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# SEMICONDUCTOR PACKAGE INCLUDING MULTIPLE CHIP STRUCTURES


## Abstract

A semiconductor package may include vertically-stacked two or more chip structures, each of which includes first and second chips stacked. Each of the first and second chips may include a substrate, a via pattern penetrating through the substrate, an integrated circuit and a first pad on an active surface of the substrate, and a second pad on an inactive surface of the substrate. The first chip may further include a sub-pad between the via pattern and the second pad. In the second chip, the second pad may be directly coupled to the via pattern. The chip structures may be provided such that the active surfaces face each other, the first pads are directly bonded to each other, and the second pads are directly bonded to each other.



**Inventors:** **LEE; YOUNGMIN (Suwon-si, KR), KIM; KEUNG BEUM (Suwon-si, KR), PARK; SANGJUN (Suwon-si, KR), SEOK; SEUNGDAE (Suwon-si, KR), LEE; EUNGCHANG (Suwon-si, KR)**

**Applicant:** **SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.** (Suwon-si, KR)



**Family ID:** **1000008127856**

**Assignee:** **SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. (Suwon-si, KR)**

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## Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2024-0022057, filed on Feb. 15, 2024, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

[0002] The present disclosure relates to a semiconductor package and a method of fabricating the same.

[0003] With the recent advance in the electronics industry, the demand for high-performance, high-speed, and compact electronic components are increasing. To meet this demand, packaging technologies of mounting a plurality of semiconductor chips in a single package are being developed.

[0004] The rapid growth in demand for portable devices in recent years has led to a need for miniaturization and light-weighting of the electronic components mounted on these devices. To address this need, it is necessary to develop semiconductor packaging technologies of reducing the size of individual components and integrating a plurality of individual components in a single package.

SUMMARY

[0005] The disclosure provides a semiconductor package with improved structural stability and a method of fabricating the same.

[0006] The disclosure provides a semiconductor package with a reduced size.

[0007] According to an aspect of the disclosure, there is provided a semiconductor package which may include: two chip structures which are vertically stacked, wherein each of the chip structures includes a first semiconductor chip and a second semiconductor chip disposed on the first semiconductor chip, wherein the first semiconductor chip includes: a first semiconductor substrate; a first penetration via penetrating through the first semiconductor substrate; a first integrated circuit on a first active surface of the first semiconductor substrate; a first pad on the first active surface of the first semiconductor substrate; a second pad on a first inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate; and a sub-pad between the first penetration via and the second pad, wherein the second semiconductor chip includes: a second semiconductor substrate; a second penetration via penetrating through a second semiconductor substrate; a second integrated circuit on a second active surface of the second semiconductor substrate; a third pad on the second active surface of the second semiconductor substrate; and a fourth pad on a second inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate and directly coupled to the second penetration via, wherein the first active surface faces the second active surface, wherein the first pad is directly bonded to the third pad, wherein the fourth pad of a lower one of the chip structures is directly bonded to the second pad of an upper one of the chip structures, and wherein a distance from the first inactive surface to a bottom surface of the second pad is greater than a distance from the second inactive surface to a top surface of the fourth pad.

[0008] According to another aspect of the disclosure, there is provided a semiconductor package which may include: a base chip including: a base integrated circuit on a front surface of the base chip; an outer connection terminal on the front surface of the base chip; and a base pad (**440**) on a

rear surface of the base chip; and chip structures vertically stacked on the base chip, wherein each of the chip structures includes a first semiconductor chip and a second semiconductor chip is provided on a front surface of the first semiconductor chip, wherein the first semiconductor chip includes: a first integrated circuit on a first active surface of a first semiconductor substrate; a first pad on the first active surface; and a pad structure on a first inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate, wherein the second semiconductor chip includes: a second integrated circuit disposed on a second active surface of a second semiconductor substrate; a third pad on the second active surface; and a fourth pad on a second inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate, and wherein in each of the chip structures, the first pad and the third pad are in contact with each other, the rear surface of the base chip faces the first inactive surface of a lowermost one of the chip structures, and the base pad is vertically aligned with the pad structure of the lowermost one of the chip structures.

[0009] According to still another aspect of the disclosure, there is provided a method of fabricating a semiconductor package. The method may include: providing a first wafer including a first integrated circuit on a first active surface of the first wafer, first pads on the first active surface, and sub-pads and second pads sequentially formed on a first inactive surface of the first wafer; providing a second wafer including a second integrated circuit on a second active surface of the second wafer, third pads on the second active surface, and fourth pads on a second inactive surface of the second wafer; placing the first and second wafers such that the first active surface and the second active surface face each other and the first pads and the third pads are vertically aligned; performing a thermal treatment process on the first and second wafers to bond the first wafer to the second wafer; performing a sawing process on the bonded first and second wafers to form chip structures; providing a base wafer comprising a base integrated circuit on a third active surface of the base wafer; disposing one of the chip structures on a third inactive surface of the base wafer such that the first inactive surface of the one of the chip structures faces the third inactive surface; bonding base pads of the base wafer to the second pads of the one of the chip structures to form a stack; and stacking other chip structures on a top surface of the stack to form a chip stack, wherein adjacent two of the chip structures in the chip stack are connected such that the second pads in one of the chip structures are directly bonded to the fourth pads of the other.

[0010] According to yet another aspect of the disclosure, there is provided a semiconductor package which may include: a base chip; first semiconductor chips and second semiconductor chips, which are alternately stacked on the base chip in a vertical direction; and a mold layer on the base chip, the mold layer surrounding the first and second semiconductor chips, wherein a first front surface of the first semiconductor chip and a second front surface of the second semiconductor chip face each other and are in contact with each other, wherein a first rear surface of another first semiconductor chip and a second rear surface of the second semiconductor chip face each other and are in contact with each other, wherein the first semiconductor chip includes: a first integrated circuit on a first surface of a first semiconductor substrate facing the first front surface; a first pad exposed through the first front surface; and a second pad vertically spaced apart from the first semiconductor substrate and exposed through the first rear surface, wherein the second semiconductor chip includes: a second integrated circuit on a second surface of a second semiconductor substrate facing the second front surface; a third pad exposed through the second front surface; and a fourth pad in contact with the second semiconductor substrate and exposed through the second rear surface, and wherein the first and second integrated circuits include integrated circuits of a same type, respectively.

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## Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0011] FIGS. **1** to **6** are sectional views illustrating respective semiconductor packages, according to embodiments.

[0012] FIGS. **7** to **10** are sectional views illustrating a method of fabricating a semiconductor package, according to embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0013] The embodiments described herein are non-limiting example embodiments, and thus, the disclosure is not limited thereto and may be realized in various other forms. Each of the embodiments provided herein is not excluded from being associated with one or more features of another example or another embodiment also provided herein or not provided herein but consistent with the disclosure.

[0014] It will be understood that, although the terms first, second, third, fourth, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, components, regions, layers and/or sections (collectively "elements"), these elements should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element from another element. Thus, a first element described in this description section may be termed a second element or vice versa in the claim section without departing from the teachings of the disclosure.

[0015] It will be understood that when an element or layer is referred to as being "over," "above," "on," "below," "under," "beneath," "connected to" or "coupled to" another element or layer, it can be directly over, above, on, below, under, beneath, connected or coupled to the other element or layer or intervening elements or layers may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being "directly over," "directly above," "directly on," "directly below," "directly under," "directly beneath," "directly connected to" or "directly coupled to" another element or layer, there are no intervening elements or layers present.

[0016] Spatially relative terms, such as "over," "above," "on," "upper," "below," "under," "beneath," "lower," "left," "right," and the like, may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element's or feature's relationship to another element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. It will be understood that the spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. For example, if the device in the figures is turned over, elements described as "below" or "beneath" other elements or features would then be oriented "above" the other elements or features.

[0017] As used herein, an expression "at least one of" preceding a list of elements modifies the entire list of the elements and does not modify the individual elements of the list. For example, an expression, "at least one of a, b, and c" and "at least one of a, b, or c" should be understood as including only a, only b, only c, both a and b, both a and c, both b and c, or all of a, b, and c.

[0018] FIG. **1** is a sectional view illustrating a semiconductor package according to one or more embodiments. Referring to FIG. **1**, a semiconductor package **300** may include a first semiconductor chip **100**. The first semiconductor chip **100** may include a first semiconductor substrate **110** and a first interconnection layer **120** on the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The first semiconductor chip **100** may have a front surface and a rear surface. In the present specification, the front surface may mean a surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**, on which interconnection patterns of the first semiconductor chip **100** are formed, and the rear surface may be another surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** that is opposite to the front surface. The first semiconductor chip **100** may be provided in a face-up manner. For example, the front surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be a top surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**.

[0019] The first semiconductor substrate **110** may include a semiconductor substrate. The first semiconductor substrate **110** may include a semiconductor material. As an example, the first semiconductor substrate **110** may be formed of or include silicon (Si), not being limited thereto. The first semiconductor substrate **110** may have an active surface and an inactive surface. In the

present specification, the active surface may be defined as a surface of the semiconductor substrate, on which an integrated device or integrated circuits including active devices such as a transistor structure are formed, and the inactive surface may be defined as a surface that is opposite to the active surface. The integrated device or integrated circuits may be formed on a top surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The top surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110** may be an active surface. For example, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include a memory circuit such as a memory chip (e.g., a dynamic random-access memory (DRAM), static random-access memory (SRAM), magnetoresistive random-access memory (MRAM), or FLASH memory chip), not being limited thereto. Alternatively or additionally, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include various types of circuits including logic circuits.

[0020] The first semiconductor chip **100** may include first penetration vias **112** and the first interconnection layer **120**. The first interconnection layer **120** may be provided on the active surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The first interconnection layer **120** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The first interconnection layer **120** may have a first insulating pattern **124** and a first interconnection pattern **122**, which is provided in the first insulating pattern **124**. The first insulating pattern **124** may be formed on or surround the integrated device or the integrated circuits, on the active surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The first interconnection pattern **122** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the first semiconductor substrate **110**. An upper end of the first interconnection pattern **122** may be exposed to an outside of the first insulating pattern **124** through a top surface of the first insulating pattern **124**. The first interconnection pattern **122** may be formed of a conductive material (e.g., a metallic material). For example, the first interconnection pattern **122** may be formed of or include copper (Cu), not being limited thereto. The first insulating pattern **124** may be formed of or include an oxide material (e.g., silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x)). Herein, a lower portion of at least one of the first interconnection patterns **122** in the first insulating pattern **124** may be or include one or more of the integrated circuits on the first semiconductor substrate **110** as described above, and the other portion of the at least one of the first interconnection patterns **122** may include interconnection structures such as wirings and/or vias.

[0021] The first penetration vias **112** may penetrate through the first semiconductor substrate **110** in a first direction D**1**. In the present specification, the first direction D**1** is perpendicular to the active surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. An end portion of the first penetration via **112** may be coupled to the first interconnection pattern **122**. An opposite end portion of the first penetration via **112** may be exposed to an outside of the first semiconductor substrate **110** through the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**.

[0022] First pads **130** may be provided on the first interconnection layer **120**. Here, at least one first pad **130** may be disposed on at least one upper end of the first interconnection pattern **122** and may be connected to the first interconnection pattern **122**. The first pads **130** may include a conductive material. For example, the first pads **130** may be formed of or include copper (Cu), not being limited thereto. A first insulating layer **140** may be provided on the first interconnection layer **120**. The first insulating layer **140** may be formed on a top surface of the first interconnection layer **120** and may enclose the first pads **130**. Top surfaces of the first pads **130** may be exposed to an outside of the first insulating layer **140** through a top surface of the first insulating layer **140**. The first insulating layer **140** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).

[0023] Sub-pads **150** and test pads **180** may be provided below bottom surfaces of the first penetration vias **112**. As shown in FIG. **1**, the first penetration vias **112** may be respectively coupled to the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180**. The sub-pads **150** may be coupled to the bottom surfaces of some of the first penetration vias **112**, and the test pads **180** may be coupled to the bottom surfaces of others of the first penetration vias **112**. The sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be

connected to the first penetration vias **112** through metal vias. The metal vias may be disposed between the sub-pads **150** and the first penetration vias **112** and between the test pads **180** and the first penetration vias **112**. The metal vias may be provided as distinct elements from the sub-pads **150**, the test pads **180**, and the first penetration vias **112** or may be formed of the same material as the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180**, forming a single structure without a connection surface or interface therebetween. The metal vias may not be provided, if necessary. In this case, the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be coupled to the bottom surfaces of the first penetration vias **112**.
[0024] The sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be horizontally spaced apart from each other. The number of the test pads **180** may be smaller than the number of the sub-pads **150**. The test pads **180** may be placed between the sub-pads **150**. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. A first width W**1** of the test pads **180** may be equal to or greater than a second width W**2** of the sub-pads **150**. The sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be formed of or include at least one of gold, silver, copper, aluminum, nickel, tin, lead, or tungsten.
[0025] According to one or more other embodiments, one or more additional interconnection layer or interconnection patterns may be further provided below the bottom surfaces of the first penetration vias **112**. These additional interconnection patterns may be disposed between the first penetration vias **112** and the sub-pads **150** and between the first penetration vias **112** and the first pads **180**. Here, the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be electrically connected to the first penetration vias **112** through the metal vias and the interconnection patterns. The interconnection patterns may be formed of or include a conductive material (e.g., copper (Cu)).
[0026] Second pads **160** may be provided on bottom surfaces of the sub-pads **150**. The second pads **160** may be vertically spaced apart from the first semiconductor substrate **110** and the first penetration vias **112**. Each of the second pads **160** may be in contact with the bottom surface of a corresponding one of the sub-pads **150**. The second pads **160** may be electrically connected to the first penetration vias **112** through the sub-pads **150**. The second pads **160** may not be provided on bottom surfaces of the test pads **180**. The second pads **160** may include a conductive material. For example, the second pads **160** may include copper (Cu). A second insulating layer **170** may be provided on the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The second insulating layer **170** may enclose the sub-pads **150**, the test pads **180**, and the second pads **160**, on the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The test pads **180** may be buried in the second insulating layer **170**. For example, the test pads **180** may not be exposed to an outside through a bottom surface of the second insulating layer **170**. Bottom surfaces of the second pads **160** may be exposed to an outside of the first semiconductor chip **100** through the rear surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**. The bottom surfaces of the second pads **160** may be exposed to an outside of the second insulating layer **170** through the bottom surface of the second insulating layer **170**. The second insulating layer **170** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).
[0027] A second semiconductor chip **200** may be provided on the front surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**. The second semiconductor chip **200** and the first semiconductor chip **100** may be disposed in a face-to-face manner. For example, the second semiconductor chip **200** may be provided on the first semiconductor chip **100** in a face-down manner. The second semiconductor chip **200** may include a second semiconductor substrate **210** and a second interconnection layer **220** on the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The second semiconductor chip **200** may be disposed such that a front surface of the second semiconductor chip **200** faces the front surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**. In this example, a bottom surface of the second semiconductor chip **200** may be the front surface of the second semiconductor chip **200**.
[0028] The second semiconductor substrate **210** may include a semiconductor substrate **210**. The second semiconductor substrate **210** may include a semiconductor material. As an example, the second semiconductor substrate **210** may be formed of or include silicon (Si), not being limited thereto. An active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** may face the active surface of

the first semiconductor substrate **110**. An integrated device or integrated circuits may be formed on the active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. For example, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include a memory circuit such as a memory chip (e.g., a DRAM, SRAM, MRAM, or FLASH memory chip). Alternatively or additionally, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include various types of circuits including logic circuits. The first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** may be of the same type. For example, the first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** may include the same type of integrated device or integrated circuits. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example, and thus, the first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** may include different types of integrated device or integrated circuits. For example, the first semiconductor chip **100** may include a logic circuit (e.g., a microprocessor) while the second semiconductor chip **200** includes a memory chip.

[0029] The second semiconductor chip **200** may include second penetration vias **212** and the second interconnection layer **220**. The second interconnection layer **220** may be provided on the active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The second interconnection layer **220** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The second interconnection layer **220** may include a second insulating pattern **224** and a second interconnection pattern **222** in the second insulating pattern **224**. The second insulating pattern **224** may be formed on or surround the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The second interconnection pattern **222** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the second semiconductor substrate **210**. A bottom end of the second interconnection pattern **222** may be exposed to an outside of the second insulating pattern **224** through a bottom surface of the second insulating pattern **224**. The second interconnection pattern **222** may be formed of a conductive material (e.g., a metallic material). For example, the second interconnection pattern **222** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). The second insulating pattern **224** may be formed of or include an oxide material (e.g., silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x)). Herein, an upper portion of at least one of the second interconnection patterns **222** in the second insulating pattern **224** may be or include one or more of the integrated circuits on the second semiconductor substrate **210** as described above, and the other portion of the at least one of the second interconnection patterns **222** may include interconnection structures such as wirings and/or vias.

[0030] The second penetration vias **212** may penetrate through the second semiconductor substrate **210** in the first direction D**1**. An end portion of the second penetration via **212** may be coupled to the second interconnection pattern **222**. The second penetration vias **212** and the second interconnection layer **220** may be electrically connected to each other. An opposite end portion of the second penetration via **212** may be exposed to an outside through the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**.

[0031] Third pads **230** may be provided on the active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. Here, the third pad **230** may be disposed on the bottom end of the second interconnection pattern **222** and may be connected to the second interconnection pattern **222**. The third pads **230** may include a conductive material. For example, the third pads **230** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). A third insulating layer **240** may be provided on the second interconnection layer **220**. The third insulating layer **240** may be formed on the bottom surface of the second interconnection layer **220** and may enclose the third pads **230**. Bottom surfaces of the third pads **230** may be exposed to an outside of the third insulating layer **240** through a bottom surface of the third insulating layer **240**. The third insulating layer **240** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).

[0032] Fourth pads **250** may be provided on top surfaces of the second penetration vias **212**. The fourth pad **250** may be a pad, which is disposed on an exposed opposite end portion of the second penetration via **212** and is connected to the second interconnection pattern **222**. The fourth pads **250** may include a conductive material. For example, the fourth pads **250** may be formed of or

include copper (Cu). A fourth insulating layer **260** may be provided on the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The fourth insulating layer **260** may be formed on the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** and may enclose the fourth pads **250**. The fourth pads **250** may be exposed to an outside of the second semiconductor chip **200** through a rear surface of the second semiconductor chip **200**. In detail, top surfaces of the fourth pads **250** may be exposed to an outside of the fourth insulating layer **260** through a top surface of the fourth insulating layer **260**. The fourth insulating layer **260** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).

[0033] The fourth pads **250** may be in contact with the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The fourth pads **250** may be directly coupled to the second penetration vias **212**. Since the second pads **160** of the first semiconductor chip **100** are vertically spaced apart from the first penetration vias **112** by the sub-pads **150**, a distance from the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110** to the bottom surface of the second pad **160** may be greater than a distance from the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** to the top surface of the fourth pad **250**. Since the sub-pads **150** are provided on only the rear surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** and the fourth pads **250** are directly coupled to the second penetration vias **212**, it may be possible to reduce a size of a semiconductor package.

[0034] The second semiconductor chip **200** may be mounted on the first semiconductor chip **100**. The active surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110** may face the active surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The third pads **230** of the second semiconductor chip **200** may be vertically aligned with the first pads **130** of the first semiconductor chip **100**. A side surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be aligned to a side surface of the second semiconductor chip **200** in the first direction D**1**. The side surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be coplanar with the side surface of the second semiconductor chip **200**. The front surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** and the front surface of the second semiconductor chip **200** may be in contact with each other, such that the third pads **230** are connected to the first pads **130**.

[0035] At an interface between the first semiconductor chip **100** and the second semiconductor chip **200**, the first insulating layer **140** of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be bonded to the third insulating layer **240** of the second semiconductor chip **200**. Here, the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure. In the present specification, the hybrid bonding structure may refer to a bonding structure that is formed by two or more materials, which are of the same type and are fused at an interface therebetween. For example, the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, a scanning electron microscope (SEM). The first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may be formed of the same material to form a single structure. For example, the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may be bonded to each other to form a single structure or layer. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. The first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may be formed of different materials from each other, and the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may have a connection surface or interface therebetween, thereby not forming a single or continuous structure.

[0036] The first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** may be in contact with each other. At an interface between the first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200**, the first pads **130** of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be directly bonded to the third pads **230** of the second semiconductor chip **200**, respectively. For example, the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be provided to have an inter-metal hybrid bonding structure. The first and third pads **130** and **230**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the first and third pads **130** and **230** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. In an embodiment, the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be formed of the same material to form a single structure. For example, the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be

bonded to each other to form a single structure. Hereinafter, the bonding structure of the first and third pads **130** and **230** will be described in more detail, based on one first pad **130** and on third pad **230**.

[0037] Referring to FIG. **1**, a width of the first pad **130** may be equal to a width of the third pad **230**. FIG. **1** illustrates an example, in which the first and third pads **130** and **230** have an equal width, but the disclosure is not limited to this example. The width of one of the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be greater than the width of the other. Here, at least a portion of the third pad **230** may be vertically overlapped with at least a portion of the first pad **130**. The first pad **130** may have the same planar shape as the third pad **230**. The first and third pads **130** and **230** may have a circular or rectangular planar shape. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. The first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200**, which are bonded to each other, may form one first structure **300**.

[0038] A mold layer may be further provided to enclose the first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200**. A top surface of the mold layer may be coplanar with the rear surface of the second semiconductor chip **200**. A bottom surface of the mold layer may be coplanar with the rear surface of the first semiconductor chip **100**. The mold layer may include an insulating polymer material. For example, the mold layer may include an epoxy molding compound (EMC).

[0039] Referring to FIG. **2**, two structures may be vertically stacked to form a double-layered semiconductor package. In the double-layered semiconductor package, each of the two stacked structures may have substantially the same structure as the first structure **300** described with reference to FIG. **1**. For convenience in description, one of the two structures will be referred to as the first structure **300**, and the other on a top surface of the first structure **300** will be referred to as a second structure **300′**. Although it is referred to as the second structure **300′**, the kind and material of the second structure **300′** may be substantially the same as the first structure **300**. For example, the second structure **300′** may include a first semiconductor chip **100′** and a second semiconductor chip **200′**, which are provided to have substantially the same features as the first semiconductor chip **100** and the second semiconductor chip **200**, respectively, of the first structure **300** described with reference to FIG. **1**.

[0040] The second structure **300′** may be provided on the top surface of the first structure **300**. The first and second structures **300** and **300′** may be disposed on each other in a back-to-back manner. For example, a rear surface of the second semiconductor chip **200** of the first structure **300** may be in contact with a rear surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** of the second structure **300′**. The inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** of the first structure **300** may face the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110′** of the second structure **300′**. The fourth pads **250** of the first structure **300** may be vertically aligned with the second pads **160′** of the second structure **300′**. A side surface of the first structure **300** may be spaced apart from a side surface of the second structure **300′**. The first and second structures **300** and **300′** may be electrically connected to each other. It is to be understood here that the reference numbers for the structural elements included in the second structure **300′** may have a prime symbol (′) at an end thereof to distinguish from the same or corresponding structural elements included in the first structure **300**.

[0041] At an interface between the first and second structures **300** and **300′**, the fourth insulating layer **260** of the first structure **300** may be bonded to the second insulating layer **170′** of the second structure **300′**. Here, the fourth insulating layer **260** of the first structure **300** and the second insulating layer **170′** of the second structure **300′** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure. The fourth and second insulating layers **260** and **170′**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the fourth and second insulating layers **260** and **170′** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. For example, the fourth and second insulating layers **260** and **170′** may be formed of the same material to form a single structure. The fourth and second insulating layers **260** and **170′** may

be bonded to form a single structure. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. The fourth and second insulating layers **260** and **170′** may be formed of different materials and may have a connection surface or interface therebetween, thereby not forming a single or continuous structure.

[0042] At the interface between the first and second structures **300** and **300′**, the fourth pads **250** of the first structure **300** may be directly bonded to the second pads **160′** of the second structure **300′**. For example, the fourth pads **250** of the first structure **300** and the second pads **160′** of the second structure **300′** may form an inter-metal hybrid bonding structure. The fourth pads **250** of the first structure **300** and the second pads **160′** of the second structure **300′**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the fourth pads **250** and the second pads **160′** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. For example, the fourth pads **250** and the second pads **160′** may be formed of the same material to form a single or continuous structure.

[0043] Referring to FIG. **3**, a third semiconductor chip **400** may be further provided on a bottom surface of the first structure **300** described with reference to FIG. **1**. The third semiconductor chip **400** may be disposed below the bottom surface of the first structure **300** in a back-to-back manner. In other words, the third semiconductor chip **400** may be provided in a face-down manner. For example, a front surface of the third semiconductor chip **400** may be a bottom surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. The third semiconductor chip **400** may include a third semiconductor substrate **410** and a third interconnection layer **420**.

[0044] The third semiconductor substrate **410** may include a semiconductor substrate. The third semiconductor substrate **410** may include a semiconductor material. As an example, the third semiconductor substrate **410** may be formed of or include silicon (Si), not being limited thereto. An integrated device or integrated circuits may be formed on an active surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410**. For example, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include a logic circuit. In this case, the third semiconductor chip **400** may be a logic chip. Alternatively or additionally, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include a memory circuit. For example, the third semiconductor chip **400** may be a memory chip (e.g., a DRAM chip, an SRAM chip, an MRAM chip, or a FLASH memory chip).

[0045] The third semiconductor chip **400** may include third penetration vias **412** and the third interconnection layer **420**. The third interconnection layer **420** may be provided on the active surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410**. The third interconnection layer **420** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits, which are provided on the third semiconductor substrate **410**. The third interconnection layer **420** may include a third insulating pattern **424** and a third interconnection pattern **422**, which is provided in the third insulating pattern **424**. The third insulating pattern **424** may be formed on or surround the integrated device or the integrated circuits, on the active surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410**. The third interconnection pattern **422** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits on the third semiconductor substrate **410**. An end portion of the third penetration via **412** may be coupled to the third interconnection pattern **422**. The third interconnection pattern **422** may be electrically connected to the third penetration vias **412**. A portion of the third interconnection pattern **422** may protrude to a region below a bottom surface of the third insulating pattern **424**. The protruding portion of the third interconnection pattern **422** may be first outer connection pads that are connected to first outer terminals **430**, which will be described below. The third interconnection pattern **422** may be formed of a conductive material (e.g., a metallic material). For example, the third interconnection pattern **422** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). The third insulating pattern **424** may be formed of or include an oxide material (e.g., silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x)). Herein, an upper portion of at least one of the third interconnection patterns **422** in the third insulating pattern **424** may be or include one or more of the integrated circuits on the first semiconductor substrate **410** as described above, and the other

portion of the at least one of the third interconnection patterns **422** may include interconnection structures such as wirings and/or vias.

[0046] The third penetration vias **412** may penetrate through the third semiconductor substrate **410** in the first direction D**1**. An end portion of the third penetration via **412** may be coupled to the third interconnection pattern **422**. An opposite end portion of the third penetration via **412** may be exposed to an outside through the inactive surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410**. The first outer terminals **430** may be provided on bottom surfaces of the first outer connection pads. The first outer terminals **430** may be electrically connected to the third semiconductor chip **400** through the first outer connection pads. The first outer terminals **430** may include solder balls or solder bumps.

[0047] Fifth pads **440** may be provided on top surfaces of the third penetration vias **412**. The fifth pads **440** may be disposed on exposed opposite end portions of the third penetration vias **412** and may be connected to the third interconnection pattern **422**. The fifth pads **440** may include a conductive material. For example, the fifth pads **440** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). A fifth insulating layer **450** may be provided on the inactive surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410**. The fifth insulating layer **450** may be formed on the inactive surface of the third semiconductor substrate **410** and may enclose the fifth pads **440**. Top surfaces of the fifth pads **440** may be exposed to an outside of the fifth insulating layer **450** through a top surface of the fifth insulating layer **450**. The fifth insulating layer **450** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).

[0048] The first structure **300** may be mounted on the third semiconductor chip **400**. A rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400** may face a rear surface of the first semiconductor chip **100** of the first structure **300**. The fifth pads **440** of the third semiconductor chip **400** may be vertically aligned with the second pads **160** of the first structure **300**. The first and third semiconductor chips **100** and **400** may be in contact with each other such that the fifth and second pads **440** and **160**, which are aligned with each other, are connected to each other. A width of the third semiconductor chip **400** may be equal to or larger than a width of the first structure **300**.

[0049] At an interface between the first and third semiconductor chips **100** and **400**, the second insulating layer **170** of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be bonded to the fifth insulating layer **450** of the third semiconductor chip **400**. Here, the second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure. The second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. For example, the second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may be formed of the same material to form a single or continuous structure. The second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may be bonded to each other to form a single or continuous structure. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. The second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may be formed of different materials from each other, and the second and fifth insulating layers **170** and **450** may have a connection surface or interface therebetween, not to form a single or continuous structure.

[0050] At an interface between the first and third semiconductor chips **100** and **400**, the second pads **160** of the first semiconductor chip **100** may be bonded to the fifth pads **440** of the third semiconductor chip **400**. Here, the second and fifth pads **160** and **440** may be directly bonded to each other. For example, the second and fifth pads **160** and **440** may form an inter-metal hybrid bonding structure. The second and fifth pads **160** and **440**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the second and fifth pads **160** and **440** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. For example, the second and fifth pads **160** and **440** may be formed of the same material to form a single or continuous structure. The second and fifth pads **160** and **440** may be bonded to each other to form a single or continuous structure. The first and third semiconductor chips **100** and **400**, which are

bonded to each other, may form a single stack.
[0051] FIG. **3** illustrates an example, in which the third semiconductor chip **400** is in contact with the first structure **300**, but the disclosure is not limited to this example. The first structure **300** may be mounted on the third semiconductor chip **400** using connection terminals. The connection terminals may include solder balls or solder bumps. The connection terminals may be disposed between the second pads **160** and the fifth pads **440**. An under-fill layer may be provided below the bottom surface of the first structure **300** to enclose the connection terminals. When the third semiconductor chip **400** is connected to the first structure **300** using the connection terminals, the third semiconductor chip **400** and the first structure **300** may be vertically spaced apart from each other.
[0052] FIG. **3** illustrates an example, in which the first structure **300** is mounted alone on the third semiconductor chip **400**, but the disclosure is not limited to this example. A plurality of first structures **300** may be stacked on the third semiconductor chip **400**, in which case two adjacent ones of the first structures **300** may be coupled to each other in a back-to-back manner, as described with reference to FIG. **2**.
[0053] Referring to FIG. **4**, a chip stack CS may be provided to have a similar structure to the stack of FIG. **3** but may further include an additional first structure **300** that is vertically stacked. The first structures **300**, which are adjacent to each other, may be disposed in a back-to-back manner and may form a hybrid bonding structure, as described with reference to FIG. **2**. The chip stack CS may include the third semiconductor chip **400**, the first structures **300** on the third semiconductor chip **400**, a fourth semiconductor chip **500** on the first structures **300**, and a first mold layer **520** enclosing the first structures **300** and the fourth semiconductor chip **500**. Hereinafter, the structure of the chip stack CS will be described in more detail below.
[0054] The chip stack CS may include the first structures **300**, which are stacked on the third semiconductor chip **400**. FIG. **4** illustrates an example, in which two first structures **300** are stacked on the third semiconductor chip **400**, but the disclosure is not limited to this example; for example, the number of the first structures **300** stacked on the third semiconductor chip **400** may be changed, as desired. A width of the third semiconductor chip **400** may be greater than a width of the first structures **300**. The first structures **300** may be disposed on a central portion of the third semiconductor chip **400**. Hereinafter, as shown in FIG. **2**, a lower one of the two first structures shown in FIG. **4** may be referred to as the first structure **300**, and another one of the two first structures, which is disposed on a top surface of the first structure **300**, may be referred to as the second structure **300′**, for convenience in description. Although referred to by different names and different reference numbers, the first structure **300** and the second structure **300′** may have substantially the same structure, and the second structure **300′** may include the first semiconductor chip **100′** and the second semiconductor chip **200′**.
[0055] Here, referring to FIG. **2**, the second semiconductor chip **200′** of the second structure **300′** may not include second penetration vias **212′** and fourth pads **250′**. In a case where three or more first structures **300** are stacked, the second semiconductor chip **200** of the uppermost one of the first structures **300** may not include the second penetration vias **212** and the fourth pads **250**. However, in a case where two first structures **300** are stacked, the second semiconductor chip **200** of the upper one of the first structures **300** may have the same structural elements including the second penetration vias **212** and the fourth pads **250**. The first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** of each of the first structures **300** may be bonded to each other in a face-to-face manner, and two adjacent ones of the first structures **300** may be bonded to each other in a back-to-back manner. That is, the first and second semiconductor chips **100** and **200** may be alternately stacked on the third semiconductor chip **400**, and they may be provided, such that back-to-back and face-to-face structures are alternately provided.
[0056] The fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be disposed on a top surface of the second structure **300′**. The fourth semiconductor chip **500** may include a semiconductor substrate. For example, the

fourth semiconductor chip **500** may include a semiconductor substrate (e.g., a semiconductor wafer). The fourth semiconductor chip **500** may not include an integrated device or an integrated circuit. A sixth insulating layer **510** may be provided on a bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500**. The sixth insulating layer **510** may be formed on the bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500**. The sixth insulating layer **510** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x). At an interface between the second structure **300**′ and the fourth semiconductor chip **500**, the sixth insulating layer **510** may be in contact with a fourth insulating layer **260**′ of the second structure **300**′. Here, the fourth and sixth insulating layers **260**′ and **510** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure. The fourth and sixth insulating layers **260**′ and **510**, which are bonded to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, and an interface between the fourth and sixth insulating layers **260**′ and **510** may not be formed or may not be visible through, for example, an SEM. For example, the fourth and sixth insulating layers **260**′ and **510** may be formed of the same material to form a single or continuous structure. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example. The fourth and sixth insulating layers **260**′ and **510** may be formed of different materials from each other and may have a connection surface or interface therebetween, thereby not forming a single or continuous structure.

[0057] In an embodiment, an adhesive layer may be provided, in place of the sixth insulating layer **510** and the fourth insulating layer **260**′ of the second structure **300**′. The adhesive layer may be disposed between the fourth semiconductor chip **500** and the second structure **300**′. The adhesive layer may be provided on at least one of the bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** and the rear surface of the uppermost second semiconductor chip **200**′. The bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** and the rear surface of the second semiconductor chip **200**′ may be adhered to each other by the adhesive layer.

[0058] The first mold layer **520** may be disposed on the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. The first mold layer **520** may be formed on the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. The first mold layer **520** and may enclose the first structure **300**, the second structure **300**′, and the fourth semiconductor chip **500**, on the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. A top surface of the first mold layer **520** may be coplanar with a top surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500**. The top surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be exposed to an outside near the top surface of the first mold layer **520**. The first mold layer **520** may include an insulating polymer material. For example, the first mold layer **520** may include an epoxy molding compound (EMC).

[0059] Referring to FIG. **5**, the chip stack CS may have a substantially similar structure to the chip stack CS of FIG. **4** but may further include a connection chip **600**, instead of the first mold layer **520** of the chip stack CS of FIG. **4**. The connection chip **600** may include a first connection chip **610** and a second connection chip **620**.

[0060] The first connection chip **610** may be disposed on the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. The first connection chip **610** may be in contact with the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. A top surface of the first connection chip **610** may be coplanar with the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** of the first structure **300**. The first connection chip **610** may include a first connection substrate **612** and a first connection layer **614**, which is provided on a bottom surface of the first connection substrate **612**. The first connection substrate **612** may be a semiconductor substrate (e.g., a semiconductor wafer). For example, the first connection substrate **612** may be a silicon substrate. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example, and the first connection substrate **612** may be formed of a ceramic, glass, or metallic material having a high thermal conductivity.

[0061] The first connection chip **610** may have a first opening **616**, which is formed to penetrate through the same. For example, the first opening **616** may have an open hole shape connecting the top and bottom surfaces of the first connection chip **610**. The first structure **300** may be disposed in

the first opening **616** of the first connection chip **610**. The first structure **300** may be spaced apart from an inner surface of the first opening **616**. The side surface of the first structure **300** may face the inner surface of the first opening **616**. A first filling layer **618** may be provided to fill a space between the first opening **616** and the first structure **300**. For example, the first filling layer **618** may fill a space between the inner surface of the first opening **616** and the side surface of the first structure **300**. The first filling layer **618** may be formed of or include at least one of insulating polymer, silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x), or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x).

[0062] The fourth insulating layer **260** may be provided on the top surface of the first connection chip **610**. Unlike the structure illustrated in FIG. **4**, the fourth insulating layer **260** may be extended from the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** to be formed on the top surface of the first connection chip **610**. The fourth insulating layer **260** may be provided to enclose the fourth pads **250** and fill a space between the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** and a bottom surface of the second structure **300′** and between the top surface of the first connection chip **610** and a bottom surface of the second connection chip **620**.

[0063] The first connection layer **614** may be provided below the bottom surface of the first connection substrate **612**. The first connection layer **614** and the fifth insulating layer **450** may be in contact with each other. The first connection layer **614** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x). The first connection layer **614** and the fifth insulating layer **450** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure.

[0064] The second connection chip **620** may be provided on the top surface of the first connection chip **610**. The second connection chip **620** may be vertically spaced apart from the first connection chip **610**. At least a portion of the second connection chip **620** may be vertically overlapped with at least a portion of the first connection chip **610**. A top surface of the second connection chip **620** may be coplanar with an inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210′** of the second structure **300′**. The second connection chip **620** may include a second connection substrate **622** and a second connection layer **624**, which is provided on a bottom surface of the second connection substrate **622**. The second connection substrate **622** may be a semiconductor substrate (e.g., a semiconductor wafer). For example, the second connection substrate **622** may be a silicon substrate. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example, and the second connection substrate **622** may be formed of a ceramic, glass, or metallic material having a high thermal conductivity. The first and second connection substrates **612** and **622** may be formed of the same material or different materials.

[0065] The second connection substrate **622** may have a second opening **626**, which is formed to penetrate through the same. For example, the second opening **626** may have an open hole shape connecting the top and bottom surfaces of the second connection chip **620**. The second structure **300′** may be disposed in the second opening **626** of the second connection chip **620**. The second structure **300′** may be spaced apart from an inner surface of the second opening **626**. The side surface of the second structure **300′** may face the inner surface of the second opening **626**. A second filling layer **628** may be provided to fill a space between the second opening **626** and the second structure **300′**. For example, the second filling layer **628** may be provided to fill a space between the inner surface of the second opening **626** and the side surface of the second structure **300′**. The second filling layer **628** may be formed of or include at least one of insulating polymer, silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x), or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x). The first and second filling layers **618** and **628** may be formed of the same material.

[0066] The fourth insulating layer **260′** of the second structure **300′** may be provided on the top surface of the second connection chip **620**. Unlike the structure illustrated in FIG. **4**, the fourth insulating layer **260′** may be extended from the inactive surface of the second semiconductor chip **200′** to be formed on the top surface of the second connection chip **620**. The fourth insulating layer **260′** may be provided to fill a space between the inactive surface of the second semiconductor chip **200′** and the bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** and a space between the top

surface of the second connection chip **620** and a bottom surface of the sixth insulating layer **510**.
[0067] The second connection layer **624** may be provided below the bottom surface of the second connection substrate **622**. The second connection layer **624** may be in contact with the fourth insulating layer **260** of the first structure **300**. The second connection layer **624** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x). The second connection layer **624** and the fourth insulating layer **260** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure.
[0068] The fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be disposed on the top surfaces of the second connection chip **620** and the second structure **300′**. Here, the fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be configured to have substantially the same features as the fourth semiconductor chip **500** described with reference to FIG. **4**. However, unlike that shown in FIG. **4**, a width of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be greater than a width of the second structure **300′**. The width of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be equal to a width of the second connection chip **620**. The fourth semiconductor chip **500** may be formed on the top surface of the second connection chip **620**.
[0069] The sixth insulating layer **510** may be in contact with the fourth insulating layer **260′** of the second structure **300′**. The sixth insulating layer **510** and the fourth insulating layer **260′** may form an oxide, nitride, or oxynitride hybrid bonding structure.
[0070] FIG. **5** illustrates the connection chip **600** including the first and second connection chips **610** and **620**, but the disclosure is not limited to this example. The connection chip **600** may be provided in the form of a single substrate that is formed on the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400**. The single substrate may be formed of or include at least one of silicon (Si), ceramic, glass, or metallic materials. Similar to the first connection chip **610**, the single substrate may be attached to the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400** through an insulating layer, which is provided on a bottom surface thereof. A top surface of the single substrate may be coplanar with the inactive surface of the second semiconductor chip **200′** of the second structure **300′**. The single substrate may have a third opening, which is formed to penetrate through the same. For example, the third opening may have an open hole shape connecting the top and bottom surfaces of the single substrate. The first and second structures **300** and **300′** may be disposed in the third opening. The first and second structures **300** and **300′** may be spaced apart from an inner surface of the third opening. The side surfaces of the first and second structures **300** and **300′** may face the inner surface of the third opening. A third filling layer may be provided to fill a space between the side surfaces of the first and second structures **300** and **300′** and the inner surface of the third opening. The third filling layer may be formed of the same material as the first and second filling layers **618** and **628**.
[0071] The single substrate may have a structure where the first and second connection substrates **612** and **622** are seamlessly connected without any interface or connection surface. Here, the second connection layer **624** may not be provided between the first and second connection substrates **612** and **622**. In addition, the fourth insulating layer **260** may not be extended to a region on the first connection substrate **612**. For example, the fourth insulating layer **260** may be provided to fill a space between the first structure **300** and the second structure **300′**, as shown in FIG. **4**. The first connection substrate **612** may be extended toward the bottom surface of the fourth semiconductor chip **500** and may be connected to the second connection substrate **622**. The first and second connection substrates **612** and **622**, which are connected to each other, may form a single or continuous structure, in which an interface or connection surface between the first and second connection substrates **612** and **622** is absent. The first and second connection substrates **612** and **622**, which are connected to each other, may be attached to the rear surface of the third semiconductor chip **400** through the first connection layer **614**, which is disposed on bottom surfaces thereof. In addition, the first and second filling layers **618** and **628** may be provided to form a single filling layer as a single continuous structure. The single filling layer may be provided

to fill a space between the side surfaces of the first and second structures **300** and **300′** and inner side surfaces of the connected first and second connection substrates **612** and **622**.

[0072] Referring to FIG. **6**, a fifth semiconductor chip **700** may be further disposed on the top surface of the first structure **300**, and a second mold layer **750** may be further provided to enclose the first structure **300**. Here, the first structure **300** may be provided to have substantially the same features as the first structure **300** (e.g., of FIG. **1**). The fifth semiconductor chip **700** may include a fifth semiconductor substrate **710** and a fifth interconnection layer **720** on the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. The fifth semiconductor chip **700** may be provided in a face-down manner. In other words, a front surface of the fifth semiconductor chip **700** may be a bottom surface of the fifth semiconductor chip **700**.

[0073] The fifth semiconductor substrate **710** may include a semiconductor substrate. The fifth semiconductor substrate **710** may include a semiconductor material. As an example, the fifth semiconductor substrate **710** may be formed of or include silicon (Si), not being limited thereto. An integrated device or integrated circuits may be formed on an active surface of the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. For example, the integrated device or the integrated circuits may include a logic circuit. The fifth semiconductor chip **700** may be a logic chip.

[0074] The fifth semiconductor chip **700** may include the fifth interconnection layer **720**. The fifth interconnection layer **720** may be provided on the active surface of the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. The fifth interconnection layer **720** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits, which are provided on the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. The fifth interconnection layer **720** may include a fifth insulating pattern **724** and a fifth interconnection pattern **722**, which is provided in the fifth insulating pattern **724**. The fifth insulating pattern **724** may be formed on or surround the integrated device or the integrated circuits, which are provided on the active surface of the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. The fifth interconnection pattern **722** may be electrically connected to the integrated device or the integrated circuits, which are provided on the fifth semiconductor substrate **710**. A lower end of the fifth interconnection pattern **722** may protrude to a region below a bottom surface of the fifth insulating pattern **724**. The fifth interconnection pattern **722** may be formed of a conductive material (e.g., a metallic material). For example, the fifth interconnection pattern **722** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). The fifth insulating pattern **724** may be formed of or include an oxide material (e.g., silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x)). The protruding lower end of the fifth interconnection pattern **722** may form sixth pads **730**. However, the disclosure is not limited to this example, and the sixth pad **730** may be an additional pad, which is disposed on a bottom surface of the fifth interconnection pattern **722** and is connected to the fifth interconnection pattern **722**.

[0075] A seventh insulating layer **740** may be provided on the bottom surface of the fifth interconnection layer **720**. The seventh insulating layer **740** may be formed on the bottom surface of the fifth interconnection layer **720** and may enclose the sixth pads **730**. Bottom surfaces of the sixth pads **730** may be exposed to an outside of the seventh insulating layer **740** through a bottom surface of the seventh insulating layer **740**. The seventh insulating layer **740** may be formed of or include at least one of silicon oxide (SiO.sub.x) or silicon nitride (SiN.sub.x). A width of the fifth semiconductor chip **700** may be greater than a width of the first structure **300**. The top surface of the first structure **300** may be placed on a center portion of the front surface of the fifth semiconductor chip **700**. When viewed in a plan view, the fifth semiconductor chip **700** may vertically overlap the entirety of the first structure **300**.

[0076] The second mold layer **750** may be provided to horizontally enclose the first structure **300**, and mold penetration vias **752** may be provided to vertically penetrate through the second mold layer **750**. When viewed in a plan view, the second mold layer **750** may vertically overlap an outer portion of the fifth semiconductor chip **700**. A top surface of the second mold layer **750** may be coplanar with the top surface of the first structure **300**. A bottom surface of the second mold layer **750** may be coplanar with the bottom surface of the first structure **300**. The second mold layer **750**

may include an insulating polymer material. For example, the second mold layer **750** may include an epoxy molding compound (EMC). An end portion of the mold penetration via **752** may be in contact with a bottom surface of the sixth pad **730**. An opposite end portion of the mold penetration via **752** may be exposed to an outside through the bottom surface of the second mold layer **750**. The mold penetration vias **752** may be formed of or include copper (Cu). The mold penetration vias **752** may be electrically connected to the integrated circuit through the fifth interconnection layer **720**.

[0077] Second outer connection pads **770** may be disposed on the bottom surface of the second mold layer **750** and the bottom surface of the first structure **300**. The second outer connection pads **770** may be horizontally spaced apart from each other. Some of the second outer connection pads **770** may be electrically connected to the exposed opposite end portions of the mold penetration vias **752**. Others of the second outer connection pads **770** may be electrically connected to the second pads **160**. A protection layer **760** may be provided on the bottom surface of the second mold layer **750** and the bottom surface of the first structure **300** to enclose the second outer connection pads **770**. The protection layer **760** may be formed on the bottom surface of the second mold layer **750** and the bottom surface of the first structure **300** and may enclose the second outer connection pads **770**. Bottom surfaces of the second outer connection pads **770** may be exposed to an outside of the protection layer **760** through a bottom surface of the protection layer **760**. Second outer terminals **780** may be provided on the second outer connection pads **770**. Each of the second outer terminals **780** may be disposed on the bottom surface of a corresponding one of the second outer connection pads **770**. The second outer terminals **780** may be electrically connected to the first structure **300** and the fifth semiconductor chip **700** through the second outer connection pads **770**. The second outer terminals **780** may include solder balls or solder bumps.

[0078] In the semiconductor package shown in FIG. **6**, the first structure **300** may be replaced by two or more first structures **300** as shown in FIG. **2**, in which case an upper first structure **300** may be disposed to face the fifth semiconductor chip **700** and the protection layer **760** may be formed on a bottom surface of a lower first structure **300**. Further, in this example, the second mold layer **750** may be vertically extended to enclose both the upper first structure **300** and the lower first structure.

[0079] FIGS. **7** to **10** are sectional views illustrating a method of fabricating a semiconductor package, according to one or more embodiments.

[0080] Referring to FIG. **7**, the second semiconductor substrate **210** may be provided. The second penetration vias **212** may be formed in the second semiconductor chip **200**. The second interconnection layer **220** may be formed on the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The third insulating layer **240** may be formed by depositing an insulating material on the second interconnection layer **220**. The third insulating layer **240** may be patterned to form holes, which will be filled with the third pads **230**. The third pads **230** may be formed on the third insulating layer **240** to fill the holes. The third pads **230** may be formed through a plating process. The top surfaces of the third pads **230** may be exposed to the outside through the top surface of the third insulating layer **240**.

[0081] Referring to FIG. **8**, the first semiconductor substrate **110** may be provided. The first penetration vias **112** may be formed in the first semiconductor chip **100**. The first interconnection layer **120** may be formed on the active surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The first insulating layer **140** may be formed by depositing an insulating material on the first interconnection layer **120**. The first insulating layer **140** may be patterned to form holes, which will be filled with the first pads **130**. The first pads **130** may be formed on the first insulating layer **140** to fill the holes. The first pads **130** may be formed through a plating process. The top surface of the first pads **130** may be exposed to the outside through the top surface of the first insulating layer **140**.

[0082] The first semiconductor substrate **110** may be provided on the second semiconductor substrate **210** such that the active surface thereof faces the active surface of the second

semiconductor substrate **210**. For example, the first semiconductor substrate **110** may be inverted such that the exposed top surface of the first pads **130** face the exposed top surface of the third pads **230**. That is, the first and second interconnection layers **120** and **220** may be disposed to face each other, and this process may be performed to vertically align the first and third pads **130** and **230** with each other.

[0083] Thereafter, the first and second semiconductor substrates **110** and **210** may be in contact with each other. A thermal treatment process may be performed on the first and second semiconductor substrates **110** and **210**. The thermal treatment process may include supplying heat to the first and second semiconductor substrates **110** and **210** and bonding the first and third pads **130** and **230** using the heat to form a single pad structure. In an embodiment, the bonding of the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be achieved in a natural manner. For example, the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be formed of the same material (e.g., copper (Cu)), and in this case, the first and third pads **130** and **230** may be bonded to each other by an inter-metal hybrid bonding process (e.g., Cu—Cu hybrid bonding), which is caused by a surface activation at a bonding surface between the first and third pads **130** and **230** in contact with each other. The first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may be bonded to each other by the thermal treatment process. For example, the first and third insulating layers **140** and **240** may be bonded to each other to form a single or continuous structure.

[0084] Referring to FIG. **9**, the sub-pads **150**, the second pads **160**, and the test pads **180** may be formed on the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. A grinding process may be performed on the inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The grinding process may be performed to expose top surfaces of the first penetration vias **112**, which are disposed in the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be formed on the grinded inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. A first insulating material may be deposited on the grinded top surface of the first semiconductor substrate **110**. The deposited first insulating material may be patterned to form holes, which will be filled with the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180**. The sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be formed on the deposited first insulating material to fill the holes. In an embodiment, the sub-pads **150** and the test pads **180** may be formed simultaneously through the same process. A second insulating material may be deposited on the first insulating material. The deposited second insulating material may be patterned to form holes. The second pads **160** may be formed on the deposited second insulating material to fill the holes. The deposited first insulating material and the deposited second insulating material may constitute the second insulating layer **170**. FIG. **10** illustrates an example, in which the second insulating layer **170** is formed of the first and second insulating materials, but the types and the number of insulating materials constituting the second insulating layer **170** may vary as needed. The test pads **180** may be pads, which are used to evaluate the electrical characteristics of the first and second semiconductor substrates **110** and **210**. The evaluation of the electrical characteristics may include a test step of applying voltages to the test pads **180**. For example, the test step may include an electrical die sorting (EDS) test. The evaluation of the electrical characteristics may be executed between the process of forming the test pads **180** and the process of forming the second pads **160**.

[0085] Referring to FIG. **10**, a carrier substrate **1000** may be provided. The structure of FIG. **9** may be disposed on a top surface of the carrier substrate **1000** such that it has an inverted structure. Thus, the second semiconductor chip **200** may be placed on the first semiconductor chip **100**. The sub-pads **150** may be disposed to face the top surface of the carrier substrate **1000**.

[0086] The fourth pads **250** and the fourth insulating layer **260** may be formed on the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. First, a grinding process may be performed on the inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. As a result of the grinding process, top surfaces of the second penetration vias **212**, which are disposed in the second semiconductor substrate **210**, may be exposed to the outside of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The

grinded inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210** may be coplanar with the top surface of the second penetration vias **212**. The fourth insulating layer **260** may be formed by depositing an insulating material on the grinded inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate **210**. The fourth insulating layer **260** may be patterned to form holes, which will be filled with the fourth pads **250**. The fourth pads **250** may be formed on the fourth insulating layer **260** to fill the holes. The top surface of the fourth pads **250** may be exposed to the outside of the fourth insulating layer **260** through the top surface of the fourth insulating layer **260**.
[0087] Thereafter, the carrier substrate **1000** may be removed. A sawing process may be performed along a sawing line SL to form a plurality of first structures that are separated from each other. Referring back to FIG. **1**, each of the first structures separated from each other by the sawing process may correspond to the chip structure **300** (e.g., of FIG. **1**).
[0088] In a semiconductor package according to the above embodiments, semiconductor chips may be directly bonded to each other, and a metal pad may be provided below only one of the two bonded semiconductor chips. Thus, it may be possible to reduce the size of the semiconductor package.
[0089] In a semiconductor package according to the above embodiments, semiconductor chips may be stacked such that active surfaces of them face each other, and in this case, it may be possible to compensate a warpage-induced pressure and thereby to improve the structural stability of the semiconductor package.
[0090] While example embodiments of the disclosure have been particularly shown and described, it will be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art that variations in form and detail may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the attached claims.

## Claims

**1**. A semiconductor package comprising two chip structures which are vertically stacked, wherein each of the chip structures comprises a first semiconductor chip and a second semiconductor chip disposed on the first semiconductor chip, wherein the first semiconductor chip comprises: a first semiconductor substrate; a first penetration via penetrating through the first semiconductor substrate; a first integrated circuit on a first active surface of the first semiconductor substrate; a first pad on the first active surface of the first semiconductor substrate; a second pad on a first inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate; and a sub-pad between the first penetration via and the second pad, wherein the second semiconductor chip comprises: a second semiconductor substrate; a second penetration via penetrating through a second semiconductor substrate; a second integrated circuit on a second active surface of the second semiconductor substrate; a third pad on the second active surface of the second semiconductor substrate; and a fourth pad on a second inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate and directly coupled to the second penetration via, wherein the first active surface faces the second active surface, wherein the first pad is directly bonded to the third pad, wherein the fourth pad of a lower one of the chip structures is directly bonded to the second pad of an upper one of the chip structures, and wherein a distance from the first inactive surface to a bottom surface of the second pad is greater than a distance from the second inactive surface to a top surface of the fourth pad.
**2**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising a third semiconductor chip disposed on a bottom surface of the lower one of the chip structures, wherein the third semiconductor chip comprises a third integrated circuit on a third active surface of a third semiconductor substrate and a fifth pad on a third inactive surface of the third semiconductor substrate, wherein a width of the third semiconductor chip is greater than a width of the chip structures, wherein the first inactive surface of the lower one of the chip structures faces the third inactive surface, and wherein the second pad of the lower one of the chip structures is directly bonded to the fifth pad.
**3**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising: a first insulating layer on the first

active surface, the first insulating surrounding the first pad; and a second insulating layer on the second active surface, the second insulating layer surrounding the third pad, wherein the first and second insulating layers are in contact with each other.

**4**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the fourth pad is directly coupled to the second penetration via, wherein the second pad is vertically spaced apart from the first penetration via, and wherein the second pad is electrically connected to the first penetration via through the sub-pad.

**5**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising a test pad, which is horizontally spaced apart from the sub-pad, wherein a width of the test pad is greater than a width of the sub-pad.

**6**. (canceled)

**7**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein a side surface of the first semiconductor chip and a side surface of the second semiconductor chip are aligned with each other in a direction perpendicular to the first active surface.

**8**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising: a mold layer enclosing the chip structures; a mold penetration via vertically penetrating the mold layer; an outer connection terminal disposed on a bottom surface of the mold layer; and a third semiconductor chip on the second inactive surface of the upper one of the chip structures, wherein the third semiconductor chip comprises a third integrated circuit on a third active surface of a third semiconductor substrate and a fifth pad on the third active surface, wherein a width of the fourth semiconductor chip is greater than a width each of the chip structures, wherein the second inactive surface of the upper one of the chip structures faces the third active surface, wherein the fourth pad of the upper one of the chip structures is directly bonded to the fifth pad, and wherein the mold penetration via is extended from the third active surface and is connected to the outer connection terminal.

**9**. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising a third semiconductor chip disposed on a top surface of the chip structures and an insulating layer interposed between a top surface of the upper one of the chip structures and the third semiconductor chip, wherein the third semiconductor chip is attached to the top surface of the upper one of the chip structures through the insulating layer.

**10**. A semiconductor package comprising: a base chip comprising: a base integrated circuit on a front surface of the base chip; an outer connection terminal on the front surface of the base chip; and a base pad on a rear surface of the base chip; and chip structures vertically stacked on the base chip, wherein each of the chip structures comprises a first semiconductor chip and a second semiconductor chip is provided on a front surface of the first semiconductor chip, wherein the first semiconductor chip comprises: a first integrated circuit on a first active surface of a first semiconductor substrate; a first pad on the first active surface; and a pad structure on a first inactive surface of the first semiconductor substrate, wherein the second semiconductor chip comprises: a second integrated circuit disposed on a second active surface of a second semiconductor substrate; a third pad on the second active surface; and a fourth pad on a second inactive surface of the second semiconductor substrate, and wherein in each of the chip structures, the first pad and the third pad are in contact with each other, the rear surface of the base chip faces the first inactive surface of a lowermost one of the chip structures, and the base pad is vertically aligned with the pad structure of the lowermost one of the chip structures.

**11**. The semiconductor package of claim 10, further comprising: a base insulating layer on the rear surface of the base chip, the base insulating layer surrounding the base pad; and an insulating layer on the first inactive surface of the lowermost one of the chip structures, the insulating layer surrounding the pad structure, wherein the base insulating layer and the insulating layer are in contact with each other.

**12**. The semiconductor package of claim 10, wherein the first semiconductor chip further comprises a first penetration via, which penetrates through the first semiconductor substrate and is electrically connected to the first integrated circuit, wherein the pad structure comprises a sub-pad

and a second pad, wherein the sub-pad is disposed between the first penetration via and the second pad, and wherein the second pad is electrically connected to the first integrated circuit through the sub-pad and the first penetration via.

**13**. The semiconductor package of claim 12, further comprising a test pad on the first inactive surface, the test pad being horizontally spaced apart from the sub-pad, wherein the test pad and the sub-pad are comprises a same material.

**14**. The semiconductor package of claim 12, wherein a distance from the first inactive surface to a bottom surface of the second pad is greater than a distance from the second inactive surface to a top surface of the fourth pad.

**15**. The semiconductor package of claim 10, further comprising: a third semiconductor chip on a top surface of the uppermost one of the chip structures; and an insulating layer between the top surface of the uppermost one of the chip structures and the third semiconductor chip, wherein the third semiconductor chip is attached to the top surface of the uppermost one of the chip structures through the insulating layer.

**16**. The semiconductor package of claim 15, further comprising a connection substrate on the rear surface of the base chip, the connection substrate comprising an opening, wherein the chip structures are disposed in the opening, wherein a top surface of the connection substrate is coplanar with the top surface of the uppermost one of the chip structures, wherein the third semiconductor chip is on the top surface of the connection substrate and the top surface of the uppermost one of the chip structures, and wherein the insulating layer is extended from a region between the third semiconductor chip and the uppermost one of the chip structures to a region on the top surface of the connection substrate to fill a space between the connection substrate and the third semiconductor chip.

**17**. The semiconductor package of claim 16, wherein an inner side surface of the opening is spaced apart from side surfaces of the chip structures, and wherein a filling layer filling a space between the inner side surface of the opening and the side surface of the chip structures.

**18-23**. (canceled)

**24**. A semiconductor package comprising: a first chip structure comprising a first semiconductor chip and a second semiconductor chip connected to and stacked on the first semiconductor chip; and a second chip structure comprising a third semiconductor chip and a fourth semiconductor chip connected to and stacked on the third semiconductor chip, wherein the second chip structure is stacked on the first chip structure such that the third semiconductor chip is connected to and stacked on the second semiconductor chip, wherein an active surface of the first semiconductor chip with a first active device thereon faces an active surface of the second semiconductor chip with a second active device thereon, and wherein an inactive surface of the second semiconductor chip opposite to the active surface thereof faces an inactive surface of the third semiconductor chip opposite to an active surface thereof with a third active device thereon.

**25**. The semiconductor package of claim 24, wherein the active surface of the third semiconductor chip faces an active surface of the fourth semiconductor chip with a fourth active device thereon.

**26**. The semiconductor package of claim 24, further comprising: a base chip on which the first chip structure is stacked, the base chip connected to the first chip structure; and a molding layer or a connection substrate surrounding the first and second chip structures, on the base chip, wherein an inactive surface of the first semiconductor chip faces the base chip.

**27**. The semiconductor package of claim 26, further comprising a test pad on an inactive surface of the first semiconductor chip, the test pad not connected to the base chip.