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# Display device and method of providing the same

#### Abstract

A display device includes a display panel, a circuit board, a first conductive film, first and second lower films, and first and second adhesive layers. The display panel includes a display area and a pad area which includes a first pad part. The circuit board is attached on the display panel and includes a lead part overlapping the first pad part. The first conductive film is between the display panel and the circuit board and electrically connects the first pad part and the lead part to each other. The first and second lower films are attached to the display panel to respectively correspond to the display area and the pad area. A thickness of the second adhesive layer between the display panel and the second lower film is less than a thickness of the first adhesive layer between the display panel and the first lower film.

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# **Background/Summary**

(1) This application is a divisional application of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/716,277 filed Apr. 8, 2022, which claims priority to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2021-0087977, filed on Jul. 5, 2021, and all the benefits accruing therefrom under 35 U.S.C. § 119, which is hereby incorporated by reference for all purposes as if fully set forth herein.

#### **BACKGROUND**

- 1. Field
- (1) Embodiments of the invention relate to a display device and method of manufacturing (or providing) the same. More particularly, embodiments of the invention relate to a flexible display device and method of manufacturing (or providing) the same.
- 2. Description of the Related Art
- (2) Flat panel display devices are replacing cathode ray tube display devices as display devices due to their lightweight and thin characteristics. As representative examples of such flat panel display devices, there are liquid crystal display devices and organic light emitting element display devices.
- (3) At least a portion of the display device may be bent. Therefore, a visibility of the display device from various angles may be improved, and an area of a non-display region of the display device may be decreased. In a method of manufacturing (or providing) the display device in which at least a portion thereof is bendable, methods for minimizing or reducing damage and manufacturing cost have been studied.

#### **SUMMARY**

- (4) Embodiments provide a display device with improved reliability.
- (5) Embodiments also provide a method of manufacturing (or providing) the display device with improved reliability.
- (6) Additional features of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be apparent from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention.
- (7) An embodiment of a display device includes a display panel, a circuit board, a first conductive film, a first lower film, a second lower film, a first adhesive layer, and a second adhesive layer. The display panel includes a display area and a pad area which includes a first pad part. The circuit board is in the pad area on the display panel, and includes a lead part overlapping the first pad part. The first conductive film is between the display panel and the circuit board, and electrically connects the first pad part and the lead part to each other. The first lower film is attached under the display panel to correspond to the display area. The second lower film is attached under the display panel to correspond to the pad area. The first adhesive layer is between the display panel and the first lower film, and has a first thickness. The second adhesive layer is between the display panel and the second lower film, and has a second thickness less than the first thickness.
- (8) In an embodiment, the second adhesive layer may have a uniform thickness.
- (9) In an embodiment, the second adhesive layer may include the same material as the first adhesive layer.
- (10) In an embodiment, the second lower film may be spaced apart from the first lower film, and may include a first side surface adjacent to the first lower film and a second side surface which is opposite to the first side surface. The second adhesive layer may be spaced apart from the first adhesive layer, and may include a first side surface adjacent to the first adhesive layer and a second side surface which is opposite to the first side surface of the second adhesive layer.
- (11) In an embodiment, the first side surface of the second adhesive layer may protrude toward the first adhesive layer from the first side surface of the second lower film.
- (12) In an embodiment, the first side surface of the second adhesive layer may be curved.
- (13) In an embodiment, the second side surface of the second adhesive layer may be aligned with the second side surface of the second lower film.
- (14) In an embodiment, the second side surface of the second adhesive layer may be flat.
- (15) In an embodiment, the display panel may further include a second pad part in the pad area to be spaced apart from the first pad part. The display device may further include a driving circuit chip and a second conductive film. The driving circuit chip may be in the pad area on the display panel to be spaced apart from the circuit board, and may include a bump part overlapping the second pad part. The second conductive film may be between the display panel and the driving

circuit chip, and may electrically connect the second pad part and the bump part to each other. (16) An embodiment of a method of providing a display device includes a first pressing step, a first attaching step, and a second pressing step. In the first pressing step, a pad area of a display module is pressed. The display module includes a display panel, a first lower film, a second lower film, a first adhesive layer, and a second adhesive layer. The display panel includes a display area and the pad area. The first pad part may be in the pad area. The first lower film is attached under the display panel to correspond to the display area. The second lower film is attached under the display panel to correspond to the pad area. The first adhesive layer is between the display panel and the first lower film, and has a first thickness. The second adhesive layer is between the display panel and the second lower film, and has a thickness the same as the first thickness. In the first attaching step, a first conductive film is attached on the first pad part. In the second pressing step, a circuit board including a lead part is placed on the first conductive film, and the circuit board is pressed to electrically connect the first pad part and the lead part to each other.

- (17) In an embodiment, after the first pressing step, the second adhesive layer may have a second thickness less than the first thickness.
- (18) In an embodiment, after the second pressing step, the second adhesive layer may have the second thickness.
- (19) In an embodiment, after the second pressing step, the second adhesive layer may have a uniform thickness.
- (20) In an embodiment, the display panel may further include a second pad part in the pad area to be spaced apart from the first pad part. The method may further include, after the first pressing step, a second attaching step of attaching a second conductive film on the second pad part, and a third pressing step of placing a driving circuit chip including a bump part on the second conductive film and pressing the driving circuit chip to electrically connecting the second pad part and the bump part to each other.
- (21) In an embodiment, after the third pressing step, the second adhesive layer may have the second thickness.
- (22) In an embodiment, in the second pressing step, the circuit board may be pressed with a first pressure. In the first pressing step, the pad area of the display module may be pressed with a second pressure equal to or greater than the first pressure.
- (23) In an embodiment, in the second pressing step, the circuit board may be pressed together with heating the pad area of the display module to a first temperature. In the first pressing step, the pad area of the display module may be pressed together with heating the pad area of the display module to a second temperature equal to or greater than the first temperature.
- (24) In an embodiment, the method further include, after the first pressing step, cutting at least a portion of a protrusion of the second adhesive layer in which the second adhesive layer protrudes from the second lower film.
- (25) In an embodiment, in the first pressing step, a portion of the pad area overlapping the first pad part may be selectively pressed.
- (26) In an embodiment, the circuit board may be disposed in consideration of an elongation of the display panel by the first pressing step.
- (27) The method of providing the display device may include a main-pressing step for electrically connecting the circuit board and the driving circuit chip to the display panel through an anisotropic conductive film, and a pre-pressing step performed before the main-pressing step. Accordingly, the adhesive layer in the pad area under the display panel may have a substantially uniform thickness even after the main-pressing step. Accordingly, a connection failure due to a massing of conductive balls in the anisotropic conductive film may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, a reliability of the display device may be improved.
- (28) It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed

description are exemplary and explanatory and are intended to provide further explanation of the invention as claimed.

# **Description**

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The accompanying drawings, which are included to provide a further understanding of the invention and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate embodiments of the invention, and together with the description serve to explain the invention.
- (2) FIGS. 1 and 2 are plan views illustrating an embodiment of a display device.
- (3) FIGS. **3** and **4** are cross-sectional views illustrating the display device of FIG. **1**.
- (4) FIG. **5** is a cross-sectional view taken along line I-I' of FIG. **1**.
- (5) FIG. **6** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of area 'A' of FIG. **3**.
- (6) FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view taken along line II-II' of FIG. 1.
- (7) FIG. **8** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of area 'B' of FIG. **3**.
- (8) FIG. **9** is a cross-sectional view taken along line III-III' of FIG. **1**.
- (9) FIGS. **10** to **15** are cross-sectional views illustrating embodiments of processes in a method of providing the display device of FIG. **1**.
- (10) FIG. **16** is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of an electronic device including the display device of FIG. **1**.
- (11) FIG. **17** is a diagram illustrating an embodiment of the electronic device of FIG. **16** which is implemented as a television.
- (12) FIG. **18** is a diagram illustrating an embodiment of the electronic device of FIG. **16** which is implemented as a smart phone.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

- (13) The invention now will be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which various embodiments are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms, and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. Like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout. As used herein, a reference number may indicate a singular element or a plurality of the element. For example, a reference number labeling a singular form of an element within the drawing figures may be used to reference a plurality of the singular element within the text of specification
- (14) It will be understood that when an element is referred to as being "on" another element, it can be directly on the other element or intervening elements may be present therebetween. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being "directly on" another element, there are no intervening elements present. It will be understood that, although the terms "first," "second," "third" etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, components, regions, layers and/or sections, these elements, components, regions, layers and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element, component, region, layer or section from another element, component, region, layer or section. Thus, "a first element," "component," "region," "layer" or "section" discussed below could be termed a second element, component, region, layer or section without departing from the teachings herein.
- (15) The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used herein, "a", "an," "the," and "at least one" do not denote a limitation of quantity, and are intended to include both the singular and plural, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. For example, "an element" has the same meaning as "at least one element," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. "At least one" is not to be construed as

limiting "a" or "an." "Or" means "and/or." As used herein, the term "and/or" includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. It will be further understood that the terms "comprises" and/or "comprising," or "includes" and/or "including" when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

- (16) Furthermore, relative terms, such as "lower" or "bottom" and "upper" or "top," may be used herein to describe one element's relationship to another element as illustrated in the Figures. It will be understood that relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in addition to the orientation depicted in the Figures. For example, if the device in one of the figures is turned over, elements described as being on the "lower" side of other elements would then be oriented on "upper" sides of the other elements. The term "lower," can therefore, encompasses both an orientation of "lower" and "upper," depending on the particular orientation of the figure. Similarly, if the device in one of the figures is turned over, elements described as "below" or "beneath" other elements would then be oriented "above" the other elements. The terms "below" or "beneath" can, therefore, encompass both an orientation of above and below.
- (17) "About" or "approximately" as used herein is inclusive of the stated value and means within an acceptable range of deviation for the particular value as determined by one of ordinary skill in the art, considering the measurement in question and the error associated with measurement of the particular quantity (i.e., the limitations of the measurement system). For example, "about" can mean within one or more standard deviations, or within  $\pm 30\%$ , 20%, 10% or 5% of the stated value.
- (18) Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure belongs. It will be further understood that terms, such as those defined in commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and the present disclosure, and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.
- (19) Embodiments are described herein with reference to cross section illustrations that are schematic illustrations of idealized embodiments. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result, for example, of manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, are to be expected. Thus, embodiments described herein should not be construed as limited to the particular shapes of regions as illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing. For example, a region illustrated or described as flat may, typically, have rough and/or nonlinear features. Moreover, sharp angles that are illustrated may be rounded. Thus, the regions illustrated in the figures are schematic in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the precise shape of a region and are not intended to limit the scope of the present claims.
- (20) Illustrative, non-limiting embodiments will be more clearly understood from the following detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.
- (21) FIGS. **1** and **2** are plan views illustrating embodiments of a display device **10**. FIGS. **3** and **4** are cross-sectional views illustrating the display device **10** of FIG. **1**. FIG. **5** is a cross-sectional view taken along line I-I' of FIG. **1**. In an embodiment, for example, FIG. **4** may illustrate a bent configuration of the display device **10** of FIG. **3**.
- (22) Referring to FIGS. **1** to **5**, a display device **10** may include a display panel **100**, a circuit board **200**, a driving circuit chip **300**, and a lower film.
- (23) The display panel **100** may generate or display images. The display panel **100** may include a plurality of pixels for generating the image. Light emitted from each of the pixels may be combined to generate or display images. The display panel **100** may provide the generated image toward an upper surface of the display device **10** (e.g., a display surface).

- (24) In an embodiment, the display panel **100** may include (or, may have) a first area **1**A, a second area **2**A, and a bending area BA. In an embodiment, for example, the second area **2**A may be spaced apart from the first area **1**A in a first direction DR**1**. The pixels may be disposed in the first area **1**A, and a pad part may be disposed in the second area **2**A. In an embodiment, for example, the first area **1**A may be referred to as a display area, and the second area **2**A may be referred to as a pad area.
- (25) The first area **1**A, the bending area BA and the second area **2**A may be in order along the first direction DR**1**. The bending area BA may be positioned between the first area **1**A and the second area **2**A. The bending area BA may be bendable to be bent along a bending axis extending in a second direction DR**2** crossing the first direction DR**1**. In an embodiment, for example, the second direction DR**2** may be perpendicular to the first direction DR**1**.
- (26) In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **1**, the first area **1**A, the bending area BA, and the second area **2**A may have substantially the same width in the second direction DR**2**. That is, the display panel **100** may have an overall rectangular shape in a plan view. The display device **10** (or the display panel **100**) which is flat or unbent, may be disposed in a plane defined by the first direction DR**1** and the second direction DR**2** which cross each other. Various components or layers of the display device **10** may have a first area **1**A, a second area **2**A, and a bending area BA corresponding to those described above.
- (27) In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **2**, each of a width of the bending area BA and a width of the second area **2**A in the second direction DR**2** may be less than a width of the first area **1**A in the second direction DR**2**. In an embodiment, for example, a width of the display panel **100** may be narrowed in a portion of the first area **1**A adjacent to the bending area BA (e.g., a portion which is closest to the bending area BA). In an embodiment, for example, the width of the bending area BA in the second direction DR**2** may be substantially the same as the width of the second area **2**A in the second direction DR**2**.
- (28) In an embodiment, the display panel **100** may include a substrate **110**, a transistor TR, a light emitting element **150**, an encapsulation layer **160**, a first pad part **170**, and a second pad part **180**. The transistor TR and the light emitting element **150** may be disposed in the first area **1**A, on the substrate **110**. The first pad part **170** and the second pad part **180** may be disposed in the second area **2**A, on the substrate **110**.
- (29) The substrate **110** may be a flexible and insulating substrate. In an embodiment, for example, the substrate **110** may include (or, may be) a transparent resin substrate. In an embodiment, for example, the substrate **110** may include a polyimide substrate. In this case, the substrate **110** may have a multi-layered structure in which one or more polyimide layer and one or more barrier layer are alternately stacked.
- (30) An active layer **120** may be disposed on the substrate **110**. The active layer **120** may include an oxide semiconductor, a silicon semiconductor, an organic semiconductor, or the like. In an embodiment, for example, the oxide semiconductor may include at least one oxide of indium (In), gallium (Ga), tin (Sn), zirconium (Zr), vanadium (V), hafnium (Hf), cadmium (Cd), germanium (Ge), chromium (Cr), titanium (Ti), and zinc (Zn). The silicon semiconductor may include an amorphous silicon, a polycrystalline silicon, or the like, but embodiments are not limited thereto. The active layer **120** may include a source area, a drain area, and a channel area which is positioned between the source area and the drain area.
- (31) In an embodiment, a buffer layer (not shown) may be disposed between the substrate **110** and the active layer **120**. The buffer layer may prevent or reduce instances of impurities diffusing into the active layer **120** from the substrate **110**. The buffer layer may include an inorganic insulating material such as a silicon compound, a metal oxide, or the like. Examples of the inorganic insulating material may include silicon oxide (SiO), silicon nitride (SiN), silicon oxynitride (SiON), silicon oxycarbide (SiOC), silicon carbonitride (SiCN), aluminum oxide (AIO), aluminum nitride (AlN), tantalum oxide (TaO), hafnium oxide (HfO), zirconium oxide (ZrO), titanium oxide

- (TiO), or the like, but embodiments are not limited thereto. These can be used alone or in a combination thereof. The buffer layer may have a single-layered structure or a multi-layered structure including a plurality of insulating layers.
- (32) A first insulating layer **111** may be disposed on the active layer **120**. The first insulating layer **111** may cover the active layer **120** on the substrate **110**. The first insulating layer **111** may include an inorganic insulating material.
- (33) A gate electrode **130** may be disposed on the first insulating layer **111**. The gate electrode **130** may overlap (or correspond to) the channel area of the active layer **120**. The gate electrode **130** may include a conductive material such as a metal, an alloy, a conductive metal nitride, a conductive metal oxide, a transparent conductive material, or the like. Examples of the conductive material may include gold (Au), silver (Ag), aluminum (Al), platinum (Pt), nickel (Ni), titanium (Ti), palladium (Pd), magnesium (Mg), calcium (Ca), lithium (Li), chromium (Cr), tantalum (Ta), tungsten (W), copper (Cu), molybdenum (Mo), scandium (Sc), neodymium (Nd), iridium (Ir), alloys containing aluminum, alloys containing silver, alloys containing copper, alloys containing molybdenum, aluminum nitride (AlN), tungsten nitride (WN), titanium nitride (TiN), chromium nitride (CrN), tantalum nitride (TaN), strontium ruthenium oxide (SrRuO), zinc oxide (ZnO), indium tin oxide (ITO), tin oxide (SnO), indium oxide (InO), gallium oxide (GaO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), or the like, but embodiments are not limited thereto. These can be used alone or in a combination thereof. The gate electrode **130** may have a single-layered structure or a multi-layered structure including a plurality of conductive layers.
- (34) A second insulating layer **112** may be disposed on the gate electrode **130**. The second insulating layer **112** may cover the gate electrode **130** on the first insulating layer **111**. The second insulating layer **112** may include an inorganic insulating material.
- (35) A source electrode **141** and a drain electrode **142** may be disposed on the second insulating layer **112**. The source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142** may be connected to the source area and the drain area of the active layer **120**, respectively. Each of the source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142** may include a conductive material. In an embodiment, for example, each of the source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142** may have a multi-layered structure of Ti/Al/Ti. The active layer **120**, the gate electrode **130**, the source electrode **141**, and the drain electrode **142** may together form the transistor TR.
- (36) A third insulating layer **113** may be disposed on the source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142**. The third insulating layer **113** may include an organic insulating material. Examples of the organic insulating material may include a photoresist, a polyacryl-based resin, a polyimide-based resin, a polyamide-based resin, a siloxane-based resin, an acryl-based resin, an epoxy-based resin, or the like, but embodiments are not limited thereto. These can be used alone or in a combination thereof. In an embodiment, the third insulating layer **113** may have a multi-layered structure including at least one organic insulating layer and at least one inorganic insulating layer. (37) A pixel electrode **151** may be disposed on the third insulating layer **113**. The pixel electrode **151** may include a conductive material. The pixel electrode **151** may be connected to the drain electrode **142** through a contact hole formed (or defined) in the third insulating layer **113**. Accordingly, the pixel electrode **151** may be electrically connected to the transistor TR. (38) A fourth insulating layer **114** may be disposed on the pixel electrode **151**. The fourth insulating layer **114** may cover a peripheral portion of the pixel electrode **151**, and may define a pixel opening exposing a central portion of the pixel electrode **151**. The fourth insulating layer **114** may include an organic insulating material.
- (39) An emission layer **152** may be disposed on the pixel electrode **151**. The emission layer **152** may be disposed in the pixel opening of the fourth insulating layer **114**. In some embodiments, the emission layer **152** may include at least one of an organic light emitting material or quantum dot. (40) In an embodiment, the organic light emitting material may include a low molecular organic compound or a high molecular organic compound. Examples of the low molecular organic

- compound may include copper phthalocyanine, N,N'-diphenylbenzidine, tris-(8-hydroxyquinoline)aluminum, or the like. Examples of the high molecular organic compound may include poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene), polyaniline, poly-phenylenevinylene, polyfluorene, or the like. These can be used alone or in a combination thereof.
- (41) In an embodiment, the quantum dot may include a core including a Group II-VI compound, a Group III-V compound, a Group IV-VI compound, a Group IV element, and/or a Group IV compound. In an embodiment, the quantum dot may have a core-shell structure including the core and a shell surrounding the core. The shell may serve as a protection layer for preventing the core from being chemically denatured to maintain semiconductor characteristics, and may serve as a charging layer for imparting electrophoretic characteristics to the quantum dot.
- (42) A counter electrode **153** may be disposed on the emission layer **152**. The counter electrode **153** may also be disposed on the fourth insulating layer **114**. The counter electrode **153** may include a conductive material. The pixel electrode **151**, the emission layer **152**, and the counter electrode **153** may together form the light emitting element **150**.
- (43) An encapsulation layer **160** may be disposed on the counter electrode **153**. The encapsulation layer **160** may include at least one inorganic encapsulation layer and at least one organic encapsulation layer. In an embodiment, the encapsulation layer **160** may include a first inorganic encapsulation layer **161** disposed on the counter electrode **153**, an organic encapsulation layer **162** disposed on the first inorganic encapsulation layer **161**, and a second inorganic encapsulation layer **163** disposed on the organic encapsulation layer **162**.
- (44) In an embodiment, a first end portion of the circuit board **200** may be connected to an end portion (e.g., an end portion in the first direction DR**1** or distal end) of the display panel **100**. In an embodiment, for example, the circuit board **200** may be attached to the display panel **100** by a first conductive film **410**, and may be electrically connected to the first pad part **170** of the display panel **100** by the first conductive film **410**. This will be described later in detail.
- (45) The circuit board **200** may be a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB). A printed circuit board (PCB) (not illustrated) may be attached on a second end portion of the circuit board **200** which is opposite to the first end portion.
- (46) In an embodiment, the driving circuit chip **300** may be disposed in the second area **2**A, on the display panel **100**, to be spaced apart from the circuit board **200**. In an embodiment, for example, the driving circuit chip **300** may be disposed in the second area **2**A, on the display panel **100**, to be spaced apart from the circuit board **200** in a direction opposite to the first direction DR**1**. That is, the driving circuit chip **300** may be directly mounted on the display panel **100** in a chip on plastic (COP) method. In an embodiment, for example, the driving circuit chip **300** may be attached on the display panel **100** by a second conductive film **420**, and may be electrically connected to the second pad part **180** of the display panel **100** by the second conductive film **420**. This will be described later in detail.
- (47) In an embodiment, the driving circuit chip **300** may be mounted on the circuit board **200** connected to the display panel **100**, in a chip on film (COF) method.
- (48) The circuit board **200**, the driving circuit chip **300**, and the PCB may provide a driving signal to the display panel **100**. The driving signal may include various signals (e.g., electrical signals) for driving the display panel **100** such as driving voltage, a gate signal, a data signal, or the like.
- (49) The lower film may be disposed under the display panel **100** (e.g., the substrate **110**) to protect the display panel **100** from external impact. The lower film may be attached to a lower surface of the display panel **100** (e.g., the substrate **110**) by an adhesive layer. The lower film may be attached to the display panel **100** at a lower surface of the substrate **110**, without being limited thereto. (50) In an embodiment, the lower film may include a first lower film **610** and a second lower film
- **620** that are spaced apart from each other (e.g., disconnected from each other at the bending area BA). The first lower film **610** may be attached to the lower surface of the display panel **100** to correspond to the first area **1**A. The second lower film **620** may be attached to the lower surface of

- the display panel **100** to correspond to the second area **2**A. That is, the second lower film **620** may be spaced apart from the first lower film **610** in the first direction DR**1** with the bending area BA interposed therebetween.
- (51) The first lower film **610** and the second lower film **620** may include a substantially same material. In an embodiment, for example, each of the first lower film **610** and the second lower film **620** may include a polymer material. Examples of the polymer material may include polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polyethylene naphthalene (PEN), polypropylene (PP), polycarbonate (PC), polystyrene (PS), polysulfone (PSul), polyethylene (PE), polyphthalamide (PPA), polyethersulfone (PES), polyarylate (PAR), polycarbonate oxide (PCO), modified polyphenylene oxide (MPPO), or the like, but embodiments are not limited thereto. These can be used alone or in a combination thereof.
- (52) The first lower film **610** may be attached to the lower surface of the display panel **100** by a first adhesive layer **510**, and the second lower film **620** may be attached to the lower surface of the display panel **100** by a second adhesive layer **520**. That is, the first adhesive layer **510** may be disposed between the display panel **100** and the first lower film **610**, and may correspond to the first area **1**A. The second adhesive layer **520** may be disposed between the display panel **100** and the second lower film **620**, and may correspond to the second area **2**A. The second adhesive layer **520** may be spaced apart from the first adhesive layer **510** (e.g., disconnected from the first adhesive layer **510**) in the first direction DR**1** with the bending area BA interposed therebetween. (53) The first adhesive layer **510** and the second adhesive layer **520** may include a substantially same material. In an embodiment, for example, each of the first adhesive layer **510** and the second adhesive layer **520** may include (or, may be) a pressure sensitive adhesive (PSA), an optical clear adhesive (OCA), an optical clear resin (OCR), or the like.
- (54) In an embodiment, the first adhesive layer **510** may have a first thickness **T1**, and the second adhesive layer **520** may have a second thickness **T2** which is less than the first thickness **T1**. In an embodiment, for example, the first thickness **T1** may mean an average thickness of the first adhesive layer **510**, and the second thickness **T2** may mean an average thickness of the second adhesive layer **520**.
- (55) In an embodiment, the second adhesive layer **520** may have a substantially uniform thickness. (56) The second lower film **620** may include (or, may have) a first side surface **620***a* adjacent to (or closest to) the first lower film **610** and a second side surface **620***b* which is opposite to the first side surface **620***a*. The second adhesive layer **520** may include (or, may have) a first side surface **520***a* adjacent to or closest to the first adhesive layer **510** and a second side surface **520***b* which is opposite to the first side surface **520***a*.
- (57) In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **3**, the first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude from the first side surface **620***a* of the second lower film **620** in the direction opposite to the first direction DR**1** (e.g., toward the first adhesive layer **510**), to dispose the first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive **520** spaced apart from the first side surface **620***a* of the second lower film **620**. The second adhesive layer **520** may protrude further from the first side surface **620***a* of the second lower film **620**, to define a protruded portion or protrusion of the second adhesive layer **520** may be curved. In contrast, the second side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be aligned with (or coplanar with) the second side surface **620***b* of the second lower film **620**. The second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be flat.
- (58) In an embodiment, the second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude from the second side surface **620***b* of the second lower film **620** in the first direction DR**1**. The second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be curved.
- (59) FIG. **6** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of area 'A' of FIG. **3**. FIG. **7** is a cross-sectional view taken along line II-II' of FIG. **1**.
- (60) Referring to FIGS. 1, 3, 6, and 7, in an embodiment, the first pad part 170 disposed in the

- second area **2**A on the substrate **110** may include a first pad electrode **172** provided in plural including a plurality of first pad electrodes **172** arranged in the second direction DR**2**. In an embodiment, for example, each of the first pad electrodes **172** may be disposed in a same layer as the source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142**. As used herein, elements which are in a same layer as each other may be respective patterns of a same material layer on the substrate **110**, without being limited thereto. In an embodiment, for example, each of the first pad electrodes **172** may have a multi-layered structure of Ti/Al/Ti.
- (61) The circuit board **200** may include a first base substrate **210** and a lead part **220**. The lead part **220** may include a lead terminal **222** provided in plural including a plurality of lead terminals **222** arranged in the second direction DR2. The circuit board **200** may be attached to the display panel **100** such that the lead part **220** overlaps the first pad part **170**.
- (62) The first conductive film **410** may be disposed between the display panel **100** and the circuit board **200**. The first conductive film **410** may include a film layer **412** and a plurality of conductive balls **414**. In an embodiment, for example, the first conductive film **410** may be an anisotropic conductive film (ACF).
- (63) The first pad part **170** of the display panel **100** and the lead part **220** of the circuit board **200** may be electrically connected to each other by the first conductive film **410**. In an embodiment, for example, the first pad electrodes **172** may be electrically connected to the corresponding ones of the lead terminals **222** by the conductive balls **414**, respectively.
- (64) In an embodiment, the second adhesive layer **520** may have a substantially uniform thickness. In an embodiment, for example, as illustrated in FIG. **7**, a thickness **T2***a* of a first portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping each of the first pad electrodes **172** may be substantially the same as a thickness **T2***b* of a second portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping a first opening OP**1** between two adjacent first pad electrodes **172**.
- (65) FIG. **8** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of area 'B' of FIG. **3**. FIG. **9** is a cross-sectional view taken along line III-III' of FIG. **1**.
- (66) Referring to FIGS. **1**, **3**, **8**, and **9**, in an embodiment, the second pad part **180** disposed in the second area **2**A, on the substrate **110**, may include a second pad electrode **182** provided in plural including a plurality of second pad electrodes **182** arranged in the second direction DR**2**. The second pad part **180** may be spaced apart from the first pad part **170** in the direction opposite to the first direction DR**1**. In an embodiment, for example, each of the second pad electrodes **182** may be disposed in a same layer as the source electrode **141** and the drain electrode **142**. In an embodiment, for example, each of the second pad electrodes **182** may have a multi-layered structure of Ti/Al/Ti.
- (67) The driving circuit chip **300** may include a second base substrate **310** and a bump part **320**. The bump part **320** may include a bump electrode **322** provided in plural including a plurality of bump electrodes **322** arranged in the second direction DR**2**. The driving circuit chip **300** may be attached to the display panel **100** such that the bump part **320** overlaps the second pad part **180**. (68) The second conductive film **420** may be disposed between the display panel **100** and the driving circuit chip **300**. The second conductive film **420** may include a film layer **422** and a plurality of conductive balls **424**. In an embedment, for example, the second conductive film **420** may have substantially the same configuration as the first conductive film **410**.
- (69) The second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** may be electrically connected to each other by the second conductive film **420**. In an embodiment, for example, the second pad electrodes **182** may be electrically connected to the corresponding ones of the bump electrodes **322** by the conductive balls **424**, respectively.
- (70) In an embodiment, the second adhesive layer 520 may have a substantially uniform thickness. In an embodiment, for example, as illustrated in FIG. 9, a thickness T2c of a third portion of the second adhesive layer 520 overlapping each of the second pad electrodes 182 may be substantially the same as a thickness T2d of a fourth portion of the second adhesive layer 520 overlapping a

second opening OP2 between two adjacent second pad electrodes **182**. In an embodiment, for example, the thickness T2*a* of the first portion of the second adhesive layer **520**, the thickness T2*b* of the second portion of the second adhesive layer **520**, the thickness T2*c* of the third portion of the second adhesive layer **520** may be substantially the same. Accordingly, a connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** due to a massing of the conductive balls **414** or a connection failure between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to a massing of the conductive balls **424** may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, a reliability of the display device **10** may be improved. (71) FIGS. **10** to **15** are cross-sectional views illustrating an embodiment of a method of manufacturing (or providing) the display device **10** of FIG. **1**.

- (72) Referring to FIG. **10**, a display module **20** including the display panel **100**, the first adhesive layer **510**, the second adhesive layer **520**, the first lower film **610**, and the second lower film **620** may be prepared. In an embodiment, for example, the display module **20** may be a semi-finished product of the display device **10**. The display panel **100**, the first adhesive layer **510**, the second adhesive layer **520**, the first lower film **610**, and the second lower film **620** may be the same as or similar to those described with reference to FIGS. **1** to **9**, therefore, repeated descriptions will be omitted or simplified.
- (73) In an embodiment, the display module **20** may further include a third lower film **630** and a third adhesive layer **530**. The third lower film **630** may be commonly attached to a lower surface of the first lower film **610** and a lower surface of the second lower film **620** by the third adhesive layer **530** to correspond to an entirety of the first area **1**A, the second area **2**A, and the bending area BA. The third lower film **630** may protect the display panel **100** from an external impact during a process of manufacturing or providing the display device **10**, or may maintain a shape of the display module **20**. As will be described later, the third lower film **630** and the third adhesive layer **530** may be separated from the first lower film **610** and the second lower film **620** before the display panel **100** is bent. That is, the third lower film **630** and the third adhesive layer **530** are removably attached to the first lower film **610** and the second lower film **620**.
- (74) The first adhesive layer **510** and the second adhesive layer **520** may include a substantially same material. The first adhesive layer **510** may have a first thickness T**1**. The second adhesive layer **520** may have a thickness T**2**′ (e.g., preliminary thickness) that is substantially the same as the first thickness T**1**.
- (75) Referring to FIGS. **10** and **11**, the second area **2**A of the display module **20** may be pre-pressed using a pressing device **810**. The pre-pressing step (e.g., a first pressing step) may be a pressing step for pre-deforming the second adhesive layer **520** (e.g., deform the second adhesive layer **520**) before a main-pressing step (e.g., second and third pressing steps) for electrically connecting the circuit board **200** and the driving circuit chip **300** to the display panel **100** (in FIG. **13**). (76) As described above with reference to FIGS. **6** to **9**, the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** may be electrically connected to each other by the first conductive film **410**, and the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** may be electrically connected to each other by the second conductive film **420**. In an embodiment, for example, the first pad electrodes **172** may be electrically connected to the corresponding ones of the lead terminals 222 by the conductive balls **414**, respectively. The second pad electrodes **182** may be electrically connected to the corresponding ones of the bump electrodes **322** by the conductive balls **424**, respectively. In this case, when each of the first pad electrodes 172 and each of the second pad electrodes 182 have a multi-layered structure of Ti/Al/Ti, a portion of the upper Ti layer may be easily oxidized to form an insulating oxide layer (TiO). Therefore, in the main-pressing step, the circuit board 200 and the driving circuit chip **300** may be respectively main-pressed with a predetermined pressure (hereinafter, referred to as a first pressure) required for the conductive balls **414** and **424** to break the insulating oxide layer and connect with the conductive Ti layer, so that the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** may be electrically connected and the second pad part **180** and the bump part

- **320** may be electrically connected. In addition, when the film layers **412** and **422** include a thermocurable resin, in the main-pressing step, the circuit board **200** and the driving circuit chip **300** may be respectively main-pressed while heating the second area **2**A of the display module **20** to a predetermined temperature (hereinafter, referred to as a first temperature) required to cure the film layers **412** and **422**.
- (77) When the main-pressing step is performed without the pre-pressing step, the second adhesive layer **520** under the circuit board **200** may be deformed. In an embodiment, for example, the second adhesive layer **520** may be deformed such that the thickness T**2***a* of the first portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping each of the first pad electrodes **172** is less than the thickness T**2**′ which is before deformation, and the thickness T**2***b* of the second portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping the first opening OP**1** between two adjacent first pad electrodes **172** is greater than the thickness T**2**′ which is before deformation. In addition, the second adhesive layer **520** may be deformed such that the thickness T**2***c* of the third portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping each of the second pad electrodes **182** is less than the thickness T**2**′ which is before deformation, and the thickness T**2***d* of the fourth portion of the second adhesive layer **520** overlapping a second opening OP**2** between two adjacent second pad electrodes **182** is greater than the thickness T**2**′ which is before deformation. Accordingly, the connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** due to the massing of the conductive balls **414** or the connection failure between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to the massing of the conductive balls **424** may occur.
- (78) However, as illustrated in FIGS. **10** and **11**, embodiments of the method of manufacturing (or providing) the display device **10** may include the pre-pressing step (FIG. **10**) performed before the main-pressing step. By the pre-pressing step, the second adhesive layer **520** may be pre-deformed to have the second thickness T2 (e.g., reduced thickness) that is less than the thickness T2' which is before deformation. That is, the second adhesive layer **520** which is pre-deformed to have the second thickness T2 may provide a pre-pressed display module including a pre-pressed adhesive layer. The method may include providing first pressing of the second adhesive layer 520 which has the preliminary thickness to form a pre-pressed display module including the first pad part **170**. (79) In an embodiment, in the pre-pressing step, the second area **2**A of the display module **20** may be pressed with a second pressure equal to or greater than the first pressure (e.g., the pressure applied in the main-pressing step). In addition, in the pre-pressing step, the second area 2A of the display module **20** may be pressed while heating the second area **2**A of the display module **20** to a second temperature equal to or greater than the first temperature (e.g., the temperature of the heat applied in the main-pressing step). Accordingly, deformation of the second adhesive layer **520** which is pre-deformed to have the second thickness T2 by the pre-pressing step (e.g., pre-deformed adhesive layer) may be minimal even when the first pressure and heat having the first temperature are applied in the main-pressing step performed after the pre-pressing step.
- (80) In an embodiment, in the pre-pressing step, the second area **2**A of the display module **20** may be pressed as a whole, that is, across an entire planar area of the second area **2**A (e.g., planar area defined along the first direction DR**1** and the second direction DR**2**). After the pre-pressing step, the second adhesive layer **520** may have a substantially uniform thickness.
- (81) In an embodiment, in the pre-pressing step, only portions of the second area **2**A of the display module **20** respectively overlapping the first pad part **170** and the second pad part **180** among areas of the second area **2**A of the display module **20** may be selectively pressed. That is, the pre-pressing step may be selectively performed on a planar area to which pressure and heat are applied in the main-pressing step performed later. In an embodiment, the pre-pressing step (e.g., first pressing) may be selectively performed at areas corresponding to the first pad part **170** and the second pad part **180** among areas of the second area **2**A of the display module **20**. As being selectively pressed, the first pressing may include pressing only a portion of the second adhesive layer **520** which corresponds to the first pad part **170** of the display panel **100**.

- (82) In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **11**, a portion of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude outwardly from the second lower film **620** by the pre-pressing step. That is, the second adhesive layer **520** may include a protrusion protruding outwardly from the second lower film **620**. In an embodiment, for example, the protrusion may surround the second lower film **620** in a plan view.
- (83) In an embodiment, for example, the first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude from the first side surface **620***a* of the second lower film **620** in the direction opposite to the first direction DR**1**. The first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be curved. In addition, the second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude from the second side surface **620***b* of the second lower film **620** in the first direction DR**1**. The second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be curved.
- (84) Referring to FIG. **12**, in an embodiment, at least a portion of the protrusion of the second adhesive layer **520** may be removed (e.g., may be cut).
- (85) In an embodiment, for example, a portion of the protrusion that does not overlap the display panel **100** in a plan view (e.g., a portion protruding from the second lower film **620** in the first direction DR**1**, the second direction DR**2**, or a direction opposite to the second direction DR**2**) may be removed. Accordingly, the second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be aligned with the second side surface **620***b* of the second lower film **620**. The second side surface **520***b* of the second adhesive layer **520** may each be flat so as to be coplanar with each other. (86) A portion of the protrusion that overlaps the display panel **100** in a plan view (e.g., a portion
- protruding from the second lower film **620** in the direction opposite to the first direction DR**1**) may not be removed. Accordingly, the first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may remain protruded from the first side surface **620***a* of the second lower film **620** in the direction opposite to the first direction DR**1**. The first side surface **520***a* of the second adhesive layer **520** may be curved.
- (87) When the main-pressing step is performed without the pre-pressing step, as the second adhesive layer **520** is deformed after the main-pressing step, a portion of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude outwardly from the second lower film **620**. In this case, it may be difficult to remove the protrusion of the second adhesive layer **520** due to the circuit board **200** attached on the display panel **100**.
- (88) However, one or more embodiment of the method of manufacturing or providing the display device **10** may include the pre-pressing step performed before the main-pressing step. Accordingly, as the second adhesive layer **520** is pre-deformed after the pre-pressing step (e.g., before the circuit board **200** is attached on the display panel **100**), a portion of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude outwardly from the second lower film **620** and be exposed to outside the display module **20**. Accordingly, the protrusion of the second adhesive layer **520** may be easily removed. Accordingly, a defect of the display device **10** due to the protrusion may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved.
- (89) Referring to FIG. **13**, the circuit board **200** and the driving circuit chip **300** may be attached to the second area **2**A of the display module **20**.
- (90) The first conductive film **410** and the second conductive film **420** may be attached on the second area **2**A of the display module **20**. Subsequently, the driving circuit chip **300** may be placed on the second conductive film **420** such that the bump part **320** overlaps the second pad part **180**, and the circuit board **200** may be placed on the first conductive film **410** such that the lead part **220** overlaps the first pad part **170**.
- (91) In an embodiment, the driving circuit chip **300** may be placed on the second conductive film **420** such that the bump part **320** overlaps the second pad part **180** in consideration of an elongation of the display panel **100** by the pre-pressing step. That is, the driving circuit chip **300** may be placed on the second conductive film **420** such that the bump part **320** overlaps the second pad part **180** of the display panel **100** which is unbent or flat. In addition, the circuit board **200** may be

placed on the first conductive film **410** such that the lead part **220** overlaps the first pad part **170** in consideration of the elongation of the display panel **100** by the pre-pressing step. That is, the display panel **100** is bendable, the pre-pressed display module further includes the display panel **100** which is unbent, and the providing of the circuit board **200** includes disposing the lead part **220** facing the first pad part **170** of the display panel **100** which is unbent. As such, each of the driving circuit chip **300** and the circuit board **200** may be attached on the display panel **100** to be more precisely aligned. Accordingly, a connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** due to misalignment between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** or a connection failure between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to misalignment between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved.

- (92) In the main-pressing step, the driving circuit chip **300** and the circuit board **200** may be respectively main-pressed with the first pressure using pressing devices **820** and **830**. In an embodiment, when the film layers **412** and **422** include a thermo-curable resin, in the main-pressing step, the circuit board **200** and the driving circuit chip **300** may be respectively main-pressed while heating the second area **2**A of the display module **20** to the first temperature. With respect to the pressing devices **820** and **830**, for example, the method may include providing second pressing of the second adhesive layer **520** to electrically connect the first pad part **170** of the display panel **100** to the lead part **220** of the circuit board **200** by the first conductive film **410** and providing third pressing of the second adhesive layer **520** to electrically connect the second pad part **180** of the display panel **100** to the bump part **320** of the driving circuit chip **300** by the second conductive film **420**.
- (93) The first pressure may be equal to or less than the second pressure, and the first temperature may be equal to or less than the second temperature. That is, the second pressing may include pressing the second adhesive layer **520** together with heating the pad area of the display module **20** to a first temperature, and the first pressing may include pressing the second adhesive layer **520** together with heating the pad area of the display module **20** to a second temperature equal to or greater than the first temperature. Accordingly, the second adhesive layer **520** pre-deformed to have the second thickness T2 by the pre-pressing step may be hardly deformed even when the first pressure and heat having the first temperature are applied in the main-pressing step performed after the pre-pressing step. That is, the second pressing of the second adhesive layer **520** maintains the second adhesive layer **520** having the second thickness T2 and the third pressing of the second adhesive layer **520** maintains the second adhesive layer **520** having the second thickness T2. Accordingly, after the main-pressing step, the second adhesive layer **520** may have a substantially uniform thickness. Accordingly, the connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** due to the massing of the conductive balls **414** or the connection failure between the second pad part 180 and the bump part 320 due to the massing of the conductive balls 424 may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved. (94) In an embodiment, the circuit board **200** may be attached on the display panel **100** after the driving circuit chip **300** is attached. That is, the driving circuit chip **300** may be placed on the second conductive film **420**, and the driving circuit chip **300** may be main-pressed with the first pressure using the pressing device **820** to electrically connecting the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320**. Subsequently, the circuit board **200** may be placed on the first conductive film **410**, and the circuit board 200 may be main-pressed with the first pressure using the pressing device 830 to electrically connecting the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220**.
- (95) In an embodiment, the circuit board **200** may be substantially simultaneously (or concurrently) attached on the display panel **100** with the driving circuit chip **300**.
- (96) Referring to FIGS. **14** and **15**, the third lower film **630** and the third adhesive layer **530** may be separated from the first lower film **610** and the second lower film **620** to define the display module **20** having the circuit board **200** and the driving circuit chip **300** attached to the display panel **100** at

the distal end thereof. The display device **10** (and the display panel **100**) may be bendable at the bending area BA. The display panel **100** may be bent at the bending area BA. The bending area BA of the display panel **100** may be bent along the bending axis extending in the second direction DR**2**.

- (97) In embodiments, the method of manufacturing or providing the display device **10** may include the pre-pressing step performed before the main-pressing step. In the pre-pressing step, the second pressure equal to or greater than the first pressure applied to the display module **20** in the main-pressing step and the heat having the second temperature equal to or greater than the first temperature applied to the display module **20** in the main-pressing step may be applied to the display module **20**. Accordingly, the second adhesive layer **520** pre-deformed to have the second thickness **T2** by the pre-pressing step may be hardly deformed even when the first pressure and heat having the first temperature are applied in the main-pressing step performed after the pre-pressing step. Accordingly, after the main-pressing step, the second adhesive layer **520** may have a substantially uniform thickness. Accordingly, the connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** due to the massing of the conductive balls **414** or the connection failure between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to the massing of the conductive balls **424** may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved.
- (98) In embodiments, as the second adhesive layer **520** is pre-deformed after the pre-pressing step (e.g., before the circuit board **200** is attached to the display panel **100**), a portion of the second adhesive layer **520** may protrude outwardly from the second lower film **620**. Accordingly, the protrusion of the second adhesive layer **520** may be easily removed since the circuit board **200** is not attached to the display panel **100**. Accordingly, the defect of the display device **10** due to the protrusion may be prevented or reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved.
- (99) In embodiments, the driving circuit chip **300** may be placed on the second conductive film **420** such that the bump part **320** overlaps the second pad part **180** in consideration of the elongation of the display panel **100** by the pre-pressing step. In addition, the circuit board **200** may be placed on the first conductive film **410** such that the lead part **220** overlaps the first pad part **170** in consideration of the elongation of the display panel **100** by the pre-pressing step. That is, each of the driving circuit chip **300** and the circuit board **200** may be attached on the display panel **100** to be more precisely aligned. Accordingly, a connection failure between the first pad part **170** and the lead part **220** or a connection failure between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to misalignment between the second pad part **180** and the bump part **320** due to reduced. Accordingly, the reliability of the display device **10** may be improved.
- (100) FIG. **16** is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of an electronic device **900**. FIG. **17** is a diagram illustrating an example in which the electronic device **900** of FIG. **16** is implemented as a television. FIG. **18** is a diagram illustrating an example in which the electronic device **900** of FIG. **16** is implemented as a smart phone.
- (101) Referring to FIGS. **16** to **18**, in an embodiment, an electronic device **900** may include a processor **910**, a memory device **920**, a storage device **930**, an input/output ("I/O") device **940**, a power supply **950**, and a display device **960**. Here, the display device **960** may correspond to one or more embodiment of the display device **10** described with reference to FIGS. **1** to **9**. The electronic device **900** may further include a plurality of ports for communicating with a video card, a sound card, a memory card, a universal serial bus ("USB") device, or the like. In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **17**, the electronic device **900** may be implemented as a television. In an embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **18**, the electronic device **900** may be implemented as a smart phone. However, embodiments are not limited thereto, and the electronic device **900** may be implemented as a cellular phone, a video phone, a smart pad, a smart watch, a tablet personal

computer ("PC"), a car navigation system, a computer monitor, a laptop, a head disposed (e.g., mounted) display ("HMD"), or the like.

(102) The processor **910** may perform various computing functions. In an embodiment, the processor **910** may be a microprocessor, a central processing unit ("CPU"), an application processor ("AP"), or the like. The processor **910** may be coupled to other components via an address bus, a control bus, a data bus, or the like. In an embodiment, the processor **910** may be coupled to an extended bus such as a peripheral component interconnection ("PCI") bus. (103) The memory device **920** may store data for operations of the electronic device **900**. In an embodiment, the memory device **920** may include at least one non-volatile memory device such as an erasable programmable read-only memory ("EPROM") device, an electrically erasable programmable read-only memory ("EPROM") device, a flash memory device, a phase change random access memory ("PRAM") device, a resistance random access memory ("RRAM") device, a nano floating gate memory ("NFGM") device, a polymer random access memory ("PORAM") device, a magnetic random access memory ("MRAM") device, a ferroelectric random access memory ("FRAM") device, or the like, and/or at least one volatile memory device such as a dynamic random access memory ("DRAM") device, a static random access memory ("SRAM") device, a mobile DRAM device, or the like.

(104) In an embodiment, the storage device **930** may include a solid state drive ("SSD") device, a hard disk drive ("HDD") device, a CD-ROM device, or the like. In an embodiment, the I/O device **940** may include an input device such as a keyboard, a keypad, a mouse device, a touchpad, a touch-screen, or the like, and an output device such as a printer, a speaker, or the like. The power supply **950** may provide power for operations of the electronic device **900**. The display device **960** may be coupled to other components via the buses or other communication links. In an embodiment, the display device **960** may be included in the I/O device **940**.

(105) Although embodiments and implementations have been described herein, other embodiments and modifications will be apparent from this description. Accordingly, the invention are not limited to such embodiments, but rather to the broader scope of the appended claims and various obvious modifications and equivalent arrangements as would be apparent to a person of ordinary skill in the art.

### **Claims**

1. A display device comprising: a display panel including a display area, and a pad area including a first pad part; a circuit board which is connected to the display panel at the pad area and overlaps the first pad part of the pad area in a thickness direction of the display panel; a first conductive film which is between the display panel and the circuit board and electrically connects the first pad part of the pad area and the circuit board to each other; a first lower film attached to the display panel at the display area; a second lower film attached to the display panel at the pad area; a first adhesive layer which attaches the first lower film to the display panel at the display area, the first adhesive layer having a first thickness in the thickness direction; a second adhesive layer which attaches the second lower film to the display panel at the pad area and is spaced apart from the first adhesive layer in a direction along the display panel, a portion of the second adhesive layer which is between the second lower film and the display panel having a second thickness in the thickness direction which is less than the first thickness, wherein the second lower film includes a first side surface adjacent to the first lower film and a second side surface which is opposite to the first side surface, the second adhesive layer has a side surface coplanar with the second side surface of the second lower film, the second adhesive layer continuously extends in the direction along the display panel from the portion having the second thickness, toward the first adhesive layer, and further than thea first side surface of the second lower film to define a protrusion of the second adhesive layer, and along the thickness direction, the protrusion extends along the first side surface of the second lower

film from the portion having the second thickness and only in a direction away from the display panel.

- 2. The display device of claim 1, wherein the portion of the second adhesive layer which is between the second lower film and the display panel has a uniform thickness.
- 3. The display device of claim 1, wherein the second adhesive layer includes the same material as the first adhesive layer.
- 4. The display device of claim 1, wherein the second lower film is spaced apart from the first lower film in the direction along the display panel, and the second adhesive layer includes: a first side surface adjacent to the first adhesive layer, and a second side surface which is opposite to the first side surface of the second adhesive layer, the second side surface of the second adhesive layer defining the side surface coplanar with the second side surface of the second lower film.
- 5. The display device of claim 4, wherein the protrusion defines the first side surface of the second adhesive layer spaced apart from the first side surface of the second lower film.
- 6. The display device of claim 5, wherein the first side surface of the second adhesive layer is curved.
- 7. The display device of claim 4, wherein the second side surface of the second adhesive layer is flat.
- 8. The display device of claim 1, further comprising: the pad area of the display panel further including a second pad part which is spaced apart from the first pad part, a driving circuit chip connected to the display panel at the pad area, the driving circuit chip spaced apart from the circuit board and overlapping the second pad part of the pad area; and a second conductive film which is between the display panel and the driving circuit chip and electrically connects the second pad part of the pad area and the driving circuit chip to each other.
- 9. An electronic device comprising: a display device including: a display panel including a display area, and a pad area including a first pad part; a circuit board which is connected to the display panel at the pad area and overlaps the first pad part of the pad area in a thickness direction of the display panel; a first conductive film which is between the display panel and the circuit board and electrically connects the first pad part of the pad area and the circuit board to each other; a first lower film attached to the display panel at the display area; a second lower film attached to the display panel at the pad area; a first adhesive layer which attaches the first lower film to the display panel at the display area, the first adhesive layer having a first thickness in the thickness direction; and a second adhesive layer which attaches the second lower film to the display panel at the pad area and is spaced apart from the first adhesive layer in a direction along the display panel, a portion of the second adhesive layer which is between the second lower film and the display panel having a second thickness in the thickness direction which is less than the first thickness; and a power supply configured to provide power to the display device, wherein the second lower film includes a first side surface adjacent to the first lower film and a second side surface which is opposite to the first side surface, the second adhesive layer has a side surface coplanar with the second side surface of the second lower film, the second adhesive layer continuously extends in the direction along the display panel from the portion having the second thickness, toward the first adhesive layer, and further than the first side surface of the second lower film to define a protrusion of the second adhesive layer, and along the thickness direction, the protrusion extends along the first side surface of the second lower film from the portion having the second thickness and only in a direction away from the display panel.