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Refrigerator

Abstract

A refrigerator has an appliance body and at least one door pivotably mounted on the appliance body, the door being pivotably supported between a closed position and a maximum open position via at least one multi-pivot hinge and abutting the appliance body in the closed position via at least one seal, wherein the at least one multi-pivot hinge comprises a mounting element supported on the appliance body and a hinge part which is fixed to the door and which are held pivotably against one another via a joint mechanism with a plurality of joint levers, an adjusting device being provided on the mounting element, which has a fastening part fixed to the appliance body and an adjustment element by means of which the position of the mounting element relative to the fastening part can be adjusted in at least one spatial direction.

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Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) This application is the National Stage of PCT/EP2021/075320 filed on Sep. 15, 2021, which claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of German Application No. 10 2020 125 604.3 filed on Sep. 30, 2020, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. The international application under PCT article 21 (2) was not published in English.

(2) The present invention relates to a refrigerator having an appliance body and at least one door pivotably mounted on the appliance body, the door being pivotably supported between a closed position and a maximum open position via at least one multi-joint hinge and abutting the appliance body in the closed position via at least one seal, wherein the at least one multi-joint hinge comprises a mounting element supported on the appliance body and a hinge part fixed to the door, the mounting element and the hinge part being pivotably supported against each other via a joint mechanism comprising a plurality of hingedly connected levers.

(3) DE 10 2006 018 290 describes a refrigerator with a height-adjustable door in which a bearing for the door has an adjustment mechanism. The bearing is formed by a pin so that the door can be pivoted about a vertical axis. Refrigerators of this type have the disadvantage that, when the door is being opened, the door rotates only, but does not move forwards, so that it is not possible to install the door in a piece of furniture. The side walls of a piece of furniture protrude over a front side of the appliance body, so that the refrigerator shown there cannot be integrated into a piece of furniture.

(4) Furthermore, there are multi-joint hinges for the suspension of doors on refrigerators, such as those disclosed in WO 2008/119647, in which a hinge part is connected to a mounting plate on the appliance body via a lever mechanism with several hingedly connected levers. With such multi-joint hinges, the door can perform a forward translational motion in addition to a rotational motion during a pivoting motion, so that the refrigerator can be integrated into a furniture body. These multi-joint hinges sometimes have to support heavy weights, which can cause the door to lower during a swivel motion. In addition, manufacturing tolerances can cause problems during assembly.

(5) It is therefore an object of the present invention to create a refrigerator in which a multi-hinged hinge can be better adapted to the respective installation situation.

(6) This object is achieved with a refrigerator having the features of claim **1**.

(7) In the refrigerator according to the invention, the pivotable door is held pivotably via at least one multi-joint hinge which is fixed to the appliance via of a mounting element, the mounting element being provided with an adjusting device which comprises a fastening part fixed to the appliance body and an adjustment element by means of which the position of the mounting element relative to the fastening part can be adjusted in at least one spatial direction. This allows an adjustment to be made when the multi-joint hinge is mounted, so that manufacturing tolerances can be compensated for or a lowering of the door after a certain period of operation can be compensated for. In this way, the positioning of the door can be adjusted, especially also regarding a reliable seal against the appliance body in a closed position of the door. Furthermore, the joint pattern can be adjusted precisely and collisions with nearby components can be prevented.

(8) Preferably, the adjustment element can be used to perform a rotational rotary motion and a translational motion of the mounting element can be effected via the rotational motion. The adjustment element can comprise a threaded section which comprises at least one thread from the group of thread types of flat threads, cylindrical threads or conical threads. This allows the mounting element to be steplessly adjustable. This means that fine adjustment can be made by turning the adjustment element.

(9) The adjustment element is preferably rotatable but axially immovable. The adjustment element can be arranged in engagement with an internally threaded insert, which is held non-rotatably on the fastening part. By rotating the adjustment element, the internally threaded insert can be axially displaced relative to the adjustment element, which effects the adjustment process. Instead of a

threaded section, an adjusting worm or an eccentric can also be used.
(10) The adjusting device is preferably used to adjust the height of the mounting element relative to the fastening part on the appliance body. The height adjustment enables the door to be aligned in a vertical direction. The adjustment element is preferably also rotatable about a vertical axis to perform a height adjustment. Additionally or alternatively, the adjusting device can also effect a lateral adjustment or a depth adjustment, optionally providing several adjustment mechanisms that are part of the overall adjusting device. Instead of a linear adjustment of the mounting part, a swivelling adjustment can also be provided, for example to change the inclination of the hinge part in the opening position and the swivelling range.
(11) For a stable mounting of the door, the mounting element is preferably U-shaped in cross-section, whereby the fastening part can be adjusted between two legs of the mounting element. The mounting element can be made, for example, as a sheet steel part bent into a U-shape.
(12) Preferably, the mounting element comprises an elongated hole that is aligned parallel to the adjustment direction in the longitudinal direction. This allows the mounting element to be fixed in the mounted position on the one hand to the fastening part and on the other hand to be fixed directly to the body of the device via a further fastening means in order to ensure play-free mounting despite the adjustment mechanism.
(13) Preferably, at least one multi-joint hinge is arranged on the mounting element, optionally also two multi-joint hinges, in order to pivotably support two different doors.
(14) A tool receptable, such as an Allen (Hex) key (socket) or slot, is preferably provided on the adjustment element for adjusting the position of the mounting element.
(15) The multi-joint hinge for holding the door can, for example, be formed as a seven-joint hinge with four levers that are hingedly connected together. A formation as a four-joint hinge or with a different number of joint axes is also possible.
(16) In a preferred embodiment, the multi-joint hinge comprises at least one linear damper with a damper housing and a displaceable piston rod. The damper housing can be fixed in a receptacle on a holding element on a lever of the joint mechanism. The piston rod can then be inserted into the damper housing via an actuating element which is arranged on a further lever of the joint mechanism. The contacting of the actuating element and the piston rod can thereby take place in a damping area which is formed between the closing position of the door and an angular range between 20° to 30° in order to brake the door before reaching the closing position during a closing motion of the door. The further opening range of the door can then be freewheeling in relation to the linear damper.
(17) The holding element for fixing the linear damper preferably has a receptacle for the damper housing on which a stop is provided to support the damper housing. In this way, high damping forces can also be transmitted in confined installation space.
(18) The multi-joint hinge can also be used without a damper.
(19) For a stable formation of the multi-joint hinge, levers can be used which are U-shaped, in particular in cross-section, and which at least partially overlap or interlock with each other in a closed position.
(20) Preferably, the adjusting device comprises at least one rotatable worm, which moves the mounting element translationally by rotation. This allows a comparatively large adjustment path to be achieved, for example between 2 mm to 10 mm.
(21) For an optimised positioning of a door on the refrigerator, the adjusting device can allow an adjustment of the mounting element in at least two different directions. For example, a height adjustment and a lateral adjustment can be carried out via the adjusting device in order to be able to position the door optimally relative to the appliance body, in particular with regard to the closed position.
(22) For a compact design, the adjusting device can have a base plate fixed to the appliance body and at least one adjustment element between the mounting element and the base plate. The

mounting element can engage around the adjustment element with guide elements and be held displaceably on the adjustment element. Alternatively, the adjustment element can also embrace the mounting element and guide it in a longitudinal direction. If the adjustment element and the mounting element are held on each other so as to be linearly displaceable, at least one opening can be provided on a base of the mounting element, in which a worm or another adjustment element is rotatably mounted. Then, by rotating the worm, the mounting element can be moved relative to the adjustment element. In addition, the adjustment element can be moved relative to the appliance body via another worm or other adjustment element to enable adjustment in different directions.

Description

(1) The invention is explained in more detail below by means of an example of an embodiment with reference to the accompanying drawings. It is shown in:
(2) FIGS. **1**A and **1**B Two views of a refrigerator with two doors according to the invention;
(3) FIGS. **2**A and **2**B Two views of a refrigerator with four doors according to the invention;
(4) FIGS. **3**A and **3**B Two views of a refrigerator in the area of a multi-joint hinge;
(5) FIG. **4** An exploded view of the multi-joint hinge;
(6) FIGS. **5**A to **5**D Multiple views of the multi-joint hinge of FIG. **4** in different positions;
(7) FIGS. **6**A and **6**B Two views of the multi-joint hinge with the adjustment device;
(8) FIGS. **7**A to **7**C Several views of the multi-joint hinge in different positions of the adjusting device, and
(9) FIGS. **8**A to **8**C Multiple views of the assembly of the multi-joint hinge.
(10) FIG. **9** A perspective view of a further example of a multi-joint hinge with an adjusting device;
(11) FIGS. **10**A and **10**B Two exploded views of the multi-joint hinge adjusting device of FIG. **9**;
(12) FIGS. **11**A and **11**B Two views of the adjuster of FIG. **9** in different lateral positions;
(13) FIGS. **12**A and **12**B Two views of the adjuster of FIG. **9** in different height positions;
(14) FIGS. **13**A to **13**D Multiple views of the assembly of the multi-joint hinge with the adjusting device of FIG. **9**;
(15) FIG. **14** A perspective view of a multi-joint hinge with a modified adjusting device;
(16) FIGS. **15**A and **15**B Two exploded views of the adjuster of FIG. **14**;
(17) FIGS. **16**A and **16**B Two views of the adjuster of FIG. **14** in different lateral positions;
(18) FIGS. **17**A and **17**B Two views of the adjuster of FIG. **14** in different height positions, and
(19) FIGS. **18**A to **18**C Multiple views of the multi-joint hinge of FIG. **14** during assembly.
(20) A refrigerator **50** comprises an appliance body **51** in which an upper interior **52** and a lower interior **53** are provided, which are separated from each other by a base **54**. The upper interior **52** can be closed via an upper door **55**, while the lower interior **53** can be closed via a lower door **56**. The doors **55** and **56** can comprise compartments and holding means for storing objects in addition to insulation on the side facing the interior spaces **52** and **53**. A circumferential seal **57** is also provided on each door **55** and **56** which, in the closed position, effects a seal with respect to the interior spaces **52** or **53**.
(21) The upper door **55** is pivotably held to the appliance body **51** via an upper multi-joint hinge **1** and an upper joint mechanism on a double hinge **60**. The lower door **56** is pivotably held at the top by a lower joint mechanism on the double hinge **60** and at the bottom by another multi-joint hinge **1**.
(22) FIGS. **2**A and **2**B show a modified refrigerator **50′** comprising an appliance body **51′** on which two upper doors **55** and two lower doors **56** are pivotably mounted. The two upper doors **55** close an upper interior space **52′** in the appliance body **51′**, and the two lower doors **56** close a lower interior space **53′**. The interior spaces **52′** and **53′** are divided from each other by a floor **54′**. The doors **55** are each pivotably mounted at the top via a multi-joint hinge **1** and at the bottom via a

double hinge **60**. The lower doors **56** are pivotably mounted at the top via the double hinge **60** and at the bottom via a further multi-joint hinge **1**.
(23) It is of course possible to mount the doors **55** and **56** on the appliance body **51** or **51**′ without a double hinge **60** using only two or more multi-joint hinges **1**.
(24) The refrigerators **50** or **50**′ can be set up as free-standing units, but can also be installed within a cabinet unit. In order to avoid a collision with side walls of a cabinet unit, the multi-joint hinges **1** and the double hinge **60** are formed in such a way that a hinge part on the doors **55** and **56** is simultaneously removed from the appliance body **51** or **51**′ during a pivoting motion.
(25) FIGS. **3**A and **3**B show the multi-joint hinge **1** in an assembled position. The mounting element **2** is fixed to a front end face of the appliance body **51**. The hinge element **3** is inserted in a recess **58** on the door **55**, which is located outside the circumferential seal **57**. The recess **58** allows the multi-joint hinge **1** to be at least partially integrated within the door **55** in the closed position (FIG. **3**B). An upper side of the door **55** is flush with an upper side of the multi-joint hinge **1**.
(26) FIG. **4** shows an exploded view of the multi-joint hinge **1**. The joint mechanism comprises four levers **4**, **5**, **6** and **7** which create a connection between the mounting element **2** and the hinge part **3**.
(27) The mounting element **2** is attached to the body **51** via an elongated hole **28** with fastening means, such as screws, and comprises a first axis A**1** to which a first lever **4** is hingedly connected. In addition to the first axis A**1**, the first lever **4** comprises a second axis A**2** and a fifth axis A**5**. A second lever **5** is hingedly connected to the mounting element **2** on a third axis A**3** and comprises a fourth axis A**4** at the opposite end, which is hingedly connected to a third lever **6**. The third lever **6** comprises the fourth axis A**4** in a central area and is connected to the first lever **4** at one end via the axis A**2**. On the opposite side, the third lever **6** is connected to the hinge part **3** at the sixth axis A**6**. The hinge part **3** is hingedly connected with a seventh axis A**7** to the fourth lever **7**, which is hingedly connected at the opposite end with the fifth axis A**5** to the first lever **4**. All levers **4**, **5**, **6** and **7** are made of bent sheet steel as U-shaped parts in cross-section.
(28) The mounting element **2** comprises a height adjustment via a self-locking adjusting device. For this purpose, an axis A**20** is formed by a screw **20** which passes through two legs of the mounting element and has a threaded section **21**. An internally threaded insert **22** is mounted on the threaded section **21** and is non-rotatably arranged on a fastening part **24**. The internally threaded insert **22** comprises two projections **23** as a stop, which are inserted into receptacles **25** of the fastening part **24**. By turning the screw **20**, the screw **20** with the mounting element **2** can be axially displaced relative to the internally threaded insert **22**. The internally threaded insert **22** is thereby fixed to the mounting part **24**, which is fixed to a device body **51** via fastening means, such as screws, which engage through an opening **26** on the mounting part **24**. By turning the screw **20**, the height of the mounting element **2** can thus be adjusted relative to the fastening part **24**. The projections **23** on the internally threaded insert **22** serve as a stop to the mounting element **2** when it is adjusted to the end position, so that it is still possible to hang in and out on the mounting part **24** even in the maximum adjusted position. In the mounted position, the projections **23** protrude beyond the mounting part **24** in the axial direction.
(29) The joint mechanism of the multi-joint hinge **1** further comprises a spring **10**. The spring **10** is held between a first guide element **11** and a second guide element **12**. The first guide element **11** is hingedly connected to the insertion element **9** at an axis A**11**, and the second guide element **12** is hingedly connected to a guide lever **13**. The guide lever **13** is hingedly connected to the fourth lever **7** and carries a guide roller **15** which is movable along a curve guide **18** on a guide element **16**. The guide element **16** is fixed to the fourth lever **7** via an opening **17** with an axis.
(30) The fourth lever **7** comprises an insertion element **9** which can be pivoted together with the fourth lever **7** about the fifth axis A**5**. The insertion element **9** is fixed to the fourth lever **7** via a further axis A**13**. The fourth lever **7** and the insertion element **9** thus form a unit that can be moved together, whereby the insertion element **9** can optionally also be formed integrally with the fourth

lever **7**.
(31) An axis A**14** is formed on the insertion element **9**, into which an actuating element **14** in the form of a pin is inserted. In the assembled position, the actuating element **14** can act on the front ends of piston rods **32**, which can then be pushed into damper housing **31**.
(32) The multi-joint hinge **1** comprises two linear dampers **30**, each with a damper housing **31** and a piston rod **32**. It is also possible that only one linear damper **30** is provided. The linear damper or dampers **30** are arranged within a U-shaped lever **4**. The linear damper or dampers **30** are at least partially covered laterally by the legs of the U-shaped lever **4**. The linear damper(s) **30** are fixed to a holding element **33**, which has two adjacent receptacles **35**, into each of which a part of a damper housing **31** is inserted. The insertion depth of the damper housing **31** is limited by a stop **34**. The stop **34** is formed as a stop pin and is inserted into an opening **37** of the holding element **33**. The stop **34** is held at opposite ends on the first lever **4**, openings **36** being formed for this purpose on the first lever **4** for insertion of one end of the stop **34**. The stop **34** may also be held to the first lever **4** by other fastening means. In addition, the stop **34** does not have to pass through the opening **37** on the holding element **33**, but can also extend adjacent to the holding element **33**.
(33) The holding element **33** is fixed to the fifth axis A**5** via an opening and, in the installed position, is supported on and movable together with the first lever **4**.
(34) In the illustrated embodiment, the hinge part **3** is L-shaped in cross-section, wherein a mounting part **103** is fixed to the hinge part **3** so that the sixth axis A**6** and the seventh axis A**7** can run between a wall of the hinge part **3** and the mounting part **103**.
(35) The multi-joint hinge **1** further comprises covers **8** which, in an open position, cover gaps between the third lever **6** and the fourth lever **7**, thereby forming an engagement protection. The covers **8** can be held in an articulated manner on the stop **34** and have an elongated hole guide that cooperates with a guide pin fixed to the hinge part **3**.
(36) FIGS. **5**A to **5**D show the multi-joint hinge **1** in different positions. In the folded closed position (FIG. **5**A), the levers **4**, **5**, **6** and **7** of the joint mechanism are nested inside each other and the multi-joint hinge **1** is box-shaped.
(37) When the hinge part **3** is pivoted relative to the mounting element **2**, the joint mechanism unfolds and the levers **4**, **5**, **6** and **7** pivot towards each other, as shown in FIGS. **5**B and **5**C. FIG. **5**D shows the maximum opening position of hinge part **3**, which is for example in a range between 100° to 150° away from the closing position. The opening angle can be determined from two parallel surfaces in the closed position of the mounting element **2** and the hinge part **3**.
(38) FIGS. **6**A and **6**B show the adjusting device on the mounting element **2**. The mounting element **2** is U-shaped in cross-section, whereby the axes A**1** and A**3** are fixed to opposite legs of the mounting element **2**. The screw **20** as an adjustment element is also held between the two legs, whereby the screw **20** is mounted so that it cannot be displaced in the axial direction but can rotate. The internally threaded insert **22** is mounted on the screw **20** at the threaded section **21**. The adjusting screw **20** is inserted into the receptacles **25** of the fastening part **24** and is rotatably held. If the screw **20** is turned, the mounting element **2** is thereby displaced in the axial direction of the screw **20**, whereby the internally threaded insert **22** remains stationary on the mounting part **24**.
(39) The internally threaded insert **22** has two radially projecting flanges **29**. The flanges **29** form an anti-rotation device with respect to the mounting element **2** and form a contact surface to the two webs of the fastening part **24**. The projections **23** of the internally threaded insert **22** limit the adjustment in axial direction. In the maximum adjustment positions, the mounting element **2** can still be mounted and dismounted.
(40) FIG. **6**A shows the assembled position with a fastening means in the form of a screw **27** passing through the mounting part **24**. An elongated hole **28** at a bottom of the mounting element **2** is also penetrated by a screw **27**. The elongated hole **28** extends with the longitudinal direction parallel to the axial direction of the screw **20**.
(41) FIGS. **7**A to **7**C show different positions of the fastening part **24** on the mounting element **2**.

FIG. **7**A shows a central position in which the U-shaped fastening part **24** is arranged with its two webs at a distance from the two legs of the mounting element **2**. By turning the screw **20**, the fastening part **24** can be lowered, as shown in FIG. **7**B, so that the fastening part **24** is positioned adjacent to the lower leg of the mounting element **2**. If the screw **20** is turned in the opposite direction, the fastening part **24** can be arranged adjacent to the upper leg, as shown in FIG. **7**C. The fastening part **24** does not come into direct contact with the mounting element **2** and only has contact with the adjusting screw **20** and the internally threaded insert **22**. The end stop of the adjustment results from the projections **23** on the internally threaded insert **22** as described above.

(42) FIG. **8**A shows the assembly of the multi-joint hinge **1**. In a first step, the fastening part **24** is fixed to the appliance body **51** by means of a screw **27**. The multi-joint hinge **1** can now be fitted onto the fastening part **24**, whereby the internally threaded insert **22** is inserted between the two webs with the receptacles **25** of the fastening part **24**. A height adjustment can now be made, as shown with reference to FIGS. **7**A to **7**C. After aligning the mounting element **2** at the desired height, the adjusted position is now fixed, whereby a fastener in the form of a screw **27** can be screwed into the elongated hole **28** to fix the mounting element **2** to the appliance body **51**. Furthermore, the door **55** can be fixed to the hinge part **3**.

(43) In the illustrated embodiment example, the adjustment mechanism serves to adjust the height of the multi-joint hinge **1**. It is of course also possible to adjust the mounting element **2** in another direction relative to the fastening part **24**, for example for depth adjustment or lateral adjustment. Such adjustment mechanisms can also be provided in addition to height adjustment.

(44) In the embodiment shown, the fastening part **24** and the internally threaded insert **22** are formed as two separate components. It is also possible to combine these two components into one.

(45) FIG. **9** shows the multi-joint hinge **1** with a modified adjusting device which can adjustably fix the mounting element **2** of the multi-joint hinge **1** to an appliance body **51**. The adjusting device allows the mounting element **2** to be adjusted in two different directions, in particular for height and lateral adjustment.

(46) The adjusting device is shown in detail in FIGS. **10**A and **10**B. The adjusting device comprises a mounting plate **40** which can be fixed to an appliance body **51** by fastening means **41**, in particular screws. Openings **42** are provided on the mounting plate **40** for this purpose. The mounting plate **40** has bent-over guide webs **43** on opposite sides, which are integrally formed with a latching web **44** at one end.

(47) A base plate **45** is fixable to the mounting plate **40**, which comprises a plurality of projections **46** on a plate-shaped section, which can be brought into engagement with an adjustment element. Recesses **47** are provided on opposite longitudinal sides of the base plate **45**. On opposite front ends, bent-over guide elements **48** and **49** are provided. A plate-shaped adjustment element **64** can be guided on the guide elements **48** and **49**, which has guide rails **67** on opposite longitudinal sides, which are arranged at a distance from the longitudinal edges of the base plate **45**. Several projections **66** are formed on the adjustment element **64**, which can be brought into engagement with an adjustment element. The adjustment element **64** has an edge **68** and **69** on opposite end faces respectively, which are embraced by the guide elements **48** and **49** of the base plate **45** in the assembled position. This means that the adjustment element **64** is guided linearly on the base plate **45**, although other guide means can also be provided.

(48) An opening **65** is cut out on the adjustment element **64**, on which an adjustment element **61** with a tool insert **62** is rotatably mounted. One or more worms **63** are formed on the adjustment element **61** on the side facing the base plate **45**, which are in engagement with the projections **46** on the base plate **45**, so that the adjustment element **64** can be moved parallel to the guide elements **48** and **49** by rotating the adjustment element **61**.

(49) Between the adjustment element **64** and the mounting element **2**, a further adjustment element **70** is provided, which is rotatably mounted with a tool insert **71** in an opening **81** on a base **80** of the mounting element **2**. The mounting element **2** is U-shaped in cross-section and, in addition to

the opening **81**, an elongated hole **82** is provided on the base **80** through which the tool insert **62** of the adjustment element **61** is accessible. At least one worm **72** is formed on the adjustment element **70** on the side facing the adjustment element **64**, which worm engages with the projections **66**, so that by rotating the adjustment element **70** the mounting element **2** can be displaced in the longitudinal direction of the guide rails **67** on the adjustment element **64**. In FIGS. **11**A and **11**B, two positions of the mounting element **2** are shown to illustrate lateral adjustment. In the lateral adjustment for the mounting element **2**, the fitter can use a tool to rotate the adjustment element **70** over the tool insert **71**, which is rotatably held in the opening **81**. By turning the adjustment element **70**, the mounting element **2** is displaced laterally via the engagement with the projections **66**, whereby the mounting element **2** engages around the guide strips **67** on the adjustment element **64** via guide elements **83**. The guide elements **83** are hook-shaped webs, but can also be formed by other guide elements.

(50) FIGS. **12**A and **12**B show an example of the height adjustment for the mounting element **2**. For height adjustment, the assembler can engage the tool insert **62** of the adjustment element **61** with a tool through the elongated hole **82** to rotate the adjustment element **61** so that the worm **63** is rotated relative to the projections **46** on the base plate **45**. This causes the mounting element **2** to move in the height direction. By rotating the adjustment elements **61** and **70**, an adjustment travel between 2 mm to 20 mm, in particular 4 mm to 10 mm, can be realised.

(51) In the following, the assembly of the multi-joint hinge **1** with the adjusting device according to FIG. **9** is explained with reference to FIGS. **13**A to **13**D. The mounting plate **40** is fixed to the appliance body **51** by the fastening means **41**. The adjustment element **64** and the base plate **45** are pre-assembled on the mounting element **2** of the multi-joint hinge **1**, and the base plate **45** is now placed on the mounting plate **40**, whereby the recesses **47** are arranged on the thickenings on the guide webs **43**, as shown in FIG. **13**B. In the next step, the base plate **45** is moved between the two guide webs **43** so that the latching webs **44** are deflected until the latching webs **44** latch behind the guide elements **48**, as shown in FIG. **13**C. By moving the base plate **45**, the guide webs **43** grip around the base plate **45** and secure it against lifting off. The latching webs **44** prevent the base plate **45** from sliding to the right in FIG. **13**C and the guide element **49** can engage with the thickening on the guide web **43** so that the base plate **45** is secured against lifting and sliding.

(52) The fitter can now make a lateral adjustment and a height adjustment by turning the adjustment elements **61** and **70**, as described above. In addition, the door **55** is fixed to the hinge part **3**, whereby the hinge part **3** is arranged in a recess **58** outside a circumferential seal **57**.

(53) FIG. **14** shows a multi-joint hinge **1** with a modified adjusting device. The adjusting device is arranged on the mounting element **2** and is shown in detail in FIGS. **15**A and **15**B.

(54) Instead of the two-part design of mounting plate **40** and base plate **45**, a base plate **40**′ is provided which on the one hand has openings **42** which can be fixed to an appliance body via fastening means **41** and on the other hand has projections **46** which can be brought into engagement with the adjustment element **61**. The base plate **40**′ has guide elements **48** and **49** on opposite end faces for guiding the plate-shaped adjustment element **64**, the edges **68** and **69** of which are embraced by the guide elements **48** and **49**. The adjustment of the mounting element **2** relative to the cover element **64** via the adjustment element **70** is designed as in the previous embodiment example.

(55) FIGS. **16**A and **16**B show an example of the lateral adjustment of the mounting element **2** relative to the base plate **40**′. By turning the adjustment element **70**, the mounting element **2** moves relative to the adjustment element **64**, whereby the guide elements **83** engage around the guide strips **67**.

(56) FIGS. **17**A and **17**B show the height adjustment of the adjusting device, in which a relative movement between the adjustment element **64** and the mounting plate **40**′ takes place by rotating the adjustment element **61**.

(57) FIGS. **18**A to **18**C show the assembly of the adjusting device with the multi-joint hinge **1** of

FIG. **14**. In a first step, the modified base plate **40**′ is fixed to the appliance body **51** via fastening means **41**. Then the mounting element **2** with the pre-assembled adjustment element **64** is placed on the mounting plate **40**′ from above and moved along the guide elements **48** and **49** until the adjustment element **61** abuts against the projections **46**. The guide elements **48** and **49** thereby embrace the edges **68** and **69** of the adjustment element **64** and prevent it from lifting off. In the next step, the adjustment element **61** can be rotated to align the mounting element **2** with the adjustment element **64** in the vertical direction. When the desired vertical position is reached, the adjustment element **70** can be rotated to optionally make a lateral adjustment. Furthermore, the door **55** is mounted to the hinge part **3**. The alignment of the door **55** can also be done in the mounted position.

(58) The embodiments according to FIGS. **9** and **14** can also be combined with the adjusting device according to FIG. **4**, for example, only one adjustment element can be designed as a worm, while the other adjustment element is designed as a screw or spindle. It is possible to extend the height adjustment according to FIG. **4** by a lateral adjustment.

LIST OF REFERENCE SIGNS

(59) **1** Multi-joint hinge **2** Mounting element **3** Hinge part **4** Lever **5** Lever **6** Lever **7** Lever **8** Cover **9** Insertion element **10** Spring **11** Guide element **12** Guide element **13** Guide lever **14** Actuating element **15** Guide roller **16** Guide element **17** Opening **18** Curve guide **20** Screw **21** Threaded section **22** Internally threaded insert **23** Projection **24** Mounting part **25** Receptable **26** Opening **27** Screw **28** Elongated hole **29** Flange **30** Linear damper **31** Damper housing **32** Piston rod **33** Holding element **34** Stop **25** Receptable **36** Opening **37** Opening **40** Mounting plate **40**′ Base plate **41** Fasteners **42** Opening **43** Guide web **44** Latching web **45** Base plate **46** Projection **47** Recess **48** Guide element **49** Guide element **50**, **50**′ Refrigerator **51**, **51**′ Appliance body **52**, **52**′ Interior **53**, **53**′ Interior **54**, **54**′ Floor **55** Door **56** Door **57** Seal **58** Recess **60** Double hinge **61** Adjusting organ **62** Tool insert **63** Worm **64** Adjustment element **65** Opening **66** Projection **67** Guide rail **68** Edge **69** Edge **70** Adjustment part **71** Tool insert **72** Worm **80** Floor **81** Opening **82** Elongated hole **83** Guide element **103** Mounting part A**1** Axis A**2** Axis A**3** Axis A**4** Axis A**5** Axis A**6** Axis A**7** Axis A**11** Axis A**13** Axis A**14** Axis A**20** Axis

Claims

1. A refrigerator (**50**, **50**′) comprising an appliance body (**51**, **51**′) and at least one door (**55**, **56**) which is pivotably mounted on the appliance body (**51**, **51**′) and which is held pivotably between a closed position and a maximum opening position via at least one multi-joint hinge (**1**) and in the closed position bears against the appliance body (**51**, **51**′) via at least one seal (**57**), wherein the at least one multi-joint hinge (**1**) comprises a mounting element (**2**) held on the appliance body (**51**, **51**′), a hinge part (**3**) fixed to the door (**55**, **56**), and a joint mechanism having a plurality of joint levers (**4**, **5**, **6**, **7**), wherein the mounting element and hinge part are supported pivotably against one another via the joint mechanism, wherein an adjusting device is provided on the mounting element (**2**), said adjusting device comprising a fastening part (**24**) fixed to the appliance body (**51**, **51**′) and an adjustment element (**20**) by means of which a position of the mounting element (**2**) relative to the fastening part (**24**) can be adjusted in at least one spatial direction, and wherein the mounting element (**2**) is U-shaped in cross-section and the fastening part (**24**) is adjustable between two legs of the mounting element (**2**).

2. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjustment element is configured to execute a rotational pivoting motion and a translational motion of the mounting element (**2**) can be effected via the rotational motion.

3. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjusting device is self-locking.

4. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjustment element (**20**) comprises a threaded portion (**21**) which comprises at least one thread selected from the group consisting of: flat thread,

cylindrical thread and conical thread and wherein the mounting element (**2**) is continuously adjustable.

5. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjustment element (**20**) is rotatable but axially non-displaceable.

6. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein an internally threaded insert (**22**) is arranged on the adjustment element (**20**) and is held in a rotationally fixed manner on the fastening part (**24**).

7. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjusting device is formed for height adjustment of the mounting element (**2**) relative to the fastening part (**24**).

8. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the mounting element (**2**) comprises an elongated hole (**28**) which is aligned parallel to a direction of adjustment and through which a fastening means (**27**) passes in the mounted position.

9. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the at least one multi-joint hinge (**1**, **60**) is arranged on the mounting element (**2**).

10. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjustment element (**20**) comprises a tool receptacle for adjusting the position of the mounting element (**2**).

11. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the multi-joint hinge (**1**) is formed as a seven-joint hinge with four levers (**4**, **5**, **6**, **7**).

12. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the multi-joint hinge (**1**) comprises at least one linear damper (**30**) with a damper housing (**31**) and a displaceable piston rod (**32**), which is arranged on one of the levers (**4**) of the joint mechanism via a holding element (**33**) and the piston rod (**32**) can be pushed into the damper housing (**31**) via an actuating element (**14**).

13. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the levers (**4**, **5**, **6**, **7**) are formed to engage with each other in at least one closed position.

14. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the multi-joint hinge (**1**) comprises a spring (**10**) which biases the hinge part (**3**) in a contraction range in the closing direction.

15. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjusting device enables the mounting element (**2**) to be adjusted in at least two different directions.

16. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjusting device comprises at least one rotatable worm (**63**, **72**).

17. The refrigerator according to claim 1, wherein the adjusting device comprises a base plate (**40′**, **45**) fixed to the appliance body (**51**) and at least one adjustment element (**45**, **64**) between the mounting element (**2**) and the base plate (**40′**, **45**).

18. The refrigerator according to claim 17, wherein the mounting element (**2**) with guide elements (**83**) engages around the adjustment element (**64**) and is held displaceably on the at least one adjustment element (**64**).

19. The refrigerator according to claim 17, wherein at least one opening (**81**, **82**) is provided on the mounting element (**2**) at a base (**80**), in which opening a worm (**63**, **72**) is rotatably mounted.