

US Patent & Trademark Office

Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent	12386787
Kind Code	B2
Date of Patent	August 12, 2025
Inventor(s)	Benedict; Danny

Multi-component content asset transfer

Abstract

Methods, systems, and apparatuses are described for multi-component asset transfer. A plurality of references can be generated from a manifest of a content asset. A monitoring agent can determine when a content item for the content asset is received and modify the state of the corresponding reference.

Inventors:	Benedict; Danny (Seattle, WA)
Applicant:	Comcast Cable Communications Management, LLC (Philadelphia, PA)
Family ID:	65896678
Assignee:	Comcast Cable Communications Management, LLC (Philadelphia, PA)
Appl. No.:	17/039408
Filed:	September 30, 2020

Prior Publication Data

Document Identifier	Publication Date
US 20210109898 A1	Apr. 15, 2021

Related U.S. Application Data

continuation parent-doc US 15723053 20171002 US 10838924 child-doc US 17039408

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: G06F16/174 (20190101); G06F16/16 (20190101); H04L67/06 (20220101);
H04L67/1097 (20220101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC **G06F16/1748** (20190101); **G06F16/162** (20190101); **H04L67/06** (20130101);
H04L67/1097 (20130101);

Field of Classification Search

CPC: G06F (16/1748); G06F (16/162); H04L (67/06); H04L (67/1097)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Issued Date	Patentee Name	U.S. Cl.	CPC
7555642	12/2008	Gagneraud	710/5	G06F 9/441
8307361	12/2011	Zalewski	N/A	N/A
8769614	12/2013	Knox	726/3	H04L 65/4084
9124911	12/2014	Rothschild	N/A	G11B 27/10
9420019	12/2015	Lam	N/A	H04L 65/4084
9866459	12/2017	Joliveau	N/A	H04L 41/0654
9866650	12/2017	Sathyanarayana	N/A	H04L 41/046
2004/0167905	12/2003	Eakin	N/A	G06F 16/972
2006/0195866	12/2005	Thukral	725/34	H04H 60/32
2007/0094142	12/2006	Russell	705/52	G06Q 30/06
2007/0157173	12/2006	Klein et al.	N/A	N/A
2007/0208953	12/2006	Durand et al.	N/A	N/A
2010/0064052	12/2009	Pickens	709/231	H04L 65/605
2010/0250772	12/2009	Mao	709/231	H04N 21/23103
2012/0079537	12/2011	Kalidindi	725/116	H04N 21/4755
2013/0198005	12/2012	Xiong	709/219	H04N 21/812
2013/0305303	12/2012	Yamagishi	725/109	H04L 12/18
2014/0237525	12/2013	Rothschild	725/92	H04N 21/26613
2014/0317112	12/2013	Maharajh	707/736	G06F 16/957
2014/0359081	12/2013	Van Deventer	709/219	H04N 21/6587
2015/0012615	12/2014	Li	709/219	H04L 65/60
2015/0256583	12/2014	Rosenzweig	709/219	H04L 65/608
2016/0006817	12/2015	Mitic	709/232	H04L 65/80
2016/0065668	12/2015	Kumar	709/219	H04L 67/62
2016/0085955	12/2015	Lerner	726/20	G06F 21/725
2016/0127440	12/2015	Gordon	709/219	H04N 21/23439
2016/0149978	12/2015	Wissingh	709/231	H04N 21/8456
2016/0197975	12/2015	Law	709/219	H04L 65/80
2016/0366202	12/2015	Phillips	N/A	H04N 21/26258
2017/0127147	12/2016	Crabtree	N/A	H04N 21/4383
2017/0171287	12/2016	Famaey	N/A	H04N 21/85406
2017/0272485	12/2016	Gordon	N/A	H04L 65/601
2017/0331914	12/2016	Loach	N/A	H04N 21/25833
2017/0339114	12/2016	Watson	N/A	H04N 21/8126
2017/0353516	12/2016	Gordon	N/A	H04L 67/02
2017/0357728	12/2016	Davies	N/A	G06F 21/6218
2017/0366587	12/2016	Sharifi	N/A	H04L 67/22
2018/0077219	12/2017	Tan	N/A	H04N 21/6587

2018/0077464	12/2017	Buchanan, Jr.	N/A	H04N 21/4828
2018/0097864	12/2017	Brinkley	N/A	H04N 21/23424
2018/0137208	12/2017	Ricker	N/A	G06F 16/435
2018/0284987	12/2017	Lazier	N/A	G06F 3/0613
2018/0285369	12/2017	Lazier	N/A	G06F 16/122
2019/0058919	12/2018	Cahill	N/A	G06F 16/40
2019/0075148	12/2018	Nielsen	N/A	H04L 65/607
2019/0258998	12/2018	Deshpande	N/A	G06F 16/2365

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Wang et al., "Internet-based Management and Consumption of Digital Assets", 2011, IEEE, pp. 49-53 (Year: 2011). cited by examiner

Primary Examiner: Bibbee; Jared M

Attorney, Agent or Firm: Ballard Spahr LLP

Background/Summary

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATION (1) This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/723,053 filed Oct. 2, 2017, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

(1) Multiple content items may be used to represent a particular content asset (e.g., a film). For example, a given film content asset may include content items for a main video feature, additional content items for trailers or extra content, still frames, metadata, and potentially other data. Existing solutions provide the entirety of the content asset, i.e., each content item that makes up the content asset, to an ingestion process once all of the content items have been received. These and other shortcomings are addressed by the approaches set forth herein.

SUMMARY

(2) It is to be understood that both the following general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive. Provided are methods and systems for multi-component content asset transfer. A content asset is comprised of multiple content items. For example, a content asset for a film or television show can include a video content item for a main feature, and additional video content items for trailers, previews, or supplemental features. The content asset can also include still image content items for use in menus, program guides, or other user interfaces. Additionally, the content asset can include text data or metadata describing the given content asset. The content items that make up a content asset can be described in a manifest. The manifest can include a listing of content items that make up a given content asset. The manifest can also include identifiers for the content items, including file names, hash values, file identifiers, or other identifiers.

(3) A monitoring agent for an ingestion process can determine if a manifest of a content asset has been received from a content source by determining whether the manifest is stored in a specific storage location such as a directory. The monitoring agent can generate a plurality of references corresponding to the content items listed in the manifest. The plurality of references can comprise a plurality of reference files, with each reference file corresponding to one of the content items listed in the manifest. Each of the plurality of references comprises an identifier of the corresponding content item, such as a file name or other identifier.

(4) After generating the plurality of references, the monitoring agent can determine whether a content item of the content asset has been received from the content source. For example, the monitoring agent can determine whether the content item is stored in the monitored storage location. Determining whether the content item of the content asset has been received from the content source can be performed based on which of the references correspond to a first state. For example, the monitoring agent can determine if a given reference is in a first state, such as lacking a tag or header, or having a tag or header of a predefined value. If a reference is in a first state, the monitoring agent can then determine if the corresponding content item is stored in the storage location. If the plurality of references comprise a plurality of reference files, the monitoring agent can determine whether a reference file is stored in the monitored storage location.

(5) If a content item is stored in a storage location, the monitoring agent can provide the content item to the ingestion process. The ingestion process can be implemented by one or more ingestion devices, e.g., one or more computing devices. The ingestion process can facilitate transcoding a content item. For example, the ingestion process can transcode a video or audio content item into variant content items of varying bitrates or resolutions. As another example, the ingestion process can perform a validation of a content item. Validation of a content item can include calculating a checksum, hash value, or other value to determine an integrity of a content item. After providing the content item to the ingestion process, the monitoring agent can modify a state of a reference corresponding to the content item from a first state to a second state. If the plurality of references comprise a plurality of reference files, the monitoring agent can delete the reference file corresponding to the content item.

(6) The monitoring agent can continue to monitor the storage location until all references have been modified from the first state to the second state, e.g., all content items for the content asset have been received and provided to the ingestion process. The monitoring agent can provide the manifest to the ingestion process, indicating to the ingestion process that the entirety of the content asset has been provided to the ingestion process.

(7) Additional advantages will be set forth in part in the description which follows or may be learned by practice. The advantages will be realized and attained by means of the elements and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, show examples and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the methods and systems:

(2) FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing an exemplary content delivery network;

(3) FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a multi-component asset transfer system;

(4) FIG. 3 is a representation of an example manifest for a content asset;

(5) FIG. 4 is a flowchart of an example method;

(6) FIG. 5 is a flowchart of an example method; and

(7) FIG. 6 is a block diagram of an example computing device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(8) Before the present methods and systems are disclosed and described, it is to be understood that the methods and systems are not limited to specific methods, specific components, or to particular implementations. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular examples only and is not intended to be limiting.

(9) As used in the specification and the appended claims, the singular forms “a,” “an” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Ranges may be expressed

herein as from “about” one particular value, and/or to “about” another particular value. When such a range is expressed, an example includes from the one particular value and/or to the other particular value. Similarly, when values are expressed as approximations, by use of the antecedent “about,” it will be understood that the particular value forms an example. It will be further understood that the endpoints of each of the ranges are significant both in relation to the other endpoint, and independently of the other endpoint.

(10) “Optional” or “optionally” means that the subsequently described event or circumstance may or may not occur, and that the description includes instances where said event or circumstance occurs and instances where it does not.

(11) Throughout the description and claims of this specification, the word “comprise” and variations of the word, such as “comprising” and “comprises,” means “including but not limited to,” and is not intended to exclude, for example, other components, integers or steps. “Exemplary” means “an example of” and is not intended to convey an indication of a preferred or ideal example. “Such as” is not used in a restrictive sense, but for explanatory purposes.

(12) Disclosed are components that can be used to perform the disclosed methods and systems. These and other components are disclosed herein, and it is understood that when combinations, subsets, interactions, groups, etc. of these components are disclosed that while specific reference of each various individual and collective combinations and permutation of these may not be explicitly disclosed, each is specifically contemplated and described herein, for all methods and systems. This applies to all aspects of this application including, but not limited to, steps in disclosed methods. Thus, if there are a variety of additional steps that can be performed it is understood that each of these additional steps can be performed with any specific example or combination of examples of the disclosed methods.

(13) The present methods and systems may be understood more readily by reference to the following detailed description and the examples included therein and to the Figures and their previous and following description.

(14) As will be appreciated by one skilled in the art, the methods and systems may take the form of an entirely hardware example, an entirely software example, or an example combining software and hardware aspects. Furthermore, the methods and systems may take the form of a computer program product on a computer-readable storage medium having computer-readable program instructions (e.g., computer software) embodied in the storage medium. More particularly, the present methods and systems may take the form of web-implemented computer software. Any suitable computer-readable storage medium may be utilized including hard disks, CD-ROMs, optical storage devices, or magnetic storage devices.

(15) Examples of the methods and systems are described below with reference to block diagrams and flowcharts of methods, systems, apparatuses and computer program products. It will be understood that each block of the block diagrams and flowcharts, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and flowcharts, respectively, can be implemented by computer program instructions. These computer program instructions may be loaded onto a general purpose computer, special purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions which execute on the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus create a means for implementing the functions specified in the flowchart block or blocks.

(16) These computer program instructions may also be stored in a computer-readable memory that can direct a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer-readable memory produce an article of manufacture including computer-readable instructions for implementing the function specified in the flowchart block or blocks. The computer program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer or other programmable data processing apparatus to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer or other programmable apparatus to produce a computer-implemented process such that the instructions that execute on the computer or other

programmable apparatus provide steps for implementing the functions specified in the flowchart block or blocks.

(17) Accordingly, blocks of the block diagrams and flowcharts support combinations of means for performing the specified functions, combinations of steps for performing the specified functions and program instruction means for performing the specified functions. It will also be understood that each block of the block diagrams and flowcharts, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and flowcharts, can be implemented by special purpose hardware-based computer systems that perform the specified functions or steps, or combinations of special purpose hardware and computer instructions.

(18) In various instances, this detailed description may refer to content items (which may also be referred to as “content,” “content data,” “content information,” “content asset,” “multimedia asset data file,” or simply “data” or “information”). In some instances, content items can comprise any information or data that may be licensed to one or more individuals (or other entities, such as business or group). In various examples, content may include electronic representations of video, audio, text and/or graphics, which may include but is not limited to electronic representations of videos, movies, or other multimedia, which may include but is not limited to data files adhering to MPEG2, MPEG, MPEG4 UHD, HDR, 4k, Adobe® Flash® Video (.FLV) format or some other video file format whether such format is presently known or developed in the future. In various examples, the content items described herein may include electronic representations of music, spoken words, or other audio, which may include but is not limited to data files adhering to the MPEG-1 Audio Layer 3 (.MP3) format, Adobe®, CableLabs 1.0, 1.1, 3.0, AVC, HEVC, H.264, Nielsen watermarks, V-chip data and Secondary Audio Programs (SAP). Sound Document (.ASND) format or some other format configured to store electronic audio whether such format is presently known or developed in the future. In some cases, content may include data files adhering to the following formats: Portable Document Format (.PDF), Electronic Publication (.EPUB) format created by the International Digital Publishing Forum (IDPF), JPEG (.JPG) format, Portable Network Graphics (.PNG) format, dynamic ad insertion data (.csv), Adobe® Photoshop® (.PSD) format or some other format for electronically storing text, graphics and/or other information whether such format is presently known or developed in the future. In some examples, content items may include any combination of the above-described examples.

(19) In various instances, this detailed disclosure may refer to consuming content or to the consumption of content, which may also be referred to as “accessing” content, “providing” content, “viewing” content, “listening” to content, “rendering” content, or “playing” content, among other things. In some cases, the particular term utilized may be dependent on the context in which it is used. For example, consuming video may also be referred to as viewing or playing the video. In an example, consuming audio may also be referred to as listening to or playing the audio.

(20) Note that in various instances this detailed disclosure may refer to a given entity performing some action. It should be understood that this language may in some cases mean that a system (e.g., a computer) owned and/or controlled by the given entity is actually performing the action.

(21) The present disclosure relates to a system for multi-component content asset transfer. A content source can transmit a content asset comprising multiple content items to an ingestion process. The content items can include audio content items, video content items, text content items, image content items, or other content items as can be appreciated. Each of the content items can be described in a manifest for the content asset.

(22) A monitoring agent for the ingestion process can determine if the manifest of the content asset has been received from the content source by determining whether the manifest is stored in a specific storage location such as a directory. If the monitoring agent determines that the manifest is stored, the monitoring agent can generate a plurality of references corresponding to the content items listed in the manifest. The plurality of references can comprise a plurality of reference files, with each reference file corresponding to one of the content items listed in the manifest.

(23) The monitoring agent can determine whether a content item of the content asset has been received from the content source. After determining that a content item has been received, the monitoring agent can provide the content item to an ingestion process. Providing the content item to the ingestion process can include copying, moving, or transmitting the content item from a first storage location to a second storage location accessible to the ingestion process. The monitoring agent can provide a content item to the ingestion process by transmitting a file path or other storage identifier indicating a storage location of the content item.

(24) After providing the content item to the ingestion process, the monitoring agent can modify a state of a reference corresponding to the content item from a first state to a second state, reflecting that the content item has been provided to the ingestion process. Modifying the state of the reference corresponding to the content item from the first state to the second state can include adding or modifying a tag or header of the reference. If the plurality of references comprise a plurality of reference files, modifying the state of the reference corresponding to the content item can include deleting the reference file corresponding to the content item. Thus, the monitoring agent can determine which content items have not been provided to the ingestion process by determining which reference files have not been deleted.

(25) The monitoring agent can continue to monitor the storage location into which content items are stored until all references have been modified from the first state to the second state, i.e. all content items for the content asset have been received and provided to the ingestion process. The monitoring agent can provide the manifest to the ingestion process, indicating to the ingestion process that the entirety of the content asset has been provided to the ingestion process.

(26) FIG. 1 shows various aspects of an exemplary system in which the present methods and systems can operate. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that present methods may be used in systems that employ both digital and analog equipment. One skilled in the art will appreciate that provided herein is a functional description and that the respective functions can be performed by software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware.

(27) A system **100** can comprise a central location **101** (e.g., a headend), which can receive content (e.g., data, input programming, and the like) from multiple sources. The central location **101** can combine the content from the various sources and can distribute the content to user (e.g., subscriber) locations (e.g., location **119**) via a distribution system **116**.

(28) The central location **101** can receive content from a variety of input sources **102a**, **102b**, **102c**. The content can be transmitted from the source to the central location **101** via a variety of transmission paths, including wireless (e.g. satellite paths **103a**, **103b**) and a terrestrial path **104**. The central location **101** can also receive content from a direct feed source **106** via a direct line **105**. Other input sources can comprise capture devices such as a video camera **109** or a server **110**. The signals provided by the content sources can include a single content item or a multiplex that includes several content items.

(29) The central location **101** can comprise one or a plurality of receivers **111a**, **111b**, **111c**, **111d** that are each associated with an input source. For example, MPEG encoders such as an encoder **112**, are included for encoding local content or a video camera **109** feed. A switch **113** can provide access to the server **110**, which can be a Pay-Per-View server, a data server, an internet router, a network system, a phone system, and the like. Some signals may require additional processing, such as signal multiplexing, prior to being modulated. Such multiplexing can be performed by a multiplexer (mux) **114**.

(30) The systems and methods described above can be implemented in a receiver **111a,b,c,d**. For example, an input source **102a** can serve as a content source to provide a content asset to a storage location **202** of the receiver **111a**. The storage location **202** can include, for example, a directory, one or more areas of allocated memory, a storage device, or other component facilitating data storage. The receiver **111a** can implement a monitoring agent **204** to determine if a manifest for the content asset is received from the input source **102a** and generate a plurality of references from the

manifest. As the receiver **111a** receives content items of the content asset from the input source **102a**, the monitoring agent **204** can provide the received content asset to an ingestion process **210** implemented in the receiver **111a**. The monitoring agent **204** can modify the state of a corresponding reference from a first state to a second state to indicate receipt of the content item. Although the monitoring agent **204** and ingestion process **210** are depicted as implemented in the receiver **111a**, it is understood that the monitoring agent **204** and the ingestion process **210** can also be implemented in other components of the system **100**. Additional details concerning the interoperability between the storage location **202**, the monitoring agent **204** and the ingestion process **210** are set forth below in FIG. 2.

(31) The central location **101** can comprise one or a plurality of modulators **115** for interfacing to a network **116**. The modulators **115** can convert the received content into a modulated output signal suitable for transmission over a network **116**. The output signals from the modulators **115** can be combined, using equipment such as a combiner **117**, for input into the network **116**. The network **116** can comprise a content delivery network, a content access network, and/or the like. For example, the network **116** can be configured to provide content from a variety of sources using a variety of network paths, protocols, devices, and/or the like. The content delivery network and/or content access network can be managed (e.g., deployed, serviced) by a content provider, a service provider, and/or the like.

(32) A control system **118** can permit a system operator to control and monitor the functions and performance of the system **100**. The control system **118** can interface, monitor, and/or control a variety of functions, including, but not limited to, the channel lineup for the television system, billing for each user, conditional access for content distributed to users, and the like. The control system **118** can provide input to the modulators for setting operating parameters, such as system specific MPEG table packet organization or conditional access information. The control system **118** can be located at the central location **101** or at a remote location.

(33) The network **116** can distribute signals from the central location **101** to user locations, such as a user location **119**. The network **116** can comprise an optical fiber network, a coaxial cable network, a hybrid fiber-coaxial network, a wireless network, a satellite system, a direct broadcast system, an Ethernet network, a high-definition multimedia interface network, universal serial bus network, or any combination thereof.

(34) A multitude of users can be connected to the network **116** at one or more of the user locations. At the user location **119**, a media device **120** can demodulate and/or decode, if needed, the signals for display on a display device **121**, such as on a television set (TV) or a computer monitor. For example, the media device **120** can comprise a demodulator, decoder, frequency tuner, and/or the like. The media device **120** can be directly connected to the network (e.g., for communications via in-band and/or out-of-band signals of a content delivery network) and/or connected to the network **116** via a communication terminal **122** (e.g., for communications via a packet switched network). The media device **120** can comprise a set-top box, a digital streaming device, a gaming device, a media storage device, a digital recording device, a combination thereof, and/or the like. The media device **120** can comprise one or more applications, such as content viewers, social media applications, news applications, gaming applications, content stores, electronic program guides, and/or the like. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the signal can be demodulated and/or decoded in a variety of equipment, including the communication terminal **122**, a computer, a TV, a monitor, or satellite dish.

(35) The communication terminal **122** can be located at the user location **119**. The communication terminal **122** can be configured to communicate with the network **116**. The communication terminal **122** can comprise a modem (e.g., cable modem), a router, a gateway, a switch, a network terminal (e.g., optical network unit), and/or the like. The communication terminal **122** can be configured for communication with the network **116** via a variety of protocols, such as internet protocol, transmission control protocol, file transfer protocol, session initiation protocol, voice over

internet protocol, and/or the like. For example, for a cable network, the communication terminal **122** can be configured to provide network access via a variety of communication protocols and standards, such as Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification.

(36) The user location **119** can comprise a first access point **123**, such as a wireless access point. The first access point **123** can be configured to provide one or more wireless networks in at least a portion of the user location **119**. The first access point **123** can be configured to provide access to the network **116** to devices configured with a compatible wireless radio, such as a mobile device **124**, the media device **120**, the display device **121**, or other computing devices (e.g., laptops, sensor devices, security devices). For example, the first access point **123** can provide a user managed network (e.g., local area network), a service provider managed network (e.g., public network for users of the service provider), and/or the like. It should be noted that in some configurations, some or all of the first access point **123**, the communication terminal **122**, the media device **120**, and the display device **121** can be implemented as a single device.

(37) The user location **119** may not be fixed. By way of example, a user can receive content from the network **116** on the mobile device **124**. The mobile device **124** can comprise a laptop computer, a tablet device, a computer station, a personal data assistant (PDA), a smart device (e.g., smart phone, smart apparel, smart watch, smart glasses), GPS, a vehicle entertainment system, a portable media player, a combination thereof, and/or the like. The mobile device **124** can communicate with a variety of access points (e.g., at different times and locations or simultaneously if within range of multiple access points). For example, the mobile device **124** can communicate with a second access point **125**. The second access point **125** can be a cell tower, a wireless hotspot, another mobile device, and/or other remote access point. The second access point **125** can be within range of the user location **119** or remote from the user location **119**. For example, the second access point **125** can be located along a travel route, within a business or residence, or other useful locations (e.g., travel stop, city center, park).

(38) The system **100** can comprise an edge device **128**. The edge device **128** can be configured to provide content, services, and/or the like to the user location **119**. For example, the edge device **128** can be one of a plurality of edge devices distributed across the network **116**. The edge device **128** can be located in a region proximate to the user location **119**. A request for content from the user can be directed to the edge device **128** (e.g., due to the location of the edge device and/or network conditions). The edge device **128** can be configured to package content for delivery to the user (e.g., in a specific format requested by a user device), provide the user a manifest file (e.g., or other index file describing segments of the content), provide streaming content (e.g., unicast, multicast), provide a file transfer, and/or the like. The edge device **128** can cache or otherwise store content (e.g., frequently requested content) to enable faster delivery of content to users.

(39) The network **116** can comprise a network component **129**. The network component **129** can comprise any device, module, and/or the like communicatively coupled to the network **116**. For example, the network component **129** can comprise a router, a switch, a splitter, a packager, a gateway, an encoder, a storage device, a multiplexer, a network access location (e.g., tap), physical link, and/or the like.

(40) FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing various examples of a multi-component asset transfer system. An input source **102a** can provide a manifest of a content asset to a storage location **202**. The input source **102a** can comprise a linear content source, a server or file repository, a streaming content source, or other source of content as can be appreciated. The content asset can comprise a plurality of content items, with each content item being listed in the manifest. The storage location **202** can include a directory, a memory address, a storage device, or other portion of memory allocated for data storage. The input source **102a** can also provide one or more of the plurality of content items of the content asset to the storage location **202**. The monitoring agent **204** can monitor the storage location **202** to determine if the manifest has been provided by the input source **102a**. If the monitoring agent **204** determines that the manifest has been provided by the input

source **102a**, the monitoring agent **204** can generate a plurality of references and store the plurality of references in the storage location **202**. Each of the plurality of references can correspond to one of the plurality of content items of the content asset. For example, each of the plurality of references can embody an entry in the manifest for a corresponding one of the plurality of content items. Generating the plurality of references can include generating a plurality of reference files, each of the reference files comprising a manifest entry of the corresponding content item.

(41) The monitoring agent **204** can monitor the storage location **202** for content items received from the input source **102a**. Monitoring the storage location for content items received from the input source **102a** can comprise selecting a reference having a first state, and then determining if the content item corresponding to the selected reference is stored in the storage location **202**. A reference can have a first state by lacking a tag or header, or having a tag or header, of a predefined value. A reference (e.g., a reference file) can have a first state by being stored in the storage location. If a content item corresponding to a selected reference is stored in the storage location **202**, the monitoring agent **204** can provide the content item to an ingestion process **210**. Providing the content item to the ingestion process **210** can comprise moving the content item from a storage location **204** to another storage location **208** monitored by the ingestion process **210**. Providing the content item to the ingestion process **210** can comprise transmitting instructions to the ingestion process **210** identifying a location of the content item in the storage location **202** or the storage location **208**. Such instructions can include an API call, a service call, or other instructions.

(42) After providing the content item to the ingestion process **210**, the monitoring agent **204** can modify the state of the reference corresponding to the provided content item from the first state to a second state. Modifying the state of the reference can include adding or modifying a tag, header, or other portion of the reference to indicate that the content item has been provided to the ingestion process **210**. Modifying the state of the reference can also include deleting a reference file from the storage location **202** or the storage location **208**. The monitoring agent **204** can continue to select references, determine if the corresponding content items are stored in the storage location **202**, and provide the content items to the ingestion process until all references have had respective states modified from the first state to the second state, e.g., all references have been tagged or all reference files have been deleted.

(43) The ingestion process **210** can ingest the provided content item by transcoding the content item into one or more variant versions of the content item. For example, the ingestion process **210** can transcode a content item into versions having a varying bit rate, a varying resolution, or otherwise varying. The ingestion process **210** can also ingest the provided content item by applying an integrity check, a digital signature check, or other verification or validation check to the content item. The ingestion process **210** can transmit instructions to the monitoring agent **204** that a content item should be reacquired from the input source **102a**, such as if a content item fails a verification or validation check, or if an error occurs during transcoding. The ingestion process **210** can also perform other operations to facilitate publication or distribution of a content item. For example, the ingestion process **210** can process, generate, and/or remove metadata of a content item. The ingestion process **210** can group content items of a content asset. The monitoring agent **204** can then regenerate the reference corresponding to the content item to be reacquired. The monitoring agent **204** can transmit a request to the input source **102a** for the content item to be reacquired. As the regenerated reference now has a first state, the monitoring agent **204** can determine if the content item has been reacquired for providing to the ingestion process **210** as described above.

(44) FIG. 3 is a representation of an example manifest **300** for a content asset. Although the manifest **300** is shown as encoded in Extensible Markup Language (XML), it is understood that the manifest **300** can be encoded or described by other approaches. Included in the manifest **300** is an entry **302** for a content asset, in this case the film “Night of the Living Dead.” The entry **302** for the content asset has child entries **304** for two groups of content items: a first grouping of content items for the main feature, and a second grouping of content items for the trailer. Each grouping of

content items has child entries **306** each describing a particular content item that makes up the content asset. For example, the grouping of content items for the main feature includes child entries **306** (and therefore content items) corresponding to a video file for the main feature, English and Spanish language tracks, a French subtitle track, a description of the main feature, and a thumbnail image. The grouping of the content items for the trailer includes a video file for the trailer and a thumbnail image.

(45) Each child entry **306** can include one or more fields. The one or more fields can describe a corresponding content item. For example, each child entry **306** can include a file identifier for the content item, an indication of a type of content item, and a checksum for performing validation or verification of the corresponding content item. The one or more fields of the child entries **306** can describe a corresponding content item.

(46) FIG. 4 is a flowchart of an example method **400**. At step **402**, a manifest for a content asset can be received. The content asset can comprise multiple content items described by the manifest. The content items can include audio content items, video content items, text content items, image content items, or other content items as can be appreciated. The manifest can be encoded in Extended Markup Language (XML), or by another approach. Each entry in the manifest can include an identifier of a corresponding content item. The identifier can include a file name, hash value, unique identifier, or other identifier. Each entry in the manifest can describe a content item type of the corresponding content item. For example, an entry can identify a given content item as a video content item, a text content item, an image content item, or another type of content item. Each entry can identify a priority ranking or priority tier of the corresponding content item.

(47) In step **404**, a plurality of references corresponding to the content items listed in the manifest can be generated. The plurality of references can each include an identifier of a corresponding content item such as a file name, hash code, digital signature, or other identifier of the corresponding content item. The plurality of references can each include metadata describing the content item. The included metadata can indicate a content type of a content item, a priority of a content item, or otherwise describe a content item. The included metadata can also include a header, tag, or other metadata entry indicating a state of a reference. The state of the reference indicates whether the corresponding content item has been transmitted to an ingestion process, as described below. The plurality of references can be embodied as a single file or a plurality of files. The plurality of references can be embodied as a list, table, or other data structure stored in memory as can be appreciated.

(48) In step **406**, it can be determined whether a reference exists in a first state, e.g., whether a reference indicates the corresponding content item has yet to be provided to an ingestion process. Determining whether a reference exists in a first state can include accessing each reference to determine if a reference includes or lacks a predefined tag or header. If no references exist in the first state, thereby indicating that all content items of the content asset have been provided to the ingestion process, the manifest can be provided to the ingestion process in step **414**. Otherwise, if a reference exists in the first state, in step **408**, it can be determined whether the content item corresponding to the reference in the first state has been received from the content source. Determining whether the content item corresponding to the reference in the first state can include determining whether a content item is stored having a file name or other identifier matching an identifier indicated in the reference. If the content item corresponding to the reference in the first state has not been received, the method **400** can return to step **406**. Otherwise, if the content item corresponding to the reference in the first state has been received, in step **410**, the state of the reference corresponding to the received content item can be modified from the first state to a second state. Modifying the state of the reference from the first state to the second state can include adding, removing, or modifying a tag, header, or other value of the reference. After modifying the state of the reference, in step **412**, the received content item can be provided to the ingestion process.

(49) Providing the content item to the ingestion process can include transmitting the content item to one or more ingestion devices, e.g., one or more computing devices. Providing the content item to the ingestion process can include copying, moving, or transmitting the content item from a first storage location to a second storage location accessible to the ingestion process. For example, the ingestion process can be configured to monitor a given directory for the presence of content items. If a content item is stored in the directory, the ingestion process begins ingestion of the stored content item. The content item can be provided to the ingestion process by transmitting a service call, an application program interface (API) call, or other instructions to the ingestion process. The instructions can comprise the content item. For example, a content item may be serializable, and a serialized transformation of the content item can be included in the instructions transmitted to the ingestion process. The instructions can indicate a file path or other storage identifier indicating a storage location of the content item. The storage identifier can facilitate an access of the content item by the ingestion process directly from a storage location without a need for transferring the content item to a second storage location accessible to the ingestion process. After providing the content item to the ingestion process, the method can return to step **406**.

(50) The ingestion process can facilitate transcoding the provided content item. For example, the ingestion process can transcode a provided video or audio content item into variant content items of varying bitrates or resolutions. The ingestion process can perform a validation check otherwise evaluate the provided content item. A validation check can include calculating a checksum, hash value, digital signature, or other value based on the provided content item.

(51) FIG. 5 is a flowchart of an example method **500**. At step **502**, a manifest for a content asset can be received. The content asset can comprise multiple content items described by the manifest. The content items can include audio content items, video content items, text content items, image content items, or other content items as can be appreciated. The manifest can be encoded in Extended Markup Language (XML), or by another approach. Each entry in the manifest can include an identifier of a corresponding content item. The identifier can include a file name, hash value, unique identifier, or other identifier. Each entry in the manifest can describe a content item type of the corresponding content item. For example, an entry can identify a given content item as a video content item, a text content item, an image content item, or another type of content item. Each entry can identify a priority ranking or priority tier of the corresponding content item.

(52) In step **504**, a plurality of reference files corresponding to the content items listed in the manifest can be generated. The plurality of reference files can each include an identifier of a corresponding content item such as a file name, hash code, digital signature, or other identifier of the corresponding content item. The plurality of references can each include metadata describing the content item. The included metadata can indicate a content type of a content item, a priority of a content item, or otherwise describe a content item. Generating the plurality of reference files can include copying an entry from the manifest into a respective one of the plurality of reference files. Thus, the plurality of reference files can embody a splitting or division of the manifest into separate reference files. The plurality of reference files can be stored in a storage location such as a directory, storage device, or memory address.

(53) In step **506**, it can be determined whether a reference file from the plurality of reference files is stored in the storage location. If no reference files are stored in the storage location, thereby indicating that all content items of the content asset have been provided to the ingestion process, the manifest is provided to the ingestion process in step **514**. Otherwise, at step **506**, if a reference file is currently stored, indicating that the corresponding content item has yet to be provided to the ingestion process, it can be determined whether the content item corresponding to the stored reference file has been received at step **508**. Determining whether the content item corresponding to the stored reference file has been received can include determining whether a content item is stored having a file name or other identifier matching an identifier indicated in the reference file. If the content item corresponding to the stored reference file has not been received, it can be

determined whether a reference file from the plurality of reference files is stored in the storage location at step **506**. Thus, it can be determined which content items of the content asset have been provided to an ingestion process by determining which of the plurality of reference files are still stored. Otherwise, if the content item corresponding to the stored reference file has been received, where the reference file can be deleted at step **510**. In step **512**, the received content item can be provided to the ingestion process.

(54) Providing the content item to the ingestion process can include transmitting the content item to one or more ingestion devices, e.g., one or more computing devices. Providing the content item to the ingestion process can include copying, moving, or transmitting the content item from a first storage location to a second storage location accessible to the ingestion process. For example, the ingestion process can be configured to monitor a given directory for the presence of content items. If a content item is stored in the directory, the ingestion process begins ingestion of the stored content item. The content item can be provided to the ingestion process by transmitting a service call, an application program interface (API) call, or other instructions to the ingestion process. The instructions can comprise the content item. For example, a content item may be serializable, and a serialized transformation of the content item can be included in the instructions transmitted to the ingestion process. The instructions can indicate a file path or other storage identifier indicating a storage location of the content item. The storage identifier can facilitate an access of the content item by the ingestion process directly from a storage location without a need for transferring the content item to a second storage location accessible to the ingestion process. After providing the content item to the ingestion process, it can be determined whether a reference file from the plurality of reference files is stored in the storage location at step **506**.

(55) The ingestion process can facilitate transcoding the provided content item. For example, the ingestion process can transcode a provided video or audio content item into variant content items of varying bitrates or resolutions. The ingestion process can perform a validation check otherwise evaluate the provided content item. A validation check can include calculating a checksum, hash value, digital signature, or other value based on the provided content item.

(56) The methods and systems can be implemented on a computer **601** as shown in FIG. **6** and described below. Similarly, the methods and systems disclosed can utilize one or more computers to perform one or more functions in one or more locations. FIG. **6** is a block diagram showing an exemplary operating environment for performing the disclosed methods. This exemplary operating environment is only an example of an operating environment and is not intended to suggest any limitation as to the scope of use or functionality of operating environment architecture. Neither should the operating environment be interpreted as having any dependency or requirement relating to any one or combination of components shown in the exemplary operating environment.

(57) The present methods and systems can be operational with numerous other general purpose or special purpose computing system environments or configurations. Examples of well known computing systems, environments, and/or configurations that can be suitable for use with the systems and methods comprise, but are not limited to, personal computers, server computers, laptop devices, and multiprocessor systems. Additional examples comprise set top boxes, programmable consumer electronics, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers, distributed computing environments that comprise any of the above systems or devices, and the like.

(58) The processing of the disclosed methods and systems can be performed by software components. The disclosed systems and methods can be described in the general context of computer-executable instructions, such as program modules, being executed by one or more computers or other devices. Generally, program modules comprise computer code, routines, programs, objects, components, data structures, etc. that perform particular tasks or implement particular abstract data types. The disclosed methods can also be practiced in grid-based and distributed computing environments where tasks are performed by remote processing devices that

are linked through a communications network. In a distributed computing environment, program modules can be located in both local and remote computer storage media including memory storage devices.

(59) Further, one skilled in the art will appreciate that the systems and methods disclosed herein can be implemented via a general-purpose computing device in the form of a computer **601**. The components of the computer **601** can comprise, but are not limited to, one or more processors **603**, a system memory **612**, and a system bus **613** that couples various system components including the one or more processors **603** to the system memory **612**. The system can utilize parallel computing.

(60) The system bus **613** represents one or more of several possible types of bus structures, including a memory bus or memory controller, a peripheral bus, an accelerated graphics port, or local bus using any of a variety of bus architectures. By way of example, such architectures can comprise an Industry Standard Architecture (ISA) bus, a Micro Channel Architecture (MCA) bus, an Enhanced ISA (EISA) bus, a Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA) local bus, an Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) bus, and a Peripheral Component Interconnects (PCI), a PCI-Express bus, a Personal Computer Memory Card Industry Association (PCMCIA), Universal Serial Bus (USB) and the like. The bus **613**, and all buses specified in this description can also be implemented over a wired or wireless network connection and each of the subsystems, including the one or more processors **603**, a mass storage device **604**, an operating system **605**, content management software **606**, content management data **607**, a network adapter **608**, the system memory **612**, an Input/Output Interface **610**, a display adapter **609**, a display device **611**, and a human machine interface **602**, can be contained within one or more remote computing devices **614a,b,c** at physically separate locations, connected through buses of this form, in effect implementing a fully distributed system.

(61) The computer **601** typically comprises a variety of computer readable media. Exemplary readable media can be any available media that is accessible by the computer **601** and comprises, for example and not meant to be limiting, both volatile and non-volatile media, removable and non-removable media. The system memory **612** comprises computer readable media in the form of volatile memory, such as random access memory (RAM), and/or non-volatile memory, such as read only memory (ROM). The system memory **612** typically contains data such as the content management data **607** and/or program modules such as the operating system **605** and the content management software **606** that are immediately accessible to and/or are presently operated on by the one or more processors **603**.

(62) The computer **601** can also comprise other removable/non-removable, volatile/non-volatile computer storage media. By way of example, FIG. 5 shows the mass storage device **604** which can provide non-volatile storage of computer code, computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules, and other data for the computer **601**. For example and not meant to be limiting, the mass storage device **604** can be a hard disk, a removable magnetic disk, a removable optical disk, magnetic cassettes or other magnetic storage devices, flash memory cards, CD-ROM, digital versatile disks (DVD) or other optical storage, random access memories (RAM), read only memories (ROM), electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM), and the like.

(63) Optionally, any number of program modules can be stored on the mass storage device **604**, including by way of example, the operating system **605** and the content management software **606**. Each of the operating system **605** and the content management software **606** (or some combination thereof) can comprise elements of the programming and the content management software **606**.

The content management data **607** can also be stored on the mass storage device **604**. The content management data **607** can be stored in any of one or more databases known in the art. Examples of such databases comprise, DB2®, Microsoft® Access, Microsoft® SQL Server, Oracle®, MySQL, PostgreSQL, and the like. The databases can be centralized or distributed across multiple systems.

(64) The user can enter commands and information into the computer **601** via an input device (not shown). Examples of such input devices comprise, but are not limited to, a keyboard, pointing

device (e.g., a “mouse”), a microphone, a joystick, a scanner, tactile input devices such as gloves, and other body coverings, and the like. These and other input devices can be connected to the one or more processors **603** via the human machine interface **602** that is coupled to the system bus **613**, but can be connected by other interface and bus structures, such as a parallel port, game port, an IEEE 1394 Port (also known as a Firewire port), a serial port, or a universal serial bus (USB).

(65) The display device **611** can also be connected to the system bus **613** via an interface, such as the display adapter **609**. It is contemplated that the computer **601** can have more than one display adapter **609** and the computer **601** can have more than one display device **611**. For example, the display device **611** can be a monitor, an LCD (Liquid Crystal Display), or a projector. In addition to the display device **611**, other output peripheral devices can comprise components such as speakers (not shown) and a printer (not shown) which can be connected to the computer **601** via the Input/Output Interface **610**. Any step and/or result of the methods can be output in any form to an output device. Such output can be any form of visual representation, including, but not limited to, textual, graphical, animation, audio, tactile, and the like. The display device **611** and computer **601** can be part of one device, or separate devices.

(66) The computer **601** can operate in a networked environment using logical connections to one or more remote computing devices **614a,b,c**. By way of example, a remote computing device can be a personal computer, portable computer, smartphone, a server, a router, a network computer, a peer device or other common network node, and so on. Logical connections between the computer **601** and a remote computing device **614a,b,c** can be made via a network **615**, such as a local area network (LAN) and/or a general wide area network (WAN). Such network connections can be through the network adapter **608**. The network adapter **608** can be implemented in both wired and wireless environments. Such networking environments are conventional and commonplace in dwellings, offices, enterprise-wide computer networks, intranets, and the Internet.

(67) As an example, application programs and other executable program components such as the operating system **605** are shown herein as discrete blocks, although it is recognized that such programs and components reside at various times in different storage components of the computing device **601**, and are executed by the one or more processors **603** of the computer. An implementation of the content management software **606** can be stored on or transmitted across some form of computer readable media. Any of the disclosed methods can be performed by computer readable instructions embodied on computer readable media. Computer readable media can be any available media that can be accessed by a computer. By way of example and not meant to be limiting, computer readable media can comprise “computer storage media” and “communications media.” “Computer storage media” comprise volatile and non-volatile, removable and non-removable media implemented in any methods or technology for storage of information such as computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules, or other data. Exemplary computer storage media comprises, but is not limited to, RAM, ROM, EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD-ROM, digital versatile disks (DVD) or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium which can be used to store the desired information and which can be accessed by a computer.

(68) The following examples are put forth so as to provide those of ordinary skill in the art with a complete disclosure and description of how the compounds, compositions, articles, devices and/or methods claimed herein are made and evaluated, and are intended to be purely exemplary and are not intended to limit the scope of the methods and systems. Efforts have been made to ensure accuracy with respect to numbers (e.g., amounts, temperature, etc.), but some errors and deviations should be accounted for. Unless indicated otherwise, parts are parts by weight, temperature is in ° C. or is at ambient temperature, and pressure is at or near atmospheric.

(69) The methods and systems can employ Artificial Intelligence techniques such as machine learning and iterative learning. Examples of such techniques include, but are not limited to, expert

systems, case based reasoning, Bayesian networks, behavior based AI, neural networks, fuzzy systems, evolutionary computation (e.g. genetic algorithms), swarm intelligence (e.g. ant algorithms), and hybrid intelligent systems (e.g. Expert inference rules generated through a neural network or production rules from statistical learning).

(70) While the methods and systems have been described in connection with specific examples, it is not intended that the scope be limited to the particular examples set forth, as the examples herein are intended in all respects to be exemplary rather than restrictive.

(71) Unless otherwise expressly stated, it is in no way intended that any method set forth herein be construed as requiring that its steps be performed in a specific order. Accordingly, where a method claim does not actually recite an order to be followed by its steps or it is not otherwise specifically stated in the claims or descriptions that the steps are to be limited to a specific order, it is in no way intended that an order be inferred, in any respect. This holds for any possible non-express basis for interpretation, including: matters of logic with respect to arrangement of steps or operational flow; plain meaning derived from grammatical organization or punctuation; the number or type of embodiments described in the specification.

(72) It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made without departing from the scope or spirit. Other examples will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice disclosed herein. It is intended that the specification and examples be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit being indicated by the following claims.

Claims

1. A method comprising: sending, based on determining that a component content item of a plurality of component content items of a content asset has been received from a content source, the component content item to one or more ingestion devices; sending, based on a state of the component content item indicating that the component content item has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices, another component content item of the plurality of component content items to the one or more ingestion devices; determining, based on the corresponding state of each component content item of the plurality of component content items indicating that each component content item has been sent, that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices; and sending an indication that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein sending the component content item comprises sending a storage identifier indicating a file path or a storage location of the component content item.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein sending the another component content item comprises: determining that the state of the component content item changed from a first state to a second state; and determining, based on the change from the first state to the second state, that the component content item has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein determining that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices comprises determining, based on a tag or header associated with the plurality of component content items being modified, that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the content asset comprises the plurality of component content items and wherein the plurality of component content items comprise at least one of: audio content items, video content items, text content items, or image content items.
6. The method of claim 1, further comprising: receiving, from the content source, a manifest for the plurality of component content items of the content asset; and sending, to the one or more ingestion devices, and after the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices, the manifest.
7. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving, from the one or more ingestion devices, an

indication that the component content item should be reacquired from the content source.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising deleting, from a storage location and based on determining that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices, a plurality of files associated with the plurality of component content items.

9. A method comprising: receiving, from one or more ingestion devices, a request to reacquire a component content item of a plurality of component content items of a content asset; receiving, based on a request to a content source, the component content item; sending, based on determining that the component content item has been received from the content source, the component content item to the one or more ingestion devices; and determining, based on a state of each component content item of the plurality of component content items indicating that each component content item has been sent, that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein receiving the request to reacquire the component content item comprises receiving the request based on determining at least one of: a transcoding error associated with the component content item, a validation error of the component content item, or a verification error associated with the component content item.

11. The method of claim 9, wherein receiving the component content item comprises: receiving, from the content source, a manifest associated with the plurality of component content items; and generating, based on the manifest, a file associated with the component content item.

12. The method of claim 9, wherein receiving the component content item comprises: determining a storage location associated with the component content item; and receiving, from the storage location to another storage location, the component content item.

13. The method of claim 9, wherein sending the component content item comprises: determining a modification of a state of a manifest entry from a first state to a second state; and indicating, based on the modification of the state of the manifest entry from the first state to the second state, that the component content item has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.

14. The method of claim 9, wherein determining that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices comprises determining, based on a corresponding modified tag being added to or removed from a file associated with each component content item of the plurality of component content items, that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.

15. A method comprising: sending, based on determining that a component content item of a plurality of component content items of a content asset has been received from a content source, the component content item to one or more ingestion devices; sending, prior to receiving the plurality of component content items, another component content item of the plurality of component content items to the one or more ingestion devices; and determining, based on the corresponding state of each component content item of the plurality of component content items indicating that each component content item has been sent, that the content asset has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein sending the component content item to the one or more ingestion devices comprises sending the component content item to the one or more ingestion devices based on storing the plurality of component content items at a location accessible to the one or more ingestion devices.

17. The method of claim 15, wherein sending the component content item comprises deleting a file associated with the component content item for indicating that the component content item has been sent to the one or more ingestion devices.

18. The method of claim 15, wherein the plurality of component content items comprises at least one of: a video file, trailer, thumbnail image, metadata, language track, or subtitle track.

19. The method of claim 15, further comprising: receiving, from the one or more ingestion devices, an indication that one component content item of the plurality of component content items should be reacquired from the content source; and determining, based on the indication, an identifier corresponding to the one component content item.

20. The method of claim 15, further comprising receiving a request to reacquire the another component content item based on at least one of: a transcoding error associated with the another component content item, a validation error of the another component content item, or a verification error associated with the another component content item.
