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Device with a Removable Cushion

Abstract

A head-mounted device may have a head-mounted support structure that is configured to be worn on a head of a user. The head-mounted support structure may include a flexible rear portion that at least partially defines a central opening through which the displays in the head-mounted device are viewable. The flexible rear portion may conform to a face of the user when the head-mounted device is worn by the user. A removable cushion may be selectively attached to the flexible rear portion of the head-mounted support structure. The removable cushion may conform to and directly contact the face of the user when the head-mounted device is worn by the user. The removability of the cushion may allow for the cushion to be easily cleaned, easily replaced when worn, and customized to a user's aesthetic and comfort preferences.

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Background/Summary

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. non-provisional patent application Ser. No. 18/442,519, filed Feb. 15, 2024, which is a continuation of international patent application No. PCT/US2022/041897, filed Aug. 29, 2022, which claims priority to U.S. provisional patent application No. 63/242,422, filed Sep. 9, 2021, which are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

FIELD

[0002] This relates generally to electronic devices, and, more particularly, to electronic devices such as head-mounted devices.

BACKGROUND

[0003] Electronic devices such as head-mounted devices may have displays for displaying images. The displays may be housed in a head-mounted support structure.

SUMMARY

[0004] A head-mounted device may have a head-mounted support structure that is configured to be worn on a head of a user. While the head-mounted device is being worn, displays in the head-mounted device may provide images to eye boxes where the user's eyes are located. This allows the user to view the images.

[0005] The head-mounted support structure may include a rigid front portion, a flexible rear portion, and support posts that couple the rigid front portion to the flexible rear portion. The flexible rear portion may at least partially surround a central opening through which the displays in the head-mounted device are viewable. The flexible rear portion may be configured to conform to a face of the user when the head-mounted device is worn by the user.

[0006] A removable cushion may be selectively attached to the flexible rear portion of the head-mounted support structure. The removable cushion may be configured to conform to and directly contact the face of the user when the head-mounted device is worn by the user. The removability of the cushion may allow for the cushion to be easily cleaned, easily replaced when worn, and customized to a user's aesthetic and comfort preferences. The removable cushion may also have a thickness that optimizes eye relief in the system.

[0007] The removable cushion may have recesses that mate with corresponding protrusions on the flexible rear structure. Magnets may also be included in the removable cushion that magnetically couple to corresponding magnets in the head-mounted support structure. The removable cushion may have a hinge structure to enable greater portability.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] FIG. **1** is a top view of an illustrative electronic device such as a head-mounted device in accordance with an embodiment.

[0009] FIG. **2** is top view of an illustrative optical module for an electronic device in accordance with an embodiment.

[0010] FIG. **3**A is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device with a removable cushion in an unattached state in accordance with an embodiment.

[0011] FIG. 3B is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device with a

removable cushion in an attached state in accordance with an embodiment.

[0012] FIG. **4** is a perspective view of an illustrative head-mounted support structure in accordance with an embodiment.

[0013] FIG. **5**A is a rear view of an illustrative flexible structure that is part of a head-mounted support structure and that is attached to various support posts in accordance with an embodiment. [0014] FIG. **5**B is a rear view of an illustrative removable cushion that has high-rigidity portions that are configured to overlap the locations of support posts in a corresponding head-mounted support structure in accordance with an embodiment.

[0015] FIG. **6**A is a rear view of an illustrative flexible structure that has primary attachment structures and auxiliary attachment structures in accordance with an embodiment.

[0016] FIG. **6**B is a rear view of an illustrative removable cushion that has primary attachment structures and auxiliary attachment structures in accordance with an embodiment.

[0017] FIG. **7** is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device with a removable cushion that has magnets and recesses in accordance with an embodiment.

[0018] FIG. **8** is a rear view of an illustrative removable cushion that has hinge structures in accordance with an embodiment.

[0019] FIG. **9** is a schematic diagram of a system that includes a head-mounted support structure and multiple removable cushions in accordance with an embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0020] A head-mounted device may include a head-mounted support structure that allows the device to be worn on the head of a user. The head-mounted device may have displays that are supported by the head-mounted support structure for presenting a user with visual content. The head-mounted device may also have sensors such as front-facing cameras and other sensors for gathering information on the environment surrounding the device.

[0021] The head-mounted device may include a removable cushion that is configured to be attached to the head-mounted support structure. The removable cushion may contact the user's face when the head-mounted device is worn by the user. There are many advantages to using a removable cushion of this type in the head-mounted device. Because the cushion contacts the user's face during operation, the cushion may tend to become dirty over time. If the cushion is not removable, it may be difficult to clean the cushion. However, the removable cushion is easy to remove from the head-mounted device to wash. The removable cushion is therefore easy to keep clean during repeated uses.

[0022] In addition to making the cushion easier to clean, the removability of the cushion makes the cushion easier to replace. If the cushion becomes worn down over time or damaged, the removable cushion may simply be replaced with a new removable cushion. This extends the lifetime of the head-mounted device.

[0023] The removable cushion may also be customizable. If the cushion is not removable, the properties of the cushion in the head-mounted device are fixed. With a removable cushion, an optimal removable cushion out of multiple options may be selected by a user. For example, the user may select a removable cushion with a desired color, softness, and dimensions. In this way, the user may select a custom removable cushion that is the most comfortable for them.

[0024] FIG. 1 is a top view of an illustrative head-mounted electronic device. As shown in FIG. 1, head-mounted device 10 may include housing 12. Housing 12 is configured to be worn on a user's head and may sometimes be referred to as a head-mounted housing or head-mounted support structure. Housing 12 may have curved head-shaped surfaces, a nose-bridge portion such as portion NB that is configured to rest on a user's nose when device 10 is on a user's head, may have a strap 12T for supporting device 10 on the user's head, and/or may have other features that allow device 10 to be worn by a user. Housing 12 may have walls or other structures that separate an interior region of device 10 such as interior region 42 from an exterior region surrounding device 10 such as exterior region 44. Electrical components 40 (e.g., integrated circuits, sensors, control circuitry,

light-emitting diodes, lasers, and other light-emitting devices, other control circuits and inputoutput devices, etc.) may be mounted on printed circuits and/or other structures within device **10** (e.g., in interior region **42**).

[0025] To present a user with images for viewing from eye boxes such as eye box **34**, device **10** may include rear-facing displays in optical modules **16** (sometimes referred to as optical assemblies **16**). There may be, for example, a left rear-facing display in left optical module **16**L for presenting an image through a left lens to a user's left eye in a left eye box and a right rear-facing display in right optical module **16**R for presenting an image through a right lens to a user's right eye in a right eye box.

[0026] The user's eyes are located in eye boxes **34** at rear side R of device **10** when inwardly facing surface **18** of housing **12** rests against the outer surface of the user's face. On rear side R, housing **12** may have cushioned structures (sometimes referred to as light seal structures) to enhance user comfort as surface **18** rests against the user's face.

[0027] Device **10** may have forward-facing components such has forward-facing cameras **20** on front side F that face outwardly away from the user. Cameras **20** may generally be oriented in the +Y direction of FIG. **1**. If desired, the left-hand camera may face slightly to the left and the right-hand camera may face slightly to the right to enhance the overall coverage of cameras **20**. During operation, images captured by cameras **20** (sometimes referred to as pass-through video and/or pass-through images) and/or computer-generated content such as text, graphics, etc. may be displayed for the user by displays in modules **16**.

[0028] FIG. **2** is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative optical module. As shown in FIG. **2**, optical module **16** may include display **14** and lens **22** mounted in optical module housing **24**. Display **14** presents images in eye box **34**.

[0029] FIG. **3**A is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device with a removable cushion in its unattached (removed) state. As shown in FIG. 3A, head-mounted support structure 12 may include a rigid front structure 52 (sometimes referred to as front portion 52, rigid structure **52**, etc.) at the front side F of the head-mounted device. Head-mounted support structure **12** additionally includes support posts **54** (sometimes referred to as rigid support posts **54**, rigid sidewall portions **54**, side portions **54**, sidewall portions **54**, support structures **54**, etc.). The support structures **54** extend from the front portion **52** towards the rear side R. The support structures **54** may couple the front portion **52** to a flexible rear portion **56** (sometimes referred to as flexible structure **56**, flexible ring **56**, flexible light seal structure **56**, etc.) of the head-mounted support structure. Interior **42** (with associated optical modules **16**L/**16**R and other electronic components) is formed in the volume between front structure **52** and rear structure **56**. [0030] In one possible arrangement, a sidewall extending from front structure **52** in the negative Ydirection may be formed continuously around the perimeter of the front structure **52**. Alternatively, to minimize the weight of the head-mounted support structure, discrete support posts **54** may be dispersed around the perimeter of the front structure **52**. The support posts are each coupled between the rigid front structure **52** and the flexible rear structure **56**. Air-filled gaps (or gaps filled with another desired light filler material) may separate adjacent support posts.

[0031] Front structure **52** may be an opaque structure that extends across the entire front side of device **10**. Alternatively, front structure **52** may be a ring-shaped structure that extends in a ring around the front side of device **10**. Flexible rear structure **56** may be a ring-shaped structure that extends in a ring around some or all of the rear side of device **10**. Flexible rear structure **56** may be ring-shaped (with a central opening) to allow the user to view optical modules **16** while device **10** is worn by the user.

[0032] Head-mounted support structure **12** may optionally be covered on one or more sides by a textile layer **64** (sometimes referred to as fabric layer **64**). Textile layer **64** may be formed from an opaque or light-shielding material (e.g., black yarn) or may formed from an underlying material coated with an opaque or light-shielding material (e.g., black dye or ink). The textile layer **64** may

be formed by a woven fabric or a nonwoven fabric. As examples, the textile layer **64** may be formed from any suitable type of fabric such as knit fabric, woven fabric, braided fabric, etc. [0033] In addition to head-mounted support structure **12**, the head-mounted device includes a removable cushion **60** (sometimes referred to as a removable cushion member, removable foam, removable foam member, cushion, foam, etc.). Removable cushion **60** includes a cushion member **58** (sometimes referred to as cushion **58**, cushion structure **58**, foam member **58**, foam structure **58**, foam **58**, etc.) that is optionally covered by a textile layer **62**. Cushion member **58** may be formed from foam or another desired compressible material. Textile layer **62** may be formed from an opaque or light-shielding material (e.g., black yarn) or may formed from an underlying material coated with an opaque or light-shielding material (e.g., black dye or ink). The textile layer **62** may be formed by a woven fabric or a nonwoven fabric. As examples, the textile layer **62** may be formed from any suitable type of fabric such as knit fabric, woven fabric, braided fabric, etc. [0034] The removable cushion may be attached to flexible structure **56** of head-mounted support structure **12**. FIG. **3**B is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device with a removable cushion attached to an associated head-mounted support structure. As shown, when attached, the removable cushion **60** may be adjacent to flexible rear structure **56**. Flexible structure **56** and removable cushion **60** may combine to form light seal structures **66** for the head-mounted device. Flexible structure **56** may therefore sometimes be referred to as a light seal structure, flexible light seal structure, non-removable light seal structure, etc. Removable cushion **60** may sometimes be referred to as a light seal structure, cushioning light seal structure, removable light seal structure, etc.

[0035] When head-mounted device **10** is worn on the head of a user, the light seal structures may conform to the user's face. To provide an immersive experience to the viewer and preserve high contrast in the display viewed by the user during operation, it may be desirable to block ambient light from reaching the user's eyes. This ensures the only light viewed by the user is from the display in the head-mounted device. Light seal structures **66** may be sufficiently flexible and/or compressible to conform to a user's face during operation, preventing stray light from entering the head-mounted device.

[0036] Flexible light seal structure **56** may be formed from a flexible plastic structure. The flexible plastic structure may be sufficiently flexible to conform to the shape of a user's face when worn by the user. However, the flexible plastic structure may have sufficient rigidity to hold its shape while being worn (e.g., and does not bias towards or away from the user's face while being worn). Flexible light seal structure **56** may not be compressible (e.g., may be less compressible than cushion **60**). Removable cushion **60** may also be sufficiently flexible to conform to the shape of a user's face when worn by the user. Cushion **60** may be compressible. The compressible cushion may be pressed against the user's face to form a tight light seal while still remaining comfortable for the user.

[0037] There are many advantages to using a removable cushion as shown in FIGS. **3**A and **3**B in the head-mounted device (as opposed to a permanently fixed cushion). Because the cushion contacts the user's face during operation, the cushion may tend to become dirty over time. If the cushion is not removable, it may be difficult to clean the cushion. However, the removable cushion is easy to remove from the head-mounted device to wash. The removable cushion therefore is easy to keep clean during repeated uses. The removable cushion may be formed using materials that will not be damaged by water to promote easy cleaning. The removable cushion may be formed using materials that dry quickly so that the removable cushion is ready for use quickly after cleaning. [0038] In addition to making the cushion easier to clean, the removability of the cushion makes the cushion easier to replace. If the cushion becomes worn down over time or damaged, the removable cushion may simply be replaced with a new removable cushion. This extends the lifetime of the head-mounted device.

[0039] The removable cushion may also be customizable. If the cushion is not removable, the

properties of the cushion in the head-mounted device are fixed. With a removable cushion, an optimal removable cushion out of multiple options may be selected by a user. For example, the user may select a removable cushion with a desired color and/or dimensions. In this way, the user may select a custom removable cushion that is the most comfortable for them.

[0040] There are numerous dimensions of the removable cushion that may be customized for different users. One such dimension is the cushion's thickness **92** (e.g., the dimension parallel to the Y-direction) as shown in FIG. **3**B. Some user's may prefer a thicker cushion for maximum comfort whereas other user's may prefer a thinner cushion for maximum comfort.

[0041] The cushion thickness may also impact the eye relief of the optical system. The eye relief is defined as the distance **94** between an optical module and a respective eye box that views that optical module. The thickness **92** of the removable cushion therefore influences the eye relief distance **94**. A thicker removable cushion will result in a larger associated eye relief distance whereas a thinner removable cushion will result in a smaller associated eye relief distance. [0042] In some cases, depending on the characteristics of a user's eye (e.g., a user's glasses prescription), a specific eye relief may be preferable. For example, a first user may not require glasses. For the first user, a first eye relief distance may be optimal. A second user may have a glasses prescription. The optical module may be customized for the user's glasses prescription (e.g., by adding removable lenses to the optical module). In this scenario, for the second user, a second eye relief distance that is different than the first eye relief distance may be optimal. In this situation, the first user may use a first removable cushion having a first thickness (that produces the first eye relief distance) whereas the second user may use a second removable cushion having a second thickness that is different than the first thickness (and that produces the second eye relief distance). [0043] Thickness **92** may be any desired magnitude (e.g., between 1.5 millimeters and 2.5 millimeters, between 2.5 millimeters and 3.5 millimeters, between 3.5 millimeters and 4.5 millimeters, between 1 millimeter and 5 millimeters, between 1 millimeter and 10 millimeters, etc.).

[0044] The removable cushion selected by a user may therefore have a thickness **92** that is optimized for their comfort and/or optimizes eye relief distance for the system.

[0045] Instead of (or in addition to) customizing the thickness (or other dimensions) of the removable cushion, a user may customize the material of the removable cushion. For example, some users may prefer a softer foam in the removable cushion whereas other users may prefer a harder foam in the removable cushion. Different options for the removable cushions may therefore have the same dimensions but be formed from different materials.

[0046] FIG. **4** is a perspective view of head-mounted support structure **12** (without the removable cushion **60**). As shown, front structure **52** covers the entire front side of the head-mounted device (e.g., front structure **52** does not have a central opening). In contrast, flexible rear structure **56** is ring-shaped with a central opening (e.g., the flexible rear structure **56** defines a central opening). The user may view optical modules **16** through the central opening while using the head-mounted device. As shown in FIG. **4**, support posts **54** connect the flexible rear structure **56** to rigid front structure **52**. Interior volume **42** (with associated optical modules **16** and other electronic components) is formed between front structure **52** and rear structure **56**. Any desired number of support structures may be included in the device. The support structures may be distributed around the periphery of the device to ensure that the central opening with optical modules **16** is not blocked.

[0047] Each support structure may optionally be attached to the flexible structure **56** using a pivoting portion with a spherical joint. The spherical joint may allow for the flexible structure **56** to be pressed against the user's face at any desired angle, allowing the flexible structure **56** to conform to the user's face as much as possible (promoting a tight light seal).

[0048] It should be noted that head-mounted support structure **12** in FIG. **4** may also be covered by textile layer **64**, similar to as shown and discussed in connection with FIG. **3**A. The textile layer is

omitted from FIG. **4** so as to not obfuscate the drawing.

[0049] FIG. **5**A is a rear view of flexible structure **56**. As shown, flexible structure **56** may have a ring-shape that extends partially or completely in a ring around a central opening **70**. The flexible structure **56** may have a gap along the lower edge to accommodate the nose of the user during operation. If desired, an optional nasal-region-mounted structure **72** that is configured to rest on the nose of a user may bridge the gap between the first and second ends of the flexible structure. Structure **72** may conform to the facial topology of the user around the nasal region and block light from entering the head-mounted device during operation. Alternatively, nasal-region-mounted structure **72** may be omitted and flexible structure **56** may form a complete ring around the central opening such that a portion of the flexible structure **56** rests on the nose of the user during operation of the head-mounted device.

[0050] The flexible structure **56** be attached to support posts **54** at various points around the flexible structure. FIG. **5**A shows an example where four support posts **54** are coupled to the flexible structure. As previously mentioned, each support post may be coupled to the flexible structure with a spherical joint to accommodate the different curvatures of different users' faces. [0051] FIG. **5**B is a rear view of removable cushion **60**. As shown, removable cushion **60** may have a ring-shape that extends partially or completely in a ring around a central opening **74**. The cushion **60** may have a gap along the lower edge to accommodate the nose of the user during operation. If desired, an optional nasal-region-mounted structure 76 that is configured to rest on the nose of a user may bridge the gap between the first and second ends of the removable cushion. Structure **76** may conform to the facial topology of the user around the nasal region and block light from entering the head-mounted device during operation. Alternatively, nasal-region-mounted structure **76** may be omitted and cushion **60** may form a complete ring around the central opening such that a portion of the cushion **60** rests on the nose of the user during operation of the head-mounted device. [0052] Although it is generally desirable for cushion **60** to be compressible (for user comfort and a tight light seal), cushion **60** may include one or more high-rigidity portions **60-1**. The high-rigidity portions **60-1** may provide sufficient structural integrity to prevent cushion **60** from being totally compressed. This may, for example, prevent a user's face from striking internal electronic components of the head-mounted device and/or flexible structure 56 during an impact event. Highrigidity portions **60-1** are distributed across cushion **60**. Low-rigidity portions **60-2** are interposed in the remaining areas of the cushion (e.g., between each adjacent pair of high-rigidity portions). [0053] The high-rigidity portions **60-1** have a greater rigidity and a lower compressibility than lowrigidity portions **60-2**. The high-rigidity portions **60-1** may be formed from a different material than low-rigidity portions **60-2**. In other words, cushion structure **58** (see FIGS. **3**A and **3**B) includes high-rigidity portions **60-1** formed from a first material and low-rigidity portions **60-2** formed from a second material that is different than the first material. As another example, the entire cushion structure **58** may be formed from the same base material. However, high-rigidity portions **60-1** may include an additive (e.g., a second material) that increases rigidity relative to low-rigidity portions **60-2**.

[0054] As shown in FIG. **5**B, the cushion **60** may have approximately the same footprint as flexible rear structure **56** from FIG. **5**A (when viewed from the rear). Additionally, high-rigidity portions **60-1** may be positioned to overlap support posts **54** (in the Y-direction) when the removable cushion **60** is attached to flexible rear structure **56**. In other words, each high-rigidity portion **60-1** is aligned (in the Y-direction) with a respective portion of flexible structure **56** that is attached to a support post. Each high-rigidity portion **60-1** is therefore aligned (in the Y-direction) with a respective support post. This type of arrangement may ensure that the high-rigidity portions **60-1** provide the target structural integrity for cushion **60** while minimizing detectability to the user. The presence of support posts **54** make flexible structure **56** more rigid in these locations. Therefore, positioning high-rigidity portions **60-1** in the same location consolidates the high-rigidity portions. [0055] FIG. **5B** shows another dimension **96** of the removable cushion that may be customized.

Dimension **96** may be referred to as the height (e.g., in the Z-direction) of the cushion along an upper edge of the cushion. The upper edge of the cushion may be adjacent to the user's forehead during use and may therefore sometimes be referred to as a forehead portion of the cushion. Some user's may prefer a larger upper-edge height **96** than others for maximum comfort. A user may therefore select a removable cushion **60** that has an optimal upper-hedge height **96** for their needs. Height **96** may be greater than 3 millimeters, greater than 5 millimeters, greater than 10 millimeters, greater than 15 millimeters, greater than 20 millimeters, greater than 30 millimeters, greater than 50 millimeters, less than 3 millimeters, less than 5 millimeters, less than 10 millimeters, less than 15 millimeters, less than 20 millimeters, less than 30 millimeters, less than 50 millimeters, between 5 millimeters and 30 millimeters, etc. [0056] Dimension **98** (as shown in FIG. **5**B) may also be customized. Dimension **98** may be referred to as the total height (e.g., in the Z-direction) of the cushion. The total height may influence factors such as the separation between the upper edge of the cushion and a user's eyebrow. Some user's may prefer greater separation between the upper edge of the cushion and the user's eyebrow than others for maximum comfort. A user may therefore select a removable cushion **60** that has an optimal height **98** for their needs. Height **96** may be greater than 5 centimeters, greater than 8 centimeters, greater than 10 centimeters, greater than 15 centimeters, greater than 20 centimeters, less than 8 centimeters, less than 10 centimeters, less than 15 centimeters, less than 20 centimeters, between 5 centimeters and 15 centimeters, etc. [0057] Head-mounted support structure **12** and/or removable cushion **60** may include attachment structures that are used to secure removable cushion **60** to the head-mounted support structure. FIG. **6**A is a rear view of flexible rear structure **56** (of head-mounted support structure **12**) showing how the flexible rear structure may include one or more primary attachment structures 82P and, optionally, one or more auxiliary attachment structures **82**A. FIG. **6**B is a rear view of removable cushion **60** showing how the removable cushion may include one or more primary attachment structures **84**P and, optionally, one or more auxiliary attachment structures **84**A. [0058] Each primary attachment structure **82**P in flexible rear structure **56** may be configured to attach to a corresponding primary attachment structure **84**P in removable cushion **60**. Similarly, each auxiliary attachment structure **82**A in flexible rear structure **56** may be configured to attach to a corresponding auxiliary attachment structure **84**A in removable cushion **60**. As shown in FIG. **6**A, each primary attachment structure **82**P in flexible rear structure **56** may align in the Y-direction with a corresponding primary attachment structure **84**P in removable cushion **60** and each auxiliary attachment structure **82**A in flexible rear structure **56** may align in the Y-direction with a corresponding auxiliary attachment structure **84**A in removable cushion **60**. [0059] A wide range of attachment structures may be used for attachment structures **82**P, **84**P, **82**A, and **84**A. The attachment structures may include protrusions, recesses, grooves, posts, magnets, flexible fabric, hooks, loops, snaps, buttons, suction cups, a draw string, a zipper, adhesive (e.g., tape), a flexible band, or any other desired type of attachment structure. [0060] As some specific examples of possible attachment structures, primary attachment structures **82**P on flexible structure **56** may be protrusions that are configured to mate (interlock) with corresponding recesses (84P) on cushion 60. Primary attachment structures 82P on flexible structure **56** may be magnets (e.g., permanent magnets) that are configured to magnetically couple with corresponding magnets (**84**P) on cushion **60**. Primary attachment structures **82**P and **84**P may form hook-and-loop fasteners (e.g., with hooks on structures **56** and loops on cushion **60** or vice versa). Primary attachment structures **82**P and **84**P may form snap fasteners. The first halves of the snaps may be formed on structures **56** and may have recesses and the second halves of the snaps may be formed on cushion **60** and may have protrusions with grooves that snap into place when pressed into the recesses (or vice versa). As yet another example, primary attachment structures **82**P on flexible structure **56** may be grooves that are configured to mate (interlock) with corresponding posts (84P) on cushion 60. As yet another example, primary attachment structures

82P on flexible structure **56** may be posts. Cushion **60** may have a layer (ring) of flexible fabric that is configured to be stretched around the posts. As yet another example, rear flexible structure **56** may include an attached fabric channel. The removable cushion is then placed in the fabric channel during operation.

[0061] The specific example of a locations for primary attachment structures **82**P and **84**P in FIGS. **6**A and **6**B are merely illustrative. In general, primary attachment structures may be included at any desired locations.

[0062] The primary attachment structures may be the primary mechanism by which the removable cushion is secured onto the head-mounted support structure. However, in order to provide additional attachment strength and/or to ensure a tight light seal, auxiliary attachment structures 82A and 84A may also be included. As shown in FIG. 6B, auxiliary attachment structures 82A and 84A may be included along the left and right edges of the rear flexible structure and removable cushion. The rear flexible structure and removable cushion may commonly have high degrees of curvature in these areas when the head-mounted device is in operation (due to the curvature of the user's face). These high degrees of curvature may make the cushion and rear flexible structure susceptible to light leakage (e.g., through a gap between the cushion and rear flexible structure when the cushion and rear flexible structure are bent to conform to the user's face). The auxiliary attachment structures 82A and 84A in these high-risk areas may ensure a tight seal around the entire perimeter of the removable cushion and the rear flexible structure. The specific example of a locations for auxiliary attachment structures 82A and 84A in FIGS. 6A and 6B are merely illustrative. In general, auxiliary attachment structures may be included at any desired locations (e.g., adjacent/between any desired primary attachment structures).

[0063] Auxiliary attachment structures **82**A and **84**A may form hook-and-loop fasteners (e.g., with hooks on structures **56** and loops on cushion **60** or vice versa). Auxiliary attachment structures **82**A and **84**A may alternatively form snap fasteners. The first halves of the snaps may be formed on structures **56** and may have recesses and the second halves of the snaps may be formed on cushion **60** and may have protrusions with grooves that snap into place when pressed into the recesses (or vice versa). In general, any of the aforementioned attachment structures may be used for the auxiliary attachment structures.

[0064] If desired, multiple types of attachment structures may be used at each attachment point to ensure a secure attachment between the removable cushion **60** and the head-mounted support structure **12**. FIG. **7** is a cross-sectional top view of an illustrative head-mounted device showing how protrusions, recesses, and magnets may be used to secure the removable cushion **60** to head-mounted support structure **12**. As shown in FIG. **7**, protrusions **82**P-**2** extend from flexible rear structure **56** in the negative Y-direction (e.g., towards the removable cushion). Removable cushion **60** has corresponding recesses **84**P-**2**. Each recess **84**P-**2** may mate with a corresponding protrusion **82**P-**2**.

[0065] In addition to the protrusions and recesses, magnets are also used as attachment structures for the head-mounted device. As shown in FIG. 7, magnets 82P-1 may be embedded in protrusions 82P-2. A single magnet may be embedded in each protrusion or multiple magnets may be embedded in each protrusion. A corresponding magnet 84P-1 may be formed in cushion structure 58 adjacent to each respective recess 84P-2. When removable structure 60 is attached to the head-mounted support structure, protrusions 82P-2 extend into and mate with recesses 84P-2. When the protrusions 82P-2 and recesses 84P-2 are mated, magnets 82P-1 will also be magnetically coupled to magnets 84P-1. This provides additional security for the removable cushion attachment and prevents gravity from causing the removable cushion to fall off of the head-mounted support structure.

[0066] The example of FIG. 7 is merely illustrative. In addition to the primary attachment structures of protrusions, recesses, and magnets, auxiliary attachment structures such as snaps or hook-and-loop fasteners may also be included to secure the removable cushion to head-mounted

support structure 12 and ensure a tight light seal.

[0067] In some embodiments, protrusions **82P-2** may be formed integrally with rear flexible structure **56** or may be formed from a separate material that is attached to rear flexible structure **56**. Alternatively, in the arrangement of FIG. **7**, the protrusions **82P-2** are formed integrally with support posts **54**. In other words, portions of support posts **54** extend through openings in rear flexible structure **56** to form attachment structures **82P-2**. The support posts **54** may also extend through openings in textile layer **64** (which covers head-mounted support structure **12**). In this away, the support post protrusions **82P-2** serve as a visual indicator to a user that the head-mounted support structure is not yet attached to a removable cushion. The support post protrusions **82P-2** also provide recognizable alignment markers that allow the user to easily align and attach the removable cushion to the head-mounted support structure.

[0068] FIG. **8** is a rear view of an illustrative removable cushion **60**. As shown in FIG. **8**, the removable cushion may have one or more incorporated hinge structures **86**. The hinge structures **86** may be formed by a highly flexible portion of the cushion member. Alternatively, the foldable portions **86** may be formed by a post that is formed separately from the cushion member. Hinge structures **86** allow for rotation of portions of the cushion member relative to other portions of the cushion member. Each hinge structure **86** may allow for rotation of the cushion member around a respective bend axis **88**. The presence of hinge structures **86** may therefore allow for the cushion member to be folded to have a smaller footprint than in the unfolded state, increasing the portability of the cushion member.

[0069] In one possible arrangement, each hinge structure **86** may be formed by a post that allows rotation of adjacent cushion portions relative to each other. The post may optionally double as an attachment structure for attaching the removable cushion to the head-mounted support structure. For example, the head-mounted support structure may have a groove and the post (which defines a hinge structure for the cushion) slides into the groove to attach the removable cushion to the head-mounted support structure.

[0070] The example of two hinge structures being included in the removable cushion is merely illustrative. In general, any desired number of hinge structures may be included in the removable cushion.

[0071] FIG. **9** is a schematic diagram of a system **200** that includes a head-mounted support structure **12** (with optical modules **16**L/**16**R and other associated electronics at its interior) and numerous removable cushions **60**. As previously shown and discussed, one of the removable cushions may be attached to the head-mounted support structure to form a head-mounted device **10** with an attached cushion.

[0072] System **200** may include any desired number of removable cushions **60-1** through **60-**N having different properties. As previously discussed, the varying properties of the removable cushions may include color, thickness, upper-edge height, total height, any other desired dimension, the softness of the material, or any other desired characteristic.

[0073] As specific examples, a user may select a removable cushion having a desired color out of many color options. A user may select a removable cushion having a thickness that optimizes the optical properties (e.g., eye relief) of the head-mounted device. A user may select a removable cushion having a desired upper-edge height to maximize their comfort when wearing the head-mounted device.

[0074] System **200** may include any desired number removable cushions, each with a unique set of properties. As one example, a user may purchase a head-mounted device and receive the head-mounted support structure and multiple removable cushions having various sizes (e.g., thicknesses and/or total heights). The multiple removable cushions may include a small removable cushion, a medium removable cushion that is larger in at least one dimension than the small removable cushion in at least one dimension. The user may attach their preferred removable cushion to the head-mounted

support structure before using the head-mounted device.

[0075] As another example, a user may select their preferred removable cushion (e.g., preferred color, size, etc.) when purchasing a head-mounted device. The user receives their preferred removable cushion in addition to the head-mounted support structure and may attach their preferred removable cushion to the head-mounted support structure before using the head-mounted device. The removable cushion may then repeatedly be removed and washed during the lifetime of the head-mounted device.

[0076] In accordance with an embodiment, a head-mounted device is provided that includes a head-mounted support structure including a rigid structure, a flexible structure, and support structures that couple the flexible structure to the rigid structure, the flexible structure at least partially defines a central opening, left and right optical assemblies configured to display images, the left and right optical assemblies are coupled to the head-mounted support structure, and a removable cushion that is configured to be selectively attached to the flexible structure, the removable cushion at least partially surrounds the central opening.

[0077] In accordance with another embodiment, the left and right optical assemblies are viewable through the central opening, the head-mounted support structure is covered by a first textile layer, the removable cushion is covered by a second textile layer, the removable cushion has first portions having a first rigidity and second portions having a second rigidity, the removable cushion has recesses and first magnets, at least one of the first magnets is adjacent to each recess, and the head-mounted support structure includes protrusions at the flexible structure that extend away from the rigid structure, each protrusion is configured to mate with a respective recess of the removable cushion when the removable cushion is attached to the flexible structure, and second magnets, at least one of the second magnets is positioned in each protrusion and the first magnets are configured to magnetically couple to the second magnets when the removable cushion is attached to the flexible structure.

[0078] In accordance with another embodiment, the left and right optical assemblies are viewable through the central opening.

[0079] In accordance with another embodiment, the head-mounted support structure is covered by a textile layer.

[0080] In accordance with another embodiment, the support structures are configured to protrude past the flexible structure and through openings in the textile layer.

[0081] In accordance with another embodiment, the removable cushion has recesses that are configured to receive the protruding portions of the support structures when the removable cushion is attached to the flexible structure.

[0082] In accordance with another embodiment, first magnets are formed in the removable cushion adjacent to the recesses, second magnets are formed in protruding portions of the support structures, and the first magnets are configured to magnetically couple to the second magnets when the removable cushion is attached to the flexible structure.

[0083] In accordance with another embodiment, the flexible structure includes a first auxiliary attachment structure between first and second protruding portions, the removable cushion includes a second auxiliary attachment structure between first and second recesses, and the first auxiliary attachment structure is configured to couple to the second auxiliary attachment structure when the removable cushion is attached to the flexible structure.

[0084] In accordance with another embodiment, the first and second auxiliary attachment structures include a hook-and-loop fastener.

[0085] In accordance with another embodiment, the removable cushion includes a cushion that is covered by a textile layer.

[0086] In accordance with another embodiment, first magnets are formed in the removable cushion, second magnets are formed in the head-mounted support structure, and the first magnets are configured to magnetically couple to the second magnets when the removable cushion is attached

to the flexible structure.

[0087] In accordance with another embodiment, the removable cushion has first portions having a first rigidity and second portions having a second rigidity that is lower than the first rigidity. [0088] In accordance with another embodiment, each one of the first portions is aligned with a respective support structure.

[0089] In accordance with another embodiment, the removable cushion includes a hinge structure that allows a first portion of the removable cushion to rotate relative to a second portion of the removable cushion.

[0090] In accordance with an embodiment, a head-mounted device is provided that includes a head-mounted support structure including a flexible portion that is configured to conform to a face when the head-mounted support structure is worn, a rigid portion that is separated from the flexible portion by a gap, side portions that bridge the gap between the rigid portion and the flexible portion, and protrusions at the flexible portion that extend away from the rigid portion, and a first set of magnets, each one of the first set of magnets is positioned in a respective one of the protrusions, and a removable cushion that is configured to be selectively attached to the flexible portion, the removable cushion is configured to conform to and directly contact the face when the head-mounted support structure is worn while the removable cushion is attached and the removable cushion includes recesses that are configured to mate with the protrusions of the head-mounted support structure, and a second set of magnets that is configured to magnetically couple to the first set of magnets.

[0091] In accordance with another embodiment, the head-mounted support structure is covered by a textile layer and the protrusions extend through openings in the textile layer.

[0092] In accordance with another embodiment, the protrusions are formed by the side portions. [0093] In accordance with another embodiment, the head-mounted device includes left and right optical assemblies configured to display images, the left and right optical assemblies are formed in an interior volume of the head-mounted support structure.

[0094] In accordance with an embodiment, a system is provided that includes a head-mounted support structure, left and right optical assemblies configured to display images, the left and right optical assemblies are coupled to the head-mounted support structure, and a plurality of removable cushions, each one of the removable cushions is configured to be selectively attached to the head-mounted support structure and each one of the plurality of removable cushions has a property that is unique relative to that property in the remaining removable cushions.

[0095] In accordance with another embodiment, the property includes a property selected from the group consisting of a color, a thickness, a cushion material, a total height, and an upper-edge height.

[0096] The foregoing is merely illustrative and various modifications can be made to the described embodiments. The foregoing embodiments may be implemented individually or in any combination.

Claims

- **1**. A head-mounted device, comprising: optical modules configured to display images; a head-mounted support structure configured to support the optical modules, wherein the head-mounted support structure comprises front and rear portions and wherein the rear portion comprises a first light seal structure; and a second light seal structure configured to be removably attached to the head-mounted support structure.
- **2**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein the front portion is rigid and the second light seal structure is flexible.
- **3**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein the second light seal structure is configured to conform to a face when the head-mounted device is worn.

- **4.** The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein the front portion extends in a ring around a front side of the head-mounted device.
- **5.** The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein the front portion extends across an entire front side of the head-mounted device.
- **6**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein the first light seal structure extends partially in a first ring around a first portion of a rear side of the head-mounted device.
- 7. The head-mounted device defined in claim 6, wherein the second light seal structure extends partially in a second ring around a second portion of the rear side of the head-mounted device.
- **8**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the head-mounted support structure is covered by a textile layer.
- **9**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 1, wherein first magnets are formed in the head-mounted support structure, wherein second magnets are formed in the second light seal structure, and wherein the first magnets are configured to magnetically couple to the second magnets when the second light seal structure is attached to the head-mounted support structure.
- **10**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 9, wherein the head-mounted support structure comprises a groove and the second light seal structure comprises a post configured to mate with the groove when the second light seal structure is attached to the head-mounted support structure.
- **11.** A head-mounted device, comprising: a head-mounted support structure; left and right optical assemblies configured to display images, wherein the left and right optical assemblies are coupled to the head-mounted support structure; and a removable member coupled to the head-mounted support structure, wherein the removable member comprises a structure that allows a first portion of the removable member to rotate relative to a second portion of the removable member.
- **12**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 11, wherein the removable member comprises a compressible material.
- **13**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 11, wherein the removable member comprises a cushion that is covered by a textile layer.
- **14**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 11, wherein the removable member is configured to conform to and directly contact a face when the head-mounted support structure is worn while the removable member is coupled.
- **15**. A head-mounted device, comprising: a head-mounted support structure; an optical assembly configured to display an image, wherein the optical assembly is coupled to the head-mounted support structure; and a removable structure configured to be selectively attached to the head-mounted support structure, wherein the removable structure has first portions having a first rigidity and second portions having a second rigidity lower than the first rigidity and wherein at least one of the second portions is interposed between at least two of the first portions.
- **16**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 15, wherein the removable structure is selectively attached to the head-mounted support structure via multiple attachment mechanisms.
- **17**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 16, wherein the multiple attachment mechanisms comprise magnetic coupling and interlocking protrusions and recesses.
- **18.** The head-mounted device defined in claim 15, wherein the removable structure comprises a cushion that is covered by an opaque layer.
- **19**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 15, wherein the removable structure comprises a nasal-region structure.
- **20**. The head-mounted device defined in claim 15, wherein the removable structure comprises a foldable portion that allows rotation of the removable structure around a bend axis.