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Minimal repeating unit having reduced blooming effect of clear pixels

Abstract

An image sensor comprises a pixel array having a color filter array including a minimal repeating unit, where the minimal repeating unit consists of 4×4 pixels including two red pixels, four green pixels, two blue pixels, and eight clear pixels. When clear pixels are saturated and blooming, a blue pixel is affected by three or two clear pixels, but not four clear pixels.

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Background/Summary

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

(1) This invention relates to an image sensor pixel array having a minimal repeating unit, and more specifically relates to an image sensor pixel array having a minimal repeating unit that reduces the blooming effect of clear pixels.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- (2) Image sensors can capture color images by combining a pixel array of photosensitive pixels with a set of color filters. Each pixel in the pixel array is coupled to a filter that removes all but a particular wavelength—that is, a particular color of light—from the light incident on the image sensor. As a result, each pixel in the pixel array captures light of a single color, and for each pixel the color values for the other colors are interpolated.
- (3) A RGBC pattern is a CFA (color filter array) designed for image quality enhancement under low light conditions. Because of the higher optical transmittance of clear (C) pixels over conventional red (R), green (G), and blue (B) pixels, the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) of images captured by this type of sensor increases significantly, thus boosting the image quality, especially under low light conditions. Recently, smartphone manufacturers have adopted RGBC sensors in their flagship products to improve the camera image quality.
- (4) On the other hand, C pixels have no color filters covering photodiodes, therefore their photodiodes may be saturated faster than RGB pixels. When C pixel is saturated and becomes blooming, the excess charges may overflow into the adjacent pixels resulting in poor quality images.

(5) Accordingly, new types of RGBC patterns are demanded to reduce the effect of the blooming of C pixels on the adjacent RGB pixels.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) Non-limiting and non-exhaustive embodiments of the present invention are described with reference to the following figures, wherein like reference numerals refer to like parts throughout the various views unless otherwise specified.
- (2) FIG. 1 shows a cross-section view of a pixel array of an image sensor.
- (3) FIG. **2** shows a minimal repeating unit of a CFA comprising a standard 4×4 RGBC pattern.
- (4) FIG. **3**A shows a CFA known as Kodak Version 1.
- (5) FIG. **3**B shows a CFA known as Kodak Version 2.
- (6) FIG. **3**C shows a CFA known as Kodak Version 3.
- (7) FIG. **4** shows a minimal repeating unit being remosaiced or converted into a Bayer pattern.
- (8) FIG. **5**A shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (9) FIG. **5**B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel in minimal repeating unit is affected by neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (10) FIG. **5**C shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (11) FIG. **5**D shows a minimal repeating unit, which further represents minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. **5**C, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (12) FIG. **5**E shows a minimal repeating unit, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. **5**D, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (13) FIG. **6**A shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (14) FIG. **6**B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel in minimal repeating unit is affected by neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (15) FIG. **6**C shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (16) FIG. **6**D shows a minimal repeating unit, which further represents minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. **6**C, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (17) FIG. **6**E shows a minimal repeating unit, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. **6**D, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (18) FIG. 7A shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (19) FIG. **7**B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel in minimal repeating unit is affected by neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (20) FIG. **7**C shows an exemplary CFA including a minimal repeating unit, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (21) FIG. 7D shows a minimal repeating unit, which further represents minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. 7C, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (22) FIG. 7E shows a minimal repeating unit, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit shown in FIG. 7D, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (23) Corresponding reference characters indicate corresponding components throughout the several

views of the drawings. Skilled artisans will appreciate that elements in the figures are illustrated for simplicity and clarity and have not necessarily been drawn to scale. For example, the dimensions of some of the elements in the figures may be exaggerated relative to other elements to help to improve understanding of various embodiments of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

- (24) In the following description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be apparent, however, to one having ordinary skill in the art that the specific detail need not be employed to practice the present invention. In other instances, well-known materials or methods have not been described in detail in order to avoid obscuring the present invention.
- (25) Reference throughout this specification to "one embodiment" or "an embodiment" means that a particular feature, structure or characteristic described in connection with the embodiment is included in at least one embodiment of the present invention. Thus, appearances of the phrases "in one embodiment" or "in an embodiment" in various places throughout this specification are not necessarily all referring to the same embodiment. Furthermore, the particular features, structures or characteristics may be combined in any suitable combinations and/or sub-combinations in one or more embodiments.
- (26) FIG. **1** shows a cross-section view of a pixel array **100** of an image sensor including a plurality of pixels **102**. The image sensor comprises pixel array **100**. Each pixel **102** comprises a photodiode **104**, a color filter **106**, and a microlens **108**. Pixel **102** may have other elements not shown in the drawing. Alternatively, a microlens **108** may cover 2×2 pixels **102** instead of only one pixel (not shown). Also, a microlens **108** may cover two, three, or any number of pixels **102** in various arrangements (not shown). Color filter **106** may be red (R), green (G), or blue (B) color filter. Pixel **102** may have no color filter or a filter that passes all wavelengths of light. These pixels may be referred as pixels having clear (C) color filters. Generally, a CFA comprises R, G, B, and C filters **106**, under microlenses **108**, covering photodiodes **104** in pixel array **100**. Pixels having red color filters may be referred as R pixels. Pixels having green color filters may be referred as G pixels. Pixels having blue color filters may be referred as B pixels. Pixels having clear color filters may be referred as C pixels.
- (27) FIG. **2** shows a minimal repeating unit **200** comprising a standard 4×4 RGBC pattern. A CFA comprises a minimal repeating unit, such as minimal repeating unit **200**. A minimal repeating unit is immediately next to another minimal repeating unit in row and column directions. A minimal repeating unit is a repeating unit such that no other repeating unit has fewer individual pixels. A CFA of a pixel array can include several different repeating units, but a repeating unit is not a minimal repeating unit if there is another repeating unit in the pixel array includes fewer individual pixels. The flowing of excess charges into B pixel **202** in minimal repeating unit **200** results in poor quality images produced by the camera.
- (28) When C pixels are blooming, each RGB pixel is affected by the blooming of four C pixels from four directions. For example, a B pixel **202** is affected by the neighboring blooming C pixels. An overflow of excess charges **212** flows from C pixel **204** to B pixel **202**. An overflow of excess charges **214** flows from C pixel **206** to B pixel **202**. An overflow of excess charges **216** flows from C pixel **208** to B pixel **202**. An overflow of excess charges **218** flows from C pixel **210** to B pixel **202**.
- (29) To prevent the excess charges of C pixels overflowing to the adjacent RGB pixels, some solutions may be provided such as, (1) lowering overflow barrier to floating diffusion (FD) by implantation, but it may reduce the full well capacity, (2) increase isolation barrier by more isolation doping, but it may also reduce full well capacity, and (3) making deeper deep-trench isolation (DTI) to cut blooming path, but deeper DTI can be source of white pixel or dark current, and has difficulty in process control.
- (30) The present invention does not alter the physical layer of the substrate under the CFA. Instead,

- the color filter arrangement of the CFA is altered. However, the total number of RGBC pixels in a minimal repeating unit are unchanged. A minimal repeating unit has two R pixels, four G pixels, two B pixels, and eight C pixels.
- (31) FIG. **3**A shows a CFA **300** known as Kodak Version 1. CFA **300** includes a 4×4 minimal repeating unit **310**. A minimal repeating unit **312** is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit **310**. They are equivalent. Minimal repeating unit **312** is same as minimal repeating unit **200** shown in FIG. **2**.
- (32) FIG. **3**B shows a CFA **302** known as Kodak Version 2. CFA **302** includes a 4×4 minimal repeating unit **314**. A minimal repeating unit **316** is a 90 degree left-rotated minimal repeating unit **314**. They are equivalent.
- (33) FIG. **3**C shows a CFA **304** known as Kodak Version 3. CFA **304** includes a 4×4 minimal repeating unit **318**. A minimal repeating unit **320** is a 90 degree left-rotated minimal repeating unit **318**. They are equivalent.
- (34) Standard camera can only work with Bayer patterns. Thus an interpolation procedure known as remosaicing is needed to convert the minimal repeating unit, e.g., minimal repeating unit **312**, of the RGBC image sensor into a Bayer pattern. FIG. **4** conceptually shows a minimal repeating unit **402** being remosaiced or converted into a Bayer pattern **404**. A 4×4 Bayer pattern **404** has four R pixels, eight G pixels, and four B pixels. A basic 2×2 Bayer pattern **406** has one R pixel, two G pixels, and one B pixel.
- (35) A good remosaicing algorithm should be able to get a Bayer output from RGBC with the least artifacts and to fully take advantage of the SNR and resolution benefit of C pixels. Particular remosaicing algorithms are not discussed in this disclosure. However, raw data from a RGBC image sensor, which is less corrupted by the blooming of C pixels, would provide better quality images from the camera.
- (36) FIG. **5**A shows an exemplary CFA **500** including a minimal repeating unit **502**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (37) FIG. **5**B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel **512** in minimal repeating unit **502** is affected by the neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. An overflow of excess charges **522** flows from C pixel **514** to B pixel **512**. An overflow of excess charges **524** flows from C pixel **516** to B pixel **512**. An overflow of excess charges **526** flows from C pixel **518** to B pixel **512**. Another neighboring pixel, which is G pixel **520**, contributes no or less overflow of excess charges to B pixel **512**. G pixel **520** is a pixel from a neighboring minimal repeating unit not belonging to minimal repeating unit **502**.
- (38) Thus B pixel **512** receives only three overflows of excess charges from C pixels **514**, **516**, and **518**. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **502** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.
- (39) FIG. **5**C shows an exemplary CFA **550** including a minimal repeating unit **552**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X pixels of CFA **550** can be R pixels, G pixels, or B pixels. There are two R pixels, four G pixels, and two B pixels in minimal repeating unit **552**. Each X pixel has three neighboring C pixels. When C pixels are blooming, each X pixel is affected by three neighboring C pixels. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **552** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.
- (40) FIG. 5D shows a minimal repeating unit **554**, which further represents minimal repeating unit **552**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X3 may be B pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be R pixels. In this case, minimal repeating unit **554** is same as minimal repeating unit **502**. This arrangement may provide a better remosaiced Bayer pattern in terms of artifact, resolution, and SNR. Alternatively, following similar analysis, X1 and X3 may be R pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be B pixels. (41) FIG. 5E shows a minimal repeating unit **556**, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating

unit **554**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X3 may be B pixels,

- X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be R pixels. The same analysis is applied to minimal repeating unit **556** as well as minimal repeating unit **554**. Similarly, X1 and X3 may be R pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be B pixels.
- (42) FIG. **6**A shows an exemplary CFA **600** including a minimal repeating unit **602**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (43) FIG. **6**B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel **612** in minimal repeating unit **602** is affected by the neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. An overflow of excess charges **624** flows from C pixel **616** to B pixel **612**. An overflow of excess charges **626** flows from C pixel **618** to B pixel **612**. An overflow of excess charges **628** flows from C pixel **620** to B pixel **612**. Another neighboring pixel, which is B pixel **614**, contributes no or less overflow of excess charges to B pixel **612**. C pixel **620** is a pixel from a neighboring minimal repeating unit not belonging to minimal repeating unit **602**.
- (44) Thus B pixel **612** receives only three overflows of excess charges from C pixels **616**, **618**, and **620**. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **602** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.
- (45) FIG. **6**C shows a CFA **650** including a minimal repeating unit **652**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X pixels of CFA **650** can be R pixels, G pixels, or B pixels. There are two R pixels, four G pixels, and two B pixels in minimal repeating unit **652**. Each X pixel has three neighboring C pixels. When C pixels are blooming, each X pixel is affected by three neighboring C pixels, including a C pixel not belonging to minimal repeating unit **652**. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **652** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.
- (46) FIG. **6**D shows a minimal repeating unit **654**, which further represents minimal repeating unit **652**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X2 may be B pixels, X3, X4, X5 and X6 may be G pixels, and X7 and X8 may be R pixels. In this case, minimal repeating unit **654** is same as minimal repeating unit **602**. This arrangement may provide a better remosaiced Bayer pattern in terms of artifact, resolution, and SNR. Alternatively, following similar analysis, X1 and X2 may be R pixels, X3, X4, X5 and X6 may be G pixels, and X7 and X8 may be B pixels. (47) FIG. **6**E shows a minimal repeating unit **656**, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit **654**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X2 may be B pixels, X3, X4, X5 and X6 may be G pixels, and X7 and X8 may be R pixels. The same analysis is applied to minimal repeating unit **656** as well as minimal repeating unit **654**. Similarly, X1 and X2 may be R pixels, X3, X4, X5 and X6 may be G pixels, and X7 and X8 may be B pixels.
- (48) FIG. **7**A shows an exemplary CFA **700** including a minimal repeating unit **702**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.
- (49) FIG. 7B shows an example when C pixels are blooming, a B pixel **712** in minimal repeating unit **702** is affected by the neighboring blooming C pixels, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. An overflow of excess charges **724** flows from C pixel **714** to B pixel **712**. An overflow of excess charges **726** flows from C pixel **718** to B pixel **712**. B pixel **712** has two other neighboring G pixels **716** and **720** contributing no or less overflow of excess charges to B pixel **712**. G pixel **720** is a pixel from a neighboring minimal repeating unit not belonging to minimal repeating unit **702**.
- (50) Thus B pixel **712** receives only two overflows of excess charges from C pixels **714** and **718**. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **702** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.
- (51) FIG. 7C shows a CFA **750** including a minimal repeating unit **752**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X pixels of CFA **750** can be R pixels, G pixels, or B pixels. There are two R pixels, four G pixels, and two B pixels in minimal repeating unit **752**. Each X pixel has two neighboring C pixels. When C pixels are blooming, each X pixel is affected by two neighboring C pixels in minimal repeating unit **752**. Comparing to B pixel **202** of FIG. **2** receiving

four overflows of excess charges, minimal repeating unit **752** has reduced effect caused by C pixel blooming.

- (52) FIG. 7D shows a minimal repeating unit **754**, which further represents minimal repeating unit **752**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X3 may be B pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be R pixels. In this case, minimal repeating unit **754** is same as minimal repeating unit **702**. This arrangement may provide a better remosaiced Bayer pattern in terms of artifact, resolution, and SNR. Alternatively, following similar analysis, X1 and X3 may be R pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be B pixels. (53) FIG. **7E** shows a minimal repeating unit **756**, which is a mirror image of minimal repeating unit **754**, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. X1 and X3 may be B pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be R pixels. The same analysis is applied to minimal repeating unit **756** as well as minimal repeating unit **754**. Similarly, X1 and X3 may be R pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 may be G pixels, and X6 and X8 may be B pixels. (54) While the present invention has been described herein with respect to the exemplary
- (54) While the present invention has been described herein with respect to the exemplary embodiments and the best mode for practicing the invention, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many modifications, improvements and sub-combinations of the various embodiments, adaptations, and variations can be made to the invention without departing from the spirit and scope thereof.
- (55) The terms used in the following claims should not be construed to limit the invention to the specific embodiments disclosed in the specification and the claims. Rather, the scope is to be determined entirely by the following claims, which are to be construed in accordance with established doctrines of claim interpretation. The present specification and figures are accordingly to be regarded as illustrative rather than restrictive.

Claims

- 1. An image sensor comprising a pixel array having a color filter array including a minimal repeating unit, wherein the minimal repeating unit consists of 4×4 pixels including 2 red pixels, 4 green pixels, 2 blue pixels, and 8 clear pixels; wherein the minimal repeating unit is: TABLE-US-00001 C X1 C X2 X3 C X4 C X5 C X6 C C X7 C X8, wherein C is clear pixel, and each of X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, X7, and X8 is one of red, green, and blue pixels; and wherein X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, X7, and X8 include 2 red pixels, 4 green pixels, and 2 blue pixels.
- 2. The image sensor of claim 1, wherein X1 and X3 are blue pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 are green pixels, and X6 and X8 are red pixels.
- 3. The image sensor of claim 1, wherein X1 and X3 are red pixels, X2, X4, X5 and X7 are green pixels, and X6 and X8 are blue pixels.