily shows a condition when the spring modules 6000 having a plurality of conical springs 110 are mounted onto a mounting rack of a spring cushion.

[0309] It can be known from the above exemplary embodiments that the spring module according to the present disclosure may comprise any number of a plurality of conical springs, and the plurality of conical springs may be distributed in the spring module in any pattern.

[0310] According to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, in order to better maintain the spring module in the spring cushion in a proper position, the spring cushion 1000 may further comprise a one-piece fixing net. FIGS. 21A and 21B show a one-piece fixing net 1300 according to a first preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, which comprises a plurality of ring parts 1310 with each ring part 1310 such configured that part of the corresponding spring module in the spring cushion can pass therethrough. Preferably, when the one-piece fixing net 1300 is arranged on the spring modules, the vertical distance between the ring part 1310 and the end cover of the spring module is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the overall height of the spring module.

[0311] FIGS. 22A-22D show a one-piece fixing net 1400 according to a second preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the one-piece fixing net 1400 is flexible, and a plurality of hook parts 1420 are provided at the edge of which. When the one-piece fixing net

**1400** is arranged on the spring modules, the hook parts **1420** are configured to hook on the mounting rack **400**.

[0312] Further preferably, the top of the sponge cover **1100** may comprise a plurality of nest structures **1110**, as shown in FIGS. 23A and 23B, and the positions of the plurality of nest structures **1110** correspond to the positions of the end covers of each spring module on the foldable mounting rack in the spring cushion, such that the top of each spring module may be accommodated within the corresponding nest structure, thereby restricting the movement of the spring modules in the lateral direction and preventing the spring modules from being dislocated or the adjacent springs from being wound together.

[0313] As shown in FIGS. 24A to 24B, the spring cushion **1000** according to the present disclosure may further comprise a plurality of filling sponge strips **900**, which are placed on the one-piece fixing net **2300**, and the plurality of filling sponge strips **900** are sized to be filled in the gaps between the spring modules as well as the gaps between the frustocones of each spring module in the spring cushion, so as to prevent the spring modules from shaking and dislocation thus improving the use comfort of the spring cushion. As shown in FIG. 24C, similar to the one-piece fixing nets **1300**, **1400**, the one-piece fixing net **2300** comprises a plurality of ring parts **2310** with each ring part **2310** such configured that part of the corresponding spring module in the spring cushion can pass therethrough. Preferably, when the one-piece fixing net **2300** is arranged on the spring modules, the vertical distance between the ring part **2310** and the end cover of the spring module is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the overall height of the spring module.

[0314] As shown in FIGS. 25C and 25D, the spring cushion **1000** of the present disclosure may comprise a one-piece fixing net **3300**, which comprises a plurality of small ring parts **3320** for restraining the spring module in addition to the ring parts **3310**, and the small ring parts **3320** are respectively located between the ring parts **3310**, and the ring parts **3310** as well as the small ring parts **3320** are arranged at intervals in an array manner, such that when the one-piece fixing net **3300** is arranged on the spring modules, the plurality of small ring parts **3320** are just above the gaps between the spring modules as well as the gaps between the frustocones of each spring module.

[0315] Similarly, when the fixing net **3300** is arranged on the spring modules, the vertical distance between the ring part **3310** and the end cover of the spring module is about  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the overall height of the spring module.

[0316] As shown in FIGS. 25A and 25B, the spring cushion **1000** of the present disclosure may further comprise a plurality of gap-filling spring modules **800**, which are generally frustoconical, and can be used to fill in the gaps between the spring modules as well as the gaps between the frustoconical shapes of each spring module with the thin end down, so as to prevent the spring modules from shaking and dislocation thus improving the use comfort of the spring cushion. The small-diameter ends of the gap-filling spring modules **800** may be fixed onto the small ring parts **3320** for filling the gaps.

[0317] FIG. 25E exemplarily shows a gap-filling spring module **800** for filling gaps according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the gap-filling spring module **800** comprises a spring bracket **820** and a small conical spring **810** provided in the spring bracket **820**. The spring bracket **820** is used to removably

assemble the gap-filling spring module **800** to the one-piece fixing net **3300**. The spring bracket **820** comprises a base **821**, an end cover **822** and a plurality of flexible straps **823**, in a preferred embodiment, the number of the flexible straps **823** is four, and the flexible straps **823** are uniformly distributed around the periphery of the spring bracket **820**. The center of the base **821** comprises a circular opening, and the large-diameter end of the small conical spring **810** is fixed to a spring fixing part of the base **821**, the spring fixing part may be an annular groove extending around the inner circumference of the circular opening of the base **821**. The small-diameter end of the conical spring **810** abuts against the end cover **822**. The flexible straps **823** are located outside the small conical spring **810**, and two ends of each flexible strap **823** are fixedly connected to the base **821** and the end cover **822**, respectively. When the spring **810** is installed in the spring bracket **820**, it may be provided with a predetermined initial pressure, so that the gap-filling spring module **800** may have a desired stiffness. With the support of the spring, the gap-filling spring module **800** has a frustoconical shape as a whole.

[0318] Preferably, the spring bracket **820** is a one-piece spring bracket formed integrally, but of course, it may also be an assembly assembled from multiple components.

[0319] As described above, the spring bracket **820** is substantially frustoconical, which enables the end cover **822** of the gap-filling spring module **800** to enter into the interior of another gap-filling spring module through the circular opening of the base **821** of the other gap-filling spring module thus forming nesting.

[0320] Furthermore, in order to allow the end cover **822** of the gap-filling spring module **800** to be more stably fixed on the small ring part **3320** of the one-piece fixing net **3300**, a plurality of hook parts **8221** extending toward the small-diameter end of the small conical spring **810** may be formed at the outer periphery of the end cover **822**, and the small-diameter end of the gap-filling spring module **800** may be fixed on the small ring part **3320** through the hook parts **8221** so as to fill the gaps. Preferably, the plurality of hook parts **8221** and the plurality of flexible straps **823** are arranged at intervals along the periphery of the gap-filling spring module **800**. Alternatively, the hook part **8221** may also be configured as an annular hook part extending 360 degrees along the entire periphery of the end cover **822**.

[0321] The present disclosure further provides a spring cushion. As shown in FIGS. 20A-20C, a spring cushion **1000** according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure may comprise the mounting rack **400, 500, 600** as described in the above embodiments, and a plurality of spring modules **100, 200, 300, 700, 5000, 6000** mounted on the mounting rack. The spring cushion **1000** may further comprise the sponge cover **1100** sleeved on the plurality of spring modules mounted on the mounting rack, and a cloth cover **1200** sleeved on the sponge cover.

[0322] Various spring modules according to various embodiments of the present disclosure may also have other functional parts/components, which will be described in detail below.

[0323] FIGS. 26A and 26B show a spring module with constraint holes according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, wherein the end cover is provided with a main body part which is substantially planar, and four constraint holes **224a** uniformly distributed around the center of the end cover may be provided in the main body part,

and the constraint holes are configured to receive constraint members (FIG. 27A) so as to constrain the relative position between four adjacent spring modules. FIGS. 27A-27C exemplarily show a constraint member 10 for constraining the spring module, the constraint member comprises a square main frame and four cylindrical parts 11 located at four corners of the square main frame, as shown in the figures, the square main frame is provided with reinforcing bars 12 extending along the diagonals of which; Each cylindrical part 11 extends from the square main frame toward the same side in the direction perpendicular to the square main frame, and the main frame as well as the cylindrical part are such sized that each cylindrical part 11 may be inserted into the corresponding constraint hole 224a in the end covers of four adjacent spring modules. In addition, each cylindrical part 11 has a tapered end for guiding the cylindrical part 11 to be inserted into the constraint hole 224a. As shown in FIG. 27C, an snap-fit part 13 is provided on the outer surface of the cylindrical part 11, and the snap-fit part 13 is configured to be snap fitted in the constraint hole 224a. As shown in FIG. 27B, the cylindrical part 11 is provided with a central hole 14 in which a groove 15 for receiving the snap-fit part 13 is formed, and the central hole 14 is such sized to receive the tapered end of the cylindrical part 11 of another constraint member 10 so that a plurality of constraint members 10 may be nested with each other, as shown in FIG. 27D.

[0324] FIG. 27E exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIG. 26A are fixed together through the constraint members 10 shown in FIG. 27A.

[0325] FIGS. 28A-28C show a spring module with a rotary fixing device according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the rotary fixing device comprises a pair of protrusions 21 and a pair of arc openings 22 provided on the end cover of the spring module in a central symmetrical manner along the circumferential direction, and the protrusions 21 as well as the arc openings 22 are alternately arranged along the circumferential direction of the end cover. Each protrusion 21 comprises a thin base portion 211a which is substantially cylindrical, and a thick end 212a which is substantially frustoconical. Each arc opening 22 comprises a narrow arc extending portion 221a, and a wide end opening portion 222a located at one end of the arc opening 22, that is, the radial dimension of the end opening portion 222a is larger than that of the arc extending portion 221a. The radial (width) dimension of the opening portion 222a is designed to allow the thick end 212a of the protrusion 21 to pass therethrough, while the radial (width) dimension of the arc extending portion 221a is designed to prevent the thick end 212a from passing therethrough, so that when the end covers of two spring modules face with each other, a pair of protrusions 21 of one end cover may pass through a pair of end opening portions 222a of the other end cover, at the same time, a pair of protrusions 21 of the other end cover may pass through a pair of end opening portions 222a of the one end cover, by rotating the two spring modules along a locking direction, the base portion 211a of each protrusion 21 moves into the arc extending portion 221a of which along the corresponding arc opening 22 and is locked into the narrow arc extending portion 221a through the thick end 212a of each protrusion, thereby fixing the two spring modules together in an end cover-to-end cover manner, as shown in the figures.

[0326] FIG. 28F is a partial enlarged view of FIG. 28E, showing an optional interlocking device provided on the end cover, which comprises a pair of arc walls 23 and a pair of uprights 24 arranged on the end cover in a central symmetrical manner along the circumferential direction of the end cover, the arc walls 23 and the uprights 24 are alternately arranged mutually along the circumferential direction of the end cover. Corresponding to the interlocking device, the base portions 211a of the protrusions 21 of the rotary fixing device of in the height direction of the spring modules are sized to allow the two spring modules to move a certain distance relative to each other along the height direction of the spring modules when fixing together in an end cover-to-end cover manner, the distance is designed to be larger than the dimension of the uprights 24 in the height direction of the spring modules, so that when rotating the two spring modules along the locking direction, the arc walls 23 of one spring module are allowed to pass over the uprights 24 of the other spring module. When the two spring modules are already locked in an end cover-to-end cover manner, the uprights 24 of one spring module engage one end of the arc walls 23 of the other spring module to prevent the two spring modules from rotating relative to each other in an unlocking direction opposite to the locking direction, as shown in FIG. 28F. When requiring disassembly, the two spring modules may be moved away from each other manually thus disengaging the arc walls 23 from the uprights 24, and then, the two spring modules may be rotated in the unlocking direction. Preferably, the interlocking devices 23, 24 are positioned radially outside the rotary fixing device 21, 22.

[0327] FIGS. 29A and 29B show a spring module having locking structures 31, 32 adapted in shape according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, which are arranged on four sides of the base of the spring module and comprise convex parts 31 extending outward perpendicular to the corresponding sides in the horizontal direction of the base and concave parts 32 extending inward perpendicular to the corresponding sides in the horizontal direction of the base. The convex parts 31 and the concave parts 32 are mutually arranged in alternation on the sides of the base, and the convex parts 31 and the concave parts 32 are shaped to be adapted mutually, so that the convex parts 31 and the concave parts 32 of one spring module may respectively insert into and receive the corresponding concave parts 32 and the corresponding convex parts 31 of another adjacent spring module in the direction perpendicular to the plane of the base, thereby limiting relative movement between adjacent spring modules in the horizontal direction. The convex part 31 comprises a neck and a head positioned at the end of the neck and wider than which. The concave part 32 comprises an opening part and an enlarged concave part positioned inside the opening part and wider than which, and the shapes of the opening part as well as the enlarged concave part are respectively adapted to the neck as well as the head of the convex part, so that the convex part 31 and the concave part 32 of one spring module may respectively insert into and receive the corresponding concave part and the corresponding convex part of another adjacent spring module in the direction perpendicular to the surface of the base.

[0328] Preferably, each convex part 31 further comprises a slider 311a and a spring member 312a. The slider 311a is configured to slide outward and inward along the horizontal direction of the base perpendicular to the correspond-

ing side in the convex part 31, and the outer side of the slider 311a is provided with an outwardly protruding tongue part 3111a. One end of the spring member 312a is fixed on the base while the other end of which is a free end, the spring member 312a passes through the slider 311a and fixes which between the fixed end and the free end of the spring member 312a, the spring member 312a is used to apply elasticity to the slider allowing it to slide outward. Two limiting members 313a, 314a are provided on the base for limiting the movement range of the free end of the spring member 312a, wherein the first limiting member 313a is used to limit the free end of the spring member 312a in a first position so that the slider is in a retracted position, and the second limiting member 314a is used to limit the free end of the spring member 312a in a second position so that the slider is in an extended position. A groove 322a for accommodating the tongue part 3111a of the slider in the extended position is provided in each concave part 32 so as to limit relative movement along the height (vertical) direction between the adjacent spring modules. Preferably, the edges of each concave part 32 on the upper and lower surfaces of the base are further provided with a guiding inclined surface 321a for guiding the tongue part 3111a into the concave part 32. FIG. 29C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules are interlocked together through the interlocking device shown in FIGS. 29A, 29B, as can be seen from the figures, the convex parts 31 of each spring module are adapted within the concave parts 32 of the adjacent spring module, and the slider 311a is in an extended position so that the tongue part 3111a is inserted into the groove 322a.

[0329] FIGS. 30A and 30B show a spring module having locking structures 41, 42 adapted in shape according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, wherein the convex parts 41 and the concave parts 42 are mutually arranged in alternation on four sides of the base. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises locking structures provided on four sides of the base, and the locking structure comprises a convex part 41 extending outward perpendicular to the corresponding side along the horizontal direction of the base and a concave part 42 extending inward perpendicular to the corresponding side in the horizontal direction of the base. The shape of the convex part 41 and the shape of the concave part 42 are mutually adapted or complementary, so that the convex part 41 of one spring module may be inserted into the concave part 42 of another spring module in the horizontal direction. Preferably, the convex part 41 and the concave part 42 are substantially triangular. Further preferably, a boss 411a is provided on the upper surface and/or the lower surface of the convex part 41, and a through hole 421a is provided in the upper wall and/or the lower wall of the concave part 42, and the boss 411a may enter into and exit from the through hole 421a of the concave part of another spring module. FIG. 30C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules are combined together through the locking structures shown in FIGS. 30A and 30B, since the locking structure on each side of the base of the spring module is the same, thereby allowing various splicing.

[0330] FIG. 30D shows a spring module having locking structures adapted in shape according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the spring module comprises locking structures provided on four sides of the base, the locking structure comprises a convex part 43 extending outward perpendicu-

lar to the corresponding side in the horizontal direction of the base, and a concave part 44 extending inward perpendicular to the corresponding side in the horizontal direction of the base, the convex parts 43 and the concave parts 44 are arranged opposite to each other on four sides of the base, for example, one side of the base is provided with a pair of convex parts 43, and another side of the base opposite to said side is provided with a pair of concave parts 44, as shown in the figure. The shape of the convex part 43 and the concave part 44 are mutually adapted or complementary, so that the convex part 43 of one spring module may be inserted into the concave part 44 of another spring module in the horizontal direction. Preferably, the convex part 43 and the concave part 44 are substantially triangular. Further preferably, a boss 431a is provided on the upper surface and/or the lower surface of the convex part 43, and a through hole 441a is provided in the upper wall and/or the lower wall of the concave part 44, and the boss 431a may enter into and exit from the through hole 441a of the concave part of another spring module. FIGS. 30E and 30F exemplarily show two conditions when a plurality of spring modules are combined together through the locking structures shown in FIGS. 30C and 30D.

[0331] FIGS. 31A and 31B show a spring module having a T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connection according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, one or more sides of the base of the spring module are provided with a T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connection 51 extending along the corresponding side, and the T-shaped connection 51 comprises a first flange 511a extending upward along the height direction of the spring module, and a second flange 511b extending downward along the height direction of the spring module, when two T-shaped connections 51 of two spring modules are arranged adjacently, the two T-shaped connections 51 may be connected together by a connector 52 (as seen in FIGS. 31C and 31F) having a pair of upper flanges 521a extending downward as well as a pair of lower flanges 521b extending upward, and the connector 52 may slide along the first flange 511a as well as the second flange 511b so as to pass between two spring modules arranged side by side and connect them together. As shown in FIG. 31C, the connector 52 comprise: an intermediate wall; a pair of upper flanges 521a extending downward as well as a pair of lower flanges 521b extending upward positioned at both sides of the intermediate wall which may pass between two adjacently arranged connections 51 of two adjacently arranged spring modules so as to connect the two adjacently arranged spring modules together through the upper flanges 521a as well as the lower flanges 521b. The upper flange 521a and the lower flange 521b of the connection 52 on the same side of the intermediate wall form a slideway in which the first flange 511a and the second flange 511b of the spring module may slide through. Preferably, the slideway may be wedge-shaped, and the first flange 511a as well as the second flange 511b may form a wedge-shaped shape adapted to the wedge-shaped shape of the slideway. FIG. 31D exemplarily shows a condition when the spring modules having the T-shaped connections 51 shown in FIGS. 31A and 31B are connected in rows through the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31C.

[0332] FIG. 31E shows a spring module having a T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connection 51 according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, four sides of the base of the spring module with

multiple springs (the spring module shown in the figure comprises four springs, which may also comprise any other number of springs, such as three, five, etc.) are all provided with T-shaped connections 51, and a stop part 511c for limiting the I-shaped connector 52 is provided in the middle of the second flange 511b in order to prevent the I-shaped connector 52 from sliding further inward.

[0333] FIGS. 31G and 31H exemplarily show a condition when a plurality of spring modules shown in FIG. 31E (springs omitted) are connected together through the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31F, wherein a three-in-one spring module (three springs installed in one one-piece spring bracket) and a four-in-one spring module (four springs installed in one one-piece spring bracket) are shown, those skilled in the art will realize that the spring module may also be a spring module containing other numbers of springs. Any number of spring modules may be spliced together in any way according to actual requirements (such as the size of the spring cushion).

[0334] FIGS. 31L and 31M exemplarily show spring cushions of different sizes which are made by splicing the spring modules and the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31E-31H, because four sides of the base of the spring module of the present embodiment are all provided with T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connections 51, the spring modules arranged adjacently in the transverse and longitudinal directions are connected together through the I-shaped connectors 52.

[0335] FIGS. 31I and 31J show a spring module having wedge-shaped (or T-shaped) splicing parts 53, 54 according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, one side of the base is provided with a wedge-shaped (or T-shaped) groove 54, and the opposite side is provided with a wedge-shaped (or T-shaped) protrusion 55 capable of shape matching with the wedge-shaped (or T-shaped) groove 54, the other two opposite sides are respectively provided with wedge-shaped protrusions 53, the wedge-shaped protrusion 55 may slide within the wedge-shaped groove 54 of the base of another spring module so as to connect the two spring modules together, and the wedge-shaped protrusion 53 of one spring module may be connected together with the wedge-shaped protrusion 53 of another spring module by the I-shaped connector 52 shown in FIG. 31F. Preferably, the two side walls 541a, 541b forming the wedge-shaped grooves 54 are discontinuous, and the side walls 541a, 541b are distributed in a staggered manner. FIG. 31K exemplarily shows an enlarged sectional view when two spring modules shown in FIGS. 31I and 31J are spliced together through the wedge-shaped protrusions 55 and the wedge-shaped grooves 54.

[0336] FIGS. 31N and 31P exemplarily show spring cushions of different sizes assembled by the spring modules shown in FIGS. 31I-31K and the I-shaped connectors shown in FIG. 31F, as shown in the figures, because one pair of opposite sides of the base of the spring module of the present embodiment are respectively provided with the wedge-shaped grooves 54 and the wedge-shaped protrusions 55 which may be matched with each other, and further, the other pair of opposite sides are respectively provided with the T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connections 53, transversely (the horizontal direction shown in the figures) adjacent spring modules are connected with each other by the I-shaped connectors 52, while longitudinally (the vertical direction shown in the figures) adjacent spring modules are

connected with each other by their own wedge-shaped grooves 54 and wedge-shaped protrusions 55.

[0337] FIG. 32A shows a spring module according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure in which the base and the end cover may be snapped together so that the spring is compressed therebetween, the volume of the spring module is greatly reduced when the base and the end cover are snapped together, thus convenient for storage and transportation. FIGS. 32B-32D respectively illustrate a perspective view, a top view and a side view of the base of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A, and FIGS. 32E, 32F respectively illustrate a perspective view and a top view of the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a spring 110e and a spring bracket 120a capable of holding and fixing the spring, and the spring bracket 120a comprises a base 121a, an end cover 122a and flexible connecting straps 123a. The base 121a comprises a spring mounting seat having first spring fixing parts 1212a, each of which may be configured to fix a first end of the spring 110e. The end cover 122a comprises a spring mounting seat having second spring fixing parts 1222a capable of fixing a second end of the spring. Two ends of each flexible connecting strap 123a are fixedly connected to the base 121a and the end cover 122a, respectively, and are positioned outside each spring 110e. A rotary locking assembly is provided on the base 121a as well as the end cover 122a, and the base is configured to be removably locked together with the end cover through the rotary locking assembly, so that the spring is compressed therebetween. As shown in FIGS. 32B-32F, the rotary locking assembly comprises one or more locking posts 127a provided on the outer region of the base 121a, and one or more arc openings 128a provided on the corresponding outer region of the end cover 122a. Each locking post 127a comprises a base 1271a as well as an end 1272a having a larger sectional size than that of the base. Each arc opening 128a comprises an arc extending portion 1281a and an end opening portion 1282a positioned at one end of the arc opening and larger in size than the arc extending portion. The end opening portion 1282a of each arc opening 128a is sized to allow the thicker end 1272a of the corresponding locking post 127a to pass therethrough, and the narrower arc extending portion of each arc opening 128a is sized not to allow the end 1272a of the corresponding locking post 127a to pass therethrough, therefore, when compressing the spring and rendering the thick end of each locking post 127a to pass through the corresponding end opening portion 1282a, by rotating the base 121a and the end cover 122a along the locking direction, the base 1271a of each locking post 127a moves along the corresponding arc opening 128a into the arc extending portion 1281a of which and is locked therein by the end 1272a, thereby releasably locking the base and the end cover together. FIGS. 32G and 32H schematically respectively show a perspective view and a top view when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 32A are snapped together. FIG. 32I exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules shown in FIGS. 32G and 32H are stacked together, wherein the spring modules are in a compressed configuration. The compressed and locked spring modules may greatly save space for storage and transportation.

[0338] FIGS. 32J and 32K exemplarily show spring modules with the base and the end cover of which can be snapped together according to another preferred embodiments of the

present disclosure, respectively, wherein the flexible connecting part of the spring module shown in FIG. 32J is composed of flexible ropes 123b, and the flexible connecting part of the spring module shown in FIG. 32K is a one-piece flexible sleeve 123c surrounding the spring with 360 degrees.

[0339] FIGS. 32L and 32M exemplarily show spring modules with the base and the end cover of which can be snapped together according to other preferred embodiments of the present disclosure, respectively, wherein the spring module shown in FIG. 32L has a spring bracket 120b in which three springs can be accommodated, and the spring bracket 120b comprises a base 121b and an end cover 122b in which three springs can be accommodated, and the spring module shown in FIG. 32M has a spring bracket 120c in which four springs can be accommodated, and the spring bracket 120c comprises a base 121c and an end cover 122c in which four springs can be accommodated. The bottom surfaces of the bases 121a, 121b and 121c of the spring modules as described above may also be provided with module mounting parts 1213a for detachably mounting the spring modules into the spring cushions. Preferably, the module mounting part 1213a is a slideway or a slide rail, so that the base of the spring module may be slidably assembled onto the mounting rack in the spring cushion. Furthermore, the spring brackets 120a, 120b and 120c may be integrally formed. More preferably, the spring is installed in the spring bracket with a predetermined initial compression force. Alternatively, the base may be provided with an opening 1211a at the center of which, and the end cover may be provided with an opening 1221a at the center of which.

[0340] FIGS. 33A-33F exemplarily show a spring module as well as its components according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, in which a base and an end cover can be snapped together. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a base 121d, an end cover 122d and a spring bag. The base 121d comprises a pair of first locking mechanisms 1211d provided at the periphery of which, and the end cover 122d comprises a pair of second locking mechanisms 1221d provided at the periphery of which. The spring bag is removably fixed between the base 121d and the end cover 122d, each spring bag comprises a spring 110f and a flexible sleeve 123d encompassing the spring. The base 121d and the end cover 122d may be releasably snapped together by the first locking mechanism 1211d and the second locking mechanism 1221d to compress the spring bag between the base and the end cover. Preferably, the spring is enclosed in the flexible sleeve 123d with a predetermined initial compression force. Although the spring shown in the figures is a convex spring with a convex center, those skilled in the art may realize that the spring may also be a cylindrical spring or a concave spring with a concave center. The locking mechanisms 1211d, 1221d will be described in detail below with reference to FIGS. 33E-33G, as shown in the figures, the pair of first locking mechanisms 1211d extend outward from the base 121d along the radial direction, and each first locking mechanism comprises a first protrusion 12112d located between the first locking mechanism 1211d and the base 121d. The pair of second locking mechanisms 1221d extend outward from the end cover 122d along the radial direction, and each second locking mechanism comprises a spring tongue part 12211d capable of moving toward and away from the end cover 122d, and a second protrusion 12212d

located outside the tongue part. And the second protrusion 12212d may engage with the first protrusion 12112d so as to lock the base with the end cover. The second protrusion 12212d may be disengaged from the first protrusion 12112d as the tongue part 12211d moves toward the end cover, thereby releasing the end cover from the base. Preferably, each first locking mechanism 1211d further comprises a notch 12111d, which is located in the middle of the first locking mechanism, so that a user may press the tongue part 12211d toward the end cover through the notch 12111d thus releasing the end cover.

[0341] FIG. 33H exemplarily shows a spring module according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure in which the base and the end cover can be locked together, and FIG. 33I shows the compressed configuration of the spring module, as shown in the figures, unlike the spring module shown in FIGS. 33A-33G, the spring module comprises a base 121e and an end cover 122e in which four spring bags can be accommodated. Similarly, the base 121e comprises a pair of first locking mechanisms 1211e provided at the periphery of which and the end cover 122e comprises a pair of second locking mechanisms 1221e provided at the periphery of which. The spring bags are detachably fixed between the base 121e and the end cover 122e, and the base 121e and the end cover 122e may be releasably locked together through the first locking mechanism 1211e and the second locking mechanism 1221e so as to compress the spring bags between the base and the end cover. The first pair of locking mechanisms 1211e extend outward from the base 121e along the radial direction, and each first locking mechanism comprises a first protrusion 12112e positioned between the first locking mechanism 1211e and the base 121e. The pair of second locking mechanisms 1221e extend outward from the end cover 122e along the radial direction, and each second locking mechanism comprises a spring tongue part 12211e capable of moving toward and away from the end cover 122e, and a second protrusion 12212e positioned outside the tongue part. The second protrusion 12212e may engage with the first protrusion 12112e in order to lock the base and the end cover together. The second protrusion 12212e may be disengaged from the first protrusion 12112e as the tongue part 12211e move towards the end cover, thereby releasing the end cover from the base.

[0342] FIGS. 33J-33L exemplarily show a condition when a plurality of the spring modules shown in FIG. 33A or 33H are connected in rows through flexible bottom pads 60a, 60b and 60c, as shown in the figures, the spring modules are fixed on a first surface of the flexible bottom pad, and the flexible bottom pad may be bent to allow a first part of a second surface of which opposite to the first surface to engage with a second part of the second surface, as shown in FIGS. 33M, 33N. FIG. 33P exemplarily shows a spring cushion having the spring modules as well as the flexible bottom pads 60b or 60c shown in FIG. 33L.

[0343] FIG. 34A exemplarily shows a spring module with a base and an end cover of which may be locked together according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. FIGS. 34B-34D illustrate a perspective view, a top view and a side view of the base of the spring module shown in FIG. 34A, and FIGS. 34E, 34F illustrate a perspective view and a top view of the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 34A, respectively. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a spring 110e, a base 121f and an end cover 122f. The base 121f comprises a spring

mounting seat with a first spring fixing part 1212 $f$  capable of fixing a first end of the spring, and the end cover 122 $f$  comprises a spring mounting seat with a second spring fixing part 1222 $f$  capable of fixing a second end of the spring. The base and the end cover are provided with a rotary locking assembly, and the base may be releasably locked together with the end cover by the rotary locking assembly, so that the spring is compressed therebetween. Specifically, the rotary locking assembly comprises one or more locking posts 127 $f$  positioned on the outer region of the base and one or more arc openings 128 $f$  positioned on the corresponding outer region of the end cover. Each locking post 127 $f$  comprises a thin base 1271 $f$  and a thick end 1272 $f$ . Each arc opening 128 $f$  comprises a narrow arc extending portion 1281 $f$  and a wide end opening portion 1282 $f$ , and the end opening portion 1282 $f$  is positioned at one end of the arc opening 128 $f$ . The end opening portion 1282 $f$  of each arc opening 128 $f$  is sized to allow the end 1272 $f$  of the corresponding locking post 127 $f$  to pass therethrough, while the arc extending portion 1281 $f$  of each arc opening 128 $f$  is sized not to allow the end of the corresponding locking post to pass therethrough, so that when compressing the spring and rendering the end 1272 $f$  of each locking post to pass through the corresponding end opening portion 1282 $f$ , by rotating the base and the end cover along the locking direction, the base 1271 $f$  of each locking post moves along the corresponding arc opening 128 $f$  into the arc extending portion 1281 $f$  of which and is locked in the arc extending portion 1281 $f$  through the end 1272 $f$ , thereby releasably locking the base and the end cover together. FIG. 34G exemplarily shows a condition when the base and the end cover of the spring module shown in FIG. 34A are locked together. Preferably, the base 121 $f$  further comprises a module mounting part 1213 $f$  for removably mounting the spring module into the spring cushion, and the module mounting part 1213 $f$  may be a slideway or a slide rail arranged on the bottom surface of the base, so that the base of the spring module may be slidably assembled onto the mounting rack in the spring cushion through the module mounting part 1213 $f$ . Alternatively, the base may be provided with an opening 1211 $f$  at the center of which, and the end cover may be provided with an opening 1221 $f$  at the center of which.

[0344] FIGS. 35A and 35B schematically show a perspective view and a side view, respectively, of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a conical spring 110 and a plurality of flexible straps 123 $e$ , each flexible strap 123 $e$  respectively comprises a main body 1231 $e$ ; a first hook 1232 $e$  at one end of the main body; and a second hook 1233 $e$  at the other end of the main body. The first hook 1232 $e$  is removably hooked on the large-diameter end of the conical spring, and the second hook 1233 $e$  is removably hooked on the small-diameter end of the conical spring, and the flexible straps 123 $e$  are all positioned outside the conical spring. Preferably, the lengths of the plurality of flexible straps 123 $e$  are designed such that the conical spring has a predetermined initial compression force. Further preferably, the flexible straps 123 $e$  are integrally formed and made of plastic. Optionally, the width and/or thickness of the main body 1231 $e$  of the flexible strap 123 $e$  gradually decreases from one end to the other end.

[0345] FIGS. 35C and 35D exemplarily show a perspective view and a side view, respectively, of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the pres-

ent disclosure. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a conical spring 110 and a plurality of flexible straps 123 $f$ , and each flexible strap 123 $f$  comprises a main body 1231 $f$ ; a first hook 1232 $f$  positioned at one end of the main body; and a second hook 1233 $f$  positioned at the other end of the main body. The first hook 1232 $f$  is hooked on the large-diameter end of the conical spring, the second hook 1233 $f$  is hooked on the small-diameter end of the conical spring, and the flexible straps 123 $f$  are all positioned outside the conical spring. The lengths of the plurality of flexible straps 123 $f$  are preferably designed such that the conical spring has a predetermined initial compression force. Further preferably, the main body 1231 $f$  of the flexible strap 123 $f$  is made of woven fabric, and the first hook 1231 $f$  as well as the second hook 1232 $f$  of the flexible straps 123 $f$  are made of metal or plastic. Optionally, the width and/or thickness of the main body 1231 $e$  of the flexible straps 123 $e$  gradually decreases from one end to the other.

[0346] FIG. 35E exemplarily shows a condition when the plurality of spring modules shown in FIGS. 35A to 35D are nested together.

[0347] FIGS. 35F and 35G exemplarily show an exploded view and a sectional view of a spring module, respectively, according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 35H is a partial enlarged view of FIG. 35G. As shown in the figures, the spring module comprises a conical spring 110, a one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  having a closed end and an open end, and one or more fasteners 129 $g$ . The conical spring 110 passes through the open end of the one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  and enters the interior of which, so that the one-piece flexible sleeve encompasses outside the conical spring, and wherein the end of the open end of the one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  is bent around the large-diameter end of the conical spring 110 toward the interior of the conical spring and fixed to an adjacent part of the one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  positioned outside the conical spring 110 by one or more fasteners 129 $g$  (as shown in FIG. 35H). Preferably, the one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  and the one or more fasteners 129 $g$  cooperate with each other so that the conical spring may have a predetermined initial compression force. In a preferred embodiment, the one-piece flexible sleeve 1231 $g$  is a one-piece cloth sleeve, and the fastener 129 $g$  is a rivet. FIG. 35I exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules shown in FIGS. 35F and 35G are nested together.

[0348] FIG. 35J exemplarily shows a spring module according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 35K shows a conical spring 110 $b$  of which. Unlike the spring module shown in FIGS. 35F-35H, the flexible sleeve 1231 $h$  as well as the conical spring 110 $b$  are square conical.

[0349] FIGS. 36A and 36B exemplarily show a perspective view and a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, which comprises a plurality of connected cylindrical cloth sleeves 1231 $i$  in rows and a plurality of cylindrical springs encompassed therein. FIG. 36C exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, FIG. 36D exemplarily shows a condition when the spring module shown in FIG. 36C is compressed and stored in a

storage box, and FIG. 36E exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of storage boxes shown in FIG. 36D are stacked together.

[0350] FIG. 37 exemplarily shows a perspective view of a spring module according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the spring module comprises a conical spring 110, a base 121j and a plurality of flexible straps 123j. The base has a spring mounting seat with a spring fixing part 1212j for fixing the large-diameter end of the conical spring, one end of each flexible strap 123j is fixedly coupled to the base, while the other end has a hook part 1233j which is detachably hooked on the small-diameter end of the conical spring, and the plurality of the flexible straps 123j are all positioned outside the conical spring 110. Preferably, the lengths of the plurality of flexible straps 123j are designed such that the conical spring 110 has a predetermined initial compression force. Further preferably, the flexible strap 123j is entirely made of plastic. Optionally, the main body of the flexible strap 123j is made of woven fabric, and the hook part 1233j is made of metal or plastic. Optionally, the width and/or thickness of the main body of the flexible strap 123j gradually decreases from one end to the other end. In a preferred embodiment, the bottom surface of the base 121j is further provided with a module mounting part 1213j for removably mounting the spring module into a spring cushion. Preferably, the module mounting part 1213j may be slideways or slide rails arranged on the bottom surface of the base, so that the base can be slidably assembled to the mounting rack in the spring cushion through the module mounting part 1213j. In another preferred embodiment, the base 121j may also be provided with locking structures 31 and 32 shown in FIGS. 29A-29C, locking structures 41, 42 shown in FIGS. 30A-30C, locking structures 43, 44 shown in FIGS. 30D-30F, or T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connections 51 shown in FIGS. 31A-31D.

[0351] FIGS. 38A, 38B exemplarily show a perspective exploded view and a perspective sectional view of a spring module (spring bag) according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, respectively. As shown in the figures, the spring module (spring bag) comprises a conical spring 110 and a double-layer flexible sleeve, the double-layer flexible sleeve comprises: a frustoconical outer layer 123m having a closed end and an open end, and the open end of the frustoconical outer layer is provided with a first flange 1231m extending outward; and a frustoconical inner layer 123n positioned inside the frustoconical outer layer 123m, wherein the frustoconical inner layer 123n has a closed end and an open end, and the open end of the frustoconical inner layer 123n is provided with a second flange 1231n extending outward. The radial dimension of the frustoconical inner layer 123n is smaller than that of the frustoconical outer layer 123m, and the height dimension of the frustoconical inner layer 123n is approximately equal to that of the frustoconical outer layer 123m, the conical spring 110 is positioned between the frustoconical outer layer 123m and the frustoconical inner layer 123n. The first flange 1231m of the frustoconical outer layer 123m is fixedly coupled with the second flange 1231n of the frustoconical inner layer 123n, and the closed end of the frustoconical outer layer is fixedly coupled with the closed end of the frustoconical inner layer. Preferably, the height dimension of the frustoconical outer layer 123m and that of the frustoconical inner layer 123n are designed to allow the conical spring therebetween to have a predetermined initial

compression force. Preferably, the frustoconical outer layer 123m and the frustoconical inner layer 123n are coupled together by adhesive or ultrasonic welding.

[0352] FIGS. 39A, 39B respectively illustrate conditions when the spring bag shown in FIGS. 38A, 38B are fixed on the base through different fixing ways, the spring bag is fixedly coupled to the base through an engaging part on the base in FIG. 39A, while in FIG. 39B the spring bag is fixedly coupled to the base through fasteners. FIG. 39C exemplarily shows a condition when a plurality of spring modules shown in FIG. 39A or 39B are nested together. The base may be provided with locking structures 31 and 32 shown in FIGS. 29A-29C, locking structures 41 and 42 shown in FIGS. 30A-30C, locking structures 43 and 44 shown in FIGS. 30D-30F, or T-shaped (or wedge-shaped) connections 51 shown in FIGS. 31A-31D.

[0353] FIGS. 40A-40C exemplarily show different embodiments of non-conical springs that can be used in the above-mentioned spring module, and FIG. 40D exemplarily shows a spring module having the spring shown in FIG. 40B. FIG. 40E exemplarily shows a different embodiment of a conical spring that can be used in the above-mentioned spring module, and FIG. 40F exemplarily shows a spring module 200a comprising the conical spring shown in FIG. 40E, which comprises a spring bracket 220a and a square conical spring 110b installed therein.

[0354] FIG. 40G exemplarily shows a different embodiment of a conical spring that can be used in the spring module of the present disclosure, wherein at least a part of the conical spring is formed by a double spiral wire, and preferably, a double-wire spring part with the double spiral wire occupies about  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the overall height of the conical spring. FIG. 40H exemplarily shows a spring module comprising the conical spring shown in FIG. 40G.

[0355] On the other hand, the present disclosure also provides a spring cushion comprising various spring modules as described above.

[0356] FIG. 41A exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the spring cushion comprises various spring modules described in the above embodiments; a first sponge pad 1300a, each having a plurality of holes, each hole being configured such that a part of the corresponding spring module may pass therethrough; a second sponge pad 1100a sleeved on the first sponge pad 1300a; an outer cover 1200a sleeved on the second sponge pad 1100a so as to wrap the spring module, the first sponge pad as well as the second sponge pad therein.

[0357] FIG. 41B exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, which is different from the spring cushion shown in FIG. 41A in that a first sponge pad 1300b comprises a plurality of separate parts arranged side by side, wherein each separate part may have different stiffness and color, so as to be arranged at different positions of the mattress as required and be easy to distinguish, as shown in FIG. 41C.

[0358] FIG. 41D exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the spring cushion is different from the spring cushions shown in FIGS. 41A, 41B in that it further comprises a fixing net 1400a having a plurality of ring parts, each of which is configured to allow a part of the corresponding spring module to pass therethrough. When the fixing net 1400a is arranged on the spring

module, the vertical distance between the ring part and the top of the spring module is about  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the overall height of the spring module.

[0359] FIG. 42A exemplarily shows a fixing net assembly 1400b for a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 42B exemplarily shows a partial sectional view of the fixing net assembly shown in FIG. 42A. As shown in the figures, the fixing net assembly 1400b comprises a flexible sheet 1410b having a plurality of holes, and a plurality of caps 1420b, wherein the holes of the flexible sheet 1410b are positioned corresponding to the positions of the spring modules, and each cap 1420b comprises a cavity 1421b for accommodating the top end part of the spring module and a flange 1422b surrounding the cavity, wherein, the wall forming the cavity 1421b is sized to be smaller than the hole so as to enable the wall to pass therethrough, and the flange 1422b is sized to be larger than the hole so as to enable the flange to engage with part of the flexible sheet around the hole, and wherein the flange 1422b is fixedly coupled to the part of the flexible sheet around the hole by adhesive or ultrasonic welding, and the cavity 1421b may accommodate the top of the spring module.

[0360] FIG. 42C exemplarily shows an exploded view of a fixing net assembly 1400c for a spring cushion according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, as shown in the figure, the fixing net assembly 1400c comprises a flexible sheet 1410c without holes; a plurality of upper caps 1420c or 1420d located on one side of the flexible sheet, each of which is provided with a first snap feature 1422c or 1422d; a plurality of lower caps 1430c or 1430d located on the other side of the flexible sheet, each of which is provided with a second snap feature 1432c or 1432d. The first snap feature of the upper cap is configured to snap fit with the second snap feature of the lower cap and clamp the flexible sheet therebetween, and the lower cap 1430c and 1430d may accommodate the top of the spring module.

[0361] FIGS. 42D, 42E exemplarily show a process in which the upper cap 1420c and the lower cap 1430c are clamped on the flexible sheet 1410c, as shown in the figures, the upper cap 1420c has an annular wall 1421c and an annular protrusion 1422c located outside the annular wall 1421c, while the lower cap 1430c has a circular hole 1431c, and the annular protrusion 1422c may be locked on the edge 1432c of the circular hole 1431c so as to clamp the flexible sheet 1410c therebetween.

[0362] FIGS. 42F and 42G exemplarily show a process in which the upper cap 1420d and the lower cap 1430d are clamped on the flexible sheet 1410c, as shown in the figures, different from the above-mentioned caps 1420c and 1430c, the inner and outer sides of the annular wall of the upper cap 1420d are all provided with annular protrusions 1422d, and the lower cap 1430d is provided with an annular groove 1431d, in which an snap-fit part 1432d is provided, and the annular protrusions 1422d may be locked with the snap-fit part 1432d in the annular groove 1431d so as to clamp the flexible sheet 1410c therebetween.

[0363] FIG. 42H exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 42I exemplarily shows a sectional view of the spring cushion. As shown in the figures, the spring cushion comprises various spring module assemblies shown in the above embodiments, especially in FIGS. 33J-33N. The spring cushion of the present embodiment

further comprises a spring pad 1500a spread on the spring module assemblies, and an outer cover 1600a having a quilted sponge layer, which covers the spring pad 1500a and wraps the spring module assemblies as well as the spring pad 1500a.

[0364] Furthermore, FIG. 42L exemplarily shows the foregoing spring pad 1500a, and FIG. 42M exemplarily shows a partial sectional view of the spring pad 1500a. As shown in the figures, the spring pad 1500a comprises: a plurality of cylindrical springs 1530a, a first non-woven fabric layer 1510a located at one side of the plurality of cylindrical springs 1530a, and a second non-woven fabric layer 1520a at the other side of the plurality of cylindrical springs 1530a. The first non-woven fabric layer 1510a and the second non-woven fabric layer 1520a are coupled together around each cylindrical spring 1530a by adhesive or ultrasonic welding, so as to separate adjacent cylindrical springs and fix the cylindrical springs between the two non-woven fabric layers thus forming a one-piece spring pad. In other words, the first non-woven fabric layer 1510a and the second non-woven fabric layer 1520a are coupled together around each small cylindrical spring 1530a by adhesive or ultrasonic welding so as to form compartments for accommodating the plurality of small cylindrical springs, such that the adjacent small cylindrical springs may be separated mutually. The elastic coefficient of the cylindrical spring 1530a is preferably smaller than that of the spring in the spring module positioned at the bottom layer, thus providing stiffness close to sponge. Furthermore, the plurality of cylindrical springs 1530a are preferably denser than the plurality of spring modules positioned at the bottom layer so as to provide better comfort. In other words, the radial dimension of the cylindrical springs 1530a is preferably smaller than that of the springs in the spring modules, and the number of the cylindrical springs 1530a is preferably larger than that of the spring modules. The spring pad 1500a may be used to replace the sponge pad, and is comfortable, air-permeable and cost-saving.

[0365] FIG. 42J exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, and FIG. 42K exemplarily shows a sectional view of the spring cushion. As shown in the figures, the spring cushion comprises various spring modules or spring module assemblies shown in the above embodiments, especially in FIGS. 29A-31P. The spring cushion of the present embodiment further comprises a spring pad 1500a spread on the spring module assemblies, and an outer cover 1600a having a quilted sponge layer, which covers the spring pad 1500a and wraps the spring module assemblies as well as the spring pad 1500a. Unlike the spring cushion shown in FIGS. 42H, 42I, the spring cushion of the present embodiment further comprises a fixing net assembly 1400b or 1400c shown in FIGS. 42A-42G. The fixing net assembly 1400b or 1400c is provided between the spring modules and the spring pad 1500a.

[0366] FIG. 42N exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. Unlike the embodiment shown in FIGS. 42J and 42K, in the present embodiment, the sponge pad 1300a shown in FIG. 41A is used instead of the fixing net assembly 1400b or 1400c. As described above, the sponge pad 1300a has a plurality of holes, each hole configured to allow part of the corresponding spring module to pass therethrough. Similarly, the sponge pad 1300a may also be replaced by the

sponge pad **1300b** having the plurality of separate parts arranged side by side as shown in FIGS. 41B and 41C.

[0367] FIG. 42P exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, which comprises the above-mentioned spring pad **1500a** and an outer cover **1700a** covering the outside of the spring pad **1500a**. As shown in the figure, the outer cover **1700a** has a quilted sponge layer **1710a** which is positioned on the upper side and the lower side of the spring pad **1500a**. As described above, since the elastic coefficient of the spring in the spring pad **1500a** is low, the spring cushion may be rolled up in a compressed state to save the storage space, the process of compression as well as rolling up is shown in FIG. 42Q.

[0368] FIG. 43A exemplarily shows a spring cushion according to yet another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the spring cushion comprises: a base cloth **1200d**; a first outer cover **1300d**, a bottom end of the first outer cover being open and atop end being closed, and an edge of the bottom end of the first outer cover **1300d** is sewn together with an edge of the base cloth **1200d** so as to form a closed accommodating space; a plurality of spring modules described in the above embodiments, each spring module comprising a spring bracket and a spring installed in the spring bracket, and the plurality of spring modules are arranged in the accommodating space; a plurality of sponge blocks **1400d** arranged in the accommodating space, and each sponge block is respectively arranged on the top of the corresponding spring module among the plurality of spring modules. The first outer cover **1300d** comprises a plurality of separate compartments, with one or more spring modules as well as one or more sponge blocks **1400d** respectively arranged in each compartment. The base cloth **1200d** is provided with a plurality of openings, each of which is aligned with one or more compartments of the plurality of compartments, and is provided with a curtain **1210d** and a zipper **1220d** provided on the curtain (as seen in FIG. 43D) for opening and closing each of the openings. Preferably, as shown in FIG. 43B, the spring cushion may further comprise a second outer cover **1500d** sleeved outside the first outer cover **1300d**.

[0369] FIG. 43C exemplarily shows the outer cover **1300d** having compartments in the spring cushions shown in FIGS. 43A, 43B, wherein the shape of each compartment is the same.

[0370] FIGS. 43D and 43E exemplarily show the first outer cover **1300d** sewn with the base cloth **1200d**, in FIG. 43D, the curtains **1210d** as well as the zippers **1220** of the base cloth are in an open state, each elongated opening of the base cloth is aligned with a row of compartments of the outer cover **1300d**, as can be seen from the figure. In FIG. 43E, the curtains **1210d** as well as the zippers **1220** of the base cloth are in a closed state.

[0371] FIGS. 43F-43H exemplarily show outer covers with compartments of different shapes/sizes according to different embodiments of the present disclosure, which can be used to accommodate different types of spring modules. FIG. 43I exemplarily shows an outer cover having honeycomb-shaped (hexagonal) compartments according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0372] FIGS. 44A-44E exemplarily show sponge blocks according to different embodiments of the present disclosure, as can be seen from the figures, in order to be used for

different types of spring modules, the sponge block may be flat, or it may have protrusions or depressions.

[0373] FIG. 45A exemplarily shows a sponge block according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figure, the sponge block **1400d** comprises a concave part **1410d** for accommodating the top of the spring module, and grooves **1420d** positioned on four sides of the concave part **1410d**, which are helpful for folding and compressing the sponge block, FIG. 45B exemplarily shows the sponge block shown in FIG. 45A in a folded/compressed state, and the folded sponge block may be stored in a storage cup as shown in FIG. 45C. The sponge block **1400d** may also be placed in an elongated storage bag in a natural state, and the storage bag filled with the sponge blocks may be rolled up and placed in a box or packaged and fixed as shown in FIGS. 46A-46C.

[0374] FIGS. 47A-47C exemplarily show another packaging method of the sponge blocks according to the present disclosure, and each sponge block **1400d** may be compressed and stored in a single box.

[0375] FIGS. 48A-48F exemplarily show a sponge block storage box and a sponge block storage method according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the sponge block storage box has a long and narrow hollow rectangular shape, and at least one end along the longitudinal direction of the sponge block storage box is provided with an opening **2010d** for inserting the sponge block **1400d** therethrough. The lateral wall of the sponge block storage box may be opened integrally to form a storage box cover **2020d** for taking out the sponge block **1400d** stored therein. A flange **2030d** is provided around the opening **2010d** for engaging with the periphery of the sponge block **1400d** accommodated therein so as to prevent which from exiting the storage box from the opening **2010d**. Optionally, the other end along the longitudinal direction of the sponge block storage box may also be provided with an opening.

[0376] FIGS. 49A, 49B exemplarily show an outer cover **2000d** used for a spring cushion, according to a preferred embodiment of the present disclosure, the outer cover **2000d** is provided with an open bottom end (shown as an upper end in the figures) and a closed top end (shown as a bottom end in the figures), and the outer cover **2000d** comprises: a top part **2100d** having four edges **2110d**; and four side parts **2200d**, each side part of the four side parts **2200d** being sewn to a corresponding edge of the four edges **2110d** of the top part **2100d**, and mutually adjacent edges of every two adjacent side parts **2200d** being provided with zippers **2210d**, so as to detachably connecting the edges mutually adjacent of the side parts **2200d** together to partially wrap the spring modules. Preferably, the top part **2100d** sequentially comprises a non-woven fabric layer, a high-elastic sponge layer, a non-woven fabric layer, a quilted sponge layer, a silk floss layer and a cloth layer, from an inner side to an outer side of the spring cushion; each side part **2200d** sequentially comprises a non-woven fabric layer, a quilted sponge layer, a silk floss layer and a cloth layer, from the inner side to the outer side of the spring cushion.

[0377] Preferably, each side part **2200d** comprises a hem part **2300d** sewn with it, and each hem part only comprises a cloth layer.

[0378] In a preferred embodiment, the spring cushion further comprises one or more pairs of tethers **2400d**

arranged on the hem parts **2200d** for fastening the outer cover to the plurality of spring modules.

[0379] FIGS. 50A, 50B exemplarily show an outer cover for a spring cushion, according to another preferred embodiment of the present disclosure. As shown in the figures, the outer cover **3000d** is a closed outer cover and comprises: a top part **3100d**; four side parts **3210d**, **3220d**, **3230d** and **3240d**; and a bottom part **3300d**. The first edge of the top part **3100d** is sewn to the first side part **3210d**, the second edge of the top part opposite to its first edge is sewn to the second side part **3220d**, the first edge of the bottom part **3300d** is sewn to the first side part **3210d**, and two edges perpendicular to the first edge of the bottom part **3300d** are respectively sewn to the third side part **3230d** and the fourth side part **3240d**. Wherein zippers **3400d** are provided at all non-sewn edges of the top part **3100d**, the four side parts **3210d**, **3220d**, **3230d**, **3240d**, and the bottom part **3300d**, in order to detachably connect the non-sewn edges together to wrap a plurality of spring modules. Preferably, the top part **3100d** sequentially comprises a non-woven fabric layer, a high-elastic sponge layer, a non-woven fabric layer, a quilted sponge layer, a silk floss layer and a cloth layer from the inner side to the outer side of the spring cushion; and the lateral parts **3210d**, **3220d**, **3230d** and **3240d** sequentially comprise non-woven fabric layers, quilted sponge layers, silk floss layers and cloth layers from the inner side to the outer side of the spring cushion; and the bottom part **3300d** only comprises a cloth layer.

[0380] FIGS. 51A-51C show the structures of different parts of the spring cushion outer covers, marked by "AA", "BB" and "CC" in FIGS. 49A, 49B and 50A, 50B, respectively.

[0381] Those skilled in the art may realize that various springs, spring brackets, bases, end covers, flexible straps, flexible sleeves, various functional components/parts (such as module mounting parts used for mounting spring modules onto mounting racks, various snap-fit parts/components, fixing parts/components, locking structures/components and constraint members, for limiting or fixing relative position relationship between adjacent spring modules) described in the above embodiments. At the same time, different spring cushions may be formed by any combination of spring bags, spring modules, mounting brackets, sponge covers, sponge blocks, fixing nets, spring cushion outer covers, spring cushion base cloths, etc. described in the above embodiments as required.

[0382] The scope of protection of the present disclosure is limited only by the claims. Thanks to the teaching of the present disclosure, those skilled in the art will appreciate that alternative structures of the structures disclosed in the present disclosure may be regarded as feasible alternative embodiments, and the embodiments disclosed in the present disclosure may be combined to produce new embodiments, which also fall within the scope of the accompanying claims.

I claim:

1. A spring module for making a furniture spring cushion, comprising:  
a frustoconical spring;  
a base having four straight sides;  
a first end of the frustoconical spring on the base;  
an end cover on a second end of the frustoconical spring, the second end having a smaller diameter than the first end, the frustoconical spring tapering inwardly from the base to the end cover;

locking structures on each of the four sides of the base;  
and

each locking structure configured to engage with a locking structure of an adjacent spring module.

2. The spring module of claim 1 wherein each locking structure includes a projection and a recess on one side of the base.

3. The spring module of claim 1 further including a flexible sleeve on the frustoconical spring holding the frustoconical spring with an initial compression force.

4. The spring module of claim 1 wherein an opening is formed at a center of the end cover.

5. The spring module of claim 1 wherein the end cover is round and completely covers a top surface and outer circumference of a top coil of the spring.

6. The spring module of claim 1 wherein the spring is entirely frustoconical and tapers inwardly uniformly from the base to the end cover.

7. The spring module of claim 1 wherein the base is square.

8. The spring module of claim 3 wherein the flexible sleeve has an open lower end and a closed off upper end, a lower edge of the flexible sleeve wrapped around the first end of the spring and attached to an interior surface of the flexible sleeve.

9. A spring module assembly, comprising:

a first spring module and a second spring module, each spring module having frustoconical spring; a base having four straight sides; a first end of the frustoconical spring on the base; an end cover on a second end of the frustoconical spring, the second end having a smaller diameter than the first end, the frustoconical spring tapering inwardly from the base to the end cover; and locking structures on each of the four sides of the base;

the locking structures of the first spring module configured to engage with the locking structures of the second spring module; and

the first spring module stackable on top of the second spring module.

10. The spring module assembly of claim 9 wherein each spring module further includes a flexible sleeve on the frustoconical spring holding the frustoconical spring with an initial compression force.

11. The spring module assembly of claim 9 wherein in each spring module an opening is formed at a center of the end cover.

12. The spring module assembly of claim 9 wherein in each spring module the end cover is round and completely covers a top surface and outer circumference of a top coil of the spring.

13. The spring module assembly of claim 10 wherein in each spring module the spring is entirely frustoconical and tapers inwardly uniformly from the base to the end cover, and the flexible sleeve encloses the spring and conforms to the shape of the spring.

14. The spring module assembly of claim 10 wherein in each spring module the flexible sleeve has an open lower end and a closed off upper end, a lower edge of the flexible sleeve wrapped around the first end of the spring and attached to an interior surface of the flexible sleeve.