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SEMICONDUCTOR PACKAGE

Abstract

A semiconductor package includes a package substrate, a semiconductor chip disposed on the package substrate, an encapsulant covering the semiconductor chip and at least a portion of the package substrate, a shield layer covering at least a portion of each of the encapsulant and the package substrate, and an inductor connected to the shield layer to form an LC resonant circuit. The shield layer may include a first conductive layer covering at least a portion of each of the encapsulant and the package substrate and configured to be applied with a first voltage, a dielectric layer on the first conductive layer, and a second conductive layer on the dielectric layer and designed to be applied with a second voltage.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

[0001] This U.S. non-provisional application claims priority under 35 USC § 119 to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2024-0019490, filed on Feb. 8, 2024, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Example embodiments relate to a semiconductor package.

[0003] With the miniaturization and high-performance of electronic devices, there is increasing demand for packages allowing for protection of semiconductor chips from electromagnetic interference (EMI). Research and development are continuously being conducted on semiconductor packages with EMI shielding structures introduced, for example, outside or at a periphery of the semiconductor package.

SUMMARY

[0004] Example embodiments relate to a semiconductor package with significantly reduced electromagnetic interference (EMI) and/or noise.

[0005] According to some example embodiments, a semiconductor package may include a package substrate, a semiconductor chip on the package substrate, an encapsulant covering the semiconductor chip and at least a portion of the package substrate, a shield layer covering at least a portion of the encapsulant and of the package substrate, and an inductor connected to the shield layer as to form an LC resonant circuit. The shield layer may include a first conductive layer covering at least a portion of the encapsulant and of the package substrate and configured to have a first voltage applied thereto, a dielectric layer on the first conductive layer, and a second conductive layer on the dielectric layer and configured to have a second voltage be applied thereto.

[0006] The shield layer may form a capacitor, and the inductor may be connected in parallel to the capacitor.

[0007] The inductor may have a first terminal and a second terminal, the first terminal electrically connected to the first conductive layer, and the second terminal electrically connected to the second conductive layer.

[0008] The shield layer may form a capacitor, and the inductor may be connected in series to the capacitor.

[0009] The first conductive layer may be configured to have a first voltage applied thereto, and the second conductive layer may be configured to have a second voltage applied thereto, the second voltage different from the first voltage. The first voltage may be a power supply voltage, and the second voltage may be a ground voltage.

[0010] The shield layer may further include a third conductive layer between the dielectric layer and the second conductive layer.

[0011] The semiconductor package may further include a conductive structure in contact with an outer side surface of the second conductive layer and electrically connected to the second conductive layer, and a base substrate below the package substrate and the conductive structure.

[0012] The inductor may have a first terminal electrically connected to the first conductive layer, and the inductor may have a second terminal electrically connected to the second conductive layer through the conductive structure.

[0013] The first conductive layer, the dielectric layer, and the second conductive layer may cover at least a portion of an upper surface and a side surface of the encapsulant and a side surface of the

package substrate.

[0014] The first conductive layer may cover a portion of the encapsulant, the dielectric layer may be in contact with the side surface of the encapsulant and at least a portion of the upper surface of the package substrate, and the second conductive layer may cover the encapsulant, the upper surface of the package substrate, and the side surface of the package substrate.

[0015] The semiconductor package may further include a connection line at least partially extending through the encapsulant and electrically connecting the first conductive layer with a first terminal of the inductor.

[0016] The inductor may be embedded in the package substrate.

[0017] The semiconductor chip may include a plurality of semiconductor chips, and the inductor may be provided between ones of the plurality of semiconductor chips. The semiconductor chip may be configured as a flip chip.

[0018] The inductor may be apart from the encapsulant and from the shield layer.

[0019] The package substrate may include upper pads, lower pads, and a first interconnection structure electrically connecting a first upper pad of the upper pads and a first lower pad of the lower pads.

[0020] A portion of the first interconnection structure may be electrically connected to at least one of the first conductive layer or the second conductive layer.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0021] The above and other aspects, features, and advantages of example embodiments of inventive concepts will be more clearly understood from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

[0022] FIG. 1 is a plan view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0023] FIG. 2 is a cross-sectional view taken along line A-A' of the semiconductor package of FIG. 1.

[0024] FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0025] FIG. 4 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0026] FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that a semiconductor chip is provided in plural.

[0027] FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view illustrating that a semiconductor chip is provided as a flip chip in some example embodiments.

[0028] FIG. 7 is a schematic cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that an inductor is embedded within the package substrate.

[0029] FIG. 8 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that a conductive structure is formed to be different from a conductive structure according to the above-described embodiment.

[0030] FIG. 9 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that a location of the inductor is different from locations in the above-described embodiments.

[0031] FIG. 10 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0032] FIG. 11 is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0033] FIGS. 12A and 12B are cross-sectional views of a package substrate according to some

example embodiments, respectively.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0034] Inventive concepts may be modified in various ways, and may have various example embodiments, among which some specific example embodiments will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. However, it should be understood that the description of specific example embodiments of inventive concepts is not intended to limit inventive concepts to a particular mode of practice, and that inventive concepts are to cover all modifications, equivalents, and substitutes included in the spirit and technical scope as understood by one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0035] FIG. 1 is a plan view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, and FIG. 2 is a cross-sectional view taken along line A-A' of the semiconductor package of FIG. 1.

[0036] Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, a semiconductor package of some example embodiments may include a package body **11**, including a semiconductor chip **110**, and a base substrate **10** on which the package body **11** is located (for example, mounted). A conductive structure **160**, electrically connected to the package body **11**, may be provided on the base substrate **10**. The package body **11** may include the semiconductor chip **110**, a package substrate **100** on which the semiconductor chip **110** is mounted, an encapsulant **140** encapsulating or at least partially encapsulating the semiconductor chip **110**, a shield layer **150** provided on the encapsulant **140**, and an inductor **130** electrically connected to the shield layer **150**.

[0037] The semiconductor chip **110** may include one or more semiconductor chips provided on an upper surface of the package substrate **100**. The semiconductor chip **110** may be or include a semiconductor device including an integrated circuit. A semiconductor chip may be provided in the form of or as part of a package. In some example embodiments, a semiconductor package may have a package-on-package (POP) structure. An integrated circuit (IC) may be generally formed by forming an electronic circuit on a semiconductor material such as silicon, and may be implemented by integrating a plurality of transistors, capacitors, inductors, resistors, or the like, into a die (or a semiconductor chip).

[0038] In some example embodiments, the semiconductor chip **110** may be or include, for example, a logic semiconductor chip, a memory semiconductor chip, or a combination thereof. For example, the logic semiconductor chip may be or include an application processor (AP), a microprocessor, a central processing unit (CPU), a controller, a graphics processor unit (GPU), a system-on-a-chip (SoC), and/or an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC). In addition, the memory semiconductor chip may be a volatile memory such as a dynamic random access memory (DRAM), a static random access memory (SRAM), or a nonvolatile memory such as a phase-change random access memory (PRAM), a magneto-resistive random access memory (MRAM), a ferroelectric random access memory (FeRAM), or a resistive random access memory (RRAM), but example embodiments are not limited thereto. In some example embodiments, the semiconductor chip **110** may include memory chips or memory elements, which may store and/or output data based on address commands and control commands received from the package substrate **100**, among the above-described various semiconductor chips. The semiconductor chip **110** may be attached to the upper surface of the package substrate **100** using an adhesive element **113** (for example, a die attach film). The semiconductor chip **110** may be electrically connected to the package substrate **100** through conductive wires **111** connected to conductive pads of the semiconductor chip **110** and first upper pads **100a** of the package substrate **100**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0039] The package substrate **100** may transmit signals from the semiconductor chip **110**, disposed thereon, to the outside. In addition, or alternatively, the package substrate **100** may transmit signals and power from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110**. The package substrate **100** may include, for example, interconnections for transmitting signals and power, or the like. The interconnections of the package substrate **100** may include first upper pads **100a**, first lower pads

100b, and a first interconnection structure **101**.

[0040] The package substrate **100** may include or be formed of, for example, an insulating material. For example, the package substrate **100** may include an insulating resin. The insulating resin may include, for example, a thermosetting resin such as an epoxy resin, a thermoplastic resin such as polyimide, or a resin impregnated with an inorganic filler in these resins, for example, prepreg, Ajinomoto Build-up Film (ABF), flame retardant (FR-4), and/or Bismaleimide Triazine (BT), but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, the package substrate **100** may include a photosensitive resin such as, for example, a photoimageable dielectric (PID). The package substrate **100** may include a plurality of insulating layers, not illustrated, which may be, for example, stacked in a vertical direction. Depending on process(es), boundaries between the plurality of insulating some example embodiments, the material(s) of the package substrate **100** is not limited to the above materials, and the package substrate **100** may be a semiconductor substrate formed of other silicon material(s). For example, in other example embodiments, the package substrate **100** may include, for example, semiconductor elements such as, for example, germanium (Ge) or a compound semiconductor such as, for example, silicon carbide (SiC), gallium arsenide (GaAs), indium arsenide (InAs), and/or indium phosphide (InP), but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0041] In addition, or alternatively, to semiconductor chip **110** and inductors **13**, various active and/or passive microelectronic devices may be provided on the package substrate **100**. For example, the package substrate **100** may include, for example, a complementary metal-insulator-semiconductor (CMOS) transistor, a metal-oxide-semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET), a system large scale integration (LSI), a CMOS imaging sensor (CIS), a micro-electro-mechanical system (MEMS), and/or the like, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0042] The first upper pads **100a** may be disposed above the package substrate **100**. An upper surface of the first upper pad **100a** may be exposed upwardly of the upper surface of the package substrate **100**. The first upper pad **100a** may include at least one of, for example, aluminum (Al), gold (Au), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), lead (Pb), tantalum (Ta), tellurium (Te), titanium (Ti), tungsten (W), silver (Ag), molybdenum (Mo), zinc (Zn), platinum (Pt), or any combinations thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. A first lower pad **100b** may be disposed below the package substrate **100** and may include a material, similar to the material of the first upper pad **100a**. However, the materials of the first upper pad **100a** and the first lower pad **100b** are not limited to the above materials. In some example embodiments, each of the first upper pad **100a** and the first lower pad **100b** is illustrated as being formed in a single pattern, but example embodiments are not limited thereto and two or more stacked patterns may be provided.

[0043] The first interconnection structure **101** may be formed of a conductive material having at least one layer, for example, a plurality of layers, within the package substrate **100**. For example, the first interconnection structure **101** may be formed of at least one of aluminum (Al), gold (Au), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), lead (Pb), tantalum (Ta), tellurium (Te), titanium (Ti), tungsten (W), silver (Ag), molybdenum (Mo), zinc (Zn), platinum (Pt), or combinations thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The first interconnection structure **101** may be formed in a multilayer structure including interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v**. For example, the interconnection patterns **101p** may be provided to transmit electrical signals and power in a lateral direction, and the vias **101v** may be provided to transmit electrical signals and power in a vertical direction.

[0044] The interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v**, constituting (for example, included in) the first interconnection structure **101**, may connect the first upper pads **100a** and the first lower pads **100b**. In some example embodiments, the first interconnection structure **101** may include signal interconnections **101a**, transmitting signals and power (hereinafter referred to as “signals”) to devices within a semiconductor package such as a semiconductor chip **110**, and capacitor interconnections **101b** for forming an LC resonant circuit. The signal interconnections **101a** and the

capacitor interconnections **101b** may be electrically insulated from each other. The interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v**, constituting the signal interconnections **101a**, may be electrically connected to the semiconductor chip **110** through (for example, by) the first upper pads **100a**. The interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v**, constituting (for example, included in) the capacitor interconnections **101b**, may be directly or indirectly connected to the inductor **130** and the shield layer **150**. For example, a portion of the capacitor interconnections **101b** may be connected to the inductor **130** through (for example, by) the first upper pads **100a**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. Additionally, or alternatively, a portion of the capacitor interconnections **101b** may contact the first conductive layer **151** of the shield layer **150** to be electrically connected thereto.

[0045] The encapsulant **140** may be provided on the package substrate **100** and may encapsulate or at least partially encapsulate the semiconductor chip **110**. In plan view, the encapsulant **140** may be provided with the same, substantially the same, or similar shape and/or size as the package substrate **100**, and a horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** may be the same as a horizontal area of the package substrate **100**. For example, a side surface of the encapsulant **140** may be coplanar or substantially coplanar with a side surface of the package substrate **100**. However, in some example embodiments, the horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** may be smaller than the horizontal area of the package substrate **100**. For example, the side surface of the package substrate **100** may be disposed outside the side surface of the encapsulant **140**. The encapsulant **140** may be formed of an insulating material, for example, an epoxy molding compound (EMC), but the material of the encapsulant **140** is not limited thereto.

[0046] The shield layer **150** may be provided on side surfaces and an upper surface of the package body **11** to protect the internal semiconductor chip **110** from external electromagnetic waves. For example, a shield layer may be provided in plural to improve electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding ability of the semiconductor package. For example, the shield layer may be provided for electromagnetic shielding. Electromagnetic waves may induce EMI in a space within a semiconductor chip or a semiconductor package or another component, resulting in generation of unwanted signals or noise and degraded performance of the semiconductor package. The shield layer **150** may be provided to reduce or prevent such electromagnetic waves from penetrating through and/or interfering with a space within the semiconductor chip or semiconductor package.

[0047] The plurality of layers used in the shield layer **150** may include, for example, one or more of metal and dielectric layers, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, the plurality of layers used in the shield layer **150** may have a metal-insulator-metal (MIM) structure including a conductive metal, a dielectric layer, and a conductive metal. When, for example, the shield layer **150** includes a conductive layer, a dielectric layer, and a conductive layer similar to a MIM structure, the shield layer may operate as a capacitor. The shield layer **150** may serve as a capacitor (or a condenser) to constitute an LC resonant circuit together with the inductor **130** to be described later.

[0048] The shield layer **150** may include a first conductive layer **151**, a dielectric layer **153**, and a second conductive layer **155**, which are stacked on the upper surface and the side surfaces of the package body **11**.

[0049] The first conductive layer **151** may cover or at least partially cover the upper surface and the side surfaces of the package body **11**. The first conductive layer **151** may be in contact with the first interconnection structure **101** of the package substrate **100**, on side surfaces of the package substrate **100**.

[0050] The dielectric layer **153** may be disposed on the first conductive layer **151**. The dielectric layer **153** may include a dielectric material that electrically insulates layers disposed on opposite sides of the dielectric layer **153**. The dielectric layer **153** may include, for example, a dielectric material having a dielectric constant of 20 [V/m] or more, for example, 20 to 30, or 20 to 25, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The dielectric layer **153** may include at least one of zirconium oxide (ZrO₂) and hafnium oxide (HfO₂), but example embodiments are not

limited thereto.

[0051] The second conductive layer **155** may be disposed on the dielectric layer **153**. Electric conductivity of the second conductive layer **155** may be the same or substantially the same as electric conductivity of the first conductive layer **151**, and a material of the second conductive layer **155** may be the same as a material of the first conductive layer **151**. However, the electric conductivity of the second conductive layer **155** and the material of the second conductive layer **155** are not limited thereto, and may be different from the electric conductivity of the first conductive layer **151** and the material of the first conductive layer **151**.

[0052] A conductive structure **160** may be disposed in contact with an outer side surface of the second conductive layer **155**. The conductive structure **160** may provide an electrical connection path to the second conductive layer **155**. In some example embodiments, a first voltage V1 and a second voltage V2 may be applied to the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155**, respectively. This will be described later.

[0053] The first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155** may include a conductive material. The first conductive layer **151** may include a metal such as tin (Sn), iron (Fe), nickel (Ni), or alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The second conductive layer **155** may include a material, similar to a material of the first conductive layer **151**. However, the materials of the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155** are not limited to the above materials. For example, the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155** may include steel used stainless (SUS).

[0054] Any or each of the plurality of layers, constituting the shield layer **150**, may have a uniform thickness along the periphery of the package body **11**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, a thickness of the plurality of layers stacked on the side surface of the package body **11** may be smaller than a thickness of the plurality of layers stacked on the upper surface of the package body **11**. The dielectric layer **153** disposed on the upper surface of the package body **11** may have a larger thickness than at least one of the first and second conductive layers **151** and **155** disposed on the upper surface of the package body **11**. The dielectric layer **153** may have a thickness of 5 μm or less, for example, 10 nm to 5 μm , or 50 nm to 2 μm , or 100 nm to 1 μm , but example embodiments are not limited thereto. Each of the first and second conductive layers **151** and **155** may have a thickness of 1 μm or less, for example, 100 nm to 1 μm , or 200 nm to 0.5 μm , but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0055] The inductor **130** may be provided on the upper surface of the package substrate **100** to be spaced apart from the semiconductor chip **110**. The inductor **130**, a type of passive electronic component, may include a conductor such as, for example, a coil, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The inductor **130** may be provided in singular on a single package substrate **100**. However, example embodiments are not limited thereto, and the inductor **130** may be provided in plural.

[0056] The inductor **130** may constitute (for example, form or be included in) an LC resonant circuit together with the above-described shield layer **150**. The LC resonant circuit may be provided to eliminate or reduce interference between a signal interconnection and a power line within the semiconductor package and improve electrical characteristics.

[0057] The inductor **130** may include a body **131** and first and second terminals **133** and **135** provided on the body **131**. The body **131** of the inductor **130** may include a spiral-shaped or meander-type interconnection, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. Any or each of the first and second terminals **133** and **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to a capacitor, including the shield layer **150**, to constitute a parallel LC resonant circuit. For example, the first terminal **133** and the second terminal **135** may be connected to a capacitor, including the shield layer **150**, through interconnections of the package substrate and/or interconnections of a base substrate to be described later. For example, the first terminal **133** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through the first interconnection structure **101** and/or the second

interconnection structure **10c**, and the second terminal **135** may be connected to the second conductive layer **155** through the first interconnection structure **101**, the second interconnection structure **10c**, and/or the conductive structure **160**. In more detail, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v** of the first interconnection structure **101**. At least a portion of the interconnection patterns **101p** and the vias **101v** may be in direct contact with the first conductive layer **151**. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be electrically connected to the second conductive layer **155** through the interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v** of the first interconnection structure **101** of the package substrate **100**, the second interconnection structure **10c** of the base substrate **10**, and the conductive structure **160**.

[0058] The base substrate **10** may be disposed on one side of the package body **11** (below the package body **11**, in the drawing). The base substrate **10** may be a substrate that fixes various electronic components to a surface thereof and connects the components by interconnections to form an electronic circuit, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0059] The base substrate **10** may include interconnection to transmit signals and/or power. The interconnection of the base substrate **10** may include second upper pads **10a**, second lower pads **10b**, and a second interconnection structure **10c**.

[0060] The base substrate **10** may be formed of an insulating material. For example, the base substrate **10** may include an insulating resin. The insulating resin may include a thermosetting resin such as an epoxy resin, a thermoplastic resin such as polyimide, or a resin impregnated with an inorganic filler in these resins, for example, prepreg, Ajinomoto Build-up Film (ABF), flame retardant (FR-4), and/or Bismaleimide Triazine (BT), but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, the base substrate **10** may include a photosensitive resin such as a photoimageable dielectric (PID). The base substrate **10** may include a plurality of insulating layers, not illustrated, stacked in a vertical direction. Depending on processes, boundaries between the plurality of insulating layers, not illustrated, may not be readily apparent.

[0061] The second upper pads **10a** may be disposed above the base substrate **10**. At least a portion of the second upper pads **10a** may be provided in a corresponding location opposing a portion of the lower pads **100b** of the first layer of the package substrate **100**. For example, in cross-sectional view, at least a portion of the second upper pads **10a** may be disposed on the same line as at least a portion of the first lower pads **100b** of the package substrate **100**. At least a portion of the second upper pads **10a** may be disposed below the conductive structure **160** to provide an electrical connection path.

[0062] An upper surface of the second upper pad **10a** may be exposed to the upper surface of the base substrate **10**. The second upper pad **10a** may include at least one of, for example, aluminum (Al), gold (Au), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), lead (Pb), tantalum (Ta), tellurium (Te), titanium (Ti), tungsten (W), silver (Ag), molybdenum (Mo), zinc (Zn), platinum (Pt), or combinations thereof. The second lower pad **10b** may be disposed below the base substrate **10** and may include a material, similar to a material of the second upper pad **10a**. However, the materials of the second upper pad **10a** and the second lower pad **10b** are not limited to the above materials.

[0063] Although not illustrated, the second interconnection structure **10c** may be formed in a multilayer structure including interconnection patterns and vias, similarly to the first interconnection structure **101**. The second interconnection structure **10c** may include signal interconnections, transmitting signals and power (hereinafter referred to as “signals”) to devices within the semiconductor package, such as the semiconductor chip **110**, and capacitor interconnections for forming an LC resonant circuit. For ease of description, a signal transmission path of the second interconnection structure is simply denoted by dashed lines. In addition, it is noted that only a portion of the signal transmission path and a portion of the interconnection structure are illustrated in the drawings. For example, the signal transmission path may be provided in plural.

[0064] The second interconnection structure **10c** may include for example, at least one of, for example, aluminum (Al), gold (Au), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), lead (Pb), tantalum (Ta), tellurium (Te), titanium (Ti), tungsten (W), silver (Ag), molybdenum (Mo), zinc (Zn), platinum (Pt), or combinations thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0065] The second interconnection structure **10c** may connect the second upper pads **10a** and the second lower pads **10b** to each other. In some example embodiments, a portion of the second interconnection structure **10c** may be electrically connected to the signal interconnection **101a** of the package substrate **100**, and another portion thereof may be electrically connected to the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the package substrate **100**.

[0066] In some example embodiments, a plurality of connectors may be provided between the package body **11** and the base substrate **10** and below the base substrate **10**. The plurality of connectors may include, for example, a first connector **171**, provided between the package body **11** and the base substrate **10**, and a second connector **173** provided below the base substrate **10**.

[0067] The first connector **171** may electrically connect at least a portion of the first lower pads **100b** of the package substrate **100** and the second upper pads **10a** of the base substrate **10**. The second connector **173** may electrically connect the second lower pads **10b** of the base substrate **10** to other external devices. The first connector **171** may be provided to be in direct contact with the first lower pads **100b** and the second upper pads **10a**. The second connector **173** may be provided to be in contact (for example, direct contact) with the second lower pads **10b**, and may electrically connect opposing components to each other. Various signals may be transmitted through the first and second connectors **171** and **173**. The first connector **171** may include, for example, microbumps, metal pillars, ball grid array (BGA) solder balls, other various sized solder balls, cored solder balls, or combinations thereof. The second connector **173** may also include microbumps, metal pillars, ball grid array (BGA) solder balls, other various sized solder balls, cored solder balls, or combinations thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. In some example embodiments, solder balls are provided as an example of the first and second connectors **171** and **173**.

[0068] The first connector **171** and/or the second connector **173** may include, for example, tin (Sn), indium (In), bismuth (Bi), antimony (Sb), copper (Cu), silver (Ag), zinc (Zn), lead (Pb) and/or alloys thereof. Such alloys may include, for example, Sn—Pb, Sn—Ag, Sn—Au, Sn—Cu, Sn—Bi, Sn—Zn, Sn—Ag—Cu, Sn—Ag—Bi, Sn—Ag—Zn, Sn—Cu—Bi, Sn—Cu—Zn, Sn—Bi—Zn, or the like, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0069] The first connector **171** and/or the second connector **173** may be provided in various types, various numbers, and various pitches depending on signals and power to be transmitted. For example, according to some example embodiments, the first connector **171** and/or the second connectors **173** may have a form in which metal pillars and solder balls are combined. At least a portion of the first connector **171** and/or the second connector **173** may be disposed in a location in which it does not overlap the semiconductor chip **110** in a vertical direction.

[0070] The conductive structure **160** may be disposed on the base substrate **10**. The conductive structure **160** may be a conductive material such as iron (Fe), nickel (Ni), tin (Sn), or molybdenum (Mo), but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The conductive structure **160** may be disposed to be in contact with at least one layer of the shield layer **150**, and may be in contact with the second conductive layer **155** of the shield layer **150**. In some example embodiments, the second conductive layer **155** may be brought into contact with the conductive structure **160** to receive an electrical connection path.

[0071] An adhesive layer may be disposed between the conductive structure **160** and the base substrate **10**. The adhesive layer may include an adhesive polymer material such as a polymer binder resin, an epoxy resin, a phenolic epoxy hardener, a curing catalyst, or a silane coupling agent, and may be in the form of a paste or a film, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The adhesive layer may be disposed in a form that surrounds at least one of the second

upper pads **10a** disposed between the conductive structure **160** and the base substrate **10**. The second upper pad **10a** may, for example, have the same or substantially the same thickness as the adhesive layer.

[0072] The semiconductor package having the above-described structure may transmit a signal SG from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** and/or from the semiconductor chip **110** to the outside.

[0073] The signal SG, transmitted from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** or vice versa, may be implemented by electrically connecting interconnections, formed on each of the package substrate **100** and the base substrate **10**, to the first and second connectors **171** and **173**, a wire **111**, or the like. For example, a signal from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** may be transmitted to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10** through (for example, by) the second connector **173** and sequentially through the second interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, the first connector **171**, the first interconnection structure **101**, the signal interconnection **101a**, the first upper pad **100a**, and the wire **111**, and a signal from the semiconductor chip **110** to the outside may be transmitted in an opposite direction.

[0074] The semiconductor package having the above-described structure may eliminate or reduce noise and interference, occurring in the semiconductor chip **110**, signal interconnections, and power interconnections within the semiconductor package, by forming an LC resonant circuit using a capacitor, including the shield layer **150**, and the inductor **130**. For example, in a process of depositing a plurality of conductive layers, including a layer for shielding, on a side surface and an upper surface of the package body **11**, a process of depositing a dielectric layer **153** may be additionally performed, and an electrical connection relationship may be added to a portion of the plurality of conductive layers. Accordingly, a semiconductor package using the dielectric layer **153** as a portion of a capacitor may be easily provided, and the inductor **130**, a passive element, may be disposed inside the semiconductor package to easily eliminate or reduce noise and interference occurring in the semiconductor package.

[0075] The LC resonant circuit, including the capacitor and the inductor **130**, may be, for example, a parallel resonant circuit in which the capacitor and the inductor **130** are connected in parallel. The parallel LC resonant circuit may operate as a bandstop resonator to block or impede signals in a specific band. In some example embodiments, the LC resonant circuit may be used as, for example, a resonant circuit eliminating or reducing noise and/or interference of power and signals supplied to the semiconductor chip **110**.

[0076] A more detailed description will now be provided with reference to FIG. 2. A first voltage V1 and a second voltage V2 may be applied to opposite ends of the capacitor including the shield layer **150**, for example, the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155**. For example, a first voltage V1 may be applied to the first conductive layer **151**, and a second voltage V2 may be applied to the second conductive layer **155**.

[0077] Applying the first voltage V1 to the first conductive layer **151** may be implemented through the interconnections formed on the package substrate **100** and the base substrate **10**. For example, the first voltage V1 may be transmitted to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10** through the second connector **173** and sequentially through the second interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, the first connector **171**, and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**. The capacitor interconnection **101b** may be, for example, provided in a form in which at least a portion of the capacitor interconnection **101b** is in direct contact with the first conductive layer **151** to be electrically connected to the first conductive layer **151**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0078] Applying the second voltage V2 to the second conductive layer **155** may be implemented through (for example, by) the interconnection, formed on the base substrate **10**, and the conductive structure **160**. For example, the second voltage V2 may be transmitted to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10** through the second connector **173** and sequentially through the second

interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, and the conductive structure **160**. The conductive structure **160** may be provided in a form in which at least a portion of the conductive structure **160** is in contact (for example, direct contact) with a side surface of the second conductive layer **155** to be electrically connected to the second conductive layer **155**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0079] In some example embodiments, the first voltage **V1** applied to the first conductive layer **151** may be larger than the second voltage **V2** applied to the second conductive layer **155**. The first voltage **V1** may be, for example, a power supply voltage **Vdd** and the second voltage **V2** may be, for example, a ground voltage **Vss**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0080] In some example embodiments, the inductor **130** may be connected in parallel to the capacitor. Opposite terminals of the inductor **130**, for example, the first terminal **133** and the second terminal **135**, may be connected to opposite terminals of the capacitor, for example, the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be electrically connected to the first conductive layer **151** of the shield layer **150**, and the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be electrically connected to the second conductive layer **155** of the shield layer **150**.

[0081] The connection of the inductor **130** and the capacitor of the shield layer **150** may be implemented by electrically connecting, for example, at least a portion of the first upper pad **100a**, the first interconnection structure **101**, the first lower pad **100b**, first connector **171**, the second upper pad **10a**, the second interconnection structure **10c**, and the conductive structure **160** of the package substrate **100**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151**, one end of the capacitor, through the first upper pad **100a** of the package substrate **100** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**. The capacitor interconnection **101b** may be provided in a form in which at least a portion of the capacitor interconnection **101b** is in contact (for example, direct contact) with the first conductive layer **151**, to be electrically connected to the first conductive layer **151**. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to an interconnection to which the second voltage **V2** is applied. For example, the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be electrically connected to the second voltage **V2** on a path along which the second voltage **V2** is applied to the second conductive layer **155**. For example, the second terminal **135** may be applied with the second voltage **V2** through the first upper pad **100a**, the first interconnection structure **101**, the first lower pad, the first connector **171**, the second upper pad **10a**, and the second interconnection structure **10c** of the package substrate **100**. The second voltage **V2** may be equivalently or similarly applied to the conductive structure **160** and the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130**, and a path for applying the second voltage **V2** to the conductive structure **160** from the outside may be shared with a path for applying the second voltage **V2** to the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** from the outside.

[0082] The semiconductor package according to some example embodiments may be modified in various forms without departing from the scope of inventive concepts.

[0083] FIG. **3** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments. In the following embodiments, differences from the above-described embodiments will be mainly described to avoid duplication of description.

[0084] Referring to FIG. **3**, a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments may include a package body **11** including a semiconductor chip **110**, a base substrate **10** on which the package body **11** is mounted, and a conductive structure **160** electrically connected to the package body **11**. The package body **11** may include a semiconductor chip **110**, a package substrate **100** on which the semiconductor chip **110** is mounted, an encapsulant **140** encapsulating the semiconductor chip **110**, a shield layer **150** provided on the encapsulant **140**, and an inductor **130** electrically connected to the shield layer **150**. The inductor **130** may be connected in series to the capacitor of the shield layer **150** to form a series LC resonant circuit.

[0085] In some example embodiments, the inductor **130** may be provided on an upper surface of the package substrate **100** to be spaced apart from the semiconductor chip **110**. The inductor **130** may include a body **131** and first and second terminals **133** and **135** provided on the body **131**.

[0086] One of the first and second terminals **133** and **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to one end of the capacitor to form a series LC resonant circuit. For example, the first terminal **133** may be connected to an external power supply, and the second terminal **135** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** or the second conductive layer **155** of the capacitor, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0087] For example, in some example embodiments, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to an external power supply through interconnections of the package substrate **100** and the base substrate **10**. For example, the first terminal **133** may be connected to an external power supply through a first upper pad **100a**, a first interconnection structure **101**, a first lower pad **100b**, a first connector **171**, a second upper pad **10a**, a second interconnection structure **10c**, and a second lower pad **10b**. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through an interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v** of the first interconnection structure **101**. At least a portion of the interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v** may be in contact (for example, direct contact) with the first conductive layer **151**.

[0088] The semiconductor package having the above-described structure may transmit signals and/or power from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** or from the semiconductor chip **110** to the outside.

[0089] Signals and power, transmitted from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** or vice versa, may be implemented through interconnections formed on the package substrate **100** and the base substrate **10**. For example, signals from the outside to the semiconductor chip **110** may be transmitted to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10** through a second connector **173** and sequentially through a second interconnection structure **10c**, a second upper pad **10a**, a first connector **171**, a signal interconnection **101a** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the first upper pad **100a**, and signals from the semiconductor chip **110** to the outside may be transmitted in an opposite direction, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0090] In some example embodiments, a first voltage **V1** and a second voltage **V2** may be applied to a series LC resonant circuit including the inductor **130** and the shield layer **150**. For example, the first voltage **V1** may be applied to the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130**, the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** of the shield layer **150**, and the second voltage **V2** may be applied to the second conductive layer **155** of the shield layer **150**. The first voltage **V1** applied to the first conductive layer **151** may be larger than the second voltage **V2** applied to the second conductive layer **155**. The first voltage **V1** may be, for example, a power supply voltage **Vdd** and the second voltage **V2** may be, for example, a ground voltage **Vss**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0091] For example, the first voltage **V1** may be transmitted to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10** through the second connector **173**, and transmitted to the first upper pad **100a** of the inductor **130** sequentially through the second interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, the first connector **171**, the first lower pad **100b**, the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the first upper pad **100a**.

[0092] Electrical connection between inductor **130** and the first conductive layer **151** may be established by connecting the first terminal **133** of inductor **130** to the interconnections of the package substrate **100**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151**, one end of the capacitor, through the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**. The capacitor interconnection **101b** may be provided in a form, in which at least a portion of the capacitor interconnection **101b** is in contact (for example, direct contact) with the first conductive layer **151**, to be electrically connected to the first conductive layer **151**, but example embodiments are not

limited thereto.

[0093] Applying the second voltage V2 to the second conductive layer **155** may be, for example, implemented through the interconnections, formed on the base substrate **10**, and the conductive structure **160**. For example, the second voltage V2 may be transmitted through the second connector **173** to the second lower pad **10b** of the base substrate **10**, and transmitted sequentially through the second interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, and the conductive structure **160**. The conductive structure **160** may be provided in a form, in which at least a portion of the conductive structure **160** is in direct contact with a side surface of the second conductive layer **155**, to be electrically connected to the second conductive layer **155**.

[0094] The semiconductor package having the above-described structure may selectively block signals. This is achieved using a series resonant circuit, in which the capacitor and inductor **130** are connected in series, acting as a bandpass resonator that allows only signals within a specific band to pass therethrough. The resonant circuit may be used as, for example, a resonant circuit eliminating or reducing noise and interference of power and signals supplied to the semiconductor chip **110**.

[0095] In some example embodiments, an additional layer may be formed on the shield layer **150** constituting the capacitor.

[0096] FIG. **4** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0097] Referring to FIG. **4**, the shield layer **150** may further include a third conductive layer **157** disposed between a dielectric layer **153** and a second conductive layer **155**.

[0098] The third conductive layer **157** may be provided to shield the semiconductor package from electromagnetic interference (EMI) externally, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0099] The conductivity of the first conductive layer **151** may be, for example, lower than the conductivity of the third conductive layer **157** disposed between the dielectric layer **153** and the second conductive layer **155**. The conductivity of the third conductive layer **157** may be, for example, higher than the conductivity of the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155**. The third conductive layer **157** may include a conductive material. The third conductive layer **157** may include, for example, a metal including gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu), or any alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0100] In some example embodiments, the second conductive layer **155** may be provided to reduce or prevent oxidation of the third conductive layer **157** disposed between the dielectric layer **153** and the second conductive layer **155**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. Accordingly, the conductivity of the second conductive layer **155** may be lower than the conductivity of the third conductive layer **157**.

[0101] In some example embodiments, any or each of the first to third conductive layers **151**, **155**, and **157** may include a conductive material. The first conductive layer **151** may include, for example, a metal including tin (Sn), iron (Fe), nickel (Ni), or any alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, the first conductive layer **151** may include steel used stainless (SUS). The third conductive layer **157** may include a material, similar or substantially similar to the material of the first conductive layer **151**. However, the materials of the first to third conductive layers **151**, **155**, and **157** are not limited to the above materials. The second conductive layer **155** may include, for example, a metal including gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu), or alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0102] According to some example embodiments, as described above, the EMI shielding ability of a semiconductor package may be improved by adding the third conductive layer **157** to the shield layer **150**.

[0103] In some example embodiments, an LC resonant circuit of the semiconductor package may be applied to various semiconductor devices.

[0104] FIG. **5** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example

embodiments, illustrating that a semiconductor chip **110** is provided in plural.

[0105] Referring to FIG. 5, the semiconductor package may include a plurality of semiconductor chips **110**.

[0106] The plurality of semiconductor chips **110** may be provided on an upper surface of a package substrate **100** to be spaced apart from each other. Each of the plurality of semiconductor chips **110** may be or include a semiconductor device including an integrated circuit. In some embodiments, the semiconductor package may have a package-on-package (POP) structure. An integrated circuit (IC) is generally a circuit formed on a semiconductor material such as silicon, and may be implemented by integrating a plurality of transistors, capacitors, inductors, resistors, or the like, into a die.

[0107] In FIG. 5, semiconductor chips **110** of the same type are illustrated as being formed on the package substrate **100** to be connected by wires. However, example embodiments are not limited thereto, and semiconductor chips **110** of different types may be provided. In addition, the number of the semiconductor chips **110** may be different from that illustrated in the drawing.

[0108] In addition, a portion or all of the plurality of semiconductor chips **110** may be provided in the form of a sub-package in which a plurality of semiconductor chips, rather than a single semiconductor chip **110**, are stacked, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, a semiconductor chip **110** provided in the form of a sub-package may have a structure in which a plurality of semiconductor chips **110** are stacked vertically and/or arranged horizontally. In addition, the semiconductor chip **110** provided in the form of a sub-package may include an inductor therein, and the inductor in the semiconductor chip **110** provided in the form of a sub-package may be used instead of an inductor **130** formed on the package substrate **100**.

Semiconductor chips provided in the form of a sub-package may include, for example, a system LSI, a flash memory, a DRAM, an SRAM, an EEPROM, a PRAM, an MRAM, or an RRAM, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0109] In some example embodiments, an LC resonant circuit using a capacitor including the shield layer **150** and an inductor **130** may be formed according to a frequency band of noise generated by the semiconductor chips **110** in the semiconductor package. The LC resonant circuit may block or pass various frequency bands depending on a combination of inductance of the inductor **130** and capacitance of the capacitor of the shield layer **150**. Accordingly, noise reduction of the semiconductor package may be increased or significantly increased by matching the inductance and capacitance to a noise generation element in the semiconductor package. For example, in a semiconductor package including two semiconductor chips **110**, when noise generation of one of the semiconductor chips **110** is large or relatively large, the LC resonant circuit may be configured to block or reduce the noise or interference occurring in the one semiconductor chip **110**. For example, a size and a location of the inductor **130** in the semiconductor package may be changed to significantly reduce noise and interference for various frequencies in the semiconductor package.

[0110] In some example embodiments, the semiconductor chip **110** may be provided in various types.

[0111] FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view illustrating that the semiconductor chip **110** is provided as a flip chip in some example embodiments.

[0112] Referring to FIG. 6, the semiconductor chip **110** may be disposed above a package substrate **100** using an adhesive element **113** (or an 'underfill layer').

[0113] A third connector **175** may be provided between the semiconductor chip **110** and the package substrate **100** to electrically connect the semiconductor chip **110** and the package substrate **100**. Various types of connectors, for example, microbumps, may be used as the third connector **175**. A third lower pad **110b** for connection to the third connector **175** may be provided below the semiconductor chip **110**. The third lower pad **110b** may be provided in a variety of numbers and pitches, and may be provided in the same number and pitch as a portion of the first upper pad **100a**.

However, the third connector **175** may be provided in a different form, for example, one of C4 bumps, microbumps, conductive pillars, solder balls for ball grid arrays, cored solder balls, or Cu—Cu bonding, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0114] The adhesive element **113** may be, for example, an underfill layer surrounding connectors, disposed between the package substrate **100** and the semiconductor chip **110**, among the connectors and fixing the semiconductor chip **110** to the package substrate **100**. The underfill layer may include an insulating material. The underfill layer may be formed using, for example, a capillary underfill (CUF) process, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0115] In some example embodiments, an inductor **130** may be provided in various forms. In the above-described embodiment, the inductor **130** is illustrated as being manufactured as an additional element and mounted on the package substrate **100**. However, example embodiments are not limited thereto, and various types of inductor may be used. For example, a ferrite core inductor, an iron powder inductor, a bobbin-based inductor, a multilayer ceramic inductor, or a film inductor may be used as the inductor **130**. In addition, the inductor **130** may be used in various ways depending on a method of connection with other electronic devices, such as insertion type, soldering type, or substrate-embedded type. According to some example embodiments, an inductor embedded in the package substrate **100** may also be used as the inductor **130**.

[0116] FIG. 7 is a schematic cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that the inductor **130** is embedded in the package substrate **100**.

[0117] Referring to FIG. 7, the inductor **130** may include a first terminal **133** provided on an upper surface of a package substrate **100**, a second terminal **135** provided on a lower surface of the package substrate **100**, and a body **131** provided inside the package substrate **100**. Although not illustrated in the drawing, the body **131** may include, for example, an insulating layer and an internal coil formed within a magnetic layer, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The internal coil may, for example, include conductor patterns patterned in a strip shape on a plurality of insulating layers, and the conductor patterns may be connected to each other to form an overall internal coil, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0118] The first terminal **133** provided on the upper surface of the package substrate **100** may be formed to be integrated (for example, integrally formed) with the first upper pad **100a**, or the first terminal **133** and the first upper pad **100a** may be formed separately and connected to each other. The second terminal **135** provided on the lower surface of the package substrate **100** may be formed to be integrated with the first lower pad **100b**, or the second terminal **135** and the first lower pad **100b** may be formed separately and connected to each other. In some example embodiments, the first terminal **133** and the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** are illustrated as being formed on the upper and lower surfaces of the package substrate **100**. However, example embodiments are not limited thereto, and the first terminal **133** and the second terminal **135** may be, for example, formed only on the upper surface of the package substrate **100**, or only on the lower surface of the package substrate **100**.

[0119] The first terminal **133** and the second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to first and second conductive layers **151** and **155** through interconnections provided on a package substrate **100** and a base substrate **10**, respectively. For example, the first and second terminals **133** and **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** and the second conductive layer **155** through at least a portion of a first upper pad **100a**, a first lower pad **100b**, a first interconnection structure **101**, a second upper pad **10a** of a base substrate **10**, a second lower pad **10b**, a second interconnection structure **10c**, and a conductive structure **160**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through (for example, by) the first interconnection structure **101**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the second conductive layer **155** through the first lower pad **100b**, the second upper pad **10a**, the second interconnection structure **10c**, and the conductive structure **160**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0120] According to some example embodiments, the conductive structure electrically connecting the second conductive layer **155** and the base substrate **10** may be modified in various forms.

[0121] FIG. **8** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that a conductive structure is formed to be different from a conductive structure according to the above-described embodiment.

[0122] Referring to FIG. **8**, a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments may have a form in which a portion of a conductive structure **160'**, disposed above a base substrate **10** and contacting an outer side surface of a shield layer **150**, is inserted into a concave portion of the base substrate **10**. For example, a portion of the conductive structure **160'** may be inserted into an insertion portion (for example, a socket) disposed on the base substrate **10** and may be electrically connected to a portion of a plurality of connection interconnections **117** of the base substrate **10**.

[0123] In some example embodiments, the inductor **130** may be provided internally of the package body **11**. However, example embodiments are not limited thereto, and the inductor **130** may be provided externally of the package body **11**.

[0124] FIG. **9** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments, illustrating that a location of the inductor **130** is different from the locations in the above-described embodiments.

[0125] Referring to FIG. **9**, the inductor **130** may be provided on a base substrate **10** rather than a package substrate **100**. The inductor **130** may be provided in a location spaced apart from a package body **11**, for example, an encapsulant **140** and a shield layer **150**. A first terminal **133** and a second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may each be connected to a second upper pad **10a** of the package body **11**.

[0126] A first conductive layer **151** and a second conductive layer **155** of the shield layer **150** may be connected to the first and second terminals **133** and **135** of the inductor **130** provided to the outside through interconnections provided on the package substrate **100** and the base substrate **10**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through the second upper pad **10a**, a second interconnection structure **10c**, a second upper pad **10a**, a first connector **171**, a first lower pad **100b**, and a first interconnection structure **101**. Interconnection patterns **101p** and vias **101v** of the first interconnection structure **101** may be in contact (for example, direct contact) with the first conductive layer **151**. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be electrically connected to the second conductive layer **155** through the second upper pad **10a** of the base substrate **10**, the second interconnection structure **10c**, the second upper pad **10a**, and a conductive structure **160**.

[0127] Unlike some above-described example embodiments, in some example embodiments, the conductive structure **160** and the base substrate **10** of the semiconductor package may be omitted.

[0128] FIG. **10** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0129] Referring to FIG. **10**, a package substrate **100** may be provided to have a larger area than an encapsulant **140**, and the encapsulant **140** may be provided on the package substrate **100**. For example, a horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** covering a semiconductor chip **110** may be smaller than a horizontal area of the package substrate **100**. A side surface of the semiconductor chip **110** may or may not be coplanar or substantially coplanar with a side surface of the encapsulant **140**. For example, a side surface of the package substrate **100** may be disposed outside (for example, laterally away from) the side surface of the encapsulant **140**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0130] A shield layer **150** covering the package body **11** and the package substrate **100** may cover upper and side surfaces of the encapsulant **140**, but an area covered by a first conductive layer **151**, a second conductive layer **155**, and/or a dielectric layer may be different from that in some of the above-described example embodiments. In addition, or alternatively, at least one layer of the shield

layer **150** covering or at least partially covering the package body **11** may form a step, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0131] The first conductive layer **151** may cover or at least partially cover a side surface and/or an upper surface of the encapsulant **140**, and may be connected to at least a portion of first upper pads **100a** exposed to an upper surface of the package substrate **100** from at least a portion of the upper surface of the package substrate **100**. In some example embodiments, the first conductive layer **151** may not cover the upper surface of the package substrate **100**. The first conductive layer **151** may be applied with a first voltage **V1** through a first upper pads **100a** connected to the first conductive layer **151**, first interconnection structure **101**, first lower pads **100b**, and first connector **171**.

[0132] The dielectric layer **153** may extend along a surface of the first conductive layer **151** and the remaining portion of the upper surface of the package substrate **100**. In some example embodiments, the dielectric layer may not cover the side surface of the package substrate **100**, or may only cover a portion of the side surface of the package substrate **100**. However, when the dielectric layer **153** covers a portion of the side surface of the encapsulant **140**, the second conductive layer **155** may cover the side surface of the encapsulant **140** in a portion that is not covered by the encapsulant **140**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0133] The second conductive layer **155** may be disposed on the dielectric layer **153**. The second conductive layer **155** may cover the upper and side surfaces of the encapsulant **140** as well as the upper and side surfaces of the package substrate **100**. The second conductive layer **155** may be connected to a capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101** of the package substrate **100** on the side surface of the package substrate **100**. The capacitor interconnection **101b** may provide an electrical connection path to the second conductive layer **155**, and the second conductive layer **155** may be applied with a second voltage **V2** through the capacitor interconnection **101b**. The first voltage **V1** applied to the first conductive layer **151** may be, for example, higher than the second voltage **V2** applied to the second conductive layer **155**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0134] The first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor interconnection **101b** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** connected to the first conductive layer **151**. Thus, the first terminal **133** and the first conductive layer **151** may be electrically connected to each other. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor interconnection **101b** may be in contact (for example direct contact) with the second conductive layer **155** to provide an electrical connection path.

[0135] Unlike some of the above-described example embodiments, in some example embodiments, the conductive structure **160** and the base substrate **10** of the semiconductor package may be omitted, and the shield layer **150** may be formed to have a different shape.

[0136] FIG. **11** is a cross-sectional view of a semiconductor package according to some example embodiments.

[0137] Referring to FIG. **11**, a package substrate **100** may be provided to have a larger area than an encapsulant **140**, and the encapsulant **140** may be provided on the package substrate **100**. For example, a horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** covering the semiconductor chip **110** may be smaller than a horizontal area of the package substrate **100**. A side surface of the semiconductor chip **110** may or may not be coplanar with a side surface of the encapsulant **140**. For example, the side surface of the package substrate **100** may be disposed outside (for example, laterally apart from when moving in a direction away from the semiconductor chip **110**) the side surface of the encapsulant **140**.

[0138] The shield layer **150** covering or at least partially covering the package body **11** and the package substrate **100** covers the top and sides of the encapsulant **140**, but an area covered by the first conductive layer **151**, the second conductive layer **155**, and the dielectric layer may be

different from that in some of the above-described example embodiments. In addition, or alternatively, at least one layer of the shield layer **150** covering the package body **11** may form a step. The first conductive layer **151** may cover an upper surface of the encapsulant **140**, but may not cover a side surface of the encapsulant **140** and upper and side surfaces of the package substrate **100**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0139] A connection line **117** may be disposed within the encapsulant **140** to electrically connect the first conductive layer **151** and the second upper pad **10a**. The connection line **117** may include a conductive material. The connection line **117** may include a metal, for example, solder (Sn), iron (Fe), nickel (Ni), or alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The connection line **117** may, for example, be or have a pillar-shaped structure, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, the connection line **117** may be in the form of a wire. In some example embodiments, a wire ball may be disposed below the connection line **117** to connect the wire body and the second upper pad **10a**. The connection line **117** may be disposed to extend inside the encapsulant in a direction, for example, perpendicular or substantially perpendicular to the upper surface of the package substrate **100**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, when the connection line **117** is in the form of a wire, the connection line **117** may extend in a direction, in which an arbitrary, predetermined, or desired angle (for example, greater than 0 degrees and less than 90 degrees) is formed with the upper surface of the package substrate **100**, to be connected to the first conductive layer **151**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The second interconnection structure **10c** may, for example, provide an electrical connection path to the first conductive layer **151** through the second upper pad **10a** and the connection line **117**, and the first conductive layer **151** may be applied with a first voltage **V1** through a second interconnection structure **10c**.

[0140] The dielectric layer **153** may be disposed to cover an upper surface and a side surface of the first conductive layer **151** and/or a side surface of the encapsulant **140**. The dielectric layer **153** may not cover the upper surface and the side surface of the package substrate **100**. However, the shape of the dielectric layer **153** is not limited thereto, and the dielectric layer **153** may also cover at least a portion of the upper surface of the package substrate **100** and a portion of the side surface of the encapsulant **140**. When, for example, the dielectric layer **153** covers a portion of the side surface of the encapsulant **140**, the second conductive layer **155** may cover the side surface of the encapsulant **140** in a portion that is not covered by the encapsulant **140**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0141] The second conductive layer **155** is disposed on the dielectric layer **153** and may extend along the side surface of the package substrate **100**. The second conductive layer **155** may be connected to the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the package substrate **100** on the side surface of the package substrate **100**. The capacitor wire **101b** may provide an electrical connection path to the second conductive layer **155**, and the second conductive layer **155** may be applied with a second voltage **V2** through the capacitor interconnection **101b**. The first voltage **V1** applied to the first conductive layer **151** may be, for example, higher than the second voltage **V2** applied to the second conductive layer **155**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0142] The first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through (for example, by) the above-described connection line **117**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor interconnection **101b** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** connected to the connection line **117**. Accordingly, the first terminal **133** and the first conductive layer **151** may be electrically connected to each other. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor wire **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor wire **101b** may be in contact (for example, direct contact) with the second conductive layer **155** to provide an electrical connection path.

[0143] In some example embodiments, the shield layer **150** and the package substrate **100** of the semiconductor package may be provided to be different from those in some of the above-described example embodiments.

[0144] FIGS. **12A** and **12B** are each cross-sectional views of a package substrate **100** according to some example embodiments. In FIGS. **12A** and **12B**, except for a difference in area of a semiconductor package **100**, the remaining components are provided in substantially the same forms.

[0145] Referring to FIG. **12A**, the package substrate **100** may be provided to have the same or substantially the same area as an encapsulant **140**. For example, a horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** covering a semiconductor chip **110** may be the same as a horizontal area of the package substrate **100**, and a side surface of the semiconductor chip **110** may be coplanar with a side surface of the encapsulant **140**.

[0146] Referring to FIG. **12B**, a package substrate **100** may be provided to have a larger area than an encapsulant **140**, and the encapsulant **140** may be provided on the package substrate **100**. For example, a horizontal area of the encapsulant **140** covering a semiconductor chip **110** may be smaller than a horizontal area of the package substrate **100**. A side surface of the semiconductor chip **110** may not be coplanar with a side surface of the encapsulant **140**. For example, a side surface of the package substrate **100** may be disposed outside (for example, laterally apart in a direction moving away from the semiconductor chip **110**) a side surface of the encapsulant **140**.

[0147] Referring to FIGS. **12A** and **12B**, the first conductive layer **151** may cover or at least partially cover the upper surface of the encapsulant **140**, and may not cover the side and upper surfaces of the package substrate **100**. A connection line **117** may be disposed within the encapsulant **140** to electrically connect the first conductive layer **151** and the second upper pad **10a**. The connection line **117** may include a conductive material. The connection line **117** may include, for example, a metal including solder (Sn), iron (Fe), nickel (Ni), or any alloys thereof, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The connection line **117** may be or have a pillar-shaped or similarly structure, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The connection line **117** may be disposed to extend in a direction, perpendicular to the upper surface of the package substrate **100** inside the encapsulant **140**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto. The second interconnection structure **10c** may provide an electrical connection path to the first conductive layer **151** through the second upper pad **10a** and the connection line **117**, and the first conductive layer **151** may be applied with a first voltage **V1** through the second interconnection structure **10c**.

[0148] The dielectric layer **153** may also cover or at least partially cover the upper surface of the encapsulant **140**, and may not cover the side and upper surfaces of the package substrate **100**. However, the shape of the dielectric layer **153** is not limited thereto, and the dielectric layer **153** may also cover at least a portion of the side surface of the encapsulant **140**.

[0149] The second conductive layer **155** may be disposed on the dielectric layer **153** and may extend (for example, at least partially extend) along the side surface of the encapsulant **140** and the side surface of the package substrate **100**. The second conductive layer **155** may be in contact (for example, direct contact) with at least a portion of the side surface of the encapsulant **140**. The second conductive layer **155** may be connected to the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the package substrate **100** on the side surface of the package substrate **100**. The capacitor interconnection **101b** may provide an electrical connection path to the second conductive layer **155**, and the second conductive layer **155** may be applied with a second voltage **V2** through the capacitor interconnection **101b**. The first voltage **V1** applied to the first conductive layer **151** may be higher than the second voltage **V2** applied to the second conductive layer **155**, but example embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0150] The first terminal **133** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first conductive layer **151** through the above-described connection line **117**. For example, the first terminal **133** of the

inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor wire **101b** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** connected to the connection line **117**. Thus, the first terminal **133** and the first conductive layer **151** may be electrically connected to each other. The second terminal **135** of the inductor **130** may be connected to the first upper pad **100a** and the capacitor interconnection **101b** of the first interconnection structure **101**, and the capacitor wire **101b** may be in contact (for example, direct contact) the second conductive layer **155** to provide an electrical connection path. [0151] As set forth above, according to example embodiments, a high-quality semiconductor package with significantly reduced electromagnetic interference (EMI) and reduced unwanted signals or noise may be provided.

[0152] While example embodiments have been shown and described above, it will be apparent to those ordinarily skilled in the art that modifications and variations could be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present inventive concepts as in the appended claims.

[0153] Terms, such as first, second, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, but these elements should not be limited by these terms. The above terms are used only for the purpose of distinguishing one component from another. For example, a first element may be termed a second element, and, similarly, a second element may be termed a first element, without departing from the scope of the present disclosure.

[0154] Singular expressions may include plural expressions unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. Terms, such as “include” or “has” may be interpreted as adding features, numbers, steps, operations, components, parts, or combinations thereof described in the specification.

[0155] It will be understood that when an element or layer is referred to as being “on”, “connected to”, “coupled to”, “attached to”, or “in contact with” another element or layer, it can be directly on, connected to, coupled to, attached to, or in contact with the other element or layer, or intervening elements or layers may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being “directly on”, “directly connected to”, “directly coupled to”, “directly attached to”, or “in direct contact with” another element or layer, there are no intervening elements or layers present. As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items.

[0156] When the terms “about” or “substantially” are used in this specification in connection with a numerical value, it is intended that the associated numerical value includes a manufacturing or operational tolerance (e.g., $\pm 10\%$) around the stated numerical value. Moreover, when the words “generally” and “substantially” are used in connection with geometric shapes, it is intended that precision of the geometric shape is not required but that latitude for the shape is within the scope of the disclosure. Further, regardless of whether numerical values or shapes are modified as “about” or “substantially,” it will be understood that these values and shapes should be construed as including a manufacturing or operational tolerance (e.g., $\pm 10\%$) around the stated numerical values or shapes. When ranges are specified, the range includes all values therebetween such as increments of 0.1%.

[0157] It will be understood that elements and/or properties thereof may be recited herein as being “the same” or “equal” as other elements, and it will be further understood that elements and/or properties thereof recited herein as being “identical” to, “the same” as, or “equal” to other elements may be “identical” to, “the same” as, or “equal” to or “substantially identical” to, “substantially the same” as or “substantially equal” to the other elements and/or properties thereof. Elements and/or properties thereof that are “substantially identical” to, “substantially the same” as or “substantially equal” to other elements and/or properties thereof will be understood to include elements and/or properties thereof that are identical to, the same as, or equal to the other elements and/or properties thereof within manufacturing tolerances and/or material tolerances. Elements and/or properties thereof that are identical or substantially identical to and/or the same or substantially the same as other elements and/or properties thereof may be structurally the same or substantially the same, functionally the same or substantially the same, and/or compositionally the same or substantially

the same.

[0158] Spatially relative terms (e.g., “beneath,” “below,” “lower,” “above,” “upper,” and the like) may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element or feature's relationship to another element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. It should be understood that the spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. For example, if the device in the figures is turned over, elements described as “below” or “beneath” other elements or features would then be oriented “above” the other elements or features. Thus, the term “below” may encompass both an orientation of above and below. The device may be otherwise oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein interpreted accordingly.

Claims

1. A semiconductor package comprising: a package substrate; a semiconductor chip on the package substrate; an encapsulant covering the semiconductor chip and at least a portion of the package substrate; a shield layer covering at least a portion of the encapsulant and of the package substrate; and an inductor connected to the shield layer as to form an LC resonant circuit, wherein the shield layer comprises a first conductive layer covering at least a portion of the encapsulant and of the package substrate, the first conductive layer configured to have a first voltage applied thereto; a dielectric layer on the first conductive layer; and a second conductive layer on the dielectric layer and configured to have a second voltage applied thereto.
2. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the shield layer forms a capacitor, and the inductor is connected in parallel to the capacitor.
3. The semiconductor package of claim 2, wherein the inductor has a first terminal and a second terminal, the first terminal electrically connected to the first conductive layer and the second terminal electrically connected to the second conductive layer.
4. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the shield layer forms a capacitor, and the inductor is connected in series to the capacitor.
5. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the first conductive layer is configured to have a first voltage applied thereto, and the second conductive layer is configured have a second voltage applied thereto, the second voltage being different from the first voltage.
6. The semiconductor package of claim 5, wherein the first voltage is a power supply voltage, and the second voltage is a ground voltage.
7. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the shield layer further comprises a third conductive layer between the dielectric layer and the second conductive layer.
8. The semiconductor package of claim 1, further comprising: a conductive structure in contact with an outer side surface of the second conductive layer and electrically connected to the second conductive layer; and a base substrate below the package substrate and the conductive structure.
9. The semiconductor package of claim 8, wherein the inductor has a first terminal electrically connected to the first conductive layer, and the inductor has a second terminal electrically connected to the second conductive layer by the conductive structure.
10. The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the first conductive layer, the dielectric layer, and the second conductive layer cover at least a portion of an upper surface of the encapsulant, a side surface of the encapsulant, and a side surface of the package substrate.
11. The semiconductor package of claim 10, wherein the first conductive layer covers at least a portion of the encapsulant, the dielectric layer is in contact with the side surface of the encapsulant, and at least a portion of the upper surface of the package substrate, and the second conductive layer covers the encapsulant, the upper surface of the package substrate, and the side surface of the package substrate.

- 12.** The semiconductor package of claim 11, further comprising: a connection line at least partially extending through the encapsulant and electrically connecting the first conductive layer and a first terminal of the inductor.
- 13.** The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the inductor is at least partially embedded in the package substrate.
- 14.** The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the semiconductor chip includes a plurality of semiconductor chips, and the inductor is between ones of the plurality of semiconductor chips.
- 15.** The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the semiconductor chip is configured as a flip chip.
- 16.** The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the inductor is apart from the encapsulant and the shield layer.
- 17.** The semiconductor package of claim 1, wherein the package substrate comprises upper pads, lower pads, and a first interconnection structure, the first interconnection structure electrically connecting a first upper pad of the upper pads with a first lower pad of the lower pads.
- 18.** The semiconductor package of claim 17, wherein a portion of the first interconnection structure is electrically connected to at least one of the first conductive layer and the second conductive layer.
- 19.** A semiconductor package comprising: a package body comprising a semiconductor chip; and a base substrate, the package body being on the base substrate, wherein the package body comprises: a semiconductor chip on a package substrate; an encapsulant at least partially encapsulating the semiconductor chip; an inductor on the package substrate; and a shield layer covering at least a portion of the encapsulant and of the package substrate, and the shield layer is a capacitor and forms an LC resonant circuit with the inductor.
- 20.** A semiconductor package comprising: a semiconductor chip; an encapsulant at least partially encapsulating the semiconductor chip; a shield layer on the encapsulant to form a capacitor having a metal-insulator-metal (MIM) structure; and an inductor connected in series or parallel to the shield layer to form an LC resonant circuit.
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